Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017 Virginia Beach, Virginia



Was City of Virginia Beach

COMPREHENSIVE

ANNUAL

FINANCIAL REPORT

OF THE

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

PREPARED BY

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE

PATRICIA A. PHILLIPS

DIRECTOR

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The preparation of this report has been accomplished by the efficient and dedicated services of the staff of the Department of Finance. The contributions of all are invaluable and sincerely appreciated and clearly reflect the high standards which have been set by the City of Virginia Beach.

MANAGEMENT

Donald Barnett, Miryam Woodson, Kevin Kielbasa

CAFR PREPARATION TEAM

Patricia Kephart, James Leary, Jumel Nicholas, Amanda Phelps, Lisa Pittenger Andrew Oliver, Stacy Hershberger

STAFF SUPPORT

Loretta Brown, Bonnie Castellow

It is also appropriate to thank the City Manager, Mayor and Members of City Council for making possible the excellent financial position of the City through their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial affairs of the City.

Sincerely,

Patricia A. Phillips, Director Department of Finance

Patricia a. Philips

TABLE OF CONTENTS	PAGE NO.
NTRODUCTORY SECTION	
Elected and Appointed Officials	
City Organization Chart	
Letter of Transmittal	
Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting	
Certificate of Achievement for Excenence in Financial Reporting	XXX
INANCIAL SECTION	
Independent Auditors' Report	
Management's Discussion and Analysis	1
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-Wide Financial Statements:	1.5
Statement of Net Position	
Statement of Activities	16
Governmental Funds Financial Statements: Balance Sheet	10
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance	
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	
of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	21
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -	
Budget and Actual - General Fund	22
Proprietary Funds Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	24
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position	
Statement of Cash Flows	
Fiduciary Funds Financial Statements:	
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	30
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	31
Notes to Financial Statements:	
1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies	
2. Fund Balances – General Fund and Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
3. Receivables and Accrued Liabilities	
4. Unearned Revenue	
5. Capital Assets and Land Held for Resale	
6. Long-Term Debt	
7. Assets and Obligations under Leases	
8. Deposits and Investments	
9. Commitments and Contingencies	
10. Tax Abatements	
,	
12. Risk Management	
14. Other Postemployment Benefits	
Required Supplemental Information other than Management's Discussion and Analysis:	
Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios	
Schedule of Employer VRS Contributions	
Schedule of Changes in the Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios	
Schedule of OPEB Annual Contributions	
Schedule of OPEB Investments Returns.	116
Other Supplemental Information	
Combining Schedules Nonmajor Governmental Funds:	
Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds	118
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -	4 4 4
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	119

VANCIAL SECTION (continued)	<u>PAGE NO</u>
General Fund Budget to Actual: Schedule of Revenues	12
Schedule of Expenditures	
Combining Schedules and Individual Funds:	
Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	13
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -	
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	14
Statements of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance and Budget and Actual:	
Law Library Fund	
Sandbridge Tax Increment Financing Fund	
Housing and Neighborhood Preservation Fund	
Town Center Special Service District Fund	
Forfeited Assets Fund	
Federal Section Eight Program Fund	
Sheriff's Department Fund	
Parks and Recreation Fund	
Tourism Investment Program Fund	
Central Business District South Tax Increment Financing Fund	
Sandbridge Special Service District Fund	
Tourism Advertising Program Fund	
Emergency FEMA Fund	
Open Space Fund	
Combined Area Dredging Projects Fund	
Wetlands Board Mitigation Fund	
Multi Modal Transportation Program Fund	
Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual -	
Debt Service Fund	160
Constitut Production	
Capital Projects: Schedule of General Government Capital Projects	16
Entannica Euroda	
Enterprise Funds: Statement of Net Position - Water and Sewer Fund	17
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position - Water and Sewer Fund	
Statement of Cash Flows - Water and Sewer Fund	
Schedule of Changes in Restricted Assets - Water and Sewer Fund	
Schedule of Operating Expenses - Budget and Actual - Water and Sewer Fund	
Schedule of Water and Sewer Fund Capital Projects	
Statement of Net Position – Storm Water Fund	
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position – Storm Water Fund	
Statement of Cash Flows – Storm Water Fund	
Schedule of Operating Expenses - Budget and Actual - Storm Water Fund	
Schedule of Storm Water Fund Capital Projects	
Statement of Net Position – Waste Management Fund	
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position – Waste Management Fund	19
Statement of Cash Flows – Waste Management Fund	
Schedule of Operating Expenses - Budget and Actual – Waste Management Fund	19
Statement of Net Position – Development Authority Fund	
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position – Development Authority Fund	
Statement of Cash Flows – Development Authority Fund	20
Internal Service Funds:	
Combining Statement of Net Position	
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position	
Combining Statement of Cash Flows	209

	ANCIAL SECTION (continued)	PAGE NO.
	Trust and Agency Funds:	
	Combining Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities – Agency Funds	212
	Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities – Agency Funds	213
	Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Trust Funds	214
	Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position – Trust Funds	215
	Discretely Presented School Board Component Unit:	240
	Statement of Net Position	
	Statement of Activities	
	Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	
	Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	
	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	
	of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	223
	School Operating Special Revenue Fund – Budget and Actual	
	School Grants Special Revenue Fund – Budget and Actual	
	School Textbooks Special Revenue Fund – Budget and Actual	
	Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds - Special Revenue Funds	232
	Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -	222
	Nonmajor Governmental Funds - Special Revenue Funds	
	Combining Statement of Net Position - Internal Service Funds	234
	Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position	225
	Internal Service Funds	
	Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities - Agency Funds	
	Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities - Agency Funds	238
	Statement of Assets and Liabilities – Other Postemployment Benefits Trust Fund Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities - Other Postemployment Benefits Trust Fund TISTICAL SECTION	238
STA	Statement of Assets and Liabilities – Other Postemployment Benefits Trust Fund Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities - Other Postemployment Benefits Trust Fund TISTICAL SECTION	238
	Statement of Assets and Liabilities – Other Postemployment Benefits Trust Fund Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities - Other Postemployment Benefits Trust Fund TISTICAL SECTION	238
Tab	Statement of Assets and Liabilities – Other Postemployment Benefits Trust Fund Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities - Other Postemployment Benefits Trust Fund TISTICAL SECTION	238239
<u>Tab</u>	Statement of Assets and Liabilities – Other Postemployment Benefits Trust Fund Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities - Other Postemployment Benefits Trust Fund TISTICAL SECTION Le Net Position by Component - Last Ten Fiscal Years	
Tab 1 2	Statement of Assets and Liabilities – Other Postemployment Benefits Trust Fund Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities - Other Postemployment Benefits Trust Fund TISTICAL SECTION Le Net Position by Component - Last Ten Fiscal Years	
Tab 1 2 3 4 5	Statement of Assets and Liabilities – Other Postemployment Benefits Trust Fund Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities - Other Postemployment Benefits Trust Fund TISTICAL SECTION Le Net Position by Component - Last Ten Fiscal Years	
Tab 1 2 3 4 5 6	Statement of Assets and Liabilities – Other Postemployment Benefits Trust Fund Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities - Other Postemployment Benefits Trust Fund TISTICAL SECTION Le Net Position by Component - Last Ten Fiscal Years	
Tab 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	Statement of Assets and Liabilities – Other Postemployment Benefits Trust Fund Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities - Other Postemployment Benefits Trust Fund TISTICAL SECTION Le Net Position by Component - Last Ten Fiscal Years	
Tab 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Statement of Assets and Liabilities – Other Postemployment Benefits Trust Fund	
Tab 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	Statement of Assets and Liabilities – Other Postemployment Benefits Trust Fund	
Tab 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	Statement of Assets and Liabilities – Other Postemployment Benefits Trust Fund	
Tab 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	Statement of Assets and Liabilities – Other Postemployment Benefits Trust Fund. Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities - Other Postemployment Benefits Trust Fund. TISTICAL SECTION Let Position by Component - Last Ten Fiscal Years Changes in Net Position - Last Ten Fiscal Years Fund Balances of Governmental Funds - Last Ten Fiscal Years Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds - Last Ten Fiscal Years Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds - Last Ten Fiscal Years General Governmental Activities Tax Revenue by Source - Last Ten Fiscal Years Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property - Last Ten Fiscal Years Revenue Rates for Real Estate and for Personal Property - Last Ten Fiscal Years Principal Property Taxpayers - Assessed Value Property Tax Levies and Collections - Last Ten Fiscal Years Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type - Last Ten Fiscal Years Ratios of Outstanding General Bonded Debt by Type - Last Ten Fiscal Years	
Tab 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	Statement of Assets and Liabilities – Other Postemployment Benefits Trust Fund	
Tab 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	Statement of Assets and Liabilities - Other Postemployment Benefits Trust Fund	
Tab 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	Statement of Assets and Liabilities – Other Postemployment Benefits Trust Fund	
Tab 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	Statement of Assets and Liabilities – Other Postemployment Benefits Trust Fund	
Tab 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	Statement of Assets and Liabilities - Other Postemployment Benefits Trust Fund Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities - Other Postemployment Benefits Trust Fund TISTICAL SECTION Net Position by Component - Last Ten Fiscal Years	
Tab 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	Statement of Assets and Liabilities - Other Postemployment Benefits Trust Fund Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities - Other Postemployment Benefits Trust Fund TISTICAL SECTION Net Position by Component - Last Ten Fiscal Years	
Tab 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	Statement of Assets and Liabilities – Other Postemployment Benefits Trust Fund	
Tab 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	Statement of Assets and Liabilities - Other Postemployment Benefits Trust Fund Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities - Other Postemployment Benefits Trust Fund TISTICAL SECTION Net Position by Component - Last Ten Fiscal Years	

CTN	GLE AUDIT SECTION	PAGE NO.
3111	GLE AUDIT SECTION	
	Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and	
	Other Matters Based on an Audit on Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government	
	Auditing Standards	267
	Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance with Requirements That Could Have a Direct and Material Effect	
	on Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control over Compliance in Accordance With	260
	OMB Circular A-133	
	Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	
	Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	
CO	NITENHANG DIGGLOCUDE	
CO.	NTINUING DISCLOSURE	
Sch	<u>edule</u>	
	Principal Taxpayers	
	Property Tax Rates and Change in Tax Levy	
	Historical Assessed Value	
1-4	Property Tax Levies and Collections	285
	Principal Tax Revenues by Source	
	Ten Largest Utility (Water) Customers	
	Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund Outstanding Debt by Issue	
	Water Resource Recovery Fees History of Receipts and Reimbursements	
	Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund System Operating Revenues, Expenses, and Coverage	
	Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund Debt Service Requirements	
	Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund Water and Sewer Rate History	
	Ten Largest Storm Water Utility Accounts	
	Storm Water Utility Distribution by Type of Property	
	Storm Water Utility Fee Collections	
	Storm Water Utility Pro Forma Calculation of Revenue Covenants	
3-5	Storm Water Utility Debt Service Requirements	297

INTRODUCTORY SECTION

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA

CITY COUNCIL

SCHOOL BOARD

William D. Cossams, In. Marian	At I awas
William D. Sessoms, Jr., Mayor	At-Large
Louis R. Jones, Vice Mayor	Bayside District
Jessica P. Abbott	Kempsville District
Robert M. Dyer	Centerville District
Shannon D. S. Kane	Rose Hall District
James L. Wood	Lynnhaven District
John E. Uhrin	Beach District
Barbara M. Henley	Princess Anne District
John D. Moss	At-Large
Rosemary Wilson	At-Large
Benjamin Davenport	At-Large
•	9

Daniel D. Edwards, Vice Chairman	District 2 – Kempsville
Beverly M. Anderson, Chairman	At-Large
Trenance B. Riggs	District 1 – Centerville
Joel A. McDonald	District 3 – Rose Hall
Carolyn D. Weems	District 4 – Bayside
Carolyn T. Rye	
Sharon R. Felton	District 6 – Beach
Kimberly A. Melnyk	District 7 – Princes Anne
Dorothy M. Holtz	
Ashley K. McLeod	0
Victoria Manning	
6	······

CONSTITUTIONAL OFFICERS

VIRGINIA BEACH DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY

Dorothy L. Wood	Chair
Charles M. Salle	Vice Chair
Michael H. Levinson	Secretary
Stephen J. McNulty	
Bryan D. Cuffee	Treasurer
David L. Bernd	
Linwood O. Branch	
Jerrold L. Miller	
Peter K. Mueller	
Joseph E. Strange	Commissioner
- (SS225" / N/27 C /	A

APPOINTED OFFICERS

David L. Hansen	City Manager
Mark D. Stiles	City Attorney
Ruth Hodges Fraser	City Clerk
Jerald Banagan	Real Estate Assessor
Lyndon S. Remias	City Auditor

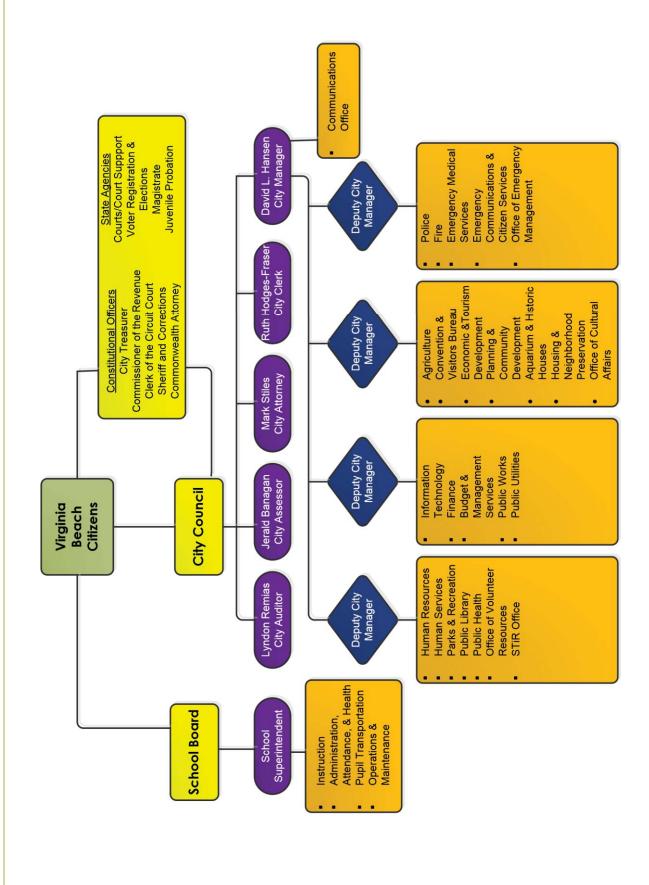
VIRGINIA BEACH COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

Addie W. Thomason	President and CEO
Jessica Guglielmo	Vice President and COO
Alex Kalasinsky	Board President
Wanda Cooper	Board Vice President
Courtney Lalonde	Board Secretary/Treasurer
Tammy Hindle	Director
Richard White	Director
Anthony Nero	Director
Terron Rogers	Director

CITY LEADERS

Thomas M. Leahy III	Deputy City Manager
Kenneth L. Chandler	Deputy City Manager
Steven R. Cover	Deputy City Manager
Ronald H. Williams, Jr	Deputy City Manager

CITY ORGANIZATION & INFORMATION





City of Virginia Beach

VBgov.com

BUILDING 1 2401 COURTHOUSE DRIVE VIRGINIA BEACH, VA 23456-9009

December 1, 2017

The Honorable William D. Sessoms, Jr., Mayor Members of the Virginia Beach City Council Municipal Center Virginia Beach, Virginia 23456

Dear Mayor and Council Members:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the City of Virginia Beach, Virginia, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, is hereby submitted. Responsibility for the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the City. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data are accurate in all material respects and are reported to present fairly the financial position of the City. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial activities have been included.

Generally Accepted Accounting Principles require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is intended to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City of Virginia Beach's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

THE REPORTING ENTITY AND ITS SERVICES

The present City of Virginia Beach was formed on January 1, 1963, by the merger of Princess Anne County and the former, smaller, resort community known as the Town of Virginia Beach. This merger created one of the largest cities in the Commonwealth of Virginia with an area of 310 square miles and 38 miles of shoreline on the Atlantic Ocean and the Chesapeake Bay. The latest estimated population for 2017 for the City of Virginia Beach is 455,856.

The City of Virginia Beach derives its governing authority from a charter granted by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Virginia. The governing body of the City is the City Council, which formulates policies for the administration of the City. The charter provides for a Council-Manager form of government.

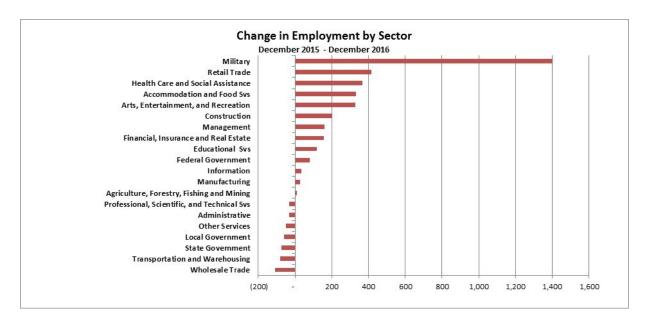
In accordance with the requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), the financial reporting entity consists of the primary government (the City of Virginia Beach) as well as its component units, which are legally separate organizations for which the City Council is financially accountable. The component units qualifying for inclusion in this report are the Virginia Beach City Public Schools and the Virginia Beach Community Development Corporation, which are discretely presented, and the Virginia Beach Development Authority (VBDA), a blended component unit. Financial accountability for these component units was determined on the basis of City Council's selection of governing authority, designation of management, ability to influence operations, and/or accountability for fiscal matters. The discretely presented component units reported in a separate column in the financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the primary government and to differentiate their financial position, results of operations, and cash flows from those of the primary government. The VBDA is a blended component unit, and although legally separate, it is considered a part of the City's operations, and therefore data from this entity is combined with financial information from the City. The City has responsibility through support agreements for debt payments on outstanding Public Facility Revenue Bonds that are in the VBDA's financial records.

The City provides a full range of general governmental services for its citizens. These services include police, emergency medical response, fire protection, collection and disposal of refuse, water and sewer, and storm water services, parks and recreation facilities, museums, libraries, and maintenance of streets, highways, parks and public beaches. Other services provided include public education in grades kindergarten through twelfth grade, public health and social services, certain technical and special education services, mental health assistance, planning and community development services, agricultural services, housing services, correctional facilities and judicial activities.

Cities in Virginia have sole property taxing jurisdiction over the entire area within their boundaries and operate independently of any county government. There are no overlapping jurisdictions and, consequently, citizens of Virginia cities are not subject to overlapping debt or taxation.

ECONOMIC CONDITIONS AND OUTLOOK

The Virginia Beach economy continues to improve in most areas. There are positive trends in the areas of job growth, tourism, real estate assessments, and port activity. Also, positive trends continue with a decrease in the unemployment rate and increase in the overall labor force led by military employment. Defense spending increased region-wide as the Defense Department increased the number of active duty personnel on the Navy bases. The number of ships home-ported increased to 67 in FY 2016 from 65 in FY 2015, however the number of aircraft squadrons home-ported decreased to 37 in FY 2016 from 39 in FY 2015.

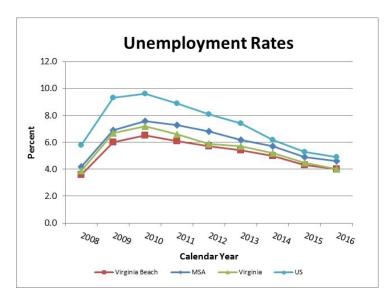


The average employment in the fourth quarter of 2016 was 203,064 compared to 199,861 in the fourth quarter of 2015, an increase of 3,203 jobs over this period. The largest employment sectors in Virginia Beach are the Military, Retail Trade, Accommodation and Food Services, Health Care and Social Assistance, and Local Government Employment. The Military, Retail Trade, Health Care and Social Assistance, Accommodation and Food Services, and Arts, Entertainment and Recreation sectors saw the largest increases over the period December 2015 - December 2016. Wholesale Trade sector decreased the most over this time period, followed by Transportation and Warehousing, State Government and Local Government sectors. (Source: Virginia Employment Commission, Navy Region Mid-Atlantic FY-2016 Economic Impact Report)

As reported by the Navy, there were 27,076 active-duty military stationed at the two Navy bases in Virginia Beach (Joint Expeditionary Base Little Creek-Fort Story and Naval Air Station Oceana/Dam Neck Annex) in FY2016, an increase of 1,403 from FY 2015. (Sources: Navy Region Mid-Atlantic FY-2016 Economic Impact Report, U.S. Department of the Navy, Navy Region Mid-Atlantic Integrated Shore Requirements Office; 2017 State of the Region Report, Old Dominion University)

The average number of Virginia Beach residents employed in 2016 was 219,775 from a labor force of 228,787. The average employment from January through September 2017 was 222,556, which is 1.2% higher than in the same period during 2016, surpassing the pre-recession high of 218,472 that occurred in 2008. [Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS)]

September 2017's monthly **unemployment rates** were: 3.6% for Virginia Beach, 4.1% for the MSA, 3.6% for the state and 4.1% for the U.S. These rates are all lower than or equal to the rate for the previous month and the previous year. There has been a steady decline in the unemployment rate in Virginia Beach since 2010. [Source: Virginia Employment Commission (VEC) & BLS]



The **per capita income** for Virginia Beach was \$52,235 in 2015, which is greater than that for the state at \$52,052 and the nation at \$48,112. The per capita income for Virginia Beach has increased an average of 3.1% per year since 2010. [Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA)]

The Virginia Beach median household income in 2016 was \$71,117. It has increased an average of 1.7% per year since 2010. (Source: US Census Bureau)

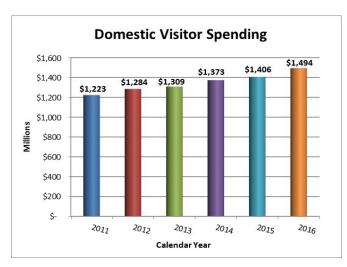
Defense spending, tourism, and the ports are stabilizers of the Hampton Roads and Virginia Beach economies. According to Old Dominion University, Department of Defense direct spending in Hampton Roads in 2016 is projected to be \$19.6 billion, or 2.1% above the 2015 level of \$19.2 billion. According to the Department of the Navy, direct spending from payroll (military, civil service, and civilian contactors) and procurement (including ship construction and repair) in the region was \$12.3 billion, or 14.5% increase over FY 2015 level of \$10.7 billion. (Sources: 2017 State of the Region Report, Old Dominion University, Navy Region Mid-Atlantic FY-2016 Economic Impact Report)

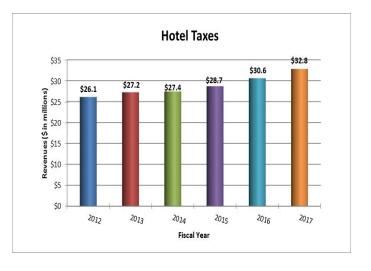
The Budget Control Act of 2011 mandated across the board cuts in federal discretionary and defense spending. Since then, three-compromise budget bills have increased the sequestration caps, the latest one being the Bipartisan Budget Act of 2015. There may be additional relief from sequestration in the future, but it would not alter the trend towards a smaller, active-duty military force. Congress is supportive of increasing defense spending to maintain military readiness and address modernization gaps. On November 16, 2017, Congress submitted to the President for signature the National Defense Authorization Act (NDAA) totaling \$700 billion that exceeds the \$549 million cap for defense spending; the NDAA includes a 2.4 percent military pay increase and adds more than 20,000 service members, 90 new joint strike fighters to the military's fleet, and a third new littoral combat ship. If Congress removes the defense spending caps and appropriates funding for the plan, it could have positive impacts for the City and region. (Sources: 2017 State of the Region Report, Old Dominion University; The Associated Press/The Virginian-Pilot, "Congress sends Trump \$700 billion military policy legislation", Richard Lardner, November 17, 2017; Military Times, "Congress' \$700B Defense Authorization Deal Adds 20,000 Troops, Rejects Space Corps"November 8, 2017).

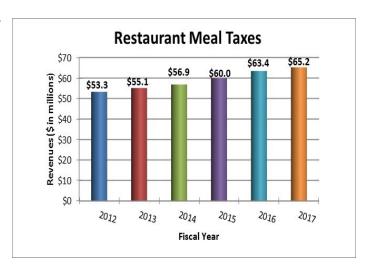
The Tourism and Convention Industry is a stabilizer of the Virginia Beach economy. In 2016, visitor spending from domestic travelers reached a record high of \$1.49 billion, which was an increase of 6.2% over the 2015 spending level of \$14.1 billion. **Domestic** traveler spending has increased an average of 4.1% for the last six years. Tourism and the convention industry supported 13,650 jobs with a payroll of \$277.9 million in 2016, an increase of 5.6% and 8.5%, respectively, over 2015 levels of 12,924 jobs with \$256.2 million payroll. (Sources: U.S. Travel Association and Virginia Tourism Corporation)

Hotel tax revenue collected in FY 2017 was \$32.8 million, an increase of \$2.2 million (7.2%) compared with \$30.6 million collected in FY2016. The continual rise in hotel tax revenues. 4.1% annually from 2012 to 2017 on average, is indicative of the strength of the tourism industry in Virginia Beach. The hotel tax rate was 8.0% plus the \$1.00/room night charge throughout this period, with an additional \$1.00/ room night charge beginning January 1, 2017 for a five-year period through December 31, 2021 dedicated to assisting in payment of debt service for various public infrastructure improvements. (Source: Department of Finance)

Restaurant meals tax revenue collected in FY2017 was \$65.2 million, \$1.8 million more than in FY2016, also setting another all-time record high. Restaurant meals tax revenue has been a consistent performer, even during the recession. The restaurant tax rate remained 5.5% throughout this period. (Source: Department of Finance)

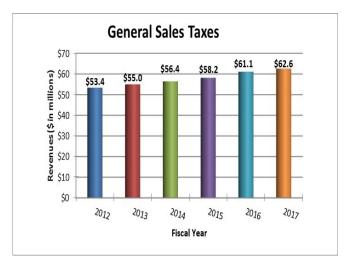






General sales tax revenue reflects the City's 1% share of the State sales tax. The amount collected in FY2017 was \$62.6 million, an increase of \$1.5 million (2.5%) compared with \$61.1 million collected in FY2016. This increase is the seventh consecutive increase since the recession (FY2010); this revenue stream has been increasing annually over the last 6 years by 3.2% on average. (Source: Department of Finance)

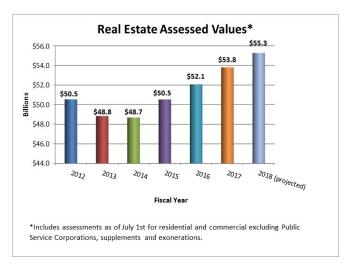
The **Port of Virginia** is another important segment of the Hampton Roads economy. The number of 20-foot equivalent unit



containers (TEU) shipped through the Port in 2016 reached 2.66 million, a 4.8% increase over 2015(2.55 million). From January through September 2017, the number of containers shipped has increased 7.5% over the same period last year (2.1 million vs 1.95 million). The Port of Virginia is the third largest container port on the east coast. Due to its ability to host the huge super ships, it is well positioned to increase market share, helping to diversify the regional economy. Port activities create jobs directly at the Port or indirectly in industries that supply the Port or serve its employees. (Sources: Port of Virginia, 2017 State of the Region Report, Old Dominion University)

Virginia Beach **real estate assessments** are projected to increase 2.7% in FY 2018. Assessments increased 3.3% in FY2017, following a 3.0% increase in FY2016, indicating an end to the recession-related declines and setting the stage for future increases. (*Source: Real Estate Assessor's Office, Annual Report*)

In the aftermath of the recession, **foreclosures** in Virginia Beach peaked at 1,688 in 2010. There were 751 foreclosures in 2016, down from 847 in 2015. There have been 515 foreclosures in 2017 through September compared to



595 over the same period in 2016. The number of foreclosures is now below 2002 levels, prior to the housing bubble and the resulting recession. (Sources: Real Estate Assessor's Office, Circuit Court)

The total number of **building permits** increased by 11.1% from 8,758 in FY2016 to 9,734 in FY2017. The value of the permits increased 3.1% from \$485.0 million in FY2016 to \$499.9 million in FY2017. During FY2018 through the end of October 2017, the total number of building permits issued increased to 4,439, compared with 3,105 during the same period in FY 2017 (an increase of 43%). The value of the permits increased to \$372.3 million compared with \$154.5 million (an increase of 140.9%). The growth in development is primarily due to growth in the residential market in multi-family/apartment and single family developments. During this period, building permits related to the re-building from Hurricane Matthew numbered 211 with a value of \$6.88 million (Source: Dept. of Planning and Community Development).

In summary, there are many reasons to be optimistic about the Virginia Beach economy. Visitor spending and hotel tax revenues remain at all-time highs, indicating the tourism sector remains strong. Job growth is strong, which translates into higher meals tax receipts, which are also at all-time highs. Retail sales continue their modest growth. Unemployment in Virginia Beach remains the lowest in the region. Real estate assessments increased in FY2017 and are projected to increase in FY2018 as the number of foreclosures declines to prerecession levels. Regionally, the Port of Virginia continues to grow in importance to the region's economy. The number of 20-ft container units passing through the Port has increased for the seventh year in a row. These measures indicate the Virginia Beach economy will continue to grow at a steady pace next year.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

The FY2017 financial report reflects the use of resources to achieve the city government's vision as defined by City Council. To achieve its vision, City Council identified ten goal areas at its Annual Goal Setting workshop:

- 1. Grow the Local Economy
- 2. Create a Financially Sustainable City Providing Excellent Services
- 3. Improve the Transportation System
- 4. Revitalize Neighborhoods and Plan for the Future
- 5. Be a Competitive, First Class Resort for Residents, Businesses and Tourists
- 6. Be the Safest City in Virginia
- 7. We are an Inclusive Community that is Welcoming and Empowers All
- 8. Our Community has World Class Schools and Educational Programs
- 9. Data and Technology are used to Enhance Community Livability, Prosperity and Sustainability
- 10. City Assets and Infrastructure are Well Maintained and Meet Community Expectations

To enhance City Council's long time vision of *A Community for a Lifetime*, in March 2013 Council adopted the City's first sustainability plan, *A Community Plan for a Sustainable Future*. It is designed to focus City and community efforts toward achieving economic, environmental and social sustainability and is intended to help achieve the vision set forth in the *Envision Virginia Beach 2040 Committee Report*. Existing City plans and projects, as well as all new projects, are viewed through the sustainability lens. Metrics have been developed to track progress in achieving the goals set forth in both plans.

During FY2017, progress was made in support of the ten Council goals as reflected in the following highlights of some key initiatives and projects.

Goal #1—Grow the Local Economy

Retain and grow existing businesses and expand higher paying job opportunities—Virginia Beach Development Authority (VBDA)

FY2017 was another successful year for business development in the City. Since the inception of the Economic Development Incentive Program (EDIP) in 1994, the VBDA and the Department of Economic Development has awarded 211 EDIP grants totaling \$52.2 million, which has generated more than \$2 billion in private investment and created and retained 32,651 jobs in the City. For FY2016-17, a total of \$1,398,500 of EDIP funds were approved for 13 companies, which are intended to leverage more than \$40,600,000 in private investment (ratio of \$29 private investment to \$1 public investment) and the creation/retention of 687 jobs in the City.

APZ Land Use and Redevelopment—NAS Oceana Encroachment Reduction Program & London Bridge Commerce Center

NAS Oceana generates over 16,000 jobs with a total payroll of more than \$1 billion and is one of the most important components of the Virginia Beach economy. YesOceana, Virginia Beach's award winning Oceana Land Use Conformity Program (comprised of zoning ordinances to achieve appropriate land use planning and economic/business incentives), began in September 2005 to meet the requirements of the Base Realignment and Closure (BRAC) Commission to protect our citizens and retain Naval Air Station Oceana, the Navy's East Coast Master Jet Base by reducing incompatible land uses surrounding the facility. Since inception, the business component of the program has eliminated a total of 55 non-conforming commercial properties in the Accident Potential Zone 1 (APZ-1) and the City has committed a total of \$3.2 million to 43 businesses to promote compatible uses within the APZ-1 district. Included in that total, the VBDA has awarded \$2.7 million in Economic Development Investment Program (EDIP) grants for projects under the YesOceana program, leveraging more than \$50 million in new and retained private investment. For FY2017, through the 100% locally funded APZ-1 Economic Incentives capital project, \$485,000 of incentive grants were awarded to seven companies to generate \$12.6 million in new and retained private investment (ratio of \$26 private investment to \$1 public investment). From July through October 2017, the VBDA has awarded \$60,000 in EDIP grants to three companies which will generate \$1,172,000 in new and retained private investment.

Retain and Grow Small Businesses and Enhance opportunities for citizens to increase wealth and prosperity - Economic Development Small Business and Diversification Strategy (SWaM) During FY2017, the Department of Economic Development hosted nine events for more than 1,100 members of its Small, Women-and Minority-Owned and Service Disabled Veteran-Owned Small Business communities. The Small Business web portal was enhanced to provide a single point of access for small businesses through the City's main website. Based on feedback from the business community and a review of top portals around the U.S., the site was redesigned to include comprehensive content and to be more welcoming, dynamic and intuitive for users.

Town Center Expansion - Phase VI and Beyond the Core Area

Town Center, the focal point of the City's Central Business District, continues to expand the economy, drawing crowds and attracting popular new restaurants, shops and businesses. The latest phase to be developed, Phase VI, represents the highest ratio of private versus public investment, with more than \$11 of private sector investment for every \$1 of public investment. The \$41 million project will feature a nine story mixed-use building including 33,000 square-feet of new retail space, a 5,000-square foot second level restaurant, 131 new studio and one-bedroom apartments, an 11,000 square-foot elevated public plaza and a \$7.6 million privately funded 300-seat live performance theater (Zeiders American Dream Theater). The VBDA and City Council approved the development agreement for this project in May 2016; groundbreaking occurred on October 24th with construction beginning November 2016, and completion is scheduled for spring 2018.

The success of Town Center has been a catalyst for other projects including Pembroke Mall expansion and redevelopment highlighted by the region's first REI and Nordstrom Rack retail stores, Convergence Center V, a new 50,000-square foot Class A office building with parking deck that opened March 2015, and the CityView Two mixed-use project at the intersection of Bonney Road and Constitution Drive. In June 2016, the VBDA approved a term sheet for CityView Two, a mixed-use development consisting of three phases to include 24,000 square-feet of office space, 16,000 square-feet of office/retail /restaurant space, a 126-room hotel, 221 apartment units and 523 structured and surface parking spaces. The development agreement was approved by the VBDA on July 18, 2017 and by City Council on August 15, 2017. The City will return the incremental real estate taxes up to \$10.2 million to assist in the development of the parking structure, of which a portion will provide public parking, for the \$60.5 million project (ratio of \$5.9 private investment to \$1 public investment).

Pursue Opportunities for Research and Development and Medical Related Businesses; Attract new "targeted" businesses, biomedical, health care and life sciences, finance, insurance and real estate, information technology and professional services, advanced manufacturing, retail.

— Bioscience Business Development

Due to the national importance of the Biomedical and Healthcare Industry, which is slated to grow exponentially as a percentage of the GDP in the coming years, City Council increased funding for the biomedical initiative from \$500,000 to \$1 million annually in FY2016 and has maintained that level of funding in FY2017 and FY2018. The Department of Economic Development created a brand, including an industry specific website (www.vabeachbio.com), to increase awareness about Virginia Beach's biomedical and healthcare assets, and market the initiative, known as "VABeachBio."

The City transferred 155 acres of land in this corridor to the VBDA for the future development of a bio/health science research park. The park is expected to accommodate up to 1 million square-feet of new commercial space. Work continues on plans for infrastructure preparation for the VABeachBio Innovation Park. The Development Authority also opened its first bio-accelerator in partnership with Tidewater Community College in Spring 2016. The 1,500 square foot space has been fully leased to Sanyal Biotechnology, a company focusing on finding a cure for a liver disease known as "NASH", and work continues on plans to expand the VABeachBio Accelerator.

The Department of Economic Development also announced the VABeachBio Innovation Challenge, a partnership with the Center for Advancing Innovation which will seek to turn 20 pre-selected inventions from federal labs and universities into startup companies. The inventions will focus on veteran-related illnesses, and the challenge will begin in the fall of 2017.

Veterans Care Center and Veterans Facility Access Road

Virginia Beach was selected by the State as the Hampton Roads site for the construction of a 141,000 square-foot 128-bed Veterans Care Facility named Jones & Cabacoy Veterans Care Center to be located at the intersection of West Neck Road and Nimmo Parkway in the Princess Anne Commons biomedical corridor. It will be one of two new facilities built in the Commonwealth; the other will be located in Fauqier County. The facility will provide affordable, high-quality care to Virginia veterans including skilled nursing, Alzheimer's/memory care, short-term rehabilitation, and domiciliary care. The facility will be constructed by the Virginia Department of Veterans Services, and will employ approximately 150 people from a variety of disciplines, including nursing, therapy, and professional staff. City Council voted to transfer 26-acres to the State in March 2017, with construction commencing Fall 2017 and estimated completion in late 2019. The City will construct an access road to the site as part of the capital project Nimmo Parkway—Phase IIA. Formal design of the roadway began in August 2017 and will be completed in May 2018. Construction is scheduled to begin in July 2018 and be completed in early 2020.

Goal #2—Create a Financially Sustainable City Providing Excellent Services

Maintain Triple A Bond Ratings

For eight consecutive years, all three major bond rating agencies, Fitch, Moody's and Standard & Poor's, assigned a triple-A rating to Virginia Beach's general obligation bonds. All three rating agencies have praised Virginia Beach's conservative fiscal management. Virginia Beach is the only city in Hampton Roads to receive triple-A bond ratings from all three rating agencies. The key rating drivers are: exceptional financial management, moderate debt and rapid amortization, large diverse tax base, comprehensive financial policies, conservative budgeting, and full funding of retirement costs. The number of municipal defaults as well as increased transparency requirements of GASB have caused the rating agencies to put greater emphasis on pensions, retiree health care, and debt issuance and administration in their rating analyses.

Deliver City services in the most cost effective manner— Increase City Expenditures paid to Minority Business to 10% of Expenditures

For FY2017, City expenditures to minority vendors were \$20.4 million, which represented 6.8% of total City expenditures, an increase of 6.56% from FY2016. Minority firms received \$12.1 million (8.5%) of goods and services expenditures, and \$8.3 million of construction expenditures (5.3%). The Procurement Opportunity Committee (POC) continues to play a significant role in the improvement of awards to Minority-owned businesses. The POC has delivered more than \$2.7M in contracts to minority owned businesses since establishment in March of 2016. It was recognized by the Alliance for Innovation as the Outstanding Achievement in Local Government Innovation in April 2017.

Hampton University has established a Small Business Center to assist with increasing the market of ready, willing and capable Small, Women, and Minority (SWaM) businesses while providing a resource for area businesses. The City manages Locally Administered Projects (LAP) funded in part through the Virginia Department of Transportation. The City obtained the Urban Construction Initiative Certification. With this certification, the City of Virginia Beach is responsible for managing the Civil Rights portion of state and federally funded roadway projects, particularly the Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) participation.

The City launched Job Order Contracting (JOC) in FY 2017. Utilizing the Bond Waiver Provision (non-transportation and less than \$500K per year) in the Virginia Public Procurement Act (VPPA), three Invitations for Bids were advertised for General Construction Services. The City pre-qualified 16 bidders of which 8 were minority owned businesses (highest participation percentage on record for a City Construction Bid). Two contracts were awarded to minority owned businesses. Anticipated expenditure per contract is \$500K per year for three years or \$3M in new minority spending.

Goal #3—Improve the Transportation System

Reduce congestion and improve traffic flow - Governor's Transportation Fund - Lesner Bridge

The Governor's Transportation Plan provides \$156.1 million for four major road projects in Virginia Beach. These projects are: Witchduck Road Phase II, Lynnhaven Parkway Phase XI, Holland Road Phase VI, and the Lesner Bridge replacement project. These projects are in various stages of design/construction, to be completed between 2016 - 2018.

The largest of these projects is the Lesner Bridge Replacement project. The Lesner Bridge connects Shore Drive between the Chesapeake Bay and the Lynnhaven River. Constructed in the 1950's and 1960's, the bridge was built to last 50 years. Construction to replace the aging bridge began in June 2014. The project will cost \$116.5 million and will replace the existing Lesner Bridge with a signature facility that will be capable of handling six lanes of traffic in the future. Construction of the westbound bridge lanes (north span) was opened to traffic on November 11, 2016 and construction of the eastbound bridge and lanes (south span) began June 2017 and is expected to be completed in March 2018. Completion of the multi-use path on the westbound bridge and landscaping is estimated to be completed by May 2018.

Goal #4—Revitalize Neighborhoods and Plan for the Future

Sea Level Rise/Recurrent Flooding Comprehensive Analysis

Hampton Roads, by the nature of its geography, is susceptible to sea level rise. Virginia Beach is proactively assessing its vulnerability, developing strategies, and implementing policy and engineering measure to increase its resiliency. The City's approach to sea level rise incorporates the Storm Water Master Plan, the Comprehensive Sea Level Rise (SLR) Study that is now underway, and Water Quality Regulations. The first phase of the SLR Study is designed to define the problem and its constituent parts. All four major watersheds have been evaluated: Lynnhaven, Elizabeth, Atlantic, and Southern. The second phase, to identify adaptation strategies and to ascertain the right solutions for particular locations, is underway for the Lynnhaven and Southern watersheds and is scheduled to be completed in summer 2018.

Analysis of future precipitation pattern changes is ongoing. The study of future flood insurance coverage needs and residual risk is ongoing. The public engagement activities have recently been initiated and will occur in the next 12-to-18 months. The third phase is to provide recommendation for action, with priorities and implementation costs. When spread over many future years, the City's strategy for dealing with sea level rise/recurrent flooding preserves the tax base and future economic growth opportunities at a cost that is affordable to its citizens.

Neighborhood Channel Dredging

In 2010 the City adopted a new strategy to assist communities in re-establishing navigational channels. The strategy involves the use of Special Service Districts (SSD), where waterfront property owners agree to a surcharge on their real estate taxes for the purpose of constructing the navigation channel. The City participates in the cost by dredging a spur channel from the main City navigation channel to the neighborhood. The SSD revenues cover the cost of dredging for continuation of the channel into the community to serve all participating properties. Individual channels linking private properties to the neighborhood channel is funded entirely by property owners wishing to connect to the system. To date, seven SSDs have been created under this program having the following real estate surcharges per \$100 assessed value: Old Donation Creek at \$0.184, Bayville Creek at \$0.569, Shadowlawn at \$0.1594, Chesopeian Colony at \$0.02913, Harbour Point at \$0.079, Gills Cove at \$0.063, and Hurds Cove at \$0.438. During FY2017, neighborhood dredging projects were completed in the Old Donation Creek (August 2016), Shadowlawn (May 2017) and Harbour Point (June 2017) Neighborhood SSDs with the next cycle of dredging anticipated to occur in FY2023.

Goal #5—Be a Competitive, First Class Resort for Residents, Businesses and Tourists

Convention Center Business Development— Meetings, Convention & Sports Marketing sales efforts are mission critical to the City's efforts in making Virginia Beach a year-around destination. Convention and Visitor Bureau teams are engaged in destination marketing efforts to generate business opportunities that deliver an excellent return and economic impact for Virginia Beach ranging from small meetings to large-scale citywide conventions along with impactful participatory sports events taking place in our many sports venues. The Virginia Beach Convention Center continues to be a major focus due to its ability to attract large-scale, impactful events that utilize exhibition space, ballrooms & meeting/conference spaces. These events generate visitor spending including hotel room nights. The Convention Center completed its 12th year in August 2017. Total attendance for FY2017 reached 622,013 (vs. 663,000 in FY 2016) generating an estimated 101,136 (vs. 115,857 in FY2016) hotel room nights.

Become a year-round destination and Optimize the potential of the Convention Center: Arena, Convention Hotel, Sports Center, Dome Site:

Arena Project

In February 2014, the City received competing proposals for a \$200 million sports and entertainment arena across 19th Street from the Virginia Beach Convention Center. The proposed Arena would provide a privately owned and operated entertainment amenity creating a year-round attraction to increase outside visitation in the shoulder season (October – April), attracting additional conventions, boosting existing businesses, and enhancing the City's national and international exposure. After extensive review and public participation, Council selected United States Management (USM) (recently renamed Mid-Atlantic Arena LLC (MAA)

to work with City staff to develop a comprehensive development agreement (Agreement), which was approved in December 2015. MAA's proposal assumed financial and operational risk in return for 1/8th (1%) of existing hotel taxes (8%) and all taxes generated by the arena (during the construction phase and operations) to pay for debt service until 2045. The final deal structure was subject to MAA obtaining private financing. Council gave MAA until November 6, 2017 to close on their loan for financing the arena. On November 7, Virginia Beach officially terminated its agreement with the MAA for failure to meet this deadline.

Support the upgrade to and development of convention quality hotels - Cavalier Hotel Restoration, Marriott Hotel and Embassy Suite Convention Hotel Campus Complex

The historic Cavalier Hotel, a landmark built in 1927 and a symbol of the City's early resort days, has hosted presidents, celebrities and guests from around the world. When a judge ordered the property sold to settle a lawsuit, the City Council supported saving the Cavalier by endorsing a series of incentives to attract a developer to buy and preserve it. On July 23, 2013, Gold Key/PHR closed on the 21-acre property, including both the old hotel and a surrounding parcel, as well as the newer Cavalier across the street on the oceanfront. Since then, the old hotel has been placed on the Virginia Landmarks Register as well as the National Register of Historic Places. Currently, the historic Cavalier is being renovated, and will reopen in winter 2017. The surrounding property will include 83 residential homes, including estate homes, cottages and bungalows, and is expected to be completed in 2017. The oceanfront hotel has been demolished and will reopen in 2017 as a new Oceanfront Marriott Hotel including parking garage. In March 2017, City Council approved an amendment to the agreement, to include the Embassy Suites and an expanded parking garage on the oceanfront. These three hotels will provide a convention center hotel campus complex.

Tourism Development Gap Financing was approved by the Commonwealth Office of the Comptroller and the Virginia Tourism Corporation in July 2014. This State program allows the developer to retain one percent of state and local sales tax revenue generated by the project and assess a 1% developer access fee to provide financing for up to 20% of the development cost. The City's share of the TDFP is \$8.17 million to be paid in annual installments of \$110,000, which will gradually increase to \$600,000 by Year 7 and is estimated to be fully paid over approximately 14-to-15 years. Also, the City provided \$13 million for infrastructure improvements and will return the annual incremental real estate taxes generated by the project not to exceed \$5 million. Total City investment will be \$26.17 million. Private investment in this project is \$185 million. The ratio of private to public investment is \$7.1 to \$1. It is anticipated that this project will produce annual revenues of \$2 million to the City in Year 1 growing to \$6 million by Year 7.

Dome Site development

The VBDA issued a Request for Qualifications (RFQ) on February 8, 2017 for development of the Dome Site area (bounded by Pacific Avenue to the east and Baltic Avenue to the west between 18th and 20th Streets with an additional 0.69 acres on an adjacent parcel at the corner of 18th Street and Arctic Avenue) consisting 10.35-acres over 3-blocks into a mixed-use development to include entertainment venues, unique or new to market retail and restaurants, multi-family residential and year-round programming to attract both locals and tourists. Four proposals are under review by the VBDA's evaluation committee. The intent is for the project

to complement the resort area's active lifestyle, support continued growth of the surrounding ViBe Creative District, be integrated with the surrounding community, and provide an active and attractive streetscape. One developer has been selected to work with to develop a potential term sheet to further define the project and responsibilities.

Sports Center

Participatory sports-related tourism events held in the City have tripled from about 30 events a year from 2003 to 2012, to 94 events in 2015, and involved 100,000 hotel rooms being booked in 2016. This form of travel has been more resilient in times of economic recession than other types of travel, and has potential to increase hotel occupancy during the off-season from October through April. The City's existing facilities are operating at or near capacity and cannot accommodate continued growth. And, increased competition in this tourism market is occurring nation-wide and regionally. The Convention and Visitors Bureau hired a firm to conduct a sports marketing study to review the city's sports marketing initiatives and provide recommendations for leveraging this booming market. The consultant suggested the city build and operate a 130,000-150,000 square-foot recreational facility that would feature 12 regulation basketball courts that can convert to 14 volleyball courts, team rooms, concessions and administrative offices. With this configuration, the city should be able to generate 36 additional events per year with an economic impact of nearly \$10 million. On July 25, 2017, the City issued a Request for Conceptual PPEA Proposals for a Virginia Beach Sports Center to be located west of the Convention Center. By the September 26, 2017 deadline, three proposals were received and are currently under staff review with anticipation of a development agreement to be approved in winter 2017 to enable construction to begin in the summer of 2018 with the goal of opening during fall 2019. In May 2017, City Council adopted the FY2018 CIP, which includes \$40 million in funding over a two-year period, FY2018 (\$4 million) and FY2019 (\$36 million) for a Convention Center Sports Center, to be paid for using tax revenues generated by hotel rooms, amusements and restaurant meals collected in the Tourism Investment Program Fund.

Goal #6—Be the Safest City in Virginia

Have community policing that creates a sense of community—Community Policing Strategy Since 2010, the Police Department has been engaged in a Community Policing Program in the Western Bayside area of the City. With solid partnerships of a number of other City agencies, civic leaders and the Bayside Churches United, officers have positively interacted with the community; the rising crime rate has been stabilized; community activities have dramatically increased; and the citizens have readily assisted the police in a cooperative effort to reduce negative social and criminal behavior. With the graduation of the next Police Academy, officers will be specifically assigned to the Green Run area of the City in an effort to replicate the Western Bayside project.

Have the capacity to deal with mental health issues and needs—Opiod/Heroin Initiative
Opiod addiction and overdose have become critical health issues affecting the nation, states and localities. In 2016, 83 persons died in Virginia Beach from drug overdose. During the 1st quarter of 2017, 28 have died. Through inter-departmental and community collaboration, Virginia Beach's Departments of Police (VBPD), Emergency Medical Services (VBEMS), and Human Services (VBDHS) along with the Virginia Department of Health—Virginia Beach Department of Public Health (VBPDH) are addressing the opioid crisis through deployment of

prevention, treatment and harm reduction strategies. Prevention strategies include education and reduction of opioids for illicit use. The VBDPH provided over a dozen talks to local groups including Eastern Virginia Medical School, Sentara Hospitals, as well as high schools and the Galilee Church. The VBPD reduced the volume of prescription opioids available for misuse by 3,978 pounds over the past 12 months with the drug take-back program. VBDHS provided medical detoxification to 85 individuals in FY2017 through the Pathways Center. Additionally, VBDHS provides medication assisted treatment for clients through linkages with private partners. Naloxone saves lives, preventing opioid overdose deaths. The four departments collaborate to provide REVIVE! Classes that teach laypersons how to utilize naloxone. Since April 2016, 218 attendees received training. VBEMS and VBPD deploy naloxone regularly to prevent death. In 2016, 326 individuals received naloxone from first responders; 13% were provided by police. From January to June 2017, 151 persons received naloxone; 13.2% received from the VBPD.

Goal #7—We are an Inclusive Community that is Welcoming and Empowers All

Supportive services available to all residents when needed - Housing Resource Center The Housing Resource Center is a major part of City Council's plan to end homelessness. It will offer day services for homeless people, a temporary emergency shelter and community services to prevent homelessness. The City will build the 62,000 square-foot, 3-story, \$26.9 million Housing Resource Center at 104 N. Witchduck Road, near Southern Blvd. It will replace and expand upon the services offered at the Lighthouse Center. The Housing Resource Center will include a 40-bed short-term shelter for families with children, 40 shelter beds for single adults and 30 affordable efficiency apartments. It will also have classrooms and a health clinic, and office space for city agencies and other groups that work with families and individuals to prevent homelessness. The ceremonial ground breaking took place on October 13, 2016. As of August, 2017, construction is on schedule. Expected facility opening date is June 1, 2018.

Have equitable access to city procurement and services - Disparity Study

In July 2017 the City contracted with BBC Research & Consulting, a Denver, Colorado firm specializing in conducting disparity studies that assess how minority-, women- and servicedisabled veteran-owned businesses are faring in the local marketplace, to analyze the City's contracting and procurement. The study is designed to provide a benchmark point. It will score the city on its efforts to encourage underrepresented business owners to bid on city contracts and help determine what, if any, improvements are needed to optimize the process. As a part of the first step in the research, business owners, trade association representatives and other interested parties were invited to attend one of three public meetings in October 2017, during which BBC consultants shared information about the study and collected feedback from stakeholders. Feedback included current market conditions, their experiences doing business in the region and working with the City; any barriers or difficulties they've experienced when bidding on City contracts; and any race or gender-based discrimination they may have encountered in doing business locally. Business owners that could not attend the meetings could e-mail their input to the consultant's project team. The study will involve review of contracts and procurements the City awarded from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2017 and an availability telephone survey of businesses. From the analysis the consultant will determine and compare the percentage of dollars awarded to these firms with the percentage of dollars these businesses were available for on relevant contracts to derive a disparity index (i.e. the ratio of % utilization \div % availability). The final report is expected in the summer of 2018.

Goal #8—Our Community has World Class Schools and Educational Programs

Achieve equitable attainment for a quality education for individuals from birth to adulthood—Full Day Kindergarten/Pre-kindergarten Expansion & Reduced Class Sizes

City Council approved a real estate tax increase of \$0.0125 from \$0.99 to \$1.0025 per \$100 of assessed value to provide the Virginia Beach Public Schools \$6.75 million in FY2018 to begin a phased-in expansion of pre-kindergarten and full-day kindergarten (the full implementation cost is \$14.1 million). Full-day kindergarten is currently offered at 12 elementary schools with plans to expand to all 53 elementary school in the next five years, adding between 15 and 18 full-day classes each year to increase the number of at-risk students served in pre-kindergarten program from 704 to 1,154 by the 2021-22 school year. Also 40 additional teaching positions are funded in the FY2018 Budget to reduce class sizes at the secondary level.

Expand the presence of Tidewater Community College and other higher learning institutions— Higher Education Campus Expansion Strategy

Old Dominion University (ODU) has plans to continue expansion of its curriculum and programs at the Virginia Beach Higher Education Center. The City's Department Economic Development is working with ODU staff to explore opportunities for supporting and enhancing the biomedical initiative in the Princess Anne Commons corridor. In his State of the University address on August 23, 2017, ODU's President Broderick announced plans to add new graduate health sciences programs and centers at the Virginia Beach campus, including programs on telehealth, resiliency, and water technology. Existing bio-related programs, such as the highly-ranked nurse anesthesia program, will also continue to expand.

Provide a broad range of arts and cultural resources and activities.—Library Renovation Funding \$5.8 million was provided over the first two years of the FY2018 CIP for a new capital project, VA Beach Public Library Transformation, to expand and enhance the Children's, Story Time, Tween, Teen, Public Computer Use, Special Services, and study room areas of eight Virginia Beach Public Library locations (Bayside, Great Neck, Kempsville, Meyera E. Oberndorf Central, Oceanfront, Princess Anne, Pungo-Blackwater, and Windsor Woods). As Library use has evolved and increased, the spaces provided for these service areas no longer meet the public demand for improved facilities. The completed project design will help to ensure uniformity of service provision at all Library locations. The project scope work is currently scheduled to be completed in September-October, 2017, and scheduled construction is projected to occur from July 2022 through June 2023.

Goal #9—Data and Technology are used to Enhance Community Livability, Prosperity, and Sustainability

The City is recognized as a leader in technology—Transoceanic Fiber Cable and Data Center Development

The first transoceanic fiber cable connections in the Mid-Atlantic are coming to Virginia Beach. In March 2016, Spanish telecom giant Telefónica announced plans to connect Rio de Janeiro and Fortaleza, Brazil to Virginia Beach with the BRUSA ultrafast submarine cable. The

projected completion date is June 2018. This connection will increase the availability of ultrahigh-speed broadband services between the U.S. and South America. In May 2016, Microsoft and Facebook announced plans to build "MAREA"—a new, state of the art subsea cable connecting Bilbao, Spain to Virginia Beach. Work started in February 2017 with a projected completion date of November/December 2017. This will be the highest-capacity subsea cable to cross the Atlantic with an estimated design capacity of 160 terrabits per second. The VBDA approved sale of a 3.5-acre site in Corporate Landing to Telefónica International Wholesale Services USA, Inc. for \$735,000 for construction of a 24,000-square foot data center that will support both sub-sea cable projects.

In December 2016, the VBDA approved a purchase agreement with Globalink Data Center LLC to purchase 10 acres of land for \$2 million in Corporate Landing Business Park for a 138,000 square-foot carrier-neutral data center to provide connections for numerous fiber providers. NxtVn, a Dutch developer of major data center parks, is proposing development of its first U.S. data center park in Virginia Beach including a cable landing station and data center campus on a 250-acre tract of land along Dam Neck Road. Negotiations are ongoing with the property owners to secure the site for development. Phase 1 of the development will be approximately 95 acres. The data center park is a revolutionary idea that will allow data center operators to increase efficiency and speed-to-market while reducing capital costs. Investment by NxtVn will create a technological ecosystem that, when combined with our ever-more-robust broadband infrastructure, will attract the world's most prominent players in cloud services, data analytics and multi-carrier markets to Virginia Beach.

The City is recognized as a leader in technology and all citizens and businesses have access to state-of-the-art broadband services -- Next Generation Network (Remote City Site Connection)
The City's Information Technology Department began an infrastructure improvement program in 2015. The Next Generation Network (NGN) capital project first appeared in the FY2015 CIP and is currently funded in the FY2018 CIP at \$13.5 million over the six year period through FY2023. This project enables Virginia Beach to become a truly connected community. The NGN project is expanding the existing city-owned high-speed fiber network to connect 65 remote City facilities with the Municipal Center campus to improve network speed and reliability, and reduce leased line service costs. Also, NGN will implement network redundancy between 6 facilities (super-sites). Remote sites to be served include the Departments of Police, Fire, Emergency Medical Services, Human Services, Libraries, Parks and Recreation and many others, including the potential for regional partnerships. This proactive modernization effort made the City ready and attractive as a transoceanic cable landing site. The project will be completed by the end of December 2017.

Goal #10—City Assets and Infrastructure are Well Maintained and Meet Community Expectations

Have an effective storm water management system that is well-designed, well- built, and well-maintained and prepare city infrastructure for sea level rise— Aragona Flooding SW Project, Ashville Park SW Flooding, Sherwood Lakes SW Flooding, Windsor Woods, Princess Anne, The Lakes SW Flooding

The City experienced an unprecedented amount of rain in a two-month period exceeding 36 inches caused by three severe weather events (Tropical Storm Hermine September 1, 2016, Tropical Storm Julia September 19, 2016 and Hurricane Matthew October 7, 2016). Severe roadway and residential flooding occurred that damaged over 2,200 properties. Some neighborhoods are still rebuilding and recovering. As a result of recurrent flooding issues occurring in various areas of the City, a community discussion ensued about weaknesses and lack of capacity in the City's storm water management system to handle excessive storm water run-off. In response, City Council increased the storm water utility fee (i.e., equivalent residential unit fee) rate from \$0.433 cents per day to \$0.458 cents per day (reflecting an annual increase to homeowners of \$9.12), and provided additional funding of 1-cent from real estate tax revenues (\$5.4 million) in the FY2018 CIP totaling an additional \$300 million over a 15-year period to address flooding issues in areas experiencing recurrent flooding including Aragona, Ashville Park, Sherwood Lakes, Windsor Woods, Princess Anne, and The Lakes.

Have well designed, well-built and well-maintained city buildings and facilities.—City Hall Replacement

The current City Hall Building is 80,000 square-feet providing 69,000 square-feet of usable space that was constructed in 1969. Despite previous renovations and on-going maintenance, the building has become functionality obsolete including lack of space for staff who are housed in other City and leased facilities, inefficient lay-out for the public, as well as the original (48-year old) electrical, plumbing, fire protection and mechanical systems that are in poor condition and operating beyond their normal life-span (20-to-25 years). Failure of any of these systems would render the building unusable. Extensive renovations are needed to the building, but cannot be done without evacuating the facility, and performing a comprehensive abatement of asbestos containing material throughout the building. Included in the six-year FY2018 CIP is a new project funded from FY2018 through FY2021 totaling \$50.3 million to replace the existing building with a facility of between 120,000 and 150,000 square-feet. After receiving public input in three community meetings presenting various options and locations for a replacement City Hall, City Council approved a resolution on October 3, 2017 to proceed with the design of a replacement 3-story City Hall Building to be located at the Municipal Center adjacent to the existing City Hall Building.

INTERNAL CONTROL AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

The City's management team is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure to protect the assets of the government from loss, theft or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

The City's control environment reflects the attitude of management at all levels towards ethical behavior, organizational values, competence, integrity and the well-being of the organization. *Integrity Connection* is an initiative designed to promote the City's Organizational Values and Code of Ethics by providing resources and encouraging integrity throughout the organization. *Integrity Connection* provides a way for City employees to ask questions regarding ethical behavior and to report fraudulent activity in a confidential manner through a formalized hotline that offers the option of anonymity. The biennial Member Survey enables employees to provide valuable input to management concerning communications, values and ethics, recognition, leadership, training & development, and the work environment. Based on survey results, Organization Action Plans are developed to address survey findings.

Budgetary controls are maintained to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by City Council. Activities of the General Fund, certain Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service Fund, Enterprise Funds and School Board Governmental Component Unit Funds are included in the annual appropriated budget. The level of budgetary control is established by each organizational unit included in the budget ordinance. Additional controls are exercised administratively.

The City also maintains an encumbrance accounting system as one technique of accomplishing budgetary control. Appropriations for the subsequent fiscal year are increased in the amount necessary to satisfy the un-liquidated balance of encumbrances at year-end. As demonstrated by the statements and schedules included in the financial section of this report, the government continues to meet its responsibility for sound financial management.

FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT POLICIES

The City employs a number of policies to provide the framework for sound financial management. City Council's continuing fiscal policies include maintaining existing services to the extent possible; positioning the City to withstand local and regional economic disruptions; meeting the demands of natural growth, decline and change; ensuring that citizens understand and support the need for fiscal sustainability and the policies through which it is achieved; maintaining a diverse tax base; maintaining and monitoring existing debt policies; and providing for special services and projects through special dedicated revenue generation (e.g. Tourism Investment Program and the Tourism Advertising Program Special Revenue Funds).

City Council's policies provide overall direction and guidance for resource management. In addition, these policies resulted in the high level of financial strength that led to and continue to support the upgrade of the City's bond ratings to triple-A by Standard & Poor's, Moody's Investors Service, and Fitch Ratings.

A number of the City's financial management policies govern how the operating budget is prepared and managed. For example, the budget will be balanced on a current revenue to expenditure basis, unencumbered budget appropriations (except for those for capital projects and grants) will lapse at the end of the fiscal year, the appropriation ordinance will set the legal level of budgetary control and the City will set fees and user charges for each self-supporting enterprise fund at a level that fully supports costs. Regarding fund balance policies, the unassigned fund balance or net position of any fund shall not be used to finance continuing expenditures. Additionally, the city shall maintain an unassigned fund balance of 8% to 12% of the following year's projected revenues, equating to approximately one month of operating expenses.

The City further maintains policies that specify what projects may qualify as capital projects. In general, the project must be a major expenditure of over \$250,000 that is ongoing in nature or requires multi-year funding. There are specific criteria used to determine whether a project will be funded by bond referendum or by Charter Bonds, or subject-to-appropriation financing. The City issues bonds for capital improvements with a cost in excess of \$250,000, or which cannot be financed from current revenues. Debt management policies are presented in the following section.

RESOURCE MANAGEMENT, CAPITAL FINANCING AND DEBT MANAGEMENT

The City begins its budgeting process each year with a presentation of the Five Year Forecast in November, which projects revenue and expenses out over the next five years and highlights important issues that may impact the upcoming budget. An extensive budgeting process includes the development of budget targets for each department based on available revenues and known financial commitments (e.g. debt service); town hall meetings where city staff and City Council receive input from citizens; various internal processes providing the opportunity for input from departments, and finally the Management Leadership Team (the City Manager and the four Deputy City Managers) that finalizes the proposed budget. After presentation of the proposed budget to City Council, Council holds budget workshops and two public hearings before voting on the final budget.

The FY2018-2023 Capital Improvement Program (CIP), which was approved by City Council on May 9, 2017, set forth a program totaling \$3.25 billion. Of this amount, \$1.66 billion was appropriated through FY2017, \$300.1 million was appropriated in FY2018 and \$1.29 billion was programmed from FY2019 through FY2023. Funding for the CIP will be provided from local, state, federal, and private sources, with local debt comprising 55.8% of the financing for the six-year plan. The six-year plan provides phased funding for critical public works infrastructure needs and upgrades that will help ensure compliance with increasingly strict environmental requirements, funding for roads, storm water drainage issues, water and sewer system rehabilitation, building replacements and renovations, and public schools. In addition,

the CIP includes funding for economic incentives to attract new or retain existing businesses to the City to expand and diversify the tax base; and to acquire property or easements to stop or roll-back incompatible development around and in the flight path of Naval Air Station Oceana in order to retain the naval base in the City. And, the CIP provides funding for development and rehabilitation of recreational amenities, and facilities providing cultural and leisure programs that enhances the quality of life for the citizens and visitors of Virginia Beach.

During FY2017, the City continued to acquire development rights in designated areas within the southern portion of the City for the Agricultural Reserve Program (ARP). These rights were acquired through the issuance of installment purchase agreements, which are considered valid contractual obligations of the City. Six agreements were completed in FY2017 at a total purchase price of \$3,728,464 with 405.9 acres acquired. For the total program at June 30, 2017, 97 agreements totaling 9,583.71 acres at a total purchase price of \$46,102,662 have been executed. In the FY2018 Budget, City Council returned to the ARP funding from the real estate dedication previously moved for funding light rail project, restoring the dedication to the ARP to nine tenths of a cent (\$0.009) from fifty-six hundredths of a cent (\$0.0056). The additional funds are to be dedicated for preservation of property in the Transition Area of the city and other ARP costs.

The City has developed a series of Debt Management Policies to provide a functional tool for debt management and capital planning. The policies reiterate the City's commitment to rapid principal retirement, maintaining sufficient working capital to avoid the use of short-term borrowing for operating purposes, and the use of self-supporting or revenue-supported debt where appropriate. The policies also establish target levels for key debt ratios as shown below. All debt affordability indicators were within the established guidelines for FY2017.

Debt Indicator—Ratio Description	Established Standard	FY 2017	FY 2016
Annual Debt Service to General Governmental Expenditures	No greater than 10.0%	8.3%	8.6%
Overall Net Debt to Estimated Full Value	No greater than 3.5%	1.7%	1.9%
Overall Net Debt Per Capita	No greater than \$3,000	\$2,034	\$2,195
Overall Net Debt Per Capita to Per Capita Personal Income	No greater than 6.5%	3.8%	4.2%

The City issued \$21.2 million in Public Facility Revenue Bonds (PFRB) in FY2017. Also, it issued \$7.88 million in refunding PFRBs, which reduced total debt service payments over a 12-year period by \$1.24 million and will result in an economic gain of \$1.14 million.

For the eighth consecutive year, all three major rating agencies, Standard & Poor's, Moody's and Fitch Ratings, affirmed the City's triple-A ratings on its General Obligation bonds. As of June 30, 2017, the City had \$927 million of tax supported debt outstanding.

AWARDS AND RECOGNITION

The City of Virginia Beach received a number of awards and was recognized by a variety of organizations. Among these awards and recognitions received during July 2016 through November 2017 are:

- Ranked #1 "2017 Digital Cities Survey Award—The Most Technologically Advanced City of its Size in America", The Center for Digital Government, November 2017
- Ranked 7th out of 150 cities "2017's Best & Worst Places to Raise a Family", WalletHub, September 2017
- Ranked 3rd out of 50 metro cities "Safest Metro City in America", SafeWise, August 2017
- Ranked 17th overall (4th in quality of services and 43rd in budget per capita) out of 150 cities "2017's Best & Worst Run Cities in America", WalletHub, August 2017
- Ranked #1 "2017's America's Best Big City to Live in" Wallet Hub, July 2017
- Ranked #1 out of 60 cities "America's Best City to Live in and Save Money", GoBankingRates, May 2017
- One of the "25 Most Romantic Cities in America for 2016", OpenTable, February 2017
- Ranked 8th out of 10 cities "Top 10 Happiest Cities in America", Zippia, January 2017
- Ranked 12th out of 15 cities "America's Favorite Cities for Christmas Lights 2016", Travel + Leisure, January 2017
- Ranked 10th "10 Best Cities in America to Achieve Work-Life Balance", Zippia, December 2016
- Virginia Beach Oceanfront "What's the Most Instagrammed Place in Every State", USA Today, December 2016
- Ranked 3rd out of 100 cities "2016's Most Caring City in America", WalletHub, December 2016
- Ranked 13th "Top 20 Meeting Cities for 2016", SmartAsset, December 2016
- Ranked 22nd "America's 50 Best Cities to Live", 24/7 Wall St., October 2016
- Ranked 2nd out of 76 large cities "Best for Vets: Places to Live 2016", MilitaryTimes.com, September 2016
- Ranked 13th out of 20 metro areas "Best Mid-Sized Metro Areas for Job Seekers", American Institute for Economic Research, July 2016
- Ranked 14th out of 100 cities "America's Best Cities for Driving", WalletHub, July 2016
- Ranked 9th out of 50 cities "Top Ten Most Mobile-Friendly Cities in America", NerdWallet, July 2016

INDEPENDENT AUDIT

An independent audit of the City's finances is required each fiscal year by Section 8.06 of the City Charter by either the Virginia Auditor of Public Accounts or by a firm of independent certified public accountants. Accordingly, the records have been audited by CliftonLarsonAllen LLP and its reports on the general purpose financial statements, internal controls, and compliance are included herein.

CERTIFICATE OF ACHIEVEMENT

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, and the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for the FY2017 Resource Management Plan.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

During the year, the staff of the Finance Department rendered professional and knowledgeable services to the City. We are most appreciative of these efforts and take this opportunity to recognize these outstanding public servants. They maintain the accounting records of the City on a current and timely basis and deserve special consideration.

The City Council's oversight of the financial affairs of the City has resulted in this strong financial report and Council is commended for the policies and practices which have made it so.

Respectively,

David L. Hansen City Manager

> Patricia A. Phillips Director of Finance

Patricia a. Phillips



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Virginia Beach Virginia

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2016

Executive Director/CEO

FINANCIAL SECTION





INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable Members of the City Council of City of Virginia Beach, Virginia

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Virginia Beach, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the entity's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Virginia Beach Community Development Corporation, a discretely presented component unit, which represents 3.4 percent of the assets, -12.3 percent of the net position, and 0.1 percent of the revenues of the aggregate discretely presented component units. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors, whose report thereon has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Virginia Beach Community Development Corporation, is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and the Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities and Towns, issued by the Auditor of Public Accountants of the Commonwealth of Virginia (Specifications). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.



We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Virginia Beach as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management discussion and analysis, the budgetary comparison schedules, notes to the budgetary comparison schedules, and the Public Employee Retirement System-Primary Government schedules, as identified in the accompanying table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Virginia Beach's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, is also presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section and statistical tables, as listed in accompanying table of contents, has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 30, 2017, on our consideration of the City of Virginia Beach's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City of Virginia Beach's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Arlington, Virginia November 30, 2017



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of the City's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the City's financial performance during the fiscal year that ended on June 30, 2017. Readers are encouraged to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the transmittal letter at the front of this report and the City's financial statements which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

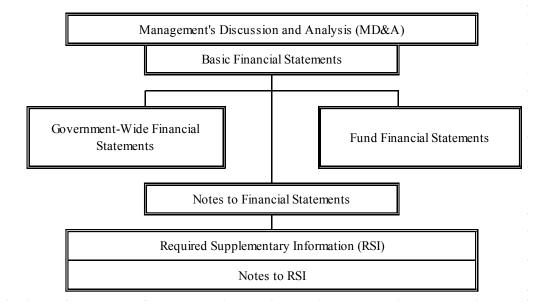
- For the fiscal year 2017, the City maintained its strong financial position for both its governmental and business-type funds. The City's strong financial management and conservative budgeting practices allow the City to continue its commitment to the citizens of Virginia Beach.
- ♦ At the end of the fiscal year 2017, the total net position of the City on a government-wide basis was \$3.7 billion. This amount represents an increase of \$104.0 million, or 2.9%, over prior year. The net position for the governmental activities was \$2.6 billion, an increase of \$61.3 million over prior year. The business-type activities net position was \$1.1 billion, an increase of \$42.7 million over prior year.
- ◆ At of the close of fiscal year 2017, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$606.9 million.
 - \$10.6 million, or 1.8%, is considered nonspendable (inventories and loans receivable)
 - \$51.6 million, or 8.5%, is restricted by outside agencies
 - \$354.2 million, or 58.3%, is committed for construction projects, education, parks and recreation, agriculture, tourism, and other smaller projects
 - \$72.1 million, or 11.9%, is assigned for specific purposes as identified by the City
 - \$118.4 million, or 19.5%, is unassigned in the general fund and is available for spending at the City's discretion
- Property tax rates remain the same as in the prior year, real estate tax at \$0.99 per \$100 of assessed valuation and personal property tax at \$4.00 per \$100 of assessed valuation. Real Estate assessed values increased by 3.5% and Personal Property assessed values increased by 2.4% from the prior year.
- ♦ At the end of the fiscal year, the total unassigned fund balance for the City's general fund was \$118.4 million, an increase of \$11.3 million from the prior year.
- For the eighth consecutive year, all three major rating agencies, Standard & Poor's, Moody's Investor Service and Fitch Ratings, affirmed the City's triple-A ratings on its General Obligation bonds.
- ◆ During the fiscal year, the City issued appropriation-backed Public Facility Revenue Bonds (PFRB) consisting of \$21.2 million of new money bonds and \$7.9 million refunding bonds to achieve debt service savings of \$1.24 million over the next 12 years.
- ♦ The City implemented the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) consists of four sections: introductory, financial, statistical, and single audit. The financial section is illustrated in the following Figure 1. This section of the report has three components: Management's Discussion and Analysis (this section), the basic financial statements (which includes the notes), and the required supplementary information.

Up until 2002, the primary focus of local government financial statements was the presentation of summarized fund-type information on a current financial resource basis. This approach has been modified and now the statements presented in the CAFR focus on the City as a whole (government-wide) as well as the major individual funds. The government-wide financial statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the City's overall financial status. The fund financial statements focus on the individual parts of the City government, reporting the operations of the City in more detail than the government-wide statements. Both perspectives (government-wide and individual fund) allow the reader to address relevant questions, broaden the basis for comparison (year-to-year or government to government), and enhance the City's accountability.

Figure 1: Components of the Financial Section



Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements report information about the City as a whole, using accounting methods similar to those used by private sector companies. The two government-wide statements, statement of net position and statement of activities, report the City's net position and how it has changed. The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all of the City's assets and deferred outflows of resources compared to liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between them reported as *net position*. The *Statement of Activities* presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. It accounts for all of the current year's revenues and expenses, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net position are indicators of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. To assess the overall health of the City, one needs to consider other nonfinancial factors such as changes in the City's property tax base and condition of the City's infrastructure.

The government-wide financial statements of the City are divided into three categories:

Governmental Activities - Most of the City's basic services are included here, such as police, fire and other public safety services, parks and recreation, public works, and general administration. Property and sales taxes, charges for services, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.

Business-type Activities - The City's water and sewer, storm water, waste management, economic development, and parking operations are reported here. Fees charged to customers help cover the costs of providing these services.

Component units - The City includes three other entities in its report - the City of Virginia Beach School Board (Schools), the Development Authority and the Community Development Corporation (CDC). Although legally separate, these "component units" are important because the City is financially accountable for them, providing operating and capital funding. The Development Authority is presented as a blended component unit and included in the City's reporting entity. The School Board and CDC are presented as discretely component units and reported in separate columns of the entity-wide statements.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the City's most significant funds and will be more familiar to traditional readers of government financial statements. The fund financial statements focus on major funds rather than fund types.

A fund is a grouping of related accounts used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements, such as general statutes or the City's budget ordinances. The City's funds are divided into the following categories:

Governmental funds - Most of the City's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how readily cash and other financial assets can be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) year-end balances that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a short-term view that helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, additional information is provided at the bottom of the governmental funds statements that explain the relationship (or differences) between them. Governmental funds include the General Fund, Debt Service Fund, Capital Projects Fund, and special revenue funds (such as Parks and Recreation and the Tourism Investment Program).

Proprietary funds - Services for which the City charges customers a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. These funds, like the government-wide statements, provide both long-term and short-term financial information. The City's enterprise funds (one type of proprietary fund) are the same as its business-type activities, but the fund financial statements provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows. The City utilizes enterprise funds to account for its water and sewer, storm water, waste management, economic development, and parking operations. The Development Authority is presented as a blended component unit and its proprietary fund is included in the City's reporting entity as a major enterprise fund. The City uses internal service funds (the other type of proprietary fund) to report activities that provide supplies and services for the City's other programs and activities. The City's internal service funds are used for providing city garage and fuel services, risk management, landscaping, and technology services.

Fiduciary funds – Used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations and other governmental units. The City is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. The fiduciary funds include agency funds (Special Welfare and Escheat Property), and trust funds (Sheriff's Pension and Postemployment Benefits). Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. These fiduciary activities are excluded from the City's government-wide financial statements because the City cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY AS WHOLE

Net Position

The Statement of Net Position serves as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At the end of the fiscal year, the City's total net position was \$3.7 billion. This amount represents an increase of \$104.0 million, or 2.9%, over the prior year (Table 1). The net position for governmental activities increased by \$61.3 million and the business-type activities net position increased by \$42.7 million.

The City's total assets were \$5.6 billion. This amount includes \$4.5 billion of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, which include roads, bridges, parks, utilities (water, sewer and storm water) infrastructure, land, other long -lived assets, and projects in the construction in progress program. Under the "tenancy in common" with the School Board, the City has included \$292.5 million of net book value of School Board property equal to the total outstanding principal balance of the "on behalf" debt at June 30, 2017.

The largest component of the City's net position (\$3.1 billion or 85.3%) is the investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment), net of any outstanding related debt used to acquire those assets. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; therefore, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. Net investment in capital assets for business-type activities represents, for the most part, the capital assets of the water, sewer, and storm water utilities.

At June 30, 2017, the City reported a deficit of \$50.9 million in the unrestricted category of its net position. This is a significant improvement over last year's deficit of \$91.4 million. The unrestricted category includes fund balances of the general fund and special revenue funds that have been committed or assigned at the fund level.

Table 1 Statement of Net Position (in Millions)

		imental vities		ss-Type vities	Total Primary Government			
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016		
Current and Other Assets Capital Assets Total Assets	\$ 758.7 3,317.0 4,075.7	\$ 728.5 3,347.2 4,075.7	\$ 345.5 1,158.7 1,504.2	\$ 359.0 1,122.8 1,481.8	\$ 1,104.2 4,475.7 5,579.9	\$ 1,087.5 4,470.0 5,557.5		
Deferred Outflows of Resources	81.6	49.3	8.3	6.0	89.9	55.3		
Long-Term Debt Outstanding Other Liabilities Total Liabilities	1,474.3 69.9 1,544.2	1,462.3 69.7 1,532.0	385.9 30.5 416.4	402.5 27.0 429.5	1,860.2 100.4 1,960.6	1,864.8 96.7 1,961.5		
Deferred Inflows of Resources	25.5	66.7	2.4	7.3	27.9	74.0		
Net Position Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted Unrestricted (Deficit) Total Net Position	2,324.7 347.4 (84.5) \$ 2,587.6	2,286.1 362.9 (122.7) \$ 2,526.3	813.7 246.4 33.6 \$ 1,093.7	760.0 259.7 31.3 \$ 1,051.0	3,138.4 593.8 (50.9) \$ 3,681.3	3,046.1 622.6 (91.4) \$ 3,577.3		

Changes in Net Position (Statement of Activities)

The following comparative statement of activities presents the revenues, expenses and transfers of the governmental and business-type activities.

Table 2 Changes in Net Position (in Millions)

		nmental vities		ss-Type vities		otal Sovernment
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016
Revenues:						
Program Revenues:						
Charges for Services	\$ 88.7	\$ 86.3	\$ 208.8	\$ 210.5	\$ 297.5	\$ 296.8
Operating Grants & Contributions	180.8	176.6	0.3	· =	181.1	176.6
Capital Grants & Contributions	30.3	49.3	6.6	8.2	36.9	57.5
General Revenues:						
Property Taxes	646.0	622.4	-	=	646.0	622.4
Other Taxes	312.6	290.4	-	-	312.6	290.4
Other	73.1	75.0	2.7	0.8	75.8	75.8
Total Revenues	1,331.5	1,300.0	218.4	219.5	1,549.9	1,519.5
Expenses:						
Legislative	1.2	1.2	_	_	1.2	1.2
Executive	4.2	3.8	_	_	4.2	3.8
Law	4.0	3.8	_	_	4.0	3.8
Finance	18.3	17.1	_	_	18.3	17.1
Human Resources	11.3	11.8	_	_	11.3	11.8
Judicial	61.6	56.3	_	_	61.6	56.3
Health	3.4	3.2	_	_	3.4	3.2
Police	101.6	94.0	_	_	101.6	94.0
Human Services	116.4	109.2	_	_	116.4	109.2
Public Works	173.6	175.5	_	_	173.6	175.5
Parks & Recreation	47.5	45.1	_	_	47.5	45.1
Library	18.4	17.0	_	_	18.4	17.0
Planning	11.2	10.4	_	_	11.2	10.4
Agriculture	4.6	1.4	_	_	4.6	1.4
Economic Development	1.6	2.1	_	_	1.6	2.1
Convention & Visitor Bureau	28.8	25.8	_	_	28.8	25.8
Information Technology	39.0	33.6	_	_	39.0	33.6
Emergency Communication & Citizen	9.0	8.1	_	_	9.0	8.1
Boards and Commissions	34.7	30.2	_	_	34.7	30.2
Fire	57.1	50.3	_	_	57.1	50.3
Management Services	1.4	1.4	_	_	1.4	1.4
Education	396.3	398.1	_	_	396.3	398.1
Housing & Neighborhood Preservation	28.3	26.3	_	- -	28.3	26.3
Museums	11.1	10.8	_	_	11.1	10.8
Emergency Medical Services	12.5	10.3	_	_	12.5	10.3
General Government	20.9	1.8	_	_	20.9	1.8
Water & Sewer	20.7	1.0	107.9	109.2	107.9	109.2
Storm Water	_	_	34.7	23.3	34.7	23.3
Development Authority	_	_	12.6	9 9	12.6	9.9
Waste Management	<u>-</u>	_	39.7	40.0	39.7	40.0
Parking		_	3.4	3.8	3.4	3.8
Interest on Long-Term Debt	29.6	33.6	J. T	J.6 -	29.6	33.6
Total Expenses	1,247.6	1,182.1	198.3	186.2	1,445.9	1,368.3
Excess (Deficiency) Before Transfers	83.9	117.9	20.1	33.3	104.0	151.2
Transfers	(22.6)	(15.9)	22.6	15.9	107.0	1,71,2
Change in Net Position	61.3	102.0	42.7	49.2	104.0	151.2
Net Position – Beginning	2,526.3	2,424.3	1,051.0	1,001.8	3,577.3	3,426.1
Net Position – Ending	\$ 2,587.6	\$ 2,526.3	\$ 1,093.7	\$ 1,051.0	\$ 3,681.3	\$ 3,577.3
	,007.0	Ţ _,₽ Z 0.5	7 -,0/5./	7 -,001.0	,001.5	7 - 10 / / 10

Revenues

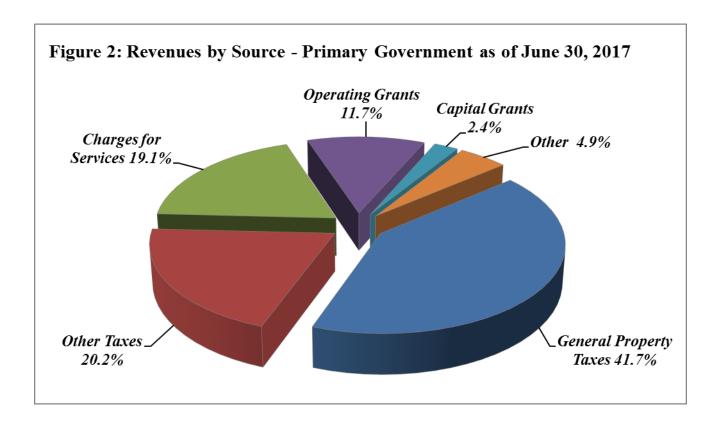
The City's total revenues were \$1.55 billion, an increase of \$30.4 million over the revenues from prior year. These revenues consist of Program and General revenues. Program Revenues are derived from the program itself and reduce the cost of the function of the City; these include charges for services, operating and capital grants and contributions. General revenues are all other revenues and include property and other taxes, and interest earnings.

As shown in Figure 2, the largest revenue sources for the City are property taxes at 41.7%, other taxes (e.g. sales, utility, business license, meal, and lodging) at 20.2%, charges for services at 19.2% and operating grants and contributions at 11.7%.

For Governmental Activities, program revenues totaled \$299.8 million, a 4.0% decrease from the prior year primarily due to reduced receipts from the Commonwealth for support towards roads construction projects and no receipts for the acquisition of land in the Oceana & Interfacility Traffic Area Conformity & Acquisition program (BRAC).

General revenues totaled \$1,031.7 million. This represents an increase of \$43.9 million over the prior year due to higher revenues in property and other local taxes, \$23.6 million and \$22.2 million respectively.

Business-type Activities generated program and general revenues of \$218.4 million, primarily from charges for services (\$208.8 million), a 0.5% decrease from prior year.



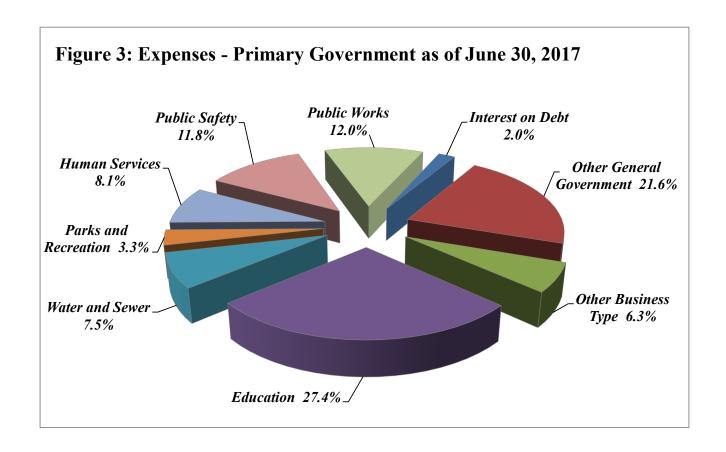
Expenses

The total cost of all programs and services was \$1.45 billion, a \$77.6 million, or 5.7%, increase over expenses from the prior year. Figure 3 shows the breakdown of major expenses by function.

Expenses for *Governmental Activities* totaled \$1,247.6 million, an increase of \$65.5 million over the prior year. The current year expenses include a repayment of \$20.0 million to the Commonwealth for reimbursement of proceeds received towards the construction of the light rail extension into Town Center and approximately \$10.5 million in expenditures related to Hurricane Matthew. The expenses also reflect salary increases of 3.34%, and additional 93.34 full time positions in support of public safety, judicial, parks and recreation, and planning functions.

Education continues to be one of the City's highest priorities and commitments. The City's funding for education totaled \$396.3 million (net of the adjustment to account for the tenancy in common legislation) and it represents 49.9% (versus 48.8% in prior year) of the total revenues for the Schools (exhibit 45).

Expenses for the *Business-type Activities* include those related to water, sewer, storm water, and waste management utility services as well as parking operations and economic development. For the current fiscal year these totaled \$198.3 million, a \$12.1 million increase, in part due to expenditures in the Storm Water and Waste Management funds related to Hurricane Matthew, and increased staffing (20 positions) in the Storm Water fund for the mosquito control division.



FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

The City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

Governmental funds

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At the end of the fiscal year, the total fund balance for the City's governmental funds was \$606.9 million, a small increase of \$7.6 million or 1.3% over the prior fiscal year. This change is a combination of increases in fund balances of \$32.7 million in the general fund offset by decreases in fund balances for capital projects and other governmental funds of \$16.0 million and \$9.0 million, respectively.

At the end of the fiscal year, the classification of total governmental fund balances was as follows:

- ♦ \$10.6 million or 1.8% is nonspendable consisting in the City's loans receivable and investment in inventories.
- ♦ \$51.6 million or 8.5% is restricted, which can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by external providers, such as grantors or restricted through legislation. This amount includes debt service costs (\$33.8 million); federal and state grants in housing programs (\$7.6 million), public safety initiatives (\$4.7 million), seized forfeited assets (\$0.7 million), human services (\$2.1 million); and special service districts (\$2.7 million).
- ♦ \$354.2 million or 58.3% is committed, which can only be used only for the specific purposes imposed by the formal action of City Council. Included in committed fund balance is the funding for the capital improvement program (\$285.1 million), education (\$17.3 million), convention and visitor development (\$15.2 million), agriculture reserve program activities (\$12.6 million), tax increment financing (\$7.0 million), parks and recreation activities (\$15.1 million) and other smaller amounts in the nonmajor special revenue funds.
- ♦ \$72.1 million or 11.9% is assigned, which applies to amounts that are intended for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. The assigned amounts include money to offset increases in Waste Management expenditures due to the expiration of the SPSA contract (\$5.7 million), next year's capital program (\$23.3 million), education (\$24.1 million), which includes from FY17 \$17.0 million of unexpended funding and \$3.1 million of true-up funds, FY17 encumbrances (\$10.2 million) and other smaller amount in the general fund and nonmajor special revenue funds.
- \$118.4 million or 19.5% is unassigned, which is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications.

Items to be noted include:

- Real estate taxes of \$544.3 million increased \$17.9 million from prior year. Real estate revenues are the City's single largest revenue source and comprised 41.6% of total revenues received for the year. This is mainly due to an increase of 3.5% in taxable assessed values which increased by \$1.9 billion. As mentioned earlier, the tax rate remained the same at \$0.99 per \$100 of assessed value.
- Revenues recorded for personal property taxes of \$100.1 million were higher than prior year by \$4.1 million. The City continues to receive PPTRA (personal property tax relief program) reimbursements from the State of \$53.4 million, which are reported as state revenues.

- Other Taxes revenue category, which includes taxes on general sales, utility purchases, cigarettes, hotel rooms, restaurant meal, amusement, business licenses, deeds, wills, and automobile licenses totaled \$298.5 million. This represents an \$8.9 million increase over the previous year mainly due to improved performance in sales, utility, cigarette, meals, and hotel taxes.
- ♦ Federal and state funding of \$260.6 million, 19.9% of total revenues received, decreased \$13.1 million from prior year mainly due to less support towards roadway projects such as the Lesner Bridge Replacement project.
- City employees received a 3.34% pay increase (1% merit raise for full-time city employees, 1.34% general pay raise to full-time and part-time employees, and the 1% increase required by the state to offset retirement costs).
- City expenditures include the repayment of \$20 million to the Commonwealth for reimbursement of proceeds received towards purchasing land for the light rail extension into Town Center and approximately \$11.0 million in expenditures related to Hurricane Matthew,
- ♦ The capital projects fund reported \$118.9 million in expenditures. Revenues received in this fund from the federal and state governments were \$1.8 million and \$24.5 million, respectively, which were mostly in support of transportation projects. Public Facility Revenue bonds and premiums totaling \$24.0 million were issued in support of general government capital projects. The capital projects fund received cash funding totaling \$48.2 million from

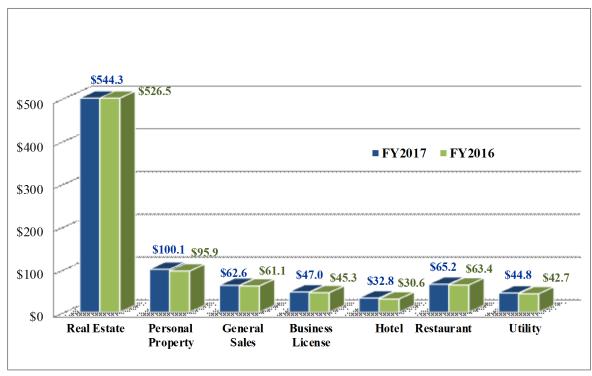


Figure 4: Selected Tax Revenues by Source - FY 2017 Compared to FY 2016 (in Millions)

the general fund and other special revenue funds.

Proprietary funds

The City's proprietary fund statements offer short and long-term financial information about the activities that the government operates as a business, such as the water and sewer system, storm water, waste management, parking, and development authority funds. These statements provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. The ending net position for the proprietary funds totals \$1.1 billion.

Notable items are as follows:

- ♦ The Water and Sewer fund's net position increased by \$25.7 million, continuing to reflect strong financial management and the continuing acquisition and construction of capital assets to help address continued compliance with federal consent order on sanitary sewer overflows.
- ♦ The net position for the Storm Water fund increased by \$8.0 million, which provides funding to continue addressing backlogs in the areas of flood control and water quality over the next several years.
- The net position for the Development Authority, which is the City's blended component unit, increased by \$3.0 million.
- ♦ The net position for the Waste Management fund, increased by \$6.0 million. In the current fiscal year, the monthly fee for waste collection increased 7.7% to \$23.00 per month. The fund accounts for the annual operating expenses of the waste management functions, including recycling activities, waste collection, and disposal at the landfill.
- ◆ The Parking business activity reported an increase of \$0.1 million in net position.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The following is a brief review of the budgetary changes from the original to the final budget (See budget to actual comparison in Exhibit 5):

- Compared to the prior year, most of the general fund revenues trended favorably, especially property tax revenues (\$19.8 million) and other local taxes (\$6.4 million).
- ♦ General fund departments continue to manage their budgets and expended \$53.7 million less than appropriated. At year-end, encumbrances totaled \$10.5 million. Significant encumbrances were for Public Works (\$2.8 million) for paving contracts, Information Technology (\$1.4 million) for contracts with software vendors, and the Cultural Affairs Office (\$1.7 million) for contracts related to the Sandler Center for the Performing Arts.
- Significant positive variances were the result of the following:
 - ⇒ Human Services (\$6.4 million or 5.6%) due to lower expenditures in personnel charges (\$6.2 million).
 - ⇒ Public Works (\$5.9 million or 7.4%) due to savings in personnel charges (\$1.6 million) and timing of pavement maintenance projects that were not completed during the fiscal year (\$3.4 million).
 - ⇒ Education (\$17.1 million or 4.5%) unexpended funding received from the City's general fund which was returned at year-end. This amount will be re-appropriated by City Council in the next fiscal year to the Schools' funds.
- Final budget amounts were often greater than original amounts due to the re-appropriation of prior year encumbrances which were completed in the current fiscal year. During the fiscal year, City Council approved various modifications to the original adopted budget. Major budget adjustments include:
 - ⇒ \$8.9 million to cover Hurricane Matthew expenditures.
 - ⇒ \$6.7 million to cover the purchase of buses, employee raises, and technology projects for the Schools.
- ♦ At the end of the fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$118.4 million or 10.49% of next fiscal year's revenues, and is within City Council policy.

CAPITAL ASSETS

During the current fiscal year, the City's investment in capital assets increased by \$5.8 million, or less than 1.0%, to a total of \$4.5 billion (Table 3). This investment includes a broad range of capital assets (e.g. land, equipment, buildings, park facilities, roads, bridges, water and sewer lines, and construction in progress).

Major capital projects completed and placed in service during the year included:

- ◆ Pacific Avenue Improvements (\$17.3 million) This project provided for the improvements to Pacific Avenue between 17th and 22nd Street with the existing ROW, to include undergrounding of the existing overhead utilities and public utility upgrades. In addition, new LED street lighting and traffic signal mast arms were installed.
- ♦ Seaboard Road (\$7.8 million) This project was for the construction of a three-lane undivided highway, within a 66 -foot right-of-way from Princess Anne Road to Nimmo Parkway, a distance of approximately 3,200 feet. This project included an upgrade to the intersection of Princess Anne Road and Seaboard Road to include a new traffic signal.
- ♦ Various Buildings Rehabilitation and Renewal Phase II (\$14.8 million) This project provided for rehabilitation and renewal of interior and exterior systems for city owned buildings/facilities. It included rehabilitation and replacement of the fire training center's existing facility and libraries. Some of the larger plans of programmed work included installation of building fire protection systems, various roof repairs, and lighting upgrades.
- ♦ Kempsville Recreation Center (\$32 million) This project funded the design and construction cost of replacing the existing Kempsville Recreation Center building on the current site. The goal of this initiative was to construct a recreation center facility that maximized recreational programming and activities.
- ♦ Storm Water Infrastructure Rehabilitation & Improvements (\$20.7 million) This project provided for inspection, design, evaluation and rehabilitation of the storm water infrastructure throughout the city and specifically in neighborhoods which have reported storm water system needs.
- ♦ Sanitary Sewer Capacity Program (\$6.7 million) This project provided funding for the engineering study design, construction services and program development for the sanitary sewer consent order compliance. Specific tasks and activities included replacement of existing sanitary gravity sewer, force mains, or pump stations that had capacity limitations.
- ◆ Prosperity Road Water Improvements (\$2.3 million) This project provided funding for design and construction of approximately 1.3 miles of 8-inch and 10-inch water mains to provide water service and fire protection to 20 properties along Prosperity Road, including the new Camp Grom Facility.

Construction in progress expenditures for the fiscal year totaled \$118.9 million for general government, \$37.0 million for water/sewer and \$26.8 million for storm water projects. Major current year expenditures include funding for the replacement of the current Lesner Bridge with a facility that is capable of handling six lanes of traffic in the future (\$21.3 million), construction costs of \$8.0 million for the construction of the Housing Resource Center (a new facility that will provide shelter and services to homeless persons and those at risk of homelessness), Witchduck Road project to improve capacity (\$4.6 million), the construction of the Kempsville Recreation Center (\$11.5 million), and the construction of a 28,500 square foot building and a 4,000 square foot storage building (totaling 32,500 square feet) to replace the current buildings for the parks and recreation department (\$6.4 million).

Table 3
Capital Assets
(in Millions)

	Governmental Activities			 Business-Type Activities				Total Primary Government			
		2017		2016	2017		2016	_	2017		2016
Non-Depreciable Assets:											
Land	\$	1,007.2	\$	1,005.1	\$ 165.1	\$	165.1	\$	1,172.3	\$	1,170.2
Agriculture Reserve Program		46.1		42.4	-		-		46.1		42.4
Construction in Progress		175.2		230.7	67.7		38.7		242.9		269.4
Other Capital Assets:											
Infrastructure		2,259.0		2,169.8	-		-		2,259.0		2,169.8
Buildings		1,087.4		1,099.7	138.3		139.3		1,225.7		1,239.0
Machinery and Equipment		299.5		283.2	55.8		52.1		355.3		335.3
Utility System		-		-	1,326.2		1,286.9		1,326.2		1,286.9
Improvements		306.3		295.6	1.1		1.1		307.4		296.7
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		(1,863.7)		(1,779.3)	(595.5)		(560.5)		(2,459.2)		(2,339.8)
Totals	\$	3,317.0	\$	3,347.2	\$ 1,158.7	\$	1,122.7	\$	4,475.7	\$	4,469.9

For detailed information on the City's capital asset activity, please refer to note 5 to the financial statements.

LONG TERM DEBT

At the end of the fiscal year 2017, the City had \$1,227.8 million in bonds and notes outstanding and \$632.5 million in other liabilities for a total of \$1,860.2 million in long term liabilities (Table 4).

The state constitution limits the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to 10% of the total assessed value of real property. At the end of the fiscal year, the City's assessed value of real property was \$54.8 billion, which makes the City's debt less than the current debt limitation of \$5.5 billion.

For the eighth consecutive year, all three major rating agencies, Standard & Poor's, Moody's Investor Service and Fitch Ratings, affirmed the City's AAA ratings on its General Obligation bonds.

On November 3, 2016, the City issued appropriation backed Public Facility Revenue Bonds (PFRB) consisting of \$21.2 million of new money bonds and \$7.9 million refunding bonds to achieve debt service savings of \$1.24 million over the next 12 years. As part of the ratings review, both Fitch Ratings and Moody's Investor Service upgraded the City's PFRBs to AA+ and Aa1 respectively, and Standard & Poor's affirmed a AA+ rating, all one notch below AAA. Proceeds were used to fund several capital improvement projects such as the modernization of the John B. Dey Elementary School, improvements to Pacific Avenue, improvements to the intersection of First Colonial Rd. and Virginia Beach Blvd., and the Housing Resource Center.

Estimated claims and judgments reflect estimated unpaid losses and ALAE (allocated loss adjustment expenses) as of the end of the year. The projected liability by line of business consists of 91.9% for workers compensation, 5.9% for general liability, and 2.2% for automobile liability.

Landfill closure and post-closure care liability increased \$0.2 million to \$25.9 million during the current fiscal year due to inflation.

Table 4
Long Term Liabilities
(in Millions)

	Governmental Activities				Busines Activ		pe	Total Primary Government				
	2017		2016		2017		2016		2017			2016
General Obligation Bond	\$	593.8	\$	652.9	\$	_	\$	_	\$	593.8	\$	652.9
State Literary Fund Loans		1.9		2.3		-		-		1.9		2.3
Public Facility Revenue Bonds		-		-		254.6		264.1		254.6		264.1
Revenue Bonds		261.3		263.3		70.0		77.1		331.3		340.4
Agriculture Reserve Program		46.1		42.4						46.1		42.4
Sub-total		903.1		960.9		324.6		341.2		1,227.7		1,302.1
Other Long-Term Liabilities:												
Landfill Closure & Post-closure Care		25.9		25.5		-		-		25.9		25.5
Premium/Discount on Bonds Sold		89.4		99.5		20.0		21.1		109.4		120.6
Net Pension Liability		374.8		302.1		36.3		35.3		411.1		337.4
Accrued Compensated Leave		43.4		43.3		5.0		5.0		48.4		48.3
Estimated Claims & Judgments		37.7		31.1						37.7		31.1
		571.2		501.5		61.3		61.4		632.5		562.9
Totals	\$	1,474.3	\$	1,462.4	\$	385.9	\$	402.6	\$	1,860.2	\$	1,865.0

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

The City's strong financial management and conservative budgeting practices allow the City to continue its commitment to the citizens of Virginia Beach. The Virginia Beach economy continues to improve as real estate assessments continue to increase, and consumer-driven revenues such as general sales, hotel tax, meals tax and amusement tax are performing well.

The above indicators were taken into account when adopting the budget for fiscal year 2018. The adopted budget includes the following highlights:

- ♦ The combined operating budgets for the City and Schools total \$1.97 billion, represent a 3.0% overall increase over the adjusted budget for fiscal year 2017. The total budget supports \$1,075.2 million in City programs and \$894.5 million in Schools programs. The funding provided by the City to the Schools totals \$399.3 million which includes \$28.4 million of dedicated real estate tax. The City allocates funding to the Schools via a revenue sharing formula.
- Real estate tax revenues are budgeted at \$566.3 million, an increase of 4.4% over prior year. This increase is attributable to projected growth in assessed values of 2.7% and new development. The real estate tax rate increased by \$0.0125 from \$0.99 to \$1.0025 to provide \$6.75 million in additional funding to the Schools to phase-in the expansion of pre-kindergarten and full-day kindergarten.
- Personal property tax revenues increased 6.1% to \$156.0 million. There was no change in the personal property tax rate of \$4.00 per \$100 of assessed value.

- ♦ Hotel tax budgeted revenues total \$34.9 million, an increase of 10.7% over the prior year. There are two components making up this revenue: the 8% hotel tax rate and the flat tax, which generates an additional \$2 per room night.
- Storm Water fees increased to \$0.458 cents per day in the Equivalent Residential Unit rate, an increase of 5.8%. This increase is part of a series of rate increases of 2.5 cents each year, through fiscal year 2022. The increases are critical to the City's financing plan established to support storm water mandates and flood control initiatives.
- Various small increases in fees for the services provided by several departments such as Aquarium and Parks and Recreation.
- ♦ The fiscal year 2018-2023 Adopted Capital Improvement Program (CIP) established a six-year programmed funding totaling \$3.3 billion. Only year one is appropriated. The six-year program provides scheduled funding for the construction of projects for utilities (\$892.9 million), Schools (\$493.8 million), roadways (\$777.9 million), and other projects.

REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

This report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the City's Finance Department, City of Virginia Beach, Municipal Center, Virginia Beach, Virginia 23456, telephone 757-385-4302, or visit the City's web site at www.vbgov.com.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2017

			Pri	mary Government	t		Component Units			
	,	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total		School Board	I	Community Development Corporation
ASSETS	_	Activities	_	Activities	_	Total		School Board	_	Corporation
Cash and Investments	\$	229,826,802	\$	171,854,841	\$	401,681,643	\$	137,931,396	\$	975,937
Restricted Cash & Cash Equivalents		363,941,255		102,745,428		466,686,683		-		-
Receivables (net)		78,872,090		38,944,867		117,816,957		1,416,000		3,807,068
Due from Other Governments		87,480,767		87,598		87,568,365		19,571,313		-
Internal Balances		(6,970,544)		6,970,544		-		-		-
Inventories		5,396,439		2,522,528		7,918,967		518,261		-
Other Assets		107,378		-		107,378		1,214,530		-
Land Held for Resale		-		22,362,431		22,362,431		-		685,553
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):										
Land and Improvements		1,053,282,439		165,104,117		1,218,386,556		39,048,224		8,863,960
Buildings and Improvements		796,803,619		92,301,705		889,105,324		433,265,509		19,209,737
Improvements other than Buildings		208,414,295		791,171		209,205,466		23,274,646		-
Machinery and Equipment		77,405,990		16,414,847		93,820,837		32,414,428		17,909
Infrastructure		1,005,850,818		816,365,254		1,822,216,072		-		-
Construction in Progress		175,219,792		67,725,018		242,944,810		4,434,661		-
Total Capital Assets	\$	3,316,976,953	\$	1,158,702,112	\$	4,475,679,065	\$	532,437,468	\$	28,091,606
Total Assets	\$	4,075,631,140	\$	1,504,190,349	\$	5,579,821,489	\$	693,088,968	\$	33,560,164
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Employer Contributions Subsequent to the										
Measurement Date	\$	40,045,696	\$	3,873,690	\$	43,919,386	\$	60,655,000	\$	-
Difference between Expected and Actual										
Experience		2,511,355		242,928		2,754,283		-		-
Net Difference between Projected and										
Actual Earnings on Plan Investments		34,724,860		3,358,996		38,083,856		46,023,000		-
Debt Refundings Resulting in Loss Transactions		4,305,108	_	862,121		5,167,229		-		-
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	81,587,019	\$	8,337,735	\$	89,924,754	\$	106,678,000	\$	-
<u>LIABILITIES</u>										
Accounts Payable	\$	52,514,421	\$	26,203,833	\$	78,718,254	\$	18,076,250	\$	71,523
Accrued Liabilities		16,474,856		4,345,586		20,820,442		67,548,584		153,559
Due to Other Governments		902,758		-		902,758		87,914		-
Long-term Liabilities:										
Due Within One Year		123,419,396		22,437,692		145,857,088		19,556,089		1,565,465
Due in More Than One Year		1,350,860,902		363,478,968		1,714,339,870		756,565,872		19,744,961
Total Liabilities	\$	1,544,172,333	\$	416,466,079	\$	1,960,638,412	\$	861,834,709	\$	21,535,508
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Difference between Expected and Actual										
Experience	\$	12,805,088	\$	1,238,658	\$	14,043,746	\$	36,076,000	\$	_
Property Taxes Levied for Subsequent Year	Ψ	7,968,226	Ψ	1,230,030	Ψ	7,968,226	Ψ	-	Ψ	_
Unavailable Revenue for Housing Loans		493,950		_		493,950		_		_
Debt Refundings Resulting in Gain Transactions		4,194,312		1,203,216		5,397,528				_
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	25,461,576	\$	2,441,874	\$	27,903,450	\$	36,076,000	\$	
	-	==,,,,,,,,,,	-	_,,	-	=,,,,,,,,,,	-	,	-	
NET POSITION Not be reported to Control Acceptance	¢	2 224 672 400	¢.	813,703,550	ď	2 120 277 040	ď	522 427 469	ď	6 701 100
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	2,324,672,499	\$	813,703,330	\$	3,138,376,049	\$	532,437,468	\$	6,781,180
Restricted for:		205 110 545		61 472 020		246 500 404				
Capital Projects		285,119,545		61,472,939		346,592,484		-		-
Future Debt Service		33,802,079		24,223,316		58,025,395		17 265 010		-
Special Projects		28,461,024		120 250 501		28,461,024		17,365,019		-
Water and Sewer Fund Operations		-		129,279,701		129,279,701		-		-
Storm Water Fund Operations		-		28,848,074		28,848,074		-		-
Waste Management Operations		-		2,540,616		2,540,616		-		
Unrestricted (Deficit)		(84,470,897)		33,551,935		(50,918,962)		(647,946,228)		5,243,476

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

					Program Rev	enues	
		Expenses		Charges for Services	Operatin Grants an Contributio	d	Capital Grants and Contributions
Primary Government:							
Governmental Activities:							
Legislative	\$	1,181,030	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Executive		4,185,699		5,560		-	-
Law		3,978,553		1,513		-	-
Finance		18,382,696		1,692,271	1,469	9,473	-
Human Resources		11,264,020		-		-	-
Judicial		61,622,028		4,907,694	23,38	5,151	-
Health		3,391,817		-		5,754	-
Police		101,644,605		3,308,747		5,907	-
Human Services		116,434,440		25,167,062	60,563		-
Public Works		173,634,278		4,058,165	42,27	8,659	3,980,666
Parks & Recreation		47,512,722		15,021,272	5,30	8,455	-
Library		18,354,780		695,152	23'	7,301	-
Planning		11,162,446		5,097,944		-	-
Agriculture		4,605,108		86,449	50:	5,845	-
Economic Development		1,562,948		· -		-	-
Convention & Visitor Development		28,761,957		6,620,853		-	-
Information Technology		38,964,868		1,922,777		-	-
Emergency Communications and Citizen Services		8,970,142		250		-	_
Boards and Commissions		34,738,707		34,336	8:	2,561	_
Fire		57,104,376		665,923	2,98	3,960	_
Management Services		1,365,506		-	,	-	_
Education		396,304,003		_		_	_
Housing & Neighborhood Preservation		28,325,394		2,841,867	22,90	0.717	_
Museums		11,113,741		9,679,208		5,740	_
Emergency Medical Services		12,532,240		69,437		5.899	_
General Government		20,905,051		6,795,827	18,65	- ,	26,344,497
Interest and Fiscal Charges		29,622,762		-	10,02	-	20,5 , . , , , ,
Total Governmental Activities		1,247,625,917		88,672,307	180,792	2,670	30,325,163
Business-type Activities:							
Water and Sewer		107,922,521		125,124,505		_	6,248,128
Storm Water		34.666.545		40,164,454	27	5,938	363,254
Development Authority		12,582,903		2,859,707	27.	-	303,234
Waste Management		39,724,605		35,390,065	4	3,950	
Parking		3,383,691		5,235,807	٦.	-	
Total Business-type Activities		198,280,265		208,774,538	319	9.888	6,611,382
.	¢	1.445.906.182	¢	297.446.845	\$ 181.112		\$ 36.936.545
Total Primary Government	<u> </u>	1.443.900.182	<u> </u>	297.440.645	<u>s 101.11.</u>	2.330	<u>50.950.545</u>
Component Units:			¢.	2.055.255	Φ		Ф
Virginia Beach Community Development Corporation	\$	6,297,645	\$	2,976,353		*	\$ -
Virginia Beach School Board		774,221,739		14,417,518	146,61		
Total Component Units	\$	780.519.384	\$	17.393.871	\$ 148.472	2.412	\$ -

General Revenues:

Taxes:

Real Estate Property Taxes Personal Property Taxes

Sales Utility

Business Licenses

Meal

City Tax on Deeds and Wills

Cigarette

Automobile Licenses

Amusement

Lodging

Franchise, Bank Stock and Transient Occupancy

Total City Taxes

Payment from City of Virginia Beach

Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs

Investment earnings

Miscellaneous

Transfers

Total General Revenues and Transfers

Change in Net Position
Net Position - Beginning

Net Position - Ending

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Position

				Chan	ges in Net Position				
		Pri	mary Government				Compon	ent U	
	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total		School Board		Community Development Corporation
Ф	(1.101.020)	¢.		ď	(1.101.020)	¢		¢	
\$	(1,181,030) (4,180,139)	\$	-	\$	(1,181,030) (4,180,139)	\$	-	\$	-
	(3,977,040)		-		(3,977,040)		_		-
			-				-		-
	(15,220,952)		-		(15,220,952)		-		-
	(11,264,020)		-		(11,264,020)		-		-
	(33,328,183)		-		(33,328,183)		-		-
	(3,275,063)		-		(3,275,063)		-		-
	(97,709,951)		-		(97,709,951)		-		-
	(30,704,156)		-		(30,704,156)		-		
	(123,316,788)		-		(123,316,788)		-		-
	(27,182,995)		-		(27,182,995)		-		•
	(17,422,327)		-		(17,422,327)		-		
	(6,064,502)		-		(6,064,502)		-		
	(4,012,814)		-		(4,012,814)		-		
	(1,562,948)		-		(1,562,948)		-		-
	(22,141,104)		-		(22,141,104)		-		-
	(37,042,091)		-		(37,042,091)		-		
	(8,969,892)		-		(8,969,892)		-		
	(34,621,810)		-		(34,621,810)		_		-
	(53,454,493)		-		(53,454,493)		_		
	(1,365,506)		_		(1,365,506)		_		-
	(396,304,003)		_		(396,304,003)		_		_
	(2,582,810)		_		(2,582,810)		_		_
	(238,793)		_		(238,793)		_		
	(11,975,904)				(11,975,904)		_		_
	30,886,299				30,886,299		_		_
	(29,622,762)		-		(29,622,762)		_		
	(947,835,777)				(947,835,777)				
	(947,033,777)		-		(947,033,777)				-
	-		23,450,112		23,450,112		-		-
	-		6,137,101		6,137,101		-		_
	-		(9,723,196)		(9,723,196)		-		-
	-		(4,290,590)		(4,290,590)		-		-
			1,852,116		1,852,116		<u>-</u> _		
	-		17,425,543		17,425,543		-		-
\$	(947.835.777)	\$	17.425.543	\$	(930.410.234)	\$		\$	
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(1,460,515
	-				-		(613,192,586)		-
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(613.192.586)	\$	(1.460.515
\$	544,302,460	\$	-	\$	544,302,460	\$	-	\$	-
	101,670,001		-		101,670,001		-		-
	66,292,790		_		66,292,790		_		-
	48,275,048		_		48,275,048		_		-
	47,143,398		_		47,143,398		_		
	68,900,065		_		68,900,065		_		
	7,858,406		=		7,858,406				
	12,060,433		-		12,060,433		-		•
	11,762,967		-		11,762,967		-		•
			-				-		•
	7,032,632 32,385,074		-		7,032,632 32,385,074		-		-
			-				-		-
	10,937,880 958,621,154				10,937,880 958,621,154				
	,50,021,15 1				,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		A 24 4.5		
	-		-		-		369,406,287		-
	53,412,868		-		53,412,868		263,258,829		-
	2,255,088		2,573,657		4,828,745		245,828		352,829
	17,446,147		-		17,446,147		450,772		25,082
	(22,611,189)		22,611,189		-		-		
	1,009,124,068		25,184,846		1,034,308,914		633,361,716		377,911
	61,288,291		42,610,389		103,898,680		20,169,130		(1,082,604
	2,526,295,959		1,051,009,742		3,577,305,701		(118,312,871)		13,107,260
Φ	2.587.584.250	\$	1.093.620.131	\$	3.681.204.381	\$	(98.143.741)	\$	12.024.656

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2017

		General	C	apital Projects	(Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS		General		apitai i rojects		runus		Tunus
Cash and Investments	\$	151,096,494	\$	-	\$	49,334,178	\$	200,430,672
Cash and Investments - Restricted		17,299,308		295,979,869		50,662,078		363,941,255
Cash Advances		107,378		_		_		107,378
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles, where applicable):	,						,
Property Tax	,	41,886,065		_		_		41,886,065
Accounts		1,615,854		_		218,240		1,834,094
Loans		6,027,214		_		6,090,575		12,117,789
Due from:		0,027,211				2,070,010		12,117,709
Other Governments		70,288,453		13,790,135		3,402,179		87,480,767
Inventories		4,620,297		-		-,,		4,620,297
	\$		c	200 770 004	\$	100 707 250	\$	
Total Assets	a	292,941,063	\$	309,770,004	\$	109,707,250	\$	712,418,317
<u>LIABILITIES</u>								
Vouchers and Accounts Payable	\$	28,650,399	\$	17,051,662	\$	5,618,721	\$	51,320,782
Deposits Payable		3,762,582		-		-		3,762,582
Due to Other Funds		-		7,515,732		-		7,515,732
Intergovernmental Payables		819,693		83,065		-		902,758
Unearned Revenue		848,910		-		-		848,910
Total Liabilities	\$	34,081,584	\$	24,650,459	\$	5,618,721	\$	64,350,764
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable Revenue - Housing Loans	\$	_	\$	_	\$	493,950	\$	493,950
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes		40,675,254		_		-		40,675,254
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	40,675,254	\$	-	\$	493,950	\$	41,169,204
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable:	ф	4 620 207	ф		Ф		¢.	4 (20 207
Inventories	\$	4,620,297	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,620,297
Loans Receivable		6,027,214		-		-		6,027,214
Restricted for:								
Special Revenue Funds		-		-		15,765,762		15,765,762
Debt Service		-		-		33,802,079		33,802,079
Community Services Board		2,047,751		-		-		2,047,751
Committed to:								
Education		17,299,308		-		-		17,299,308
Special Revenue Funds		-		-		51,753,558		51,753,558
Capital Improvement Program:								
Engineering and Highways		-		74,899,311		-		74,899,311
Buildings		-		34,595,587		-		34,595,587
Parks and Recreation		-		4,964,798		-		4,964,798
Coastal		-		1,100,809		-		1,100,809
Economic and Tourism		-		45,481,642		-		45,481,642
General Government		-		124,077,398		-		124,077,398
Assigned to:								
Education		24,129,855		-		-		24,129,855
General Government		15,649,915		-		-		15,649,915
Waste Management		5,712,041		-		-		5,712,041
Capital Improvement Program - General		23,301,544		-		_		23,301,544
Risk Management		1,000,000		-		-		1,000,000
Special Revenue Funds		· / ·		-		2,273,180		2,273,180
Unassigned		118,396,300		-		-		118,396,300
Total Fund Balances	\$	218,184,225	\$	285,119,545	\$	103,594,579	\$	606,898,349
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Fund Balances	\$	292,941,063	\$	309,770,004	\$	109,707,250	\$	712,418,317
Total Daomites, Deterred lillows, and I und Daldlices	ψ	272,741,003	φ	302,770,004	φ	107,707,230	φ	/12,410,31/

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA RECONCILIATION OF BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2017

Total Fund Balances - Governmental funds (Exhibit 3)	\$	606,898,349
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.		3,315,923,838
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are offset by unearned revenue in the governmental funds.		65,137,183
Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources used to reflect deferred gains and losses on debt refunding bonds are not reported in the governmental funds.		110,796
Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources used to reflect differences between expected and actual earnings on pension plan investments are not reported in the governmental funds. Employer contributions subsequent to measurement date pension \$ 39,224 Difference between expected and acual experience (10,082 Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments 34,012	,620)	63,154,476
Deferred Inflows of Resources used to reflect Property Taxes Levied in current year for subsequent year	:	(7,968,226)
Internal Service Funds are used by management to charge the costs of printing services, risk management, information technology, and city garage to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position. (Exhibit 1)		(14,864,065)
Services provided by the general government to business-type activities are not included in the entity-wide statements. The elimination decreases net position.		88,608
Internal service fund amounts payable to the general government are eliminated from the Statement of Net Position. However, the amount due from business-type activities for the Internal Service Funds loss charge back is included.		(545,188)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Long-term liabilities at year-end consist of:		
General Obligation Bonds \$ (593,771 Net Pension Liability (367,151 State Literary Fund Loans (1,875 Accrued Interest on Bonds Sold (12,720 Agriculture Reserve Strips (46,102 Public Facility Revenue Bonds (261,335 Premium on Bonds Sold (89,330 Compensated Absences (annual and sick leave) (42,646 Landfill Closure and Post-Closure Care (25,874	,678) ,000) ,315) ,662) ,212) ,712) ,158)	(1 440 909 101)
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities (Exhibit 1)	\$	(1,440,808,101) 2,587,584,250
	Ψ	, , , .

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED, HAVE 20, 2017

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

		General	Capital Projects		Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
REVENUES		General	Ca	pitarriojects		runus		runus
General Property Taxes:								
Real Estate property taxes	\$	482,031,789	\$	-	\$	62,270,671	\$	544,302,460
Personal property taxes		100,075,205		-		-		100,075,205
Other Local Taxes		239,546,816		-		58,951,517		298,498,333
Fines and Forfeitures		4,967,458		-		539,857		5,507,315
Permits, Privilege Fees, and Regulatory Licenses		5,250,146		-		-		5,250,146
From Use of Money and Property		7,857,291		197,763		855,269		8,910,323
Charges for Services		53,792,395		-		18,008,491		71,800,886
Miscellaneous		5,474,431		4,062,763		4,185,911		13,723,105
From Commonwealth		157,279,575		24,546,136		22,676,727		204,502,438
From Federal Government		22,105,929		1,798,361		32,214,883		56,119,173
Total Revenues	\$	1,078,381,035	\$	30,605,023	\$	199,703,326	\$	1,308,689,384
EXPENDITURES								
Current Operating:								
Legislative	\$	1,173,001	\$	_	\$	_	\$	1,173,001
Executive	Ψ	4,093,880	Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	4,093,880
Law		3,969,488		_				3,969,488
Finance		18,207,252		_		_		18,207,252
Human Resources				-		-		
Judicial		11,245,572		-		46 670 069		11,245,572
		14,517,635		-		46,670,068		61,187,703
Health		3,271,550		-		105,211		3,376,761
Police		96,478,965		-		1,071,894		97,550,859
Human Services		107,574,303		-		7,619,554		115,193,857
Public Works		73,223,061		-		145,637		73,368,698
Parks and Recreation		13,940,534		-		29,827,859		43,768,393
Library		17,333,746		-		282,162		17,615,908
Planning		10,993,105		-		-		10,993,105
Agriculture		749,171		-		3,858,479		4,607,650
Economic Development		3,749,275		-		-		3,749,275
Convention and Visitor Development		8,162,856		-		18,887,535		27,050,391
Information Technology		22,132,288		-		-		22,132,288
Emergency Communications and Citizen Services		8,859,237		-		-		8,859,237
Boards and Commissions		32,288,724		-		8,425,956		40,714,680
Fire		52,161,178		-		2,956,110		55,117,288
Management Services		1,409,775		-		-		1,409,775
Development Authority		-		-		55,008.00		55,008
Education		364,265,143		43,283,515		-		407,548,658
Housing and Neighborhood Preservation		1,813,255		-		26,433,271		28,246,526
Museums		10,961,337		-		-		10,961,337
General Government		-		-		22,331,474		22,331,474
Emergency Medical Services		10,991,301		-		414,433		11,405,734
Capital Outlay		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		75,596,098		· -		75,596,098
Debt Service:				,,				,,
Principal Retirement		31,752,735		_		56,857,125		88,609,860
Interest and Fiscal Charges		17,952,699		_		28,545,579		46,498,278
Total Expenditures	\$	943,271,066	\$	118,879,613	\$	254,487,355	\$	1,316,638,034
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures	\$	135,109,969	\$	(88,274,590)	\$	(54,784,029)	\$	(7,948,650)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers In	\$	20,160,315	\$	48,203,464	\$	85,442,215	\$	153,805,994
Transfers Out	Ψ	(122,709,725)	Ψ	10,203,707	Ψ	(43,385,629)	Ψ	(166,095,354)
Issuance of Debt		(122,107,123)		21,225,000		(13,303,027)		21,225,000
Premium on Bonds Sold		106,224		2,815,863		-		2,922,087
		100,224		2,013,003		2 720 464		
Agriculture Reserve Agreement	ф	(102 442 196)	¢	70.044.007	ф	3,728,464	ф	3,728,464
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	(102,443,186)	\$	72,244,327	\$	45,785,050	\$	15,586,191
Net Change in Fund Balance		32,666,783		(16,030,263)		(8,998,979)		7,637,541
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	d	185,517,442	d	301,149,808	ф	112,593,558	ф	599,260,808
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	218,184,225	\$	285,119,545	\$	103,594,579	\$	606,898,349

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Net Change in fund balance - total governmental funds (Exhibit 4)		\$ 7,637,541
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities (Exhibit 2) are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This and the net effect of various other transactions involving capital assets increased net position.		
General Government Capital Outlay Expenditures General Government Expenditures Non-Capitalizable Capital Outlay Expenditures Depreciation on General Government Assets Contribution of Assets to General Government Loss on Disposition of Assets	75,596,098 17,776,482 (7,129,802) (106,554,811) 3,013,511 (5,298,191)	(22,596,713)
Revenues in the fund statements which were subject to accrual in the prior year are additions to beginning net position and, therefore, are not reported as revenues in the Statement of Activities.		15,615,043
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.		60,687,062
Certain net expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Compensated Absences Pension Expense		(96,660) (2,712,097)
Internal Service Funds are used by management to charge the costs of fleet management and management systems to individual funds and customers. Losses arising from the internal customers are added as expenditures on the Statement of Activities as charge backs. Revenues and expenditures with outside customers are included also, as are non-operating revenues and expenses. This amount is the effect of reporting internal service funds with governmental activities.		2,754,115
Change in net position of governmental activities (Exhibit 2)		\$ 61,288,291

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

		Budg	et Amou	nts			F	Variance inal Budget Positive
		Original		Final	A	ctual Amounts		(Negative)
REVENUES								
General Property Taxes:								
Real Estate property taxes	\$	479,990,793	\$	479,990,793	\$	482,031,789	\$	2,040,996
Personal property taxes		93,566,788		93,566,788		100,075,205		6,508,417
Other Local Taxes		238,681,575		238,681,575		239,546,816		865,241
Permits, Privilege Fees, and Regulatory Licenses		5,377,037		5,377,037		5,250,146		(126,891)
Fines and Forfeitures		6,538,394		6,538,394		4,967,458		(1,570,936)
From Use of Money and Property		5,447,985		5,447,985		7,857,291		2,409,306
Charges for Services		54,314,414		54,757,304		53,792,395		(964,909)
Miscellaneous		5,079,758		5,345,511		5,474,431		128,920
From Commonwealth		152,873,407		157,069,108		157,279,575		210,467
From Federal Government		19,739,278		19,776,298		22,105,929		2,329,631
Total Revenues	\$	1,061,609,429	\$	1,066,550,793	\$	1,078,381,035	\$	11,830,242
EXPENDITURES				_		_		
Legislative	\$	1,145,535	\$	1,224,978	\$	1,173,001	\$	51,977
Executive	φ	4,157,600	Ψ	4,382,782	Ψ	4,093,880	φ	288,902
Law		4,067,393		4,205,905		3,969,488		236,417
Finance		18,416,279		18,872,407		18,207,252		665,155
Human Resources				13,111,525		11,245,572		1,865,953
Judicial		12,942,561 14,742,412		15,573,766				
Health		3,191,017		3,309,162		14,517,635 3,271,550		1,056,131 37,612
Police								
		98,800,096		99,532,131 113,972,326		96,478,965		3,053,166
Human Services		110,868,695				107,574,303		6,398,023
Public Works		65,118,700		79,085,937		73,223,061		5,862,876
Parks and Recreation		14,108,883		14,814,734		13,940,534		874,200
Library		17,526,401		18,398,467		17,333,746		1,064,721
Planning		12,053,064		12,672,583		10,993,105		1,679,478
Agriculture		835,667		850,255		749,171		101,084
Economic Development		3,929,051		4,002,637		3,749,275		253,362
Convention and Visitor Development		9,010,480		9,187,002		8,162,856		1,024,146
Information Technology		23,724,536		25,203,207		22,132,288		3,070,919
Emergency Communications and Citizen Services		10,503,102		10,640,545		8,859,237		1,781,308
Boards and Commissions		30,342,363		36,548,417		32,288,724		4,259,693
Fire		50,828,272		52,628,261		52,161,178		467,083
Management Services		1,600,325		1,521,095		1,409,775		111,320
Education		374,574,390		381,329,033		364,265,143		17,063,890
Housing and Neighborhood Preservation		1,814,986		1,909,240		1,813,255		95,985
Museums		11,558,683		12,189,767		10,961,337		1,228,430
Emergency Medical Services		10,727,408		11,311,079		10,991,301		319,778
Debt Service:								
Principal Retirement		32,407,735		32,407,735		31,752,735		655,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges		18,078,436		18,078,436		17,952,699		125,737
Total Expenditures	\$	957,074,070	\$	996,963,412	\$	943,271,066	\$	53,692,346
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures	\$	104,535,359	\$	69,587,381	\$	135,109,969	\$	65,522,588
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers In	\$	2,187,308	\$	20,117,572	\$	20,160,315	\$	42,743
Transfers Out		(118,678,258)		(122,723,265)		(122,709,725)		13,540
Premium on Refunding Bonds Sold		· · · · ·		· · · · · · · · · · · ·		106,224		106,224
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	(116,490,950)	\$	(102,605,693)	\$	(102,443,186)	\$	162,507
Net Change in Fund Balance		(11,955,591)		(33,018,312)		32,666,783		65,685,095
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		143,357,456		143,357,456		185,517,442		42,159,986
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	131,401,865	\$	110,339,144	\$	218,184,225	\$	107,845,081
Dumies at Dia of You	Ψ	151, 101,005	<u> </u>	110,007,111	<u> </u>	210,101,223	Ÿ	107,010,001



This Page Intentionally Left Blank

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2017

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds					
	Water and Sewer			Storm Water		
ASSETS						
Current Assets:						
Cash and Investments	\$	123,372,664	\$	31,771,846		
Accounts Receivable - Net		21,761,379		7,387,972		
Intergovernmental Receivables		87,598		-		
Inventory		2,522,528		_		
Total Current Assets	\$	147,744,169	\$	39,159,818		
Noncurrent Assets:						
Cash and Investments - Restricted		81,090,435		19,626,498		
Due From Other Funds		· · · · ·		· · · · · -		
Land Held for Resale		_		_		
Capital Assets:						
Land		12,981,079		131,665,778		
Site Improvements		-		-		
Buildings		18,940,552				
Utility System		1,092,790,301		233,272,190		
Construction in Progress		31,278,461		36,446,557		
Machinery and Equipment		29,351,238		15,300,317		
Less: Accumulated Depreciation						
•	Φ.	(488,514,676)	Φ.	(68,395,681)		
Total Capital Assets	\$	696,826,955	\$	348,289,161		
Total Noncurrent Assets	\$	777,917,390	\$	367,915,659		
Total Assets	\$	925,661,559	\$	407,075,477		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			Φ.			
Debt Refundings Resulting in Loss Transactions	\$		\$	-		
Difference between Expected and Actual Experience		141,570		62,798		
Net Difference between Projected and Actual Earnings on Plan Investments		1,957,510		868,312		
Employer Contributions Subsequent to Measurement Date		2,257,456		1,001,362		
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	4,356,536	\$	1,932,472		
<u>LIABILITIES</u>						
Current Liabilities:						
Vouchers and Accounts Payable	\$	3,783,226	\$	1,087,827		
Deposits Payable		147,557		-		
Accrued Interest Payable		2,308,423		208,853		
Construction Contracts Payable		5,578,499		3,628,312		
Due to Other Funds		-		-		
Advances from General Fund		-		-		
Unearned Revenue		656,304		-		
Current Portion of Long-term Liabilities		11,863,504		2,511,402		
Total Current Liabilities	\$	24,337,513	\$	7,436,394		
Long-term Liabilities (less current portion)		240,196,433		52,688,291		
Total Liabilities	\$	264,533,946	\$	60,124,685		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Debt Refundings Resulting in Gain Transactions	\$	_	\$	_		
Difference between Expected and Actual Experience		721,849		320,197		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	721,849	\$	320,197		
NET POSITION						
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	468,652,175	\$	303,704,740		
Restricted for:	Ŧ	,,		, ,		
Capital Projects		48,851,129		12,621,810		
Future Debt Service		17,979,295		3,388,443		
Operations		129,279,701		28,848,074		
Unrestricted (Deficit)		127,217,101		20,040,074		
	Φ.	-	Φ.	249.562.065		
Total Net Position	\$	664,762,300	\$	348,563,067		

Reconciling Items:

Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service fund activities related to enterprise funds Total Net Position of Business-type activities (Exhibit 1)

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2017

]	Business-Type Activit	ties - Ente	erprise Funds			G	overnmental Activities
Wast	e Management	Develo	opment Authority	No	onmajor Parking		Totals	Interi	nal Service Funds
\$	3,073,237	\$	9,302,712	\$	4,334,382	\$	171,854,841	\$	29,396,130
	6,886,010		2,909,506		-		38,944,867		-
	-		-		-		87,598		105
\$	9,959,247	\$	12,212,218	\$	4,334,382	\$	2,522,528 213,409,834	\$	776,142 30,172,377
Ψ	7,737,217	Ψ	12,212,210	Ψ	1,551,562	Ψ	213,102,031	Ψ	30,172,377
	-		2,028,495		-		102,745,428		-
	-		7,515,732		-		7,515,732		-
	-		22,362,431		-		22,362,431		-
	-		20,457,260		-		165,104,117		-
	366,891		-		779,517		1,146,408		265,782
	-		119,368,147		-		138,308,699		-
	-		-		-		1,326,062,491		-
	- 10.541.504		-		01.456		67,725,018		- 507.000
	10,541,594		565,065		91,456		55,849,670		6,507,098
\$	(4,566,262) 6,342,223	\$	(33,633,877)	•	(383,795) 487,178	\$	(595,494,291) 1,158,702,112	•	(5,719,765) 1,053,115
\$	6,342,223	\$ \$	138,663,253	\$	487,178	\$	1,291,325,703	\$	1,053,115
\$ \$	16,301,470	\$	150,875,471	\$	4,821,560	\$ \$ \$	1,504,735,537	\$	31,225,492
Ψ	10,501,	<u> </u>	150,075,171	Ψ	1,021,000	Ψ	1,001,700,007	Ψ	31,220,172
\$	-	\$	862,121	\$	-	\$	862,121	\$	-
	36,357		-		2,203		242,928		51,505
	502,707		-		30,467		3,358,996		712,168
	579,736		-		35,136		3,873,690		821,292
\$	1,118,800	\$	862,121	\$	67,806	\$	8,337,735	\$	1,584,965
\$	1.052.074	¢.	0.705.422	¢	449.462	¢.	16,007,022	¢	1 210 202
Ф	1,952,074	\$	9,725,432	\$	448,463	\$	16,997,022 147,557	\$	1,219,392
	_		1,024,449		_		3,541,725		_
	_				_		9,206,811		_
	-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		656,304		-
	626,444	-	7,413,840		22,502		22,437,692		7,459,046
\$	2,578,518	\$	18,163,721	\$	470,965	\$	52,987,111	\$	8,678,438
¢	5,773,536	Φ.	64,484,426	•	336,282	Φ.	363,478,968	¢	38,733,466
\$	8,352,054	\$	82,648,147	\$	807,247	\$	416,466,079	\$	47,411,904
\$	-	\$	1,203,216	\$	-	\$	1,203,216	\$	-
	185,377		-		11,235		1,238,658		262,618
\$	185,377	\$	1,203,216	\$	11,235	\$	2,441,874	\$	262,618
\$	6,342,223	\$	34,517,234	\$	487,178	\$	813,703,550	\$	1,053,115
	-		7 055 570		-		61,472,939		-
	2,540,616		2,855,578		-		24,223,316 160,668,391		-
	2,340,010		30,513,417		3,583,706		34,097,123		(15,917,180)
\$	8,882,839	\$		\$	4,070,884	\$	1,094,165,319	\$	(14,864,065)
φ	0,004,039	ф	67,886,229	Ф	4,070,004	Ф	1,094,103,319	Ф	(14,804,005)

\$ 1,093,620,131

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds					
	Wa	Storm Water				
OPERATING REVENUES						
Charges for Services	\$	123,815,095	\$	40,039,411		
Insurance Recovery		-		-		
Miscellaneous		663,485		_		
Total Operating Revenues	\$	124,478,580	\$	40,039,411		
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Cost of Goods Sold	\$	24,721,565	\$	-		
Personal Services		25,570,731		13,963,910		
Contractual Services		6,025,659		7,024,212		
Internal Services		2,936,453		1,501,771		
Other Charges		17,559,808		5,143,505		
Leases and Rentals		-		-		
Land Structure Maintenance		-		23,191		
Depreciation		27,552,400		5,466,520		
Total Operating Expenses	\$	104,366,616	\$	33,123,109		
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	\$	20,111,964	\$	6,916,302		
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)						
From Commonwealth	\$	-	\$	275,938		
Interest Income		2,081,618		431,694		
Gain (Loss) From Sale of Assets		62,048		117,479		
Payment Under Support Agreement		-		-		
Interest and Fiscal Agent Fees		(2,824,808)		(1,460,580)		
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	\$	(681,142)	\$	(635,469)		
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CONTRIBUTIONS						
AND TRANSFERS	\$	19,430,822	\$	6,280,833		
Capital Contributions		6,248,128		363,254		
Transfers In		-		1,339,873		
Transfers Out		<u>-</u>				
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$	25,678,950	\$	7,983,960		
Total Net Position at Beginning of Year		639,083,350		340,579,107		
Total Net Position at End of Year	\$	664,762,300	\$	348,563,067		

Reconciling Items:

Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service fund activities related to enterprise funds. Change in Net Position of Business-type activities (Exhibit 2)

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

5,222,681 \$ 206,885,761 \$ 45,315,404		Names in Danking		Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds							
		Nonmajor Parking		Development Authority	Waste Management						
1.000.510	\$	\$ 5,222,681	\$	3,500,031	34,308,543	\$					
1,375 1,375 1,600,548		1,375		-	-						
11,751 1,902,125 100		11,751		149,976	1,076,913						
5,235,807 \$ 208,789,261 \$ 46,916,052	\$	\$ 5,235,807	\$	3,650,007	35,385,456	\$					
© 24.721.575 © 0.207.977	¢	¢.	ď			¢					
- \$ 24,721,565 \$ 9,397,867	\$	\$ -	3	-	- 000 721	\$					
354,316 46,698,678 9,120,652				2.015.014	6,809,721						
2,397,658 41,096,800 2,946,424				2,015,014	23,634,257						
43,967 9,150,908 943,258				4.500.002	4,668,717						
379,469 31,082,142 23,906,631				4,509,093	3,490,267						
184,363 - 23,101		184,303		-	-						
- 23,191 - 21,651 37,068,500 397,307		21.651		3,129,219	898,710						
21,651 37,068,500 397,307 3,381,424 \$ 190,026,147 \$ 46,712,139	\$		•	9,653,326	39,501,672	\$					
3,501, 72.7 ψ 170,020,1 7 1 ψ 1 0,712,137	Ψ	φ 5,301,424	4	7,033,320	37,301,072	Ψ					
1,854,383	\$	\$ 1,854,383	\$	(6,003,319)	(4,116,216)	\$					
- \$ 319,888 \$ -	\$	\$ -	\$	·	43,950	\$					
23,664 2,573,657 211,600	Ψ		4	33,711	2,970	Ψ					
- 195,271 82,022				-	15,744						
(385,000) 11,526,816 -		(385.000)		11,911,816	-						
(197,554) (7,412,519)				(2,929,577)	_						
(558,890) \$ 7,203,113 \$ 293,622	\$		\$	9,015,950	62,664	\$					
1,295,493 \$ 25,966,227 \$ 497,535	\$	\$ 1,295,493	\$	3,012,631	(4,053,552)	\$					
- 6,611,382 -		-		-	-						
41,679 11,444,057 1,800,000		41,679		-	10,062,505						
(954,697) (954,697) -					-						
382,475 \$ 43,066,969 \$ 2,297,535	\$	\$ 382,475	\$	3,012,631	6,008,953	\$					
3,688,409 (17,161,600)		3,688,409	_	64,873,598	2,873,886						
4,070,884 \$ (14,864,065)		\$ 4,070,884	\$	67,886,229	8,882,839	\$					

 (456,580)
\$ 42,610,389

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds					
	W	ater and Sewer		Storm Water		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:						
Receipts from Customers and Users	\$	119,233,482	\$	39,084,094		
Receipts from (Payments for) Interfund Services Provided		2,345,235		-		
Other Operating Cash Receipts		632,286		-		
Cash Payments to Suppliers of Goods and Services		(51,478,107)		(13,290,275)		
Cash Payments to Employees for Services		(29,771,738)		(13,359,869)		
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Operating Activities	\$	40,961,158	\$	12,433,950		
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:						
Intergovernmental Receipts	\$	-	\$	275,938		
Receipts from Other Funds		-		1,339,873		
Payments Under Support Agreement		-		-		
Payments to Other Funds		-		-		
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Noncapital Financing Activities	\$		\$	1,615,811		
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:						
Capital Contributions	\$	4,791,322	\$	363,254		
Net Interest on Long-term Debt		(9,453,017)		(1,708,803)		
Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets		(34,889,811)		(27,159,580)		
Proceeds from Sale of Salvage		62,048		117,479		
Principal Paid on Capital Debt	_	(7,812,707)	_	(1,700,000)		
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Capital and Related Financing Activities	\$	(47,302,165)	\$	(30,087,650)		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:						
Interest and Dividends Received	\$	2,081,618	\$	431,694		
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Investments		(4,259,389)		(15,606,195)		
Cash and Investments, July 1		208,722,488		67,004,539		
Cash and Investments, June 30	\$	204,463,099	\$	51,398,344		
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO						
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:						
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	20,111,964	\$	6,916,302		
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities:						
Depreciation and Amortization Expense		27,552,400		5,466,520		
Changes in assets and liabilities:		.,,		-,,-		
Accounts Receivable		(3,115,717)		(955,317)		
Intergovernmental Receivables		848,140		•		
Inventory		(46,926)		-		
Deferred Outflow of Resources		473,733		(308,110)		
Vouchers and Accounts Payable		(226,813)		402,404		
Deposits Payable		(1,187)		-		
Unearned Revenue		40,304		-		
Deferred Inflow of Resources		(4,570,152)		(1,459,440)		
Estimated Claims and Judgments		-		=		
Accrued Compensated Leave		(76,388)		113,954		
Net Pension Liability		(28,200)		2,257,637		
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Operating Activities	\$	40,961,158	\$	12,433,950		
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL, AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES:						
Capital Contributions of Capital Assets	\$	1,456,806	\$			

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Governmental Activities	(Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds						
ernal Service Funds	Inter	Totals		Nonmajor Parking		evelopment Authority	Devel	Waste Management	
46,954,180	\$	200,443,950	\$	5,494,636	\$	3,628,535	\$	\$ 33,003,203	\$
44,019		2,155,912 1,740,426		13,126		(189,323) 18,101		1,076,913	
(31,057,146)		(105,881,561)		(3,206,519)		(6,067,352)		(31,839,308)	
(10,177,902)		(52,669,344)		(433,084)		(0,007,332)		(9,104,653)	
5,763,151	\$	45,789,383	\$	1,868,159	\$	(2,610,039)	\$		\$
		_	•	_		_		_	
_	\$	319,888	\$	_	\$	_	\$	\$ 43,950	\$
1,800,000	-	11,444,057	T	41,679	-	-	T	10,062,505	-
-		(954,697)		(954,697)		-		· -	
-		(582,554)		(582,554)				<u>-</u> _	
1,800,000	\$	10,226,694	\$	(1,495,572)	\$		\$	\$ 10,106,455	\$
	\$	17,816,393	\$	_	\$	12,661,817	\$		\$
	Ψ	(14,582,275)	Ψ		Ψ	(3,420,455)	Ψ	ψ -	Ψ
(264,388)		(64,293,923)		(21,632)		(3,420,433)		(2,222,900)	
82,022		179,527		(21,082)		-		(=,===,>==)	
-		(16,463,987)		=		(6,951,280)		-	
(182,366)	\$	(77,344,265)	\$	(21,632)	\$	2,290,082	\$	\$ (2,222,900)	\$
211,600	\$	2,573,657	\$	23,664	\$	33,711	\$	\$ 2,970	¢
211,000	Ψ	2,373,037	Ψ	23,004	Ψ	33,711	Ψ	φ 2,770	Ψ
7,592,385		(18,754,531)		374,619		(286,246)		1,022,680	
21,803,745		293,354,800		3,959,763		11,617,453		2,050,557	
29,396,130	\$	274,600,269	\$	4,334,382	\$	11,331,207	\$	\$ 3,073,237	\$
220,862	\$	18,727,978	\$	1,819,247	\$	(6,003,319)	\$	\$ (4,116,216)	\$
397,307		37,164,352		21,651		3,225,071		898,710	
(83)		(5,104,419)		271,955		-		(1,305,340)	
-		1,844,769		-		996,629		-	
(110,068)		(214,667)		-		(167,741)		-	
285,691		607,904		47,760		-		394,521	
(574,817)		(732,010)		(200,855)		(660,679)		(46,067)	
-		(1,187)		-		-		-	
- (1.554.546)		40,304		(7.6.000)		-		(1.472.604)	
(1,554,746)		(7,579,079)		(76,883)		-		(1,472,604)	
6,632,290		24,531		1,317		=		(14,352)	
45,420 421,295		1,010,907		(16,033)		- -		(1,202,497)	
5,763,151	\$	45,789,383	\$	1,868,159	\$	(2,610,039)	\$	\$ (6,863,845)	\$
	\$	1,456,806	\$	<u>-</u>	\$		\$	\$ -	\$

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2017

	 Trust Funds	Agency Funds
ASSETS Cash and Investments	\$ 41,986,015	\$ 359,776
<u>LIABILITIES</u> Vouchers and Accounts Payable	\$ 	\$ 359,776
NET POSITION Restricted	\$ 41,986,015	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	 Trust Funds
ADDITIONS	
Contributions From Primary Government	\$ 6,079,679
Investment Income (Loss):	
Increase (Decrease) in the Fair Value of Investments	4,346,131
Interest and Dividends	88,282
Total Investment Income (Loss)	\$ 4,434,413
Total Additions	\$ 10,514,092
DEDUCTIONS	
Benefits	\$ 6,395,374
Administrative Expenses	38,674
Total Deductions	\$ 6,434,048
Net Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	4,080,044
RESTRICTED NET POSITION:	
Beginning of Year - Restated	 37,905,971
End of Year	\$ 41,986,015

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The present City of Virginia Beach, Virginia (the City), was formed on January 1, 1963, by the merger of Princess Anne County and the former smaller City of Virginia Beach. This merger created one of the largest cities in the Commonwealth of Virginia with an area of 310 square miles and an estimated population of 455,856.

The City operates under the Council-Manager form of government. The elected eleven-member City Council, vested with the legislative powers, appoints the City Manager who is the executive and administrative head of the City government.

The City provides a full range of services for its citizens. These services include police and fire protection, collection and disposal of refuse, water and sewer services, storm water management, parks and recreation facilities, museums, libraries, and maintenance of streets and highways. Other services provided include public education in grades kindergarten through twelfth, public health and social services, certain technical and special education services, mental health assistance, agriculture services, housing services, and judicial activities.

The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies of the City of Virginia Beach:

A. The Financial Reporting Entity

1. Component Units

As defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial reporting entity consists of the primary government (City of Virginia Beach), as well as its component units that are legally separate organizations for which the City Council is financially accountable.

The accompanying financial statements present the City of Virginia Beach and its component units. The financial data of the component units are included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationship with the City of Virginia Beach.

The Virginia Beach Development Authority (Authority), although legally separate, in substance, is presented as a blended component unit and part of the City's reporting entity. The City has responsibility through support agreements for debt payments on outstanding Public Facility Revenue Bonds which are recorded on the Authority's financial records. Therefore, the Authority's outstanding bonds are expected to be repaid entirely from resources (support agreements) from the City. The support agreements are for a majority of the outstanding debt of the Authority which necessitates this treatment as a blended component unit.

The Development Authority was established for the specific purpose of attracting new industries and the expansion of existing industries. The Authority's Commissioners are appointed by the City Council. The Authority is authorized to issue industrial development bonds after approval by the City Council and to purchase land to improve and sell for development. In addition, the Authority facilitates economic development projects as needed by City Council. Complete financial statements of the Authority may be obtained by writing to the Virginia Beach Development Authority, 4525 Main Street, Suite 700, Virginia Beach, VA 23462.

Discretely presented component units are entities that are legally separate from the City, but for which the City is financially accountable, or whose relationship with the City is such that exclusion would cause the City's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. These component units are reported in separate columns to emphasize that they are legally separate from the City. All component units have a June 30, 2017 year-end.

a. School Board - The School Board is a legally separate entity that is responsible for elementary and secondary education within the City. The members of the School Board are elected by the voters; however, the School Board is fiscally dependent upon the City because the City Council annually approves its budget, levies the necessary taxes to finance operations and approves the borrowing of money and issuance of bonds. Separate financial statements including statistical information of the School Board may be obtained by writing to the Virginia Beach School Board, 2512 George Mason Drive, Virginia Beach, Virginia 23456.

1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (continued)

A. The Financial Reporting Entity (continued)

1. <u>Component Units</u> (continued)

b. Virginia Beach Community Development Corporation - The Community Development Corporation was organized in September 1985 for the purpose of expanding and improving opportunities for low and moderate income households in Virginia Beach, Virginia. The Board of Directors for the Community Development Corporation is appointed by City Council. Funding received by the Community Development Corporation from the City is in the form of grants. Complete financial statements of the Virginia Beach Community Development Corporation may be obtained by writing to Virginia Beach Community Development Corporation, 2700 International Parkway, Suite 300, Virginia Beach, VA 23452.

2. Contributions to Certain Other Entities

Annually, the City contributes to various organizations on behalf of the citizens of Virginia Beach. These organizations are not considered entities qualifying for inclusion in this report. The reasons for not including the subject organizations in this report are due to the level of control the City exercises over these entities and the lack of a financial benefit or burden relationship. Contributions during the year-ended June 30, 2017 were as follows:

American Water Works Association Research	\$ 28,243
Arts and Humities Commission	528,314
Atlantic Wildfowl Museum	52,131
Boardwalk Arts Festival	50,500
Contemporary Art Center	275,000
Eastern Virginia Medical School	441,694
Hampton Roads Economic Development Alliance	400,000
Hampton Roads Planning District Commission	478,485
Safe Drinking Water Act	160,000
Southeastern Tidewater Regional Participation	27,603
Tidewater Community College	5,100
Transportation District of Hampton Roads	8,425,956
Virginia Aquarium and Marine Science Center Foundation	55,995
Virginia Beach Maritime Historical Museum	59,630
Virginia Beach SPCA	30,000
Hampton Roads Innovation Collaborative	50,000
Virginia Dare Soil and Water Conservation District	8,000
USO Wounded Warrior Week	20,000
African American Cultural Center	75,000
Volunteer Fire Squads	13,480
Volunteer Rescue Squads	359,222
WHRO TV	135,780
Total	\$ 11,680,133

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The basic financial statements include both government-wide (based upon the City as a whole) and fund financial statements. While the previous model emphasized fund types (the total of all funds on a particular type), in the new reporting model the focus is on either the City as a whole or major individual funds (within the fund financial statements).

1. **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (continued)

Both the government-wide and fund financial statements (within the basic financial statements) categorize primary activities as either Governmental or Business-Type. In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, both the Governmental and Business-Type Activities columns are presented on a consolidated basis by column and are reflected on a full accrual, and economic resources basis, which incorporates long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The City generally first uses restricted assets for expenses incurred for which both restricted and unrestricted assets are available. The City may defer the use of restricted assets based on a review of the specific transaction.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segments are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment.

The program revenues must be directly associated with the function (public safety, public works, etc.) or a Business-Type activity. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues. The City does not allocate indirect expenses. The operating grants include operating-specific and discretional (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants.

Fund financial statements are provided for Governmental Funds, Proprietary Funds, and Fiduciary Funds. By definition, the assets of the Fiduciary Funds are being held for the benefit of a third-party and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the government; therefore, these funds are excluded from the government-wide statements. Major individual Governmental Funds and major Enterprise Funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The City reports the following major Governmental Funds:

The **General Fund** is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the City, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Revenues are derived primarily from property and other local taxes, state and federal distributions, licenses, permits, charges for service, and interest income. A significant part of the General Fund's revenues is used principally to finance the operations of the City of Virginia Beach School Board.

The **Capital Projects Fund** is used to account for the financial resources for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities within the City.

The City reports the following major Proprietary Funds:

The **Water and Sewer Fund** provides water service and sanitary sewer waste collection and transmission services to Virginia Beach citizens and accounts for operations that are financed in a manner similar to private business enterprises.

The **Storm Water Fund** accounts for the activities of the Storm Water Utility which charges a fee for operational and capital needs for Storm Water management in the City.

The **Waste Management Fund** provides service to our residents for collection, management and disposal of solid waste, recyclable materials and other refuse. In addition, the fund is responsible for the operation of the City's landfill.

The **Development Authority Fund** was established for the purpose of attracting new industries and the expansion of existing industries. These services are financed through fees for Industrial Revenue Bonds and other sources.

1. **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (continued)

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

Internal Service Funds account for the financing of goods and services provided to other departments and agencies of the City or to other governmental units on a cost reimbursement basis. The City utilizes Internal Service Funds for its City Garage, Risk Management, School Site Landscaping, Telecommunications, and Subscriptions.

Special Revenue Funds account for revenue derived from specific sources that are restricted by legal and regulatory provisions to finance specific activities.

Law Library - accounts for the revenues and expenditures of providing legal information and research. Revenues are raised through a set charge per civil court case and donations, which are used for library operations.

Sandbridge Tax Increment Financing - accounts for the incremental growth in real estate tax revenues within the district. These incremental revenues are generated by assessment growth beyond the base year, and are used to support beach and shoreline restoration in the Sandbridge district as established by City Council.

Housing and Neighborhood Preservation - accounts for the combined activities of the Federal Community Development Block Grant (CDBG), Federal Housing Assistance Grant, Workforce Housing Revolving and Community Development Loan and programs. This fund supports the administration of both capital improvement projects in target neighborhoods and various other housing programs. The uses of fund balance are restricted to the federal and state programs that generated the funds.

Development Authority - accounts for financial resources dedicated to the economic development of the City.

Town Center Special Service District - established to provide for the maintenance of public parking facilities and other infrastructure in conjunction with realizing a long-term City Council goal of developing a town center which is supported by revenues from an additional real estate tax rate applied to each property owner in the Central Business District (CBD) within the Pembroke area of the City.

Forfeited Assets - accounts for the City's share of Federal revenues derived from any Federal agency where money or assets are seized. If the Commonwealth's Attorney is involved in the case, the department too gets a portion of the funds. All State seizures are divided with the Commonwealth's Attorney receiving 25% and the Police Department receiving 75%. All real estate seized is split 50%/50% between the Commonwealth's Attorney and the Police Department. Fund balance must be used in compliance with Federal and State regulations to fund Police or Commonwealth's Attorney projects.

Federal Section Eight Program - accounts for funds received from the Federal Department of Housing and Urban Development to provide rental assistance to low and moderate income families. A separate fund is required by the Federal government and fund balance must be used for rental assistance.

Sheriff's Department - accounts for the cost of the care and custody of persons placed in the Virginia Beach Correctional Center by the courts and for the operation of the Sheriff's Department, as established by City Council.

Parks and Recreation - accounts for revenues raised through Parks and Recreation programs. This fund also receives dedicated funding from a portion of the real estate taxes to support and maintain the City's recreation centers.

Tourism Investment Program - accounts for the revenue streams to fund tourism related capital projects and expenditures for oceanfront programs and events, maintenance, operating costs, and debt service of tourism-related projects, as established by City Council. This fund receives dedicated funding from a percentage of the following local taxes: amusement, hotel room, and restaurant meal tax receipts.

Central Business District South Tax Increment Financing - accounts for incremental growth in real estate tax revenues and debt service funding of public parking and other public improvements in this business district. Fund balance is maintained to meet planned construction and debt service costs for improvements in this district as approved by City Council.

Sandbridge Special Service District - accounts for the revenues raised by the additional real estate tax, hotel tax and other Sandbridge related revenue. The Virginia Beach code restricts the uses of fund balance to Capital Improvement Program projects associated with beach and shoreline restoration and maintenance within the Sandbridge District.

1. **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (continued)

Tourism Advertising Program - accounts for revenue and expenses related to tourism advertising. This fund receives dedicated funding from a percentage of the hotel room tax and restaurant meal tax. There is a City Council appointed committee that oversees the use of these funds.

Agriculture Reserve Program - accounts for revenue and expenses to promote and encourage the preservation of farmland in the rural southern portion of the City, in which agricultural uses predominate. This is a voluntary purchase of development rights rather than regulatory, as established by City Council. Fund balance will be used for payments of future interest costs of U.S Treasury Securities and the maturing interest on each agreement.

Emergency FEMA - accounts for receipts from the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA), and for the cost of providing urban search and rescue services in support of disaster declarations as well as reimbursements to the City for the cost of local disasters. The level of fund balance is subject to final audit by the Inspector General.

Open Space - accounts for the acquisition and preservation of land in the City of Virginia Beach. This fund receives dedicated revenues from a percentage of the restaurant meal tax.

Combined Area Dredging Projects - established to provide for neighborhood channel dredging of creeks and rivers. Support for the dredging operations is provided by additional real estate taxes assessed on residents of this special service district.

Wetlands Board Mitigation - accounts for the fines assessed for the destruction of wetlands and are to be used for the purchase of land and re-creation of wetlands.

Multimodal Transportation - collects and remits revenue dedications from local funding sources to support transportation initiatives across the City. This fund also receives dedicated funding from a portion of the real estate taxes and other sources to support and maintain the City's transportation system.

Grants Consolidated - accounts for certain Commonwealth of Virginia and Federal Grants (with matching local funds, if required).

Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations and other governmental units. The Fiduciary Funds are Agency Funds (Special Welfare, Escheat Property Agency Funds), the Pension Trust Fund and the Other Postemployment Trust Fund. The Agency Funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The Other Postemployment Benefit and Pension Trust Funds account for the assets in essentially the same manner as a Proprietary Fund using the economic resources measurement focus.

C. Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the Proprietary Fund and Fiduciary Fund financial statements with the exception of Agency Funds which have no measurement focus. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by provider have been met.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All Governmental Funds are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become both measurable and available). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The term available is limited to collection within forty-five days of the fiscal year end. Levies made prior to the fiscal year end but which are not available are recorded as unearned. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable (except for unmatured interest on general long-term debt which is recognized when due and paid). Interest on general long-term debt is recognized as expenditures to the extent they

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

C. Basis of Accounting (continued)

have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in Governmental Funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The following is a list of the major revenue sources that meet the "susceptible to accrual" criteria:

General Property Taxes Interest on Deposits

General Sales Taxes Revenue from Commonwealth
Utility Taxes Revenue from Federal Government

Hotel Taxes Amusement Taxes

Restaurant Taxes

Other Post Employment Benefits Plan financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. City and School Board retiree's contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions to each plan are recognized when due and both the City and School Board have made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of each plan.

Unearned revenues also arise when resources are received by the government before it has a legal claim to them. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the government has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

Unbilled Water and Sewer and Storm Water Enterprise Funds accounts receivable for services provided through June 30 are included in the financial statements.

As a general rule the effects of interfund activity have been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments in lieu of taxes and other charges between the City's Water and Sewer Function and Storm Water Function and various other functions of the City. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions. Proprietary Funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a Proprietary Fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Enterprise Funds and the City's Internal Service Funds are charges to customers for sales and service. Operating expenses for Enterprise Funds and Internal Service Funds include the cost of sales and services, personnel, contractual services, land structures and improvements, other charges, internal service charges and depreciation. All other revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

D. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, bridges, curbs and gutters, sidewalks, drainage systems) are reported in the applicable Governmental or Business-Type Activities columns in the government-wide financial statements.

The City defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and are recorded as expenditures in the Governmental Funds and as assets in the government-wide financial statements. Depreciation is recorded on capital assets on a government-wide basis using the straight-line method and the following estimated useful lives:

Building and Improvements	40	years
Site Improvements	40	years
Equipment	5-10	years
Roadway Network	40	years
Bridge Network	50	years
Hurricane Protection Network	50	vears

Landfill Network Percentage of Completion

1. **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

D. Capital Assets (continued)

Depreciation of exhaustible capital assets used by City Proprietary Funds and the blended Development Authority are recorded as an expense against their operations and accumulated depreciation is reported on the Proprietary Funds' balance sheets. Depreciation has been provided over the estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation.

The utility system in the Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund has been recorded at cost since July 1, 1976 and contributed capital asset additions have been recorded at their estimated fair market value in the year contributed as determined by the City's utility engineers. Prior to that date, the utility system was recorded at "estimated historical cost depreciated" as determined by independent professional engineers.

Depreciation on the utility system, based on costs described above, and other capital assets of the City Proprietary Funds have been charged to operations and was computed as follows:

Utility System Water (exclusive of machinery and equipment)		
Less: estimated salvage value of 20% of costs	20-100	years
Utility System Storm Water	5-50	years
Buildings and Improvements	40	years
Site Improvements	40	years
Machinery and Equipment	5-10	years

Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of Business-Type Activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

All capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost, if actual cost was not available. The value of historical buildings is included in assets. Donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar items, and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement are reported at acquisition value.

E. Operating Budget Process

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. The City Manager is required by the City Charter to present a proposed operating budget at least 90 days before the beginning of each fiscal year which begins July 1. The proposed operating budget must be balanced with projected expenditures equal to estimated revenues and/or the required financing from the proper undesignated fund balances. The necessary budget ordinances are also submitted at this time.
- 2. The City Council is required by the City Charter to hold a public hearing on the budget at which time all interested persons are given an opportunity to comment. The notice of the time and place must be published at least seven days prior to the hearing. In addition, City Council holds budget workshops with the City Manager that are open to the media and public.
- 3. If the proposed operating budget is not legally adopted by the City Council upon one reading of the budget ordinances by June 1, the operating budget is automatically adopted as proposed.
- 4. The City Manager or the Director of Management Services is hereby authorized to approve transfers of appropriations in an amount up to \$100,000 between any Appropriation Units included in this ordinance. The City Manager shall make a monthly report to the City Council of all transfers between \$25,000 and \$100,000. In addition, the City Manager may transfer, in amounts necessary, appropriations from all Reserves for Contingencies except Reserve for Contingencies Regular, within the intent of the Reserve as approved by City Council. Additional appropriations require one reading of the ordinance for approval and must be offset by additional estimated revenues and/or a transfer from the proper undesignated fund balances. Additional appropriations that exceed 1% of the total estimated revenues shown in the adopted budget require one reading by City Council for approval after a public hearing.

1. **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

E. Operating Budget Process (continued)

- 5. Annual budgets are adopted for the General Fund, the Debt Service Fund, Enterprise Funds and all Special Revenue Funds except for Wetlands Board Mitigation, Development Authority and the Grants Consolidated Fund. The Grants Consolidated Fund's budget is adopted on a project-length basis along with the City Capital Projects Fund. The budget for these funds is adopted on a basis consistent with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP).
- 6. The accounting system is employed as a budgetary management control device to monitor the individual departments or bureaus/divisions within departments. The legal level of budgetary control is at the organizational unit level as noted in the separately issued budget report. Additional controls are exercised administratively on some budget units, personnel positions and capital outlay items and the appropriations related thereto. A budget unit is an activity (e.g. Waste Collection) of an organizational unit (e.g. Public Works Department). Department Directors are authorized to make spending adjustments within non-controlled accounts (operating support accounts including contractual services, internal service charges, other charges and supplies) that do not exceed the scope or intent of the department's approved budget. The non-controlled accounts for the appropriation unit must balance in total, but do not have to balance individually. The City Manager or the Director of Budget and Management Services is authorized to transfer appropriations up to a maximum of \$100,000 through the accrual period. See Note 1E4 above.
- 7. The City Manager or the Director of Budget and Management Services is authorized to change the Estimated Revenues included in the annual Budget Ordinance to reflect expected collections. If the Estimated Revenue in support of an Operating Appropriation Unit declines, the City Manager or the Director of Budget and Management Services is authorized to reduce, subject to any other provision of law, those appropriations to equal the decline in Estimated Revenue. The City Manager shall give prior notice to the City Council of any reduction to total appropriations exceeding \$100,000. The notice to City Council shall identify the basis and amount of the appropriation reduction and the Appropriation Units affected
- 8. Unexpended appropriations lapse (except for the City Capital Projects and Grants Funds) and are closed to the proper fund balances at the end of each fiscal year (June 30). (However, appropriations for the subsequent fiscal year are increased in the amount necessary to satisfy the outstanding encumbrances at June 30.) The current operating budget ordinance approved by City Council stipulated that an undesignated General Fund Balance of 8% to 12% of the following year's budgeted revenues for contingency and emergency situations, not to be used to support appropriations already approved, except upon subsequent authorization by City Council.
- 9. Capital Projects for the City are budgeted separately from the Operating Budget. Since the City has over 321 projects in its Capital Improvements Program and an annual limitation (without a referendum) on the amount of bonds that may be issued, allocations for capital projects represent funding by phases of a number of projects based upon their anticipated execution of contractual obligations. The appropriations for Capital Projects require one reading of the ordinance for approval after public hearings on the City's Capital Improvement Program. The accounting, encumbering, and controlling of the funds are based upon the project length of each individual project which may be over several years. Therefore, budgetary comparisons are not presented for Capital Projects in this report. Appropriations reallocated to new or existing capital projects require one reading of the ordinance by City Council for approval.
- 10. The federal and state grants in the Grants Consolidated Fund are budgeted separately from the Operating Budget and do not parallel the City's fiscal year. Expenditures are restricted by the grantor agency and are subject to financial and compliance audits (Note 9B). Annual revenues and expenditures are reported within the applicable Special Revenue Funds.

There were supplemental amendments to the Operating Budget, other than for encumbrances (Note 1E8), of approximately \$54,763,115 during the 2017 Fiscal Year. The amendments were primarily funded through increases in estimated revenue and the General Fund balance.

11. All expenditures were within existing appropriations for the governmental major funds.

1. **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

F. Inventories

All inventories, except in the Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund, Development Authority, the General Fund's Virginia Aquarium and Marine Science Center and the City Garage Internal Service Fund, are reported at cost using the first-in, first-out inventory method.

Reported inventories are accounted for under the consumption method (i.e., recorded as expenditures when used) in the remaining Governmental Funds, except for General Fund Public Works inventory. This inventory utilizes the Purchase Method (i.e., recorded as expenditures when purchased).

The Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund and the General Fund's Virginia Aquarium and Marine Science Center and the City Garage Internal Service Fund inventories are reported at cost using the moving weighted average cost inventory method. The Development Authority Enterprise Fund inventories are reported at net realizable value.

G. Land and Building Inventory Held For Resale

Land and building inventory for Development Authority is stated at the lower of net realizable value or original purchase price plus capitalized interest, if applicable, and development cost.

H. Accrued Compensated Leave

Annual leave, according to a graduated scale based on years of employment, is credited to each employee as it accrues. A permanent City employee, not participating in the VRS Hybrid Plan, may carry-forward a maximum of 50 days. All full-time employees hired on or after January 1, 2014, except hazardous duty employees, and those hired before this date, which make the irrevocable decision to participate in the Hybrid Plan shall accrue and use Paid Time Off. Those participating in the Hybrid Plan may carry-forward a maximum of 24 days.

City employees not participating in the Hybrid Plan are granted one sick leave day per month and may accumulate an unlimited number of sick leave days; however, no payment is made by the City on the unused portion upon employment termination (except on the condition of retirement). In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement (GASB) Number 16, an accrual has been made in the financial statements for these payments.

Compensated leave for the City (current and non-current) is recorded in the government-wide financial statements. For Proprietary Funds the current and long-term accrued compensated leave liabilities are recorded in the appropriate fund. The current portion of compensated leave is based upon the estimated leave usage in the subsequent year increased by cost of living salary increase.

I. Fund Balances

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable - The nonspendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

Restricted - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation (City ordinances). Enabling legislation authorizes the City to assess, levy, charge, or otherwise mandate payment of resources (from external resource providers) and includes a legally enforceable requirement that those resources be used only for the specific purposes stipulated in the legislation. Legal enforceability means that the City can be compelled by an external party such as citizens, public interest groups, or the judiciary to use resources created by enabling legislation only for the purposes specified by the legislation.

1. **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

I. Fund Balances (continued)

Committed - The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by formal action (ordinance) of City Council. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless City Council removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance) it employed to previously commit those amounts. In contrast to fund balance that is restricted by enabling legislation, committed fund balance classification may be redeployed for other purposes with appropriate due process. Constraints imposed on the use of committed amounts are imposed by City Council, separate from the authorization to raise the underlying revenue; therefore, compliance with these constraints are not considered to be legally enforceable.

Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements. It also includes the long-term amount of loans approved by City Council.

Assigned - Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the City for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the General Fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by City Council, the City Manager or by a City official delegated that authority by appropriate action.

Unassigned - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classification. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The City applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

J. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumption that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities as of the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

K. Fund Balance Policy

It is the City Council's policy that there shall be retained in the General Fund an unassigned fund balance of 8% to 12% of the following year's projected revenues. It is desired that a goal of 10% be maintained. This level equates to approximately one month of operating expenses.

L. Miscellaneous

1. Cash and Investments

Cash invested at June 30 is included in the various cash accounts reflected in the financial statements. Investments are stated at amortized cost or at their fair value (Note 8). Interest earnings on investments are allocated to the appropriate funds based upon the average monthly cash balance of each fund. Qualified investments in State Treasurer's LGIP, Virginia Investment Pool and SNAP are reported at amortized cost. All others are reported at fair value (Note 8).

1. **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

L. Miscellaneous (continued)

1. Cash and Investments (continued)

Other Post Employment Benefit investments are reported at fair value, which for the City and School Board is determined by the most recent bid and asking prices as obtained from markets of such investments. Securities for which market quotations are not readily available are valued at their fair value as determined in good faith by the custodian under the direction of the Board of Trustees of the Virginia Pooled OPEB Trust Fund. A valuation service may be engaged to assist in the determination of fair value.

2. Proprietary Funds' Other Charges

This category mainly consists of General Fund charges (e.g., data processing, buildings and grounds maintenance, indirect costs) to the Water and Sewer, Storm Water, Waste Management and Resort Parking Enterprise Funds as well as Internal Service Funds except Risk Management, and the Development Authority. For Risk Management it represents premiums and claims payments (including current estimated claims and judgments). The Development Authority other charges consist of selling, lease and lease hold improvements, professional services and other general expenses.

3. Statement of Cash Flows

For purposes of the statements of cash flows, all highly liquid debt instruments and certificates of deposit, with a maturity of three months or less, are grouped into cash and temporary investments. Proprietary Funds participate in a centralized cash and investment pool and therefore, separate information on cash equivalents (i.e., investments with maturities of three months or less upon acquisition) for the funds is not applicable.

4. Bond Premiums and Discounts

Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method. Bonds are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

5. Internal Balances

The amount reported in the Statement of Net Position for internal balances represents support payments to the blended component unit Development Authority during the fiscal year just ended and the amounts charged back to the business type activities.

M. Net Position

The difference between assets plus deferred outflows of resources less liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources in the government-wide statement of net position must be labeled as *net position*. GAAP further requires that net position be subdivided into three categories: net investment in capital assets, restricted net position; and unrestricted net position.

N. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and Proprietary Fund types in the financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable Governmental Activities, Business-Type Activities, or Proprietary Fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and deferred loss on refunding bonds are deferred over the life of the bonds using a straight-line method. Issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures in the year occurred.

In the fund financial statements, Governmental Fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are

1. **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

N. Long-Term Obligations (continued)

reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds, are reported as debt service expenditures.

O. Restricted Assets - Cash and Investments

Certain proceeds of the Primary Government's revenue bond issuance have been set aside in separate bank accounts as a reserve for future debt service payments. In addition, inclusive in this category are option deposits, funds held for capital projects and improvements and grant awards.

P. Unrestricted Net Position - Governmental Activities

Inclusive in Governmental Activities unrestricted net position are ending committed fund balances of certain Special Revenue Funds which have been earmarked for specific purposes by City Council. These funds include, but are not limited to, Agriculture Reserve Fund, Tax Increment Financing Funds, Open Space Fund, Parks and Recreation, Tourism Investment Program, and Tourism Advertising Program Fund.

Q. Restricted Net Position

Some primary government and component unit net position amounts are subject to various restrictions. Bond resolutions restrict the net position of the Water and Sewer, Storm Water and Debt Service Funds for operations. The Master Water and Sewer Resolution restricts net position of the Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund for the cost of operation, maintenance and debt service costs. The agreement of Trust, dated January 1, 2000, restricts the net position of the Storm Water Enterprise Fund in a similar manner. The ending fund balance of the Debt Service Fund is restricted for future debt costs. The Waste Management Enterprise Fund ending net position is restricted for fund operations.

Certain amounts in the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, and component units are restricted through other enabling legislation.

R. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The City's deferred outflows of resources consist of the amount by which the principal and premium of a refunding bond exceed the net carrying amount of the refunded debt and pension contributions subsequent to the measurement date. The deferred outflow related to debt is being amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt.

Deferred inflows of resources represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as a revenue until then. The City's deferred inflows of resources consist of the amount by which the net carrying amount of refunded debt exceed the principal and premium of a refunding bond, the property tax levy recorded in the current fiscal year pertaining to Fiscal Year 2017 and pension activity that will be recognized in pension expense over a four to five year period. The deferred inflow is being amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, the City has revenues which are applicable to a future period, and will not be recognized until the period they become available. These amounts are recorded on the governmental funds balance sheet as a deferred inflow of resources.

S. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Political Subdivision's Retirement Plan and the additions to/deductions from the Political Subdivision's Retirement Plan's net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS).

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

S. <u>Pensions</u> (continued)

For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

2. FUND BALANCES – GENERAL FUND AND NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

General Fund and Nonmajor governmental fund balances are classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned (Note 1.I) based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of these resources. The constraints placed on fund balances for the General Fund and Nonmajor governmental funds are presented below:

GENERAL FUND:		NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS:		
Nons pendable:		Restricted:	_	
Inventories	\$ 4,620,297	Federal and State Grants	\$	2,795,646
Housing and EMS Loans	 6,027,214	Housing and Community Development		7,641,813
Total Nonspendable	\$ 10,647,511	Forfeited Assets - Judicial		676,028
		Forfeited Assets - Police		1,625,173
Restricted:		Special Service Districts		2,680,604
Community Services Board	\$ 2,047,751	Emergency FEMA		346,498
		Total Special Revenue Funds	\$	15,765,762
Committed:		Future Debt Service		33,802,079
Education	\$ 17,299,308	Total Restricted	\$	49,567,841
Assigned:		Committed:		
Community Programs	\$ 133,004	Sandbridge TIF Programs	\$	5,298,845
Judicial	645,550	Central Business District TIF		1,688,330
Library	56,078	Parks and Recreation Activities		14,427,814
Living Shorelines Program	10,722	Wetlands Board Mitigation		307,535
Maritime Forest Program	43,512	Open Space Program		317,382
Oyster Heritage Program	12,917	Educational		277,901
Public Safety	23,378	Tourism		15,236,723
Other General Programs	125,325	Agriculture Program		12,559,388
Total Special Programs	\$ 1,050,486	Judicial		1,639,640
Education	24,129,855	Total Committed	\$	51,753,558
General Government	14,599,429			
Waste Management	5,712,041	Assigned:		
Capital Improvement Program - General	23,301,544	Housing and Community Development	\$	756,013
Risk Management	1,000,000	Central Business District TIF		354,245
Total Assigned	\$ 69,793,355	Educational		39,000
		Forfeited Assets - Judicial		100,000
Unassigned:		Forfeited Assets - Police		285,915
General Government	\$ 118,396,300	Dredging Programs		12,299
		Parks and Recreation Activities		725,708
Total Fund Balance	\$ 218,184,225	Total Assigned	\$	2,273,180
		Total Fund Balance	\$	103,594,579

3. RECEIVABLES AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES

A. Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2017 consist of the following:

Primary Government

	Governmental		Business-Type			
		Activities		Activities		Total
Real Estate Taxes	\$	16,169,577	\$	-	\$	16,169,577
Personal Property Taxes		43,297,116		-		43,297,116
Loans		12,117,789		-		12,117,789
Due from Other Government		87,480,767		87,598		87,568,365
Accounts		34,833,359		41,893,811		76,727,170
Gross Receivables	\$	193,898,608	\$	41,981,409	\$	235,880,017
Less: Allowance for Uncollectibles		(27,545,751)		(2,948,944)		(30,494,695)
Net Receivables - Entity Wide	\$	166,352,857	\$	39,032,465	\$	205,385,322

Major Funds - Governmental

	G	General Fund		Capital Projects		Total
Real Estate Taxes	\$	16,169,577	\$	-	\$	16,169,577
Personal Property Taxes		43,297,116		-		43,297,116
Accounts		1,615,854		-		1,615,854
Loans		6,027,214		-		6,027,214
Intergovernmental Accounts		70,288,453		13,790,135		84,078,588
Gross Receivables	\$	137,398,214	\$	13,790,135	\$	151,188,349
Less: Allowance for Uncollectibles		(17,580,628)				(17,580,628)
Net Receivables	\$	119,817,586	\$	13,790,135	\$	133,607,721

Major Funds - Proprietary

							Vir	ginia Beach	
	,	Water and				Waste	De	evelopment	
		Sewer	Sto	orm Water	Ma	nagement		Authority	Total
Accounts	\$	24,665,308	\$	7,411,226	\$	6,907,771	\$	2,909,506	\$ 41,893,811
Intergovernmental Accounts		87,598						-	 87,598
Gross Receivables	\$	24,752,906	\$	7,411,226	\$	6,907,771	\$	2,909,506	\$ 41,981,409
Less: Allowance for Uncollectibles		(2,903,929)		(23,254)		(21,761)		-	 (2,948,944)
Net Receivables	\$	21,848,977	\$	7,387,972	\$	6,886,010	\$	2,909,506	\$ 39,032,465

The intergovernmental accounts receivable represents the amount due from the City of Chesapeake for their share of the cost of Lake Gaston water reserve.

Component Units

Receivables at June 30, 2017 consist of the following:

	 School Board	De	ommunity evelopment orporation	Total
Notes, Deed of Trust	\$ -	\$	1,726,653	\$ 1,726,653
Accrued Interest	-		930,210	930,210
Intergovernmental Accounts	19,571,313		-	19,571,313
Due from Affliate	-		845,626	845,626
Accounts	 1,416,000		304,579	 1,720,579
Net Receivables	\$ 20,987,313	\$	3,807,068	\$ 24,794,381

3. **RECEIVABLES AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES** (continued)

B. Property Taxes Receivable

An annual ad valorem tax is levied by the City on the assessed value of real and tangible personal property. These levies are made each year on July 1 and January 1 for real property and tangible personal property, respectively. Taxes levied on these dates become liens on the subject property on the date of levy. Real property taxes are payable in two installments on December 5 and June 5. Personal property taxes are payable on June 5, however, pro-rated bills on automobiles are also payable throughout the year on the portion of the year they are owned if not owned a full year. These taxes are considered delinquent when not paid by the due dates and subject to penalties and interest charges by the City Treasurer. City property tax revenues are recognized when levied and collected.

The City calculates its allowance for uncollectible taxes by using historical collection data. Furthermore, the taxes receivable amount uncollected 45 days after June 30 is recorded as unearned revenue for the fund financial statements.

During Fiscal Year 2017 the real property rate was \$0.99 per \$100 of assessed valuation (100% of fair market value except for public service corporation properties); an additional \$.06 per \$100 of assessed valuation is charged to those residents of Sandbridge; an additional \$.45 per \$100 of assessed valuation is charged to all real estate within Town Center Special Service District; an additional \$.184 per \$100 of assessed valuation is charged to all real estate within the Old Donation Special Service District; an additional \$.363 per \$100 of assessed valuation is charged to all real estate within the Bayville Creek Special Service District, not exempt from taxation; an additional \$.1594 per \$100 of assessed valuation is charged to all real estate within the Shadowlawn Special Service District; an additional \$.2913 per \$100 of assessed valuation is charged to all real estate within the Chesopeian Special Service District; an additional \$.079 of \$100 of assessed valuation is charged to all real estate with the Harbour Point Special Service District; an additional \$.063 per \$100 of assessed valuation is charged to all real estate within the Gills Cove Special Service District; an additional \$.438 per \$100 of assessed valuation is charged to all real estate within the Hurd's Cove Special Service District; taxes on all real estate that has been classified as an energy efficient building, not exempt from taxation, at a rate of \$0.84 on each \$100 of assessed valuation thereof; taxes on buildings that are individually listed on the Virginia Landmarks Register, not including the real estate or land on which the building is located, so long as the building is maintained in a condition such that it retains the characteristics for which it was listed on the Virginia Landmarks Register at a rate of \$0.52 on each \$100 of assessed valuation thereof. The personal property rate was \$4.00 per \$100 of assessed valuation (100% of fair market value). Other personal property tax rates exist for qualified equipment. There are no limits currently on the property tax rates which may be established by the City Council. In addition, City Council is the only governmental entity that has the local taxing authority.

C. Intergovernmental Receivables - Primary Government and School Board Component Unit - Entity Wide

1. The following revenues were due from the Commonwealth of Virginia at June 30, 2017:

Primary Government

	Governmental			
		Activities		
General Sales Tax	\$	12,854,450		
Telecommunications Tax		2,000,508		
Personal Property Tax Relief Act		53,412,868		
Other Grants, Entitlements, & Shared Revenues		1,374,034		
Sheriff's Department		1,302,222		
Other		967,050		
Capital Projects		13,049,146		
Total Due from Commonwealth	\$	84,960,278		

3. **RECEIVABLES AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES** (continued)

C. Intergovernmental Receivables - Primary Government and School Board Component Unit - Entity Wide (continued)

School Board Component Unit

State Share Sales Tax	\$ 5,932,078
Special Education-Regional Program	4,571,774
Technology Initiative	117,317
VA Learning Backpack Bayside	218,800
VA Learning Backpack Green Run	193,600
VA Learning Backpack Kemps ville	164,400
Juvenile Detention Center	253,741
Dual Enrollment - TCC	250,398
Other Grants, Entitlements and Shared Revenues	 65,138
Total Due from Commonwealth-Governmental Funds	\$ 11,767,246

2. The following revenues were due from various Federal agencies at June 30, 2017:

Primary Government

	Governmental		
	A	Activities	
Public Assistance Grants	\$	104,523	
Law Enforcement		3,801	
Grants Consolidated		623,015	
Housing Assistance		12,535	
Capital Projects		740,989	
Federal Home Grants		1,008,563	
Total Due from Federal Government	\$	2,493,426	

School Board Component Unit

Adult Basic Eduction	\$ 73,409
Carl Perkins	751,649
DODEA MCASP	169,665
DODEA Special Education	102,999
McKinney Homeless	2,493
MTSS B Evaluation	42,218
National School Meal Program	1,018,892
Preschool Incentive	47,161
Title I	3,723,643
Title II	418,058
Title IV	57,676
Title VI-B	1,345,681
Other Grants, Entitlements and Shared Revenues	 50,523
Total Due from Federal Government	\$ 7,804,067

3. The following revenues were due from Other Local Governments at June 30, 2017:

The General Fund was due \$8,760 for the Virginia Aquarium Foundation and the Federal Section Eight Program Special Revenue Fund was due \$18,303 from various Regional Housing Authorities.

3. <u>RECEIVABLES AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES</u> (continued)

D. Allowances For Uncollectible Accounts Receivable

Allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable are generally established using historical collection data, specific account analysis and subsequent cash receipts. The allowances at June 30, 2017 are as follows:

General Fund	\$ 17,580,628
Water and Sewer Fund	2,903,929
Storm Water Fund	23,254
Waste Management Fund	 21,761
Total	\$ 20,529,572

E. The major components of Accrued Liabilities at June 30, 2017 consist of the following:

Primary Government

	G	overnmental Activities	siness-Type Activities	Total
Accrued Interest Payable	\$	12,720,315	\$ 3,541,725	\$ 16,262,040
Deposits Payable		3,754,541	147,557	3,902,098
Unearned Revenue			 656,304	 656,304
Total Accrued Liabilities	\$	16,474,856	\$ 4,345,586	\$ 20,820,442

Component Units

		Co	mmunity		
S	chool	Dev	elopment		
I	Board	Cor	poration		Total
\$	-	\$	58,882	\$	58,882
	9,537,252		-		9,537,252
	75,000		94,677		169,677
5	57,936,332		-		57,936,332
\$ 6	57,548,584	\$	153,559	\$	67,702,143
	\$	9,537,252	School Developed Board Cor \$ - \$ 9,537,252 75,000 57,936,332	Board Corporation \$ - \$ 58,882 9,537,252 - 75,000 94,677 57,936,332 -	School Board Development Corporation \$ - \$ 58,882 9,537,252 - 75,000 94,677 57,936,332 -

4. <u>UNEARNED REVENUE</u>

Unearned revenue represents amounts for which asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, such amounts are measurable, but not available. Under the full accrual basis of accounting, such amounts are measurable, but are unearned.

Unearned revenue consists of the following as of June 30, 2017:

A. General Fund

Aquarium - Advance ticket receipts	\$ 186,510
Human Services - Advance program receipts	 662,400
Total General Fund	\$ 848,910

B. Enterprise Funds

Water and Sewer - Customers and Developers tap and meter fees \$ 656,304

4. <u>UNEARNED REVENUE</u> (continued)

D. School Board Component Unit

School Operating Fund - Summer School Tuition and Behind the	\$ 530,058
Wheel VA Initiative At Risk Four Year Old, Assessment of	696,017
Learning and other grants	
Other Governmental Funds - School Cafeterias - Charges for Services	458,823
Total Unearned Revenue - Governmental Funds	\$ 1,684,898
School Health Insurance Internal Service Fund - Prepayment of July	
health insurance premiums	7,852,354
Total Unearned Revenue - Governmental Activities	\$ 9,537,252

5. CAPITAL ASSETS AND LAND HELD FOR RESALE

A. Land and Building Inventory Held for Resale – Development Authority

Oceana West Corporate Park	\$ 1,555,548
Corporate Landing Office Park	9,710,889
London Bridge Commerce Park	1,624,500
Town Center Beacon Building	4,877,946
Hunt Club 2	200,305
Land for Potential Development	4,393,243
Total Land Held for Resale	\$ 22,362,431

B. Governmental Activities

The following is a summary of the changes in capital assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017:

Tonowing is a summary of the changes in ea	Balance					,	Balance		
	J	July 1, 2016		Increases]	Decreases	J	une 30, 2017	
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:									
Land and Improvements	\$	1,005,103,757	\$	5,249,044	\$	3,173,024	\$	1,007,179,777	
Agriculture Reserve Program		42,374,198		3,728,464		-		46,102,662	
Construction in Progress		230,672,621		115,859,827		171,312,656		175,219,792	
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	\$	1,278,150,576	\$	124,837,335	\$	174,485,680	\$	1,228,502,231	
Other Capital Assets:									
Buildings and Improvements	\$	734,058,583	\$	29,900,778	\$	-	\$	763,959,361	
School Buildings		365,684,670		885,000		43,162,909		323,406,761	
Site Improvements		295,345,036		10,663,454		-		306,008,490	
Site Improvements - ISF		265,782		-		-		265,782	
Equipment		276,732,565		28,978,135		12,678,437		293,032,263	
Equipment - ISF		6,497,077		357,501		347,479		6,507,099	
Roadway Network		1,972,492,142		31,474,849		-		2,003,966,991	
Landfill Network		18,676,153		18,345		-		18,694,498	
Bridge Network		80,950,452		57,704,904		-		138,655,356	
Hurricane Protection Network		97,680,665				-		97,680,665	
Total Other Capital Assets at Historical Cost	\$	3,848,383,125	\$	159,982,966	\$	56,188,825	\$	3,952,177,266	
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:									
Buildings and Improvements	\$	241,160,590	\$	18,488,466	\$	-	\$	259,649,056	
School Buildings		42,158,102		5,961,575		17,206,230		30,913,447	
Site Improvements		90,400,757		7,195,751		-		97,596,508	
Site Improvements - ISF		263,234		235		-		263,469	
Equipment		199,718,964		27,647,850		10,689,739		216,677,075	
Equipment - ISF		5,313,591		397,649		254,943		5,456,297	
Roadway Network		1,117,748,489		49,312,304		-		1,167,060,793	
Landfill Network		18,676,153		-		-		18,676,153	
Bridge Network		36,777,540		1,558,943		-		38,336,483	
Hurrican Protection Network		27,119,650		1,953,613		-		29,073,263	
Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$	1,779,337,070	\$	112,516,386	\$	28,150,912	\$	1,863,702,544	
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	\$	2,069,046,055	\$	47,466,580	\$	28,037,913	\$	2,088,474,722	
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$	3,347,196,631	\$	172,303,915	\$	202,523,593	\$	3,316,976,953	

5. <u>CAPITAL ASSETS AND LAND HELD FOR RESALE</u> (continued)

B. Governmental Activities (continued)

Governmental Activities capital assets net of accumulated depreciation at June 30, 2017 are comprised of the following:

General Government Capital Assets, Net	\$ 3,315,923,838
Internal Service Fund Capital Assets, Net	1,053,115
Total	\$ 3,316,976,953

Depreciation was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Finance	\$ 56,141
Executive	26,708
Judicial	308,221
Health	11,274
Police	3,275,665
Public Works	78,060,745
Parks and Recreation	3,611,078
Libraries	358,387
Planning	451,500
Economic Development	13,957
Convention & Visitors Bureau	189,334
Information Technology	15,567,840
Boards and Commisions	257,235
Emergency Communications	60,360
Fire	1,961,028
Human Services	975,287
Education and Transfer to School	5,961,575
Housing & Neighborhood Preservation	57,885
Museums	73,510
General Government	266,164
Emergency Medical Services	 972,492
Total	\$ 112,516,386

C. Component Unit - School Board

Capital Assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2017 was as follows:

	Balance							Balance
	J	uly 1, 2016		Increases	Decreases		June 30, 2017	
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:								
Land	\$	39,666,627	\$	28,559	\$	646,962	\$	39,048,224
Construction in Progress		53,245,854		14,742,304		63,553,497		4,434,661
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	\$	92,912,481	\$	14,770,863	\$	64,200,459	\$	43,482,885
Capital Assets Being Depreciated								
Buildings	\$	635,834,094	\$	109,016,825	\$	1,564,578	\$	743,286,341
Improvement Other Than Buildings		62,109,087		3,769,814		-		65,878,901
Machinery and Equipment		111,036,068		8,230,314		5,444,390		113,821,992
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	\$	808,979,249	\$	121,016,953	\$	7,008,968	\$	922,987,234
Less Accumulated Depreciation For: *								
Buildings	\$	279,049,584	\$	31,913,883	\$	942,635	\$	310,020,832
Improvement Other Than Buildings		40,342,942		2,261,313		-		42,604,255
Machinery and Equipment		79,393,107		7,306,169		5,291,712		81,407,564
Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$	398,785,633	\$	41,481,365	\$	6,234,347	\$	434,032,651
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	\$	410,193,616	\$	79,535,588	\$	774,621	\$	488,954,583
Component Unit School Board, Capital Assets, Net	\$	503,106,097	\$	94,306,451	\$	64,975,080	\$	532,437,468

Depreciation was charged to the School Board Component Unit.

5. CAPITAL ASSETS AND LAND HELD FOR RESALE (continued)

D. Business-Type Activities

The following is a summary of the changes in capital assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017:

	Balance July 1, 2016]	Increases		Decreases		Balance une 30, 2017
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,						,
Land and Improvements	\$	165,063,809	\$	346,133	\$	305,825	\$	165,104,117
Construction in Progress		38,724,525		69,501,166		40,500,673		67,725,018
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	\$	203,788,334	\$	69,847,299	\$	40,806,498	\$	232,829,135
Other Capital Assets:								
Buildings and Improvements	\$	139,321,714	\$	328,985	\$	1,342,000	\$	138,308,699
Site Improvements		1,146,408		-		-		1,146,408
Utility System		1,286,919,998		39,142,493		-		1,326,062,491
Machinery and Equipment		52,123,887		4,412,348		686,564		55,849,671
Total Other Capital Assets at Historical Cost	\$	1,479,512,007	\$	43,883,826	\$	2,028,564	\$	1,521,367,269
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:								
Buildings and Improvements	\$	42,942,161	\$	4,406,833	\$	1,342,000	\$	46,006,994
Site Improvements		326,577		28,660		-		355,237
Utility System		481,388,563		28,308,674		-		509,697,237
Machinery and Equipment		35,797,055		4,324,333		686,564		39,434,824
Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$	560,454,356	\$	37,068,500	\$	2,028,564	\$	595,494,292
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	\$	919,057,651	\$	6,815,326	\$		\$	925,872,977
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$	1,122,845,985	\$	76,662,625	\$	40,806,498	\$	1,158,702,112

Depreciation expense was charged to Business-Type Activities as follows:

Water and Sewer	\$ 27,552,400
Storm Water	5,466,520
Waste Management	898,710
Development Authority	3,129,219
Resort Parking	21,651
Total	\$ 37,068,500

E. Major Fund - Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund

•	Balance July 1, 2016 In		Increases Dec		Decreases	J	Balance une 30, 2017	
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:								
Land and Improvements	\$	12,941,871	\$	44,533	\$	5,325	\$	12,981,079
Construction in Progress		27,686,222		42,056,067		38,463,828		31,278,461
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	\$	40,628,093	\$	42,100,600	\$	38,469,153	\$	44,259,540
Other Capital Assets:								
Buildings and Improvements	\$	18,611,567	\$	328,985	\$	-	\$	18,940,552
Utility System		1,054,112,387		38,677,914		-		1,092,790,301
Machinery and Equipment		29,171,181		476,187		296,130		29,351,238
Total Other Capital Assets at Historical Cost	\$	1,101,895,135	\$	39,483,086	\$	296,130	\$	1,141,082,091
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:								
Buildings and Improvements	\$	11,451,588	\$	1,300,300	\$	-	\$	12,751,888
Utility System		427,453,838		24,230,176		-		451,684,014
Machinery and Equipment		22,352,980		2,021,924		296,130		24,078,774
Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$	461,258,406	\$	27,552,400	\$	296,130	\$	488,514,676
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	\$	640,636,729	\$	11,930,686	\$	-	\$	652,567,415
Water and Sewer Capital Assets, Net	\$	681,264,822	\$	54,031,286	\$	38,469,153	\$	696,826,955

5. <u>CAPITAL ASSETS AND LAND HELD FOR RESALE</u> (continued)

F. Major Fund – Storm Water Enterprise Fund

	Balance							Balance
	J	uly 1, 2016	1	Increases		Decreases		ne 30, 2017
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:								
Land and Improvements	\$	131,664,678	\$	301,600	\$	300,500	\$	131,665,778
Construction in Progress		11,038,303		27,445,099		2,036,845		36,446,557
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	\$	142,702,981	\$	27,746,699	\$	2,337,345	\$	168,112,335
Other Capital Assets:								
Utility System	\$	232,807,611	\$	464,579	\$	-	\$	233,272,190
Machinery and Equipment		13,983,084		1,675,885		358,652		15,300,317
Total Other Capital Assets at Historical Cost	\$	246,790,695	\$	2,140,464	\$	358,652	\$	248,572,507
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:								
Utility System	\$	53,934,725	\$	4,078,498	\$	-	\$	58,013,223
Machinery and Equipment		9,353,088		1,388,022		358,652		10,382,458
Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$	63,287,813	\$	5,466,520	\$	358,652	\$	68,395,681
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	\$	183,502,882	\$	(3,326,056)	\$		\$	180,176,826
Storm Water Capital Assets, Net	\$	326,205,863	\$	24,420,643	\$	2,337,345	\$	348,289,161

G. Major Fund – Waste Management

	Balance June 30, 2017	
Decreases		
-	\$ -	
-	-	
-	\$ -	
-	\$ 366,891	
31,782	10,541,594	
31,782	\$ 10,908,485	
-	\$ 43,429	
31,782	4,522,833	
31,782	\$ 4,566,262	
-	\$ 6,342,223	
-	\$ 6,342,223	
	31,782 31,782 31,782	

5. CAPITAL ASSETS AND LAND HELD FOR RESALE (continued)

H. Major Fund - Virginia Beach Development Authority

	Balance						Balance		
	July 1, 2016		Increases		Decreases		June 30, 2017		
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:									
Land and Improvements	\$	20,457,260	\$		\$	-	\$	20,457,260	
Other Capital Assets:									
Buildings and Improvements	\$	120,710,147	\$	-	\$	1,342,000	\$	119,368,147	
Machinery and Equipment		565,065		-		-		565,065	
Total Other Capital Assets at Historical Cost	\$	121,275,212	\$	-	\$	1,342,000	\$	119,933,212	
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:									
Buildings	\$	31,490,573	\$	3,106,533	\$	1,342,000	\$	33,255,106	
Machinery and Equipment		356,085		22,686		-		378,771	
Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$	31,846,658	\$	3,129,219	\$	1,342,000	\$	33,633,877	
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	\$	89,428,554	\$	(3,129,219)	\$	-	\$	86,299,335	
Development Authority Capital Assets, Net	\$	109,885,814	\$	(3,129,219)	\$	-	\$	106,756,595	

Depreciation was charged to the Virginia Beach Development Authority.

I. Component Unit - Virginia Beach Community Development Corporation

		Balance						Balance
	Jı	July 1, 2016		Increases		reases	June 30, 2017	
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:								
Land and Improvements	\$	7,864,202	\$	999,758	\$	-	\$	8,863,960
Other Capital Assets:								
Buildings and Improvements	\$	27,696,535	\$	4,043,237	\$	-	\$	31,739,772
Vehicles		67,809		-		-		67,809
Total Other Capital Assets at Historical Cost	\$	27,764,344	\$	4,043,237	\$	-	\$	31,807,581
Less Accumulated Depreciation	\$	11,602,724	\$	977,211		-	\$	12,579,935
Component Unit-VA Beach Community Dev.	\$	24,025,822	\$	4,065,784	\$	-	\$	28,091,606

J. Construction in Progress

1. Governmental Activities and School Board Component Unit

In accordance with the City's accounting policies, these projects will not be transferred from Construction in Progress until completion. Construction in progress is comprised of the following:

	•	ended through ne 30, 2017	Outs tanding Ommitments	Unobligated Balance		
Government Activities			 			
Engineering and Highways	\$	90,312,043	\$ 74,899,311	\$	199,293,450	
Buildings		44,254,802	34,595,587		97,477,424	
Parks and Recreation		28,321,113	4,964,798		32,407,100	
Virginia Beach Development Authority		334,146	-		-	
Coastal		-	1,100,809		55,673,254	
Economic and Tourism		11,997,688	45,481,642		73,724,048	
Total Other Capital Assets at Historical Cost	\$	175,219,792	\$ 161,042,147	\$	458,575,276	
School Board Component Unit						
Buildings and Improvements Other than Buildings	\$	4,434,661	\$ 31,163,821	\$	-	

5. <u>CAPITAL ASSETS AND LAND HELD FOR RESALE</u> (continued)

J. Construction in Progress (continued)

2. Business-Type Activities

In accordance with the City's accounting policies, these projects will not be transferred from Construction in Progress into the various capital asset accounts until substantially completed. Construction in Progress for Business-Type Activities is comprised of the following at June 30, 2017:

	-	nded through ne 30, 2017	uts tanding mmitments	Unobligated Balance		
Water & Sewer Utility Projects	\$	31,278,461	\$ 32,684,920	\$	60,338,633	
Storm Water Projects		36,446,557	23,565,594		47,453,852	
Total Business-Type Activities	\$	67,725,018	\$ 56,250,514	\$	107,792,485	

6. LONG-TERM DEBT

A. A Summary of Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

1. Primary Government - Governmental Activities

	 Balance July 1, 2016	Additions	_ <u>I</u>	Reductions	J	Balance une 30, 2017	Ľ	Amounts Due Within One Year
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 652,896,524	\$ -	\$	59,124,860	\$	593,771,664	\$,,
State Literary Fund Loans	2,250,000	-		375,000		1,875,000		375,000
Public Facility Revenue Bonds	263,313,932	21,225,000		23,203,720		261,335,212		25,226,160
Agriculture Reserve Program	 42,374,198	 3,728,464		-		46,102,662		
Total Tax Supported Debt	\$ 960,834,654	\$ 24,953,464	\$	82,703,580	\$	903,084,538	\$	81,579,354
Other Debt:								
Landfill Closure & Post-Closure Care	\$ 25,542,645	\$ 332,055	\$	-	\$	25,874,700	\$	-
Premiums	99,472,784	2,922,087		13,064,159		89,330,712		9,542,384
Net Pension Liability	302,116,988	72,755,794		33,571		374,839,211		-
Accrued Compensation Leave	43,277,044	26,260,782		26,119,189		43,418,637		25,323,095
Estimated Claims & Judgements	 31,100,210	 18,305,526		11,673,236		37,732,500		6,974,563
Governmental Activities Long-Term Debt	\$ 1,462,344,325	\$ 145,529,708	\$	133,593,735	\$	1,474,280,298	\$	123,419,396

6. LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

A. A Summary of Changes in Long-Term Liabilities (continued)

2. Primary Government - Business-Type Activities

	Balance July 1, 2016	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2017	Amounts Due Within One Year
Revenue Bonds	\$ 264,088,711	\$ -	\$ 9,512,707	\$ 254,576,004	\$ 10,560,728
Public Facility Revenue Bonds	77,081,069	7,880,000	14,901,280	70,059,789	7,413,840
Total Self/Tax Supported Debt	\$ 341,169,780	\$ 7,880,000	\$ 24,413,987	\$ 324,635,793	\$ 17,974,568
Less/Add Deferred Amounts:					
For Issuance Premiums	21,146,295	384,908	1,462,310	20,068,893	1,283,579
Less Bond Discount	(12,256)	(48,068.00)	(13,105)	(47,219)	-
Total Bonds Payable	\$ 362,303,819	\$ 8,216,840	\$ 25,863,192	\$ 344,657,467	\$ 19,258,147
Net Pension Liability	35,255,346	2,257,637	1,254,135	36,258,848	-
Accrued Compensated Leave	4,968,412	3,116,245	3,084,312	5,000,345	3,179,545
Business-Type Activities Long-Term Debt	\$ 402,527,577	\$ 13,590,722	\$ 30,201,639	\$ 385,916,660	\$ 22,437,692

3. Major Fund - Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund (Included in Business-Type Activities)

	J	Balance uly 1, 2016	Add	ditions	R	eductions	Ju	Balance ine 30, 2017	D	Amounts rue Within One Year
Revenue Bonds	\$	218,868,711	\$	-	\$	7,812,707	\$	211,056,004	\$	8,820,728
Add Deferred Amounts:										
For Issuance Premiums		18,276,389		-		1,157,613		17,118,776		1,157,613
Total Bonds Payable	\$	237,145,100	\$	-	\$	8,970,320	\$	228,174,780	\$	9,978,341
Net Pension Liability		21,158,640		-		28,200		21,130,440		-
Accrued Compensation Leave		2,831,105	1,	756,716		1,833,104		2,754,717		1,885,163
Water and Sewer Long-Term Liabilities	\$	261,134,845	\$ 1,	756,716	\$	10,831,624	\$	252,059,937	\$	11,863,504

4. <u>Major Fund – Storm Water Enterprise Fund (Included in Business-Type Activities)</u>

		Balance					Balance		Amounts ue Within	
	J ı	uly 1, 2016	 Additions	R	eductions	Ju	ne 30, 2017	One Year		
Revenue Bonds	\$	45,220,000	\$ -	\$	1,700,000	\$	43,520,000	\$	1,740,000	
Less/add Deferred Amounts:										
For Issuance Premiums		1,190,387	-		125,966		1,064,421		125,966	
Total Bonds Payable	\$	46,410,387	\$ -	\$	1,825,966	\$	44,584,421	\$	1,865,966	
Net Pension Liability		7,115,399	2,257,637		-		9,373,036		-	
Accrued Compensation Leave		1,128,285	741,563		627,612		1,242,236		645,436	
Storm Water Long-Term Liabilities	\$	54,654,071	\$ 2,999,200	\$	2,453,578	\$	55,199,693	\$	2,511,402	

6. LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

A. A Summary of Changes in Long-Term Liabilities (continued)

5. Major Fund – Waste Management Enterprise Fund (Included in Business-Type Activities)

	Balance ly 1, 2016	Δ	dditions	R	eductions	Balance ne 30, 2017	Amounts Due Within One Year		
Net Pension Liability	\$ 6,628,991	\$	\$ -		1,202,497	\$ 5,426,494	\$	-	
Accrued Compensated Leave	 987,838		594,792		609,144	 973,486		626,444	
Waste Management Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 7,616,829	\$	594,792	\$	1,811,641	\$ 6,399,980	\$	626,444	

6. Major Fund - Development Authority Enterprise Fund (Included in Business-Type Activities)

	Balance aly 1, 2016	A	Additions	Reductions	Balance ne 30, 2017	D	Amounts ue Within One Year
Public Facility Revenue Bonds	\$ 77,081,069	\$	7,880,000	\$ 14,901,280	\$ 70,059,789	\$	7,413,840
For Issuance Premiums	1,679,519		384,908	178,731	1,885,696		-
Less Bond Discount	(12,256)		(48,068)	(13,105)	(47,219)		-
Virginia Beach Development Authority							
Long-Term Debt	\$ 78,748,332	\$	8,216,840	\$ 15,066,906	\$ 71,898,266	\$	7,413,840

7. Component Unit - School Board

	Balance			Balance	Due Within
	July 1, 2016	Additions	Reductions	June 30, 2017	One Year
Net Pension Liability	\$ 667,263,000	\$ 183,084,000	\$ 109,568,000	\$ 740,779,000	\$ -
Accrued Compensated Leave	20,545,881	8,476,510	8,370,430	20,651,961	8,537,839
Estimated Claims and Judgements	15,093,000	138,431,394	138,833,394	14,691,000	11,018,250
School Board Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 702,901,881	\$ 329,991,904	\$ 256,771,824	\$ 776,121,961	\$ 19,556,089

8. Component Unit - Virginia Beach Community Development Corporation

									1	Amounts
		Balance						Balance	D	ue Within
	_ J	uly 1, 2016	A	Additions	Re	eductions	Ju	ne 30, 2017		One Year
Notes Payable	\$	15,697,275	\$	6,354,000	\$	740,849	\$	21,310,426	\$	1,565,465

6. LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

B. Bonds, Notes and Loans Payable

						ietary Perce	ntage	Outsta	nding Balance
D 11 /D	D. ()			True	Storm	Water &	T/DDA 0/		CHEST
Bond Issue/Purpose	Dated	Iss	ue Amount	Interest	Water %	Sewer%	VBDA%		CITY
General Obligation Bonds and Loans:									
2016A PI	2/9/2016	\$	61,255,000	2.437448	-	-	-	\$	58,200,000
2016B PI Refunding	2/9/2016		50,430,000	1.771418	-	_	-		33,665,000
2015A PI	4/21/2015		51,295,000	2.617345	-	-	-		46,170,000
2015B PI Refunding	4/21/2015		56,530,000	1.989322	-	-	-		56,530,000
2014A PI	4/22/2014		85,050,000	2.920553	-	-	-		73,050,000
2013A PI	4/17/2013		22,885,000	2.587348	-	-	-		19,465,000
2013B PI Refunding	4/17/2013		33,795,000	2.143873	-	-	-		22,865,000
Pleasure House Point	7/10/2012		6,000,000	0.25	-	-	-		3,491,03
2012A PI	4/18/2012		65,000,000	2.849726	-	-	-		48,750,000
2012B PI Refunding	4/18/2012		19,630,000	2.413515	-	-	-		19,630,00
2011A PI	6/29/2010		90,000,000	3.212396	-	-	-		63,000,000
2010-1 QSCB	7/8/2010		4,875,000	5.31	-	-	-		2,880,000
2010 Recovery Zone	3/15/2010		5,995,000	3.038509	-	-	-		4,235,000
2010A PI	5/25/2010		60,000,000	2.97032	-	-	-		39,000,000
2009 PI Refunding	1/26/2010		20,755,000	3.041988	-	-	-		19,345,000
2009B PI Refunding	1/26/2010		78,875,000	2.910179	-	-	-		67,790,000
2009 PI	6/16/2009		72,000,000	3.655747	-	-	-		7,200,000
2008 PI	3/25/2008		90,000,000	4.161171	-	-	-		4,500,000
2008 VPSA	12/1/2008		6,350,705	-	-	-	-		4,005,633
2002 State Literary	1/1/2002		7,500,000	3	-	-	-		1,875,000
Total General Obligation Bonds and Lo	oans							\$	595,646,66
D D 10									
Rewnue Bond:*	- (/9/2016	¢.	16 560 000	2711244		100		¢	46.560.000
2016 A W&S Revenue	6/8/2016	\$	46,560,000	2.711344	-	100	-	\$	46,560,000
2016 B W&S Refunding	6/8/2016		42,865,000	1.813975	100	100	-		40,610,000
2015 A Storm Water Revenue 2013 W&S Revenue	1/28/2015		23,500,000	2.829639	100	100	-		22,270,000
	11/13/2013		44,845,000	3.641572			-		41,745,000
2010 A Storm Water Revenue	11/16/2010		20,000,000	3.170505	100	-	-		16,720,000
2010 B Storm Water Refunding	11/16/2010		7,380,000	2.607102	100	100	-		4,530,000
2010 A W & S Revenue	6/29/2010 6/29/2010		65,000,000	3.475462 3.02756		100	-		55,280,000
2010 G W & S Refunding			8,410,000	3.156061	-	100	-		7,640,000
2010 C W &S Refunding 1998 Taxable W &S Revenue	6/29/2010		24,950,000	4.3	-	100	-		18,110,000
1997 Taxable W &S Revenue	8/28/1998		5,774,218	4.3 4.75	-	100	-		832,839
Total Revenue Bonds	1/30/1997		7,190,048	4.73	-	100	-	\$	278,165 254,576,004
Total Revenue Bonds								Ψ	23 1,370,00
Public Facility Revenue Bonds:	_								
2016A Public Facility Revenue	11/3/2016	\$	21,225,000	2.458802	-	-	-	\$	21,225,000
2016B Public Facility Revenue	11/3/2016		7,880,000	2.122443	-	-	100		7,385,000
2015A Public Facility Revenue	6/25/2015		48,245,000	3.050953	-	-	-		42,380,000
2015B Public Facility Revenue	6/25/2015		34,885,000	2.67798	-	-	27.05		34,885,00
2014A Public Facility Revenue	6/18/2014		44,975,000	2.984041	-	-	41.76		37,775,000
2014B Public Facility Revenue	6/18/2014		20,320,000	2.430979	-	-	25.62		16,150,000
2013A Public Facility Revenue	6/19/2013		20,960,000	2.599602	-	-	-		16,865,000
2012A Public Facility Revenue	4/18/2012		22,580,000	2.599602	-	-	-		17,705,000
2012B Public Facility Refunding	4/18/2012		25,640,000	2.448956	-	-	21.12		22,540,00
2010A Public Facility Revenue	5/25/2010		17,000,000	2.582319	-	-	-		5,100,00
2010B Public Facility Revenue	5/25/2010		98,035,000	2.993556	-	-	24.84		66,245,000
2010C Public Facility Refunding	5/25/2010		40,450,000	3.396935	-	-	31.31		35,360,000
2007A Public Facility Revenue	6/26/2007		96,835,000	4.5444247	-	-	19.51		7,780,00
Total Public Facility Revenue Bonds								\$	331,395,00
Other I T P. 14									
Other Long-Term Debt: A gricultural Reserve Program	– Various	\$	46,102,662	Various				\$	16 100 ee
riginaliai noscive flugialli	various	Ф	+0,102,002	various	-	-	-		46,102,662
Total Other Long-Term Debt								\$	46,102,662

^{*} Water and Sewer and Storm Water Enterprise Funds

6. LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

B. Bonds, Notes and Loans Payable (continued)

Defeased Debt - In current and prior years, the City defeased certain general obligation, public improvement, and public utility bonds by placing funds in irrevocable escrow accounts to provide for future debt service payments on the defeased debt. Accordingly, the escrow account assets and liabilities for the defeased debt are not included in the City's financial statements. At June 30, 2017, the outstanding balance of the defeased debt, including current year defeased debt, is \$140.9 million, and is considered in-substance defeased.

C. Summary of Recent Refundings

1. Advance Refunding of Public Facility Revenue Bonds, Series 2005B and 2007B

On November 3, 2016, the City issued \$7.88 million of Public Facility Revenue Bonds, Series 2016B to refund portions of 2005B and 2007B Series Public Facility Revenue Bonds. All of the bonds sold were to refund debt currently held by the Virginia Beach Development Authority. The refunding bonds combined with \$384,907.65 in premiums provided resources to purchase U.S. Government, State and Local Government Series securities that were placed in an irrevocable trust for the purpose of generating resources for all future debt service payments of \$10.37 million of Public Facility Revenue Bonds. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability has been removed from the business-type activities column of the statement of net position. The net carrying amount of the old debt exceeded the reacquisition price by \$70,000. The difference is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt, which is equal to the life of the new debt issued. This advance refunding was undertaken to reduce total debt service payments over a 12-year period by \$1.24 million and will result in an economic gain of \$1.14 million. The escrow agent has called the 2005B refunded bonds. Series 2007B bonds of \$2.8 million will be called by the escrow agent on July 15, 2017.

2. Current and Advance Refunding of General Obligation Public Improvement Bonds, Series 2004B and 2009

On February 9, 2016, the City issued \$50.430 million of General Obligation Public Improvement Refunding Bonds, Series 2016B to refund portions of the 2004B and 2009 Series General Obligation Public Improvement Bonds. The refunding bonds combined with \$5.25 million in premiums to provide resources to purchase U.S. Government, State and Local Government Series securities that were placed in an irrevocable trust for the purpose of generating resources for all future debt service payments of \$64.035 million of refunded General Obligation bonds. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability has been removed from the governmental activities column of the statement of net position. The net carrying amount of the old debt exceeded the reacquisition price by \$1.925 million. This difference is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt, which is equal to the life of the new debt issued. This advance refunding was undertaken to reduce total debt service payments over the next 13 years by \$4.173 million and resulted in an economic gain of \$3.63 million. The escrow agent has called the 2004B refunded bonds, and will call the remaining \$14.4 million series 2009 refunded bonds on June 1, 2019.

3. Advance Refunding of Public Facility Revenue Bonds, Series 2007A

On June 25, 2015, the City issued \$34.885 million of Public Facility Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2015B to refund portions of the 2007A Series Public Facility Revenue Bonds. The refunding bonds combined with \$5.2 million in premiums to provide resources to purchase U.S. Government, State and Local Government Series securities that were placed in an irrevocable trust for the purpose of generating resources for all future debt service payments of \$52.02 million of refunded Public Facility Revenue Bonds. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability has been removed from the governmental activities column of the statement of net position. The net carrying amount of the old debt exceeded the reacquisition price by \$995,000. This difference is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt, which is equal to the life of the new debt issued. This advance refunding was undertaken to reduce total debt service payments over the next 13 years by \$3.5 million and resulted in an economic gain of \$3.06 million. On July 1, 2017 the escrow agent will call the \$35,880,000 series 2007A refunded bonds.

6. LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

C. Summary of Recent Refundings (continued)

4. Advance Refunding of General Obligation Public Improvement Bonds, Series 2007, 2008, and 2009

On April 21, 2015, the City issued \$56.53 million of General Obligation Public Improvement Refunding Bonds, Series 2015B to refund portions of the 2007, 2008, and 2009 Series General Obligation Public Improvement Bonds. The refunding bonds combined with \$13.64 million in premium to provide resources to purchase U.S. Government, State and Local Government Series securities that were placed in an irrevocable trust for the purpose of generating resources for all future debt service payments of \$90.04 million of refunded General Obligation Bonds. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability has been removed from the government activities column of the statement of net position. The net carrying amount of the old debt exceeded the reacquisition price by \$7.52 million. This difference is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt, which is equal to the life of the new debt issued. This advance refunding was undertaken to reduce total debt service payments over the next 14 years by \$8.77 million and resulted in an economic gain of \$7.24 million. The escrow agent has called \$26,250,000 Series 2007 refunded bonds, and will call \$27,000,000 series 2008 refunded bonds on October 1, 2017, and \$10,800,000 series 2009 refunded bonds on June 1, 2019.

5. Advance Refunding of Public Facility Revenue Bonds Series 2002A, 2003A, 2005A and 2007A

On May 25, 2010, the City issued \$98.035 million of Public Facility Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2010B and \$40.45 million of Public Facility Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2010C, which refunded portions of the 2002A, 2003A, 2005A, and 2007A Series Public Facility Revenue Bonds. The refunding bonds combined with \$19.03 million in premiums to provide resources to purchase U.S. Government, State and Local Government Series securities that were placed in an irrevocable trust for the purpose of generating resources for all future debt service payments of \$137.5 million of Public Facility Revenue bonds. Included in the bonds sold were \$37.015 million in Public Facility Refunding Revenue Bonds to refund debt currently held by the Virginia Beach Development Authority. The remaining bonds were sold to refund debt currently outstanding for the City. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered to be defeased and the liabilities for the City and Virginia Beach Development Authority have been removed from the government activities and business-type activities columns of the statement of net position, respectively. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt currently held by \$985,000. This difference was displayed as a deferred outflows of resources. The remaining life of the refunded debt is equal to the life of the new debt issued. This advance refunding was undertaken to reduce total debt service payments over the next 13 years by \$6.36 million and resulted in an economic gain of \$4.1 million. The refunded bonds escrow agent has called all of the 2002A, 2003A, and 2005A refunded bonds. Series 2007A bonds of \$10 million will be called by the escrow agent on July 15, 2017.

6. Advance Refunding of General Obligation Public Improvement Bonds, Series 2001, 2002, 2004A, 2005, 2007, 2008, and 2009

On January 26, 2010, the City issued \$20.755 million of General Obligation Public Improvement Refunding Bonds, Series 2009A and \$78.875 million of General Obligation Public Improvement Refunding Bonds, Series 2009B, which refunded all or portions of the 2001, 2002, 2004A, 2005, 2007, 2008, and 2009 Series General Obligation Public Improvement Bonds. The refunding bonds combined with \$12 million in premiums to provide resources to purchase U.S. Government, State and Local Government Series securities that were placed in an irrevocable trust for the purpose of generating resources for all future debt service payments of \$100 million of General Obligation Public Improvement Bonds. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability has been removed from the governmental activities column of the statement of net position. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt currently held by \$.37 million. This difference was displayed as deferred outflows of resources. The remaining life of the refunded debt is equal to the life of the new debt issued. This advance refunding was undertaken to reduce total debt service payments over the next 13 years by \$8.03 million and resulted in an economic gain of \$5.6 million. The refunded bonds escrow agent has called all of the 2001, 2002, 2004A, 2005, and 2007 refunded bonds. The remaining refunded bonds will be called as follows: \$18 million series 2008 on October 1, 2017, and \$10.8 million series 2009 bonds on June 1, 2019. Escrowed refunded bonds outstanding to be called total \$28.8 million.

6. LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

D. A Summary of Annual Requirements to Amortize All Bonds and Notes Payable

Annual Debt Service requirements to maturity for General Obligation Bonds are as follows:

Year Ending	Governmental Activities						
June 30	Principal	Interest					
2018	\$ 56,353,194	\$ 26,064,480					
2019	53,814,035	23,180,423					
2020	53,930,502	20,475,084					
2021	49,502,635	18,207,966					
2022	46,715,076	16,303,021					
2023-2027	193,861,390	53,118,708					
2028-2032	110,634,832	17,326,130					
2033-2037	30,835,000	2,053,700					
	\$ 595,646,664	\$ 176,729,512					

Annual Debt Service requirements to maturity for Revenue Bonds are as follows:

Year Ending	Business-Type Activities							
June 30	Principal	Interest						
2018	\$ 10,560,728	\$	10,725,500					
2019	11,010,276		10,276,964					
2020	11,480,000		9,796,029					
2021	11,960,000		9,310,620					
2022	12,465,000		8,804,901					
2023-2027	67,825,000		34,929,284					
2028-2032	57,035,000		20,609,865					
2033-2037	49,965,000		8,709,746					
2038-2043	 22,275,000		1,395,678					
Totals	\$ 254,576,004	\$	114,558,587					

Annual Debt Service requirements to maturity for Public Facility Revenue Bonds are as follows:

Year Ending	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		
June 30	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	
2018	\$ 25,226,160	\$ 11,356,025	\$ 7,413,840	\$ 3,007,281	
2019	26,011,160	10,142,817	7,138,840	2,665,739	
2020	26,735,881	8,966,243	7,299,119	2,353,289	
2021	25,535,715	7,606,387	7,704,285	1,975,370	
2022	25,818,500	6,339,806	8,296,500	1,592,350	
2023-2027	84,175,376	16,338,369	23,824,625	3,739,487	
2028-2032	33,410,100	5,595,236	6,474,900	915,290	
2033-2037	14,422,320	945,404	1,907,680	106,115	
	\$ 261,335,212	\$ 67,290,287	\$ 70,059,789	\$ 16,354,921	

6. LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

D. A Summary of Annual Requirements to Amortize All Bonds and Notes Payable (continued)

Debt service requirements for general obligation bonds are principally met by the General Fund. Also, for the Governmental Activities, Landfill Closure and Post-Closure Care, Federal Arbitrage Rebate (there are no set maturity dates for these liabilities) will be liquidated by the General Fund. Compensated absences (except School Board and most Proprietary Funds) will be liquidated by the General Fund. Internal Service Funds predominately serve the Governmental Funds. Accordingly, long-term liabilities for them are included as part of the above totals for Governmental Activities in Note 6A1. Claims and Judgments are liquidated by the Risk Management Fund.

Interest expense incurred on the above noted debt for the year ended June 30, 2017, was \$54,589,157. Of this amount, \$5,169,045 was capitalized in the Major Enterprise Funds and in the Business-Type Activities.

E. Agricultural Reserve Program

On May 9, 1995, City Council adopted an ordinance establishing the Agricultural Reserve Program ("ARP"). The primary purpose of the ordinance is to promote and encourage the preservation of farmland in the rural southern portion of the City. Through ARP, the City acquires development rights in designated areas within the southern portion of the City through the purchase of agricultural land preservation easements. Landowners who meet certain eligibility criteria may sell an easement to the City while holding fee simple title to the land and continuing to farm. The City acquires these development rights by executing installment purchase agreements with the landowners.

These agreements provide for the payment of the principal balance of the agreement in a single installment due approximately twenty-five years after execution of the agreement. Interest on the unpaid principal balance is payable semi-annually. On May 9, 1995, the City Council originally dedicated a one and one-half cent increase in the real estate tax to finance the program; on May 11, 2004, the City Council reduced this amount to one cent; on May 9, 2006 the City Council reduced the tax rate to nine tenths of one cent; and on May 12, 2015, the City Council reduced this amount to 56 one-hundredths of one cent; and on May 9, 2017, the City Council increased this amount to nine tenths of one cent to preserve property in the Transition Area of the City and other Agricultural Reserve Program costs.

These obligations constitute indebtedness within the meaning of Article VII, Section 10 of the Virginia Constitution and will be general obligations of the City, pledging the full faith and credit and unlimited taxing power of the City. By policy, interest and principal payments will be paid from a dedicated portion of real estate taxes. Principal payments will be made from maturing zero coupon Treasury securities purchased from the dedicated portion of real estate taxes.

As of June 30, 2017, 97 installment purchase agreements totaling 9,584 acres at a total purchase price of \$46,102,662 have been executed.

Annual Debt Service requirements to maturity for Agricultural Reserve Program:

Year Ending June 30	I	Principal		Interest	
2018	\$	-	\$	2,374,569	
2019		-		2,374,569	
2020		-		2,374,569	
2021		-		2,374,569	
2022		2,211,066		2,356,507	
2023-2027		16,238,086		8,124,205	
2028-2032		6,092,414		5,206,975	
2033-2037		14,258,278		2,790,816	
2038-2043		7,302,818		671,991	
Totals	\$	46,102,662	\$	28,648,770	

6. LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

F. Legal Debt Margin

The Legal Debt Margin is a charter requirement which sets the upper limit on the amount of debt Virginia Beach may issue. At June 30, 2017, the legal debt margin was \$4.8 billion. However, the City Council has adopted four affordability polices that restrict the amount of debt below the amount indicated by the "Legal Debt Margin", including a ceiling of \$3,000 debt per capita.

G. Water and Sewer Enterprise Revenue Bonds

Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds are obligations of the City, payable solely from pledged revenues of the System (Water and Sewer Fund), subject to the prior application thereof to the payment of Operating Expenses. The City has pledged future water and sewer revenues, net of specified operating expenses, to repay the following bond issues:

- \$7.2 million in Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds issued in January 1997. The bonds are payable solely from water and sewer customer net revenues and are payable through 2018. At June 30, 2017, the total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$284,771.
- \$5.8 million in Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds issued in August 1998. The bonds are payable solely from water and sewer customer net revenues and are payable through 2019. At June 30, 2017, the total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$878,080.
- \$65 million in Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds issued in June 2010. The bonds are payable solely from water and sewer customer net revenues and are payable through 2036. At June 30, 2017, the total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$88,588,094.
- \$8.4 million in Water and Sewer Refunding Revenue Bonds issued in June 2010. The bonds are payable solely from water and sewer customer net revenues and are payable through 2022. At June 30, 2017, the total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$8,370,500.
- \$24.9 million in Water and Sewer Refunding Revenue Bonds issued in June 2010. The bonds are payable solely from water and sewer customer net revenues and are payable through 2028. At June 30, 2017, the total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$21,394,422.
- \$44.9 million in Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds issued in November 2013. The bonds are payable solely from water and sewer customer net revenues and are payable through 2039. At June 30, 2017, the total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$63,191,300.
- \$46.7 million in Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds issued in June 2017. The bonds are payable solely from water and sewer customer net revenues and are payable through 2042. At June 30, 2017, the total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$69,224,688.
- \$42.9 million in Water and Sewer Refunding Revenue Bonds issued in June 2017. The bonds are payable solely from water and sewer customer net revenues and are payable through 2031. At June 30, 2017, the total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$54,627,638.

The aforementioned Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds were issued for rehabilitation of aging infrastructure, neighborhood improvement projects, system expansion, and roadway and storm water coordination projects adopted in the City's Capital Improvement Program. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the outstanding Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds is \$306,559,493. The City will fix, charge, collect and revise its fees, rates and other charges for the use of and for the services furnished by the system so as to produce revenues sufficient to meet its cash requirements each fiscal year. Furthermore, the City will pursue the goal of debt service coverage on its water and sewer revenue bonds at not less than 1.50 times. At June 30, 2017, the debt service coverage on the water and sewer revenue bonds is 3.5 times. The total principal and interest expense for the current year and total customer operating income (excluding depreciation) were \$16,569,317 and \$57,589,286, respectively.

6. LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

H. Storm Water Revenue Bonds

Storm Water Revenue Bonds are obligations of the City, payable solely from pledged revenues of the System (Storm Water Fund), subject to the prior application thereof to the payment of Operating Expenses. The City has pledged future storm water revenues, net of specified operating expenses, to repay the following bond issues:

- \$20 million in Storm Water Revenue Bonds issued in November 2010. The bonds are payable solely from storm water customer net revenues and are payable through 2036. At June 30, 2017, the total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$26,150,282.
- \$7.4 million in Storm Water Revenue Bonds issued in November 2010. The bonds are payable solely from storm water customer net revenues and are payable through 2025. At June 30, 2017, the total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$5,145,159.
- \$23.5 million in Storm Water Revenue Bonds issued in January 2015. The bonds are payable solely from storm water customer net revenues and are payable through 2040. At June 30, 2017, the total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$31,279,659.

The aforementioned Storm Water Revenue Bonds were issued to address flood control, water quality and capital maintenance adopted in the City's Capital Improvement Program. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the outstanding Storm Water Revenue Bonds is \$62,575,100. The City will fix, charge, collect and revise its fees, rates and other charges for the use of and for the services furnished by the system so as to produce revenues sufficient to meet its cash requirements each fiscal year. Furthermore, the City will pursue the goal of debt service coverage on its storm water revenue bonds at not less than 1.50 times. At June 30, 2017, the debt service coverage on the storm water revenue bonds is 4.2 times. The total principal and interest expense for the current year and total customer operating income (excluding depreciation) were \$3,408,804 and \$14,396,190, respectively.

I. <u>Debt Service Expenditures</u>

General Government City:	Retirement		Charges		Total	
General Obligation Bonds	\$	59,124,860	\$	28,691,607	\$	87,816,467
State Literary Fund Loans		375,000		67,500		442,500
Public Facility Revenue Bonds		23,203,720		12,012,316		35,216,036
Agriculture Reserve Program		-		2,316,354		2,316,354
Bank Charges & Bond Issuance Costs				217,898		217,898
Total Tax Supported Debt Service	\$	82,703,580	\$	43,305,675	\$	126,009,255
						_
	1	Principal*	Inter	rest and Fiscal		
	F	Retirement	Charges			Total
Enterprise Funds:						_
Revenue Bonds	\$	9,512,707	\$	10,427,579	\$	19,940,286
Public Facility Revenue Bonds		6,291,280		3,390,155		9,681,435
Bank Charges & Bond Issuance Costs				37,835		37,835
Total Enterprise Debt Service	\$	15,803,987	\$	13,855,569	\$	29,659,556
	-					
Total Debt Service	\$	98,507,567	\$	57,161,244	\$	155,668,811

Principal*

Interest and Fiscal

^{*} Excludes bonds refunded

6. LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

J. Accrued Compensated Leave

The accrued compensated leave is as follows at June 30, 2017:

	Primary Government						
	Governmental		Bus	siness-Type	Sc	hool Board	
		Activities		Activities		nponent Unit	Total
City - Annual	\$	30,965,097	\$	3,869,166	\$	-	\$ 34,834,263
City - Compensatory		9,216,127		466,929		-	9,683,056
City - Sick		3,237,413		664,250		-	3,901,663
School - Annual		-		-		10,229,141	10,229,141
School - Sick		-		-		8,446,006	8,446,006
School - Personal		-				1,976,814	1,976,814
Total	\$	43,418,637	\$	5,000,345	\$	20,651,961	\$ 69,070,943

K. Authorized But Unissued Bonds

Purpose	June 30, 2017		
Canaral Obligation Dobts			
General Obligation Debt:			
2014 Charter Bonds	\$	15,113,072	
2015 Charter Bonds		61,778,816	
2015 Charter Bonds		70,800,000	
2017 Charter Bonds		69,272,406	
Total General Obligation Debt	\$	216,964,294	
Water and Sewer Debt:			
2013 W & S Revenue Bonds	\$	5,682,666	
2014 W & S Revenue Bonds		27,000,000	
2015 W & S Revenue Bonds		20,000,000	
Total Water and Sewer Debt	\$	52,682,666	
Storm Water Utility Revenue Bonds:			
2013 Storm Water Utility Revenue Bonds	\$	11,748,440	
2014 Storm Water Utility Revenue Bonds		9,000,000	
2015 Storm Water Utility Revenue Bonds		16,656,167	
2015 Storm Water Utility Revenue Bonds		15,977,102	
2017 Storm Water Utility Revenue Bonds		30,143,013	
Total Storm Water Utility Debt	\$	83,524,722	
Total Authorized and Unissued Debt - June 30, 2017	\$	353,171,682	

L. Revenue Covenants

Management believes the City is in compliance with all significant financial covenants contained in the various bond indentures, including those found in the Master Resolution adopted February 1992, as amended and supplemented, for the Water & Sewer Revenue Bonds.

M. Notes Payable - Discretely Presented Component Unit Community Development Corporation

Various mortgage loan agreements and notes payable with interest at 3.25% to 7.1%, collateralized by real property.

\$ 21,310,426

6. LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

N. Compliance

Management believes the City has no violations of finance related legal and contractual provisions.

O. Public Facility Revenue Bonds and Associated VBDA Support Agreements

The Virginia Beach Development Authority (VBDA), a blended component unit of the City, issued Public Facility Revenue Bonds (PFRB), Series 2005B, and 2007A & B, to finance the acquisition of three public parking garages and appurtenant structures for the Town Center Project - Phase II and III. VBDA issued 2014A Public Facility Revenue Bonds and paid \$20.5 million (includes premium) to purchase the Block 11 garage in Town Center Phase V during FY2014. These bonds are limited obligations of the Authority, payable from certain payments to be made by the City pursuant to a Support Agreement dated June 1, 2002, as amended.

The Authority issued Public Facility Revenue Bonds, Series 2010B & C, Series 2012B, 2014B, 2015B, and 2016B to advance refund certain maturities of the previously issued PFRB's series 2002A, 2003A, 2005A, 2007A, 2005B, 2007B and its 1998 Lease Revenue Bonds.

A portion of the Public Facility Revenue Bonds, Series 2003, 2005A, 2007A, 2010A, Series 2012A, and 2014A was used to finance acquisition and construction of various capital improvements in the City of Virginia Beach.

The obligation of the City is subject to annual appropriation by the City Council and therefore, these bonds do not constitute a general obligation debt of the City or a pledge of the full faith and credit of the City. The bonds are limited obligations of the Authority, payable solely from payments made by the City pursuant to a Support Agreement dated September 1, 2003, as supplemented and amended.

7. ASSETS AND OBLIGATIONS UNDER LEASES

Operating Leases Governmental Activities

Social Services Facility

The City is leasing the Social Services Facility through a financing arrangement with the Virginia Beach Development Authority. Under the arrangement, the Authority issued \$9,800,000 in tax-exempt Lease Revenue Bonds to finance the Facility. In June 2012, the remaining balance of the Lease Revenue Bonds for Social Services was refinanced with a public facility revenue bond.

The leasing arrangement allows additional rent of \$50,000 to be paid semi-annually to be placed in a reserve to be used as needed for capital and structural improvements, maintenance and repair of the facility.

8. **DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS**

Custodial credit risk – All cash of the City including the School Board Component Unit (excluding the School Board Activity Funds) is maintained in accounts collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act, Section 2.2-4400 et. seq. of the Code of Virginia or covered by Federal depository insurance.

The City has compensating balance arrangements with two financial institutions. Bank of America provides services to the City while a \$3.5 million balance is maintained in a demand deposit account. A fluctuating checking balance based on monthly investment services is a requirement of Branch Banking & Trust (BB&T).

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure fair value of the assets. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in an active market for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs (the City does not value any of its investments using level 3 inputs).

8. **DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS** (continued)

As of June 30, 2017, the City had the following recurring investments. Except for the investments in the State Non Arbitrage Program (SNAP), Virginia Investment Pool (VIP), and Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP), all investments are in an internal investment pool.

	6/30/2017	Active M Identic	Prices in Markets for eal Assets	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Un	ignificant Other observable Inputs (Level3)	Weighted Awrage Maturities (in months)
Investments at Fair Value:							
Money Market funds	\$ 10,000,000	\$	-	\$ 10,000,000	\$	-	0.02
Commercial Paper	45,857,199		-	45,857,199		-	0.21
U. S. Government Securities	 79,500,000			79,500,000		-	0.12
	\$ 135,357,199	\$	-	\$ 135,357,199	\$	-	
Investments Measured at other than Fair Value:							
Certificates of Deposits	\$ 80,000,000						0.72
State Non Arbitrage Program – SNAP	21,679,965						0.03
State Treasurer's Local Government Pool (LGIP)	405,000,000						0.61
Virginia Investment Pool (VIP)	10,252,249						
Virginia Investment Pool (VIP) - Liquidity Pool	10,064,084						0.02
Total Fair Value	\$ 526,996,298						
Total Investments	\$ 662,353,497						
Portfolio Weighted Average Maturity							0.49

Reconciliation of total deposits and investments to the government-wide financial statements at June 30, 2017:

		S	chool Board	
	Primary	(Component	
	 Government		Unit	Total
Cash and Investments	\$ 401,681,643	\$	137,931,396	\$ 539,613,039
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	466,686,683		-	466,686,683
Fiduciary Funds	 359,776		18,157,437	18,517,213
Total	\$ 868,728,102	\$	156,088,833	\$ 1,024,816,935
Less: Cash on Deposit				(362,463,438)
Total Market Value of Investments at June 30, 2017				\$ 662,353,497

The City has investments in U. S. Government securities valued at \$79.5 million (Level 2 inputs). These investments are classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy and are valued using matrix pricing techniques maintained by various pricing vendors. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices. Fair value is defined as the quoted market value on the last trading day of the period. These prices are obtained from various pricing sources by our custodian bank.

Investments in Money Market Funds (Level 2 inputs) and Commercial Paper (Level 2 inputs) are classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy and are valued in accordance with pricing sources by our custodian bank.

The remaining investments, measured in accordance with existing GASB standards and at amortized costs, totaled \$526,996,298 at June 30, 2017. Investments within the SNAP Investment Pool are held there to meet the debt service reserve requirements of the bond covenants and therefore cannot be withdrawn for any other purpose. Investments within the Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) have no restrictions on withdrawals and can be obtained upon demand. Investments in the Virginia Investment Pool (VIP) fall within two primary funds, 1-3 Year High Quality Bond Fund and Stable NAV Liquidity Pool. The 1-3 High Quality Bond Fund redemptions are available twice a month and participants are required to provide 5 days' notice. Redemptions greater than \$5 million are requested to be submitted 60 days in advance and if the redemption is greater than 10% of the portfolio's net asset value without the 60 days' notice, the redemption can be executed over time. The Stable NAV Liquidity Pool has no restrictions on withdrawals and funds are available the same day.

8. **<u>DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS</u>** (continued)

Interest Rate Risk:

As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value loses arising from rising interest rates, the City's investment policy limits maximum final stated maturities of investments to five years. In addition, the City will structure the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements and by investing operating funds primarily in shorter-term securities.

Investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustees are governed by provisions of the debt agreements. Reverse and escrow funds may be invested in securities exceeding five years to maturity if the maturities of such investments are made to coincide as nearly as practicable with the expected use of the funds.

The City assumes all investments will be held until maturity or until called at their par value. However, an investment may be sold at an earlier date to meet certain obligations or if the investment's credit quality drops. This makes the City's investments sensitive to market rate fluctuations. To mitigate the impact of market rate fluctuations, the City maintains enough liquidity to meet its short-term needs with a smaller portion invested in long-term government-sponsored organizations and high-quality corporate notes.

Credit Risk:

Credit risk is the risk an investor is subject to as a result of the credit quality of investments in debt securities. Statutes as well as the City's investment policy authorize the City to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof; the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof; obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank); the Asian Development Bank; the African Development Bank; commercial paper rated A-1 by Standard & Poor's Corporation or P-1 by Moody's Commercial Paper Record; bankers' acceptance instruments; repurchase agreements which are collateralized with securities approved for direct investment; State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP); and corporate notes with at least a rating of Aa by Moody's or AA by Standard and Poor's.

The LGIP is an externally managed investment pool that is not registered with the Securities Exchange Commission but is managed as a "2a-7 like pool". Pursuant to the Code of Virginia, the Treasury Board of the Commonwealth sponsors the LGIP and has delegated certain functions to the State Treasurer. The LGIP reports to the Treasury Board at their regularly scheduled monthly meetings. The LGIP values portfolio securities by the amortized cost method and on a monthly basis this valuation is compared to current market to monitor any variance. The fair value of the City's position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares.

Custodial Credit Risks Investments – For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of a failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City requires that all investments be clearly marked as to ownership and to the extent possible, be registered in the name of the City. In addition, the City pre-qualifies the financial institutions, brokers/dealers, intermediaries and advisors with which the City will do business.

The City's rated debt investments as of June 30, 2017 were rated by Standard & Poor's and Moody's and/or an equivalent national rating organization and the ratings are presented below using the respective rating scale from both agencies.

	<u>AAA</u>	A	1/P1/F1+
State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP)	\$ 405,000,000	\$	-
U. S. Government Securities	79,500,000		-
State Non Arbitrage Program (SNAP)	21.679.965		_

Concentration of Credit Risk: Concentration of credit risk represents the risk of investments in any one issue that represents five percent or more of investments. The City's investment policy limits the amount it can invest in commercial paper and bankers' acceptance instruments. By policy, investments in commercial paper are limited to 35% of the total available for investment, and not more than 5% of the total available for investment can be invested in any one issuing corporation. Bankers' acceptance instruments shall not exceed 50% of the total investment portfolio's book value on the date of acquisition.

8. **DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS** (continued)

At June 30, 2017, investments in bankers' acceptance instruments and U.S. Government Securities are recorded at fair value. All other investments are reported utilizing amortized cost due to maturity dates less than one year. The fair valuing of bankers' acceptance instruments and U.S. Government Securities at June 30, 2017 resulted in a net increase of \$701,048.

All City and School Board Funds participate in a centralized cash and investment pool. Interest earnings on investments are allocated to the appropriate funds based upon the average monthly cash balance of each fund. As of June 30, 2017 \$939 in interest income from investments associated with one fund was assigned to another fund.

9. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

A. Litigation

The City is a named defendant in litigation filed by parties concerning alleged personal injuries, property damage, and other causes of action. The City is vigorously defending all cases and expects no losses will be incurred which would have a material effect on the City's financial position.

B. Intergovernmental Grants, Entitlements, and Shared Revenues

The City participates in a number of federal and state grants, entitlements, and shared revenues programs. These programs are subject to program compliance audits by the applicable federal or state agency or their representatives.

Furthermore, the U.S. Congress passed legislation called the "Single Audit Act Amendment of 1996" which required most governmental recipients of federal assistance to have an annual independent organization-wide financial and compliance audit. The results thereof are incorporated in this report. The amounts, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by these audits cannot be determined at this time although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

C. City Manager Employment Contract

On January 26, 2016 City Council appointed David L. Hansen as City Manager for the City. Mr. Hansen's contract is for the period January 26, 2016 to January 31, 2018.

D. Salaries Payable

The outstanding School Board Component Unit Funds' amount represents salaries due (2 months) to school teachers who have opted to be paid over a twelve-month period, and to substitute and supplemental school personnel.

E. Landfill Closure and Environmental Trust Fund Claims

On August 8, 1984, the City entered into two agreements with Southeastern Public Service Authority of Virginia (SPSA). Under the first agreement, which continues until January 2018, the City agreed to use SPSA's solid waste disposal system to dispose of solid waste generated within and collected by the City. For this service, the City agreed to pay tipping fees to SPSA.

Under the second agreement, which expired December 31, 2015, the City agreed to accept at its sanitary landfill ash and process residue generated by SPSA's refuse derived fuel processing plant. For these disposal services, SPSA agreed to pay the City the reasonable costs incurred in operating the landfill, including all operating costs as well as capital expenditures relative to regulatory compliance. Federal and State laws and regulations require that a final cover be placed on the landfill site when it stops accepting waste and to perform maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for 30 years after closure.

The total remaining capacity as of the end of Calendar Year 2016 of the developed cells at the landfill is 1.84 million tons. Future development will increase the total landfill capacity to 5.4 million tons. The City used 3.597 million tons prior to the date of the agreements (August 1984). Total usage to date has been estimated at 8.2 million tons. Estimated remaining life of the landfill is 24 years.

9. **COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES** (continued)

E. Landfill Closure and Environmental Trust Fund Claims (continued)

To date, approximately 80 percent of the developed landfill has been used. Based on a 2012 study, the present value of the estimated cost for both closure and post-closure care is \$25,874,700, an amount based on landfill capacity used to date. Until another cell of the landfill is opened, no additional estimated closure and post-closure care costs will be recognized, except for the effects of inflation, changes in estimates, changes in technology or changes in laws or regulations. This amount is reflected in the government-wide financial statements.

These estimates are subject to adjustment for inflation and to account for any changes in landfill conditions, regulatory requirements, technologies, or cost estimates. The City is required by law to submit a worksheet that demonstrates the ability to fund landfill closure and post-closure care costs.

The Environmental Trust Funds were established through agreements between the City, Suffolk and SPSA which include the Suffolk Environmental Trust fund and the Virginia Beach Environmental Trust Fund. The purpose of these accounts are to provide for all costs relating to legal suits and other similar claim activity relating to environmental pollution that are made against the Regional Landfill and the Virginia Beach Landfill during a 30-year period after cessation of each landfill's operation. The City's proportionate share of the funds, held by SPSA, total \$289,908 as of June 30, 2017.

F. Water Services Contract

The City and Norfolk have entered into a Water Services Contract effective July 1, 1993 expiring in the year 2030. The Services Contract establishes engineering, water quality, and operational standards for Norfolk to receive, convey, treat, and deliver Lake Gaston water to the City. Norfolk is required to reset rates every two years based upon a cost of services study performed by an independent consulting firm that compares projected versus actual water expenses. On a biennial basis an adjustment is made based upon the actual costs incurred in the previous two years.

G. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, the recording of purchase orders, contracts, and other monetary commitments in order to reserve an applicable portion of an appropriation is used as an extension of formal budgetary control by the City. At June 30, 2017 the City had outstanding encumbrances as follows:

General Fund	
General Government	\$ 1,490,885
Computer Replacement Program	1,101,765
Cultural Activities	227,042
Information Technology	1,359,293
Planning	343,158
Sandler Center for the Performing Arts	1,690,061
Police	430,970
Public Works	2,490,116
Parks and Recreation	390,505
Vehicle Replacement	 665,027
Total General Fund	\$ 10,188,822
Capital Projects Fund	
Engineering and Highways	\$ 74,899,311
Buildings	34,595,587
Parks and Recreation	4,964,798
Coastal	1,100,809
Economic and Tourism	 45,481,642
Total Capital Projects Fund	\$ 161,042,147
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	 2,091,163
Total	\$ 173,322,132

10. TAX ABATEMENTS

	T		
Virginia Beach Tax Abatement Disclosure as	Progra	ms Administered by City of Virginia	a Beach
required by Statement			
No. 77 of the	Tourism Development Financing Program		
Governmental	(TDFP)	Business License Incentive Program (BPOL)	Yes Oceana APZ-1 Incentives
Accounting Standards	Cavalier		
1) Purpose of Program	Provides incentive payment annually of "but for" project revenues after a project is operational and has paid sales taxes. This annual incentive payment is to assist in closing a financing gap between debt and equity a developer currently has and the total financing required by a tourism project.	Incentive program providing partial tax exemption for new businesses, and will foster business development and encourage entrepreneurialism.	Developed to meet the requirements of the Base Realignment and Closure (BRAC) Commission to protect our citizens and keep the Navy's East Coast master jet base, Naval Air Station (NAS) Oceana, in Virginia Beach. Consists of zoning ordinances and incentives to foster the conversion of nonconforming businesses in APZ-1 into conforming ones and relocating ones that cannot be converted to another part of Virginia Beach.
2) Tax being abated.	1% local sales tax	Business License Tax	Real Estate Tax; Business License Tax and Fees
3) Authority under which abatement agreements are entered into.	VA Code 58.1-3851.1 City Code Chapter 35.4	City Code Chapter 18.202-208	VA Code 58.1-3220.1 and 58.1-3221 Ord. No. 2786, 9-23-03; Ord. No. 2932, 3-28- 06 VB Code 35-72.1, 35.2-11
4) Criteria to be eligible to receive abatement.	Capital investment greater than \$30 million and taxable sales greater than \$1 million annually. Compensates for a shortfall in project funding, not to exceed 30% of a qualified project's total cost.	A qualifying business that locates in the City of Virginia Beach for the first time and anticipates gross receipts greater than \$100K.	The assessed value after the rehabilitation, renovation, or replacement of the structure shall be at least 20% greater than the base assessed value; for commercial or industrial use; consistent with the City's Comprehensive Plan and Zoning Ordinances; result in conversion of a nonconforming use to a conforming use.
5) How recipients' taxes are reduced.	Through sales tax rebate/incentive payment based on generated sales.	Pay maximum license fee of \$50 for the first 2 calendar years.	Credit on tax bill, rebate, and reimbursements of fees. All last 15 years.
6) How amount of abatement is determined.	1) 1% of local sales tax generated on-premise is paid to developer by the City as an incentive payment - total of \$8.17M 2) 1% of state sales tax generated on-premise is paid to developer by the State as an incentive payment - total of \$8.17M 3)1% developer access fee that is paid to the state is provided to the developer as an incentive payment - total of \$8.17M	Business License Tax reduced to \$50.	The difference between the taxes computed upon the base value and the initial rehabilitated assessed value of the property for each year of the partial exemption from real estate taxes; credit shall not increase. 90% of business license taxes imposed by Chapter 18.
7) Provisions for recapturing abated taxes.	N/A	N/A	N/A
8) Types of commitments made by the City other than to reduce taxes.	1) Economic Development Investment Program Grant - \$8.2M (FY14) 2) Green Space/Historic Preservation Easement - \$2.37M (FY14) 3) Cavalier Drive Improvements - \$2.45M (FY14 and FY17) 4) Annual Grants based on increased Real Estate Tax Revenues - capped at \$5M it total; not yet paid	Eligible for Economic Development Investment Program Grant: FY17 - \$250,097 FY16 - \$185,059	Eligible for Economic Development Investment Program Grant: FY17 - \$109,517 FY16 - \$144,100
9) Gross dollar amount, on accrual basis, by which the City's tax revenues were reduced as a result of abatement agreement.	Project is not yet operational so no real estate tax	FY17 - \$541,215 FY16 - \$489,874	Business License Tax: FY17 - \$50,320 FY16 - \$61,460 No Real Estate Taxes have been credited to-date

10. TAX ABATEMENTS (continued)

Virginia Beach Tax Abatement Disclosure as required by Statement	Prograi	ms Administered by City of Virginia	a Beach					
No. 77 of the Governmental	ViBE Creative District Public Private Partnerships							
Accounting Standards		Field House	25th Street Parking Garage and iFLY					
1) Purpose of Program	To attract creative industries to the City, new establishments at which creative activities area carried on, establish framework for broadening economic development through creative endeavors, and to encourage creative activities at existing venues.	The Virginia Beach Field House is a 175,000 sf Indoor Multipurpose Field House Venue opened in September 2010. It is located in the Princess Anne Athletic Complex filling a need for recreational facilities. Eastern Sports Management operates the facility. Private investment was \$15.7 million and included a ground lease from the City (percentage rent of 5% for annual sales over \$5.5 million).	The City partnered with a private company to develop a unique tourism amenity to provide public parking in the resort area. The project includes a public garage, and privately owned entertainment facility and apartments. The project is aligned with Council's Resort Strategic Action Plan (2008) for year-round entertainment, a year-round residential development/presence, and public parking. The Venue opened in 2016 and had private investment of \$21.66 million.					
2) Tax being abated.	Real Estate Tax; Business License Tax and Fees	Real Estate Tax	Admissions Tax					
3) Authority under which abatement agreements are entered into.	VB Code Section 9-1. through 9-9. Ord. No. 3402	Development Agreement approved by City Council	Virginia Public-Private Education Facilities and Infrastructure Act of 2002					
4) Criteria to be eligible to receive abatement.	Being a qualifying organization including one that is intended for unique production of works created by artists, a museum, theater, entity engaged in architecture, culinary arts, design, film, publishing, and software development, etc.; and shall be physically located within a Creative District designated by the City Council.	The project's comprehensive agreement was approved by City Council February 2010.	The project's comprehensive agreement was approved by City Council February 2013.					
5) How recipients' taxes are reduced.	Credit on bill for real estate tax. Through reimbursement of business, professional, and occupational license taxes. Reimbursement of fees.	Company receives a rebate/incentive payment.	Company receives a rebate/incentive payment.					
6) How amount of abatement is determined.	Real estate credit is amount equal to the greater of initial increase in assessed value of the structure above its base value resulting from the rehabilitation of the structure or an amount equal to fifty percent of the qualifying costs of rehabilitating the structure, for 10 years. Entitled to reimbursement for up to 10 years of BPOL taxes. Total reimbursement of fees if qualified.	100 % of annual real estate taxes, paid to the city are rebated back as an incentive payment "but for revenues" for the first 10 years.	- I					
7) Provisions for recapturing abated taxes.	N/A	N/A	N/A					
8) Types of commitments made by the City other than to reduce taxes.	Eligible for Economic Development Investment Program Grant	N/A	The City sold the 25th Street parking lot to the developer for \$7.65 million. After the developer built 147 apartment units, 2,500 square feet of retail space, "iFly" entertainment facility, and a 565-space garage, the City purchased the parking garage for \$7.65 million. Also, the City contributed approximately \$250,000 towards landscaping and \$586,000 for streetscape improvements.					
9) Gross dollar amount, on accrual basis, by which the City's tax revenues were reduced as a result of abatement agreement.	There is currently only one qualifying establishment under this program and due to Virginia Law this amount cannot be disclosed, therefor it is included with the amount in APZ-1.	FY17 - \$145,643 FY16 - \$153,112	FY17 - \$85,839 FY16 - \$98,345					

11. INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSACTIONS, FUND RESULTS AND RECONCILIATIONS

A. Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2017 were made up of the following:

Transfer To:	General Fund		Nonmajor Governmental		I	onmajor Parking nterprise	Total
General Fund	\$	-	\$	20,160,315	\$	-	\$ 20,160,315
Capital Projects Fund	26,	940,842		20,412,622		850,000	48,203,464
Storm Water Fund	1,	310,000		29,873		-	1,339,873
Waste Management	10,	062,505		-		-	10,062,505
Nonmajor Governmental	82,	591,949		2,745,569		104,697	85,442,215
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds		4,429		37,250		-	41,679
Internal Service Funds	1,	800,000		-			 1,800,000
Total	\$ 122,	709,725	\$	43,385,629	\$	954,697	\$ 167,050,051

Purpose:

Transfers From General Fund:

\$ 26,940,842	Capital Projects Fund: Funding for Pay-As-You-Go Capital Projects Fund.
1,310,000	Stormwater Fund: Funding for support of Capital Projects.
10,062,505	Waste Management Fund: Funding for support of Waste Management with loss of SPSA.
82,591,949	Nonmajor Governmental Funds: Funding for Special Revenue programs and Debt Fund.
4,429	Nonmajor Enterprise Fund: Funding for Parking support.
1,800,000	Internal Service Funds: For Risk Management support.

Transfers From Nonmajor Governmental Funds:

\$ 20,160,315	General Fund: Special Revenue Funds, primarily surplus funds from Sandbridge TIF and Multimodal.
20,412,622	Capital Projects Fund: Funding for Pay-As-You Go capital projects.
29,873	Storm Water Fund: Funding for support of Storm Water operations.
2,745,569	Nonmajor Governmental Funds: Funding for support of existing programs
37,250	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds: Funding for Parking support.

Transfer From Nonmajor Enterprise Fund:

\$ 850,000	Capital Project Funds: Economic and Tourism.
104.697	Nonmajor Governmental Funds: Funding for support of existing programs.

B. Net Position Deficit

The following Primary Government fund has a deficit balance in equity at June 30, 2017:

Proprietary Funds:	
Risk Management Fund	\$ 22,232,614
City Garage	\$ 52,648
School Site Landscaping	\$ 613 008

The deficit in the Risk Management Fund represents the actuarially estimated liability for future claims. The rate structure for the Risk Management Fund is continually being evaluated for adjustments thereto.

The deficit in the City Garage and School Site Landscaping Funds are a result of the recognition of their share of June 30, 2017 Pension Liability. The respective rate structure will be evaluated for future adjustments.

11. INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSACTIONS, FUND RESULTS AND RECONCILIATIONS (continued)

C. Accounting Changes, Restatements and Fund Combinations

The City adopted GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Plans other than Pension Plans for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. Implementation of GASB 74 required the reporting of Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) that are administered through Trusts. Prior to this implementation the City was reporting the total Assets and Liabilities for both the City and School Board's OPEB trust funds. To ensure transparency in reporting both the City and School Board will be reporting their respective information separately necessitating the restatement of prior period net position for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016.

12. RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Primary Government Self-Insurance Program

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City is also exposed to the risk of loss for employee medical benefits. These benefits are accounted for in the School Health Insurance Internal Service Fund. This fund accounts for and finances this joint self-insured program between the City and the School Board. During Fiscal Year 1973, the City established a Risk Management Fund (an internal service Fund) to account for and finance its uninsured risks of loss. Under this program, the Risk Management Fund provides coverage for up to a maximum of \$1,250,000 for each workers' compensation claim, \$2,000,000 for each general and auto liability claim, \$50,000 for each fire and property claim, and \$2,000,000 for each public officials (errors and omissions) claim. The insurance coverage for each major category of risk is the same as those reported in the prior fiscal year. There have not been any reductions in commercial insurance coverage from the prior year and the amount of settlements applied against this coverage in each of the past three years did not exceed the commercial insurance. The City has \$10 million of excess insurance coverage per claim and \$20 million aggregate.

All funds of the City participate in the program (except for School Board Component Unit Funds) and make payments to the Risk Management Fund based on normal underwriting criteria and each agency's loss experience. The City uses an actuary to aid in the determination of self-insurance liabilities.

The estimated claims and judgments liability of \$37,732,500 reported in the Fund at June 30, 2017 is based on the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 10, which requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. The City prepares a biannual update of the actuarial liability and believes the estimates contained in its latest actuarial analysis, dated June 30, 2017, substantially reflects estimated claims and judgments for the period ending June 30, 2017.

	I	Beginning	Clair	ns & Changes		Claims]	Balance at
		Liability	iı	n Estimates]	Payments		Year-End
2015-2016	\$	30,857,594	\$	11,519,552	\$	11,276,936	\$	31,100,210
2016-2017	\$	31,100,210	\$	18,305,526	\$	11,673,236	\$	37,732,500

B. School Board Self-Insurance Program

The School Board is self-insured for a portion of its risks. This self-insurance coverage for Fire and Property Insurance is \$100,000 per occurrence and 1% of the total insured value of the damaged covered property when such loss or damage results from a named storm (minimum deductible - \$250,000 per occurrence); Boiler and Machinery is \$10,000 per occurrence; School Leaders Liability (errors and omissions) is \$350,000 per occurrence; Student Professional & International Travel Liability coverage is \$2,250,000 per claim; Crime (Employee Dishonesty) coverage is \$1,000 per occurrence; Environmental Impairment and Cyber Liability coverage has a \$1,000,000 limit per occurrence; General Liability and Wrongful Act coverage is \$350,000 per occurrence; Automobile Liability coverage (engine on) is \$450,000 per occurrence; Automobile Physical Damage coverage (engine off) is \$60,000 per occurrence; General and Automobile

12. **RISK MANAGEMENT** (continued)

B. School Board Self-Insurance Program (continued)

Liability has a \$4,000,000 excess limit per occurrence; and Workers' Compensation Excess coverage is \$850,000 per claim.

Commercial insurance is purchased to cover the amount in excess of the above self-insured levels for specific losses. When economically feasible, commercial insurance is purchased to cover certain exposures completely. The amount of settlements did not exceed insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years. The insurance coverage is substantially the same as in prior fiscal years.

Claims processing and payments for all insurance claims are made through commercial carriers and third-party administrators. The School Board uses the information provided by the third-party administrators to aid in the determination of self-insurance liabilities. The computed liability as of June 30, 2017 is \$7,367,000 (undiscounted) as follows:

	Be	ginning -of	Cu	rrent-Year			В	alance at
Fiscal	F	iscal-Year	Clain	s & Changes		Claims		Fiscal
Year		Liability	in	Estimates	F	Payments	7	Year-End
2015-2016	\$	8,590,000	\$	5,052,000	\$	6,088,000	\$	7,554,000
2016-2017	\$	7,554,000	\$	5,837,000	\$	6,024,000	\$	7,367,000

Effective January 1, 2000, the School Board established a self-insured health care benefits program for all School Board and City employees. Certain claims expenses paid on behalf of each employee during a single policy year are covered by excess loss insurance with a specific stop-loss limit of \$600,000. The amount of settlements did not exceed insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years. Claims processing and payments for all health care claims are made through third-party administrators. The School Board uses the information provided by the third-party administrators and a health care benefits consultant to aid in the determination of self-insurance liabilities. The computed liability as of June 30, 2017 is \$7,324,000 (undiscounted), as follows:

Fiscal	F	iscal-Year	Clair	ms & Changes	Claims		Fiscal
Year		Liability	i	n Estimates	 Payments	,	Year-End
2015-2016	\$	8,528,000	\$	132,638,000	\$ 133,627,000	\$	7,539,000
2016-2017	\$	7,539,000	\$	132,594,000	\$ 132,809,000	\$	7,324,000

C. Surety Bonds

All City employees, including employees of elected constitutional officers (Commissioner of the Revenue, Treasurer, Commonwealth's Attorney, Sheriff, Clerk of the Circuit Court), are bonded in favor of the City in the amount of \$1,000,000. This bond is written by the Travelers Insurance Company.

The Commonwealth of Virginia has secured a blanket bond for the City Treasurer and Finance Director (\$1,600,000) Commissioner of Revenue (\$3,000) and the Sheriff (\$30,000) which covers the bonds required by law or contract for the position they hold. The bond is written by Travelers Casualty and Surety Company of America.

The Commonwealth of Virginia also provides coverage through the "Faithful Performance of Duty Bond Plan" in the amount of \$500,000 for the constitutional officers. This does take the place of a separate bond required by law or contract.

All School Board employees are covered by a faithful performance bond in the amount of \$100,000 to protect the School Board in the event of fraudulent acts.

13. RETIREMENT

A. Virginia Retirement System

Plan Description

Name of Plan: Virginia Retirement System (VRS)

Identification of Plan: Agent and Cost-Sharing, Multiple Employer Pension Plan

Administering Entity: Virginia Retirement System (System)

Plan Description

The City and School Board Nonprofessional (non-teacher) are a separate cost-sharing pool within VRS, and makes contributions based on rates set by VRS's actuarial calculations of the annual required contributions. All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the City and School Board are automatically covered by VRS Retirement Plan upon employment. This plan is administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer are pay contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria a defined in the *Code of Virginia*, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service.

Within the VRS Plan, the System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees – Plan 1, Plan 2, and, Hybrid. Each of these benefit structures has a different eligibility criteria. The specific information for each plan and the eligibility for covered groups within each plan are set out in the table below:

13. **RETIREMENT** (continued)

PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
About Plan 1: Plan 1 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. Employees are eligible for Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of January 1, 2013.	About Plan 2: Plan 2 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. Employees are eligible for Plan 2 if their membership date is on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013.	About the Hybrid Retirement Plan: The Hybrid Retirement Plan combines the features of a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Most members hired on or after January 1, 2014 are in this plan, as well as Plan 1 and Plan 2 members who were eligible and opted into the plan during a special election window. (see "Eligible Members") • The defined benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. • The benefit from the defined contribution component of the plan depends on the member and employer contributions made to the plan and the investment performance of those contributions. • In addition to the monthly benefit payment payable from the defined benefit plan at retirement, a member may start receiving distributions from the balance in the defined contribution account, reflecting the contributions, investment gains or losses, and any required fees.
Eligible Members: Employees are in Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of January 1, 2013.	Eligible Members: Employees are in Plan 2 if their membership date is on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013.	Eligible Members: Employees are in the Hybrid Retirement Plan if their membership date is on or after January 1, 2014. This includes: • Political subdivision employees* • Members in Plan 1 or Plan 2 who elected to opt into the plan during the election window held January 1-April 30, 2014; the plan's effective date for opt-in members was July 1, 2014.

13. RETIREMENT (continued)

A. Virginia Retirement System (continued)

Hybrid Opt-In Election:

VRS non-hazardous duty covered Plan 1 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014.

The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible Plan 1 members who opted in was July 1, 2014.

If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan.

Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and had prior service under Plan 1 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as Plan 1 or ORP.

Hybrid Opt-In Election:

Eligible Plan 2 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014.

The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible Plan 2 members who opted in was July 1, 2014.

If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan.

Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and have prior service under Plan 2 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as Plan 2 or ORP.

*Non-Eligible Members:

Some employees are not eligible to participate in the Hybrid Retirement Plan. They include:

• Political subdivision employees who are covered by enhanced benefits for hazardous duty employees.

Those employees eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) must elect the ORP plan or the Hybrid Retirement Plan. If these members have prior service under Plan 1 or Plan 2, they are not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and must select Plan 1 or Plan 2 (as applicable) or ORP.

Retirement Contributions:

Employees contribute 5% of their compensation each month to their member contribution account through a pre-tax salary reduction. Some political subdivisions elected to phase in the required 5% member contribution but all employees will be paying the full 5% by July 1, 2016. Member contributions are tax-deferred until they are withdrawn as part of a retirement benefit or as a refund. The employer makes a separate actuarially determined contribution to VRS for all covered employees. VRS invests both member and employer contributions to provide funding for the future benefit payment.

Retirement Contributions:

Employees contribute 5% of their compensation each month to their member contribution account through a pre-tax salary reduction. Some political subdivisions elected to phase in the required 5% member contribution but all employees will be paying the full 5% by July 1, 2016.

Retirement Contributions:

A member's retirement benefit is funded through mandatory and voluntary contributions made by the member and the employer to both the defined benefit and the defined contribution components of the plan. Mandatory contributions are based on a percentage of the employee's creditable compensation and are required from both the member and the employer. Additionally, members may choose to make voluntary contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, and the employer is required to match those voluntary contributions according to specified percentages.

13. RETIREMENT (continued)

A. Virginia Retirement System (continued)

Creditable Service:

Creditable service includes active service. Members earn creditable service for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional creditable service the member was granted. A member's total creditable service is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit.

Creditable Service:

Same as Plan 1.

Creditable Service <u>Defined Benefit Component:</u>

Under the defined benefit component of the plan, creditable service includes active service. Members earn creditable service for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional creditable service the member was granted. A member's total creditable service is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit.

<u>Defined Contributions</u> <u>Component:</u>

Under the defined contribution component, creditable service is used to determine vesting for the employer contribution portion of the plan.

Vesting:

Vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members become vested when they have at least five years (60 months) of creditable service. Vesting means members are eligible to qualify for retirement if they meet the age and service requirements for their plan. Members also must be vested to receive a full refund of their member contribution account balance if they leave employment and request a refund. Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make.

Vesting:

Same as Plan 1.

Vesting Defined Benefit Component:

Defined benefit vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members are vested under the defined benefit component of the Hybrid Retirement Plan when they reach five years (60 months) of creditable service. Plan 1 or Plan 2 members with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan remain vested in the defined benefit component.

13. **RETIREMENT** (continued)

		Defined Contributions Component: Defined contribution vesting refers to the minimum length of service a member needs to be eligible to withdraw the employer contributions from the defined contribution component of the plan. Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make. Upon retirement or leaving covered employment, a member is eligible to withdraw a percentage of employer contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, based on service. • After two years, a member is 50% vested and may withdraw 50% of employer contributions. • After three years, a member is 75% vested and may withdraw 75% of employer contributions. • After four or more years, a member is 100% vested and may withdraw 100% of employer contributions. Distribution is not required by law until age 70½.
Calculating the Benefit: The Basic Benefit is calculated based on a formula using the member's average final compensation, a retirement multiplier and total service credit at retirement. It is one of the benefit payout options available to a member at retirement.	Calculating the Benefit: See definition under Plan 1.	Calculating the Benefit <u>Defined</u> Benefit Component: See definition under Plan 1.

13. **RETIREMENT** (continued)

An early retirement reduction factor is applied to the Basic Benefit if the member retires with a reduced retirement benefit or selects a benefit payout option other than the Basic Benefit.		Defined Contribution Component: The benefit is based on contributions made by the member and any matching contributions made by the employer, plus net investment earnings on those contributions.
Average Final Compensation: A member's average final compensation is the average of the 36 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.	Average Final Compensation: A member's average final compensation is the average of their 60 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.	Average Final Compensation: Same as Plan 2. It is used in the retirement formula for the defined benefit component of the plan.
Service Retirement Multiplier VRS: The retirement multiplier is a factor used in the formula to determine a final retirement benefit. The retirement multiplier for non-hazardous duty members is 1.70%.	Service Retirement Multiplier VRS: Same as Plan 1 for service earned, purchased or granted prior to January 1, 2013. For non-hazardous duty members the retirement multiplier is 1.65% for creditable service earned, purchased or granted on or after January 1, 2013.	Service Retirement Multiplier <u>Defined Benefit Component:</u> VRS: The retirement multiplier for the defined benefit component is 1.00%. For members who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan from Plan 1 or Plan 2, the applicable multipliers for those plans will be used to calculate the retirement benefit for service credited in those plans.
Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: The retirement multiplier for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.85%.	Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: Same as Plan 1.	Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: Not applicable.
Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: The retirement multiplier of eligible political subdivision hazardous duty employees other than sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.70% or 1.85% as elected by the employer.	Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: Not applicable. Defined Contribution Component: Not applicable.

13. **RETIREMENT** (continued)

Normal Retirement Age VRS: Age 65.	Normal Retirement Age VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age.	Normal Retirement Age Defined Benefit Component: VRS: Same as Plan 2.
Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Age 60.	Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable. Defined Contribution Component: Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.
Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Age 65 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or at age 50 with at least 30 years of creditable service.	Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or when their age and service equal 90.	Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility Defined Benefit Component: VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age and have at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or when their age and service equal 90.
Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Age 60 with at least five years of creditable service or age 50 with at least 25 years of creditable service.	Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable.
		Defined Contribution Component: Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.

13. **RETIREMENT** (continued)

Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Age 55 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or age 50 with at least 10 years of creditable service.	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service.	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility Defined Benefit Component: VRS: Age Members may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service.
Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: 50 with at least five years of creditable service.	Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable.
		Defined Contribution Component: Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.
Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement: The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 3% increase in the Consumer Price Index for all Urban Consumers (CPI-U) and half of any additional increase (up to 4%) up to a maximum COLA of 5%.	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement: The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 2% increase in the CPI-U and half of any additional increase (up to 2%), for a maximum COLA of 3%.	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement Defined Benefit Component: Same as Plan 2. Defined Contribution Component: Not applicable.
Eligibility: For members who retire with an unreduced benefit or with a reduced benefit with at least 20 years of creditable service, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one full calendar year from the retirement date.	Eligibility: Same as Plan 1.	Eligibility: Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2.
For members who retire with a reduced benefit and who have less than 20 years of creditable service, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one calendar year following the unreduced retirement eligibility date.		

13. RETIREMENT (continued)

A. Virginia Retirement System (continued)

Exceptions	to	COLA	Effective
Dates:			

The COLA is effective July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) under any of the following circumstances:

- The member is within five years of qualifying for an unreduced retirement benefit as of January 1, 2013.
 - The member retires on disability.
- The member retires directly from short-term or long-term disability under the Virginia Sickness and Disability Program (VSDP).
- The member is involuntarily separated from employment for causes other than job performance or misconduct and is eligible to retire under the Workforce Transition Act or the Transitional Benefits Program.
- The member dies in service and the member's survivor or beneficiary is eligible for a monthly death-in-service benefit. The COLA will go into effect on July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) from the date the monthly benefit begins.

Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates:

Same as Plan 1.

Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates:

Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2.

Disability Coverage:

Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.7% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted.

VSDP members are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-workrelated disability benefits.

Disability Coverage:

Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.65% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted.

VSDP members are subject to a oneyear waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work related disability benefits.

Disability Coverage:

Employees of political subdivisions (including Plan 1 and Plan2 opt-ins) participate in the Virginia Local Disability Program (VL governing body provides and employer-paid comparable program for its members.

Hybrid members (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 opt-ins) covered under VLDP are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work-related disability benefits.

13. RETIREMENT (continued)

A. Virginia Retirement System (continued)

Purchase of Prior Service:

Members may be eligible to purchase service from previous public employment, active duty military service, an eligible period of leave or VRS refunded service as creditable service in their plan. Prior creditable service counts toward vesting, eligibility for retirement and the health insurance credit. Only active members are eligible to purchase prior service. When buying service, members must purchase their most recent period of service first. Members also may be eligible to purchase periods of leave without pay.

Purchase of Prior Service:

Same as Plan 1.

Purchase of Prior Service Defined Benefit Component:

Same as Plan 1, with the following exceptions:

- Hybrid Retirement Plan members are ineligible for ported service.
- The cost for purchasing refunded service is the higher of 4% of creditable compensation or average final compensation.
- Plan members have one year from their date of hire or return from leave to purchase all but refunded prior service at approximate normal cost. After that one year period, the rate for most categories of service will change to actuarial cost.

Defined Contribution

Component:

Not applicable.

The System issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplemental information for VRS. A copy of the most recent report may be obtained from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/pdf/publications/2016-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500 Richmond, VA., 23218-2500.

13. RETIREMENT (continued)

A. Virginia Retirement System (continued)

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2015 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the pension plan:

	Number
Inactive Members or Their Beneficiaries	
Currently Receiving Benefits	3,482
Inactive Members:	
Vested	803
Non-Vested	1,074
Active Elsewhere in VRS	780
Total Inactive Members	2,657
Active Members	5,920
Total	12,059

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the *Code of Virginia*, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. Prior to July 1, 2012, all or part of the 5.00% member contribution may have been assumed by the employer. Beginning July 1, 2012 new employees were required to pay the 5.00% member contribution. In addition, for existing employees, employers were required to begin making the employee pay the 5.00% member contribution. This could be phased in over a period of up to 5 years and the employer was required to provide a salary increase equal to the amount of the increase in the employee-paid member contribution.

The actuarially determined employer contribution rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

The City contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2017 was 13.88% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015.

The School Board's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2017 was 14.66% of covered employee compensation, Professional employees. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015 adjusted for the transfer in June 2015 of \$192,884,000 as an accelerated payback of the deferred contribution in the 2010-12 biennium. The actuarial rate for the Professional Plan (Teacher Retirement Plan) was 16.32%. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Based on the provisions of §51.1-145 of the Code of Virginia, as amended, the contributions were funded at 89.84% of the actuarial rate for the year ended June 30, 2017.

In addition, for the Nonprofessional (non-teacher) employees, the School Board is contractually required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to fund its participation in the VRS using the actuarial basis specified by the Code of Virginia and approved by the VRS Board of Trustees. The School Board's contribution rate for the fiscal year ended 2017 was 7.02% of annual covered payroll. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015. When combined with employee contributions, this rate was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

13. **RETIREMENT** (continued)

A. Virginia Retirement System (continued)

Contributions (continued)

These rates, when combined with employee contributions, were expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contribution made by the Employee and Employee are listed in the table below:

	C	ity	School Boar	d - Teachers	School Board - I	Nonprofessional
Year Ended	Employer	Employee	Employer	Employee	Employer	Employee
Date	Contributions	Contributions	Contributions	Contributions	Contributions	Contributions
2017	\$ 43,919,386	\$ 16,158,074	\$ 57,698,763	\$ 19,678,978	\$ 2,956,311	\$ 2,105,635
2016	49,847,919	12,735,099	54,463,409	19,368,211	3,857,605	2,117,236

In addition to the above contributions, in 2016 the City and School Board contributed amounts paid on behalf of the employee. The amount for the City was \$2,263,572 and the amounts for School Board for the teachers plan and for the nonprofessional plan were \$3,873,642 and \$423,453, respectively.

Net Pension Liability

The City's net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016 and totaled \$411,098,059. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2015, using updated actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2016.

At June 30, 2017, the School Board reported a net pension liability of \$717,924,000 for its proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability of the Teacher Retirement Plan (Professional). The Net Pension Liability was measured as of June 30, 2016 and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The "School Board's proportion of the Net Pension Liability was based on the School's actuarially determined employer contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2016 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2016, the School Board's proportion was 5.12286% as compared to 5.19364% at June 30, 2015.

In addition, the School Board's Net Pension Liability for the Nonprofessional (non-teacher) Retirement Plan was measured as of June 30, 2016. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2015, using updated actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2016. At June 30, 2017, the School Board's reported a liability of \$22,855,053 for the Nonprofessional (non-teacher) Retirement Plan.

Actuarial Assumptions - City General Employees

The total pension liability for General Employees in the City and School Board's Retirement Plans was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2016.

Inflation
Salary increases, including Inflation
Investment rate of return

2.5 percent – 5.35%

7.0 Percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation*

13. **RETIREMENT** (continued)

A. Virginia Retirement System (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - City General Employees (continued)

* Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

Mortality rates: 14 % of deaths are assumed to be service related.

Largest 10 – Non-LEOS: Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 4 years and females were set back 2 years.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement.

All Others (Non 10 Largest) – Non-LEOS: Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 4 years and females were set back 2 years.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Largest 10-Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

13. <u>RETIREMENT</u> (continued)

A. Virginia Retirement System (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - City Public Safety Employees

The total pension liability for Public Safety employees in the City Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2016.

Inflation 2.5 percent

Salary increases, including Inflation 3.5 percent – 4.75 percent

Investment rate of return 7.0 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation*

* Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

Mortality rates: 60% of deaths are assumed to be service related.

Largest 10-LEOS: Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 2 years and females set back 2 years.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement.

All Others (Non 10 Largest) – LEOS: Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 2 years and females set back 2 years.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Largest 10 -LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in male rates of disability

13. RETIREMENT (continued)

A. Virginia Retirement System (continued)

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to rates of service retirement for females
- Increase in rates of withdrawal
- Decrease in male and female rates of disability

Actuarial Assumptions - School Board

Professional/Teacher Retirement Plan

The total pension liability for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2016.

Inflation 2.5 percent Salary increases, including Inflation 3.5 percent - 5.95

Investment rate of return 7.0 Percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation*

* Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

Mortality rates:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 3 years and females were set back 5 years.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 2 years and females were set back 3 years.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 1 year and no provision for future mortality improvement.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the four-year period from July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to the rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of withdrawals for 3 through 9 years of service
- Decrease in rates of disability
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

13. <u>RETIREMENT</u> (continued)

A. Virginia Retirement System (continued)

Nonprofessional (non-teacher) Retirement Plan

The total pension liability for Nonprofessional Retirement Plan (non-teacher) was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2016.

Inflation 2.5 percent

Salary increases, including Inflation 3.5 percent - 5.35%

Investment rate of return 7.0 Percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation*

* Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

Mortality rates: 14% of deaths are assumed to be service related.

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 4 years and females were set back 2 years.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

13. RETIREMENT (continued)

A. Virginia Retirement System (continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Target Allocation	Arithmetic Long-Term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Rate of Return	
U.S. Equity	19.50%	6.46%	1.26%	
Developed Non U.S Equity	16.50%	6.28%	1.04%	
Emerging Market Equity	6.00%	10.00%	0.60%	
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.09%	0.01%	
Emerging Debt	3.00%	3.51%	0.11%	
Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	3.51%	0.16%	
Non Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	5.00%	0.23%	
Convertibles	3.00%	4.81%	0.14%	
Public Real Estate	2.25%	6.12%	0.14%	
Private Real Estate	12.75%	7.10%	0.91%	
Private Equity	12.00%	10.41%	1.25%	
Cash	1.00%	-1.50%	-0.02%	
Total	100.00%		5.83%	
		Inflation	2.50%	
	*Expected arithmetic nominal return			

^{*}Using stochastic projection results provides an expected range of real rates of return over various time horizons. Looking at one year results produces an expected real return of 8.33% but also has a high standard deviation, which means there is high volatility. Over larger time horizons the volatility declines significantly and provides a median return of 7.44%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018, the rate contributed by the City and School Board's Retirement Plans will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly. From July 1, 2018 on, participating employers are assumed to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was

13. **RETIREMENT** (continued)

A. Virginia Retirement System (continued)

projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore the Long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in Net Pension Liability

	City				
	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)		
Balances at June 30, 2015	\$ 1,797,793,322	\$ 1,460,420,988	\$ 337,372,334		
Changes for the Year:					
Service Cost	36,304,048	-	36,304,048		
Interest	122,642,141	-	122,642,141		
Difference between expected and actual experience	3,527,958	-	3,527,958		
Contribution - Employer	-	49,521,364	(49,521,364)		
Contribution - Employee	-	15,185,917	(15,185,917)		
Net Investment Income	-	24,961,833	(24,961,833)		
Benefit payments, including refunds of					
Employee Contributions	(91,525,484)	(91,525,484)	-		
Administrative Expense	-	(910,017)	910,017		
Other Changes	-	(10,675)	10,675		
Net Changes	70,948,663	(2,777,062)	73,725,725		
Balances at June 30, 2016	\$ 1,868,741,985	\$ 1,457,643,926	\$ 411,098,059		

	School Board Nonprofessional						
		Total Pension Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)	
Balances at June 30, 2015:	\$	205,828,203	\$	192,255,288	\$	13,572,915	
Changes for the Year:							
Service Cost		4,079,432		-		4,079,432	
Interest		14,020,741		-		14,020,741	
Changes of Assumptions:							
Difference between expected/actual experience:		264,387		-		264,387	
Contribution - Employer		-		3,876,348		(3,876,348)	
Contribution - Employee		-		2,113,676		(2,113,676)	
Net Investment Income		-		3,214,427		(3,214,427)	
Benefit payments		(11,063,812)		(11,063,812)		-	
Administrative Expenses		-		(120,635)		120,635	
Other Changes		-		(1,394)		1,394	
Net Changes		7,300,748		(1,981,390)		9,282,138	
Balances at June 30, 2016	\$	213,128,951	\$	190,273,898	\$	22,855,053	

13. RETIREMENT (continued)

A. Virginia Retirement System (continued)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the City using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	City						
	1%	Current		1%			
	Decrease	Discount		Increase			
	(6.00%)	Rate (7.00%)	(8.00%)				
Plan's Net Pension Liability	\$ 644,506,573	\$ 411,098,059	\$	215,876,792			

The following presents the net pension liability of the Nonprofessional (non-teacher) Retirement Plan using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	School Board Nonprofessional						
	1%	Current	1%				
	Decrease	Discount	Increase				
	(6.00%)	Rate (7.00%)	(8.00%)				
Plan's Net Pension Liability	\$ 48,246,849	\$ 22,855,053	\$ 1,509,060				

In addition, the following presents the School Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Professional/Teacher Retirement Plan using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the School Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	School Board Professional					
	1% Current Decrease Discount		_,,		1% Increase	
		(6.00%)	R	Rate (7.00%)		(8.00%)
School Board's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability for the VRS Teacher						
Retirement Plan	\$	1,023,402,000	\$	717,924,000	\$	466,283,000

13. <u>RETIREMENT</u> (continued)

A. Virginia Retirement System (continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the City's recognized pension expense was \$39,242,500.

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the School Board recognized pension expense of \$57,448,000 of the Teacher Retirement Plan (Professional). Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the pension expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion and from differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of employer contributions.

In addition, for the year ended June 30, 2017, the School Board recognized pension expense of \$2,711,033 for the Nonprofessional (non-teacher) Retirement Plan.

At June 30, 2017, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

City			
			rred Inflows of Resources
\$	2,754,283	\$	14,043,746
	38,083,856		-
	43,919,386		
\$	84,757,525	\$	14,043,746
		Deferred Outflows of Resources \$ 2,754,283 38,083,856 43,919,386	Deferred Outflows of Resources Deferred Outflows of Resources \$ 2,754,283 \$ 38,083,856 43,919,386

\$43,919,386 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the year ended June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

City					
Year Ended June 30:	_				
2018	\$	(4,179,856)			
2019		(4,179,857)			
2020		19,461,493			
2021		15,692,613			
Total	\$	26,794,393			

At June 30, 2017, for the Teacher Retirement Plan (Professional), the School Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

13. <u>RETIREMENT</u> (continued)

A. Virginia Retirement System (continued)

	School Board Professional				
		red Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience Net difference between projected and actual earnings on	\$	-	\$	23,264,000	
plan investments		41,010,000		-	
Changes in proportion and differences between employer				12.744.000	
contributions and porportionate share of contributions		-		12,744,000	
Employer contributions subsequent to the Measurement Date		57,699,000			
Total	\$	98,709,000	\$	36,008,000	

\$57,699,000 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the School Board's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the year ended June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

School Board Professional			
Year Ended June 30:			
2018	\$	(9,090,000)	
2019		(9,090,000)	
2020		15,300,000	
2021		10,179,000	
2022		(2,297,000)	
Total	\$	5,002,000	

In addition, at June 30, 2017, for the Nonprofessional (non-teacher) Retirement Plan, the School Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	School Board Nonprofessional				
		red Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience Net difference between projected and actual earnings on	\$	-	\$	68,000	
plan investments		5,013,000		-	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		2,956,311			
Total	\$	7,969,311	\$	68,000	

\$2,956,311 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the School Board's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the year ended June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

13. RETIREMENT (continued)

A. Virginia Retirement System (continued)

Year Ended June 30:	
2018	\$ (116,000)
2019	129,000
2020	2,920,000
2021	2,012,000
2022	 -
Total	\$ 4,945,000

School Board Nonprofessional

B. Sheriff's Supplemental Retirement Plan

1. Description of the Plan

The Sheriff's Supplemental Plan is a defined contribution plan that was established by the City Council of Virginia Beach, Virginia ("City Council") in 1995 in accordance with Internal Revenue Code ("IRC") Section 401. The Plan sponsor and participating employer is the City of Virginia Beach Sheriff's Office ("Employer"). The Plan is available to all employees of the City of Virginia Beach Sheriff's Office, who have completed one year of service, as defined by the Plan.

The City Code of Virginia Beach, Virginia establishes a Deferred Compensation Board ("Board") to supervise, administer and implement the Plan. The Board has full power and authority to adopt rules and regulations for the administration of the Plan. The Board also contracts with providers to manage the investment of plan assets and is responsible for selecting the Plan investment options. Plan provisions and contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the City Council.

As of June 30, 2016, the number of participants was as follows:	
Employed participants with ending balances	405
Terminated participants with ending balances	115
Participants with zero ending balances	4
	524

Participants may not contribute to the Plan. The Employer may contribute discretionary amounts to be determined by the City of Virginia Beach Sheriff's Office annually. During the plan year end, the employer contribution totaled \$4,962, which consisted of excess funds remitted to participant accounts. Current year forfeitures totaled \$70. Employer contributions to the Plan, and any earnings they generate, are vested as follows:

Years of Service	Vested Percentage		
0-5 years	0%		
5 years or more	100%		

Participants may withdraw from their accounts during a qualifying distribution event. Qualifying distribution events are: retirement, permanent disability, termination from employment, attainment of age 59½, and death. Ordinary income tax will apply to each withdrawal. Withdrawals received prior to age 59½ may also be assessed a 10% early withdrawal federal tax penalty.

Participant Accounts – Each participant's account is credited with an allocation of the City's discretionary contributions as well as Plan earnings. Participant accounts are charged with an allocation of administrative

13. RETIREMENT (continued)

B. Sheriff's Supplemental Retirement Plan (continued)

1. <u>Description of the Plan</u> (continued)

expenses that are paid by the Plan. Allocations are based on participant compensation, account balances, or specific participant transactions as defined. The benefit to which the participant is entitled is the benefit that can be provided from the participant's vested account.

Payment of Benefits – On termination of service due to death, disability, or retirement, a participant may elect to receive either a lump-sum amount equal to the value of the participant's vested interest in his or her account, or annual installments not to exceed the lifetime of the payee. For termination of service for other reasons, a participant may receive the value of the vested interest in his or her account as a lump-sum distribution.

Investment Options – Participants direct the investment of their accounts into various investment options offered by the Plan. The Plan's investments are stated at fair value (except for fully benefit-responsive investment contracts, which are valued at contract value). Fair value is the price received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Contract value is the relevant measure for the portion of net assets available for benefits attributable to fully benefit-responsive investment contracts because contract value is the amount participants normally would receive if they were to initiate permitted transactions under the terms of the Plan.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting – The Plan's financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America using the financial reporting framework established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB").

Use of Estimates – The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Investments Valuation and Income Recognition – Investments are reported at fair value. Plan management determines the Plan's valuation policies utilizing information provided by the custodian

Purchases and sales of securities are recorded on a trade-date basis. Interest income is recorded on the accrual basis. Dividends are recorded on the ex-dividend date. Net depreciation includes the Plan's gains and losses on investments bought and sold as well as held during the year.

Contributions - Contributions are recognized in the period when due in accordance with the terms of the Plan.

Benefit Payments – Benefit payments are recorded when paid.

Administrative Expenses – Administrative expenses are recorded when incurred. Certain administrative functions are performed by the City and are not reflected in these statements.

New Accounting Pronouncements – The Plan adopted Statement No. 72 of the Government Accounting Standards Board entitled Fair Value Measurement and Application for the year ended June 30, 2016. This statement provides guidance for determining the fair market value of an asset for financial reporting and guidance for applying fair value to certain investments and disclosures.

13. <u>RETIREMENT</u> (continued)

B. Sheriff's Supplemental Retirement Plan (continued)

3. Investments

The Board has adopted an investment policy that sets forth the goals and objectives of the investment options available to the Plan. The Board chooses which investment options will be available under the Plan and monitors the investment options' compliance to the investment policy. The Plan's authorized investments consist of funds in twelve major asset classes defined by either investment objective or risk category.

The Plan had the following investments as of June 30, 2016:

Investments	 2016
AB Discovery Value Fund	\$ 99,474
American Century Equity Growth Fund	46,199
American Funds Growth Fund R4	101,441
Baron Small Cap Fund	132,516
Delaware Value Inst	172,423
Eagle Small Cap Growth R5	13,631
Janus Henderson Forty S	16,221
MAXIM Aggressive Profile	220,379
MAXIM Conservative Profile	93,814
MAXIM Moderate Profile	250,440
MAXIM Moderately Aggressive Profile	144,406
MAXIM Moderately Conservative Profile	79,181
MFS Massachusetts Investors Growth Fund	60,556
Morgan Stanley Inst. Mid Cap Growth I	10,881
Templeton World Fund	63,062
Vanguard Institutional Index I	408,303
Vanguard Mid Cap Index Fund	45,090
Vanguard Total Bond Market Index Inv	87,502
William Blair International Growth N	52,859
	\$ 2,098,378
Separate account contract, at contract value:	
Virginia Beach Fixed Income Fund	1,299,531
	\$ 3,397,909

Custodial Credit Risk – This is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Plan will not be able to recover the value of the investment of collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Plan limits its exposure to custodial credit risk by maintaining its investments in custodial accounts. Wells Fargo Bank, N.A. serves as custodian to the Plan. Securities that exist in book entry form are held in trust by the custodian in the name of the Plan.

As part of the investment objectives of the investment policy, the Board has established the Virginia Beach Fixed Income Fund ("Stable Value Fund"), which meets the fully benefit-responsive investment contract criteria and, therefore, is reported at contract value. Contract value represents contributions made under each contract, plus earnings, less participant withdrawals, and administrative expenses. The objective of the Stable Value Fund is to provide principal preservation, benefit responsiveness, liquidity, and current income at levels that typically are higher than those provided by money market funds over an interest rate cycle. The investments of the Stable Value Fund are expected to produce relatively stable annual returns on fund assets with little to no fluctuation in account values. A

13. RETIREMENT (continued)

B. Sheriff's Supplemental Retirement Plan (continued)

3. <u>Investments</u> (continued)

security-backed contract has similar characteristics as a traditional investment contract and is comprised of two parts: the first part is a fixed-income security or portfolio of fixed-income securities; the second part is a contract value guarantee (wrapper) provided by a third-party. Wrappers provide contract value payments for certain participant-initiated withdrawals and transfers, a floor crediting rate, and return of fully accrued contract value at maturity.

The Stable Value Fund is a separate account contract with Empower Retirement Services ("Empower"). Elective contributions are invested in the Stable Value Fund at the option of the Plan's participants. Empower maintains the assets of the Stable Value Fund in a separate account. Participant accounts are credited with contributions and earnings on the underlying investments and charged for participant withdrawals and administrative expenses charged by the issuer. Empower is contractually obligated to repay the principal and a specified interest rate that is guaranteed to the Plan. As of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, the crediting interest rate on the separate account contract was 1.80%.

At June 30, 2016 the fair value of the contract was as follows:

Components:	
Underlying investments	\$ 1,299,531
Wrap contract	 (814)
Total	\$ 1,298,717

The Plan's ability to receive amounts due in accordance with fully benefit-responsive investment contracts are dependent on the third-party issuer's ability to meet its financial obligations. The issuer's ability to meet its contractual obligations may be affected by future economic and regulatory developments. Certain events might limit the ability of the Plan to transact at contract value with the contract issuers. These events may be different under each contract. Examples of such events include the following:

- The Plan's failure to qualify under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code or the failure of the trust to be tax-exempt under Section 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.
- Premature termination of the contracts.
- Plan termination or merger.
- Changes to the Plan's prohibition on competing investment options.
- Bankruptcy of the Plan sponsor or other Plan sponsor events (for example, divestitures or spinoffs of a subsidiary) that significantly affect the Plan's normal operations.

No events are probable of occurring that might limit the ability of the Plan to transact at contract value with the contract issuers and that also would limit the ability of the Plan to transact at contract value with the participants. In addition, certain events allow the issuer to terminate the contracts with the Plan and settle at an amount different from contract value. Those events may be different under each contract. Examples of such events include the following:

- An uncured violation of the Plan's investment guidelines.
- A breach of material obligation under the contract.
- A material misrepresentation.
- A material amendment to the agreements without the consent of the issuer.

The Board has established the following guidelines for the investment of assets and management of certain risks related to the Stable Value Fund:

Authorized Investments – Subject to quality and diversification guidelines, Empower invests the assets of the Stable Value Fund in any or all of the following: United States Treasury Securities including Treasury Bills, Notes, Bonds

13. <u>RETIREMENT</u> (continued)

B. Sheriff's Supplemental Retirement Plan (continued)

3. <u>Investments</u> (continued)

or Strips; Repurchase agreements fully collateralized by the United States Government; Commercial paper; Corporate and non-corporate credit bonds rated A-A/3 or better as rated by S&P, Moody's or Fitch at time of purchase; Nonagency securities, United States Agency Securities; Mortgaged-backed securities issued by Government National Mortgage Association ("GNMA"), Federal National Mortgage Association ("FNMA"), or Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation ("FHLMC"), Federal Home Loan Banks ("FHLB"), Veteran Affairs' Vendee Loan, or other United States Agency or Government Sponsored Enterprise ("GSE"), Collateralized mortgage obligations secured by GNMA, FNMA, FHLMC, FLHB, VA Vendee Loan, or other U.S. Agency or GSE securities, and instruments of commercial banks domiciled in the United States of America, with the requirement that all money deposited into these banks be 100% guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Credit Risk – This is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligation. The Plan manages its credit risk of the Stable Value Fund by monitoring the credit quality of the guaranteed investment contract's issuer.

Concentration of Credit Risk – This is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the Plan's investment in a single issuer. The Board manages the Stable Value Fund's exposure to concentrations of credit risk by ensuring the fund invests in a diversified portfolio of high credit quality securities. As of June 30, 2016, the Stable Value Fund was the only Plan investment that represented 5% or more of the Plan's net assets (other than those explicitly guaranteed or issued by the U.S. government or those invested in mutual funds, external investment pools, or other pooled investments).

Interest Rate Risk – This is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of investments. The Board's investment policy for the Stable Value Fund states that the average duration of the portfolio will not exceed 4 years.

4. Fair Value Measurements

The Plan categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The Plan has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2016:

	Assets at rail value as of June 30, 2010							
	 Level 1		Level 2		el 3	Total		
Mutual Funds	\$ 2,098,378	\$		\$		\$	2,098,378	
Total	\$ 2,098,378	\$		\$	_	\$	2,098,378	

Accests at Fair Value as of June 30, 2016

5. Revenue Sharing Fee Agreement

The Plan sponsor has contracted with Empower Retirement Services ("Empower") under an agreement (the "Agreement") to provide certain administrative services. The Agreement calls for the Plan to pay Empower a monthly recordkeeping and communication fee of 0.021% (i.e. 0.25% per annum) of the average Plan assets in exchange for certain defined services.

13. RETIREMENT (continued)

B. Sheriff's Supplemental Retirement Plan (continued)

5. Revenue Sharing Fee Agreement (continued)

The Agreement specifies that the recordkeeping and communication fee is to be paid from certain revenues Empower and its affiliates receive from mutual fund families and other investment options offered by the Plan, including an annual fee of .20% on the average asset balance of the Stable Value Fund. Additionally, there is an explicit 0.10% per annual charge (0.025% per quarter) on participants investing in Vanguard investment options.

In the event that the revenues received total more than the annual recordkeeping and communication fee, Empower agrees to place any excess amounts into separate Plan unallocated trust accounts ("general account") to be solely used for Plan purposes. In the event the revenues received total less than the annual recordkeeping and communication fee, Empower will present an invoice to the Plan Sponsor for the amounts owed and unpaid. If the Plan Sponsor fails to authorize payment within 60 calendar days, Empower is instructed to withdraw the unpaid fees on a prorate basis from the participant accounts.

There is also an annual reconciliation conducted capping the per-head cost at \$80, with an amount in excess of \$80 remitted back to the Plans' General Accounts. In the 2016 annual reconciliation, there was no excess remitted to the Plan.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, activity in the general account was as follows:

	2016
Balance, beginning of the year:	\$ 5,856
Dividends and interest	130
Revenue sharing and restitution receipts	3,391
Plan level administrative expenses	(508)
Other	 (4,962)
Total	\$ 3,907

6. Plan Termination

Although it has not expressed any intent to do so, the City has the right to terminate the Plan at any time. Upon Plan termination, all amounts deferred will be distributed to participants or beneficiaries as soon as administratively practicable after the termination date.

A stand-alone financial report can be obtained by contacting Sheriff Ken Stolle, City of Virginia Beach Sheriff's Office, 2501 James Madison Avenue, Virginia Beach, VA 23456.

14. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Plan Description.

The City and School Board Other Postemployment Benefit Plans are each a single-employer, defined benefit plan, administered by the City and School Board in accordance with State and City statutes. Section 15.2-1500 of the Virginia State Code provides that every locality shall provide for the governmental functions of the locality, including employment of the officers and other employees. In connection with this employment, the City has established certain plans to provide post-employment benefits other than pensions as defined in Section 15.2-1545 of the Virginia Code to retirees and their spouses and eligible dependents.

14. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

In accordance with Article 8, Chapter 15, Subtitled II of Title 15.2 of the Virginia Code, the City and School Board have elected to establish a trust for the purpose of accumulating and investing assets to fund Other Postemployment Benefits. In accordance with this election, the City and School Board have joined the Virginia Pooled OPEB Trust Fund (Trust), which was established by the Virginia Municipal League and the Virginia Association of Counties in 2008 for the purpose of accumulating and investing assets to fund post-employment benefits other than pensions for counties, cities, towns, school divisions and other authorized political subdivisions of the Commonwealth of Virginia.

The Trust's Board of Trustees has fiduciary responsibility for the investment of monies and administration of the Trust pursuant to the Trust Agreement. The Board of Trustees is composed of nine members. Trustees are members of Local Finance Boards of participating employers and are elected for staggered three-year terms by the participants in the Trust. In accordance with Section 15.2-1547 of the Virginia Code, City Council appointed the City's Deferred Compensation Board Trust as the OPEB's Local Finance Board to serve as the trustee of the City and School Board with respect to the OPEB trust. The board includes City employees, an appointee from City Council, a member of the Sheriff's Office, a member of the School Board, and the Schools' Chief Financial Officer. The trust does not administer the retiree health benefits of each participating employer. Deposits to this trust are irrevocable and are held solely for the payment of OPEB benefits for the City and School Board.

Plan Membership

The membership as of January 1, 2016 includes:

	School
City	Board
5,861	10,062
758	739
116_	75_
6,735	10,876
	5,861 758 116

Benefits Provided

The City and School Board provide health insurance benefits for their retirees. These benefits are provided through a self-insured program. Employees that retire under VRS guidelines with at least 25 years of service with the City and/or School Board or City employees with 5 years or more of service with a work related disability compensable under the Workers' Compensation Act are eligible to health insurance coverage. This benefit is payable until the retiree becomes eligible for Medicare.

Contributions

Contribution requirements of the City, School Board and plan members are established and may be amended by the respective legislative bodies. The required contributions were actuarially determined and are based upon projected pay as you go financing requirements with an additional amount to prefund benefits. For the period ending June 30, 2017 the City and School Board actuarially determined contribution was set at \$5,296,700 for the City and at \$4,542,400 for the School Board.

Plan members from each organization contributed \$3,044.40, \$2,082.00, and \$1,444.68 for the POS Premier, POS Standard, and POS Basic plans, respectively, annually for retiree-only point of service coverage. City and School Board retirees with coverage for their spouses contributed \$10,182.12, \$7,939.80, and \$6,454.68 for the POS Premier, POS Standard, and POS Basic plans, respectively, annually until Medicare eligibility. The City and School Board have determined that all current employees and retirees shall contribute to the cost of their health care coverage and no level of benefit shall be provided free of charge. Rates are calculated by an actuary with the City and School Board health care consultant and finalized by the Benefits Executive Committee, comprised of City and School Board executive leadership.

14. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

Investments Policy, Target Allocation, and Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The OPEB plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the Virginia Pooled OPEB Trust Fund Board of Trustees. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the OPEB plan.

The best-estimate range for the long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The capital market assumptions are per Milliman's investment consulting practice as of June 30, 2017.

The following is for the City:

Asset Class	Index	Target Allocation	Expected Arithmetic Real Rate of Return	Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return	
Core Fixed Income	Barclays Aggregate	21.00%	2.17%	2.04%	
Core Bonds	Barclays Gov/Cred	12.00%	2.01%	1.86%	
Large Cap US Equities	S&P 500	22.00%	4.55%	3.37%	
Small Cap US Equities	Russell 2000	10.00%	5.77%	3.86%	
Developed Foreign Equities	MSCI EAFE NR	10.00%	5.76%	4.15%	
Emerging Market Equities	MSCI Emerging Markets	5.00%	8.30%	4.84%	
Hedge Funds/Absolute Return	HFRI Fund of Funds	10.00%	1.97%	1.66%	
Real Estate (REITS)	FTSE NAREIT Equity REIT	7.00%	5.04%	3.27%	
Commodities	DJ UBS	3.00%	3.04%	1.42%	
Assumed Inflation - Mean		100.00%	2.32%	2.30%	
Assumed Inflation - Standard De	viation		1.85%	1.85%	
Portfolio Real Mean Return			3.90%	3.39%	
Portfolio Nominal Mean Return			6.21%	5.77%	
Portfolio Standard Deviation				1.79%	
Long-Term Expected Rate of Return					

14. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

The following is for the School Board:

Asset Class	Index	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Arithmetic Real Rate of Return	Long-Term Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return
Core Fixed Income	Barclays Aggregate	21.00%	1.76%	1.64%
Core Bonds	Barclays Gov/Cred	12.00%	1.99%	1.83%
Large Cap US Equities	S&P 500	22.00%	4.80%	3.62%
Small Cap US Equities	Russell 2000	10.00%	6.02%	4.10%
Developed Foreign Equities	MSCI EAFE NR	10.00%	6.01%	4.40%
Emerging Market Equities	MSCI Emerging Markets	5.00%	8.30%	5.08%
Hedge Funds/Absolute Return	HFRI Fund of Funds	10.00%	3.37%	2.93%
Real Estate (REITS)	FTSE NAREIT Equity REIT	7.00%	5.04%	3.27%
Commodities	DJ UBS	3.00%	3.04%	1.42%
Assumed Inflation - Mean		100.00%	2.32%	2.30%
Assumed Inflation - Standard De	viation		1.85%	1.85%
Portfolio Real Mean Return			3.90%	3.39%
Portfolio Nominal Mean Return			6.21%	5.77%
Portfolio Standard Deviation				1.79%
Long-Term Expected Rate of Ret	urn			7.00%

Receivables

None reported.

Allocated Insurance Contracts

None reported.

Reserves

None reported.

14. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

Components of the Net OPEB Liability of the City and School Board

	City				
	June 30, 2016		Ju	me 30, 2017	
Total OPEB Liability	\$	83,525,542	\$	85,327,774	
Fiduciary Net Position		34,212,904		38,584,199	
Net OPEB Liability	\$	49,312,638	\$	46,743,575	
Fiduciary Net Position as a % of Total OPEB Liability		40.96%		45.22%	
Covered Payroll			\$	306,050,000	
Net OPEB Liability as a % of Covered Payroll				15.27%	
		School	Board	d	
	Ju	ne 30, 2016	June 30, 2017		
Total OPEB Liability	\$	71,666,051	\$	72,462,906	
Fiduciary Net Position		24,060,265		27,134,224	
Net OPEB Liability	\$	47,605,786	\$	45,328,682	
Fiduciary Net Position as a % of Total OPEB Liability		33.57%		37.45%	
Covered Payroll			\$	426,884,300	
Net OPEB Liability as a % of Covered Payroll				10.62%	

<u>Actuarial Assumption</u>. The Total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of the valuation date, calculated based on the discount rate and actuarial assumptions below, and projected forward to the measurement date. There have been no significant changes between the valuation date and the fiscal year end.

Discount Rate

Discount Rate: 7.00%

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return, Net of Investment Expense: 7.00%

Municipal Bond Rate N/A

The plan's Fiduciary Net Position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the Total OPEB Liability is equal to the long-term expected rate of return.

14. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

Other Key Actuarial Assumptions:

The demographic assumptions used are predominantly consistent with those used in the June 30, 2016 actuarial valuation of the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). The following represent the summary of information included in the January 1, 2016 actuarial valuation prepared by Milliman, Inc. for the period:

Valuation Date:

Measurement Date:

January 1, 2016

June 30, 2017

Inflation:

2.50%

Actuarial Cost Method: Entry Age Normal

Salary Increases Per Year of Service (Including Inflation): General Employees with 1 to 19 years of service, the

increases range from 5.35% to 3.65% and for those with 20

or more years of service the increase is 3.50%

Law Officers with 1 to 19 years of service, the increases range from 4.75% to 4.00% and for those with 20 or more

years of service the increase is 3.50%

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates: 3.70% for 2016, 9.00% for 2017, 5.40% for 2018, gradually

moving to an ultimate rate of 4.50% for 2082 and beyond.

Mortality Rates: Based on the RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table for Males

or Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality

improvements based on Scale AA.

Sensitivity Analysis

The following presents the Net OPEB Liability of the City and School Board, calculated using the *discount rate* of 7.00%, as well as what the Net OPEB Liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.00%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate.

	City								
	1%	% Decrease 6.00%	Di	scount Rate 7.00%	19	% Increase 8.00%			
Total OPEB Liability Fiduciary Net Position	\$	92,386,208 34,212,904	\$	85,327,774 38,584,199	\$	78,990,894 38,584,199			
Net OPEB Liability	\$	58,173,304	\$	46,743,575	\$	40,406,695			
			Sc	hool Board					
Total OPEB Liability Fiduciary Net Position	\$	78,748,599 27,134,224	\$	72,462,906 27,134,224	\$	66,819,772 27,134,224			
Net OPEB Liability	\$	51,614,375	\$	45,328,682	\$	39,685,548			

14. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

The following table presents the Net OPEB Liability of the City and School Board, calculated using the current *healthcare cost* trend rates, as well as what the Net OPEB Liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rates.

				City		
				Current		
	1%	1% Decrease		Trend Rate	19	% Increase
Total OPEB Liability	\$	74,731,431	\$	85,327,774	\$	94,758,905
Fiduciary Net Position		38,584,199		38,584,199		38,584,199
Net OPEB Liability	\$	36,147,232	\$	46,743,575	\$	56,174,706
				Schools		
Total OPEB Liability	\$	64,744,213	\$	72,462,906	\$	81,513,408
Fiduciary Net Position		27,134,224		27,134,224		27,134,224
Net OPEB Liability	\$	37,609,989	\$	45,328,682	\$	54,379,184



This Page Intentionally Left Blank

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

(Unaudited)

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION VIRGINIA RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (UNAUDITED)

In accordance with the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, the following information is a required part of the Basic Financial Statements.

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

				City		
		FY16		FY15		FY14
Total Pension Liability						
Service Cost	\$	36,304,048	\$	35,932,562	\$	35,838,242
Interest		122,642,141		119,573,242		114,650,965
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-
Differences between expected and actual experience		3,527,958		(24,723,400)		-
Changes in assumptions		-		-		-
Benefit Payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(91,525,484)		(82,356,519)		(77,985,409)
Net change in total pension liability		70,948,663		48,425,885		72,503,798
Total pension liability - beginning		1,797,793,322		1,749,367,437		1,676,863,639
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	1,868,741,985	\$	1,797,793,322	\$	1,749,367,437
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Contributions - employer Contributions - employee Net investment income	. \$	49,521,364 15,185,917 24,961,833	\$	48,703,360 14,937,006 64,442,330	\$	45,827,648 14,813,559 194,451,721
Benefit Payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(91,525,484)		(82,356,519)		(77,985,409)
Administrative expenses		(910,017)		(887,459)		(1,053,309)
Other		(10,675)		(13,597)	_	10,242
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		(2,777,062)		44,825,121		176,064,452
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	Ф	1,460,420,988	ф	1,415,595,867	ф	1,239,531,415
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	<u> </u>	1,457,643,926	\$	1,460,420,988	\$	1,415,595,867
Political subdivision's net pension liability, ending (a) - (b)	\$	411,098,059	\$	337,372,334	\$	333,771,570
Political fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		78.0%		81.2%		80.9%
Covered-employee payroll	\$	329,620,903	\$	322,555,290	\$	315,341,888
City's net pension liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		124.7%		104.6%		105.8%

^{*}Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be included as they become available.

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

	School Board					
		FY16		FY15		FY14
Total Pension Liability						
Service Cost	\$	4,079,432	\$	4,089,939	\$	4,171,321
Interest		14,020,741		13,574,596		13,051,394
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-
Differences between expected and actual experience		264,387		(747,303)		-
Changes in assumptions		-		-		-
Refunds of Contributions		-		(465,012)		-
Benefit Payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(11,063,812)		(9,558,643)		(9,473,141)
Net change in total pension liability		7,300,748		6,893,577		7,749,574
Total pension liability - beginning		205,828,203		198,934,626		191,185,052
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	213,128,951	\$	205,828,203	\$	198,934,626
Plan Fiduciary Net Position						
Contributions - employer	\$	3,876,348	\$	3,739,486	\$	3,646,317
Contributions - employee		2,113,676		2,041,468		2,000,972
Net investment income		3,214,427		8,507,018		25,850,848
Benefit Payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(11,063,812)		(9,558,643)		(9,473,141)
Refunds of Contributions		0		(465,012)		-
Administrative expenses		(120,635)		(118,985)		(141,126)
Other		(1,394)		(1,792)		1,363
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		(1,981,390)		4,143,540		21,885,233
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		192,255,288		188,111,748		166,226,515
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	190,273,898	\$	192,255,288	\$	188,111,748
Political subdivision's net pension liability, ending (a) - (b)	\$	22,855,053	\$	13,572,915	\$	10,822,878
Political fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension						
liability		89.28%		93.41%		94.56%
Covered-employee payroll	\$	42,344,732	\$	41,802,052	\$	40,427,033
School Board's net pension liability as a percentage of covered-						
employee payroll		53.97%		32.47%		26.77%

^{*}Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be included as they become available.

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER VRS CONTRIBUTIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Date	ontractually Required contribution (1)	C	ntributions in Relation to ontractually Required ontributions (2)	Defi (E:	ribution iciency xcess) (3)	 Employer's Covered Employee Payroll (4)	Contribut as a % o Covered Employo Payroll (5)	of d ee
			C	ity				
2014	\$ 45,827,648	\$	45,827,648	\$	-	\$ 315,341,888	1-	4.53
2015	48,703,360		48,703,360		-	322,555,290	1.	5.10
2016	49,847,919		49,847,919		-	329,620,903	1.	5.12
2017	43,919,386		43,919,386		-	345,784,261	1	2.70
		S	chool Board I	Nonprof	essional			
2014	\$ 3,646,317	\$	3,646,317	\$	-	\$ 40,427,033		9.02
2015	3,739,486		3,739,486		-	41,802,052		8.95
2016	3,857,605		3,857,605		-	42,344,732		9.11
2017	2,956,311		2,956,311		-	42,112,697		7.02

^{*}Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be included as they become available.

School Board Professional (Teacher)

Date	Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (a)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (b)	Employer's Covered Employee Payroll (c)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the NPL as a % of its Employee Payroll (d)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a % of the Total Pension Liability (e)
June 30, 2015	5.16303%	\$ 623,937,000	\$ 377,297,007	165.37	70.88
June 30, 2016	5.19364%	653,690,000	385,231,385	169.69	70.68
June 30, 2017	5.12286%	717,924,000	387,364,218	185.34	68.28

^{*}Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be included as they become available.

The amounts presented have a measurement date of the prior fiscal year-end.

The amounts presented have a measurement date of the prior fiscal year-end.

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA NOTES TO VRS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Changes of benefit terms – There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation. The 2014 valuation includes Hybrid Retirement Plan members for the first time. The hybrid plan applies to most new employees hired on or after January 1, 2014 and not covered by enhanced hazardous duty benefits. Because this is a fairly new benefit and the number of participants was relatively small, the impact on the liabilities as the measurement date of June 30, 2016 are not material.

Changes of assumptions – The following changes in actuarial assumptions were made effective June 30, 2013 based on the most recent experience study of the System for the four- year period ending June 30, 2012:

Largest 10 – Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

Largest 10 -LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in male rates of disability

All Others (Non 10 Largest) – Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to rates of service retirement for females
- Increase in rates of withdrawal
- Decrease in male and female rates of disability

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

		S	chool Board	
		Incr	ease (Decrease)	
	 otal OPEB Liability (a)		duciary Net Position (b)	Net OPEB Liability (a) - (b)
Balances at June 30, 2016	\$ 71,666,051	\$	24,060,265	\$ 47,605,786
Changes for the Year:				
Service Cost	1,529,672		-	1,529,672
Interest	4,928,893		-	4,928,893
Benefit payments	(5,661,710)		(5,661,710)	-
Employer Contributions	_		5,661,710	(5,661,710)
Net Investment Income	-		3,098,316	(3,098,316)
Administrative Expense	-		(24,357)	24,357
Net Changes	\$ 796,855	\$	3,073,959	\$ (2,277,104)
Balances at June 30, 2017	\$ 72,462,906	\$	27,134,224	\$ 45,328,682

Fiduciary Net Position as a % of Total OPEB Liability

Covered Payroll

Net OPEB Liability as a % of Covered Payroll

37.45%
426,884,300
10.62%

^{*} Schedules are intended to show information for 10 years. The first year for this presentation is 2017; additional years will be included as they become available.

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF OPEB ANNUAL CONTRIBUTIONS

				City			
Fiscal Year Ending		ctuarially etermined		Actual Employer	Contribution Deficiency	Covered	Contribution as a Percent of
June 30	Co	ntributions	C	ontribution ¹	(Excess)	Payroll	Covered Payroll
2009	\$	8,932,300	\$	8,932,300	\$ -	\$ 280,202,000	3.19%
2010	\$	8,854,100	\$	8,854,100	\$ -	\$ 285,407,400	3.10%
2011	\$	8,854,100	\$	8,854,100	\$ -	\$ 285,407,400	3.10%
2012	\$	8,714,600	\$	8,714,600	\$ -	\$ 283,026,400	3.08%
2013	\$	8,871,000	\$	8,871,000	\$ -	\$ 283,026,400	3.13%
2014	\$	7,101,900	\$	7,101,900	\$ -	\$ 290,297,000	2.45%
2015	\$	7,259,200	\$	7,259,200	\$ -	\$ 290,297,000	2.50%
2016	\$	5,186,400	\$	5,998,200	\$ (811,800)	\$ 306,050,000	1.96%
2017	\$	5,296,700	\$	6,074,700	\$ (778,000)	\$ 306,050,000	1.98%

School	Board
--------	-------

Fiscal Year	A	ctuarially		Actual	Contribution		Contribution
Ending	D	etermined		Employer	Deficiency	Covered	as a Percent of
June 30	Co	ntributions	C	ontribution ¹	(Excess)	Payroll	Covered Payroll
2009	\$	8,829,800	\$	8,829,800	\$ -	\$ 440,959,600	2.00%
2010	\$	8,881,900	\$	8,881,900	\$ -	\$ 432,476,800	2.05%
2011	\$	8,881,900	\$	8,881,900	\$ -	\$ 432,476,800	2.05%
2012	\$	7,721,500	\$	7,721,500	\$ -	\$ 409,662,700	1.88%
2013	\$	7,858,100	\$	7,858,100	\$ -	\$ 409,662,700	1.92%
2014	\$	5,700,900	\$	5,700,900	\$ -	\$ 421,065,100	1.35%
2015	\$	5,832,200	\$	5,832,200	\$ -	\$ 421,065,100	1.39%
2016	\$	4,462,800	\$	5,748,000	\$ (1,285,200)	\$ 426,884,300	1.35%
2017	\$	4,542,400	\$	5,661,700	\$ (1,119,300)	\$ 426,884,300	1.33%

¹ Employer contributions include trust contributions and explicit subsidy payments provided directly to retirees from the City and School Board own resources. They also include estimated implicit subsidy payments for retirees from the City and School Board own resources

Valuation Timing Actuarial valuations for OPEB funding purposes are performed annually as of January 1. The

most recent valuation was performed as of January 1, 2016.

Actuarial Cost Method Project unit credit Amortization Method Level dollar

Amortization Period 29 years yemaining as of January 1, 2017

Asset Valuation Method 5-year asset smoothing

Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increases General Employees with 1 to 19 years of service, the increases range from 5.35% to 3.65% and

for those with 20 or more years of service the increase is 3.50%. *Law Officers* with 1 to 19 years of service, the increases range from 4.75% to 4.00% and for those with 20 or more years of

service the increase is 3.50%

Payroll Growth None Assumed

Discount Rate 7.50%

Retirement Age VRS Plan 1:65 and VRS Plans 2/Hybrid: Normal social security retirement age

Mortality Based on the RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, with

adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale AA.

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF OPEB INVESTMENT RETURNS

The money-weighted rate of return considers the changing amounts actually invested during a period and weights the amount of plan investments by the proportion of time they are available to earn a return during that period. External cash flows are determined on a monthly basis and are assumed to occur at the beginning of each month. External cash inflows are netted with external cash outflows, resulting in a net external cash flow in each month. The money-weighted rate of return is calculated net of investment expenses.

	City
Fiscal Year	Net
Ending	Money-Weighted
June 30	Rate of Return
2017	12.89%

Scho	School Board							
Fiscal Year	Net							
Ending	Money-Weighted							
June 30	Rate of Return							
2017	12.000/							
2017	12.89%							

^{*} Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. The first year for this presentation is 2017; additional years will be included as they become available.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Debt Service Fund - is used to account for the financial resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.

Special Revenue Funds - are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than capital projects) which are legally restricted to be expended for specific purposes.

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2017

	nmajor Special evenue Funds	onmajor Debt ervice Fund	otal Nonmajor ernmental Funds
<u>ASSETS</u>			
Cash and Investments	\$ 49,334,178	\$ -	\$ 49,334,178
Cash and Investments - Restricted	16,859,999	-	16,859,999
Agriculture Reserve Program Treasury Strips - Restricted	-	33,802,079	33,802,079
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectables, where applicable):			
Accounts	218,240	-	218,240
Loans	6,090,575	-	6,090,575
Due from:			
Due From Other Local Governments	18,303	-	18,303
Commonwealth	1,735,962	-	1,735,962
Federal Government	 1,647,914	 -	 1,647,914
Total Assets	\$ 75,905,171	\$ 33,802,079	\$ 109,707,250
<u>LIABILITIES</u>			
Vouchers and Accounts Payable	\$ 5,618,721	\$ -	\$ 5,618,721
Total Liabilities	\$ 5,618,721	\$ 	\$ 5,618,721
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Unavailable Revenue - Housing Loans	\$ 493,950	\$ -	\$ 493,950
FUND BALANCES			
Restricted for:			
Special Revenue Funds	\$ 15,765,762	\$ -	\$ 15,765,762
Debt Service	-	33,802,079	33,802,079
Committed to:			
Special Revenue Funds	51,753,558	-	51,753,558
Encumbrances	-	-	-
Assigned to:			
Special Revenue Funds	2,273,180	-	2,273,180
Unassigned	 	 <u> </u>	 =
Total Fund Balances	\$ 69,792,500	\$ 33,802,079	\$ 103,594,579
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Fund Balances	\$ 75,905,171	\$ 33,802,079	\$ 109,707,250

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	nmajor Special	onmajor Debt ervice Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
REVENUES					
General Property Taxes - Real Estate	\$ 62,270,671	\$ -	\$	62,270,671	
Other Local Taxes	58,951,517	-		58,951,517	
From Use of Money and Property	2,840,059	(1,984,790)		855,269	
Charges for Services	18,008,491	-		18,008,491	
Miscellaneous	4,185,911	-		4,185,911	
Fines and Forfeitures	539,857	-		539,857	
From Commonwealth	22,676,727	-		22,676,727	
From Federal Government	31,745,199	469,684		32,214,883	
Total Revenues	\$ 201,218,432	\$ (1,515,106)	\$	199,703,326	
EXPENDITURES					
Current Operating:					
Judicial	\$ 46,670,068	\$ -	\$	46,670,068	
Library	282,162	-		282,162	
Police	1,071,894	-		1,071,894	
Fire	2,956,110	-		2,956,110	
Public Works	145,637	-		145,637	
Parks and Recreation	29,827,859	-		29,827,859	
Agriculture	3,858,479	-		3,858,479	
Convention and Visitor Development	18,887,535	-		18,887,535	
Boards and Commissions	28,425,956	-		28,425,956	
Health	105,211	-		105,211	
Housing and Neighborhood Prevention	26,433,271	-		26,433,271	
Human Services	7,619,554	-		7,619,554	
Development Authority	55,008			55,008	
General Government	2,331,474	-		2,331,474	
Emergency Medical Services	414,433	-		414,433	
Debt Service:	,			,	
Principal Retirement	24,938,872	31,918,253		56,857,125	
Interest and Fiscal Charges	14,289,765	14,255,814		28,545,579	
Total Expenditures	\$ 208,313,288	\$ 46,174,067	\$	254,487,355	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures	\$ (7,094,856)	\$ (47,689,173)	\$	(54,784,029)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers In	\$ 38,419,313	\$ 47,022,902	\$	85,442,215	
Transfers Out	(43,385,629)	-		(43,385,629)	
Agriculture Reserve Agreement	3,728,464	-		3,728,464	
Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)	\$ (1,237,852)	\$ 47,022,902	\$	45,785,050	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(8,332,708)	(666,271)		(8,998,979)	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	78,125,208	34,468,350		112,593,558	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 69,792,500	\$ 33,802,079	\$	103,594,579	



This Page Intentionally Left Blank

GENERAL FUND

GENERAL FUND

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City which is used to account for all of the financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES COMPARED TO FINAL BUDGET FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Source	0	riginal Budget	1	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)		
General Property Taxes	U.	riginai budget		rmai budget	Actual		(Negative)	
Real Estate	\$	477,641,583	\$	477,641,583	\$ 479,748,883	\$	2,107,300	
Personal Property		91,015,608		91.015.608	97,350,327	·	6,334,719	
Interest and Penalties on Personal Property		2,551,180		2,551,180	2,724,878		173,698	
Interest and Penalties on Real Estate Taxes		2,349,210		2,349,210	2,282,906		(66,304)	
Total General Property Taxes	\$	573,557,581	\$	573,557,581	\$ 582,106,994	\$	8,549,413	
Other Local Taxes								
General Sales	\$	63,160,061	\$	63,160,061	\$ 62,614,614	\$	(545,447)	
Utility		42,471,686		42,471,686	44,829,994		2,358,308	
Business Licenses		46,389,703		46,389,703	47,009,925		620,222	
Franchise Taxes - Cox Communications		8,703,443		8,703,443	5,163,159		(3,540,284)	
Automobile Licenses		9,336,210		9,336,210	9,324,996		(11,214)	
Bank Stock		2,604,375		2,604,375	3,100,922		496,547	
City Tax on Deeds		6,820,299		6,820,299	7,755,788		935,489	
City Tax on Wills		74,659		74,659	102,618		27,959	
Cigarette		11,063,425		11,063,425	11,112,530		49,105	
Amusement		-		-	7,394		7,394	
Hotel Taxes		6,714,871		6,714,871	6,976,988		262,117	
Restaurant Meals		41,342,843		41,342,843	 41,547,888		205,045	
Total Other Local Taxes	\$	238,681,575	\$	238,681,575	\$ 239,546,816	\$	865,241	
Permits, Privilege Fees, and Regulatory Licenses								
Police Permits and Licenses	\$	602,275	\$	602,275	\$ 559,377	\$	(42,898)	
Planning Permits and Licenses		4,568,640		4,568,640	4,352,296		(216,344)	
Other Permits, Fees, and Licenses		26,077		26,077	94,318		68,241	
Public Works Fees		-		-	6,000		6,000	
Fire Permits		180,045		180,045	 238,155		58,110	
Total Permits, Privilege Fees, and								
Regulatory Licenses	\$	5,377,037	\$	5,377,037	\$ 5,250,146	\$	(126,891)	
Fines and Forfeitures								
Court Fines and Forfeitures	\$	3,307,244	\$	3,307,244	\$ 2,107,153	\$	(1,200,091)	
Fire Lane Violations		1,111,750		1,111,750	1,280,618		168,868	
Overweight Vehicles Fees		134,400		134,400	211,852		77,452	
DUI Response Reimbursements		25,000		25,000	26,145		1,145	
Red Light Violations		1,960,000		1,960,000	 1,341,690		(618,310)	
Total Fines and Forfeitures	\$	6,538,394	\$	6,538,394	\$ 4,967,458	\$	(1,570,936)	
From Use of Money and Property								
Revenue from Use of Money:								
Interest on Bank Deposits	\$	564,494	\$	564,494	\$ 2,430,087	\$	1,865,593	
Revenue from Use of Property:								
Farmers Market Fees		30,840		30,840	36,450		5,610	
Photocopying Machines		124,540		124,540	105,719		(18,821)	
Convention Center Rent		1,780,000		1,780,000	2,221,087		441,087	
Convention Center Concessions		1,053,000		1,053,000	1,462,138		409,138	
Rent - Amphitheatre		180,373		180,373	208,789		28,416	
Lease of Land and Property		1,559,870		1,559,870	1,216,162		(343,708)	
Tower/Antenna Leases		154,868		154,868	 176,859		21,991	
Total from Use of Money and Property	\$	5,447,985	\$	5,447,985	\$ 7,857,291	\$	2,409,306	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES COMPARED TO FINAL BUDGET FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Source	Or	iginal Budget	т.	Final Budget		Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)
Charges For Services	Or	iginai budget	r	mai budget		Actual		(Negative)
Court Costs	\$	82,079	\$	82,079	\$	70,141	\$	(11,938)
Police - False Alarm Fees	*	381,403	-	381,403	_	546,367	_	164,964
Fire Services		326,425		326,425		427,598		101,173
Animal Adoption Fees		42,700		42,700		32,262		(10,438)
Other Charges and Fees		344,571		372,068		275,838		(96,230)
Human Services		26,399,518		26,724,241		25,774,442		(949,799)
Aquarium and Historical Houses		8,484,525		8,484,525		9,643,077		1,158,552
Library Fees		523,416		523,416		436,472		(86,944)
Planning Maps, Publications, and Fees		432,757		432,757		263,901		(168,856)
Convention Center		975,000		975,000		1,115,142		140,142
Other Services Provided		1,858,952		1,920,388		1,745,572		(174,816)
Reimbursement - Freedom of Information Act Costs		-		-		15,410		15,410
Water and Sewer Direct Charges		6,264,976		6,271,140		5,218,415		(1,052,725)
Waste Management Direct Charges		2,232,948		2,232,948		2,232,948		(1,032,723)
Storm Water Direct Charges		1,940,545		1,963,615		1,963,615		_
Water and Sewer Right of Way Utility		4,000,000		4,000,000		4,000,000		_
Chesapeake Bay Preservation Act Variance Fees		24,599		24,599		31,195		6,596
Total Charges for Services	\$	54,314,414	\$	54,757,304	\$	53,792,395	\$	(964,909)
Total Charges for Services	Ψ	5 1,51 1,11	Ψ	2 1,727,301	Ψ	23,7,2,0,0	Ψ	(>0.,>0>)
Miscellaneous Revenue								
Indirect and Direct Cost - TGIF	\$	90,000	\$	90,000	\$	90,000	\$	-
Miscellaneous		1,245,161		1,245,161		1,956,181		711,020
Returned Check Processing Charges		68,000		68,000		64,826		(3,174)
Campaign Financing		-		-		1,800		1,800
Donations		7,250		155,672		35,889		(119,783)
City Treasurer Charges		1,092,000		1,092,000		1,112,147		20,147
Contemporary Arts		56,500		56,500		55,995		(505)
Aquarium Foundation		1,428,211		1,428,211		1,195,740		(232,471)
Miscellaneous Receipts Convention Center		16,856		16,856		20,834		3,978
Sale of Properties		450		450		465		15
Sale of Salvage Materials		398,000		515,331		625,248		109,917
Refund of Surplus - Health Department		50,000		50,000		15,261		(34,739)
Miscellaneous Receipts Human Services		46,868		46,868		107,215		60,347
Beam Advertising		10,867		10,867		9,078		(1,789)
Miscellaneous Receipts Libraries		6,095		6,095		10,424		4,329
DVP Street Light Reimbursement		510,000		510,000		103,348		(406,652)
Reimbursement - Responsible Parties - HAZMAT		-		-		5,749		5,749
Reimbursement - DMV		53,500		53,500		64,231		10,731
Total Miscellaneous Revenue	\$	5,079,758	\$	5,345,511	\$	5,474,431	\$	128,920
From Commonwealth								
Rolling Stock Tax	\$	17,422	\$	17,422	\$	13,321	\$	(4,101)
Mobile Homes Sales Tax		52,514		52,514		5,589		(46,925)
Passenger Car Rental Tax		1,133,063		1,133,063		1,259,998		126,935
Reimbursement - Treasurer		650,000		650,000		646,180		(3,820)
Reimbursement - Commissioner of the Revenue		678,079		678,079		691,482		13,403
Reimbursement - General Registrar's Salary		76,954		76,954		77,561		607
Reimbursement - Clerk of Circuit Court		1,929,288		1,919,838		1,923,948		4,110
Reimbursement - Commonwealth's Attorney		2,683,181		2,639,470		2,642,510		3,040
Reimbursement - Health Department Automobile		120,099		120,099		17,583		(102,516)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES COMPARED TO FINAL BUDGET FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Source	(Priginal Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
From Commonwealth (continued)		Tiginai Daaget	I mui Duuget	Tictuui	(reguire)
Reimbursement - State Aid Law Enforcement	\$	11,282,311	\$ 11,282,311	\$ 11,288,396	\$ 6,085
Personal Property Paid by Commonwealth		53,412,868	53,412,868	53,412,868	-
State Prisoner Transportation		350,000	350,000	325,275	(24,725)
Mental Health, Developmental Services and Substance Abuse	,	12,606,398	13,453,409	13,509,697	56,288
Juvenile Justice Block Grant		3,201,259	3,201,259	3,421,947	220,688
Circuit Court Clerk Technology		-	451,775	283,656	(168,119)
Maintenance of Roads		45,951,140	48,901,216	48,869,372	(31,844)
Recordation Fees		1,955,361	1,955,361	1,993,729	38,368
Public Assistance Grants		14,052,594	14,052,594	14,075,959	23,365
Medicaid		577,601	577,601	577,601	-
DMV Select Program		165,000	165,000	131,811	(33,189)
Virginia Commission For The Arts		5,000	5,000	5,000	-
Wireless E-911 Services Board		1,735,000	1,735,000	1,868,147	133,147
Spay and Neuter Services		-	_	599	599
State Aid Library		238,275	238,275	237,301	(974)
Other State Revenue		· <u>-</u>	· <u>-</u>	45	45
Total From Commonwealth	\$	152,873,407	\$ 157,069,108	\$ 157,279,575	\$ 210,467
From Federal Government					
Public Law 95-469 - Refuge Revenue Sharing Act	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 102,179	\$ 102,179
Indirect Costs - Social Services		746,475	746,475	844,915	98,440
Federal Emergency Management Agency		192,851	192,851	126,441	(66,410)
SEVAMP Grant		-	-	99,171	99,171
Mental Health, Developmental Services and Substance Abuse	,	2,766,894	2,803,914	2,809,794	5,880
USDA Juvenile Detention		70,000	70,000	73,387	3,387
Public Assistance Grants		15,680,295	15,680,295	17,766,213	2,085,918
Federal Reimbursement of Interest		282,763	282,763	283,829	1,066
Total From Federal Government	\$	19,739,278	\$ 19,776,298	\$ 22,105,929	\$ 2,329,631
TOTAL REVENUES	\$	1,061,609,429	\$ 1,066,550,793	\$ 1,078,381,035	\$ 11,830,242
Other Financing Sources					
Transfers In	\$	2,187,308	\$ 20,117,572	\$ 20,160,315	\$ 42,743
Premium on Bonds Sold		-	-	106,224	106,224
Total Other Financing Sources	\$	2,187,308	\$ 20,117,572	\$ 20,266,539	\$ 148,967
TOTAL REVENUES AND OTHER					
FINANCING SOURCES	\$	1,063,796,737	\$ 1,086,668,365	\$ 1,098,647,574	\$ 11,979,209

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES COMPARED TO FINAL BUDGET FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Source	Or	iginal Budget	F	inal Budget		Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)
Legislative Department	- 01	iginai Duaget		mai Duaget		7101011		(Treguerve)
Municipal Council	\$	525,226	\$	567,485	\$	556,484	\$	11,001
City Clerk	Ψ	620,309	Ψ	657,493	Ψ	616,517	Ψ	40,976
Total Legislative Department	\$	1,145,535	\$	1,224,978	\$	1,173,001	\$	51,977
E C . D d d								
Executive Department City Manager	\$	2,171,424	\$	2,206,918	\$	2,012,609	\$	194,309
Organizational Development Office	φ	273,639	φ	407,278	Ф	379,524	Ф	27,754
Media and Communication Group		1,503,426		1,549,018		1,491,495		57,523
Volunteer Council		209,111		219,568		210,252		9,316
Total Executive Department	\$	4,157,600	\$	4,382,782	\$	4,093,880	\$	288,902
•	-							·
Law Department								
City Attorney	\$	4,067,393	\$	4,205,905	\$	3,969,488	\$	236,417
Finance Department								
Director of Finance:								
Director's Office	\$	759,218	\$	753,828	\$	707,816	\$	46,012
Comptroller's Office		1,699,940		1,774,621		1,720,214		54,407
Payroll		849,808		862,280		892,202		(29,922)
Purchasing		1,219,749		1,301,958		1,228,576		73,382
Local Vehicle Registration		297,000		297,000		288,506		8,494
Total Director of Finance	\$	4,825,715	\$	4,989,687	\$	4,837,314	\$	152,373
Commissioner of the Revenue		4,546,834		4,680,157		4,606,699		73,458
Board of Equalization		2,397		2,397		1,423		974
City Real Estate Assessor		3,155,139		3,206,459		3,045,527		160,932
Treasurer		5,886,194		5,993,707		5,716,289		277,418
Total Finance Department	\$	18,416,279	\$	18,872,407	\$	18,207,252	\$	665,155
Human Resources Department								
Director's Office	\$	380,223	\$	369,199	\$	353,378	\$	15,821
Employee Relations		2,726,960		2,808,199		2,566,196		242,003
Benefits Administration		8,629,338		8,705,744		7,118,650		1,587,094
Occupational Safety		1,206,040		1,228,383		1,207,348		21,035
Total Human Resources Department	\$	12,942,561	\$	13,111,525	\$	11,245,572	\$	1,865,953
Judicial Department								
Circuit Court	\$	1,085,355	\$	1,104,089	\$	1,086,429	\$	17,660
General District Court		452,413		440,010		420,727		19,283
Juvenile and Domestic Relations - District Court		181,768		186,457		140,355		46,102
Commonwealth's Attorney		8,124,911		8,100,361		7,832,997		267,364
Clerk of the Circuit Court		3,310,116		3,843,209		3,495,200		348,009
Magistrates		80,483		84,563		61,462		23,101
Juvenile Probation		1,507,366		1,815,077		1,480,465		334,612
Total Judicial Department	\$	14,742,412	\$	15,573,766	\$	14,517,635	\$	1,056,131
Health Department								
Preventive Medicine	\$	3,191,017	\$	3,309,162	\$	3,271,550	\$	37,612
Human Services Department								
Administration	\$	7,547,810	\$	7,736,764	\$	6,894,913	\$	841,851
Mental Health	Ψ.	22,137,067	7	23,433,140	*	21,293,128	7	2,140,012
Developmental Services		22,283,335		23,028,075		19,447,460		3,580,615
Substance Abuse		5,250,979		5,510,405		4,781,083		729,322
Social Services		33,116,642		33,687,732		34,184,596		(496,864)
Comprehensive Services Act Administration & Social Services		10,128,282		10,063,490		9,782,248		281,242
Indian River Road ICF/MR		5,279,752		5,369,931		6,310,954		(941,023)
						4,879,921		262,868
Juvenile Detention Center		5,124,828		5,142,789		4.0/99/1		

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES COMPARED TO FINAL BUDGET FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

								Variance Positive
Source	Or	iginal Budget	F	inal Budget		Actual	((Negative)
Police Department	_		_		_			
Director's Office	\$	3,213,944	\$	3,257,908	\$	3,153,862	\$	104,046
Personnel and Training		4,667,095		4,827,703		4,765,284		62,419
Crime Prevention		72,714,889		72,742,821		70,685,902		2,056,919
Investigative Division		18,204,168	_	18,703,699	_	17,873,917	_	829,782
Total Police Department	\$	98,800,096	\$	99,532,131	\$	96,478,965	\$	3,053,166
Public Works Department								
Director's Office	\$	297,114	\$	301,751	\$	251,690	\$	50,061
Administration Services		7,171,301		7,159,464		6,791,501		367,963
Real Estate Office		9,867,339		10,117,959		9,185,551		932,408
Customer Service/Administration		45,859,611		59,421,427		54,489,057		4,932,370
Support Services and Systems Support		959,684		979,533		851,573		127,960
Facilities Management		963,651		1,105,803		1,653,689		(547,886)
Total Public Works Department	\$	65,118,700	\$	79,085,937	\$	73,223,061	\$	5,862,876
Library Department								
Director's Office	\$	1,490,119	\$	1,506,765	\$	1,504,648	\$	2,117
Central Library	Ψ	2,518,103	Ψ	2,566,699	Ψ	2,342,017	Ψ	224,682
Great Neck Area Library		641,534		659,649		639,408		20,241
Bayside Area Library		946,491		964,112		932,777		31,335
Oceanfront Area Library		754,651		771,540		674,058		97,482
Kempsville Area Library		1,156,566		1,174,931		1,134,452		40,479
Windsor Woods Area Library		644,035		662,624		627,010		35,614
Pungo/Blackwater Area Library		407,034		416,462		402,679		13,783
				1,141,017		1,086,949		54,068
Princess Anne Library		1,120,150				, ,		
Joint Use Library		1,875,022		1,905,637		1,768,603		137,034
Youth and Family Services		1,233,235		1,259,291		1,215,981		43,310
Support Services Total Library Department	\$	4,739,461 17,526,401	\$	5,369,740 18,398,467	\$	5,005,164 17,333,746	\$	364,576 1,064,721
Total Botaly Department	Ψ	17,320,401	Ψ	10,370,407	Ψ	17,333,740	Ψ	1,004,721
Planning Department								
Director's Office	\$	1,957,139	\$	2,394,000	\$	1,731,947	\$	662,053
Comprehensive Planning		406,363		438,327		358,678		79,649
Environment and Sustainability		774,900		776,905		251,939		524,966
Development Services		2,887,158		2,932,304		2,590,399		341,905
Public Utilities - Development Services		304,845		312,388		305,092		7,296
Current Planning		399,895		406,008		313,003		93,005
Building Permits and Inspections		3,901,813		3,959,970		3,707,553		252,417
Chesapeake Bay Program		-		-		212,248		(212,248)
Wetlands Program		-		-		144,123		(144,123)
Transportation Planning		228,885		232,478		237,344		(4,866)
Zoning Administration		1,192,066		1,220,203		1,140,779		79,424
Total Planning Department	\$	12,053,064	\$	12,672,583	\$	10,993,105	\$	1,679,478
Agriculture Department								
Director's Office	\$	295,193	\$	298,996	\$	275,099	\$	23,897
Virginia Cooperative Extension	Ψ	303,561	Ψ	311,650	Ψ	277,650	Ψ	34,000
Farmers Market		236,913		239,609		196,422		43,187
Total Agriculture Department	\$	835,667	\$	850,255	\$	749,171	\$	101,084
Formation of the second								
Economic Development Department Director of Economic Development	\$	3,631,457	\$	3,670,946	\$	3,493,045	\$	177,901
Growsmart	Ψ		Ψ		φ		Ψ	
	•	297,594	•	331,691	¢	256,230	•	75,461
Total Economic Development Department	\$	3,929,051	\$	4,002,637	\$	3,749,275	\$	253,362

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES COMPARED TO FINAL BUDGET FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

_								Variance Positive
Source	Or	riginal Budget	F	inal Budget		Actual		(Negative)
Convention and Visitor Development	Φ.	1 205 600	ф.	1 210 610	Ф	1 102 (20	ф	24.001
Director's Office	\$	1,205,609	\$	1,218,619	\$	1,183,628	\$	34,991
Tourism Marketing and Sales		94,858		94,858		74,751		20,107
Convention Marketing and Sales		934,644		947,187		884,499		62,688
Sports Marketing		388,349		393,541		386,947		6,594
Convention Center	¢	6,387,020	6	6,532,797	•	5,633,031	•	899,766
Total Convention and Visitor Development	\$	9,010,480	\$	9,187,002	\$	8,162,856	\$	1,024,146
Parks and Recreation Department								
Landscape Administration	\$	2,369,379	\$	2,551,100	\$	2,610,199	\$	(59,099)
Grounds Maintenance		7,122,775		7,457,481		6,845,825		611,656
Parks Maintenance		3,107,693		3,256,196		3,047,940		208,256
Special Zones Management		712,027		728,503		682,342		46,161
Resort Area Landscaping		797,009		821,454		754,228		67,226
Total Parks and Recreation Department	\$	14,108,883	\$	14,814,734	\$	13,940,534	\$	874,200
•								
Boards and Commissions								
General Registrar	\$	1,905,803	\$	2,475,158	\$	2,443,293	\$	31,865
Zoning Board of Appeals		16,708		17,708		17,384		324
Wetlands Board of Virginia Beach		5,071		11,071		10,375		696
Chesapeake Bay Preservation Board		9,756		9,756		9,740		16
Audit Services		774,309		883,081		871,540		11,541
Cultural Affairs		836,920		997,935		767,570		230,365
COIG - General Operation Grants		500,000		500,000		500,000		-
Lease/Rent of Facilities		1,711,319		1,711,319		1,678,322		32,997
Arts and Humanities Commissions		525,000		529,519		529,378		141
Planning Commission		26,687		44,387		40,864		3,523
Sandler Center for Performing Arts		1,015,680		2,642,360		952,081		1,690,279
Regional Participation		2,306,691		2,626,691		2,618,691		8,000
Vehicle Replacements		5,107,514		7,224,034		6,367,621		856,413
Revenue Reimbursements		13,877,317		14,774,702		14,722,061		52,641
Independent Financial Services		164,999		255,659		168,069		87,590
Computer Replacement Program		1,558,589		1,845,037		591,735		1,253,302
Total Boards and Commissions	\$	30,342,363	\$	36,548,417	\$	32,288,724	\$	4,259,693
Eine Demonter and								
Fire Department Fire Marshal's Office	\$	2,820,836	\$	2,980,904	\$	2,537,840	\$	443,064
Fire Administration	Φ	2,369,824	φ	2,441,159	φ	2,145,627	ф	295,532
Fire Operations		43,833,638		45,339,037		45,686,431		(347,394)
Emergency Management		382,344		43,339,037		391,164		19,915
Fire Training		1,421,630		1,456,082		1,400,116		55,966
Total Fire Department	\$	50,828,272	\$	52,628,261	\$	52,161,178	\$	467,083
	4	,,	7	-,-30,201	*	,,-,-,-	7	.07,000
Information Technology								
IT Business Center	\$	1,125,374	\$	1,045,538	\$	996,796	\$	48,742
Applications Support		8,396,807		9,600,648		8,296,760		1,303,888
Operations Support		972,978		986,132		923,583		62,549
System Support		6,681,530		6,871,104		6,152,147		718,957
Center for GIS		2,234,981		2,275,150		2,099,126		176,024
Video Services		-		17,494		24,174		(6,680)
GF Telecommunications		2,164,765		2,142,783		1,497,410		645,373
Technology Services		1,931,912		2,045,523		1,923,912		121,611
Mail Services		216,189		218,835	_	218,380	_	455
Total Information Technology	\$	23,724,536	\$	25,203,207	\$	22,132,288	\$	3,070,919

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES COMPARED TO FINAL BUDGET FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

S	0	nicinal Budga4	Einal Dadas4	Actual	Variance Positive
Source Emergency Communications and Citizen Services	0	riginal Budget	 Final Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Emergency Communications	\$	8,431,926	\$ 8,476,948	\$ 6,828,322	\$ 1,648,626
Director's Office		220,691	223,806	240,516	(16,710)
Administration		411,008	429,378	380,202	49,176
Citizen Services		794,877	805,251	693,794	111,457
Training		48,868	48,868	51,768	(2,900)
Technology and Support		595,732	656,294	664,635	(8,341)
Total Emergency Communications and Citizen Services	\$	10,503,102	\$ 10,640,545	\$ 8,859,237	\$ 1,781,308
Housing and Neighborhood Preservation					
Code Enforcement	\$	1,814,986	\$ 1,909,240	\$ 1,813,255	\$ 95,985
Museums Department					
Aquarium and Marine Science Center	\$	9,411,667	\$ 9,911,214	\$ 9,036,620	\$ 874,594
Aquarium Foundation		1,404,176	1,421,227	1,205,780	215,447
Historical Preservation		742,840	 857,326	 718,937	 138,389
Total Museums Department	\$	11,558,683	\$ 12,189,767	\$ 10,961,337	\$ 1,228,430
Management Services Department					
Director's Office	\$	1,600,325	\$ 1,521,095	\$ 1,409,775	\$ 111,320
Emergency Medical Services					
Director's Office	\$	823,373	\$ 854,239	\$ 936,577	\$ (82,338)
Operations		2,969,127	3,355,378	3,020,776	334,602
Lifeguard Services		1,829,624	1,841,131	1,828,167	12,964
Training		561,484	602,583	579,803	22,780
Emergency Response System		4,309,555	4,420,530	4,367,732	52,798
Regulation & Enforcement		234,245	 237,218	 258,246	 (21,028)
Total Emergency Medical Services	\$	10,727,408	\$ 11,311,079	\$ 10,991,301	\$ 319,778
Debt Service					
Principal	\$	32,407,735	\$ 32,407,735	\$ 31,752,735	\$ 655,000
Interest		18,078,436	 18,078,436	 17,952,699	 125,737
Total Debt Service	\$	50,486,171	\$ 50,486,171	\$ 49,705,434	\$ 780,737
Education					
School Operating	\$	365,983,390	\$ 372,738,033	\$ 355,674,143	\$ 17,063,890
School Operating from Reserves		5,000,000	5,000,000	5,000,000	-
School Capital Projects		3,591,000	3,591,000	 3,591,000	
Total Education	\$	374,574,390	\$ 381,329,033	\$ 364,265,143	\$ 17,063,890
Total Department Expenditures	\$	957,074,070	\$ 996,963,412	\$ 943,271,066	\$ 53,692,346

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES COMPARED TO FINAL BUDGET FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

					Variance Positive
Source	Ori	ginal Budget	Final Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Other Financing Uses					
Transfers Out:					
General Debt Service	\$	45,704,383	\$ 45,704,383	\$ 45,704,383	\$ -
Parking Enterprise Fund		-	4,429	4,429	-
Housing and Neighborhood Preservation		771,087	1,215,060	1,215,060	-
Multimodal Transportation Program		6,351,497	6,351,497	6,351,497	-
General Government Capital Projects		12,114,809	11,623,476	11,623,476	-
Engineering and Highways Capital Projects		2,679,816	2,599,816	2,599,816	-
Parks and Recreation Capital Projects		3,512,106	3,482,538	3,482,538	-
Economic & Tourism Capital Projects		3,246,982	3,246,982	3,246,982	-
Coastal Capital Projects		5,988,030	5,988,030	5,988,030	-
Grants Consolidated		631,917	900,483	897,041	3,442
Sheriff's Department		22,471,196	23,212,231	23,212,231	-
Tourism Growth Investment Program		-	13,695	13,695	-
Parks and Recreation		4,582,522	4,814,600	4,814,600	-
Storm Water Utility Capital Projects		-	1,310,000	1,310,000	-
Federal Section 8		260,410	252,053	252,053	-
Federal Housing Assistance Program		280,033	120,522	110,424	10,098
Waste Management		10,062,505	10,062,505	10,062,505	-
Risk Management		-	1,800,000	1,800,000	-
Public Safety City Marina		20,965	20,965	20,965	-
Total Other Financing Uses	\$	118,678,258	\$ 122,723,265	\$ 122,709,725	\$ 13,540
TOTAL EXPENDITURES AND OTHER					
FINANCING USES	\$	1,075,752,328	\$ 1,119,686,677	\$ 1,065,980,791	\$ 53,705,886



This Page Intentionally Left Blank

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

The Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

The City has the following Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds:

Law Library - accounts for the revenues and expenditures of providing legal information and research. Revenues are raised through a set charge per civil court case and donations, which are used for library operations.

Sandbridge Tax Increment Financing— accounts for the incremental growth in real estate tax revenues within the district. These incremental revenues are generated by assessment growth beyond the base year, and are used to support beach and shoreline restoration in the Sandbridge district as established by City Council.

Housing and Neighborhood Preservation - accounts for the combined activities of the Federal Community Development Block Grant (CDBG), Federal Housing Assistance Grant, Community Development Loan and programs, and Virginia State Rental Assistance Program (SRAP). This fund supports the administration of both capital improvement projects in target neighborhoods and various other housing programs. The uses of fund balance are restricted to the federal and state programs that generated the funds.

Development Authority – accounts for financial resources dedicated to the economic development of the City.

Town Center Special Service District – established to provide for the maintenance of public parking facilities and other infrastructure in conjunction with realizing a long-term City Council goal of developing a town center which is supported by revenues from an additional real estate tax rate applied to each property owner in the Central Business District (CBD) within the Pembroke area of the City.

Forfeited Assets – accounts for the City's share of Federal revenues derived from any Federal agency where money or assets are seized. If the Commonwealth's Attorney is involved in the case, the department too gets a portion of the funds. All State seizures are divided with the Commonwealth's Attorney receiving 25% and the Police Department receiving 75%. All real estate seized is split 50%/50% between the Commonwealth's Attorney and the Police Department. Fund balance must be used in compliance with Federal and State regulations to fund Police or Commonwealth's Attorney projects.

Federal Section Eight Program - accounts for funds received from the Federal Department of Housing and Urban Development to provide rental assistance to low and moderate income families. A separate fund is required by the Federal government and fund balance must be used for rental assistance.

Sheriff's Department - accounts for the cost of the care and custody of persons placed in the Virginia Beach Correctional Center by the courts and for the operation of the Sheriff's Department, as established by City Council.

Parks and Recreation - accounts for revenues raised through Parks and Recreation programs. This fund also receives dedicated funding from a portion of the real estate taxes to support and maintain the City's recreation centers.

Tourism Investment Program - accounts for the revenue streams to fund tourism related capital projects and expenditures for oceanfront programs and events, maintenance, operating costs, and debt service of tourism-related projects, as established by City Council. This fund receives dedicated funding from a percentage of the following local taxes: amusement, hotel room, and restaurant meal tax receipts.

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (continued)

Central Business District South Tax Increment Financing - accounts for incremental growth in real estate tax revenues and debt service funding of public parking and other public improvements in this business district. Fund balance is maintained to meet planned construction and debt service costs for improvements in this district as approved by City Council.

Sandbridge Special Service District - accounts for the revenues raised by the additional real estate tax, hotel tax and other Sandbridge related revenue. The Virginia Beach code restricts the uses of fund balance to Capital Improvement Program projects associated with beach and shoreline restoration and maintenance within the Sandbridge District.

Tourism Advertising Program - accounts for revenue and expenses related to tourism advertising. This fund receives dedicated funding from a percentage of the hotel room tax and restaurant meal tax. There is a City Council appointed committee that oversees the use of these funds.

Agriculture Reserve Program - accounts for revenue and expenses to promote and encourage the preservation of farmland in the rural southern portion of the City, in which agricultural uses predominate. This is a voluntary purchase of development rights rather than regulatory, as established by City Council. Fund balance will be used for payments of future interest costs of U.S Treasury Securities and the maturing interest on each agreement.

Emergency FEMA - accounts for receipts from the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA), and for the cost of providing urban search and rescue services in support of disaster declarations as well as reimbursements to the City for the cost of local disasters. The level of fund balance is subject to final audit by the Inspector General.

Open Space - accounts for the acquisition and preservation of land in the City of Virginia Beach. This fund receives dedicated revenues from a percentage of the restaurant meal tax.

Combined Area Dredging Projects – this fund supports the special service districts of Old Donation Creek, Bayville Creek Shadowlawn, Chesopeian Colony, Harbour Point, Gills Cove and Hurds Cove, where additional real estate taxes are assessed on residents of those districts and collected to provide neighborhood channel dredging of creeks and rivers.

Wetlands Board Mitigation – accounts for the fines assessed for the destruction of wetlands and are to be used for the purchase of land and re-creation of wetlands.

Multimodal Transportation – collects and remits revenue dedications from local funding sources to support transportation initiatives across the City. This fund also receives dedicated funding from a portion of the real estate taxes and other sources to support and maintain the City's transportation system.

Grants Consolidated - accounts for certain Commonwealth of Virginia and Federal Grants (with matching local funds, if required).



This Page Intentionally Left Blank

	La	w Library	lge Tax Increment Financing	_	nd Neighborhood eservation
<u>ASSETS</u>		•			
Cash and Investments	\$	323,161	\$ -	\$	718,674
Restricted Cash		-	5,298,845		432,363
Accounts Receivable		-	-		-
Loans Receivable		-	-		6,090,575
Due from Other Governments		-	-		-
Due from Commonwealth		-	-		
Due from Federal Government		-	-		1,008,563
Total Assets	\$	323,161	\$ 5,298,845	\$	8,250,175
LIABILITIES					
Vouchers and Accounts Payable	\$	6,260	\$ -	\$	404,193
Total Liabilities	\$	6,260	\$ -	\$	404,193
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Unavailable Revenue - Housing Loans	\$		\$ 	\$	493,950
FUND BALANCES					
Restricted for:					
General Government	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Housing and Community Development		-	-		7,352,032
Judicial		-	-		
Public Safety		-	-		
Special Service District		-	-		-
Committed to:					
Agriculture		-	-		-
Convention and Visitor Development		-	-		-
Education		277,901	-		-
Judicial		-	-		
Parks and Recreation		-	-		-
Tax Increment Financing		-	5,298,845		-
Assigned to:					
Education		39,000	-		-
Housing and Community Development		-	-		-
Judicial		-	-		-
Public Safety		-	-		-
Parks and Recreation		-	-		-
Special Service District		-	-		-
Tax Increment Financing		-	-		-
Unassigned		-	-		
Total Fund Balances	\$	316,901	\$ 5,298,845	\$	7,352,032
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED					
INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCES	\$	323,161	\$ 5,298,845	\$	8,250,175

Develop	ment Authority		Center Special vice District	Fo	orfeited Assets		nl Section Eight Program		Sub-Total (continued)
\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	1,164,737	\$	2,206,572
Ψ	1,120,862	Ψ	2,151,029	Ψ	2,743,030	Ψ	159,600	Ψ	11,905,729
			-				300		300
	-		-		-		-		6,090,575
	-		-		-		18,303		18,303
	-		-		-		-		-
			-		<u>-</u>		12,535		1,021,098
\$	1,120,862	\$	2,151,029	\$	2,743,030	\$	1,355,475	\$	21,242,577
¢	1 120 962	¢	194 022	¢	55.014	¢	200 691	¢	2.001.042
\$	1,120,862	\$ \$	184,932 184,932	\$ \$	55,914 55,914	\$ \$	309,681 309,681	\$	2,081,842
2	1,120,862	\$	184,932	<u> </u>	55,914	2	309,081	3	2,081,842
\$		\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u> _	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	493,950
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	-		-		-		289,781		7,641,813
	-		-		676,028		-		676,028
	-		- 1,966,097		1,625,173		-		1,625,173 1,966,097
	-		1,900,097		-		-		1,900,097
	-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		277,901
	-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		5,298,845
	-		-		-		-		39,000
	-		-		-		756,013		756,013
	-		-		100,000		-		100,000
	-		-		285,915		-		285,915
	-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-
\$	_	\$	1,966,097	\$	2,687,116	\$	1,045,794	\$	18,666,785
· ·		<u> </u>	,, ,,,,,,	· ·	,,,,,,,,,	•	,,,,,,,,	·	,,
\$	1,120,862	\$	2,151,029	\$	2,743,030	\$	1,355,475	\$	21,242,577

	Sherif	f's Department	Parks	and Recreation	sm Investment Program
ASSETS		-			
Cash and Investments	\$	2,136,997	\$	15,791,701	\$ 13,615,201
Restricted Cash		-		-	-
Accounts Receivable		-		217,940	-
Loans Receivable		-		-	-
Due from Other Governments		-		-	-
Due from Commonwealth		1,302,222		-	-
Due from Federal Government		3,801		-	-
Total Assets	\$	3,443,020	\$	16,009,641	\$ 13,615,201
LIABILITIES					
Vouchers and Accounts Payable	\$	1,803,380	\$	856,119	\$ 75,010
Total Liabilities	\$	1,803,380	\$	856,119	\$ 75,010
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Unavailable Revenue - Housing Loans	\$		\$		\$ -
FUND BALANCES					
Restricted for:					
General Government	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Housing and Community Development		-		-	-
Judicial		-		-	-
Public Safety		-		-	-
Special Service District		-		-	-
Committed to:					
Agriculture		-		-	-
Convention and Visitor Development		-		-	13,540,191
Educational		-		-	-
Judicial		1,639,640		-	-
Parks and Recreation		-		14,427,814	-
Tax Increment Financing		-		-	-
Assigned to:					
Educational		-		-	-
Housing and Community Development		_		_	_
Judicial		_		_	_
Public Safety		_		_	_
Parks and Recreation		_		725,708	_
Special Service District		_			_
Tax Increment Financing		_		_	_
Unassigned		-		_	_
Total Fund Balances	\$	1,639,640	\$	15,153,522	\$ 13,540,191
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED					
INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCES	\$	3,443,020	\$	16,009,641	\$ 13,615,201

	Business District Tax Increment Sandbridge Special Service Financing District				sm Advertising Program	Sub-Total (continued)		
\$	_	\$	_	\$	2,046,840	\$	35,797,311	
Ψ	2,042,575	Ψ	714,507	Ψ	2,040,040	Ψ	14,662,811	
	-		-		_		218,240	
	-		-		-		6,090,575	
	-		-		-		18,303	
	-		-		-		1,302,222	
	-						1,024,899	
\$	2,042,575	\$	714,507	\$	2,046,840	\$	59,114,361	
\$	_	\$	_	\$	350,308	\$	5,166,659	
\$	-	\$	-	\$	350,308	\$	5,166,659	
\$		\$		\$	-	\$	493,950	
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	7 (41 010	
	-		-		-		7,641,813	
	-		-		-		676,028 1,625,173	
	-		714,507		-		2,680,604	
	-		-		-			
	-		-		1,696,532		15,236,723	
	-		-		-		277,901 1,639,640	
	_		-		-		14,427,814	
	1,688,330		-		-		6,987,175	
	-		-		-		39,000	
	-		-		-		756,013	
	-		-		-		100,000	
	-		-		-		285,915	
	-		-		-		725,708	
	354,245		_		-		354,245	
	-		_		-		334,243	
\$	2,042,575	\$	714,507	\$	1,696,532	\$	53,453,752	
	2,042,575	\$	714,507	\$	2,046,840	\$	59,114,361	

	culture Reserve Program	Emer	gency FEMA	Open Space		
<u>ASSETS</u>			-			
Cash and Investments	\$ 12,560,635	\$	346,498	\$	322,199	
Restricted Cash	-		-		-	
Accounts Receivable	-		-		-	
Loans Receivable	-		-		-	
Due from Other Governments	-		-		-	
Due from Commonwealth	-		-		-	
Due from Federal Government	-				-	
Total Assets	\$ 12,560,635	\$	346,498	\$	322,199	
LIABILITIES						
Vouchers and Accounts Payable	\$ 1,247	\$	_	\$	4,817	
Total Liabilities	\$ 1,247	\$	-	\$	4,817	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable Revenue - Housing Loans	\$ 	\$		\$	-	
FUND BALANCES						
Restricted for:						
General Government	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	
Housing and Community Development	_		_		-	
Judicial	-		-		-	
Public Safety	_		346,498		-	
Special Service District	_		_		-	
Committed to:						
Agriculture	12,559,388		-		-	
Convention and Visitor Development	_		_		-	
Educational	_		_		-	
Judicial	-		-		-	
Parks and Recreation	-		-		317,382	
Tax Increment Financing	-		-		-	
Assigned to:						
Educational	-		-		-	
Housing and Community Development	-		-		-	
Judicial	_		_		-	
Public Safety	-		-		-	
Parks and Recreation	-		-		-	
Special Service District	_		_		-	
Tax Increment Financing	_		_		-	
Unassigned	_		_		-	
Total Fund Balances	\$ 12,559,388	\$	346,498	\$	317,382	
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED						
INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 12,560,635	\$	346,498	\$	322,199	

	l Area Dredging Projects	Wetlands	Board Mitigation	Multimodal Transportation	Grant	ts Consolidated		Totals
Ф		¢.	207.525	¢.	r.		ф	40 224 170
\$	12 200	\$	307,535	\$ -	\$	2 104 000	\$	49,334,178
	12,299		-	-		2,184,889		16,859,999
	-		-	-		-		218,240
	-		-	-		-		6,090,575
	-		-	-		-		18,303
	-		-	-		433,740		1,735,962
				-	-	623,015	_	1,647,914
\$	12,299	\$	307,535	\$ -	\$	3,241,644	\$	75,905,171
\$		\$		\$ -	¢	445,998	\$	5,618,721
\$		\$		\$ -	\$ \$	445,998	\$	5,618,721
\$		2	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	•	445,998	2	3,018,721
\$		\$		\$ -	\$		\$	493,950
\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	2,795,646	\$	2,795,646
	-		-	-		-		7,641,813
	-		-	-		-		676,028
	-		-	-		-		1,971,671
	-		-	-		-		2,680,604
	-		-	-		-		12,559,388
	-		-	-		-		15,236,723
	-		-	-		-		277,901
	-		-	-		-		1,639,640
	-		307,535	-		-		15,052,731
	-		-	-		-		6,987,175
	-		-	-		-		39,000
	-		-	-		-		756,013
	-		-	-		-		100,000
	-		-	-		-		285,915
	-		-	-		-		725,708
	12,299		-	-		-		12,299
	-		-	-		-		354,245
\$	12,299	\$	307,535	\$ -	\$	2,795,646	\$	69,792,500
\$	12,299	\$	307,535	\$ -	\$	3,241,644	\$	75,905,171

	L	aw Library	dge Tax Increment Financing	_	and Neighborhood reservation
REVENUES		v			
General Property Taxes	\$	-	\$ 9,480,962	\$	-
Other Local Taxes		-	-		-
From Use of Money and Property		4,942	38,665		15,373
Charges for Services		242,892	-		75
Miscellaneous		-	-		2,573
Fines and Forfeitures		-	-		-
From Commonwealth		-	-		506,987
From Federal Government		-	 		3,089,663
Total Revenues	\$	247,834	\$ 9,519,627	\$	3,614,671
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Judicial	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Library		282,162	-		-
Police		-	-		-
Fire		-	-		-
Public Works		-	-		-
Parks and Recreation		-	-		-
Agriculture		-	-		-
Convention and Visitor Development		-	-		-
Transportation		-	-		-
Housing and Neighborhood Preservation		-	-		4,200,564
Human Services		-	-		-
General Government		-	-		-
Emergency Medical Services			 -		-
Total Expenditures	\$	282,162	\$ 	\$	4,200,564
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER					
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	\$	(34,328)	\$ 9,519,627	\$	(585,893)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers In	\$	-	\$ -	\$	1,334,220
Transfers Out		-	(9,926,570)		(128,858)
Agriculture Reserve Agreement		-	 <u>-</u>		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$		\$ (9,926,570)	\$	1,205,362
EXCESS OF REVENUE AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES					
AND OTHER FINANCING USES	\$	(34,328)	\$ (406,943)	\$	619,469
FUND BALANCES-JULY 1		351,229	 5,705,788		6,732,563
FUND BALANCES - JUNE 30	\$	316,901	\$ 5,298,845	\$	7,352,032

Development Aut	hority		Center Special vice District	For	rfeited Assets		al Section Eight Program		Sub-Total (continued)
\$	-	\$	1,869,923	\$	-	\$	-	\$	11,350,885
	-		-		-		-		-
	-		258,342		16,858		1,870		336,050
	-		24,300		-		2 640 611		267,267
	-		167,681		-		2,640,611		2,810,865
	-		_		421,460				928,447
	_		_		31,506		18,675,457		21,796,626
\$		\$	2,320,246	\$	469,824	\$	21,317,938	\$	37,490,140
·		·	,- ,,	<u>.</u>			7 77		
\$	-	\$	-	\$	336,286	\$	-	\$	336,286
	-		-		-		-		282,162
	-		-		838,820		-		838,820
	-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		25 205 451
	-		-		-		21,104,887		25,305,451
	-		1,661,902		-		-		1,661,902
\$		\$	1,661,902	\$	1,175,106	\$	21,104,887	\$	28,424,621
Ψ		Ψ	1,001,702	Ψ	1,173,100	Ψ	21,104,007	Ψ	20,424,021
\$		\$	658,344	\$	(705,282)	\$	213,051	\$	9,065,519
¢.		Ф	150,000	ф		ф	252.052	Ф	1 50 6 050
\$	-	\$	150,000	\$	(11.250)	\$	252,053	\$	1,736,273
	-		(464,976)		(11,250)		-		(10,531,654)
\$		\$	(314,976)	\$	(11,250)	\$	252,053	\$	(8,795,381)
Ψ		Ψ	(314,570)	Ψ	(11,230)	Ψ	232,033	Ψ	(0,755,501)
\$	-	\$	343,368	\$	(716,532)	\$	465,104	\$	270,138
			1,622,729		3,403,648		580,690		18,396,647
\$	-	\$	1,966,097	\$	2,687,116	\$	1,045,794	\$	18,666,785

	Shei	riff's Department		Parks and Recreation	Tourism	Investment Program
REVENUES						
General Property Taxes	\$	-	\$	18,277,291	\$	-
Other Local Taxes		-		-		35,893,843
From Use of Money and Property		11,444		1,818,522		466,392
Charges for Services		4,735,627		12,962,924		_
Miscellaneous		4,856		47,056		913,283
Fines and Forfeiture		-		· <u>-</u>		504,503
From Commonwealth		18,072,623		10,987		_
From Federal Government		92,669		· -		_
Total Revenues	\$	22,917,219	\$	33,116,780	\$	37,778,021
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Judicial	\$	45,745,670	\$	-	\$	_
Library		-		-		-
Police		_		_		-
Fire		_		_		_
Public Works		_		_		130,637
Parks and Recreation		_		33,364,179		1,014
Agriculture		_		-		-
Convention and Visitor Development		_		_		29,913,513
Transportation		_		_		
Housing and Neighborhood Preservation		_		_		_
Human Services		_		_		_
General Government		_		_		_
Emergency Medical Services		_		_		_
Total Expenditures	\$	45,745,670	\$	33,364,179	\$	30,045,164
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER		(22.020.454)	ф	(2.17.200)	Φ.	
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	\$	(22,828,451)	\$	(247,399)	\$	7,732,857
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers In	\$	23,212,231	\$	4,835,565	\$	-
Transfers Out		-		(3,497,345)		28,392
Agriculture Reserve Agreement		-		-		(1,272,819)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	23,212,231	\$	1,338,220	\$	(1,244,427)
EXCESS OF REVENUE AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES						
AND OTHER FINANCING USES	\$	383,780	\$	1,090,821	\$	6,488,430
FUND BALANCES-JULY 1		1,255,860		14,062,701		7,051,761
FUND BALANCES - JUNE 30	\$	1,639,640	\$	15,153,522	\$	13,540,191

South	Business District Tax Increment Financing	Sandbrid	lge Special Service District	Tourism A	Advertising Program		Sub-Total (continued)
\$	6,645,270	\$	698,079	\$		\$	36,971,525
ф	500,000	Ф	3,703,866	Ą	11,783,651	Ф	51,881,360
	701		10,083		63,858		2,707,050
	-		-		42,673		18,008,491
	_		_		16,161		3,792,221
	_		_		-		504,503
	-		-		-		19,012,057
	-		-		-		21,889,295
\$	7,145,971	\$	4,412,028	\$	11,906,343	\$	154,766,502
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	46,081,956
	-		-		-		282,162
	-		-		-		838,820
	-		-		-		130,637
	-		-		-		33,365,193
	-		-		-		33,303,193
	-		-		11,592,037		41,505,550
	-		-		-		25,305,451
	7,744,239		-		-		9,406,141
\$	7,744,239	\$		\$	11,592,037	\$	156,915,910
\$	(598,268)	\$	4,412,028	\$	314,306	\$	(2,149,408
\$	-	\$	90,000	\$	-	\$	29,874,069
	(150,000)		(4,423,430)		(56,838)		(18,630,875
	-		-		-		(1,272,819
\$	(150,000)	\$	(4,333,430)	\$	(56,838)	\$	9,970,375
\$	(748,268)	\$	78,598	\$	257,468	\$	7,820,967
	2,790,843		635,909		1,439,064		45,632,785
\$	2,042,575	\$	714,507	\$	1,696,532	\$	53,453,752

	Agricultui	re Reserve Program		Emergency FEMA		Open Space
REVENUES	11911041144	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Emergency 12.011		орен ориес
General Property Taxes	\$	2,944,558	\$	-	\$	-
Other Local Taxes		-		-		2,602,579
From Use of Money and Property		67,082		-		172
Charges for Services		-		-		-
Miscellaneous		-		-		-
Fines and Forfeiture		-		-		-
From Commonwealth		505,845		-		-
From Federal Government		-		649,361		-
Total Revenues	\$	3,517,485	\$	649,361	\$	2,602,751
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>						
Current:						
Judicial	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Library		-		-		-
Police		-		-		-
Fire		-		-		-
Public Works		-		-		-
Parks and Recreation		-		-		412,859
Agriculture		6,177,441		-		-
Convention and Visitor Development		-		_		_
Transportation		-		-		-
Housing and Neighborhood Preservation		_		-		-
Human Services		-		-		-
General Government		_		669,572		2,580,324
Emergency Medical Services		-		-		-
Total Expenditures	\$	6,177,441	\$	669,572	\$	2,993,183
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER						
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	\$	(2,659,956)	\$	(20,211)	\$	(390,432)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers In	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Transfers Out	Ψ	(1,318,519)	Ψ	_	Ψ	_
Agriculture Reserve Agreement		3,728,464		_		_
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	2,409,945	\$	-	\$	-
EXCESS OF REVENUE AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES						
AND OTHER FINANCING USES	\$	(250,011)	\$	(20,211)	\$	(390,432)
FUND BALANCES-JULY 1		12,809,399		366,709		707,814
FUND BALANCES - JUNE 30	\$	12,559,388	\$	346,498	\$	317,382

Projects Wetlands Board Mitigation T		Wetlands Board Mitigation Multimodal Transportation Grants Consolidated					olidated To		
\$ -	\$	21,768,694	\$		\$	62,270,671			
Ψ	Ψ		Ψ	_	Ψ	58,951,517			
1 574				8 736		2,840,059			
1,574		-		0,750		18,008,49			
_		_		338 682		4,130,903			
35.354		_		-		539,85			
-		_		3.158.825		22,676,72			
_		_				31,745,199			
\$ 36,928	\$	26,291,717	\$	12,712,786	\$	201,163,424			
\$ -	\$	-	\$	588,112	\$	46,670,068			
-		-		-		282,162			
-		-		233,074		1,071,894			
-		-		2,956,110		2,956,110			
-		-		15,000		145,63			
-		-		16,904		33,794,956			
-		-		-		6,177,44			
-		-		-		41,505,550			
-		28,425,956		-		28,425,956			
-		-		1,127,820		26,433,271			
-		-		7,724,765		7,724,765			
-		-		-		12,656,037			
-		-		414,433		414,433			
\$ -	\$	28,425,956	\$	13,076,218	\$	208,258,280			
\$ 36.928	\$	(2.134.239)	\$	(363,432)	\$	(7,094,856			
Ψ 30,720	Ψ	(2,134,237)	Ψ	(303,432)	Ψ	(7,074,030			
\$ -	\$	7,609,443	\$	907,409	\$	38,390,921			
-		(20,452,173)		(673,981)		(42,084,418			
-		-		-		2,455,645			
\$ -	\$	(12,842,730)	\$	233,428	\$	(1,237,852			
	\$ 36,928 \$ 36,928	\$ 36,928 \$ \$ 36,928 \$ \$ - \$	1,574	\$ 36,928 \$ (2,134,239) \$ \$ 36,928 \$ 7,609,443 \$ \$ 7,609,443 \$ \$ 7,609,443 \$ \$ 7,609,443 \$ \$ 7,609,443 \$ \$ 7,609,443 \$ \$ 7,609,443 \$ \$ 7,609,443 \$	1,574	1,574			

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA LAW LIBRARY SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

							/ariance
							nal Budget
	 Budget .	Amoun					Positive
	 Original		Final	Actu	ial Amounts	1)	Negative)
REVENUES							
From Use of Money and Property	\$ 3,265	\$	3,265	\$	4,942	\$	1,677
Charges for Services	 280,210		280,210		242,892		(37,318)
Total Revenues	\$ 283,475	\$	283,475	\$	247,834	\$	(35,641)
EXPENDITURES							
Law Library	\$ 306,639	\$	546,491	\$	282,162	\$	264,329
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER							
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	\$ (23,164)	\$	(263,016)	\$	(34,328)	\$	228,688
EXCESS OF REVENUES AND							
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES							
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES							
AND OTHER FINANCING USES	\$ (23,164)	\$	(263,016)	\$	(34,328)	\$	228,688
FUND BALANCE - JULY 1	 351,229		351,229		351,229		
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30	\$ 328,065	\$	88,213	\$	316,901	\$	228,688

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA SANDBRIDGE TAX INCREMENT FINANCING SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Budget	Amour				Fi	Variance nal Budget Positive
	 Original		Final	Ac	tual Amounts	()	Negative)
REVENUES General Property Taxes	\$ 9,177,724	\$	9,177,724	\$	9,480,962	\$	303,238
From Use of Money and Property	28,126		28,126		38,665		10,539
Total Revenues	\$ 9,205,850	\$	9,205,850	\$	9,519,627	\$	313,777
EXPENDITURES							
Sandbridge TIF	\$ 8,000,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER							
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	\$ 1,205,850	\$	9,205,850	\$	9,519,627	\$	313,777
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers Out	\$ (1,926,570)	\$	(9,926,570)	\$	(9,926,570)	\$	<u>-</u> .
EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES	\$ (720,720)	\$	(720,720)	\$	(406,943)	\$	313,777
	, , ,		, ,		, ,		ŕ
FUND BALANCE - JULY 1	 5,705,788		5,705,788		5,705,788		-
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30	\$ 4,985,068	\$	4,985,068	\$	5,298,845	\$	313,777

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA HOUSING AND NEIGHBORHOOD PRESERVATION SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

		D. 14						Variance inal Budget Positive
		Budget Original	Amou	nts Final	A of	tual Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES		Original		Filiai	AC	tuai Amounts		(Negative)
From Use of Money and Property	\$	_	\$	1,637	\$	15,373	\$	13,736
Charges for Services	Ψ		Ψ	75	Ψ	75	Ψ	13,730
Miscellaneous		170,000		450,237		2,573		(447,664)
From Commonwealth		-		-		3,750		3,750
From Commonwealth - SRAP		_		503,237		503,237		-
From Federal Government		2,585,499		2,589,803		3,089,663		499,860
Total Revenues	\$	2,755,499	\$	3,544,989	\$	3,614,671	\$	69,682
EXPENDITURES								
Housing and Neighborhood Preservation	\$	3,677,761	\$	4,248,476	\$	4,126,521	\$	121,955
State Rental Assistance Program		_		503,237		74,043		429,194
Total Expenditures	\$	3,677,761	\$	4,751,713	\$	4,200,564	\$	551,149
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER								
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	\$	(922,262)	\$	(1,206,724)	\$	(585,893)	\$	620,831
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers In	\$	1,051,120	\$	1,335,582	\$	1,334,220	\$	(1,362)
Transfers Out		(128,858)		(128,858)		(128,858)		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	922,262	\$	1,206,724	\$	1,205,362	\$	(1,362)
EXCESS OF REVENUES AND								
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES								
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES								
AND OTHER FINANCING USES	\$	-	\$	-	\$	619,469	\$	619,469
FUND BALANCE - JULY 1		6,732,563		6,732,563		6,732,563		_
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30	\$	6,732,563	\$	6,732,563	\$	7,352,032	\$	619,469

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA TOWN CENTER SPECIAL SERVICE DISTRICT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Budget	Amoui	nts			Fi	Variance nal Budget Positive
	 Original		Final	Act	tual Amounts		Negative)
REVENUES	 						,
General Property Taxes	\$ 1,970,578	\$	1,970,578	\$	1,869,923	\$	(100,655)
From Use of Money and Property	231,000		231,000		258,342		27,342
Charges for Services	24,300		24,300		24,300		-
Miscellaneous	26,000		26,000		167,681		141,681
Total Revenues	\$ 2,251,878	\$	2,251,878	\$	2,320,246	\$	68,368
EXPENDITURES							
Town Center Parking Operations	\$ 1,917,321	\$	1,905,071	\$	1,643,858	\$	261,213
Town Center Operations	 50,508		59,315		18,044		41,271
Total Expenditures	\$ 1,967,829	\$	1,964,386	\$	1,661,902	\$	302,484
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER							
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	\$ 284,049	\$	287,492	\$	658,344	\$	370,852
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers In	\$ 150,000	\$	150,000	\$	150,000	\$	-
Transfers Out	 (452,726)		(464,976)		(464,976)		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$ (302,726)	\$	(314,976)	\$	(314,976)	\$	-
EXCESS OF REVENUES AND							
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES							
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES							
AND OTHER FINANCING USES	\$ (18,677)	\$	(27,484)	\$	343,368	\$	370,852
FUND BALANCE - JULY 1	 1,622,729		1,622,729		1,622,729		-
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30	\$ 1,604,052	\$	1,595,245	\$	1,966,097	\$	370,852

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA FORFEITED ASSETS SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	 Budget	Amou	nts				Variance inal Budget Positive
	 Original		Final	Act	cual Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES							
From Use of Money and Property	\$ -	\$	-	\$	16,858	\$	16,858
From Commonwealth	-		-		421,460		421,460
From Federal Government	 				31,506		31,506
Total Revenues	\$ -	\$	-	\$	469,824	\$	469,824
EXPENDITURES							
Commonwealth Attorney	\$ 400,000	\$	833,067	\$	273,205	\$	559,862
Sheriff	-		63,080		63,081		(1)
Police	260,205		1,867,312		838,820		1,028,492
Total Expenditures	\$ 660,205	\$	2,763,459	\$	1,175,106	\$	1,588,353
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER							
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	\$ (660,205)	\$	(2,763,459)	\$	(705,282)	\$	2,058,177
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers Out	\$ 	\$	(11,250)	\$	(11,250)	\$	
EXCESS OF REVENUES AND							
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES							
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES							
AND OTHER FINANCING USES	\$ (660,205)	\$	(2,774,709)	\$	(716,532)	\$	2,058,177
FUND BALANCE - JULY 1	 3,403,648		3,403,648		3,403,648		
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30	\$ 2,743,443	\$	628,939	\$	2,687,116	\$	2,058,177

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA FEDERAL SECTION EIGHT PROGRAM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

		Budget	Amou	nto			Fi	Variance nal Budget Positive
		Original	Amou	Final	A.c.	tual Amounts		Positive Negative)
REVENUES		Original		Filiai	AC	tuai Amounts	(.	(Negative)
From Use of Money and Property	\$	_	\$	_	\$	1.870	\$	1,870
Miscellaneous	7	2,706,766	•	2,706,766	_	2,640,611	T	(66,155)
From Federal Government		18,139,187		18,301,013		18,675,457		374,444
Total Revenues	\$	20,845,953	\$	21,007,779	\$	21,317,938	\$	310,159
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>								
Rental Subsidy Program	\$	21,106,363	\$	21,260,960	\$	21,104,887	\$	156,073
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER								
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	\$	(260,410)	\$	(253,181)	\$	213,051	\$	466,232
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers In	\$	260,410	\$	252,053	\$	252,053	\$	-
EXCESS OF REVENUES AND								
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES								
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES								
AND OTHER FINANCING USES	\$	-	\$	(1,128)	\$	465,104	\$	466,232
FUND BALANCE - JULY 1		580,690		580,690		580,690		-
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30	\$	580,690	\$	579,562	\$	1,045,794	\$	466,232

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA SHERIFF'S DEPARTMENT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

							Fi	Variance nal Budget	
		Budget Original	Amou	nts Final	Α.	etual Amounts	Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES		Original		rmai	A	ctual Amounts	(1	Negative)	
From Use of Money and Property	\$	11,000	\$	11,000	\$	11,444	\$	444	
• • •	Ф	4,520,608	Ф	4,594,687	Ф	4,735,627	Φ	140,940	
Charges for Services Miscellaneous		2,000		2,000		4,733,627		2,856	
		*		Ť					
From Commonwealth		17,950,000		17,892,527		18,072,623		180,096	
From Federal Government		160,000		160,000	_	92,669		(67,331)	
Total Revenues	\$	22,643,608	\$	22,660,214	\$	22,917,219	\$	257,005	
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>									
Judicial	\$	45,114,804	\$	46,228,410	\$	45,745,670	\$	482,740	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER									
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	\$	(22,471,196)	\$	(23,568,196)	\$	(22,828,451)	\$	739,745	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers In	\$	22,471,196	\$	23,212,231	\$	23,212,231	\$		
EXCESS OF REVENUES AND									
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES									
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES	\$	_	\$	(355,965)	\$	383,780	\$	739,745	
	Ψ		Ψ	(355,755)	Ψ	303,700	Ψ	752,775	
FUND BALANCE - JULY 1		1,255,860		1,255,860		1,255,860			
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30	\$	1,255,860	\$	899,895	\$	1,639,640	\$	739,745	

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA PARKS AND RECREATION SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Budget	Amou	nts			F	Variance inal Budget Positive
	Original		Final	Ac	tual Amounts		(Negative)
REVENUES							
General Property Taxes	\$ 18,280,214	\$	18,280,214	\$	18,277,291	\$	(2,923)
From Use of Money and Property	1,679,934		1,679,934		1,818,522		138,588
Charges for Services	15,111,856		15,111,856		12,962,924		(2,148,932)
Miscellaneous	156,400		156,400		47,056		(109,344)
From Commonwealth	24,250		24,250		10,987		(13,263)
Total Revenues	\$ 35,252,654	\$	35,252,654	\$	33,116,780	\$	(2,135,874)
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>							
Citywide Recreation Programs	\$ 11,030,260	\$	11,335,155	\$	10,102,795	\$	1,232,360
Parks Operations and Services	3,852,792		3,903,218		3,484,225		418,993
Recreation Centers	17,831,051		17,852,194		15,020,983		2,831,211
Golf Courses	160,002		163,150		156,041		7,109
City Beautification and Recreation	863,856		903,201		633,038		270,163
Debt Service	 4,673,630		4,673,630		3,967,097		706,533
Total Expenditures	\$ 38,411,591	\$	38,830,548	\$	33,364,179	\$	5,466,369
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER							
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	\$ (3,158,937)	\$	(3,577,894)	\$	(247,399)	\$	3,330,495
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers In	\$ 4,603,487	\$	4,835,565	\$	4,835,565	\$	-
Transfers Out	(3,446,550)		(3,497,345)		(3,497,345)		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$ 1,156,937	\$	1,338,220	\$	1,338,220	\$	-
EXCESS OF REVENUES AND							
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES							
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES							
AND OTHER FINANCING USES	\$ (2,002,000)	\$	(2,239,674)	\$	1,090,821	\$	3,330,495
FUND BALANCE - JULY 1	 14,062,701		14,062,701		14,062,701		
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30	\$ 12,060,701	\$	11,823,027	\$	15,153,522	\$	3,330,495

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA TOURISM INVESTMENT PROGRAM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Budget	Amou	nts				Variance Final Budget Positive	
	 Original	- IIIIou	Final	Ac	tual Amounts	((Negative)	
REVENUES								
Other Local Taxes	\$ 34,547,093	\$	34,547,093	\$	35,893,843	\$	1,346,750	
From Use of Money and Property	622,800		622,800		466,392		(156,408)	
Miscellaneous	639,387		639,387		913,283		273,896	
Fines and Forfeitures	470,000		470,000		504,503		34,503	
Total Revenues	\$ 36,279,280	\$	36,279,280	\$	37,778,021	\$	1,498,741	
EXPENDITURES								
Beach Operations	\$1,740,856		\$1,752,475		\$1,710,488	\$	41,987	
Direct Costs	-		61,436		61,436		-	
Special Events	4,325,946		4,687,842		4,440,564		247,278	
Cultural Activities	50,500		50,500		50,500		-	
Recycling	52,000		52,000		90,637		(38,637)	
Landscaping	627,026		643,993		594,641		49,352	
Maintenance	577,816		614,121		478,883		135,238	
Debt Service	22,795,037		22,795,037		22,618,015		177,022	
Contingencies	5,287,918		4,726,448		-		4,726,448	
Total Expenditures	\$ 35,457,099	\$	35,383,852	\$	30,045,164	\$	5,338,688	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER								
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	\$ 822,181	\$	895,428	\$	7,732,857	\$	6,837,429	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers In	\$ 25,194	\$	38,889	\$	28,392	\$	10,497	
Transfers Out	 (847,375)		(1,272,819)		(1,272,819)		-	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$ (822,181)	\$	(1,233,930)	\$	(1,244,427)	\$	10,497	
EXCESS OF REVENUES AND								
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES								
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES								
AND OTHER FINANCING USES	\$ -	\$	(338,502)	\$	6,488,430	\$	6,847,926	
FUND BALANCE - JULY 1	 7,051,761		7,051,761		7,051,761		-	
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30	\$ 7,051,761	\$	6,713,259	\$	13,540,191	\$	6,847,926	

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA CENTRAL BUSINESS DISTRICT SOUTH TAX INCREMENT FINANCING SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Budget	Amoui	nts			Fi	Variance nal Budget Positive
	Original		Final		tual Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES							
General Property Taxes	\$ 6,936,483	\$	6,936,483	\$	6,645,270	\$	(291,213)
Other Local Taxes	500,000		500,000		500,000		-
From Use of Money and Property	2,000		2,000		701		(1,299)
Total Revenues	\$ 7,438,483	\$	7,438,483	\$	7,145,971	\$	(292,512)
EXPENDITURES							
Debt Service	\$ 7,827,493	\$	7,827,493	\$	7,744,239	\$	83,254
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER							
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	\$ (389,010)	\$	(389,010)	\$	(598,268)	\$	(209,258)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers Out	\$ (150,000)	\$	(150,000)	\$	(150,000)	\$	-
EXCESS OF REVENUES AND							
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES							
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES							
AND OTHER FINANCING USES	\$ (539,010)	\$	(539,010)	\$	(748,268)	\$	(209,258)
FUND BALANCE - JULY 1	 2,790,843		2,790,843		2,790,843		
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30	\$ 2,251,833	\$	2,251,833	\$	2,042,575	\$	(209,258)

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA SANDBRIDGE SPECIAL SERVICE DISTRICT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Budget	Amou	nts			Fir	/ariance nal Budget Positive
	Original		Final		tual Amounts	(1	Negative)
REVENUES							
General Property Taxes	\$ 679,891	\$	679,891	\$	698,079	\$	18,188
Other Local Taxes	3,646,502		3,646,502		3,703,866		57,364
From Use of Money and Property	7,037		7,037		10,083		3,046
Total Revenues	\$ 4,333,430	\$	4,333,430	\$	4,412,028	\$	78,598
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>							
Total Expenditures	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER							
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	\$ 4,333,430	\$	4,333,430	\$	4,412,028	\$	78,598
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers In for Operational Support	\$ 90,000	\$	90,000	\$	90,000	\$	-
Transfers Out to Coastal CIP Projects	(4,423,430)		(4,423,430)		(4,423,430)		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$ (4,333,430)	\$	(4,333,430)	\$	(4,333,430)	\$	-
EXCESS OF REVENUES AND							
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES							
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES							
AND OTHER FINANCING USES	\$ -	\$	-	\$	78,598	\$	78,598
FUND BALANCE - JULY 1	 635,909		635,909		635,909		-
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30	\$ 635,909	\$	635,909	\$	714,507	\$	78,598

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA TOURISM ADVERTISING PROGRAM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Budget Amounts							Variance Final Budget Positive	
	Original			Final		tual Amounts	(Negative)		
REVENUES									
Other Local Taxes	\$	11,468,879	\$	11,468,879	\$	11,783,651	\$	314,772	
From Use of Money and Property		45,700		45,700		63,858		18,158	
Charges for Services		101,198		101,198		42,673		(58,525)	
Miscellaneous		27,399		27,399		16,161		(11,238)	
Total Revenues	\$	11,643,176	\$	11,643,176	\$	11,906,343	\$	263,167	
EXPENDITURES									
Visitor Information Center	\$	814,126	\$	820,656	\$	704,105	\$	116,551	
Tourism and Convention Advertising		9,461,315		10,793,849		9,657,050		1,136,799	
Sports Marketing		1,310,897		1,310,897		1,230,882		80,015	
Total Expenditures	\$	11,586,338	\$	12,925,402	\$	11,592,037	\$	1,333,365	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER									
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	\$	56,838	\$	(1,282,226)	\$	314,306	\$	1,596,532	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers Out	\$	(56,838)	\$	(56,838)	\$	(56,838)	\$		
EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES									
AND OTHER FINANCING USES	\$	-	\$	(1,339,064)	\$	257,468	\$	1,596,532	
FUND BALANCE - JULY 1		1,439,064		1,439,064		1,439,064			
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30	\$	1,439,064	\$	100,000	\$	1,696,532	\$	1,596,532	

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA AGRICULTURE RESERVE PROGRAM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Budget	Amou	Amounts			Variance Final Budget Positive	
	 Original		Final	Ac	tual Amounts		(Negative)
REVENUES							
General Property Taxes	\$ 2,945,029	\$	2,945,029	\$	2,944,558	\$	(471)
From Use of Money and Property	31,917		31,917		67,082		35,165
From Commonwealth	 		505,845		505,845		-
Total Revenues	\$ 2,976,946	\$	3,482,791	\$	3,517,485	\$	34,694
EXPENDITURES							
Agriculture Reserve Program	\$ 225,556	\$	225,556	\$	3,858,479	\$	(3,632,923)
Debt Service	 3,972,051		3,122,247		2,318,962		803,285
Total Expenditures	\$ 4,197,607	\$	3,347,803	\$	6,177,441	\$	(2,829,638)
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER							
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	\$ (1,220,661)	\$	134,988	\$	(2,659,956)	\$	(2,794,944)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers Out	\$ -	\$	(1,355,649)	\$	(1,318,519)	\$	37,130
Agriculture Reserve Agreement	 				3,728,464		3,728,464
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$ -	\$	(1,355,649)	\$	2,409,945	\$	3,765,594
EXCESS OF REVENUES AND							
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES							
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES							
AND OTHER FINANCING USES	\$ (1,220,661)	\$	(1,220,661)	\$	(250,011)	\$	970,650
FUND BALANCE - JULY 1	 12,809,399		12,809,399		12,809,399		-
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30	\$ 11,588,738	\$	11,588,738	\$	12,559,388	\$	970,650

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA EMERGENCY FEMA SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

								Variance nal Budget
	<u></u>	Budget	Amoun	nts				Positive
		Original		Final	Actu	ial Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES	·							
From Federal Government	\$	-	\$	1,440,000	\$	649,361	\$	(790,639)
EXPENDITURES								
FEMA Operations	\$		\$	1,440,000	\$	669,572	\$	770,428
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(20,211)	\$	(20,211)
FUND BALANCE - JULY 1		366,709		366,709		366,709		
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30	\$	366,709	\$	366,709	\$	346,498	\$	(20,211)

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA OPEN SPACE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

								Variance nal Budget
		Budget Amounts						Positive
		Original	Final		Act	tual Amounts	(Negative)	
REVENUES	'							
Other Local Taxes	\$	2,589,265	\$	2,589,265	\$	2,602,579	\$	13,314
From Use of Money and Property						172		172
Total Revenues	\$	2,589,265	\$	2,589,265	\$	2,602,751	\$	13,486
EXPENDITURES								
Open Space Program	\$	541,572	\$	543,936	\$	412,859	\$	131,077
Debt Service		2,582,588		2,582,588		2,580,324		2,264
Total Expenditures	\$	3,124,160	\$	3,126,524	\$	2,993,183	\$	133,341
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER								
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	\$	(534,895)	\$	(537,259)	\$	(390,432)	\$	146,827
EXCESS OF REVENUES AND								
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES								
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES								
AND OTHER FINANCING USES	\$	(534,895)	\$	(537,259)	\$	(390,432)	\$	146,827
FUND BALANCE - JULY 1		707,814		707,814		707,814		-
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30	\$	172,919	\$	170,555	\$	317,382	\$	146,827

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA COMBINED AREA DREDGING PROJECTS SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

							ariance	
	Budget	Amoun	ts				Positive	
	Original		Final	Ac	tual Amounts	(Negative)		
REVENUES								
General Property Taxes	\$ 631,596	\$	631,596	\$	585,894	\$	(45,702)	
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>								
Area Dredging Projects	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER								
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	\$ 631,596	\$	631,596	\$	585,894	\$	(45,702)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers Out	\$ (968,060)	\$	(968,060)	\$	(1,008,870)	\$	(40,810)	
EXCESS OF REVENUES AND								
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES								
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(00 - 1 - 1)		(22.4.4.1)		/ 155 0 5 0		(0	
AND OTHER FINANCING USES	\$ (336,464)	\$	(336,464)	\$	(422,976)	\$	(86,512)	
FUND BALANCE - JULY 1	 435,275		435,275	_	435,275		-	
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30	\$ 98,811	\$	98,811	\$	12,299	\$	(86,512)	

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA WETLANDS BOARD MITIGATION SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Actual Amounts
REVENUES	
From Use of Money and Property	\$ 1,574
Fines & Forfeitures	35,354
Total Revenues	\$ 36,928
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>	
Total Expenditures	\$ -
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER	
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	\$ 36,928
EXCESS OF REVENUES AND	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	
AND OTHER FINANCING USES	\$ 36,928
FUND BALANCE - JULY 1	270,607
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30	\$ 307,535

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA MULTIMODAL TRANSPORTATION SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Budget Amounts						Fii	Variance nal Budget Positive
		Original		Final	A	ctual Amounts	(1	Negative)
REVENUES								
From Use of Money and Property	\$	-	\$	-	\$	55,445	\$	55,445
General Property Taxes		21,772,176		21,772,176		21,768,694		(3,482)
Other Local Taxes		4,456,506		4,456,506		4,467,578		11,072
Total Revenues	\$	26,228,682	\$	26,228,682	\$	26,291,717	\$	63,035
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>								
Multi-Modal Transportation	\$	22,894,722	\$	28,362,921	\$	28,425,956	\$	(63,035)
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER								
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	\$	3,333,960	\$	(2,134,239)	\$	(2,134,239)	\$	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers In	\$	7,183,999	\$	7,609,443	\$	7,609,443	\$	-
Transfers Out		(10,752,633)		(20,452,173)		(20,452,173)		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	(3,568,634)	\$	(12,842,730)	\$	(12,842,730)	\$	
EXCESS OF REVENUES AND								
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES								
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES								
AND OTHER FINANCING USES	\$	(234,674)	\$	(14,976,969)	\$	(14,976,969)	\$	-
FUND BALANCE - JULY 1	_	14,976,969		14,976,969		14,976,969		
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30	\$	14,742,295	\$		\$		\$	-



This Page Intentionally Left Blank

DEBT SERVICE FUND

DEBT SERVICE FUND

The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs.

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA DEBT SERVICE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,2017

	Budget .	Amou	nts			F	Variance inal Budget Positive	
	Original		Final	Ac	ctual Amounts	(Negative)		
REVENUES	 g						(- v. g)	
From Use of Money and Property	\$ -	\$	-	\$	(1,984,790)	\$	(1,984,790)	
Federal Reimbursement of Interest	-		-		469,684		469,684	
Total Revenues	\$ -	\$	-	\$	(1,515,106)	\$	(1,515,106)	
EXPENDITURES								
Principal	\$ 31,918,253	\$	31,918,253	\$	31,918,253	\$	-	
Interest	13,901,224		15,256,873		14,255,814		1,001,059	
Total Expenditures	\$ 45,819,477	\$	47,175,126	\$	46,174,067	\$	1,001,059	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER								
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	\$ (45,819,477)	\$	(47,175,126)	\$	(47,689,173)	\$	(514,047)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers In	\$ 45,819,477	\$	47,060,032	\$	47,022,902	\$	(37,130)	
EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES								
AND OTHER FINANCING USES	\$ -	\$	(115,094)	\$	(666,271)	\$	(551,177)	
FUND BALANCE - JULY 1	 34,468,350		34,468,350		34,468,350			
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30	\$ 34,468,350	\$	34,353,256	\$	33,802,079	\$	(551,177)	

GENERAL GOVERNMENT CAPITAL PROJECTS

GENERAL GOVERNMENT CAPITAL PROJECTS

The General Government Capital Projects Fund is used to account for all revenues and expenditures related to the construction of the City's fixed assets and infrastructure. The categories of projects accounted for in this fund are engineering and highways, buildings, parks and recreation, coastal and economic, and tourism development.

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA ENGINEERING AND HIGHWAYS CAPITAL PROJECTS EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Project	Budget	Current Year	Total	Construction	Outstanding	Available
Number Project Name	to Date	Expenditures	Expenditures	In Progress	Encumbrances	Balance
	\$ 8,403,916	\$ 595,794	\$ 6,677,676	\$ 1,229,476	\$ 190,795	\$ 1,535,445
2022000 MAJOR BRIDGE REHAB II	5,732,111	509,923	1,812,678	1,812,678	671,448	3,247,985
2024000 RURAL ROAD IMPROVEMENTS II	800,000	-	17	17	- 22.701.010	799,983
2025000 WITCHDUCK ROAD - PHASE II	57,040,848	4,642,854	28,214,713	28,214,713	22,791,019	6,035,116
2026000 STREET RECONSTRUCTION II 2027000 VARIOUS COST PARTICIPATION PROJECTS II	7,600,000	2,136,412	5,612,012	5,612,012	1,682,423	305,565 175,000
202/000 VARIOUS COST PARTICIPATION PROJECTS II 2028000 WETLANDS MITIFATION BANKING II	175,000 400,000	-	-	-	-	400,000
2033000 PRINCESS ANNE ROAD PHASE VII-A	350,000	-	70,133	70,133	26,229	253,638
2038000 ROSEMONT ROAD PHASE VII-A	14,784,393	6,000	753,745	753,745	164,272	13,866,376
2040000 LASKING ROAD PHASE I	5,000,000	0,000	755,745	755,745	104,272	5,000,000
2042000 INDIAN RIVER/PROVIDENCE INTER IMPROVEMENT	2,052,200	107,707	356,414	356,414	78,865	1,616,921
2045000 PACIFIC AVENUE IMPROVEMENTS	17,330,000	2,287,065	14,058,231	2,287,065	465,030	2,806,739
2046000 CAVALIER DRIVE IMPROVEMENTS	2,449,040	835,452	2,059,972	2,059,972	405,050	389,068
2047000 UPTON DR EXT/DAM NECK IMPROVEMENTS	1,300,000	433	1,855	1,855		1,298,145
2048000 PRINCESS ANNE RD/KEMPSVILLE RD INTERSECTION IMPROVMENT	88,671,045	(1,599,387)	83,590,419	4,348,553	297,551	4,783,075
2050000 LANDSTOWN RD IMPROVEMENTS	5,947,909	177,383	540,644	540,644	72,075	5,335,190
2054000 FERRELL PARKWAY	780,000		-	-	-	780,000
2072000 FIRST COLONIAL RD/VB BLVD INTERSECTION IMPROVEMENT	27,096,938	399,921	9,809,615	2,574,999	1,262,683	16,024,640
2078000 SANDBRIDGE ROAD-NIMMO VVI-A	1,732,000	73,197	551,038	551,038	2,920	1,178,042
2088000 WEST NECK ROAD PHASE IV	7,000,000	551,071	659,533	659,533	1,642,580	4,697,887
2089000 SOUTHEASTERN PARKWAY AND GREENBELT (PARTIAL)	23,549,335	-	23,202,000	4,527	· -	347,335
2094000 BUS STOP INFRASTRUCTURE/ACCESSIBILITY	282,000	66,521	66,521	66,521	28,024	187,455
2107000 SEABOARD ROAD	7,788,267	50,127	6,236,876	259,497	765,531	785,860
2110000 NIMMO PARKWAY VII-B	1,010,380	811	811	811	-	1,009,569
2111000 TRAFFIC SAFETY IMPROVEMENTS IV	3,384,231	138,078	138,078	138,078	-	3,246,153
2112000 INDEPENDENCE BLVD/BAKTER RD SIDEWALK	1,151,416	-	-	-	-	1,151,416
2117000 SHORE DRIVE CORRIDOR IMPRV-PHASE III	14,951,437	152,641	1,119,284	1,119,284	168,127	13,664,026
2118000 SHORE DRIVE CORRIDOR IMPRV-PHASE IV	750,076	-	398,437	398,437	351,639	-
2119000 PROVIDENCE RD SIDEWALK	924,880	-	-	-	-	924,880
2120000 WEST GREAT NECK RD SIDEWALK	860,047	-	-	-	-	860,047
2145000 WESLEYAN DRIVE	15,620,506	30,500	12,025,648	395,017	-	3,594,858
2149000 BIRDNECK ROAD - PHASE II	9,986,710	14,981	8,069,212	126,066	344,363	1,573,135
2152000 ELBOW ROAD EXTENDED - PHASE II	21,906,565	126,740	5,202,994	5,202,994	237,544	16,466,027
2156000 LASKIN ROAD - PHASE I (VDOT)	5,029,500	-	2,253,896	2,253,896	11,628	2,763,976
2158000 HOLLAND ROAD - PHASE VI (PARTIAL)	6,555,039	115,286	3,845,022	3,845,022	34,979	2,675,038
2160000 CITY WIDE STREET LGHTG IMPRVMNTS-PHASE II	540,000	20,708	492,971	199,758	25,344	21,685
2161000 TRAFFIC SIGNAL RETIMING	4,010,936	35,448	3,389,268	-	82,218	539,450
2165000 LASKIN ROAD - PHASE II	1,417,017	11	625,148	625,148	-	791,869
2167000 LYNNHAVEN PARKWAY - PHASE XI	6,781,289	593,000	1,478,995	1,478,995	448,660	4,853,634
2168000 LESNER BRIDGE REPLACEMENT	115,754,867	21,300,955	82,326,299	-	26,651,978	6,776,590
2176000 TRANSPORTATION NETWORK ANALYSIS	4,387,000	236,239	2,277,401	1,032,934	5,000	2,104,599
2195000 PRINCESS ANNE RD-INTERSECTION IMPRVMNTS	30,125,750	1,550	7,182,603	3,162,448	5,652,107	17,291,040
2256000 INDIAN RIVER ROAD - PHASE VII	10,643,075	141,967	5,191,687	5,191,687	1,961,998	3,489,390
2300000 TRAFFIC SAFETY IMPROVEMENTS - PHASE III	17,220,246	2,348,609	11,831,652	2 200 227	2,542,823	2,845,771
2401000 GREENWICH RD/CLEVELAND ST CROSSOVER 2409000 CENTERVILLE TURNPIKE INTERIM IMPROVEMNTS	11,698,750	70,813 599,504	3,380,227	3,380,227	93,715 496,091	8,224,808 19,597,179
2409000 CENTERVILLE TURNPIRE INTERIM IMPROVEMINTS 2410000 TRAFFIC SIGNAL REHAB-PHASE II	22,868,747 850,000	135,072	2,775,477 474,389	2,775,477 474,389	272,691	19,397,179
2410000 TRAFFIC SIGNAL REHAB-PHASE II 2414000 SHIPPS CORNER ROAD IMPROVEMENTS	2,325,421	33,947			294,380	
2416000 SANDBRIDGE ROAD BRIDGE REPLACEMENT	2,000,000	89,549	305,620 626,906	305,620 626,906	371,018	1,725,421 1,002,076
2418000 INDIAN RD/KEMPSVILLE RD IMPROVMENT		160,560	6,085,880	6,085,880	2,793,253	9,656,314
2419000 CENTERVILLE TURNPIKE PHASE III	18,535,447 2,000,000	587	587	587	1,907,944	9,030,314
2422000 CENTERVILLE TURNPIRE PHASE III 2422000 PUNGO TURN LANE	250,000	367	591	591	1,907,944	249,409
2501000 NIMMO PARKWAY PHASE II	250,000	88,398	88,398	88,398	10,366	151,236
	ŕ	. <u></u>		. <u></u>		
TOTAL ENGINEERING & HIGHWAYS CAPITAL PROJECTS	\$ 620,054,334	\$ 37,276,427	\$ 345,861,573	\$ 90,312,043	\$ 74,899,311	\$ 199,293,450

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA BUILDINGS CAPITAL PROJECTS EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Project	Budget	Current Year	Total	Construction	Outstanding	Available
Number Project Name	to Date	Expenditures	Expenditures	In Progress	Encumbrances	Balance
3006000 COASTAL GARDEN/OUTDOOR ADVENTURE PARK	\$ 543,736	\$ 347,538	\$ 452,176	\$ 452,176	\$ 15,913	\$ 75,647
3019000 ADAM THOROUGHGOOD HOUSE VISITOR CENTER	2,244,826	1,264,557	1,853,402	1,853,402	277,718	113,706
3028000 AQUARIUM MARSH PAVILION ENHANCEMENTS	12,257,253	319,713	827,772	827,772	641,122	10,788,359
3047000 LANDFILL #2 PHASE 1 CAPPING	15,435,000	2,157,671	5,899,895	5,899,895	1,730,853	7,804,252
3056000 PUBLIC SAFETY EQUIPMENT REPLACEMENT	2,522,385	298,720	298,720	298,720	40,833	2,182,832
3068000 CIT-IT NETWORK INFRSTR REPLCMNT-PH II	10,164,786	3,782,123	6,589,337	-	2,181,765	1,393,684
3072000 CITY HALL PLANNING & CONCEPT DEVELOPEMENT	290,000	288,684	288,684	-	-	1,316
3074000 AQUARIUM MARSH PAVILION PH II	1,100,000	275,556	275,556	275,556	824,444	_
3075999 FIRE/EMS STATION BURTON STATION	960,000	103,900	107,446	107,446	757,186	95,368
3080000 COMMONWEALTH ATTORNEY BLDG RENO	1,500,000	118,844	118,844	-	53,704	1,327,452
3087000 CIT-HNP-FIELD AUTOMATION ANALYSIS	136,000	24,344	123,694	_	3,556	8,750
3095000 CIT-POLICE-INTGRTD PUB SFTY RCRD MGT SYS	16,396,385	2,169,598	5,463,703	_	5,455,759	5,476,923
3103000 HERITAGE BUILDING - MAINTENANCE PROGRAM	3,075,261	247,320	1,179,264	_	57,584	1,838,413
3115000 JUDICAL CNTR MAINTENANCE	254,678	32,378	32,378	_	8,798	213,502
3119000 CIT-CABLE ACCESS INFRASTRUCTURE REPLACE	3,475,261	100,683	1,287,075	329,125	37,373	2,150,813
3120000 CORRECTIONAL CENTER GENERATOR	531,359	48,796	48,796	48,796	269,110	213,453
3133000 FIRE TRAINING CTR IMPROVE-PHASE III	4,041,113	160,979	195,045	195,045	54,914	3,791,154
3134000 FIRE APPARATUS III	7,488,308	1,329,483	7,099,370	-		388,938
3136000 VAR BLDGS HVAC REHAB & RENEWAL PH III	9,009,331	1,420,211	6,469,437	_	690,357	1,849,537
3137000 VARIOUS BLDGS REHAB & RENEWAL PH III	10,880,399	2,888,551	8,283,114	_	838,138	1,759,147
3139000 VARIOUS SITE ACQUISITIONS PHASE II	9,359,072	3,501,966	8,742,275	4,203,031	85,250	531,547
3140000 ENERGY PERFORMANCE CONTRACTS (CITY)	4,583,915	599,976	4,307,476	4,203,031	39,693	236,746
3142000 CIT-COMMUNICATIONS INFRA REPLACE-PHII	32,106,051	1,215,055	21,587,197	_	2,233,901	8,284,953
3146000 VA AQUARIUM BLDG SYS REHAB & RENEW-PH I	12,225,263	488,940	7,586,364	488,940	530,941	4,107,958
3200000 REV ASSESSMENT & COLLECTION SYSTEM	11,924,799	375,903	10,577,947	791,425	1,018,182	328,670
3278000 VA AQUARIUM RENEWAL & REPLACEMENT-PH II	2.975.000	340,063	1,721,577	771,423	183,585	1,069,838
3292000 VA AQUARIUM ANIMAL CARE ANNEX	13,218,000	444,850	2,480,835	2,480,835	425,383	10,311,782
3344000 POLICE FOURTH PRECINCT-REPLACEMENT	8,007,206	245,709	506,907	506,907	190,480	7,309,819
3503000 LIGHTHOUSE MULTI-SERVICE CENTER	29,963,792	7,976,168	11,911,737	11,911,737	10,170,057	7,881,998
3506000 FIRE FACILITY REHAB & RENEWAL PH III	3,322,477	657,284	3,066,503	3,066,503	33,996	221,978
3508000 ARC FLASH MITIGATION	1,980,000	252,574	1,183,057	3,000,303	680,737	116,206
			99,328	-	3,691	
3510000 INTRMEDIATE CARE FACILITIES REN/REP PH I	1,308,522	32,052 187,274	99,328 414,818	414 010		1,205,503 641,295
3518000 CONVENTION CTR CAPITAL MAINTENANCE	2,330,689	,		414,818	1,274,576	,
3519000 CHESAPEAKE BAY AQUARIUM RENOVATION	1,750,000	1,191,555	1,330,239	1,330,239	200,532	219,229
3523000 CORRECTION CTR MASTER CONTROL UPGRADE	5,000,000	467,109	488,417	488,417	3,080	4,508,503
3610000 CIT-OCEANFRONT CAMERAS	2,665,400	459,325	1,436,356	1,436,356	140,704	1,088,340
3615000 CIT-BUS REV/PERS PROP RACS IMPLEMENTATION	3,852,000	429,565	1,752,519	1,752,519	1,209,958	889,523
3618000 CIT- DISASTER RECOVERY PHASE II	500,000	-	498,722	-	-	1,278
3619000 CIT-ALI DATABASE MGMT/SELECTIVE ROUTING	2,007,876	32,320	119,130	119,130	16,160	1,872,586
3637000 CIT-DISASTER RECOVERY CRITICAL SVC ANAL III	436,150	-	435,348		-	802
3638000 CIT-APPLICATION PORTFOLIO SUSTAINMENT	700,000	85,225	368,840	368,840	2,271	328,889
3648000 BIWEEKLY & LAG PAYROLL IMPLEMENTATIONS	1,456,820	730,606	1,259,580	-	126,086	71,154
3652000 CIT-TELECOMMUNICATIONS REPLACMENT PH II	1,954,494	61,988	861,182	861,182	87,508	1,005,804
3657000 DISASTER RECOV IV-ELECT BACKUP/BLDG ACCESS	810,000	69,500	158,597	158,597	305,043	346,360
3663000 CIT-ENTERPRISE SCHEDULING/TIMEKEEPING SY	350,000	-	-	-	-	350,000
3664000 CIT-METROPOLITAN AREA NETWORK	5,134,989	1,504,002	3,501,459	3,501,459	1,419,115	214,415
3677000 CIT-STORM SURGE AND SUSTAIN MODELING	306,658	47,580	47,580	47,580	39,055	220,023
3678000 CIT-FIRE MOBILE RADIO REPEATERS	494,000	-	-	-	-	494,000
3681000 CIT-ELECTRONIC PROCUREMENT SYSTEM	340,000	33,785	33,785	33,785	205,340	100,875
3683000 CIT-MAINTAIN & SECURE CORPORATE DATA	230,000	-	-	-	-	230,000
3693000 CIT-IT SERVICE CONTINUITY II	1,000,000	-	-	-	31,136	968,864
3705000 CIT-HUMAN SERVICES CLIENT INFORM II	849,810	4,570	4,570	4,570	-	845,240
TOTAL BUILDINGS CAPITAL PROJECTS	\$ 265,449,064	\$ 38,814,593	\$ 133,376,053	\$ 44,254,802	\$ 34,595,587	\$ 97,477,424

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA PARKS AND RECREATION CAPITAL PROJECTS EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Project Number Project Name		Budget to Date		Current Year Expenditures	Total Expenditures		Construction In Progress	Outstanding Encumbrance		Available Balance
4025000 WOODSTOCK COVE SHORELINE RE-CONSTRUCT	\$	742.623	\$	15.666	\$ 697.767	\$		\$ 4.95		39,905
4039000 PAAC MULTI-PURPOSE ATHLETIC FIELD RENOV	Ψ	5,250,000	Ψ	3,019,835	4,325,911	Ψ	4,325,911	33,442		890,647
4064000 CITY BIKEWAYS & TRAILS PLAN IMPLEM PH II		2,594,146		70.957	1,129,118		1,129,118	84,633		1,380,395
4079000 THALIA CREEK GREENWAY I		2,750,000		121,852	121,852		121,852	80,710		2,547,432
4080000 SPORTSPLEX/NATL TRNG CTR REN & REPLACE		3,553,093		451,435	2,662,904		1,266,019	296,210		593,973
4300000 COM REC CTRS REPAIRS & RENOV-PHIII		12.187.768		932,025	4,203,610		-	603.452		7,380,706
4301000 PRKS/SPEC USE FACILIT DEV/RENOV-PHIII		7,357,806		412,120	4,726,748		4,726,748	74.683		2,556,375
4302000 GOLF COURSES CONT'TUAL OBLIGATIONS-MAINT		720,000		-	132,427		-,,,,,,,,	69,89		517,678
4303000 GREENWAY SCENIC WATER & NAT AREA PH III		795,000		107.467	293.151		293,151	68.23		433,616
4305000 TENNIS COURT RENOVATIONS - PHASE III		1,275,000		283,121	1,090,347			-		184,653
4306000 OPEN SPACE PARK DEVELOPMENT/MAINT-PHII		7,716,021		187,400	5,259,486		_	39.30	,	2,417,228
4307000 ATHLETIC FIELDS LIGHTING/RENOV-PH III		1,502,277		85,363	847,104		847,104	32,469		622,704
4308000 OPEN SPACE PROG SITE ACQUISITION PH III		7,652,880		2,500	5,208,311		5,208,311	-		2,444,569
4500000 PARK PLAYGROUND RENOVATIONS-PHASE III		2,399,792		413,535	1,910,820		1,910,820	425,394		63,578
4502000 LYNNHAVEN BOAT RAMP/BEACH FAC REP/RENOV		452,359		-	74,985		74,985	-		377,374
4503000 P&R ADMINISTRATION OFFICES RELOCATION		11,733,874		6,371,521	7,538,891		7,538,891	2,734,710)	1,460,273
4506000 PARKS INFRASTRUCTURE RENEWAL/REPLACMENT		5,650,000		197.389	3,492,282		-	172.813		1,984,905
4509000 KEMPSVILLE RECREATION CENTER		32,148,483		11,456,255	26,997,088		_	175,986		4,975,409
4517000 STUMPY LAKE GOLF COURSE LEASE OBLIGATIONS PH I		204,265		15,414	15,414		15,414			188,851
4519000 BIKEWAYS/TRAILS REPAIRS/RENOVATIONS 1		840,000		12,217	182,425		-	45.70		611,870
4520000 GROMMET ISLAND PARK REPAIRS & RENOV-PHI		144,000		-	21,829		_	-		122,171
4522000 THALIA CREEK GREENWAY TRAIL		800,000		63,631	165,019		165.019	22,193		612,788
		230,000		03,031	105,019		105,015	22,17.		.12,700
TOTAL PARKS & RECREATION CAPITAL PROJECTS	\$	108,469,387	\$	24,219,703	\$ 71,097,489	\$	28,321,113	\$ 4,964,798	\$	32,407,100

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA COASTAL CAPITAL PROJECTS EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Project	Budget Current Year			Total	C	onstruction	Outstanding		Available		
Number Project Name		to Date	E	xpenditures	E	xpenditures	I	n Progress	Enc	cumbrances	Balance
8005000 W BRANCH LYNNHAVEN RIVER MAINT DREDGING	\$	6,166,082	\$	760,119	\$	6,101,147	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 64,935
8010000 SANDBRIDGE BEACH RESTORATION II		22,550,000		3,224		3,224		-		45,556	22,501,220
8011000 VARIOUS MINOR DREDGING II		1,150,000		342,640		1,114,315		-		-	35,685
8013000 LYNNHAVEN MAINTENANCE DREDGING II		917,450		7,500		15,038		-		38,736	863,676
8015000 BEACH PROFILE MONITORING II		50,000		22,300		22,300		-		18,520	9,180
8016000 GILLS COVE NEIGHBORHOOD DREDGING		781,786		21,334		70,912		-		111,454	599,420
8110000 EASTERN BRANCH LYNNHAVEN RIVER DREDGING		5,150,000		138,892		242,828		-		197,189	4,709,983
8282000 SANDBRIDGE EMERGENCY BEACH RESTORATION		53,983,152		235,871		38,794,776		-		27,927	15,160,449
8405000 SANDBRIDGE BEACH ACCESS IMPROV PH II		1,475,000		375,179		1,266,138		-		90,501	118,361
8406000 RUDEE INLET FEDERAL DREDGING PH II		2,035,000		286,891		1,283,910		-		18,164	732,926
8407000 RUDEE INLET OUTER CHAN MAINT DREDG PH II		2,875,000		-		969,222		-		-	1,905,778
8408000 PLEASURE HOUSE POINT MITIGATION		3,020,000		35,568		186,806		-		30,508	2,802,686
8409000 CHESAPEAKE BAY BEACHES		820,000		212,083		411,674		-		127,325	281,001
8500000 OLD DONATION CREEK AREA DREDGING		1,015,000		461,501		697,497		-		308,358	9,145
8501000 BAYVILLE CREEK NEIGHBOTHOOD DREDGING		1,043,300		77,483		995,048		-		-	48,252
8502000 SHADOWLAWN AREA DREDGING		437,503		183,839		309,933		-		-	127,570
8503000 CHESOPEIAN COLONY NEIGHBORHOOD DREDGING		2,677,034		67,753		232,949		-		56,080	2,388,005
8504000 HARBOUR POINT NIEGHBORHOOD DREDGING		312,810		167,482		257,099		-		-	55,711
8505000 HURDS COVE NEIGHBORHOOD DREDGING		3,462,000		77,044		172,238		-		30,491	3,259,271
TOTAL COASTAL CAPITAL PROJECTS	\$	109,921,117	\$	3,476,703	\$	53,147,054	\$	-	\$	1,100,809	\$ 55,673,254

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA ECONOMIC AND TOURISM CAPITAL PROJECTS EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Project	Budget	Current Year	Total	Construction	Outstanding	Available
Number Project Name	to Date	Expenditures	Expenditures	In Progress	Encumbrances	Balance
9006000 WINSTON-SALEM AVE IMPROVEMENTS	\$ 3,604,516	\$ 7	\$ 426,996	\$ 426,996	\$ 2,836,360	\$ 341,160
9008000 HISTORIC KEMPSVILLE	2,500,000	24,797	336,844	336,844	136,444	2,026,712
9011000 TRANSIT CORRIDOR DEVELOPMENT	1,000,000	61,396	265,392	=	175,000	559,608
9015000 ARENA INFRASTRUCTURE SITE IMP-ON SITE	46,520,000	10,800	10,800	10,800	35,800	46,473,400
9017000 BIRDNECK RD & 17TH STREET IMPROVEMENTS	21,151,000	829,414	974,724	974,724	16,987,061	3,189,215
9020000 VIBE DISTRICT STREET INFRASTRUCTURE I	1,500,000	435,549	435,549	435,549	684,294	380,157
9021000 LONDON BRIDGE COMMERCE CTR INFRA I	1,300,000	164,346	164,346	164,346	-	1,135,654
9022000 BURTON STATION ROADWAY IMPROV I	9,094,896	555,664	555,664	555,664	7,822,925	716,307
9037000 APZ-1 ECONOMIC INCENTIVES	1,857,692	-	-	-	-	1,857,692
9059000 OCEANA &ITA CONFORMITY & ACQUISITION II	3,612,819	475,261	1,857,753	1,857,753	817,273	937,793
9069000 19TH STREET CORRIDOR IMPROVEMENTS	12,700,000	136,360	11,380,491	332,555	1,309,765	9,744
9076000 ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT INITIATIVES	100,000	-	53,800	-	-	46,200
9081000 STATEGIC GROWTH AREA PROGRAM	10,054,687	500,656	8,942,394	1,289,719	696,719	415,574
9082000 OCEANFRONT GARAGES CAPITAL MAINTENANCE	5,237,991	1,232,107	3,936,823	-	762,527	538,641
9083000 TOWN CENTER GARAGE & PLAZA CAPITAL MAINT	3,015,453	102,672	900,628	-	1,885,245	229,580
9091000 SGA-BURTON STATION RD IMPROVEMNTS-PH III	14,035,500	1,583,309	2,379,603	2,379,603	5,011,026	6,644,871
9096000 OCEANFRONT CAPITAL PROJECTS REINVEST	2,955,877	608,362	2,455,442	2,455,442	73,693	426,742
9100000 19TH STREET INFRASTRUCTURE IMPROVEMENTS	10,863,200	433,725	433,725	433,725	3,369,633	7,059,842
9108000 29TH STREET IMPROVEMENTS	3,200,000	68,546	343,968	343,968	2,851,650	4,382
9141000 ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT INVESTMENT PROGRAM (ON-GOING)	52,875,116	2,528,783	52,875,116	-	-	-
9276000 CAPE HENRY LIGHTHOUSE RESTORATION-PHII	693,176	-	147,884	-	26,227	519,065
9500000 VB AMPHITHEATER CAPITAL MAINTENANCE	1,300,000	99,431	1,088,291	-	-	211,709
TOTAL ECONOMIC & TOURISM CAPITAL PROJECTS	\$ 209,171,923	\$ 9,851,185	\$ 89,966,233	\$ 11,997,688	\$ 45,481,642	\$ 73,724,048

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA SUMMARY OF GENERAL GOVERNMENT CAPITAL PROJECTS REVENUES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

		Budget	Actual Revenues							
		Revenues	Prior Years	C	urrent Year	Total				
FEDERAL FUNDING	\$	96,171,100	\$ 85,384,763	\$	1,798,361	\$	88,505,055			
STATE FUNDING		178,342,218	88,476,000		24,546,136		111,780,716			
LOCAL FUNDING		1,038,552,507	701,777,323		76,504,853		778,282,176			
TOTAL GENERAL GOVERNMENT CAPITAL PROJECTS REVENUES	\$	1,313,065,825	\$ 875,638,086	\$	102,849,350	\$	978,567,947			

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA SUMMARY OF GENERAL GOVERNMENT CAPITAL PROJECTS EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

-		Budget	C	urrent Year		Total	Construction		d Construction			onstruction Outstanding			Outstanding		Available	
Project Name		to Date	F	xpenditures	I	Expenditures		In Progress	Er	ncumbrances		Balance						
ENGINEERING AND HIGHWAYS	\$	620,054,334	\$	37,276,427	\$	345,861,573	\$	90,312,043	\$	74,899,311	\$	199,293,450						
BUILDINGS		265,449,064		38,814,593		133,376,053		44,254,802		34,595,587		97,477,424						
PARKS AND RECREATION		108,469,387		24,219,703		71,097,489		28,321,113		4,964,798		32,407,100						
COASTAL		109,921,117		3,476,703		53,147,054		-		1,100,809		55,673,254						
ECONOMIC AND TOURISM		209,171,923		9,851,185		89,966,233		11,997,688		45,481,642		73,724,048						
GENERAL GOVERNMENT EXPENDITURES	\$	1,313,065,825	:	113,638,611	\$	693,448,402		174,885,646	\$	161,042,147	\$	458,575,276						
CLOSED CAPITAL PROJECTS EXPENDITURES				4,235,396														
TOTAL GENERAL GOVERNMENT EXPENDITURES				117,874,007														
TRANSFER TO SCHOOL BOARD				1,005,606														
DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY							\$	334,146										
TOTAL CURRENT YEAR CAPITAL PROJECTS EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES			\$	118,879,613	:		\$	175,219,792										
TOTAL GENERAL GOVERNMENT CAPITAL PROJECTS F TOTAL GENERAL GOVERNMENT CAPITAL PROJECTS F GENERAL GOVERNMENT CAPITAL PROJECT FUND BA	EXPI	ENDITURES			\$	978,567,947 (693,448,402) 285,119,545												

WATER AND SEWER ENTERPRISE FUND

WATER AND SEWER ENTERPRISE FUND

The Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund operates the water distribution and sanitary sewer collection systems. The mission of this fund is to provide public water, including water for fire protection, and public sanitary sewer service to the urban areas of Virginia Beach.

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA WATER AND SEWER ENTERPRISE FUND STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2017

Cash and Investments \$ 123,372,687 Cash and Investments 2,176,137 Intergovernment Receivables 2,252,288 Total Current Assets 2,225,288 Total Current Assets \$ 1,000,000 Cohan and Investments - Restricted \$ 3,000,000 Cash and Investments - Restricted 1,228,000 Capital Assets: 1,228,000 Land 1,208,000 Buildings 1,329,000 Utility System 2,931,528 Cost and Investments - Restricted 2,931,528 Using System 1,932,500 Using System 2,931,528 Cost metrion in Progress 3,127,461 Less: Accounted the Depocition 4,885,160 Total Cupital Assets 3,275,160 Total Copital Assets 3,275,160 Total Cupital Assets 3,275,160 Total Copital Assets 3,275,160 Total Cupital Assets 3,275,160 Total Cupital Assets 3,275,160 Total Cupital Assets 3,275,160 Received Expected and Actual Experings on Plan Investments	ASSETS		
Accounts Receivable - Not of Estimated Uncollectibles 21,761,799 Inventory 25,225,288 Total Current Assets 2147,741,109 Non-current Assets: 881,090,435 Capital Assets 11,290,075 Buildings 12,991,079 Buildings 1,092,790,301 Machinery and Equipment 2,933,1238 Construction in Progres 31,278,461 Less: Accumulated Depreciation 468,531,478 Total Capital Assets 5,905,602,505 Total Assets 9,205,61,505 Total Assets 9,205,61,505 Total Assets 9,205,61,505 Total Assets 9,205,61,505 PEFERRED OUTLOWS OF RESOURCES 11,975,100 Net Difference between Projected and Actual Exprisence 1,975,101 Net Difference between Projected and Actual Exprisence 3,235,258 Total Deferred Outflow of Resource 2,23,745 Total Deferred Outflow of Resource 3,378,226 Deposits Payable 3,783,226 Onstruction Contracts Payable 3,378,226 Outered Totion of Long-term Liabilities <t< td=""><td>Current Assets:</td><td></td><td></td></t<>	Current Assets:		
Intergovermental Receivables 8,758 Inventory 2,252,258 Total Current Assets 8,177,44 (no.) Non-current Assets 8,1090,455 Capital Assets 12,981,079 Buildings 1,2981,079 Buildings 1,2981,079 Utility System 1,927,030,13 Machinery and Equipment 2,9351,238 Construction in Progres 3,1278,461 Less: Accumulated Depreciation 48,851,4676 Less: Accumulated Depreciation 48,851,4676 Total Capital Assets 5,791,791,300 Total Capital Assets 5,791,791,300 Total Seventh Assets 5,791,791,300 Total Capital Assets 5,791,791,791 Build Seventh Expected and Actual Earnings on Plan Investments 1,975,101 Experimence between Depotended Actual Earnings on Plan Investments 1,975,101 Experimence between Depotended Actual Earnings on Plan	Cash and Investments	\$	123,372,664
Total Current Assets	Accounts Receivable - Net of Estimated Uncollectibles		21,761,379
Total Current Assets: \$ 147,744,169 Non-current Assets: \$ 81,090,435 Capital Assets: 129,810,79 Land 12,981,079 Buildings 1,894,055 Utility System 1,092,70,301 Machinery and Equipment 2,351,328 Construction in Progress 3,1278,461 Less: Accumulated Depreciation (488,514,676) Total Capital Assets 5,952,561,579 Total Assets 5,771,917,300 Total Assets 5,771,917,300 Total Assets 5,771,917,300 Difference between Expected and Actual Experience 1,915,100 Employer Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date 2,237,456 Total Deferred Outflow of Resources 1,957,510 Employer Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date 2,338,236 Current Labilities 1,957,510 Employer Stappide 3,378,3226 Deposits Payable 3,378,3226 Deposits Payable 3,578,3226 Current Portion of Long-term Liabilities 3,243,37,513 Total Current Liabilities 3,243,37,513<	Intergovernmental Receivables		87,598
Cash and Investments - Restricted	Inventory		2,522,528
Cash and Investments - Restricted \$ 81,090,455 Capital Assets: 12,981,076 Buildings 18,940,552 Utility System 1,092,790,301 Machinery and Equipment 29,351,238 Construction in Progress 31,278,461 Less: Accumulated Depreciation (488,514,676) Total Capital Assets 5 096,826,555 Total Non-current Assets 5 777,917,300 Total Assets 5 925,661,559 DIFFERENCE OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Difference between Expected and Actual Experience \$ 141,570 Net Difference between Projected and Actual Experience \$ 2,237,456 Total Deferred Outflow of Resources \$ 3,383,226 Employer Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date 2,237,456 Total Deferred Outflow of Resources \$ 3,783,226 Use Capital Accounts Payable \$ 3,783,226 Deposits Payable \$ 3,783,226 Construction Contracts Payable \$ 2	Total Current Assets	\$	147,744,169
Capital Assets: 12,981,079 Buildings 18,940,552 Utility System 1,092,790,301 Machinery and Equipment 29,351,238 Construction in Progress 31,278,461 Less: Accumulated Depreciation (488,514,676) Total Capital Assets 5 696,826,555 Total Non-current Assets 7,779,173,90 Total Assets 9 25,661,539 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES DIFference between Expected and Actual Earnings on Plan Investments 1,957,161 Employer Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date 2,257,456 Total Deferred Outflow of Resources \$ 4356,536 Current Liabilities: \$ 3,783,226 Current Liabilities: \$ 3,783,226 Deposits Payable \$ 3,783,226 Deposits Payable \$ 3,783,226 Deposits Payable \$ 3,783,226 Construction Contracts Payable \$ 5,784,99 Unearred Revenue \$ 6,504 Current Paint Liabilities \$ 2,308,423 Construction Contracts Payable \$ 2,308,423 Total Current Liabilities \$	Non-current Assets:		
Part	Cash and Investments - Restricted	\$	81,090,435
Buildings 18,940,552 Utility System 1,092,700,01 Machinery and Equipment 29,351,238 Construction in Progress 31,278,461 Less: Accumulated Depreciation (488,514,676) Total Capital Assets 5,068,280,505 Total Son-current Assets 5,777,917,300 Total Son-current Assets 5,777,917,300 Pifference between Expected and Actual Experience 1,141,570 Pifference between Expected and Actual Experience 1,257,516 Employer Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date 2,257,456 Total Deferred Outflow of Resources 3,383,226 Deposits Payable 3,383,226 Deposits Payable 3,383,226 Deposits Payable 5,584,99 Construction Contracts Payable 5,584,99 Uncarrent Liabilities 3,183,226 Construction Contracts Payable 5,584,99 Uncarrent Contracts Payable 5,584,99 Uncarrent Liabilities 3,23,235,235 Total Current Liabilities 3,24,337,513 Revenue Bonds 5,22,337,451 Accrued Compens	Capital Assets:		
Utility System 1,092,790,301 Machinery and Equipment 2,951,238 Construction in Progress 31,278,461 Less: Accumulated Depreciation (488,514,676) Total Capital Assets 5,066,820,955 Total Non-current Assets 5,777,173,700 Total Assets 8,925,661,559 EFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Difference between Expected and Actual Experience \$ 1,41,770 Net Difference between Expected and Actual Experience \$ 1,957,100 Net Difference between Projected and Actual Experience \$ 2,257,456 Total Deferred Outflow of Resources \$ 4,356,536 EVAILED DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Long-trent Liabilities Contraction Deferred Outflow of Resources Long-trent Liabilities Current Liabilities \$ 3,783,226 Deposits Payable \$ 3,783,226 Deposits Payable \$ 3,883,226 Current Dufference Devemen Expected \$ 5,84,99 Unearmed Revenue \$ 56,304 Current Portion of Long-term Liabilities \$ 2,02,235,276 Premium on Refunding	Land		12,981,079
Machinery and Equipment 29,351,288 Construction in Progress 31,278,461 Less: Accumulated Depreciation (488,514,676) Total Capital Assets 5,696,826,955 Total Non-current Assets 5,779,173,000 Total Assets 5,256,61,559 DIfference between Expected and Actual Experience \$ 141,570 Net Difference between Projected and Actual Experience \$ 2,257,456 Employer Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date 2,257,456 Total Deferred Outflow of Resources \$ 3,783,226 Current Liabilities \$ 3,783,226 Deposits Payable \$ 1,47,557 Accrued Interest Payable \$ 3,783,226 Deposits Payable \$ 2,308,423 Construction Contracts Payable \$ 5,784,99 Uncamed Revenue \$ 65,034 Current Portion of Long-term Liabilities \$ 2,338,31 Total Current portion of Long-term Liabilities \$ 2,323,51 Long-Term Liabilities (less current portion): \$ 2,233,51 Revenue Bonds \$ 2,202,355,276 Premium on Refunding Bonds \$ 1,364,04 Net Pension	Buildings		18,940,552
Construction in Progress 31,278,461 Less: Accumulated Depreciation 668,826,955 Total Capital Assets 5 696,826,955 Total Non-current Assets 5 777,917,300 Total Assets \$ 925,661,559 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Difference between Expected and Actual Earnings on Plan Investments 1,957,510 Employer Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date 2,257,456 Total Deferred Outflow of Resources \$ 3,783,226 Current Labilities: \$ 3,783,226 Vouchers and Accounts Payable \$ 3,783,226 Accrued Interest Payable \$ 3,783,226 Accrued Interest Payable \$ 5,784,99 Unearned Revenue \$ 5,578,499 Unearned Revenue \$ 5,578,499 Unearned Itabilities \$ 1,863,501 Total Current Liabilities \$ 2,337,513 Revenue Bonds \$ 2,022,235,276 Premium on Refunding Bonds \$ 15,961,163 Accrued Compensated Leve \$ 89,554 Net Pension Liability \$ 1,130,400 Total Long-Term Liabilities (less current portion) \$ 240,196,433	Utility System		1,092,790,301
Classic Accumulated Depreciation	Machinery and Equipment		29,351,238
Total Capital Assets \$ 96,826,955 Total Non-current Assets \$ 777,917,300 Total Assets \$ 925,661,559 DEFERED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Difference between Expected and Actual Experience \$ 141,570 Net Difference between Projected and Actual Experience \$ 1,957,510 Employer Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date 2,257,456 Total Deferred Outflow of Resources \$ 4,356,556 Current Liabilities: \$ 147,557 Current Liabilities: \$ 3,783,226 Deposits Payable \$ 3,783,226 Deposits Payable \$ 147,557 Accrued Interest Payable \$ 5,784,99 Uncarrent Liabilities \$ 2,308,423 Current Portion of Long-term Liabilities \$ 11,863,504 Total Current Liabilities \$ 24,337,513 Long-Term Liabilities (less current portion): \$ 202,235,767 Premium on Refunding Bonds \$ 15,961,163 Accrued Compensated Leave \$ 86,554 Net Pension Liabilities (less current portion) \$ 240,196,433 Total Long-Term Liabilities (less current portion) \$ 240,196,433 <t< td=""><td>Construction in Progress</td><td></td><td>31,278,461</td></t<>	Construction in Progress		31,278,461
Total Non-current Assets \$ 777,917,309. Total Assets \$ 925,661,559 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES \$ 141,570 Difference between Expected and Actual Exprience \$ 1,957,510 Kel Difference between Projected and Actual Earnings on Plan Investments \$ 1,957,510 Employer Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date \$ 2,257,456 Total Deferred Outflow of Resources \$ 4,336,536 **** Total Deferred Outflow of Resources **** Total Deferred Outflow of Resources *** Total Deferred Countles Subject on Total Subject on Total Subject on Subje	Less: Accumulated Depreciation		(488,514,676)
Total Non-current Assets \$ 777,917,309 Total Assets \$ 225,661,559 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES \$ 141,570 Net Difference between Expected and Actual Earnings on Plan Investments 1,957,510 Ket Difference between Projected and Actual Earnings on Plan Investments 1,957,510 Employer Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date 2,257,456 Total Deferred Outflow of Resources \$ 4,356,536 ***********************************	Total Capital Assets	\$	696,826,955
Total Assets \$ 925,661,559 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Difference between Expected and Actual Experience \$ 141,570 Net Difference between Projected and Actual Earnings on Plan Investments 1,957,510 Employer Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date 2,227,456 Total Deferred Outflow of Resources * 3,783,226 **Current Liabilities** Current Liabilities \$ 147,575 Accrued Interest Payable \$ 3,783,226 Construction Contracts Payable \$ 5,578,499 Unearned Revenue 5 56,304 Qurent Portion of Long-term Liabilities \$ 11,863,504 Total Current Liabilities \$ 202,235,751 Revenue Bonds \$ 15,961,163 Accrued Compensated Leave \$ 869,524 Net Pension Liabilities (less current portion) \$ 201,964,33 Permium on Refunding Bonds \$ 15,961,163 Accrued Compensated Leave \$ 869,524 Net Pension Liabilities \$ 201,196,433 Total Liaby-Term Liabilities (less current portion) \$ 201,196,433 Total Liabilities \$ 201,196,433 Tot	Total Non-current Assets		
Difference between Expected and Actual Experience \$ 141,570 Net Difference between Projected and Actual Earnings on Plan Investments 1,957,510 Employer Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date \$ 2,257,456 Total Deferred Outflow of Resources \$ 4,356,536 LIABILITIES Current Liabilities: Vouchers and Accounts Payable \$ 3,783,226 Deposits Payable 147,557 Accrued Interest Payable 5,584,99 Unearned Revenue 565,304 Current Portion of Long-term Liabilities 11,863,504 Total Current Liabilities \$ 24,337,513 Long-Term Liabilities (less current portion): Revenue Bonds \$ 202,235,276 Premium on Refunding Bonds 15,961,163 Accrued Compensated Leave 869,554 Net Pension Liability 21,130,440 Total Long-Term Liabilities (less current portion) \$ 240,196,433 Total Long-Term Liabilities (less current portion) \$ 240,196,433 Total Liabilities \$ 240,196,433 Total Liabilities \$ 240,196,433 Total Liabilities \$ 240,	Total Assets	\$	
Difference between Expected and Actual Experience \$ 141,570 Net Difference between Projected and Actual Earnings on Plan Investments 1,957,510 Employer Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date \$ 2,257,456 Total Deferred Outflow of Resources \$ 4,356,536 LIABILITIES Current Liabilities: Vouchers and Accounts Payable \$ 3,783,226 Deposits Payable 147,557 Accrued Interest Payable 5,584,99 Unearned Revenue 565,304 Current Portion of Long-term Liabilities 11,863,504 Total Current Liabilities \$ 24,337,513 Long-Term Liabilities (less current portion): Revenue Bonds \$ 202,235,276 Premium on Refunding Bonds 15,961,163 Accrued Compensated Leave 869,554 Net Pension Liability 21,130,440 Total Long-Term Liabilities (less current portion) \$ 240,196,433 Total Long-Term Liabilities (less current portion) \$ 240,196,433 Total Liabilities \$ 240,196,433 Total Liabilities \$ 240,196,433 Total Liabilities \$ 240,			
Net Difference between Projected and Actual Earnings on Plan Investments 1,957,510 Employer Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date Total Deferred Outflow of Resources \$ 4,356,536 LABILITIES Current Liabilities: Vouchers and Accounts Payable \$ 3,783,226 Deposits Payable 147,557 Accrued Interest Payable 2,308,423 Construction Contracts Payable 5,578,499 Unearned Revenue 656,304 Current Portion of Long-term Liabilities 11,863,504 Total Current Liabilities \$ 24,337,513 Revenue Bonds \$ 202,235,276 Premium on Refunding Bonds \$ 202,235,276 Accrued Compensated Leave 869,554 Net Pension Liabilities 21,130,440 Total Long-Term Liabilities (less current portion) \$ 240,196,433 Total Liabilities \$ 240,196,433			444.550
Employer Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date	•	\$	
ILABILITIES Current Liabilities: Vouchers and Accounts Payable \$ 3,783,226 Deposits Payable 147,557 Accrued Interest Payable 2,308,423 Construction Contracts Payable 5,578,499 Uneamed Revenue 656,304 Current Portion of Long-term Liabilities 11,863,504 Total Current Liabilities (less current portion): \$ 24,337,513 Revenue Bonds 15,961,163 Accrued Compensated Leave 869,554 Net Pension Liability 21,130,440 Total Long-Term Liabilities (less current portion) \$ 240,196,433 Total Long-Term Liabilities (less current portion) \$ 240,196,433 Total Liabilities \$ 264,533,946 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Difference between Expected and Actual Experience \$ 721,849 NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets \$ 468,652,175 Restricted for Capital Projects \$ 17,979,295 Restricted for Debt Service 17,979,295 Restricted for Operations 129,279,701			
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities: 3,783,226 Vouchers and Accounts Payable 147,557 Accrued Interest Payable 2,308,223 Construction Contracts Payable 5,578,499 Unearned Revenue 656,304 Current Portion of Long-term Liabilities 11,863,504 Total Current Liabilities (less current portion): ** Revenue Bonds \$ 202,235,276 Premium on Refunding Bonds 15,961,163 Accrued Compensated Leave 869,554 Net Pension Liability 21,130,440 Total Liabilities (less current portion) \$ 240,196,433 Total Liabilities \$ 264,533,946 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Difference between Expected and Actual Experience \$ 721,849 NET POSITION \$ 468,652,175 Restricted for Capital Projects 48,851,129 Restricted for Operations 17,979,295 Restricted for Operations 129,279,701			
Current Liabilities: \$ 3,783,226 Vouchers and Accounts Payable 147,557 Accrued Interest Payable 2,308,423 Construction Contracts Payable 5,578,499 Unearned Revenue 656,304 Current Portion of Long-term Liabilities 11,863,504 Total Current Liabilities (less current portion): \$ 24,337,513 Long-Term Liabilities (less current portion): \$ 202,235,276 Premium on Refunding Bonds 15,961,163 Accrued Compensated Leave 869,554 Net Pension Liability 21,130,440 Total Long-Term Liabilities (less current portion) \$ 240,196,433 Total Liabilities \$ 264,533,946 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Difference between Expected and Actual Experience \$ 721,849 NET POSITION \$ 468,652,175 Restricted for Capital Projects 448,851,129 Restricted for Capital Projects 17,979,295 Restricted for Operations 129,279,701	Total Deferred Outflow of Resources	\$	4,356,536
Current Liabilities: \$ 3,783,226 Vouchers and Accounts Payable 147,557 Accrued Interest Payable 2,308,423 Construction Contracts Payable 5,578,499 Unearned Revenue 656,304 Current Portion of Long-term Liabilities 11,863,504 Total Current Liabilities (less current portion): \$ 24,337,513 Long-Term Liabilities (less current portion): \$ 202,235,276 Premium on Refunding Bonds 15,961,163 Accrued Compensated Leave 869,554 Net Pension Liability 21,130,440 Total Long-Term Liabilities (less current portion) \$ 240,196,433 Total Liabilities \$ 264,533,946 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Difference between Expected and Actual Experience \$ 721,849 NET POSITION \$ 468,652,175 Restricted for Capital Projects 448,851,129 Restricted for Capital Projects 17,979,295 Restricted for Operations 129,279,701	LIABILITIES		
Deposits Payable 147,575 Accrued Interest Payable 2,308,423 Construction Contracts Payable 5,578,499 Unearned Revenue 656,304 Current Portion of Long-term Liabilities 11,863,504 Total Current Liabilities \$ 24,337,513 Long-Term Liabilities (less current portion): ** Revenue Bonds \$ 202,235,276 Premium on Refunding Bonds 15,961,163 Accrued Compensated Leave 869,554 Net Pension Liability 21,130,440 Total Long-Term Liabilities (less current portion) \$ 240,196,433 Total Liabilities \$ 264,533,946 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Difference between Expected and Actual Experience \$ 721,849 NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets \$ 468,652,175 Restricted for Capital Projects 48,851,129 Restricted for Debt Service 17,979,295 Restricted for Operations 129,279,701			
Deposits Payable 147,575 Accrued Interest Payable 2,308,423 Construction Contracts Payable 5,578,499 Unearned Revenue 656,304 Current Portion of Long-term Liabilities 11,863,504 Total Current Liabilities \$ 24,337,513 Long-Term Liabilities (less current portion): ** Revenue Bonds \$ 202,235,276 Premium on Refunding Bonds 15,961,163 Accrued Compensated Leave 869,554 Net Pension Liability 21,130,440 Total Long-Term Liabilities (less current portion) \$ 240,196,433 Total Liabilities \$ 264,533,946 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Difference between Expected and Actual Experience \$ 721,849 NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets \$ 468,652,175 Restricted for Capital Projects 48,851,129 Restricted for Debt Service 17,979,295 Restricted for Operations 129,279,701	Vouchers and Accounts Payable	\$	3,783,226
Accrued Interest Payable 2,308,423 Construction Contracts Payable 5,578,499 Uneamed Revenue 656,304 Current Portion of Long-term Liabilities 11,863,504 Total Current Liabilities \$ 24,337,513 Long-Term Liabilities (less current portion): *** Revenue Bonds \$ 202,235,276 Premium on Refunding Bonds 15,961,163 Accrued Compensated Leave 869,554 Net Pension Liability 21,130,440 Total Long-Term Liabilities (less current portion) \$ 240,196,433 Total Liabilities \$ 264,533,946 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Difference between Expected and Actual Experience \$ 721,849 NET POSITION \$ 468,652,175 Restricted for Capital Projects 48,851,129 Restricted for Capital Projects 48,851,129 Restricted for Debt Service 17,979,295 Restricted for Operations 129,279,701			
Construction Contracts Payable 5,578,499 Unearned Revenue 656,304 Current Portion of Long-term Liabilities 11,863,504 Total Current Liabilities \$ 24,337,513 Long-Term Liabilities (less current portion): Revenue Bonds \$ 202,235,276 Premium on Refunding Bonds 15,961,163 Accrued Compensated Leave 869,554 Net Pension Liability 21,130,440 Total Long-Term Liabilities (less current portion) \$ 240,196,433 Total Liabilities \$ 264,533,946 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Difference between Expected and Actual Experience \$ 721,849 NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets \$ 468,652,175 Restricted for Capital Projects 48,851,129 Restricted for Debt Service 17,979,295 Restricted for Operations 129,279,701			
Unearned Revenue 656,304 Current Portion of Long-term Liabilities 11,863,504 Total Current Liabilities \$ 24,337,513 Long-Term Liabilities (less current portion): Revenue Bonds \$ 202,235,276 Premium on Refunding Bonds 15,961,163 Accrued Compensated Leave 869,554 Net Pension Liability 21,130,440 Total Long-Term Liabilities (less current portion) \$ 240,196,433 Total Liabilities \$ 264,533,946 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Difference between Expected and Actual Experience \$ 721,849 NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets \$ 468,652,175 Restricted for Capital Projects 48,851,129 Restricted for Debt Service 17,979,295 Restricted for Operations 129,279,701			
Current Portion of Long-term Liabilities 11,863,504 Total Current Liabilities \$ 24,337,513 Long-Term Liabilities (less current portion): \$ 202,235,276 Revenue Bonds \$ 202,235,276 Premium on Refunding Bonds 15,961,163 Accrued Compensated Leave 869,554 Net Pension Liability 21,130,440 Total Long-Term Liabilities (less current portion) \$ 240,196,433 Total Liabilities \$ 264,533,946 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Difference between Expected and Actual Experience \$ 721,849 NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets \$ 468,652,175 Restricted for Capital Projects 48,851,129 Restricted for Debt Service 17,979,295 Restricted for Operations 129,279,701	•		
Total Current Liabilities \$ 24,337,513 Long-Term Liabilities (less current portion): \$ 202,235,276 Revenue Bonds \$ 202,235,276 Premium on Refunding Bonds 15,961,163 Accrued Compensated Leave 869,554 Net Pension Liability 21,130,440 Total Long-Term Liabilities (less current portion) \$ 240,196,433 Total Liabilities \$ 264,533,946 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Difference between Expected and Actual Experience \$ 721,849 NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets \$ 468,652,175 Restricted for Capital Projects 48,851,129 Restricted for Debt Service 17,979,295 Restricted for Operations 129,279,701	Current Portion of Long-term Liabilities		
Long-Term Liabilities (less current portion): 202,235,276 Revenue Bonds \$ 202,235,276 Premium on Refunding Bonds 15,961,163 Accrued Compensated Leave 869,554 Net Pension Liability 21,130,440 Total Long-Term Liabilities (less current portion) \$ 240,196,433 Total Liabilities \$ 264,533,946 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Difference between Expected and Actual Experience \$ 721,849 NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets \$ 468,652,175 Restricted for Capital Projects 48,851,129 Restricted for Debt Service 17,979,295 Restricted for Operations 129,279,701	C .	\$	
Revenue Bonds \$ 202,235,276 Premium on Refunding Bonds 15,961,163 Accrued Compensated Leave 869,554 Net Pension Liability 21,130,440 Total Long-Term Liabilities (less current portion) \$ 240,196,433 Total Liabilities \$ 264,533,946 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Difference between Expected and Actual Experience \$ 721,849 NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets \$ 468,652,175 Restricted for Capital Projects 48,851,129 Restricted for Debt Service 17,979,295 Restricted for Operations 129,279,701			
Premium on Refunding Bonds 15,961,163 Accrued Compensated Leave 869,554 Net Pension Liability 21,130,440 Total Long-Term Liabilities (less current portion) \$ 240,196,433 Total Liabilities \$ 264,533,946 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Difference between Expected and Actual Experience \$ 721,849 NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets \$ 468,652,175 Restricted for Capital Projects 48,851,129 Restricted for Debt Service 17,979,295 Restricted for Operations 129,279,701	Long-Term Liabilities (less current portion):		
Accrued Compensated Leave 869,554 Net Pension Liability 21,130,440 Total Long-Term Liabilities (less current portion) \$ 240,196,433 Total Liabilities \$ 264,533,946 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Difference between Expected and Actual Experience \$ 721,849 NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets \$ 468,652,175 Restricted for Capital Projects 48,851,129 Restricted for Debt Service 17,979,295 Restricted for Operations 129,279,701	Revenue Bonds	\$	202,235,276
Net Pension Liability 21,130,440 Total Long-Term Liabilities (less current portion) \$ 240,196,433 Total Liabilities \$ 264,533,946 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Difference between Expected and Actual Experience \$ 721,849 NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets \$ 468,652,175 Restricted for Capital Projects 48,851,129 Restricted for Debt Service 17,979,295 Restricted for Operations 129,279,701	Premium on Refunding Bonds		15,961,163
Total Long-Term Liabilities (less current portion) Total Liabilities DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Difference between Expected and Actual Experience NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted for Capital Projects Restricted for Debt Service Restricted for Operations \$ 240,196,433 \$ 264,533,946 \$ 721,849 \$ 721,849 \$ 468,652,175 Restricted for Capital Projects Restricted for Debt Service 17,979,295 Restricted for Operations	Accrued Compensated Leave		869,554
Total Liabilities \$ 264,533,946 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Difference between Expected and Actual Experience \$ 721,849 NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets \$ 468,652,175 Restricted for Capital Projects 48,851,129 Restricted for Debt Service 17,979,295 Restricted for Operations 129,279,701	Net Pension Liability		21,130,440
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Difference between Expected and Actual Experience \$ 721,849 NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets \$ 468,652,175 Restricted for Capital Projects 48,851,129 Restricted for Debt Service 17,979,295 Restricted for Operations 129,279,701	Total Long-Term Liabilities (less current portion)	\$	240,196,433
Difference between Expected and Actual Experience\$ 721,849NET POSITIONSecond of the Investment in Capital Assets\$ 468,652,175Restricted for Capital Projects48,851,129Restricted for Debt Service17,979,295Restricted for Operations129,279,701	Total Liabilities	\$	264,533,946
Difference between Expected and Actual Experience\$ 721,849NET POSITIONSecond of the Investment in Capital Assets\$ 468,652,175Restricted for Capital Projects48,851,129Restricted for Debt Service17,979,295Restricted for Operations129,279,701	DEFENDED INEL OW. OF DESOLIDORS		
NET POSITIONNet Investment in Capital Assets\$ 468,652,175Restricted for Capital Projects48,851,129Restricted for Debt Service17,979,295Restricted for Operations129,279,701	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Net Investment in Capital Assets\$ 468,652,175Restricted for Capital Projects48,851,129Restricted for Debt Service17,979,295Restricted for Operations129,279,701	Difference between Expected and Actual Experience	\$	721,849
Net Investment in Capital Assets\$ 468,652,175Restricted for Capital Projects48,851,129Restricted for Debt Service17,979,295Restricted for Operations129,279,701	NET POSITION		
Restricted for Capital Projects48,851,129Restricted for Debt Service17,979,295Restricted for Operations129,279,701		\$	468,652,175
Restricted for Debt Service17,979,295Restricted for Operations129,279,701	•		
*			
	Restricted for Operations	_	129,279,701
	Total Net Position	\$	664,762,300

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA WATER AND SEWER ENTERPRISE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

OPERATING REVENUES		
Service Charges	\$	75,766,589
Sale of Water		45,599,324
Tap Fees		801,075
Fire Hydrant Rental		4,340
Navy Wheelage Charges		146,672
Interfund Services Provided		1,497,095
Miscellaneous		663,485
Total Operating Revenues	\$	124,478,580
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Cost of Goods Sold - Water Purchases	\$	24,721,565
Personal Services		25,570,731
Contractual Services		6,025,659
Internal Services		2,936,453
Other Charges		16,706,971
CIP Annual Expenditures		852,837
Depreciation		27,552,400
Total Operating Expenses	\$	104,366,616
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	\$	20,111,964
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
Interest Income	\$	2,081,618
Gain From Sale of Assets		62,048
Interest and Fiscal Charges		(2,824,808)
Total Nonoperating Expenses, net	\$	(681,142)
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CONTRIBUTIONS	\$	19,430,822
Capital Contributions		6,248,128
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$	25,678,950
TOTAL NET POSITION - BEGINNING		639,083,350
TOTAL NET POSITION - ENDING	<u>\$</u>	664,762,300

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA WATER AND SEWER ENTERPRISE FUND STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Receipts from Customers and Users	\$	119,233,482
Receipts from Interfund Services Provided	Ψ	2,345,235
Other Operating Cash Receipts		632,286
Cash Payments To Suppliers of Goods and Services		(51,478,107)
Cash Payments To Employees for Services		(29,771,738)
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Operating Activities	\$	40,961,158
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Intergovernmental Receipts	\$	-
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Noncapital Financing Activities	\$	-
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Net Interest on Long-term Debt	\$	(9,453,017)
Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets		(34,889,811)
Proceeds from Sale of Salvage		62,048
Receipts of Capital Contributions		4,791,322
Principal Paid on Long-term Debt		(7,812,707)
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Capital and Related Financing Activities	\$	(47,302,165)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Interest and Dividends Received	\$	2,081,618
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Investments		(4,259,389)
Cash and Investments, July 1		208,722,488
Cash and Investments, June 30	\$	204,463,099
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME		
TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Operating Income	\$	20,111,964
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities:		
Depreciation		27,552,400
Net changes in assets and liabilities:		
Accounts Receivable		(3,115,717)
Intergovernmental Receivables		848,140
Inventory		(46,926)
Deferred Outflows		473,733
Vouchers and Accounts Payable		(226,813)
Deposits Payable		(1,187)
Unearned Revenue		40,304
Accrued Compensated Leave		(76,388)
Net Pension Liability		(28,200)
Deferred Inflows		(4,570,152)
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Operating Activities	\$	40,961,158
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL, AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Capital Contributions of Fixed Assets	\$	1,456,806

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA WATER AND SEWER ENTERPRISE FUND SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN RESTRICTED ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

CASH - DESIGNATED FOR CONSTRUCTION Balance - July 1	\$ 54,287,377
Receipts:	
Water and Sewer Enterprise	35,215,361
Transfer from General Fund	200,000
Total Receipts	35,415,361
Disbursements:	
Water and Sewer Construction Expenditures	36,988,850
Expenditures Not Paid in Current Year	(1,715,740)
Total Disbursements	35,273,110
Balance - June 30 Designated for Construction	\$ 54,429,628
CASH - WATER RESOURCE RECOVERY FEES	
Balance - July 1	\$ -
Receipts:	
Fees	2,796,328
Disbursements:	
Construction Expenditures	2,796,328
Balance - June 30 Water Resource Recovery Fees	\$ -
CASH - WATER AND SEWER DEBT SERVICE RESERVE	
Balance - July 1	\$ 17,979,295
Net Disbursements and Receipts	321,626
Balance - June 30 Water and Sewer Debt Service	\$ 18,300,921
CASH - WITH FISCAL AGENT	
Balance - July 1	\$ 5,717,187
Net Disbursements and Receipts	2,642,699
Balance - June 30 Cash With Fiscal Agent	\$ 8,359,886
TOTAL RESTRICTED CASH	\$ 81,090,435

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA WATER AND SEWER ENTERPRISE FUND SCHEDULE OF OPERATING EXPENSES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive Negative)
Director of Public Utilities	 		
Personal Services	\$ 298,084	\$ 255,655	\$ 42,429
Fringe Benefits	92,427	80,729	11,698
Contractual Services	3,850	8,850	(5,000)
Internal Services	17,483	17,040	443
Other Charges	 43,167	27,400	 15,767
Total Director of Public Utilities	\$ 455,011	\$ 389,674	\$ 65,337
Engineering Staff			
Personal Services	\$ 6,405,729	\$ 5,727,814	\$ 677,915
Fringe Benefits	1,920,250	1,792,841	127,409
Contractual Services	1,549,602	1,090,253	459,349
Internal Services	286,832	226,522	60,310
Other Charges	 282,198	 191,565	 90,633
Total Engineering Staff	\$ 10,444,611	\$ 9,028,995	\$ 1,415,616
Operations and Maintenance Administration			
Personal Services	\$ 2,250,678	\$ 2,054,134	\$ 196,544
Fringe Benefits	724,192	669,427	54,765
Contractual Services	2,476,167	1,377,649	1,098,518
Internal Services	140,463	139,345	1,118
Other Charges	548,103	 589,792	 (41,689)
Total Operations and Maintenance Administration	\$ 6,139,603	\$ 4,830,347	\$ 1,309,256
Water Distribution			
Personal Services	\$ 2,650,036	\$ 2,667,104	\$ (17,068)
Fringe Benefits	878,361	879,375	(1,014)
Contractual Services	241,771	101,227	140,544
Internal Services	536,646	502,688	33,958
Other Charges	849,801	947,651	 (97,850)
Total Water Distribution	\$ 5,156,615	\$ 5,098,045	\$ 58,570
Lake Gaston Facilities			
Contractual Services	\$ 2,410,421	\$ 1,337,519	\$ 1,072,902
Internal Services	85,700	12,380	73,320
Other Charges	1,438,600	 740,902	697,698
Total Lake Gaston Facilities	\$ 3,934,721	\$ 2,090,801	\$ 1,843,920
Sewer Collection Systems			
Personal Services	\$ 3,421,828	\$ 3,388,290	\$ 33,538
Fringe Benefits	1,064,363	1,025,107	39,256
Contractual Services	177,304	92,663	84,641
Internal Services	1,168,935	1,115,845	53,090
Other Charges	 765,355	 734,011	 31,344
Total Sewer Collection Systems	\$ 6,597,785	\$ 6,355,916	\$ 241,869
Sewer Pump Stations			
Personal Services	\$ 2,546,375	\$ 2,567,729	\$ (21,354)
Fringe Benefits	888,169	884,423	3,746
Contractual Services	275,439	187,224	88,215
Internal Services	429,870	401,300	28,570
Other Charges	2,595,606	2,604,817	(9,211)
	 	\$	

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA WATER AND SEWER ENTERPRISE FUND SCHEDULE OF OPERATING EXPENSES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
<u>Customer Services</u>			
Personal Services	\$ 3,167,258	\$ 2,821,999	\$ 345,259
Fringe Benefits	1,145,534	990,633	154,901
Contractual Services	3,092,670	1,722,701	1,369,969
Internal Services	256,196	199,834	56,362
Other Charges	834,873	625,053	209,820
Total Customer Services	\$ 8,496,531	\$ 6,360,220	\$ 2,136,311
Water Purchases	\$ 25,294,000	\$ 24,721,565	\$ 572,435
Meter Operations			
Personal Services	\$ 1,741,089	\$ 1,662,097	\$ 78,992
Fringe Benefits	636,382	556,714	79,668
Contractual Services	47,494	65,379	(17,885)
Internal Services	266,043	247,844	18,199
Other Charges	834,922	809,399	25,523
Total Meter Operations	\$ 3,525,930	\$ 3,341,433	\$ 184,497
Electrical Support			
Personal Services	\$ 986,296	\$ 980,313	\$ 5,983
Fringe Benefits	321,928	308,139	13,789
Contractual Services	80,500	42,194	38,306
Internal Services	59,937	73,655	(13,718)
Other Charges	 56,394	88,307	(31,913)
Total Meter Operations	\$ 1,505,055	\$ 1,492,608	\$ 12,447
General Fund Charges			
Office Rental	\$ 396,678	\$ 396,678	\$ -
Landscape Services	467,312	417,991	49,321
Support Personnel	518,847	511,094	7,753
Building Maintenance	165,965	165,965	-
Communication Technology Charges	1,922,589	1,922,589	-
Indirect Cost Allocation	2,716,396	1,729,745	986,651
Right of Way Utility	4,000,000	4,000,000	-
Water Assistance	 250,000	 204,012	 45,988
Total General Fund Charges	\$ 10,437,787	\$ 9,348,074	\$ 1,089,713
Other Charges			
Retiree Health Insurance	\$ 439,567	\$ 382,827	\$ 56,740
CIP Annual Expenditures	-	852,837	(852,837)
Net Deferred Retirement Contributions	-	(4,124,619)	4,124,619
Total Other Charges	\$ 439,567	\$ (2,888,955)	\$ 3,328,522
Total Budgeted Operating Expenses	\$ 89,162,675	\$ 76,814,216	\$ 12,348,459

Note: Total General Fund Charges reclassified as Other Charges. Budget does not include Reserves.

Depreciation is not included in the Budgeted Operating Expenses. The City does not budget for depreciation.

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA WATER AND SEWER FUND CAPITAL PROJECTS WATER CAPITAL PROJECTS EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Project	Budget	Current Year	Total	Construction	Outstanding	Available
Number Project Name 5010000 RAW WATER TRANSMISSION SYSTEM REHAB I	\$ 2,000,000	Expenditures \$ 349,075	Expenditures \$ 437,821	In Progress \$ 437,821	Encumbrances \$ 490,677	\$ 1,071,502
5019000 ADVANCE WATER METERING	300,000	\$ 349,073	\$ 457,621	\$ 437,621	\$ 490,077	300,000
5020000 CLEVELAND ST WATER IMPROVEMENTS	200,000	-	-	-	-	200,000
5024000 CLEVELAND ST WATER INFROVEMENTS 5024000 HOLLAND ROAD - PHASE VI	2,600,000	3,815	1,493,574	1,493,574	105	1,106,321
5027000 HOLLAND ROAD - PHASE VI 5027000 LESNER BRIDGE WATER LINE REPLACEMENT		54,242			21,168	
5028000 WITCHDUCK RD - PHASE II WATER IMPROVEMENT	250,000		100,546	100,546		128,286
	1,482,000	553,301	613,339	613,339	(495,339)	1,364,000
5030000 SHORE DRIVE WATER LINE IMPROVEMENTS PH III	385,000	13,465	43,597	43,597	56,843	284,560
5031000 SYSTEM EXP COST PARTICIPATION AGREE PH II	160,000	-	100,000	100,000	30,000	30,000
5043000 LANDSTOWN ROAD WATER IMPROVEMENTS	450,000	1,750	13,000	13,000	5,000	432,000
5046000 UTILITIES EMERG RESPONSE PRG-PHASE II	900,000	38,760	652,145	-	38,130	209,725
5090000 LYNNHAVEN PARKWAY - PHASE XI	635,198	282,348	323,873	323,873	-	311,325
5148000 ELBOW ROAD EXT - PH I & II	429,663	-	379,662	-	-	50,001
5149000 INDIAN RIVER RD - PHASE VII	68,548	-	58,224	-	10,324	-
5151000 LANDSTOWN YARD IMPROVEMENTS - PHASE IV	3,156,000	526,506	1,879,555	1,303,670	48,384	1,228,061
5203000 LOTUS GARDEN WATER IMPROVEMENTS-51% PRG	2,020,000	-	2,020,000	-	-	-
5207000 LASKIN ROAD - PHASE I	605,606	-	362,998	207,393	15,845	226,763
5251000 VARIOUS RDWY STORM WATER COOR VI	850,000	402,416	530,432	530,432	144,296	175,272
5254000 WATER REQUESTS & AGREEMENT (51% PRG) VI	150,000	-	100,000	-	-	50,000
5260000 UTILITY CROSSINGS CONDITION ASSESS PH II	1,196,018	412,881	633,351	633,351	253,189	309,478
5403000 SERVICE ORDER AUTOMATION SOLUTION DESIGN	197,500	82,605	84,405	84,405	-	113,095
5405000 CUSTOMER INFO SYSTEM VERSION MIGRATION	1,200,000	65,231	209,695	209,695	30,756	959,549
5407000 COMPUTERIZED MAP/INFRASTRUCTURE MGMT III	200,000	-	10,755	10,755	-	189,245
5452000 COMPREHENSIVE WATER MASTER PLANNING VI	1,300,000	145,845	337,117	-	47,184	915,699
5501000 WTR PUMP STATION/TANK UPGRADE PRG - PH I	16,769,996	1,038,689	13,854,743	1,038,689	828,912	2,086,341
5601000 FIRST COLONIAL/VB BLVD INTERSECTION IMPROVEMENT	120,000	-	-	-	-	120,000
5604000 PA ROAD WATER IMPROVEMENTS - PHASE VII	870,000	-	9,061	9,061	-	860,939
5708000 RESORT AREA NEIGHBORHOOD REVITALIZATION	4,946,636	657,585	4,008,476	657,585	600,754	337,406
5804000 WATER LINE EXT REPLACE REHAB PROGRAM	8,035,000	1,587,235	3,968,408	-	221,441	3,845,151
5805000 WTR SYS AGING INFRASTRUCTURE PRG - PH I	6,150,000	95,717	4,821,364	735,370	51,470	1,277,166
5806000 BACKFLOW PREVENT/CROSS CONNCT CTRL PH II	536,271	138,053	469,648	469,648	21,945	44,678
5952000 WTR PUMP STA FLOW MONITOR/DATA STORAGE	1,469,176	151,683	793,102	793,102	120,650	555,424
5953000 WATER TAP INSTALLATION PROGRAM PH II	1,029,754	243,087	931,550	706,618	80,547	17,657
5967000 WTR RESOURCES INVESTIGATION/PLANNING - PH I	800,000	52,488	261,327		10,089	528,584
TOTAL WATER CAPITAL PROJECT EXPENDITURES	\$ 61,462,366	6,896,777	\$ 39,501,768	\$ 10,515,524	\$ 2,632,370	\$ 19,328,228
CLOSED WATER CAPITAL PROJECTS EXPENDITURES		88,578				
TOTAL CURRENT YEAR WATER CAPITAL PROJECTS EXPEN	DITURES	\$ 6,985,355				

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA WATER AND SEWER FUND CAPITAL PROJECTS SEWER CAPITAL PROJECTS EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Project		Budget	Current Year	Total	C	onstruction	C	Outstanding	Available
Number Project Name		to Date	Expenditures	Expenditures	I	in Progress	En	cumbrances	Balance
6019000 RESORT AREA NEIGHBORHOOD REVITALIZATION	\$	15,460,000	\$ 1,078,948	\$ 11,041,379	\$	2,314,176	\$	346,241	\$ 4,072,380
6041000 PUMP STATION MODIFICATIONS-PHASE V		55,642,465	8,247,187	41,825,272		294,116		9,956,115	3,861,078
6043000 LANDSTOWN ROAD SEWER IMPROVEMENTS		350,000	2,520	16,990		16,990		7,010	326,000
6051000 INDIAN RIVER ROAD - PHASE VII		14,717	-	9,473		9,473		-	5,244
6057000 HOLLAND ROAD - PHASE VI		2,150,000	15,260	1,188,055		1,188,055		420	961,525
6061000 EMERG RESPONSE PRG-PHASE II		900,000	-	527,094		-		7,844	365,062
6070000 INFILTRATION & REHAB PH V		26,635,000	1,361,211	20,398,949		2,653,869		1,970,557	4,265,494
6075000 LASKIN ROAD - PHASE I		100,030	-	79,918		79,888		-	20,112
6087000 SANITARY SEWER PS GENERATOR REPLACEMENT		100,000	11,277	11,277		_		4,438	84,285
6088000 CLEVELAND STREET SEWER IMPROVEMENTS		200,000	-			_		-	200,000
6091000 SEWER REQUESTS & AGREEMENTS PH VI (51%)		150,000	_	100,000		100,000		_	50,000
6092000 VACUUM VALVE MONITORING SYSTEM		1,060,000	12,592	125,923		125,923		_	934,077
6093000 CONSENT ORDER REHAB PLAN IMPLEMENTATION - PH I		8,575,000	3,007,593	4,434,047		-		2,391,266	1,749,687
6098000 PRICE ST APTS SANITARY SEWER PUMP STATION		1,780,000	-			_		1,780,000	-
6116000 PROSPERITY ROAD SEWER IMPROVE 51% PROGR		1,250,000	6,113	807,375		807,375		57,717	384,908
6151000 LANDSTOWN YARD IMPROVEMENTS - PHASE IV		2,325,000	516,849	1,405,053		1,106,294		62,930	857,017
6201000 GREEN HILL FARMS SEWER IMPROVE (51% PRG)		2,620,000	1,586,103	1,758,563		1,758,563		740,121	121,316
6203000 LOTUS GARDEN SEWER IMPROVEMENTS-51% PRG		1,650,000	1,500,105	1,650,000		1,060,733		740,121	121,510
6403000 SERVICE ORDER AUTOMATION SOLUTION DESIGN		197,500	82,605	84,605		84,605		-	112,895
6405000 CUSTOMER INFO SYSTEM VERSION MIGRATION			65,231			191,551		30,757	977,692
		1,200,000		191,551					
6501000 AUX POWER PRG-SEWER PMP STATIONS-PH III		12,806,816	628,273	7,962,294		628,273		2,014,489	2,830,033
6550000 COMPREHENSIVE SEWER MASTER PLANNING V		1,350,000	73,410	579,351				3,096	767,553
6551000 SYSTEM EXP COST PARTICIPATION AGREE III		2,000,000	44,858	529,162		529,162		1,419,192	51,646
6552000 SANITARY SEWER SYS REVITAL'N PRG-PH II		24,165,736	2,987,455	19,056,287		-		2,154,609	2,954,840
6555000 UTILITY CROSSINGS CONDITION ASSESS PH II		1,236,711	182,146	267,046		-		-	969,665
6556000 VARIOUS ROADWAY/STORM WATER COORD VI		1,970,000	763,973	884,569		884,569		302,432	782,999
6557000 SGA SANITARY SEWER SYSTEM IMPROVEMENTS		1,600,000	-	-		-		-	1,600,000
6559000 SANITARY SEWER ASSET MGMT PROGRAM III		1,100,000	173,243	184,423		184,423		289,444	626,133
6564000 RELOCATION SEWER CLEAN OUTS N LANDING		325,000	-	66,015		66,015		-	258,985
6565000 COMPUTERIZED MAPPING & INFRASTRUCTURE		200,000	-	10,755		10,755		-	189,245
6601000 FIRST COLONIAL/VB BLVD INTERSECTION IMPROV		210,000	-	-		-		-	210,000
6602000 PA ROAD/KEMPSVILLE RD INTERSECTION IMPROV		969,600	-	636,256		65,975		-	333,344
6604000 WITCHDUCK ROAD-PHASE II SEWER IMPROVEMENTS		1,581,499	141,376	184,507		184,507		(83,855)	1,480,847
6804000 SANIT SWR REGULATORY COMPLICANCE PRG - PH I		27,598,476	1,290,519	24,149,670		-		966,858	2,481,948
6952000 SWR PUMP STA FLOW MONITOR/DATA STORAGE		26,674,828	7,338,419	15,082,132		356,000		5,489,724	6,102,972
6953000 SEWER TAP INSTALLATION PROGRAM PH II	_	1,596,811	374,374	1,434,243		1,039,049		141,145	 21,423
TOTAL SEWER CAPITAL PROJECT EXPENDITURES	\$	227,745,189	\$ 29,991,535	\$ 156,682,234	\$	15,740,339	\$	30,052,550	\$ 41,010,405
CLOSED CAPITAL PROJECTS EXPENDITURES			11,960						
TOTAL CURRENT YEAR SEWER CAPITAL PROJECTS EXPENDITU	RES		30,003,495						
WATER AND SEWER CAPITAL PROJECTS	\$	289,207,555	\$ 36,988,850	\$ 196,184,002		26,255,863	\$	32,684,920	\$ 60,338,633
GLDWAY WITH A WITH DESCRIPTION OF A CONTROL	Faa					5 000 55°°			
CAPITALIZED INTEREST REMAINING IN CONSTRUCTION IN PROGRESS	CESS				ф.	5,022,598			
WATER AND SEWER FUND CONSTRUCTION IN PROGRESS					\$	31,278,461			
TOTAL WATER AND SEWER CAPITAL PROJECTS REVENUES				\$ 245,035,131					
TOTAL WATER AND SEWER CAPITAL PROJECTS EXPENDITURES				(196,184,002)					
WATER AND SEWER NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR CAPITAL PRO	TECT	27		\$ 48,851,129					

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA WATER AND SEWER FUND CAPITAL PROJECTS BUDGETED AND ACTUAL REVENUES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Budget			Actual Revenues						
		Revenues]	Prior Years		urrent Year		Total		
FEDERAL FUNDING	\$	474,466	\$	372,245	\$	-	\$	372,245		
STATE FUNDING		88,640		90,121		-		90,121		
LOCAL FUNDING		288,644,449		209,157,404		35,415,361		244,572,765		
TOTAL GENERAL GOVERNMENT CAPITAL PROJECTS REVENUES	\$	289,207,555	\$	209,619,770	\$	35,415,361	\$	245,035,131		

STORM WATER ENTERPRISE FUND

STORM WATER ENTERPRISE FUND

The Storm Water Enterprise Fund operates the city's drainage and storm water management system. This fund addresses the City Council destination points and city strategies of creating an effective drainage system and storm water management system, protect natural resources and enhance quality of land and waterways, in order to maintain the city's utility systems, encourage development only in accordance with principles of natural environment protection, and provide adequate resources to maintain existing infrastructure.

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA STORM WATER ENTERPRISE FUND STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2017

ASSETS		
Current Assets:		
Cash and Investments	\$	31,771,846
Accounts Receivable - Net of Estimated Uncollectibles	Ψ	7,387,972
Total Current Assets	\$	39,159,818
	· ·	, ,
Non-current Assets:		
Cash and Investments - Restricted	\$	19,626,498
Capital Assets:		
Land		131,665,778
Utility System		233,272,190
Machinery and Equipment		15,300,317
Construction in Progress		36,446,557
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		(68,395,681)
Total Capital Assets	\$	348,289,161
Total Non-current Assets	\$	367,915,659
Total Assets	\$	407,075,477
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Difference between Expected and Actual Experience	\$	62,798
Net Difference between Projected and Actual Earnings on Plan Investments		868,312
Employer Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date		1,001,362
Total Deferred Outflow of Resources	<u>\$</u>	1,932,472
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities:		
Vouchers and Accounts Payable	\$	1,087,827
Accrued Interest Payable	•	208,853
Construction Contracts Payable		3,628,312
Current Portion of Long-term Liabilities		2,511,402
Total Current Liabilities	\$	7,436,394
	_ 	.,,
Long-Term Liabilities (less current portion):		
Revenue Bonds	\$	41,780,000
Premium on Refunding Bonds		938,455
Accrued Compensated Leave		596,800
Net Pension Liability		9,373,036
Total Long-Term Liabilities (less current portion)	\$	52,688,291
Total Liabilities	\$	60,124,685
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Difference between Expected and Actual Experience	\$	320,197
NET POSITION		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	303,704,740
Restricted for Capital Projects		12,621,810
Restricted for Debt Service		3,388,443
Restricted for Operations		28,848,074
Total Net Position	\$	348,563,067

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA STORM WATER ENTERPRISE FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

OPERATING REVENUES	
Service Charges	\$ 40,039,411
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Personal Services	\$ 13,963,910
Contractual Services	7,024,212
Internal Services	1,501,771
Other Charges	5,143,505
Land Structure Maintenance	23,191
Depreciation	5,466,520
Total Operating Expenses	\$ 33,123,109
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	\$ 6,916,302
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	
Interest Income	\$ 431,694
From Commonwealth	275,938
Gain (Loss) From Sale of Assets	117,479
Interest and Fiscal Charges	 (1,460,580)
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	\$ (635,469)
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS AND CONTRIBUTIONS	\$ 6,280,833
Capital Contributions	363,254
Transfers In	1,339,873
Total Transfers and Contributions	\$ 1,703,127
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$ 7,983,960
TOTAL NET POSITION - BEGINNING	 340,579,107
TOTAL NET POSITION - ENDING	\$ 348,563,067

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA STORM WATER ENTERPRISE FUND STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Receipts from Customers and Users	\$	39,084,094
Cash Payments To Suppliers of Goods and Services	·	(13,290,275)
Cash Payments To Employees for Services		(13,359,869)
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Operating Activities	\$	12,433,950
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Intergovernmental Receipts	\$	275,938
Receipts from Other Funds		1,339,873
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Noncapital Financing Activities	\$	1,615,811
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Net Interest on Long-term Debt	\$	(1,708,803)
Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets		(27,159,580)
Proceeds from Sale of Salvage		117,479
Receipts of Capital Contributions		363,254
Principal Paid on Long-term Debt		(1,700,000)
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Capital and Related Financing Activities	\$	(30,087,650)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Interest and Dividends Received	\$	431,694
Net Cash Provided By Investing Activities	_	431,694
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Investments		(15,606,195)
Cash and Investments, July 1	_	67,004,539
Cash and Investments, June 30	<u>\$</u>	51,398,344
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME		
TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Operating Income	\$	6,916,302
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities:		
Depreciation		5,466,520
Net Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Accounts Receivable		(955,317)
Deferred Outflows		(308,110)
Vouchers and Accounts Payable		402,404
Accrued Compensated Leave		113,954
Net Pension Liability		2,257,637
Deferred Inflows		(1,459,440)
Beleffed filliows		

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA STORM WATER ENTERPRISE FUND SCHEDULE OF OPERATING EXPENSES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

		Budget		Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)
Project Management		<u>-</u>				,
Personal Services	\$	1,476,022	\$	1,437,501	\$	38,521
Fringe Benefits		455,578		435,513		20,065
Contractual Services		190,403		31,192		159,211
Internal Services		28,662		26,092		2,570
Other Charges		185,031		122,366		62,665
Total Project Management	\$	2,335,696	\$	2,052,664	\$	283,032
Operations and Maintenance						
Personal Services	\$	6,949,519	\$	6,662,933	\$	286,586
Fringe Benefits		2,124,104		2,039,698		84,406
Contractual Services		6,598,061		5,456,352		1,141,709
Internal Services		1,361,712		1,257,646		104,066
Other Charges		1,177,502		864,687		312,815
Land Structures and Improvements		25,740		23,191		2,549
Total Operations and Maintenance	\$	18,236,638	\$	16,304,507	\$	1,932,131
Inspections and Environmental Spill Response						
Personal Services	\$	473,518	\$	357,393	\$	116,125
Fringe Benefits		137,715		110,906		26,809
Contractual Services		323,676		189,794		133,882
Internal Services		30,188		28,704		1,484
Other Charges		20,012		13,096		6,916
Total Inspections and Environmental Spill Response	\$	985,109	\$	699,893	\$	285,216
Residential Street Sweeping						
Personal Services	\$	1,603,208	\$	1,641,065	\$	(37,857)
Fringe Benefits		702,178		613,121		89,057
Contractual Services		2,282,974		1,346,874		936,100
Internal Services		277,712		189,329		88,383
Other Charges		124,878		34,697		90,181
Total Residential Street Sweeping	\$	4,990,950	\$	3,825,086	\$	1,165,864
General Fund Charges						
Direct Cost Allocations	\$	17,916	\$	17,916	\$	-
Indirect Cost Allocations	Ψ	1,836,000	7	1,836,000	7	-
Landscape Services		52,790		52,790		-
IT Core Services		56,909		56,909		-
Stormwater Regulations		142,324		142,324		-
Total General Fund Charges	\$	2,105,939	\$	2,105,939	\$	

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA STORM WATER ENTERPRISE FUND SCHEDULE OF OPERATING EXPENSES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Budget			Variance Positive (Negative)		
Other Charges						
Retiree Health Insurance	\$ 177,092	\$	175,693	\$	1,399	
Annual CIP Expenditures	-		1,091,586		(1,091,586)	
Water and Sewer Billing System Charges	911,134		911,134		-	
Net Deferred Retirement Contributions	-		490,087		(490,087)	
Total Other Charges	\$ 1,088,226	\$	2,668,500	\$	(1,581,673)	
Total Budgeted Operating Expenses	\$ 29,742,558	\$	27,656,589	\$	2,084,570	

Note: Total General Fund Charges reclassified as Other Charges.

Depreciation is not included in the Budgeted Operating Expenses. The City does not budget for depreciation.

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA STORM WATER CAPITAL PROJECTS BUDGETED AND ACTUAL REVENUES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Budget		Act	tual Revenues	
Funding Sources	Revenues	Prior Years	C	urrent Year	Total
FEDERAL FUNDING	\$ 4,477,182	\$ 1,543,865	\$	96,990	\$ 1,640,855
STATE FUNDING	395,822	60,552		275,938	336,490
LOCAL FUNDING	180,260,657	114,304,720		10,453,960	124,758,680
TOTAL STORM WATER UTILITY CAPITAL PROJECTS	\$ 185,133,661	\$ 115,909,137	\$	10,826,888	\$ 126,736,025

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA STORM WATER CAPITAL PROJECTS EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Project			Budget	Cu	rrent Year		Total	Co	nstruction	О	utstanding		Available
	Project Name		to Date		penditures	1	Expenditures		Progress		cumbrances		Balance
7005000	NORTH LAKE HOLLY WATERSHED	\$	17,271,135	\$	1,836,408	\$	10,934,806	\$	2,604,999	\$	1,934,295	\$	4,402,034
7016000	SOUTH LAKE HOLLY WATERSHED (PARTIAL)		16,009,587		1,200,722		7,530,129		1,200,722		111,407		8,368,051
7023000	PRIMARY SYSTEM INFRASTRUCTURE IMPROVE II		6,080,000		1,588,536		3,832,272		1,625,727		1,441,630		806,098
7024000	SOUTHERN CANAL/LEAD DITCH & CULVERT IMPRV		2,050,000		_		1,465,349		883,577		-		584,651
7026000	RESIDENTIAL DRAINAGE COST PART PRGM II		200,000		86,473		148,577		148,577		51,109		314
7027000	SWM MSTR PLANNING, ANALYSIS, & INVENTORY		5,370,906		922,688		3,085,330		1,796,735		893,012		1,392,564
7028000	WINDSOR WOODS DRAINAGE		3,884,453		379,878		621,977		621,977		3,116,084		146,392
7030000	SEA LEVEL RISE/RECURRENT FLOODING ANALYSIS		3,844,447		311,036		641,194		-		401,553		2,801,700
7032000	FLOOD MITIGATION ASSISTANCE GRANT PROGRAM		1,227,144		72,330		212,930		212,930		-		1,014,214
7034000	STORMWATER OPERATIONS MODULAR BUILDING		890,000		403,520		441,416		441,416		186,457		262,127
7036000	BAKER ROAD CULVERT & DITCH IMPROVEMENTS		450,000		20,956		150,686		150,686		74,789		224,525
7037000	BELLAMY MANOR OUTFALL DITCH		750,000		19,022		21,432		21,432		708,582		19,986
7041000	CENTRAL RESORT DIST DRAINAGE IMPROV		300,000		_				_		· -		300,000
7042000	SURFACE WATER REG COMPLIANCE PROG		2,631,942		677,819		677,819		677,819		1,040,768		913,355
7043000	WATER QUALITY & RESTORE PART II		1,366,773		_		_		_		_		1,366,773
	FLOOD MITIGATION GRANT PROGRAM II		874,061		65,185		65,185		_		82,643		726,233
	PRIMARY SYSTEM INFRASTRUCTURE IMPROVEMENTS		12,401,286		206,686		12,283,876		_		107,932		9,478
	EASTERN SHORE DRIVE DRAINAGE		13,139,357		2,178,971		3,352,707		3,352,707		956,995		8,829,655
7152000	DAM & SPILLWAY STRUCTURAL IMPROVEMENTS		6,953,735		_		6,745,582		_		80,902		127,251
	LYNNHAVEN WATERSHED RESTORATION		4,967,514		6,359		4,156,072		820,095		519,560		291,882
	STORM WATER QUALITY ENHANCEMENTS		8,384,499		447,940		8,116,407		886,488		223,135		44,957
	SEVERE REPETITIVE LOSS GRANT PROGRAM		1,847,009		17,734		1,640,304		-		7,500		199,205
	ARAGONA DRAINAGE IMPROVEMENTS		2,360,000		141,552		175,346		175,346		316,127		1,868,527
	COLLEGE PARK/LEVEL GREEN DRAINAGE IMPROV		498,687		11,424		62,586		62,586		8,657		427,444
	ELIZABETH RIVER TMDL IMPLEMENTATION PLAN		4,700,000		2,495,880		2,724,767		2,724,767		1,172,720		802,513
	SOUTHERN RIVER TMDL IMPLEMENTATION PLAN		600,000		18,940		136,872		136,872		1,125		462,003
	OCEANFRONT STORM WATER FACILITIES MAINT		2,208,000		342,144		1,050,802		663,774		184,772		972,426
	STORM WATER PUMP STATION MODIFICATIONS		3,275,229		900,017		2,642,183		1,974,576		483,909		149,137
	NEIGBORHD SW INFRASTRUCTURE IMPRO PH II		3,499,995		1,006,746		2,296,918		2,296,918		1,173,753		29,324
	STORM WATER QUALITY ENHANCEMENTS PH II		7,612,560		801,197		4,287,510		801,197		1,460,592		1,864,458
	LAKE MANAGEMENT PH II		22,312,476		4,288,542		13,657,306		4,425,937		3,296,624		5,358,546
	SW INFRASTRUCTURE REHAB & INPROV PH II		27,172,866		6,368,893		20,955,875		6,368,893		3,528,962		2,688,029
, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		_	27,172,000	_	0,500,055	_	20,755,675		0,500,075	_	5,520,502	_	2,000,027
	TOTAL STORM WATER EXPENDITURES	\$	185,133,661	\$	26,817,598	\$	114,114,215		35,076,753	\$	23,565,594	\$	47,453,852
	CLOSED CAPITAL PROJECTS EXPENDITURES				31,054								
	TOTAL CURRENT YEAR STORM WATER CAPITAL PROJECTS E.	XPE	NDITURES		26,848,652								
	STORM WATER CAPITAL PROJECTS	\$	185,133,661	\$	26,848,652	\$	114,114,215		35,076,753	\$	23,565,594	\$	47,453,852
		Ψ	- 55,155,001	Ψ	_5,0.5,052	Ψ	111,117,213		20,010,100	Ψ	20,000,074	Ψ	.7, 100,002
	CAPITALIZED INTEREST								1,369,804				
	STORM WATER FUND CONSTRUCTION IN PROGRESS							\$	36,446,557				
	TOTAL STORM WATER CAPITAL PROJECTS REVENUES					\$	126,736,025						
	TOTAL STORM WATER CAPITAL PROJECTS EXPENDITURES					7	(114,114,215)						
	STORM WATER NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR CAPITAL PROJE	ECTS	S			\$							
		~				_	,,						

WASTE MANAGEMENT ENTERPRISE FUND

WASTE MANAGEMENT ENTERPRISE FUND

The Waste Management Enterprise Fund provides citywide residential automated, manual and special solid waste collections, providing containers for residents to dispose of large quantities of yard debris, centralizing the city's recycling effort, operating a city landfill, and serving as a conduit between the city and the Southeastern Public Service Authority, which is the agency responsible for the regional waste disposal program.

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA WASTE MANAGEMENT ENTERPRISE FUND STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2017

<u>ASSETS</u>		
Current Assets:		
Cash and Investments	\$	3,073,237
Accounts Receivable - Net of Estimated Uncollectibles	7	6,886,010
Total Current Assets	\$	9,959,247
Non-current Assets:		
Capital Assets:		
Machinery and Equipment	\$	10,541,594
General Site Improvements Other Than Buildings		366,891
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		(4,566,262)
Total Capital Assets	\$	6,342,223
Total Non-current Assets	\$	6,342,223
Total Assets	\$	16,301,470
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Difference between Expected and Actual Experience	\$	36,357
Net Difference between Projected and Actual Earnings on Plan Investments		502,707
Employer Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date		579,736
Total Deferred Outflow of Resources	\$	1,118,800
<u>LIABILITIES</u>		
Current Liabilities:		
Vouchers and Accounts Payable	\$	1,952,074
Current Portion of Long-term Liabilities		626,444
Total Current Liabilities	\$	2,578,518
Long-Term Liabilities (less current portion):		
Net Pension Liability	\$	5,426,494
Accrued Compensated Leave		347,042
Total Long-Term Liabilities (less current portion)	\$	5,773,536
Total Liabilities	\$	8,352,054
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Net Difference between Expected and Actual Experience	\$	185,377
NET POSITION		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	6,342,223
Restricted for Operations		2,540,616
Total Net Position	\$	8,882,839

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA WASTE MANAGEMENT ENTERPRISE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

OPERATING REVENUES		
Service Charges	\$	34,308,543
Miscellaneous		1,076,913
Total Operating Revenues	\$	35,385,456
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Personal Services	\$	6,809,721
Contractual Services	Ф	23,634,257
Internal Services		4,668,717
Other Charges Depreciation		3,490,267 898,710
Total Operating Expenses	\$	
Total Operating Expenses	Ф	39,501,672
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	\$	(4,116,216)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
Interest Income	\$	2,970
Gain (Loss) From Sale of Assets		15,744
From Commonwealth		43,950
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	\$	62,664
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS	\$	(4,053,552)
Transfers In		10,062,505
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$	6,008,953
TOTAL NET POSITION - BEGINNING		2,873,886
TOTAL NET POSITION - ENDING	\$	8,882,839

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA WASTE MANAGEMENT ENTERPRISE FUND STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	
Receipts from Customers and Users	\$ 33,003,203
Other Operating Cash Receipts	1,076,913
Cash Payments To Suppliers of Goods and Services	(31,839,308)
Cash Payments To Employees for Services	 (9,104,653)
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Operating Activities	\$ (6,863,845)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:	
Intergovernmental Receipts	\$ 43,950
Receipts from Other Funds	10,062,505
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Noncapital Financing Activities	\$ 10,106,455
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:	
Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets	\$ (2,222,900)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:	
Interest and Dividends Received	\$ 2,970
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Temporary Investments	1,022,680
Cash and Temporary Investments, July 1	 2,050,557
Cash and Temporary Investments, June 30	\$ 3,073,237
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	
TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ (4,116,216)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities:	
Depreciation	898,710
Net changes in assets and liabilities:	
Accounts Receivable	(1,305,340)
Deferred Outflows	394,521
Vouchers and Accounts Payable	(46,067)
Deferred Inflows	(1,472,604)
Accrued Compensated Leave	(14,352)
Net Pension Liability	(1,202,497)
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Operating Activities	\$ (6,863,845)

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA WASTE MANAGEMENT ENTERPRISE FUND SCHEDULE OF OPERATING EXPENSES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

		Budget		Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)
Program Support		Buuget		Actual		regative)
Personal Services	\$	632,747	\$	545,096	\$	87,651
Fringe Benefits		244,683		204,675		40,008
Contractual Services		84,106		11,922		72,184
Internal Services		80,760		77,301		3,459
Other Charges		41,464		21,254		20,210
Total Program Support	\$	1,083,760	\$	860,248	\$	223,512
Bureau of Waste Disposal						
Personal Services	\$	717,795	\$	675,181	\$	42,614
Fringe Benefits		190,235		196,156		(5,921
Contractual Services		18,383,560		17,657,675		725,885
Internal Services		355,455		284,275		71,180
Other Charges		156,304		210,039		(53,735)
Total Bureau of Waste Disposal	\$	19,803,349	\$	19,023,326	\$	780,023
Bureau of Waste Collections						
Personal Services	\$	5,444,279	\$	5,008,725	\$	435,554
Fringe Benefits		1,985,411		1,819,724		165,687
Contractual Services		395,619		143,257		252,362
Internal Services		4,418,816		4,190,357		228,459
Other Charges		326,204		315,274		10,930
Total Bureau of Waste Collections	\$	12,570,329	\$	11,477,337	\$	1,092,992
Yard Debris & Hazardous Household Waste						
Personal Services	\$	234,131	\$	233,120	\$	1,011
Fringe Benefits		73,925		77,400		(3,475
Contractual Services		1,360,819		1,196,409		164,410
Internal Services		128,162		115,967		12,195
Other Charges		32,906		12,280		20,626
Total Yard Debris & Hazardous Household Waste	\$	1,829,943	\$	1,635,176	\$	194,767
Recycling						
Personal Services	\$	148,764	\$	136,025	\$	12,739
Fringe Benefits		228,429		194,199		34,230
Contractual Services		4,859,492		4,624,994		234,498
Internal Services		911		817		94
Other Charges		169,119		112,511		56,608
Total Recycling	\$	5,406,715	\$	5,068,546	\$	338,169
General Fund Charges						
Direct Costs Allocation	\$	1,973,833	\$	1,973,833	\$	-
Landfill		259,115		259,115		-
Total General Fund Charges	\$	2,232,948	\$	2,232,948	\$	-
Other Charges						
Water and Sewer Billing System Charges	\$	585,961	\$	585,961	\$	-
Net Deferred Retirement Contributions	•		•	(2,280,580)	•	2,280,580
Total Other Charges	\$	585,961	\$	(1,694,619)	\$	2,280,580
Total Budgeted Operating Expenses	\$	43,513,005	\$	38,602,962	\$	4,910,043
Total Budgeted Operating Expenses	Ψ	43,313,003	Ψ	30,002,702	Ψ	4,710,04

Note: Total General Fund Charges reclassified as Other Charges.

Budget does not include Reserves.

Depreciation is not included in the Budgeted Operating Expenses, as the City does not budget for depreciation.



This Page Intentionally Left Blank

DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY ENTERPRISE FUND

DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY ENTERPRISE FUND

The Development Authority Enterprise Fund (Authority) was established for the specific purpose of attracting new industries and the expansion of existing industries. The Authority's Commissioners are appointed by the City Council. The Authority is authorized to issue industrial development bonds after approval by the City Council and to purchase land to improve and sell for development. In addition, the Authority facilitates economic development projects as needed by City Council. The Development Authority is presented as a blended component unit and is included in the City's reporting entity. The City has responsibility through support agreements for debt payments on outstanding Public Facility Revenue Bonds which are recorded on the Authority's financial records.

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY ENTERPRISE FUND STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2017

A CODE TO		
ASSETS Current Assets:		
Cash and Investments	\$	9,302,712
Accounts Receivable - Net	Ψ	2,909,506
Total Current Assets	\$	12,212,218
	<u> </u>	, , ,
Non-current Assets:		
Cash and Investments - Restricted	\$	2,028,495
Due From Other Funds		7,515,732
Land Held for Resale		22,362,431
Capital Assets:		
Land		20,457,260
Buildings		119,368,147
Machinery and Equipment		565,065
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		(33,633,877)
Total Capital Assets	\$	106,756,595
Total Non-current Assets	\$	138,663,253
Total Assets	\$	150,875,471
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Debt Refundings Resulting in Loss Transactions	\$	862,121
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities:		
Vouchers and Accounts Payable	\$	9,725,432
Accrued Interest Payable		1,024,449
Current Portion of Long-term Liabilities		7,413,840
Total Current Liabilities	\$	18,163,721
Long-Term Liabilities (less current portion):		
Public Facility Revenue Bonds	\$	62,645,949
Premium on Revenue Bonds		1,838,477
Total Long-Term Liabilities (less current portion)	\$	64,484,426
Total Liabilities	\$	82,648,147
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Debt Refundings Resulting in Gain Transactions	\$	1,203,216
NET POSITION		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	34,517,234
Restricted for Debt Service		2,855,578
Unrestricted		30,513,417
Total Net Position	\$	67,886,229

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY ENTERPRISE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

<u>OPERATING REVENUES</u>	
Charges for Services	\$ 3,500,031
Miscellaneous	 149,976
Total Operating Revenues	\$ 3,650,007
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Contractual Services	\$ 2,015,014
Other Charges	4,509,093
Depreciation	3,129,219
Total Operating Expenses	\$ 9,653,326
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	\$ (6,003,319)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	
Interest Income	\$ 33,711
Payment Under Support Agreement	11,911,816
Interest and Fiscal Charges	(2,929,577)
Total Nonoperating Revenues	\$ 9,015,950
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$ 3,012,631
TOTAL NET POSITION - BEGINNING	 64,873,598
TOTAL NET POSITION - ENDING	\$ 67,886,229

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY ENTERPRISE FUND STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	
Receipts from Customers and Users	\$ 3,628,535
Receipts from Interfund Services Provided	(189,323)
Other Operating Cash Receipts	18,101
Cash Payments To Suppliers of Goods and Services	 (6,067,352)
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Operating Activities	\$ (2,610,039)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:	
Capital Contributions	\$ 12,661,817
Interest Paid on Long-term Debt	(3,420,455)
Principal Paid on Capital Debt	(6,951,280)
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Capital and Related Financing Activities	\$ 2,290,082
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:	
Interest and Dividends Received	\$ 33,711
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Temporary Investments	(286,246)
Cash and Temporary Investments, July 1	 11,617,453
Cash and Temporary Investments, June 30	\$ 11,331,207
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	
TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ (6,003,319)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities:	
Depreciation	3,129,219
Amortization	95,852
Net changes in assets and liabilities:	
Intergovernmental Receivables	996,629
Land Inventory	(167,741)
Vouchers and Accounts Payable	(660,679)
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Operating Activities	\$ (2,610,039)
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL, AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES:	
Capital Contributions of Capital Assets	\$

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

The Internal Service Funds are used to account for the financing of goods and services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the governmental unit, or to other governmental units, on a cost reimbursement basis. The City has established Internal Service Funds for the following activities:

City Garage - provides vehicle repairs, parts, fuel and related services to City departments.

Risk Management - provides insurance, claims handling, risk identification, and consulting services to City departments.

School Site Landscaping - provides for landscaping services for City and Schools.

Telecommunications – provides maintenance, support, contract administration, cable management, billing, dial tone provision, service coordination, moves, adds, and changes for the City's telephone system.

Subscriptions – provides for the collection and support of specific service agreements between customer departments and the Information Technology department. These agreements relate to specialized applications, services, and/or hardware associated with customer departments, not enterprise needs.

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2017

	City Garage		Risk Management		
<u>ASSETS</u>					
Current Assets:					
Cash and Investments	\$	3,663,478	\$ 15,996,	,234	
Accounts Receivable		-		-	
Inventory		776,142		-	
Total Current Assets		4,439,620	15,996,	,234	
Noncurrent Assets:					
Capital Assets:					
Site Improvements		265,782		-	
Machinery and Equipment		2,783,057	293,	,215	
Total Property, Plant and Equipment		3,048,839	293,	,215	
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		(2,393,532)	(293,	,215)	
Net Property, Plant and Equipment		655,307		-	
Total Assets	\$	5,094,927	\$ 15,996,	,234	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
VRS Employer Contributions	\$	478,721	\$ 43,	,919	
Difference between Expected and Actual Experience		30,022	2,	2,754	
Net Difference between Expected and Actual Earnings on Plan Investments		415,114	38,	3,084	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	923,857	\$ 84,	,757	
<u>LIABILITIES</u>					
Current Liabilities:					
Vouchers and Accounts Payable	\$	873,004	\$ 102,	,994	
Current Portion of Long-term Liabilities		339,851	6,993,	,939	
Total Current Liabilities		1,212,855	7,096,	,933	
Noncurrent Liabilities:					
Net Pension Liability		4,480,969	411,	,098	
Long-term Liabilities (less current portion)		224,531	30,791,	,530	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		4,705,500	31,202,	,628	
Total Liabilities	\$	5,918,355	\$ 38,299,	,561	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Difference between Expected and Actual Experience	\$	153,077	\$ 14,	,044	
NET POSITION					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	655,307	\$	-	
Unrestricted (Deficit)		(707,955)	(22,232,	,614)	
Total Net Position	\$		\$ (22,232,		

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2017

	chool Site andscaping	Tolog	ommunications	Subscriptions	Totals
L	muscaping	Telec	ommunications	Subscriptions	Totals
\$	1,017,254	\$	3,761,770	\$ 4,957,394	\$ 29,396,1
	-		105	-	10
	-		-	-	776,14
	1,017,254		3,761,875	4,957,394	30,172,3
	-		-	-	265,73
	2,723,970		-	 706,856	 6,507,09
	2,723,970		-	706,856	6,772,88
	(2,537,231)			 (495,787)	 (5,719,76
	186,739		-	 211,069	 1,053,1
\$	1,203,993	\$	3,761,875	\$ 5,168,463	\$ 31,225,49
\$	215,205	\$	83,447	\$ -	\$ 821,29
	13,496		5,233	-	51,5
	186,611		72,359	-	712,1
\$	415,312	\$	161,039	\$ 	\$ 1,584,9
\$	80,417	\$	38,371	\$ 124,606	\$ 1,219,39
	68,702		56,554	 -	 7,459,0
	149,119		94,925	124,606	8,678,4
	2,014,380		781,086		7,687,5
	2,014,300		29,872	_	31,045,93
	2,014,380		810,958		38,733,4
\$	2,163,499	\$	905,883	\$ 124,606	\$ 47,411,9
\$	68,814	\$	26,683	\$ <u> </u>	\$ 262,6
\$	186,739	\$	-	\$ 211,069	\$ 1,053,1
	(799,747)		2,990,348	4,832,788	(15,917,1
\$	(613,008)	\$	2,990,348	\$ 5,043,857	\$ (14,864,0

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	(City Garage	Ris	k Management
OPERATING REVENUES				
Billings to Departments	\$	17,104,119	\$	18,607,164
Insurance Recovery		102,425		1,498,123
Miscellaneous		-		100
Total Operating Revenues	\$	17,206,544	\$	20,105,387
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Cost of Goods Sold	\$	9,397,867	\$	-
Personal Services		5,347,144		450,984
Contractual Services		477,758		328,946
Internal Services		357,174		11,090
Other Charges		514,870		21,084,153
Depreciation		218,874		-
Total Operating Expenses	\$	16,313,687	\$	21,875,173
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	\$	892,857	\$	(1,769,786)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) AND TRANSFERS				
Interest Income	\$	46,749	\$	111,407
Transfers In		-		1,800,000
Gain (Loss) on Disposition of Assets		82,022		-
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	\$	128,771	\$	1,911,407
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		1,021,628		141,621
TOTAL NET POSITION - BEGINNING		(1,074,276)		(22,374,235)
TOTAL NET POSITION - ENDING	\$	(52,648)	\$	(22,232,614)

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	School Site andscaping	Telec	ommunications	s	ubscriptions		Totals
¢	4 167 009	¢	2 020 604	¢	2 406 510	¢	45 215 404
\$	4,167,908	\$	3,029,694	\$	2,406,519	\$	45,315,404
	-		-		-		1,600,548
\$	4 167 009	\$	3,029,694	\$	2 406 510	\$	46,916,052
\$	4,167,908	<u> </u>	3,029,694	\$	2,406,519	\$	46,916,032
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	9,397,867
	2,265,882		1,043,642		13,000		9,120,652
	295,799		379,168		1,464,753		2,946,424
	519,707		55,287		-		943,258
	340,393		764,834		1,202,381		23,906,631
	86,439		-		91,994		397,307
\$	3,508,220	\$	2,242,931	\$	2,772,128	\$	46,712,139
\$	659,688	\$	786,763	\$	(365,609)	\$	203,913
\$	6,099	\$	16,919	\$	30,426	\$	211,600
	· -		, -		-		1,800,000
	-		-		-		82,022
\$	6,099	\$	16,919	\$	30,426	\$	2,093,622
	665,787		803,682		(335,183)		2,297,535
	(1,278,795)		2,186,666		5,379,040		(17,161,600)
\$	(613,008)	\$	2,990,348	\$	5,043,857	\$	(14,864,065)

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

		City Garage	Risl	k Management
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Receipts from Customers and Users	\$	17,206,544	\$	20,105,287
Other Operating Cash Receipts		-		44,019
Cash Payments to Suppliers of Goods and Services		(10,735,988)		(15,216,566)
Cash Payments to Employees for Services		(5,880,024)		(565,815)
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Operating Activities	\$	590,532	\$	4,366,925
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Receipts from Other Funds	\$		\$	1,800,000
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED				
FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets	\$	(198,948)	\$	-
Proceeds from Sale of Salvage		82,022		-
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Capital and Related Financing Activities	\$	(116,926)	\$	-
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Interest and Dividends Received	\$	46,749	\$	111,407
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Temporary Investments	\$	520,355	\$	6,278,332
Cash and Temporary Investments, July 1		3,143,123		9,717,902
Cash and Temporary Investments, June 30	\$	3,663,478	\$	15,996,234
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Operating Income	\$	892,857	\$	(1,769,786)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to	φ	892,837	φ	(1,709,780)
Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities:				
Depreciation Expense		218,874		_
Net Changes in assets and liabilities:		210,074		
Accounts Receivable		_		
Inventory		(110,068)		_
Deferred Outflow of Resources		240,300		14.415
		(90,110)		14,415 (423,799)
Vouchers and Accounts Payable Net Pension Liability		(90,110)		
•				(23,318)
Deferred Inflow of Resources		(890,253)		(94,608)
Estimated Claims and Judgments		10.425		6,632,290
Accrued Compensated Leave Net Cash Provided (Used) By Operating Activities	\$	19,435 590,532	\$	31,731 4,366,925

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	School Site Landscaping	Telec	communications		Subscriptions		Totals
\$	4,167,908	\$	3,029,611	\$	2,444,830	\$	46,954,180
	-		-		-		44,019
	(1,123,699)		(1,203,764)		(2,777,129)		(31,057,146)
	(2,676,647)		(1,042,416)		(13,000)		(10,177,902)
\$	367,562	\$	783,431	\$	(345,299)	\$	5,763,151
\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	1,800,000
\$	(65,440)	\$		\$	_	\$	(264,388)
Ψ	(05,440)	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	82,022
\$	(65,440)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(182,366)
\$	6,099	\$	16,919	\$	30,426	\$	211,600
\$	308,221	\$	800,350	\$	(314,873)	\$	7,592,385
	709,033		2,961,420		5,272,267		21,803,745
\$	1,017,254	\$	3,761,770	\$	4,957,394	\$	29,396,130
\$	659,688	\$	786,763	\$	(348,660)	\$	220,862
	86,439		-		91,994		397,307
	_		(83)		_		(83)
	-		-		-		(110,068)
	46,889		(15,913)		-		285,691
	32,200		(4,475)		(88,633)		(574,817)
	(10,253)		145,369		-		421,295
	(437,568)		(132,317)		-		(1,554,746)
	-		-		-		6,632,290
	(9,833)		4,087		<u>-</u> _		45,420
\$	367,562	\$	783,431	\$	(345,299)	\$	5,763,151



This Page Intentionally Left Blank

TRUST AND AGENCY FUNDS

TRUST FUNDS and AGENCY FUNDS

Trust Funds and Agency Funds are used to account for the assets held by a governmental unit as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, and/or other funds. Agency Funds do not involve the measurement of results of operations, as they are custodial in nature (assets = liabilities).

The City has the following Trust Funds:

Other Postemployment Benefits – established by the City in accordance with Article 8, Chapter 15, Subtitle II of Title 15.2, of the Virginia Code, for the purpose of accumulating and investing assets to fund OPEB obligations.

Sheriff's Office Pension – accounts for the plan assets of the defined contribution pension plan established by the Sheriff's Office and approved by Council.

The City has the following Agency Funds:

Escheat Property – funds held on behalf of others payable to the Commonwealth of Virginia.

Special Welfare - is established under the authority of Section 63.1-51, <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended. This fund accounts for Social Security or Veteran's Administration benefits for specific individuals for which the City is acting as the custodian. It also accounts for donations and the provision for emergency assistance to indigent citizens.

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA AGENCY FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES JUNE 30, 2017

ACCETC	Escheat Property			cial Welfare	Total	
ASSETS Cash and Investments	\$	232,194	\$	127,582	\$	359,776
LIABILITIES Vouchers and Accounts Payable	\$	232,194	\$	127,582	\$	359,776

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA AGENCY FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

SPECIAL WELFARE	Balance	A	dditions	De	eductions	Balance e 30, 2017
ASSETS						
Cash and Investments	\$ 131,709	\$	532,414	\$	536,541	\$ 127,582
<u>LIABILITIES</u>						
Vouchers and Accounts Payable	\$ 131,709	\$	532,414	\$	536,541	\$ 127,582
ESCHEAT PROPERTY ASSETS Cash and Investments	\$ 3,822	\$	452,726	\$	224,354	\$ 232,194
LIABILITIES Vouchers and Accounts Payable	\$ 3,822	\$	452,726	\$	224,354	\$ 232,194
TOTALS-ALL AGENCY FUNDS ASSETS Cash and Investments	\$ 135,531	\$	985,140	\$	760,895	\$ 359,776
LIABILITIES Vouchers and Accounts Payable	\$ 135,531	\$	985,140	\$	760,895	\$ 359,776

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA TRUST FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2017

	Other Postemployment Benefits	Sheriff's Office Pension Trust Fund	Total		
ASSETS					
General Account	\$ -	\$ 3,907	\$ 3,907		
Investments, at Fair Value:					
Fixed Income	12,732,786	-	12,732,786		
Stocks	18,134,573	-	18,134,573		
Real Estate	2,700,894	-	2,700,894		
Alternative Investments	5,015,946	-	5,015,946		
Mutual Funds	-	2,098,378	2,098,378		
Stable Value Funds	-	1,299,531	1,299,531		
Total Assets	\$ 38,584,199	\$ 3,401,816	\$ 41,986,015		
<u>LIABILITIES</u>					
Vouchers and Accounts Payable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
NET POSITION					
Restricted	\$ 38,584,199	\$ 3,401,816	\$ 41,986,015		

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA TRUST FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Other Postemployment Benefits		Sheriff's Office Pension Trust Fund		Total	
ADDITIONS						
Contributions From Primary Government	\$	6,074,717	\$	4,962	\$	6,079,679
Investment Income (Loss):						
Increase (Decrease) in the Fair Value of Investments		4,405,718		(59,587)		4,346,131
Interest and Dividends		-		88,282		88,282
Total Investment Income (Loss)	\$	4,405,718	\$	28,695	\$	4,434,413
Total Additions	\$	10,480,435	\$	33,657	\$	10,514,092
DEDUCTIONS						
Benefits	\$	6,074,717	\$	320,657	\$	6,395,374
Administrative Expenses		34,423		4,251		38,674
Total Deductions	\$	6,109,140	\$	324,908	\$	6,434,048
Net Increase (Decrease) in Net Position		4,371,295		(291,251)		4,080,044
RESTRICTED NET POSITION:						
Beginning of Year - Restated		34,212,904		3,693,067		37,905,971
End of Year	\$	38,584,199	\$	3,401,816	\$	41,986,015



This Page Intentionally Left Blank

DISCRETELY PRESENTED SCHOOL BOARD COMPONENT UNIT

DISCRETELY PRESENTED SCHOOL BOARD COMPONENT UNIT

Major Governmental Funds:

School Operating Fund - is the general operating fund of the School Board which is used to account for all of the financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

School Grants Special Revenue Fund - accounts for certain private, Commonwealth of Virginia, and Federal grants (with matching local funds, if required).

School Textbooks Special Revenue Fund - accounts for the financing (e.g., Commonwealth of Virginia) and acquisition of textbooks and related materials used in the school division.

School Capital Projects Fund – accounts for all revenues and expenditures related to the acquisition or construction of the School's fixed assets and infrastructure.

Nonmajor Governmental Funds:

School Cafeterias – accounts for the revenues (e.g., Commonwealth of Virginia, Federal Government) and expenditures associated with the food services operations of the school division.

School Communication Towers/Technology – accounts for the rent receipts (long-term contracts with telecommunication companies) relating to the communication towers constructed on School Board property and technology related expenditures.

School Vending Operations – accounts for the receipts (long-term exclusive contract with a vending company) relating to the bottled drinks vending operations of the school division and expenditures (including school-level allocations).

School Equipment Replacement – accounts for the financing (e.g., local government) and acquisition of various replacement equipment.

Internal Service Funds:

School Risk Management - provides insurance and the administration thereof for the School Board.

School Health Insurance - provides health insurance and the administration thereof for the School Board and City employees.

Agency Funds:

Payroll Deductions - accounts for employee payroll deductions.

Fringe Benefits - accounts for the School Board contributions for certain fringe benefits (e.g., life insurance, retirement).

School Activity Accounts - accounts for the individual school activity accounts.

Trust Fund:

Other Postemployment Benefits- established by the School Board in accordance with Article 8, Chapter 15, Subtitle II of Title 15.2, of the Virginia Code, for the purpose of accumulating and investing assets to fund OPEB obligations.

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA DISCRETELY PRESENTED SCHOOL BOARD COMPONENT UNIT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2017

	•	Governmental Activities
ASSETS .		
Current Assets:		
Cash and Temporary Investments	\$	137,931,396
Accounts Receivable		1,416,000
Due from Commonwealth		11,767,246
Due from Federal Government		7,804,067
Inventories		518,261
Prepaid Items		1,214,530
Total Current Assets	\$	160,651,500
Noncurrent Assets:		
Capital Assets:		
Land	\$	39,048,224
Buildings, Improvements, Equipment and Vehicles (net of accumulated depreciation)		488,954,583
Construction in Progress		4,434,661
Total Noncurrent Assets	\$	532,437,468
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Total Assets	\$	693,088,968
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Employer Contributions Subsequent to the		
Measurement Date	\$	60,655,000
Net Difference between Projected and		45.022.000
Actual Earnings on Plan Investments		46,023,000
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	106,678,000
<u>LIABILITIES</u>		
Current Liabilities:		
Salaries Payable	\$	57,936,332
Vouchers and Accounts Payable		18,076,250
Deposits Payable		75,000
Due to Federal Government		87,914
Unearned Revenue		9,537,252
Long-term Liabilities (due within one year)		19,556,089
Total Current Liabilities	\$	105,268,837
Noncurrent Liabilities:		
Net Pension Liability		740,779,000
Long-term Liabilities (due in more than one year)		15,786,872
Total Liabilities	\$	861,834,709
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Difference between Expected and Actual		
Experience	\$	36,076,000
NET POSITION		
Investment in Capital Assets		532,437,468
Restricted for:		
Grants		954,050
Cafeterias		9,290,189
Textbooks		7,120,780
Unrestricted		(647,946,228)
Total Net Position	\$	(98,143,741)

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA DISCRETELY PRESENTED SCHOOL BOARD COMPONENT UNIT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

				Pr	ogram Revenues				Net (Expenses)
					Operating		Capital		Revenues and
			Charges for		Grants and		Grants and		Change In
-	Expenses		Services		Contributions		Contributions		Net Position
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES									
Instruction	\$ 556,632,508	\$	1,814,028	\$	118,402,059	\$	-	\$	(436,416,421)
Admin, Attendance, & Health	22,840,163		-		-		-		(22,840,163)
Pupil Transportation	32,950,076		-		-		-		(32,950,076)
Operations and Maintenance	91,477,591		452,171		-		-		(91,025,420)
Cafeterias	27,285,112		10,911,183		19,000,035		-		2,626,106
Technology	 43,036,289		1,240,136		9,209,541				(32,586,612)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 774,221,739	\$	14,417,518	\$	146,611,635	\$		\$	(613,192,586)
			eral Revenues:						
			al Sources:						
			ocal Governmen	ıt				\$	369,406,287
			iscellaneous						450,772
				id no	ot Restricted to S	peci	fic Purposes:		
		~ .	ate Basic Aid						178,909,703
			ate Sales Tax						73,084,563
			ederal Impact A	id					11,264,563
			rest Earnings					_	245,828
		·	Total General R	even	ues			\$	633,361,716
			Change in Ne	t Pos	ition				20,169,130
			Total Net Pos	ition	- July 1				(118,312,871)
			Total Net Pos	ition	- June 30			\$	(98,143,741)

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA DISCRETELY PRESENTED SCHOOL BOARD COMPONENT UNIT BALANCE SHEET

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2017

	School	School	School	Capital	Go	Other overnmental	G	Total overnmental
	Operating	Grants	Textbooks	Projects		Funds		Funds
ASSETS .								
Cash and Temporary Investments	\$ 57,567,822	\$ _	\$ 7,121,113	\$ 3,059,483	\$	14,073,383	\$	81,821,801
Accounts Receivable	349,718	77,589	950	_		83,017		511,274
Due from Other Funds	2,013,193	-	-	-		-		2,013,193
Due from Commonwealth	10,504,047	1,263,199	-	-		-		11,767,246
Due from Federal Government	-	6,785,175	-	-		1,018,892		7,804,067
Inventories	-	-	-	-		518,261		518,261
Prepaid Items	1,078,381	-	115,445	-		4,633		1,198,459
Total Assets	\$ 71,513,161	\$ 8,125,963	\$ 7,237,508	\$ 3,059,483	\$	15,698,186	\$	105,634,301
<u>LIABILITIES</u>								
Salaries Payable	\$ 53,816,722	\$ 3,179,250	\$ _	\$ 24,493	\$	913,868	\$	57,934,333
Vouchers and Accounts Payable	7,352,845	1,283,453	1,283	5,416,228		408,129		14,461,938
Deposits Payable	-	-	-	-		75,000		75,000
Due to Other Funds	-	2,013,193	-	-		-		2,013,193
Due to Federal Government	-	-	-	87,914		-		87,914
Unearned Revenue	530,058	696,017	-	-		458,823		1,684,898
Total Liabilities	\$ 61,699,625	\$ 7,171,913	\$ 1,283	\$ 5,528,635	\$	1,855,820	\$	76,257,276
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable	\$ 1,078,381	\$ _	\$ 115,445	\$ -	\$	522,894	\$	1,716,720
Restricted	-	954,050	7,120,780			9,290,189		17,365,019
Committed	-	-	_			4,029,283		4,029,283
Assigned	8,735,155	-	-	(2,469,152)		-		6,266,003
Total Fund Balances	\$ 9,813,536	\$ 954,050	\$ 7,236,225	\$ (2,469,152)	\$	13,842,366	\$	29,377,025
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 71,513,161	\$ 8,125,963	\$ 7,237,508	\$ 3,059,483	\$	15,698,186	\$	105,634,301

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA DISCRETELY PRESENTED SCHOOL BOARD COMPONENT UNIT RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2017

-			
	vities in the Statement of Net Position (Exhibit 44) or governmental funds in this exhibit because:		
Total Fund Balances - Governmental l	Funds (this exhibit)		\$ 29,377,025
Capital assets used in governmental therefore, are not reported in the government.	activities are not financial resources and, vernmental funds.		
	Cost of Capital Assets less: Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 966,470,119 434,032,651	532,437,468
	d payable in the current period and, therefore, are ernmental funds. Long-term liabilities at year end		
	Compensated Absences Net Pension Liability Deferred Outflows of Resources Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ (20,651,961) (740,779,000) 106,678,000 (36,076,000)	(690,828,961)
insurance programs; and related cha	ccount for the risk management and health arges to the various governmental funds. The assets funds are included in governmental activities in		
	Total Assets less: Total Liabilities Total Net Position	\$ 57,030,392 26,159,665	30,870,727
Total Net Position - Governmental A	Activities (Exhibit 44)		\$ (98,143,741)

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA DISCRETELY PRESENTED SCHOOL BOARD COMPONENT UNIT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

									Other		Total
	School		School		School		Capital	G	overnmental	Go	overnmental
	Operating		Grants		Textbooks		Projects		Funds		Funds
REVENUES											
From Use of Money and Property	\$ 451,300) 5	\$ -	\$	32,355	\$	41,830	\$	567,742	\$	1,093,227
Charges for Services	1,214,428	3	-		280		-		10,327,260		11,541,968
Miscellaneous	1,583,849)	286,034		46,664		-		721,184		2,637,731
From Local Government	361,314,303	ś	-		-		4,591,984		-	3	365,906,287
From Commonwealth	333,368,316	j	7,325,128		4,478,479		-		651,642	3	345,823,565
From Federal Government	13,464,377	1	31,948,094		-		-		18,348,393		63,760,864
Total Revenues	\$ 711,396,573	, :	\$ 39,559,256	\$	4,557,778	\$	4,633,814	\$	30,616,221	\$ 7	790,763,642
EXPENDITURES											
Current:											
Instruction	\$ 531,207,956	; ;	\$ 38,635,670	\$	2,536,961	\$	1,833,803	\$	133,900	\$ 5	574,348,290
Admin, Attendance, & Health	23,250,610)	-		-		-		-		23,250,610
Pupil Transportation	35,791,636	j	-		-		-		-		35,791,636
Operations and Maintenance	85,737,273	ś	-		-		7,527,110		-		93,264,383
Cafeterias		-	-		-		-		27,623,959		27,623,959
Technology	31,635,871		4,052,306		4,358,536		773,403		948,890		41,769,006
Capital Outlay		-	-		-		21,728,403		-		21,728,403
Total Expenditures	\$ 707,623,346	; 5	\$ 42,687,976	\$	6,895,497	\$	31,862,719	\$	28,706,749	\$ 8	317,776,287
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUI	ES										
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	\$ 3,773,227	, 5	\$ (3,128,720)	\$	(2,337,719)	\$	(27,228,905)	\$	1,909,472	\$	(27,012,645)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES	9										
Transfers In	\$	- 5	\$ 3,323,272	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	3,323,272
Transfers Out	(3,323,272		-	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	(3,323,272)
Sale of Capital Assets	127,226		_		_		3,500,000		_		3,627,226
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			\$ 3,323,272	\$	-	\$	3,500,000	\$	_	\$	3,627,226
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	577,183		194,552		(2,337,719)		(23,728,905)		1,909,472		(23,385,419)
FUND BALANCES - JULY 1	9,236,355	;	759,498	_	9,573,944	_	21,259,753		11,932,894		52,762,444
FUND BALANCES - JUNE 30	\$ 9,813,530	5 5	\$ 954,050	\$	7,236,225	\$	(2,469,152)	\$	13,842,366	\$	29,377,025

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA DISCRETELY PRESENTED SCHOOL BOARD COMPONENT UNIT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES,

EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities (Exhibit 45) are different from amounts reported for governmental funds in this exhibit because				
Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds (this exhibit)			\$	(23,385,419)
Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, for governmental activities those costs are shown in the Statement of Net Position and allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation expenses in the Statement of Activities. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation expense (including other transactions (e.g., loss on disposals)) for the fiscal year.				4,259,692
Compensated absences (annual, sick, and personal leave) are reported in governmental funds as expenditures, which are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially, the amounts actually paid). However, for governmental activities those costs are shown and measured by the net of the amounts of leave used and earned for the fiscal year in the Statement of Activities.				
Leave Used Leave Earned	\$	8,370,430 (8,476,510)		(106,080)
Internal Service Funds are used to account for the risk management and health insurance programs, and related charges to the various governmental funds. The change in net position for the Internal Service Funds for the fiscal year is reported with governmental activities in the Statement of Activities.				
Risk Management	\$	527,892		
Health Insurance	_	13,328,366		13,856,258
Section 15.2-1800.1 of the Code of Virginia, as amended, affects the reporting of local School Board capital assets and related debt for financial reporting purposes. Under this legislation, the City has a "tenancy in common" with the School Board whenever the City incurs "on-behalf" of debt for any school property owned by the School Board which is payable over more than one year. For financial reporting purposes, the City will report the Net Book Value of School Board property (the School Board incurs the depreciation expense) equal to the total outstanding principal balance of the applicable "on-behalf" of debt at June 30, 2016. This amount is the applicable Net Book Value change and depreciation expense for the fiscal year.				25,071,679
Certain net expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.				
Pension Expense	\$	(73,516,000)		
Deferred Inflow Deferred Outflow		61,708,000 12,281,000		473,000
Change in Net Position of governmental activities in the Statement of Activities (Exhibit 45			\$	20,169,130
-			_	

								Variance Positive
Source	0	riginal Budget		Final Budget		Actual		(Negative)
REVENUES								
From Use of Money and Property		470.000		470.000		171 200		4.000
Rents	\$	450,000	\$	450,000	\$	451,300	\$	1,300
Charges for Services								
Tuition and Educational Fees	\$	1,481,100	\$	1,481,100	\$	1,214,428	\$	(266,672)
Miscellaneous Revenue								
Sale of Salvage	\$	12,000	\$	12,000	\$	87,877	\$	75,877
Donations		_		-		12,000		12,000
Miscellaneous		224,703		224,703		216,191		(8,512)
Indirect Costs		600,000		600,000		645,768		45,768
Athletics		504,000		504,000		526,140		22,140
Instructional Technology		-		-		95,873		95,873
Total Miscellaneous Revenue	\$	1,340,703	\$	1,340,703	\$	1,583,849	\$	243,146
From Local Government								
City - General Fund	\$	365,988,012	\$	372,742,655	\$	355,678,765	\$	(17,063,890)
City - School Reserve Fund	Ψ	5,000,000	Ψ	5,000,000	Ψ	5,000,000	Ψ	(17,005,070)
City for Consolidated Benefits Office		635,538		635,538		635,538		-
Total From Local Government	\$	371,623,550	\$	378,378,193	\$	361,314,303	\$	(17,063,890)
From Commonwealth	Φ.	150 202 520	ф	150 202 520	ф	150 000 500	Φ.	605.000
Basic Aid	\$	178,303,720	\$	178,303,720	\$	178,909,703	\$	605,983
Reimbursement-Social Security		10,633,352		10,633,352		10,606,709		(26,643)
Reimbursement-Retirement		21,961,962		21,961,962		21,906,933		(55,029)
Reimbursement-Life Insurance		736,155		736,155		734,311		(1,844)
Remedial Education		4,703,213		4,703,213		4,691,429		(11,784)
Remedial Education-Summer School		341,793		341,793		245,921		(95,872)
Special Education		19,221,829		19,221,829		19,173,666		(48,163)
Special Education-Regional Program		9,564,375		9,564,375		9,135,013		(429,362)
Special Education-Homebound		151,428		151,428		157,513		6,085
Special Education-Foster Children		-		-		272,597		272,597
Foster Home Children		322,314		322,314		132,354		(189,960)
Vocational		1,881,285		1,881,285		1,876,572		(4,713)
Vocational-Occupational/Tech		392,736		392,736		166,852		(225,884)
Vocational-Adult Education		-		-		45,403		45,403
Sales Tax		74,741,805		74,741,805		73,084,563		(1,657,242)
Class Size Initiative		4,702,190		4,702,190		4,551,750		(150,440)
At-Risk Initiative		2,968,406		2,968,406		2,961,005		(7,401)
English as a Second Language		726,035		726,035		613,673		(112,362)
Supplemental Lottery per Pupil Allocation		2,143,847		2,143,847		2,144,187		340
Salary Supplement		2,665,416		2,665,416		-		(2,665,416)
Math/Reading Instructional Specialists		40,689		40,689		-		(40,689)
Gifted and Talented Aid		1,963,080		1,963,080		1,958,162		(4,918)
Total From Commonwealth	\$	338,165,630	\$	338,165,630	\$	333,368,316	\$	(4,797,314)

								Variance Positive
Source	Oı	riginal Budget]	Final Budget		Actual		(Negative)
REVENUES (continued)		3		3				, ,
From Federal Government								
Public Law 874	\$	10,211,723	\$	10,211,723	\$	10,080,214	\$	(131,509)
Public Law 874-Special Education		_		-		585,273		585,273
Dept of the Navy-NJROTC		100,000		100,000		306,341		206,341
Department of Defense		1,500,000		1,500,000		-		(1,500,000)
Dept of Defense Special Education		-		-		599,076		599,076
Medicaid Reimbursement		664,809		664,809		1,787,121		1,122,312
Medicaid Reimbursement - Transportation		-		-		105,947		105,947
Other Federal Funds		-		-		405		405
Total From Federal Government	\$	12,476,532	\$	12,476,532	\$	13,464,377	\$	987,845
Total Revenues	\$	725,537,515	\$	732,292,158	\$	711,396,573	\$	(20,895,585)
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>								
Current								
Instruction								
Elementary Classroom	\$	142,060,609	\$	140,632,693	\$	139,273,011	\$	1,359,682
Senior High Classroom		74,909,964		74,967,845		73,607,766		1,360,079
Technical and Career Education		17,937,007		17,315,176		16,183,968		1,131,208
Gifted Education and Academy Programs		13,891,461		13,870,509		13,605,368		265,141
Special Education		91,476,751		91,380,624		89,736,757		1,643,867
Summer School		2,006,768		1,958,260		1,921,729		36,531
General Adult Education		1,902,327		1,900,478		1,819,595		80,883
Alternative Education-Renaissance		6,621,170		6,610,012		6,124,555		485,457
Student Activities		3,282,646		3,305,537		3,277,971		27,566
Student Athletics		4,922,642		4,936,112		4,683,593		252,519
Office/Principal - Elementary		25,108,034		27,455,431		25,152,674		2,302,757
Office/Principal - Senior High		11,670,128		11,559,932		11,123,596		436,336
Office/Principal - Tech & Career		648,235		642,641		621,343		21,298
Guidance Services		16,870,916		16,729,840		16,446,563		283,277
Social Work Services		3,750,657		4,106,782		4,100,945		5,837
Media and Communications		2,011,060		2,002,861		1,914,974		87,887
Instructional Support		12,350,867		12,727,228		12,395,567		331,661
Instructional Center for Teacher Leadership		1,245,608		1,093,807		1,022,225		71,582
Opportunity & Achievement		89,860		89,612		44,542		45,070
Special Education Support		3,586,296		3,552,259		3,472,663		79,596
Gifted Education and Academy Programs Support		2,275,604		2,261,872		2,153,791		108,081
Media Services Support		13,069,624		13,061,625		12,610,614		451,011
Educational Leadership and Assessment		2,462,386		2,468,317		2,319,031		149,286
Middle School Classroom		58,639,962		57,707,071		56,597,431		1,109,640
Remedial Education		7,577,647		7,880,847		7,880,794		53
Office/Principal - Middle Schools		10,479,268		10,561,480		10,465,416		96,064
Homebound Services		409,786		390,486		375,846		14,640
Technical and Career Ed Support		973,995		1,115,440		914,411		201,029
Student Leadership		1,403,561		1,403,561		1,384,906		18,655
Psychological Services		4,133,277		3,981,779		3,410,786		570,993
Audiological Services		458,732		550,153		544,753		5,400
School Administration		1,732,516		1,767,980		1,720,029		47,951
Alternative Education		1,475,480		1,479,162		1,302,004		177,158
Green Run Collegiate Public Charter		3,365,054		3,309,516		2,998,739		310,777
Total Instruction	\$	544,799,898	\$	544,776,928	\$	531,207,956	\$	13,568,972
	<u> </u>	, -,	· ·	,	<u> </u>	,,	<u> </u>	,,-

-								Variance Positive
Source	O	riginal Budget]	Final Budget		Actual		(Negative)
EXPENDITURES (continued)								
Admin, Attendance, & Health	ф	1 124 262	Ф	1 124 262	Ф	1 047 520	Ф	06742
Board, Legal, & Governmental	\$	1,134,263	\$	1,134,263	\$	1,047,520	\$	86,743
Office of the Superintendent		1,037,745		1,037,745		903,192		134,553
Department of Budget & Finance Department of Human Resources		4,916,483		4,981,837		4,586,959		394,878
Internal Audit		5,112,529		5,094,528		4,831,295		263,233
Purchasing		441,842 1,062,890		441,842 1,062,890		426,778 1,034,886		15,064
Center for Teacher Leadership		843,231		816,168		799,596		28,004 16,572
Consolidated Benefits Office		2,173,630		2,165,630		2,058,610		107,020
Health Services		7,558,422		7,604,534		7,561,774		42,760
Green Run Collegiate Public Charter		11,000		11,000		7,301,774		11,000
Total Admin, Attendance, & Health	\$	24,292,035	\$	24,350,437	\$	23,250,610	\$	1,099,827
Total Hamm, Hamanoo, & Health	Ψ	21,272,033	Ψ	21,330,137	Ψ	23,230,010	Ψ	1,022,027
Pupil Transportation								
Management	\$	2,355,836	\$	2,565,187	\$	2,363,850	\$	201,337
Vehicle Operation		20,838,915		24,191,431		21,168,066		3,023,365
Vehicle Operation - Special Education		5,194,458		6,607,415		5,612,533		994,882
Vehicle Maintenance		3,187,393		3,209,220		2,994,277		214,943
Monitoring Services		2,878,172		3,559,133		3,368,956		190,177
Green Run Collegiate Public Charter	Φ.	260,766	Φ.	288,766	Ф	283,954	ф	4,812
Total Pupil Transportation	\$	34,715,540	\$	40,421,152	\$	35,791,636	\$	4,629,516
Operations and Maintenance								
Facility Planning & Construction	\$	875,830	\$	869,066	\$	805,403	\$	63,663
School Plant		44,390,952		47,549,218		42,978,129		4,571,089
Distribution Services		1,687,729		1,714,652		1,611,383		103,269
Grounds Services		4,167,908		4,167,908		4,167,908		-
Custodial Services		28,226,355		27,671,070		26,905,686		765,384
Safety and Loss Control		6,937,465		6,913,119		6,525,509		387,610
Vehicle Services		1,102,674		2,227,589		1,730,641		496,948
Telecommunications		989,687		1,079,425		1,012,381		67,044
Green Run Collegiate Public Charter		19,400		19,400		233		19,167
Total Operations & Maintenance	\$	88,398,000	\$	92,211,447	\$	85,737,273	\$	6,474,174
Technology								
Instruction	\$	15,440,986	\$	17,070,586	\$	15,601,599	\$	1,468,987
Admin, Attendance & Health	_	1,603,490	-	1,680,646	_	1,471,848	_	208,798
Pupil Transportation		451,033		438,952		416,841		22,111
Operations and Maintenance		12,587,272		15,781,479		14,088,646		1,692,833
Green Run Collegiate Public Charter		30,466		58,004		56,937		1,067
Total Technology	\$	30,113,247	\$	35,029,667	\$	31,635,871	\$	3,393,796
Total Expenditures	\$	722,318,720	\$	736,789,631	\$	707,623,346	\$	29,166,285
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES								
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	\$	3,218,795	\$	(4,497,473)	\$	3,773,227	\$	8,270,699
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers Out	\$	(3,287,473)	\$	(3,442,988)	\$	(3,323,272)	\$	119,717
Sale of Capital Assets		15,000		15,000		127,226		112,226
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	(3,272,473)	\$	(3,427,988)	\$	(3,196,046)	\$	231,943
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(53,678)		(7,925,461)		577,181		8,502,642
FUND BALANCE - JULY 1		9,236,355		9,236,355		9,236,355		
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30	\$	9,182,677	\$	1,310,894	\$	9,813,536	\$	8,502,642

			_					Variance Positive
Source	Or	iginal Budget	F	Final Budget		Actual		(Negative)
REVENUES	Φ.	404 101	ф	642 100	¢	205.024	Φ.	(256.161)
Miscellaneous	\$	484,121	\$	642,198	\$	286,034	\$	(356,164)
From Commonwealth		9,120,594		10,804,896		7,325,128		(3,479,768)
From Federal Government		35,051,377		37,472,359		31,948,094		(5,524,265)
Contingency	¢	7,200,000	¢	2,074,019	ф	20.550.256	Φ.	(2,074,019)
Total Revenues	\$	51,856,092	\$	50,993,472	\$	39,559,256	\$	(11,434,216)
EXPENDITURES								
Instruction			_					
Adult Education & Family Literacy Act - FY16	\$	-	\$	18,825	\$	18,825	\$	-
Adult Education & Family Literacy Act - FY17		355,545		356,545		356,545		-
Advanced Placement Program FY17		66,497		71,370		71,370		-
Algebra Readiness FY16		-		77,425		77,425		-
Algebra Readiness FY17		961,979		988,309		828,770		159,539
Asia Society Confucius Classroom Network FY13		-		2,865		-		2,865
Assessment for Learning Project FY16		-		46,397		7,667		38,730
Career & Technical Ed State Equip Alloc FY17		25,813		-		-		-
Career Switcher Program Mentor Reimb. FY17		11,000		20,000		20,000		-
C. Perkins Secondary Program Reserve FY17		-		18,077		18,077		-
C. Perkins Vocational & Tech. Act FY16		-		25,775		25,775		-
C. Perkins Vocational & Tech. Act FY17		655,902		442,567		394,817		47,750
DoDEA MCASP Operation GRIT FY17		-		213,097		142,018		71,079
DoDEA MCASP Operation PRIDE FY15		-		5,611		5,611		-
DoDEA MCASP Operation PRIDE FY16		596,597		414,576		354,352		60,224
DoDEA S-FLEP FY15		-		7,629		2,988		4,641
DoDEA Special Education FY16		130,016		131,181		131,036		145
DoDEA Special Education FY17		301,011		299,750		156,094		143,656
Dual Enrollment - TCC FY17		275,918		507,676		507,676		-
Early Reading Initiative FY16		-		187,543		187,543		-
Early Reading Initiative FY17		1,213,049		1,401,049		1,181,980		219,069
General Adult Education FY17		34,586		34,586		34,586		-
Green Run Collegiate Support FY17		-		10,000		10,000		-
HS Program Planning FY17 GRHS		-		50,000		43,876		6,124
IDEA Co-Teaching Initiative Three Oaks FY17 Pt1		-		4,891		4,891		-
IDEA Co-Teaching Initiative Three Oaks FY17 Pt2		-		3,750		3,750		-
Inclusion Leadership Support-Salem HS FY13		-		457		-		457
Industry Credentials for Students FY17		80,333		70,253		70,253		-
Industry Credentials for Students STEM FY17		-		27,099		27,099		-
ISAEP FY17		62,869		67,343		61,974		5,369
Jail Education Program FY17		176,050		165,554		157,718		7,836
Jail Education Program FY17 LQ		-		206,749		51,635		155,114
Juvenile Detention Center FY17		731,431		700,476		689,234		11,242
Juvenile Detention Center FY17 LQ		-		703,624		253,304		450,320
LTG (RET) Pete Taylor Partnership Excell. FY14		-		3,828		328		3,500
McKinney Homeless FY15		38,464		3,122		3,122		-
McKinney Homeless FY16		63,000		13,487		13,487		-
McKinney Homeless FY17		63,000		69,100		2,493		66,607
MTSS-B Evaluation FY16		340,043		325,084		101,518		223,566
MyCAA - ALC Courses FY17		5,000		3,333		3,333		-
MyCAA - LPN Program FY17		10,000		1,000		1,000		-
Nat'l Board Certified Teachers Stipend FY17		352,500		317,500		317,500		-
New Teacher Mentor FY17		38,401		40,649		40,649		-
NJROTC FY17		-		51,871		51,871		-
ODU Research Foundation Cyber Sec Internships		_		6,000		1,500		4,500

Sauras	Outgin-1 Pr-14	Einel Dr. J4	A of w-1	Variance Positive
Source	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	(Negative)
EXPENDITURES (continued)				
Instruction (continued) Opportunity Inc STEM Grant FY16	67,764	163,203	30,352	132,851
			84,845	
Opportunity Inc STEM (ISY) Grant FY17	311,814	130,000		45,155 57,934
Opportunity Inc STEM (OSY) Grant FY17	10.057	149,500	91,666	57,834
Opportunity Inc Adult Learning Center FY16	12,857	48,070	6,860	41,210
Opportunity Inc Adult Learning Center FY17	90,000	91,291	60,843 53	30,448
Positive Behavior Interventions & Support FY14	-	53 15 427	873	14,564
Positive Behavior Interventions & Support FY16 Positive Behavior Interventions & Support FY17	-	15,437		
Post 9/11 GI Bill FY17	-	25,000 1,086	12,527 1,086	12,473
	94,277		74,328	-
Preschool Incentive Grant FY16	474,408	74,328		50,199
Preschool Incentive Grant FY17	474,408	488,436	438,237	
Project Graduation FY17	-	36,500	7,482	29,018
Project Hope - City Wide SCA FY14	- (4.100	4,184	705	3,479
Race to GED FY17	64,188	64,188	64,188	-
SASED MTSS-B FY17	-	9,740	9,740	-
School Security Equipment Grant FY17	-	60,591	60,591	2 251
Startalk Elementary Chinese Academy FY16	60,988	63,209	59,858	3,351
Startalk Elementary Chinese Academy FY17	81,303	80,727	17,863	62,864
STEM Teacher Recruitment/Retention FY17	-	7,000	7,000	-
Title I Distinguished School Rosemont FY17	2 104 726	8,500	8,500	-
Title I Part A 128-16 FY16	3,194,736	2,797,412	2,797,412	2 612 005
Title I Part A 128-16 FY17	10,294,726	10,710,929	8,098,834	2,612,095
Title I Part D Subpart 1 FY16	3,800	6,486	6,486	10.046
Title I Part D Subpart 1 FY17	22,000	21,000	10,952	10,048
Title I Part D Subpart 2 FY15	11,870	28,093	28,093	24.100
Title I Part D Subpart 2 FY16	158,898	146,594	122,494	24,100
Title I Part D Subpart 2 FY17	160,207	172,091	367	171,724
Title II NCLB128-15 FY15	21,125	18,824	18,824	22.126
Title II NCLB128-16 FY16	132,783	156,167	124,029	32,138
Title II NCLB128-16 FY17	2,160,657	2,128,931	1,931,293	197,638
Title III Part A Immigrant & Youth FY15	4,200	24.170	20.170	4.000
Title III Part A Immigrant & Youth FY16	25,247	24,170	20,170	4,000
Title III Part A Immigrant & Youth FY17	25,247	-	-	-
Title III Part A Language Acquisition FY16	77,208	81,582	81,582	00.222
Title III Part A Language Acquisition FY17	104,712	114,891	26,568	88,323
Title IV Part B 21st CCLC-GRC FY16	70,284	66,299	66,299	-
Title IV Part B 21st CCLC-GRC FY17	124,952	142,314	51,139	91,175
Title IV Part B 21st CCLC-Lynn ES FY17	-	106,073	76,107	29,966
Title IV Part B 21st CCLC-Williams ES FY15	-	232	232	-
Title IV Pell Grant FY17	-	52,392	52,392	-
Title VI B PL 105-17 FY15	43,029	71,551	71,551	-
Title VI B PL 105-17 FY16	79,907	74,362	74,362	- 4445.400
Title VI B PL 105-17 FY17	14,137,977	14,531,816	13,395,377	1,136,439
VA Beach Historic Preserv Research Prog FY16	-	1,480	1,480	-
VA Geographic Alliance FY11		36	36	-
VA Initiative-At Risk Four-Year Olds FY16	214,411	213,910	213,910	
VA Initiative-At Risk Four-Year Olds FY17	4,224,000	4,312,000	3,867,161	444,839
VA Star FY12	-	504	504	-
Virginia Middle School Teacher Corps. FY17	25,000	10,000	10,000	-
Virtual VA Advanced Placement FY16	-	11,537	-	11,537
Virtual VA Advanced Placement FY17	-	9,072	-	9,072

Source	Origin	al Budget	E	inal Budget		Actual	,	Variance Positive (Negative)
EXPENDITURES (continued)	Origin	ai Duugei	Г	mai buugei		Actual		(Negative)
Instruction (continued)								
		10 622		16 720		16,729		
Workplace Readiness Skills Comm Exam FY17		18,623		16,729		10,729		2 074 010
Contingency	Φ	7,200,000	Ф	2,074,019	d	20,625,670	d	2,074,019
Total Instruction	\$ 5	50,382,202	\$	47,738,562	\$	38,635,670	\$	9,102,892
<u>Technology</u>								
Adult Education & Family Literacy Act - FY17	\$	1,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Algebra Readiness FY17		24,230		7,520		7,520		-
Career & Technical Education Equipment FY17		65,000		81,780		81,780		-
C. Perkins Vocational & Tech. Act FY16		-		122,964		122,964		-
C. Perkins Vocational & Tech. Act FY17		157,725		356,832		356,832		-
CTE Special Education Equipment FY17		-		64,045		64,045		-
DoDEA MCASP Operation GRIT FY17		-		99,258		97,654		1,604
DoDEA MCASP Operation PRIDE FY15		10.750		4,240		4,240		-
DoDEA MCASP Operation PRIDE FY16		12,750		224,658		224,658		9.725
DoDEA Special Education FY16		2,554		38,718 3,814		29,983		8,735 3,814
DoDEA Special Education FY17 Early Reading Initiative FY16		2,554		81,193		81,193		3,814
Early Reading Initiative FY17 Early Reading Initiative FY17		86,500		120,535		126		120,409
IDEA Co-Teaching Initiative Three Oaks FY17 Pt2		80,500		3,859		3,859		120,409
e		900		3,839		3,839		-
Jail Education Program FY17				20.499		27.609		1 700
Juvenile Detention Center FY17		14,793		29,488		27,698		1,790
Juvenile Detention Center FY17 LQ		-		5,069		437		4,632
McKinney Homeless FY17		-		900		-		900
Opportunity Inc STEM Grant FY16		1,500		340		340		-
Opportunity Inc STEM (ISY) Grant FY17		186		-		-		-
Opportunity Inc STEM (OSY) Grant FY17		-		500		410		90
Preschool Incentive Grant FY16		-		2,730		2,730		-
Preschool Incentive Grant FY17		780		4,132		20		4,112
Project Graduation FY17		-		38,500		38,500		-
SASED MTSS-B FY17		-		1,360		1,360		-
School Security Equipment Grant FY17		-		61,136		61,136		-
Startalk Elementary Chinese Academy FY16		446		379		379		-
Startalk Elementary Chinese Academy FY17		594		487		16		471
Technology Initiative FY15		85,800		52,496		52,496		-
Technology Initiative FY16		109,100		489,398		423,180		66,218
Technology Initiative FY17		2,618,400		2,618,400		8,085		2,610,315
Title I Part A 128-14 FY16		335,987		1,439,940		1,439,940		-
Title I Part A 128-14 FY17		384,865		506,132		163,049		343,083
Title I Part D Subpart 2 FY15		2,000		13,684		13,684		-
Title I Part D Subpart 2 FY16		5,576		17,913		5,340		12,573
Title I Part D Subpart 2 FY17		4,267		12,733		-		12,733
Title IV Part B 21st CCLC-GRC FY15		1,207		15,411		15,411		12,733
Title IV Part B 21st CCLC-GRC FY16		500		2,499		2,499		_
Title IV Part B 21st CCLC-GRC FY17		1,000		2,433		4, 4 99		-
		1,000		500		400		11
Title IV Part B 21st CCLC-Lynn ES FY17		12.000		500		489		11
Title VI B PL 105-17 FY15		12,000		46.201		40.041		- 050
VA Elearning Backpack Bayside FY16		10,000		46,291		40,241		6,050
VA Elearning Backpack Bayside FY17		258,240		265,440		220,398		45,042
VA Elearning Backpack Green Run FY16		10,000		35,203		35,203		-
VA Elearning Backpack Green Run FY17		217,920		235,200		201,387		33,813

Source	Or	iginal Budget	F	inal Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
EXPENDITURES (continued)	- 01	igiliai Duuget		mai Duuget	Actual	(regative)
Technology (continued)						
VA Elearning Backpack Kempsville FY16		10,000		34,719	34,719	-
VA Elearning Backpack Kempsville FY17		204,480		197,280	188,305	8,975
Total Technology	\$	4,641,647	\$	7,337,676	\$ 4,052,306	\$ 3,285,370
Total Expenditures	\$	55,023,849	\$	55,076,238	\$ 42,687,976	\$ 12,388,262
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	\$	(3,167,757)	\$	(4,082,766)	\$ (3,128,720)	\$ 954,046
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers In	\$	3,167,757	\$	4,082,766	\$ 3,323,272	\$ (759,494)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		-	194,552	194,552
FUND BALANCE - JULY 1		759,498		759,498	 759,498	
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30	\$	759,498	\$	759,498	\$ 954,050	\$ 194,552

						Variance Positive
Source	Or	iginal Budget	F	inal Budget	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES						
From Use of Money and Property	\$	100,000	\$	100,000	\$ 32,355	\$ (67,645)
Charges for Services		-		-	280	280
Miscellaneous		10,000		10,000	46,664	36,664
From Commonwealth		4,489,728		4,489,728	4,478,479	(11,249)
Total Revenues	\$	4,599,728	\$	4,599,728	\$ 4,557,778	\$ (41,950)
EXPENDITURES						
<u>Instruction</u>						
Personnel Services	\$	79,856	\$	79,856	\$ 85,391	\$ (5,535)
Fringe Benefits		29,010		29,010	34,664	(5,654)
Purchased Services		1,500		1,500	-	1,500
Materials and Supplies		6,116,175		6,116,485	2,416,906	3,699,579
Total Instruction	\$	6,226,541	\$	6,226,851	\$ 2,536,961	\$ 3,689,890
Technology						
Purchased Services	\$	2,956,333	\$	2,956,333	\$ 2,988,648	\$ (32,315)
Materials and Supplies		_		-	 1,369,888	 (1,369,888)
Total Technology	\$	2,956,333	\$	2,956,333	\$ 4,358,536	\$ (1,402,203)
Total Expenditures	\$	9,182,874	\$	9,183,184	\$ 6,895,497	\$ 2,287,687
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES						
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	\$	(4,583,146)	\$	(4,583,456)	\$ (2,337,719)	\$ 2,245,737
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(4,583,146)		(4,583,456)	(2,337,719)	2,245,737
FUND BALANCE - JULY 1		9,573,944		9,573,944	 9,573,944	
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30	\$	4,990,798	\$	4,990,488	\$ 7,236,225	\$ 2,245,737

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA DISCRETELY PRESENTED SCHOOL BOARD COMPONENT UNIT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

		School Cafeterias		School mmunication Towers/ Fechnology		School Vending perations		School Equipment eplacement		Totals
ASSETS										
Cash and Temporary Investments	\$	9,999,775	\$	2,799,873	\$	15,506	\$	1,258,229	\$	14,073,383
Accounts Receivable		51,992		1,125		29,900		-		83,017
Due from Federal Government		1,018,892		-		-		-		1,018,892
Inventories		518,261		-		-		-		518,261
Prepaid Items		4,633		-		-		-		4,633
Total Assets	\$	11,593,553	\$	2,800,998	\$	45,406	\$	1,258,229	\$	15,698,186
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES										
Liabilities:	Ф	012.060	Ф		Ф		Ф		Ф	012.060
Salaries Payable	\$	913,868	\$	250	\$	-	\$	-	\$	913,868
Vouchers and Accounts Payable		407,779		350		-		-		408,129
Deposits Payable		450.022		75,000		-		-		75,000
Unearned Revenue	_	458,823	_				_		_	458,823
Total Liabilities	\$	1,780,470	\$	75,350	\$		\$		\$	1,855,820
Fund Balances:										
Nonspendable	\$	522,894	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	522,894
Restricted		9,290,189		-		-		-		9,290,189
Committed		-		2,725,648		45,406		1,258,229		4,029,283
Total Fund Balances	\$	9,813,083	\$	2,725,648	\$	45,406	\$	1,258,229	\$	13,842,366
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	11,593,553	\$	2,800,998	\$	45,406	\$	1,258,229	\$	15,698,186

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA DISCRETELY PRESENTED SCHOOL BOARD COMPONENT UNIT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	School Cafeterias	School mmunication Towers/ Technology	(School Vending Operations	School Equipment eplacement	Totals
REVENUES						
From Use of Money and Property	\$ 39,202	\$ 521,779	\$	26	\$ 6,735	\$ 567,742
Charges for Services	10,189,999	-		137,261	-	10,327,260
Miscellaneous	721,184	-		-	-	721,184
From Commonwealth	651,642	-		-	-	651,642
From Federal Government	18,348,393	 			 _	 18,348,393
Total Revenues	\$ 29,950,420	\$ 521,779	\$	137,287	\$ 6,735	\$ 30,616,221
EXPENDITURES						
Instruction	\$ -	\$ -	\$	133,900	\$ -	\$ 133,900
Cafeterias	27,623,959	-		-	-	27,623,959
Technology	150,418	 798,472			 _	 948,890
Total Expenditures	\$ 27,774,377	\$ 798,472	\$	133,900	\$ 	\$ 28,706,749
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES						
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	\$ 2,176,043	\$ (276,693)	\$	3,387	\$ 6,735	\$ 1,909,472
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	2,176,043	(276,693)		3,387	6,735	1,909,472
FUND BALANCES - JULY 1	7,637,040	3,002,341		42,019	1,251,494	11,932,894
FUND BALANCES - JUNE 30	\$ 9,813,083	\$ 2,725,648	\$	45,406	\$ 1,258,229	\$ 13,842,366

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA DISCRETELY PRESENTED SCHOOL BOARD COMPONENT UNIT COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2017

	N	School Risk Management	School Health Insurance	Totals	
ASSETS .					
Cash and Investments	\$	12,463,577	\$ 43,646,018	\$ 56,109,595	
Accounts Receivable		-	904,726	904,726	
Prepaid Items		16,071	 -	16,071	
Total Assets	\$	12,479,648	\$ 44,550,744	\$ 57,030,392	
LIABILITIES					
Current Liabilities:					
Salaries Payable	\$	1,952	\$ 47	\$ 1,999	
Vouchers and Accounts Payable		470,118	3,144,194	3,614,312	
Unearned Revenue		-	7,852,354	7,852,354	
Estimated Claims and Judgments (due within one year)		5,525,250	 5,493,000	11,018,250	
Total Current Liabilities	\$	5,997,320	\$ 16,489,595	\$ 22,486,915	
Noncurrent Liabilities:					
Estimated Claims and Judgments (due in more than one year)		1,841,750	1,831,000	3,672,750	
Total Liabilities	\$	7,839,070	\$ 18,320,595	\$ 26,159,665	
NET POSITION					
Unrestricted	\$	4,640,578	\$ 26,230,149	\$ 30,870,727	

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA DISCRETELY PRESENTED SCHOOL BOARD COMPONENT UNIT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

	M	School Risk Management		School Health Insurance		Totals
OPERATING REVENUES Charges for Samings	\$	6,805,724	\$	146,194,503	\$	153,000,227
Charges for Services Miscellaneous Revenue	Ф	15,608	Ф	140,194,303	Ф	155,000,227
Total Operating Revenues	\$	6,821,332	\$	146,194,503	\$	153,015,835
OPERATING EXPENSES Personnel Services Fringe Benefits Other Charges	\$	394,571 138,530 5,837,054	\$	307,694 110,337 132,594,340	\$	702,265 248,867 138,431,394
Total Operating Expenses	\$	6,370,155	\$	133,012,371	\$	139,382,526
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	\$	451,177	\$	13,182,132	\$	13,633,309
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Interest Income	\$	76,715	\$	146,234	\$	222,949
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		527,892		13,328,366		13,856,258
TOTAL NET POSITION - JULY 1		4,112,686		12,901,783		17,014,469
TOTAL NET POSITION - JUNE 30	\$	4,640,578	\$	26,230,149	\$	30,870,727

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA DISCRETELY PRESENTED SCHOOL BOARD COMPONENT UNIT COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

	School Risk Management		School Health Insurance		Totals
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:					
Receipts from Customers and Users	\$	6,821,332	\$ 146,710,799	\$	153,532,131
Payments to Vendors for Goods and Services		(5,428,739)	(132,825,277)		(138,254,016)
Payments to Employees for Services		(531,158)	(418,204)		(949,362)
Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities	\$	861,435	\$ 13,467,318	\$	14,328,753
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:					
Interest Received on Investments		76,715	 146,234		222,949
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Temporary Investments	\$	938,150	\$ 13,613,552	\$	14,551,702
Cash and Temporary Investments, July 1		11,525,427	30,032,466		41,557,893
Cash and Temporary Investments, June 30	\$	12,463,577	\$ 43,646,018	\$	56,109,595
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO					
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:					
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	451,177	\$ 13,182,132	\$	13,633,309
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to					
Net Changes in Assets and Liabilities:					
Accounts Receivable		-	27,477		27,477
Prepaid Items		194,809	-		194,809
Salaries Payable		1,943	(173)		1,770
Vouchers and Accounts Payable		400,506	(15,937)		384,569
Unearned Revenue			488,819		488,819
Estimated Claims and Judgments		(187,000)	 (215,000)		(402,000)
Total Adjustments	\$	410,258	\$ 285,186	\$	695,444
Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities	\$	861,435	\$ 13,467,318	\$	14,328,753

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA DISCRETELY PRESENTED SCHOOL BOARD COMPONENT UNIT COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS

	J	Balance July 1, 2016	Additions	Deductions	Jı	Balance ine 30, 2017
PAYROLL DEDUCTIONS						
ASSETS						
Cash and Temporary Investments	\$	5,589,444	\$ 142,478,922	\$ 142,744,200	\$	5,324,166
Accounts Receivable		2,157	72,030	2,157		72,030
Due from Federal Government		465		 465		-
Total Assets	\$	5,592,066	\$ 142,550,952	\$ 142,746,822	\$	5,396,196
LIABILITIES						
Vouchers and Accounts Payable	\$	5,592,066	\$ 142,550,952	\$ 142,746,822	\$	5,396,196
FRINGE BENEFITS						
<u>ASSETS</u>						
Cash and Temporary Investments	\$	8,286,203	\$ 107,185,862	\$ 106,192,183	\$	9,279,882
Due From Federal Government		465	 	 465		-
Total Assets	\$	8,286,668	\$ 107,185,862	\$ 106,192,648	\$	9,279,882
<u>LIABILITIES</u>						
Vouchers and Accounts Payable	\$	8,286,668	\$ 107,185,862	\$ 106,192,648	\$	9,279,882
SCHOOL ACTIVITY ACCOUNTS						
ASSETS Cash and Temporary Investments	\$	3,709,768	\$ 10,863,605	\$ 11,019,984	\$	3,553,389
<u>LIABILITIES</u>						
Vouchers and Accounts Payable	\$	3,709,768	\$ 10,863,605	\$ 11,019,984	\$	3,553,389
TOTAL - AGENCY FUNDS						
ASSETS						
Cash and Temporary Investments	\$	17,585,415	\$ 260,528,389	\$ 259,956,367	\$	18,157,437
Accounts Receivable		2,157	72,030	2,157		72,030
Due from Federal Government		930	 	 930		-
Total Assets	\$	17,588,502	\$ 260,600,419	\$ 259,959,454	\$	18,229,467
<u>LIABILITIES</u>						
Vouchers and Accounts Payable	\$	17,588,502	\$ 260,600,419	\$ 259,959,454	\$	18,229,467

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA DISCRETELY PRESENTED SCHOOL BOARD COMPONENT UNIT OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS TRUST FUND STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

ASSETS Cash and Investments	\$	27,134,224
LIABILITIES Vouchers and Accounts Payable	\$	
NET POSITION Restricted for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions	_ \$	27,134,224

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA DISCRETELY PRESENTED SCHOOL BOARD COMPONENT UNIT OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS TRUST FUND STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

ADDITIONS	
Contributions:	
Employer	\$ 5,661,710
Investment Earnings:	
Increase (Decrease) in Fair Value of Investments	\$ 3,098,316
Total Additions	\$ 8,760,026
<u>DEDUCTIONS</u>	
Benefits	\$ 5,661,710
Administrative Expenses	 24,357
Total Deductions	\$ 5,686,067
Change in Net Position	\$ 3,073,959
Net Position at Beginning of Year	 24,060,265
Net Postion at End of Year	\$ 27,134,224



This Page Intentionally Left Blank

STATISTICAL SECTION

Statistical Section

This part of the City of Virginia Beach comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

Contents	<u>Page</u>
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	243
Revenue Capacity	250
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the City's ability to generate its property and sales taxes.	
Debt Capacity	255
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Demographic and Economic Information	260
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons over time and with other governments.	
Operating Information	263
These schedules contain information about the City's operations and resources to help the reader understand how the City's financial information relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	
Schedule of the Treasurer's Cash Accountability	265
This schedule contains information about the City's deposits and investments.	

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.



This Page Intentionally Left Blank

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA NET POSITION BY COMPONENT Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting) (Unaudited)

		2008		2009	2010			2011		2012		2013		2014		2015		2016			2017
		0007		7007	7070			*0.11		707		707		107		2070		0707			7707
Governmental Activities																					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	9	2,135,340,973	9	2,325,729,590 \$	2,389,856,033		\$ 2,	2,458,877,944	\$ 2,	2,383,146,998	€9	2,428,253,890	€9	2,273,830,446	\$	2,252,154,557	\$ 1	2,286,145,556	\$ 959		2,324,672,499
Restricted		70,189,359		48,960,721	48,15	48,158,594		63,015,179		38,529,754		40,925,256		272,044,037	7	343,675,422	5	362,820,736	736		347,382,648
Unrestricted		89,556,643		63,956,631	21,85	21,851,492		16,225,877		216,468,300		203,260,167	١	168,304,006	ای	(171,554,644)	<u>4</u>	(122,670,333)	333)		(84,470,897)
Total Governmental Activities Net Position	S	2,295,086,975	S	2,438,646,942 \$	2,459,866,119	6,119	\$ 2,	2,538,119,000	\$ 2,	2,638,145,052	8	2,672,439,313	9	2,714,178,489	\$	2,424,275,335	5 \$	2,526,295,959	\$ 656	2,	2,587,584,250
Business-type Activities																					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	9	665,969,934	S	677,714,227 \$	690,41	690,413,751	99	699,132,196	\$	740,710,253	€9	790,083,898	69	716,074,522	2	758,928,371	.1	760,003,698	\$ 869		813,703,550
Restricted		133,124,575		118,523,348	131,59	131,592,999		134,034,758		134,288,475		132,851,393		249,548,491	_	212,357,644	4	259,716,984	984		246,364,646
Unrestricted		1,316,241		18,205,841	3,68	3,688,816		4,547,713		32,339,713		23,258,816	ا	29,249,082	ا م	30,523,779	6	31,289,060	090		33,551,935
Total Business-type Activities Net Position	s	800,410,750	\$	814,443,416 \$	825,695,566	995,56	S	837,714,667	\$	907,338,441	€>	946,194,107	8	994,872,095	\$	1,001,809,794	\$	1,051,009,742	742 \$	1,(1,093,620,131
Primary Government																					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	9	2,801,310,907	8	3,003,443,817 \$	3,080,269,784	9,784	\$ 3,	3,158,010,140	\$ 3,	3,123,857,251	9	3,218,337,788	9	2,989,904,968	69 80	3,011,082,928	s9 80	3,046,149,254	254 \$	3,	3,138,376,049
Restricted		203,313,934		167,484,069	179,75	179,751,593		197,049,937		172,818,229		173,776,649		521,592,528	~	556,033,066	99	622,537,720	720	• •	593,747,294
Unrestricted		90,872,884		82,162,472	25,54	25,540,308		20,773,590		248,808,013		226,518,983		197,553,088	ا ۔	(141,030,865)	(5)	(91,381,273)	273)		(50,918,962)
Total Primary Government Net Position	S	3,095,497,725	S	3,253,090,358 \$	3,285,561,685	51,685	\$ 3,	3,375,833,667	\$ 3,	3,545,483,493	8	3,618,633,420	↔	3,709,050,584	\$	3,426,085,129	\$ 6	3,577,305,701	701	3,0	3,681,204,381

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA CHANGES IN NET POSITION Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting) (Unaudited)

Decimination	Governmental Activities: Governmental Activities: Legislative Executive Law Finance Human Resources Judicial Health Police Punks and Recreation Planting Planting Planting										
Control 19612 S 19612 S <t< td=""><td>Covernmental Activities: Legislative Executive Law Finance Finance Human Resources Judicial Health Police Human Services Public Works Public Works Public Works Public Works Public Works Pubrary Planning</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	Covernmental Activities: Legislative Executive Law Finance Finance Human Resources Judicial Health Police Human Services Public Works Public Works Public Works Public Works Public Works Pubrary Planning										
and the control of co	Legislative Law Finance Finance Human Resources Judicial Health Poulos Public Works Public Works Public Works Public Works Public Works Agriculture							:			
type 10.00421 5.004021 <th< td=""><td>Executive Law Finance Human Resources Human Resources Health House Sevices Public Works Parks and Recreation Library Library Planning Agriculture</td><td>1,190,152</td><td>1,238,465 \$</td><td>1,101,059 \$</td><td>1,105,878 \$</td><td></td><td>1,273,769 \$</td><td>1,189,512 \$</td><td>1,186,251 \$</td><td>1,199,261 \$</td><td>1,181,030</td></th<>	Executive Law Finance Human Resources Human Resources Health House Sevices Public Works Parks and Recreation Library Library Planning Agriculture	1,190,152	1,238,465 \$	1,101,059 \$	1,105,878 \$		1,273,769 \$	1,189,512 \$	1,186,251 \$	1,199,261 \$	1,181,030
condition of the object of the obje	Law Law Human Resources Judicial Judicial Police Human Services Punks and Recreation Labrary Planning Agriculture	3,595,144	3,453,309	2,960,506	2,513,730	2,780,170	2,596,006	2,498,694	2,621,111	3,788,704	4,185,699
case 11 ABCORD 12	Finance Finance Judicial Health Floate House Human Services Public Works Links and Recreation Linksy Planning	3,708,452	3,676,002	3,486,020	3,599,766	3,666,859	3,6/9,233	3,937,096	3,776,063	3,763,766	3,978,553
	Tunian resonates Tunian resonates Health Fealth Proble Public Works Public Works Public Works Public All Anny Planny Planning	15,661,836	10,701,143	10,923,748	16,912,340	0.055.086	18,015,281	18,521,840	17,241,238	11,077,306	18,382,696
8.9.9.1.1.2. 8.9.9.9.1.2. 8.9.9.9.9.2. 1.0.9.9.9.9.9.9.9.9.9.9.9.9.9.9.9.9.9.9.	Health Police Human Services Public Works Parks and Recreation Library Planning Agriculture	49.472.871	51.554.786	48,468,317	49.738.210	51.871.482	53,427,866	56.389.216	54,160,608	56.308.364	61.622.028
1865 1867	Police Human Services Public Works Public Works Library Planning Agriculture	3,220,239	3,074,767	2,987,001	2,939,495	2,931,361	2,871,475	3,126,176	3,215,269	3,179,240	3,391,817
a. A. C. Marchelle, and the control of the	Human Services Public Works Public Works Labray Planning Agriculture	88,937,127	89,576,973	86,602,182	87,550,834	89,806,841	94,306,684	98,885,662	96,431,059	93,988,335	101,644,605
manufacture of the control o	Public Works Parks and Recreation Library Planning Agriculture	108,144,955	115,570,958	120,191,660	113,614,181	112,331,388	108,913,384	110,266,430	110,140,108	109,133,450	116,434,440
with the part of th	Parks and Recreation Plantay Library Planting Agriculture	125,719,748	135,253,381	156,433,035	144,084,373	195,557,135	197,205,942	201,565,478	151,146,960	175,477,790	173,634,278
	Library Planning Agriculture	44,780,014	44,262,172	45,258,239	42,919,471	42,619,362	44,461,864	46,944,369	46,372,607	45,082,490	47,512,722
10.000.000 10.	Planning Agriculture	15,845,140	15,698,203	16,053,738	15,258,538	15,639,419	16,135,167	17,811,215	17,581,450	17,001,977	18,354,780
1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,	Agriculture	10,286,282	10,298,643	10,138,645	9,350,124	9,454,772	9,390,272	9,788,352	9,963,622	0,689,950	11,162,446
Option the properties of		937,265	1,049,910	911,927	2,844,410	811,303	882,778	889,198	1,249,439	1,427,900	4,605,108
Official Programming 10,25,637 3,64,630 3,64,137 3,44,600,134 3,44,500,134 3,44,400,134 <td>Economic Development</td> <td>2,168,890</td> <td>2,669,821</td> <td>2,260,972</td> <td>1,989,067</td> <td>2,195,509</td> <td>942,848</td> <td>1,531,524</td> <td>1,624,276</td> <td>2,076,114</td> <td>1,562,948</td>	Economic Development	2,168,890	2,669,821	2,260,972	1,989,067	2,195,509	942,848	1,531,524	1,624,276	2,076,114	1,562,948
ministration of property of the propert	Convention and Visitor Development	30,236,487	28,340,921	26,441,351	24,450,034	25,211,870	24,259,211	21,970,212	29,153,694	25,836,560	28,761,957
Columnication and Christol Services 3.1011.5C 4.206.00.0 8.225.13.7 8.226.00.2<	Communication and Information Technology	19,895,881	31,951,307	23,892,765	24,975,516	27,113,853	28,524,903	35,271,946	33,630,014	33,641,832	38,964,868
Septimination of	Emergency Communications and Citizen Services			8,286,906	8,233,437	8,644,135	8,585,726	8,948,709	8,750,026	8,140,536	8,970,142
44,71,113 44,85,214 44,65,415 44,65,415 44,65,415 44,65,415 44,65,415 44,65,415 44,65,415 44,65,415 44,65,415 44,65,415 44,65,415 44,65,415 44,65,415 44,65,415 44,65,415 44,65,415 44,65,415 44,65,415 44,65,415 76,415	Boards and Commissions	31,611,562	28,300,724	28,838,862	29,809,481	30,813,011	28,150,540	28,205,251	29,450,284	30,230,164	34,738,707
Signature Signature Signature 142,137 142,132 142,132 142,132 142,132 142,132 142,132 142,132 142,132 142,132 142,132 142,132 142,132 142,132	Fire	43,731,113	44,862,957	46,923,435	46,496,015	48,604,326	49,299,627	52,577,157	49,680,380	50,306,088	57,104,376
Spin State of the Column Spin St	Management Services	3,704,939	3,610,377	3,905,792	1,452,377	1,488,732	1,600,743	1,466,132	1,420,917	1,415,041	1,365,506
op/Security 2.587/744 2.5887/74	Education	363,554,215	370,277,459	358,870,557	362,627,543	346,343,221	371,831,366	376,409,572	390,015,055	398,127,741	396,304,003
deal-Services (128,124) (1	Housing and Neighborhood Preservation	22,857,744	22,855,827	22,992,624	25,286,359	25,102,010	27,094,230	26,185,221	26,348,557	26,300,165	28,325,394
1,21,014 1,22,027 1,020,020,024 1,020,027 1	Museums	7,854,366	8,158,217	8,491,250	8,812,689	9,524,054	9,557,237	10,314,480	10,704,799	10,841,342	11,113,741
Problem SERSES 25.854.00 25.	Emergency Meuron Services Strategic Growth Area	1,421,081	7,340,943	7,595,142	7:00:000/	6,007,933	040.811	10,052,539	1,028,682	10,201,023	12,332,240
type Accounting Second Type Accounting Total Second Type Total Second Type Accounting Second Type Accoun	Stategic Grown Alea	- 20 66	16 831 204	35 507 508	22 315 404	6 689 676	7.85.087	1,524,362	2 005 946	1826,519	150 500 00
1,100,100,000 2, 1,100,100,000 3, 1,100,100,000 3, 1,100,100,000 3, 1,100,100,000 3, 1,100,100,000 3, 1,100,100,000 3, 1,100,100,000 3, 1,100,100,000 3, 1,100,100,000 3, 1,100,100,000 3, 1,100,100,000 3, 1,100,100,000 3, 1,100,100	Interest on Long-term Debt	46.906.778	48.918.428	73.058.398	42.665.372	48.481.522	35,483,724	32.290.625	33.395.513	33.580.400	29.622.762
tricking: 8 94,410,608 8 96,832,10 8 96,891,679 8 10,230,240 8 10,10,207 8 10,10,70,77 8 10,10,70,47	Total Governmental Activities Expenses	1,088,640,881	1,118,425,035 \$	1,167,163,352 \$	1,107,459,864 \$	1,145,283,688 \$	1,161,044,015 \$	1,190,428,695 \$	1,153,518,070 \$	1,182,031,334 \$	1,247,625,917
1,123,136 1,302,134 1,3116,63 1,41,78,468 1,66,616 1,6											
1,121,126 2,123,241 3,104,243 1,145,243 1,14	Business-Type Activities:	410	6000				6 270011 001	60.00		9 100 000 0014	000 000
with righting to the control of the control	Water and Sewer	94,410,608	95,332,140 \$				103,110,26/ \$	107,549,122 \$		\$109,232,931 \$	\$107,922,521
1,575.59 1,490.53 1,490.53 1,490.53 1,490.53 1,400.58 1,237,625 1,400.59 1,500.59 1,400.58 1,237,625 1,400.59 1,237,625 1,	Stoffin Water Davislonment Authority	14,231,330	13,027,334	13,110,703	14,1/0,400	C+0,0c0,C1	16,392,100	19,361,223	11.025.011	0.020.441	34,000,343
Symposition of the control o	Waste Management			' '			020,012,11	700,4-01,01	41.907.754	39.965.302	39.724.605
Ses-type Activities: Expenses Ses-type Expenses	Resort Parking	1.675.539	1,430,534	1.357,625	1.603,150	1.973.867	1.668.933	1.902.855	4,419,983	3,770,402	3,383,691
tivities: S 1,198,98,384 S 1,278,229,419 S 1,265,218,440 S 1,295,625,895 S 1,395,625,895 S 1,395,625,895 S 1,344,559,068 S 1,344,559,068 S 1,344,559,068 S 1,344,559,068 S 1,344,559,068 S 1,344,559,068 S 1,344,530,068 S 1,344,530,068 S 1,344,530,068 S 1,344,342 S 1,344,342 S 1,344,342 S 1,344,342 S 1,344,342 S 1,344,342 S 3,444,342 S 3,444,342 S 3,443,343 S 3,443,424 1,345,344 1,345,604 S 3,443,434 1,440,443,434 1,440,443,434 S 1,443,434 1,440,443,434 S 3,443,434 1,440,443,434 S 1,440,443,434 S 1,440,443,434 S 1,440,443,434 S 1,440,443,434 S 1,440,443,434 S 1,440,443,444 1,440,444,444 1,440,444,444,444,444,444,444,444,444,44	Total Business-type Activities Expenses	\$ 110,317,503 \$	109,790,028 \$	111,366,067 \$	120,406,967 \$	119,934,752 \$	132,581,880 \$	139,167,502 \$	191,040,988 \$	186,178,020 \$	198,280,265
bivities: \$ 4,025,97 \$ 3,946,053 \$ 4,992,137 \$ 4,402,463 \$ 5,377,347 \$ 3,688,139 \$ 3,101,433 \$ 3,735,209 \$ 3 cess 1,425,005	Total Primary Government Expenses	1,198,958,384	1,228,215,063 \$								1,445,906,182
8 4,025,927 8 3,946,053 8 4,402,465 8 5,377,347 8 3,101,433 8 3,735,209 8 3 1,425,005 1,555,015 1,556,01 4,025,463 23,777,347 8,472,180 3,845,81 3 3,845,82 3,845,81 3 3,845,81 3 3,845,82 3 3,845,82 3 3,845,82 3 3,845,82 3 3,845,82	rogram Revenues										
8 4,025,927 8 3,946,053 8 4,402,463 8 5,377,347 8 3,688,139 8 3,101,433 8 3,735,209 8 3 3,355,209 8 3,375,204 8 3,377,317 3,470,807 3,470	Governmental Activities:										
1,425,027 1,572,127 1,57	Charges for Services:	7005007	2 046 052 &	A 003 137 &	A 400 A 62 &	\$ 277.2.77			3 735 200 &	3 540 430	A 907 604
1,12,100	5 unicial Dollina	126,023,927	3,946,033 \$	3.436.506	4,402,463 \$	3,570,550			3 954 591	3 065 201	3 308 747
1,810,874 3,466,383 10,299,832 6,743,429 13,465,436 30,845,235 44,380,916 2,766,927 3,466,364 14,586,938 14,600,812 14,600,299 14,405,988 14,600,812 14,600,299 14,405,988 14,600,814 14,600,299 14,600,2	Fine Himan Services	3 383 220	4 723 828	4 952 643	23 797 305	24 322 382	23.782.371	25 031 069	25,615,214	24 956 662	25 167 062
14,586,938 14,620,812 14,660,279 14,405,985 13,876,204 14,891,219 15,114,163 14,974,524 15,876,204 14,891,219 15,114,163 14,974,524 15,114,163 14,974,524 14,891,219 15,114,163 14,974,524 14,891,219 15,114,163 14,974,524 14,891,219 14,891,219 17,014 14,891,219 14,891,	Public Works	1.810.874	3.469.383	10.299.832	6.743.429	13.465.436	30.845.235	44.380.916	2.766.927	3.564.521	4.058.165
Condender 672,183 679,091 617,088 766,480 706,697 728,317 760,734 789,508 5206,904 52	Parks and Recreation	14.586.938	14.620.812	14.660.279	14.405.985	13,876,204	14.891.219	15.114.163	14.974.524	15.569.444	15.021.272
S.307.304 4,026,124 4,076,448 4,097,287 4,265,630 4,432,198 4,496,079 5,226,904 5 Development 145,130 145,454 164,684 127,156 170,091 52,893 55,588 72,725 Development 3,012,735 3,506,706 4,706,217 5,067,297 5,313,030 5,437,203 5,484,357 5,270,419 5,270,419 Ood Preservation 1,174,560 312,489 1,170,964 1,831,674 2,047,89 7,300,634 5 10,412,161 9,756,013 8,777,127 8,096,615 7,395,885 7,532,895 7,480,645 6 10,412,161 9,756,013 8,777,127 8,096,615 7,395,885 7,532,896 7,480,645 6	Library	672,183	679,091	617,088	760,480	706,607	728,317	760,734	789,508	726,001	695,152
145,130 145,454 164,684 127,156 170,091 \$2,893 \$55,885 72,725 72,7	Planning	5,307,304	4,026,124	4,076,448	4,097,287	4,265,630	4,432,198	4,496,079	5,226,904	5,020,717	5,097,944
Cov.Logy 3,015.07 4,706.17 5,613.03 5,437.03 5,484.37 5,270.419 5 Development 30,12,33 3,506.70 4,706.17 5,067.297 5,313.03 5,437.03 5,484.37 5,270.419 5 200,243 354,061 406.679 409.613 346.680 414,001 141,777 404,789 200,643 183,588 174,560 312,489 215,523 11,70,064 1,831,674 2,033,427 2,300,674 2 10,412,161 9,543,504 6,609,514 7,208,895 7,548,640 8,073,443 7 7,701,899 8,343,814 9 10,412,161 9,756,013 8,771,127 8,086,615 7,535,885 7,535,895 7,532,896 7,480,645 8 10,412,161 9,750,99 82,436 8,648,787 4,985,378 4,988,006 3 10,412,161 9,750,99 82,43,814 9 8,548,816 4,548,045 8	Agriculture	145,130	145,454	164,684	127,156	170,091	52,893	55,585	72,725	62,171	86,449
Development 3,012,735 3,506,706 4,706,217 5,067,297 5,313,030 5,484,357 5,570,419 Development 3,012,735 3,506,706 4,706,217 5,067,297 5,313,030 5,484,357 5,570,419 1820,243 354,061 406,679 409,613 346,680 414,091 141,747 404,789 ood Preservation 1,25,523 1,175,64 1831,674 2,033,427 2,030,624 1,341,674 1,341,747 1,341,640 18,737,443 7,701,899 8,343,814 10,412,161 9,75,6013 8,777,127 8,096,615 7,395,885 7,535,955 7,532,896 7,480,645 1,351,983 3,530,913 4,088,006	Economic Development	691,207								367,208	•
202,543 354,061 406,679 409,613 346,680 414,091 141,747 404,789 and Preservation 5,547,623 5,493,504 6,095,14 7,208,895 7,548,640 8,073,443 7,701,899 8,43,814 10,412,161 9,756,013 8,777,127 8,096,615 7,395,885 7,535,955 7,532,896 7,480,645 7,480,	Convention and Visitor Development	3,012,735	3,506,706	4,706,217	5,067,297	5,313,030	5,437,203	5,484,357	5,270,419	5,904,184	6,620,853
ood Preservation 183.88 174560 312.489 215.523 1,170.944 1,831.674 2,033.427 2,300.624 2.543.543 5,493.504 6,699.54 7,208.895 7,536.640 8073.443 7,701.899 83.43.814 10.412.161 975.039 524.562 508.565 7,395.885 7,532.896 7,480.645 9.75.039 52.492 508.565 7,845.87 498.806 2.55.039 52.492 7,701.899 8,777.127 8,096.615 7,395.885 7,532.896 7,480.645 2.55.039 52.492 7,701.899 8,777.127 8,096.615 7,395.885 7,532.896 7,480.645 2.55.039 52.492 7,701.899 7	Fire	202,543	354,061	406,679	409,613	346,680	414,091	141,747	404,789	413,115	665,923
2,547,623 2,493,504 6,609,514 7,208,895 7,548,640 8,073,443 7,71899 8,543.814 8,777,127 8,096,615 7,395,885 7,535,995 7,480,645 7,480,645 975,039 8,543.814 8,096,615 7,395,885 7,535,995 7,480,645 975,039 8,543.814 8,096,615 7,395,885 7,535,995 7,480,645 8,097,870 8,	Housing and Neighborhood Preservation	183,588	174,560	312,489	215,523	1,170,964	1,831,674	2,033,427	2,300,624	2,427,410	2,841,867
1,431,41	Museums	5,547,623	5,493,504	6,609,514	7,208,895	7,548,640	8,073,443	7,701,899	8,343,814	9,171,646	9,679,208
9/2/103	General Government	10,412,161	9,756,013	8,777,127	8,096,615	7,395,885	7,535,955	7,532,896	7,480,645	6,690,903	6,795,827
	Other Activities		524,362	508,565	20,004,000	497,376	551,983	3,590,913	4,088,006	3,867,123	3,726,144

	3006	3000	2010	2011	2013	2013	2014	2017	2017	2017
Program Revenues (continued)		(O)=		*****	7.07	27.0				
Governmental Activities: (continued)	\$ 127.780.091	\$ 120.000	9 887 132 77	105 5/13 65/1	160 430 851	166 140 177	3 237 753 \$	\$ 62,000 083	\$ 584.087	029 620
Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions	49,387,731									30 325 163
Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues	\$ 291,700,801	344,261,154 \$	310,003,814 \$	308,215,729 \$	299,130,492	309,663,696	356,403,735 \$	301,934,121 \$	312,168,548 \$	299,790,140
Business-type Activities:										
Charges for services:										
Water and Sewer	\$ 97,364,528 \$	95,308,313 \$	\$ 068,895,86	102,398,524 \$	109,200,204 \$	115,160,670 \$	122,079,274 \$	122,609,520 \$	124,303,922 \$	125,124,505
Storm Water	15,728,693	17,559,488	19,285,386	21,321,426	27,841,165	32,721,540	37,087,519	39,048,824	39,522,703	40,164,454
Development Authority						2,630,055	189,011	4,665,161	4,999,007	2,859,707
waste Management	2310150	2 300 301	- 120 007 0	2 2 1 2 2 7 0	- 50T 0T9 C	2 124 711	9000000	45,457,679	3 824 504	53,390,063
Falking Describe and contributions	5,519,108	5 216 550	5,720,174	3,560,248	1306.003	5,154,/11	6,019,220	4,553,524	5,624,504	310 666
Operating grains and contributions Capital grants and contributions	5,002,177	2,442,568	5,222,410	1 877 989	1,500,092	1 945 692	7 507 130	7413.070	8 175 896	6611 382
Total Business-tone Activities Program Revenues	\$ 127,506,252	122 917 319	126 125 500 \$	132 380 466	142 201 541 \$	\$ 899 668 \$	169 742 162	\$ 510,028,126	218 664 941	215 705 808
compositions appropriate trogrammes	7	e Creating the Commercial Commerc	e cocication	200000000000000000000000000000000000000	÷ 110,100,101	the contraction		0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000	÷ 110,000,017	000,000,000
Total Primary Government Program Revenues	\$ 419,207,053 \$	467,178,473 \$	436,129,314 \$	440,596,195 \$	441,332,033 \$	465,256,364 \$	526,145,897 \$	523,754,136 \$	530,833,489 \$	515,495,948
Net (Expenses) Revenues										
Governmental Activities	\$ (796,940,080) \$	(774,163,881) \$	(857,159,538) \$	(799,244,135) \$	(846,153,196) \$	(851,380,319) \$	(834,024,960) \$	(851,583,949) \$	(869,862,786) \$	(947,835,777)
Business-type Activities Total Primary Government Net Expenses	17,188,749 \$ (779,751,331) \$	(761,036,590) \$	(842,400,105) \$	(787,270,636)	22,266,789 (823,886,407) \$	23,010,788 (828,369,531) \$	30,574,660 (803,450,300) \$	30,779,027 (820,804,922) \$	32,486,921 (837,375,865) \$	17,425,543 (930,410,234)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental Articities										
Tayer.										
General Property Taxes -										
Real Estate & Personal Property	\$ 576,420,840 \$	589,973,045 \$	558,423,911 \$	537,521,503 \$	537,843,813 \$	\$ 1950,361 \$	543,960,594 \$	574,064,411 \$	622,389,162 \$	645,972,461
Sales	54,121,980	51,007,274	50,331,672	51,945,150	53,038,789	55,995,114	55,990,140	58,521,297	61,409,466	66,262,790
Utility	42,071,272	47,340,874	46,023,992	47,159,975	43,074,104	46,635,170	42,665,494	44,724,955	40,961,377	48,275,048
Business Licenses	41,834,619	40,919,033	38,204,143	41,183,389	41,205,981	44,671,818	43,657,877	45,155,698	44,956,510	47,143,398
Meal	48,069,618	48,138,128	48,566,456	50,870,246	53,540,559	55,296,252	57,041,072	59,693,981	63,558,427	68,900,065
Lodging	5 020 312	5.477.458	5 141 354	5 312 439	5,624,528	5 365 200	6 247 637	6,001,024	6 953 978	7,032,632
City Tax on Deeds and Wills	8.892.283	6.569.411	6.283.840	5.864.224	6.284.635	7.530.469	6.377.834	7.044.958	7 299 045	7.858.406
Cigarette	11,503,774	13,062,433	11,949,379	12,270,185	12,213,135	11,748,003	12,073,540	12,983,847	10,950,799	12,060,433
Automobile Licenses	8,945,576	8,985,629	8,654,496	9,018,255	8,947,535	10,278,790	9,421,028	9,048,539	10,867,860	11,762,967
Emergency 911 Telephone	7,281,412	5,970								
Other Taxes	9,074,242	8,875,610	9,871,136	10,981,669	10,770,992	11,049,732	10,231,840	11,460,710	13,480,842	10,937,880
Grants and contributions not restricted	53,413,358	53,413,096	53,413,134	67,913,073	53,414,000	53,412,868	35,412,868	33,412,868	23,412,868	23,412,868
Miscellaneous	14,869,671	11.263,325	4,007,799	10,584,154	11.093.317	20,533,875	22,454,268	14,876,713	14,369,406	17,446,147
Transfers		1,915,092	4,450,848	716,322	(1,303,678)	(15,258,704)	(17,580,646)	(15,850,873)	(15,898,147)	(22,611,189)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 921,775,041 \$	917,358,781 \$	878,378,715 \$	877,497,016 \$	870,716,629 \$	885,674,580 \$	875,764,136 \$	913,311,276 \$	971,883,410 \$	1,009,094,068
Business-type Activities: Investment Earnings	\$ 6,003,643 \$	2,820,444 \$	943,565 \$	761,924 \$	264,732 \$	586,174 \$	522,661 \$	660,764 \$	814,880 \$	2,573,657
Miscellaneous		23	•	•	1	•	21	(478,876)	•	•
Transfers	(426,235)	(1,915,092)	(4,450,848)	(716,322)	1,303,678	15,258,704	17,580,646	15,850,873	15,898,147	22,611,189
Total Business-type Activities	\$ 5,577,408 \$	905,375 \$	(3,507,283) \$	45,602 \$	1,568,410 \$	15,844,878 \$	18,103,328 \$	16,032,761 \$	16,713,027 \$	25,184,846
Total Primary Government	\$ 927,352,449 \$	918,264,156	874,871,432 \$	877,542,618	872,285,039 \$	901,519,458	893,867,464 \$	929,344,037 \$	988,596,437 \$	1,034,278,914
Change in Net Position										
Governmental Activities Business-type Activities	\$ 124,834,961 \$ 22.766,157	143,194,900 \$ 14,032,666	21,219,177 \$	78,252,881 \$	24,563,433 \$ 23,835,199	34,294,261 \$ 38,855,666	41,739,176 \$	61,727,327 \$ 46,811.788	102,020,624 \$ 49,199,948	61,258,291 42,610,389
Total Primary Government	\$ 147,601,118 \$	157,227,566 \$	32,471,327 \$	90,271,982 \$	48,398,632 \$	73,149,927 \$	90,417,164 \$	108,539,115 \$	151,220,572 \$	103,868,680
Source: City Department of Finance										
Note: Strategic Growth Area merged with Planning in 2017										

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA
FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(Unaudited)

		2008		2009	2010		2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
General Fund													
Nonspendable	⇔	· ·		· ·	,	8	453,056 \$	\$ 626,339	\$ 81,099 \$	7,482,460 \$	7,093,861 \$	10,937,946	\$ 10,647,511
Restricted		,		,	1		987,701	721,002	892,701	892,701	1,080,998	675,616	2,047,751
Committed		1		1	•		33,756,567	16,397,989	19,310,560	16,616,865	12,299,308	12,299,308	17,299,308
Assigned		,		,	•		41,286,701	69,462,951	65,524,909	50,789,758	46,342,481	54,485,191	69,793,355
Unassigned		,		,	1		113,003,754	103,961,151	102,363,793	96,084,791	97,004,933	107,119,381	118,396,300
Reserved		10,977,275		11,202,854	9,763,249		ı	,	•	1	1	1	
Unreserved		182,087,766	1	152,478,269	169,216,410				'	1	1	1	
Total General Fund	s	193,065,041 \$		163,681,123 \$	178,979,659	s	189,487,779 \$	191,049,432 \$	188,673,062 \$	171,866,575 \$	163,821,581 \$	185,517,442	\$ 218,184,225
All Other Governmental Funds Nonsnendable	€.	1		95	,	95	99	1		·	6453.867	6 488 666	569985
or and an	÷	•	-	÷)			4			000,001,0	
Restricted		•			1		36,583,676	42,910,053	40,032,555	41,303,255	36,878,328	43,568,700	43,971,216
Committed				,	1		205,254,077	337,853,345	302,868,839	321,477,382	337,402,946	357,531,393	336,873,103
Assigned		•		,	1		133,709,715	6,583,170	3,841,898	8,601,614	9,047,083	6,154,607	2,273,180
Unassigned		,		,	•		ı	,	•	(554,019)	(391,769)	,	
Reserved, Reported In:													
All Other Government Funds		81,311,197		96,319,671	102,057,848			1			1	1	
Debt Service Funds		19,006,999		21,216,930	17,251,355		1	•			1	1	
Unreserved, Reported In:											1	1	
Special Revenue Funds		102,397,382		93,673,677	80,861,278		ı	•	•		1	1	
Capital Projects Funds		87,513,646	1	126,587,633	156,110,046								
Total All Other Governmental Funds	S	290,229,224 \$		337,797,911 \$	356,280,527	\$	375,547,468 \$	387,346,568	346,743,292 \$	370,828,232 \$	389,390,455 \$	413,743,366	\$ 388,714,124

Source: City Department of Finance

Note: City Adopted GASB 54 in Fiscal Year 2011



This Page Intentionally Left Blank

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
REVENUES											
Real Estate Taxes	49	499,241,014 \$	\$15,768,880 \$	504,334,961 \$	474,474,648 \$	461,480,333 \$	476,217,120 \$	464,439,667 \$	481,774,192 \$	526,451,909 \$	544,302,460
Personal Property Taxes		128,475,060	123,593,895	113,226,394	119,356,403	73,705,379	74,723,035	78,678,322	90,898,635	95,930,682	100,075,205
Total General Property Taxes		627,716,074	639,362,775	617,561,355	593,831,051	535,185,712	550,940,155	543,117,989	572,672,827	622,382,591	644,377,665
Other Local Taxes:											
General Sales		54,071,427	51,439,533	50,263,545	51,743,905	53,375,318	54,978,531	56,431,418	58,164,569	61,099,407	62,614,614
Utility		42,071,272	45,764,804	46,662,622	45,129,301	45,254,169	44,623,292	44,050,182	43,308,157	42,658,906	44,829,994
Business Licenses		41,801,475	41,047,807	38,092,610	41,281,806	41,129,895	44,224,356	44,027,381	44,586,110	45,301,911	47,009,925
Franchise Taxes-Cox Communications		5,487,236	5,891,384	6,256,632	6,827,422	6,962,320	7,192,940	7,531,593	7,939,584	8,115,171	5,163,159
Automobile Licenses		8,945,576	8,962,613	8,654,625	9,018,142	8,970,535	9,437,635	9,346,971	9,225,176	10,862,073	11,189,995
Bank Stock		2,261,296	2,071,296	2,667,046	3,029,323	2,615,883	2,354,647	2,151,058	2,739,645	3,023,394	3,100,922
City Tax on Deeds		8,803,558	6,492,325	6,218,098	5,796,601	6,203,751	7,458,847	6,297,952	6,970,299	7,222,757	7,755,788
City Tax on Wills		88,725	77,086	65,742	67,623	80,884	71,622	79,882	74,659	76,288	102,618
Cigarette		11,503,774	11,786,853	12,468,847	12,063,516	12,182,212	11,953,020	11,693,536	13,707,486	10,164,199	11,906,282
Amusement		5,020,312	5,422,767	5,226,534	5,314,873	5,472,204	5,482,948	6,015,026	5,902,807	7,034,792	6,811,740
Hotel Taxes		23,623,107	22,955,423	22,801,413	24,169,996	25,003,788	26,049,027	26,643,369	27,914,212	29,780,108	29,196,087
Restaurant Meals		48,069,618	48,304,462	48,442,376	50,594,181	53,254,313	55,122,465	56,872,794	59,968,375	63,437,485	65,207,699
Transient Occupancy Taxes		861,559	920,264	934,382	1,122,301	1,106,769	1,178,742	761,557	771,695	815,025	3,609,510
Total Other Local Taxes		260,197,924	251,136,617	248,754,472	256,158,990	261,612,041	270,128,072	271,902,719	281,272,774	289,591,516	298,498,333
Fines and Forfeitures		6,155,497	5,772,731	6,733,769	7,432,059	6,821,979	6,902,298	5,443,331	7,359,085	6,417,007	5,507,315
Permits, Privilege Fees, and Regulatory Licenses		5,008,807	4,158,778	4,222,376	3,824,168	4,239,786	4,222,312	6,312,079	5,138,080	4,922,398	5,250,146
From Use of Money and Property		23,872,972	13,223,279	9,841,835	7,582,471	15,495,687	8,486,602	9,281,953	9,706,351	15,856,367	8,910,323
Charges for Services		35,704,240	35,136,062	55,897,422	61,278,029	68,489,147	85,837,389	110,064,203	72,565,586	70,998,949	71,800,886
Miscellaneous		11,207,659	15,871,120	17,701,348	15,255,086	15,900,634	25,744,605	18,041,512	11,935,463	11,148,714	13,723,105
Sale of Property				10,000	15,000						•
From Other Local Governments		2,922,656	440,526	447,717	14,921,907	247,709	2,595,294	98,153	49,077	•	1
From Commonwealth		133,829,900	137,486,037	126,848,945	137,844,448	183,494,275	176,215,187	178,507,205	199,209,892	216,035,262	204,502,438
From Federal Government		62,879,529	72,236,638	109,971,236	81,029,447	73,006,854	64,423,364	59,113,705	65,227,667	57,728,271	56,119,173
Total Revenues	€9	1,169,495,258 \$	1,174,824,563 \$	1,197,990,475 \$	1,179,172,656 \$	1,164,493,824 \$	1,195,495,278 \$	1,201,882,849 \$	1,225,136,802 \$	1,295,081,075 \$	1,308,689,384
EXPENDITURES											
Legislative	\$	1,184,474 \$	1,229,876 \$	1,099,021 \$	1,104,591 \$	1,078,747 \$	1,298,568 \$	1,184,883 \$	1,208,704 \$	1,233,934 \$	1,173,001
Executive		3,626,970	3,416,589	2,958,372	2,563,372	2,697,088	2,605,143	2,528,002	2,615,031	3,998,371	4,093,880
Law		3,718,122	3,645,426	3,526,957	3,576,615	3,640,226	3,697,386	3,913,804	3,919,348	4,022,217	3,969,488
Finance		16,554,091	16,554,774	16,263,353	15,804,138	16,600,949	16,993,124	17,367,222	17,815,815	18,062,607	18,207,252
Human Resources		13,417,794	12,899,532	8,475,233	8,229,652	9,010,045	9,924,243	10,416,987	11,174,602	11,914,851	11,245,572
Judicial		49,170,602	50,058,319	48,360,575	49,040,448	51,006,576	53,276,187	55,458,238	55,398,991	58,516,561	61,187,703
Health		3,232,255	3,071,005	2,981,771	2,934,899	2,926,650	2,866,304	3,113,772	3,213,191	3,177,862	3,376,761

1	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
EXPENDITURES (continued)					1					
Police \$	88,122,541 \$	\$ 88,039,838 \$	84,330,028 \$	85,654,990 \$	87,210,424 \$	91,048,023 \$	95,036,357 \$	94,259,577 \$	95,179,158 \$	97,550,859
Human Services	108,245,640	114,982,315	119,705,569	113,422,755	111,828,043	109,136,160	110,005,531	112,506,829	112,944,110	115,193,857
Public Works	81,007,280	90,598,946	88,729,538	90,570,064	99,611,309	103,023,351	104,583,810	63,701,224	66,744,291	73,368,698
Parks and Recreation	42,119,693	42,360,029	41,975,161	40,087,300	42,677,953	45,253,417	48,891,417	46,973,301	43,265,384	43,768,393
Library	16,059,880	15,652,089	15,995,471	15,442,912	15,475,052	16,033,907	17,381,850	17,618,171	17,368,746	17,615,908
Planning	10,331,341	10,162,875	10,071,875	9,324,289	9,379,626	9,289,151	9,291,336	9,874,195	9,741,864	10,993,105
Agriculture	930,862	1,052,844	931,377	2,837,146	2,958,894	3,040,599	3,389,546	3,503,327	1,468,560	4,607,650
Economic Development	2,145,140	2,656,922	2,243,759	2,007,505	2,210,063	2,343,970	3,018,382	3,037,408	3,949,271	3,749,275
Convention and Visitor Development	25,441,881	25,300,454	26,187,264	23,994,441	50,515,866	51,583,205	52,048,685	50,793,408	26,306,456	27,050,391
Information Technology	19,118,141	29,111,294	21,205,694	19,371,700	20,992,614	22,348,352	22,249,372	22,008,128	20,463,895	22,132,288
Emergency Communications and Citizen Services	•	•	8,286,906	8,233,437	8,644,135	8,585,726	9,033,409	8,985,752	8,609,489	8,859,237
Boards and Commissions	31,381,050	30,920,448	30,304,486	34,454,560	34,730,107	33,495,194	34,742,684	35,603,080	35,367,590	60,714,680
Fire	43,471,843	43,181,025	43,691,716	43,756,960	44,898,737	45,434,088	47,774,858	49,212,062	51,237,605	55,117,288
Management Services	3,676,965	3,579,581	3,854,542	1,484,095	1,471,547	1,595,914	1,481,262	1,526,664	1,485,496	1,409,775
Development Authority	•	•	,	•	•	55,539	736,650	400,429	,	55,008
Education	345,208,610	387,081,807	381,426,817	350,272,315	399,636,831	364,589,660	382,971,859	372,506,081	388,092,326	407,548,658
Housing and Neighborhood Preservation	23,140,526	23,025,859	23,244,412	25,578,349	25,057,346	27,088,836	26,138,828	26,490,648	26,550,331	28,246,526
Museums	7,829,887	8,158,942	8,463,702	8,805,116	9,430,030	9,542,960	10,225,773	11,435,283	11,140,739	10,961,337
General Government	11,114,894	7,483,531	3,625,500	1,830,932	8,293,239	8,014,133	7,489,469	11,482,238	2,566,531	2,331,474
Emergency Medical Service	7,265,956	7,155,505	7,552,298	7,590,345	8,302,029	8,501,568	096'005'6	9,508,751	10,111,253	11,405,734
Strategic Growth Area	•	•	•		1,011,323	940,819	1,223,232	1,136,261	746,889	•
Capital Outlay	175,645,583	107,225,640	125,455,464	152,439,078	134,374,158	132,201,426	142,572,128	180,758,500	148,425,984	75,596,098
Debt Service:										
Principal Retirement	65,114,538	72,662,009	76,488,392	80,413,257	28,759,234	59,341,275	58,392,964	61,522,444	86,698,132	88,609,860
Interest and Fiscal Charges	45,750,215	48,401,666	47,082,762	43,141,572	16,496,683	31,147,744	29,114,205	32,248,023	45,188,801	46,498,278
Total Expenditures \$	3 1,244,026,774 \$	1,247,669,140 \$	1,254,518,015 \$	1,243,966,833 \$	1,250,925,524 \$	1,274,295,972 \$	1,321,277,475 \$	1,322,437,466 \$	1,314,579,304 \$	1,316,638,034
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues										
over (under) Expenditures	3 (74,531,516) \$	(72,844,577) \$	(56,527,540) \$	(64,794,177) \$	(86,431,700) \$	(78,800,694) \$	(119,394,626) \$	(97,300,664) \$	(19,498,229) \$	(7,948,650)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers In \$	\$ 278,337,221 \$	329,930,834 \$	286,072,732 \$	225,159,580 \$	79,048,006 \$	134,706,391 \$	131,854,570 \$	142,195,756 \$	151,503,513 \$	153,805,994
Transfers Out	(277,520,986)	(324,543,593)	(282,833,185)	(232,016,209)	(80,346,618)	(149,713,095)	(130,979,095)	(144,189,251)	(156,245,123)	(166,095,354)
Agriculture Reserve Agreement							270,504	344,842	565,264	3,728,464
Issuance of Debt	141,625,000	78,350,705	321,110,000	94,875,000	118,596	83,640,000	111,248,370	99,540,000	111,685,000	21,225,000
Premium on Refunding Bonds	2,616,503									•
Premium on Bonds Sold	4,065,030	4,384,080	34,379,078	6,600,690	132,850,000	7,342,754	16,096,112	29,213,786	13,623,894	2,922,087
Proceeds of Refunding Bonds						•	20,320,000	91,415,000		
Increase (Decrease) in Treasury Strips				(49,823)	23,194,107	(2,225,854)				•
Payment to Refunding Bonds Escrow Agent	(54,078,461)		(267,419,933)		(55,071,638)	(37,929,148)	(22,353,602)	(109,664,176)	(55,585,547)	•
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$ 95,044,307 \$	88,122,026 \$	91,308,692 \$	94,569,238 \$	99,792,453 \$	35,821,048 \$	126,456,859 \$	108,855,957 \$	65,547,001 \$	15,586,191
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ 20,512,791 \$	15,277,449 \$	34,781,152 \$	29,775,061 \$	13,360,753 \$	(42,979,646) \$	7,062,233 \$	11,555,293 \$	46,048,772 \$	7,637,541
Parke Comitor on Demonstrate of Montanital Descending	10.40	70 9 01	700 01	11 207	A 102	700 £	7 400	7000	71 307	200 01
Debt Service as a Percentage of Noncapital Expenditures		10.6%	10.9%	11.3%	4.1%	%6.7	7.4%	8.7.8	11.3%	10.9%

Source: City Department of Finance

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TAX REVENUE BY SOURCE

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

		2008		2009		2010		2011	2012		2013		2014	2015	2016	2017
City Taxes																
Real Estate	↔	499,776,925 \$		515,768,880	\$ 5(504,334,961 \$	\$	474,474,648 \$	461,480,333	476,2	476,217,120 \$	4	464,439,667	481,774,192 \$	526,451,909 \$	544,302,460
Personal Property		75,062,192		70,181,027		59,813,526		65,943,535	73,705,379	7	74,723,035	•	78,678,322	90,898,635	95,930,682	100,075,205
General Sales		54,071,427		51,439,533	••	50,263,545	-	51,743,905	53,375,318	S	54,978,531	.,	56,431,418	58,164,569	61,099,407	62,614,614
Utility		49,660,261		45,764,804	4	46,662,622		45,129,301	45,254,169	4	44,623,292	*	44,050,182	43,308,157	42,658,906	44,829,994
Business Licenses		41,801,475		41,047,807		38,092,610		41,281,806	41,129,895	4	44,224,356	4	44,027,381	44,586,110	45,301,911	47,009,925
Franchise Taxes		5,487,236		5,891,384		6,256,632		6,827,422	6,962,320		7,192,940		7,531,593	7,939,584	8,115,171	5,163,159
Automobile Licenses		8,945,576		8,962,613		8,654,625		9,018,142	8,970,535		9,437,635		9,346,971	9,225,176	10,862,073	11,189,995
Bank Stock		2,261,296		2,071,296		2,667,046		3,029,323	2,615,883		2,354,647		2,151,058	2,739,645	3,023,394	3,100,922
City Tax on Deeds		8,803,558		6,492,325		6,218,098		5,796,601	6,203,751		7,458,847		6,297,952	6,970,299	7,222,757	7,755,788
City Tax on Wills		88,725		77,086		65,742		67,623	80,884		71,622		79,882	74,659	76,288	102,618
Cigarette		11,503,774		11,786,853		12,468,847		12,063,516	12,182,212	1	11,953,020		11,693,536	13,707,486	10,164,199	11,906,282
Amusement		5,020,312		5,422,767		5,226,534		5,314,873	5,472,204		5,482,948		6,015,026	5,902,807	7,044,913	6,811,740
Hotel Taxes		24,844,666		23,875,687	. •	23,735,795	•	25,292,297	26,110,557	2	27,227,769	. •	27,404,926	28,685,907	30,595,133	32,805,597
Restaurant Meals		48,069,618		48,304,462	7	48,442,376		50,594,181	53,254,313	5	55,122,465	.,	56,872,794	59,968,375	63,437,485	65,207,699
Total	↔	835,397,041	\$	837,086,524	\$	812,902,959 \$	2	796,577,173 \$	796,797,753	\$ 82	821,068,227 \$	8	815,020,708 \$	853,945,601 \$	911,984,228 \$	942,875,998

Source: City Department of Finance

Note: Franchise Taxes are represented by Cox Communications

Hotel Taxes include Transient Occupancy Taxes

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA
ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY
Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Unaudited)

		Real Property		Total Taxable		Personal Property	erty		Total Taxable		Estimated	Assessed Value
Fiscal		Assessed Value		Real Property	Direct Tax	Assessed Value	lue		Personal Property	Direct Tax	Actual	as a Percentage
Year	Residential	Commercial	Public Service*	Assessed Value	Rate	Residential	Commercial	Public Service	Assessed Value	Rate	Taxable Value	of Actual Value
2008 \$	47,862,927,769 \$	7,283,463,230 \$	646,207,801 \$	\$5,792,598,800 \$	\$ 0068.0	3,260,237,123 \$	892,229,360 \$	1,697,444 \$	4,154,163,927 \$	3.7000 \$	59,946,762,727	100.0%
2009	48,889,366,712	7,877,386,575	806,244,930	57,572,998,217	0.8900	2,807,028,410	905,268,622	1,645,454	3,713,942,486	3.7000	61,286,940,703	100.0%
2010	47,128,334,239	8,251,639,426	888,797,410	56,268,771,075	0.8900	2,860,711,763	751,063,121	1,431,722	3,613,206,606	3.7000	59,881,977,681	100.0%
2011	43,967,169,845	8,008,231,601	926,192,535	52,901,593,981	0.8900	3,105,575,058	972,520,233	1,317,211	4,079,412,502	3.7000	56,981,006,483	100.0%
2012	42,582,797,354	7,925,225,472	937,565,594	51,445,588,420	0.8900	3,225,216,284	1,079,909,616	761,493	4,305,887,393	3.7000	55,751,475,813	100.0%
2013	40,815,993,416	8,036,001,242	929,117,285	49,781,111,943	0.9500	3,306,948,272	942,744,260	725,885	4,250,418,417	3.7000	54,031,530,360	100.0%
2014	40,590,297,065	8,147,317,125	888,427,995	49,626,042,185	0.9300	3,362,985,338	971,033,585	622,805	4,334,641,728	3.7000	53,960,683,913	100.0%
2015	42,110,642,755	8,466,636,425	873,940,844	51,451,220,024	0.9300	3,446,918,395	1,122,915,183	1,555,727	4,571,389,305	4.0000	56,022,609,329	100.0%
2016	43,302,214,028	8,714,160,476	893,717,743	52,910,092,247	0.9900	3,552,544,174	1,029,515,444	1,762,202	4,583,821,820	4.0000	57,493,914,067	100.0%
2017	45,017,777,981	8,822,768,056	943,063,814	54,783,609,851	0.9900	3,612,948,282	1,079,435,074	2,030,566	4,694,413,922	4.0000	59,478,023,773	100.0%

Office of Real Estate Assessor Sources:

Commissioner of the Revenue

City Adopted Resource Management Plan

Notes:

1 - The City is the only entity with local taxing authority within its boundaries.
2 - See Table 7 for revenue rates
* The assessed value includes Public Service Personal Property taxed at the same rate as Real Estate

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA
REVENUE RATES FOR REAL ESTATE AND FOR PERSONAL PROPERTY
LOG TO THE PROPERTY

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

		Additional	Additional	Additional	Additional	Additional	Additional	Additional	Additional	Additional	
	Base	Real Property	Real Property	Real Property	Real Property	Real Property	Real Property	Real Property	Real Property	Real Property	Personal
Fiscal	Real Property	Tax Rate	Tax Rate	Tax Rate	Tax Rate	Tax Rate	Tax Rate	Tax Rate	Tax Rate	Tax Rate	Property Tax
Year	Tax Rate	Sandbridge SSD	Town Center SSD	Old Donation SSD	Bayville Creek SSD	Shadowlawn SSD	Chesopeian SSD	Harbor Point SSD	Gills Cove SSD	Hurds Cove SSD	Rate
2008	0.8900	0.0900	0.5000			•	,	,			3.7000
2009	0.8900	0.0600	0.4500								3.7000
2010	0.8900	0.0600	0.4500	,	,				,	,	3.7000
2011	0.8900	0.0600	0.4500	,	,	,	,	•	,	,	3.7000
2012	0.8900	0.0600	0.4500	0.1840	,	,	,	•	,	,	3.7000
2013	0.9500	0.0600	0.4500	0.1840	0.3630	,	•	•	,	,	3.7000
2014	0.9300	0.0600	0.4500	0.1840	0.3630	0.1594	,	,	,	,	3.7000
2015	0.9300	0.0600	0.4500	0.1840	0.3630	0.1594	0.2913	0.0790	0.0630	ı	4.0000
2016	0.9900	0.0600	0.4500	0.1840	0.3630	0.1594	0.2913	0.0790	0.0630	0.4380	4.0000
2017	0.9900	0.0600	0.4500	0.1840	0.3630	0.1594	0.2913	0.0790	0.0630	0.4380	4.0000
				Real Property Total Direct Tax Rate	l Direct Tax Rate						
Fiscal		Sandbridge SSD	Town Center SSD	Old Donation SSD	Bayville Creek SSD	Shadowlawn SSD	Chesopeian SSD	Harbor Point SSD	Gills Cove SSD	Hurds Cove SSD	
Year	Regular	Residents	Residents	Residents	Residents	Residents	Residents	Residents	Residents	Residents	
3008	0008	00500	1 3000	0008	00080	0008 0	008.0	0008.0	00080	0008	
2009	0.8900	0.9500	1.3400	0.8900	0.8900	0.8900	0.8900	0.8900	0.8900	0.8900	
2010	0.8900	0.9500	1.3400	0.8900	0.8900	0.8900	0.8900	0.8900	0.8900	0.8900	
2011	0.8900	0.9500	1.3400	0.8900	0.8900	0.8900	0.8900	0.8900	0.8900	0.8900	
2012	0.8900	0.9500	1.3400	1.0740	0.8900	0.8900	0.8900	0.8900	0.8900	0.8900	
2013	0.9500	1.0100	1.4000	1.1340	1.3130	0.9500	0.9500	0.9500	0.9500	0.9500	
2014	0.9300	0.9900	1.3800	1.1140	1.2930	1.0894	0.9300	0.9300	0.9300	0.9300	
2015	0.9300	0.9900	1.3800	1.1140	1.2930	1.0894	1.2213	1.0090	0.9930	0.9300	
2016	0.9900	1.0500	1.4400	1.1740	1.3530	1.1494	1.2813	1.0690	1.0530	1.4280	
2017	0.9900	1.0500	1.4400	1.1740	1.3530	1.1494	1.2813	1.0690	1.0530	1.4280	

Source: City Adopted Resource Management Plan

Notes: 1 - The City is the only entity with local taxing authority within its boundaries.

^{2 -} Real Property Tax Rate is applied to Real Estate such as land and buildings.

^{3 -} Personal Property Tax Rate is applied to personal property such as automobiles and equipment.

^{4 -} The tax bases are mutually exclusive.

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS

Current Year and Nine Years Ago (Unaudited)

		Real Property Assessed Value	Percent of Total Real Property Assessed Value	Rank		Real Property Assessed Value	Percent of Total Real Property Assessed Value	Rank
			2017			20	008	
Armada Hoffler	\$	373,315,300	0.57 %	1	\$	314,222,700	0.68 %	1
Ramon W. Breeden, Jr.	Ф	354,406,300	0.54	2	Ф	224,816,538	0.49	5
Virginia Electric & Power Company		350,475,577	0.54	3		228,591,490	0.50	4
Lynnhaven Mall LLC		297,491,200	0.46	4		307,053,500	0.67	2
E. D. & A. F. Ruffin & B. L. Thompson		279,020,100	0.43	5		230,688,553	0.50	3
J. M., R.J.F., A.D. & L.E. Caplan		273,951,600	0.43	6		230,088,333	-	3
Pembroke Square Assoc.		193,027,100	0.42	7		209,748,228	0.46	6
Verizon Virginia, Inc.		170,066,425	0.26	8		190,194,201	0.41	7
Christian Broadcasting Assoc./Net, Inc.		149,949,700	0.23	9		144,069,900	0.31	10
Cheryl P. McLeskey		144,580,900	0.22	10		132,816,147	0.29	12
Thomas J. Lyons, Jr.		140,923,300	0.22	11		105,002,900	0.23	15
Lake Gem		119,831,000	0.18	12		115,921,000	0.25	13
Watergate Treehouse Associates LP		114,317,500	0.18	13		97,078,200	0.21	17
Aimco Maple Bay & Aimco Reflections LLC		100,183,100	0.15	15		-	-	_
Westminster Canterbury		97,701,600	0.15	14		105,584,600	0.23	14
Windsor Lake & Shoreline Apartments LLC.		97,336,100	0.15	16		66,222,300	0.14	21
Potter Properties		94,475,100	0.14	17		90,070,041	0.20	18
Virginia Natural Gas		92,538,234	0.14	18		52,575,106	0.11	23
Wal Mart Real Estate Business Trust		91,346,600	0.14	19		-	-	_
Inland Diversified Virginia Beach Landstown LLC		78,144,000	0.12	20		_	-	_
Atlantic Shores Cooperative		75,457,900	0.12	21		145,010,140	0.31	9
Sifen, Michael D.		67,877,500	0.10	22		75,799,382	0.16	20
Occidental Development, Ltd.		65,550,000	0.10	23		62,059,300	0.13	22
BBR/Marina Shores LLC		49,397,600	0.08	24		-	-	-
Latitudes LLC		46,242,100	0.07	25		-	-	-
CLPF Town Square LP		-	-	-		43,508,700	0.09	24
Gale M. Levine		-	-	-		88,519,400	0.19	19
Kemp River & Bonneys Corner Associates		-	-	-		139,081,200	0.30	11
Mountain Ventures Virginia Beach LLC		-	-	-		50,044,200	0.11	25
Sandler Development at Towne, etc.		-	-	-		164,492,714	0.36	8
Tidewater Oxford Ltd Partnership			-	-		101,483,900	0.22	16
Totals	\$	3,917,605,836	6.01 %		\$	3,484,654,340	7.55 %	

Sources: Office of Real Estate Assessor Commissioner of the Revenue

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	Total	Total		Collected w			Collections		Total Collecti	ons to Date
Fiscal	Real Estate	Personal Property			Percentage		in Subsequent			Percentage
Year	Tax Levy 1	Tax Levy 1		Amount	of Levy		Years		Amount	of Levy
2000	Ф 402 625 224	Ф 70.400.005	ф	527 526 140	05.6.0	Ф	20.710.540	ф	550.245.600	00.2.0/
2008	\$ 483,635,234	\$ 78,409,095	\$	537,526,149	95.6 %	\$	20,719,540	\$	558,245,689	99.3 %
2009	497,742,524	72,839,545		547,934,162	96.0		19,571,362		567,505,524	99.5
2010	485,659,493	60,469,997		526,040,648	96.3		17,082,666		543,123,314	99.4
2011	456,029,699	67,556,570		504,769,073	96.4		15,108,438		519,877,511	99.3
2012	443,160,075	79,426,777		501,282,299	95.9		15,740,663		517,022,962	98.9
2013	457,287,081	79,331,585		516,542,429	96.3		15,920,597		532,463,026	99.2
2014	446,015,531	81,020,900		509,339,982	96.6		15,189,025		524,529,007	99.5
2015	463,184,807	95,236,086		537,056,367	96.2		15,421,100		552,477,467	98.9
2016	510,528,757	102,577,135		589,411,524	96.1		13,092,961		602,504,485	98.3
2017	528,410,384	106,583,082		609,085,906	95.9		-		609,085,906	95.9

Source: City Department of Finance

Note: Collections in subsequent years represents delinquent accounts collected during the course of the fiscal year for all prior fiscal years.

(1) Includes both Real and Personal Property and Public Service.

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA
RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(Unaudited)

			Gover	Governmental Activities	St			B	Business Type Activities				
													Ratio of Net
		State	Public	Obligations								Net	Debt Per Capita
	General	Literary	Facility	Under	Certificates	Williams	Agriculture	Virginia Beach	General		Total	Debt	to Per Capita
Fiscal	Obligation	Fund	Revenue	Capital	Jo	Farm	Reserve	Development	Obligation	Revenue	Primary	Per	Personal
Year	Bonds	Loans	Bonds	Leases	Participation	Property	Program	Authority (5)	Bonds	Bonds	Government(1)	Capita (2)	Income (3)
2008	597,155,459 \$	8,676,546 \$	269,380,000		\$ 5,155,000	\$ 2,337,500 \$	3 26,807,090	\$ 87,450,000 \$	3, 2,406,137 \$	135,598,356	\$ 1,134,966,088	\$ 2,234	4.8%
5009	621,800,655	7,620,046	257,075,000	•	2,645,000	1,912,500	30,534,384	84,790,000	1,900,038	130,405,780	1,138,683,403	2,244	4.9%
2010	630,203,763	6,563,546	261,265,000	•	•	1,487,500	32,093,435	83,445,000	1,393,938	192,644,719	1,209,096,901	2,256	4.9%
2011	668,552,006	5,507,046	242,545,000	•	•	1,062,500	38,365,512	79,760,000	962,470	206,613,629	1,243,368,163	2,271	4.7%
2012 (4)	727,274,597	4,750,000	281,315,118	•	•	637,500	38,799,844	81,434,386	528,450	203,108,752	1,337,848,647	2,244	4.4%
2013 (4)	686,544,346	4,125,000	283,928,041	•	•	212,500	41,193,588	77,990,571	222,016	194,536,062	1,288,752,124	2,162	4.3%
2014 (4)	720,118,515	3,500,000	290,013,866	•	•	•	41,464,092	93,124,312		232,774,217	1,380,995,002	2,256	4.4%
2015 (4)	716,612,342	2,875,000	320,169,585	•	•	,	41,808,934	85,183,901	,	246,792,383	1,413,442,145	2,258	4.4%
2016 (4)	721,310,401	2,250,000	294,372,839		•		42,374,198	78,760,588		283,555,487	1,422,623,513	2,195	4.2%
2017 (4)	655,854,925	1.875,000	288,582,663				46,102,662	71.945.485		272,759,201	1,337,119,936	2.034	3.8%

Source: City Department of Finance

(1) Total Primary Government Debt for PY 2007-2011 excludes 1998 Social Services Lease Revenue Bond, as it is Virginia Beach Development Authority debt service. This revenue bond was paid off in PY 2012. Notes:

(2) For calculation of Net Debt Per Capita, the population is per Table 15. In addition, Net Debt Per Capita excludes Double Barrel & Revenue Bonds. Agriculture Reserve, and the premiums included in this table presentation.

(3) For calculation of Debt Per Capita to Per Capita Personal Income, the per Capital Personal Income information is per Table 15.

(4) Fiscal Years 2012-2017 have been adjusted to reflect the related unamortized premium. Detailed premium info for prior years was unavailable and therefore not adjusted.

(5) Includes balances of VBDA Note Payable secured by a surery agreement provided by Town Center Associates, L.L.C. for FPY 2013 AND FY 2014. Note was paid off during FY15.

FY 17 Premium detail and reconciliation to Note 6A1 & 6A2:

	7	ary tent(1)	1,227,720,331	109,399,605	1,337,119,936	903,084,538	89,330,712	324,635,793	20,068,893	
	Total	Primary Government(1	1,227,	109	1,337,	903	68	324,	20	
		Ŭ	> >		s> I	₩,				1
	Total	Business Activity	324,635,793	20,068,893	344,704,686					
			\$		≶					•
	Total	Governmental Activity	903,084,538	89,330,712	992,415,250	total per 6A1		Self/Tax Supported Debt subtotal per 6A2		
			> >		s>	ebt suk	=	ed De	2	
	Agriculture	Reserve Program	46,102,662	,	46,102,662	Tax Supported Debt subtotal per 6A1	Premiums per 6A1	elf/Tax Support	Premiums per 6A2	
	7				∽	Н	Д	S	Д	
Governmental Activities	Public Facility	Revenue Bonds	261,335,212 \$	27,247,451	288,582,663					
nmer			> >		s>					
Gover	State Literary	Fund Loans	1,875,000	,	1,875,000					
			↔		∻					
	General	Obligation Bonds	\$93,771,664 \$	62,083,261	655,854,925					
			\$		<i>\$</i>					
			Principal	Premium	Total					

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING GENERAL BONDED DEBT BY TYPE Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

				State					Percentage of		
		General		Literary		Appropriation			Estimated Actual		Net
Fiscal		Obligation		Fund		Backed			Full Value of		Debt
Year		Bonds (1)		Loans (1)		Debt (2)		Total	Property (3)	P	Per Capita (4)
2008	\$	599,561,596	\$	8,676,546	\$	364,322,500	\$	972,560,642	1.6%	\$	2,234
2009	T	623,700,693	,	7,620,046	7	346,422,500	7	977,743,239	1.6%	_	2,244
2010		631,597,701		6,563,546		346,197,500		984,358,747	1.6%		2,256
2011		669,514,476		5,507,046		323,367,500		998,389,022	1.8%		2,271
2012	(5)	727,803,047		4,750,000		363,387,004		1,095,940,051	2.0%		2,244
2013	(5)	686,766,362		4,125,000		361,183,173		1,052,074,535	1.9%		2,162
2014	(5)	720,118,515		3,500,000		382,190,239		1,105,808,754	2.0%		2,256
2015	(5)	716,612,342		2,875,000		405,725,325		1,125,212,667	2.0%		2,258
2016	(5)	721,310,401		2,250,000		373,133,427		1,096,693,828	1.9%		2,195
2017	(5)	655,854,925		1,875,000		360,528,148		1,018,258,073	1.7%		2,034

- (1) Per Table 10
- (2) Includes all Governmental Public Facility Revenue Bonds, Capital Leases, COP's, Williams Farm, and Business Type Virginia Beach Development Authority as per Table 10.
- (3) Actual Full Value of property is from Table 6.
- (4) Population is from Table 15. Computation of Net Debt Per Capita is net of premiums and discounts in the above numbers.
- (5) Fiscal Year 2012-2017 have been adjusted to reflect the related unamortized premium. Detailed premium information for prior years was unavailable and therefore not adjusted.

LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Debt Limit	\$ 5,579,429,624	\$ 5,757,464,367	\$ 5,627,020,280	\$ 5,290,291,119	\$ 5,144,671,623	\$ 4,978,183,783	\$ 4,962,666,499	\$ 5,145,277,575	\$ 5,579,429,624 \$ 5,757,464,367 \$ 5,627,020,280 \$ 5,290,291,119 \$ 5,144,671,623 \$ 4,978,183,783 \$ 4,962,666,499 \$ 5,145,277,575 \$ 5,291,185,445 \$ 5,478,360,985	\$ 5,478,360,985
Total Net Debt Applicable to limit	635,045,232	661,855,123	670,254,683	713,387,034	716,177,198	869,988,698	712,384,323	697,079,775	697,520,721	641,749,326
Legal Debt Margin	\$ 4,944,384,392	\$ 4,944,384,392 \$ 5,095,609,244 \$ 4,956,765,597	\$ 4,956,765,597	\$ 4,576,904,085		\$ 4,292,195,085	\$ 4,250,282,176	\$ 4,448,197,800	\$ 4,428,494,425 \$ 4,292,195,085 \$ 4,250,282,176 \$ 4,448,197,800 \$ 4,593,664,724 \$ 4,836,611,659	\$ 4,836,611,659
Total Net Debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	11.38%	11.50%	11.91%	13.48%	13.92%	13.78%	14.35%	13.55%	13.18%	11.71%
					l		Legal Debt Mar	Legal Debt Margin Calculation For Fiscal Year 2017	Fiscal Year 2017	

Legal Debt Margin Calculation For Fiscal Year 2017	
Assessed Value of Real Property (Taxable):	
Regular	\$ 53,840,546,037
Public Service (excluding vehicle assessments)	943,063,814
Total Assessed Value of Real Property	\$ 54,783,609,851
Debt limit (10% of Total Assessed Value)	\$ 5,478,360,985
Total Net Debt Applicable to limit	641,749,326
Legal Debt Margin	\$ 4,836,611,659

The following sources were used in compiling the above information: Sources:

City Department of Finance

Virginia Sate Corporation Commission, Public Service Corporations Report Real and Personal Property Assessment

Note: Under state law, the City's outstanding general obligation debt should not exceed 10% of total assessed property value. However, the City has

• The total annual debt service for general government supported debt will not exceed 10% of general government expenditures (excluding interfund transfers). established financial affordability indicators in addition to keeping debt per capita at \$3,000 or less. The affordability indicators are as follows:

• The City's overall net debt will not exceed 3.5% of the estimated full value of taxable real property.

 $\bullet~$ The City's overall net debt per capita will not exceed $\$3,\!000.$

• The City's overall net debt per capita shall not exceed 6.5% of per capita personal income.

Total net debt applicable to limit is tax supported debt, which includes General Obligation Bonds, State Literary Fund debt for Public Schools, and Agricultural Reserve Program installment purchase agreements. Assessed value of real property based on data from Table 6; the assessed value is based on June 30th of each fiscal year including supplements and exonerations.

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

			Wat	er aı	nd Sewer Doubl	e Baı	rel and Revenu	e Bo	nds		
Fiscal	_	Water and Sewer Charges	Less: Operating		Net Available				Debt Service		
Year		and Other	Expenses		Revenue		Principal		Interest(1)	Total	Coverage
2008	\$	102,003,685	\$ 70,253,344	\$	31,750,341	\$	4,880,568	\$	5,941,524	\$ 10,822,092	2.94
2009		97,503,949	70,074,154		27,429,795		4,897,576		5,757,570	10,655,146	2.58
2010		99,220,386	71,176,936		28,043,450		5,171,061		5,561,539	10,732,600	2.62
2011		102,819,740	74,439,073		28,380,667		5,811,090		6,382,454	12,193,544	2.33
2012		109,514,875	72,319,602		37,195,273		7,022,735		6,959,920	13,982,655	2.66
2013		115,249,243	73,834,321		41,414,922		7,251,071		6,697,692	13,948,763	2.97
2014		121,766,102	72,145,813		49,620,289		7,796,175		7,231,505	15,027,680	3.30
2015		127,007,164	75,396,537		51,610,627		9,083,131		8,091,897	17,175,028	3.00
2016		128,045,227	73,930,294		54,114,933		9,371,805		8,202,712	17,574,517	3.08

7,812,706

7,808,592

15,621,298

3.69

(1) Includes Bank Charges. Amounts shown for 2011-2017 are net of federal subsidy.

72,814,216

Source: City Department of Finance

130,403,502

2017

Note: Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds are obligations of the City, payable solely from pledged revenues of the System (Water and Sewer Fund), subject to the prior application thereof to the payment of Operating Expenses. The City will fix, charge, collect and revise its fees, rates and other charges for the use of and for the services furnished by the system so as to produce revenues sufficient to meet its cash requirements each fiscal year.

57,589,286

Coverage: The Master Water and Sewer Revenue Bond Resolution, Section 601, states that the City shall fix, charge and collect such rates, fees, and other charges for the use of and for the services furnished by the system and shall from time to time and as often as shall appear necessary, revise such rates, fees and other charges so as to meet two independent requirements.

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Storm Water Utility Revenue Bonds

Fiscal	Storm Water Charges	Less: Operating	Net Available	_		Debt Service		
Year	and Other	Expenses	Revenue		Principal	Interest (1)	Total	Coverage
2008	\$ 22,057,562	\$ 9,690,929	\$ 12,366,633	\$	786,099	\$ 637,648	\$ 1,423,747	8.69
2009	23,178,708	10,489,311	12,689,397		801,099	595,112	1,396,211	9.09
2010	24,628,765	10,676,428	13,952,337		816,099	552,435	1,368,534	10.20
2011	23,891,004	11,234,614	12,656,390		761,468	813,283	1,574,751	8.04
2012	27,892,419	13,311,162	14,581,257		1,404,020	1,097,204	2,501,224	5.83
2013	32,954,179	14,317,957	18,636,222		1,296,433	1,058,805	2,355,238	7.91
2014	37,150,524	15,366,723	21,783,801		1,232,016	1,026,704	2,258,720	9.64
2015	39,294,658	17,489,866	21,804,792		1,030,000	1,228,238	2,258,238	9.66
2016	39,648,163	18,385,165	21,262,998		1,660,000	1,733,570	3,393,570	6.27
2017	40,471,105	26,074,915	14,396,190		1,700,000	1,692,383	3,392,383	4.24

(1) Amounts shown for 2011-2017 are at gross.

Source: City Department of Finance

Note: Storm Water Revenue Bonds are obligations of the City, payable solely from pledged revenues of the System (Storm Water Fund), subject to the prior application thereof to the payment of Operating Expenses. The City will fix, charge, collect and revise its fees, rates and other charges for the use of and for the services furnished by the system so as to produce revenues sufficient to meet its cash requirements each fiscal year.

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year	Population	*	** Personal Income	ŧ	** Per Capita Personal Income	Median Age	Number of City Employees	Education Level In Years of Formal Schooling	School Enrollment	Unemployment Rate
2008	436,944	\$	20,052,028	\$	45,448	36.0	7,131	13.6	70,473	3.7%
2009	437,275		19,705,822	·	43,891	36.6	7,700	14.0	69,335	6.4%
2010	437,994		20,243,395		44,812	36.7	7,713	13.9	69,225	6.5%
2011	441,246		21,347,691		46,684	34.9	7,481	14.0	69,219	6.0%
2012	447,489		22,420,699		48,718	34.7	7,477	13.8	68,977	5.5%
2013	449,628		22,348,209		48,114	35.0	7,477	13.9	68,614	5.6%
2014	451,672		23,072,795		50,220	35.7	7,669	13.9	68,569	5.5%
2015	453,500		23,649,281		52,235	35.9	7,560	14.0	68,351	4.4%
2016	453,628		***		***	35.9	7,370	13.9	67,890	3.8%
2017	455,856		***		***	36.4	9,327	13.9	67,152	3.8%

Sources: City Department of Finance

City Department of Economic Development Weldon Cooper Center for Public Service Virginia Employment Commission Bureau of Economic Analysis

Notes: * Weldon Cooper Center for Public Service; except for 2017 which is a projection.

- ** Bureau of Economic Analysis
- *** Information Unavailable
 - + In thousands of dollars

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS

Current Year and Nine Years Ago (Unaudited)

		Approximate Number of Employees			Approximate Number of Employees	Total Cit	
			2017			2008	
	City of Virginia Beach / Schools	17,242	7.65	% 1	17,511	7.91	% 1
*	Naval Air Station Oceana/Dam Neck	5,850	2.59	2	-	0.00	
	Sentara Healthcare	5,200	2.31	3	2,413	1.09	7
*	Joint Expeditionary Base Little Creek	3,600	1.60	4	-	0.00	
	GEICO	2,700	1.20	5	2,200	0.99	3
	Lynnhaven Mall	2,600	1.15	6	2,600	1.17	2
*	Gold Key/PHR Hotels and Resorts	2,365	1.05	7	-	0.00	
	STIHL Inc	2,113	0.94	8	1,863	0.84	6
	Amerigroup (Anthem)	1,850	0.82	9	2,100	0.95	4
	Navy Exhange Service Command	1,550	0.69	10	1,888	0.85	5
	Hall Auto Group	-	-		1,300	0.59	8
	Cox Communication	-	-		1,200	0.54	9
	CBN			_	1,000	0.45	10
	Totals	45,070	20.00	_ %	34,075	15.38	%

Sources: City Department of Economic Development.

City Department of Finance

^{*} Information not available for 2008

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

					Fiscal Year	Year				
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Department	!			!			!		!	
Agriculture	15.0	14.0	13.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0
Aquarium and Historic Houses	151.4	151.4	151.4	151.5	153.0	155.5	155.9	161.0	164.5	156.8
Budget and Management Services	22.0	21.0	20.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	14.0	15.0	15.0	14.0
City Attorney	43.0	43.0	43.0	40.4	39.0	39.6	39.6	39.6	39.6	40.6
City Auditor	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	7.0	7.0
City Manager's Office	32.0	29.7	26.2	23.0	21.0	19.5	19.5	20.5	34.0	33.0
City Real Estate Assessor	35.4	38.4	38.4	34.3	34.0	34.3	34.3	34.3	34.3	34.0
City Treasurer	77.4	75.7	7.97	72.2	72.0	71.8	75.8	76.8	74.6	74.6
Commissioner of the Revenue	62.6	63.6	64.1	57.9	6.09	62.9	63.9	64.9	64.9	64.9
Commonwealth's Attorney	82.9	91.4	91.4	87.4	84.0	85.3	86.3	86.7	87.4	94.9
Convention and Visitor Bureau	137.7	135.7	130.9	113.5	113.5	113.5	110.5	106.7	106.3	120.3
Courts and Courts' Support	76.0	76.0	76.0	76.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
Cultural Affairs	5.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
Economic Development	16.0	17.0	16.0	15.0	16.0	18.0	18.0	18.0	18.0	18.0
Emergency Communications & Citizen Services	•	132.0	127.0	122.0	123.5	122.8	127.8	131.8	131.8	130.8
Emergency Medical Services	56.5	56.5	56.5	62.6	65.3	65.3	69.3	73.3	75.1	80.1
Finance	63.0	57.0	58.0	54.0	55.0	56.0	57.0	57.0	57.0	57.0
Fire	472.9	469.8	467.8	466.7	466.0	479.7	479.7	485.7	485.7	501.7
General Registrar	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	11.9	11.9	12.0
Health	11.2	11.1	11.1	10.8	10.8	9.1	9.1	9.1	9.1	9.1
Housing and Neighborhood Preservation	0.69	0.69	0.89	67.0	0.99	64.0	63.0	62.0	61.0	64.0
Human Resources	58.1	54.1	53.1	47.0	47.0	47.0	47.0	47.0	47.0	47.0
Human Services	1,068.6	1,079.1	1,073.9	1,045.7	1,066.4	1,069.4	1,081.4	1,115.2	1,094.9	1,099.0
Information Technology	308.8	181.8	187.8	179.8	183.0	178.5	180.5	183.5	168.0	175.0
Legislative	18.0	18.0	18.0	17.0	17.0	17.0	17.0	17.0	17.0	17.0
Library	264.9	262.9	260.9	227.5	227.5	265.5	260.0	255.0	253.5	251.5
Office of Emergency Management	ı	1		i	1	1	1	ı	1	4.0
Parks and Recreation	872.7	877.3	872.2	855.4	843.4	846.9	843.9	838.1	830.1	882.3
Planning	127.0	125.0	123.0	113.0	110.0	108.0	109.0	116.0	115.5	133.0
Police	1,016.0	1,005.9	1,005.9	7.566	1,007.4	1,007.4	1,009.4	1,015.8	1,015.8	1,028.8
Public Utilities	399.5	401.5	404.5	404.5	412.0	411.0	412.0	415.0	418.0	414.0
Public Works	874.4	877.4	871.4	866.4	882.0	890.4	890.4	893.9	902.9	902.9
Sheriffs Office	514.1	524.4	524.4	524.4	519.6	524.4	525.4	525.4	514.4	526.4
Strategic Growth Areas	1	1	2.0	15.0	15.0	17.0	17.0	18.0	20.0	1
Strategy, Transparency, Innovation & Resiliency Office		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4.0
Total City Positions	6,969.2	6,980.6	6,953.4	6,793.5	6,833.3	6,902.8	6,924.7	6,990.0	6,964.2	7,087.4
Total School Positions	10,541.9	10,519.5	10,391.9	10,476.3	10,387.3	10,326.5	10,190.9	10,220.0	10,034.3	10,154.8
TOTAL POSITIONS	17,511.1	17,500.0	17,345.3	17,269.8	17,220.6	17,229.3	17,115.6	17,210.1	16,998.5	17,242.3

Sources: City of Virginia Beach Resource Management Plans Note: Strategic Growth Area was consolidated with Planning in FY 17

CTTY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA
OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(Unaudited)

•	0000	0000	2010	2011	2013	2013	2014	2005	2016	2017
	2002	7007	7010	707	7107	2013	4107	CI07	2010	707
<u>FUNCTION</u> Police										
Number of physical adult arrests	26,802	26,632	23,951	23,923	23,705	23,633	22,224	21,698	19,042	17,933
Number of calls for service	202,253	200,360	196,717	196,626	195,156	187,884	179,974	176,474	173,451	178,929
Number of traffic accidents	9,250	9,021	8,759	8,391	8,102	8,169	8,138	7,913	8,368	8,813
Fire										
Number of structure fire incidents	453	467	413	453	474	430	410	396	463	398
Number of non-structure fire incidents	849	669	673	799	714	535	614	546	543	542
Number of EMS incidents	16,796	17,162	18,114	17,930	20,727	25,656	26,099	26,952	27,786	27,854
Number of other incidents	10,009	9,631	9,870	11,488	13,166	13,307	13,379	13,679	16,309	17,031
Public Utilities										
Number of Water Connections	131,085	131,367	131,618	131,897	132,010	132,324	132,615	132,940	133,411	133,777
Planning and Community Development										
Number of building permits issued	11,374	6886	11,322	7,636	8,003	7,956	7,607	8,192	8,349	8,450
Public Works										
Highways and Streets										
Arterial lane miles	738	717	735	739	738	744	744	745	750	712
Collector/local miles	2,641	2,662	2,670	2,676	2,676	2,680	2,686	2,714	2,726	2,701
Sanitation and Refuse										
Number of homes receiving refuse collection	123,740	123,668	123,789	124,179	124,171	124,536	124,634	122,041	122,282	122,369
Number of tons of garbage collected	196,501	189,604	196,145	147,760	137,413	133,958	130,245	208,917	211,004	180,757
Culture and Recreation										
Number of visitations to recreation centers	1,636,823	1,523,232	1,502,059	1,538,616	1,614,682	1,795,782	1,871,312	1,896,615	2,004,301	1,905,763
Number of recreation centers	9	9	9	9	7	7	7	7	7	7
Education										
Student membership	70,473	69,335	69,225	69,219	68,977	68,614	68,569	68,351	67,890	67,152
Number of elementary schools	99	56	56	55	55	55	55	55	55	55
Number of secondary schools	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	25	25
Number of specialty schools	11	11	6	7	7	6	∞	∞	∞	7

Sources: Various City Departments

Note: Indicators are not available for all governmental functions.

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

<u>-</u>	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
UNCTION										
Police										
Stations	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Patrol Vehicles Units - Marked	259	256	242	242	269	262	262	246	230	206
Helicopter	2	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Watercraft:										
Boats	10	8	8	8	8	8	6	8	9	8
Fire										
Stations	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19
Fire Trucks	48	51	50	50	46	45	45	45	47	49
Emergency Medical Services										
Ambulances	35	34	42	42	42	45	45	44	44	46
Public Works										
Miles of streets:										
Lane miles:										
Arterial	738	717	735	739	738	744	744	745	750	712
Collector/Local	2,641	2,662	2,670	2,676	2,676	2,680	2,686	2,714	2,726	2,70
Center Lane miles:										
Arterial	192	189	192	192	192	192	192	193	193	173
Collector/Local	1,291	1,300	1,304	1,307	1,308	1,312	1,312	1,326	1,330	1,32
Number of Street Lights	43,960	45,364	45,509	46,806	48,277	48,418	48,747	48,788	49,118	49,2
Collection Trucks	104	103	101	101	109	100	100	100	103	99
Culture and Recreation										
Number of Developed District Parks	7	7	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Number of Developed Community Parks	11	11	13	13	13	11	11	11	13	13
Number of Developed Neighborhood Parks	166	166	181	180	181	182	179	179	169	167
Number of Natural Parks	3	3	3	3	5	5	5	5	5	5
Other Park Areas	59	59	58	45	46	47	48	48	48	48
Number of Acres in Developed Parks	1,736	1,757	3,158	3,174	3,648	3,648	3,649	3,661	3,664	3,68
Golf Courses (City Owned)	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Recreation Centers	6	6	6	6	7	7	7	7	7	7
Water										
Miles of Water Lines	1,477	1,482	1,483	1,488	1,490	1,492	1,496	1,499	1,499	1,50
Water Pumping Stations	9	8	9	9	9	9	9	10	10	10
Sewer										
Miles of Sewer Lines	1,609	1,621	1,623	1,630	1,635	1,639	1,646	1,653	1,646	1,64
Sewer Pumping Stations	403	405	405	406	405	406	407	408	408	408

Source: Various City Departments

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF THE TREASURER'S CASH ACCOUNTABILITY JUNE 30, 2017 (Unaudited)

Cash in Office			\$	5,500
Cash With				
Bank of America:				
Regular	\$	76,863,017		
Investments		5,000,000		
Welfare		811,399		
School Board Empl Salary Escrow		196,069		
BB&T:				
Collateralized Deposit Program		10,000,000		
Money Market		197,111,471		
Investments		15,000,000		
School Payroll		6,921,710		
BB&T Capital Markets:				
Investments		10,933,301		
BB&T Scott Stringfellow:				
Investments		75,500,000		
Morgan Keegan:		, ,		
Investments		38,739,394		
SunTrust Bank:		,,		
City Payroll		16,280,374		
Money Market		5,132,881		
Towne Bank:		0,102,001		
Investments		65,000,000		
Treasurer of Virginia:		05,000,000		
Investment Pool		405,000,000		
VML/VACO:		403,000,000		
		20 216 222		
Virginia Investment Pool		20,316,333		049 905 040
Total Deposits and Investments				948,805,949
Cash with Trust Agents				
Cash With SNAP Program	\$	21,679,965		
Cash With Trustee - Debt Service		8,359,886		
Cash With Trustee - Treasury Strips		35,786,869		
Total Cash with Trust Agents				65,826,720
Total Cash Accountability			\$	1,014,638,169
·			Ψ	1,011,000,100
Add:	¢	701.049		
Accrued Interest on Investments	\$	701,048		
Commonwealth of Virginia - Deferred Debits		23,828		2 (01 127
Deposits in Transit		2,956,561		3,681,437
Deduct:				
Commonwealth of Virginia - Current Credits	\$	21,931		
Treasurer Restitution		30,383		
Treasurer Court Costs & Fines		58,040		
John T. Atkinson - Deferred Account		12,934		
Over and Short		10,185		
Outstanding Checks:		10,103		
		7,020,320		
Bank of America Walfara				
Bank of America - Welfare		128,244 12,771		
BB&T - School Payroll				(7.520.220
SunTrust - City Payroll		233,529		(7,528,338)
Total Cash Accountability			\$	1,010,791,268
Reconciliation of Cash Accountability to the government-wide financial statements at June 30, 2017 as reported in Note 8:				
Balance of City and School funds			\$	1,010,791,268
Funds for which the Treasurer does not get as fiscal exert.				
Funds for which the Treasurer does not act as fiscal agent:				5,000
School Cafeteria Funds				5,000
School Activity Funds				3,553,389
Development Authority				12,452,069
Treasury Strips				(1,984,791
Total deposits and investments of the government-wide financial statements			\$	1,024,816,935



This Page Intentionally Left Blank

SINGLE AUDIT SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Members of the City Council Of City of Virginia Beach, Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, business type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Virginia Beach, Virginia (the City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 30, 2017. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the Virginia Beach Community Development Corporation, a discretely presented component unit, as described in our report on the City's financial statements.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control over financial reporting and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Arlington, Virginia November 30, 2017



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Virginia Beach, Virginia

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Virginia Beach's (the City) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2017. The City's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The City's basic financial statements include the operations of the Virginia Beach Community Development Corporation (VBCDC), a discretely presented component unit which may have received federal awards, and which are not included in the schedule of expenditures of federal awards for the year ended June 30, 2017. Our audit described below, did not include the operations of VBCDC. VBCDC engaged other auditors to perform an audit in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, if required.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the City's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance.



Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2017.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Arlington, Virginia November 30, 2017

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS Year Ended June 30, 2017

I. SUMMARY OF INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements					
Type of auditor's report issued: Unmodified	d				
Internal control over financial reporting:					
Material weakness(es) identified?			Yes	X	No
Significant deficiency(s) identified th to be material weaknesses?	at are not considered		Yes	X	None Reported
Noncompliance material to financial	statements noted?		Yes	<u>X</u>	No
Federal Awards Internal control over major programs:					
Material weakness (es) identified?			Yes	<u>X</u>	No
Significant deficiency (ies) identified considered to be material weakness			Yes	X	None Reported
Type of auditor's report issued on complian	ice for major programs:		Unmo	odified	
Any audit findings disclosed that are reported in accordance with the Uni Requirements, Cost Principles, and a Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance)	form Administrative		Yes	X	No
Identification of Major Programs: CFDA Number(s)	Name of F	edera	l Program or (Cluster	
14.218 14.239 84.027, 84.173 10.555, 10.559 93.778	Community Developm HOME Investment Par Special Education Clus Child Nutrition Cluster Medicaid Cluster	tnersh ter			
Dollar threshold used to distinguish type B programs	between type A and		\$3,000,000		
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee	2?	Χ	Yes		No

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS Year Ended June 30, 2017

II. <u>Financial Statement Findings</u>

None.

III. Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None.



This Page Intentionally Left Blank

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Entity/Program Title	CFDA	Grant Agency Number	Federal Expenditures	Loans (\$)	Cluster Total	Program	Passed through to
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			(6)		(6)	(c) iso	(t) checkberry
<u>Direct Payments:</u> Child and Adult Care Food Program ¹ <u>Pass Through Payments:</u>	10.558		121,223				
Virginia Department of Agriculture National School Linch Program (Child Nutrition Clieber) ²	70.5		1 952 957				
Child and Adult Care Food Program ¹	10.558		383,619				
Virginia Department of Education							
National School Lunch Program (Child Nutrition Cluster) ² Virginia Department of Health	10.555		15,995,543				
Summer Food Service Program for Children (Child Nutrition Cluster)	10.559		116,374				
Virginia Department of Social Services		0010112, 0010113, 0010114,					
State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Pilot Projects to Reduce Dependency and Increase Work Requirements and Work Effort under SNAP	10.561 10.596	0040116, 0050116, 0090116	3,784,988 9,840				
Total for Child Nutrition Cluster (10.555 and 10.559) 1 - Total for Child and Adult Care Food Program (10.558) 2- Total for National School Lunch Program (10.555)					17,964,774	504,842 17,848,400	
DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE, NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION							
Direct Payments:							
Office for Coastal Management Old Dominion University	11.473	NA16NOS4730011 100631-010	56,990 1,500				
	i						
DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE Direct Payments:							
		HE1254-13-1-0041, HE1254-16-1-					
Promoting K-12 Student Achievement at Military Connected Schools	12.556	00026	828,533				
Invitational Grants for Military Connected Schools Department of Defence Impart Aid	12.557	HE1254-12-1-020, HE1254-14-1-	320,101				
Linior ROTT Program	12.330 12 XXX		358,076				
Military Spouse Career Advancement Account Program	12.XXX		4,333				
Pass Through Payments:							
National Security Agency		Н98230-16-1-0221, Н98230-17-1-					
Language Grant Program	12.900	0221	78,116				
DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT Direct Danmonte							
Character of the control of the cont		2000 AT 024 02/ TE/ 22/ 02/ 22/ 02/ 02/					
Community Development block Grants/Entruement Grants		-09/10/11/13/14/15/16-MC-51-0021	1,8/6,15/				000
rasset tillough to - vector transitional nousing Program	14.218	COMP-17-0033					13,000
Passed through to - JCOC - Winter Shelter	14.218	COMP-17-0023					140,258
Passed through to - Samaritan House - Child Services	14.218	COMP-17-0010					22,883
Passed through to - Virginia Supportive Housing - Cloverleaf Operations	14.218	COMP-16-0053					32,386
Passed through to - Community Alternatives Management Group - Rehab	14.218	COMP-16-0021					1,494
Passed through to - VBCDC Owner Occupied Rehab ³	14.218	COMP-15-0022					148,273
Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants - Loans	14.218		3,278,755				
Loans beginning balance	14.218			3,232,658			
New loans*	14.218			46,097			

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Entity/Program Title	CFDA	Grant Agency Number	Federal Expenditures (\$)	Loans (\$)	Cluster Total (\$)	Program Total (\$)	Passed through to Sub-Recipients (\$)
DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT (continued)			/41			(4)	
Direct Payments:							
Emergency Solutions Grant Program ⁴	14.231	E-15/16-MC-51-0021	153,975				
Passed through to - Samaritan House ⁴	14.231	COMP-17-0008					98,383
Passed through to - JCOC ⁴	14.231	COMP-17-0024					33,799
Passed through to - Seton House ⁴	14.231	COMP-17-0027					12,607
Home Investement Partnerships Program ⁵	14.239	M-12/13/14/15/16-MC-51-0207	1,427,646				
Passed through to - Housing Hampton Roads ⁵	14.239	COMP-17-0005					187,356
Passed through to - Tranquility at the Lakes ⁵	14.239	COMP-16-0036					557,043
Passed through to - Virginia Supportive Housing - Church Street ⁵	14.239	COMP-17-0007					375,000
Home Investment Parternships Program - Loans	14.239		3,464,979				
Loans begnning balance ⁴	14.239			3,256,008			
New loans ⁴	14.239			208,971			
Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS ⁶	14.241	VAH14/15/16F002	965,755				
Passed through to - Access AIDS Care ⁶	14.241	COMP-16-0085, COMP-17-0055					932.521
Section 8 Moderate Rehab Single Room Occupancy	14.249	VA039SRO002, VA039SRO003	117,754				
Continuum of Care Program	14.267	VA0151L3F031403, VA0266L3F031500					
Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher	14.871	Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher	18,5				
Supportive Services	14.877	VA039FSH225A01/VA039FSH647A016					
3 - Total for Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants (14.218,						5,154,912	
4 - Total for Emergency Solutions Grant Program (14.231)						153,975	
5 - Total for Home Investment Partnership Program (14.239)						4,892,625	
6 - Total for Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS (14.241)						965,755	
U.S. FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE							
Pass Through Payments:							
Virginia Department of Game and Inland Fisheries Refuge Revenue Sharing Act (Public Law 95-469)	15.659	540722061141600	102,179				
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE Direct Payments:							
חוברת ו סאווניונים:		2013-DJ-BX-0972, 2014-DJ-BX-0993,					
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.738	2015-DJ-BX-0536, 2016-DJ-BX-0166	82,878				
Assistance to Localities for Administration	16.XXX		95,669				
Pass Through Payments:							
Office of the Attorney General	000	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	000				
Hampton Koads Human Trancking Task Force Virginia Department of Criminal Justice Services	16.320	Z016-VI-BX-K01Z	3,338				
Victim Witness Program	16.575	2015-VA-GX-0043	266,561				
Equitable Sharing Program	16.922		218,722				
DEPARTMENT OF LABOR							
Pass Through Payments:							
Virginia Community College System Workforce Investment Act Adult Program							
Passed through to - Opportunity Inc. (WIA/WIOA Cluster)	17.258	AA-28347-16-55A-51	2,724,408				2,724,408
Workforce Investment Act Youth Activities							
Passed through to - Opportunity Inc. (WIA/WIOA Cluster) Workforce Investment Act Dislocated Workers	17.259	AA-28347-16-55A-51	2,220,631				2,220,631
Passed through to - Opportunity Inc. (WIA/WIOA Cluster)	17.278	AA-28347-16-55A-51	883,685				883,685
Workforce Innovation Fund Deced through to - Opnovituality Inc	17 783	12-5547 16-554-51	15,000				75,000
controller of physical states and the states and the states and the states are states are states and the states are stat	1						

5,828,724

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Entity/Program Title	CFDA	Grant Agency Number	Federal Expenditures	Loans (\$) Cluste	Cluster Total Program	n Passed through to
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION FEDERAL HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION Pass Through Payments: Virginia Department of Transportation						
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	UPC#'S: 97737, 103583, 84366, 97737, 15829, 106146-8	1,495,806			
Virgina Department of Motor Venicles State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	<i>OP-2016-56013-6213, OP-2017-</i> 57099-6748, RS-2016-56109-6309	64,056			
Alcohol and Open Container Requirements	20.607	154AL-2016-56069-6269, 154AL- 2017-57102-6751	48,859			
DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY Pass Through Payments: Virginia Attorney General Equitable Sharing Program	21.016		108,116			
DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS <u>Direct Payments:</u> Post-9/11 Veterans Educational Assistance	64.027		1,098			
ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY Direct Payments: Office of Water Chesapeake Bay Program	66.466	EPA-R3CBP-04-01	40,000			
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Direct Payments: Impact Aid Federal Pell Grant Program MYSS Grant Program Pace Through Payment	84.041 84.063 84.XXX	ED-1ES-14-C-0003	10,665,487 52,392 112,618			
Virginia Department of Education Virginia Department of Education Adult Education - Basic Grants to States Title I Grants to Local Education Programs	84.002	V002A150047, V002A160047 S010A150046, S010A160046 S010A140046, S010A150046,	309,709 12,507,735			
Title I State Agency Program for Neglected and Delinquent Children and Youth Special Education Grants to States (Special Education Cluster - IDEA) Career and Technical Education-Basic Grants to States Special Education - Preschool Grants (Special Education Cluster - IDEA) Special Education - Grants for Infants and Families Education for Homeless Children and Youth Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers Advanced Placement Program English Language Acquisition State Grants Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.013 84.027 84.048 84.113 84.196 84.287 84.365 84.365	\$013A150046, \$013A160046 H027A14/15/160107 V048A150046, V048A150046 H173A150112, H173A160112 \$196A13/15/160048 \$287C14/15/160047 \$3865A150046, \$365A150046	187,416 13,533,790 918,857 515,315 514,239 19,102 212,177 71,1370 128,320 2,074,145			
Total for Special Education Cluster - IDEA (84.027 and 84.173) DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES Pass Through Payments: Virginia Department for the Aging/Southeastern Virginia Area Wide Model Program National Family Caregiver Support, Title III, Part E Virginia Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services Projects for Assistance in Transition from Homelessness (PATH) Block Grants for Community Mental Health Services Block Grants for Prevention and Treatment of Substance Abuse	93.052 93.150 93.958 93.959		21,517 130,763 236,681 1,798,079	14,06	14,069,205	

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Entity/Program Title	CFDA	Grant Agency Number	Federal Expenditures (5)	Loans (\$)	Cluster Total	Program Total (\$)	Passed through to Sub-Recipients (\$)
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES (continued) Pass Through Payments:							
Virginia Department of Social Services							
Promoting Safe and Stable Families	93.556	0950115	23,469				
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.558	0400114, 0400115, 0400116, 0900116	2,395,581				
Refugee and Entrant Assistance_Voluntary Agency Programs	93.566	0500116, 0510114	8,191				
Low-Income Home Energy Assistance	93.568	0600415, 0600416, 0600515, 0600616	307,309				
Child Care and Development Block Grant (CCDF Cluster)	93.575	0770114, 0770115, 0770116	(22,463)				
Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds of the Child Care and Development Fund (CCDF Cluster)	93.596	0750116, 0760116	380,497				
Chafee Educationa and Training Vouchers Program (ETV)	93.599	9160115	17,537				
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program	93.645	0900116	1,547				
Foster Care Title IV-E	93.658	1100116	2,917,744				
Adoption Assistance	93.659	1120116	1,710,524				
Social Services Block Grant	93.667	1000116	2,106,330				
Chafee Foster Care Independence Program	93.674	9150116	36,796				
Children's Health Insurance Program	93.767	0540116	148,909				
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	1200116	6,655,020				
HIV Prevention Activities Health Department Based	93.940		16,900				
Total for CCDF Cluster (93.575 and 93.596)					358,034		
DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY							
<u>Direct Payments:</u>							
		EMW-2014-PU-00087, EMW-2015-					
		r 0-00132, EMM-2014-F 0-00087,					
Port Security Grant Program	97.056	EMW-2016-PU-00362	207,311				
Staffing for Adequate Fire and Emergency Response - SAFER Pass Through Dayments:	97.083	EMW-2014-FH-00534	801,163				
Federal Emergency Management (FEMA)							
		EMW-2014-CA-K00005-S01, EMW- 2015-CA-00005, EMW-2016-CA- 00027, EMM-2013-CA-118R-0027-					
National Urban Search and Rescue Response System	97.025	M001/03	2,974,253				
Virginia Department of Emergency Management							
Emergency Management Performance Grants	97.042	7222	122,914				
State Homeland Security Grant	97.067		102,000				
TOTAL FEDERAL EXPENDITURES			\$ 127,694,224				\$ 8,398,727

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

1. General

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents federally assisted programs of the City of Virginia Beach, Virginia and the City's Component Units. The City's reporting entity is disclosed in Note 1A to the City's basic financial statements. Federal awards received directly from federal agencies as well as through othe government agencies are included on the schedule

2. Basis of Accounting

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented using the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is described in Note 1C to the City's basic financial statements.

3. Loans

The City of Va. Beach provides loans to qualified low income borrwers through CFDA #14.239, Home Investment Partnerships Program, to promote home ownership and provide assistance with down payments and closing costs The outstanding principal balance of the HOME loans was \$5,596,624 at June 30, 2017.

The City of Va Beach provides loans to qualified low income homeowners or homeowners living in areas targeted fo improvement, resulting in the elimination of health or safety code violations, through CDFA #14.218, Communit Development Block Grants. The outstanding principal balance of \$3,166,681 at June 30, 2017

4. Relationship to Financial Statements

Revenues from federal awards are reported in the City's basic financial statements as follows:

General Fund Capital Projects Fund Non Major Governmental Funds Enterprise Funds School Board Funds		\$ 22,105,929 1,798,361 32,214,883 1,311,272 63,760,864
Total federal awards reported in basic financial statements		\$ 121,191,309
Less: Revenue closed to fund balances from the following:		
Community Development Block Grants	14.218	(126,093)
Community Development Block Loans	14.218	(3,278,755)
Emergency Sollution Grants	14.231	(19,943)
Home Investement Partnerships Program Grants 14.239		(88,046)
Home Investement Partnerships Program Loans	14.239	(3,464,979)
HOPWA Total	14.241	(22,736)
Section 8 Moderate Rehabilitation Single Room Occupancy	14.249	239,897
Continuum of Care Program	14.267	251
SECTION 8 VOUCHERS	14.871	(239,897)
Services for Trafficking Victims	16.320	(1,003)
Juvenile Accountability Block Grants	16.523	9,304
Victims of Crim Act Grant Program (Victim Witness Program)	16.575	7,339
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.738	(23,313)
DEA Shared Seized Assets - Passed thru DCJS	16.922	(195,395)
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	(68,366)
DMV Seat Belt Enforcement	20.600	(22,130)
DMV Select DUI	20.607	(15,433)
DEA Shared Seized Assets - Passed Attorney General	21.016	(99,937)
Special Education - Grants for Infants and Families	84.181	34,393
Social Services Block Grant	93.667	124,878
Block Grants for Prevention and Treatment of Substance Abuse	93.959	9,386
National Urban Search and Rescue Response System	97.025	(1,148,560)

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Disaster Grants - Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters)	97.036		(274,989)
Port Security Grant Program	97.056		(224,256)
į ε	97.083		` ' '
Staffing for Adequate Fire and Emergency Response (SAFER)	97.063	Φ.	(20,108)
		\$	(8,908,491)
Less: Revenue not subject to Single Audit:			
Federal Reimbursement for Police OT		\$	66,862
Encroachment Partnership Agreement - BRAC			370,919
General Fund Federal Bond Subsidy			283,829
Water & Sewer EF Federal Bond Subsidy			948,018
Storm Water EF Federal Bond Subsidy			266,264
Debt Service SRF Federal Bond Subsidy			469,684
·		\$	2,405,576
Total Federal Expenditures		\$	127,694,224

5. Relationship to Federal Financial Reports

Amounts reported in the accompanying schedule substantially agree with the amounts reported in the related federal financial reports except that certain federal financial reports are prepared on the cash basis of accounting and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is prepared on the basis of accounting described in Note 2 above.

6. Indirect Cost Rate

The City does not elect to use a 10% de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under section §200.414(f).



This Page Intentionally Left Blank

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE

Continuing Disclosure

This part of the City of Virginia Beach comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information with regards to Rule 15c2-12 promulgated by the Securities and Exchange Commission to provide certain annual financial information and material event notices.

<u>Contents</u>		Page
General Obligation an	d Public Facility Revenue Bond Operating Data:	282
Schedule 1-1	Principal Taxpayers	
Schedule 1-2	Property Tax Rates and Changes in Tax Levy	
Schedule 1-3	Historical Assessed Value	
Schedule 1-4	Property Tax Levies and Collections	
Schedule 1-5	Principal Tax Revenue by Source	
Water and Sewer Revo	enue Bond Operating Data:	287
Schedule 2-1	Ten Largest Utility (Water) Customers	
Schedule 2-2	Outstanding Debt by Issue	
Schedule 2-3	History of Receipts and Disbursements	
Schedule 2-4	System Operating Revenues, Expenses and Coverage	
Schedule 2-5	Debt Service Requirements	
Schedule 2-6	Water and Sewer Rate History	
Storm Water Revenue	Bond Operating Data:	293
Schedule 3-1	Ten Largest Storm Water Utility Accounts	
Schedule 3-2	Distribution by Type of Property	
Schedule 3-3	Utility Fee Collections	
Schedule 3-4	Pro Forma Calculation of Revenue Covenants	
Schedule 3-5	Debt Service Requirements	

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA PRINCIPAL TAXPAYERS

Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2017 (Unaudited)

	Taxpayer	Business Type	Real Property Assessed
	- anguy or	Dubiness Type	12550500
1	Armada Hoffler	Office/Retail/Vacant Land	\$ 373,315,300
2	Ramon W. Breeden, Jr.	Apartments/Shopping Center	354,406,300
3	Virginia Electric & Power Company	Utility	350,475,577
4	Lynnhaven Mall LLC	Shopping Mall	297,491,200
5	E. D. & A. F. Ruffin & B. L. Thompson	Apartments/Shopping Center	279,020,100
6	J. M., R.J.F., A.D. & L.E. Caplan	Real Estate	273,951,600
7	Pembroke Square Assoc.	Shopping Mall	193,027,100
8	Verizon Virginia, Inc.	Utility	170,066,425
9	Christian Broadcasting Assoc./Net, Inc.	Broadcasting	149,949,700
10	Cheryl P. McLeskey	Real Estate	144,580,900
11	Thomas J. Lyons, Jr.	Hotels	140,923,300
12	Lake Gem	Shopping Center/Fast-Food	119,831,000
13	Watergate Treehouse Associates LP	Shopping Center	114,317,500
14	Aimco Maple Bay & Aimco Reflections LLC	Apartments	100,183,100
15	Westminster Canterbury	Real Estate	97,701,600
16	Windsor Lake & Shoreline Apartments LLC.	Apartments/Shopping Center	97,336,100
17	Potter Properties	Shopping Mall	94,475,100
18	Virginia Natural Gas	Utility	92,538,234
19	Wal Mart Real Estate Business Trust	Retail Stores	91,346,600
20	Inland Diversified Virginia Beach Landstown LLC	Shopping Center	78,144,000
21	Atlantic Shores Cooperative	Apartments	75,457,900
22	Sifen, Michael D.	Real Estate	67,877,500
23	Occidental Development, Ltd.	Apartments	65,550,000
24	BBR/Marina Shores LLC	Shopping Center	49,397,600
	Latitudes LLC	Apartments	46,242,100

Sources: Office of Real Estate Assessor Commissioner of the Revenue

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA PROPERTY TAX RATES AND CHANGE IN TAX LEVY

Fiscal Years 1996 Through 2017 (Unaudited)

Fiscal	Tax Rate on Real	Real Property	Percentage Annual Change in
Year	Property (1)	Tax Levy (2)	Tax Levy
1996	\$ 1.188	\$ 213,069,095	7.77%
1997	1.220	226,859,499	6.47%
1998	1.220	236,751,484	4.36%
1999	1.220	246,389,536	4.07%
2000	1.220	264,436,560	7.32%
2001	1.220	280,963,485	6.25%
2002	1.220	305,058,532	8.58%
2003	1.220	327,953,650	7.51%
2004	1.220	341,740,132	4.20%
2005	1.196	378,178,905	10.66%
2006	1.024	393,544,291	4.06%
2007	0.990	461,816,439	17.35%
2008	0.890	483,635,234	4.72%
2009	0.890	497,742,524	2.92%
2010	0.890	485,659,493	-2.43%
2011	0.890	456,029,698	-6.18%
2012	0.890	443,160,075	-2.82%
2013	0.950	457,057,821	3.14%
2014	0.930	446,015,531	-2.42%
2015	0.930	463,184,807	3.85%
2016	0.990	510,528,757	10.22%
2017	0.990	528,410,384	3.50%

⁽¹⁾ Tax rate per \$100 per assessed value.

⁽²⁾ Calculation of the Real Property Tax Levy begins with the Real Property Assessed Value on Schedule 1-3 and then is adjusted by Supplements, Exonerations, SSD additional levies and other misc. adjustments to arrive at the Tax Levy.

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA HISTORICAL ASSESSED VALUE Fiscal Years 1996 Through 2017 (Unaudited)

	Real	Percentage	Personal	Percentage	Service	Percentage	Ē	Percentage
Fiscal	Property Assessed	Change From	Property Assessed	Change From	Property Assessed	Change From	Total	Change
Year	Value (1)	Prior Year	Value	Prior Year	Value (2)	Prior Year	Value	Prior Year
1996	\$ 17,569,373,603	2.21%	\$ 1,773,955,263	11.55%	\$ 631,854,212	5.58%	\$ 19,975,183,078	3.08%
1997	18,231,483,508	3.77%	1,848,939,232	4.23%	623,804,522	-1.27%	20,704,227,262	3.65%
1998	19,068,899,073	4.59%	1,975,719,516	%98.9	630,802,210	1.12%	21,675,420,799	4.69%
1999	19,880,386,330	4.26%	2,260,575,622	14.42%	656,859,261	4.13%	22,797,821,213	5.18%
2000	20,997,405,999	5.62%	2,725,158,950	20.55%	677,545,782	3.15%	24,400,110,731	7.03%
2001	22,085,451,417	5.18%	2,870,591,003	5.34%	705,956,994	4.19%	25,661,999,414	5.17%
2002	23,380,509,148	5.86%	2,915,490,499	1.56%	731,786,118	3.66%	27,027,785,765	5.32%
2003	25,949,245,358	10.99%	3,004,538,542	3.05%	753,259,714	2.93%	29,707,043,614	9.91%
2004	27,513,988,726	6.03%	3,252,187,117	8.24%	743,170,991	-1.34%	31,509,346,834	6.07%
2005	31,281,844,464	13.69%	3,369,167,703	3.60%	624,562,746	-15.96%	35,275,574,913	11.95%
2006	38,379,012,758	22.69%	3,710,964,218	10.14%	530,465,288	-15.07%	42,620,442,264	20.82%
2007	46,122,142,394	20.18%	3,787,921,076	2.07%	545,140,581	2.77%	50,455,204,051	18.38%
2008	55,146,390,999	19.57%	4,152,466,483	9.62%	647,905,245	18.85%	59,946,762,727	18.81%
2009	56,766,753,287	2.94%	3,712,297,032	-10.60%	807,890,384	24.69%	61,286,940,703	2.24%
2010	55,379,973,665	-2.44%	3,611,774,884	-2.71%	890,229,132	10.19%	59,881,977,681	-2.29%
2011	51,975,401,446	-6.15%	4,078,095,291	12.91%	927,509,746	4.19%	56,981,006,483	-4.84%
2012	50,508,022,826	-2.82%	4,305,125,900	5.57%	938,693,399	1.21%	55,751,842,125	-2.16%
2013	48,851,994,658	-3.28%	4,249,692,532	-1.29%	929,843,170	-0.94%	54,031,530,360	-3.09%
2014	48,737,614,190	-0.23%	4,334,018,923	1.98%	889,050,800	-4.39%	53,960,683,913	-0.13%
2015	50,577,279,180	3.77%	4,569,833,578	5.44%	875,496,571	-1.52%	56,022,609,329	3.82%
2016	52,016,374,504	2.85%	4,582,059,618	0.27%	895,479,945	2.28%	57,493,914,067	2.63%
2017	53 840 546 037	3 510	1 607 383 356	2.41%	945 094 380	%/25	50 478 033 773	20.450

⁽¹⁾ Real Property is assessed at 100% of fair market value.

Source: City Department of Finance, Statistical Table 6

⁽²⁾ Includes both real estate and personal property assessment. All public service property is taxed at the real estate tax rate, except for vehicles.

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS

Fiscal Years 1996 through 2017 (Unaudited)

		Total		Collected w			Collections		Total Colle	ctions to Date
Fiscal		Tax			Percentage	iı	n Subsequent			Percentage
Year		Levy (1)		Amount	of Levy		Years		Amount	of Levy
1996	\$	280,791,187	\$	266,155,281	94.8 %	\$	15,097,887	\$	281,253,168	100.2 %
1997	-	297,253,895	7	282,265,999	95.0	-	14,874,129	_	297,140,128	100.0
1998		311,799,732		296,158,994	95.0		15,076,247		311,235,241	99.8
1999		328,444,301		303,646,060	92.4		14,866,315		318,512,375	97.0
2000		367,377,661		342,033,400	93.1		22,482,116		364,515,516	99.2
2001		388,489,478		358,291,746	92.2		20,341,533		378,633,279	97.5
2002		420,060,733		396,051,828	94.3		16,856,675		412,908,503	98.3
2003		445,787,734		420,490,211	94.3		17,638,904		438,129,115	98.3
2004		458,846,761		421,236,325	91.8		18,013,929		439,250,254	95.7
2005		505,050,845		468,796,012	92.8		20,116,692		488,912,704	96.8
2006		531,438,288		483,649,302	91.0		14,022,360		497,671,662	93.6
2007		527,465,143		505,518,196	95.8		17,601,644		523,119,840	99.2
2008		562,044,329		537,526,149	95.6		20,719,540		558,245,689	99.3
2009		570,582,069		547,934,162	96.0		19,571,362		567,505,524	99.5
2010		546,129,490		526,040,648	96.3		17,082,666		543,123,314	99.4
2011		523,586,269		504,769,073	96.4		15,108,438		519,877,511	99.3
2012		522,586,852		501,282,299	95.9		15,740,663		517,022,962	98.9
2013		536,618,666		516,542,429	96.3		15,920,597		532,463,026	99.2
2014		527,036,431		509,339,982	96.6		15,189,025		524,529,007	99.5
2015		558,420,893		537,056,367	96.2		15,421,100		552,477,467	98.9
2016		613,105,892		589,411,524	96.1		13,092,961		602,504,485	98.3
2017		634,993,466		609,085,906	95.9		-		609,085,906	95.9

Source: City Department of Finance

Note: Collections in Subsequent Years represents delinquent accounts collected during the course of the fiscal year for all prior fiscal years.

⁽¹⁾ Includes both Real and Personal Property and Public Service. For 2017, the breakdown is as follows: Real Property tax levy (includes Public Service real property): \$528,410,384
Personal Property tax levy (includes Public Service personal property): \$106,583,082

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA PRINCIPAL TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE Fiscal Years 1996 through 2017

(Unaudited)

Fiscal Property Year Ta 1996 \$ 21 1997 23 1999 24 2000 26 2001 27 2002 29 2003 31 2004 34 2005 38 2005 38 2007 38	Taxes 1 Taxes 1 215,783,669 230,682,146 239,675,849 249,878,165 263,916,207 276,515,023 293,591,325	Property Taxes ¹ \$ 66,775,292 67,612,923 75,041,794 76,016,201 90,545,837	Sales Tax 32,808,424 33,916,147 35,049,804 37,004,115 38,212,293	Utility Tax \$ 30,410,466	Meal Tax	Other	Taxes
↔	5,783,669 0,682,146 9,675,849 19,878,165 33,916,207 (6,515,023	Taxes 1 \$ 66,775,292 67,612,923 75,041,794 76,016,201 90,545,837		Tax \$ 30,410,466	Tax	Taxes	F C C C C C C C C C C
€	5,783,669 (0,682,146 (9,675,849 9,878,165 33,916,207 (6,515,023	\$ 66,775,292 67,612,923 75,041,794 76,016,201 90,545,837		\$ 30,410,466		~~~~	Assessed
€	5,783,669 (0,682,146 (9,675,849 (9,878,165 (3,3916,207 (6,515,023 (3,591,325	\$ 66,775,292 67,612,923 75,041,794 76,016,201 90,545,837		\$ 30,410,466			
	0,682,146 9,675,849 9,878,165 33,916,207 6,515,023	67,612,923 75,041,794 76,016,201 90,545,837	33,916,147 35,049,804 37,004,115 38,212,293		\$ 19,835,362	\$ 53,613,813	\$ 419,227,026
	9,675,849 9,878,165 33,916,207 6,515,023	75,041,794 76,016,201 90,545,837	35,049,804 37,004,115 38,212,293	26,420,839	20,682,238	56,083,447	435,397,740
	9,878,165 i3,916,207 '6,515,023 i3,591,325	76,016,201 90,545,837	37,004,115	29,334,345	22,046,548	58,680,182	459,828,522
	i3,916,207 '6,515,023 i3,591,325	90,545,837	38,212,293	30,594,776	23,157,204	61,927,958	478,578,419
	6,515,023 13,591,325			32,094,368	24,436,808	64,175,064	513,380,577
	13,591,325	90,791,185	39,712,323	34,080,325	25,320,531	68,188,931	534,608,318
		96,878,086	40,619,190	41,755,840	31,887,442	73,883,628	578,615,511
	319,261,524	97,182,499	41,782,279	43,407,182	34,377,007	79,458,536	615,469,027
	:7,360,112	80,260,731	46,328,049	45,778,363	38,144,787	92,406,133	650,278,175
•	382,632,555	57,046,694	49,315,425	47,105,890	41,565,553	98,135,551	675,801,668
•	397,431,699	66,804,132	51,391,606	47,778,078	45,025,727	105,702,298	714,133,540
	52,811,968	70,592,576	53,962,203	46,357,954	46,743,465	105,393,161	785,861,327
	499,776,925	75,062,192	54,071,427	49,660,261	48,069,618	108,396,618	835,037,041
	515,768,880	70,181,027	51,439,533	45,764,804	48,304,462	105,627,818	837,086,524
	504,334,961	59,813,526	50,263,545	46,662,622	48,442,376	103,385,929	812,902,959
	74,474,648	65,943,535	51,743,905	45,129,301	50,594,181	108,691,603	796,577,173
7	161,480,333	73,705,379	53,375,318	45,254,169	53,254,313	109,728,241	796,797,753
7	476,217,120	74,723,035	54,978,531	44,623,292	55,122,465	115,403,784	821,068,227
7	164,439,667	78,678,322	56,431,418	44,050,182	56,872,794	114,548,325	815,020,708
7	481,774,192	90,898,635	58,164,569	43,308,157	59,968,375	119,831,673	853,945,601
	526,451,909	95,930,682	61,099,407	42,658,906	63,437,485	122,405,839	911,984,228
	544,302,460	100,075,205	62,614,614	44,829,994	65,207,699	125,846,026	942,875,998

Source: City Department of Finance, see Statistical Table 5

Note: Real and Personal Property Tax Revenues include collections for Current Year and Prior years levies collected within the Current Fiscal Year.

(1) Includes taxes, penalty & interest (\$10 minimum) on delinquent collections from prior years.

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA TEN LARGEST UTILITY (WATER) CUSTOMERS

Fiscal Year 2017 (Unaudited)

	Annual Consumption	
Customer	in 1,000 Gallons	Type of Customer
Virginia Beach Correction Center	50,576	City Correction Center
Sentara Princess Anne Hospital	33,961	Hospital
S L Nusbaum Realty	30,387	Thalia Garden Apartments
Sentara Virginia Beach General Hospital	29,348	Hospital
Westminister-Canterbury of Hampton Roads	25,748	Retirement Community
County View Mobile Court	23,460	Mobile Home Park
Watergate Assoc Lakes	19,653	Linkhorn Bay Apartments
Town Center Associates 7 LLC	19,197	Real Estate Asset Manager
Occidental Development, Ltd.	18,974	Waterfront Apartments
Colony Mobile Home Park	18,904	Mobile Home Park

Source: City Department of Public Utilities

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA WATER AND SEWER ENTERPRISE FUND OUTSTANDING DEBT BY ISSUE at June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

2016-B \$42,865,000 Water and Sewer Refunding Bonds	\$ 40,610,000
2016A Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds	46,560,000
2013 Water and Sewer System Revenue Bonds	41,745,000
2010A Water and Sewer System Revenue Bonds	55,280,000
2010B Water and Sewer System Refunding Revenue Bonds	7,640,000
2010C Water and Sewer System Refunding Revenue Bonds	18,110,000
1998 Taxable Water and Sewer System Revenue Bond (1)	832,839
1997 Taxable Water and Sewer System Revenue Bond (1)	 278,165
Total Water and Sewer Debt Outstanding	\$ 211,056,004

- (1) The 1997 & 1998 taxable issues were privately placed with the Commonwealth of Virginia Revolving Loan fund administered by Virginia Resources Authority
- (2) All Water & Sewer Bonds listed above are Parity Debt.

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA WATER RESOURCE RECOVERY FEES HISTORY OF RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS

Fiscal Year 2012 through 2017 (in thousands of dollars) (Unaudited)

			Fiscal Year			
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Balance - July 1	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Fees Received	3,265	3,905	2,116	3,120	2,414	2,796
Disbursements	3,265	3,905	2,116	3,120	2,414	2,796
Balance - June 30	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

Source: City Departments of Finance and Public Utilities.

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA WATER AND SEWER ENTERPRISE FUND

SYSTEM OPERATING REVENUES, EXPENSES AND COVERAGE

For Fiscal Year Ending June 30 (in thousands of dollars) (Unaudited)

		Fiscal Y	'ear		
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Operating Revenues					
Service Charges	\$ 62,231	\$ 68,226	\$ 74,518	\$ 75,233	\$ 75,767
Water Usage	46,543	45,881	45,309	44,847	45,599
Interfund Services Provided	-	-	1,169	1,170	1,497
Miscellaneous	839	1,636	1,187	1,771	1,616
Total Operating Revenues	\$ 109,613	\$ 115,743	\$ 122,183	\$ 123,021	\$ 124,479
Operating Expenses					
Water Acquisition	\$ 25,968	\$ 23,188	\$ 23,771	\$ 24,488	\$ 24,722
Water Distribution	8,056	7,882	6,780	6,832	7,189
Sewer Collection	13,151	12,658	14,274	13,812	14,494
Administration and Engineering	16,829	18,367	19,157	18,646	16,708
Customer Services	9,830	9,813	10,163	10,152	9,701
Total Operating Expenses	\$ 73,834	\$ 71,908	\$ 74,145	\$ 73,930	\$ 72,814
Net Operating Income	\$ 35,779	\$ 43,835	\$ 48,038	\$ 49,091	\$ 51,665
Non-Operating Revenues/(Expense)					
Interest	\$ 457	\$ 405	\$ 493	\$ 597	\$ 2,082
Water Resource Recovery Fee	3,905	2,116	3,120	2,414	2,796
Connection Fees	1,274	767	1,211	1,187	1,047
Norfolk Water True-Up		3,257		825	
Total Non-Operating Income	\$ 5,636	\$ 6,545	\$ 4,824	\$ 5,023	\$ 5,925
Income Available For Debt Service	\$ 41,415	\$ 50,380	\$ 52,862	\$ 54,114	\$ 57,590
Annual Debt Service*					
Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds	\$ 14,950	\$ 15,965	\$ 18,119	\$ 18,520	\$ 16,569
Coverage of Debt Service on Water and					
Sewer Revenue Bonds	2.77x	3.16x	2.92x	2.92x	3.48x
Coverage of Debt Service on All Debt					
Supported by Water and Sewer Revenue	s 2.77x	3.16x	2.92x	2.92x	3.48x

^{*} Includes Principal, Interest at gross, and Bank Charges

Source: City Departments of Finance and Public Utilitie

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH WATER AND SEWER ENTERPRISE FUND DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS

as of June 30, 2017 (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	(Gross Debt Service	Subsidy		t Service Net of Subsidy	Principal Outstanding
2017-18	\$ 8,820,728	\$ 9,077,938	\$	17,898,665	\$ (949,036)	\$	16,949,630	\$ 202,235,276
2018-19	9,215,276	8,685,065		17,900,341	(976,809)		16,923,533	193,020,000
2019-20	9,625,000	8,271,996		17,896,996	(946,786)		16,950,210	183,395,000
2020-21	10,045,000	7,853,921		17,898,921	(914,831)		16,984,090	173,350,000
2021-22	10,485,000	7,415,368		17,900,368	(881,323)		17,019,045	162,865,000
2022-23	10,980,000	6,934,041		17,914,041	(845,560)		17,068,481	151,885,000
2023-24	11,520,000	6,411,109		17,931,109	(806,512)		17,124,596	140,365,000
2024-25	12,095,000	5,854,825		17,949,825	(763,963)		17,185,863	128,270,000
2025-26	12,730,000	5,249,295		17,979,295	(718,085)		17,261,211	115,540,000
2026-27	10,670,000	4,677,121		15,347,121	(668,665)		14,678,456	104,870,000
2027-28	11,065,000	4,194,685		15,259,685	(615,203)		14,644,482	93,805,000
2028-29	9,080,000	3,760,068		12,840,068	(557,679)		12,282,389	84,725,000
2029-30	9,470,000	3,339,893		12,809,893	(496,087)		12,313,805	75,255,000
2030-31	9,845,000	2,921,344		12,766,344	(430,472)		12,335,872	65,410,000
2031-32	7,720,000	2,543,280		10,263,280	(360,896)		9,902,384	57,690,000
2032-33	8,050,000	2,185,578		10,235,578	(287,430)		9,948,148	49,640,000
2033-34	8,395,000	1,809,156		10,204,156	(210,223)		9,993,933	41,245,000
2034-35	8,770,000	1,412,928		10,182,928	(129,077)		10,053,851	32,475,000
2035-36	9,150,000	998,573		10,148,573	(43,740)		10,104,832	23,325,000
2036-37	4,945,000	696,706		5,641,706	-		5,641,706	18,380,000
2037-38	5,125,000	516,200		5,641,200	-		5,641,200	13,255,000
2038-39	5,310,000	332,075		5,642,075	-		5,642,075	7,945,000
2039-40	2,570,000	199,800		2,769,800	-		2,769,800	5,375,000
2040-41	2,645,000	121,575		2,766,575	-		2,766,575	2,730,000
2041-42	2,730,000	40,950		2,770,950	-		2,770,950	-
Totals	\$ 211,056,004.17	\$ 95,503,488.16	\$ 3	06,559,492.33	\$ (11,602,373.86)	\$ 29	94,957,118.47	

^{*} Fiscal Year 2017/2018 has been adjusted to reflect the 6.6% sequestration in effect.

All Water & Sewer Debt is Parity Debt are Revenue Bonds and Notes issued pursuant to Article VII, Sec. 10(a)(3) of the Constitution of Virginia, secured solely by the Revenues of the system.

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA WATER AND SEWER ENTERPRISE FUND WATER AND SEWER RATE HISTORY (Unaudited)

Effective Date of Rate Adjustment	Water Commodity Rate (per 1,000 gallons)	Sanitary Sewer Service Charge Single Family Residence (per month)	
July 1, 1991	\$ 2.96	\$ 10.58	
July 1, 1992	3.11	11.38	
July 1, 1993	3.38	11.38	
July 1, 1994	3.65	11.38	
July 1, 1999	3.55	11.38	
July 1, 2001	3.55	12.29	
July 1, 2002	3.55	13.27	
July 1, 2003	3.55	14.34	
July 1, 2005	3.65	15.92	
July 1, 2006	3.70	16.88	
July 1, 2007	3.80	17.72	
July 1, 2008	3.95	18.61	
July 1, 2009	4.10	19.54	
July 1, 2010	4.41	19.54	
July 1, 2011	4.41	22.12	
July 1, 2012	4.41	24.86	
July 1, 2013	4.41	27.76	
July 1, 2014	4.41	30.81	
July 1, 2015	4.41	30.81	
July 1, 2016	4.41	30.81	
July 1, 2017	4.41	30.81	
·			

Source: City Department of Public Utilities

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA TEN LARGEST STORM WATER UTILITY ACCOUNTS

For Billing Period Ending June 30, 2017 (Unaudited)

Customer	Fees Billed
Lynnhaven Mall Group	\$ 210,328
Stihl, Inc.	158,060
Sentara Healthcare	116,453
Virginia Wesleyan College	97,164
Pembroke Associates	82,166
Emeral Point	73,926
HRSD	73,269
Evergreen Virginia	71,969
Regent University	57,033
Atlantic Shores	48,294

Source: City Department of Public Works/Storm Water Management

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA STORM WATER UTILITY DISTRIBUTION BY TYPE OF PROPERTY

As of June 30, 2017 (Unaudited)

	2017	
Type of Property	Percent of Equivalent Residential Units (ERU)	
Residential	45.1%	
Multi-Family	13.4%	
Non-Residential	41.5%	

Source: City Department of Public Works/Storm Water Management

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA STORM WATER UTILITY FEE COLLECTIONS As of June 30, 2017 (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year	Assessed fees	Collected fees *	% Collected	
			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
1997	6,547,709	6,541,955	99.912%	
1998	7,909,209	7,903,455	99.927%	
1999	9,219,518	9,213,764	99.938%	
2000	9,330,500	9,324,746	99.938%	
2001	9,467,608	9,461,854	99.939%	
2002	10,437,774	10,432,020	99.945%	
2003	11,415,662	11,409,908	99.950%	
2004	12,519,585	12,513,831	99.954%	
2005	12,456,762	12,451,008	99.954%	
2006	13,737,919	13,732,165	99.958%	
2007	14,657,797	14,652,043	99.961%	
2008	15,487,064	15,481,310	99.963%	
2009	17,441,273	17,435,519	99.967%	
2010	19,285,723	19,251,212	99.821%	
2011	20,883,989	20,833,505	99.758%	
2012	27,632,407	27,541,919	99.673%	
2013	32,006,788	31,852,199	99.517%	
2014	36,709,700	36,537,711	99.531%	
2015	39,055,783	38,684,230	99.049%	
2016	39,804,972	39,530,243	99.310%	
2017	39,854,926	40,046,975	100.482%	

Source: City Department of Public Works/Storm Water Management

^{*} Represents collections through June 30th of each Fiscal Year. The City anticipates that for each of the recent years collection rates will be consistent with earlier years.

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA STORM WATER UTILITY FUND PRO FORMA CALCULATION OF REVENUE COVENANTS (Unaudited)

Revenue Requirement A	Fiscal Year											
		2013		2014		2015		2016		2017	2	018 Budget
Total Revenues: System Revenues (including interest income)	\$	32,954,179	\$	37,150,524	\$	39,294,658	\$	39,648,163	\$	40,471,105	\$	41,594,147
Budgeted Operating Expenses		14,317,957		15,366,723		16,645,536		18,487,455		26,074,915		29,038,529
Revenues Available for Debt Service	\$	18,636,222	\$	21,783,801	\$	22,649,122	\$	21,160,708	\$	14,396,190	\$	12,555,618
Maximum Principal and Interest Requirement on Revenue Bonds (a)	\$	2,040,008	\$	2,040,008	\$	3,402,039	\$	3,399,201	\$	3,399,201	\$	3,393,984
Debt Service Coverage Ratio (1.15 MBR Reguirement)	_	9.1x		10.7x		6.7x		6.2x		4.2x		3.7x

Source: City Department of Finance

Revenue Requirement B				Fiscal	Yea	r			
- -		2013	2014	2015		2016	 2017	2	018 Budget
Total System Revenues (including interest income)	\$	32,954,179	\$ 37,150,524	\$ 39,294,658	\$	39,648,163	\$ 40,471,105	\$	41,594,147
Less:									
Budgeted Operating Expenses Revenue Bond Debt Service (a):	\$	14,317,957	\$ 15,366,723	\$ 16,645,536	\$	18,487,455	\$ 26,074,915	\$	29,038,529
Requirement on Series 2010A Bonds		1,392,283	\$ 1,391,583	\$ 1,390,683	\$	1,394,533	\$ 1,391,695	\$	1,386,025
Requirement on Series 2010B Bonds		639,981	640,681	641,181		641,481	641,581		641,481
Requirement on Series 2015 Bonds		-	-	226,374		1,357,556	1,359,106		1,360,056
Subordinate Debt Fund (Prior Bonds)		322,975	 226,457	 -			 		
Total Debt Service	\$	2,355,239	\$ 2,258,721	\$ 2,258,238	\$	3,393,570	\$ 3,392,382	\$	3,387,562
Capital Improvement Account (Cash)		14,122,870	 13,962,480	 9,514,582		8,490,000	 7,500,000		7,500,000
Total Expenditures	\$	30,796,066	\$ 31,587,924	\$ 28,418,356	\$	30,371,025	\$ 36,967,297	\$	39,926,091
Surplus Revenue		2,158,113	\$ 5,562,600	\$ 10,876,302	\$	9,277,138	\$ 3,503,808	\$	1,668,056
Reconciliation of Expenses to CAFR									
Total Operating Expenses (per CAFR)	\$	16,709,597	\$ 19,477,620	\$ 22,059,299	\$	23,177,375	\$ 33,123,108		
Add (Subtract): Depreciation		(2,391,640)	(4,110,897)	(4,569,433)		(4,792,210)	(5,466,520)		
Annual CIP Expense				(1,265,350)		(463,098)	(1,091,586)		
Net Deferred Retirement Contribution				421,020		565,388	(490,087)		
Total Budgeted Expenses (Pro Forma Requirement)	\$	14,317,957	\$ 15,366,723	\$ 16,645,536	\$	18,487,455	\$ 26,074,915		

(a) All Interest is presented at Gross.

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA STORM WATER UTILITY FUND DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS

as of June 30, 2017 (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year		Principal		Interest	Subsidy*	Total		
2017-18	\$	1,740,000	\$	1,647,563	\$	(261,430)	\$ 3,126,132	
2018-19		1,795,000		1,591,899		(273,977)	3,112,921	
2019-20		1,855,000		1,524,033		(266,663)	3,112,370	
2020-21		1,915,000		1,456,699		(258,352)	3,113,347	
2021-22		1,980,000		1,389,533		(249,214)	3,120,319	
2022-23		2,055,000		1,320,030		(239,354)	3,135,676	
2023-24		2,135,000		1,244,380		(228,512)	3,150,868	
2024-25		2,230,000		1,158,443		(216,511)	3,171,932	
2025-26		1,665,000		1,077,844		(203,639)	2,539,205	
2026-27		1,745,000		1,002,196		(189,517)	2,557,679	
2027-28		1,815,000		926,131		(174,077)	2,567,054	
2028-09		1,890,000		851,499		(157,878)	2,583,621	
2029-30		1,970,000		773,544		(140,831)	2,602,712	
2030-31		2,050,000		692,139		(122,892)	2,619,247	
2031-32		2,130,000		607,284		(104,060)	2,633,223	
2032-33		2,215,000		516,581		(83,497)	2,648,084	
2033-34		2,310,000		419,581		(61,071)	2,668,511	
2034-35		2,405,000		318,231		(37,489)	2,685,742	
2035-36		2,505,000		212,394		(12,705)	2,704,689	
2036-37		1,220,000		140,019		- -	1,360,019	
2037-38		1,260,000		102,031		-	1,362,031	
2038-39		1,295,000		62,109		-	1,357,109	
2039-40		1,340,000		20,938		-	1,360,938	
Totals	\$	43,520,000	\$	19,055,100	\$	(3,281,670)	\$ 59,293,430	

^{*} Fiscal Year 2017/2018 has been adjusted to reflect the Federal sequestration rates of 6.9% and 6.6% for the respective debt service payments.



This Page Intentionally Left Blank

