County of Wise, Virginia

Annual Financial Report



For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

TABLE OF CONTENTS

INTRODUCTORY SECTION		
Organizational Chart		Page 1
List of Elected and Appointed Officials		2-3
FINANCIAL SECTION		
Independent Auditors' Report		4-6
Basic Financial Statements:	<u>Exhibit</u>	Page
Government-Wide Financial Statements:		
Statement of Net Position	. 1	7
Statement of Activities		8
Fund Financial Statements:	, -	Ŭ
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	. 3	9
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement		
of Net Position	. 4	10
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -		
Governmental Funds	. 5	11
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes		
in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	. 6	12
Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds	. 7	13
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position -		
Proprietary Funds		14
Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds		15
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds		16
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds		17
Notes to the Financial Statements	•	18-94
Required Supplementary Information:		
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -		
Budget and Actual - General Fund		95
Budget and Actual - Special Revenue Fund - Coal Road Improvement Fund	. 13	96
Pension Plans:		
Schedule of Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset):		
Primary Government and Component Unit School Board (professional)	. 14	97
Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios:		
Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)		98
Schedule of Employer Contributions		99
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	. 17	100
Healthcare OPEB Plan:		
Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios:	40	404
Primary Government		101
School Board		102
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	. 20	103

TABLE OF CONTENTS (CONTINUED)

FINANCIAL SECTION (Continued)		
·	Exhibit	Page
Required Supplementary Information: (Continued)	<u>-XIIIDIC</u>	ruge
Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan:		
Schedule of County's Share of Net OPEB Liability	21	104
Schedule of Employer Contributions	22	105
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	23	106
Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan:		
Schedule of Changes in the School Board (nonprofessional)'s Net OPEB		
Liability and Related Ratios	24	107
Schedule of Employer Contributions - School Board (nonprofessional)		108
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	26	109
Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan:		
Schedule of School Board's Share of Net OPEB Liability		110
Schedule of Employer Contributions	28	111
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	29	112
Line of Duty Act (LODA) Program:		
Schedule of Employer's Share of Net LODA OPEB Liability		113
Schedule of Employer Contributions		114
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	32	115
Other Supplementary Information:		
Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules:		
Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds	33	116
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -	33	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	34	117
Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds		118
Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds		119
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: Combining Balance Sheet	37	120
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -	37	120
Governmental Funds	38	121
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -		
Governmental Funds - Budget and Actual	39	122
Other Statistical Information:		
	<u>Table</u>	Page
Government-Wide Information:		
Government-Wide Expenses by Function		123
Government-Wide Revenues	. 2	124
Fund Information:	_	. ـ -
General Governmental Expenditures by Function		125
General Governmental Revenues by Source		126
Property Tax Levies and Collections		127
Assessed Value of Taxable Property	. 6	128

Property Tax Rates

Debt Per Capita

Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded

129

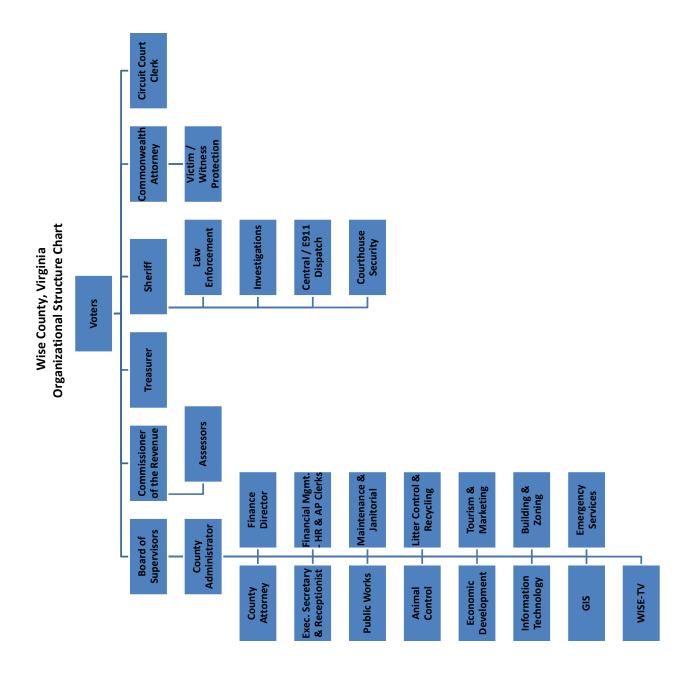
130

7

TABLE OF CONTENTS (CONTINUED)

FINANCIAL SECTION (Continued)		
Other Statistical Information: (Continued)	<u>Table</u>	<u>Page</u>
Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for General Bonded Debt to		
Total General Governmental Expenditures	. 9	131
Schedule of Legal Debt Margin		132
COMPLIANCE SECTION		
		Page
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting		
and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements		
Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	•	133-134
Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal		
Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	•	135-137
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards		138-140
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs		141
Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings		142





	BOARD OF SUPERVISORS	
Robert R. Adkins Clarence S. Peters James T. Boardwine	J.H. Rivers, Chairperson John Schoolcraft, Vice Chairperson	Steve Bates Fred Luntsford Randy Carter
	COUNTY SCHOOL BOARD	
Martha Jett Stephanie Kern Rosiland McAmis	Larry Greear, Chairperson Herbert Shortt, Vice Chairperson Heather Fultz, Clerk of the School Board	Dr. Mark Raymond Sandra Adkins Vicki Williams
	PUBLIC SERVICE AUTHORITY	
J.H. Rivers, Treasurer Worley Smith Robert R. Adkins	Ralph Gilley, Chairperson Fred Luntsford, Vice Chairperson	Hibert Tackett Jr. Robby Robbins Clarence S. Peters
	SOCIAL SERVICES BOARD	
J. H. Rivers Duane Miller Dianne Abbott Randy Carter	James T. Boardwine, Chairperson Sandra Adkins, Vice Chairperson	Michael Mullins Wayne Wheatley Steve Bates

OTHER OFFICIALS

COUNT	Y ADMINISTRATION	
	County Administrator	
CONST	TUTIONAL OFFICERS	
	Clerk of the Circuit Court	Brett Hall Douglas Mullins Jr Delores W. Smith
COURT	S	
	Chief Judge of the Circuit Court Chief Judge of the District Court Judge of the District Court Chief Judge of Juvenile & Domestic Relations Court Judge of Juvenile & Domestic Relations Court Presiding Judge of Juvenile & Domestic Relations Court Judge of Juvenile & Domestic Relations Court Judge of Juvenile & Domestic Relations Court	Ronald Kelley ElkinsThomas W. BakerJohn C. KilgoreShawn L. HinesAndrew L. JohnsonElizabeth WillsMarcus McClungElizabeth S. Wills
СОМРО	NENT UNITS	
OTHER	Superintendent of Schools	
	Director of Social Services	Susan Mullins





ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Wise, Virginia

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Wise, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Wise, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We did not audit the financial statements of the PSA and IDA, which represent 39.87% and 24.07%, respectively, of the assets of the discretely presented component units as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where appliable, cash flows thereof for the fiscal year ended. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us, and our opinions, insofar as they relate to the amounts included for the PSA and IDA, are based solely on the report of the other auditors.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of County of Wise, Virginia, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about County of Wise, Virginia's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, and the Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Wise, Virginia's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about County of Wise, Virginia's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information and schedules related to pension and OPEB funding as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance. The budgetary comparison information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Management has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise County of Wise, Virginia's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us. In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditors, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory section and statistical information but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 28, 2025, on our consideration of County of Wise, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Wise, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering County of Wise, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

FORMSON, JMMM, COX, USSOULDS Blacksburg, Virginia February 28, 2025



County of Wise, Virginia Statement of Net Position June 30, 2024

	_	Pri	imary	y Government					Cor	mponent Units		landi interi- l
		Governmental Activities		usiness-type <u>Activities</u>		<u>Total</u>		School Board	F	Public Service Authority	De	Industrial evelopment Authority
ASSETS												
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,913,052	\$	3,480	\$	2,916,532	\$	17,358,319	\$	1,243,016	\$	871,189
Investments		24,500,262		9,732,423		34,232,685		-		-		-
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):												
Taxes receivable		21,611,200		-		21,611,200		-		-		-
Other local taxes receivable		126,237		72 210		126,237		242 204		011 671		1 024 114
Accounts receivable Notes receivable		47,523		73,219		120,742		212,281		911,671		1,024,114 2,553,525
Interest receivable		963		-		963				-		20,268
Other receivables		2,915,216		-		2,915,216		-		-		
Lease receivable		5,524		-		5,524		-		-		10,327,153
Due from component units		6,046,529		-		6,046,529		-		-		-
Due from other governmental units		4,571,759		-		4,571,759		4,621,368		1,556,987		-
Internal balances		212,898		(212,898)		-		-		-		-
Prepaid items		81,748		-		81,748		663,804		-		-
Restricted assets:										2 207 270		405 774
Cash and cash equivalents		-		-		-		-		2,397,278		185,774
Property Net pension asset		-				-		-		370,347		231,754
Other assets (net of amortization)				371,250		371,250				370,347		
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):				37 1,230		37 1,230						
Capital assets not being depreciated/amortized		2,195,643		314,816		2,510,459		5,728,079		9,348,295		3,996,077
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization		61,927,081		7,337,980		69,265,061		46,737,269		67,446,365		31,055,159
Total assets	\$	127,155,635	\$	17,620,270	\$	144,775,905	\$	75,321,120	\$	83,273,959	\$	50,265,013
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES												
Pension related items	\$	2,465,629	\$	121,733	\$	2,587,362	\$	12,906,299	\$	199,795	\$	-
OPEB related items		1,509,406		25,047		1,534,453		3,394,244		46,426		-
Total deferred outflows of resources	_\$_	3,975,035	\$	146,780	\$	4,121,815	\$	16,300,543	\$	246,221	\$	-
LIABILITIES												
Accounts payable	\$	1,187,218	\$	280,504	\$	1,467,722	\$	1,493,514	\$	1,906,970	\$	839,669
Salaries payable		499,891		-		499,891		513,155		93,275		-
Grants payable		-		-		-		-		-		150,000
Customer deposits								-		540,675		
Accrued interest payable		694,035		13,205		707,240		-		11,924		91,596
Due to primary government		-		-		-		6,046,529		-		-
Due to other governmental units		676		-		676		2 000 000		145 220		-
Unearned revenue Long-term liabilities:		•		-		-		2,900,000		165,220		-
Due within one year		5,072,362		420,036		5,492,398		311,796		832,615		3,787,494
Due in more than one year		65,219,051		12,749,633		77,968,684		56,925,053		8,483,238		7,722,376
Total liabilities	\$	72,673,233	\$	13,463,378	\$	86,136,611	\$	68,190,047	\$	12,033,917	\$	12,591,135
		,, ,, ,,		.,,.	•			,,		,,		,,
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES												
Deferred revenue - property taxes	\$	20,066,737	\$	-	\$	20,066,737	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Lease related		10,739		-		10,739		-		-		10,286,943
Deferred charge on refunding		142,775		-		142,775		-		-		-
Pension related items		1,545,618		125,321		1,670,939		4,518,616		91,285		-
OPEB related items Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	1,513,959 23,279,828	Ś	25,953 151,274	\$	1,539,912 23,431,102	\$	3,137,446 7,656,062	c	14,747 106,032	\$	10,286,943
Total deferred liftlows of resources		23,277,020	٠,	131,274	٠,	23,431,102		7,030,002	٠,	100,032	٠,	10,200,743
NET POSITION												
Net investment in capital assets	\$	7,885,752	\$	6,388,991	\$	14,274,743	\$	51,757,728	\$	67,727,196	\$	26,094,891
Restricted:												
Asset forfeiture funds		256,860		-		256,860		-		-		-
Law library funds		20,175		-		20,175		-		-		-
Coal road funds		4,173,732				4,173,732		-		311,371		-
C Bascom Slemp Library		400,000		-		400,000		-		-		-
Opioid settlement		4,155,787		-		4,155,787		-		1 054 127		-
Debt services reserves American Rescue Plan Act		-		-		-		-		1,054,137		-
American Rescue Plan Act Mountain Empire Community College		-				-		-		29,668 125,000		-
Dominion replacement funds				-		-		-		336,429		
Community development		-		-		-		-		330,429		417,528
School Cafeteria		-				-		5,848,683				-117,520
Unrestricted (deficit)		18,285,303		(2,236,593)		16,048,710		(41,830,857)		1,796,430		874,516
		.,,-05		(, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		39,330,007	_	15,775,554		, ,		,

County of Wise, Virginia Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

			_	Program Revenues	nues							Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	et (Expense) Revenue ar Changes in Net Position	nue and sition				
										Primary Government	į.				lo L	Component Units		
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Ŀ	Operating Grants and Contributions	ᅲᄝ	Capital Grants and Contributions	 2	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	ental ies	Business-type <u>Activities</u>	/pe	Total	"	School Board	P. P	Public Service <u>Authority</u>	Indu Develo	Industrial Development <u>Authority</u>
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT: Governmental activities:																		
General government administration	\$ 3,688,686	\$ 83,	83,406	\$ 614	614,992		٠.		(2,990,288)	Ş		(2,990,288)	3) \$		s		s	
Judicial administration Bublic cofest	3,297,015	, ,	7,545	1,643,452	452			£, ξ	(1,646,018)			(1,646,018)	€ 6					
Public salety Public works	1,9/6,1/6		71.536	0,940	319 747			,015	10,614,960)			(10,614,960)	5 =					
Health and welfare	15,366,817	i	2	12,163,517	517			3.3	(3,203,300)			(3,203,300)	: a					
Education	12,403,231							(12,	(12,403,231)			(12,403,231)	· =					
Parks, recreation, and cultural	1,066,413			4	4,500			7, 1	(1,061,913)			(1,061,913)	<u>@</u>					
Community development	2,849,732			1,258,961	961			Ξ,	(1,590,771)			(1,590,771)	<u>-</u> :					
Interest on long-term debt Total governmental activities	2,217,883	\$ 229	279.644	\$ 22.951.228	228		۳ . .		(2,217,883)		۳ . .	(2,217,883)	عاد م	. .	<i>~</i>	. .	v	. .
				2007			` 		(533,15)	,) 	2 (10 (10)	٠ ا		,		•	
Business-type activities: Landfill	\$ 1,954,728	\$ 501	501,091	\$ 26	26,092	s	٠			\$ (1,427,545)	,545) \$	(1,427,545)	\$ (9		s		s	
Sewer	621,048									(621	(621,048)	(621,048)	3					
Total business-type activities	\$ 2,575,776	\$ 501,	501,091	\$ 26	26,092		∽ .			\$ (2,048,593)	\$ (263)	(2,048,593)	_{\$\infty\}		ω		s,	
Total primary government	\$ 62,538,643	\$ 730	730,735	\$ 22,977,320		\$	∽ ∥		(36,781,995)	\$ (2,048,593)	593) \$	(38,830,588)	s		م		s,	
COMPONENT UNITS:																		
School Board Public Service Authority	\$ 76,056,822	\$ 3,382,050	362	\$ 74,885,104 -		\$ 8.388.040	- \$ 040			s	· ·		s	2,210,332	v	6.926.039	v,	
Industrial Development Authority		1,444,976	976	2,631,650	929	o o o	2									-		565,321
Total component units	\$ 87,496,490	\$ 11,293,388	388	\$ 77,516,754	754	8,388,040	8 			S	 		 	2,210,332	~	6,926,039	s,	565,321
	General revenues and transfers:	transfers:					,				4				•		,	
	General property taxes Other local taxes:	(es					S		30,879,625	v.		30,879,625	<i>ب</i>		v		v,	
	Local sales and use taxes	taxes						3,6	3,634,846			3,634,846	۰,0					
	Coal severance taxes	es							971,990			971,990	0					
	Consumers' utility taxes	axes							461,737			461,737	.					
	Unrestricted revenues from use of money	es from use of	nonev					, ,	1.421.786	435	435.874	1.857.660		411.401		153.481		133.514
	Miscellaneous		î					, w,	3,406,473	33	33,333	3,439,806	0	489,335				19,297
	Payments from the County of Wise	County of Wise							. !			. !		12,289,136		76,735		
	Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs	ions not restric	ted to sp	ecific progra	SI			,, 0	2,407,657	- 500 270	٠.	2,407,657	_					
	i ransiers Total general revenues and transfers	es and transfers					\s	40,	40,347,580	3,509,270 \$ 3,978,477	477 S	44,326,057	\s	13,189,872	S	230,216	s	152,811
	Change in net position	_					ļ\$		3,565,585	\$ 1,929,884	,884 \$	5,495,469	S O	15,400,204	S	7,156,255	S	718,132
	Net position - beginning	ng					\ <u>\</u>	31,6	31,612,024	2,222,514	208 5	33,834,538	~ ~ ~	375,350	<i>y</i>	64,223,976	26	26,668,803
	ואבר להסומחום ביותוום						`	,,,		47.1,6	220	20,000,00	, .		,		1	,,,,,,,,,,

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

County of Wise, Virginia Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2024

		General <u>Fund</u>		Coal Road nprovement <u>Fund</u>	Nonmajor Governmental <u>Funds</u>		<u>Total</u>
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,160,004	\$	444,435	\$ 308,613	\$	2,913,052
Investments		20,512,993		3,759,380	227,889		24,500,262
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):							
Taxes receivable		21,611,200		-	-		21,611,200
Other local taxes receivable		126,237		-	-		126,237
Accounts receivable		19,375		28,148	-		47,523
Interest receivable		-		963	-		963
Other receivables		2,915,216		-	-		2,915,216
Lease receivable		5,524		-	-		5,524
Due from other funds		33,892		22,280	156,726		212,898
Due from component units		6,046,529		-	-		6,046,529
Due from other governmental units		4,457,324		-	114,435		4,571,759
Prepaid items		81,748		-	-		81,748
Total assets	\$	57,970,042	\$	4,255,206	\$ 807,663	\$	63,032,911
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable	\$	824,738	Ś	81,474	\$ 281,006	Ś	1,187,218
Salaries payable	•	499,891	•	-		•	499,891
Due to other governmental units		-		_	676		676
Total liabilities	\$	1,324,629	\$	81,474	\$ 281,682		1,687,785
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Lease related	\$	10,739	ċ		\$ -	\$	10,739
	Ş	22,716,412	Ş	-	, -	Ş	-
Unavailable revenue - property taxes Unavailable revenue - opioid settlement		2,915,216		-	62,814		22,716,412
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	25,642,367	\$	-	\$ 62,814		2,978,030 25,705,181
FUND BALANCES							
Nonspendable:	\$	81,748	,		\$ -	ć	04 740
Prepaid items Restricted:	Ş	01,740	\$	-	, -	\$	81,748
Coal Road Improvement Fund				4 172 722			4 172 722
Forfeitured Assets Fund		-		4,173,732	254 940		4,173,732
Law Library Fund		20,175		-	256,860		256,860 20,175
•		400,000		-	-		400,000
C Bascom Slemp Library Opioid settlement		880,911		-	296,846		
Committed:		000,911		-	290,040		1,177,757
		12 504 (70					42 E94 (70
Debt Service		13,584,679		-	-		13,584,679
Blighted Properties		106,263		-	-		106,263
Assigned:		22.774					22.774
Drug Court Fund		32,664		-	-		32,664
IT Fund		1,391		-	-		1,391
Software Engineering Fund		39,847		-	-		39,847
Dog and Cat Sterilization Fund		25,326		-	-		25,326
Transient Occupancy Fund		249,748		-	-		249,748
Supervisor Fees - SWVCC Fund		319,490		-	- (00 530		319,490
Unassigned (deficit)		15,260,804			(90,539		15,170,265
Total fund balances	\$	31,003,046	\$	4,173,732	\$ 463,167		35,639,945
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	57,970,042	\$	4,255,206	\$ 807,663	\$	63,032,911

County of Wise, Virginia Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2024

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:				
Total fund balances per Exhibit 3 - Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds			\$	35,639,945
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and,				
therefore, are not reported in the funds. Jointly owned assets are				
included in the total capital assets.				
Capital assets not depreciated/amortized	\$	2,195,643		
Capital assets being depreciated/amortized	,	61,927,081		64,122,724
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and,				
therefore, are deferred in the funds.				
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	\$	2,649,675		
Unavailable revenue - opioid settlement		2,978,030		5,627,705
Deferred outflows of resources are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and,				
therefore, are not reported in the funds.				
Pension related items	\$	2,465,629		
OPEB related items		1,509,406		3,975,035
Land Arms Red Miles - And allow have decreased a smooth and a smooth a factor of				
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current				
period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		(37.202.504)		
General obligation bonds	\$	(37,292,504)		
Lease revenue bonds		(13,255,000)		
Loans payable		(1,416,143)		
Unamortized premiums		(1,146,977)		
Deferred charges on refundings		(142,775)		
Accrued interest payable		(694,035)		
Lease liabilities		(2,983,573)		
Net OPEB liabilities		(4,643,640)		
Net pension liability		(8,568,937)		(74 400 000)
Compensated absences		(984,639)		(71,128,223)
Deferred inflaws of recourses are not due and payable in the current period and therefore				
Deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.				
Pension related items	S	(1,545,618)		
OPEB related items	Ą	(1,513,959)		(3,059,577)
Ored related Items		(1,313,737)		(3,037,377)
Net position of governmental activities			Ś	35,177,609
net position of governmental activities				33,177,007

County of Wise, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

		General <u>Fund</u>		Coal Road Improvement <u>Fund</u>		Nonmajor Governmental <u>Funds</u>		<u>Total</u>
REVENUES								
General property taxes	\$	31,049,350	\$	-	\$	-	\$	31,049,350
Other local taxes		5,280,951		460,358		-		5,741,309
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses		34,913		-		-		34,913
Fines and forfeitures		56,453		-		-		56,453
Revenue from the use of money and property		1,276,810		218,842		379		1,496,031
Charges for services		49,127		-		14,906		64,033
Miscellaneous		1,895,601		-		156,218		2,051,819
Recovered costs		1,835,918		-		-		1,835,918
Intergovernmental		24,041,483		-		1,317,402		25,358,885
Total revenues	\$	65,520,606	\$	679,200	\$	1,488,905	\$	67,688,711
EXPENDITURES								
Current:	<u>_</u>	4 057 042	,		,		,	4 057 040
General government administration	\$	4,857,012	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,857,012
Judicial administration		3,956,800		-		400.475		3,956,800
Public safety		17,290,178		-		108,175		17,398,353
Public works		1,044,606		134,154		-		1,178,760
Health and welfare		15,477,215		-		-		15,477,215
Education		16,610,599		-		-		16,610,599
Parks, recreation, and cultural		1,022,836		-		-		1,022,836
Community development		1,439,483		281,363		-		1,720,846
Nondepartmental		437,291		-		-		437,291
Capital projects		-		-		1,128,886		1,128,886
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		734,524		-		-		734,524
Interest and other fiscal charges		57,774		-		-		57,774
Total expenditures	\$	62,928,318	\$	415,517	\$	1,237,061	\$	64,580,896
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
(under) expenditures	\$	2,592,288	\$	263,683	\$	251,844	\$	3,107,815
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers out	\$	(3,509,270)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(3,509,270)
Issuance of loan payable		704,000		-		-		704,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	(2,805,270)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(2,805,270)
Net change in fund balances	\$	(212,982)	\$	263,683	\$	251,844	\$	302,545
Fund balances - beginning	7	31,216,028	~	3,910,049	~	211,323	~	35,337,400
Fund balances - ending	\$	31,003,046	\$	4,173,732	\$	463,167	\$	35,639,945
i una patanees - chaing	<u> </u>	31,003,040	٠	7,173,732	٠	703,107	٠	33,037,743

3,565,585

County of Wise, Virginia Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	302,545
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. These are the details of items supporting this adjustment:			
Capital outlays Depreciation and amortization expenses	\$ 1,478,202 (3,327,582)		(1,849,380)
Depreciation and amortization expenses	 (3,327,302)		(1,049,300)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.			
Property taxes Opioid settlement	\$ (169,725) 1,354,654	\$	1,184,929
opiola settement	 1,334,034	7	1,104,727
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. Debt Issued or Incurred:			
Proceeds from loans payable Principal Payments:	\$ (704,000)		
General obligation bonds	2,999,552		
Lease revenue bonds	100,000 327,439		
Lease liabilities Loans payable	407,085		3,130,076
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.			
Change in compensated absences Change in accrued interest payable Changes to OPEB related items	\$ (29,079) 48,352 (142,114)		
Changes to pension related items Amortization of bond premium	711,799 179,902		
Amortization of charges on refunding	28,555		797,415

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Change in net position of governmental activities

County of Wise, Virginia Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2024

		Enterpris	e Fu		_	
		Landfill <u>Fund</u>		Sewer <u>Fund</u>		<u>Total</u>
ASSETS						
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,480	\$	-	\$	3,480
Investments		9,732,423		-	·	9,732,423
Accounts receivable, net of allowances for uncollectibles		73,219		-		73,219
Total current assets	\$	9,809,122	\$	-	\$	9,809,122
Noncurrent assets:						
Other assets (net of amortization)	\$	-	\$	371,250	\$	371,250
Capital assets:						
Capital assets not being depreciated		314,816		-		314,816
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		7,234,344		103,636		7,337,980
Total capital assets	\$	7,549,160	\$	103,636	\$	7,652,796
Total noncurrent assets	\$	7,549,160	\$	474,886	\$	8,024,046
Total assets	\$	17,358,282	\$	474,886	\$	17,833,168
	<u></u>			,		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Pension related items	\$	121,733	\$	-	\$	121,733
OPEB related items		25,047		-		25,047
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	146,780	\$	-	\$	146,780
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	186,144	Ś	94,360	\$	280,504
Due to other funds	·	-		212,898	,	212,898
Interest payable		13,205		-		13,205
Compensated absences - current portion		112,634		-		112,634
Bonds payable - current portion		307,402		-		307,402
Total current liabilities	\$	619,385	\$	307,258	\$	926,643
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Landfill closure/postclosure liability	\$	11,165,476	Ś	_	\$	11,165,476
Bonds payable - net of current portion	·	956,403		_	,	956,403
Compensated absences - net of current portion		37,544		_		37,544
Net OPEB liabilities		119,615		_		119,615
Net pension liability		470,595		_		470,595
Total noncurrent liabilities	\$	12,749,633	\$	-	\$	12,749,633
Total liabilities	\$	13,369,018	\$	307,258	\$	13,676,276
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Pension related items	\$	125,321	¢	_	\$	125,321
OPEB related items	۲	25,953	ب	-	ب	25,953
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	151,274	\$		\$	151,274
Total deferred lintows of resources		131,274	ڔ		ڔ	131,274
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets	\$	6,285,355		103,636	\$	6,388,991
Unrestricted (deficit)	_	(2,300,585)		63,992		(2,236,593)
Total net position	\$	3,984,770	\$	167,628	\$	4,152,398

County of Wise, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Enterprise Funds					
	Landfill		Sewer			
		<u>Fund</u>		<u>Fund</u>		<u>Total</u>
OPERATING REVENUES						
Charges for services:						
Solid waste collections	\$	501,091	\$	_	\$	501,091
Miscellaneous	ڔ	13,895	7	19,438	۲	33,333
Total operating revenues	\$	514,986	\$	19,438	\$	534,424
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Salaries and fringes	\$	1,717,504	<	_	\$	1,717,504
Professional services	ڔ	121,558	7		۲	121,558
Repairs and maintenance		88,242		_		88,242
Operating materials and supplies		29,304		_		29,304
Vehicle supplies and fuel		457,157		_		457,157
Utilities		67,860		_		67,860
Office and insurance expenses		24,793		_		24,793
Improvements and closure costs		(1,149,468)		_		(1,149,468)
Miscellaneous		39,029		_		39,029
Sewer operation costs		-		592,411		592,411
Depreciation and amortization		531,033		28,637		559,670
Total operating expenses	\$	<u> </u>	\$	621,048	\$	2,548,060
Operating income (loss)	\$	(1,412,026)	\$	(601,610)	\$	(2,013,636)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)						
Investment income	\$	435,874	\$	-	\$	435,874
Grants		26,092		-		26,092
Interest expense		(27,716)		-		(27,716)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	\$	434,250	\$	-	\$	434,250
Income (loss) before transfers	\$	(977,776)	\$	(601,610)	\$	(1,579,386)
Transfers in		2,983,477		525,793		3,509,270
Change in net position	\$	2,005,701	\$	(75,817)	\$	1,929,884
Net position - beginning	\$	1,979,069	\$	243,445	\$	2,222,514
Net position - ending	\$	3,984,770	\$	167,628	\$	4,152,398

County of Wise, Virginia Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from customers and users \$ 493,891 \$ 19,438 \$ 513,331 \$ 19,438 \$ 513,331 \$ 19,438 \$ 513,331 \$ 19,438 \$ 513,331 \$ 19,438 \$ 513,331 \$ 19,438 \$ 513,331 \$ 19,438 \$ 513,331 \$ 19,438 \$ 513,331 \$ 19,438 \$ 513,331 \$ 19,438 \$ 513,331 \$ 19,438 \$ 513,331 \$ 19,438 \$ 513,331 \$ 19,438 \$ 513,331 \$ 19,438 \$ 513,331 \$ 19,438 \$ 513,331 \$ 19,438 \$ 513,331 \$ 19,438 \$ 513,331 \$ 19,438 \$ 513,331 \$ 19,438 \$ 1		Enterprise Funds			
Receptis from customers and users					
Payments to suppliers			<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Total</u>
Payments to suppliers	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Payments to suppliers		\$	493,893 \$	19,438 \$	513,331
Payments to employees (1,766,063) 1,766,063) 2,67,793,08 2,67,793,08 2,67,793,08 2,67,793,08 2,67,793,08 2,67,793,08 2,67,793,08 2,67,793,08 2,67,793,08 2,67,793,08 2,67,793,08 2,57,793,08 2,50,97,793	Payments to suppliers		(678,580)		(1,223,811)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfers from other funds			(1,766,063)	-	(1,766,063)
Transfers from other funds \$ 2,983,477 \$ 525,793 \$ 3,090,270 Grants 26,092 \$ 25,0793 \$ 26,079,0793 \$ 26,079,0793 \$ 26,079,0793 \$ 26,099,0793 \$ 26,099,0793 \$ 26,099,0793 \$ 26,099,0793 \$ 26,099,0793 \$ 26,099,0793 \$ 26,093,0893 \$ 26,099,0793 \$ 26,093,0893 <td>Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities</td> <td>\$</td> <td>(1,950,750) \$</td> <td>(525,793) \$</td> <td>(2,476,543)</td>	Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	(1,950,750) \$	(525,793) \$	(2,476,543)
Grants 26,092 2,009.00 3,009.56 3,009.50 <t< td=""><td>CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital financing activities \$ 3,009,569 \$ 525,793 \$ 3,353,362 CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Purchase of capital assets \$ (299,015 \$ \$ (299,015 \$ (270,000 6 (270,000	Transfers from other funds	\$	2,983,477 \$	525,793 \$	3,509,270
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Purchase of capital assets	Grants		26,092	-	26,092
Purchase of capital assets \$ (299,015) \$ (299,015) \$ (299,015) \$ (270,000) . (270	Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital financing activities	\$	3,009,569 \$	525,793 \$	3,535,362
Principal payments on bonds (270,000) . (270,000) Interest expense (59,338) . (59,338) Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities 5 (628,353) . 5 (628,353) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest income \$ 435,874	CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Interest expense 159,338 159,3	Purchase of capital assets	\$	(299,015) \$	- \$	(299,015)
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities \$ (628,353) \$ \$ (628,353) \$ \$ (628,353) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest income \$ 435,874 \$ \$ 0.0 \$ 435,874 \$ \$ 0.0 \$ 435,874 \$ \$ 0.0 \$ 435,874 \$ \$ 0.0 \$ 435,874 \$ \$ 0.0 \$ 866,340 \$ 0.0 \$ 866,340 \$ 0.0 \$ 866,340 \$ 0.0 \$ 866,340 \$ 0.0 \$ 866,340 \$ 0.0 \$ 866,340 \$ 0.0 \$ 866,340 \$ 0.0 \$ 866,340 \$ 0.0 \$ 866,340 \$ 0.0 \$ 866,340 \$ 0.0 \$ 866,340 \$ 0.0 \$ 866,340 \$ 0.0 \$ 866,340 \$ 0.0 \$ 866,340 \$ 0.0 \$ 866,340 \$ 0.0 \$ 866,340 \$ 0.0 \$ 866,340 \$ 0.0	Principal payments on bonds			-	(270,000)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest income \$ 435,874 \$ \$ 435,874 Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents \$	Interest expense			-	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities	\$	(628,353) \$	- \$	(628,353)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents - beginning (including investments of \$8,862,881) Cash and cash equivalents - ending (including investments of \$9,732,423) Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities: Depreciation and amortization (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable (Increase) decrease in deferred outflows related to net oPEB liabilities Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase (decrease) in net OPEB liabilities Increase (decrease) in net openating to net openating to net pension liability Increase (decrease) in net openating to net openation liability (11,149,468) (11,149,468	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning (including investments of \$8,862,881) Cash and cash equivalents - ending (including investments of \$9,732,423) Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities: Depreciation and amortization of operating activities: Depreciation and amortization \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	Interest income	\$	435,874 \$	- \$	435,874
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities: Operating income (loss) to net cash still st	Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$	866,340 \$	- \$	866,340
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities: Depreciation and amortization (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable (Increase) decrease in deferred outflows related to net pension liability (Increase) decrease in deferred outflows related to net OPEB liabilities (Increase) decrease in in andfill closure/postclosure liability (Increase) decrease) in landfill closure/postclosure liability (Increase) decrease) in compensated absences (Increase) decrease) in compensated absences (Increase) decrease) in compensated absences (Increase) decrease) in the OPEB liabilities (Increase) decrease) in the topic liability (Increase) decrease) in the pension liability (Increase) decrease) in deferred inflows related to net pension liability (Increase) decrease) in deferred inflows related to net pension liability (Increase) decrease) in deferred inflows related to net pension liability (Increase) decrease) in deferred inflows related to net pension liability (Increase) decrease) in deferred inflows related to net pension liability (Increase) decrease) in deferred inflows related to net pension liability (Increase) decrease) in deferred inflows related to net pension liability (Increase) decrease) in deferred inflows related to net pension liability (Increase) decrease) in deferred inflows related to net pension liability (Increase) decrease) in deferred inflows related to net pension liability (Increase) decrease) in deferred inflows related to net pension liability (Increase) decrease) in deferred inflows related to net pension liability (Increase) decrease) in deferred inflows related to net pension liability (Increase) decrease) in deferred inflows related to net pension liability (Increase) decrease) decrease) in deferred inflows related to net pension liability (Increase) decrease) decrease decrease) in deferred inflows related to net p	Cash and cash equivalents - beginning (including investments of \$8,862,881)		8,869,563	-	8,869,563
provided by (used for) operating activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities: Depreciation and amortization (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable (Increase) decrease in deferred outflows related to net pension liability (Increase) decrease in deferred outflows related to net OPEB liabilities (Increase) in compensated absences Increase (decrease) in compensated absences Increase (decrease) in net OPEB liability Increase (decrease) in net operating activities: Increase (decrease) in net operating activities: Depreciation and amortization (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable (Increase) decrease in deferred outflows related to net operation liability (Increase) decrease) in landfill closure/postclosure liabilities (Increase) (Increase) decrease) in accounts payable Increase (decrease) in compensated absences (Increase) in the operation liability (Increase) decrease) in net operation liability (Increase) decrease) in net operation liability (Increase) decrease) in deferred inflows related to net pension liability (Increase) decrease) in deferred inflows related to net pension liability (Increase) decrease) in deferred inflows related to net opension liability (Increase) decrease) in deferred inflows related to net opension liability (Increase) decrease) in deferred inflows related to net opension liability (Increase) decrease) in deferred inflows related to net opension liability (Increase) decrease) in deferred inflows related to net opension liability (Increase) decrease) in deferred inflows related to net opension liability (Increase) decrease) in deferred inflows related to net opension liability (Increase) decrease) in deferred inflows related to net opension liability (Increase) decrease) in deferred inflows related to net opension liability (Increase) decrease) in deferred inflows related to net opension liability (Increase) decrease) in deferred inflows related to net opension liability (Inc	Cash and cash equivalents - ending (including investments of \$9,732,423)	\$	9,735,903 \$	- \$	9,735,903
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County of Wise, Virginia Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2024

	C	Custodial <u>Funds</u>	
ASSETS	<u></u>	242 402	
Cash and cash equivalents Total assets	\$	213,103 213,103	
LIABILITIES			
Due to other local governments Total liabilities	\$	265,254 265,254	
NET POSITION			
Restricted:			
Special Welfare	\$	13,914	
Unrestricted Total net position	\$	(66,065) (52,151)	

County of Wise, Virginia Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Custodial <u>Funds</u>	
Additions		
Contributions:		
Expenditure reimbursement	\$	124,068
Sales tax collection for other governments		739,552
Grants		75,000
Total contributions	\$	938,620
Deductions		
Special welfare payments	\$	134,156
Payments of sales tax to other governments		739,552
Salaries and fringes		75,566
Total deductions	\$	949,274
Net increase (decrease) in fiduciary net position	\$	(10,654)
Net position, beginning		(41,497)
Net position, ending	\$	(52,151)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

The financial statements of the County of Wise, Virginia conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applicable to governmental units promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The County of Wise, Virginia was established by an act of the Virginia General Assembly in 1856. It is a political subdivision of the Commonwealth of Virginia operating under the board-administrator form of government. The Board of Supervisors consists of a chairman and seven other board members elected from four magisterial districts. The Board is responsible for appointing the County Administrator, County Attorney and County Finance Director. The County has taxing powers subject to statewide restrictions and tax limits.

The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements (see note below for description) to emphasize that it is both legally and substantively separate from the government.

Blended component units - None

Discretely Presented Component Units - The component unit columns in the financial statements include the financial data of the County's discretely presented component units.

The County provides education through its own school system administered by the Wise County School Board (the School Board). The School Board has been classified as a discretely presented component unit in the financial reporting entity because it is legally separate, but financially dependent. The Board of Supervisors administers the School Board's appropriation of funds at the category level, approves transfers between categories and authorizes school debt issuances. The eight member school board is elected by Wise County voters with two members being elected per magisterial district. Financial statements of the School Board are included in a discretely presented component unit column and/or row of the government-wide financial statements, as well as in the supplementary information section. The School Board does not issue separate financial statements.

The County is financially accountable for the Wise County Industrial Development Authority (the IDA), including the appointment of the IDA's governing body, and the issuance of debt in conjunction with the IDA. Separate financial statements may be obtained from the Wise County Industrial Development Authority.

The County is financially accountable for the Wise County Public Service Authority (the Authority), including the appointment of the Authority's governing body, the contribution of a material amount of funds to the Authority, providing support agreements for the Authority's debt, and serving as the agent for grant receipts for the Authority's capital projects. Separate financial statements may be obtained from the Wise County Public Service Authority.

Related Organizations - The Wise County Redevelopment and Housing Authority is a related organization because the County's officials are responsible for appointing the members of the boards of other organizations, but the County's accountability for these organizations does not extend beyond making the appointment.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2024

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

A. Financial Reporting Entity (continued)

Jointly Governed Organizations:

- 1. The County, along with the Counties of Buchanan, Dickenson, Lee, Russell, Scott, Smyth, Tazewell, Washington, and the City of Norton, participates in supporting the Southwest Virginia Regional Jail Authority. The governing body of this organization is appointed by the respective governing bodies of the participating jurisdictions. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the County paid \$2,988,453 for services provided by the Authority.
- 2. The County, along with the Counties of Dickenson, Buchanan, Tazewell, Smyth, Washington, Russell, Scott, Lee, and the Cities of Bristol, and Norton, participates in supporting the Appalachian Juvenile Detention Commission. The governing body of this organization is appointed by the respective governing bodies of the participating jurisdictions. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the County paid \$683,160 for services provided by the Commission.
- 3. The County, along with the Counties of Lee, Scott, and the City of Norton, participates in supporting the Planning District One Behavioral Health Services Board. The governing body of this organization is appointed by the respective governing bodies of the participating jurisdictions. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the County provided an appropriation to the Board of \$304,509.
- 4. The County, along with the Counties of Dickenson, Lee, Scott, and the City of Norton, participates in supporting the Lonesome Pine Regional Library. The governing body of this organization is appointed by the respective governing bodies of the jurisdictions. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the County provided an appropriation to the Library of \$819,900.
- 5. The County, along with the Counties of Lee, Scott, and the City of Norton, participates in supporting the Lonesome Pine Office on Youth. The governing body of this organization is appointed by the respective governing bodies of the participating jurisdictions. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the County provided an appropriation to the Office of \$23,588. In addition, the County provides payroll services for the Office at no charge.
- 6. The County, along with the Counties of Dickenson, Lee, Scott, and the City of Norton, participates in supporting the Lonesome Pine Airport (Cumberland Airport Commission). The governing body of this organization is appointed by the respective governing bodies of the participating jurisdictions. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024 the County provided an appropriation to the Airport of \$164,000.
- 7. The County, along with the Counties of Lee, Scott, and the City of Norton, participates in supporting LENOWISCO, a regional planning district. The governing body of this organization is appointed by the respective governing bodies of the participating jurisdictions. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the County provided an appropriation to LENOWISCO of \$66,684.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2024

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

<u>Government-wide financial statements</u> - The reporting model includes financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all of the government's activities. This approach includes not just current assets and liabilities but also capital assets and long-term liabilities (such as buildings and general obligation debt).

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

<u>Statement of Net Position</u> - The Statement of Net Position is designed to display financial position of the primary government (governmental and business-type activities) and its discretely presented component units. Governments will report all capital assets in the government-wide Statement of Net Position and will report depreciation expense - the cost of "using up" capital assets - in the Statement of Activities. The net position of a government will be broken down into three categories - 1) net investment in capital assets; 2) restricted; and 3) unrestricted.

<u>Statement of Activities</u> - The government-wide Statement of Activities reports expenses and revenues in a format that focuses on the cost of each of the government's functions. The expense of individual functions is compared to the revenues generated directly by the function (for instance, through user charges or intergovernmental grants).

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds, if any, are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The accompanying financial statements are prepared in accordance with pronouncements issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The principles prescribed by GASB represent generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental units.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of recognition in the financial statements of various kinds of transactions or events.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2024

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reflects both the gross and net cost per functional category (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) which are otherwise being supported by general government revenues (property, sales and use taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, fines, permits and charges, etc.) The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants, and contributions. The program revenues must be directly associated with the function (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) or a business-type activity.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized when they have been earned and they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service principal and interest expenditures on general long-term debt, including lease liabilities, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions, including entering into contracts giving the government the right to use lease assets, are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and financing through leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Accordingly, real and personal property taxes are recorded as revenues and receivables when billed, net of allowances for un-collectible amounts. Property taxes not collected within 60 days after year-end are reflected as unavailable revenues.

Sales and utility taxes, which are collected by the state or utilities and subsequently remitted to the County, are recognized as revenues and receivables upon collection by the state or utility, which is generally in the month preceding receipt by the County.

Licenses, permits, fines and rents are recorded as revenues when received. Intergovernmental revenues, consisting primarily of federal, state and other grants for the purpose of funding specific expenditures, are recognized when earned or at the time of the specific expenditure. Revenues from general-purpose grants are recognized in the period to which the grant applies. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when the government receives cash.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2024

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for and reports all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in other funds. The General Fund as reported in the County financial statements includes the following merged County funds: Law Library Fund, Emergency Numbers Fund, Dog and Cat Sterilization Fund, Community Corrections Fund, Information Technology Fund, Software Engineering Intiative Fund, Transient Occupancy Tax Fund, and the Drug Court Fund.

The *Coal Road Improvement Fund* is the government's only major special revenue fund. Revenues in this fund are derived from coal road severance taxes and dedicated to road improvement projects.

The nonmajor governmental funds of the County are:

The Forfeited Assets Fund is a nonmajor special revenue fund of the County. Revenues in this fund are derived from federal, state, and local asset forfeitures and related grants and dedicated to law enforcement services. The Forfeited Assets Fund as reported includes the merged Drug Seizure and Forfeiture Fund and the Special Fund of the Commonwealth Attorney.

The *Capital Projects Fund* accounts for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities. The *Capital Projects Fund* is reported as a nonmajor capital project fund.

Enterprise Funds account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises. The intent of the County is that the cost of providing services to the general public be financed or recovered through user charges. The County reports the following enterprise funds:

The Sewer Fund accounts for the operations of the Riverview Sewer Project.

The Landfill Fund accounts for the activities of the landfill, including charges for services, expenses, assets, and related debts.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types:

Fiduciary funds (Custodial funds) account for assets held by the government in a trustee capacity or as custodian for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, or other funds. Fiduciary funds include the Special Welfare Fund, Local Sales Tax Fund, and Lonesome Pine Youth Services Fund.

The School Board reports the following major governmental funds:

The School Operating Fund is the primary operating fund of the School Board and accounts for and reports all revenues and expenditures applicable to the general operations of the public school system. Revenues are derived primarily from appropriations from the County of Wise, Virginia and state and federal grants. The School Operating Fund also includes the merged School Textbook Fund.

The School Cafeteria Fund is a Special Revenue Fund. It accounts for and reports the proceeds from charges for services and state and federal grants and reports the expenditures of those funds on school nutrition services.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2024

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

The School Activity Fund is a Special Revenue Fund. It accounts for and reports all funds received from extracurricular school activities, such as entertainment, athletic contests, club dues, fundraisers, etc., and from any and all activities of the individual schools.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are other charges between the government's functions. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary Funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations.

D. Assets, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, liabilities, and net position/fund balance:

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, amounts in demand deposits as well as short-term investments with a maturity date within three months of the date acquired by the government. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the government's proprietary funds consider their demand deposits and all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

Investments with a maturity of less than one year when purchased, non-negotiable certificates of deposit, other nonparticipating investments, and external investment pools are stated at cost or amortized cost. Investments with a maturity greater than one year when purchased are stated at fair value. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an investment in an orderly transaction at year end.

Restricted amounts for the Primary Government represent unspent debt proceeds.

2. Inventory

Inventories of material and supplies are recorded at cost, using the first-in, first-out method of valuation.

3. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2024

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

D. Assets, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, liabilities, and net position/fund balance: (continued)

4. Property Taxes

Property is assessed at its value on January 1. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are payable in two installments on May 31st and October 31st. The County bills and collects its own property taxes.

5. Coal Severance Taxes

Coal severance tax is assessed monthly based on the gross receipts of the mining operation for the preceding month. Coal severance taxes attach as an enforceable lien on the mining operation in the month of assessment. Taxes are payable in the month of assessment. The County bills and collects its own coal severance taxes.

6. Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts

The County calculates its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data and, in certain cases, specific account analysis. The allowance amounted to approximately \$494,388 and \$82,431 for property taxes and landfill receivables, respectively, at June 30, 2024.

7. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

8. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors represent costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

9. Capital Assets

Capital assets are tangible and intangible assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), and are reported in the applicable governmental column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

As the County and Component Unit School Board constructs or acquires capital assets each period, including infrastructure assets, they are capitalized and reported at historical cost (except for intangible right-to-use lease assets), the measurement of which is discussed in more detail below). The reported value excludes normal maintenance and repairs, which are amounts spent in relation to capital assets that do not increase the asset's capacity or efficiency or increases its estimated useful life. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation. Acquisition value is the price that would be paid to acquire an asset with equivalent service potential on the date of the donation. Intangible assets follow the same capitalization policies as tangible capital assets and are reported with tangible assets in the appropriate capital asset class.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2024

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

D. Assets, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, liabilities, and net position/fund balance: (continued)

9. Capital Assets (continued)

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Land and construction in progress are not depreciated. The other tangible and intangible property, plant equipment, lease assets, and infrastructure of the primary government, as well as the component unit School Board, are depreciated/amortized using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings and improvements	35-50
Infrastructure	35-50
Machinery and equipment	2-15
Lease buildings and improvements	10
Lease machinery and equipment	3-5

10. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position includes a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The County only has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. It is comprised of certain items related to pension and OPEB. For more detailed information on these items, reference the related notes.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position includes a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has multiple types of items that qualify for reporting in this category. Under a modified accrual basis of accounting, unavailable revenue representing property taxes and opioid settlement receivable is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. The property tax amount is comprised of uncollected property taxes due prior to June 30, 2nd half installments levied during the fiscal year but due after June 30th, and amounts prepaid on the 2nd half installments and is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available. Under the accrual basis, 2nd half installments levied during the fiscal year but due after June 30th and amounts prepaid on the 2nd half installments are reported as deferred inflows of resources. In addition, certain items related to pension, OPEB, leases, and opioid settlement are reported as deferred inflows of resources. The final item is the deferred charge on refunding reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. For more detailed information on these items, reference the related notes.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2024

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

D. Assets, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, liabilities, and net position/fund balance: (continued)

11. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses.

12. Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. No liability is recorded for non-vesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits. The County accrues salary-related payments associated with the payment of compensated absences. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements.

13. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County's and School Board's Retirement Plan and the additions to/deductions from the County's and School Board's Retirement Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2024

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

D. Assets, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, liabilities, and net position/fund balance: (continued)

14. Fund Balance

In governmental fund types, the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is called "fund balance." County's governmental funds report the following categories of fund balance, based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes:

- Nonspendable fund balance amounts that are either not in spendable form (such as inventory and prepaids) or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (corpus of a permanent fund);
- Restricted fund balance amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by external resource providers such as grantors or enabling federal, state, or local legislation. Restrictions may be changed or lifted only with the consent of the resource providers;
- Committed fund balance amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by the adoption of an ordinance committing fund balance for a specified purpose by the Board of Supervisors prior to the end of the fiscal year. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until the resources have been spent for the specified purpose or the Board adopts another ordinance to remove or revise the limitation;
- Assigned fund balance amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed; intent can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment;
- Unassigned fund balance amounts that are available for any purpose; positive amounts are only reported in the general fund. Additionally, any deficit fund balance within the other governmental fund types is reported as unassigned.

The Board of Supervisors is the County's highest level of decision-making authority. This governing body has the authority to designate or rescind committed or assigned fund balance by a majority vote.

The County's Board of Supervisors has authorized the County Finance Director and County Treasurer to assign fund balance in accordance with the County's fund balance policy.

The County will maintain an unassigned fund balance in the general fund equal to 10% of expenditures/revenues. The County considers a balance of less than 10% to be cause for concern, barring unusual, or deliberate circumstances.

The County considers restricted fund balance to be spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which restricted and unassigned, assigned, or committed fund balances are available, unless prohibited by legal documents or contracts. When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which committed, assigned or unassigned amounts are available, the County considers committed fund balance to be spent first, then assigned fund balance, and lastly unassigned fund balance.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2024

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

D. Assets, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, liabilities, and net position/fund balance: (continued)

15. Net Position

For government-wide reporting as well as in proprietary funds, the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is called net position. Net position is comprised of three components: net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

- Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes, and other debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are included in this component of net position.
- Restricted net position consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows
 of resources related to those assets. Assets are reported as restricted when constraints are
 placed on asset use either by external parties or by law through constitutional provision or
 enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position is the net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that does not meet the definition of the two preceding categories.

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the County's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

16. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net VRS related OPEB liabilities, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the VRS GLI, HIC, Teacher HIC, and LODA OPEB Plans and the additions to/deductions from the VRS OPEB Plans' net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by VRS. In addition, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

E. Leases

The County and School Board lease various assets requiring recognition. A lease is a contract that conveys control of the right to use another entity's nonfinancial asset. Lease recognition does not apply to short-term leases, contracts that transfer ownership, leases of assets that are investments, or certain regulated leases.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2024

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

E. Leases (continued)

Lessee

The County and School Board recognize lease liabilities and intangible right-to-use lease assets (lease assets) in the government-wide financial statements. At the commencement of the lease, the lease liability is measured at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term (less any lease incentives). The lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of payments made. The lease asset is measured at the initial amount of the lease liability, plus any payments made to the lessor at or before the commencement of the lease term and certain direct costs. The lease asset is amortized over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the underlying asset.

Lessor

The County recognizes leases receivable and deferred inflows of resources in the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements. At commencement of the lease, the lease receivable is measured at the present value of lease payments expected to be received during the lease term, reduced by any provision for estimated uncollectible amounts. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is measured at the initial amount of the lease receivable, less lease payments received from the lessee at or before the commencement of the lease term (less any lease incentives).

Key Estimates and Judgments

Lease accounting includes estimates and judgments for determining the (1) rate used to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

- The County and School Board uses the interest rate stated in lease contracts. When the interest rate is
 not provided or the implicit rate cannot be readily determined, the County uses its estimated incremental
 borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease and certain periods covered by options to extend to reflect how long the lease is expected to be in effect, with terms and conditions varying by the type of underlying asset.
- Fixed and certain variable payments as well as lease incentives and certain other payments are included in the measurement of the lease liability (lessee) or lease receivable (lessor).

The County and School Board monitor changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement or modification of its leases. The County and School Board will remeasure the lease asset and liability (lessee) or the lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources (lessor) if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability or lease receivable.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2024

Note 2-Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability:

A. Budgetary Information

The following procedures are used by the County in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1.Prior to March 30, the County Finance Director submits to the Board of Supervisors a proposed operating and capital budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating and capital budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. All Funds of the County have legally adopted budgets with the exception of Agency Funds.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments.
- 3. Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an Appropriations Resolution.
- 4.The Appropriations Resolution places legal restrictions on expenditures at the department level. Only the Board of Supervisors can revise the appropriation for each department or category. The County Administrator is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within general government departments; however, the School Board is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within the school system's categories.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds (except the School Fund) and the General Capital Projects Funds. The School Operating Fund and School Capital Projects Fund are integrated only at the level of legal adoption.
- 6.All budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
- 7. Appropriations lapse on June 30, for all County units.
- 8. Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to commit that portion of the applicable appropriations, is not part of the County's accounting system.
- A. Excess of expenditures over appropriations

At June 30, 2024, expenditures exceeded appropriations for the Asset Forfeiture Funds as well as several departments within the General and Sewer Funds.

B. Deficit fund balance

At June 30, 2024, no funds had a deficit fund balance.

Note 3-Deposits and Investments:

Deposits

Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporations (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act") Section 2.2-4400 et. seq. of the Code of Virginia. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of the amount insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board. Financial institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in the amounts from 50% to 130% of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2024

Note 3-Deposits and Investments: (Continued)

Investments

Statutes authorize the County to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper that has received at least two of the following ratings: P-1 by Moody's Investors Service, Inc.; A-1 by Standard & Poor's; or F1 by Fitch Ratings, Inc. (Section 2.2-4502), banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements, and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP).

Credit Risk of Debt Securities

At year end, the County was not exposed to any custodial credit risk for deposits or investments. The County limits deposits to those banks fully collateralized under the Commonwealth's Security for Public Deposits Act. The County policy in regard to investments requires that all investments be held in the County's name.

At June 30, 2024, the County did not have any investments requiring concentration of credit risk disclosures that exceeded 5% of total investments.

At year-end, the Primary Government's and the Component Unit - School Board's deposit and investment balances were as follows:

County's Rated Debt Investments' Values

	Fair Quality Rating								
Rated Debt Investments		Unrated		Aa+f		AAAm			
Primary Government:									
Demand and time deposits	\$	14,732,422	\$	-	\$	-			
VML/VACO - Liquidity Pool		-		-		16,724,233			
VML/VACO - 1-3 Year High Quality Bond Fund		-		2,776,030		-			
Total Primary Government	\$	14,732,422	\$	2,776,030	\$	16,724,233			

Fair Value Measurements

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The County has measured fair value of the above VML/VACO Pool investments at the net asset value (NAV).

Redemption Restrictions

VML/VACO Virginia Investment Pool allows the County to have the option to have access to withdraw funds twice a month, with a five-day period notice. Additionally, funds are available to meet unexpected needs such as fluctuations in revenue sources, one-time outlays (disasters, immediate capital needs, state budget cuts, etc.).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2024

Note 3-Deposits and Investments: (continued)

Interest Rate Risk

The County has not adopted an investment policy for interest rate risk.

Investment Maturities (in years)

Investment Type		Fair Value	Les	s than 1 Year	1 - 5 Years		
Primary Government:							
Demand and time deposits	\$	14,732,422	\$	14,732,422	\$	-	
VML/VACO - Liquidity Pool		16,724,233		16,724,233		-	
VML/VACO - 1-3 Year High Quality Bond Fund		2,776,030		-		2,776,030	
Total Primary Government	\$ 34,232,685 \$ 31,456,65		31,456,655	\$	2,776,030		

Note 4-Due from Other Governmental Units:

The following amounts represent receivables from other governments at year-end:

		Primary	Component Unit School Board			
	G	overnment				
Local Governments:						
City of Norton - shared expenses reimbursement	\$	537,539	\$	-		
SWVA Regional Jail - shared expenses reimbursement		20,647		-		
Commonwealth of Virginia:						
Communications tax		102,983		-		
State sales tax		-		1,092,904		
Local sales tax		745,046		-		
Non-categorical aid		970,471		-		
Categorical aid - shared expenses		419,464		-		
Categorical aid - Virginia Public Assistance funds		296,212		-		
Categorical aid - Comprehensive Services Act funds		365,210		-		
Categorical aid - other		266,687		-		
Federal Government:						
Categorical aid - Virginia Public Assistance funds		408,473		-		
Categorical aid - other		439,027		3,528,464		
Total Amount due from Other Governmental Units	\$	4,571,759	\$	4,621,368		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2024

Note 5-Interfund/Component-Unit Obligations:

Fund	Go	e to Primary overnment/ nponent Unit	Due from Primary Government/ Component Unit		
Primary Government: General Fund	\$	-	\$ 6,046,529		
Component Unit - School Board School Operating Fund	\$	6,046,529	\$	-	

Interfund balances for the year ended June 30, 2024, consisted of the following:

Fund	Due To	Due From		
Primary Government:	_		_	
Major Governmental Funds:				
General Fund	\$ -	\$	33,892	
Coal Road Fund	-		22,280	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:				
Capital Projects Fund	-		156,726	
Enterprise Funds:				
Sewer Fund	212,898		-	
Total Primary Government	\$ 212,898	\$	212,898	

All balances are the results of time lag between dates that interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and payments between funds are made. The County expects all balances to be repaid within one year.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2024

Note 5-Interfund/Component-Unit Obligations: (continued)

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2024, consisted of the following:

Primary Governmental Funds: General Fund \$. \$. \$ 3,509,270 Enterprise Funds: Sewer Fund \$ 525,793 Landfill Fund \$ 2,983,477 Total Primary Government \$ 3,509,270 \$ 3,509,270 Component Unit - School Board: Major Governmental Funds: School Operating Fund \$. \$ 975,460 School Activity Fund \$ 975,460 \$ 975,460	Fund	T	ransfers In	Transfers Out		
General Fund \$ - \$ 3,509,270 Enterprise Funds: Sewer Fund 525,793 - Landfill Fund 2,983,477 - Total Primary Government \$ 3,509,270 \$ 3,509,270 Component Unit - School Board: Major Governmental Funds: School Operating Fund \$ - \$ 975,460 School Activity Fund 975,460 -	Primary Government:					
Enterprise Funds: Sewer Fund Landfill Fund 2,983,477 Total Primary Government \$ 3,509,270 Component Unit - School Board: Major Governmental Funds: School Operating Fund School Activity Fund \$ 975,460	Major Governmental Funds:					
Sewer Fund 525,793 - Landfill Fund 2,983,477 - Total Primary Government \$ 3,509,270 \$ 3,509,270 Component Unit - School Board: Major Governmental Funds: School Operating Fund \$ - \$ 975,460 School Activity Fund 975,460 -	General Fund	\$	-	\$	3,509,270	
Landfill Fund 2,983,477 - Total Primary Government \$ 3,509,270 \$ 3,509,270 Component Unit - School Board: Major Governmental Funds: School Operating Fund \$ - \$ 975,460 School Activity Fund 975,460 -	Enterprise Funds:					
Total Primary Government \$ 3,509,270 \$ 3,509,270 Component Unit - School Board: Major Governmental Funds: School Operating Fund \$ - \$ 975,460 School Activity Fund 975,460 -	Sewer Fund		525,793		-	
Component Unit - School Board: Major Governmental Funds: School Operating Fund \$ - \$ 975,460 School Activity Fund 975,460 -	Landfill Fund		2,983,477		-	
Major Governmental Funds:School Operating Fund\$ - \$ 975,460School Activity Fund975,460	Total Primary Government	\$	3,509,270	\$	3,509,270	
School Operating Fund \$ - \$ 975,460 School Activity Fund 975,460 -	Component Unit - School Board:					
School Activity Fund 975,460 -	Major Governmental Funds:					
	School Operating Fund	\$	-	\$	975,460	
Total Component Unit - School Board \$ 975,460 \$ 975,460	School Activity Fund		975,460		-	
	Total Component Unit - School Board	\$	975,460	\$	975,460	

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgeting authorization.

Note 6-Long-Term Obligations:

Primary Government - Governmental Activities Indebtedness

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions of the County for the year ended June 30, 2024:

	Beginning	Increases/	Decreases/	Ending		
	Balance	Issuances	Retirements	Balance		
Direct Borrowings and Placements: Paid by School Board:						
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 40,292,056	\$ -	\$ (2,999,552)	\$ 37,292,504		
Bond Premium	1,326,879	-	(179,902)	1,146,977		
Lease Revenue Bonds	13,355,000	-	(100,000)	13,255,000		
Paid by Primary Government:						
Loan payable	1,119,228	704,000	(407,085)	1,416,143		
Lease liabilities	3,311,012	-	(327,439)	2,983,573		
Net Pension Liability	7,890,830	6,630,123	(5,952,016)	8,568,937		
Net OPEB Liabilities	4,392,446	2,873,290	(2,622,096)	4,643,640		
Compensated Absences	955,560	745,749	(716,670)	984,639		
Total	\$ 72,643,011	\$ 10,953,162	\$ (13,304,760)	\$ 70,291,413		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2024

Note 6-Long-Term Obligations: (continued)

<u>Primary Government - Governmental Activities Indebtedness</u> (continued)

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

Year Ending	[Direct Borrowing	s and	Placements		Lease Li	Liabilities		
June 30,		Principal	Interest		Principal			Interest	
2025	\$	4,003,055	\$	2,339,128	\$	330,828	\$	29,172	
2026		3,819,296		2,219,080		334,252		25,748	
2027		3,867,265		2,112,142		337,711		22,289	
2028		3,716,748	2,003,549			341,206		18,794	
2029		3,444,664		1,902,470		344,737		15,263	
2030-2034		16,716,716		6,722,182		1,294,839		25,160	
2035-2039		15,463,204		1,452,219		-		-	
2040		2,079,676		29,850		-		-	
Totals	\$	53,110,624	\$	18,780,620	\$	2,983,573	\$	136,426	

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2024

Note 6-Long-Term Obligations: (continued)

Primary Government - Governmental Activities Indebtedness (continued)

Details of long-term indebtedness:

	Final Interest Date Maturity Installment		Installment	Amount of Original	Balance Governmental			Amount ue Within	
	Rates	Issued	Date	Amounts	Issue		Activities	C	ne Year
Direct Borrowings and Placements: General Obligation Bonds:									
VPSA General obligation bond	3.67%	11/9/2011	2037	\$1,045,000 - \$1,870,000 a+	\$ 29,265,000	\$	19,300,000	\$	1,155,000
VPSA General obligation bond	5.10%	5/15/2008	2029	\$310,947 - \$368,877 a+	5,834,463		1,742,504		328,607
Refunding bond	2.39-3.54%	5/15/2014	2037	\$680,000 - \$855,000 a+	13,910,000		10,420,000		800,000
VPSA QSCB bond	0.00%	12/15/2011	2031	\$300,000 - \$1,200,000 a+	15,000,000		5,830,000		835,000
Total GO Bonds					, ,	\$	37,292,504	\$	3,118,607
Lease Revenue Bonds:									
Refunding Bond - Series 2019	1.5-5%	10/30/2019	2040	\$100,000 - \$2,080,000 a+	\$ 13,655,000	\$	13,255,000	\$	100,000
Premiums									
\$29,265,000 VPSA GO bond						\$	(16,720)	\$	16,027
\$13,910,000 refunding bond							114,376		8,815
\$13,655,000 refunding bond							1,049,321		120,348
Total Premiums						\$	1,146,977	\$	145,190
Loans payable:									
Banc Corp - equipment schedule 2	0.9460%	4/13/2020	2025	\$140,701 sa	\$ 1,371,016	\$	279,418	\$	279,418
Banc Corp - equipment schedule 3	4.1165%	4/13/2020	2026	\$34,486 sa	192,793		131,129		64,229
Banc Corp - equipment schedule 4	3.7642%	4/13/2020	2028	\$40,962 sa	370,224		301,596		71,236
Banc Corp - equipment schedule 5	4.4278%	4/13/2020	2027	\$125,515 sa	704,000		704,000		224,375
Total Loans Payable						\$	1,416,143	\$	639,258
Total Direct Borrowings and Place	ments					\$	53,110,624	\$ -	4,003,055
Lease liabilities:									
DSS lease - IDA building	1.03%	4/1/2021	2031	\$15,000 m	\$ 3,515,560	\$	2,983,573	\$	330,828
Other Obligations:									
Net pension liability						\$	8,568,937	\$	-
Net OPEB liabilities							4,643,640		-
Compensated absences							984,639		738,479
Total Other Obligations						\$	14,197,216	\$	738,479
Total Long-Term Obligations						\$	70,291,413	\$	5,072,362

⁽a+) - annual principal installments shown does not include semi-annual interest installments

In the event of default on the lease revenue bond, the lender may declare the entire unpaid principal and interest on the issuance as due and payable.

The loans payables are collateralized by the underlying equipment.

⁽sa) - semi-ammual principal and interest installments

⁽m) - monthly installments

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2024

Note 6-Long-Term Obligations: (continued)

Primary Government - Business-type Activities Indebtedness

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions of the County for the year ended June 30, 2024:

	Beginning Balance	Increases/ Decreases/ Issuances Retirements		Ending Balance	
Direct Borrowings and Placements:					
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 1,480,000	\$ -	\$ (270,000)	\$ 1,210,000	
Bond Premium	82,168	-	(28,363)	53,805	
Landfill Closure/					
Postclosure Liability	12,314,944	-	(1,056,740)	11,258,204	
Net Pension Liability	443,832	363,509	(336,746)	470,595	
Net OPEB Liabilities	119,583	32,740	(32,708)	119,615	
Compensated Absences	140,085	115,157	(105,064)	150,178	
Total	\$ 14,580,612	\$ 511,406	\$ (1,829,621)	\$ 13,262,397	

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

Year Ending	Direct Borrowings and Placements								
June 30,	Principal		Interest						
2025	\$ 307,402	\$	46,738						
2026	311,788		34,334						
2027	320,647		18,256						
2028	323,968		7,250						
Totals	\$ 1,263,805	\$	106,578						

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2024

Note 6-Long-Term Obligations: (continued)

Primary Government - Business-type Activities Indebtedness (continued)

Details of long-term indebtedness:

			Final		Amount of		Balance		Amount
	Interest	Date	Maturity	Installment	Original	Business-Type		Due Within	
	Rates	Issued	Date	Amounts	Issue	Activities		One Year	
Direct Borrowings and Placements:									
General Obligation Bonds:									
VRA General obligation bond	2.48%	6/5/2013	4/1/2028	\$190,000 - \$320,000 a+	\$3,450,000	\$	1,210,000	\$	285,000
Total GO Bonds						\$	1,210,000	\$	285,000
_									
Premiums:									
\$3,450,000 VRA GO bond						\$	53,805	\$	22,402
Total Premiums						\$	53,805	\$	22,402
Total Direct Borrowings and Plac	ements					\$	1,263,805	\$	307,402
Other Old real control									
Other Obligations:						,	44 250 204	,	
Landfill closure/postclosure liability	1					\$	11,258,204	\$	-
Net pension liability							470,595		-
Net OPEB liabilities							119,615		-
Compensated absences							150,178		112,634
Total Other Obligations						\$	11,998,592	\$	112,634
Total Long-Term Obligations						\$	13,262,397	\$	420,036

⁽a+) - annual principal installments shown does not include semi-annual interest installments

In the event of default on the general obligation bonds, the lender may declare the entire unpaid principal and interest on the issuance as due and payable.

Note 7-Long-Term Obligations-Component Unit School Board:

Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board-Indebtedness

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions of the Component-Unit School Board for the year ended June 30, 2024:

	Beginning Balance				 Increases	Decreases		Ending Balance
Lease liabilities	\$	30,555	\$ <u>-</u>	\$	(17,007)	\$ 13,548		
Net pension liability		38,355,079	19,142,927		(17,542,148)	39,955,858		
Net OPEB liabilities		15,864,087	3,895,398		(2,893,502)	16,865,983		
Compensated absences		371,177	 308,666		(278,383)	 401,460		
Total	\$	54,620,898	\$ 23,346,991	\$	(20,731,040)	\$ 57,236,849		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2024

Note 7-Long-Term Obligations-Component Unit School Board: (continued)

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

Year Ending	Lease Liabilities						
June 30,	Principal		Interest				
2025	\$ 10,701	\$	882				
2026	2,847		48				
Totals	\$ 13,548	\$	930				

Details of long-term indebtedness:

	Interest Rates	Date Issued	Final Maturity Date	Installment Amounts	Amount of Original Issue		Total Amount		Amount ue Within One Year
Lease liabilities:									
Enterprise - VIN 7384	9.32%	6/30/2021	2026	\$547 m	\$ 26,146	\$	7,714	\$	6,099
Enterprise - VIN 3748	11.13%	6/30/2021	2026	\$418 m	19,189		5,834		4,602
Total Leases liabilities						\$	13,548	\$	10,701
Net pension liability						\$	39,955,858	\$	-
Net OPEB liabilities							16,865,983		-
Compensated absences							401,460		301,095
Total Other Obligations						\$	57,223,301	\$	301,095
Total Long-Term Obligation	S					\$	57,236,849	\$	311,796

(m) - monthly installments

Note 8-Lease Receivable:

The following is a summary of leases receivable transactions of the County for the year ended June 30, 2024:

	Вє	eginning	Incre	eases/	Decreases/		Е	inding	
	E	Balance	Issu	Issuances Retirem		tirements	Balance		
Lease receivable	\$	71,364	\$	-	\$	(65,840)	\$	5,524	

Lease revenue total \$63,397 during fiscal year 2024 and lease related interest totaled \$520. There are no variable payments for leases receivable.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2024

Note 8-Lease Receivable: (continued)

Details of leases receivable:

	Original						Aı	mount
	Issuance	End	Payment	Discount	E	Inding	Due	Within
Lease Description	Date	Date	Frequency	Rate	Balnce		On	e Year
Health Department Lease	9/1/2019	2025	Monthly	1.26%	\$	5,524	\$	5,524

Note 9-Pension Plan:

Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the County and (nonprofessional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by a VRS Retirement Plan upon employment. This is an agent multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. However, several entities whose financial information is not included in the primary government report participate in the VRS plan through Wise County and the participating entities report their proportionate information on the basis of a cost-sharing plan. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer pay contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria as defined in the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service.

Benefit Structures

The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees - Plan 1, Plan 2 and Hybrid. Each of these benefit structures has different eligibility criteria, as detailed below.

a. Employees with a membership date before July 1, 2010, vested as of January 1, 2013, and have not taken a refund, are covered under Plan 1, a defined benefit plan. Non-hazardous duty employees are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit beginning at age 65 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 30 years of service credit. Non-hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 55 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 10 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees (law enforcement officers, firefighters, and sheriffs) are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 25 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 50 with at least 5 years of service credit.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2024

Note 9-Pension Plan: (continued)

Benefit Structures (continued)

- b. Employees with a membership date from July 1, 2010 to December 31, 2013, that have not taken a refund or employees with a membership date prior to July 1, 2010 and not vested before January 1, 2013, are covered under Plan 2, a defined benefit plan. Non-hazardous duty employees are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at their normal social security retirement age with at least 5 years of service credit or when the sum of their age plus service credit equals 90. Non-hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 25 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 50 with at least 5 years of service credit.
- c. Non-hazardous duty employees with a membership date on or after January 1, 2014 are covered by the Hybrid Plan combining the features of a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Plan 1 and Plan 2 members also had the option of opting into this plan during the election window held January 1 April 30, 2014 with an effective date of July 1, 2014. Employees covered by this plan are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at their normal social security retirement age with at least 5 years of service credit, or when the sum of their age plus service credit equals 90. Employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit. For the defined contribution component, members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.

Average Final Compensation and Service Retirement Multiplier

The VRS defined benefit is a lifetime monthly benefit based on a retirement multiplier as a percentage of the employee's average final compensation multiplied by the employee's total service credit. Under Plan 1, average final compensation is the average of the employee's 36 consecutive months of highest compensation and the multiplier is 1.70% for non-hazardous duty employees, 1.85% for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents, and 1.70% or 1.85% for hazardous duty employees as elected by the employer. Under Plan 2, average final compensation is the average of the employee's 60 consecutive months of highest compensation and the retirement multiplier is 1.65% for non-hazardous duty employees, 1.85% for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents, and 1.70% or 1.85% for hazardous duty employees as elected by the employer. Under the Hybrid Plan, average final compensation is the average of the employee's 60 consecutive months of highest compensation and the multiplier is 1.00%. For members who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan from Plan 1 or Plan 2, the applicable multipliers for those plans will be used to calculate the retirement benefit for service credited in those plans.

Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement and Death and Disability Benefits

Retirees with an unreduced benefit or with a reduced benefit with at least 20 years of service credit are eligible for an annual COLA beginning July 1 after one full calendar year from the retirement date. Retirees with a reduced benefit and who have less than 20 years of service credit are eligible for an annual COLA beginning on July 1 after one calendar year following the unreduced retirement eligibility date. Under Plan 1, the COLA cannot exceed 5.00%. Under Plan 2 and the Hybrid Plan, the COLA cannot exceed 3.00%. The VRS also provides death and disability benefits. Title 51.1 of the Code of Virginia, as amended, assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the General Assembly of Virginia.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2024

Note 9-Pension Plan: (continued)

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement.

The County's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2024 was 13.20% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the County were \$1,912,465 and \$1,767,386 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively.

Net Pension Liability

At June 30, 2024, the County reported a liability of \$9,039,532 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The County's net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2022, and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023. In order to allocate the net pension liability to all employers included in the plan, the County is required to determine its proportionate share of the net pension liability. Creditable compensation as of June 30, 2023 and 2022 was used as a basis for allocation to determine the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability. At June 30, 2023 and 2022, the County's proportion was 99.4937% and 99.4792%, respectively.

Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees

The total pension liability for General Employees in the Wise County's Retirement Plan and the Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023.

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.50% - 4.75%

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of pension plan investment

expenses, including inflation

Mortality rates:

All Others (Non-10 Largest) - Non-Hazardous Duty: 15% of deaths are assumed to be service related Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2024

Note 9-Pension Plan: (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees (continued)

Mortality rates: (continued)

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years

Mortality Improvement:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

All Others (Non-10 Largest) - Non-Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For
retirement healthy, and disabled)	future mortality improvements, replace load with a
	modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set
	separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid;
	changed final retirement age
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and
	service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rates	No change

Actuarial Assumptions - Public Safety Employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits

The total pension liability for Public Safety employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits in the County of Wise Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023.

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.50% - 4.75%

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of pension plan investment

expenses, including inflation

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2024

Note 9-Pension Plan: (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - Public Safety Employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits (continued)

Mortality rates:

All Others (Non-10 Largest) - Hazardous Duty: 45% of deaths are assumed to be service related Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years

Mortality Improvement:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

All Others (Non-10 Largest) - Hazardous Duty:

	The second secon
Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. Increased
retirement healthy, and disabled)	disability life expectancy. For future mortality
	improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality
	Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience and changed final
	retirement age from 65 to 70
Withdrawal Rates	Decreased rates and changed from rates based on age and
	service to rates based on service only to better fit
	experience and to be more consistent with Locals Largest 10
	Hazardous Duty
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rates	No change

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2024

Note 9-Pension Plan: (continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Long-Term Target Asset Allocation	Arithmetic Long-term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-term Expected Rate of Return*
Public Equity	34.00%	6.14%	2.09%
Fixed Income	15.00%	2.56%	0.38%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	5.60%	0.78%
Real Assets	14.00%	5.02%	0.70%
Private Equity	16.00%	9.17%	1.47%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies	4.00%	4.50%	0.18%
PIP - Private Investment Partnership	2.00%	7.18%	0.14%
Cash	1.00%	1.20%	0.01%
Total	100.00%		5.75%
		Inflation	2.50%
	Expected arithmet	ic nominal return**	8.25%

^{*}The above allocation provides a one-year expected return of 8.25%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the System, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. The results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 7.14%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

^{**}On June 15, 2023, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of return of 6.75%, which was roughly at the 45th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation at that time, providing a median return of 7.14%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2024

Note 9-Pension Plan: (continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Consistent with the phased-in funding provided by the General Assembly for state and teacher employer contributions; the County and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) was also provided with an opportunity to use an alternative employer contribution rate. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the alternate rate was the employer contribution rate used in FY 2012 or 100% of the actuarially determined employer contribution rate from the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuations, whichever was greater. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the rate contributed by the school division for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan was subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly, which was 112% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2023 on, participating employers and school divisions are assumed to contribute to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

				Rate		
	1% Decrease (5.75%)		Current Discount (6.75%)		1% Increase (7.75%)	
County's proportionate share of the						
County Retirement Plan						
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	18,702,867	\$	9,039,532	\$	1,026,744

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the County recognized pension expense of \$1,159,739. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the pension expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion and from differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of employer contributions.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2024

Note 9-Pension Plan: (continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

At June 30, 2024, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Primary Government				
	_	Deferred Outflows of		Deferred Inflows of		
		Resources		Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	565,970	\$	717,599		
Change in assumptions		63,685		-		
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		45,242		19,818		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		933,522		
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		1,912,465				
Total	\$	2,587,362	\$	1,670,939		

\$1,912,465 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the County's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

	Primary
Year ended June 30	Government
2025	\$ (925,864)
2026	(989,720)
2027	887,098
2028	32,444

Information about the VRS Political Subdivision Retirement Plan is also available in the separately issued VRS 2023 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2023 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2023-annual-report-pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA 23218-2500.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2024

Note 9-Pension Plan: (continued)

Component Unit School Board (Nonprofessional)

Additional information related to the plan description, plan contribution requirements, actuarial assumptions, long-term expected rate of return, and discount rate is included in the first section of this note.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the pension plan:

Component Unit

	School Board
	Nonprofessional
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently	
receiving benefits	178
Inactive members:	
Vested inactive members	10
Non-vested inactive members	20
Inactive members active elsewhere in VRS	15
Total inactive members	45
Active members	56
Total covered employees	279

Contributions

The Component Unit School Board's contractually required contribution rate for nonprofessional employees for the year ended June 30, 2024 was 20.72% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the Component Unit School Board's nonprofessional employees were \$396,352 and \$372,511 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively.

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability (NPL) is calculated separately for each employer and represents that particular employer's total pension liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, less that employer's fiduciary net position. The Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2022, rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2024

Note 9-Pension Plan: (continued)

<u>Component Unit School Board (Nonprofessional)</u> (continued)

Changes in Net Pension Liability

Component School Board (Nonprofessional)

	Component :	SCHOOL BOALD (140)	ibi oi	essional)					
	Increase (Decrease)								
	Total	Plan		Net					
	Pension	Fiduciary		Pension					
	Liability	Net Position		Liability					
	(a)	(b)		(a) - (b)					
Balances at June 30, 2022	\$ 13,772,813 \$	9,788,047	\$	3,984,766					
Changes for the year:									
Service cost	\$ 140,489 \$	-	\$	140,489					
Interest	903,889	-		903,889					
Differences between expected									
and actual experience	116,269	-		116,269					
Contributions - employer	-	372,196		(372,196)					
Contributions - employee	-	84,110		(84,110)					
Net investment income	-	607,873		(607,873)					
Benefit payments, including refunds									
of employee contributions	(1,044,715)	(1,044,715))	-					
Administrative expenses	-	(6,419))	6,419					
Other changes	-	243		(243)					
Net changes	\$ 115,932 \$	13,288	\$ <u></u>	102,644					
Balances at June 30, 2023	\$ 13,888,745 \$	9,801,335	\$ <u></u>	4,087,410					
			-						

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	Rate						
	1% Decrease	Current Discount	1% Increase (7.75%)				
	(5.75%)	(6.75%)					
Component Unit School Board (Nonprofessional)							
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 5,559,285	\$ 4,087,410	\$ 2,846,015				

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2024

Note 9-Pension Plan: (continued)

<u>Component Unit School Board (Nonprofessional)</u> (continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) recognized pension expense of \$333,821. At June 30, 2024, the Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Component Unit School Board					
		(Nonprofessional)					
		Deferred		Deferred			
		Outflows of		Inflows of			
		Resources		Resources			
Differences between expected and actual							
experience	\$	32,622	\$	-			
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		174,034			
Employer contributions subsequent to the							
measurement date		396,352		-			
Total	\$_	428,974	\$	174,034			
	_						

\$396,352 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

	(Component Unit School
		Board
Year ended June 30		(Nonprofessional)
2025	\$	(86,766)
2026		(204,979)
2027		143,784
2028		6,549

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2024

Note 9-Pension Plan: (continued)

Component Unit School Board (Professional)

Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan upon employment. This is a cost-sharing multiple employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the system). Additional information regarding the plan description is included in the first section of this note.

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the Code of Virginia, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. Each school division's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2024 was 16.62% of covered employee compensation. This was the General Assembly approved rate, which was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the School Board were \$5,993,579 and \$5,603,464 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively.

In June 2023, the Commonwealth made a special contribution of approximately \$147.5 million to the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan. This special payment was authorized by Chapter 2 of the Acts Assembly of 2022, Special Session I, as amended by Chapter 769, 2023 Acts of Assembly Reconvened Session, and is classified as a non-employer contribution. The school division's proportionate share is reflected in the School Board's operating grants and contributions on the Statement of Activities.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2024, the school division reported a liability of \$35,868,448 for its proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability. The Net Pension Liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2022, and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023. The school division's proportion of the Net Pension Liability was based on the school division's actuarially determined employer contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2023, relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2023, the school division's proportion was 0.3549% as compared to 0.3610% at June 30, 2022.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the school division recognized pension expense of \$4,113,262. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the pension expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion and from differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of employer contributions. Beginning with the June 30, 2022 measurement date, the difference between expected and actual contributions is included with the pension expense calculation.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2024

Note 9-Pension Plan: (continued)

<u>Component Unit School Board (Professional)</u> (continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

At June 30, 2024, the school division reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Component Unit School Board (Professional)					
	-	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	3,081,130 \$	1,399,740				
Change in assumptions		1,626,042	-				
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-	2,332,173				
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		1,776,574	612,669				
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date Total	s ⁻	5,993,579 12,477,325 \$	4,344,582				
		,, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	.,,				

\$5,993,579 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the school division's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

	Component Unit School
Year ended June 30	Board (Professional)
2025	\$ 16,816
2026	(1,434,273)
2027	2,959,192
2028	597,429

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2024

Note 9-Pension Plan: (continued)

<u>Component Unit School Board (Professional)</u> (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023.

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.50% - 5.95%

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of pension plan investment

expenses, including inflation

Mortality rates:

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Employee Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; males set forward 1 year; 105% of rates for females

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Disabled Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally

Mortality Improvement:

Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the standard rates

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2024

Note 9-Pension Plan: (continued)

<u>Component Unit School Board (Professional)</u> (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future
retirement healthy, and disabled)	mortality improvements, replace load with a modified
	Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set
	separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid;
	changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and
	service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability (NPL) is calculated separately for each system and represents that particular system's total pension liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, less that system's fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2023, NPL amounts for the VRS Teacher Employee Retirement Plan is as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	Teacher Employee			
	Ret	rirement Plan		
Total Pension Liability	\$	57,574,609		
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		47,467,405		
Employers' Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	10,107,204		
	-			
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage				
of the Total Pension Liability		82.45%		

The total pension liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net pension liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 67 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

The long-term expected rate of return and discount rate information previously described also apply to this plan.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2024

Note 9-Pension Plan: (continued)

Component Unit School Board (Professional) (continued)

Sensitivity of the School Division's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

		Kate					
		1% Decrease (5.75%)		Current Discount		1% Increase	
	_			(6.75%)		(7.75%)	
School division's proportionate share of the VRS	_						
Teacher Employee Retirement Plan Net							
Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	63,581,966	\$	35,868,448	\$	13,085,658	

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2023 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2023 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2023-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Primary Government and Component Unit School Board

Aggregate Pension Information

		Primary Government						Component Unit School Board						
			Net Pension						Net Pension					
		Deferred	Deferred	Liability	Pension		Deferred	Deferred	Liability	Pension				
	_	Outflows	Inflows	(Asset)	Expense	_	Outflows	Inflows	(Asset)	Expense				
VRS Pension Plans:														
Primary Government	\$	2,587,362 \$	1,670,939 \$	9,039,532 \$	1,159,739	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-				
School Board Nonprofessional		-	-	-	-		428,974	174,034	4,087,410	333,821				
School Board Professional		-	-	-	-		12,477,325	4,344,582	35,868,448	4,113,262				
Totals	\$	2,587,362 \$	1,670,939 \$	9,039,532 \$	1,159,739	\$	12,906,299 \$	4,518,616 \$	39,955,858 \$	4,447,083				

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2024

Note 10-Capital Assets:

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2024 was as follows:

Primary Government:

Triniary Government.		Beginning Balance		Increases	De	ecreases		Ending Balance
Governmental Activities:					_			
Capital assets, not being depreciated:								
Land	_	\$ 2,195,643		-	\$	-		\$ 2,195,643
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Buildings and improvements	9	\$ 92,260,764		76,688	\$	-		\$ 92,337,452
Right-to-use lease buildings and improvements		3,658,551		-		-		3,658,551
Machinery and equipment	_	11,141,733		1,401,514		-		12,543,247
Total capital assets being depreciated		\$ 107,061,048		1,478,202	_ \$	-	:	\$ 108,539,250
Accumulated depreciation:								
Buildings and improvements	9	\$ (34,192,944) ((1,819,140) \$	-		\$ (36,012,084)
Right-to-use lease buildings and improvements		(626,788	5)	(314,252)	-		(941,040)
Machinery and equipment	_	(8,464,855		(1,194,190	<u> </u>	-		(9,659,045)
Total accumulated depreciation		\$ (43,284,587	_		_	-		\$ (46,612,169)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	_	\$ 63,776,461		(1,849,380		-		\$ 61,927,081
Governmental activities capital assets, net	=	\$ 65,972,104	_	(1,849,380) \$	-		\$ 64,122,724
		Beginning						Ending
		Balance	I	ncreases	Decr	eases		Balance
Business-type Activities:		 -						
Capital assets, not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	314,816	\$		\$	-	\$	314,816
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Buildings and improvements	\$	15,749,016	\$	_	\$	_	\$	15,749,016
Machinery and equipment	Ţ	6,227,256	7	299,015	Ţ	_	Ţ	6,526,271
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$	21,976,272	\$	299,015	\$		\$	22,275,287
. 3 ,				,				
Accumulated depreciation:								
Buildings and improvements	\$	(8,796,033)	\$	(367,605)	\$	-	\$	(9,163,638)
Machinery and equipment		(5,595,354)		(178,315)		<u>-</u>	_	(5,773,669)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	(14,391,387)	\$	(545,920)	\$	-	\$	(14,937,307)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$	7,584,885	\$	(246,905)	\$	-	\$	7,337,980
Business-type Activities capital assets, net	\$	7,899,701	\$	(246,905)	\$	-	\$	7,652,796

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2024

Note 10-Capital Assets: (continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:

General governmental administration	\$ 259,944
Judicial administration	26,496
Public safety	983,105
Public works	310,419
Health and welfare	394,939
Education	1,309,102
Parks, recreation, and cultural	43,577
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$3,327,582

Business-type activities:

Public works \$ 545,920

Business-type Other Assets:

The Sewer Enterprise Fund contains a balance of \$371,250 in Other Assets. This amount is for a connectivity fee with the City of Norton for the flow of wastewater. This agreement states that a fee of \$550,000 is for a forty-year period and will be amortized over that period. Amortization in fiscal year 2024 was \$13,750 and accumulated amortization as of June 30, 2024 amounted to \$178,750.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2024

Note 10-Capital Assets: (continued)

Capital asset activity for the School Board for the year ended June 30, 2024 was as follows:

Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board:

	Beginning						Ending		
	Balance			Increases	Decreases			Balance	
Capital assets, not being depreciated:									
Land	\$	2,003,463	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,003,463	
Construction in progress		8,446,201		4,484,737		(9,206,322)		3,724,616	
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$	10,449,664	\$	4,484,737	\$	(9,206,322)	\$	5,728,079	
Capital assets, being depreciated:									
Buildings and improvements	\$	68,354,198	\$	18,412,654	\$	-	\$	86,766,852	
Machinery and equipment		16,979,289		2,076,481		-		19,055,770	
Right-to-use machinery and equipment		77,393		-		(37,497)		39,896	
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$	85,410,880	\$	20,489,135	\$	(37,497)	\$	105,862,518	
Accumulated depreciation:									
Buildings and improvements	\$	(43,929,084)	\$	(2,047,848)	\$	-	\$	(45,976,932)	
Machinery and equipment		(12,108,637)		(1,012,005)		-		(13,120,642)	
Right-to-use machinery and equipment		(48,284)		(16,888)		37,497		(27,675)	
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	(56,086,005)	\$	(3,076,741)	\$	37,497	\$	(59,125,249)	
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$	29,324,875	\$	17,412,394	\$	-	\$	46,737,269	
School board capital assets, net	\$	39,774,539	\$	21,897,131	\$	(9,206,322)	\$	52,465,348	

Note 11-Risk Management:

The County and its Component Unit - School Board are exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The County participates with other localities in a public entity risk pool for their coverage of general liability, property, crime and auto insurance with the Virginia Association of Counties Risk Pool. Each member of each of this risk pool jointly and severally agrees to assume, pay and discharge any liability. The County pays the Risk Pool contributions and assessments based upon classification and rates into a designated cash reserve fund out of which expenses of the pool, claims and awards are to be paid. In the event of a loss, deficit, or depletion of all available excess insurance, the pool may assess all members in the proportion to which the premium of each bears to the total premiums of all members in the year in which such deficit occurs. The County and its Component Unit - School Board continue to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2024

Note 12-Surety Bonds:

Constitutional Officer Risk Management Plan - Surety:		
Dezarah Hall, Clerk of the Circuit Court	\$	500,000
Delores W. Smith, Treasurer		500,000
Douglas Mullins, Jr., Commissioner of the Revenue		3,000
Grant Kilgore, Sheriff		30,000
Travelers Casualty & Surety Co:		
Public Officials Bond - Board of Supervisors	\$	3,000
United States Fidelity and Guaranty Company Surety:	_	
Dr. Mike Goforth, Superintendent of Schools	\$	10,000
Fidelity & Deposit Company of Maryland-Surety:	_	
Heather Fultz, Clerk of the School Board	\$	10,000
Elizabeth Shupe, Deputy Clerk of the School Board		10,000
All School Board Employees: Blanket Bond		5,000
All Social Services Employees: Blanket Bond		100,000

Note 13-Landfill Closure and Post-closure Care Cost:

According to laws and regulations the County must perform closure and post-closure care to the Landfill as specified in Part V, Section 5.1.E of the Virginia Solid Waste Management Regulations (VR 672-20-10). The regulations require the County to close its facility in a manner that minimizes the need for further maintenance and controls, minimizes or eliminates the post-closure escape of uncontrolled leachate, surface runoff, decomposition gas, migration or waste decomposition products to the groundwater, surface water or to the atmosphere. The regulations also require that the County conduct post-closure care for ten years after the date of completing closure or for as long as leachate is generated, whichever is later.

The total estimated closure and post-closure care costs for the County's landfill operation is \$18,061,800. The accrued liability for these costs reported as of June 30, 2024 is based on the capacity of the landfill used to date. The landfill capacity used at year end is approximately 61.82% and the remaining life of the landfill is approximately 21 years. The remaining cost to be accrued in the future is as follows:

Total Estimated Liability	\$	18,061,800
Accrued Liability of June 30, 2024		11,165,476
Total Closure and Postclosure Care	Ċ	6 906 224
Costs Remaining to be Recognized	Ş	6,896,324

It should be noted that the total estimated liability for the closure and post-closure care costs is only an estimate based on current projections. The estimates are reviewed by our engineer, Thompson & Litton, on an annual basis. Inflation factors are provided by the Department of Environmental Quality to apply to the estimates. Uncontrollable factors such as inflation, changes in technology, and changes in applicable laws and regulations may affect these projections.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2024

Note 13-Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Cost: (continued)

The County demonstrated financial assurance requirements for closure and post-closure costs through the submission of a Local Government Financial Test to the Virginia Department of Environmental Quality in accordance with 9 VAC 20-70-10 of the Virginia Administrative Code. The regulation requires local government owners and operators to maintain a financial mechanism, or combination of mechanisms, demonstrating assurance for the closure, post-closure care, and, if applicable, corrective actions costs associated with their owned and operated solid waste facilities. The County has fulfilled the requirements as set forth in the financial ratio test mechanism.

The County has a reserve fund designated for the purpose of landfill closure. The closure and post closure costs are being funded by an annual transfer from the general fund to this fund. As of June 30, 2024, the County has a balance of \$9,732,423 in this fund which is the aggregate funding to date including interest earned.

Note 14-Deferred/Unavailable Revenue:

Deferred/Unavailable revenue represents amounts for which asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, such amounts are measurable, but not available. Under the accrual basis, assessments for future periods are deferred. Deferred/Unavailable revenue is comprised of the following:

	Governme	nt-wide Statements	Balance Sheet		
	Governmental Activities		Governmental Funds		
Long-term portion of opioid settlement receivable that is not available for funding of current					
expenditures	\$		\$	2,978,030	
Tayon yangiyahla 2nd balf installmant		40 474 024		40 474 934	
Taxes receivable-2nd half installment		18,161,834		18,161,834	
Prepaid taxes		1,904,903		1,904,903	
Delinquent taxes receivable due prior					
to June 30 not collected within 60 days		-		2,649,675	
Total property taxes	\$	20,066,737	\$	22,716,412	

Note 15-Commitments and Contingencies:

Contingent Liabilities:

Federal programs in which the County and its component units participate were audited in accordance with the provisions of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirement, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirement for Federal Awards. Pursuant to the provisions of the Uniform Guidance all major programs and certain other programs were tested for compliance with applicable grant requirements. While no matters of noncompliance were disclosed by audit, the Federal Government may subject grant programs to additional compliance tests, which may result in disallowed expenditures. In the opinion of management, any future disallowances of current grant program expenditures, if any, would be immaterial.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2024

Note 15-Commitments and Contingencies: (continued)

The School Board had the following commitments:

			Con	itract Amount	Accounts and		
Project		tract Amount	Outstar	nding at Year End	Retainage Payable		
Eastside Stadium/Outdoor Classroom	\$	249,624	\$	34,140	\$	35,668	
LF Addington Gym Addition		3,740,985		1,218,900		416,935	
SPES HVAC		408,007		164,059		241,469	

Note 16-Other Postemployment Benefits-Health Insurance:

The County and School Board each administer a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan. The plans provide postemployment health care benefits to all eligible permanent employees who meet the requirements under the County's and School Board's pension plans. The plans do not issue a publicly available financial report.

Benefits Provided

The Wise and Wise School Board Post-Retirement Medical Plans (the Plans) are single-employer defined benefit healthcare plans administered by the County and School Board. The Plans provide health insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses. To be eligible, employees must meet the age and service criteria for immediate retirement benefits under VRS, which requires that the employee be age 50 with 10 years of service or permanently, totally disabled and injured in the line of duty. Additionally, the employee must be of full-time status in VRS and must be covered by the active plan at the time of retirement or disability. The benefit provisions, including employer and employee contributions, are governed by the County and School Board and can be amended through County and School Board action, respectively.

Plan Membership

At June 30, 2024 (measurement date), the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	County	School Board
Total active employees	297	743
Total retirees with coverage	10	10
	307	753

Contributions

The County and School Board do not pre-fund benefits; therefore, no assets are accumulated in a trust fund. The current funding policy is to pay benefits directly from general assets on a pay-as-you-go basis. The funding requirements are established and may be amended by the County Board. The amount paid by the County and School Board for OPEB as the benefits came due during the year ended June 30, 2024 was \$111,155 and \$288,838, respectively.

Total OPEB Liability

The County and School Board's total OPEB liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2024 and are based on an actuarial valuation date of July 1, 2024 projected to June 30, 2024 on a "no loss/no gain" basis.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2024

Note 16-Other Postemployment Benefits-Health Insurance: (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2024 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal Percentage of Salary
Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	Medical rates start at 8.00% and decrease by 0.50% to an ultimate rate of
	4.50%
Salary Increases	3.50%
Discount Rate	4.21%
Inflation	2.50%

Mortality rates use SOA Pub-2010 General, Public Safety, Contingent Survivor, Teacher, as applicable, Headcount Weighted Mortality Table fully generational using Scale MP-2021.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2024 report were based on July 1, 2024 with results actuarially projected on a "no gain/no loss" basis to get to the June 30, 2024 measurement date. Liabilities as of June 30, 2024 are based on an actuarial valuation date of July 1, 2024.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used when OPEB plan investments are insufficient to pay for future benefit payments is based on the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index. The final equivalent single discount rate used for this year's valuation is 4.21% as of the end of the fiscal year with the expectation that the County and School Board will continue contributing the Actuarially Determined Contribution and paying the pay-go cost.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

Country	٥,	chool Board
1,559,985	\$	9,352,418
87,787	\$	601,025
65,781		405,173
154,831		(352,630)
31,480		893,037
(111,155)		(288,838)
228,724	\$	1,257,767
1,788,709	\$	10,610,185
	1,559,985 87,787 65,781 154,831 31,480 (111,155) 228,724	1,559,985 \$ 87,787 \$ 65,781 154,831 31,480 (111,155) 228,724 \$

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2024

Note 16-Other Postemployment Benefits-Health Insurance: (continued)

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following amounts present the total OPEB liability of the County and School Board, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (3.21%) or one percentage point higher (5.21%) than the current discount rate:

	Prima	ry Government			Component Unit School Board				d			
Rate					Rate							
1% Decrease			ount 1% Increase		1	% Decrease	Cur	rent Discount	1% Increase			
(3.21%)			(5.21%)		(3.21%)		(4.21%)		(5.21%)			
\$ 1,954,691	\$	1,788,709	\$	1,640,567	\$	11,480,644	\$	10,610,185	\$	9,791,749		

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County and School Board, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

Primary Government			Comp	Component Unit School Board						
Rate				Rate						
1% Decrease	Current Trend		Current Trend 1% Increase		Current Trend	1% Increase				
\$ 1,706,249	\$	1,788,709	\$ 1,887,646	\$ 9,420,513	\$ 10,610,185	\$ 11,998,396				

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the County and School Board recognized OPEB expense in the amount of \$43,448 and \$878,250, respectively. At June 30, 2024, the County and School Board reported the following deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB:

	Primary Government				Component Unit School Board			
	Deferred			Deferred	Deferred		Deferred	
	Outflows of			Inflows of	Outflows of		Inflows of	
		Resouces		Resources		Resouces	Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	167,705	\$	299,293	\$	828,887 \$	1,410,075	
Changes in assumptions		145,064		137,095		1,130,715	990,758	
Total	\$	312,769	\$	436,388	\$	1,959,602 \$	2,400,833	

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2024

Note 16-Other Postemployment Benefits-Health Insurance: (continued)

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

		Primary		Component Unit
Year ended June 30		Government		School Board
2025	- \$	(68,740)	\$	(132,575)
2026		(68,740)		(114,679)
2027		(53,479)		(114,679)
2028		36,289		(114,681)
2029		31,051		(6,835)
Thereafter		-		42,218

Additional disclosures on changes in total OPEB liability, related ratios, and employer contributions can be found in the required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements.

Note 17-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan):

Plan Description

The Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan was established pursuant to §51.1-500 et seq. of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the state agencies, teachers, and employees of participating political subdivisions are automatically covered by the VRS GLI Plan upon employment. This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pensions and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia.

In addition to the Basic GLI benefit, members are also eligible to elect additional coverage for themselves as well as a spouse or dependent children through the Optional GLI Plan. For members who elect the optional group life insurance coverage, the insurer bills employers directly for the premiums. Employers deduct these premiums from members' paychecks and pay the premiums to the insurer. Since this is a separate and fully insured plan, it is not included as part of the GLI Plan OPEB.

The specific information for GLI OPEB, including eligibility, coverage and benefits is described below:

Eligible Employees

The GLI Plan was established July 1, 1960, for state employees, teachers, and employees of political subdivisions that elect the plan. Basic GLI coverage is automatic upon employment. Coverage ends for employees who leave their position before retirement eligibility or who take a refund of their accumulated retirement member contributions and accrued interest.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2024

Note 17-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (continued)

Benefit Amounts

The GLI Plan is a defined benefit plan with several components. The natural death benefit is equal to the employee's covered compensation rounded to the next highest thousand and then doubled. The accidental death benefit is double the natural death benefit. In addition to basic natural and accidental death benefits, the plan provides additional benefits provided under specific circumstances that include the following: accidental dismemberment benefit, seatbelt benefit, repatriation benefit, felonious assault benefit, and accelerated death benefit option. The benefit amounts are subject to a reduction factor. The benefit amount reduces by 25% on January 1 following one calendar year of separation. The benefit amount reduces by an additional 25% on each subsequent January 1 until it reaches 25% of its original value. For covered members with at least 30 years of service credit, the minimum benefit payable was set at \$8,000 by statute in 2015. The amount is increased annually based on the VRS Plan 2 cost-of-living calculation. The minimum benefit adjusted for the COLA was \$9,254 as of June 30, 2024.

Contributions

The contribution requirements for the GLI Plan are governed by §51.1-506 and §51.1-508 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to state agencies and school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. The total rate for the GLI Plan was 1.34% of covered employee compensation. This was allocated into an employee and an employer component using a 60/40 split. The employee component was 0.80% (1.34% x 60%) and the employer component was 0.54% (1.34% x 40%). Employers may elect to pay all or part of the employee contribution; however, the employer must pay all of the employer contribution. Each employer's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2024, was 0.54% of covered employee compensation. This rate was the final approved General Assembly rate, which was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits payable during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Contributions to the Group Life Insurance Plan from the County were \$83,308 and \$76,264 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively.

Contributions to the Group Life Insurance Plan from the Component Unit-School Board (non-professional) were \$10,905 and \$10,181 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively.

Contributions to the Group Life Insurance Plan from the Component Unit-School Board (professional) were \$202,474 and \$188,173 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively.

In June 2023, the Commonwealth made a special contribution of approximately \$10.1 million to the Group Life Insurance Plan. This special payment was authorized by Chapter 2 of the Acts of Assembly of 2022, Special Session I, as amended by Chapter 769, 2023 Acts of Assembly Reconvened Session, and is classified as a special employer contribution. The entities did not record a proportionate share in the financial statements.

GLI OPEB Liabilities, GLI OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the GLI Program OPEB

At June 30, 2024, the County reported a liability of \$719,047 for its proportionate share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability.

At June 30, 2024, the Component Unit-School Board (nonprofessional) reported a liability of \$95,945 for its proportionate share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability.

At June 30, 2024, the Component Unit-School Board (professional) reported a liability of \$1,774,264 for its proportionate share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2024

Note 17-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (continued)

GLI OPEB Liabilities, GLI OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the GLI Program OPEB (continued)

The Net GLI OPEB Liability was measured as of June 30, 2023 and the total GLI OPEB liability used to calculate the Net GLI OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2022, and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023. The covered employer's proportion of the Net GLI OPEB Liability was based on the covered employer's actuarially determined employer contributions to the GLI Program for the year ended June 30, 2023, relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers.

At June 30, 2023, the County's proportion was 0.05995% as compared to 0.06048% at June 30, 2022.

At June 30, 2023, the Component Unit-School Board (nonprofessional) proportion was 0.00800% as compared to 0.00820% at June 30, 2022.

At June 30, 2023, the Component Unit-School Board (professional) proportion was 0.14794% as compared to 0.15210% at June 30, 2022.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the County recognized GLI OPEB expense of \$37,516. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the GLI OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the Component-Unit School Board (nonprofessional) recognized GLI OPEB expense of \$2,177. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the GLI OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the Component-Unit School Board (professional) recognized GLI OPEB expense of \$68,660. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the GLI OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion.

At June 30, 2024, the employer reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB from the following sources:

	Primary Government			
	De	eferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows	
		of Resources	of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	71,816 \$	21,827	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on GLI OPEB program investments		-	28,895	
Change in assumptions		15,370	49,819	
Changes in proportionate share		43,795	12,843	
Employer contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date		83,308	-	
Total	\$	214,289 \$	113,384	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2024

Note 17-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (continued)

GLI OPEB Liabilities, GLI OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the GLI Program OPEB (continued)

	Component Unit School Board (Nonprofessional)			Component Unit School Board (Professional)		
	 Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		Deferred Outflows of Resources	_	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 9,583 \$	2,912	\$	177,206	\$	53,858
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on GLI OPEB program investments	-	3,856		-		71,300
Change in assumptions	2,051	6,647		37,926		122,928
Changes in proportionate share	3,707	3,455		119,072		70,889
Employer contributions subsequent to the						
measurement date	10,905	-		202,474		-
Total	\$ 26,246 \$	16,870	\$	536,678	\$	318,975

\$83,308, \$10,905, and \$202,474 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB resulting from the County's, Component-Unit School Board (nonprofessional), and Component-Unit School Board (professional), respectively, contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net GLI OPEB Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB will be recognized in the GLI OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

			Component Unit-School	Component Unit-School
		Primary	Board (Non-	Board
_	Year Ended June 30	 Government	professional)	(Professional)
	2025	\$ 1,159 \$	(845) \$	5,612
	2026	(21,022)	(3,678)	(52,228)
	2027	22,009	1,962	50,168
	2028	9,471	456	2,896
	2029	5,980	576	8,781

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2024

Note 17-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total GLI OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023. The assumptions include several employer groups. Salary increases and mortality rates included herein are for relevant employer groups. Information for other groups can be referenced in the VRS Annual Report.

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases, including inflation:

Teachers3.50%-5.95%Locality - General employees3.50%-5.35%Locality - Hazardous Duty employees3.50%-4.75%

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of investment expenses,

including inflation

Mortality Rates - Teachers

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Employee Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; males set forward 1 year; 105% of rates for females

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Disabled Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally

Mortality Improvement Scale:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2024

Note 17-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (continued)

Mortality Rates - Teachers (continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For	
retirement healthy, and disabled)	future mortality improvements, replace load with a	
	modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020	
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set	
	separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid;	
	changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all	
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and	
	service decrement through 9 years of service	
Disability Rates	No change	
Salary Scale	No change	
Discount Rate	No change	

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; males set forward 2 years; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set forward 2 years; 95% of rates for females set forward 1 year

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males set forward 3 years; 110% of rates for females set forward 2 years

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally

Mortality Improvement Scale:

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2024

Note 17-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (continued)

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees (continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For	
retirement healthy, and disabled)	future mortality improvements, replace load with a	
	modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020	
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set	
	separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid;	
	changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all	
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and	
	service decrement through 9 years of service	
Disability Rates	No change	
Salary Scale	No change	
Line of Duty Disability	No change	
Discount Rate	No change	

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years

Mortality Improvement Scale:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2024

Note 17-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (continued)

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees (continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables.	
retirement healthy, and disabled)	Increased disability life expectancy. For future mortality	
	improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality	
	Improvement Scale MP-2020	
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience and changed final	
	retirement age from 65 to 70	
Withdrawal Rates	Decreased rates and changed from rates based on age	
	and service to rates based on service only to better fit	
	experience and to be more consistent with Locals Top 10	
	Hazardous Duty	
Disability Rates	No change	
Salary Scale	No change	
Line of Duty Disability	No change	
Discount Rate	No change	

NET GLI OPEB Liability

The net OPEB liability (NOL) for the GLI Plan represents the plan's total OPEB liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, less the associated fiduciary net position. As of the measurement date of June 30, 2023, NOL amounts for the Group Life Insurance Plan is as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	GLI OPEB Plan
Total GLI OPEB Liability	\$ 3,907,052
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	2,707,739
GLI Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ 1,199,313
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage	
of the Total GLI OPEB Liability	69.30%

The total GLI OPEB liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net GLI OPEB liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 74 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2024

Note 17-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on the System's investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of System's investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

			Weighted
	Long-Term	Arithmetic	Average
	Target	Long-term	Long-term
	Asset	Expected	Expected
Asset Class (Strategy)	Allocation	Rate of Return	Rate of Return*
Public Equity	34.00%	6.14%	2.09%
Fixed Income	15.00%	2.56%	0.38%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	5.60%	0.78%
Real Assets	14.00%	5.20%	0.70%
Private Equity	16.00%	9.17%	1.47%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies	4.00%	4.50%	0.18%
PIP - Private Investment Partnership	2.00%	7.18%	0.14%
Cash	1.00%	1.20%	0.01%
Total	100.00%		5.75%
		Inflation	2.50%
	Expected ari	thmetic nominal return**	8.25%

^{*}The above allocation provides a one-year return of 8.25%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the System, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. These results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 7.14%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

^{**}On June 15, 2023, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of return of 6.75% which was roughly at the 45th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation at that time, providing a median return of 7.14%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2024

Note 17-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total GLI OPEB liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy and at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the rate contributed by the entity for the GLI OPEB will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly which was 113% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2023 on, employers are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the GLI OPEB's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of eligible employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total GLI OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the employer's proportionate share of the net GLI OPEB liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the employer's proportionate share of the net GLI OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

				Rate		
	19	% Decrease	Curr	ent Discount	1	% Increase
		(5.75%)		(6.75%)		(7.75%)
Proportionate share of the GLI Plan Net OPEB Liability:						
County	\$	1,065,853	\$	719,047	\$	438,653
Component Unit-School Board						
(Nonprofessional)	\$	142,221	\$	95,945	\$	58,531
Component Unit-School Board						
(Professional)	\$	2,630,014	\$	1,774,264	\$	1,082,385

GLI Program Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the GLI Plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2023 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2023 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2023-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2024

Note 18-Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan):

Component Unit School Board - Nonprofessional

Plan Description

The Political Subdivision Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan was established pursuant to §51.1-1400 et seq. of the Code of Virginia, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. All full-time, salaried permanent employees of participating political subdivisions are automatically covered by the VRS Political Subdivision HIC Plan upon employment. This is an agent multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pension and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit toward the benefit for each month they are employed and for which their employer pays contributions to VRS. The HIC is a tax-free reimbursement in an amount set by the General Assembly for each year of service credit against qualified health insurance premiums retirees pay for single coverage, excluding any portion covering the spouse or dependents. The credit cannot exceed the amount of the premiums and ends upon the retiree's death.

The specific information about the Political Subdivision HIC Plan OPEB, including eligibility, coverage and benefits is described below:

Eligible Employees

The Political Subdivision Retiree HIC Plan was established July 1, 1993 for retired political subdivision employees of employers who elect the benefit and retire with at least 15 years of service credit. Eligible employees include full-time permanent salaried employees of the participating political subdivision who are covered under the VRS pension plan. These employees are enrolled automatically upon employment.

Benefit Amounts

The Political Subdivision Retiree HIC Plan is a defined benefit plan that provides a credit toward the cost of health insurance coverage for retired political subdivision employees of participating employers. For employees who retire, the monthly benefit is \$1.50 per year of service per month with a maximum benefit of \$45.00 per month. For employees who retire on disability or go on long-term disability under the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP), the monthly benefit is \$45.00 per month.

HIC Plan Notes

The monthly HIC benefit cannot exceed the individual premium amount. There is no HIC for premiums paid and qualified under LODA; however, the employee may receive the credit for premiums paid for other qualified health plans. Employees who retire after being on long-term disability under VLDP must have at least 15 years of service credit to qualify for the HIC as a retiree.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2024

Note 18-Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (continued)

<u>Component Unit School Board - Nonprofessional</u> (continued)

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2023 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the HIC OPEB plan:

	Number
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	114
Vested inactive members	19
Active members	55
Total covered employees	188

Contributions

The contribution requirements for active employees is governed by §51.1-1402(E) of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. The School Board (Nonprofessional)'s contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2024 was 0.64% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The actuarially determined rate was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions from the School Board (Nonprofessional) to the HIC Plan were \$21,609 and \$12,048 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively.

Net HIC OPEB Liability

The School Board (nonprofessional)'s net HIC OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2023. The total Health Insurance Credit OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2022, using updated actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2024

Note 18-Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (continued)

<u>Component Unit School Board - Nonprofessional</u> (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total HIC OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2022.

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases, including inflation:

Locality - General employees 3.50%-5.35%

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of investment expenses,

including inflation

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years

Mortality Improvement Scale:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2024

Note 18-Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (continued)

<u>Component Unit School Board - Nonprofessional</u> (continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For
retirement healthy, and disabled)	future mortality improvements, replace load with a
	modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set
	separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid;
	changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and
	service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2024

Note 18-Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (continued)

<u>Component Unit School Board - Nonprofessional</u> (continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on the System's investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of System's investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Long-Term Target Asset Allocation	Arithmetic Long-term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-term Expected Rate of Return*
Public Equity	34.00%	6.14%	2.09%
Fixed Income	15.00%	2.56%	0.38%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	5.60%	0.78%
Real Assets	14.00%	5.02%	0.70%
Private Equity	16.00%	9.17%	1.47%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies	4.00%	4.50%	0.18%
PIP - Private Investement Partnership	2.00%	7.18%	0.14%
Cash	1.00%	1.20%	0.01%
Total	100.00%		5.75%
		Inflation	2.50%
	Expected arithme	etic nominal return**	8.25%

^{*}The above allocation provides a one-year expected return of 8.25%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the System, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. These results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 7.14%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

^{**}On June 15, 2023, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of return of 6.75% which was roughly at the 45th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation at that time, providing a median return of 7.14%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2024

Note 18-Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (continued)

<u>Component Unit School Board - Nonprofessional</u> (continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total HIC OPEB liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the rate contributed by the entity for the HIC OPEB was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2023 on, employers are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the HIC OPEB's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of eligible employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total HIC OPEB liability.

Changes in Net HIC OPEB Liability

	Increase (Decrease)					
	 Total		Plan	Net		
	HIC OPEB		Fiduciary	HIC OPEB		
	Liability		Net Position	Liability (Asset)		
	(a)		(b)	(a) - (b)		
Balances at June 30, 2022	\$ 329,766	\$ <u> </u>	183,124 \$	146,642		
Changes for the year:						
Service cost	\$ 2,033	\$	- \$	2,033		
Interest	21,444		-	21,444		
Differences between expected						
and actual experience	17,681		-	17,681		
Contributions - employer	-		20,143	(20,143)		
Net investment income	-		9,896	(9,896)		
Benefit payments	(28,227)		(28,227)	-		
Administrative expenses	-		(213)	213		
Other changes	-		837	(837)		
Net changes	\$ 12,931	\$ 	2,436 \$	10,495		
Balances at June 30, 2023	\$ 342,697	\$ <u> </u>	185,560 \$	157,137		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2024

Note 18-Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (continued)

<u>Component Unit School Board - Nonprofessional</u> (continued)

Sensitivity of the County's HIC Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the School Board (Nonprofessional)'s HIC Plan net HIC OPEB liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the School Board (Nonprofessional)'s net HIC OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	Rate					
	1% Decrease (5.75%)		Current Discount (6.75%)		1% Increase (7.75%)	
School Board (Nonprofessional)'s						
Net HIC OPEB Liability	\$	188,054	\$	157,137	\$	130,492

HIC Program OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to HIC Program OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the School Board (Nonprofessional) recognized Health Insurance Credit Plan OPEB expense of \$12,600. At June 30, 2024, the School Board (Nonprofessional) reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the School Board (Nonprofessional)'s HIC Plan from the following sources:

	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources	 Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	8,852	\$ 26,860
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on HIC OPEB plan investments			1,406
Change in assumptions		15,693	-
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		21,609	-
Total	\$	46,154	\$ 28,266

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2024

Note 18-Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (continued)

Component Unit School Board - Nonprofessional (continued)

HIC Program OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to HIC Program OPEB (continued)

\$21,609 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the HIC OPEB resulting from the School Board (Nonprofessional)'s contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net HIC OPEB Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the HIC OPEB will be recognized in the HIC OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

	Year Ended June 30	
•	2025	\$ 703
	2026	(7,665)
	2027	2,800
	2028	441

HIC Program Plan Data

Information about the VRS Political Subdivision Health Insurance Credit Plan is available in the separately issued VRS 2023 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2023 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website <u>at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2023-annual-report.pdf</u>, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Note 19-Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan):

Plan Description

The Virginia Retirement System (VRS) Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan was established pursuant to §51.1-1400 et seq. of the Code of Virginia, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan. This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pension and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit toward the benefit for each month they are employed and for which their employer pays contributions to VRS. The HIC is a tax-free reimbursement in an amount set by the General Assembly for each year of service credit against qualified health insurance premiums retirees pay for single coverage, excluding any portion covering the spouse or dependents. The credit cannot exceed the amount of the premiums and ends upon the retiree's death.

The specific information for the Teacher HIC Plan OPEB, including eligibility, coverage, and benefits is described below:

Eligible Employees

The Teacher Employee Retiree HIC Plan was established July 1, 1993 for retired Teacher Employees covered under VRS who retire with at least 15 years of service credit. Eligible employees include full-time permanent (professional) salaried employees of public school divisions covered under VRS. These employees are enrolled automatically upon employment.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2024

Note 19-Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (continued)

Benefit Amounts

The Teacher Employee HIC Plan is a defined benefit plan that provides a credit toward the cost of health insurance coverage for retired teachers. For Teacher and other professional school employees who retire, the monthly benefit is \$4.00 per year of service per month with no cap on the benefit amount. For Teacher and other professional school employees who retire on disability or go on long-term disability under the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP), the monthly benefit is either: \$4.00 per month, multiplied by twice the amount of service credit, or \$4.00 per month, multiplied by the amount of service earned had the employee been active until age 60, whichever is lower.

HIC Plan Notes

The monthly HIC benefit cannot exceed the individual premium amount. Employees who retire after being on long-term disability under VLDP must have at least 15 years of service credit to qualify for the HIC as a retiree.

Contributions

The contribution requirements for active employees is governed by §51.1-1401(E) of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Each school division's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2024 was 1.21% of covered employee compensation for employees in the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan. This rate was the final approved General Assembly rate, which was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The actuarially determined rate was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions from the school division to the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan were \$453,305 and \$421,135 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively.

In June 2023, the Commonwealth made a special contribution of approximately \$4 million to the VRS Teacher HIC Plan. This special payment was authorized by Chapter 2 of the Acts of Assembly of 2022, Special Session I, as amended by Chapter 769, 2023 Acts of Assembly Reconvened Session, and is classified as a special employer contribution. The entity did not record a proportionate share in the financial statements.

Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB Liabilities, Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the Teacher Employee HIC Program OPEB

At June 30, 2024, the school division reported a liability of \$4,228,452 for its proportionate share of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Net OPEB Liability. The Net VRS Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability was measured as of June 30, 2023 and the total VRS Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability used to calculate the Net VRS Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2022 and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023. The school division's proportion of the Net VRS Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability was based on the school division's actuarially determined employer contributions to the VRS Teacher Employee HIC OPEB plan for the year ended June 30, 2023, relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2023, the school division's proportion of the VRS Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Plan was 0.34910% as compared to 0.35505% at June 30, 2022.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the school division recognized VRS Teacher Employee HIC OPEB expense of \$296,722. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Net OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportionate share and differences between actual and expected contributions.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2024

Note 19-Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (continued)

Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB Liabilities, Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the Teacher Employee HIC Program OPEB (continued)

At June 30, 2024, the school division reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the VRS Teacher Employee HIC OPEB from the following sources:

	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources	 Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$ 186,115
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on Teacher HIC OPEB plan investments		2,122	-
Change in assumptions		98,431	4,261
Change in proportionate share and differences between actual and expected contributions		271,706	182,126
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		453,305	-
Total	\$_	825,564	\$ 372,502

\$453,305 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB resulting from the school division's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB will be recognized in the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year Ended June 30	
2025	\$ (36,068)
2026	7,289
2027	36,629
2028	17,255
2029	(10,213)
Thereafter	(15,135)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2024

Note 19-Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability for the VRS Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023.

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.50%-5.95%

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of investment expenses,

including inflation

Mortality Rates - Teachers

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teacher Employee Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; males set forward 1 year; 105% of rates for females

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Disabled Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally

Mortality Improvement Scale:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2024

Note 19-Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For
retirement healthy, and disabled)	future mortality improvements, replace load with a
	modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set
	separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid;
	changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and
	service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Net Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability

The net OPEB liability (NOL) for the Teacher Employee HIC Plan represents the plan's total OPEB liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, less the associated fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2023, NOL amounts for the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan is as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	_	Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Plan
Total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability	\$	1,475,471
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Teacher Employee net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	264,054 1,211,417
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability		17.90%

The total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and the plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 74 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2024

Note 19-Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on the VRS System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of VRS System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Long-Term Target Asset Allocation	Arithmetic Long-term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-term Expected Rate of Return*
Public Equity	34.00%	6.14%	2.09%
Fixed Income	15.00%	2.56%	0.38%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	5.60%	0.78%
Real Assets	14.00%	5.02%	0.70%
Private Equity	16.00%	9.17%	1.47%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies	4.00%	4.50%	0.18%
PIP - Private Investment Partnership	2.00%	7.18%	0.14%
Cash	1.00%	1.20%	0.01%
Total	100.00%		5.75%
		Inflation	2.50%
	Expected arithme	etic nominal return**	8.25%

^{*}The above allocation provides a one-year return of 8.25%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the System, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. These results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 7.14%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

^{**}On June 15, 2023, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of 6.75% which was roughly at the 45th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation at that time, providing a median return of 7.14%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2024

Note 19-Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy and at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the rate contributed by each school division for the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly, which was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2023 on, all agencies are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the School Division's Proportionate Share of the Teacher Employee HIC Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the school division's proportionate share of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan net HIC OPEB liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the school division's proportionate share of the net HIC OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	Rate					
	1% Decrease		Current Discount		1% Increase	
		(5.75%)		(6.75%)		(7.75%)
School division's proportionate						
share of the VRS Teacher						
Employee HIC OPEB Plan						
Net HIC OPEB Liability	\$	4,782,852	\$	4,228,452	\$	3,758,647

Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2023 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2023 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2023-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2024

Note 20—Line of Duty Act (LODA) Program:

Plan Description

The Virginia Retirement System (VRS) Line of Duty Act Program (LODA) was established pursuant to §9.1-400 et seq. of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. The LODA Program provides death and health insurance benefits to eligible state employees and local government employees, including volunteers, who die or become disabled as a result of the performance of their duties as a public safety officer. In addition, health insurance benefits are provided to eligible survivors and family members. As required by statute, the Virginia Retirement System (the System) is responsible for managing the assets of the program. This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan administered by the System. Participating employers made contributions to the program beginning in FY 2012. The employer contributions are determined by the System's actuary using anticipated program costs and the number of covered individuals associated with all participating employers.

The specific information for the LODA Program OPEB, including eligibility, coverage and benefits is described below:

Eligible Employees

All paid employees and volunteers in hazardous duty positions in Virginia localities as well as hazardous duty employees who are covered under the Virginia Retirement System (VRS), the State Police Officers' Retirement System (SPORS), or the Virginia Law Officers' Retirement System (VaLORS) are automatically covered by the LODA Program. As required by statute, the Virginia Retirement System (the System) is responsible for managing the assets of the program.

Benefit Amounts

The LODA program death benefit is a one-time payment made to the beneficiary or beneficiaries of a covered individual. Amounts vary as follows: \$100,000 when a death occurs as the direct or proximate result of performing duty as of January 1, 2006, or after; \$25,000 when the cause of death is attributed to one of the applicable presumptions and occurred earlier than five years after the retirement date; or an additional \$20,000 benefit is payable when certain members of the National Guard and U.S. military reserves are killed in action in any armed conflict on or after October 7, 2001.

The LODA program also provides health insurance benefits. Prior to July 1, 2017, these benefits were managed through the various employer plans and maintained the benefits that existed prior to the employee's death or disability. These premiums were reimbursed to the employer by the LODA program. Beginning July 1, 2017, the health insurance benefits are managed through the Virginia Department of Human Resource Management (DHRM). The health benefits are modeled after the State Employee Health Benefits Program plans and provide consistent, premium-free continued health plan coverage for LODA-eligible disabled individuals, survivors and family members. Individuals receiving the health insurance benefits must continue to meet eligibility requirements as defined by LODA.

Contributions

The contribution requirements for the LODA Program are governed by §9.1-400.1 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to state agencies by the Virginia General Assembly. Each employer's contractually required employer contribution rate for the LODA Program for the year ended June 30, 2024 was \$830 per covered full-time-equivalent employee. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021 and represents the pay-as-you-go funding rate and not the full actuarial cost of the benefits under the program. The actuarially determined pay-as-you-go rate was expected to finance the costs and related expenses of benefits payable during the year. Contributions to the LODA Program from the entity were \$97,525 and \$74,661 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2024

Note 20-Line of Duty Act (LODA) Program: (continued)

LODA OPEB Liabilities, LODA OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the LODA OPEB

At June 30, 2024, the entity reported a liability of \$2,255,499 for its proportionate share of the Net LODA OPEB Liability. The Net LODA OPEB Liability was measured as of June 30, 2023 and the total LODA OPEB liability used to calculate the Net LODA OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation June 30, 2022, and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023. The entity's proportion of the Net LODA OPEB Liability was based on the entity's actuarially determined pay-as-you-go employer contributions to the LODA OPEB plan for the year ended June 30, 2023 relative to the total of the actuarially determined pay-as-you-go employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2023, the entity's proportion was 0.56260% as compared to 0.58760% at June 30, 2022.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the entity recognized LODA OPEB expense of \$341,312. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the LODA OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion.

At June 30, 2024, the entity reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the LODA OPEB from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows
	•	of Resources	_	of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	120,311	\$	424,709
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on LODA OPEB program investments		-		6,598
Change in assumptions		500,973		465,096
Change in proportionate share		288,586		93,737
Employer contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date		97,525		-
Total	\$	1,007,395	\$	990,140

\$97,525 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the LODA OPEB resulting from the entity's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net LODA OPEB Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the LODA OPEB will be recognized in LODA OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

	Year Ended June 30	
-	2025	\$ 27,848
	2026	28,055
	2027	20,028
	2028	8,961
	2029	(13,189)
	Thereafter	(151,973)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2024

Note 20-Line of Duty Act (LODA) Program: (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total LODA OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023. The assumptions include several employer groups as noted below. Mortality rates included herein are for relevant employer groups. Information for other groups can be referenced in the VRS Annual Report.

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases, including inflation:

Locality employees N/A

Medical cost trend rates assumption:

Under age 65 7.00%-4.75% Ages 65 and older 5.25%-4.75%

Year of ultimate trend rate

Under age 65 Fiscal year ended 2028 Ages 65 and older Fiscal year ended 2023

Investment rate of return 3.86% including inflation*

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers with Public Safety Employees

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years

Mortality Improvement Scale:

^{*}Since LODA is funded on a current-disbursement basis, the assumed annual rate of return of 3.86% was used since it approximates the risk-free rate of return.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2024

Note 20-Line of Duty Act (LODA) Program: (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables.
retirement healthy, and disabled)	Increased disability life expectancy. For future mortality
	improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality
	Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience and changed final
	retirement age from 65 to 70
Withdrawal Rates	Decreased rates and changed from rates based on age
	and service to rates based on service only to better fit
	experience and to be more consistent with Locals Top 10
	Hazardous Duty
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change

Net LODA OPEB Liability

The net OPEB liability (NOL) for the LODA Program represents the program's total OPEB liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, less the associated fiduciary net position. As of the measurement date of June 30, 2023, NOL amounts for the LODA Program are as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

		LODA
		Program
	•	
Total LODA OPEB Liability	\$	406,211
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		5,311
LODA Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	400,900
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage		
of the Total LODA OPEB Liability		1.31%

The total LODA OPEB liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net OPEB liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 74 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2024

Note 20-Line of Duty Act (LODA) Program: (continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on LODA OPEB Program's investments was set at 3.86% for this valuation. Since LODA is funded on a current-disbursement basis, it is not able to use the VRS Pooled Investments 6.75% assumption. Instead, the assumed annual rate of return of 3.86% was used since it approximates the risk-free rate of return. This Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) is the applicable municipal bond index rate based on the Fidelity Fixed Income General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index as of the measurement date of June 30, 2023.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total LODA OPEB liability was 3.86%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and that they will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy and at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the rate contributed by participating employers to the LODA OPEB Program will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly.

Sensitivity of the Covered Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net LODA OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the covered employer's proportionate share of the net LODA OPEB liability using the discount rate of 3.86%, as well as what the covered employer's proportionate share of the net LODA OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (2.86%) or one percentage point higher (4.86%) than the current rate:

			Di	iscount Rate					
	1	% Decrease		Current	1	% Increase			
		(2.86%)		(3.86%)		(4.86%)			
County's proportionate									
share of the LODA									
Net OPEB Liability	\$	2,528,951	\$	2,255,499	\$	2,024,163			

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2024

Note 20-Line of Duty Act (LODA) Program: (continued)

Sensitivity of the Covered Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net LODA OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Trend Rate

Because the LODA Program contains a provision for the payment of health insurance premiums, the liabilities are also impacted by the health care trend rates. The following presents the covered employer's proportionate share of the net LODA OPEB liability using the health care trend rate of 7.00% decreasing to 4.75%, as well as what the covered employer's proportionate share of the net LODA OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a health care trend rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00% decreasing to 3.75%) or one percentage point higher (8.00% decreasing to 5.75%) than the current rate:

			Health (Care Trend Rates		
	(6.00	% Decrease 0% decreasing to 3.75%)	•	Current % decreasing to 4.75%)	(8.00	% Increase 0% decreasing to 5.75%)
County's proportionate share of the total LODA Net OPEB Liability	\$	1,912,739	\$	2,255,499	\$	2,680,232

LODA OPEB Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the LODA Program Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2023 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2023 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2023-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Note 21-Aggregate OPEB Information:

				Primary G	ove	rnment					Component	Jnit	t School Board		
	_	Deferred		Deferred		Net OPEB		OPEB	_	Deferred	Deferred		Net OPEB		OPEB
	_	Outflows	_	Inflows	_	Liability	_	Expense	_	Outflows	 Inflows		Liability	_	Expense
VRS OPEB Plans:															
Group Life Insurance Plan:															
County	\$	214,289	\$	113,384	\$	719,047	\$	37,516	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
School Board Nonprofessional		-		-		-		-		26,246	16,870		95,945		2,177
School Board Professional		-		-		-		-		536,678	318,975		1,774,264		68,660
Teacher Health Insurance Credit Plan		-		-		-		-		825,564	372,502		4,228,452		296,722
Health Insurance Credit Plan		-		-		-		-		46,154	28,266		157,137		12,600
Line of Duty Act Program		1,007,395		990,140		2,255,499		341,312		-	-		-		-
County Stand-Alone Plan		312,769		436,388		1,788,709		43,448		-	-		-		-
School Stand-Alone Plan		-		-		-		-		1,959,602	2,400,833		10,610,185		878,250
Totals	\$	1,534,453	\$	1,539,912	\$	4,763,255	\$	422,276	\$	3,394,244	\$ 3,137,446	\$	16,865,983	\$	1,258,409

Note 22-Litigation:

As of June 30, 2024, a claim has been filed against the County in regards to erroneous assessment of taxes for a total of \$2,000,000. The County is vigorously defending itself against the claim and does not believe that payout of same is probable or reasonably estimable as of the date of the report; therefore, no liability has been recognized in the financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2024

Note 23-Concentration Risk:

Historically, the County has relied on taxes generated by the Coal Industry. Direct taxes remitted from same include coal and gas severance and machinery and tools taxes. In the past five years, general fund net revenue generated from these sources has declined significantly. This decline in revenue has occurred due to changes in environmental policies of the United States Government. The County does not anticipate significant changes in these policies to occur in the near term. As such, the County does not anticipate continued reliance on the aforementioned revenues. In addition, the County anticipates that other revenue sources will be negatively impacted by a shrinking coal economy; however, estimates (projections) of these declines are not readily available. To date, the County has not identified alternative sources of revenue to maintain historical budget levels.

Note 24—Upcoming Pronouncements:

Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*, updates the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. It aligns the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and amends certain previously required disclosures. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023.

Statement No. 102, Certain Risk Disclosures, provides users of government financial statements with essential information about risks related to a government's vulnerabilities due to certain concentrations or constraints. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2024.

Statement No. 103, Financial Reporting Model Improvements, improves key components of the financial reporting model to enhance its effectiveness in providing information that is essential for decision making and assessing a government's accountability. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2025.

Management is currently evaluating the impact these standards will have on the financial statements when adopted.



County of Wise, Virginia General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

		Budgeted	l Amo	ounts				ariance with
		Original		<u>Final</u>		Actual <u>Amounts</u>		Positive (Negative)
REVENUES								
General property taxes	\$	30,476,534	\$	30,488,699	\$	31,049,350	\$	560,651
Other local taxes		6,055,044		5,456,241		5,280,951		(175,290)
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses		32,225		32,225		34,913		2,688
Fines and forfeitures		68,694		65,788		56,453		(9,335)
Revenue from the use of money and property		573,000		573,000		1,276,810		703,810
Charges for services		38,041		34,148		49,127		14,979
Miscellaneous		1,237,513		8,357,776		1,895,601		(6,462,175)
Recovered costs		5,673,682		1,618,029		1,835,918		217,889
Intergovernmental:								
Commonwealth		16,787,977		17,084,738		16,108,594		(976,144)
Federal		5,704,530		5,705,268		7,932,889		2,227,621
Total revenues	\$	66,647,240	\$	69,415,912	\$	65,520,606	\$	(3,895,306)
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government administration	\$	4,864,030	\$	5,090,379	\$	4,857,012	\$	233,367
Judicial administration		3,856,879		4,016,476		3,956,800		59,676
Public safety		16,621,660		16,946,750		17,290,178		(343,428)
Public works		1,046,791		1,049,847		1,044,606		5,241
Health and welfare		15,485,628		15,485,628		15,477,215		8,413
Education		18,677,883		19,537,559		16,610,599		2,926,960
Parks, recreation, and cultural		1,391,097		1,391,097		1,022,836		368,261
Community development		1,703,590		2,430,686		1,439,483		991,203
Nondepartmental		273,852		473,852		437,291		36,561
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		-		-		734,524		(734,524)
Interest and other fiscal charges		-		-		57,774		(57,774)
Total expenditures	\$	63,921,410	\$	66,422,274	\$	62,928,318	\$	3,493,956
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$	2,725,830	\$	2,993,638	\$	2,592,288	\$	(401,350)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers out	\$	(3,681,179)	ς	(3,697,802)	¢	(3,509,270)	ς	188,532
Issuance of loan payable	Y	(3,001,177)	Y	(3,077,002)	ų	704,000	7	704,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	(3,681,179)	S	(3,697,802)	Ś	(2,805,270)	S	892,532
		(5,55.,.77)	· ·	(3,377,302)	~	(=,000,270)	<u> </u>	3,2,332
Net change in fund balances	\$	(955,349)	\$	(704,164)	\$	(212,982)	\$	491,182
Fund balances - beginning		275,582		24,397		31,216,028		31,191,631
Fund balances - ending	\$	(679,767)	\$	(679,767)	\$	31,003,046	\$	31,682,813

County of Wise, Virginia Special Revenue Fund - Coal Road Improvement Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

		Budgeted Original	l Am	ounts Final	Actual Amounts	'ariance with inal Budget - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES	•	<u> </u>		<u></u>	<u>/</u>	(11050110)
Other local taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 460,358	\$ 460,358
Revenue from the use of money and property		-		-	218,842	218,842
Total revenues	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 679,200	\$ 679,200
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Public works	\$	270,000	\$	270,000	\$ 134,154	\$ 135,846
Community development		330,000		330,000	281,363	48,637
Total expenditures	\$	600,000	\$	600,000	\$ 415,517	\$ 184,483
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$	(600,000)	\$	(600,000)	\$ 263,683	\$ 863,683
Net change in fund balances	\$	(600,000)	\$	(600,000)	\$ 263,683	\$ 863,683
Fund balances - beginning		600,000		600,000	3,910,049	3,310,049
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 4,173,732	\$ 4,173,732

County of Wise, Virginia Schedule of Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) Primary Government and Component Unit School Board (professional) Pension Plans

For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2014 through June 30, 2024

Date (1)	Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) (NPLA) (2)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the NPLA (3)		Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the NPLA as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (3)/(4) (5)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability (Asset) (6)
Primary	Government - Coun	ty Retirement Plan (A)			
2023	99.4937%	\$ 9,039,532	\$	14,116,406	64.04%	87.41%
2022	99.4792%	8,334,662		13,212,516	63.08%	87.82%
2021	99.4300%	6,540,168		11,667,036	56.06%	90.37%
2020	98.8143%	14,698,081		11,450,820	128.36%	76.94%
2019	98.6242%	10,968,718		10,794,432	101.61%	81.90%
2018	98.8547%	9,146,168		10,917,731	83.77%	84.11%
2017	98.8547%	8,641,811		10,346,115	83.53%	84.34%
2016	99.1244%	12,283,747		10,456,826	117.47%	77.87%
2015	99.2317%	9,438,135		10,518,844	89.73%	82.24%
Compone	ent Unit School Boa	rd (professional)				
2023	0.3549%	\$ 35,868,448	\$	34,803,506	103.06%	82.45%
2022	0.3610%	34,370,313		33,107,004	103.82%	82.61%
2021	0.3523%	27,350,169		30,648,076	89.24%	85.46%
2020	0.3328%	48,438,416		28,684,823	168.86%	71.47%
2019	0.3363%	44,253,727		27,789,528	159.25%	73.51%
2018	0.3250%	38,222,000		25,921,458	147.45%	74.81%
2017	0.3509%	43,158,000		27,395,796	157.54%	72.92%
2016	0.3689%	51,696,000		28,122,127	183.83%	68.28%
2015	0.3846%	48,405,000		28,625,391	169.10%	70.68%
2014	0.4036%	48,771,000		29,497,431	165.34%	70.88%

⁽A) During fiscal year 2016, the County's presentation was changed to a cost-sharing presentation. Information prior to this period is not available.

County of Wise, Virginia
Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios
Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)
Pension Plans
For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2014 through June 30, 2023

		S.	or the Measurem	For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2014 through June 30, 2023	30, 2014 through J	une 30, 2023					
		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Total pension liability	l										
Service cost	s	140,489 \$	118,369	\$ 130,620 \$	135,207 \$	128,781 \$	135,411 \$	144,679 \$	150,120 \$	158,445 \$	153,753
Interest		903,889	898,174	858,313	853,794	869,715	841,768	838,566	863,535	854,409	840,738
Differences between expected and actual experience		116,269	128,192	81,380	19,528	313,383	234,486	(148,415)	(573,018)	(46,397)	
Changes in assumptions				412,819		(187,100)		3,628			
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(1,044,715)	(1,119,665)	(902,281)	(980,872)	(820,095)	(804,736)	(780,696)	(813,973)	(858, 196)	(740,191)
Net change in total pension liability	ا	115,932 \$	25,070	\$ 580,851 \$	27,657 \$	304,684 \$	406,929 \$	57,762 \$	\$ (373,336)	108,261 \$	254,300
Total pension liability - beginning		13,772,813	13,747,743	13,166,892	13,139,235	12,834,551	12,427,622	12,369,860	12,743,196	12,634,935	12,380,635
Total pension liability - ending (a)	<u>~</u>	13,888,745 \$	13,772,813	\$ 13,747,743 \$	13,166,892 \$	13,139,235 \$	12,834,551 \$	12,427,622 \$	12,369,860 \$	12,743,196 \$	12,634,935
Plan fiduciary net position											
Contributions - employer	\$	372,196 \$	343,141	\$ 314,844 \$	303,541 \$	293,796 \$	248,631 \$	267,012 \$	262,641 \$	272,831 \$	205,764
Contributions - employee		84,110	80,511	78,080	76,187	74,964	72,079	77,810	79,498	83,286	84,864
Net investment income		607,873	(1,643)	2,313,277	168,053	582,288	642,004	985,712	139,335	385,024	1,226,210
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(1,044,715)	(1,119,665)	(902,281)	(980,872)	(820,095)	(804,736)	(780,696)	(813,973)	(858, 196)	(740,191)
Administrative expense		(6,419)	(6,756)	(6,085)	(6,181)	(6,110)	(5,825)	(5,994)	(5,576)	(5,702)	(6,930)
Other		243	230	215	(196)	(365)	(526)	(998)	(61)	(80)	92
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	s	13,288 \$	(704,182)	\$ 1,798,050 \$	(439,468) \$	124,478 \$	151,594 \$	542,978 \$	(338,136) \$	(122,837) \$	769,782
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		9,788,047	10,492,229	8,694,179	9,133,647	9,009,169	8,857,575	8,314,597	8,652,733	8,775,570	8,005,788
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	Μ	9,801,335 \$	9,788,047	\$ 10,492,229 \$	8,694,179 \$	9,133,647 \$	9,009,169 \$	8,857,575 \$	8,314,597 \$	8,652,733 \$	8,775,570
School Division's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	s	4,087,410 \$	3,984,766	\$ 3,255,514 \$	4,472,713 \$	4,005,588 \$	3,825,382 \$	3,570,047 \$	4,055,263 \$	4,090,463 \$	3,859,365
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total		ØE3 OE	44 950	966 76	70CO 77	94.0	90	27.0	9CC 17)000 L7	90
pension liability		%/c.0/	%/0.1/	76.32%	00.03%	%10.60	70.19%	%/7:1/	%77.70	%06.70	09.40%
Covered payroll	s	1,882,498 \$	1,780,105	\$ 1,624,655 \$	1,609,045 \$	1,542,918 \$	1,479,309 \$	1,584,431 \$	1,629,068 \$	1,669,474 \$	1,700,246
School Division's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		217.13%	223.85%	200.38%	277.97%	259.61%	258.59%	225.32%	248.93%	245.02%	226.99%

County of Wise, Virginia Schedule of Employer Contributions Pension Plans

For the Years Ended June 30, 2015 through June 30, 2024

Date Court		Contractually Required Contribution (1)*		Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (2)*		Contribution Deficiency (Excess)* (3)		Employer's Covered Employee Payroll (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered Employee Payroll (5)
Primary Gov 2024	\$	1,912,465	\$	1,912,465	\$		\$	15,414,122	12.41%
2024	Ą	1,767,386	Ç	1,767,386	Ş	-	Ą	14,116,406	12.52%
2023		1,649,405		1,649,405		_		13,212,516	12.48%
2022		1,470,649		1,470,649				11,667,036	12.43%
2021		1,231,295		1,231,295				11,450,820	10.75%
2019		1,175,304		1,175,304		_		10,794,432	10.89%
2018		1,207,506		1,053,722		153,784		10,917,731	9.65%
2017		1,151,234		1,007,941		143,293		10,346,115	9.74%
2016		1,329,063		1,072,374		256,689		10,456,826	10.26%
2015		1,336,945		1,069,766		267,179		10,518,844	10.17%
2024 2023 2022 2021 2020 2019 2018 2017 2016 2015	Unit S	396,352 372,511 343,327 314,988 303,640 293,796 248,630 267,012 331,027 339,237	-	396,352 372,511 343,327 314,988 303,640 293,796 248,630 267,012 264,897 272,831	\$	- - - - - 66,130 66,406	\$	2,019,535 1,882,498 1,780,105 1,624,655 1,609,045 1,542,918 1,479,309 1,584,431 1,629,068 1,669,474	19.63% 19.79% 19.29% 19.39% 18.87% 19.04% 16.81% 16.85% 16.26% 16.34%
Component	Unit S	chool Board (prot	fessi	onal)					
2024	\$	'-	\$	5,993,579	\$	-	\$	37,463,202	16.00%
2023		5,603,464		5,603,464		-		34,803,506	16.10%
2022		5,363,095		5,363,095		-		33,107,004	16.20%
2021		4,984,281		4,984,281		-		30,648,076	16.26%
2020		4,423,004		4,423,004		-		28,684,823	15.42%
2019		4,309,619		4,309,619		-		27,789,528	15.51%
2018		4,203,485		4,203,485		-		25,921,458	16.22%
2017		3,994,553		3,994,553		-		27,395,796	14.58%
2016		3,943,479		3,943,479		-		28,122,127	14.02%
2015		4,140,057		4,140,057		-		28,625,391	14.46%

^{*} Excludes contributions (mandatory and match on voluntary) to the defined contribution portion of the Hybrid plan.

County of Wise, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information Pension Plans For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Changes of benefit terms - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions - The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

All Others (Non-10 Largest) - Non-Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

All Others (Non-10 Largest) - Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. Increased disability life expectancy. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience and changed final retirement age from 65 to 70
Withdrawal Rates	Decreased rates and changed from rates based on age and service to rates based on service only to better fit experience and to be more consistent with Locals Largest 10 Hazardous Duty
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Component Unit School Board - Professional Employees

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	No change

County of Wise, Virginia
Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios
Healthcare OPEB Plan - Primary Government
For the Years Ended June 30, 2018 through June 30, 2024

		2024		2023		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018
Total OPEB liability														
Service cost	s	87,787	s	84,509	s	118,365	s	112,165	s	112,683	s	100,176	s	100,914
Interest		65,781		62,082		42,018		53,397		71,745		70,754		73,033
Changes in assumptions		31,480		(5,138)		(267,337)		66,523		218,163		59,374		(6,205)
Differences between expected and actual experience		154,831		36,560		(165,426)		(245,501)		(359,332)		57,222		(280,453)
Benefit payments		(111,155)		(101,805)		(87,704)		(75,408)		(83,086)		(85, 382)		(105,155)
Net change in total OPEB liability	s	228,724	s	76,208	s	(360,084)	s	(88,824)	s	(39,827)	s	202,144	s	(220,866)
Total OPEB liability - beginning		1,559,985		1,483,777		1,843,861		1,932,685		1,972,512		1,770,368		1,991,234
Total OPEB liability - ending	σ	1,788,709	ş	1,559,985	s	1,483,777	s	1,843,861	Ş	1,932,685	s	1,972,512	s	1,770,368
County's covered payroll	s,	16,733,060	s,	15,235,568	۰	13,070,991	s,	11,692,249	s	11,224,552		N/A		N/A
County's total OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of covered payroll		41,8		10%		11%		16%		17%		N/A		A/A

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Wise, Virginia
Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios
Healthcare OPEB Plan - School Board
For the Years Ended June 30, 2018 through June 30, 2024

		2024		2023		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018
Total OPEB liability Service cost	s	601.025	s	593,383	s	696,441	S	647.736	S	471.052	S	432.303	S	435,248
Interest		405,173		388,326		201,267		250,331		313,286		329,685		307,380
Changes in assumptions		893,037		(28,463)		(1,549,796)		292,417		1,218,609		243,583		(28, 197)
Differences between expected and actual experience		(352,630)		(389,528)		1,326,218		(1,155,123)		(1,325,960)		(215,851)		(361,926)
Benefit payments		(288,838)		(222,658)		(311,511)		(297,695)		(437,012)		(406,775)		(426,552)
Net change in total OPEB liability	s	1,257,767	s	341,060	s	362,619	s	(262,334)	s	239,975	s	382,945	s	(74,047)
Total OPEB liability - beginning		9,352,418		9,011,358		8,648,739		8,911,073		8,671,098		8,288,153		8,362,200
Total OPEB liability - ending	s	10,610,185	s	9,352,418	s	9,011,358	\$	8,648,739	S	8,911,073	S	8,671,098	ς	8,288,153
School Board's covered payroll	s	47,714,042	s	45,074,145	s	36,898,552	s	36,418,070	s	30,676,023	s	30,775,590	s	29,734,870
School Board's total OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of covered payroll		22.2%		20.7%		24.4%		23.7%		29.0%		28.2%		27.9%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Wise, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information - Healthcare OPEB Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Valuation Date: 7/1/2024 Measurement Date: 6/30/2024

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in GASB 75 to pay related benefits.

County and School Board

Methods and assumptions used to determine OPEB liability:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal Percentage of Salary
Discount Rate	4.21%
Inflation	2.50%
Healthcare Trend Rate	Medical rates start at 8.00% and decrease by 0.50% to an
	ultimate rate of 4.50%
Salary Scale	3.50%
Retirement Age	The average age at retirement is 62
Mortality Rates	Mortality rates use SOA Pub-2010 General, Public Safety,
	Contingent Survivor, Teacher, as applicable, Headcount
	Weighted Mortality Table fully generational using Scale MP-2021

County of Wise, Virginia Schedule of County's Share of Net OPEB Liability Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan

For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2023

Date (1)	Employer's Proportion of the Net GLI OPEB Liability (Asset) (2)		Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability (Asset) (3)	Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (3)/(4) (5)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total GLI OPEB Liability (6)
Primary Gov	vernment:					
2023	0.05995%	\$	719,047	\$ 14,122,903	5.09%	69.30%
2022	0.06048%		728,278	13,157,496	5.54%	67.21%
2021	0.05648%		658,000	11,667,036	5.64%	67.45%
2020	0.05553%		926,106	11,433,566	8.10%	52.64%
2019	0.05536%		899,050	10,827,351	8.30%	52.00%
2018	0.05741%		871,898	10,917,731	7.99%	51.22%
2017	0.05660%		851,478	10,346,115	8.23%	48.86%
Component	Unit School Board (nonpr	ofessi	ional):			
2023	0.00800%	\$	95,945	\$ 1,885,352	5.09%	69.30%
2022	0.00820%		98,495	1,780,105	5.53%	67.21%
2021	0.00790%		91,977	1,630,920	5.64%	67.45%
2020	0.00780%		130,837	1,613,028	8.11%	52.64%
2019	0.00797%		129,693	1,562,802	8.30%	52.00%
2018	0.00778%		118,000	1,479,309	7.98%	51.22%
2017	0.00859%		130,000	1,584,431	8.20%	48.86%
Component	Unit School Board (profes	siona	<u>d)</u> :			
2023	0.14794%	\$	1,774,264	\$ 34,846,880	5.09%	69.30%
2022	0.15210%		1,831,792	33,091,297	5.54%	67.21%
2021	0.14850%		1,729,292	30,665,424	5.64%	67.45%
2020	0.13940%		2,327,026	28,702,275	8.11%	52.64%
2019	0.14180%		2,307,463	27,798,901	8.30%	52.00%
2018	0.13635%		2,071,000	25,921,458	7.99%	51.22%
2017	0.14852%		2,235,000	27,395,796	8.16%	48.86%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2017 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Wise, Virginia Schedule of Employer Contributions Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan For the Years Ended June 30, 2015 through June 30, 2024

Date	Re	tractually equired ntribution (1)	Re Cor F	ributions in elation to ntractually Required ntribution (2)	Defi (Ex	ribution iciency xcess) (3)		Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll (5)
Primary Gove	rnment:								
2024	\$	83,308	\$	83,308	\$	-	\$	15,427,383	0.54%
2023		76,264		76,264		-		14,122,903	0.54%
2022		71,051		71,051		-		13,157,496	0.54%
2021		63,003		63,003		-		11,667,036	0.54%
2020		59,342		59,342		-		11,433,566	0.52%
2019		56,302		56,302		-		10,827,351	0.52%
2018		56,773		56,773		-		10,917,731	0.52%
2017		54,287		54,287		-		10,346,115	0.52%
Component U	nit Schoo	ol Board (non	professi	onal):					
2024	\$	10,905	\$	10,905	\$	-	\$	2,019,535	0.54%
2023	·	10,181	•	10,181		-		1,885,352	0.54%
2022		9,613		9,613		-		1,780,105	0.54%
2021		8,807		8,807		-		1,630,920	0.54%
2020		8,389		8,389		-		1,613,028	0.52%
2019		8,127		8,127		-		1,562,802	0.52%
2018		7,692		7,692		-		1,479,309	0.52%
2017		8,239		8,239		-		1,584,431	0.52%
2016		7,837		7,837		-		1,632,719	0.48%
2015		8,013		8,013		-		1,669,474	0.48%
Component U	nit Schoo	ol Board (prof	<u>fession</u> a	<u>l)</u> :					
2024	\$	202,474	\$	202,474	\$	-	\$	37,495,196	0.54%
2023	·	188,173	·	188,173		-	·	34,846,880	0.54%
2022		178,693		178,693		-		33,091,297	0.54%
2021		165,595		165,595		-		30,665,424	0.54%
2020		149,220		149,220		-		28,702,275	0.52%
2019		144,554		144,554		-		27,798,901	0.52%
2018		134,827		134,827		-		25,921,458	0.52%
2017		142,456		142,456		-		27,395,796	0.52%
2016		135,002		135,002		-		28,125,471	0.48%
2015		137,246		137,246		-		28,593,019	0.48%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2017 valuation is not available for the County as multiple employers participate in the plan. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Wise, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Changes of benefit terms - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions - The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Teachers

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. Increased disability life expectancy. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience and changed final retirement age from 65 to 70
Withdrawal Rates	Decreased rates and changed from rates based on age and service to rates based on service only to better fit experience and to be more consistent with Locals Top 10 Hazardous Duty
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

County of Wise, Virginia
Schedule of Changes in the School Board (Nonprofessional)'s Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios
Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan
For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2017 through 2023

		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Total HIC OPEB Liability								
Service cost	s	2,033 \$	1,411 \$	2,354 \$	2,532 \$	2,478 \$	2,000 \$	3,000
Interest		21,444	15,529	16,370	15,703	16,439	16,000	17,000
Changes of benefit terms			122,707					
Differences between expected and actual experience		17,681	(54,987)	(5,954)	4,112	(5,857)	15,000	
Changes in assumptions			32,074	3,585	16,593	4,881		(3,000)
Benefit payments		(28,227)	(31,237)	(29,225)	(28,884)	(22,858)	(25,000)	(17,000)
Other changes								(1,000)
Net change in total HIC OPEB liability	s	12,931 \$	85,497 \$	(12,870) \$	10,056 \$	(4,917) \$	\$ 000'8	(1,000)
Total HIC OPEB Liability - beginning		329,766	244,269	257,139	247,083	252,000	244,000	245,000
Total HIC OPEB Liability - ending (a)	\ \ \ !	342,697 \$	329,766 \$	244,269 \$	257,139 \$	247,083 \$	252,000 \$	244,000
Plan fiduciary net position								
Contributions - employer	s	20,143 \$	15,665 \$	8,611 \$	7,080 \$	\$ 6,789 \$	5,000 \$	2,000
Net investment income		9,896	539	40,009	3,497	11,293	13,000	21,000
Benefit payments		(28,227)	(31,237)	(29,225)	(28,884)	(22,858)	(25,000)	(17,000)
Administrator charges		(213)	(306)	(420)	(310)	(751)		•
Other		837	15,647		(2)	(13)	(1,000)	1,000
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	s	2,436 \$	308 \$	18,975 \$	(18,619) \$	(5,540) \$	\$ (8,000) \$	10,000
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		183,124	182,816	163,841	182,460	188,000	196,000	186,000
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ \$	185,560 \$	183,124 \$	182,816 \$	163,841 \$	182,460 \$	188,000 \$	196,000
School Board (Nonprofessional)'s net HIC OPEB liability - ending (a) - (b)	s	157,137 \$	146,642 \$	61,453 \$	93,298 \$	64,623 \$	64,000 \$	48,000
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total HIC OPEB liability		54.15%	55.53%	74.84%	63.72%	73.85%	74.60%	80.33%
Covered payroll	s	1,882,498 \$	1,780,105 \$	1,624,655 \$	1,609,045 \$	1,542,918 \$	1,479,309 \$	1,584,431
School Board (Nonprofessional)'s net HIC OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll		8.35%	8.24%	3.78%	5.80%	4.19%	4.33%	3.03%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2018 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Wise, Virginia Schedule of Employer Contributions - School Board (Nonprofessional) Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan

For the Years Ended June 30, 2015 through June 30, 2024

	Contractually	(Contributions in Relation to Contractually	Contribution		Employer's	Contributions as a % of
Date	 Required Contribution (1)		Required Contribution (2)	 Deficiency (Excess) (3)	_	Covered Payroll (4)	Covered Payroll (5)
2024	\$ 21,609	\$	21,609	\$ -	\$	2,019,535	1.07%
2023	12,048		12,048	-		1,882,498	0.64%
2022	9,435		9,435	-		1,780,105	0.53%
2021	8,611		8,611	-		1,624,655	0.53%
2020	7,080		7,080	-		1,609,045	0.44%
2019	6,789		6,789	-		1,542,918	0.44%
2018	4,882		4,882	-		1,479,309	0.33%
2017	5,228		5,228	-		1,584,431	0.33%
2016	5,864		5,864	-		1,629,068	0.36%
2015	6,010		6,010	-		1,669,474	0.36%

County of Wise, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Changes of benefit terms - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions - The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 though June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

County of Wise, Virginia Schedule of School Board's Share of Net OPEB Liability Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2017 through 2023

Date (1)	Employer's Proportion of the Net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset) (2)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset) (3)	_	Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (3)/(4) (5)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total HIC OPEB Liability (6)
2023	0.34910% \$	4,228,452	\$	34,804,556	12.15%	17.90%
2022	0.35505%	4,434,740		33,091,297	13.40%	15.08%
2021	0.34654%	4,448,080		30,648,076	14.51%	13.15%
2020	0.32720%	4,268,378		28,684,823	14.88%	9.95%
2019	0.33129%	4,336,908		27,789,528	15.61%	8.97%
2018	0.32052%	4,069,000		25,681,458	15.84%	8.08%
2017	0.34702%	4,403,000		27,395,796	16.07%	7.04%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2017 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Wise, Virginia Schedule of Employer Contributions Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan For the Years Ended June 30, 2015 through June 30, 2024

Date	 Contractually Required Contribution (1)	_	Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (2)	 Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)	 Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll (5)
2024	\$ 453,305	\$	453,305	\$ -	\$ 37,463,202	1.21%
2023	421,135		421,135	-	34,804,556	1.21%
2022	400,405		400,405	-	33,091,297	1.21%
2021	370,861		370,861	-	30,648,076	1.21%
2020	344,216		344,216	-	28,684,823	1.20%
2019	333,474		333,474	-	27,789,528	1.20%
2018	318,834		318,834	-	25,681,458	1.24%
2017	303,993		303,993	-	27,395,796	1.11%
2016	298,130		298,130	-	28,125,471	1.06%
2015	303,086		303,086	-	28,593,019	1.06%

County of Wise, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Changes of benefit terms - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions - The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rates	No change

County of Wise, Virginia Schedule of Employer's Share of Net LODA OPEB Liability Line of Duty Act (LODA) Program For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2017 through 2023

Date (1)	Employer's Proportion of the Net LODA OPEB Liability (Asset) (2)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net LODA OPEB Liability (Asset) (3)	Covered- Employee Payroll * (4)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net LODA OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll (3)/(4) (5)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total LODA OPEB Liability (6)
2023	0.56260% \$	2,255,499	n/a	n/a	1.31%
2022	0.58760%	2,223,766	n/a	n/a	1.87%
2021	0.53800%	2,372,314	n/a	n/a	1.68%
2020	0.50760%	2,126,074	n/a	n/a	1.02%
2019	0.49430%	1,773,480	n/a	n/a	0.79%
2018	0.49005%	1,537,000	n/a	n/a	0.60%
2017	0.49187%	1,293,000	n/a	n/a	1.30%

^{*} The contributions for the Line of Duty Act Program are based on the number of participants in the Program using a per capita-based contribution versus a payroll-based contribution. Therefore, covered-employee payroll is the relevant measurement, which is the total payroll of the employees in the OPEB plan. However, when volunteers and part-time employees make up a significant percentage of the employer's members in the plan, the employer may determine that covered-employee payroll is misleading and, therefore, not applicable for disclosure.

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2017 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Wise, Virginia Schedule of Employer Contributions Line of Duty Act (LODA) Program For the Years Ended June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2024

Date	Contractually Required Contribution (1)	_	Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (2)	 Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)	Covered- Employee Payroll * (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered - Employee Payroll (5)
2024	\$ 97,525	\$	97,525	\$ -	n/a	n/a
2023	74,661		74,661	-	n/a	n/a
2022	80,926		80,926	-	n/a	n/a
2021	74,063		74,063	-	n/a	n/a
2020	68,989		68,989	-	n/a	n/a
2019	66,342		66,342	-	n/a	n/a
2018	52,198		52,198	-	n/a	n/a
2017	53,049		53,049	-	n/a	n/a

^{*} The contributions for the Line of Duty Act Program are based on the number of participants in the Program using a per capita-based contribution versus a payroll-based contribution. Therefore, covered-employee payroll is the relevant measurement, which is the total payroll of employees in the OPEB plan. However, when volunteers and part-time employees make up a significant percentage of the employer's members in the plan, the employer may determine that covered-employee payroll is misleading and, therefore, not applicable for disclosure.

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to 2017 is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

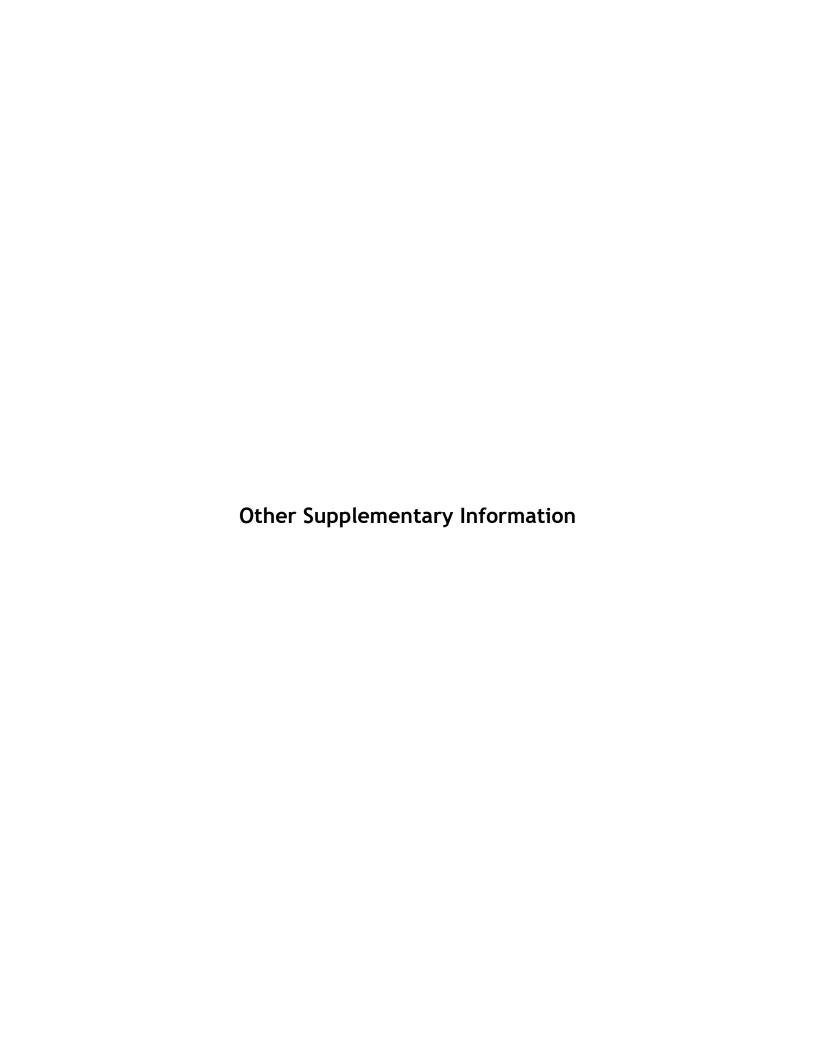
County of Wise, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information Line of Duty Act (LODA) Program For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Changes of benefit terms - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions - The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Employees in the Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers with Public Safety Employees

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. Increased disability life expectancy. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience and changed final retirement age from 65 to 70
Withdrawal Rates	Decreased rates and changed from rates based on age and service to rates based on service only to better fit experience and to be more consistent with Locals Top 10 Hazardous Duty
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change



County of Wise, Virginia Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2024

	Special Revenue Funds Forfeited Assets Fund					
				Capital Projects <u>Fund</u>		<u>Total</u>
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	259,628	\$	48,985	\$	308,613
Investments		-		227,889		227,889
Due from other funds		-		156,726		156,726
Due from other governmental units		-		114,435		114,435
Total assets	\$	259,628	\$	548,035	\$	807,663
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	2,092	\$	278,914	\$	281,006
Due to state	·	676		-,-	•	676
Total liabilities	\$	2,768	\$	278,914	\$	281,682
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable revenue - opioid settlement	\$	-	\$	62,814	\$	62,814
FUND BALANCES						
Restricted:						
Opioid settlement	\$	-	\$	296,846	\$	296,846
Asset forfeiture funds		256,860		-		256,860
Unassigned (deficit)		-		(90,539)		(90,539)
Total fund balances	\$	256,860	\$	206,307	\$	463,167
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	259,628	\$	548,035	\$	807,663

County of Wise, Virginia Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Spec	ial Revenue Funds	_			
	Forfeited <u>Assets Fund</u>			Capital Projects <u>Fund</u>		<u>Total</u>
REVENUES		270				3=0
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	379	\$	-	\$	379
Charges for services		-		14,906		14,906
Miscellaneous		156,218		-		156,218
Intergovernmental:						
Commonwealth		5,167		319,747		324,914
Federal		2,859		989,629		992,488
Total revenues	\$	164,623	\$	1,324,282	\$	1,488,905
EXPENDITURES						
Current:	*	100 175			<u> </u>	100 175
Public safety	\$	108,175	\$	-	\$	108,175
Capital projects	_	-	_	1,128,886		1,128,886
Total expenditures	\$	108,175	\$	1,128,886	\$	1,237,061
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)						
expenditures	\$	56,448	\$	195,396	\$	251,844
	_		_			
Net change in fund balances	\$	56,448	\$	195,396	\$	251,844
Fund balances - beginning		200,412		10,911		211,323
Fund balances - ending	<u>\$</u>	256,860	\$	206,307	\$	463,167

County of Wise, Virginia Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2024

		-			
	Special Welfare <u>Fund</u>	Local Sales Tax <u>Fund</u>	Lonesome Pine Youth Services <u>Fund</u>		<u>Total</u>
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 96,361	\$ 116,742	\$ -	\$	213,103
Total assets	\$ 96,361	\$ 116,742	\$ -	\$	213,103
LIABILITIES					
Due to other local governments	\$ 82,447	\$ 116,742	\$ 66,065	\$	265,254
Total liabilities	\$ 82,447	\$ 116,742	\$ 66,065	\$	265,254
NET POSITION Restricted:					
Special Welfare	\$ 13,914	\$ -	\$ -	\$	13,914
Unrestricted	-	-	(66,065)		(66,065)
Total net position	\$ 13,914	\$ -	\$ (66,065)	\$	(52,151)

County of Wise, Virginia Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Additions	Special Welfare <u>Fund</u>		Local Sales Tax <u>Fund</u>		Lonesome Pine Youth Services <u>Fund</u>		<u>Total</u>
Contributions:							
Expenditure reimbursement	\$ 124,068	\$	-	\$	-	\$	124,068
Sales tax collection for other governments	-		739,552		-		739,552
Grants	-		-		75,000		75,000
Total contributions	\$ 124,068	\$	739,552	\$	75,000	\$	938,620
Deductions							
Special welfare payments	\$ 134,156	\$	-	\$	-	\$	134,156
Payments of sales tax to other governments	-		739,552		-		739,552
Salaries and fringes	-		-		75,566		75,566
Total deductions	\$ 134,156	\$	739,552	\$	75,566	\$	949,274
Net increase (decrease) in fiduciary net position	\$ (10,088)	\$	-	\$	(566)	\$	(10,654)
Net position, beginning	24,002		-		(65,499)		(41,497)
Net position, ending	\$ 13,914	\$	-	\$	(66,065)	\$	(52,151)

County of Wise, Virginia Combining Balance Sheet Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board June 30, 2024

ASSETS		School Operating <u>Fund</u>		School Activity <u>Fund</u>		School Cafeteria <u>Fund</u>		<u>Total</u>
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	8,620,075	Ś	2,759,546	Ś	5,978,698	\$	17,358,319
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):	*	0,020,075	*	2,737,310	*	3,773,070	*	,550,5
Accounts receivable		212,005		-		276		212,281
Due from other funds		128,043				-		128,043
Due from other governmental units		4,583,476		-		37,892		4,621,368
Prepaid items		663,804		-		-		663,804
Total assets	\$	14,207,403	\$	2,759,546	\$	6,016,866	\$	22,983,815
LL DU TITE								
LIABILITIES	ċ	4 470 E//	÷		ċ	42.049	ć	4 402 544
Accounts payable	\$	1,479,566	>	-	\$	13,948	\$	1,493,514
Salaries payable Due to other funds		486,963		-		26,192 128,043		513,155 128,043
Due to primary government		6,046,529		-		120,043		6,046,529
Unearned revenue		2,900,000						2,900,000
Total liabilities	\$	10,913,058	\$		\$	168,183	\$	11,081,241
Total habitics		10,713,030			-	100,103		11,001,241
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable:								
Prepaid items	\$	663,804	\$	-	\$	-	\$	663,804
Restricted:								
School cafeteria		-		-		5,848,683		5,848,683
Committed:								
Textbooks		3,121,405		-		-		3,121,405
School Activity Funds		-		2,759,546		-		2,759,546
Unassigned (deficit)		(490,864)		-		-		(490,864)
Total fund balances	\$	3,294,345	\$	2,759,546	\$	5,848,683	\$	11,902,574
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	14,207,403	\$	2,759,546	\$	6,016,866	\$	22,983,815
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit Total fund balances per above	1) are	different beca	use:				\$	11,902,574
Total Tarie Balances per above							*	,,,,,,,,
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefor are not reported in the funds.	re,							
Capital assets not being depreciated/amortized					\$	5,728,079		
Capital assets being deprecitated/amortized						46,737,269		52,465,348
Defends of the second s								
Deferred outflows of resources are not available to pay for current-period expenditure therefore, are not reported in the funds.	s anu,							
Pension related items					\$	12,906,299		
OPEB related items					Ų	3,394,244		16,300,543
of Eb reduced resins					_	3,371,211		10,300,313
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are	not							
reported in the funds.								
Net pension liability					\$	(39,955,858)		
Net OPEB liabilities						(16,865,983)		
Lease liabilities						(13,548)		
Compensated absences						(401,460)		(57,236,849)
Deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current period and, there	efore,							
are not reported in the funds.						,, ,,,,,,,,,		
Pension related items					\$	(4,518,616)		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
OPEB related items						(3,137,446)		(7,656,062)
Net position of governmental activities							\$	15,775,554

County of Wise, Virginia Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

		School Operating <u>Fund</u>	School Activity <u>Fund</u>		School Cafeteria <u>Fund</u>		<u>Total</u>
REVENUES		440.540			272 222		
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	140,518		\$	270,883	\$	411,401
Charges for services		30,429	3,253,658		97,963		3,382,050
Miscellaneous		465,387	•		23,948		489,335
Recovered costs		1,585,283	•		-		1,585,283
Intergovernmental:		47, 407, 504					47, 407, 504
Local government		16,496,504	•		- 04.020		16,496,504
Commonwealth		56,995,672	•		84,929		57,080,601
Federal	5	13,263,069 88,976,862	3,253,658	,	4,018,138	_	17,281,207 96,726,381
Total revenues	<u> </u>	88,976,862	3,233,030	\$	4,493,001	_\$	90,720,301
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Education	Ś	82,391,030	4,254,093	ċ	4.046.453	Ś	90,691,276
	Ş	02,391,030	4,234,093	þ	4,046,153	Þ	90,091,270
Debt service:		2 444 550					2 444 550
Principal retirement		3,116,559	•		•		3,116,559
Interest and other fiscal charges	_	2,416,918		_		_	2,416,918
Total expenditures	\$	87,924,507	4,254,093	\$	4,046,153	\$	96,224,753
- (16) \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \							
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)							
expenditures	\$	1,052,355	(1,000,435)	\$	449,708	_\$	501,628
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in	\$	- 5	975,460	\$		\$	975,460
Transfers out		(975,460)			-		(975,460)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	(975,460)	975,460	\$	<u> </u>	\$	
Net change in fund balances	\$	76,895		\$	449,708	\$	501,628
Fund balances - beginning		3,217,450	2,784,521		5,398,975		11,400,946
Fund balances - ending	\$	3,294,345	2,759,546	\$	5,848,683	\$	11,902,574
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit 2) are difference of the control of the c	erent b	ecause:					
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds - per above						\$	501,628
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of active of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expensare the details of items supporting this adjustment: Capital outlays Depreciation and amortization expenses				\$	15,767,550 (3,076,741)		12,690,809
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. Principal repayments:							
Lease liabilities							17,007
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. State non-employer contribution to the pension plan							523,296
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. (Increase) decrease in compensated absences Changes in pension related items				\$	(30,283) 1,941,128		
Changes in OPEB related items					(243,381)		1,667,464
Change in net position of governmental activities						\$	15,400,204

County of Wise, Virginia
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board
Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

				School Operating Fund	ating Fund					School Caf	School Cafeteria Fund	
			;			Variance with Final Budget		,				Variance with Final Budget
		Budgeted Amounts	A Am	ounts		Positive		Budgeted Amounts	Amor	ints		Positive
REVENUES		Original		<u>Final</u>	Actual	(Negative)	-	Original	-	<u>Final</u>	Actual	(Negative)
Revenue from the use of money and property	s	10,000	۰	10,000 \$	140,518 \$	130,518	ب		\$	\$	270,883 \$	270,883
Charges for services				. •	30,429	30,429		500,000		500,000	97,963	(402,037)
Miscellaneous		313,900		313,900	465,387	151,487					23,948	23,948
Recovered costs		1,450,000		1,450,000	1,585,283	135,283				,		•
Intergovernmental:												
Local government		14,518,100		14,518,100	16,496,504	1,978,404		•		•		
Commonwealth		56,306,000		56,306,000	56,995,672	689,672		79,600		29,600	84,929	5,329
Federal		12,898,000		12,898,000	13,263,069	365,069		3,000,000		3,000,000	4,018,138	1,018,138
Total revenues	φ	85,496,000	s	85,496,000 \$	\$ 88,976,862 \$	3,480,862	Ş	3,579,600	\$	3,579,600 \$	4,495,861 \$	916,261
EXPENDITURES												
Current:												
Education	\$	85,496,000	۰	85,496,000 \$	82,391,030 \$	3,104,970	s	3,579,600	s	3,579,600 \$	4,046,153 \$	(466,553)
Debt service:												
Principal retirement		•			3,116,559	(3,116,559)		,		,		•
Interest and other fiscal charges		•			2,416,918	(2,416,918)						
Total expenditures	σ	85,496,000	\$	85,496,000 \$	87,924,507 \$	(2,428,507)	ş	3,579,600	\$	3,579,600 \$	4,046,153 \$	(466,553)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)												
expenditures	ν		~		1,052,355 \$	1,052,355	<u>م</u>		S	·	449,708 \$	449,708
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)												
Transfers out	s		s	,	(975,460) \$	(975,460)	s		s	·	·	
Total other financing sources (uses)	σ		\$	\$	(975,460)	(975,460)	ş		\$	·	\$ -	
Net change in fund balances	s		S	·	76,895 \$	76,895	s		s	٠.	449,708 \$	449,708
Fund balances - beginning		•			3,217,450	3,217,450					5,398,975	5,398,975
Fund balances - ending	s		\$	\$ -	3,294,345 \$	3,294,345	ş	. .	\$	\$	5,848,683	5,848,683



County of Wise, Virginia Government-Wide Expenses by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total	62,538,643	61,326,629	58,839,810	61,204,050	55,164,326	52,819,059	50,816,807	50,865,888	50,802,705	54,878,048
Sewer	621,048 \$	594,756	608,603	658,919	640,600	640,255	640,201	642,461	654,744	583,948
Landfill	1,954,728 \$	4,188,407	3,986,876	3,431,563	3,503,296	3,448,988	3,338,361	1,633,053	3,691,980	3,730,221
Interest on Long- Term Debt	2,217,883 \$	2,280,415	2,385,818	2,327,066	2,736,556	2,310,715	2,366,473	2,430,958	2,527,285	2,317,504
Community Jevelopment	2,849,732 \$	6,106,279	3,184,655	4,418,959	2,735,920	3,151,793	2,764,056	4,470,285	3,653,709	4,693,677
Parks, Recreation, and Cultural	1,066,413 \$	947,159	1,012,090	978,329	963,477	956,101	954,346	958,367	960,030	958,043
Education	12,403,231 \$	9,702,632	12,919,901	11,374,656	12,427,899	12,523,405	12,139,102	12,365,676	12,576,685	13,878,690
lealth and Welfare	15,366,817 \$	14,272,598	13,419,424	12,859,194	12,722,714	11,600,611	10,837,850	10,836,164	10,168,893	10,961,298
Public Works	1,394,914 \$	1,626,516	1,447,512	1,263,577	1,354,630	1,347,697	1,213,476	1,270,770	1,312,160	2,124,587
Public Safety	17,678,176 \$	14,569,299	12,048,472	15,870,766	11,607,368	10,602,502	10,368,554	9,877,567	9,786,433	10,012,966
Judicial dministration	3,297,015 \$	3,364,448	3,892,163	3,785,132	3,514,730	3,059,783	2,994,850	2,864,928	2,610,691	2,865,850
General Government dministration Adı	3,688,686 \$	3,674,120	3,934,296	4,235,889	2,957,136	3,177,209	3,199,538	3,515,659	2,860,095	2,751,264
Fiscal Go Year Adn	2023-24 \$	2022-23	2021-22	2020-21	2019-20	2018-19	2017-18	2016-17	2015-16	2014-15

County of Wise, Virginia Government-Wide Revenues Last Ten Fiscal Years

PRO	ŏ١	GRA	M RE	PROGRAM REVENUES			GEN	GENERAL REVENUES	S			١	
•	•	,		ł							Grants and		
U		Operating	Operating								Contributions		
Charges Grants		Grants	Grants			General	Other	Unrestricted			Not Restricted		
for and		and	and			Property	Local	Investment			to Specific		
Services Contributions		Contributions	Sontributions			Taxes	Taxes	Earnings	Miscellaneous	neous	Programs		Total
730,735 \$ 22,977,320	٠ <u>٠</u>	\$ 22,977,320	22,977,320		ب	30,879,625 \$	5,741,309	\$ 1,857,660	ب	3,439,806	\$ 2,407,657	\$	68,034,112
745,331 26,396,592	7	26,396,592	26,396,592			31,543,417	6,924,015	964,734	1,5	,510,630	2,513,686	9	70,598,405
677,885 20,452,583		20,452,583	20,452,583			27,849,284	6,047,630	22,206		2,364,440	2,395,641	_	59,809,669
568,772 23,886,130		23,886,130	23,886,130			28,569,290	4,952,761	238,391		386,907	2,439,64	6	61,041,900
		18,237,114	18,237,114			28,169,580	5,555,965	564,199		352,086	2,567,10	4	56,022,601
		18,426,885	18,426,885			28,312,695	5,840,209	586,953		449,369	2,596,77	7	56,778,265
		16,509,679	16,509,679			27,204,950	5,141,459	194,816	•	283,444	2,673,73	2	52,571,407
		16,720,043	16,720,043			26,728,694	5,037,746	213,113		373,884	2,672,630	0	52,341,666
_	_	14,811,290	14,811,290			32,254,084	5,570,865	157,597		495,169	2,690,261	_	56,598,933
601,008 14,144,688	_	14,144,688	14,144,688			28,854,059	6,883,053	128,728	2	223,044	2,714,740	0	53,549,320

County of Wise, Virginia General Governmental Expenditures by Function (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Total		143,180,259	140,756,362	124,254,141	117,314,284	115,708,184	96,677,559	97,642,917	92,531,083	93,233,343	94,897,850
	Debt	Service		6,325,775 \$	6,455,804	5,921,634	5,687,093	19,480,048	3,842,504	7,666,922	3,436,914	3,676,266	3,486,386
	Non-	lepartmental		437,291 \$	66,577	168,656	91,567	87,243	79,223	53,370	37,956	60,434	57,579
	Capital	0		· ·	•	161,272	228,823						
	Community	Development	٠	1,720,846 \$	4,156,878	2,483,121	3,588,981	1,226,607	1,420,980	1,901,280	3,064,163	3,503,080	3,682,521
	Recreation,		•	1,022,836 \$	903,357	968,288	934,527	919,109	911,401	909,574	912,816	914,479	912,492
		Education (2)		90,805,371 \$	89,106,845	79,739,133	67,477,205	60,216,163	59,578,059	56,929,904	56,309,363	57,410,224	57,715,704
	P	Welfare		15,477,215 \$	16,173,097	13,720,918	12,592,310	12,728,280	11,875,631	11,201,751	10,954,895	10,569,884	11,029,381
	Public	Works		1,178,760 \$	1,365,486	1,141,892	1,225,982	1,106,949	1,105,460	1,034,137	983,523	1,055,334	2,077,283
	Public	Safety		17,398,353 \$	14,395,451	11,781,531	17,618,136	12,802,229	11,137,520	10,751,727	10,213,833	9,877,258	9,576,684
	Judicial	dministration		3,956,800 \$	3,690,863	4,215,062	3,849,482	3,665,584	3,441,676	3,416,029	3,097,648	3,019,965	3,074,056
General		dministration Ad		4,857,012 \$	4,442,004	3,952,634	4,020,178	3,475,972	3,285,105	3,778,223	3,519,972	3,146,419	3,285,764
	Fiscal	Year Ac		2023-24 \$	2022-23	2021-22	2020-21	2019-20	2018-19	2017-18	2016-17	2015-16	2014-15
		- 1											

(1) Includes General and Special Revenue funds of the Primary Government and its Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board. Excludes Capital Projects fund. (2) Excludes contribution from Primary Government to Discretely Presented Component Units.

County of Wise, Virginia General Governmental Revenues by Source (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

								במאר ו פון ו וארמו ו פמן א	וו במו ז						
		General	Other	g ivira	Permits, Drivilada Faas	Fines	S S	Revenue from the	Chardee						
Fiscal		Property	Local	Re	Regulatory		<u>م</u> 5	Money and	for			Recovered	Inter-		
Year		Taxes	Taxes	_	-icenses	Forfei	Forfeitures	Property	Services	Mis	Miscellaneous	Costs	governmental (2)		Total
2023-24	\$	31,049,350 \$	5,741,309	\$	34,913	\$	6,453	\$ 1,907,432	\$ 3,431,177	s	2,541,154 \$	3,421,201	\$ 98,411,317	317 \$	146,594,306
2022-23		30,883,971	6,924,015		32,803		096'9.	1,268,521	3,349,900		2,241,229	3,063,375	104,048,	593	151,889,367
2021-22		29,097,418	6,047,630		33,660		75,218	69,400	2,670,956		651,437	2,680,316	87,315,537	537	128,641,572
2020-21		29,222,240	4,952,761		36,538		6,007	153,451	1,419,566		589,795	1,993,528	82,144,	284	120,561,170
2019-20		28,400,564	5,555,965		25,580		3,859	497,324	571,893		307,406	2,885,749	66,995,1	081	105,293,421
2018-19		27,719,402	5,840,209		33,062		0,648	582,617	675,521		560,815	1,866,631	66, 183,	776	103,512,832
2017-18		28,257,744	5,141,459		32,224		1,381	168,213	742,898		445,541	2,342,583	63,020,	132	100,202,175
2016-17		25,809,760	5,037,746		40,627		3,510	185,173	916,476		287,399	2,280,388	61,379,	322	95,970,401
2015-16		30,520,943	5,570,865		67,852		5,052	138,691	1,026,242		528,163	3,878,644	60,314,	143	102,090,595
2014-15		28,731,239	6,883,053		35,717		1,141	126,847	1,079,470		2,363,457	3,113,965	29,886,	528	102,271,417

(1) Includes General and Special Revenue funds of the Primary Government and its Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board. Excludes Capital Projects funds. (2) Excludes contribution from Primary Government to Discretely Presented Component Units.

County of Wise, Virginia Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Percent of Delinquent Taxes to Tax Levy	12.70%	12.64%	10.28%	14.21%	16.50%	18.40%	16.71%	20.03%	14.58%	10.81%
Outstanding Delinquent Taxes (1), (3)	3,875,750	4,034,260	3,098,945	4,304,330	5,057,333	5,478,012	4,713,100	5,589,033	4,770,122	3,196,436
Percent of Total Tax Collections to Tax Levy	104.53% \$	99.21%	898.66	82.66	96.20%	96.54%	103.00%	96.27%	96.37%	100.16%
Total Tax Collections (2)	31,903,303	31,670,135	30,111,397	30,227,082	29,491,089	28,747,760	29,056,174	26,861,686	31,524,921	29,622,326
Delinquent Tax :ollections (1)	2,230,235 \$	1,680,119	1,521,480	1,917,081	1,443,922	1,539,804	3,243,919	1,456,012	1,192,584	925,793
Percent of Levy Collected C	97.22% \$	93.94%	94.82%	93.45%	91.49%	91.37%	91.50%	91.05%	92.73%	97.03%
Current Tax Collections (1,2)	29,673,068	29,990,016	28,589,917	28,310,001	28,047,167	27,207,956	25,812,255	25,405,674	30,332,337	28,696,533
Total Tax Levy (1,2) Co	\$ 30,521,703 \$	31,923,087	30,152,299	30,293,412	30,654,989	29,777,017	28,208,775	27,902,652	32,710,717	29,575,091
Fiscal Year	2023-24	2022-23	2021-22	2020-21	2019-20	2018-19	2017-18	2016-17	2015-16	2014-15

Exclusive of penalties and interest.
 Includes amount received under the Personal Property Tax Relief Act.

County of Wise, Virginia Assessed Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Total	3,779,824,805	3,917,689,037	3,814,400,173	3,765,884,552	3,790,018,388	3,823,489,124	3,856,901,953	3,870,812,193	4,633,613,976	3,921,475,552
	Public	Service (2)	1,353,227,469 \$	1,444,631,864	1,466,422,806	1,398,197,828	1,403,610,614	1,431,399,061	1,439,558,790	1,461,492,404	2,180,583,683	1,358,254,710
	Data	Center	9,901,550 \$	9,901,550	9,901,550				•			
	Mobile	Homes	27,477,287 \$	26,902,426	29,631,083	29,267,123	28,930,713	28,252,703	34,457,077	34,442,807	34,320,660	33,849,030
	Merchant's	Capital	26,215,771 \$	23,031,885	22,872,678	26,351,361	28,878,600	28,338,431	28,638,275	29,753,723	32,109,973	34,551,733
Machinery	and	Tools	45,903,230 \$	30,114,025	39,412,210	45,790,500	41,853,105	51,983,545	53,805,715	75,302,775	122,528,345	184,405,660
	Personal	Property	408,654,109 \$	475,709,669	360,076,025	391,849,868	395,654,918	397,045,693	419,166,849	403,135,802	408,020,785	427,550,149
	Real	Estate (1)	1,908,445,389 \$	1,907,397,618	1,886,083,821	1,874,427,872	1,891,090,438	1,886,469,691	1,881,275,247	1,866,684,682	1,856,050,530	1,882,864,270
	Fiscal	Year	S	2022-23	2021-22	2020-21	2019-20	2018-19	2017-18	2016-17	2015-16	2014-15

⁽¹⁾ Real estate is assessed at 100% of fair market value. (2) Assessed values are established by the State Corporation Commission-includes all property types.

County of Wise, Virginia Property Tax Rates (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Data Center	0.24	0.24	0.24							
Dē	\$ 69.0	69.0	69.0	69.0	69:0	0.62	0.60	0.60	0.60	09.0
Mobile Homes										
Merchant's Capital	2.85 \$	2.85	2.85	2.85	2.85	2.85	2.85	2.85	2.85	2.85
Machinery Œ Tools	1.41 \$	1.41	1.41	1.41	1.41	1.41	1.41	1.41	1.41	1.41
Personal Property	1.65 \$	1.65	1.65	1.65	1.65	1.58	1.56	1.56	1.56	1.56
Real Estate	\$ 69.0	0.69	0.69	0.69	69:0	0.62/0.69	0.60/0.62	09:0	09:0	09.0
	ς,	~	~!	_	0	•	σ.	_	۰,0	10
Fiscal Year	2023-2	2022-2	2021-2	2020-2	2019-20	2018-19	2017-18	2016-17	2015-16	2014-1

(1) Per \$100 of assessed value.

County of Wise, Virginia Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Population (1)	tl	Assessed Value (in housands) (2)	Gross Bonded Debt (3)	Less: Debt Service Monies Available		Net Bonded Debt	Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Assessed Value	Net Bonded Debt per Capita
2023-24	35,174	\$	3,779,825	\$ 39,703,286	\$	-	\$ 39,703,286	1.05% \$	1,129
2022-23	35,421		3,917,689	43,181,103		-	41,772,056	1.07%	1,179
2021-22	36,130		3,814,400	46,566,384		-	44,908,003	1.18%	1,243
2020-21	36,130		3,765,885	49,447,508		-	47,518,003	1.26%	1,315
2019-20	41,452		3,790,018	52,287,095		-	50,063,003	1.32%	1,208
2018-19	41,452		3,823,489	53,280,022		-	53,280,022	1.39%	1,285
2017-18	41,452		3,856,902	55,147,832		-	55,147,832	1.43%	1,330
2016-17	41,452		3,870,812	57,001,603		-	57,001,603	1.47%	1,375
2015-16	41,452		4,633,614	57,938,877		-	57,938,877	1.25%	1,398
2014-15	41,452		4,099,096	57,354,743		-	57,354,743	1.40%	1,384

⁽¹⁾ Bureau of the Census.

⁽²⁾ Real property assessed at 100% of fair market value.

⁽³⁾ Includes all long-term general obligation bonded debt, bonded anticipation notes, and literary fund loans. Excludes revenue bonds, landfill closure/post-closure care liability, leases, loans, and compensated absences.

Table 9
County of Wise, Virginia
Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for General Bonded
Debt to Total General Governmental Expenditures (1)
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Total	Total General	Ratio of Debt Service to General
Fiscal	Debt	Governmental	Governmental
Year	Service	Expenditures	Expenditures
2023-24	\$ 6,325,775	\$ 143,180,259	4.42%
2022-23	6,455,804	140,756,362	4.59%
2021-22	5,921,634	124,254,141	4.77%
2020-21	5,687,093	117,314,284	4.85%
2019-20 (2)	4,680,048	115,708,184	4.04%
2018-19	3,842,504	96,677,559	3.97%
2017-18	7,666,922	97,642,917	7.85%
2016-17	3,436,914	92,531,083	3.71%
2015-16 (2)	3,676,266	93,233,343	3.94%
2014-15	3,486,386	94,897,850	3.67%

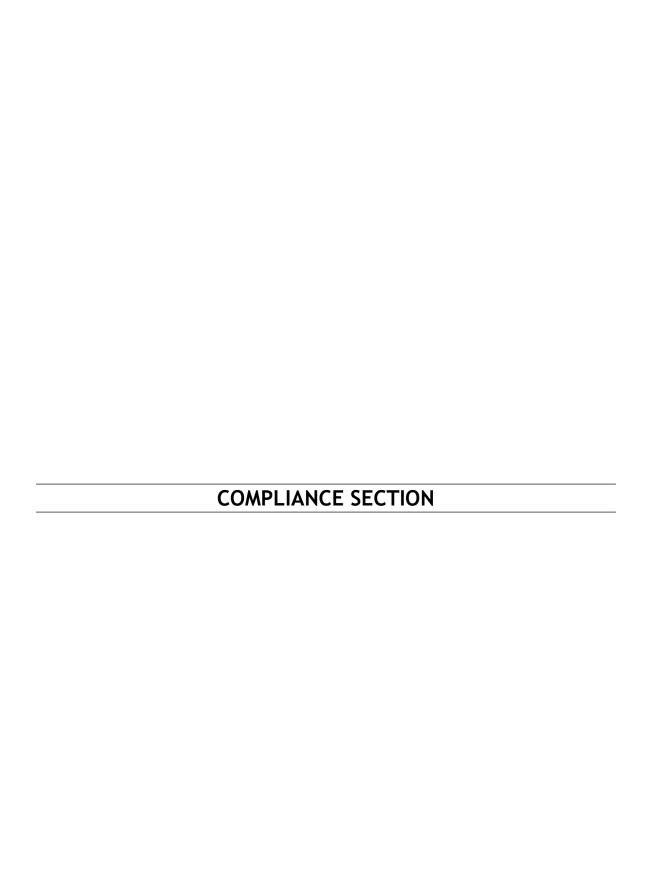
⁽¹⁾ Includes all governmental funds of the Primary Government and Special Revenue funds of the Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board.

⁽²⁾ Excludes refunding debt service.

Table 10

County of Wise, Virginia Schedule of Legal Debt Margin For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Legal Debt Limit 10% of Assessed Value of Taxable Real Estate (Including public utility real estate)	\$ 326,157,507
Less: Net bonded debt	 (39,703,286)
Legal margin for creation of additional debt	\$ 286,454,221





ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Wise, Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Wise, Virginia as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County of Wise, Virginia's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated February 28, 2025. Our report includes a reference to other audits who audited the financial statements of the Public Service Authority and Industrial Development Authority, as described in our report on the County of Wise, Virginia's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County of Wise, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Wise, Virginia's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Wise, Virginia's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County of Wise, Virginia's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

HOWSON, JMMIN, COX, ASSOLUTED Blacksburg, Virginia February 28, 2025



ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Wise, Virginia

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited County of Wise, Virginia's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of County of Wise, Virginia's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024. County of Wise, Virginia's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

County of Wise, Virginia's basic financial statements include the operations of the PSA, which expended \$6,018,036 in federal awards which is not included in the County of Wise, Virginia's schedule of expenditures of federal awards during the year ended June 30, 2024. Our audit, described below, did not include the operations of the PSA because the component unit engaged other auditors to perform an audit of compliance.

In our opinion, County of Wise, Virginia complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements*, *Cost Principles*, *and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of County of Wise, Virginia and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of County of Wise, Virginia's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to County of Wise, Virginia's federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on County of Wise, Virginia's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about County of Wise, Virginia's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding County of Wise, Virginia's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of County of Wise, Virginia's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Wise, Virginia's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Polymon, Cox, Ossoutton Blacksburg, Virginia February 28, 2025

County of Wise, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Federal Assistance	Pass-through Entity	
Federal Grantor/State Pass - Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Listing Number	ldentifying Number	Federal Expenditures
riogram of cluster rice	Number	Number	Experiorures
Department of Health and Human Services: Pass Through Payments:			
Virginia Department of Social Services:			
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.558	0400123/0400124	\$ 684,342
MaryLee Allen Promoting Safe and Stable Families Program	93.556	0950122/0950123	95,950
Refugee and Entrant Assistance State/Replacement Designee Administered Programs	93.566	0500123/0500124	3,204
Low-Income Home Energy Assistance	93.568	0600423/0600424	161,808
CCDF Cluster: Child Care and Development Block Grant	93.575	0770122	(1,482)
Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds of the Child Care and Development Fund	93.596	0760123/0760126	148,378 146,896
Adoption and Legal Guardianship Incentive Payments	93.603	1130122	3,734
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program	93.645	0900122/0900123	574
Foster Care Title IV-E	93.658	1100123/1100124	698,517
Adoption Assistance Social Services Block Grant	93.659 93.667	1120123/1120124 1000123/1000124	1,347,801 910,227
John H. Chafee Foster Care Program for Successful Transition to Adulthood	93.674	9150122/9150123	13,059
Children's Health Insurance Program	93.767	0540123/0540124	11,272
Title IV-E Prevention Program	93.472	1140123/1140124	13,253
Guardianship Assistance	93.090	1110123/1110124	923
Elder Abuse Prevention Interventions Program	93.747	8000321	5,538
Medicaid Cluster: Medical Assistance Program	93.778	1200123/1200124	966,128
Total Department of Health and Human Services	75.770	1200123/1200124	\$ 5,063,226
 			
Department of Agriculture:			
Pass Through Payments:			
Child Nutrition Cluster: Virginia Department of Agriculture & Consumer Services:			
Food Distribution-Schools (Note D)	10.555	Unknown	\$ 212,230
Virginia Department of Education:	10.555	Shikhowh	\$ 212,230
National School Lunch Program	10.555	40254/41108	2,676,547 \$ 2,888,777
Virginia Department of Agriculture & Consumer Services:			
Summer Food Service Program for Children (Note D)	10.559	60302/60303	89,461
Virginia Department of Education:			
School Breakfast Program	10.553	40253	1,016,298 \$ 3,994,536
Virginia Department of Agriculture & Consumer Services:			
Child and Adult Care Food Program	10.558	70027	16,547
Virginia Department of Education:			
Forest Service Schools and Roads Cluster:			
Schools and Roads - Grants to States	10.665	43841	51,353
Team Nutrition Training Grants	10.574	86556	875
COVID-19 - Pandemic EBT Administrative Costs	10.649	42801/61111	6,180
VI. 1. B			
Virginia Department of Forestry Cooperative Forestry Assistance	10.664	Unknown	9,999
Cooperative Forestry Assistance	10.004	GIIKIIOWII	7,777
Virginia Department of Social Services:			
SNAP Cluster:			
State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program	10.561	0010123/0030124/0010124	
		0040124	1,213,210
Total Department of Agriculture			\$ 5,292,700
Department of Housing and Urban Development:			
Pass Through Payments:			
Virginia Department of Housing and Community Development:			
Community Development Block Grants/State's program and Non-Entitlement Grants in Hawaii	14.228	Unknown	\$ 460,017
Economic Development Initiative, Community Project Funding, and Miscellaneous grants	14.251	Unknown	185,250
Total Department of Housing and Urban Development			\$ 645,267
Appalachian Regional Commission:			
Pass Through Payments:			
Virginia Department of Housing and Community Development:			
Appalachian Area Development	23.002	Unknown	\$ 522,387
Department of listing			
Department of Justice:			
Pass Through Payments: Virginia Department of Criminal Justice Services:			
Violence Against Women Formula Grants	16.588	15JOVW22GG00455STOP	
		15JOVW23GG00605STOP	\$ 37,475
Crime Victim Assistance	16.575	2020V2GX0048	
Edward Duran Hamerial Justice Assistance Crack Duran	4/ 730	15POVC22GG00681ASSI	56,980
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program Total Department of Justice	16.738	15PBJA22GG00616MUMU	2,859 \$ 97,314
			<u> </u>

County of Wise, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Federal Grantor/State Pass - Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Assistance Listing Number	Entity Identifying Number		Federal Expenditures
Department of Treasury:				
Direct payments:				
Local Assistance and Tribal Consistency Fund	21.032	Unknown	!	\$ 126,210
Pass Through Payments: Virginia Department of Criminal Justice Services:				
COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027	Unknown	\$ 715,698	
Virginia Department of Social Services:			, ,,,,,,	
COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027	9122222	54,648	
Virginia Department of Education:	24 027	45277	F24 472	4 204 549
COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds Total Department of Treasury	21.027	45277	524,172	1,294,518 \$ 1,420,728
Department of Transportation:				
Pass Through Payments:				
Virginia Department of Motor Vehicles:	20.407	ENE AL 2024 E4022 24022		
Alcohol Open Container Requirements	20.607	ENF_AL-2024-54033-24033 ENF_AL-2023-53113-23113	!	\$ 62,001
Highway Safety Cluster:				
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	BOP-2024-54295-24295	_	12,497
Total Department of Transportation			<u>=</u>	\$ 74,498
Environmental Protection Agency: Direct Payments:				
Brownsfields Multipurpose, Assessment, Revolving Loan Fund, and Cleanup Cooperative Agreements	66.818	Not applicable		\$ 7,225
Clean School Bus Program	66.045	Not applicable	_	1,875,000
Total Environmental Protection Agency			_	\$ 1,882,225
Department of Education:				
Pass Through Payments:				
Virginia Department of Education: Adult Education - Basic Grants to States	84.002	42901		\$ 335,929
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	42901	•	2,689,121
Special Education Cluster (IDEA):				, ,
Special Education Grants to States	84.027	40287/43071/61111	\$ 1,223,584	
Special Education Preschool Grants	84.173	62521/40286	63,611	1,287,195
Career and Technical Education Basic Grants to States Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.048 84.424	60031/600311005 60281/60155		135,159 292,193
Rural Education	84.358	43481		183,360
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants (formerly Improving Teacher Quality State Grants)	84.367	61480		304,152
Education Stabilization Fund:				
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	84.425D	50195	\$ 280,648	4 042 702
COVID-19 - American Rescue Plan-Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund Total Department of Education	84.425U	50183/50189/50193	4,632,145	4,912,793 \$ 10,139,902
Department of Homeland Security:				
Pass Through Payments:				
Virginia Department of Emergency Management:				
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters)	97.036	4512 DRVAP00000001		\$ 5,745
Emergency Management Performance Grants Homeland Security Grant Program	97.042 97.067	EMP-2023-EP-00006 EMW-2022-SS-0082		7,500
nometand security draine riogram	77.007	EMW-2023-55-00109		250,724
Total Department of Homeland Security			Ξ	\$ 263,969
Executive Office of the President:				
Pass Through Payments:				
Appelochic HIDTA				
Appalachia HIDTA High Intensity Drug Trafficking Areas Program	95.001	Unknown		\$ 20,217

County of Wise, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards:

Note A -- Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of Wise County, Virginia under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2024. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the County of Wise, Virginia, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in nets position, or cash flows of the County of Wise, Virginia.

Note B -- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

- (1) Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.
- (2) Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.
- (3) The County did not elect to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under Uniform Guidance.

The County did not have any subrecipients for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Note D -- Food Donation:

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the Schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed. At June 30, 2024, the Wise County School Board had no food commodities in inventory.

Note E -- Donated Items:

The County did not receive any donated items during the year.

Note F -- Outstanding Balance of Federal Loans:

The County did not have any loans or loan guarantees which are subject to reporting requirements for the current year.

Note G -- Relationship to Financial Statements:

Federal expenditures, revenues, and capital contributions are reported in the County's basic financial statements as follows:

Primary government:	
General Fund - Intergovernmental	\$ 24,041,483
Less: Revenue from the Commonwealth	(16,108,594)
Less: Payment in lieu of taxes	(111,509)
Nonmajor Governmental Funds - Intergovernmental	1,317,402
Less: Revenue from the Commonwealth	(324,914)
Total primary government	\$ 8,813,868
Component Unit School Board:	
School Operating Fund - Federal	\$ 13,263,069
Less: QSCB interest subsidy	(672,642)
School Cafeteria Fund - Federal	4,018,138
Total component unit school board	16,608,565
Total federal expenditures per the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	\$ 25,422,433

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditors' report issued:

Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

None reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

None reported

Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs: Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be

reported in accordance with 2 CFR section, 200.516(a)?

Identification of major programs:

Federal Assistance Listing #	Name of Federal Program or Cluster		
66.045	Clean School Bus Program		
21.027	Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds		
93.558	Temporary Assistance for Needy Families		
84.425	Education Stabilization Fund		
93.658	Foster Care Title IV-E		
93.659	Adoption Assistance		
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs		\$	762,673
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		No	

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

There are no financial statement findings.

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

There are no federal award findings or questioned costs.

County of Wise, Virginia

Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

2023-001

Condition: The School Fund overspent the appropriated budget.

Recommendation: The School Board's final budget should include appropriations for all expenditures.

Current Status: Finding 2023-001 was resolved in the current year.