FINANCIAL REPORT

June 30, 2022



TOWN COUNCIL

Oscar E. Parker, III, President

Dennis P. Mason

Brian K. Wills

Michael W. Kessinger

Darlean Whiting

H. Lane Chambers, III

TOWN OFFICIALS

Brian M. Laine, Mayor

Bonita Meyers, Clerk of Council

Robyn L. Croft, Treasurer

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Members of the Town Council of Town of Wakefield, Virginia Wakefield, Virginia

Report on the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Wakefield, Virginia as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Wakefield, Virginia's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Wakefield, Virginia, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Town of Wakefield, Virginia and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town of Wakefield, Virginia's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures
 include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
 statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Town of Wakefield, Virginia's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town of Wakefield, Virginia's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparisons, pension information, and related notes be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers them to be essential parts of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the listing of Town Council members and officials and the statistical section but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 7, 2022, on our consideration of Town of Wakefield, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town of Wakefield, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Brown, Edwards & Company, S. S. P.

Newport News, Virginia October 7, 2022

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS June 30, 2022

The Town of Wakefield, Virginia (Town) offers readers of the financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town of Wakefield, Virginia for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. Please read it in conjunction with the Town's financial statements following this section.

Overview of Financial Statements

Our discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Town's basic financial statements. As of the year ended June 30, 2022, the Town's financial statements present two types of statements, each with a different snapshot of the Town's finances. The focus is on both the Town as a whole (government-wide) and the fund financial statements. The government-wide financial statements provide both short-term and long-term information about the Town's overall financial status. The fund financials focus on the individual part of Town government, reporting the Town's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements, which present a longer-term view. Presentation of both perspectives provides the user a broader overview, enhances of the basis for comparisons, and better reflects the Town's accountability.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the *Statement of Net position* and the *Statement of Activities*. These statements provide information about the Town as a whole using the accrual basis of accounting, which is the method used by most private-sector enterprises. All current year revenues and expenses are reported in the Statement of Activities regardless of when cash is received or paid. These statements allow readers to answer the question, "Is the Town's position, as a whole, better or worse as a result of the year's activities?"

One of the main goals of these two statements is to report the Town's net position and changes that affected net position during the fiscal year. The change in the Town's net position, the difference between assets and deferred inflows of resources and liabilities and deferred outflows of resources, is one way to measure the Town's financial health, or financial position. Increases or decreases in net position are indicators of whether the Town's financial health is improving or deteriorating. Other nonfinancial factors, such as changes in the Town's property tax base and the condition of the Town's infrastructure should also be considered in assessing the overall financial health of the Town.

In the Statement of Net position and the Statement of Activities, the Town's activities are classified as follows:

Governmental Activities

Most of the Town's basic services are reported here, including general government, judicial administration, public safety, public works, health and welfare, and parks and recreation and cultural departments. Property taxes, other local taxes, and federal and state grants finance most of these activities.

Business-Type Activities

The Town's water, waste disposal and electrical services are reported here as the Town charges a fee to customers designed to cover all the cost of services it provides. Additionally, the Town's Airport Commission is reported here as the Town charges hangar rent to cover the cost of the Airport's operations.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS June 30, 2022

Component Unit

The Town includes a blended component unit in this report, the Airport Commission of the Town of Wakefield. Although legally separate, the component unit is included because the Town of Wakefield is financially accountable for it and governs its operations.

Fund Financial Statements

Traditional users of governmental financial statements will find the fund financial statement presentation more familiar. However, the focus is now on the Town's most significant funds rather than fund types. The fund financial statements begin on page 10 and provide detailed information about the most significant funds, not the Town as a whole. The Town has two types of funds:

Governmental Funds

Most of the Town's basic services are accounted for in the governmental funds. Fund-based statements for these funds focus on how resources flow into and out of those funds and the balances at year-end that are available for future spending. These funds are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting, which measures cash and other liquid assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental funds financial statements provide a detailed short-term overview that helps the reader determine the financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Town's programs. The differences between governmental activities as reported in the government-wide and funds financial statements are reconciled on pages 11 and 13.

Proprietary Funds

When the Town charges customers for services it provides, whether to outside customers or to other units of the Town, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds, like the government-wide statements, utilize the accrual basis of accounting, and their statements provide both short and long-term financial information.

The Town's proprietary fund financial statements provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows. The Town's proprietary funds are the Public Utilities and Airport Commission Funds.

Financial Highlights and Analysis

The staff includes five full-time employees and one part-time worker. Seasonal employees are also hired if needed for maintenance work or grass cutting. The Town owns its own electrical and water systems which serve approximately 650 residents. The Town owns a municipal airport and ballpark and owns the building that houses the Wakefield Volunteer Fire Department.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS June 30, 2022

Town of Wakefield, Virginia's Changes in Net Position

| | Governme | ntal Activities | Business-Ty | vpe Activities | Tot | als |
|------------------------------------|--------------|-----------------------------------------|--------------|----------------|--------------|--------------|
| | 2022 | 2021 | 2022 | 2021 | 2022 | 2021 |
| Revenues: | | | | | | |
| Program revenues: | | | | . | | . |
| Charges for services | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 1,561,522 | \$ 1,490,654 | \$ 1,561,522 | \$ 1,490,654 |
| Operating grants and contributions | | 144.060 | 75.014 | 4.010 | 75.014 | 140.070 |
| contributions | <u>-</u> | 144,868 | 75,914 | 4,010 | 75,914 | 148,878 |
| Total program revenues | <u> </u> | 144,868 | 1,637,436 | 1,494,664 | 1,637,436 | 1,639,532 |
| General revenues: | | | | | | |
| General property taxes | 86,121 | 79,723 | - | - | 86,121 | 79,723 |
| Other local taxes | 400,092 | 351,977 | - | - | 400,092 | 351,977 |
| Other general revenues | 37,061 | 25,886 | - | - | 37,061 | 25,886 |
| Recovered costs | - | 1,064 | - | - | _ | 1,064 |
| Miscellaneous | 4,801 | 4,575 | 53,869 | 22,778 | 58,670 | 27,353 |
| Intergovernmental: | | | | | | |
| Commonwealth of | | | | | | |
| Virginia | 70,145 | 65,327 | _ | _ | 70,145 | 65,327 |
| Total general revenues | 598,220 | 528,552 | 53,869 | 22,778 | 652,089 | 551,330 |
| Total revenues | 598,220 | 673,420 | 1,691,305 | 1,517,442 | 2,289,525 | 2,190,862 |
| Expenses: | | | | | | |
| General government | | | | | | |
| administration | 346,819 | 362,373 | _ | _ | 346,819 | 362,373 |
| Public safety | 123,595 | 125,256 | _ | _ | 123,595 | 125,256 |
| Public works | 100,081 | 66,885 | _ | _ | 100,081 | 66,885 |
| Parks, recreation, | | | | | | , |
| and cultural | 16,510 | 19,248 | _ | _ | 16,510 | 19,248 |
| Airport | - | - · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 173,849 | 148,052 | 173,849 | 148,052 |
| Public utilities | <u>-</u> _ | <u>-</u> _ | 1,444,329 | 1,218,813 | 1,444,329 | 1,218,813 |
| Total expenses | 587,005 | 573,762 | 1,618,178 | 1,366,865 | 2,205,183 | 1,940,627 |
| Change in net position | | | | | | |
| before transfers | 11,215 | 99,658 | 73,127 | 150,577 | 84,342 | 250,235 |
| | | | | | 04,342 | 230,233 |
| Transfers | 71,326 | 235,587 | (71,326) | (235,587) | _ | _ |
| Change in net position | 82,541 | 335,245 | 1,801 | (85,010) | 84,342 | 250,235 |
| Net position, beginning | | | | | | |
| of year | 2,017,766 | 1,682,521 | 2,781,479 | 2,866,489 | 4,799,245 | 4,549,010 |
| Net position, end of year | \$ 2,100,307 | \$ 2,017,766 | \$ 2,783,280 | \$ 2,781,479 | \$ 4,883,587 | \$ 4,799,245 |

Total revenues increased from fiscal year 2021 to 2022 by \$98,663 primarily due to an increase in public utility charges for services attributable to increased usage during the year combined with an increase in other local taxes attributable to an increase in meals tax revenue.

Total expenses increased by \$264,556. This is primarily because of an increase in public utilities expenses as a result of higher amounts paid to the Virginia Municipal Electric Association due to the increase in the electric fuel adjustment rate.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS June 30, 2022

Town of Wakefield, Virginia's Net Position

| | Government | al Activities | Business-Type Activities | | es Totals | | |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| | 2022 | 2021 | 2022 | 2021 | 2022 | 2021 | |
| Current and other assets Capital assets | \$ 1,872,224 260,152 | \$ 1,972,385 288,869 | \$ 901,407 2,579,889 | \$ 392,053 2,691,623 | \$ 2,773,631 2,840,041 | \$ 2,364,438 2,980,492 | |
| Total assets | \$ 2,132,376 | \$ 2,261,254 | \$ 3,481,296 | \$ 3,083,676 | \$ 5,613,672 | \$ 5,344,930 | |
| Deferred outflows of resources | <u>\$ 41,822</u> | <u>\$ 203,552</u> | <u>\$ 31,610</u> | <u>\$ 14,557</u> | <u>\$ 73,432</u> | <u>\$ 218,109</u> | |
| Current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities | \$ 21,337 2,765 | \$ 445,735 <u>891</u> | \$ 625,717 66,276 | \$ 197,893 118,577 | \$ 647,054 69,041 | \$ 643,628 119,468 | |
| Total liabilities | \$ 24,102 | <u>\$ 446,626</u> | <u>\$ 691,993</u> | <u>\$ 316,470</u> | <u>\$ 716,095</u> | \$ 763,093 | |
| Deferred inflows of resources | <u>\$ 49,789</u> | <u>\$ 414</u> | <u>\$ 37,633</u> | <u>\$ 284</u> | <u>\$ 87,422</u> | <u>\$ 698</u> | |
| Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted | \$ 260,152 157,537 1,682,618 | \$ 288,869 19,219 1,709,678 | \$ 2,513,389 117,688 152,203 | \$ 2,566,477 11,969 203,033 | \$ 2,773,541 275,225 1,834,821 | \$ 2,855,346 31,188 1,912,711 | |
| Net position | \$ 2,100,307 | \$ 2,017,766 | \$ 2,783,280 | <u>\$ 2,781,479</u> | <u>\$ 4,883,587</u> | \$ 4,799,245 | |

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the Town's financial position. At the close of the most recent fiscal year, the Town's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$4,883,587 compared to the previous year in which assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$4,799,245.

Current and other assets increased significantly primarily due to the issuance of a note receivable related to the Volunteer Fire Department as well as an actuarially determined increase to the net pension asset. Similarly, there was a significant decrease in deferred outflows of resources driven by an actuarially determined decrease in pension deferrals.

Noncurrent liabilities decreased significantly due to the regularly scheduled payments made on long-term debt. The significant increase in deferred inflows of resources is due to an actuarially determined increase in pension deferrals.

A large portion of the Town's net position represents unrestricted net position of \$1,834,821, which may be used to meet the Town's ongoing obligations. In the previous year, unrestricted net position totaled \$1,912,711. The significant increase in restricted net position is primarily attributable to the actuarially determined increase in the Town's net pension asset.

Economic conditions

The Town operates under sound management. The Town continues to make every effort to keep the utility rates down for its customers.

Questions concerning this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the Mayor of the Town of Wakefield, Virginia.

Respectfully submitted,

Brian Laine

Mayor



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2022

| | Primary Government | | | | | |
|------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------|----|--------------------------|----|-----------|
| | Governmental Activities | | Bu | Business-Type Activities | | Total |
| ASSETS | | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2) | \$ | 1,523,773 | \$ | 493,106 | \$ | 2,016,879 |
| Taxes receivable, net (Note 3) | | 35,338 | | - | | 35,338 |
| Accounts receivable, net | | - | | 185,780 | | 185,780 |
| Restricted cash (Note 2) | | 1,125 | | 104,833 | | 105,958 |
| Note receivable: (Note 5) | | | | | | |
| Due within one year | | 11,847 | | - | | 11,847 |
| Due in more than one year | | 144,436 | | - | | 144,436 |
| Net pension asset (Note 8) | | 155,705 | | 117,688 | | 273,393 |
| Capital assets, net of accumulated | | | | | | |
| depreciation (Note 4) | | 260,152 | | 2,579,889 | | 2,840,041 |
| Total assets | \$ | 2,132,376 | \$ | 3,481,296 | \$ | 5,613,672 |
| DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | | | | | |
| Pension deferrals (Note 8) | \$ | 41,822 | \$ | 31,610 | \$ | 73,432 |
| LIABILITIES | | | | | | |
| Accounts payable and other current liabilities | \$ | 20,212 | \$ | 125,804 | \$ | 146,016 |
| Payable from restricted cash, deposits | | 1,125 | | 104,833 | | 105,958 |
| Unearned revenue (Note 10) | | - | | 395,080 | | 395,080 |
| Noncurrent liabilities: (Notes 6 and 7) | | | | | | |
| Due within one year | | 2,765 | | 57,847 | | 60,612 |
| Due in more than one year | | | | 8,429 | | 8,429 |
| Total liabilities | \$ | 24,102 | \$ | 691,993 | \$ | 716,095 |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | | | | | |
| Pension deferrals (Note 8) | \$ | 49,789 | \$ | 37,633 | \$ | 87,422 |
| NET POSITION | | | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | \$ | 260,152 | \$ | 2,513,389 | \$ | 2,773,541 |
| Restricted for pension | | 155,705 | · | 117,688 | | 273,393 |
| Restricted for permanent fund | | 1,832 | | _ | | 1,832 |
| Unrestricted | | 1,682,618 | | 152,203 | | 1,834,821 |
| Total net position | \$ | 2,100,307 | \$ | 2,783,280 | \$ | 4,883,587 |

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended June 30, 2022

| 0 | | | Program Revenues Operating | | | | |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| Functions/Programs | Expenses | Charges For Services | Grants and Contributions | Governmental Activities | Business-Type Activities | Total | |
| PRIMARY GOVERNMENT Governmental activities: General government administration Public safety Public works Parks, recreation and cultural | \$ 346,819 123,595 100,081 16,510 | \$ - - - - | \$ - - - - | \$ (346,819) (123,595) (100,081) (16,510) | \$ - - - - | \$ (346,819) (123,595) (100,081) (16,510) | |
| Total governmental activities | 587,005 | | | (587,005) | | (587,005) | |
| Business-type activities: Public utilities Airport Commission | 1,444,329 173,849 | 1,469,301 92,221 | 32,896 43,018 | - | 57,868 (38,610) | 57,868 (38,610) | |
| Total business-type activities | 1,618,178 | 1,561,522 | 75,914 | | 19,258 | 19,258 | |
| Total primary government | \$ 2,205,183 | \$ 1,561,522 | \$ 75,914 | (587,005) | 19,258 | (567,747) | |
| | GENERAL REVENUES General property taxes Meals taxes Other local taxes Revenues from use of money and property Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses Fines and forfeitures Miscellaneous Intergovernmental - Commonwealth of Virginia Transfers, net | | | | 53,869 (71,326) | 86,121 266,229 133,863 10,325 196 26,540 58,670 70,145 | |
| | Total general | revenues and transf | fers | 669,546 | (17,457) | 652,089 | |
| | Change in ne | t position | | 82,541 | 1,801 | 84,342 | |
| | NET POSITION Beginning of year | ar | | 2,017,766 | 2,781,479 | 4,799,245 | |
| | End of year | | | \$ 2,100,307 | \$ 2,783,280 | \$ 4,883,587 | |

The Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.



BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2022

| | | General Fund | Pe | n-Major rmanent Fund | Go | Total vernmental Funds |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----|-----------------|----|----------------------------|----|------------------------------|
| ASSETS CURRENT ASSETS | | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2) | \$ | 1,481,247 | \$ | 42,526 | \$ | 1,523,773 |
| Taxes receivable, net (Note 3) | Ψ | 35,338 | Ψ | - | Ψ | 35,338 |
| Restricted cash (Note 2) | | 1,125 | | | | 1,125 |
| Total assets | \$ | 1,517,710 | \$ | 42,526 | \$ | 1,560,236 |
| LIABILITIES CURRENT LIABILITIES | | | | | | |
| Accounts payable and other current liabilities Payable from restricted cash, deposits | \$ | 20,021 1,125 | \$ | 191 - | \$ | 20,212 1,125 |
| Total current liabilities | | 21,146 | | 191 | | 21,337 |
| FUND BALANCES | | | | | | |
| Restricted | | - | | 1,832 | | 1,832 |
| Committed | | - | | 40,503 | | 40,503 |
| Unassigned | | 1,496,564 | | | | 1,496,564 |
| Total fund balances | | 1,496,564 | | 42,335 | | 1,538,899 |
| Total liabilities and fund balances | \$ | 1,517,710 | \$ | 42,526 | \$ | 1,560,236 |

RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2022

| Total fund balances, governmental funds | \$ 1,538,899 |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because: | |
| Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds, net of accumulated depreciation. | 260,152 |
| Some receivables reported in the Statement of Net Position, such as notes receivable, do not provide current financial resources and therefore are not accrued as receivables in governmental funds. | 156,283 |
| Some assets and deferred outflows of resources reported in the statement of net position do not provide current financial resources and therefore are not accrued as assets or deferred in the governmental funds. | |
| Net pension asset | 155,705 |
| Deferred pension outflows | 41,822 |
| | 197,527 |
| Some liabilities and deferred inflows of resources reported in the statement of net position do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not accrued as liabilities or deferred in the governmental funds. | |
| Compensated absences | (2,765) |
| Deferred pension inflows | (49,789) |
| | (52,554) |
| Net position of governmental activities | \$ 2,100,307 |

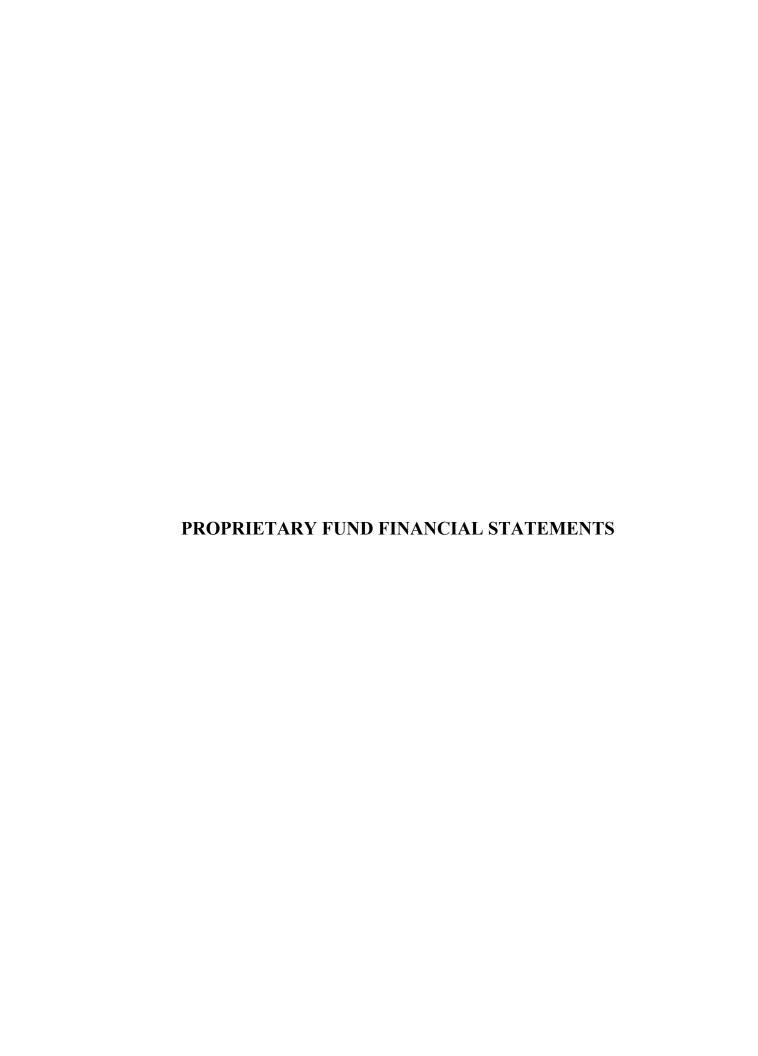
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2022

| | Gei | neral Fund | | on-Major rmanent Fund | Go | Total vernmental Funds |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|------------|----|-----------------------------|----|------------------------------|
| OPERATING REVENUES | | | | | | |
| General property taxes | \$ | 86,121 | \$ | _ | \$ | 86,121 |
| Other local taxes | Ψ | 400,092 | Ψ | _ | Ψ | 400,092 |
| Revenues from use of money and property | | 10,325 | | _ | | 10,325 |
| Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses | | 196 | | _ | | 196 |
| Fines and forfeitures | | 26,540 | | _ | | 26,540 |
| Miscellaneous | | 3,041 | | 1,760 | | 4,801 |
| Intergovernmental - Commonwealth of Virginia | | 70,145 | | - | | 70,145 |
| Total revenues | | 596,460 | | 1,760 | | 598,220 |
| OPERATING EXPENDITURES Current: | | | | | | |
| General government administration | | 249,380 | | _ | | 249,380 |
| Public safety | | 117,294 | | _ | | 117,294 |
| Public works | | 61,353 | | 18,018 | | 79,371 |
| Parks, recreation and cultural | | 16,510 | | - | | 16,510 |
| Capital projects | | 21,000 | | - | | 21,000 |
| Total expenditures | | 465,537 | | 18,018 | | 483,555 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over | | | | | | |
| (under) expenditures | | 130,923 | | (16,258) | | 114,665 |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | | | | | |
| Operating transfers in | | 71,326 | | 16,371 | | 87,697 |
| Operating transfers out | | (16,371) | | - | | (16,371) |
| Loan to fire department | | (167,925) | | - | | (167,925) |
| Note receivable repayments | | 11,642 | | | | 11,642 |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | | (101,328) | | 16,371 | | (84,957) |
| Excess of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses | | 29,595 | | 113 | | 29,708 |
| FUND BALANCE | | | | | | |
| Beginning of year | | 1,466,969 | | 42,222 | | 1,509,191 |
| End of year | \$ | 1,496,564 | \$ | 42,335 | \$ | 1,538,899 |

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year Ended June 30, 2022

| Net change in fund balances, total governmental funds | \$ 29,708 |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|
| Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because: | |
| Loans to other entities are reported as expenses in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances. However, | |
| these are not reported on the Statement of Activities and are instead reported as a receivable on the Statement of Net Position. | 167,925 |
| Repayments on notes receivable to other entities are reported as revenues in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund | |
| balances. However, these are not reported on the Statement of Activities and are instead reported as receivable reduction on the Statement of Net Position. | (11,642) |
| Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated | |
| useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation. | (28,717) |
| Some expenses and expense recoveries reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds: | |
| Change in compensated absences | (1,874) |
| Change in pension and pension-related deferred amounts | (72,859) |
| | (74,733) |
| Change in net position of governmental activities | \$ 82,541 |



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2022

| | Public Utilities | Airport Commission | Total |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------------------|
| ASSETS CURRENT ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2) Accounts receivable, net | \$ 493,106 182,362 | | \$ 493,106 185,780 |
| Total current assets | 675,468 | 3,418 | 678,886 |
| NONCURRENT ASSETS Restricted cash (Note 2) Net pension asset (Note 8) Capital assets, net of accumulated | 104,833 117,688 | - | 104,833 117,688 |
| depreciation (Note 4) | 1,236,648 | 3 1,343,241 | 2,579,889 |
| Total noncurrent assets | 1,459,169 | 1,343,241 | 2,802,410 |
| Total assets | \$ 2,134,637 | \$ 1,346,659 | \$ 3,481,296 |
| DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension deferrals | \$ 31,610 | <u> </u> | \$ 31,610 |
| LIABILITIES CURRENT LIABILITIES Accounts payable and other current liabilities Unearned revenue (Note 10) Notes payable, current portion (Notes 6 & 7) Compensated absences (Note 7) | \$ 121,000 395,080 53,799 4,048 | - - | \$ 125,804 395,080 53,799 4,048 |
| Total current liabilities | 573,927 | 7 4,804 | 578,731 |
| NONCURRENT LIABILITIES Payable from restricted cash, deposits Notes payable, less current portion (Notes 6 & 7) Total noncurrent liabilities | 104,833 8,429 113,262 | | 104,833 8,429 113,262 |
| Total liabilities | \$ 687,189 | | \$ 691,993 |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension deferrals (Note 8) | \$ 37,633 | _ | \$ 37,633 |
| NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Restricted for pension Unrestricted | \$ 1,174,420 117,688 149,317 | - | \$ 2,513,389 117,688 152,203 |
| Total net position | \$ 1,441,425 | \$ 1,341,855 | \$ 2,783,280 |

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2022

| | Public Utilities | Airport Commission | Total |
|---------------------------------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|--------------|
| OPERATING REVENUES | | | |
| Charges for services | \$ 1,469,301 | \$ 92,221 | \$ 1,561,522 |
| OPERATING EXPENSES, other than depreciation: | | | |
| Purchase of electricity | 974,740 | - | 974,740 |
| Other contractual services | 137,242 | - | 137,242 |
| Salaries | 103,796 | 9,819 | 113,615 |
| Maintenance and repairs | 69,947 | 3,231 | 73,178 |
| Benefits | (40,962) | 4,313 | (36,649) |
| Materials and supplies | 13,265 | 111 | 13,376 |
| Office expense | 4,914 | 5,062 | 9,976 |
| Fuel | 13,125 | 58,741 | 71,866 |
| Dues | 2,748 | - | 2,748 |
| Utilities | 2,632 | 7,607 | 10,239 |
| Professional services | 20,325 | - | 20,325 |
| Rent | 225 | - | 225 |
| Total operating expenses, other than depreciation | 1,301,997 | 88,884 | 1,390,881 |
| Operating income before depreciation | 167,304 | 3,337 | 170,641 |
| Depreciation | (105,806) | (84,965) | (190,771) |
| Operating income (loss) | 61,498 | (81,628) | (20,130) |
| NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) | | | |
| Penalty charges | 27,559 | - | 27,559 |
| Connection fees | 15,953 | - | 15,953 |
| Miscellaneous revenues | 6,319 | - | 6,319 |
| State consumption and regulatory tax, net | 3,987 | - | 3,987 |
| Federal grant revenue (Note 10) | 32,896 | - | 32,896 |
| Capital grants | - | 43,018 | 43,018 |
| Grant expenses | (32,896) | - | (32,896) |
| Interest income | 51 | - | 51 |
| Interest expense | (3,630) | <u> </u> | (3,630) |
| Total nonoperating revenues | 50,239 | 43,018 | 93,257 |
| Income (loss) before operating transfers | 111,737 | (38,610) | 73,127 |
| OPERATING TRANSFERS | | | |
| Transfers from other funds | - | 7,342 | 7,342 |
| Transfers to other funds | (78,668) | - | (78,668) |
| Change in net position | 33,069 | (31,268) | 1,801 |
| NET POSITION | | | |
| Beginning of year | 1,408,356 | 1,373,123 | 2,781,479 |
| End of year | \$ 1,441,425 | \$ 1,341,855 | \$ 2,783,280 |

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2022

| | | Public Utilities | Airport mmission | Total |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| OPERATING ACTIVITIES Received from customers and users Payments to suppliers for goods and services Payments to employees | \$ | 1,868,793 (1,253,213) (104,404) | \$ 87,973 (79,156) (9,819) | \$ 1,956,766 (1,332,369) (114,223) |
| Net cash provided (used) by operating activities | | 511,176 | (1,002) | 510,174 |
| NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfers out to other funds Transfers in from other funds | | (78,668) | 7,342 | (78,668) 7,342 |
| Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities | | (78,668) | 7,342 | (71,326) |
| CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Acquisition and construction of capital assets Payments on long-term debt Interest expense Capital grants Federal grant revenue Grant expenses Connection fees Penalty charges Miscellaneous revenues State consumption and regulatory tax, net Net cash used by capital and related financing activities | | (25,447) (51,693) (3,630) - 32,896 (32,896) 15,953 27,559 6,319 3,987 (26,952) | (49,358) 43,018 (6,340) | (74,805) (51,693) (3,630) 43,018 32,896 (32,896) 15,953 27,559 6,319 3,987 |
| INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest income | | 51 | _ | 51 |
| Net increase in cash and cash equivalents | | 405,607 | - | 405,607 |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Beginning of year | | 192,332 | | 192,332 |
| End of year | \$ | 597,939 | \$ | \$ 597,939 |
| RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALE TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash | ENT \$ | 493,106 104,833 | \$ - - | \$ 493,106 104,833 |
| | \$ | 597,939 | \$ _ | \$ 597,939 |

(Continued)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2022

| | Public Utilities | | Airport mmission | Total |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|----------|---------------------|----------------|
| RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) | | | | |
| BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES | | | | |
| Operating income (loss) | \$ | 61,498 | \$ (81,628) | \$ (20,130) |
| Adjusting to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: | | | | |
| Depreciation | | 105,806 | 84,965 | 190,771 |
| Pension expense, net of employer contributions Change in current assets and liabilities: | | (85,423) | - | (85,423) |
| Accounts receivable | | 5,390 | (3,418) | 1,972 |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities | | 30,411 | (91) | 30,320 |
| Payable from restricted cash, deposits | | (978) | _ | (978) |
| Unearned revenue | | 395,080 | (830) | 394,250 |
| Compensated absences | | (608) | | (608) |
| Net cash provided (used) by operating activities | \$ | 511,176 | \$ (1,002) | \$ 510,174 |
| SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES | | | | |
| Cash paid for interest | \$ | 3,630 | \$ | \$ 3,630 |
| Capital asset purchases included in accounts payable | | | | |
| at year end | \$ | | \$ 4,232 | \$ 4,232 |

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting entity

Primary government

The Town of Wakefield, Virginia (Town) is a political subdivision of the Commonwealth of Virginia (Commonwealth) governed by a six-member elected Town Council. The accompanying financial statements for the primary government and its component unit are prepared in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) applicable to governmental units, as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments*, the basic financial statements are comprised of both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Fund balance

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions fund balances are classified as follows:

Nonspendable

Amounts that cannot be spent either because they are not in a spendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted

Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of the Town Charter, Town Code, state or federal laws, or externally imposed conditions by grantors or creditors.

Committed

Amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action by the Town Council ordinance or resolution.

Assigned

Amounts that are designated by the Mayor for a specific purpose but are not spendable until a budget ordinance is passed by the Town Council.

Unassigned

All amounts not included in other spendable classifications.

The details of the fund balances are included in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet (page 10). Restricted funds are used first as appropriate. Assigned Funds are reduced to the extent that expenditure Town has been budgeted by the Town Council or the Assignment has been changed by the Mayor. Decreases to fund balance first reduce Unassigned Fund balance; in the event that Unassigned Fund Balance becomes zero, the Assigned and Committed Fund Balances are used in that order.

General fund

The General Fund has Unassigned Fund Balance of \$1,496,564 at June 30, 2022.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Other major fund

The Permanent Fund has Restricted Funds of \$1,832 at June 30, 2022, consisting of funds donated by residents for the purpose of Cemetery repairs and maintenance. The Permanent Fund also has Committed Funds of \$40,503, which was set aside by the Council, and includes earnings which are to be similarly used for Cemetery repairs and maintenance.

Blended component unit

For financial reporting purposes, in conformance with GASB Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus an amendment of GASB Statement No. 14 and No. 34*, the Town includes all funds, agencies, boards, commissions and authorities for which the Town is financially accountable.

Financial accountability was determined on the basis of budget adoption, outstanding debt secured by revenues or general obligations of the Town, obligation of the Town to finance any deficits that may occur, or receipt of significant subsidies from the Town.

Based on the foregoing criteria, the Airport Commission is included in the accompanying financial statements. There are no other component units whose financial activities would appropriately be included in the accompanying financial statements.

Government-wide and fund financial statements

There are two basic government-wide statements, the statement of net position and the statement of activities, which report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Town and its component unit. These two statements report governmental activities, which are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, separately from business-type activities, which rely primarily on fees and charges for services. Fiduciary activities are not reported in the government-wide statements because the resources are not available to support government programs. In addition to separately presenting business-type activities and governmental activities, the government-wide financial statements present a consolidated total column for the primary government. The government-wide financial statements are consolidated; therefore, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses of a function and program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include a) fees, fines and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the function or segment and b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meet the operating or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

The fund financial statements are provided to separately present governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds (the latter being excluded from the government-wide financial statements). All individual governmental funds and the enterprise fund are reported separately in the fund financial statements.

Measurement focus, basis of accounting and financial statement presentation

The government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This measurement focus attempts to match revenues and related costs. The accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenues as they are earned and expenses are recognized when a liability is incurred.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Measurement focus, basis of accounting and financial statement presentation (Continued)

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. The current financial resources measurement focus does not attempt to match revenues and related costs; instead the focus is on increases and decreases in current financial resources. The modified accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenue when measurable and available. That is, revenues are recognized to the degree they are available to finance expenditures of the current fiscal period. Generally, revenues are considered available to be used to pay liabilities of the current period if they are collectible within the current period or within 45 days thereafter.

Accordingly, real and personal property taxes are recorded as revenues and receivables when billed and displayed at year end, net of an allowance for uncollectible amounts. Sales and utility taxes, which are collected by the Commonwealth or utilities and subsequently remitted to the Town, are recognized as revenues and receivables upon collection by the Commonwealth or utility, which is generally one month preceding receipt by the Town. Licenses, permits and fines are recorded as revenues when received by the Town. Intergovernmental revenues are recognized when received. Revenues from general purpose grants are recognized in the period to which the grant applies. Expenditures are recorded as the related fund liabilities are incurred.

With the fund financial statements, two reconciliations are provided to explain the difference between the fund financial statements and the government-wide financial statements caused by these differences in measurement focus and basis of accounting.

The Town reports the following governmental funds:

General fund

The General Fund accounts for all revenues and expenditures applicable to the general operations of the Town which are not accounted for in other funds. Revenues are derived from general property taxes, other local taxes, licenses and permits and intergovernmental revenues. Primary expenditures are for public safety, public works, recreation and cultural, and the general administration of the Town.

Permanent fund

The Permanent Fund accounts for assets held by a governmental unit in a trustee capacity or as an agent or custodian for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, or other funds. The Cemetery Fund, a nonexpendable permanent fund, accounts for monies derived from the sale of cemetery lots.

The Town reports the following proprietary funds:

Proprietary funds

Proprietary funds account for the financing of services to the general public where all or most of the operating expenses involved are recovered in the form of charges to users of such services. The Town's enterprise fund accounts for the activities of the Airport and the operations of water, waste disposal, and electrical services. Operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as grants, contributions, and investment earnings, result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary activities.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Budget and budgetary accounting

The Town's annual operating budgets for the General and Proprietary Funds are adopted by ordinances and resolutions passed by Town Council. The budgets are prepared on the basis of accounting utilized in each fund type. All appropriations lapse at year-end to the extent that they have not been fully expended. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments. Prior to July 1, the General Fund budget is legally enacted through passage of an appropriations resolution. All General Fund budget data presented in the accompanying financial statements represents the revised budget as of June 30, 2022. The Proprietary Fund budget is not legally adopted but is used as a management tool to track the results of operations.

Budgetary comparisons

The General Fund Schedules of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual presented in Required Supplementary Information (RSI) - compares budget and actual data for all governmental funds for which a budget is adopted. A review of the budgetary comparison presented herein will disclose how accurately the governing body was able to forecast the revenues and expenditures of the Town.

Cash and cash equivalents

The Town's cash and cash equivalents consist principally of demand deposits and certificates of deposit. The *Code of Virginia* (1950), as amended, considers all certificates of deposit to be cash. However, for the statement of cash flows, only demand deposits and certificates of deposit with an original maturity date at the time of purchase of three months or less are considered to be cash and cash equivalents.

Receivables

The Town recognizes receivables in its various funds based on the accounting basis required for that fund. Allowances are provided, as appropriate, for possible uncollectible accounts.

Compensated absences

Employees of the Town are granted vacation pay in varying amounts as services are provided. Town employees may accumulate, subject to certain limitations, unused vacation, and upon separation of employment from the Town, may be compensated for certain amounts. The Town's cost of accumulated vacation pay expected to be paid in the future is accounted for as a noncurrent liability in the statement of net position.

Interfund transactions

Transactions that constitute reimbursement to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made on behalf of another fund are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed. All other interfund transactions are recorded as operating transfers.

Credit risk

Financial instruments which potentially subject the Town to concentration of credit risk consist principally of temporary cash investments. The Town places its temporary cash investments with high credit quality financial institutions. At June 30, 2022, the Town's cash funds were located in two financial institutions. Concentrations of credit risk with respect to trade receivables are limited due to the large number of customers comprising the Town's customer base.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Allowance for uncollectible accounts

As a matter of policy, based on historical collection data and the relatively small sums involved, the Town establishes its allowance for uncollectible accounts based on delinquent real estate and personal property taxes receivable at June 30 of each year. The allowance was \$14,943 at June 30, 2022.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities for the reported periods. Actual results could differ from those estimates and assumptions.

Capital assets

Capital assets include land and land improvements and buildings and building improvements, equipment and vehicles. Any asset or group of assets acquired by the Town that has a useful life in excess of one year and an acquisition cost or fair market value (when received) exceeding \$1,000 are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Such assets are recorded at historical, or estimated historical, cost if constructed or purchased. Donated capital assets are recorded at fair market value at the date of donation. Capital assets are depreciated over their estimated useful lives, ranging from 5 to 25 years, using the straight-line method as follows:

| Land improvements | / - 20 years |
|-------------------|--------------|
| Equipment | 5 - 25 years |
| Vehicles | 5 - 15 years |

When capital assets are disposed, the related costs and accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective accounts and any profit or loss on disposition is recognized in the current year's operations.

Maintenance and ordinary repairs are charged to expense as incurred. Expenditures which materially increase values, change capacities or extend useful lives are capitalized.

Certain capital items, including buildings, that would have been fully depreciated at the time the Town adopted GASB 34 are not being depreciated as described above (as they had no remaining book value at the time of adoption).

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Town's Retirement Plan and the additions to/deductions from the Town's Retirement Plan's net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Deposits

Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act") Section 2.2-4400 et. seq. of the *Code of Virginia*. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of the amount insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board. Financial Institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in the amounts from 50% to 130% of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized.

At June 30, 2022, the carrying value of the Town's deposits with banks and savings institutions was \$2,122,737 and the bank balance was \$2,134,920. Cash and deposits consist of the following:

| Total deposits | \$ 2,122,737 |
|--------------------|--------------|
| Total cash on hand | 100 |
| | |
| | \$ 2,122,837 |

The Town has no formal investment policy.

3. Property Taxes Receivable

The Town levies real estate taxes on all real property and mobile homes on a calendar year basis at the rate enacted by Town Council. The rate is applied to the assessed value of property as determined by the appraised value established by Sussex County. The taxes are billed by the Town on an annual basis and are due February 5, of the following year. The tax rate for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, was \$0.093 per \$100 of assessed value. This rate also applied to public service corporations.

The Town levies personal property taxes on motor vehicles and tangible personal property used in a trade or business. Taxes are billed on an annual basis and are due February 5, of the following year. The tax rate for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, was \$0.86, for both personal property and machinery and tools, per \$100 of assessed value, as determined by Sussex County.

Assessed values used for the fiscal year were as follows:

| Real estate | \$ 52,753,512 |
|-----------------------------|------------------|
| Personal property | \$ 6,679,594 |
| Public service corporations | \$ 3,941,966 |

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

4. Capital Assets

Capital assets activity for the year was as follows:

| | Beginning July 1 2021 | Additions | Reductions | Ending June 30, 2022 |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|------------------|---------------------------------------------------------|
| Governmental activities Capital assets not subject to depreciation: Land | <u>\$ 71,483</u> | <u>\$</u> | <u>\$</u> _ | \$ 71,483 |
| Capital assets being depreciated: Land improvements Equipment Vehicles Total capital assets being depreciated | 269,678 245,981 426,969 942,628 | 21,000 21,000 | - - - - | 269,678 245,981 447,969 963,628 |
| Accumulated depreciation: Land improvements Equipment Vehicles Total accumulated depreciation | (138,071) (167,028) (420,143) (725,242) | (22,873) (6,301) | - - - - | (158,614) (189,901) (426,444) (774,959) |
| Total capital assets being depreciated, net Governmental activities capital assets, net | 217,386 \$ 288,869 | (28,717) \$ (28,717) | <u> </u> | 188,669 \$ 260,152 |
| Business-type activities - Public Utility For Capital assets not subject to depreciation: Land Construction in progress | \$ 35,500 11,225 | \$ - <u>25,447</u> | \$ - (36,672) | \$ 35,500 |
| Total capital assets not subject to depreciation | 46,725 | 25,447 | (36,672) | 35,500 |
| Capital assets being depreciated: Land improvements Vehicles Equipment Infrastructure Total capital assets being depreciated | 31,211 24,930 1,072,378 1,186,993 2,315,512 | 36,672 36,672 | - - - - | 31,211 24,930 1,072,378 1,223,665 2,352,184 |
| Accumulated depreciation: Land improvements Vehicles Equipment Infrastructure | (2,836) (22,626) (443,663) (576,105) | (1,384) | - - - - | (4,220) (22,626) (482,667) (641,523) |
| Total accumulated depreciation Total capital assets being depreciated, net | (1,045,230) 1,270,282 | (105,806) (69,134) | | (1,151,036) 1,201,148 |
| Public utilities fund capital assets, net | \$ 1,317,007 | \$ (43,687) | \$ (36,672) | \$ 1,236,648 |

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

4. Capital Assets (Continued)

| | Beginning July 1 2021 | Additions | | Reductions | | Ending June 30, 2022 | |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------|------------------------------|------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| Business-type activities - Airport Commis Capital assets not subject to depreciation: Construction in progress | <u>\$</u> | <u>\$</u> | 53,590 | \$ | <u>-</u> | \$ 53,590 | |
| Capital assets being depreciated: Hangers and building improvements Runway improvements Equipment | 1,949,763 352,462 70,959 | | - - - | | - - - | 1,949,763 352,462 70,959 | |
| Total capital assets being depreciated | 2,373,184 | | <u>-</u> | | | 2,373,184 | |
| Accumulated depreciation: Hangers and buildings improvements Runway improvements Equipment | (619,248) (319,332) (59,988) | | (81,569) (987) (2,409) | | - - <u>-</u> | (700,817) (320,319) (62,397) | |
| Total accumulated depreciation | (998,568) | | (84,965) | | | (1,083,533) | |
| Total capital assets being depreciated, net | 1,374,616 | | (84,965) | | | 1,289,651 | |
| Airport Commission capital assets, net | <u>\$ 1,374,616</u> | \$ | (31,375) | \$ | <u> </u> | \$ 1,343,241 | |

In addition to the assets listed above, the Town owns several parcels of real estate, the original value of which is nominal and, as such, is not presented herein.

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the primary government as follows:

| Government activities | | |
|----------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Public works | | \$ 20,710 |
| General government administration | | 22,706 |
| Public safety | | 6,301 |
| | | \$ 49,717 |
| Business-type activities | | |
| Public utility | | \$ 105,806 |
| Airport Commission | | 84,965 |
| | | <u>\$ 190,771</u> |
| Construction in process consists of the following: | | |
| | Incurred through <u>June 30, 2022</u> | Committed at June 30, 2022 |
| Runway Lighting Rehab | \$ 53,590 | <u>\$ 412,938</u> |

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

5. Note Receivable

During FY2022, the Town loaned \$167,925 to the Wakefield Volunteer Fire Department for the purpose of purchasing a new brush truck. The note is payable in thirteen annual installments, including interest at 2.0%. There are twelve payments of \$15,000 and a thirteenth payment of the remaining balance. The outstanding balance of the note receivable was \$156,283 at June 30, 2022.

6. Note Payable

The Town obtained a \$250,000 loan from Farmer's Bank to fund an electrical line upgrade. The total loan amount was received in August 31, 2018, bears interest at a rate of 4%, and is due in monthly installments through August 2023.

Total annual principal maturity for the years subsequent to June 30, 2022, are as follows:

| Year Ending June 30, | | |
|----------------------|-----------|----------|
| 2023 | \$ 53,799 | |
| 2024 | 8,429 | <u>)</u> |
| | \$ 62,22 | 3 |

7. Noncurrent Liabilities

| |] | eginning Balance July 1, 2021 | <u> </u> | lditions_ | Re | eductions_ | E | Ending Balance une 30, 2022 | | Due Vithin ne Year |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|----------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|---------------------|-----------|--------------------------------------|-----------|--------------------------|
| Governmental Activities Compensated absences | <u>\$</u> | 891 | <u>\$</u> | 2,949 | <u>\$</u> | (1,075) | <u>\$</u> | 2,765 | <u>\$</u> | 2,765 |
| Business-type Activities Note payable Compensated absences Total business-type | \$ | 113,921 4,656 | \$ | 2,208 | \$ | (51,693) (2,816) | \$ | 62,228 4,048 | \$ | 53,799 4,048 |
| activities | \$ | 118,577 | \$ | 2,208 | \$ | (54,509) | \$ | 66,276 | \$ | 57,847 |

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

8. Defined Benefit Pension Plan

The Town contributes to the Virginia Retirement System (VRS), an agent, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the VRS.

Plan description

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the Town, (the Political Subdivision) are automatically covered by the VRS Retirement Plan upon employment. This multi-employer agent plan is administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer pay contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria as defined in the *Code of Virginia*, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service.

The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees - Plan 1, Plan 2, and Hybrid. Each of these benefit structures has different eligibility criteria. The specific information for each plan and the eligibility for covered groups within each plan are available at

- https://www.varetire.org/members/benefits/defined-benefit/plan1.asp,
- https://www.varetire.org/members/benefits/defined-benefit/plan2.asp,
- https://www.varetirement.org/hybrid.html.

Employees covered by benefit terms

As of the June 30, 2020, actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the pension plan:

| | <u>Number</u> |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|
| Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits | 4 |
| Inactive members: | |
| Vested | 0 |
| Non-vested | 0 |
| Active elsewhere in VRS | 0 |
| Total inactive members | 0 |
| Active members | 5 |
| | 9 |

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

8. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the *Code of Virginia*, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement.

The Town's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2022, was 7.69% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employee during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the Town were \$12,838 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Net pension asset

The net pension asset is calculated separately for each employer and represents that particular employer's total pension liability determined in in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, less that employer's fiduciary net position. The Town's net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2021. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2020, rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2021.

Actuarial assumptions

The total pension liability for General Employees in the Town's Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2021.

Inflation 2.5%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.5% - 5.35%

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of pension plan investment expenses,

including inflation

Mortality rates: General employees - 15 to 20% of deaths are assumed to be service related. Mortality is projected using the applicable Pub-2010 Mortality Table with various setbacks or set forwards for both males and females.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012, through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

General Employees - Largest 10 - Non-Hazardous Duty and All Others (Non 10 Largest): Update mortality table; adjusted retirement rates; adjusted withdrawal rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service; no change to disability rates; no change to salary scale; no change to line of duty disability; and no change to discount rate.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

8. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Long-term expected rate of return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

| Asset Class (Strategy) | Target <u>Allocation</u> | Arithmetic Long-Term Expected Rate of Return | Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Rate of Return |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|
| Public Equity | 34.00% | 5.00% | 1.70% |
| Fixed Income | 15.00% | 0.57% | 0.09% |
| Credit Strategies | 14.00% | 4.49% | 0.63% |
| Real Assets | 14.00% | 4.76% | 0.67% |
| Private Equity | 14.00% | 9.94% | 1.39% |
| MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies | 6.00% | 3.29% | 0.20% |
| PIP - Private Investment Partnership | 3.00% | 6.84% | 0.21% |
| | <u>100.00%</u> | | 4.89% |
| | Inflation | | 2.50% |
| | *Expected arithm | etic nominal return | 7.39% |

^{*}The above allocation provides a one-year return of 7.39%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the system, stochastic projects are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. The results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 6.94%, including expected inflation of 2.50%. On October 10, 2019, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of 6.75% which is roughly at the 40th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation at that time, providing a median return of 7.11%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

8. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Consistent with the phased-in funding provided by the General Assembly for state and teacher employer contributions; political subdivisions were also provided with an opportunity to use an alternate employer contribution rate. For the year ended June 30, 2021, the alternate rate was the employer contribution rate used in FY 2012 or 100% of the actuarially determined employer contribution rate from the June 30, 2017, actuarial valuations, whichever was greater. From July 1, 2021 on, participating employers are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability (asset).

Changes in net pension asset

| | Total Pension Liability (a) | Plan Fiduciary et Position (b) | Lial | et Pension bility (Asset) (b) - (a) |
|----------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|------|-------------------------------------------|
| Balances at June 30, 2020 | \$ 522,348 | \$ 551,776 | \$ | (29,428) |
| Changes for the year: | | | | |
| Service cost | 15,713 | - | | 15,713 |
| Interest | 33,736 | _ | | 33,736 |
| Changes of assumptions | 23,763 | - | | 23,763 |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | 62,727 | - | | 62,727 |
| Contributions, employer | - | 200,032 | | (200,032) |
| Contributions, employee | - | 8,780 | | (8,780) |
| Net investment income | _ | 171,325 | | (171,325) |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of employee | | | | |
| contributions | (45,115) | (45,115) | | - |
| Administrative expense | - | (251) | | 251 |
| Other changes | - | 18 | | (18) |
| Net changes | 90,824 | 334,789 | | (243,965) |
| Balances at June 30, 2021 | \$ 613,172 | \$ 886,565 | \$ | (273,393) |

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

8. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Sensitivity of the net pension asset to changes in the discount rate

The following represents the net pension asset calculated using the stated discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the net pension asset would be if it were calculated using a stated discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

| | | Current Discount | | | |
|-------------------|-------------------|---------------------|-------------------|--|--|
| | 1% Decrease 5.75% | Rate 6.75% | 1% Increase 7.75% | | |
| Net pension asset | <u>\$ 212,510</u> | <u>\$ 273,393</u> | \$ 325,784 | | |

Pension benefit and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions

For the year ending June 30, 2022, the Town recognized pension recovery of \$28. At June 30, 2022, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

| | Ou | eferred tflows of esources | Inf | eferred flows of sources |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----|----------------------------------|-----|--------------------------------|
| Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions Employer contributions made subsequent to measurement date Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan | \$ | 43,946 16,648 12,838 | \$ | - - - |
| investments | | | | 87,422 |
| | \$ | 73,432 | \$ | 87,422 |

Deferred outflows of resources of \$12,838 represent the Town's contributions subsequent to the measurement date and will be recognized as an increase to the net pension asset in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources and deferred outflows of resources related to pensions as of June 30, 2022, will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

| Year Ended June 30, | | |
|---------------------|------------|---|
| 2023 | \$ 5,174 | |
| 2024 | 5,528 | , |
| 2025 | (11,819 |) |
| 2026 | (25,711 | |
| | \$ (26,828 |) |

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

8. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Pension plan data

Information about the VRS Political Subdivision Retirement Plan is also available in the separately issued VRS 2021 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2021 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2021-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA 23218-2500.

9. Commitments

Law enforcement

The Town contracts with the County of Sussex to provide law enforcement services and equipment. The Town pays a monthly fee for all services and equipment; however, the agreement can be terminated upon 90 days written notice.

Airport construction

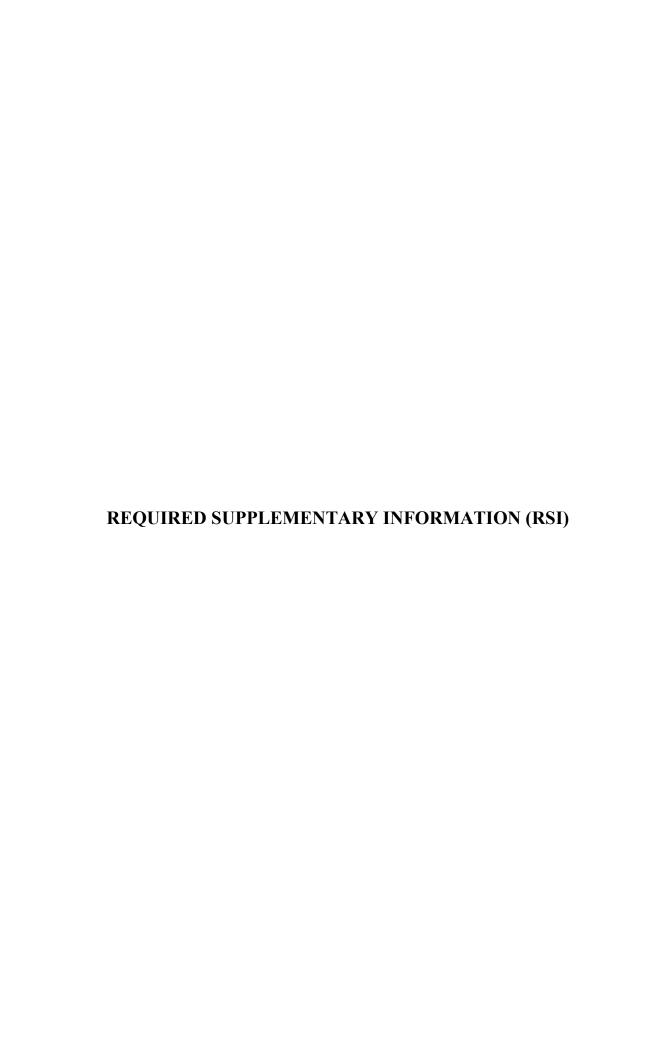
The Town is working with a design firm and contractor on the airport runway lighting rehab project. The total contract price is \$466,528, of which \$53,590 was paid at year-end.

10. COVID-19 Impact

The full impact of the COVID-19 outbreak continues to evolve as of the date of this report. As such, it is uncertain as to the full magnitude the pandemic will have on the Town's financial condition, liquidity, and future results of operations. Management is actively monitoring the impact of the global situation on its financial condition, liquidity, operations, suppliers, industry, and workforce. Given the daily evolution of the COVID-19 outbreak and the global responses to curb its spread, the Town is not able to estimate the effects of the COVID-19 outbreak on its results of operations, financial condition, or liquidity for fiscal year 2023.

The Town's operations are heavily dependent on the ability to raise taxes, assess fees, and access the capital markets. Additionally, access to grants and contracts from federal and state governments may decrease or may not be available depending on appropriations. The outbreak will have a continued material adverse impact on economic and market conditions, triggering a period of global economic slowdown. This situation has depressed the tax bases and other areas in which the Town received revenue during fiscal year 2022. As such, the Town's financial condition and liquidity will be negatively impacted for fiscal year 2022.

In June 2021, the Town received an allocation from the State of \$427,976 under the Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund's Non-Entitlement Unit (NEU) distribution. These funds are to be used for certain eligible expenditures incurred between March 3, 2021, and December 31, 2024. As of June 30, 2022, the Town had only spent a portion of these funds and, as such, the unspent portion is included in unearned revenue in the statement of net position for proprietary funds. This allocation will be recognized as revenue as funds are expended in future fiscal years. Revenue was recognized for the spent funds for fiscal year 2022 and is included in operating grants and contributions for the public utilities in the statement of activities. In July 2022, the Town received a second allocation from the State of \$427,976.



GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (CASH BASIS) Year Ended June 30, 2022

| | | Original Budget | Final Budget | Actual | V | ariance |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|--------------------|---------------------|--------------|----|----------|
| REVENUE FROM LOCAL SOURCE | EES | | | | | |
| General property taxes: | | | | | | |
| Personal property taxes | \$ | 26,050 | \$ 26,050 | \$ 28,944 | \$ | 2,894 |
| Real property taxes | | 49,868 | 49,868 | 48,581 | | (1,287) |
| Machinery and tools taxes Public service corporations (real and personal property | | 2,650 | 2,650 | 3,230 | | 580 |
| taxes) | | 4,000 | 4,000 | 3,659 | | (341) |
| Penalties | | 800 | 800 | 1,505 | | 705 |
| Mobile home taxes | | 120 | 120 | 202 | | 82 |
| Total general property taxes | | 83,488 | 83,488 | 86,121 | | 2,633 |
| Other local taxes: Meals taxes, net of 3% | | | | | | |
| reimbursement | | 259,500 | 259,500 | 234,868 | | (24,632) |
| Local sales and use taxes | | 56,000 | 56,000 | 48,274 | | (7,726) |
| Franchise license taxes | | 37,500 | 37,500 | 32,284 | | (5,216) |
| Communication taxes | | 15,000 | 15,000 | 11,626 | | (3,374) |
| Motor vehicle licenses | | 8,330 | 8,330 | 8,250 | | (80) |
| Game of skill tax | | 3,168 | 3,168 | 864 | | (2,304) |
| Cigarette tax | | 42,000 | 42,000 | 28,482 | | (13,518) |
| Total other local taxes | | 421,498 | 421,498 | 364,648 | | (56,850) |
| Revenue from use of money and property: | | | | | | |
| Revenue from use of money | | 680 | 680 | 387 | | (293) |
| Revenue from use of property | | 6,316 | 6,316 | 6,580 | | 264 |
| Total revenue from use | | | | | | |
| of money and property | | 6,996 | 6,996 | 6,967 | | (29) |
| Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses: | | | | | | |
| Trailer permits and golf cart | | 100 | 120 | 107 | | 7. |
| licenses | | 120 | 120 | 196 | | 76 |
| Fines and forfeitures: | | 16,000 | 16,000 | 26.540 | | 10.540 |
| Town fines | | 16,000 | 16,000 | 26,540 | | 10,540 |

(Continued)

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (CASH BASIS) Year Ended June 30, 2022

| | Original Budget | | | Final Budget | | Actual | Variance | | |
|----------------------------------------------|--------------------|---------|----|-----------------|--------|---------|----------|----------|--|
| Recovered costs: | | | | | | | | | |
| Insurance recoveries | \$ | 1,500 | \$ | 1,500 | \$ | - | \$ | (1,500) | |
| Miscellaneous revenue: | | | | | | | | | |
| Other | | 2,641 | | 2,641 | | 3,041 | | 400 | |
| Total revenue from | | | | | | | | | |
| local sources | | 532,243 | | 532,243 | | 487,513 | | (44,730) | |
| REVENUE FROM THE COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA | | | | | | | | | |
| Categorical aid: | • | | | | | | | | |
| Law enforcement grant | | 26,032 | | 26,032 | | 26,033 | | 1 | |
| Fire program funds | | 15,000 | | 15,000 | | 15,000 | | | |
| Total categorical aid | | 41,032 | | 41,032 | | 41,033 | | 1 | |
| Noncategorical aid: | | | | | | | | | |
| Personal Property Tax Relief Act | | 18,425 | | 18,425 | | 19,612 | | 1,187 | |
| Rolling stock tax | | 4,685 | | 4,685 | | 4,543 | | (142) | |
| Car rental distribution | | - | | - | | 546 | | 546 | |
| Mobile home titling taxes | | 50 | | 50 | | 4,411 | | 4,361 | |
| Total noncategorical aid | | 23,160 | | 23,160 | | 29,112 | | 5,952 | |
| Total revenue from the | | | | | | | | | |
| Commonwealth of Virginia | | 64,192 | | 64,192 | 70,145 | | | 5,953 | |
| | \$ | 596,435 | \$ | 596,435 | \$ | 557,658 | \$ | (38,777) | |

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (CASH BASIS) Year Ended June 30, 2022

| | Original Budget | Final Budget | <u>Actual</u> | <u>Variance</u> |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|---------------|-----------------|
| GENERAL GOVERNMENT ADMIN | ISTRATION | | | |
| Legislative - Town Council | \$ 10,570 | \$ 10,570 | \$ 10,362 | \$ 208 |
| General and financial administration: | | | | |
| Salaries and fringe benefits | 153,738 | 153,738 | 139,893 | 13,845 |
| Insurance and bonding | 28,100 | 28,100 | 25,648 | 2,452 |
| Office operations and utilities | 25,696 | 25,696 | 20,692 | 5,004 |
| Repairs and maintenance | 19,550 | 19,550 | 20,677 | (1,127) |
| Independent auditor | 22,000 | 22,000 | 25,645 | (3,645) |
| Legal services | 4,000 | 4,000 | 2,700 | 1,300 |
| Dues and subscriptions | 725 | 725 | 733 | (8) |
| Travel | 1,170 | 1,170 | 1,109 | 61 |
| Advertising | 356 | 356 | 1,030 | (674) |
| Miscellaneous | 600 | 600 | 790 | (190) |
| Total general and financial | | | | |
| administration | 255,935 | 255,935 | 238,917 | 17,018 |
| Total general government | | | | |
| administration | 266,505 | 266,505 | 249,279 | 17,226 |
| PUBLIC SAFETY | | | | |
| Law enforcement and traffic control - | | | | |
| police department | 70,000 | 70,000 | 65,261 | 4,739 |
| Fire and rescue services - volunteer | | | | |
| fire and rescue squads | 55,118 | 55,118 | 212,867 | (157,749) |
| Total public safety | 125,118 | 125,118 | 278,128 | (153,010) |
| PUBLIC WORKS | | | | |
| Maintenance of highways, streets, | | | | |
| bridges and sidewalks: | | | | |
| Highways, streets, bridges, and | | | | |
| sidewalks | 9,363 | 9,363 | 29,794 | (20,431) |
| Street lights | 3,373 | 3,373 | 280 | 3,093 |
| Total maintenance of | _ | | | |
| highways, streets, bridges | | | | |
| and sidewalks | 12,736 | 12,736 | 30,074 | (17,338) |
| | - | | | |

(Continued)

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (CASH BASIS) Year Ended June 30, 2022

| | Original Budget | | Final Budget | | | Actual | Variance | | |
|-----------------------------------------------|--------------------|---------|-----------------|---------|----|---------|----------|-----------|--|
| Maintenance of general buildings and grounds: | | | | | | | | | |
| General properties | \$ | 34,952 | \$ | 34,952 | \$ | 31,688 | \$ | 3,264 | |
| General administration | Φ | 5,450 | Φ | 5,450 | Φ | 3,227 | Φ | 2,223 | |
| Total maintenance of general | | 3,430 | | 3,430 | | 3,221 | | 2,223 | |
| buildings and grounds | | 40,402 | | 40,402 | | 34,915 | | 5,487 | |
| Total public works | | 53,138 | | 53,138 | | 64,989 | | (11,851) | |
| PARKS, RECREATIONAL AND CU | LTU | RAL | | | | | | | |
| Library | | 7,200 | | 7,200 | | 7,200 | | - | |
| Ball park | | 23,370 | | 23,370 | | 9,427 | | 13,943 | |
| Total parks, recreation and | | | | | | | | | |
| cultural | | 30,570 | | 30,570 | | 16,627 | | 13,943 | |
| CAPITAL OUTLAY | | | | | | | | | |
| Public works | | | | | | 21,000 | | (21,000) | |
| | \$ | 475,331 | \$ | 475,331 | \$ | 630,023 | \$ | (154,692) | |

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) AND RELATED RATIOS

| - | | 2021 | | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|--------------------------------------------------------|----|---------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|
| TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY Service cost Interest Changes of asumptions Benefit payments, including refunds of | \$ | 15,713 33,736 23,763 | \$ | 12,973 32,578 | \$ 20,790 33,388 10,926 | \$ 21,167 30,990 | \$ 21,697 29,121 (723) | \$ 20,780 27,217 | \$ 20,253 25,347 | \$ 18,924 23,901 |
| employee contributions Difference between expected and actual experience | | (45,115) 62,727 | | (28,112) 8,209 | (19,648) (35,558) | (19,538) 1,695 | (22,710) (2,272) | (22,682) 1,900 | (22,321) 3,618 | (21,999) |
| Net change in total pension liability | | 90,824 | | 25,648 | 9,898 | 34,314 | 25,113 | 27,215 | 26,897 | 20,826 |
| Total pension liability, beginning | | 522,348 | | 496,700 | 486,802 | 452,488 | 427,375 | 400,160 | 373,263 | 352,437 |
| Total pension liability, ending (a) | \$ | 613,172 | \$ | 522,348 | \$ 496,700 | \$ 486,802 | \$ 452,488 | \$ 427,375 | \$ 400,160 | \$ 373,263 |
| PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION Contributions - employer Contributions - employee Net investment income Benefit payments Administrative expenses Other changes | , | 200,032 8,780 171,325 (45,115) (251) 18 | \$ | 30,680 19,016 10,371 (28,112) (307) (12) | \$ 11,718 6,797 32,889 (19,648) (318) (21) | \$ 14,522 7,290 33,559 (19,538) (282) (30) | \$ 14,179 7,118 49,465 (22,710) (281) (44) | \$ 13,485 6,994 7,011 (22,682) (247) (3) | \$ 13,247 6,871 17,639 (22,321) (240) (4) | \$ 8,839 6,747 53,056 (21,999) (289) 3 |
| Net change in plan fiduciary net position | | 334,789 | | 31,636 | 31,417 | 35,521 | 47,727 | 4,558 | 15,192 | 46,357 |
| Plan fiduciary net position, beginning | | 551,776 | | 520,140 | 488,723 | 453,202 | 405,475 | 400,917 | 385,725 | 339,368 |
| Plan fiduciary net position, ending (b) | \$ | 886,565 | \$ | 551,776 | \$ 520,140 | \$ 488,723 | \$ 453,202 | \$ 405,475 | \$ 400,917 | \$ 385,725 |
| Town's net pension liability (asset), ending (a) - (b) | \$ (| 273,393) | \$ | (29,428) | \$ (23,440) | \$ (1,921) | \$ (714) | \$ 21,900 | \$ (757) | \$ (12,462) |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability | | 144.6% | | 105.6% | 104.7% | 100.4% | 100.2% | 94.9% | 100.2% | 103.3% |
| Covered payroll | \$ | 234,291 | \$ | 254,188 | \$ 135,928 | \$ 145,803 | \$ 142,359 | \$ 139,886 | \$ 137,417 | \$ 134,947 |
| Net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of covered payroll | | -116.7% | _ | -11.6% | -17.2% | -1.3% | -0.5% | 15.7% | -0.6% | -9.2% |

The plan years noted above are reported in the Town's financial statements in the fiscal year following the plan year - i.e., plan year 2021 information was presented in the Town's fiscal year 2022 financial report.

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since fiscal year 2015 (plan year 2014) was the first year for the presentation, no earlier data is available. Additional years will be included as they become available.

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

C 4 1 4

| Fiscal Year Ending June 30, | Re | tractually equired tribution | Ac Det | Covered Payroll | Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll | | | | |
|-----------------------------|----|------------------------------------|--------|--------------------|--------------------------------------------------|---|------------|---------|-------|
| 2022 | \$ | 12,838 | \$ | 12,838 | \$ | _ | \$ | 191,898 | 6.69% |
| 2021 | \$ | 18,017 | \$ | 18,017 | \$ | _ | \$ | 234,291 | 7.69% |
| 2020 | \$ | 21,911 | \$ | 21,911 | \$ | _ | \$ | 254,188 | 8.62% |
| 2019 | \$ | 11,717 | \$ | 11,717 | \$ | - | \$ | 135,928 | 8.62% |
| 2018 | \$ | 14,522 | \$ | 14,522 | \$ | - | \$ | 145,803 | 9.96% |
| 2017 | \$ | 14,179 | \$ | 14,179 | \$ | - | \$ | 142,359 | 9.96% |
| 2016 | \$ | 13,485 | \$ | 13,485 | \$ | - | \$ | 139,886 | 9.64% |
| 2015 | \$ | 13,247 | \$ | 13,247 | \$ | - | \$ | 137,417 | 9.64% |
| 2014 | \$ | 8,839 | \$ | 8,839 | \$ - | | \$ 134,947 | | 6.55% |

The covered payroll amounts above are for the Town's fiscal year - i.e. the covered payroll on which required contributions were based for the same year.

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since fiscal year 2015 (plan year 2014) was the first year for the presentation, no earlier data is available. Additional years will be included as they become available.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION June 30, 2022

1. Budgetary Appropriations

The Town budget is prepared on a cash basis. The General Fund cash-basis expenditures exceeded budgeted appropriations by \$154,692.

2. Pension Plan

Changes of benefit terms

There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions:

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016, through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-Hazardous Duty:

- Update mortality table to PUB2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Scape MP-2020.
- Adjusted retirement rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age.
- Adjusted withdrawal rates to better fit experience at each year and service through 9 years of service.
- No change to disability rates.
- No changes to salary scale.
- No change to line of duty rates.
- No change to discount rate.





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Members of the Town Council of Town of Wakefield, Virginia Wakefield, Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Wakefield, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Wakefield, Virginia's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 7, 2022.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Town of Wakefield, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Wakefield, Virginia's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Wakefield, Virginia's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses and significant deficiencies.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses to be a material weakness in internal control over financial reporting (see 2022-001).

A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses to be a significant deficiency in internal control over financial reporting (see 2022-002).

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Town of Wakefield, Virginia's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Town of Wakefield, Virginia's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the Town of Wakefield, Virginia's response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. The Town of Wakefield, Virginia's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of the testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purposes.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Brown, Edwards & Company, S. L. P.

Newport News, Virginia October 7, 2022

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES June 30, 2022

Finding 2022-001: Segregation of Duties (Material Weakness)

Criteria

Duties within the accounting system should be properly segregated.

Condition

A lack of segregation of duties within the accounting function was noted.

Cause

This is due to the limited number of office personnel employed by the Town.

Effect

This situation may result in defalcation or errors being undetected.

Recommendation

Due to the small size of the Town, we do not consider the hiring of additional employees to be cost effective. While complete segregation of duties is not practical, we recommend strong management supervision and review over the accounting system.

Management response

Management (Town Council and Town Officials) will continue to strongly supervise and review the accounting system through monthly review of detailed financial information.

Finding 2022-002: Audit Adjustments (Significant Deficiency)

Criteria

The Town does not prepare financial statements and footnotes in compliance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) and Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

Condition

As part of our audit, we proposed multiple significant adjustments related to pensions, capital assets, accounts payable, and accounts receivable. These are reviewed and approved by management; however, auditors feel that this review would only detect material misstatements, and that a misstatement that is more than inconsequential may not be prevented or detected.

Cause

Due to the small size of the Town, there is a limited accounting staff, which does not allow for the hiring of an accountant with the background needed to prepare GAAP financial statements and related disclosures.

Effect

Financial statements and related disclosures may be misstated by an amount that is more than inconsequential.

Recommendation

Management will meet regularly with the auditors to keep up to date on changes in GAAP and GASB and continue to review the draft GAAP and GASB financial statements and related disclosures prior to issuance.

Management response

Recommendations made by auditors will be implemented.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS June 30, 2022

2021-001: Segregation of Duties (Material Weakness)

Condition

A lack of segregation of duties within the accounting function was noted.

Recommendation

Due to the small size of the Town, we do not consider the hiring of additional employees to be cost effective. While complete segregation of duties is not practical, we recommend strong management supervision and review over the accounting system.

Current Status

See current year Finding 2022-001.

2021-002: Audit Adjustments (Significant Deficiency)

Condition

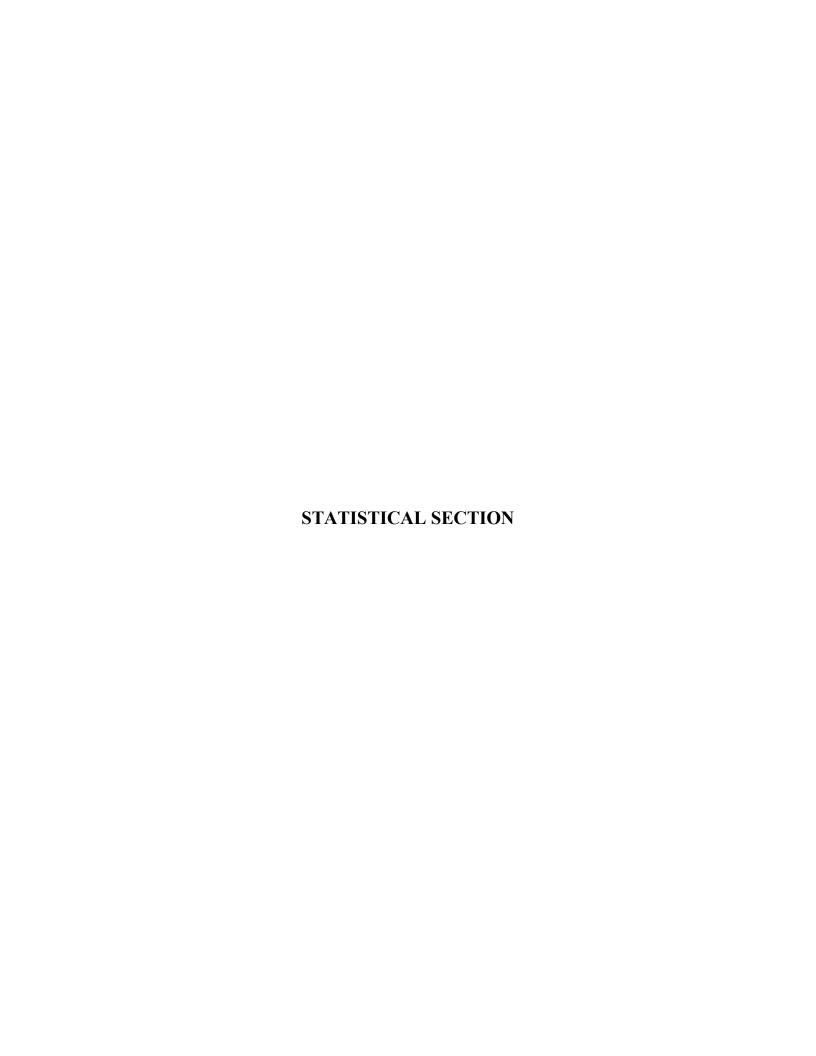
As part of our audit, we proposed multiple significant adjustments related to pensions, capital assets, accounts payable, and accounts receivable. These are reviewed and approved by management; however, auditors feel that this review would only detect material misstatements, and that a misstatement that is more than inconsequential may not be prevented or detected.

Recommendation

Management will meet regularly with the auditors to keep up to date on changes in GAAP and GASB and continue to review the draft GAAP and GASB financial statements and related disclosures prior to issuance.

Current Status

See current year Finding 2022-002.



NET POSITION BY COMPONENT - LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

| | Fiscal Year | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--|
| | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | |
| GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | \$ 260,152 | \$ 288,869 | \$ 280,071 | \$ 324,333 | \$ 270,909 | \$ 193,628 | \$ 225,577 | \$ 226,040 | \$ 270,094 | \$ 311,563 | |
| Restricted for permanent fund | 1,832 | 1,760 | 2,251 | 42,143 | 41,884 | 41,302 | 41,921 | 41,876 | 42,023 | 42,003 | |
| Restricted for pensions | 155,705 | 17,459 | 15,821 | 1,516 | - | - | 586 | 11,042 | - | - | |
| Unrestricted | 1,682,618 | 1,709,678 | 1,384,378 | 1,291,311 | 1,295,001 | 1,123,448 | 1,221,506 | 1,099,404 | 874,513 | 849,799 | |
| Total governmental | | | | | | | | | | | |
| activities net position | \$ 2,100,307 | \$ 2,017,766 | \$ 1,682,521 | \$ 1,659,303 | \$ 1,607,794 | \$ 1,358,378 | \$ 1,489,590 | \$ 1,378,362 | \$ 1,186,630 | \$ 1,203,365 | |
| BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | \$ 2,513,389 | \$ 2,566,477 | \$ 2,675,462 | \$ 2,297,763 | \$ 2,106,108 | \$ 2,136,580 | \$ 1,870,693 | \$ 1,388,348 | \$ 1,347,998 | \$ 1,236,985 | |
| Restricted for pensions | 117,688 | 11,969 | 7,619 | 405 | - | · · · | 171 | 1,420 | · · · | · · · | |
| Unrestricted | 152,203 | 203,033 | 183,408 | 223,287 | 194,210 | 184,687 | 207,107 | 145,083 | 62,339 | 149,216 | |
| Total business-type | | | | | | | | | | | |
| activities net position | \$ 2,783,280 | \$ 2,781,479 | \$ 2,866,489 | \$ 2,521,455 | \$ 2,300,318 | \$ 2,321,267 | \$ 2,077,971 | \$ 1,534,851 | \$ 1,410,337 | \$ 1,386,201 | |
| PRIMARY GOVERNMENT | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | \$ 2,773,541 | \$ 2,855,346 | \$ 2,955,533 | \$ 2,622,096 | \$ 2,377,017 | \$ 2,330,208 | \$ 2,096,270 | \$ 1,614,388 | \$ 1,618,092 | \$ 1,548,548 | |
| Restricted for permanent fund | 1,832 | 1,760 | 2,251 | 42,143 | 41,884 | 41,302 | 41,921 | 41,876 | 42,023 | 42,003 | |
| Restricted for pensions | 273,393 | 29,428 | 23,440 | 1,921 | - | - | 757 | 12,462 | - | - | |
| Unrestricted | 1,834,821 | 1,912,711 | 1,567,786 | 1,514,598 | 1,489,211 | 1,308,135 | 1,428,613 | 1,244,487 | 936,852 | 999,015 | |
| Total primary government | | | | | | | | | | | |
| net position | \$ 4,883,587 | \$ 4,799,245 | \$ 4,549,010 | \$ 4,180,758 | \$ 3,908,112 | \$ 3,679,645 | \$ 3,567,561 | \$ 2,913,213 | \$ 2,596,967 | \$ 2,589,566 | |

CHANGES IN NET POSITION - LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

| | Fiscal Year | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|--|--|
| | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | | |
| EXPENSES | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Governmental activities: General government administration Public safety Public works Parks, recreation and cultural Community development | \$ 346,819 123,595 100,081 16,510 | \$ 362,373 124,506 67,635 19,248 | \$ 326,160 129,857 77,468 25,500 | \$ 288,234 123,416 183,967 26,266 | \$ 287,102 117,530 172,367 30,314 | \$ 275,860 124,539 175,765 16,081 | \$ 252,234 130,871 169,621 22,192 124,776 | \$ 280,136 104,626 182,088 26,170 | \$ 299,223 107,198 130,457 11,190 15,818 | \$ 296,466 108,549 138,490 16,747 7,126 | | |
| Total governmental activities expenses | 587,005 | 573,762 | 558,985 | 621,883 | 607,313 | 592,245 | 699,694 | 593,020 | 563,886 | 567,378 | | |
| Business-type activities: Public utility Airport Commission expenses | 1,444,329 173,849 | 1,218,813 148,052 | 1,312,254 151,070 | 1,333,911 172,711 | 1,260,827 198,148 | 1,289,260 277,501 | 1,233,896 166,660 | 1,394,066 207,804 | 1,323,717 174,207 | 1,277,649 121,081 | | |
| Total business-type activities expenses | 1,618,178 | 1,366,865 | 1,463,324 | 1,506,622 | 1,458,975 | 1,566,761 | 1,400,556 | 1,601,870 | 1,497,924 | 1,398,730 | | |
| Total primary government expenses | \$ 2,205,183 | \$ 1,940,627 | \$ 2,022,309 | \$ 2,128,505 | \$ 2,066,288 | \$ 2,159,006 | \$ 2,100,250 | \$ 2,194,890 | \$ 2,061,810 | \$ 1,966,108 | | |
| PROGRAM REVENUES Governmental activities: Operating grants and contributions | \$ - | \$ 144,868 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | | |
| Business-type activities: Charges for services Operating grants and contributions Total business-type activities | 1,561,522 75,914 | 1,490,654 4,010 | 1,517,588 312,457 | 1,723,060 97,713 | 1,710,057 | 1,629,148 33,986 | 1,671,992 420,637 | 1,818,629 174,663 | 1,589,137 5,451 | 1,504,625 6,611 | | |
| program revenues | 1,637,436 | 1,494,664 | 1,830,045 | 1,820,773 | 1,710,057 | 1,663,134 | 2,092,629 | 1,993,292 | 1,594,588 | 1,511,236 | | |
| Total primary government program revenues | \$ 1,637,436 | \$ 1,639,532 | \$ 1,830,045 | \$ 1,820,773 | \$ 1,710,057 | \$ 1,663,134 | \$ 2,092,629 | \$ 1,993,292 | \$ 1,594,588 | \$ 1,511,236 | | |
| NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE Governmental activities Business-type activities Total primary government | \$ (587,005) 19,258 | \$ (428,894) 127,799 | \$ (558,985) 366,721 | \$ (621,883) 314,151 | \$ (607,313) 251,082 | \$ (592,245) 96,373 | \$ (699,694) 692,073 | \$ (593,020) 391,422 | \$ (563,886) 96,664 | \$ (567,378) 112,506 | | |
| net expense | \$ (567,747) | \$ (301,095) | \$ (192,264) | \$ (307,732) | \$ (356,231) | \$ (495,872) | \$ (7,621) | \$ (201,598) | \$ (467,222) | \$ (454,872) | | |

CHANGES IN NET POSITION - LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

| | Fiscal Year | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|---------------------|
| | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 |
| GENERAL REVENUES AND OTHER CHANGES IN NET POSITION Governmental activities: | | | | | | | | | | |
| General property taxes | \$ 86,121 | \$ 79,723 | \$ 77,330 | \$ 84,243 | \$ 81,548 | \$ 84,724 | \$ 84,301 | \$ 81,945 | \$ 83,582 | \$ 78,603 |
| Meals taxes | 266,229 | 192,170 | 189,656 | - | 227,106 | 246,858 | 231,690 | 227,311 | 215,967 | 192,181 |
| Other local taxes | 133,863 | 159,807 | 139,963 | 361,818 | 163,551 | 83,375 | 91,244 | 87,505 | 56,294 | 78,022 |
| Revenues from use of money and | | | | | | | | | | |
| property | 10,325 | 7,394 | 15,181 | 8,216 | 9,062 | 9,157 | 8,795 | 8,486 | 9,384 | 9,108 |
| Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory | ŕ | | ŕ | | ŕ | ŕ | ŕ | | ŕ | |
| licenses | 196 | 200 | 140 | 90 | 248 | 170 | 450 | 100 | 40 | 20 |
| Fines and forfeitures | 26,540 | 18,292 | 13,344 | 5,594 | 1,939 | 772 | 180 | 1,140 | 390 | 747 |
| Recovered costs | - | 1,064 | 16,420 | 4,033 | 3,695 | 16,968 | 8,834 | 11,662 | 10,942 | 17,465 |
| Revenues from other sources | 4,801 | 4,575 | 6,420 | 8,316 | 3,938 | 29,984 | 21,912 | 9,289 | 965 | 35,621 |
| Intergovernmental - | | | | | | | | | | |
| Commonwealth of Virginia | 70,145 | 65,327 | 62,965 | 59,466 | 57,573 | 59,599 | 58,422 | 58,341 | 58,604 | 57,558 |
| Transfers | 71,326 | 235,587 | 60,784 | 141,616 | 308,069 | (70,574) | 305,094 | 298,973 | 122,563 | 184,270 |
| Total governmental activities | 669,546 | 764,139 | 582,203 | 673,392 | 856,729 | 461,033 | 810,922 | 784,752 | 558,731 | 653,595 |
| Business-type activities: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Revenues from other sources | 53,869 | 22,778 | 39,097 | 39,562 | 32,547 | 38,211 | 31,365 | 32,065 | 35,706 | 74,951 |
| Payments from (to) the Town | - | - | - | 9,040 | 3,491 | (11,862) | 124,776 | - | 15,818 | 7,126 |
| Transfers | (71,326) | (235,587) | (60,784) | (141,616) | (308,069) | 70,574 | (305,094) | (298,973) | (122,563) | (184,270) |
| Total business-type activities | (17,457) | (212,809) | (21,687) | (93,014) | (272,031) | 96,923 | (148,953) | (266,908) | (71,039) | (102,193) |
| Total primary government | \$ 652,089 | \$ 551,330 | \$ 560,516 | \$ 580,378 | \$ 584,698 | \$ 557,956 | \$ 661,969 | \$ 517,844 | \$ 487,692 | \$ 551,402 |
| CHANGE IN NET POSITION Governmental activities Business-type activities | \$ 82,541 1.801 | \$ 335,245 (85,010) | \$ 23,218 345,034 | \$ 51,509 221.137 | \$ 249,416 (20,949) | \$ (131,212) 193,296 | \$ 111,228 543,120 | \$ 191,732 124,514 | \$ (5,155) 25,625 | \$ 86,217 10,313 |
| Business-type activities | 1,001 | (65,010) | 343,034 | 221,137 | (20,349) | 193,290 | 343,120 | 124,314 | 23,023 | 10,313 |
| Total primary government | \$ 84,342 | \$ 250,235 | \$ 368,252 | \$ 272,646 | \$ 228,467 | \$ 62,084 | \$ 654,348 | \$ 316,246 | \$ 20,470 | \$ 96,530 |

FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

| | Fiscal Year | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------------------|-------------|---------------------------|------|-----------------|------|-----------------|------|-----------------|------|-----------------|------|-----------------|------|-----------------|------|-----------------|-----------------------|----|-----------------|
| | | 2022 | | 2021 | | 2020 | | 2019 | | 2018 | | 2017 | | 2016 | | 2015 | 2014 | | 2013 |
| GENERAL FUND Unassigned | \$ 1 | ,496,564 | \$ 1 | ,466,969 | \$ 1 | ,319,072 | \$ 1 | ,277,030 | \$ 1 | ,271,688 | \$ 1 | ,090,629 | \$ 1 | ,174,692 | \$ 1 | ,054,079 | \$ 810,297 | \$ | 769,581 |
| Total general fund | \$ 1 | ,496,564 | \$ 1 | ,466,969 | \$ 1 | ,319,072 | \$ 1 | ,277,030 | \$ 1 | ,271,688 | \$ 1 | ,090,629 | \$ 1 | ,174,692 | \$ 1 | ,054,079 | \$ 810,297 | \$ | 769,581 |
| ALL OTHER GOVERNMEN Committed Restricted | NT F | U NDS 40,503 1,832 | \$ | 40,462 1,760 | \$ | 40,000 2,251 | \$ | 40,000 2,143 | \$ | 40,000 1,884 | \$ | 40,000 1,302 | \$ | 40,000 1,921 | \$ | 40,000 1,876 | \$ 40,000 1,973 | \$ | 40,000 2,003 |
| Total all other governmental funds | \$ | 42,335 | \$ | 42,222 | \$ | 42,251 | \$ | 42,143 | \$ | 41,884 | \$ | 41,302 | \$ | 41,921 | \$ | 41,876 | \$ 41,973 | \$ | 42,003 |

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

| _ | Fiscal Year | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|------------|-----------|-----------|------------|-------------|------------|------------|-----------|-----------|--|
| - | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | |
| REVENUES | | | | | | | | | | | |
| General property taxes | \$ 86,121 | \$ 79,723 | \$ 77,330 | \$ 84,243 | \$ 81,548 | \$ 84,724 | \$ 84,301 | \$ 81,945 | \$ 83,582 | \$ 78,603 | |
| Other local taxes | 400,092 | 351,977 | | 361,818 | 390,657 | 330,233 | 322,934 | 314,816 | 272,261 | 270,203 | |
| Revenue from use of money | | | | | | | | | | | |
| and property | 10,325 | 7,394 | 15,181 | 8,216 | 9,062 | 9,157 | 8,795 | 8,486 | 9,384 | 9,108 | |
| Permits, privilege fees, and | | | | | | | | | | | |
| regulatory licenses | 196 | 200 | 140 | 90 | 248 | 170 | 450 | 100 | 40 | 20 | |
| Fines and forfeitures | 26,540 | 18,292 | 13,344 | 5,594 | 1,939 | 772 | 180 | 1,140 | 390 | 747 | |
| Recovered costs | - | 1,064 | 16,420 | 4,033 | 3,695 | 16,968 | 8,834 | 11,662 | 10,942 | 17,465 | |
| Miscellaneous | 4,801 | 4,575 | 6,420 | 8,316 | 3,938 | 18,122 | 21,912 | 9,289 | 965 | 11,463 | |
| Intergovernmental - | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Commonwealth of Virginia | 70,145 | 65,327 | | 59,466 | 57,573 | 59,599 | 58,422 | 58,341 | 58,604 | 57,558 | |
| Federal - | - | 144,868 | <u> </u> | | | | | | | | |
| Total revenues | 598,220 | 673,420 | 521,419 | 531,776 | 548,660 | 519,745 | 505,828 | 485,779 | 436,168 | 445,167 | |
| EXPENDITURES | | | | | | | | | | | |
| General government administration | 249,380 | 526,362 | 345,903 | 279,623 | 278,492 | 262,688 | 243,908 | 231,254 | 252,987 | 244,624 | |
| Public safety | 117,294 | 112,516 | 107,454 | 95,419 | 91,807 | 101,093 | 107,425 | 104,626 | 107,198 | 108,549 | |
| Public works | 79,371 | 48,449 | 59,937 | 166,239 | 157,086 | 164,246 | 156,744 | 184,416 | 133,717 | 138,490 | |
| Parks, recreation and cultural | 16,510 | 19,248 | 25,500 | 26,266 | 30,314 | 16,081 | 22,318 | 26,284 | 11,350 | 16,747 | |
| Community development | - | - | | _ | - | - | 124,776 | - | - | - | |
| Capital projects | 21,000 | 61,913 | 12,876 | 111,631 | 128,551 | 12,548 | 45,818 | 5,000 | 7,280 | 40,353 | |
| Total expenditures | 483,555 | 768,488 | 551,670 | 679,178 | 686,250 | 556,656 | 700,989 | 551,580 | 512,532 | 548,763 | |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues | | | | | | | | | | | |
| over (under) expenditures | 114,665 | (95,068 | (30,251) | (147,402) | (137,590) | (36,911) | (195,161) | (65,801) | (76,364) | (103,596) | |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USE | ES) | | | | | | | | | | |
| Operating transfers in | 87,697 | 249,150 | 73,783 | 162,990 | 322,402 | 153,352 | 525,090 | 507,462 | 236,761 | 312,530 | |
| Operating transfers out | (16,371) | (13,563 | (12,999) | (21,374) | (14,333) | (212,064) | (219,996) | (208,489) | (114,198) | (135,386) | |
| Loan to fire department | (167,925) | • | | | | - | _ | - | | | |
| Note receivable repayments | 11,642 | 7,349 | 11,617 | 11,387 | 11,162 | 10,941 | 10,725 | 10,513 | 10,305 | 10,100 | |
| Total other financing | | | | | | | | | | | |
| sources (uses) | (84,957) | 242,936 | 72,401 | 153,003 | 319,231 | (47,771) | 315,819 | 309,486 | 132,868 | 187,244 | |
| Net change in fund balances | \$ 29,708 | \$ 147,868 | \$ 42,150 | \$ 5,601 | \$ 181,641 | \$ (84,682) | \$ 120,658 | \$ 243,685 | \$ 56,504 | \$ 83,648 | |

See Independent Auditor's Report.

ASSESSED VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY - LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

| Fiscal Year Ended June 30, | | Real Estate | Personal Property | Co | Public Service orporations | Total Taxable Assessed Value | | |
|-------------------------------|----|----------------|----------------------|----|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------|--|
| 2022 | \$ | 52,753,512 | \$ 6,679,594 | \$ | 3,941,966 | \$ | 63,375,072 | |
| 2021 | \$ | 52,812,812 | \$ 5,237,923 | \$ | 4,323,741 | \$ | 62,374,476 | |
| 2020 | \$ | 52,641,112 | \$ 5,858,660 | \$ | 4,209,997 | \$ | 62,709,769 | |
| 2019 | \$ | 52,194,712 | \$ 5,803,895 | \$ | 4,313,933 | \$ | 62,312,540 | |
| 2018 | \$ | 49,054,871 | \$ 6,271,633 | \$ | 3,175,615 | \$ | 58,502,119 | |
| 2017 | \$ | 48,831,653 | \$ 5,892,730 | \$ | 4,373,220 | \$ | 59,097,603 | |
| 2016 | \$ | 49,163,113 | \$ 6,402,419 | \$ | 4,136,636 | \$ | 59,702,168 | |
| 2015 | \$ | 49,177,913 | \$ 6,463,406 | \$ | 3,741,551 | \$ | 59,382,870 | |
| 2014 | \$ | 48,321,013 | \$ 6,086,074 | \$ | 4,032,988 | \$ | 58,440,075 | |
| 2013 | \$ | 47,988,713 | \$ 5,797,851 | \$ | 3,763,689 | \$ | 57,550,253 | |

Source: Commissioner of Revenue, Sussex County

PROPERTY TAX RATES - LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (PER \$100 OF ASSESSED VALUES)

| Fiscal Year Ended June 30, | Real Estate | Personal Property | | S | Public ervice rporations | chinery d Tools | Mobile Homes | |
|----------------------------|--------------------|----------------------|-------|----|--------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|-------|
| 2022 | \$ 0.093 | \$ | 0.860 | \$ | 0.093 | \$ 0.860 | \$ | 0.093 |
| 2021 | \$ 0.093 | \$ | 0.860 | \$ | 0.093 | \$ 0.860 | \$ | 0.093 |
| 2020 | \$ 0.093 | \$ | 0.860 | \$ | 0.093 | \$ 0.860 | \$ | 0.093 |
| 2019 | \$ 0.093 | \$ | 0.860 | \$ | 0.093 | \$ 0.860 | \$ | 0.093 |
| 2018 | \$ 0.093 | \$ | 0.860 | \$ | 0.093 | \$ 0.860 | \$ | 0.093 |
| 2017 | \$ 0.093 | \$ | 0.860 | \$ | 0.093 | \$ 0.860 | \$ | 0.093 |
| 2016 | \$ 0.093 | \$ | 0.860 | \$ | 0.093 | \$ 0.860 | \$ | 0.093 |
| 2015 | \$ 0.093 | \$ | 0.860 | \$ | 0.093 | \$ 0.860 | \$ | 0.093 |
| 2014 | \$ 0.093 | \$ | 0.860 | \$ | 0.093 | \$ 0.860 | \$ | 0.093 |
| 2013 | \$ 0.093 | \$ | 0.860 | \$ | 0.093 | \$ 0.860 | \$ | 0.093 |

Source: Commissioner of Revenue, Sussex County

PRINCIPAL TAX PAYERS CURRENT YEAR AND TEN YEARS AGO

| | | 2022 | | | 2013 | |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------|------|-----------------------------------------------|------------------------|------|-----------------------------------------------|
| Taxpayer | Total Taxes Paid | Rank | Percentage of Total Town Tax Revenue | Total Taxes Paid | Rank | Percentage of Total Town Tax Revenue |
| Virginia Diner | \$ 11,245 | 1 | 2.31% | \$ 12,297 | 1 | 3.53% |
| Wakefield Farm Service | 5,829 | 2 | 1.20% | 3,611 | 2 | 1.04% |
| 7-Eleven | 2,070 | 3 | 0.43% | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Indmar Coatings/Wilmer Rowe | 1,574 | 4 | 0.32% | 909 | 5 | 0.26% |
| Wakefield IGA | 1,496 | 5 | 0.31% | 790 | 6 | 0.23% |
| Norfolk & Western Railroad | 1,171 | 6 | 0.24% | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Virginia Electric & Power Co. | 1,067 | 7 | 0.22% | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Richard E. and Sandra P. Rickmond | 953 | 8 | 0.20% | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Jenkins Properties | 736 | 9 | 0.15% | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Bank of Southside Virginia | 711 | 10 | 0.15% | 705 | 9 | 0.20% |
| Golden Peanut | n/a | n/a | n/a | 1,481 | 3 | 0.42% |
| Mac's / Uppy's | n/a | n/a | n/a | 1,156 | 4 | 0.33% |
| Southland Corporation | n/a | n/a | n/a | 789 | 7 | 0.23% |
| Southside Investments | n/a | n/a | n/a | 709 | 8 | 0.20% |
| Charter Communications | n/a | n/a | n/a | 675 | 10 | 0.19% |
| | \$ 26,852 | | 5.52% | \$ 23,122 | | 6.63% |

Source: Town of Wakefield Office

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS - LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Collected within the

| | | | | Fiscal Year | of the Levy | | Total Collections to Date | | | |
|-------------------------------|----|------------------------------------|----|-------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------|-----------------------|--|
| Fiscal Year Ended June 30, | 1 | tes Levied for the scal Year | A | amount | Percentage of Levy | Collections in Subsequent Years (a) | A | Amount | Percentage of Levy | |
| 2022 | \$ | 85,460 | \$ | 85,460 | 100.00% | - | \$ | 85,460 | 100.00% | |
| 2021 | \$ | 77,251 | \$ | 77,251 | 100.00% | - | \$ | 77,251 | 100.00% | |
| 2020 | \$ | 82,091 | \$ | 82,091 | 100.00% | - | \$ | 82,091 | 100.00% | |
| 2019 | \$ | 83,103 | \$ | 79,183 | 95.28% | - | \$ | 79,183 | 95.28% | |
| 2018 | \$ | 81,055 | \$ | 76,736 | 94.67% | - | \$ | 76,736 | 94.67% | |
| 2017 | \$ | 83,889 | \$ | 79,983 | 95.34% | - | \$ | 79,983 | 95.34% | |
| 2016 | \$ | 84,383 | \$ | 81,243 | 96.28% | - | \$ | 81,243 | 96.28% | |
| 2015 | \$ | 82,962 | \$ | 79,860 | 96.26% | - | \$ | 79,860 | 96.26% | |
| 2014 | \$ | 81,883 | \$ | 80,489 | 98.30% | - | \$ | 80,489 | 98.30% | |
| 2013 | \$ | 78,749 | \$ | 76,922 | 97.68% | - | \$ | 76,922 | 97.68% | |

Note (a): Town does not maintain detailed records of subsequent collections.

Source: Town of Wakefield Office

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM

Due to the small number of employees, such statistical data is not maintained by the Town.

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM

Due to the small size of the Town, such statistical numbers are not maintained, nor will they be maintained in the future due to the small amount of activity within the Town.

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM

See Note 4 to the Financial Statements. The Town also has assets that are not listed on the depreciation schedule. However, these assets were considered during the GASB 34 conversion and were deemed fully depreciated.