

Annual Financial Report

For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

# COUNTY OF APPOMATTOX, VIRGINIA ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015



#### **Board of Supervisors**

William H. Craft, Chairperson

Samuel E. Carter Sara E. Carter Ronald C. Spiggle Gary W. Tanner

#### School Board

Bobby K. Waddell, Chairperson

Rev. Al L. Jones III Gregory A. Smith Wyatt Torrence Rev. J. Wesley Williams

#### **Board of Social Services**

Nelson Mann, Chairperson

Sammy Carter

Rowena Ferguson Robinson

#### Other Officials

Judge of the Circuit Court	9
Judge of the General District Court	Robert Woodson, Jr.
Judge of the Juvenile and Domestic Relations Court	Marvin Dunkam
Commonwealth's Attorney	Darrel W. Puckett
Commissioner of the Revenue	Sara R. Henderson
Treasurer	Alice F. Gillette
Sheriff	Barry E. Letterman
Superintendent of Schools	Dorinda G. Grasty
Director of Social Services	Brad Burdette
County Administrator	Susan M. Adams



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#### ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

#### Independent Auditors' Report

To The Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Appomattox, Virginia

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of County of Appomattox, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns,* issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of County of Appomattox, Virginia, as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note 1 to the financial statements, in 2015, the County adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement Nos. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 27 and 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date - an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 68. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and schedules related to pension and OPEB funding on pages 4-10, 81, and 82-87 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance. The budgetary comparison information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise County of Appomattox, Virginia's basic financial statements. The other supplementary information and statistical information are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

#### Other Information (continued)

The other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The statistical information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 29, 2015, on our consideration of County of Appomattox, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering County of Appomattox, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Richmond, Virginia

BAICX-

December 29, 2015



#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors To the Citizens of Appomattox County County of Appomattox, Virginia

As management of the County of Appomattox, Virginia we offer readers of the County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. Please read it in conjunction with the transmittal letter at the front of this report and with the County's basic financial statements, which follow this section.

#### **Financial Highlights**

#### Government-wide Financial Statements

The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the County exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$5,102,403 (net position).

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The Governmental Funds, on a current financial resource basis, reported revenues and other financing sources in excess of expenditures and other financing uses of \$601,667 (Exhibit 5) after making contributions totaling \$5,215,846 to the School Board.

- < As of the close of the current fiscal year; the County's funds reported ending fund balances of \$12,107,533, an increase of \$601,667 in comparison with the prior year.
- < At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$7,887,247 or 36% of total general fund expenditures and other uses.
- The combined long-term obligations decreased by \$3,346.110 during the current fiscal year.

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#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements comprise three components:

- 1. Government-wide financial statements,
- 2. Fund financial statements, and
- 3. Notes to the financial statements.

This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

<u>Government-wide financial statements</u> - The Government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the County's assets/deferred outflows of resources and liabilities/deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the County's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in the statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the County include general government, courts, police protection, sanitation, social services, education, cultural events, and recreation.

The Government-wide financial statements include not only the County of Appomattox, Virginia itself (known as the primary government), but also a legally separate school district and industrial development authority for which the County of Appomattox, Virginia is financially accountable. Financial information for the component units are reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

<u>Fund financial statements</u> - A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County of Appomattox, Virginia, like other local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, business-type funds, and fiduciary funds.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements (Continued)**

Governmental funds - Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions or services reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Whereas the government-wide financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting, the governmental fund financial statements are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The focus of modified accrual reporting is on near-term inflows and outflows of financial resources and the balance of financial resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Since the governmental funds focus is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements a reconciliation between the two methods is provided at the bottom of the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances. The County has two major governmental funds – the General Fund, and the County Capital Projects Fund and one non-major governmental fund - the County Special Revenue Fund.

<u>Proprietary funds</u> – Proprietary funds consist of enterprise funds. Enterprise funds are established to account for the delivery of goods and services to the general public and use the accrual basis of accounting similar to private sector business.

The Utility Fund provides a centralized source for water services to County residents.

<u>Fiduciary funds</u> - The County is the trustee, or fiduciary, for the County's agency funds. It is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the County's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position. The County excludes these activities from the County's government-wide financial statements because the County cannot use these assets to finance its operations. Agency funds are County custodial funds used to provide accountability of client monies for which the County is custodian.

<u>Notes to the financial statements</u> - The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other information - In addition to the basic financial statement and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information for budgetary comparison schedules and presentation of combining financial statements for the discretely presented component unit - School Board and the component unit - Economic Development Authority. Neither the School Board nor the Economic Development Authority issues separate financial statements.

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#### **Government-wide Financial Analysis**

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a County's financial position. In the case of the County, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$5,102,403 at the close of the most recent fiscal year. The following table summarizes the County's Statement of Net Position:

County of Appomattox, Virginia's Net Position

		Government	al A	ctivities	Business-ty	pe /	Activities		То	tals	
	_	2015		2014	 2015	_	2014		2015		2014
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$	18,210,340 23,145,540	\$	16,664,981 24,791,789	\$ 27,208 5,369,544	\$	33,037 5,483,790	\$	18,237,548 28,515,084	\$	16,698,018 30,275,579
Total assets	\$	41,355,880	\$	41,456,770	\$ 5,396,752	\$	5,516,827	\$	46,752,632	\$	46,973,597
Deferred outflows of resources	\$	597,846	\$	-	\$ -	\$		\$	597,846	\$	-
Current liabilities Long-term liabilities	\$	1,441,648	\$	497,520	\$ 11,208	\$	31,669	\$	1,452,856	\$	529,189
outstanding		33,029,628		30,688,749	 2,509,392	_	2,630,883	-	35,539,020		33,319,632
Total liabilities	\$	34,471,276	\$	31,186,269	\$ 2,520,600	\$	2,662,552	\$	36,991,876	\$	33,848,821
Deferred inflows of resources	\$	5,256,199	\$	3,760,930	\$ -	\$		\$	5,256,199	\$	3,760,930
Net investment in											
capital assets Restricted for:	\$	(2,568,988)	\$	(2,805,824)	\$ 2,860,152	\$	2,852,907	\$	291,164	\$	47,083
Veterans wall of honor		3,038		3,038	-		-		3,038		3,038
Comprehensive services		30,309		30,309	-		-		30,309		30,309
Asset forfeiture		238,421		230,515	-		-		238,421		230,515
Courthouse maintenance		20,156		15,028	-		-		20,156		15,028
Courthouse security fund		106,724		112,855	-		-		106,724		112,855
Law library		13,108		16,185	-		-		13,108		16,185
Unrestricted	_	4,383,483		8,907,465	 16,000	_	1,368		4,399,483		8,908,833
Total net position	\$	2,226,251	\$	6,509,571	\$ 2,876,152	\$	2,854,275	\$	5,102,403	\$	9,363,846

Because prior year information related to pensions was not available, the 2014 numbers have not been restated to reflect GASB 68 calculations.

#### **Government-wide Financial Analysis (Continued)**

The County's net position increased by \$766,451 during the current fiscal year. The following table summarizes the County's Statement of Activities

County of Appomattox, Virginia's Changes in Net Position

		Governmental A	Activities	Business-type A	ctivities	Totals	i
	_	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014
Charges for services	\$	295,733 \$	285,999 \$	135,052 \$	141,219 \$	430,785 \$	427,218
Operating grants and contributions		6,018,492	4,235,120	_	_	6,018,492	4,235,120
General property taxes		11,460,249	10,267,361	<u>-</u>	-	11,460,249	10,267,361
Other local taxes		1,993,511	2,091,268	-	-	1,993,511	2,091,268
Grants and other contri-		1,773,311	2,071,200			1,775,511	2,071,200
butions not restricted		1,701,420	1,908,765	-	-	1,701,420	1,908,765
Other general revenues		487,766	357,592	-	-	487,766	357,592
Transfers	_	(247,953)	(294,460)	247,953	294,460	<u>-</u>	
Total revenues	\$_	21,709,218 \$	18,851,645 \$	383,005 \$	435,679 \$	22,092,223 \$	19,287,324
General government							
administration	\$	1,687,368 \$	1,648,763 \$	- \$	- \$	1,687,368 \$	1,648,763
Judicial administration	*	1,113,594	1,159,754	- *	-	1,113,594	1,159,754
Public safety		3,319,233	3,796,131	-	-	3,319,233	3,796,131
Public works		1,649,772	1,708,292	361,128	443,753	2,010,900	2,152,045
Health and welfare		3,296,299	2,880,736	-	-	3,296,299	2,880,736
Education		6,215,141	5,717,485	-	-	6,215,141	5,717,485
Parks, recreation, and cultural		501,026	948,775			501,026	948,775
Community development		2,001,695	420,103	_	-	2,001,695	420,103
Interest and other fiscal		2,001,073	720,103			2,001,093	420, 103
charges	_	1,180,516	1,227,959		-	1,180,516	1,227,959
Total expenses	\$_	20,964,644 \$	19,507,998 \$	361,128 \$	443,753 \$	21,325,772 \$	19,951,751
Change in net position	\$	744,574 \$	(656,353) \$	21,877 \$	(8,074) \$	766,451 \$	(664,427)
Net position, beginning of year		1,481,677	7,165,924	2,854,275	2,862,349	4,335,952	10,028,273
Net position, end of year	\$	2,226,251 \$	6,509,571 \$	2,876,152 \$	2,854,275 \$	5,102,403 \$	9,363,846

Because prior year information related to pensions was not available, the 2014 numbers have not been restated to reflect GASB 68 calculations. Therefore, beginning net position for 2015 as displayed above does not agree to ending net position for 2014.

#### Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

As noted earlier, the County used fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

<u>Governmental Funds</u> - The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of available resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a County's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported fund balances of \$12,107,533, an increase of \$601,667 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 65% of this total amount constitutes unassigned General Fund balance, which is available for spending at the County's discretion. The decrease was primarily due to completion of both the renovations to the Appomattox Primary School and construction of the Concord Waterline.

The County Capital Projects Fund accounts for all major general public improvements. At the end of the fiscal year, the fund balance was \$3,472,644, all of which was committed for current or future capital projects.

<u>Proprietary Funds</u> – The County's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. Unrestricted net position at the end of the year amounted to \$16,000. The total increase in net position was \$21,877. Other factors concerning the finances of this fund have already been addressed in the discussion of the County's business-type activities

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

During the year, revenues and other sources exceeded budgetary estimates by \$3,198,948. Budgetary estimates exceeded expenditures and other uses by \$1,145,028 resulting in a positive variance of \$4,343,976.

#### **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

<u>Capital assets</u> - The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental operations as of June 30, 2015 amounts to \$23,145,540 (net of accumulated depreciation). The County's investment in capital assets for its proprietary fund as of June 30, 2015 amounted to \$5,369,544. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and system, and machinery and equipment.

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in the notes of this report.

<u>Long-term debt</u> - At the end of the current fiscal year, the County had total debt outstanding of \$27,973,496. Of this amount, \$13,161,289 comprises debt backed by the full faith and credit of the County. The remainder of the County's debt represents bonds secured solely by specified revenue sources (i.e., lease/revenue bonds and capital leases).

The County's total debt decreased by \$1,986,689 during the current fiscal year.

Additional information on the County of Appomattox, Virginia's long-term debt can be found in the notes of this report.

#### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates**

< Inflationary trends in the region compare favorably to national indices.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the County's budget for the 2016 fiscal year.

The fiscal year 2016 budget increased by 2% and the real estate tax rate increased from \$0.60 to \$0.65 per \$100 of assessed value and the personal property tax rate increased from \$4.60 per \$100 of assessed value to \$5.13 per \$100 of assessed value.

#### **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County of Appomattox, Virginia's finances for all those with an interest in the County's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the County Administrator, P.O. Box 863, Appomattox, Virginia 24522.







#### County of Appomattox, Virginia Statement of Net Position June 30, 2015

		Pi	rima	ry Governmen	t					
	Go	vernmental		usiness-type			-	Compone	nt Un	its
		<u>Activities</u>		<u>Activities</u>		<u>Total</u>	S	chool Board		<u>EDA</u>
ASSETS										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	12,178,372	\$	-	\$	12,178,372	\$	915,352	\$	71,967
Cash in custody of others		-		-		-		4,000		-
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):										
Taxes receivable		5,113,762		-		5,113,762		-		-
Accounts receivable		79,863		27,208		107,071		-		-
Due from other governmental units		838,343		-		838,343		1,740,396		-
Net pension asset		-		-		-		61,819		-
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):										
Land		1,316,010		-		1,316,010		211,370		1,386,773
Buildings and improvements		20,261,690				20,261,690		9,820,218		-
Utility plant in service		-		5,369,544		5,369,544		-		-
Equipment		1,187,555		-		1,187,555		679,639		-
Infrastructure		25,031		-		25,031		-		1,257,297
Intangibles		355,254		-		355,254		-		-
Construction in progress		-		-				17,120	_	-
Total assets	\$	41,355,880	\$	5,396,752	\$	46,752,632	\$	13,449,914	\$	2,716,037
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Pension contributions subsequent to										
measurement date	\$	597,846	\$	-	\$	597,846	\$	1,536,887	\$	-
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	597,846	\$	-	\$	597,846	\$	1,536,887	\$	-
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable	\$	184,353	Ś	-	\$	184,353	Ś	93,740	Ś	-
Accrued liabilities	•	-	•	_	•	-	•	1,703,685	*	-
Accrued interest payable		191,519		11,208		202,727				-
Due to other governmental units		1,065,776				1,065,776		-		-
Long-term liabilities:		, ,				,,				
Due within one year		1,965,625		124,769		2,090,394		31,266		-
Due in more than one year		31,064,003		2,384,623		33,448,626		17,264,588		-
Total liabilities	\$	34,471,276	\$	2,520,600	\$	36,991,876	\$	19,093,279	\$	-
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Deferred revenue - property taxes	\$	4,116,385	Ś	-	\$	4,116,385	Ś	-	\$	-
Items related to measurement of net	·	, ,,,,,,,,,	•		•	, -,	•		·	
pension liability/asset		1,139,814		_		1,139,814		3,168,232		-
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	5,256,199	\$	-	\$	5,256,199	\$	3,168,232	\$	-
NET POSITON			,			_	,			
Net investment in capital assets	\$	(2,568,988)	\$	2,860,152	\$	291,164	\$	10,728,347	\$	2,644,070
Restricted:										
Veterans wall of honor		3,038		-		3,038		-		-
Comprehensive services		30,309		-		30,309		-		-
Asset forfeiture		238,421		-		238,421		-		-
Courthouse maintenance		20,156		-		20,156		-		-
Courthouse security fund		106,724		-		106,724		-		-
Law library		13,108		-		13,108		-		
Unrestricted		4,383,483	_	16,000	_	4,399,483	_	(18,003,057)	_	71,967
Total net position	\$	2,226,251	\$	2,876,152	\$	5,102,403	\$	(7,274,710)	\$	2,716,037
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and										
net position	\$	41,953,726	\$	5,396,752	\$	47,350,478	\$	14,986,801	\$	2,716,037

County of Appomattox, Virginia Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

		4	Program Revenues	les		ועבן (באף Change	wet (Expense) kevenue and Changes in Net Position	<del>0</del>	
	<u> </u>	Charge for	Operating	Capital	Pr	Primary Government		Component Units	Units
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Ö	Activities	Activities  Activities	Total	School Board	EDA
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:									
General government administration	\$ 1,687,368	\$	\$ 207,209	\$ 6	\$ (1,480,159)	\$ -	(1,480,159) \$	•	\$
Judicial administration		59,810	508,601		(545,183)	•	(545,183)	•	•
Public safety	3,319,233	94,624	874,453	3	(2,350,156)		(2,350,156)	•	٠
Public works	1,649,772	93,260	8,528	. 8	(1,547,984)		(1,547,984)	•	•
Health and welfare	3,296,299	•	2,262,759		(1,033,540)		(1,033,540)	•	•
Education	6,215,141	•			(6,215,141)	•	(6,215,141)	•	•
Parks, recreation, and cultural	501,026	48,039	339,792	2 -	(113,195)		(113,195)	•	•
Community development	2,001,695	'	1,400,000	. 0	(601,695)		(601,695)	•	•
Interest on long-term debt			417,150	- 0	(763,366)	•	(763,366)		•
Total governmental activities	\$ 20,964,644	\$ 295,733	\$ 6,018,492	2 \$ -	\$ (14,650,419)	\$ - \$	(14,650,419) \$	•	- \$
Business-type activities:	7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7			·		()20 /00/			
Sanitary District	361,128		۸ ،	·	•	(226,076)		•	·
l otal business-type activities	361,128				1 6	(226,0/6)			· ·
Total primary government	\$ 21,325,772	\$ 430,785	\$ 6,018,492	- \$ 2	\$ (14,650,419)	\$ (226,076) \$	(14,876,495) \$		- \$
COMPONENT UNITS: School Board		\$ 486,728	\$ 15,011,675		· •	\$	\$	(5,482,156)	,
Economic Development Authority		•			•	•	•	•	(104,303)
Total component units	\$ 21,084,862	\$ 486,728	\$ 15,011,675	5 \$ -		\$ - \$	\$ -	(5,482,156)	\$ (104,303)
	General revenues:								
	General property taxes	y taxes				\$ -	11,460,249 \$	•	· \$
	Local sales and use taxes	use taxes			1,159,058		1,159,058	•	•
	Consumer utility taxes	taxes			361,471	•	361,471	•	•
	Motor vehicle taxes	xes			328,545		328,545		•
	Other local taxes	s			144,437	•	144,437	•	•
	Unrestricted revenues from use of money and property	enues from use	e of money and	property	76,916		76,916	3,511	343
	Miscellaneous				410,850	•	410,850	93,437	21,138
	Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs	ributions not re	estricted to spe	cific programs	1,701,420	•	1,701,420	•	
	Payment from Appomattox County	ppomattox Cou	ınty		•	•	•	5,439,056	•
	Transfers				(247,953)	247,953	•		•
	Total general revenues and transfers	venues and tra	ınsfers		\$ 15,394,993	\$ 247,953 \$	15,642,946 \$	5,536,004	\$ 21,481
	Change in net position	ition			_	\$ 21,877 \$	766,451 \$	53,848	\$ (82,822)
	Net position - beginning, as restated	inning, as rest	ated		1,481,677	2,854,275	4,335,952	(7,328,558)	2,798,859
	Net position - ending	ing			\$ 2,226,251	\$ 2,876,152 \$	5,102,403 \$	(7,274,710)	\$ 2,716,037

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.





# County of Appomattox, Virginia Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2015

	General <u>Fund</u>	County Capital Projects <u>Fund</u>	G	Other overnmental <u>Funds</u>	<u>Total</u>
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):	\$ 7,953,529	\$ 3,472,644	\$	752,199	\$ 12,178,372
Taxes receivable	5,113,762	-		-	5,113,762
Accounts receivable	79,812	-		51	79,863
Due from other governmental units	829,868	-		8,475	838,343
Total assets	\$ 13,976,971	\$ 3,472,644	\$	760,725	\$ 18,210,340
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOUR AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts payable Due to other governmental units Total liabilities	\$ 184,353 1,020,347 1,204,700	\$ - 45,429 45,429	\$	- - -	\$ 184,353 1,065,776 1,250,129
Deferred inflows of resources:					
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	\$ 4,852,678	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 4,852,678
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$ 4,852,678	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 4,852,678
Fund balances:					
Restricted	\$ 3,038	\$ -	\$	408,718	\$ 411,756
Committed	29,308	3,427,215		352,007	3,808,530
Unassigned	7,887,247	-		-	7,887,247
Total fund balances	\$ 7,919,593	\$ 3,427,215	\$	760,725	\$ 12,107,533
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ 13,976,971	\$ 3,472,644	\$	760,725	\$ 18,210,340

# County of Appomattox, Virginia Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2015

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

different because:		
Total fund balances per Exhibit 3 - Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	Ç	12,107,533
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Capital assets, cost Accumulated depreciation	\$ 44,048,877 (20,903,337)	23,145,540
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are unavailable in the funds.		
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	\$ 736,293	
Items related to measurement of net pension liability	(1,139,814)	(403,521)
Pension contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be a reduction to the net pension liability in the next fiscal year and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		597,846
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment:		
Bonds payable	\$ (25,251,289)	
Issuance premium	(250,424)	
Capital lease	(212,815)	
Compensated absences	(357,028)	
Net OPEB obligation	(63,580)	
Net pension liability	(4,215,707)	
Landfill postclosure care liability	(2,678,785)	
Accrued interest payable	(191,519)	(33,221,147)
Net position of governmental activities	Ç	2,226,251

### County of Appomattox, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

			County	Other	
	General		Capital Projects	Other Governmental	
	Fund		Fund	Funds	<u>Total</u>
REVENUES	<u>r drid</u>		<u>r drid</u>	<u>r unus</u>	<u>rotar</u>
General property taxes	\$ 11,826,466	\$	_	\$ -	\$ 11,826,466
Other local taxes	1,993,511	*	-	-	1,993,511
Permits, privilege fees,	, , .				, , .
and regulatory licenses	89,723		-	-	89,723
Fines and forfeitures	27,562		-	-	27,562
Revenue from the use of					
money and property	76,916		-	-	76,916
Charges for services	147,394		-	31,054	178,448
Miscellaneous	409,824		-	1,026	410,850
Recovered costs	218,137		-	-	218,137
Intergovernmental:					
Commonwealth	6,093,385		-	57,502	6,150,887
Federal	1,569,025		-	-	1,569,025
Total revenues	\$ 22,451,943	\$	-	\$ 89,582	\$ 22,541,525
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General government administration	\$ 1,674,716	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 1,674,716
Judicial administration	1,018,211		-	-	1,018,211
Public safety	3,294,858		-	29,722	3,324,580
Public works	1,465,152		-	-	1,465,152
Health and welfare	3,409,538		-	-	3,409,538
Education	5,099,005		117,218	-	5,216,223
Parks, recreation, and cultural	461,487		-	-	461,487
Community development	1,971,498		-	-	1,971,498
Capital projects	76,573		-	-	76,573
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	1,865,198		-	-	1,865,198
Interest and other fiscal charges	1,208,729				1,208,729
Total expenditures	\$ 21,544,965	\$	117,218	\$ 29,722	\$ 21,691,905
Events (deficiency) of revenues over					
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$ 906,978	\$	(117,218)	\$ 59,860	\$ 849,620
(under) expenditures	3 700,770	٠	(117,210)	37,000	3 047,020
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	\$ 35,133	\$	-	\$ 29,722	\$ 64,855
Transfers out	(277,675)		-	(35,133)	(312,808)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$ (242,542)	\$	-	\$ (5,411)	\$ (247,953)
	<b>*</b>	_	(447.040)	<u> </u>	* .a
Net change in fund balances	\$ 664,436	\$	(117,218)		\$ 601,667
Fund balances - beginning	7,255,157	<u>,                                     </u>	3,544,433	706,276	11,505,866
Fund balances - ending	\$ 7,919,593	\$	3,427,215	\$ 760,725	\$ 12,107,533

# County of Appomattox, Virginia Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds  Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded the capital outlays in the current period.  Capital asset additions  Jointly owned asset allocation  Depreciation expense  Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.  Property taxes  Decrease (increase) in items related to measurement of net pension liability  The issuance of long-term obligations (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term obligations consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term obligations consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term obligations and related items.  Principal payments  (increase) decrease in landfill closure liability  Amortization of bond premium  (increase) decrease in compensated absences  (increase) decrease in compensated absences  (increase) decrease in net OPEB obligation  (increase) decrease in net OPEB obligation  (increase) decrease in net operation intensity in the pension payments subsequent to the measurement date  (increase) decrease in net operations related to pension payments subsequent to the measurement date  (increase) decrease in net operation intensity intension payments subsequent to the measurement date  (increase) decrease in net operation intensity payable  Decrease in net position of governmental activities				
activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded the capital outlays in the current period.  Capital asset additions \$234,240 (223,210) (223,210) (1,657,279) (1,646,249)  Bevenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.  Property taxes \$(366,217) (1,139,814) (1,139,814) (1,506,031)  The issuance of long-term obligations (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term obligations consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term obligations and related items.  Principal payments (increase) decrease in landfill closure liability 4,1909,608  Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.  Amortization of bond premium \$1,787 (increase) decrease in compensated absences (39,687) (increase) decrease in net pension liability (1,2,980) (increase) decrease in net pension liability (1,2,980) (increase) decrease in deferred outflows related to pension payments subsequent to the measurement date (60,242) (increase) decrease in accrued interest payable (increase) decrease in accrued inter	Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	601,667
Jointly owned asset allocation Depreciation expense  Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.  Property taxes Decrease (increase) in items related to measurement of net pension liability  The issuance of long-term obligations (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term obligations consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds height for the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term obligations and related items.  Principal payments (Increase) decrease in landfill closure liability  Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.  Amortization of bond premium (Increase) decrease in compensated absences (Increase) decrease in net OPEB obligation (Increase) decrease in net DPEB obligation (Increase) decrease in net pension liability (Increase) decrease in net pension liability (Increase) decrease in net pension liability (Increase) decrease in deferred outflows related to pension payments subsequent to the measurement date (Increase) decrease in deferred outflows related to pension payments subsequent to the measurement date (Increase) decrease in accrued interest payable  1,385,579	activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded the capital			
Depreciation expense (1,657,279) (1,646,249)  Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.  Property taxes Decrease (increase) in items related to measurement of net pension liability (1,139,814) (1,506,031)  The issuance of long-term obligations (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term obligations consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term obligations and related items.  Principal payments (Increase) decrease in landfill closure liability 44,410 1,909,608  Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.  Amortization of bond premium \$17,887 (Increase) decrease in compensated absences (39,687) (Increase) decrease in net OPEB obligation (12,980) (Increase) decrease in net OPEB obligation (12,980) (Increase) decrease in deferred outflows related to pension payments subsequent to the measurement date (60,242 (10,1326) (10,1326) (10,3	Capital asset additions	\$ 234,240		
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.  Property taxes Decrease (increase) in items related to measurement of net pension liability (1,139,814) (1,506,031)  The issuance of long-term obligations (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term obligations consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term obligations and related items.  Principal payments (Increase) decrease in landfill closure liability  Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.  Amortization of bond premium  (Increase) decrease in compensated absences (Increase) decrease in net OPEB obligation (Increase) decrease in net OPEB obligation (Increase) decrease in net pension liability (Increase) decrease in deferred outflows related to pension payments subsequent to the measurement date (Increase) decrease in accrued interest payable  10,326  1,385,579	Jointly owned asset allocation	(223,210)		
Property taxes Decrease (increase) in items related to measurement of net pension liability  The issuance of long-term obligations (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term obligations consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term obligations and related items.  Principal payments (Increase) decrease in landfill closure liability  Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.  Amortization of bond premium  Some expenses in compensated absences (Increase) decrease in compensated absences (Increase) decrease in net OPEB obligation (Increase) decrease in net opension liability (Increase) decrease in deferred outflows related to pension payments subsequent to the measurement date (Increase) decrease in accrued interest payable  1,385,579	Depreciation expense	(1,657,279)	•	(1,646,249)
Decrease (increase) in items related to measurement of net pension liability (1,139,814) (1,506,031)  The issuance of long-term obligations (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term obligations consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term obligations and related items.  Principal payments (Increase) decrease in landfill closure liability 44,410 1,909,608  Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.  Amortization of bond premium \$ 17,887 (Increase) decrease in compensated absences (39,687) (Increase) decrease in net OPEB obligation (12,980) (Increase) decrease in net DPEB obligation (12,980) (Increase) decrease in deferred outflows related to pension payments subsequent to the measurement date (60,242 (Increase) decrease in accrued interest payable 10,326 1,385,579	·			
Decrease (increase) in items related to measurement of net pension liability (1,139,814) (1,506,031)  The issuance of long-term obligations (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term obligations consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term obligations and related items.  Principal payments (Increase) decrease in landfill closure liability 44,410 1,909,608  Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.  Amortization of bond premium \$ 17,887 (Increase) decrease in compensated absences (39,687) (Increase) decrease in net OPEB obligation (12,980) (Increase) decrease in net DPEB obligation (12,980) (Increase) decrease in deferred outflows related to pension payments subsequent to the measurement date (60,242 (Increase) decrease in accrued interest payable 10,326 1,385,579	Property taxes	\$ (366.217)		
The issuance of long-term obligations (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term obligations consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term obligations and related items.  Principal payments (Increase) decrease in landfill closure liability  Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.  Amortization of bond premium  \$ 17,887 (Increase) decrease in compensated absences (12,980) (Increase) decrease in net OPEB obligation (Increase) decrease in net pension liability (Increase) decrease in deferred outflows related to pension payments subsequent to the measurement date (60,242 (Increase) decrease in accrued interest payable  10,326  1,385,579	• •	, (, ,		(1,506,031)
governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term obligations consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term obligations and related items.  Principal payments (Increase) decrease in landfill closure liability  Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.  Amortization of bond premium (Increase) decrease in compensated absences (Increase) decrease in net OPEB obligation (Increase) decrease in net OPEB obligation (Increase) decrease in net pension liability (Increase) decrease in deferred outflows related to pension payments subsequent to the measurement date (Increase) decrease in deferred outflows related to pension payments subsequent to the measurement date (Increase) decrease in accrued interest payable  10,326  1,385,579				
(Increase) decrease in landfill closure liability 1,909,608  Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.  Amortization of bond premium \$ 17,887 (Increase) decrease in compensated absences (39,687) (Increase) decrease in net OPEB obligation (12,980) (Increase) decrease in net pension liability 1,349,791 (Increase) decrease in deferred outflows related to pension payments subsequent to the measurement date (60,242 (Increase) decrease in accrued interest payable 10,326 1,385,579	governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term obligations consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these			
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.  Amortization of bond premium  (Increase) decrease in compensated absences  (Increase) decrease in net OPEB obligation  (Increase) decrease in net pension liability  (Increase) decrease in deferred outflows related to pension payments subsequent to the measurement date  (Increase) decrease in accrued interest payable  1,385,579	Principal payments	\$ 1,865,198		
financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.  Amortization of bond premium (Increase) decrease in compensated absences (Increase) decrease in net OPEB obligation (Increase) decrease in net pension liability (Increase) decrease in deferred outflows related to pension payments subsequent to the measurement date (Increase) decrease in accrued interest payable  1,385,579	(Increase) decrease in landfill closure liability	44,410		1,909,608
financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.  Amortization of bond premium (Increase) decrease in compensated absences (Increase) decrease in net OPEB obligation (Increase) decrease in net pension liability (Increase) decrease in deferred outflows related to pension payments subsequent to the measurement date (Increase) decrease in accrued interest payable  1,385,579	Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current			
(Increase) decrease in compensated absences (Increase) decrease in net OPEB obligation (Increase) decrease in net pension liability (Increase) decrease in deferred outflows related to pension payments subsequent to the measurement date (Increase) decrease in accrued interest payable	·			
(Increase) decrease in net OPEB obligation (Increase) decrease in net pension liability (Increase) decrease in deferred outflows related to pension payments subsequent to the measurement date (Increase) decrease in accrued interest payable	Amortization of bond premium	\$ 17,887		
(Increase) decrease in net pension liability (Increase) decrease in deferred outflows related to pension payments subsequent to the measurement date (Increase) decrease in accrued interest payable  1,349,791 60,242 10,326 1,385,579	(Increase) decrease in compensated absences	(39,687)		
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows related to pension payments subsequent to the measurement date (Increase) decrease in accrued interest payable  10,326 1,385,579	(Increase) decrease in net OPEB obligation	(12,980)		
(Increase) decrease in accrued interest payable 10,326 1,385,579	(Increase) decrease in net pension liability	1,349,791		
	(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows related to pension payments subsequent to the measurement date	60,242		
Change in net position of governmental activities \$ 744,574	(Increase) decrease in accrued interest payable	10,326		1,385,579
	Change in net position of governmental activities		\$	744,574

#### County of Appomattox, Virginia Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2015

	Enterprise Fund		
		Sanitary	
		<u>District</u>	
ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Accounts receivable, net of allowances for uncollectibles	\$	27,208	
Total current assets	\$	27,208	
Noncurrent assets:			
Capital assets:			
Utility plant in service	\$	5,712,281	
accumulated depreciation		(342,737)	
Total capital assets	\$	5,369,544	
Total noncurrent assets	\$	5,369,544	
Total assets	\$	5,396,752	
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities:			
Accrued interest payable	\$	11,208	
Bonds payable - current portion		124,769	
Total current liabilities	\$	135,977	
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Bonds payable - net of current portion	\$	2,384,623	
Total noncurrent liabilities	\$	2,384,623	
Total liabilities	\$	2,520,600	
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	\$	2,860,152	
Unrestricted	7	16,000	
-	-	-,	
Total net position	\$	2,876,152	

### County of Appomattox, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Fund

#### For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	E	Enterprise	
		Fund	
		Sanitary	
		<u>District</u>	
OPERATING REVENUES			
Miscellaneous	\$	135,052	
Total operating revenues	\$	135,052	
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Other supplies and expenses	\$	177,276	
Depreciation		114,246	
Total operating expenses	\$	291,522	
Operating income (loss)	\$	(156,470)	
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)			
Interest expense	\$	(69,606)	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	\$	(69,606)	
Income before transfers		(226,076)	
Transfers in	\$	247,953	
Change in net position	\$	21,877	
Total net position - beginning		2,854,275	
Total net position - ending	\$	2,876,152	

## County of Appomattox, Virginia Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Enterprise Fund Sanitary <u>District</u>	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Other receipts (payments)	\$	140,881
Receipts for materials and supplies		(197,644)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	(56,763)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Transfers from other funds	\$	247,953
Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital financing		2-17,733
activities	\$	247,953
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Principal payments on bonds	\$	(121,491)
Interest expense		(69,699)
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related		
financing activities	\$	(191,190)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$	-
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning		-
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$	-
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash		
provided by (used for) operating activities:	\$	(156 470)
Operating income (loss)  Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash	<del>- 2</del>	(156,470)
provided by (used for) operating activities:		
Depreciation		114,246
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		5,829
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(20,368)
Total adjustments	\$	99,707
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	(56,763)

#### County of Appomattox, Virginia Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2015

	Agency <u>Funds</u>	
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 29,347	
LIABILITIES Amounts held for social services clients Amounts held for others	\$ 16,124 13,223	
Total liabilities	\$ 29,347	

## Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015

### Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

The County of Appomattox, Virginia (the "County") is governed by an elected five member Board of Supervisors. The County provides a full range of services for its citizens. These services include police and fire protection, sanitation service, recreational activities, cultural events, education, and social services.

The financial statements of the County of Appomattox, Virginia have been prepared in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States as specified by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and the specifications promulgated by the Auditor of Public Accounts (APA) of the Commonwealth of Virginia. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

<u>Management's Discussion and Analysis</u> - GASB Statement No. 34 requires the financial statements be accompanied by a narrative introduction and analytical overview of the government's financial activities in the form of "Management's Discussion and Analysis" (MD&A).

### Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

<u>Government-wide financial statements</u> - The reporting model includes financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all of the government's activities. This approach includes not just current assets and liabilities but also capital assets and long-term liabilities (such as buildings and general obligation debt).

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

<u>Statement of Net Position</u> - The Statement of Net Position is designed to display the financial position of the primary government (governmental and business-type activities) and its discretely presented component units. Governments will report all capital assets in the government-wide Statement of Net Position and will report depreciation expense - the cost of "using up" capital assets - in the Statement of Activities. The net position of a government will be broken down into three categories - 1) net investment in capital assets; 2) restricted; and 3) unrestricted.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (Continued)

### Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

<u>Statement of Activities</u> - The government-wide Statement of Activities reports expenses and revenues in a format that focuses on the cost of each of the government's functions. The expense of individual functions is compared to the revenues generated directly by the function (for instance, through user charges or intergovernmental grants).

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

<u>Budgetary Comparison Schedules</u> - Demonstrating compliance with the adopted budget is an important component of a government's accountability to the public. Many citizens participate in one way or another in the process of establishing the annual operating budgets of state and local governments, and have a keen interest in following the actual financial progress of their governments over the course of the year. Many governments revise their original budgets over the course of the year for a variety of reasons. Under the GASB 34 reporting model, governments provide budgetary comparison information in their annual reports, including a requirement to report the government's original budget with the comparison of final budget and actual results.

### A. Financial Reporting Entity

The basic criterion for determining whether a governmental department, agency, institution, commission, public authority, or other governmental organization should be included in a primary governmental unit's reporting entity for the basic financial statements is financial accountability. Financial accountability includes the appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body and the ability of the primary government to impose its will on the organization or if there is a financial benefit/burden relationship. In addition, an organization which is fiscally dependent on the primary government should be included in its reporting entity. These financial statements present the County of Appomattox, Virginia (the primary government) and its component units. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. Each discretely presented component unit, on the other hand, is reported in a separate column in the combined financial statements to emphasize it is legally separate from the government.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (Continued)

### Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

### B. Individual Component Unit Disclosures

Blended Component Unit. The County has no blended component units at June 30, 2015.

Discretely Presented Component Units.

The School Board members are elected by the citizens of Appomattox County. The School Board is responsible for the operations of the County's School System within the County boundaries. The School Board is fiscally dependent on the County. The County has the ability to approve its budget and any amendments. The primary funding is from the General Fund of the County. The School Fund does not issue a separate financial report. The financial statements of the School Board are presented as a discrete presentation of the County financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

The Economic Development Authority of Appomattox County is responsible for industrial and commercial development in the County. The Authority consists of members that are appointed by the Board of Supervisors. The Authority is fiscally dependent on the County, and therefore, it is included in the County's financial statements as a discrete presentation for the year ended June 30, 2015. The Economic Development Authority does not issue a separate financial report.

### C. Other Related Organizations Included in the County's Financial Report

None

## D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The accompanying financial statements are prepared in accordance with pronouncements issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The principles prescribed by GASB represent generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental units.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reflects both the gross and net cost per functional category (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) which are otherwise being supported by general government revenues, (property, sales and use taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, fines, permits and charges, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants, and contributions. The program revenues must be directly associated with the function (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) or a business-type activity.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

### D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. This is the manner in which these funds are normally budgeted. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

The County's fiduciary funds are presented in the fund financial statements by type. Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the government, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide statements.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Accordingly, real and personal property taxes are recorded as revenues and receivables when billed, net of allowances for uncollectible amounts. Property taxes not collected within 60 days after year-end are reflected as unavailable revenues. Sales and utility taxes, which are collected by the state or utilities and subsequently remitted to the County, are recognized as revenues and receivables upon collection by the state or utility, which is generally within two months preceding receipt by the County.

Licenses, permits, fines and rents are recorded as revenues when received. Intergovernmental revenues, consisting primarily of federal, state and other grants for the purpose of funding specific expenditures, are recognized when earned or at the time of the specific expenditure. Revenues from general purpose grants are recognized in the period to which the grant applies. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

In the fund financial statements, financial transactions and accounts of the County are organized on the basis of funds. The operation of each fund is considered to be an independent fiscal and separate accounting entity, with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and/or other financial resources together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

### D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

### 1. Governmental Funds

Governmental Funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. The County reports the General Fund as a major governmental fund.

<u>The General Fund</u> - is the primary operating fund of the County. This fund is used to account and report for all financial transactions and resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Revenues are derived primarily from property and other local taxes, state and federal distributions, licenses, permits, charges for service, and interest income. A significant part of the General Fund's revenues is used principally to finance the operations of the Component Unit School Board.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - The Capital Projects Fund accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, except for those financed by proprietary funds or for assets held in trust for individuals, private organizations, or other governments. The County also reports the County Capital Projects Fund as a major Capital Projects Fund.

The County reports the following nonmajor governmental funds:

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special revenue funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The County Special Revenue Fund reports the following activities: Asset Forfeiture, E-911, Courthouse Security, Courthouse Maintenance, Jail Keep, Law Library and CSA.

2. <u>Proprietary Funds</u> - accounts for operations that are financed in a manner similar to private business enterprises. The Proprietary Fund measurement focus is upon determination of net income, financial position, and changes in financial position. Proprietary Funds consist of Enterprise Funds.

<u>Enterprise Funds</u> - Enterprise funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The County's Enterprise Funds consist of the Sanitary District Fund.

3. <u>Fiduciary Funds - (Trust and Agency Funds)</u> - account for assets held by the County unit in a trustee capacity or as an agent or custodian for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, or other funds. These funds include the Special Welfare Fund, Sheriff Drug Fund, and Swim Team Fund. These funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting described in the Governmental Fund Presentation. Fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide financial statements.

#### E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include amounts in demand deposits as well as short-term investments with a maturity date within three months of the date acquired by the government.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (Continued)

### Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

### F. Investments

Investments are reported at fair value which approximates market; no investments are valued at cost. Certificates of deposit and short-term repurchase agreements are reported in the accompanying financial statements as cash and cash equivalents.

State statutes authorize the government to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, commercial paper, corporate bonds and repurchase agreements.

### G. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e. the current portions of the interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "advances to/from other funds."

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. The County calculates its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data and, in certain cases, specific account analysis. The allowance amounted to approximately \$355,677 at June 30, 2015 and is comprised solely of property taxes.

### Real and Personal Property Tax Data:

The tax calendars for real and personal property taxes are summarized below.

	Real Property	Personal Property
Levy	January 1	January 1
Due Date	June 5/December 5	December 5
Lien Date	January 1	January 1

The County bills and collects its own property taxes.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (Continued)

### Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

### H. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure, are reported in the applicable governmental columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the County as land, buildings, and equipment with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded as estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. There is no capitalized interest for the year ended June 30, 2015.

Property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure of the primary government, as well as the component units, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives.

Assets	Years
Buildings	40
Building Improvements	40
Utility plant	50
Furniture, Vehicles, Office and Computer Equipment	5-20
Buses	10
Infrastructure	5-10
Intangibles	5-20

#### I. Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. Amounts of vested or accumulated vacation leave that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported as an expense in the Statement of Activities and a long-term obligation in the Statement of Net Position. In accordance with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards No. 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences, no liability is recorded for nonvesting accumulating rights to received sick pay benefits. However, a liability is recognized for that portion of accumulating sick leave benefits that is estimated will be taken as "terminal leave" prior to retirement.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (Continued)

### Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

### J. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

### K. Net Position

Net position is the difference between (a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and (b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets represents capital assets, less accumulated depreciation, less any outstanding debt related to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are also included in this component of net position.

### L. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g. restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted - net position and unrestricted - net position in the financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the County's policy to consider restricted - net position to have been depleted before unrestricted - net position is applied.

### M. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bonds are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued and premiums on issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses.

### N. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The County only has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. It is comprised of contributions to the pension plan made during the current year and subsequent to the net pension liability (asset) measurement date, which will be recognized as an increase to or a reduction of the net pension liability (asset) next fiscal year. For more detailed information on these items, reference the pension note.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

### N. <u>Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources (Continued)</u>

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has two types of items that qualify for reporting in this category. Under a modified accrual basis of accounting, unavailable revenue representing property taxes receivable is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. This amount is comprised of uncollected property taxes due prior to June 30, 2<sup>nd</sup> half installments levied during the fiscal year but due after June 30<sup>th</sup>, and amounts prepaid on the 2<sup>nd</sup> half installments and is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available. Under the accrual basis, 2<sup>nd</sup> half installments levied during the fiscal year but due after June 30<sup>th</sup> and amounts prepaid on the 2<sup>nd</sup> half installments are reported as deferred inflows of resources. In addition, certain items related to the measurement of the net pension liability (asset) are reported as deferred inflows of resources. These include differences between expected and actual experience, change in assumptions, the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments and the changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions. For more detailed information on these items, reference the pension note.

### O. Fund Equity

The County reports fund balances in accordance with GASB Statement 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

- Nonspendable fund balance amounts that are not in spendable form (such as inventory and prepaids) or are required to be maintained intact (corpus of a permanent fund);
- Restricted fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation;
- Committed fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by a government itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint;
- Assigned fund balance amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority;
- Unassigned fund balance amounts that are available for any purpose; positive amounts are only reported in the general fund.

When fund balance resources are available for a specific purpose in more than one classification, it is the County's policy to use the most restrictive funds first in the following order: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned as they are needed.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (Continued)

### Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

### O. Fund Equity (Continued)

Board of Supervisors establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of a resolution. This is typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. A fund balance commitment is further indicated in the budget document as a designation or commitment of the fund (such as for special incentives). Assigned fund balance is established by Board of Supervisors through adoption or amendment of the budget as intended for specific purpose (such as the purchase of capital assets, construction, debt service, or for other purposes).

The details of governmental fund balances, as presented in aggregate on Exhibit 3, are as follows:

Fund Balances:   Restricted:   Sports complex guilding and serviced fund balance   Sports complex guilding and serviced fund balance   Sports complex guilding and serviced fund balance   Sports complex guilding and serviced fund guildi				Major Capital		Nonmajor Special	
Fund Balances:         Capital Projects Fund         Governmental Funds         Total           Fund Balances:           Restricted:           Veterans wall of honor         \$ 3,038         \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 3,038         \$ 3,038         \$ 3,039         \$ 3,039         \$ 3,039         \$ 3,039         \$ 3,039         \$ 30,309         \$ 30,109         \$ 30,109         \$ 30,109         \$ 30,109         \$ 30,109         \$ 30,109         \$ 30,109         \$ 30,109         \$ 30,109         \$ 30,109         \$ 30,109         \$ 30,109         \$ 3				Projects Fund	-	Revenue Fund	
Fund Balances:         Funds         Funds         Funds         Funds         Total           Fund Balances:           Restricted:           Veterans wall of honor         \$ 3,038         \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$				•			
Fund Balances:   Restricted:				•			
Restricted:         Veterans wall of honor       \$ 3,038 \$       - \$       \$ 3,039 \$       30,309 \$       30,409 \$       30,409 \$       30,409 \$       30		_	Fund	 Projects Fund	_	Funds	Total
Veterans wall of honor         \$ 3,038 \$         - \$         - \$ 3,038           Comprehensive services	Fund Balances:						
Comprehensive services         -         -         30,309         30,309           Asset forfeiture         -         -         238,421         238,421           Courthouse maintenance         -         -         20,156         20,156           Courthouse security fund         -         -         106,724         106,724           Law library         -         -         13,108         13,108           Total Restricted Fund Balance         \$ 3,038         \$         \$ 408,718         \$ 411,756           Committed:           Sports complex         \$ 24,669         \$         -         \$         24,669           Rev max         4,605         -         \$         -         \$         3,4605           Ballpark fund         34         -         -         3,427,215         -         3,427,215           Jail keep fund         -         -         -         10         10         10           150th Sesquicentennial         -         -         -         7,256         7,256         7,256           E-911         -         -         -         344,741         344,741         344,741           Total Committed Fund Balance         \$ 7,887,247	Restricted:						
Asset forfeiture	Veterans wall of honor	\$	3,038	\$ -	\$	- \$	3,038
Courthouse maintenance         -         -         20,156         20,156           Courthouse security fund         -         -         106,724         106,724           Law library         -         -         -         13,108         13,108           Total Restricted Fund Balance         \$ 3,038         \$         -         \$ 408,718         \$ 411,756           Committed:           Sports complex         \$ 24,669         \$         -         \$         24,669           Rev max         4,605         -         -         \$         4,605           Ballpark fund         34         -         -         3,427,215           Jail keep fund         -         -         3,427,215         -         3,427,215           Jail keep fund         -         -         -         7,256         7,256           E-911         -         -         -         344,741         344,741           Total Committed Fund Balance         \$ 29,308         \$ 3,427,215         \$         352,007         \$ 3,808,530           Unassigned         \$ 7,887,247         \$         -         \$         -         \$         7,887,247	Comprehensive services		-	-		30,309	30,309
Courthouse security fund         -         -         106,724         106,724           Law library         -         -         13,108         13,108           Total Restricted Fund Balance         \$ 3,038         \$         -         \$ 408,718         \$ 411,756           Committed:           Sports complex         \$ 24,669         \$         -         \$         24,669           Rev max         4,605         -         -         4,605           Ballpark fund         34         -         -         3,427,215           Jail keep fund         -         3,427,215         -         3,427,215           Jail keep fund         -         -         10         10           150th Sesquicentennial         -         -         7,256         7,256           E-911         -         -         344,741         344,741           Total Committed Fund Balance         \$ 29,308         \$ 3,427,215         \$ 352,007         \$ 3,808,530           Unassigned         \$ 7,887,247         -         \$         -         \$ 7,887,247	Asset forfeiture		-	-		238,421	238,421
Law library       -       -       13,108       13,108         Total Restricted Fund Balance       \$ 3,038 \$       -       \$ 408,718 \$       411,756         Committed:         Sports complex       \$ 24,669 \$       -       \$       -       \$ 24,669         Rev max       4,605       -       -       -       4,605         Ballpark fund       34       -       -       34         Capital Improvements       -       3,427,215       -       3,427,215         Jail keep fund       -       -       10       10         150th Sesquicentennial       -       -       7,256       7,256         E-911       -       -       344,741       344,741         Total Committed Fund Balance       \$ 29,308 \$       3,427,215 \$       352,007 \$       3,808,530         Unassigned       \$ 7,887,247 \$       -       \$       -       \$       7,887,247	Courthouse maintenance		-	-		20,156	20,156
Total Restricted Fund Balance         \$ 3,038 \$         - \$ 408,718 \$         411,756           Committed:         Sports complex         \$ 24,669 \$         - \$         - \$         24,669           Rev max         4,605         4,605         34         - 34           Ballpark fund         34         34         - 34           Capital Improvements         - 3,427,215         - 3,427,215         - 3,427,215           Jail keep fund         10         10         10           150th Sesquicentennial         7,256         7,256           E-911         344,741         344,741           Total Committed Fund Balance         \$ 29,308 \$         3,427,215 \$         352,007 \$         3,808,530           Unassigned         \$ 7,887,247 \$         - \$         - \$         7,887,247	Courthouse security fund		-	-		106,724	106,724
Committed:         Sports complex       \$ 24,669 \$ - \$ - \$ 24,669         Rev max       4,605       4,605         Ballpark fund       34       34         Capital Improvements       - 3,427,215       - 3,427,215         Jail keep fund       10       10         150th Sesquicentennial       7,256       7,256         E-911       344,741       344,741         Total Committed Fund Balance       \$ 29,308 \$ 3,427,215 \$ 352,007 \$ 3,808,530         Unassigned       \$ 7,887,247 \$ - \$ - \$ 7,887,247	Law library		-	-		13,108	13,108
Sports complex       \$ 24,669 \$       - \$       - \$ 24,669         Rev max       4,605       4,605         Ballpark fund       34       34         Capital Improvements       - 3,427,215       - 3,427,215         Jail keep fund       10       10         150th Sesquicentennial       7,256       7,256         E-911       344,741       344,741         Total Committed Fund Balance       \$ 29,308 \$ 3,427,215 \$ 352,007 \$ 3,808,530         Unassigned       \$ 7,887,247 \$ - \$       - \$ 7,887,247	Total Restricted Fund Balance	\$	3,038	\$ -	\$	408,718 \$	411,756
Rev max       4,605       -       -       4,605         Ballpark fund       34       -       -       34         Capital Improvements       -       3,427,215       -       3,427,215         Jail keep fund       -       -       10       10         150th Sesquicentennial       -       -       7,256       7,256         E-911       -       -       344,741       344,741         Total Committed Fund Balance       \$ 29,308       \$ 3,427,215       \$ 352,007       \$ 3,808,530         Unassigned       \$ 7,887,247       \$       -       \$ 7,887,247	Committed:						
Ballpark fund       34       -       -       34         Capital Improvements       -       3,427,215       -       3,427,215         Jail keep fund       -       -       10       10         150th Sesquicentennial       -       -       -       7,256       7,256         E-911       -       -       -       344,741       344,741         Total Committed Fund Balance       \$ 29,308       \$ 3,427,215       \$ 352,007       \$ 3,808,530         Unassigned       \$ 7,887,247       \$       -       \$ 7,887,247	Sports complex	\$	24,669	\$ -	\$	- \$	24,669
Capital Improvements         -         3,427,215         -         3,427,215           Jail keep fund         -         -         10         10           150th Sesquicentennial         -         -         7,256         7,256           E-911         -         -         344,741         344,741           Total Committed Fund Balance         \$ 29,308         \$ 3,427,215         \$ 352,007         \$ 3,808,530           Unassigned         \$ 7,887,247         \$         -         \$ 7,887,247	Rev max		4,605	-		-	4,605
Jail keep fund       -       -       10       10         150th Sesquicentennial       -       -       7,256       7,256         E-911       -       -       -       344,741       344,741         Total Committed Fund Balance       \$ 29,308       \$ 3,427,215       \$ 352,007       \$ 3,808,530         Unassigned       \$ 7,887,247       \$       -       \$ 7,887,247	Ballpark fund		34	-		-	34
150th Sesquicentennial       -       -       7,256       7,256         E-911       -       -       -       344,741       344,741         Total Committed Fund Balance       \$ 29,308       \$ 3,427,215       \$ 352,007       \$ 3,808,530         Unassigned       \$ 7,887,247       \$ -       \$ -       \$ 7,887,247	Capital Improvements		-	3,427,215		-	3,427,215
E-911 - 344,741 344,741 Total Committed Fund Balance \$ 29,308 \$ 3,427,215 \$ 352,007 \$ 3,808,530  Unassigned \$ 7,887,247 \$ - \$ - \$ 7,887,247	Jail keep fund		-	-		10	10
Total Committed Fund Balance \$ 29,308 \$ 3,427,215 \$ 352,007 \$ 3,808,530  Unassigned \$ 7,887,247 \$ - \$ - \$ 7,887,247	150th Sesquicentennial		-	-		7,256	7,256
Unassigned \$ 7,887,247 \$ - \$ - \$ 7,887,247	E-911		-	-		344,741	344,741
	Total Committed Fund Balance	\$	29,308	\$ 3,427,215	\$	352,007 \$	3,808,530
Total Fund Balances \$ 7,919,593 \$ 3,427,215 \$ 760,725 \$ 12,107,533	Unassigned	\$	7,887,247	\$ -	\$	- \$	7,887,247
	<b>Total Fund Balances</b>	\$	7,919,593	\$ 3,427,215	\$	760,725 \$	12,107,533

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (Continued)

### Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

### P. Adoption of Accounting Principles

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 27 and Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68:

The County implemented the financial reporting provisions of the above Statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. These Statements establish standards for measuring and recognizing liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources, and expense/expenditures related to pensions. Note disclosure and required supplementary information requirements about pensions are also addressed. The requirements will improve financial reporting by improving accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for pensions. The implementation of these Statements resulted in a restatement of net position, reference Note 17.

### Note 2—Stewardship, Compliance, and Accounting:

The following procedures are used by the County in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. On or before March 30<sup>th</sup>, the County Administrator submits to the Board of Supervisors a proposed operating and capital budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating and capital budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments.
- 3. Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an Appropriations Resolution.
- 4. The Appropriations Resolution places legal restrictions on expenditures at the fund level. The appropriation for each fund can be revised only by the Board of Supervisors. The County Administrator is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within general government departments; however, the School Board is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within the school system's categories.
- 5. All budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
- 6. Appropriations lapse on June 30, for all County units.

### **Expenditures and Appropriations**

Expenditures did not exceed appropriations at June 30, 2015.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (Continued)

#### *Note 3—Deposits and Investments:*

#### **Deposits**

Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act") Section 2.2-4400 et. Seq. of the Code of Virginia. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of the amount insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board. Financial Institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in the amounts from 50% to 130% of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized.

#### Investments

Statutes authorize the County to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper and certain corporate notes, banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP).

### **Credit Risk of Debt Securities**

The County's rated debt investments as of June 30, 2015 were rated by Standard and Poor's and the ratings are presented below using the Standard and Poor's rating scale. The County will minimize credit risk by limiting investments to the safest type of securities.

	_	Fair Quality Ratings			
		AAAm			
Local Government Investment Pool	\$_	100,069			
Total	\$	100,069			

### **External Investment Pools**

The fair value of the positions in the external investment pools (Local Government Investment Pool) is the same as the value of the pool shares. As the LGIP is not SEC registered, regulatory oversight of the pool rests with the Virginia State Treasury. LGIP maintains a policy to operate in a manner consistent with SEC Rule 2a-7.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (Continued)

## *Note 4—Due to/from Other Governments:*

At June 30, 2015, the County has receivables from other governments as follows:

		Primary Government	Component Unit School Board					
Other Local Governments:								
County of Appomattox	\$	- !	\$ 1,065,776					
Commonwealth of Virginia:								
Local sales tax		199,446	-					
Welfare		43,015	-					
Rolling stock tax		44,733	-					
Comprehensive services		201,210	-					
State Sales Tax		-	415,437					
Wireless grant		8,475	-					
Auto rental		537	-					
Constitutional officer reimbursements		151,186	-					
Recordation tax		6,846	-					
Mobile home titling tax		7,400	-					
Department of Forestry		14,118	-					
Communications tax		92,211	-					
Federal Government:								
School fund grants		-	259,183					
Welfare	-	69,165						
Total due from other governments	\$	838,342	\$1,740,396					
At June 30, 2015, amounts due to other local governments are as follows:								
Other Local Governments:								
Appomattox County School Board	\$	1,065,776	\$					

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (Continued)

# Note 5—Capital Assets:

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015:

Primary Government:		Balance						Balance
Communication and and in this communication is a second contraction of the contraction of	_	July 1, 2014		Increases	-	Decreases	_	June 30, 2015
Governmental activities: Capital assets not subject to depreciation:								
Land	\$_	1,316,010	\$_	-	\$_	-	\$_	1,316,010
Total capital assets not subject to depreciation	\$_	1,316,010	\$_	-	\$_	<u>-</u>	\$_	1,316,010
Capital assets subject to depreciation:								
Buildings and improvements	\$	12,764,501	Ś	-	\$	-	Ś	12,764,501
Equipment	*	5,971,656	т	223,254	*	_	*	6,194,910
Infrastructure		72,109		10,986		_		83,095
Intangibles		1,810,216		10,700		_		1,810,216
Jointly owned assets						271 079		
Jointly Owned assets	-	22,251,223	-	-	-	371,078	-	21,880,145
Total capital assets subject to depreciation	\$_	42,869,705	\$_	234,240	\$_	371,078	\$_	42,732,867
Accumulated depreciation:								
Buildings and improvements	\$	5,190,452	\$	473,648	\$	-	\$	5,664,100
Equipment		4,694,779		312,576		-		5,007,355
Infrastructure		48,451		9,613		-		58,064
Intangibles		1,366,148		88,814		-		1,454,962
Jointly owned assets	_	8,094,096	_	772,628		147,868	_	8,718,856
Total accumulated depreciation	\$_	19,393,926	\$_	1,657,279	\$_	147,868	\$_	20,903,337
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$_	23,475,779	\$_	(1,423,039)	\$_	223,210	\$_	21,829,530
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$_	24,791,789	\$	(1,423,039)	\$	223,210	\$_	23,145,540
Component Unit - School Board:		Balance July 1, 2014		Increases		Decreases	_	Balance June 30, 2015
Governmental activities:								
Capital assets not subject to depreciation:	_	044 270	_		_		_	0.44.070
Land	\$	211,370	Ş	-	\$	-	Ş	211,370
Construction in progress	_	-	_	17,120	-	-	-	17,120
Total capital assets not subject to depreciation	\$_	211,370	\$_	17,120	\$	-	\$_	228,490
Capital assets subject to depreciation:				04.200				
Buildings and improvements	\$	751,522	\$	26,320	\$	-	\$	777,842
Equipment		4,126,011		245,277		-		4,371,288
Jointly owned assets	_	14,895,353	-	-	-	(371,078)	-	15,266,431
Total capital assets subject to depreciation	\$_	19,772,886	\$_	271,597	\$	(371,078)	\$_	20,415,561
Accumulated depreciation:								
Buildings and improvements	\$	99,890	\$	40,759	\$	-	\$	140,649
Equipment	·	3,508,820		182,829	•	-		3,691,649
Jointly owned assets	_	5,418,327	_	517,211		(147,868)	_	6,083,406
,							_	
Total accumulated depreciation	\$_	9,027,037	\$_	740,799	\$_	(147,868)	۶_	9,915,704
	\$_ \$_	9,027,037	_	740,799 (469,202)	-	(223,210)	_	9,915,704

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (Continued)

# Note 5—Capital Assets: (Continued)

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015:

### **Enterprise Fund:**

	Balance July 1, 2014	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2015
Business-type activities:				
Utility plant in service	\$ 5,712,281 \$		\$\$	5,712,281
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$ <u>5,712,281</u> \$		ss	5,712,281
Accumulated depreciation:				
Utility plant in service	\$ 228,491 \$	114,246	\$\$	342,737
Total accumulated depreciation	\$ 228,491 \$	114,246	\$ <u> </u>	342,737
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$ 5,483,790 \$	(114,246)	\$\$	5,369,544
Business-type capital assets, net	\$ 5,483,790 \$	(114,246)	\$ <u> </u>	5,369,544

# Component Unit - Economic Development Authority:

	Balance July 1, 2014	Increases	<u>Decreases</u>	Balance June 30, 2015
Business-type activities: Capital assets not subject to depreciation: Land	\$ 1,386,773	\$ <u> </u>	\$	51,386,773_
Total capital assets not subject to depreciation	\$ 1,386,773	\$	\$\$	1,386,773
Capital assets subject to depreciation: Infrastructure	\$ 1,917,079	\$ <u> </u>	\$\$	1,917,079
Total capital assets subject to depreciation	\$ 1,917,079	\$	\$\$	1,917,079
Accumulated depreciation: Infrastructure	\$ 607,664	\$ 52,118	\$	659,782
Total accumulated depreciation	\$ 607,664	\$ 52,118	\$\$	659,782
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$ 1,309,415	\$ (52,118)	\$	1,257,297
Business-type capital assets, net	\$ 2,696,188	\$ (52,118)	\$ <u> </u>	2,644,070

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (Continued)

# Note 5—Capital Assets: (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs as follows:

Governmental activities:		
General government administration	\$	149,932
Judicial administration		142,534
Public safety		228,812
Public works		231,596
Health and welfare		22,122
Education		775,708
Parks, recreation and cultural		59,258
Community development		47,317
Total Governmental activities	\$	1,657,279
Business-type activities:		
Sanitary District Fund	\$	114,246
Component Unit School Board	ς	740,799
Component offic School Board	<b>-</b>	7 10,777
Component Unit Economic Development Authority	\$	52,118

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (Continued)

#### *Note 6—Interfund Transfers:*

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2015, consisted of the following:

Fund	<u></u>	ransfers In	-	Transfers Out	
Primary Government: Governmental Funds:					
General Fund County Special Revenue Fund	\$ 	35,133 29,722	\$	277,675 35,133	
Total Governmental Funds	\$	64,855	\$	312,808	
Enterprise Funds: Sanitary District	\$	247,953	\$		
Total Enterprise Funds	\$	247,953	\$		
Component Unit—School Board: School Operating Fund School Special Revenue Fund	\$	- 55,157	\$	55,157 	
Total Component Unit—School Board Funds	\$	55,157	•	55,157	
Total All Funds	\$	367,965	\$	367,965	

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgeting authorization.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (Continued)

# Note 7—Long-Term Obligations:

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions of the County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015:

		Restated Balance					Balance at		Amounts
	_	at July 1, 2014		Issuances/ Increases	 Retirements/ Decreases	_	June 30, 2015		Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities: Incurred by County:									
Compensated absences	\$	317,341	\$	71,421	\$ 31,734	\$	357,028	\$	35,703
Lease revenue bond		12,920,000		-	830,000		12,090,000		875,000
Issuance premium		268,311		-	17,887		250,424		-
Capital lease Net OPEB obligation		252,174 50,600		35,640	39,359 22,660		212,815 63,580		41,019
Net pension liability		5,565,498		1,953,985	3,303,776		4,215,707		-
Landfill postclosure care liability		2,723,195		-	44,410		2,678,785		-
Total incurred by County	\$_	22,097,119	\$_	2,061,046	\$ 4,289,826	\$_	19,868,339	\$	951,722
Incurred by School Board:									
General obligation bonds	\$_	14,157,128	\$_	-	\$ 995,839	\$_	13,161,289	\$_	1,013,903
Total incurred by School Board	\$_	14,157,128	\$_	-	\$ 995,839	\$_	13,161,289	\$_	1,013,903
Total Governmental Activities	\$_	36,254,247	\$_	2,061,046	\$ 5,285,665	\$_	33,029,628	\$_	1,965,625
Business-type Activities: Lease revenue bond	\$_	2,630,883	\$_	-	\$ 121,491	\$_	2,509,392	\$_	124,769
Total Business-type Activities	\$_	2,630,883	\$		\$ 121,491	\$_	2,509,392	\$	124,769

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (Continued)

Note 7—Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

## **Primary Government:**

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

## Governmental Activities

		County Obligations								
Year Ending			Re Bon	venue d		Capital L	ease			
June 30,	-	Principal		Interest		Principal	Interest			
Julie 30,		Timolpai	_	interest		Timolpai	interest			
2016	\$	875,000	\$	519,312	\$	41,019 \$	8,981			
2017		915,000		493,063		42,751	7,249			
2018		1,215,000		461,037		44,554	5,446			
2019		1,270,000		415,763		46,435	3,565			
2020		1,330,000		364,962		38,056	1,605			
2021		1,405,000		298,463		· <u>-</u>	-			
2022		1,490,000		228,213		-	-			
2023		2,090,000		153,712		-	-			
2024		150,000		67,500		-	-			
2025		155,000		60,750		-	-			
2026		165,000		53,775		-	-			
2027		170,000		46,350		-	-			
2028		420,000		38,700		-	-			
2029		440,000		19,800		-	-			
Total	\$	12,090,000	\$_	3,221,400	\$	212,815 \$	26,846			

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (Continued)

## Note 7—Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

# **Primary Government: (Continued)**

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows: (Continued)

# Governmental Activities (Continued)

	School Obligations				
Year Ending		General B	Ob onc	•	
June 30,		Principal		Interest	
2016	\$	1,013,903	\$	618,283	
2017		1,499,327		582,793	
2018		1,264,676		552,957	
2019		1,276,431		528,959	
2020		1,293,541		504,224	
2021		1,302,253		483,854	
2022		1,344,493		463,035	
2023		833,333		450,000	
2024		833,333		450,000	
2025		833,333		450,000	
2026		833,333		450,000	
2027		833,333		450,000	
Total	\$	13,161,289	\$	5,984,105	

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (Continued)

Note 7—Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

# **Primary Government: (Continued)**

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows: (Continued)

## **Business-type Activities**

Year		Lease Revenue					
Ending	_	Bond					
June 30,		Principal	Interest				
2016	\$	124,769 \$	66,421				
2017		128,135	63,055				
2018		131,592	59,598				
2019		135,142	56,048				
2020		138,788	52,402				
2021		142,533	48,657				
2022		146,378	44,812				
2023		150,327	40,863				
2024		154,383	36,807				
2025		158,548	32,642				
2026		162,826	28,364				
2027		167,219	23,971				
2028		171,730	19,460				
2029		176,363	14,826				
2030		181,122	10,068				
2031		186,008	5,182				
2032	_	53,529	163				
Total	\$	2,509,392 \$	603,339				

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (Continued)

# Note 7—Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

# Primary Government: (Continued)

Details of long-term obligations at June 30, 2015 are as follows:

Incurred	hv	County	•

## Lease Revenue Bond:

<u>Lease Revenue Bond:</u>		
\$14,605,000 lease revenue bond issued April 27, 2010, payable in varying annual installments, interest at 1.00% to 5.00%, through May 1, 2029.	\$_	12,090,000
Capital Lease:		
\$326,175 capital lease issued July 15, 2011, payable in annual installments of principal and interest in the amount of \$50,000, through July 15, 2019.	\$_	212,815
Issuance premium	\$_	250,424
Net OPEB obligation (payable by the general fund)	\$_	63,580
Net pension liability	\$_	4,215,707
Landfill postclosure care liability (payable by the general fund)	\$_	2,678,785
Compensated absences (payable by the general fund)	\$_	357,028
Total Incurred by County	\$_	19,868,339
Incurred by School Board:		
General Obligation bonds		
\$3,789,949 school bond issued November 1, 1996, payable in varying amounts and interest rates through July 15, 2017.	\$	484,485
\$1,850,000 school bond issued October 26, 2001, payable in varying amounts and interest rates through July 15, 2021.		855,000
\$6,512,513 school bond issued October 26, 2001, payable in varying amounts and rates through July 15, 2021.		2,488,472
10,000,000 school bond issued June 26, 2011, payable in varying amounts, interest at $0.00%$ , through June 1, 2027.		9,333,332
Total General Obligation Bonds	\$	13,161,289
Total Incurred by School Board	\$	13,161,289
Total Governmental Activities	\$	33,029,628
Business-type Activities:  Lease Revenue Bond:		
\$2,807,161 VRA lease revenue bond issued June 16, 2011, payable in varying annual installments, interest at 2.18%, through May 1, 2032.	\$_	2,509,392
Total Business-type Activities	\$ <u></u>	2,509,392

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (Continued)

## Note 7—Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

## <u>Discretely Presented Component - Unit School Board:</u>

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions of the Component Unit School Board for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015:

		Restated Balance at July 1,				Balance at June 30,		Amounts Due Within
	_	2014		Increases	 Decreases	 2015		One Year
Component Unit-School Board:								
Early retirement liability	\$	419,384	\$	-	\$ 28,950	\$ 390,434	\$	31,266
Net pension liability		19,803,184		1,466,778	4,589,962	16,680,000		-
Net OPEB obligation	_	179,400	_	126,360	 80,340	225,420	_	
Total Component Unit-School Board	\$	20,401,968	\$	1,593,138	\$ 4,699,252	\$ 17,295,854	\$	31,266

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

Year		Early Retirement					
Ending	_	Liability					
June 30		Principal		Interest			
2016	\$	31,266	\$	31,235			
2017		33,767		28,734			
2018		36,468		26,033			
2019		39,386		23,115			
2020		42,537		19,964			
2021		45,940		16,561			
2022		49,615		12,886			
2023		53,584		8,917			
2024	_	57,871	_	4,630			
Total	\$	390,434	\$	172,075			

Details of long-term obligations at June 30, 2015 are as follows:

\$703,618 VRS early retirement incentive issued July 1, 1994, payable in annual amounts of principal and interest of \$62,501 through July 1, 2024.	\$ 390,434
Net pension liability	16,680,000
Net OPEB obligation (payable from the School Fund)	225,420
Long-term obligations Incurred by the School Board (payable from the School Fund)	\$ 17,295,854

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (Continued)

### *Note 8—Capital Lease:*

The government has entered into a lease agreement as lessee for financing the acquisition of a fire truck. This lease agreement qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes and, therefore, has been recorded at the present value of minimum lease payments as of the inception date.

The assets acquired through capital leases are as follows:

		Primary		
	Go	vernment		
Asset:				
Equipment	\$	501,567		
Less: Accumulated depreciation		(167,189)		
Total	\$	334,378		

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2015, are a follows:

		Primary
Year Ended June 30	_	Government
2016	\$	50,000
2017		50,000
2018		50,000
2019		50,000
2020	_	39,661
	_	
Total minimum lease payments	\$	239,661
Less: amount representing interest	_	(26,846)
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$_	212,815

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (Continued)

#### Note 9—Unearned and Deferred/Unavailable Revenue:

Unearned and deferred/unavailable revenue represents amounts for which asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, such amounts are measurable, but not available. Unavailable revenue totaling \$4,852,678 and deferred revenue totaling \$4,116,385 is comprised of the following:

<u>Unavailable Property Tax Revenue</u> - Deferred revenue representing uncollected tax billings not available for funding of current expenditures totaled \$4,639,899 (including 2<sup>nd</sup> half tax billings of \$3,903,606 not due until December 5) at June 30, 2015.

<u>Deferred/Unavailable Prepaid Property Taxes</u> - Property taxes due subsequent to June 30, 2015 but paid in advance by the taxpayers totaled \$212,779 at June 30, 2015.

<u>Deferred Revenue</u> - Deferred revenue representing prepaid taxes due subsequent to June 30, 2015 totaled \$212,779 and at 2<sup>nd</sup> half 2015 tax billing levied in current year but due in FY2015 totaled \$3,903,606.

### Note 10—Commitments and Contingent Liabilities:

Federal programs in which the County and all discretely presented component units participate were audited in accordance with the provisions of U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, <u>Audits of States, Local Governments</u>, and Non-Profit Organizations. Pursuant to the provisions of this circular all major programs and certain other programs were tested for compliance with applicable grant requirements.

While no matters of noncompliance were disclosed by audit, the Federal Government may subject grant programs to additional compliance tests which may result in disallowed expenditures. In the opinion of management, any future disallowance of current grant program expenditures, if any, would be immaterial.

A memorandum of understanding was issued on April 12, 1999 between the County and the Town of Appomattox for the purchase of water rights. The Town entered in a financing agreement with the VRA and the County agreed to pay the Town 48.67% of the debt for the use of 146,000 gallons of water per day.

### *Note 11—Litigation:*

At June 30, 2015, there were no matters of litigation involving the County or which would materially affect the County's financial position should any court decisions on pending matters not be favorable to the County.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (Continued)

### *Note 12—Risk Management:*

The County and the Component Unit School Board are exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the government carries insurance.

The County is a member of the Virginia Municipal Group Self Insurance Association for workers' compensation. This program is administered by a servicing contractor, which furnishes claims review and processing.

Each Association member jointly and severally agrees to assume, pay and discharge any liability. The County pays Virginia Municipal Group contributions and assessments based upon classifications and rates into a designated cash reserve fund out of which expenses of the Association and claims and awards are to be paid. In the event of a loss deficit and depletion of all available excess insurance, the Association may assess all members in the proportion which the premium of each bears to the total premiums of all members in the year in which such deficit occurs.

The County also participates with other localities in a public entity risk pool for their coverage of general liability and auto insurance with Virginia Municipal League and public officials' liability with the Virginia Association of Counties Group Self Insurance Risk Pool. The County pays an annual premium to the pools for general insurance through member premiums. The County continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. The Component Unit School Board carries commercial insurance for all risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (Continued)

#### Note 13—Pension Plan:

### **Plan Description**

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the County and (nonprofessional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by VRS Retirement Plan upon employment. This is an agent multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer pay contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria as defined in the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service.

The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees - Plan 1, Plan 2, and, Hybrid. Each of these benefit structures has a different eligibility criteria. The specific information for each plan and the eligibility for covered groups within each plan are set out in the table below:

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS					
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN			
About Plan 1 Plan 1 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. Employees are eligible for Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of January 1, 2013.	About Plan 2 Plan 2 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. Employees are eligible for Plan 2 if their membership date is on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013.	About the Hybrid Retirement Plan The Hybrid Retirement Plan combines the features of a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Most members hired on or after January 1, 2014 are in this plan, as well as Plan 1 and Plan 2 members who were eligible and opted into the plan during a special election window. (see "Eligible Members")  • The defined benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula.  • The benefit from the defined contribution component of the plan depends on the member and employer contributions made to the plan and the investment performance of those contributions.			

# Note 13-Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)					
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN			
About Plan 1 (Cont.)	About Plan 2 (Cont.)	About the Hybrid Retirement Plan (Cont.)			
		In addition to the monthly benefit payment payable from the defined benefit plan at retirement, a member may start receiving distributions from the balance in the defined contribution account, reflecting the contributions, investment gains or losses, and any required fees.			
Eligible Members Employees are in Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of January 1, 2013.  Hybrid Opt-In Election VRS non-hazardous duty covered Plan 1 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014.  The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible Plan 1	Eligible Members Employees are in Plan 2 if their membership date is on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013.  Hybrid Opt-In Election Eligible Plan 2 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014.  The Hybrid Retirement Plan's	Eligible Members Employees are in the Hybrid Retirement Plan if their membership date is on or after January 1, 2014. This includes: • Political subdivision employees* • School division employees • Members in Plan 1 or Plan 2 who elected to opt into the plan during the election window held January 1-April 30, 2014; the plan's effective date for opt-in members was July 1, 2014.  *Non-Eligible Members			
effective date for eligible Plan 1 members who opted in was July 1, 2014.  If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan.	The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible Plan 2 members who opted in was July 1, 2014.  If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan.	*Non-Eligible Members Some employees are not eligible to participate in the Hybrid Retirement Plan. They include: • Political subdivision employees who are covered by enhanced benefits for hazardous duty employees.			

# Note 13-Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)		
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
Hybrid Opt-In Election (Cont.) Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and had prior service under Plan 1 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as Plan 1 or ORP.	Hybrid Opt-In Election (Cont.) Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and have prior service under Plan 2 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as Plan 2 or ORP.	*Non-Eligible Members (Cont.) Those employees eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) must elect the ORP plan or the Hybrid Retirement Plan. If these members have prior service under Plan 1 or Plan 2, they are not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and must select Plan 1 or Plan 2 (as applicable) or ORP.
Retirement Contributions Employees contribute 5% of their compensation each month to their member contribution account through a pre-tax salary reduction. Some political subdivisions and school divisions elected to phase in the required 5% member contribution but all employees will be paying the full 5% by July 1, 2016. Member contributions are tax-deferred until they are withdrawn as part of a retirement benefit or as a refund. The employer makes a separate actuarially determined contribution to VRS for all covered employees. VRS invests both member and employer contributions to provide funding for the future benefit payment.	Retirement Contributions Employees contribute 5% of their compensation each month to their member contribution account through a pre-tax salary reduction. Some political subdivisions and school divisions elected to phase in the required 5% member contribution but all employees will be paying the full 5% by July 1, 2016.	Retirement Contributions A member's retirement benefit is funded through mandatory and voluntary contributions made by the member and the employer to both the defined benefit and the defined contribution components of the plan. Mandatory contributions are based on a percentage of the employee's creditable compensation and are required from both the member and the employer. Additionally, members may choose to make voluntary contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, and the employer is required to match those voluntary contributions according to specified percentages.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (Continued)

# Note 13-Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETI	REMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTIN	IUED)
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
Creditable Service Creditable service includes active service. Members earn creditable service for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional creditable service the member was granted. A member's total creditable service is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit.	Creditable Service Same as Plan 1.	Creditable Service <u>Defined Benefit Component:</u> Under the defined benefit component of the plan, creditable service includes active service. Members earn creditable service for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional creditable service the member was granted. A member's total creditable service is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit. <u>Defined Contributions</u> <u>Component:</u> Under the defined contribution component, creditable service is used to determine vesting for the employer contribution portion of the plan.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (Continued)

# Note 13-Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETI	REMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CO	ONTINUED)
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
Vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members become vested when they have at least five years (60 months) of creditable service. Vesting means members are eligible to qualify for retirement if they meet the age and service requirements for their plan. Members also must be vested to receive a full refund of their member contribution account balance if they leave employment and request a refund.  Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make.	Vesting Same as Plan 1.	Vesting  Defined Benefit Component:  Defined benefit vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit.  Members are vested under the defined benefit component of the Hybrid Retirement Plan when they reach five years (60 months) of creditable service.  Plan 1 or Plan 2 members with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan remain vested in the defined benefit component.  Defined Contributions Component:  Defined contribution vesting refers to the minimum length of service a member needs to be eligible to withdraw the employer contributions from the defined contribution component of the plan.  Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (Continued)

# Note 13-Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)		
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
Vesting (Cont.)	Vesting (Cont.)	Vesting (Cont.)  Defined Contributions Component: (Cont.) Upon retirement or leaving covered employment, a member is eligible to withdraw a percentage of employer contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, based on service.  • After two years, a member is 50% vested and may withdraw 50% of employer contributions.  • After three years, a member is 75% vested and may withdraw 75% of employer contributions.  • After four or more years, a member is 100% vested and may withdraw 100% of employer contributions.  Distribution is not required by law until age 70½.
Calculating the Benefit The Basic Benefit is calculated based on a formula using the member's average final compensation, a retirement multiplier and total service credit at retirement. It is one of the benefit payout options available to a member at retirement.	Calculating the Benefit See definition under Plan 1.	Calculating the Benefit  Defined Benefit Component: See definition under Plan 1

# Note 13-Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)		
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
Calculating the Benefit (Cont.) An early retirement reduction factor is applied to the Basic Benefit if the member retires with a reduced retirement benefit or selects a benefit payout option other than the Basic Benefit.	Calculating the Benefit (Cont.)	Calculating the Benefit (Cont.) <u>Defined Contribution</u> <u>Component:</u> The benefit is based on contributions made by the member and any matching contributions made by the employer, plus net investment earnings on those contributions.
Average Final Compensation A member's average final compensation is the average of the 36 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.	Average Final Compensation A member's average final compensation is the average of their 60 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.	Average Final Compensation Same as Plan 2. It is used in the retirement formula for the defined benefit component of the plan.
Service Retirement Multiplier VRS: The retirement multiplier is a factor used in the formula to determine a final retirement benefit. The retirement multiplier for non-hazardous duty members is 1.70%.  Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: The retirement multiplier for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.85%.  Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: The retirement multiplier of eligible political subdivision hazardous duty employees other than sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.70% or 1.85% as elected by the employer.	Service Retirement Multiplier VRS: Same as Plan 1 for service earned, purchased or granted prior to January 1, 2013. For non-hazardous duty members the retirement multiplier is 1.65% for creditable service earned, purchased or granted on or after January 1, 2013.  Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: Same as Plan 1.  Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Service Retirement Multiplier  Defined Benefit Component:  VRS: The retirement multiplier for the defined benefit component is 1.00%.  For members who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan from Plan 1 or Plan 2, the applicable multipliers for those plans will be used to calculate the retirement benefit for service credited in those plans.  Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: Not applicable.  Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: Not applicable.  Defined Contribution Component: Not applicable.

# Note 13-Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)		
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
Normal Retirement Age VRS: Age 65.  Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Age 60.	Normal Retirement Age VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age.  Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Normal Retirement Age  Defined Benefit Component: VRS: Same as Plan 2.  Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable.  Defined Contribution Component: Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.
Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Age 65 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or at age 50 with at least 30 years of creditable service.  Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Age 60 with at least five years of creditable service or age 50 with at least 25 years of creditable service.	Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or when their age and service equal 90.  Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility  Defined Benefit Component:  VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age and have at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or when their age and service equal 90.  Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable.  Defined Contribution Component: Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.
Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Age 55 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or age 50 with at least 10 years of creditable service.	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service.	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility Defined Benefit Component: VRS: Members may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service.

# Note 13-Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)		
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility (Cont.)	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility (Cont.)	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility (Cont.)
Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: 50 with at least five years of creditable service.	Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable.
·		Defined Contribution Component: Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.
Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 3% increase in the Consumer Price Index for all Urban Consumers (CPI-U) and half of any additional increase (up to 4%) up to a maximum COLA of 5%.  Eligibility: For members who retire with an unreduced benefit or with a reduced benefit with at least 20 years of creditable service, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one full calendar year from the retirement date.  For members who retire with a reduced benefit and who have less than 20 years of creditable service, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one calendar year following the unreduced retirement eligibility date.	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 2% increase in the CPI-U and half of any additional increase (up to 2%), for a maximum COLA of 3%.  Eligibility: Same as Plan 1	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement Defined Benefit Component: Same as Plan 2.  Defined Contribution Component: Not applicable.  Eligibility: Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (Continued)

# Note 13-Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETI <sup>I</sup>	REMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTIN	NUED)
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (Continued)

# Note 13-Pension Plan: (Continued)

# Plan Description (Continued)

RETI	RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)						
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN					
Disability Coverage Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.7% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted.  VSDP members are subject to a one-year waiting period before	rage re eligible to be disability retire on etirement % on all service, hen it was earned, ranted.  Disability Coverage Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.65% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted.  VSDP members are subject to a one-year waiting period before	Disability Coverage Employees of political subdivisions and School divisions (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 optins) participate in the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP) unless their local governing body provides an employer-paid comparable program for its members.					
becoming eligible for non-work- related disability benefits.	becoming eligible for non-work related disability benefits.	Hybrid members (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 opt-ins) covered under VLDP are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work-related disability benefits.					
Purchase of Prior Service Members may be eligible to purchase service from previous public employment, active duty military service, an eligible period of leave or VRS refunded service as creditable service in their plan. Prior creditable service counts toward vesting, eligibility for retirement and the health insurance credit. Only active members are eligible to purchase prior service. When buying service, members must purchase their most recent period of service first. Members also may be eligible to purchase periods of leave without pay.	Purchase of Prior Service Same as Plan 1.	Purchase of Prior Service  Defined Benefit Component:  Same as Plan 1, with the following exceptions:  • Hybrid Retirement Plan members are ineligible for ported service.  • The cost for purchasing refunded service is the higher of 4% of creditable compensation or average final compensation.  • Plan members have one year from their date of hire or return from leave to purchase all but refunded prior service at approximate normal cost. After that one-year period, the rate for most categories of service will change to actuarial cost.  Defined Contribution Component: Not applicable.					

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (Continued)

# Note 13-Pension Plan: (Continued)

# Plan Description (Continued)

The System issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for VRS. A copy of the most recent report may be obtained from the VRS website at <a href="http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2014-annual-report.pdf">http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2014-annual-report.pdf</a> or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

# Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2013 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the pension plan:

	Primary Government	Component Unit School Board Nonprofessional
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	54	25
Inactive members: Vested inactive members	12	2
Non-vested inactive members	10	10
Inactive members active elsewhere in VRS	24	8
Total inactive members	46	20
Active members	98	39
Total covered employees	198	84

# **Contributions**

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. Prior to July 1, 2012, all or part of the 5.00% member contribution may have been assumed by the employer. Beginning July 1, 2012, new employees were required to pay the 5% member contribution. In addition, for existing employees, employers were required to begin making the employee pay the 5.00% member contribution. This could be phased in over a period of up to 5 years and the employer is required to provide a salary increase equal to the amount of the increase in the employee-paid member contribution.

The County's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2015 was 14.83% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (Continued)

# Note 13-Pension Plan: (Continued)

# **Contributions (Continued)**

Contributions to the pension plan from the County were \$597,846 and \$537,604 for the years ended June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014, respectively.

The Component Unit School Board's contractually required contribution rate for nonprofessional employees for the year ended June 30, 2015 was 7.53% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the Component Unit School Board's nonprofessional employees were \$51,679 and \$55,567 for the years ended June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014, respectively.

# Net Pension Liability (Asset)

The County's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) net pension liability (asset) were measured as of June 30, 2014. The total pension liabilities used to calculate the net pension liability (asset) were determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2013, using updated actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2014.

# Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees

The total pension liability for General Employees in the County's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2014.

Inflation 2.5%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.5% - 5.35%

Investment rate of return 7.0%, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation\*

<sup>\*</sup> Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (Continued)

# Note 13—Pension Plan: (Continued)

# Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees (Continued)

Mortality rates: 14% of deaths are assumed to be service related

#### Largest 10 - Non-LEOS:

#### Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 4 years and females set back 2 years

#### Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year

# Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement

#### All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

#### Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 4 years and females set back 2 years

#### Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year

#### Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2013 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

#### Largest 10 - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

# All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (Continued)

# Note 13-Pension Plan: (Continued)

# Actuarial Assumptions - Public Safety Employees

The total pension liability for Public Safety employees in the County's Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2014.

Inflation 2.5%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.5% - 4.75%

Investment rate of return 7.0%, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation\*

Mortality rates: 60% of deaths are assumed to be service related

# Largest 10 - Non-LEOS:

#### Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 2 years and females set back 2 years

#### Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year

#### Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement

# All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

# Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 2 years and females set back 2 years

#### Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year

#### Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement

<sup>\*</sup> Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (Continued)

# Note 13—Pension Plan: (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2013 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Largest 10 - LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in male rates of disability

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to rates of service retirement for females
- Increase in rates of withdrawal
- Decrease in male and female rates of disability

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (Continued)

# Note 13—Pension Plan: (Continued)

# Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Arithmetic Long-Term	Weighted Average Long-Term
	Target	Expected	Expected
Asset Class (Strategy)	Allocation	Rate of Return	Rate of Return
U.S. Equity	19.50%	6.46%	1.26%
Developed Non U.S. Equity	16.50%	6.28%	1.04%
Emerging Market Equity	6.00%	10.00%	0.60%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.09%	0.01%
Emerging Debt	3.00%	3.51%	0.11%
Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	3.51%	0.16%
Non Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	5.00%	0.23%
Convertibles	3.00%	4.81%	0.14%
Public Real Estate	2.25%	6.12%	0.14%
Private Real Estate	12.75%	7.10%	0.91%
Private Equity	12.00%	10.41%	1.25%
Cash	1.00%	-1.50%	-0.02%
Total	100.00%		5.83%
		Inflation	2.50%
*Expe	cted arithmet	ic nominal return	8.33%

<sup>\*</sup> Using stochastic projection results provides an expected range of real rates of return over various time horizons. Looking at one year results produces an expected real return of 8.33% but also has a high standard deviation, which means there is high volatility. Over larger time horizons the volatility declines significantly and provides a median return of 7.44%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (Continued)

# Note 13-Pension Plan: (Continued)

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018, the rate contributed by the employer for the County and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) Retirement Plans will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly. From July 1, 2018 on, participating employers are assumed to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

# Changes in Net Pension Liability

				mary Governmer crease (Decrease		
		Total Pension Liability (a)	_	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	,	Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)
Balances at June 30, 2013	\$_	21,927,617	\$_	16,362,119	\$_	5,565,498
Changes for the year:						
Service cost	\$	443,674	\$	-	\$	443,674
Interest		1,496,352		-		1,496,352
Contributions - employer		-		537,604		(537,604)
Contributions - employee		-		208,860		(208,860)
Net investment income		-		2,557,177		(2,557,177)
Benefit payments, including refunds						
of employee contributions		(1,102,328)		(1,102,328)		-
Administrative expenses		-		(13,959)		13,959
Other changes		-		135		(135)
Net changes	\$_	837,698	\$	2,187,489	\$	(1,349,791)
Balances at June 30, 2014	\$ <u>_</u>	22,765,315	\$_	18,549,608	\$ <u></u>	4,215,707

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (Continued)

# Note 13-Pension Plan: (Continued)

# Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset)

		Component School Board (nonprofessional)							
		Increase (Decrease)							
	_	Total Pension Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net Pension Liability(Asset) (a) - (b)			
Balances at June 30, 2013	\$_	2,628,682	\$_	2,474,498	\$_	154,184			
Changes for the year:									
Service cost	\$	81,045	\$	-	\$	81,045			
Interest		179,628		-		179,628			
Contributions - employer		-		55,567		(55,567)			
Contributions - employee		-		34,731		(34,731)			
Net investment income		-		388,463		(388,463)			
Benefit payments, including refunds	;								
of employee contributions		(125,141)		(125,141)		-			
Administrative expenses		-		(2,105)		2,105			
Other changes		-		20		(20)			
Net changes	\$_	135,532	\$	351,535	\$	(216,003)			
Balances at June 30, 2014	\$	2,764,214	\$	2,826,033	\$	(61,819)			

# Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability (asset) of the County and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the County's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

			Rate	
		(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)
County Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	7,066,504	\$ 4,215,707 \$	1,835,565
Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional	)			
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	282,922	\$ (61,819) \$	(348,448)

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (Continued)

# Note 13-Pension Plan: (Continued)

# Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the County and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) recognized pension expense of \$327,627 and \$12,796 respectively. At June 30, 2015, the County and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

						Component l	Jnit School
		Primary Go	V	ernment		Board (nonpr	ofessional)
	-	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$	- \$	;	1,139,814	\$	- \$	173,232
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	, <u>-</u>	597,846		-	_	51,679	
Total	\$	597,846 \$	; _	1,139,814	\$	51,679 \$	173,232

\$597,846 and \$51,679 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the County's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) contributions, respectively, subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of (increase to) the Net Pension Liability (Asset) in the year ended June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30		Primary Government	Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)
2016	\$	(284,954)	\$ (43,308)
2017	•	(284,954)	(43,308)
2018		(284,954)	(43,308)
2019		(284,952)	(43,308)
Thereafter		-	-

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (Continued)

# Note 13-Pension Plan: (Continued)

# Component Unit School Board (professional)

# **Plan Description**

All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan upon employment. This is a cost-sharing multiple employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the system). Additional information regarding the plan description can be found in the first section of this note.

#### **Contributions**

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. Prior to July 1, 2012, all or part of the 5.00% member contribution may have been assumed by the employer. Beginning July 1, 2012, new employees were required to pay the 5% member contribution. In addition, for existing employees, employers were required to begin making the employee pay the 5.00% member contribution. This could be phased in over a period of up to 5 years and the employer is required to provide a salary increase equal to the amount of the increase in the employee-paid member contribution.

Each School Division's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2015 was 14.50% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013. The actuarial rate for the Teacher Retirement Plan was 18.20%. This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Based on the provisions of \$51.1-145 of the Code of Virginia, as amended the contributions were funded at 79.69% of the actuarial rate for the year ended June 30, 2015. Contributions to the pension plan from the School Board were \$1,485,208 and \$1,178,000 for the years ended June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014, respectively.

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2015, the school division reported a liability of \$16,680,000 for its proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability. The Net Pension Liability was measured as of June 30, 2014 and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The school division's proportion of the Net Pension Liability was based on the school division's actuarially determined employer contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2014 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2014, the school division's proportion was 0.13802% as compared to 0.14263% at June 30, 2013.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (Continued)

# Note 13—Pension Plan: (Continued)

# Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the school division recognized pension expense of \$1,204,000. Since there was a change in proportionate share between June 30, 2013 and June 30, 2014, a portion of the pension expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion and from differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of employer contributions.

At June 30, 2015, the school division reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	De	eferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$	- 5	2,475,000
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		-	520,000
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		1,485,208	
Total	\$	1,485,208	2,995,000

\$1,485,208 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the school division's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the year ended June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30	
2016	\$ (734,000)
2017	(734,000)
2018	(734,000)
2019	(734,000)
Thereafter	(59,000)

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (Continued)

# Note 13-Pension Plan: (Continued)

# Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

# **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2014.

Inflation 2.5%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.5% - 5.95%

Investment rate of return 7.0%, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation\*

#### Mortality rates:

# Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 3 years and females set back 5 years

#### Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 2 years and females set back 3 years

# Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 1 year and no provision for future mortality improvement

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2013 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to the rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of withdrawals for 3 through 9 years of service
- Decrease in rates of disability
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

<sup>\*</sup> Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (Continued)

# Note 13-Pension Plan: (Continued)

# Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

# Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

			Weighted
		Arithmetic	Average
		Long-Term	Long-Term
	Target	Expected	Expected
Asset Class (Strategy)	Allocation	Rate of Return	Rate of Return
U.S. Equity	19.50%	6.46%	1.26%
Developed Non U.S. Equity	16.50%	6.28%	1.04%
Emerging Market Equity	6.00%	10.00%	0.60%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.09%	0.01%
Emerging Debt	3.00%	3.51%	0.11%
Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	3.51%	0.16%
Non Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	5.00%	0.23%
Convertibles	3.00%	4.81%	0.14%
Public Real Estate	2.25%	6.12%	0.14%
Private Real Estate	12.75%	7.10%	0.91%
Private Equity	12.00%	10.41%	1.25%
Cash	1.00%	-1.50%	-0.02%
Total	100.00%		5.83%
		Inflation	2.50%
*Expe	cted arithmet	ic nominal return	8.33%

<sup>\*</sup> Using stochastic projection results provides an expected range of real rates of return over various time horizons. Looking at one year results produces an expected real return of 8.33% but also has a high standard deviation, which means there is high volatility. Over larger time horizons the volatility declines significantly and provides a median return of 7.44%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (Continued)

# Note 13-Pension Plan: (Continued)

# Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

# **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018, the rate contributed by the school division for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly. From July 1, 2018 on, school divisions are assumed to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

# Sensitivity of the School Division's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

(7.00%)	(8.00%)
	(0.00%)
16,680,000	\$ 10,247,000
	16,680,000

#### Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2014 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the 2014 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at <a href="http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2014-annual-report.pdf">http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2014-annual-report.pdf</a>, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (Continued)

# Note 14 -Landfill Closure and Postclosure Costs:

The County closed its landfill and is liable for postclosure monitoring for a period of thirty years. In addition, the County participates in a Regional Landfill and is liable for its portion of closure and postclosure monitoring costs. In conjunction with both, an environmental engineering firm was engaged to devise a closure plan in accordance with federal and State Regulations. The \$2,678,785 reported as landfill postclosure liability at June 30, 2015, represents the estimated liability for postclosure monitoring over the remaining twenty-seven years for the County Landfill and the closure and postclosure costs of the Regional Landfill. These amounts are based on what it would cost to perform all postclosure care in 2015. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology or changes in regulations.

The County has demonstrated financial assurance requirements for closure, postclosure care, and corrective action cost through the submission of a Local Government Financial Test to the Virginia Department of Environmental Quality in accordance with Section 9VAC20-70 of the Virginia Administrative Code.

# Note 15-Surety Bonds:

The Commonwealth of Virginia has established a Faithful Performance of Duty Bond Plan to cover the following positions:

	Amount	
Division of Risk Management Surety:		
Commonwealth Funds		
Janet A. Hix, Clerk of the Circuit Court	\$	115,430
Alice F. Gillette, Treasurer		400,000
Sara R. Henderson, Commissioner of the Revenue		3,000
Barry E. Letterman, Sheriff		30,000
Utica Mutual Insurance Company-Surety:		
Clerk and Deputy Clerk of the School Board		10,000
Virginia Local Government Risk Management Plan:		
All Social Services Employees		1,000,000

# Note 16-Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance:

#### A. Post-retirement Health Insurance for Employee

#### Plan Description

The County of Appomattox and the County of Appomattox School Board offer eligible retirees post-retirement medical and dental coverage if they retire directly from the County or Schools and are eligible to receive an early or regular retirement benefit from the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). Health benefits include medical, disability and dental coverage.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (Continued)

Note 16-Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance: (Continued)

# A. <u>Post-retirement Health Insurance for Employee (Continued)</u>

# **Funding Policy**

The County and the School Board in Appomattox allow retirees and their spouses continue to participate in the County's medical, dental and disability coverage plans. The retiree pays 100% of all premiums. Medical and dental coverage stops at age 65 or when eligible for Medicare. Disability coverage changes to a carveout class at eligibility for Medicare and stops at age 65.

# Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The County and School Board's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the *annual required contribution of the employer (ARC)*. The County and School Board have elected to calculate the ARC as the normal cost plus amortization of the unfunded portion of actuarial accrued liability in compliance with GASB 45 parameters. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and to amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years.

The estimated contributions are based on projected medical premium payments and credit for the implicit rate subsidy made during the year for the retired employees by the County and School Board. The following table shows the components of the County and School Board's annual OPEB cost for the year, the estimated amount contributed to the plan, and changes in the County and School Board's net OPEB obligation to the Retiree Health Insurance Plan:

				Component
		Primary		Unit
	_	Government	-	School Board
Annual required contribution	\$	35,640	\$	126,360
Interest on net OPEB obligation		2,200		7,800
Adjustment to annual required contribution		(2,200)		(7,800)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	\$	35,640	\$	126,360
Contributions made		(22,660)		(80,340)
Increase in net OPEB obligation		12,980	•	46,020
Net OPEB obligation-beginning of year		50,600		179,400
Net OPEB obligation-end of year	\$	63,580	\$	225,420

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (Continued)

# Note 16-Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance: (Continued)

# A. Post-retirement Health Insurance for Employee (Continued)

The County and School Board's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for fiscal year 2015 and the two preceding years were as follows:

Fi	iscal			Percentage of	Net
Υ	'ear		Annual	Annual OPEB	OPEB
Er	nded		OPEB Cost	Cost Contributed	Obligation
County:		_			
•	6/30/2013	\$	29,480	131.45%	\$ 42,900
	6/30/2014		30,140	74.45%	50,600
	6/30/2015		35,640	63.58%	63,580
Schools:					
	6/30/2013	\$	104,520	68.17%	\$ 152,100
	6/30/2014		106,860	74.45%	179,400
	6/30/2015		126,360	63.58%	225,420

# **Funded Status and Funding Progress**

As of July 1, 2014, the County's most recent actuarial date, accrued liability for benefits was \$331,100, all of which was unfunded. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$2,897,400, and the ratio of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability to the covered payroll was 11.43 percent.

As of July 1, 2014, the School Board's most recent actuarial date, accrued liability for benefits was \$1,173,900, all of which was unfunded. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$10,272,600, and the ratio of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability to the covered payroll was 11.43 percent.

The projection of future benefit payments for an ongoing plan involves estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples included assumptions about future employment, mortality, and healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (Continued)

# Note 16-Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance (Continued):

# A. Post-retirement Health Insurance for Employee (Continued)

# **Actuarial Methods and Assumptions**

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The following simplifying assumptions were made:

Retirement age for active employees-Retirement eligible for medical benefits are assumed to occur beginning once a participant attains age 50 and completes 15 or more years of service. In no event is an active participant assumed to work beyond age 70.

*Mortality*-Life expectancies were based on mortality tables from the 2004 Group Annuity Mortality Tables for males and females with a one year setback in pre-retirement for males and females.

Coverage elections - The actuary assumed that 50% of active participants who retire at age 50 or greater are assumed to continue their coverage into retirement. 25% of their spouses are assumed to continue their coverage into retirement. 100% of actives who become disabled (and 25% of their spouses) are assumed to continue their coverage.

Based on the historical and expected returns of the County and School Board's short-term investment portfolio, a discount of 4.25% was used. In addition, the projected unit credit actuarial cost method was used. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at July 1, 2014 was thirty years.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (Continued)

# Note 16-Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance (Continued):

# B. Health Insurance Credit Program Through Virginia Retirement System

# Plan Description

The Appomattox County Public Schools participates in the Health Insurance Credit Program, a plan designed to assist retirees with the cost of health insurance coverage. This program is an agent and cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). The Virginia General Assembly establishes the dollar amount of the health insurance credit for each year of creditable service. The credit amount and eligibility differs for state, school division, political subdivision, local officer, local social services department and general registrar retirees.

The non-professional employees of the Appomattox County Public Schools (School Board), who retire under VRS with at least 15 years of total creditable service under the System and are enrolled in a health insurance plan, are eligible to receive a monthly health insurance credit of \$1.50 per year of creditable service up to a maximum monthly credit of \$45. However, such credit shall not exceed the health insurance premium for the retiree. Disabled retirees automatically receive the maximum monthly health insurance credit of \$45.

Benefit provisions and eligibility requirements are established by Title 51.1, Chapter 14 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>. The VRS actuarially determines the amount necessary to fund all credits provided, reflects the cost of such credits in the applicable employer contribution rate pursuant to §51.1-145, and prescribes such terms and conditions as are necessary to carry out the provisions of the health insurance credit program. VRS issues separate financial statements as previously discussed in Note 13.

# **Funding Policy**

As a participating local political subdivision, the School Board is required to contribute the entire amount necessary to fund participation in the program using the actuarial basis specified by the <u>Code of Virginia</u> and the VRS Board of Trustees. The School Board's contribution rate for the fiscal year ended 2015 was .40% of annual covered payroll.

# Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The annual cost of OPEB under Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions, is based on the annual required contribution (ARC). The School Board is required to contribute the ARC, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (Continued)

# Note 16-Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance (Continued):

# B. Health Insurance Credit Program Through Virginia Retirement System (Continued)

# Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation (Continued)

For 2015, the School Board's contribution of \$2,748 was equal to the ARC and OPEB cost. The School Board's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for the current and preceding years are as follows:

		Annual		Net	
F	iscal Year	OPEB	Percentage of ARC	OPEB	
	Ending	 Cost (ARC)	Contributed	Obligation	
June	e 30, 2015	\$ 2,748	100%	\$	-
June	e 30, 2014	3,820	100%		-
June	e 30, 2013	3,955	100%		-

The funded status of the plan as of June 30, 2014, the most recent actuarial valuation date, is as follows:

Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$ 63,149
Actuarial value of plan assets	\$ 33,888
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	\$ 29,261
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/AAL)	53.66%
Covered payroll (active plan members)	\$ 694,598
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	4.21%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future and reflect a long-term perspective. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (Continued)

# Note 16-Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance (Continued):

# B. Health Insurance Credit Program Through Virginia Retirement System (Continued)

# Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used included techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

Retiree postemployment benefit expenses are determined under the Projected Unit Credit actuarial cost method. Under this method, benefits are projected for life and their present value is determined. The present value is divided into equal parts, which are earned over the period from date of hire to the full eligibility date.

The entry age normal cost method was used to determine the plan's funding liabilities and costs. The actuarial assumptions included a 7.0% investment rate of return, compounded annually, including an inflation component of 2.5%, and a payroll growth rate of 3%. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2014 was 20-29 years using an open amortization period.

# Professional Employees - Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board

The School Board professional employees participate in the Health Insurance Credit Program, a plan designed to assist retirees with the cost of health insurance coverage. This program is a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). The Virginia General Assembly establishes the dollar amount of the health insurance credit for each year of creditable service.

A teacher, who retires under VRS with at least 15 years of total creditable service under the System and is enrolled in a health insurance plan, is eligible to receive a monthly health insurance credit of \$4 per year of creditable service. However, such credit shall not exceed the health insurance premium for the retiree. Disabled retirees automatically receive a monthly health insurance credit of \$4 multiplied by the smaller of (i) twice the amount of their creditable service or (ii) the amount of creditable service they would have completed at age 60 if they had remained in service to that age.

The School Board is required to contribute, at an actuarially determined rate, the entire amount necessary to fund participation in the program. The current rate is 1.06% of annual covered payroll. The School Board's contributions to VRS for the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 were \$109,172 and \$111,722, respectively and equaled the required contributions for each year.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (Continued)

# Note 17-Restatement of Beginning Net Position

The following adjustments were made to beginning net position:

	 Governmental Activities	_	Component-Unit School Board
Net position as previously reported	\$ 6,509,571	\$	11,241,059
Implementation of GASB 68: Deferred outflows of resources Net pension liability	537,604 (5,565,498)		1,233,567 (19,803,184)
Net position as restated	\$ 1,481,677	\$	(7,328,558)

# Note 18-Upcoming Pronouncements:

Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, amends the definitions of fair value used throughout GASB literature to be consistent with the definition and principles provided in FASB Accounting Standards Codification Topic 820, Fair Value Measurement. This Statement provides guidance for determining a fair value measurement for financial reporting purposes and for applying fair value to certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements. The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2015. No formal study or estimate of the impact of this standard has been performed.

Statement No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That are Not Within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68, establishes requirements for defined benefit pensions that are not within the scope of Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, as well as for the assets accumulated for purposes of providing those pensions. In addition, it establishes requirements for defined contribution pensions that are not within the scope of Statement 68 and amends certain provisions of Statement No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans, and Statement 68 for pension plans and pensions that are within their respective scopes. The requirements of this Statement that address accounting and financial reporting by employers and governmental nonemployer contributing entities for pensions that are not within the scope of Statement 68 are effective for financial statements for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2016, and the requirements of this Statement that address financial reporting for assets accumulated for purposes of providing those pensions are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2015. The requirements of this Statement for pension plans that are within the scope of Statement 67 or for pensions that are within the scope of Statement 68 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2015. No formal study or estimate of the impact of this standard has been performed.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (Continued)

# Note 18-Upcoming Pronouncements: (Continued)

Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, improves the usefulness of information about postemployment benefits other than pensions (other postemployment benefits or OPEB) included in the general purpose external financial reports of state and local governmental OPEB plans for making decisions and assessing accountability. This Statement replaces Statements No. 43, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, as amended, and No. 57, OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple Employer Plans. It also includes requirements for defined contribution OPEB plans that replace the requirements for those OPEB plans in Statement No. 25, Financial Reporting for Defined Benefit Pension Plans and Note Disclosures for Defined Contribution Plans, as amended, Statement 43, and Statement No. 50, Pension Disclosures. This Statement is effective for financial statements for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2016. No formal study or estimate of the impact of this standard has been performed.

Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension, improves accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for postemployment benefits other than pensions (other postemployment benefits or OPEB). This Statement replaces the requirements of Statements No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, as amended, and No. 57, OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple Employer Plans, for OPEB. Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, establishes new accounting and financial reporting requirements for OPEB plans. This Statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017. No formal study or estimate of the impact of this standard has been performed.

Statement No. 76, The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments, objective is to identify—in the context of the current governmental financial reporting environment—the hierarchy of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). This Statement supersedes Statement No. 55, The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments. The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2015, and should be applied retroactively. No formal study or estimate of the impact of this standard has been performed.

Statement No. 77, *Tax Abatement Disclosures*, will increase the disclosure of tax abatement agreements to disclose information about the agreements. The requirements of this Statement improve financial reporting by giving users of financial statements essential information that is not consistently or comprehensively reported to the public at present. The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2015. No formal study or estimate of the impact of this standard has been performed.





# County of Appomattox, Virginia General Fund

# Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Budgeted	I Amounts		Variance with Final Budget -
	0	e	Actual	Positive
DEVENUES	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	<u>Amounts</u>	(Negative)
REVENUES	Ć 44 440 4F4	Ć 44 440 4E4	Ć 44 027 477	Ć ((F.042
General property taxes	\$ 11,160,654	\$ 11,160,654		
Other local taxes	1,864,000	1,864,000	1,993,511	129,511
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses	99,000	99,000	89,723	(9,277)
Fines and forfeitures	26,000	26,000	27,562	1,562
Revenue from the use of money and property	167,862	167,862	76,916	(90,946)
Charges for services	219,128	219,128	147,394	(71,734)
Miscellaneous	102,497	102,497	409,824	307,327
Recovered costs	13,678	13,678	218,137	204,459
Intergovernmental:				
Commonwealth	4,337,604	4,337,604	6,093,385	1,755,781
Federal	1,184,460	1,184,460	1,569,025	384,565
Total revenues	\$ 19,174,883	\$ 19,174,883	\$ 22,451,943	\$ 3,277,060
EVDENDITUDES				
EXPENDITURES				
Current:	Ć 4 (FO 402	ć 4.752.024	<u> </u>	ć <b>7</b> 0.205
General government administration	\$ 1,658,403	\$ 1,753,921	\$ 1,674,716	
Judicial administration	1,029,656	1,109,330	1,018,211	91,119
Public safety	3,555,383	3,627,047	3,294,858	332,189
Public works	1,613,435	1,561,612	1,465,152	96,460
Health and welfare	2,641,255	3,509,558	3,409,538	100,020
Education	5,442,072	5,442,072	5,099,005	343,067
Parks, recreation, and cultural	481,019	512,234	461,487	50,747
Community development	436,220	2,021,209	1,971,498	49,711
Capital projects	76,573	76,573	76,573	-
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	1,865,198	1,865,198	1,865,198	-
Interest and other fiscal charges	1,208,729	1,208,729	1,208,729	-
Total expenditures	\$ 20,007,943	\$ 22,687,483	\$ 21,544,965	\$ 1,142,518
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)				
expenditures	\$ (833,060)	\$ (3,512,600)	\$ 906,978	\$ 4,419,578
OTHER FINANCING COURGES (HCFC)				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	Ć 442.24E	Ć 440.24E	Ć 25 422	ć (70.442)
Transfers in	\$ 113,245	•		
Transfers out	(280,185)			
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$ (166,940)	\$ (166,940)	\$ (242,542)	\$ (75,602)
Not change in fund balances	\$ (1,000,000)	\$ (3,679,540)	¢ 664.426	¢ 4242074
Net change in fund balances	\$ (1,000,000) 1,000,000			
Fund balances - beginning		3,679,540	7,255,157	3,575,617
Fund balances - ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,919,593	\$ 7,919,593

# County of Appomattox, Virginia

# **Schedule of OPEB Funding Progress**

# For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

Primary Government:

County Retiree Health Plan:

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (AVA)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll	UAAL as Percentage of Covered Payroll
7/1/2014 \$	- \$	331,100 \$	331,100	0.00% \$	2,897,400	11.43%
7/1/2012	-	289,300	289,300	0.00%	2,447,500	11.82%
7/1/2010	-	287,320	287,320	0.00%	2,599,960	11.05%

**Discretely Presented Component Unit:** 

School Board Retiree Health Plan:

	Actuarial	Actuarial				UAAL as
Actuarial	Value of	Accrued	Unfunded			Percentage
Valuation	Assets	Liability	Actuarial	Funded	Covered	of Covered
Date	(AVA)	(AAL)	Accrued Liability	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
7/1/2014 \$	-	\$ 1,173,900 \$	1,173,900	0.00% \$	10,272,600	11.43%
7/1/2012	-	1,025,700	1,025,700	0.00%	8,677,500	11.82%
7/1/2010	-	1,018,680	1,018,680	0.00%	9,218,040	11.05%

Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board:

Health Insurance Credit Program Through Virginia Retirement System

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (AVA)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll	UAAL as Percentage of Covered Payroll
6/30/2014 \$	33,888 \$	63,149 \$	29,261	53.66% \$	694,598	4.21%
6/30/2013	29,407	57,860	28,453	50.82%	725,979	3.92%
6/30/2012	25,718	55,643	29,925	46.22%	666,466	4.49%
6/30/2011	24,444	51,325	26,881	47.63%	696,815	3.86%
6/30/2010	19,066	48,557	29,491	39.27%	654,259	4.51%
6/30/2009	12,260	44,090	31,830	27.81%	669,727	4.75%

# County of Appomattox, Virginia Schedule of Components of and Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Primary Government

# For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	2014
Total pension liability	
Service cost	\$ 443,674
Interest	1,496,352
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(1,102,328)
Net change in total pension liability	\$ 837,698
Total pension liability - beginning	21,927,617
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 22,765,315
Plan fiduciary net position	
Contributions - employer	\$ 537,604
Contributions - employee	208,860
Net investment income	2,557,177
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(1,102,328)
Administrative expense	(13,959)
Other	135
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$ 2,187,489
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	16,362,119
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 18,549,608
County's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 4,215,707
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total	0.4.40%
pension liability	81.48%
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 3,984,402
County's net pension liability as a percentage of	
covered-employee payroll	105.81%

# County of Appomattox, Virginia

# Schedule of Components of and Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)

# For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

		2014
Total pension liability		
Service cost	\$	81,045
Interest		179,628
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(125,141)
Net change in total pension liability	\$	135,532
Total pension liability - beginning		2,628,682
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	2,764,214
Plan fiduciary net position		
Contributions - employer	\$	55,567
Contributions - employee		34,731
Net investment income		388,463
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(125,141)
Administrative expense		(2,105)
Other		20
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$ <u></u>	351,535
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		2,474,498
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	2,826,033
School Division's net pension liability (asset) - ending (a) - (b)	\$	(61,819)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total		
pension liability		102.24%
Covered-employee payroll	\$	694,598
School Division's net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of		0.000
covered-employee payroll		-8.90%

# County of Appomattox, Virginia Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability VRS Teacher Retirement Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2015\*

	_	2015
Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)		0.13802%
Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	16,680,000
Employer's Covered-Employee Payroll		10,065,047
Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll		165.72%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		70.88%

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented have a measurement date of the previous fiscal year end.

# County of Appomattox, Virginia Schedule of Employer Contributions For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Date		Contractually Required Contribution (1)		Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (2)	_	Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)	_	Employer's Covered Employee Payroll (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered Employee Payroll (5)			
Primary Government												
2015	\$	597,846	\$	597,846	\$	-	\$	4,031,328	14.83%			
Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)												
2015	\$	51,679	\$	51,679	\$	-	\$	686,311	7.53%			
Component Unit School Board (professional)												
2015	\$	1,485,208	\$	1,485,208	\$	-	\$	10,242,814	14.50%			

# County of Appomattox, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Changes of benefit terms - There have been no significant changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation. A hybrid plan with changes to the defined benefit plan structure and a new defined contribution component were adopted in 2012. The hybrid plan applies to most new employees hired on or after January 1, 2014 and not covered by enhanced hazardous duty benefits. The liabilities presented do not reflect the hybrid plan since it covers new members joining the System after the valuation date of June 30, 2013 and the impact on the liabilities as of the measurement date of June 30, 2014 are minimal.

Changes of assumptions - The following changes in actuarial assumptions were made effective June 30, 2013 based on the most recent experience study of the System for the four-year period ending June 30, 2012:

#### Largest 10 - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

# Largest 10 - LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in male rates of disability

# All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

#### All Others (Non 10 Largest) - LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to rates of service retirement for females
- Increase in rates of withdrawal
- Decrease in male and female rates of disability

# Component Unit School Board - Professional Employees

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to the rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates withdrawals for 3 through 9 years of service
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year







COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES



### County of Appomattox, Virginia County Capital Projects Fund

### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Budgeted A	Amo	ounts		_	ariance with inal Budget -	
	<u>Original</u> <u>Final</u>			Actual <u>Amounts</u>	Positive <u>(Negative)</u>		
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Education	\$ 15,000	\$	294,677	\$ 117,218	\$	177,459	
Total expenditures	\$ 15,000	\$	294,677	\$ 117,218	\$	177,459	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)							
expenditures	\$ (15,000)	\$	(294,677)	\$ (117,218)	\$	177,459	
Net change in fund balances	\$ (15,000)	\$	(294,677)	\$ (117,218)	\$	177,459	
Fund balances - beginning	15,000		294,677	3,544,433		3,249,756	
Fund balances - ending	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 3,427,215	\$	3,427,215	

# County of Appomattox, Virginia Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	County Special Revenue Fund								
						V	ariance with		
						F	inal Budget		
		Budgeted Ar	mounts				Positive		
		<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>		<u>Actual</u>		(Negative)		
REVENUES									
Charges for services	\$	- \$	-	\$	31,054	\$	31,054		
Miscellaneous		-	-		1,026		1,026		
Intergovernmental:									
Commonwealth		-	-		57,502		57,502		
Total revenues	\$	- \$	-	\$	89,582	\$	89,582		
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
Public safety	\$	- \$	29,722	\$	29,722	\$	-		
Total expenditures	\$	- \$	29,722	\$	29,722	\$	-		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)									
expenditures	\$	- \$	(29,722)	\$	59,860	\$	89,582		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers in	\$	- \$	-	\$	29,722	\$	29,722		
Transfers out		(113,245)	(113,245)		(35,133)		78,112		
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	(113,245) \$	(113,245)	\$	(5,411)	\$	107,834		
Net change in fund balances	\$	(113,245) \$	(142,967)	\$	54,449	\$	197,416		
Fund balances - beginning	-	113,245	142,967		706,276	-	563,309		
Fund balances - ending	\$	- \$	-	\$	760,725	\$	760,725		

# County of Appomattox, Virginia Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2015

	 Agency		
	Special <u>Welfare</u>	Sheriff <u>Drug</u>	<u>Total</u>
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 16,124	\$ 13,223	\$ 29,347
Total assets	\$ 16,124	\$ 13,223	\$ 29,347
LIABILITIES  Amounts held for social services clients  Amounts held for others	\$ 16,124 -	\$ - 13,223	\$ 16,124 13,223
Total liabilities	\$ 16,124	\$ 13,223	\$ 29,347

## County of Appomattox, Virginia Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities - Agency Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

0	-	Balance Beginning of Year		Additions	. <u>-</u>	Deletions	. <u>-</u>	Balance End of Year
Special Welfare: Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	11,497	\$	16,178	\$	11,551	\$	16,124
Liabilities: Amounts held for social services clients	\$	11,497	\$	16,178	\$	11,551	\$	16,124
Sheriff Drug:								
Assets:  Cash and cash equivalents	\$	13,223	\$	-	\$	-	\$	13,223
Liabilities: Amounts held for others	\$	13,223	\$	-	\$	-	\$	13,223
Swim Team:								
Assets:  Cash and cash equivalents	\$	479	\$	4,600	\$	5,079	\$	-
Liabilities: Amounts held for others	\$	479	\$	4,600	\$	5,079	\$	-
	•				-		-	
Totals All Agency Funds Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	25,199	\$	20,778	\$	16,630	\$	29,347
Liabilities:								
Amounts held for others	\$	13,702	\$	4,600	\$	5,079	\$	13,223
Amounts held for social services clients  Total liabilities	٠.	11,497 25,199		16,178 20,778	٠, -	11,551 16,630	· s –	16,124 29,347
rotat tiabilities	٠ :	25, 199	٠,	20,778	٠ ٦	10,030	٠	29,347

## DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT SCHOOL BOARD



## County of Appomattox, Virginia Combining Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board June 30, 2015

1 3	Total vernmental Funds  915,352 4,000 57,029 1,740,396 2,716,777  93,740 1,703,685 57,029 1,854,454  860,323 2,000 862,323 2,716,777
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents \$ 177,788 \$ 737,564 \$ Cash in custody of others \$ 57,029 \$  Due from other funds \$ 57,029 \$  Total assets \$ 1,975,213 \$ 741,564 \$  LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:  Accounts payable \$ 93,740 \$  Accounts payable \$ 93,740 \$  Accound liabilities \$ 1,703,685 \$  Due to other funds \$ 1,797,425 \$ 57,029 \$  Fund balances:  Committed \$ 1,797,425 \$ 57,029 \$  Fund balances:  Committed \$ 175,788 \$ 684,535 \$  Unassigned \$ 2,000  Total fund balances \$ 177,788 \$ 684,535 \$  Total fund balances \$ 1,777,88 \$ 684,535 \$  Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit 1) are	915,352 4,000 57,029 1,740,396 2,716,777 93,740 1,703,685 57,029 1,854,454 860,323 2,000 862,323
Cash and cash equivalents         \$ 177,788 \$ 737,564 \$ \$           Cash in custody of others         - 4,000           Due from other funds         57,029 \$           Due from other governmental units         1,740,396 \$           Total assets         \$ 1,975,213 \$ 741,564 \$           LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES           Liabilities:           Accounts payable         \$ 93,740 \$ - \$           Accrued liabilities         1,703,685 - \$           Due to other funds         - 57,029           Total liabilities         \$ 1,797,425 \$ 57,029 \$           Fund balances:         \$ 175,788 \$ 684,535 \$           Unassigned         \$ 2,000           Total fund balances         \$ 177,788 \$ 684,535 \$           Total liabilities and fund balances         \$ 1,975,213 \$ 741,564 \$	4,000 57,029 1,740,396 2,716,777 93,740 1,703,685 57,029 1,854,454 860,323 2,000 862,323
Cash and cash equivalents         \$ 177,788 \$ 737,564 \$ \$           Cash in custody of others         - 4,000           Due from other funds         57,029 \$           Due from other governmental units         1,740,396 \$           Total assets         \$ 1,975,213 \$ 741,564 \$           LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES           Liabilities:           Accounts payable         \$ 93,740 \$ - \$           Accrued liabilities         1,703,685 - \$           Due to other funds         - 57,029           Total liabilities         \$ 1,797,425 \$ 57,029 \$           Fund balances:         \$ 175,788 \$ 684,535 \$           Unassigned         \$ 2,000           Total fund balances         \$ 177,788 \$ 684,535 \$           Total liabilities and fund balances         \$ 1,975,213 \$ 741,564 \$	4,000 57,029 1,740,396 2,716,777 93,740 1,703,685 57,029 1,854,454 860,323 2,000 862,323
Due from other funds 57,029 - Due from other governmental units 1,740,396 - Total assets \$\frac{1}{3},741,364 \\$\$  LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES  Liabilities:  Accounts payable \$\frac{9}{3},740 \\$\$ - \\$ Accrued liabilities 1,703,685 - \ Due to other funds - \frac{5}{5},029 \\$  Total liabilities \$\frac{1}{3},797,425 \\$\$ 57,029 \\$  Fund balances:  Committed \$\frac{1}{3},773,788 \\$\$ 684,535 \\$\$ Unassigned 2,000 - \ Total fund balances \$\frac{1}{3},773,788 \\$\$ 684,535 \\$\$ Total liabilities and fund balances \$\frac{1}{3},775,213 \\$\$ 741,564 \\$\$  Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit 1) are	57,029 1,740,396 2,716,777 93,740 1,703,685 57,029 1,854,454 860,323 2,000 862,323
Due from other governmental units Total assets  1,740,396  1,975,213 \$ 741,564 \$  LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:  Accounts payable \$ 93,740 \$ . \$ Accrued liabilities 1,703,685  Due to other funds	1,740,396 2,716,777 93,740 1,703,685 57,029 1,854,454 860,323 2,000 862,323
Total assets \$ 1,975,213 \$ 741,564 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	2,716,777  93,740 1,703,685 57,029 1,854,454  860,323 2,000 862,323
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES  Liabilities:  Accounts payable \$ 93,740 \$ - \$  Accrued liabilities 1,703,685 - 5  Due to other funds - 57,029  Total liabilities \$ 1,797,425 \$ 57,029 \$  Fund balances:  Committed \$ 175,788 \$ 684,535 \$  Unassigned \$ 2,000 - 5  Total fund balances \$ 177,788 \$ 684,535 \$  Total liabilities and fund balances \$ 1,975,213 \$ 741,564 \$	93,740 1,703,685 57,029 1,854,454 860,323 2,000 862,323
Liabilities:  Accounts payable \$ 93,740 \$ - \$ Accrued liabilities 1,703,685 - 5 Due to other funds - 57,029 \$  Total liabilities \$ 1,797,425 \$ 57,029 \$  Fund balances:  Committed \$ 175,788 \$ 684,535 \$ Unassigned 2,000 - 7  Total fund balances \$ 177,788 \$ 684,535 \$  Total fund balances \$ 1,975,213 \$ 741,564 \$  Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit 1) are	1,703,685 57,029 1,854,454 860,323 2,000 862,323
Liabilities:  Accounts payable \$ 93,740 \$ - \$ Accrued liabilities 1,703,685 - 5 Due to other funds - 57,029 \$  Total liabilities \$ 1,797,425 \$ 57,029 \$  Fund balances:  Committed \$ 175,788 \$ 684,535 \$ Unassigned 2,000 - 7  Total fund balances \$ 177,788 \$ 684,535 \$  Total liabilities and fund balances \$ 1,975,213 \$ 741,564 \$  Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit 1) are	1,703,685 57,029 1,854,454 860,323 2,000 862,323
Accounts payable \$ 93,740 \$ - \$ Accrued liabilities 1,703,685 - 5 Due to other funds 57,029 \$  Total liabilities \$ 1,797,425 \$ 57,029 \$  Fund balances:  Committed \$ 175,788 \$ 684,535 \$ Unassigned 2,000 - 7  Total fund balances \$ 177,788 \$ 684,535 \$  Total fund balances \$ 1,975,213 \$ 741,564 \$  Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit 1) are	1,703,685 57,029 1,854,454 860,323 2,000 862,323
Accrued liabilities 1,703,685 - Due to other funds - 57,029 Total liabilities \$1,797,425 \$57,029 \$  Fund balances:  Committed \$175,788 \$684,535 \$ Unassigned 2,000 - Total fund balances \$177,788 \$684,535 \$ Total fund balances \$177,788 \$684,535 \$ Total liabilities and fund balances \$1,975,213 \$741,564 \$	1,703,685 57,029 1,854,454 860,323 2,000 862,323
Due to other funds Total liabilities  \$\frac{1}{3},797,425 \\$ \frac{5}{3},029 \\$\$  Fund balances:  Committed \$\frac{1}{3},175,788 \\$ \frac{684,535}{3} \\$\$  Unassigned \$\frac{2}{3},000 \\$\$  Total fund balances \$\frac{1}{3},777,788 \\$ \frac{684,535}{3} \\$\$  Total liabilities and fund balances \$\frac{1}{3},975,213 \\$ \frac{7}{3},41,564 \\$\$  Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit 1) are	57,029 1,854,454 860,323 2,000 862,323
Fund balances:  Committed \$ 175,788 \$ 684,535 \$  Unassigned \$ 2,000  Total fund balances \$ 177,788 \$ 684,535 \$  Total liabilities and fund balances \$ 1,975,213 \$ 741,564 \$  Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit 1) are	860,323 2,000 862,323
Committed \$ 175,788 \$ 684,535 \$ Unassigned 2,000 -  Total fund balances \$ 177,788 \$ 684,535 \$ Total liabilities and fund balances \$ 1,975,213 \$ 741,564 \$   Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit 1) are	2,000 862,323
Committed \$ 175,788 \$ 684,535 \$ Unassigned 2,000 -  Total fund balances \$ 177,788 \$ 684,535 \$ Total liabilities and fund balances \$ 1,975,213 \$ 741,564 \$   Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit 1) are	2,000 862,323
Unassigned 2,000 - Total fund balances \$ 177,788 \$ 684,535 \$ Total liabilities and fund balances \$ 1,975,213 \$ 741,564 \$  Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit 1) are	2,000 862,323
Total fund balances \$ 177,788 \$ 684,535 \$  Total liabilities and fund balances \$ 1,975,213 \$ 741,564 \$  Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit 1) are	862,323
Total liabilities and fund balances \$ 1,975,213 \$ 741,564 \$  Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit 1) are	
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit 1) are	
Total fund balances per above \$	862,323
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	
Capital assets, cost \$ 20,644,051 Accumulated depreciation (9,915,704)	10,728,347
The net pension asset is not an available resource and, therefore, is not reported in the funds.	61,819
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.	
Items related to measurement of net pension liability	(3,168,232)
Pension contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be a reduction to the net pension liability in the next fiscal year and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	1,536,887
Long-term liabilities, including VRS early retirement incentive, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment:	
Early retirement liability \$ (390,434)	
Net pension liability (16,680,000)	
Net OPEB obligation (225,420)	(17,295,854)
Net position of governmental activities \$	(7,274,710)

## County of Appomattox, Virginia Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Part	For the Year I	Ended Ju	ıne 30, 2015				
Revenue from the use of money and property   S   3.511   S   S   S   3.511			Operating		Revenue		Governmental
Charges for services   196, 133   290,595   486,728   39,437   0   99,	REVENUES		2 = 44				2.544
Miscellaneous   93,437		\$	•	\$	-	\$	
Recovered costs   9,616   . 9,616   . 9,616   . 9,616   . 167   . 9,616   . 167   . 9,616   . 167   . 9,616   . 167   . 9,616   . 167   . 9,616   . 167   . 9,616   . 167   . 9,616   . 167	<u> </u>		•		290,595		,
Intergoremental:    Commonwealth					-		,
Local government			9,010		-		7,010
Commowealth   13,265,398			5.215.702		144		5.215.846
Pederal   1,174,283   500,823   1,735,106   Total revenues   5   19,958,080   5   862,733   5   20,820,813   EXPENDITURES							
Total revenues   \$ 19,986,080 \$ 862,733 \$ 20,820,813    EXPENDITURES							
Education   \$ 19,840,422   \$ 938,191   \$ 20,778,613   Debt service:  Principal retirement   28,950   33,551   33,551   Total expenditures   28,950   33,551   33,551   Total expenditures   5 19,902,023   938,191   \$ 20,841,114   Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)   expenditures   \$ 5,51,57   \$ 7,5458   \$ 20,301   DTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out   \$ 5,51,57   \$ 5,157   \$ 5,51,57   Transfers out   \$ 5,51,57   \$ 5,51,57   \$ 5,51,57   Total other financing sources (uses)   \$ 5,157   \$ 5,157   \$ 5,51,57   Total other financing sources (uses)   \$ 5,157   \$ 5,157   \$ 5,157   Total other financing sources (uses)   \$ 7,7,788   \$ 704,836   \$ 882,644   Fund balances - beginning   \$ 177,788   \$ 704,836   \$ 882,644   Fund balances - ending   \$ 177,788   \$ 684,535   \$ 862,323   Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit 2) are different because:  Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds - per above   \$ (20,301   Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded the capital outlays in the current period.  Capital asset additions   \$ 288,717   223,210   Coultagis in the current period.  Capital asset additions   \$ 288,717   Deprediction expense   \$ (20,301   Governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term obligations consumes the current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. (Increase) decrease in items related to measurement of net pension liability   \$ (3,168,232   The Issuance of long-term obligations provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term obligations consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Network the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issue, whereas these amounts are d	Total revenues	\$		\$		\$	20,820,813
Education   \$ 19,840,422   \$ 938,191   \$ 20,778,613   Debt service:  Principal retirement   28,950   33,551   33,551   Total expenditures   28,950   33,551   33,551   Total expenditures   5 19,902,023   938,191   \$ 20,841,114   Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)   expenditures   \$ 5,51,57   \$ 7,5458   \$ 20,301   DTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out   \$ 5,51,57   \$ 5,157   \$ 5,51,57   Transfers out   \$ 5,51,57   \$ 5,51,57   \$ 5,51,57   Total other financing sources (uses)   \$ 5,157   \$ 5,157   \$ 5,51,57   Total other financing sources (uses)   \$ 5,157   \$ 5,157   \$ 5,157   Total other financing sources (uses)   \$ 7,7,788   \$ 704,836   \$ 882,644   Fund balances - beginning   \$ 177,788   \$ 704,836   \$ 882,644   Fund balances - ending   \$ 177,788   \$ 684,535   \$ 862,323   Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit 2) are different because:  Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds - per above   \$ (20,301   Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded the capital outlays in the current period.  Capital asset additions   \$ 288,717   223,210   Coultagis in the current period.  Capital asset additions   \$ 288,717   Deprediction expense   \$ (20,301   Governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term obligations consumes the current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. (Increase) decrease in items related to measurement of net pension liability   \$ (3,168,232   The Issuance of long-term obligations provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term obligations consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Network the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issue, whereas these amounts are d	FXPENDITURES						
Education Debt service:  Principal retirement Princ	Current:						
Debt service: Principal retirement   28,950		\$	19,840,422	\$	938,191	\$	20,778,613
Interest and other fiscal charges Total expenditures  Total expend	Debt service:	·	, ,		,	·	, ,
Total expenditures   \$ 19,902,923 \$ 938,191 \$ 20,841,114   Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures   \$ 5,55,157 \$ 75,458 \$	Principal retirement		28,950		-		28,950
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures    S 55,157 \$ (75,458) \$ (20,301    TOTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)  Transfers in	Interest and other fiscal charges		33,551		-		33,551
expenditures S 55,157 S (75,458) S (20,301)  DTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)  Transfers in S (5,5157) S 55,157 S (55,157)  Total other financing sources (uses) S (55,157) S (55,157)  Total other financing sources (uses) S (55,157) S (55,157)  Total other financing sources (uses) S (55,157) S (55,157)  Total other financing sources (uses) S (55,157) S (20,301) S (20,301)  Fund balances - beginning 177,788 704,836 882,624  Fund balances - beginning 177,788 704,836 882,624  Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit 2) are different because:  Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds - per above S (20,301)  Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those asset is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded the capital outlays in the current period.  Capital asset additions  Jointly owned asset allocation  Depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded the capital outlays in the current period.  (Increase) decrease in items related to measurement of net pension liability (3,168,232)  The issuance of long-term obligations provides current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.  (Increase) decrease in items related to measurement of net pension liability (3,168,232)  The issuance of long-term obligations provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term obligations consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term obligations consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activit	Total expenditures	\$	19,902,923	\$	938,191	\$	20,841,114
expenditures S 55,157 S (75,458) S (20,301)  DTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)  Transfers in S (5,5157) S 55,157 S (55,157)  Total other financing sources (uses) S (55,157) S (55,157)  Total other financing sources (uses) S (55,157) S (55,157)  Total other financing sources (uses) S (55,157) S (55,157)  Total other financing sources (uses) S (55,157) S (20,301) S (20,301)  Fund balances - beginning 177,788 704,836 882,624  Fund balances - beginning 177,788 704,836 882,624  Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit 2) are different because:  Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds - per above S (20,301)  Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those asset is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded the capital outlays in the current period.  Capital asset additions  Jointly owned asset allocation  Depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded the capital outlays in the current period.  (Increase) decrease in items related to measurement of net pension liability (3,168,232)  The issuance of long-term obligations provides current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.  (Increase) decrease in items related to measurement of net pension liability (3,168,232)  The issuance of long-term obligations provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term obligations consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term obligations consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activit	Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)						
Transfers in S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	S	55.157	Ś	(75.458)	s	(20.301)
Transfers in Transfers out (55,157) \$ 55,157 Transfers out (55,157) \$ 5,5157 Transfers out (55,157) \$ 5,5157 Transfers out (55,157) \$ 5,5157 Total other financing sources (uses) \$ (55,157) \$ 5,5157 Net change in fund balances \$ (5,177,788,704,836,882,624 Fund balances - beginning 177,788 \$ 704,836,882,624 Fund balances - beginning 177,788 \$ 684,535 \$ 862,323 Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit 2) are different because:  Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds - per above \$ (20,301) Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded the capital outlays in the current period.  Capital asset additions 2 (23,210) Depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded the capital outlays in the current period.  Capital asset additions 2 (23,210) Depreciation expense (740,799) (228,872)  Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.  (Increase) decrease in items related to measurement of net pension liability (3,168,232)  The issuance of long-term obligations provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term obligations consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term obligations consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of activities on to require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.  (Increase) decreas	expension of		33,.37		(70, 100)		(20,00.)
Transfers out Troats often financing sources (uses)  Total other finan	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Total other financing sources (uses)  S (55,157) \$ 55,157 \$  Net change in fund balances  Purity balances - beginning  Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit 2) are different because:  Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds - per above  Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds - per above  Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds - per above  Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds - per above  Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds - per above  Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds - per above  Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds - per above  Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds - per above  Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds - per above  Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds - per above  Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds - per above  Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds - per above  Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds - per above  Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds - per above  Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds - per above  Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds - per above  Net change in funds balances - total governmental funds - per above  Net change in funds defined in the statement of activities of the persion liability  Net capital statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the statement of net pension liability  Net capital statement of statement of net pension liability  Net capital statement of statement of net pension liability  Net capital statement of statement of activities on the effect of per peniums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in het pratient of activ		\$	-	\$	55,157	\$	55,157
Net change in fund balances Fund balances - beginning Fund balances -					-		
Fund balances - beginning Fund balances - ending  177,788 704,836 882,624 Fund balances - ending  177,788 5 684,535 \$ 862,323  Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit 2) are different because:  Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds - per above  Sovernmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded the capital outlays in the current period.  Capital asset additions  Sovernmental funds report activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.  (Increase) decrease in items related to measurement of net pension liability  The issuance of long-term obligations provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term obligations consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term obligations and related items.  Decrease in early retirement liability  28,950  Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.  (Increase) decrease in net OPEB obligation  Some expenses reported in the measurement date  Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows related to pension payments  subsequent to the measurement date  Increase (decrease) in net pension asset  (Increase) decrease in net pension liability	Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	(55,157)	\$	55,157	\$	-
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit 2) are different because:  Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds - per above  Sovernmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded the capital outlays in the current period.  Capital asset additions  Jointly owned asset allocation  Depreciation expense  Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.  (Increase) decrease in items related to measurement of net pension liability  (3,168,232)  The issuance of long-term obligations provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term obligations consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term obligations and related items.  Decrease in early retirement liability  28,950  Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.  (increase) decrease) in deferred outflows related to pension payments subsequent to the measurement date increase (decrease) in net pension asset in the pension ass	Net change in fund balances	\$	-	\$	(20,301)	\$	(20,301)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit 2) are different because:  Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds - per above \$ (20,301 Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded the capital outlays in the current period.  Capital asset additions \$ 288,717 Jointly owned asset allocation \$ 223,210 Depreciation expense (740,799) (228,872 Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.  (Increase) decrease in items related to measurement of net pension liability (3,168,232 The issuance of long-term obligations provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term obligations consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term obligations and related items.  Decrease in early retirement liability 28,950 Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.  (Increase) decrease in net OPEB obligation \$ (46,020) Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows related to pension payments subsequent to the measurement date Increase (decrease) in net pension asset 61,819 (Increase) decrease in net pension asset	Fund balances - beginning		177,788		704,836		882,624
Met change in fund balances - total governmental funds - per above  Sovernmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded the capital outlays in the current period.  Capital asset additions Jointly owned asset allocation Depreciation expense  (740,799)  (228,872  Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.  (Increase) decrease in items related to measurement of net pension liability  (3,168,232  The issuance of long-term obligations provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term obligations consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term obligations and related items.  Decrease in early retirement liability  28,950  Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.  (Increase) decrease in net OPEB obligation  (Increase) decrease in net OPEB obligation  (Increase) decrease in net open date of the pension payments subsequent to the measurement date Increase (decrease) in net pension asset (Increase) decrease in net pension isability  3,123,184  3,442,303	Fund balances - ending	\$	177,788	\$	684,535	\$	862,323
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded the capital outlays in the current period.  Capital asset additions Jointly owned asset allocation Pepreciation expense  (740,799) Pepreciation expense  Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.  (Increase) decrease in items related to measurement of net pension liability  (3,168,232) The issuance of long-term obligations provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term obligations consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term obligations and related items.  Decrease in early retirement liability  28,950 Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.  (Increase) decrease in net OPEB obligation  (Increase) decrease) in deferred outflows related to pension payments subsequent to the measurement date Increase (decrease) in net pension asset  (Increase) decrease in net pension liability		of activit	ies (Exhibit 2) are				
activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded the capital outlays in the current period.  Capital asset additions  Jointly owned asset allocation  Experimental expense  Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.  (Increase) decrease in items related to measurement of net pension liability  (3,168,232)  The issuance of long-term obligations provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term obligations consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term obligations and related items.  Decrease in early retirement liability  28,950  Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.  (Increase) decrease in net OPEB obligation  (Increase) decrease) in deferred outflows related to pension payments  subsequent to the measurement date  Jong 20,320  Increase (decrease) in net pension asset  (Increase) decrease in net pension asset	Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds - per ab	ove				\$	(20,301)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.  (Increase) decrease in items related to measurement of net pension liability  (3,168,232)  The issuance of long-term obligations provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term obligations consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term obligations and related items.  Decrease in early retirement liability  Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.  (Increase) decrease in net OPEB obligation \$ (46,020) Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows related to pension payments subsequent to the measurement date  Increase (decrease) in net pension asset  (Increase) decrease) in net pension asset  (Increase) decrease in net pension asset  (Increase) decrease in net pension liability  3,123,184  3,442,303	activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estir as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depre outlays in the current period.  Capital asset additions Jointly owned asset allocation	mated us	eful lives and reporte		223,210		(100 PT)
Increase) decrease in items related to measurement of net pension liability  (3,168,232)  The issuance of long-term obligations provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term obligations consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term obligations and related items.  Decrease in early retirement liability  28,950  Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.  (Increase) decrease in net OPEB obligation  \$ (46,020)  Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows related to pension payments  subsequent to the measurement date  303,320  Increase (decrease) in net pension asset  61,819  (Increase) decrease in net pension liability  3,442,303	Depreciation expense				(740,799)		(228,872)
The issuance of long-term obligations provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term obligations consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term obligations and related items.  Decrease in early retirement liability  28,950  Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.  (Increase) decrease in net OPEB obligation  [Increase] (decrease) in deferred outflows related to pension payments  subsequent to the measurement date  Increase (decrease) in net pension asset  [Increase] (decrease) in net pension asset  [Increase] (decrease) in net pension liability  [Increase] (decrease) decrease in net pension liability  [Increase] (decrease) decrease in net pension liability  [Increase] (decrease) decrease in net pension liability	•	ent finar	icial resources are				
governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term obligations consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term obligations and related items.  Decrease in early retirement liability  28,950  Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.  (Increase) decrease in net OPEB obligation  Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows related to pension payments  subsequent to the measurement date  Increase (decrease) in net pension asset  (Increase) decrease in net pension liability  303,320  Increase (decrease) in net pension liability  3,123,184  3,442,303	(Increase) decrease in items related to measurement of n	et pensi	on liability				(3,168,232)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.  (Increase) decrease in net OPEB obligation \$ (46,020) Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows related to pension payments subsequent to the measurement date Increase (decrease) in net pension asset 61,819 (Increase) decrease in net pension liability 3,123,184 3,442,303	governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neith any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first isso are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. T	long-ter her trans the effec ued, whe his amou	m obligations consun action, however, has ct of creas these amounts unt is the net effect				
financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.  (Increase) decrease in net OPEB obligation \$ (46,020) Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows related to pension payments subsequent to the measurement date 303,320 Increase (decrease) in net pension asset 61,819 (Increase) decrease in net pension liability 3,123,184 3,442,303	Decrease in early retirement liability						28,950
Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows related to pension payments subsequent to the measurement date Increase (decrease) in net pension asset (Increase) decrease in net pension liability  303,320 61,819 3,123,184 3,442,303		-		S.			
Increase (decrease) in net pension asset (Increase) decrease in net pension liability (Increase) decrease in net pension liability 3,442,303	Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows related to pension	on payme	ents	\$			
(Increase) decrease in net pension liability 3,123,184 3,442,303	•				•		
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
Change in net position of governmental activities \$ 53,848	(Increase) decrease in net pension liability				3,123,184		3,442,303
	Change in net position of governmental activities				•	\$	53,848

### County of Appomattox, Virginia

## Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual School Operating Fund - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

School Operating Fund										
							riance with			
	Decidents	۸				Fi	nal Budget			
		Am			Actual	Positive				
	<u>Originai</u>		<u>FINAI</u>		Actual	7	<u>Negative)</u>			
ς	7 500	ς	7 500	¢	3 511	ς	(3,989)			
Ą	•	٧	•	٠	·	٠	(11,567)			
	•		•		•		40,637			
	•						(3,384)			
	13,000		13,000		,,0.0		(3,301)			
	5.456.695		5.736.372		5.215.702		(520,670)			
							(241,342)			
	1,002,810		1,002,810		1,174,283		171,473			
\$	20,213,885	\$	20,526,922	\$	19,958,080	\$	(568,842)			
\$	20,327,172	\$	20,640,209	\$	19,840,422	\$	799,787			
	, ,		, ,				·			
	28,950		28,950		28,950		-			
	33,551		33,551		33,551		-			
\$	20,389,673	\$	20,702,710	\$	19,902,923	\$	799,787			
\$	(175,788)	\$	(175,788)	\$	55,157	\$	230,945			
Ś	-	Ś	-	Ś	(55,157)	Ś	(55, 157)			
\$	-	\$	-	\$			(55,157)			
ċ	(175 700)	ċ	(175 700)	ċ		ċ	175,788			
Ą		Ş		Ļ	- 177 788	ڔ	2,000			
Ś	-	\$	-	Ś		S	177,788			
	\$ \$	Original         \$ 7,500         207,700         52,800         13,000         5,456,695         13,473,380         1,002,810         \$ 20,213,885         \$ 20,327,172         28,950         33,551         \$ 20,389,673         \$ (175,788)         \$ -         \$ (175,788)         175,788	Original         \$ 7,500 \$         207,700 \$         52,800 13,000         5,456,695 13,473,380 1,002,810         \$ 20,213,885 \$         \$ 20,327,172 \$         28,950 33,551 \$         \$ 20,389,673 \$         \$ (175,788) \$         \$ - \$         \$ - \$         \$ 175,788 \$	Budgeted Amounts  Original Final  \$ 7,500 \$ 7,500 207,700 207,700 52,800 52,800 13,000 13,000  5,456,695 5,736,372 13,473,380 13,506,740 1,002,810 1,002,810 \$ 20,213,885 \$ 20,526,922  \$ 20,327,172 \$ 20,640,209  28,950 28,950 33,551 33,551 \$ 20,389,673 \$ 20,702,710  \$ (175,788) \$ (175,788)  \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ (175,788) \$ (175,788)	Budgeted Amounts  Original Final  \$ 7,500 \$ 7,500 \$ 207,700 207,700 52,800 52,800 13,000 13,000  5,456,695 5,736,372 13,473,380 13,506,740 1,002,810 1,002,810  \$ 20,213,885 \$ 20,526,922 \$  \$ 28,950 28,950 33,551 33,551 \$ 20,389,673 \$ 20,702,710 \$  \$ (175,788) \$ (175,788) \$  \$ (175,788) \$ (175,788) \$  \$ (175,788) \$ (175,788) \$	Budgeted Amounts           Original         Final         Actual           \$ 7,500         \$ 7,500         \$ 3,511           207,700         207,700         196,133           52,800         52,800         93,437           13,000         13,000         9,616           5,456,695         5,736,372         5,215,702           13,473,380         13,506,740         13,265,398           1,002,810         1,002,810         1,174,283           \$ 20,213,885         \$ 20,526,922         \$ 19,958,080           \$ 28,950         28,950         28,950           33,551         33,551         33,551           \$ 20,389,673         \$ 20,702,710         \$ 19,902,923           \$ (175,788)         \$ (175,788)         \$ 55,157           \$ - \$         \$ (55,157)           \$ (175,788)         \$ (175,788)         \$ - \$           175,788         175,788         175,788	Budgeted Amounts   Final   Actual   George			

### County of Appomattox, Virginia

## Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual School Special Revenue Fund - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

							Var	iance with
			Final Budget					
		Budgeted	Am	nounts	_			Positive
		<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>		<u>Actual</u>	<u>(I</u>	<u>Vegative)</u>
REVENUES								
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	30	\$	30	\$	-	\$	(30)
Charges for services		411,000		411,000		290,595		(120,405)
Miscellaneous		7,000		7,000		-		(7,000)
Intergovernmental:								
Local government		-		-		144		144
Commonwealth		-		-		11,171		11,171
Federal		540,551		592,053		560,823		(31,230)
Total revenues	\$	958,581	\$	1,010,083	\$	862,733	\$	(147,350)
EVDENDITUDES								
EXPENDITURES								
Current:		4 000 000		4 400 004		000 404		400 400
Education	\$	1,090,000	\$	1,428,824	\$	938,191	\$	490,633
Total expenditures	\$	1,090,000	\$	1,428,824	\$	938,191	\$	490,633
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures	\$	(131,419)	Ś	(418,741)	Ś	(75,458)	\$	343,283
expenditures	<del>-</del>	(131,117)		(110,711)	<u> </u>	(10, 100)		3 13,203
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in	\$	-	\$	-	\$	55,157	\$	55,157
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	55,157	\$	55,157
Net change in fund balances	\$	(131,419)	\$	(418,741)	\$	(20,301)	\$	398,440
Fund balances - beginning		131,419		418,741		704,836		286,095
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	684,535	\$	684,535

## DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY



### County of Appomattox, Virginia Statement of Net Position

### Discretely Presented Component Unit-Economic Development Authority June 30, 2015

ASSETS	
Current assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 71,967
Noncurrent assets:	
Capital assets:	
Land	\$ 1,386,773
Infrastructure	1,917,079
Accumulated depreciation	(659,782)
Total capital assets	\$ 2,644,070
Total noncurrent assets	\$ 2,644,070
Total assets	\$ 2,716,037
NET POSITION	
Investment in capital assets	\$ 2,644,070
Unrestricted	71,967
Total net position	\$ 2,716,037

## County of Appomattox, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Discretely Presented Component Unit-Economic Development Authority

### For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

OPERATING REVENUES	
Miscellaneous	21,138
Total operating revenues	\$ 21,138
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Other supplies and expenses	\$ 2,185
EDA grant	50,000
Depreciation	52,118
Total operating expenses	\$ 104,303
Operating income (loss)	\$ (83,165)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	
Investment income	\$ 343
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	\$ 343
Change in net position	\$ (82,822)
Total net position - beginning	2,798,859
Total net position - ending	\$ 2,716,037

### County of Appomattox, Virginia Statement of Cash Flows

### Discretely Presented Component Unit-Economic Development Authority For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES  Receipts from customers and users  Payments for operating activities	\$	21,138 (52,185)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	(31,047)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest income	\$	343
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities	\$	343
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(30,704)
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$	102,671 71,967
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:  Operating income (loss)  Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:	\$	(83,165)
Depreciation Total adjustments Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$ \$	52,118 52,118 (31,047)







Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Fina <u>Budget Bud</u> g				<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
General Fund:								
Revenue from local sources:								
General property taxes:								
Real property taxes	\$	7,716,207	\$	7,716,207	\$	8,150,566	\$	434,359
Real and personal public service corporation taxes		526,404		526,404		596,170		69,766
Personal property taxes		2,604,343		2,604,343		2,593,153		(11,190)
Machinery and tools taxes		43,700		43,700		53,121		9,421
Merchant's capital taxes		130,000		130,000		136,627		6,627
Penalties		80,000		80,000		171,087		91,087
Interest		60,000		60,000		125,742		65,742
Total general property taxes	\$	11,160,654	\$	11,160,654	\$	11,826,466	\$	665,812
Other local taxes:								
Local sales and use taxes	\$	1,100,000	Ś	1 100 000	ċ	1 150 050	ċ	E0 0E0
	Ş		Ş	1,100,000	Ş	1,159,058	\$	59,058
Consumers' utility taxes		340,000		340,000		361,471		21,471
Consumption tax		4 000		4 000		53,366		53,366
Gross Receipts		1,000		1,000		9,233		8,233
Motor vehicle licenses		340,000		340,000		328,545		(11,455)
Taxes on recordation and wills		83,000		83,000		78,056		(4,944)
Hotel and motel room taxes	_	-		-		3,782		3,782
Total other local taxes	\$	1,864,000	\$	1,864,000	\$	1,993,511	\$	129,511
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses:								
Animal licenses	\$	7,000	\$	7,000	\$	6,170	\$	(830)
Permits and other licenses		92,000		92,000		83,553		(8,447)
Total permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses	\$	99,000	\$	99,000	\$	89,723	\$	(9,277)
Fines and forfeitures:								
Court fines and forfeitures	Ś	26,000	\$	26,000	\$	27,562	\$	1,562
Total fines and forfeitures	\$	26,000	\$	26,000	\$	27,562	\$	1,562
Total Times and Totaless		20,000		20,000		27,302	<u> </u>	1,502
Revenue from use of money and property:								
Revenue from use of money	\$	85,200	\$	85,200	\$	119	\$	(85,081)
Revenue from use of property		82,662		82,662		76,797		(5,865)
Total revenue from use of money and property	\$	167,862	\$	167,862	\$	76,916	\$	(90,946)
Charges for services:								
Sheriff's fees	\$	794	\$	794	\$	794	\$	-
Sale of maps and surveys	•	200	•	200	•	-	•	(200)
Charges for Commonwealth's Attorney		1,000		1,000		1,194		194
Charges for sanitation and waste removal		96,620		96,620		93,260		(3,360)
Charges for other protection		79,514		79,514		4,107		(75,407)
Charges for recreation		30,000		30,000		27,822		(2,178)
Charges for library		11,000		11,000		20,217		9,217
Total charges for services	Ś	219,128	ς	219,128	\$	147,394	\$	(71,734)
. 5 ca. 5 5 5 7 7 10 5 5		,,,20	~	,,,,	7	, , , , , , ,	~	(, ,,, , , , ,

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fir	riance with nal Budget - Positive Negative)
General Fund: (Continued)								
Revenue from local sources: (Continued)								
Miscellaneous revenue:								
Miscellaneous	\$	102,497	\$	102,497	\$	409,824	\$	307,327
Total miscellaneous revenue	\$	102,497	\$	102,497	\$	409,824	\$	307,327
Recovered costs:								
Social services VRS & GLIF	\$	2,000	\$	2,000	\$	140,094	\$	138,094
Town recoveries		-		-		75,524		75,524
School health insurance		11,678		11,678		-		(11,678)
Health department		-		-		2,519		2,519
Total recovered costs	\$	13,678	\$	13,678	\$	218,137	\$	204,459
Total revenue from local sources	\$	13,652,819	\$	13,652,819	\$	14,789,533	\$	1,136,714
Intergovernmental:								
Revenue from the Commonwealth:								
Noncategorical aid:								
Mobile home titling tax	\$	11,000	Ś	11,000	Ś	17,683	Ś	6,683
EMS vehicles	•	15,600	•	15,600	•	-	•	(15,600)
Rolling stock tax		40,500		40,500		44,733		4,233
Auto rental tax		1,000		1,000		2,567		1,567
Additional tax on deeds		25,000		25,000		21,560		(3,440)
State recordation tax		30,000		30,000		25,525		(4,475)
Communications tax		550,000		550,000		561,754		11,754
Personal property tax relief funds		1,023,637		1,023,637		1,023,637		-
Total noncategorical aid	\$	1,696,737	\$	1,696,737	\$	1,697,459	\$	722
Categorical aid:								
Shared expenses:						205 550		40.544
Commonwealth's attorney	\$	237,067	\$	237,067	\$	305,578	\$	68,511
Sheriff		726,400		726,400		729,645		3,245
Commissioner of revenue		95,193		95,193		95,725		532
Treasurer		79,213		79,213		74,895		(4,318)
Registrar/electoral board		33,500		33,500		36,589		3,089
Clerk of the Circuit Court	_	166,701		166,701	_	181,165		14,464
Total shared expenses	\$	1,338,074	\$	1,338,074	\$	1,423,597	\$	85,523
Other categorical aid:								
Public assistance and welfare administration	\$	410,222	\$	410,222	\$	457,982	\$	47,760
Comprehensive services act		702,201		702,201		951,011		248,810
Emergency medical services		-		-		15,341		15,341
Fire programs fund		34,808		34,808		41,252		6,444
Library grant		39,175		39,175		40,931		1,756

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fir	riance with nal Budget - Positive <u>Negative)</u>
General Fund: (Continued)								
Intergovernmental: (Continued)								
Revenue from the Commonwealth: (Continued)								
Categorical aid: (Continued)								
Other categorical aid: (Continued)								
Department of forestry grant	\$	18,000	\$	18,000	\$	14,118	\$	(3,882)
Victim witness grant		22,687		22,687		21,858		(829)
Litter control grant		9,000		9,000		8,528		(472)
Virginia domestic violence victims fund		40,000		40,000		20,000		(20,000)
Governor's opportunity fund		-		-		1,400,000		1,400,000
Health department incentive		11,700		11,700		-		(11,700)
Road side clean up		15,000		15,000		-		(15,000)
Emergency services		-		-		1,308		1,308
Total other categorical aid	\$	1,302,793	\$	1,302,793	\$	2,972,329	\$	1,669,536
Total categorical aid	\$	2,640,867	\$	2,640,867	\$	4,395,926	\$	1,755,059
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	4,337,604	\$	4,337,604	\$	6,093,385	\$	1,755,781
Revenue from the federal government:								
Noncategorical aid:								
Payments in lieu of taxes	\$	4,000	\$	4,000	\$	3,961	\$	(39)
Categorical aid:								
Federal interest rate subsidy	\$	430,425	\$	430,425	\$	417,150	\$	(13,275)
Public assistance and welfare administration		750,035		750,035		837,358		87,323
Comprehensive services act		-		-		16,408		16,408
Transportation safety		-		-		6,618		6,618
Appalachian heritage trail		-		-		284,743		284,743
Sheriff's overtime grant		-		-		2,787		2,787
Total categorical aid	\$	1,180,460	\$	1,180,460	\$	1,565,064	\$	384,604
Total revenue from the federal government	\$	1,184,460	\$	1,184,460	\$	1,569,025	\$	384,565
Total General Fund	\$	19,174,883	\$	19,174,883	\$	22,451,943	\$	3,277,060
Special Revenue Fund:								
County Special Revenue Fund:								
Revenue from local sources:								
Charges for services:								
Court costs- law library	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,617	Ś	2,617
Courthouse security fees	т	-	7	-	7	23,308	•	23,308
Courthouse maintenance fees		-		-		5,129		5,129
Total charges for services	\$	_	\$	-	\$	31,054	\$	31,054
			т		т	,		- ,

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Fir	riance with nal Budget - Positive Negative)
Special Revenue Fund: (Continued)					
County Special Revenue Fund: (Continued)					
Revenue from local sources: (Continued)					
Miscellaneous revenue:					
Miscellaneous	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,026	\$	1,026
Total miscellaneous revenue	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,026	\$	1,026
Total revenue from local sources	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 32,080	\$	32,080
Special Revenue Fund: (Continued)					
County Special Revenue Fund: (Continued)					
Intergovernmental:					
Revenue from the Commonwealth:					
Categorical aid:					
Wireless grant	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 50,623	\$	50,623
Forfeited assets	 -	-	6,879		6,879
Total categorical aid	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 57,502	\$	57,502
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 57,502	\$	57,502
Total County Special Revenue Fund	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 89,582	\$	89,582
Total Primary Government	\$ 19,174,883	\$ 19,174,883	\$ 22,541,525	\$	3,366,642
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: School Operating Fund:					
Revenue from local sources:					
Revenue from use of money and property:					
Revenue from the use of property	\$ 7,500	\$ 7,500	3,511		(3,989)
Total revenue from use of money and property	\$ 7,500	\$ 7,500	\$ 3,511	\$	(3,989)
Charges for services:					
Charges for education	\$ 207,700	\$ 207,700	\$ 196,133	\$	(11,567)
Total charges for services	\$ 207,700	\$ 207,700	\$ 196,133	\$	(11,567)
Miscellaneous revenue:					
Miscellaneous	\$ 52,800	\$ 52,800	\$ 93,437	\$	40,637
Total miscellaneous revenue	\$ 52,800	\$ 52,800	\$ 93,437		40,637
Recovered costs:					
Tuition - other localities	\$ 13,000	\$ 13,000	\$ 9,616	\$	(3,384)
Total recovered costs	\$ 13,000	\$ 13,000	9,616		(3,384)
Total revenue from local sources	\$ 281,000	\$ 281,000	\$ 302,697	\$	21,697

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fin	iance with al Budget - Positive <u>legative)</u>
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: (Continued) School Operating Fund: (Continued) Intergovernmental:								
Revenues from local governments:								
Contribution from County of Appomattox	\$	5,456,695	\$	5,736,372	Ċ	5,215,702	Ċ	(520,670)
Total revenues from local governments	<del>د</del>	5,456,695	<u>ډ</u> \$	5,736,372	\$	5,215,702	\$	(520,670)
rotat revenues from tocat governments	<del></del>	3,430,073	ڔ	3,730,372	ڔ	3,213,702	٠	(320,070)
Revenue from the Commonwealth:								
Categorical aid:								
Share of state sales tax	\$	2,324,720	\$	2,324,720	\$	2,339,918	\$	15,198
Basic school aid		6,987,718		6,987,718		6,835,398		(152,320)
English as a second language		2,155		2,155		3,017		862
Adult secondary education		-		-		1,426		1,426
Gifted and talented		72,041		72,041		70,815		(1,226)
Remedial education		262,105		262,105		257,647		(4,458)
Special education		765,287		765,287		755,572		(9,715)
Textbook payment		147,484		147,484		144,975		(2,509)
ISAEP		7,859		7,859		7,859		-
Vocational education		260,573		260,573		256,140		(4,433)
School fringes		1,292,133		1,292,133		1,270,153		(21,980)
Foster care		29,437		29,437		6,746		(22,691)
Career and technical education		24,018		24,018		25,070		1,052
Early reading intervention		21,941		21,941		26,329		4,388
Remedial Ed-Summer School		101,942		101,942		103,613		1,671
Homebound		-		-		2,727		2,727
SOL Algebra readiness		33,794		33,794		29,295		(4,499)
K-3 initiative		330,570		330,570		328,748		(1,822)
Regular school tuition		179,659		179,659		165,505		(14,154)
At risk payments		459,637		459,637		439,171		(20,466)
Technology grant		154,000		154,000		154,000		-
Mentor teachers		1,472		1,472		3,840		2,368
School safety initiative	\$	-	\$	33,360	\$	33,360	\$	-
Other state aid		14,835		14,835		4,074		(10,761)
Total categorical aid	\$	13,473,380	\$	13,506,740	\$	13,265,398	\$	(241,342)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	13,473,380	\$	13,506,740	\$	13,265,398	\$	(241,342)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fin	riance with al Budget - Positive Negative)
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: (Continued)								
School Operating Fund: (Continued)								
Intergovernmental: (Continued)								
Revenue from the federal government:								
Categorical aid: Title I	\$	480,000	\$	480,000	ċ	572 672	ċ	92,673
Vocational education	Ş	400,000	Ş	400,000	Ş	572,673 39,154	þ	39,154
Title II Part A		90,000		90,000		111,235		21,235
Title VIB		420,000		420,000		421,584		1,584
Preschool grant		12,810		12,810		28,307		15,497
Advanced placement program		12,010		12,010		1,330		1,330
Total categorical aid	\$	1,002,810	\$	1,002,810	\$	1,174,283	\$	171,473
•	<del>-</del>		<u> </u>					
Total revenue from the federal government	\$	1,002,810	\$	1,002,810	\$	1,174,283	\$	171,473
Total School Operating Fund	\$	20,213,885	\$	20,526,922	\$	19,958,080	\$	(568,842)
School Special Revenue Fund:								
Revenue from local sources:								
Revenue from use of money and property:								
Revenue from the use of money	\$	30	\$	30	\$	-	\$	(30)
Charges for services:								
Cafeteria sales	\$	411,000	\$	411,000	\$	290,375	\$	(120,625)
Textbook fees		-		-		220		220
Total charges for services	\$	411,000	\$	411,000	\$	290,595	\$	(120,405)
Miscellaneous revenue:								
Miscellaneous	\$	7,000	\$	7,000	\$	-	\$	(7,000)
Total miscellaneous revenue	\$	7,000	\$	7,000	\$	-	\$	(7,000)
Total revenue from local sources	\$	418,030	\$	418,030	\$	290,595	\$	(127,435)
Intergovernmental:								
Revenues from local governments:								
Contribution from County of Appomattox	\$	-	\$	-	\$	144	\$	144
Total revenues from local governments	\$	-	\$	-	\$	144	\$	144
Revenue from the Commonwealth:								
Categorical aid:								
School food program grant	\$	-	\$	-	\$	11,171	\$	11,171
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$		\$		\$	11,171	\$	11,171

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original <u>Budqet</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Fin	riance with al Budget - Positive <u>Negative)</u>
School Special Revenue Fund: (Continued)					
Intergovernmental: (Continued)					
Revenue from the federal government:					
Categorical aid:					
School food program grant	\$ 540,551	\$ 540,551	\$ 509,321	\$	(31,230)
Commodities	-	51,502	51,502		-
Total categorical aid	\$ 540,551	\$ 592,053	\$ 560,823	\$	(31,230)
Total revenue from the federal government	\$ 540,551	\$ 592,053	\$ 560,823	\$	(31,230)
Total School Special Revenue Fund	\$ 958,581	\$ 1,010,083	\$ 862,733	\$	(147,350)
Total Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board	\$ 21,172,466	\$ 21,537,005	\$ 20,820,813	\$	(716,192)



Fund, Major and Minor Expenditure Source		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final Budget		<u>Actual</u>	Fin	iance with al Budget - Positive legative)
General Fund:								
General government administration:								
Legislative:								
Board of supervisors	\$	256,614	\$	205,889	\$	197,803	\$	8,086
Total legislative	\$	256,614	\$	205,889	\$	197,803	\$	8,086
General and financial administration:								
County administrator	\$	437,609	\$	442,999	\$	442,997	\$	2
Legal services	•	40,500	•	40,500	•	39,290	•	1,210
Commissioner of revenue		361,420		363,616		329,217		34,399
Independent auditor		37,500		37,500		35,900		1,600
Treasurer		264,657		292,613		277,470		15,143
Information technology		113,950		113,950		95,185		18,765
Total general and financial administration	\$	1,255,636	\$		\$	1,220,059	\$	71,119
Board of elections:								
Electoral board and officials	\$	55,533	\$	169,356	\$	169,356	\$	-
Registrar		90,620		87,498		87,498		
Total board of elections	\$	146,153	\$	256,854	\$	256,854	\$	-
Total general government administration	\$	1,658,403	\$	1,753,921	\$	1,674,716	\$	79,205
Judicial administration:								
Courts:								
Circuit court	\$	21,332	Ś	21,494	\$	18,822	Ś	2,672
General district court	•	3,873	•	3,873	•	3,725	•	148
Special Magistrates		1,000		1,000		30		970
Court services unit		201,264		201,740		144,304		57,436
Juvenile and domestic relations court		7,300		7,300		4,799		2,501
Sheriff		75,608		75,608		75,222		386
Witness advocate grant		23,766		25,011		25,011		-
VA domestic victim grant		40,000		40,000		24,546		15,454
Clerk of the circuit court		272,264		274,634		274,634		-
Total courts	\$	646,407	\$	650,660	\$	571,093	\$	79,567
Commonwealth's attorney:								
Commonwealth's attorney	\$	383,249	\$	458,670	\$	447,118	¢	11,552
Total commonwealth's attorney	\$	383,249	\$	458,670	\$	447,118		11,552
rotat commonweaters actorney		303,247		+30,070	٠,	777,110	٠,	11,332
Total judicial administration	\$	1,029,656	\$	1,109,330	\$	1,018,211	\$	91,119
Public safety:								
Law enforcement and traffic control:								
Sheriff	\$	1,538,636	\$	1,605,933	\$	1,512,647	\$	93,286
School resource officer		175,137		175,137		141,367		33,770
DMV traffic control grant		-		3,288		3,288		-
Total law enforcement and traffic control	\$	1,713,773	\$	1,784,358	\$	1,657,302	\$	127,056
						-		

Fund, Major and Minor Expenditure Source		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fin	riance with al Budget - Positive <u>Negative)</u>
General Fund: (Continued)								
Public safety: (Continued)								
Fire and rescue services:								
Fire department	\$	137,999	\$	138,200	\$	136,805	\$	1,395
Ambulance and rescue services	·	45,702	-	45,501		32,002	-	13,499
Forestry service		10,000		10,000		9,927		73
Total fire and rescue services	\$	193,701	\$	193,701	\$	178,734	\$	14,967
Correction and detention:								
Sheriff	\$	700,000	\$	700,000	\$	541,114	\$	158,886
Total correction and detention	\$	700,000	\$	700,000	\$	541,114	\$	158,886
Inspections:								
Building	\$	74,831	\$	75,018	Ś	72,268	\$	2,750
Total inspections	Ś	74,831	Ś	75,018	\$	72,268	\$	2,750
Other protection:		,		70,010	_	72,200		
Animal control	\$	153,730	\$	154,442	Ś	152,368	Ś	2,074
Emergency services	•	16,871	•	16,871	•	16,571	•	300
E-911		701,977		702,157		676,321		25,836
Medical examiner		500		500		180		320
Total other protection	\$	873,078	\$	873,970	\$	845,440	\$	28,530
Total public safety	\$	3,555,383	\$	3,627,047	\$	3,294,858	\$	332,189
Public works:								
Sanitation and waste removal:								
Refuse disposal	\$	446,396	\$	422,143	\$	370,559	\$	51,584
Tire security		34,829		34,829		34,614		215
Refuse collection		537,940		464,811		449,817		14,994
Total sanitation and waste removal	\$	1,019,165	\$	921,783	\$	854,990	\$	66,793
Maintenance of general buildings and grounds:								
General properties	\$	594,270	\$	639,829	\$	610,162	Ś	29,667
Total maintenance of general buildings and grounds	\$	594,270	\$	639,829	\$	610,162		29,667
Total public works	\$	1,613,435	\$	1,561,612	\$	1,465,152	\$	96,460
Health and welfare:								
Health:								
Local health department	\$	121,809	\$	121,809	\$	121,792	Ś	17
Total health	\$	121,809	\$	121,809	\$	121,792		17
Mental health and mental retardation:								
Central VA Community Services	ς	41,000	\$	41,000	Ś	30,750	Ś	10,250
Total mental health and mental retardation	\$	41,000	Ś	41,000	\$	30,750		10,250
Total mental health and mental retardation		.1,000	~	.1,000	~	30,730	~	.0,230

Realth and welfare: (Continued)	Fund, Major and Minor Expenditure Source		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fin	iance with al Budget - Positive legative)	
Welfare:         Public assistance and welfare administration         \$ 1,516,667         \$ 1,693,602         \$ 1,693,234         \$ 3,888,888,888,888,888,888,888,888,888,8	General Fund: (Continued)									
Welfare:         Public assistance and welfare administration         \$ 1,516,667         \$ 1,693,602         \$ 1,693,234         \$ 3,888,888,888,888,888,888,888,888,888,8	Health and welfare: (Continued)									
Comprehensive services act Total welfare         961,779         1,653,147         1,563,762         89,385           Total welfare         2,2478,446         3,346,749         3,256,995         8,975           Total health and welfare         2,641,255         3,309,558         3,409,538         3,000,508           Education:         Contributions to Community College         S 3377         3,377         5,098,628         343,007           Contribution to County School Board         5,441,695         5,441,695         5,098,028         343,007           Total education         5,442,072         5,442,072         5,099,005         3,430,007           Parks, recreation, and cultural:         Experisor of parks and recreation         189,493         198,990         5,194,602         14,000           Sports complex         47,512         47,512         33,107         14,000           Total parks and recreation         2,39,873         42,003         3,001         5,18,000           Total parks and recreation         3,38,73         42,003         3,001         5,18,100           Collural enrichment:         Experimentimentiment         Experimentimentimentiment         Experimentimentimentimentimentimentimentiment										
Comprehensive services act Total welfare         961,779         1,653,147         1,563,762         89,385           Total welfare         2,2478,446         3,346,749         3,256,995         8,975           Total health and welfare         2,641,255         3,309,558         3,409,538         3,000,508           Education:         Contributions to Community College         S 3377         3,377         5,098,628         343,007           Contribution to County School Board         5,441,695         5,441,695         5,098,028         343,007           Total education         5,442,072         5,442,072         5,099,005         3,430,007           Parks, recreation, and cultural:         Experisor of parks and recreation         189,493         198,990         5,194,602         14,000           Sports complex         47,512         47,512         33,107         14,000           Total parks and recreation         2,39,873         42,003         3,001         5,18,000           Total parks and recreation         3,38,73         42,003         3,001         5,18,100           Collural enrichment:         Experimentimentiment         Experimentimentimentiment         Experimentimentimentimentimentimentimentiment	Public assistance and welfare administration	\$	1,516,667	\$	1,693,602	\$	1,693,234	\$	368	
Total health and welfare   \$ 2,478,446   \$ 3,346,749   \$ 3,256,966   \$ 89,750   \$ 7,000,000	Comprehensive services act	•							89,385	
Education:           Other instructional costs:           Contribution to Country School Board         5,441,695         5,441,695         5,098,628         343,067           Total education         5,442,072         5,442,072         5,099,005         343,067           Parks, and cultural:           Parks and recreation         \$ 189,493         \$ 198,990         \$ 194,762         \$ 4,228           Sports complex         47,512         47,512         33,107         14,405           Cultural enrichment:           Cultural enrichment:           Contributions         \$ 39,873         \$ 42,093         \$ 36,910         \$ 5,183           Total cultural enrichment         \$ 39,873         \$ 42,093         \$ 36,910         \$ 5,183           Library:         \$ 204,141         \$ 223,639         \$ 196,708         \$ 26,931           Public library         \$ 204,141         \$ 223,639         \$ 196,708         \$ 26,931           Total parks, recreation, and cultural         \$ 481,019         \$ 512,234         \$ 196,708         \$ 50,747           Planning and community development:         \$ 224,141         \$ 223,639         \$ 196,708	•	\$	-	\$		\$		\$		
Other instructional costs:         \$ 377 \$ 5.441.695         \$ 377 \$ 5.098.628         343,006           Contribution to County School Board         5,441.695         5,441.695         5,098.628         343,067           Total education         5,442.072         5,442.072         5,099.005         5,343,067           Parks, recreation, and cultural:           Parks and recreation         8189.493         \$ 198.999         \$ 194,762         \$ 4,228           Sports complex         47,512         47,512         33,107         14,405           Sports complex         47,512         47,512         33,107         14,405           Total parks and recreation         \$ 33,075         \$ 242,093         \$ 36,910         \$ 5,183           Cultural enrichment:         \$ 39,873         \$ 42,093         \$ 36,910         \$ 5,183           Contributions         \$ 39,873         \$ 42,093         \$ 36,910         \$ 5,183           Total cultural enrichment         \$ 39,873         \$ 42,093         \$ 36,910         \$ 5,183           Total cultural enrichment         \$ 204,141         \$ 223,639         \$ 196,708         \$ 26,931           Total planks, recreation, and cultural         \$ 481,019         \$ 124,63	Total health and welfare	\$	2,641,255	\$	3,509,558	\$	3,409,538	\$	100,020	
Contributions to Community College         \$ 377         \$ 377         \$ 377         \$ 377         \$ 377         \$ 341,695         \$ 341,695         \$ 5,098,628         343,067           Total education         \$ 5,442,072         \$ 5,442,072         \$ 5,402,072         \$ 5,099,005         \$ 343,067           Parks, recreation, and cultural:           Parks and recreation           Supervision of parks and recreation         \$ 189,493         \$ 198,990         \$ 194,762         \$ 4,228           Soports complex         47,512         47,512         33,107         14,405           Total parks and recreation         \$ 237,005         \$ 246,502         \$ 227,869         \$ 186,433           Total parks and recreation         \$ 39,873         \$ 42,093         \$ 36,910         \$ 5,184           Cultural enrichment:           Contributions         \$ 39,873         \$ 42,093         \$ 36,910         \$ 5,184           Total cultural enrichment         \$ 204,141         \$ 223,639         \$ 196,708         \$ 26,931           Total library         \$ 204,141         \$ 223,639         \$ 196,708         \$ 26,931           Total parks, recreation, and cultural         \$ 481,019         \$ 12,23         \$ 196,	Education:									
Contribution to County School Board Total education         5,441,695         5,441,695         5,049,005         5,049,007         3,099,005         3,433,007           Parks, recreation, and cultural:           Parks and recreation:         Supervision of parks and recreation         \$189,493         \$189,990         \$194,762         \$4,202         \$4,202         \$4,202         \$4,202         \$4,203         \$18,049         \$18,049         \$18,049         \$18,049         \$18,049         \$18,049         \$18,049         \$18,049         \$18,049         \$18,049         \$18,049         \$18,049         \$18,049         \$18,049         \$18,049         \$14,049         \$14,049         \$18,049         \$18,049         \$18,049         \$18,049         \$18,049         \$18,049         \$14,049         \$18,049         \$18,049         \$18,049         \$14,049         \$18,049         \$19,6798         \$18,049         \$18,049         \$196,708         \$10,6798	Other instructional costs:									
Contribution to County School Board Total education         5,441,695         5,441,695         5,049,005         5,049,007         3,099,005         3,433,007           Parks, recreation, and cultural:           Parks and recreation:         Supervision of parks and recreation         \$189,493         \$189,990         \$194,762         \$4,202         \$4,202         \$4,202         \$4,202         \$4,203         \$18,049         \$18,049         \$18,049         \$18,049         \$18,049         \$18,049         \$18,049         \$18,049         \$18,049         \$18,049         \$18,049         \$18,049         \$18,049         \$18,049         \$18,049         \$14,049         \$14,049         \$18,049         \$18,049         \$18,049         \$18,049         \$18,049         \$18,049         \$14,049         \$18,049         \$18,049         \$18,049         \$14,049         \$18,049         \$19,6798         \$18,049         \$18,049         \$196,708         \$10,6798	Contributions to Community College	\$	377	\$	377	\$	377	\$	-	
Parks, recreation, and cultural:         \$5,442,072         \$5,442,072         \$5,099,005         \$343,067           Parks, recreation, and cultural:           Parks and recreation:           Supervision of parks and recreation         \$189,493         \$198,990         \$194,762         \$4,228           Sports complex         47,512         47,512         33,107         14,405           Total parks and recreation         \$237,005         \$246,502         \$227,869         \$186,33           Cultural enrichment:           Contributions         \$39,873         \$42,093         \$36,910         \$5,183           Total cultural enrichment         \$39,873         \$42,093         \$36,910         \$5,183           Total cultural enrichment         \$39,873         \$42,093         \$36,910         \$5,183           Library:         S204,141         \$223,639         \$196,708         \$26,931           Total library         \$204,141         \$223,639         \$196,708         \$26,931           Total parks, recreation, and cultural         \$41,019         \$512,234         \$41,487         \$50,744           Planning and community development:           Planning a		•			5,441,695				343,067	
Parks, recreation, and cultural:           Parks and recreation:           Supervision of parks and recreation         \$ 189,493         \$ 198,990         \$ 194,762         \$ 4,228           Sports complex         47,512         33,107         14,005           Cultural enrichment:           Contributions         \$ 39,873         \$ 42,093         \$ 36,910         \$ 5,183           Total cultural enrichment         \$ 39,873         \$ 42,093         \$ 36,910         \$ 5,183           Total cultural enrichment         \$ 204,141         \$ 223,639         \$ 196,708         \$ 26,931           Total library         \$ 204,141         \$ 223,639         \$ 196,708         \$ 26,931           Total parks, recreation, and cultural         \$ 81,001         \$ 196,708         \$ 26,931           Total parks, recreation, and cultural         \$ 81,001         \$ 196,708         \$ 26,931           Total parks, recreation, and cultural         \$ 81,001 <th col<="" td=""><td>•</td><td>\$</td><td></td><td>\$</td><td></td><td>\$</td><td></td><td>\$</td><td></td></th>	<td>•</td> <td>\$</td> <td></td> <td>\$</td> <td></td> <td>\$</td> <td></td> <td>\$</td> <td></td>	•	\$		\$		\$		\$	
Parks and recreation:         Supervision of parks and recreation         \$ 189,493         \$ 198,990         \$ 194,762         \$ 4,228           Sports complex         47,512         47,512         33,107         14,405           Total parks and recreation         \$ 237,005         \$ 246,502         \$ 227,806         \$ 186,303           Cultural enrichment:           Contributions         \$ 39,873         \$ 42,093         \$ 36,910         \$ 5,183           Total cultural enrichment         \$ 39,873         \$ 42,093         \$ 36,910         \$ 5,183           Library:           Public library         \$ 204,141         \$ 223,639         \$ 196,708         \$ 26,931           Total parks, recreation, and cultural         \$ 481,019         \$ 512,234         \$ 461,487         \$ 50,747           Planning and community development:           Planning and community development:           Planning and zoning         \$ 124,636         \$ 114,868         \$ 9,768           Tourism         \$ 18,000         \$ 14,609         3,391           Economic development         \$ 250,988         \$ 18,000         \$ 14,669         3,391           Environmental management:         \$ 250,988         \$ 18,000         \$ 11			, ,		, ,	•	, ,			
Parks and recreation:         Supervision of parks and recreation         \$ 189,493         \$ 198,990         \$ 194,762         \$ 4,228           Sports complex         47,512         47,512         33,107         14,405           Total parks and recreation         \$ 237,005         \$ 246,502         \$ 227,805         \$ 186,303           Cultural enrichment:           Contributions         \$ 39,873         \$ 42,093         \$ 36,910         \$ 5,183           Total cultural enrichment         \$ 39,873         \$ 42,093         \$ 36,910         \$ 5,183           Library:           Public library         \$ 204,141         \$ 223,639         \$ 196,708         \$ 26,931           Total parks, recreation, and cultural         \$ 481,019         \$ 512,234         \$ 461,487         \$ 50,747           Community development:           Planning and community development:           Planning and zoning         \$ 124,636         \$ 114,868         \$ 9,768           Tourism         18,000         18,000         14,609         3,391           Economic development         \$ 250,98         \$ 184,504         \$ 114,868         \$ 9,768           Touti planning and community development         \$ 250,98	Parks, recreation, and cultural:									
Sports complex         47,512         47,512         33,107         14,405           Total parks and recreation         \$ 237,005         \$ 246,502         \$ 227,869         \$ 18,633           Cultural enrichment:         \$ 39,873         \$ 42,093         \$ 36,910         \$ 5,183           Contributions         \$ 39,873         \$ 42,093         \$ 36,910         \$ 5,183           Total cultural enrichment         \$ 39,873         \$ 42,093         \$ 36,910         \$ 5,183           Library:           Public library         \$ 204,141         \$ 223,639         \$ 196,708         \$ 26,931           Total parks, recreation, and cultural         \$ 481,019         \$ 512,234         \$ 461,487         \$ 50,747           Community development:           Planning and community development:         \$ 2481,019         \$ 512,234         \$ 461,487         \$ 50,747           Planning and zoning         \$ 124,636         \$ 124,636         \$ 114,868         \$ 9,768           Tourism         \$ 18,000         \$ 18,000         \$ 14,609         \$ 3,391           Economic development         \$ 112,462         \$ 1,702,710         \$ 1,687,085         \$ 15,625           Total planning and community development:         \$ 255,098         \$ 1,84										
Sports complex         47,512         47,512         33,107         14,405           Total parks and recreation         \$ 237,005         \$ 246,502         \$ 227,869         \$ 18,633           Cultural enrichment:         \$ 39,873         \$ 42,093         \$ 36,910         \$ 5,183           Contributions         \$ 39,873         \$ 42,093         \$ 36,910         \$ 5,183           Total cultural enrichment         \$ 39,873         \$ 42,093         \$ 36,910         \$ 5,183           Library:           Public library         \$ 204,141         \$ 223,639         \$ 196,708         \$ 26,931           Total parks, recreation, and cultural         \$ 481,019         \$ 512,234         \$ 461,487         \$ 50,747           Community development:           Planning and community development:         \$ 2481,019         \$ 512,234         \$ 461,487         \$ 50,747           Planning and zoning         \$ 124,636         \$ 124,636         \$ 114,868         \$ 9,768           Tourism         \$ 18,000         \$ 18,000         \$ 14,609         \$ 3,391           Economic development         \$ 112,462         \$ 1,702,710         \$ 1,687,085         \$ 15,625           Total planning and community development:         \$ 255,098         \$ 1,84	Supervision of parks and recreation	\$	189,493	\$	198,990	\$	194,762	\$	4,228	
Cultural enrichment:         \$ 237,005 \$ 246,502 \$ 227,869 \$ 18,633           Cultural enrichment:         \$ 39,873 \$ 42,093 \$ 36,910 \$ 5,183           Contributions         \$ 39,873 \$ 42,093 \$ 36,910 \$ 5,183           Total cultural enrichment         \$ 39,873 \$ 42,093 \$ 36,910 \$ 5,183           Library:         Public library         \$ 204,141 \$ 223,639 \$ 196,708 \$ 26,931           Total library         \$ 204,141 \$ 223,639 \$ 196,708 \$ 26,931           Total parks, recreation, and cultural         \$ 481,019 \$ 512,234 \$ 461,487 \$ 50,747           Community development:           Planning and community development:         Planning and community development           Planning and zoning         \$ 124,636 \$ 124,636 \$ 114,868 \$ 9,768           Tourism         18,000 \$ 18,000 \$ 14,609 \$ 3,391           Economic development         112,462 \$ 1,702,710 \$ 1,687,085 \$ 15,625           Total planning and community development         \$ 255,098 \$ 1,845,346 \$ 1,816,562 \$ 28,784           Environmental management:         \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 1,000		•								
Contributions         \$ 39,873         \$ 42,093         \$ 36,910         \$ 5,183           Library:           Public library         \$ 204,141         \$ 223,639         \$ 196,708         \$ 26,931           Total library         \$ 204,141         \$ 223,639         \$ 196,708         \$ 26,931           Total parks, recreation, and cultural         \$ 481,019         \$ 512,234         \$ 461,487         \$ 50,747           Community development:           Planning and community development:           Planning and zoning         \$ 124,636         \$ 114,868         \$ 9,768           Tourism         18,000         18,000         14,609         3,391           Economic development         112,462         1,702,710         1,687,085         15,625           Total planning and community development         \$ 255,098         \$ 1,845,346         \$ 1,816,562         \$ 28,784           Environmental management:           Contribution to soil and water conservation district         \$ 10,000         \$ 10,000         \$ 10,000         \$ 10,000         \$ 7,010           Errosion and sediment control         9,465         9,465         2,455         7,010           Litter control program         9,	·	\$		\$		\$		\$		
Total cultural enrichment   \$ 39,873	Cultural enrichment:									
Total cultural enrichment   \$ 39,873	Contributions	\$	39,873	\$	42,093	\$	36,910	\$	5,183	
Library:	Total cultural enrichment				-					
Public library         \$ 204,141         \$ 223,639         \$ 196,708         \$ 26,931           Total library         \$ 204,141         \$ 223,639         \$ 196,708         \$ 26,931           Total parks, recreation, and cultural         \$ 481,019         \$ 512,234         \$ 461,487         \$ 50,747           Community development:           Planning and community development:           Planning and zoning         \$ 124,636         \$ 124,636         \$ 114,868         \$ 9,768           Tourism         18,000         18,000         14,609         3,391           Economic development         112,462         1,702,710         1,687,085         15,625           Total planning and community development         \$ 255,098         \$ 1,845,346         \$ 1,816,562         \$ 28,784           Environmental management:           Contribution to soil and water conservation district         \$ 10,000         \$ 10,000         \$ 10,000         \$ 7,010           Erosion and sediment control         9,465         9,465         2,455         7,010           Litter control program         9,000         2,759         2,759         -           Recycling         101,784         102,766         92,033         10,733 <td></td> <td></td> <td>,</td> <td>-</td> <td>,</td> <td></td> <td>,</td> <td></td> <td></td>			,	-	,		,			
Public library         \$ 204,141         \$ 223,639         \$ 196,708         \$ 26,931           Total library         \$ 204,141         \$ 223,639         \$ 196,708         \$ 26,931           Total parks, recreation, and cultural         \$ 481,019         \$ 512,234         \$ 461,487         \$ 50,747           Community development:           Planning and community development:           Planning and zoning         \$ 124,636         \$ 124,636         \$ 114,868         \$ 9,768           Tourism         18,000         18,000         14,609         3,391           Economic development         112,462         1,702,710         1,687,085         15,625           Total planning and community development         \$ 255,098         \$ 1,845,346         \$ 1816,562         \$ 28,784           Environmental management:           Contribution to soil and water conservation district         \$ 10,000         \$ 10,000         \$ 10,000         \$ 7,010           Erosion and sediment control         9,465         9,465         2,455         7,010           Litter control program         9,000         2,759         2,759         -           Recycling         101,784         102,766         92,033         10,733 <td>Library:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Library:									
Total library         \$ 204,141         \$ 223,639         \$ 196,708         \$ 26,931           Total parks, recreation, and cultural         \$ 481,019         \$ 512,234         \$ 461,487         \$ 50,747           Community development:           Planning and community development:           Planning and zoning         \$ 124,636         \$ 124,636         \$ 114,868         \$ 9,768           Tourism         18,000         18,000         14,609         3,391           Economic development         112,462         1,702,710         1,687,085         15,625           Total planning and community development         \$ 255,098         \$ 1,845,346         \$ 1,816,562         \$ 28,784           Environmental management:         \$ 10,000         \$ 10,000         \$ 10,000         \$ 7,010           Erosion and sediment control         9,465         9,465         2,455         7,010           Litter control program         9,000         2,759         2,759         -           Recycling         101,784         102,766         92,033         10,733		\$	204,141	\$	223,639	\$	196,708	\$	26,931	
Total parks, recreation, and cultural \$ 481,019 \$ 512,234 \$ 461,487 \$ 50,747  Community development:  Planning and community development:  Planning and zoning \$ 124,636 \$ 124,636 \$ 114,868 \$ 9,768 Tourism \$ 18,000 \$ 18,000 \$ 14,609 \$ 3,391  Economic development \$ 112,462 \$ 1,702,710 \$ 1,687,085 \$ 15,625  Total planning and community development \$ 255,098 \$ 1,845,346 \$ 1,816,562 \$ 28,784  Environmental management:  Contribution to soil and water conservation district \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 1,0		\$	204,141	\$						
Community development:           Planning and community development:           Planning and zoning         \$ 124,636         \$ 124,636         \$ 114,868         \$ 9,768           Tourism         18,000         18,000         14,609         3,391           Economic development         112,462         1,702,710         1,687,085         15,625           Total planning and community development         \$ 255,098         \$ 1,845,346         \$ 1,816,562         \$ 28,784           Environmental management:         Contribution to soil and water conservation district         \$ 10,000         \$ 10,000         \$ 10,000         \$ -           Erosion and sediment control         9,465         9,465         2,455         7,010           Litter control program         9,000         2,759         2,759         -           Recycling         101,784         102,766         92,033         10,733	ŕ		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-	<u> </u>		<u> </u>			
Planning and community development:         Planning and zoning       \$ 124,636       \$ 124,636       \$ 114,868       \$ 9,768         Tourism       18,000       18,000       14,609       3,391         Economic development       112,462       1,702,710       1,687,085       15,625         Total planning and community development       \$ 255,098       \$ 1,845,346       \$ 1,816,562       \$ 28,784         Environmental management:       \$ 10,000       \$ 10,000       \$ -         Erosion and sediment control       9,465       9,465       2,455       7,010         Litter control program       9,000       2,759       2,759       -         Recycling       101,784       102,766       92,033       10,733	Total parks, recreation, and cultural	\$	481,019	\$	512,234	\$	461,487	\$	50,747	
Planning and community development:         Planning and zoning       \$ 124,636 \$ 124,636 \$ 114,868 \$ 9,768         Tourism       18,000 18,000 14,609 3,391         Economic development       112,462 1,702,710 1,687,085 15,625         Total planning and community development       \$ 255,098 \$ 1,845,346 \$ 1,816,562 \$ 28,784         Environmental management:       Contribution to soil and water conservation district       \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ -         Erosion and sediment control       9,465 9,465 9,465 2,455 7,010         Litter control program       9,000 2,759 2,759 -         Recycling       101,784 102,766 92,033 10,733	Community development:									
Planning and zoning         \$ 124,636         \$ 124,636         \$ 124,636         \$ 114,868         \$ 9,768           Tourism         18,000         18,000         14,609         3,391           Economic development         112,462         1,702,710         1,687,085         15,625           Total planning and community development         \$ 255,098         \$ 1,845,346         \$ 1,816,562         \$ 28,784           Environmental management:         Contribution to soil and water conservation district         \$ 10,000         \$ 10,000         \$ -           Erosion and sediment control         9,465         9,465         2,455         7,010           Litter control program         9,000         2,759         2,759         -           Recycling         101,784         102,766         92,033         10,733	·									
Tourism         18,000         18,000         14,609         3,391           Economic development         112,462         1,702,710         1,687,085         15,625           Total planning and community development         \$ 255,098         \$ 1,845,346         \$ 1,816,562         \$ 28,784           Environmental management:         Contribution to soil and water conservation district         \$ 10,000         \$ 10,000         \$ 10,000         \$ -           Erosion and sediment control         9,465         9,465         2,455         7,010           Litter control program         9,000         2,759         2,759         -           Recycling         101,784         102,766         92,033         10,733		ς	124 636	ς	124 636	ς	114 868	Ś	9 768	
Economic development         112,462         1,702,710         1,687,085         15,625           Total planning and community development         \$ 255,098         \$ 1,845,346         \$ 1,816,562         \$ 28,784           Environmental management:         Contribution to soil and water conservation district         \$ 10,000         \$ 10,000         \$ 10,000         \$ - 2,455         7,010           Erosion and sediment control         9,465         9,465         2,455         7,010           Litter control program         9,000         2,759         2,759         -           Recycling         101,784         102,766         92,033         10,733		7		Ÿ		7		7		
Total planning and community development         \$ 255,098 \$ 1,845,346 \$ 1,816,562 \$ 28,784           Environmental management:         Contribution to soil and water conservation district         \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ -           Erosion and sediment control         9,465 9,465 2,455 7,010           Litter control program         9,000 2,759 2,759 -           Recycling         101,784 102,766 92,033 10,733										
Environmental management:  Contribution to soil and water conservation district \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ -  Erosion and sediment control \$ 9,465 \$ 9,465 \$ 2,455 \$ 7,010  Litter control program \$ 9,000 \$ 2,759 \$ 2,759 \$ -  Recycling \$ 101,784 \$ 102,766 \$ 92,033 \$ 10,733	•	5		ς		ς		Ś		
Contribution to soil and water conservation district       \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ -         Erosion and sediment control       9,465 9,465 2,455 7,010         Litter control program       9,000 2,759 2,759 -         Recycling       101,784 102,766 92,033 10,733	rocat paining and community development		233,070	7	1,043,340	7	1,010,302	<del>-</del>	20,704	
Erosion and sediment control       9,465       9,465       2,455       7,010         Litter control program       9,000       2,759       2,759       -         Recycling       101,784       102,766       92,033       10,733	Environmental management:									
Litter control program       9,000       2,759       2,759       -         Recycling       101,784       102,766       92,033       10,733	Contribution to soil and water conservation district	\$	10,000	\$	10,000	\$		\$	-	
Recycling 101,784 102,766 92,033 10,733	Erosion and sediment control		9,465		9,465		2,455		7,010	
	Litter control program		9,000		2,759		2,759		-	
Total environmental management \$ 130,249 \$ 124,990 \$ 107,247 \$ 17,743	Recycling		101,784		102,766		92,033		10,733	
	Total environmental management	\$	130,249	\$	124,990	\$	107,247	\$	17,743	

Extension office	Fund, Major and Minor Expenditure Source  General Fund: (Continued)  Community development: (Continued)		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fir	riance with nal Budget - Positive <u>Negative)</u>
Total community development   \$ 50,873   \$ 50,873   \$ 47,689   \$ 3,184     Total community development   \$ 436,220   \$ 2,021,209   \$ 1,971,498   \$ 49,711     Capital projects:	Cooperative extension program:								
Total community development   \$ 436,220   \$ 2,021,209   \$ 1,971,498   \$ 49,711	Extension office	\$	50,873	\$	50,873	\$	47,689	\$	3,184
Capital projects:         Town/County Sewer Project         \$ 76,573	Total cooperative extension program	\$	50,873	\$	50,873	\$	47,689	\$	3,184
Town/County Sewer Projects         \$ 76,573         \$ 7	Total community development	\$	436,220	\$	2,021,209	\$	1,971,498	\$	49,711
Debt service:   Principal retirement   \$1,865,198   \$1,865,198   \$1,865,198   \$1,865,198   \$1,865,198   \$1,865,198   \$1,865,198   \$1,208,729   \$1,	Capital projects:								
Debt service:         Principal retirement         \$ 1,865,198         \$ 1,865,198         \$ 1,865,198         \$ 1,865,198         \$ 1,865,198         \$ 1,208,729         2,209,722         2,209,722 <t< td=""><td>Town/County Sewer Project</td><td>\$</td><td>76,573</td><td>\$</td><td>76,573</td><td>\$</td><td></td><td></td><td>-</td></t<>	Town/County Sewer Project	\$	76,573	\$	76,573	\$			-
Principal retirement Interest and other fiscal charges Interest and other fiscal charges Total debt service         1,208,729         1,208,729         1,208,729         1,208,729         2         -           Total debt service         \$3,073,927         \$3,073,927         \$3,073,927         \$3,073,927         \$         \$         -	Total capital projects	\$	76,573	\$	76,573	\$	76,573	\$	-
Interest and other fiscal charges	Debt service:								
Total debt service   \$ 3,073,927   \$ 3,073	Principal retirement	\$	1,865,198	\$	1,865,198	\$	1,865,198	\$	-
Total General Fund   \$ 20,007,943	Interest and other fiscal charges		1,208,729		1,208,729		1,208,729		-
Special Revenue Fund: County Special Revenue Fund: Public Safety: Sheriff:  Asset forfeiture  Total public safety  Solution:  Total County Special Revenue Fund  Solution:  Capital Projects Fund: County Capital Projects Fund:  County Capital Projects Fund:  County Capital Projects Fund:  Contribution to County School Board  Total education  Total education  Solution:  Solution: Solu	Total debt service	\$	3,073,927	\$	3,073,927	\$	3,073,927	\$	-
County Special Revenue Fund:         Public Safety:         Sheriff:         Asset forfeiture       \$ - \$ 29,722       \$ 29,722       \$ - \$ 29,722       \$ 29,722       \$ - \$ 29,722       \$ - \$ 29,722       \$ 29,722       \$ - \$ 29,722       \$ 29,722       \$ 29,722       \$ - \$ 29,722       \$ 29	Total General Fund	\$	20,007,943	\$	22,687,483	\$	21,544,965	\$	1,142,518
Asset forfeiture \$ . \$ . \$ 29,722 \$ 29,722 \$ Total public safety \$ . \$ 29,722 \$ 29,722 \$  Total County Special Revenue Fund \$ . \$ . \$ 29,722 \$ 29,722 \$  Capital Projects Fund: County Capital Projects Fund: Education: Other instructional costs:  Contribution to County School Board \$ 15,000 \$ 294,677 \$ 117,218 \$ 177,459  Total education \$ . \$ 15,000 \$ 294,677 \$ 117,218 \$ 177,459  Total County Capital Projects Fund \$ . \$ . \$ . \$ . \$ . \$ . \$ . \$ . \$ . \$	County Special Revenue Fund: Public Safety:								
Total public safety \$ - \$ 29,722 \$ 29,722 \$ -  Total County Special Revenue Fund \$ - \$ 29,722 \$ 29,722 \$ -  Capital Projects Fund:  County Capital Projects Fund:  Education:  Other instructional costs:  Contribution to County School Board \$ 15,000 \$ 294,677 \$ 117,218 \$ 177,459  Total education \$ 15,000 \$ 294,677 \$ 117,218 \$ 177,459  Total County Capital Projects Fund \$ 15,000 \$ 294,677 \$ 117,218 \$ 177,459		¢	_	¢	20 722	¢	29 722	¢	_
Total County Special Revenue Fund \$ \$ . 29,722 \$ . 29,722 \$  Capital Projects Fund: County Capital Projects Fund: Education: Other instructional costs:  Contribution to County School Board \$ . 15,000 \$ . 294,677 \$ . 117,218 \$ . 177,459  Total education  Total County Capital Projects Fund \$		<del>,</del>							
Capital Projects Fund: County Capital Projects Fund: Education:  Other instructional costs:  Contribution to County School Board Total education  Total County Capital Projects Fund  \$ 15,000 \$ 294,677 \$ 117,218 \$ 177,459  \$ 15,000 \$ 294,677 \$ 117,218 \$ 177,459  \$ 15,000 \$ 294,677 \$ 117,218 \$ 177,459	Total public safety	<del>-</del>		ڔ	27,722	ڔ	27,122	ڔ	
County Capital Projects Fund:  Education:  Other instructional costs:  Contribution to County School Board  Total education  Total County Capital Projects Fund  \$ 15,000 \$ 294,677 \$ 117,218 \$ 177,459  \$ 15,000 \$ 294,677 \$ 117,218 \$ 177,459  \$ 15,000 \$ 294,677 \$ 117,218 \$ 177,459	Total County Special Revenue Fund	\$	-	\$	29,722	\$	29,722	\$	
Education:  Other instructional costs:  Contribution to County School Board  Total education  Total County Capital Projects Fund  Substitute 15,000 \$ 294,677 \$ 117,218 \$ 177,459 \$ 15,000 \$ 294,677 \$ 117,218 \$ 177,459 \$ 15,000 \$ 294,677 \$ 117,218 \$ 177,459	Capital Projects Fund:								
Other instructional costs:         Contribution to County School Board       \$ 15,000 \$ 294,677 \$ 117,218 \$ 177,459         Total education       \$ 15,000 \$ 294,677 \$ 117,218 \$ 177,459         Total County Capital Projects Fund       \$ 15,000 \$ 294,677 \$ 117,218 \$ 177,459									
Contribution to County School Board       \$ 15,000       \$ 294,677       \$ 117,218       \$ 177,459         Total education       \$ 15,000       \$ 294,677       \$ 117,218       \$ 177,459         Total County Capital Projects Fund       \$ 15,000       \$ 294,677       \$ 117,218       \$ 177,459									
Total education         \$ 15,000 \$ 294,677 \$ 117,218 \$ 177,459           Total County Capital Projects Fund         \$ 15,000 \$ 294,677 \$ 117,218 \$ 177,459		Ś	15.000	S	294.677	Ś	117.218	S	177.459
	·			_					
Total Primary Government \$ 20,022,943 \$ 23,011,882 \$ 21,691,905 \$ 1,319,977	Total County Capital Projects Fund	\$	15,000	\$	294,677	\$	117,218	\$	177,459
	Total Primary Government	\$	20,022,943	\$	23,011,882	\$	21,691,905	\$	1,319,977

Fund, Major and Minor Expenditure Source		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Fir	riance with nal Budget - Positive Negative)
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board:							
School Operating Fund:							
Education:							
Administration, health, and attendance	\$	962,500	\$	962,500	\$ 920,999	\$	41,501
Instruction costs		15,350,620		15,355,297	15,587,044		(231,747)
Pupil transportation		1,500,427		1,500,427	1,332,990		167,437
Operation and maintenance of school plant		2,513,625		2,821,985	1,999,389		822,596
Total education	\$	20,327,172	\$	20,640,209	\$ 19,840,422	\$	799,787
Debt service:							
Principal retirement	\$	28,950	\$	28,950	\$ 28,950	\$	-
Interest and other fiscal charges	·	33,551	·	33,551	33,551	·	-
Total debt service	\$	62,501	\$	62,501	\$ 62,501	\$	-
Total School Operating Fund	\$	20,389,673	\$	20,702,710	\$ 19,902,923	\$	799,787
School Special Revenue Fund:							
Education:							
School food services	\$	1,075,000	\$	1,075,000	\$ 878,991	\$	196,009
Purchase of textbooks		15,000		302,322	7,698		294,624
Commodities		-		51,502	51,502		-
Total education	\$	1,090,000	\$	1,428,824	\$ 938,191	\$	490,633
Total School Special Revenue Fund	\$	1,090,000	\$	1,428,824	\$ 938,191	\$	490,633
Total Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board	\$	21,479,673	\$	22,131,534	\$ 20,841,114	\$	1,290,420







#### County of Appomattox, Virginia Government-Wide Expenses by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal	G	General iovernment		Judicial	Public	Public	Health and		Re	Parks, ecreation,	C	ommunity		Interest on Long-	Sa	nitary		
Year	Ad	ministration	Ad	ministration	Safety	Works	Welfare	Education	an	d Cultural	De	velopment	Te	erm Debt	D	istrict		Total
2006	\$	1,339,431	\$	815,114	\$ 2,865,601	\$ 1,666,280	\$ 1,797,968	\$ 4,359,925	\$	247,760	\$	446,936	\$	986,249	\$		(	\$ 14,525,264
2007		1,306,507		1,052,434	3,177,263	1,346,568	2,309,238	4,548,847		(76,008)		546,808		958,613		-		15,170,270
2008		1,717,318		1,059,914	3,568,696	1,854,655	2,790,885	4,778,638		377,658		285,603		862,965		-		17,296,332
2009		1,475,556		1,138,050	3,796,542	3,482,208	2,967,988	4,986,375		408,633		761,056		945,374		-		19,961,782
2010		1,646,500		1,022,139	3,754,255	2,164,106	2,787,948	4,241,135		597,432		401,701	1	1,212,065		-		17,827,281
2011		1,546,970		1,039,084	3,271,440	2,260,607	2,437,086	4,483,112		534,829		382,584		938,409		-		16,894,121
2012		1,700,248		1,159,940	3,916,496	1,620,988	2,409,182	4,906,079		444,176		402,100	•	1,325,342		-		17,884,551
2013		1,747,040		1,209,655	3,736,293	2,186,994	2,533,327	6,312,633		494,248		389,577	•	1,281,307		379,480		20,270,554
2014		1,648,763		1,159,754	3,796,131	1,708,292	2,880,736	5,717,485		948,775		420,103	1	,227,959		443,753		19,951,751
2015		1,687,368		1,113,594	3,319,233	1,649,772	3,296,299	6,215,141		501,026		2,001,695	•	1,180,516		361,128		21,325,772

#### County of Appomattox, Virginia Government-Wide Revenues Last Ten Fiscal Years

	PR	OGRAM REVEN	IUES		GE	NERAL REVEN	IUES				
								Grants and			
		Operating	Capital					Contributions			
	Charges	Grants	Grants	General	Other	Unrestricted		Not Restricted	Gain	Payment from	
Fiscal	for	and	and	Property	Local	Investment		to Specific	on Transfer of	Appomattox	
Year	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Taxes	Taxes	Earnings	Miscellaneous	Programs	Capital Assets	School Board	Total
2006	\$ 361,753	\$ 3,908,749	\$ -	\$ 6,698,006	\$ 2,340,139	\$ 448,053	\$ 130,250	\$ 1,184,428	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 15,071,378
2007	457,380	4,511,884	-	7,958,743	2,184,586	591,753	135,756	1,182,599	-	-	17,022,701
2008	448,455	4,330,058	-	8,329,989	2,241,637	516,691	140,251	1,153,964	-	-	17,161,045
2009	351,290	5,162,798	-	8,900,236	2,146,757	145,117	229,763	1,149,963	-	-	18,085,924
2010	368,957	4,379,627	-	8,848,772	1,513,826	156,937	387,633	1,649,452	-	-	17,305,204
2011	411,946	3,951,153	-	9,681,328	1,776,533	238,840	314,834	1,584,930	-	59,065	18,018,629
2012	329,026	3,927,784	864,313	10,135,261	1,888,209	165,373	329,260	1,701,262	-	200,000	19,540,488
2013	393,740	4,069,886	38,903	10,628,797	1,960,774	111,603	194,817	1,741,356	-	175,000	19,314,876
2014	427,218	4,235,120	-	10,267,361	2,091,268	86,314	271,278	1,798,765		110,000	19,287,324
2015	430,785	6,018,492	-	11,460,249	1,993,511	76,916	410,850	1,701,420		-	22,092,223

General Governmental Expenditures by Function (1,3) County of Appomattox, Virginia Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Total	29,492,345	31,966,191	33,705,168	35,122,608	33,039,388	31,993,861	32,112,399	34,411,474	34,753,959	37,240,600
			\$									
	Debt	Service	\$ 2,440,045	2,022,901	2,542,673	2,518,022	1,754,323	1,797,034	2,209,857	2,806,446	3,136,426	3,136,428
	Community	Development	\$ 475,711	739,616	267,413	720,109	382,205	339,135	373,872	340,710	369,281	1,971,498
Parks,	Recreation, Community	and Cultural Development	\$ 326,808	374,171	380,070	380,600	577,436	519,294	401,728	557,741	464,918	461,487
		Education (2)	\$ 18,194,723	19,561,871	20,243,682	21,228,578	20,064,495	19,645,192	19,513,421	20,444,142	20,172,256	20,778,990
	Health and	Welfare	\$ 1,780,349	2,282,361	2,772,020	2,973,560	2,752,940	2,459,627	2,446,196	2,665,954	2,871,715	3,409,538
	Public	Works	\$ 1,336,192	1,382,337	1,456,118	1,368,486	1,504,094	1,362,547	1,440,829	1,520,202	1,486,906	1,465,152
	Public	Safety	3,101,684	3,427,456	3,543,957	3,557,126	3,581,419	3,496,344	3,301,417	3,369,009	3,698,694	3,324,580
	Judicial	Administration	\$ 669,675 \$	906,995	930,864	991,963	884,246	945,288	1,029,684	1,058,263	1,019,883	1,018,211
General	Government	Administration Administration	\$ 1,167,158	1,268,483	1,568,371	1,384,164	1,538,230	1,429,400	1,395,395	1,649,007	1,533,880	1,674,716
	Fiscal	Year	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015

Includes General and Special Revenue funds of the Primary Government and its Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board.
 Excludes contribution from Primary Government to Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board and vice versa.
 Excludes Capital Projects funds.

General Governmental Revenues by Source (1,3) County of Appomattox, Virginia Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Total	29,493,663	33,169,316	33,759,190	35,607,553	34,028,659	33,894,993	35,278,479	34,322,741	35,529,051	38,146,492
Inter-	governmental (2)	19,185,569 \$	21,118,177	21,156,951	23,200,143	21,781,178	21,101,521	21,617,716	20,873,765	21,156,613	22,731,587
Recovered	Costs go	139,128 \$	86,399	146,311	110,548	425,471	265,393	134,543	213,145	57,622	227,753
_	Miscellaneous	318,742 \$	252,284	354,902	433,390	465,200	417,017	478,975	269,030	403,078	504,287
Charges for	Services M	700,935 \$	850,405	902,716	664,326	610,879	714,369	707,268	659,948	707,536	665,176
Revenue from the Use of Money and	Property	331,075 \$	469,715	423,312	133,462	150,955	238,463	152,624	115,248	94,675	80,427
Fines	Forfeitures	\$ 20,577 \$	27,627	27,689	19,785	39,162	111,412	57,411	37,628	30,464	27,562
Permits, Privilege Fees, Regulatory	Licenses	\$ 89,291	146,111	145,356	159,932	129,010	83,338	79,753	78,952	81,824	89,723
Other Local	Taxes	2,340,139	2,184,586	2,241,637	2,146,757	1,513,826	1,776,533	1,888,209	1,960,774	2,091,268	1,993,511
General Property	Taxes	6,368,207 \$	8,034,012	8,360,316	8,739,210	8,912,978	9,186,947	10,161,980	10,114,251	10,905,971	11,826,466
Fiscal	Year	\$ 9002	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015

(1) Includes General and Special Revenue funds of the Primary Government and its Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board

<sup>(2)</sup> Excludes contribution from Primary Government to Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board and vice versa. (3) Excludes Capital Projects funds.

Property Tax Levies and Collections County of Appomattox, Virginia Last Ten Fiscal Years

Percent of Delinquent	Taxes to Tax Levy	11.79%	11.64%	10.99%	14.20%	%60.6	10.57%	%06.6	14.74%	11.70%	10.24%
Outstanding	Delinquent Taxes (1,2)	\$ 901,390	1,033,820	1,026,411	1,403,813	937,266	1,115,842	1,105,238	1,729,110	1,384,580	1,331,878
Percent of Total Tax	Collections to Tax Levy	95.56% \$	100.52%	99.33%	97.54%	95.18%	95.54%	%90.66	93.76%	80.05%	%61.76
Total _	Tax Collections	7,306,502	8,925,207	9,274,475	9,639,929	9,809,257	10,086,653	11,059,528	10,997,477	10,654,748	12,719,202
Delinquent	Tax Collections (1)	201,541 \$	223,258	213,449	166,644	420,791	352,324	243,720	328,661	401,811	880,350
Percent	of Levy Collected C	92.92% \$	98.01%	97.04%	95.85%	91.10%	92.20%	%88.96	%96`06	86.65%	91.02%
Current	Tax Collections (1)	\$ 7,104,961	8,701,949	9,061,026	9,473,285	9,388,466	9,734,329	10,815,808	10,668,816	10,252,937	11,838,852
Total _	Tax Levy (1)	\$ 7,646,351	8,879,016	9,337,425	9,883,252	10,306,054	10,557,842	11,164,343	11,728,977	11,832,503	13,006,666
i	Fiscal Year	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015

(1) Exclusive of penalties and interest. Does not include land redemptions. (2) Includes three most current delinquent tax years and first half of current tax year.

County of Appomattox, Virginia Assessed Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

		al	800,742,279	823,645,784	,121,023,289	,429,698,039	,420,600,337	,449,104,737	,474,238,776	,496,351,298	,476,541,069	468 148 187
		Total	800,	823,	1,121,	1,429,	1,420,	1,449,	1,474,	1,496,	1,476,	1 468
ĺ			\$	0	٠,0	٠,0	4	_	~	~	_	_
(2)	Personal	Property	358,642	242,610	273,006	572,286	502,244	468,481	392,933	600,833	737,541	720.030
tility			s									
Public Utility (2)	Real	Estate	47,957,589	48,261,121	48,091,865	78,282,888	75,647,770	81,689,647	84,347,967	89,781,508	91,673,871	93 463 491
			\$									
	Merchant's	Capital	7,956,118	8,138,852	8,205,633	9,520,696	9,939,614	10,070,429	13,109,819	13,440,191	13,250,117	13 579 085
			s									
Machinery	and	Tools	6,326,572	6,270,659	6,593,214	7,879,731	7,372,601	5,839,518	5,414,772	933,944	961,437	987 704
			s									
	Personal	Property (1)	61,162,572	64,423,605	65,524,137	70,408,129	66,335,031	70,028,002	74,218,221	74,684,745	75,967,349	77 777 780
		_	\$									
	Mobile	Homes	10,069,168	9,902,270	9,774,752	9,171,318	9,236,759	8,915,938	8,380,513	8,948,070	8,865,226	8 207 402
			s									
	Real	Estate (1)	666,911,618	686,406,667	982,560,682	1,253,862,991	1,251,566,318	1,272,092,722	1,288,374,551	1,307,962,007	1,285,085,528	1 273 923 195
			<b>\$</b>									
	Fiscal	Year	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015

(1) Real estate and personal property are assessed at 100% of fair market value.

<sup>(2)</sup> Assessed values are established by the State Corporation Commission.

#### County of Appomattox, Virginia Property Tax Rates (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Machinery	
Fiscal			Mobile	Personal	and	Merchant's
Year	F	Real Estate	Homes	Property	Tools	Capital
2006	\$	0.72	\$ 0.72	\$ 3.50	\$ 3.50	\$ 1.00
2007		0.72/0.77	0.72	4.60	4.60	1.00
2008		0.77/0.44	0.77	4.60	4.60	1.00
2009		0.44/0.48	0.44	4.60	4.60	1.00
2010		0.48	0.48	4.60	4.60	1.00
2011		0.495/0.48	0.48	4.60	4.60	1.00
2012		0.575/0.495	0.50	4.60	4.60	1.00
2013		0.575	0.575	4.60	4.60	1.00
2014		0.60	0.575	4.60	4.60	1.00
2015		0.65	0.60	4.60	4.60	1.00

<sup>(1)</sup> Per \$100 of assessed value.

# County of Appomattox, Virginia Ratio of Net General Obligation Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Population (1)	Assessed Value (2)	Gross Bonded Debt (3)	Net Bonded Debt	Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Assessed Value	Net Bonded Debt per Capita
2006	13,705	\$ 800,742,279	\$ 9,756,085	\$ 9,756,085	1.22%	\$ 712
2007	13,705	823,645,784	9,384,347	9,384,347	1.14%	685
2008	13,705	1,121,023,289	8,696,470	8,696,470	0.78%	635
2009	13,705	1,429,698,039	7,985,636	7,985,636	0.56%	583
2010	14,973	1,420,600,337	7,265,938	7,265,938	0.51%	485
2011	14,973	1,449,104,737	16,532,171	16,532,171	1.14%	1,104
2012	14,973	1,474,238,776	15,868,881	15,868,881	1.08%	1,060
2013	14,973	1,496,351,298	15,185,562	15,185,562	1.01%	1,014
2014	14,973	1,476,541,069	14,157,128	14,157,128	0.96%	946
2015	14,973	1,468,148,187	13,161,289	13,161,289	0.90%	879

<sup>(1)</sup> Weldon Cooper Center for Public Service for 2000 and 2010 census.

<sup>(2)</sup> From Table 6.

<sup>(3)</sup> Includes all long-term general obligation bonded debt, bonded anticipation notes, and literary fund loans. Excludes revenue bonds, landfill closure/post-closure care liability, capital leases, and compensated absences.





## ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements

Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To The Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Appomattox, Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties*, *Cities*, *and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of County of Appomattox Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County of Appomattox, Virginia's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 29, 2015.

#### Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered County of Appomattox Virginia's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Appomattox, Virginia's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Appomattox, Virginia's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs to be material weaknesses, 2015-01.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether County of Appomattox, Virginia's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Richmond, Virginia

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December 29, 2015

## ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

## Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance For Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by OMB Circular A-133

To The Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Appomattox Appomattox, Virginia

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited County of Appomattox, Virginia's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of County of Appomattox, Virginia's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2015. County of Appomattox, Virginia's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of County of Appomattox, Virginia's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations.* Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about County of Appomattox, Virginia's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of County of Appomattox, Virginia's compliance.

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, County of Appomattox, Virginia complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2015.

#### Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of County of Appomattox, Virginia is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered County of Appomattox, Virginia's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Appomattox, Virginia's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Richmond, Virginia

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December 29, 2015

#### County of Appomattox, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Federal Grantor/State Pass - Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number		Federal penditures
Department of Health and Human Services: Pass Through Payments:				
Department of Social Services:				
Promoting Safe and Stable Families	93.556	0950114/0950114	\$	11,469
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.558	0400114/0400114	•	180,529
Refugee and Entrant Assistance - State Administered Programs	93.566	0500114/0500114		231
Low-Income Home Energy Assistance	93.568	0600414/00600414		17,750
Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds of the Child Care and Development Fund	93.596	0760114/0760114		26,744
Chafee Education and Training Vouchers Program	93.599	9160114/9160115		1,910
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program	93.645	0900114/090115		1,101
Foster Care - Title IV-E	93.658	1100114/1100115		145,637
Adoption Assistance	93.659	1120114/11201115		6,012
Social Services Block Grant	93.667	1000114/1000115		115,051
Chafee Foster Care Independence Program	93.674	9150114/9150115		3,606
Children's Health Insurance Program	93.767	0540114/0540115		5,059
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	1200114/1200115		179,028
Total Department of Health and Human Services			\$	694,127
Department of Agriculture:				
Pass Through Payments:				
Child Nutrition Cluster:				
Department of Agriculture:				
Food Distribution	10.555	17901-45707	\$	51,502
Department of Education:	10.555	17701 13707	7	31,302
National School Lunch Program	10.555	17901-40623		412,160
Total CFDA# 10.555	10.333	17701 40023	Ś	463,662
School Breakfast Program	10.553	17901-40591	Ţ	97,161
Department of Social Services:	10.333	17701 40371		77,101
State Administrative Matching Grants for Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program	10.561	0010112/0010103		159,639
Total Department of Agriculture			Ċ	720 462
Total Department of Agriculture			\$	720,462
Department of Justice:				
Direct payments:				
Sheriff's Overtime Grant	16.xxx	N/A	\$	2,787

#### County of Appomattox, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Federal Grantor/State Pass - Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal penditures
Department of Transportation:			
Pass Through Payments:			
Department of Motor Vehicles:			
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	60507-50252/51222	\$ 6,618
Department of Transportation:			
Highway and Planning Construction	20.205	51011-60302	\$ 284,743
Total Department of Transportation			\$ 291,361
Department of Education:			
Pass Through Payments:			
Department of Education:			
Title I: Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	17901-42901	\$ 572,673
Special Education Cluster:			
Special Education Grants to States	84.027	17901-43071	421,584
Special Education Preschool Grants	84.173	17901-62521	28,307
Career and Technical Education: Basic Grants to States	84.048	17901-61095	39,154
Advanced Placement Program	84.330	17901-60957	1,330
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	17901-61480	 111,235
Total Department of Education			\$ 1,174,283
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 2,883,020

See accompanying notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

#### County of Appomattox, Virginia

#### Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

#### Note A - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal grant activity of County of Appomattox, Virginia under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2015. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of the OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of County of Appomattox, Virginia, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of County of Appomattox, Virginia.

#### Note B - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

- (1) Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in OMB Circular A-87, *Cost Principles for State, Local, and Indian Tribal Governments,* wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.
- (2) Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

#### Note C - Food Donation

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed.

#### Note D - Relationship to Financial Statements

Federal expenditures, revenues and capital contributions are reported in the County's basic financial statements as follows:

Intergovernmental federal revenues per the basic financial statements:

Primary government:	
General Fund	\$ 1,569,025
Total primary government	\$ 1,569,025
Component Unit - School Board:	
School Operating Fund	\$ 1,174,283
School Cafeteria Fund	560,823
Total component unit School Board	\$ 1,735,106
Total federal expenditures per basic financial	 _
statements	\$ 3,304,131
Less: Federal interest rate subsidy not included in Schedule of	
Expenditures of Federal Awards	(417,150)
Less: Payment in Lieu of Taxes	 (3,961)
Total expenditures of federal awards per the Schedule of Expenditures	
of Federal Awards	\$ 2,883,020

#### County of Appomattox, Virginia Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

#### Section I-Summary of Auditors' Results

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Type of auditors' report issued:	<u>unmodified</u>		
Internal control over financial reporting:			
a. Material weakness(es) identified?	√ yes	no	
b. Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	yes	✓ none reported	
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	yes	no	
Federal Awards			
Internal control over major programs:			
a. Material weakness(es) identified?	yes	✓ no	
b. Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	yes	√ no	
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance			
for major programs:	<u>ummodified</u>		
Any findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with section 510(a) of			
Circular A-133?	yes	no	
Identification of major programs:			
CFDA Number(s)	Name of Federal Program or Cluster		
10.553/10.555	Child Nutrition	Child Nutrition Cluster	
93.558	Temporary Assistance	Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	
93.778	Medical Assistance Program		
10.561	State Administrative Mat	State Administrative Matching Grants for the	
	Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program		
84.027	Title VI-B Special Education Grants to States		
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A			
and type B programs:	\$300,0	000	
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	yes	no	

## County of Appomattox, Virginia Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

#### Section II-Financial Statement Findings

2015-01

Financial Reporting

Criteria: Per Statement on Auditing Standards 115, the identification of adjustments to the

financial statements by the auditor indicates that a deficiency exists. Internal controls should be in place to ensure that audited financial statements reconcile

to the County's internal documents.

Condition: The auditor recommended adjustments to the general ledger to post revenue and

expenditure accruals.

Effect of Condition: There is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's

financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or

detected by the entity's internal controls over financial reporting.

Cause of Condition: Procedures were not in place to provide the necessary internal controls over

financial reporting and year-end adjusting entries were not identified prior to the

auditors' arrival to conduct the audit.

Recommendation: For FY15, procedures were not in place to accomplish these tasks. Therefore, the

County's year-end general ledger reports did not reconcile to the FY15 audited financial statements. We recommend the County consider employing a governmental accounting consultant, that is independent of the County's Auditor,

to assist with preparation of year end working trial balances.

Management's

Response: The County is considering corrective action for FY16.

#### Section III-Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None

