# TOWN OF LEESBURG, VIRGINIA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Prepared by the Department of Finance and Administrative Services

#### TOWN OF LEESBURG, VIRGINIA

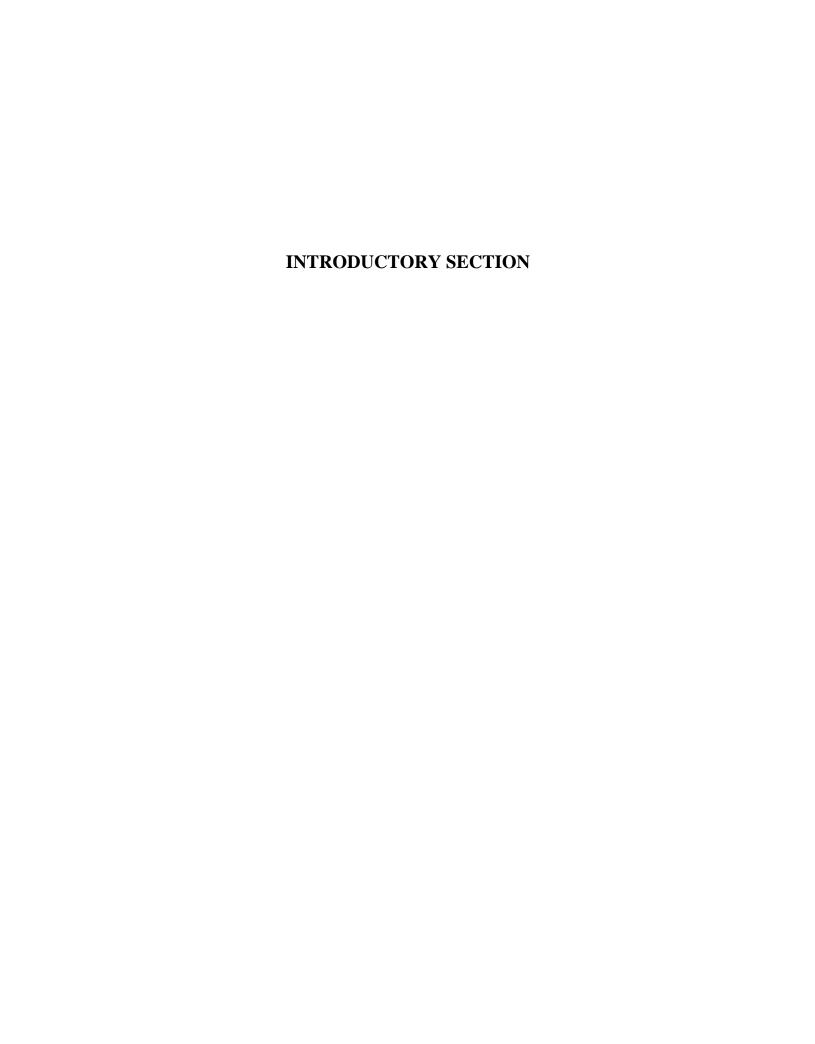
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25 West Market Street ௸ Leesburg, Virginia 20176 ☎ 703-777-2420

November 23, 2016

Honorable Mayor, Members of Town Council, and Residents of the Town of Leesburg:

We are pleased to present the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the Town of Leesburg (the Town) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. This report is designed to present fairly the financial position of governmental activities, business-type activities, and each major fund of the Town in all material respects, and to demonstrate compliance with applicable finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The CAFR includes all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the financial affairs of the Town. The management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) section of the CAFR summarizes the Town's financial position, and activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016.

The Department of Finance and Administrative Services has prepared this report in accordance with the following standards:

- Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) which are uniform minimum standards and guidelines for financial accounting and reporting;
- Governmental accounting and financial reporting statements, interpretations, and technical bulletins issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB); and
- Uniform financial reporting standards for counties, cities, and towns issued by the Commonwealth of Virginia's Auditor of Public Accounts (APA).

Responsibility for the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the information presented in the CAFR including disclosures rests with Town management. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed financial statements, schedules, and tables are complete and accurate in all material respects.

#### Profile of the Town

The Town is located in the Virginia Piedmont between the foothills of the Blue Ridge Mountains and the Potomac River, 35 miles northwest of Washington, D.C. The Town covers approximately 12 square miles, with elevations ranging from 275 feet to 425 feet above sea level.

Established in 1758, Leesburg is the seat of government for Loudoun County. The Town's rich history spans three centuries. Originally, a settlement called George Town in honor of the reigning monarch of Great Britain; the Town was renamed to honor the influential Lee family of Virginia.

During the War of 1812, the Town served as the temporary capital of the United States when valuable papers of the federal government including the Declaration of Independence and the Constitution were brought to the Town for safekeeping. President James Monroe resided just south of town at Oak Hill where he announced the Monroe Doctrine in 1823. The Town was the site of the Civil War Battle of Ball's Bluff fought on the banks of the Potomac River. The 1861 battle claimed the life of Col. Edward Baker, a close friend of President Lincoln, and spawned a congressional committee to investigate the conduct of the war. The battlefield is marked by one of America's smallest national cemeteries.

In the 20th century, the Town was the home of World War II General, and later U. S. Secretary of State, George C. Marshall, architect of the famous Marshall Plan that re-built Europe after the war. Radio personality Arthur Godfrey, who donated land for the Town's first airport, also called Leesburg home.

Today, the Town continues to serve as the center of government and commerce for Loudoun County. Leesburg's Old and Historic District was established by local ordinance in 1963, was placed on the National Registry of Historic Places in 1970, and is often cited as one of the best preserved and most picturesque downtowns in Virginia. In the 2011 and 2013 versions of Money magazine's annual "Best Places to Live" editions, the Town of Leesburg was listed among the top 25 small cities nationally. More recently, in October 2016, Leesburg was ranked as the best small city in Virginia, and the 18<sup>th</sup> in the nation, by WalletHub.

#### Overview of Town Government

The Town has operated under the council-manager form of government since 1962. The Town Council is the governing body of the Town and is empowered by the Town Charter to make Town policy. Six of the seven Town Council members are elected at-large for four-year overlapping terms and the Mayor, also a member of Council, is elected for a two-year term.

The Council appoints the Town Manager who is the chief executive officer of the Town. The Town Manager serves at the pleasure of Council, carries out its policies, directs business procedures, and has the power of appointment and removal of all Town employees except for the Town Council appointed Town Attorney. Duties and responsibilities of the Town Manager include preparation, submission, and administration of the operating and capital budgets, advising Council on the affairs of the Town, enforcement of the Town Charter and laws of the Town, and direction and supervision of all departments.

The Town Council in its legislative role as the governing body adopts ordinances and resolutions and establishes the general policies of the Town. The Council also sets tax rates and adopts the operating and capital budgets.

The operating departments of the Town include the town manager's office, finance and administrative services (includes human resources and information technology); police; public works and capital projects; planning and zoning; plan review; economic development, town attorney, town clerk, parks and recreation; utilities; Balch Library; and airport operations. Each department has a director or manager who reports to the Town Manager or Deputy Town Manager.

#### Local Economy Condition and Outlook

The Town's economy has recovered from the economic downturn and the fiscal state of the Town remains strong. The Town embraces the future with confidence based on a proven financial track record. The Town's successes are shared accomplishments combining skill, experience, and dedication from elected officials, appointed officials, employees, and citizens. Faced with changing resources, especially in federal spending, taxation, and state assistance, the Town must continue to plan and manage its funding sources carefully.

Falling within the Washington, D.C. metropolitan area, the Town's economic and demographic conditions reflect the prevailing conditions of the region. The unemployment rate for the Town has decreased over the last year from 3.7% to 3.1%. The Town continues to be well below the Virginia and national rates of unemployment. This can be attributed in large part to Leesburg's location in Northern Virginia and its close proximity to Washington, D.C. and the federal government.

Looking realistically to the future, it is evident the economic recovery appears modest at best. Residential property values have stabilized and have increased slightly; revenues from consumer spending are beginning to trend upward; investment earnings are small, but improving; and federal and state revenues have declined and are uncertain. In planning for a future based on this new economic reality, the Town needs to be able to tell residents, the business community, and the workforce the following: 1) how it is going to operate in the future; 2) what services will be provided and at what levels; and 3) what type of organization it will be. The fiscal year 2016 budget answered these questions by adhering to a long-range financial sustainability plan that balanced services, capital investments, and debt service funding with taxpayer affordability.

The fiscal year 2016 budget was adopted based on the Town Council's established strategic goal to achieve long-term budget sustainability in addition to its established strategic focus areas of:

- Economic Development and Downtown Improvements
- Operational Efficiency and Fiscal Management
- Community Safety/Quality of Life
- Land Development Process Improvements
- Capital Infrastructure
- Legislative Initiatives

The importance of long-term budget sustainability was evident in light of the effects of the severe recession on our residents and its ripple impacts on the federal, state, and local governments. The Town of Leesburg under the Council's direction has worked its way through the past few years with strategic reductions in costs, increased staff efficiency, and deferral of certain costs while providing Town employees with modest pay increases. During this time, the Council has provided the policy leadership that has allowed the Town to maintain most services with limited service level impacts and stabilized real estate tax bills while maintaining a healthy financial position in accordance with our fiscal policies. This fiscal discipline was rewarded in April 2015 with triple A ratings from Moody's, Fitch and Standard & Poor's credit rating agencies.

#### **Financial Condition**

The Town government continues to be in very sound financial condition as demonstrated by the financial statements and schedules included in this CAFR. Within the context of a fiscally prudent budget, the Town has maintained the level of services provided to residents and taxpayers, achieved many programmatic goals, and enhanced the quality of life of the residents of the Town.

The need to keep stable real estate tax rates continued to exert pressure on maintaining services at existing levels, and maintaining capital promises made to the residents. Keeping existing programs funded and addressing the continuing demands of the community also put a strain on the budgeting process. In an effort to meet these demands, management has developed the following initiatives for the next two years:

- Successfully carry out the Council's policies on long-term budget stability.
- Set and achieve high standards for customer service for all departments.
- Continued focus on employee productivity and operational efficiency to maintain or reduce costs in the face of increased service demands.
- Accelerate the application of technology as financially feasible to improve access to Town services and to improve communication with all residents.
- Continued emphasis on an organizational culture that focuses on improving the quality of life for our residents and businesses.

The Town's investment policy is limited by the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act in utilizing depositories that have been qualified for investments by the Commonwealth of Virginia. Accordingly, deposits were either insured by federal depository insurance or highly collateralized. Funds are invested in cash and cash equivalents with maturities planned to coincide with cash needs. Idle funds available for longer periods of time are invested in the State-maintained Local Government Investment Pool, the State Non-Arbitrage Pool, Certificate of Deposit Account Registry Service (CDARS), and the VACo/VML Virginia Investment Pool (intermediate-term, high quality bonds). The Town's investments set aside to fund the future costs of retired employee health insurance, known as Other Post-Employment Benefits or OPEB, are governed by separate state statutes and a separate Town policy that allows for the investment of long-term assets in high quality bonds and equities. At June 30, 2016, the Town's OPEB assets were being transitioned from the VACo/VML OPEB Pooled Trust to a Town Council authorized independent trust where the assets are held by US Bank as trustee and managed by PFM, Inc. with the expectation that the assets will generate higher returns with lower fees. Investments of \$625 thousand were at US Bank, Inc. with approximately \$8.8 million remaining with the VACo/VML OPEB Pooled Trust to be transferred entirely to the US Bank, Inc. no later than October 31, 2016.

#### **Budgetary Accounting and Internal Controls**

The Town's budget is prepared on the basis of funds which are fiscal and accounting entities with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and other financial resources, combined together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein. The funds are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, and limitations.

The types of funds maintained by the Town include governmental funds (General Fund and Capital Projects Fund), a fiduciary fund (Other Post Employment Trust Fund), an internal service fund (Health Care Self-insurance Fund), and a proprietary fund (Utilities Fund). All funds are subject to appropriation by the Town Council. The Town maintains budgetary controls designed to monitor compliance with expenditure limitations contained in annual budget appropriations approved by the Town Council. The level of budgetary control (the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is established by department within the General Fund. The Town Manager has authority to amend or transfer appropriations between departments. The Town also maintains an encumbrance recording system as one technique for accomplishing budgetary control. Open encumbrances for the General Fund are reported as assigned in the fund balance at the end of the year. The Capital Projects Fund balance is committed for scheduled projects and has been reported as committed in the fund balance at the end of the fiscal year.

Town management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls designed to ensure the assets of the Town are protected from loss, theft or misuse. Internal controls are intended to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance these objectives are met. The Department of Finance and Administrative Services is always reviewing and assessing the soundness and adequacy of the Town's financial systems and internal controls to ensure the strongest possible structure has been established and maintained.

#### Other Information

Independent Audit. Section 2-161 of the *Town Code* requires an annual audit of the financial affairs of the Town by a qualified and competent certified public accountant. Further, 15.2-2511 of the *Code of Virginia* requires an annual audit be performed by independent certified public accountants. Audits must be performed in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards set forth in the Government Accountability Office's *Government Auditing Standards*. In addition, the auditor must conduct the compliance examinations required by the Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996, the related U.S. Office of Management and Budget's Circular A-133, and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities and Towns* issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. The Town Council has selected the accounting firm of PBMares, LLP to perform these audit services. The accounting firm's reports are presented in the financial section and the compliance section of this report.

<u>Certificate of Achievement for Excellence.</u> The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded the Town a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. The GFOA awards a certificate to governmental units that exemplify excellence in financial reporting and conform to stringent reporting requirements promulgated by that association and various authoritative bodies.

To earn a Certificate of Achievement, a CAFR must be clear, thorough, and understandable. The report must be efficiently organized, employ certain standardized terminology and formatting conventions, minimize ambiguities and potentials for misleading inference, enhance understanding of current generally accepted accounting theory, and demonstrate a constructive "spirit of full disclosure".

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current report continues the 29-year tradition of conforming to the Certificate of Achievement Program requirements and standards. We are submitting this CAFR to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate for fiscal year 2016.

Acknowledgements. This report was prepared by the professional staff of the Department of Finance and Administrative Services. The staff's hard work, dedication and continuing efforts to improve the quality of this report directly benefit all who read and use it. Special recognition goes to Lisa Stillman, controller; Willis Felegie, accounting manager; Carrie Curry, staff accountant; Sarah Utterback, accounting associate III; Lisa Haley, deputy director of finance and administrative services; and Jason Cournoyer, budget officer; for their technical expertise, teamwork, review, and dedicated service in the preparation of this CAFR.

This CAFR reflects the commitment of the Town Council, and administration to the residents and taxpayers of Leesburg and the financial community to provide information in conformance with the highest standards of financial accountability.

Sincerely,

Kaj Dentler Town Manager

Clark G. Case

Director of Finance and Administrative Services

Clark J. Case



#### Government Finance Officers Association

# Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

## Town of Leesburg Virginia

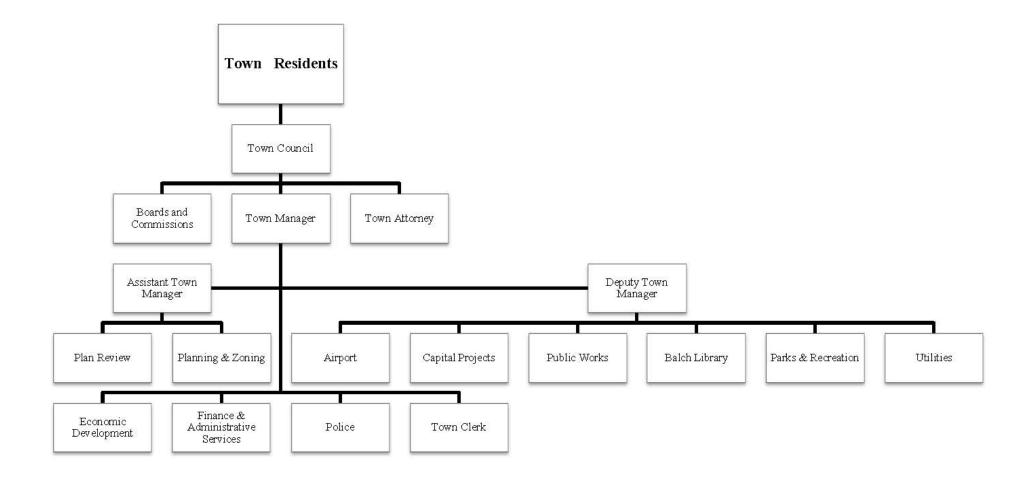
For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2015

Executive Director/CEO

#### TOWN OF LEESBURG, VIRGINIA

#### **ORGANIZATIONAL CHART**



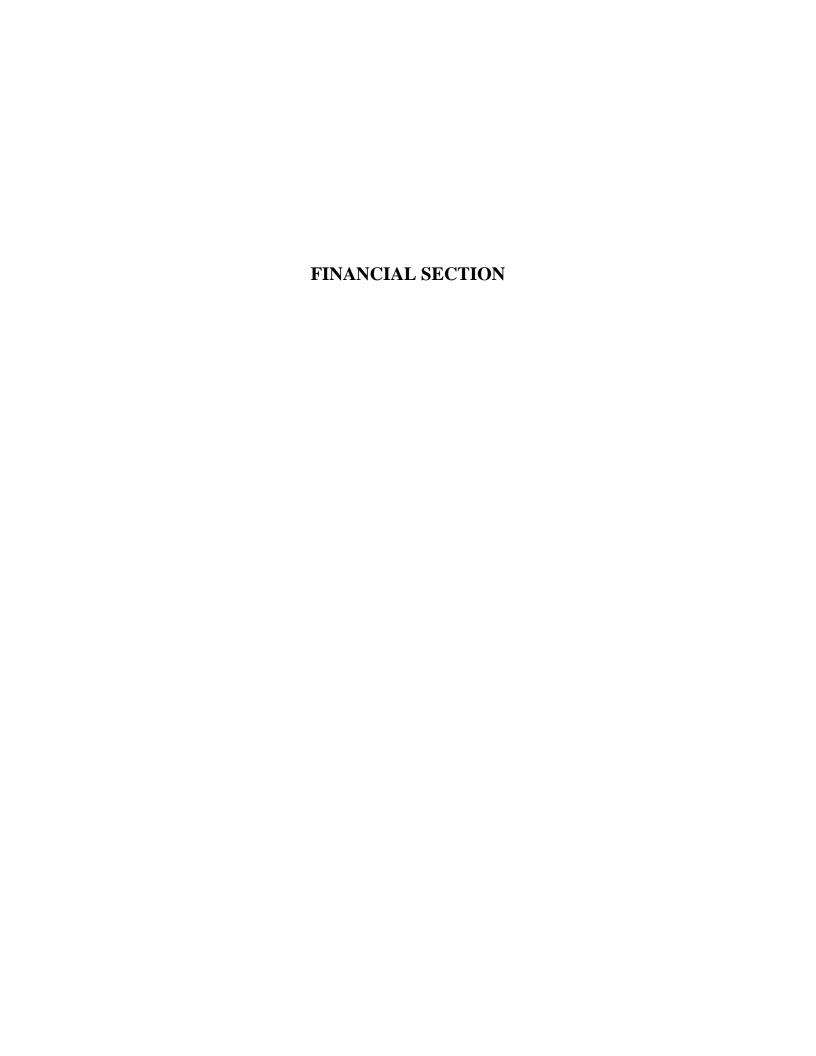
### TOWN OF LEESBURG, VIRGINIA LIST OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

#### **TOWN COUNCIL**

David S. Butler, Mayor Kelly Burk, Vice Mayor Thomas Dunn, II Katie Sheldon Hammler Fernando "Marty" Martinez Suzanne Fox R. Bruce Gemmill

#### **TOWN OFFICIALS**

Kaj Dentler, Town Manager Keith Markel, Deputy Town Manager Barbara Notar, Town Attorney Lee Ann Green, Clerk of Council Vanessa Grigsby, Acting Police Chief Thomas A. Mason, Director of Public Works Renee LaFollette, Director of the Office of Capital Projects Amy Wyks, Director of Utilities Rich Williams, Director of Parks and Recreation Susan Berry-Hill, Director of Planning and Zoning William Ackman, Director of Plan Review Scott Coffman, Airport Manager Marantha Edwards, Director of Economic Development Alexandra Gressitt, Director of Balch Library Clark Case, Director of Finance and Administrative Services Annie Carlson, Information Technology Manager Mark Hauer, Human Resources Manager





#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of Council Town of Leesburg, Virginia Leesburg, Virginia

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the remaining fund information of the Town of Leesburg, Virginia (Town), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### **Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities and Towns* issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards and specifications require we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Town's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the remaining fund information of the Town, as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require the Management's Discussion and Analysis and the required supplementary information on pages 13-25 and 83-85, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedules listed in the table of contents as supplemental schedules, introductory section, statistical section, and Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and supplemental schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplemental schedules and Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections, as listed in the table of contents, have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 23, 2016 on our consideration of the Town's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

PBMares, LLP

Harrisonburg, Virginia November 23, 2016

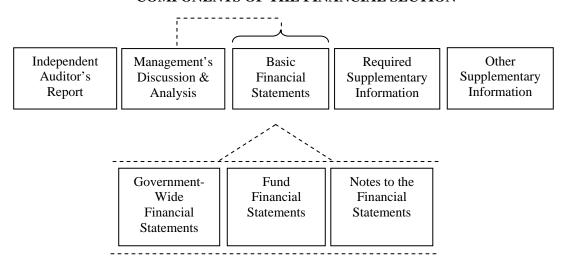
#### TOWN OF LEESBURG MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS June 30, 2016

The Town of Leesburg, Virginia (Town) presents the following management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) as an overview of the Town's financial position and activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. We encourage readers to read this discussion and analysis and the letter of transmittal from the Town Manager and the Director of Finance and Administrative Services in conjunction with the Town's basic financial statements and related notes, which are also contained in this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR).

#### USING THE FINANCIAL SECTION OF THIS CAFR

This CAFR consists of four sections: Introductory, Financial, Statistical, and Compliance. As the following chart shows, the financial section of this report has four components – *Management's Discussion and Analysis* (this section), *Basic Financial Statements*, *Required Supplementary Information*, and *Other Supplementary Information*.

#### COMPONENTS OF THE FINANCIAL SECTION



The Town's financial statements present two perspectives of the Town's finances, one for the Town as a whole (government-wide) and the second based on the fund financial statements. The Government-wide Financial Statements provide information on an accrual basis and focus on both long-term and short-term information concerning the Town's overall financial condition. The Fund Financial Statements provide information on a current financial resource basis only and focus on the individual parts of Town government, reporting the Town's current operations in more detail than in the Government-Wide statements. Both perspectives (government-wide and individual funds) allow the user to address relevant financial questions, broaden the basis of comparison (year to year or government to government) and enhance the Town's accountability.

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS**

The Government-wide Statements report information about the Town as a whole using accounting methods similar to private-sector companies. Specifically, the Statement of Net Position (Exhibit 1) and the Statement of Activities (Exhibit 2), report information about the Town's assets, liabilities, deferred outflows and inflows of resources, and activities using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded and presented in these financial statements in the year in which they are earned, and expenses are recognized in the period in which they were incurred, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Town's Net Position represents the residual amount of cumulative assets, deferred outflows of resources over present liabilities and deferred inflows of resources as of the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. The revenues and expenses for the current fiscal year are the principal factors affecting the change in the Town's net position, as shown in Exhibit 2. The Town's net position is one way to measure the Town's financial health, as increases or decreases in net position are one indicator of whether its financial position is improving or declining. Further analysis can be achieved by comparing the changes in the revenue, expenses, assets and liabilities in the prior year CAFR's Statement of Activities and Statement of Net Position. Other financial reports as well as nonfinancial factors need to be considered, such as changes in the Town's property tax base, the condition of the Town's infrastructure, the Town's overall budget and capital improvement program in order to assess the overall financial health of the Town.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities include the following:

Governmental activities: Most of the Town's basic services are reported in the General Fund including general government; public safety; community development; parks and recreation; library; airport, and public works. Combined with capital improvement projects, accounted for in the Capital Projects Fund, these two funds comprise the governmental activities. These types of activities are financed primarily by property taxes, other local taxes, charges for services, and federal and state grants.

<u>Business-type activities</u>: The Town charges fees to users to cover all, or a significant portion, of the costs for water and sewer services in the Utilities fund and self-insurance costs in the Internal-service Fund. As such, these services are reported as a business-type activity in the CAFR posting results of activities as a self-supporting operation.

#### FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Fund Financial Statements provide additional information about the Town's most significant funds within the government, as compared to the Government-wide Financial Statements that focus on the Town as a whole. The basis of accounting and the required presentation of related financial statements in the CAFR are based upon each type of fund.

The Town has three types of funds:

Governmental Funds – The Town has two major governmental funds, the General Fund and the Capital Projects Fund and one non-major governmental fund, the Special Revenue Fund. Accounting for the basic governmental services, the General Fund is the largest of the governmental funds and functions as the main operating fund of the Town. The Capital Projects Fund accounts for the daily operations of the Department of Capital Projects including the design, architecture and construction of major capital projects and helps provide control over the resources that have been segregated for those projects. The Special Revenue Fund is used to account for revenue from the Northern Virginia Transportation Authority (NVTA) which is transferred to fund certain projects included in the Capital Projects Fund.

These funds are accounted for under the current financial resource basis of accounting which focuses on (1) how cash and other financial assets can readily be converted to cash flow and (2) how the balances remaining at year-end are available for expenditures. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view that assists the reader in understanding the financial resources available to be spent in the near future to finance the Town's operations.

The Balance Sheet (Exhibit 3) and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (Exhibit 5) do not encompass the long-term focus. Additional information is presented in the form of reconciliations (Exhibits 4 and 6) to help explain the difference between these individual governmental fund statements and the government-wide statements. These reconciliations present information related to noncurrent assets such as capital assets and noncurrent liabilities such as bonds payable, compensated absences, other postemployment benefits, and deferred outflows/inflows of resources and the changes in these balances.

<u>Proprietary Funds</u> – The Town has two proprietary funds for the fiscal year ended 2016 comprised of one Enterprise Fund and one Internal Service Fund. Both the Enterprise Fund and the Internal Service Fund operate in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where costs are recovered primarily through user charges or fees. However, the funds are distinguished by the type of user – external versus internal. Whereas an enterprise fund is used to account for any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services, an internal service fund is used to account for the provision of goods or services by one department to another department. In fiscal year 2015, the Town established a Self-Insurance Fund for all payments of insurance for both employees and retirees.

Proprietary fund financial statements provide both short-term and long-term financial information in the Statement of Net Position (Exhibit 8), the Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position (Exhibit 9) along with the Statement of Cash Flows (Exhibit 10). The financial statements are prepared under the accrual basis of accounting. Because these proprietary fund statements are prepared on the same basis of accounting as the government-wide statements, no additional information is needed for reconciliation to the government-wide statements. Instead, the totals of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position from Exhibits 8 and 9 are presented in the business type column on the Statement of Net Position (Exhibit 1), and the proprietary fund revenues and expenditures are similarly summarized in the Statement of Activities (Exhibit 2).

<u>Fiduciary Fund</u> – The Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Trust Fund is the Town's fiduciary fund. The fund accumulates resources to cover health and life insurance costs for retired employees. All of the economic resources associated with the operations of the fund are presented in the Statement of Net Position (Exhibit 11) and the Statement of Changes in Net Position (Exhibit 12). Unlike the proprietary funds, fiduciary funds are not required to report a statement of cash flows.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2016

The Town's fiscal policy provides a framework for measuring the impact of services against fiscal guidelines established by the Town Council and Town Manager. These guidelines are designed to promote the fiscal well-being of the Town through management objectives to maximize efficiencies in accounting, financial reporting, safeguarding assets, budgeting revenues and expenses, risk management and planning for the use of debt, cash and reserve funds in order to link long-term financial planning goals with day-to-day operations. Fiscal policy thereby serves as a tool to increase the Town's ability to shield itself from fiscal crises and to enhance short- and long-term credit availability while helping to achieve and maintain the highest credit and bond ratings possible.

Total net position of the Town on a government-wide basis is \$405.2 million at June 30, 2016 of which \$281.6 million is attributable to the Town's governmental activities and \$123.6 million to business type activities (Exhibit 1). The government-wide total net position that is unrestricted is \$29.5 million, of which \$12.4 million is unrestricted for governmental activities and \$17.1 million is unrestricted for business-type activities. The Statement of Activities (Exhibit 2) presents all the factors attributed to the \$7.6 million or 1.9 percent increase in the Town's net position from \$397.6 million in fiscal year 2015 to \$405.2 million in fiscal year 2016. This increase of \$7.6 million is due to an increase of \$7.1 million in governmental activities and an increase of \$0.5 million in business-type activities.

Total fund balance of the Town's Governmental Funds is \$33.1 million at June 30, 2016 of which \$25.5 million is attributable to the Town's General Fund and \$7.6 million is attributable to the Town's Capital Projects Fund (Exhibit 3). The Governmental Funds total fund balance that is unassigned is \$7.5 million. This amount is comprised of the General Fund's unassigned fund balance of \$11.5 million and the Capital Projects Fund's unassigned deficit of \$4.0 million. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (Exhibit 5) presents all the factors attributed to the \$0.6 million or 1.9 percent decrease in the total fund balance from \$33.7 million in fiscal year 2015 to \$33.1 million in fiscal year 2016. This decrease of \$0.6 million is due to an increase of \$2.8 million in the fund balance of the General Fund and a decrease of \$3.4 million in the fund balance of the Capital Projects Fund due to Encumbrances of \$5.0 million for contracts that have been recorded in the Capital Projects Fund that have not been liquidated and as such, no revenue has been recognized for those expenditures at June 30, 2016.

In fiscal year 2015, the Town established a second Enterprise fund which is used to account for the Internal Self Insurance Fund activities. The total net position of the Town's Proprietary Funds is \$125.1 million of which \$123.6 million is attributable to the Town's Utility Fund and \$1.5 million is attributable to the Town's Internal Service Fund at June 30, 2016 (Exhibit 8). The Utility Fund's unrestricted net position is \$17.1 million. The Statement of Revenue, Expenses and Changes in Net Position (Exhibit 9) presents all the factors attributed to the Utility Fund's \$0.7 million or 0.6 percent increase from \$122.9 million in fiscal year 2015 to \$123.6 million in fiscal year 2016 and the change in net position of \$0.06 million or 0.4 percent increase from \$1.4 million in 2015 to \$1.5 million in 2016 for the Internal Service Fund.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE TOWN AS A WHOLE

#### **Statement of Net Position**

Table 1 below summarizes and compares the Statement of Net Position (Exhibit 1) for the Town as of June 30, 2016 and 2015.

Table 1
Summary Statement of Net Position
Comparison as of June 30, 2016 and 2015 (\$ in Thousands)

	Governmen	tal Activities	<b>Business-Ty</b>	pe Activities	Total Reporting Entit			
	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015		
<b>Assets and Deferred Outflows</b>								
of Resources								
Current and Other Assets	\$ 59,327	\$ 56,257	\$ 23,430	\$ 22,710	\$ 82,757	\$ 78,967		
Capital Assets, net	331,035	326,385	171,993	173,933	503,028	500,318		
Deferred Outflows of Resources	3,610	3,850	2,827	3,023	6,437	6,873		
Assets and Deferred Outflows								
of Resources	393,972	386,492	198,250	199,666	592,222	586,158		
<b>Liabilities and Deferred Inflows</b>								
of Resources								
Current Liabilities	19,180	19,944	2,944	5,028	22,124	24,972		
Long-term Liabilities	85,226	82,758	71,220	70,619	156,446	153,377		
Deferred Inflows of Resources	7,973	9,313	478	869	8,451	10,182		
Liabilities and Deferred Inflows								
of Resources	112,379	112,015	74,642	76,516	187,021	188,531		
Net Position								
Net Investment in Capital Assets	260,418	253,108	106,515	106,180	366,933	359,288		
Restricted	8,803	11,602	-	-	8,803	11,602		
Unrestricted	12,372	9,767	17,093	16,970	29,465	26,737		
Total Net Position	\$ 281,593	\$ 274,477	\$ 123,608	\$ 123,150	\$ 405,201	\$ 397,627		

Total net position for the Town's governmental activities increased approximately \$7.1 million or 2.6 percent, to \$281.6 million. This increase is comprised primarily of a \$7.3 million increase in net investment in capital assets and a \$2.6 million increase in unrestricted net assets offset by a \$2.8 million decrease in restricted net position. In comparison, net position for business-type activities increased approximately \$0.5 million to \$123.6 million. This increase is comprised primarily of an increase in net investment in capital assets of \$0.3 million which is a result of addition of capital assets in excess of depreciation and amortization as well as debt service activity (see Note 6 and Note 7).

#### **Statement of Activities**

Table 2 summarizes and compares the Statement of Activities (Exhibit 2) for the Town for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015.

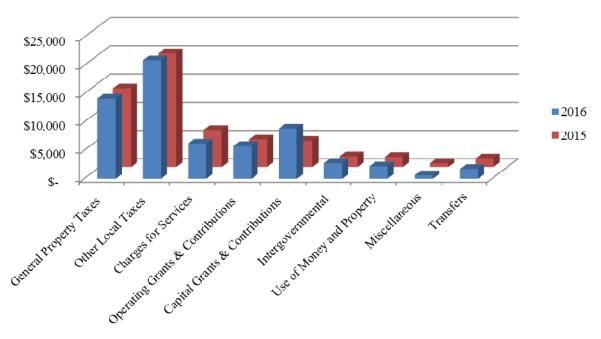
Table 2
Summary of Statement of Activities
Comparison for the years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 (\$ in Thousands)

	<b>Governmental Activities</b>			<b>Business-Type Activities</b>				<b>Total Reporting Entity</b>			
		2016		2015		2016	2015		2016		2015
REVENUES				•							
<b>General Revenues:</b>											
Property Taxes	\$	14,185	\$	13,908	\$	- :	\$ -	\$	14,185	\$	13,908
Other Local Taxes		20,958		20,097		-	-		20,958		20,097
Other		5,553		4,343		661	612		6,214		4,955
Program Revenues:											
Charges for Services		6,211		6,543		18,639	16,842		24,850		23,385
Operating Grants and Contributions		5,794		4,875		1,598	1,593		7,392		6,468
Capital Grants and Contributions		8,861		4,654		572	322		9,433		4,976
<b>Total Revenues</b>		61,562		54,420		21,470	19,369		83,032		73,789
EXPENSES											
Legislative		253		359		_	-		253		359
Executive		2,502		2,073		_	-		2,502		2,073
Legal		730		813		-	_		730		813
Finance and administrative services		4,623		4,428		_	-		4,623		4,428
Public Safety		13,092		13,237		-	-		13,092		13,237
Public Works		17,881		15,310		-	-		17,881		15,310
Parks and Recreation		8,475		8,084		-	-		8,475		8,084
Balch Library		667		635		-	-		667		635
Planning and Zoning		1,634		1,555		-	-		1,634		1,555
Plan Review		1,346		1,251		-	-		1,346		1,251
Airport		1,888		1,737		-	-		1,888		1,737
Interest		3,079		2,948		-	-		3,079		2,948
Utilities		-				19,288	18,923		19,288		18,923
Total Expenses		56,170		52,430		19,288	18,923		75,458		71,353
Change in Net Position before											
transfers		5,392		1,990		2,182	446		7,574		2,436
Transfers in (out)		1,724		1,502		(1,724)	(1,502)		-		-
Increase (Decrease) in Net											
Position		7,116		3,492		458	(1,056)		7,574		2,436
Net Position, Beginning of Year		274,477		270,985		123,150	124,206		397,627		395,191
Net Position, End of Year	\$	281,593	\$	274,477	\$	123,608	\$ 123,150	\$	405,201	\$	397,627
										_	

#### **Governmental Activities**

As shown in Table 2 above, total revenue for the Town's governmental activities was \$61.6 million for fiscal year 2016 compared to \$54.4 million for fiscal year 2015. In addition to this revenue, there were net transfers of \$1.7 million to the Governmental Activities in 2016. Table 2 also indicates total expenses for governmental activities for fiscal year 2016 were \$56.2 million, compared to \$52.4 million in fiscal year 2015.

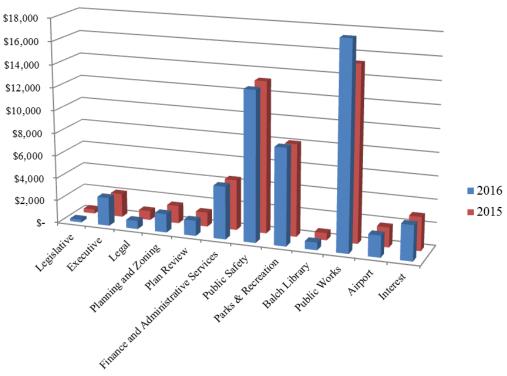
Chart 1
Governmental Activities – Revenues by Source
Comparison for the years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 (\$ in Thousands)



Taxes constitute the largest source of Town revenue totaling approximately \$35.1 million, with general property taxes of \$14.2 million in 2016 and \$13.9 in 2015 (Table 2). Other local taxes, \$20.9 million in 2016 and \$20.1 million in 2015, are generated through business and occupational licenses and consumption based taxes such as taxes on meals, sales and use, cigarettes and utilities.

Chart 2 below illustrates total expenses by function.

Chart 2
Governmental Activities – Expenses by Function
Comparison for the years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 (\$ in Thousands)



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Public Works was the Town's largest function with the Town's cost of service totaling \$17.9 million or 31.8 percent of total expenses. The increase of \$2.6 million in Public Works is largely due to Winter Storm Jonas response for snow removal and repairs related to the snow storm as well as road projects that were undertaken in fiscal 2016. Public safety expenses, which total \$13.1 million, or 23.3 percent, represent the second largest expense category for governmental activities. Expenses increased by \$3.7 million or 7.1 percent.

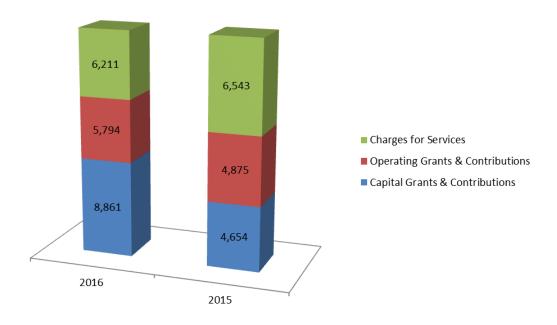
Table 3 below illustrates general revenue, primarily in the form of taxes, charges for services and state aid, is essential to providing support for the services offered by the Town. These governmental activities generate revenue that assists in offsetting the cost of these services. Table 3 presents the total cost of services and the net costs after fees generated by the activities and allowances for program-specific governmental aid as an integral part of the Town's governmental activities. The Town generates charges for services primarily from fees for parks and recreation memberships and classes, public safety fees, zoning fees and permits. The Town obtains grants and contributions primarily for public safety, airport, and public works. After recognizing the total revenue from these fees, grants, and contributions of \$20.9 million in 2016, the net cost of governmental activities was \$35.3 million, compared to total costs of \$56.1 million.

Table 3
Net Cost of Governmental Activities
Comparison for the years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 (\$ in Thousands)

		Total Cost	of S	ervices	Net Cost of Services					
<b>Function:</b>		2016		2015		2016		2015		
Legislative	\$	253	\$	359	\$	253	\$	359		
Executive		2,502		2,073		2,243		1,817		
Legal		730		813		730		813		
Planning and Zoning		1,634		1,555		1,121		906		
Plan Review		1,346		1,251		1,346		1,251		
Finance and Administrative Services		4,623		4,428		4,623		4,428		
Public Safety		13,092		13,237		11,088		11,636		
Parks and Recreation		8,475		8,084		3,483		3,164		
Balch Library		667		635		658		622		
Public Works		17,881		15,310		5,210		8,223		
Airport		1,888		1,737		1,470		191		
Interest		3,079		2,948		3,079		2,948		
Totals	\$	56,170	\$	52,430	\$	35,304	\$	36,358		

Chart 3 below shows a comparison of program revenue and the three main components: charges for services, operating grants and contributions and capital grants and contributions. Revenue from charges for services decreased by \$0.3 million, program revenue for operating grants and contributions increased \$0.9 million and capital grants and contributions increased \$4.2 million primarily due to increased activity for public works projects that are funded by grants and other contributions.

Chart 3
Governmental Activities – Program Revenue
Comparison for the years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 (\$ in Thousands)



#### **Business-type Activities**

Table 2 summarizes the business-type activities for 2016 and indicates the Utilities Fund government-wide net position increased by \$0.5 million after the \$1.7 million transfer to the General Fund. The Statement of Revenue, Expenses and Changes in Net Position (Exhibit 9) details operating and non-operating income and expense factors, as well as capital grants, contributions and transfers for fiscal year 2016 for both the Utilities Fund and the Internal Service Fund.

Business-type activities are generally intended to be self-supporting as fees are established to recover the costs associated with providing the service. Exhibit 8 presents the Statement of Net Position for the Utilities Fund and the Internal Service Fund. In fiscal year 2016, the Utilities Fund's total assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources were \$195.4 million, \$2.8 million, \$74.2 million and \$0.4 million, respectively. Total net position for fiscal year 2016 was \$123.6 million of which \$17.1 million is unrestricted. In fiscal year 2016, the Internal Service Fund's total assets and liabilities were \$3.1 million and \$1.7 million, respectively. Total net position for fiscal year 2016 was \$1.4 million which was all restricted.

Charges for services including water and sewer fixed charges and usage fees, penalties, service charges, and other user fees generated 97.8 percent of total utility fees. Operating revenue for the Utilities Fund for fiscal year 2016 was \$19.0 million compared to \$16.4 million for fiscal year 2015.

Total operating expenses increased \$0.8 million to \$16.4 million. When combined with the \$2.6 million increase in operating revenue the Utilities Fund recognized operating income of \$2.6 million for fiscal year 2016. Non-operating revenues and expenses resulted in a net decrease of \$1.9 million. The \$0.7 million change in net position is primarily due to increased user rates as well as developer contributions and an increase in interest revenue.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE TOWN'S GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

The Town uses fund accounting on a current financial resources basis for its governmental funds in compliance with GASB standards. The focus of the Town's governmental funds is to provide information on five financial elements: near-term assets and liabilities, current inflows and outflows, and fund balances of expendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town's financing requirements.

The Town has two major governmental funds, the General Fund and the Capital Projects Fund with fund balances of \$25.5 million and \$7.6 million, respectively, for a total of \$33.1 million for fiscal year 2016 (Exhibit 3). A decrease in fund balances of \$0.6 million from \$33.7 million in 2015 was due to \$2.1 million of excess expenditures over revenue and excess of other financing sources over uses of \$1.5 million primarily from transfers in from other funds as detailed in Exhibit 5. Fund balances are required by GASB to be classified as non-spendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned for better management of the governmental funds current resources.

Table 4 is an excerpt from the Balance Sheet (Exhibit 3) and illustrates the components of the Town's governmental fund balances as of June 30, 2016 and 2015.

Table 4
Governmental Fund Balances
Comparison for the years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 (\$ in Thousands)

	2	2016	2015	Change
Non-Spendable				
Lease deposit	\$	160	\$ 157	\$ 3
Prepaid expenses		58	2	56
Restricted				
Balch Library		742	746	(4)
Parks and Recreation		51	51	-
Police		71	189	(118)
Bond proceeds		6,486	10,616	(4,130)
Committed				
Capital projects - Streets and Highways		3,524	1,920	1,604
Capital projects - Storm Drainage		463	139	324
Capital projects - General Government		307	57	250
Capital projects - Airport		294	-	294
Capital projects - Parks and Recreation		456	5	451
Capital projects - Administration		-	10	(10)
Assigned				
Debt Service Reserve		8,547	7,575	972
Capital Asset Reserve		1,834	2,592	(758)
Designated for Future Years		2,559	1,183	1,376
Unassigned		7,541	8,506	(965)
<b>Total Fund Balances</b>	\$	33,093	\$ 33,748	\$ (655)

The General Fund is the main operating fund of the Town; its fund balance increased \$2.8 million to \$25.5 million for fiscal year 2016 (Exhibit 5). Of this total, unassigned fund balance was \$11.5 million (Exhibit 3) or 22.2 percent of total General Fund expenditures of \$51.9 million for fiscal year 2016. In comparison, at the end of fiscal year 2015, the unassigned fund balance was \$10.2 million, equal to 20.8 percent of total General Fund expenditures. The assigned fund balance for debt service reserve was increased \$0.9 million, capital asset replacement fund decreased \$0.8 million, and money designated for future years increased 1.4 million.

The Capital Projects Fund accounts for financial resources to be used for the acquisition and/or construction of Town infrastructure including facilities, streets, curbs, sidewalks, and other capital projects. As of June 30, 2016, the Capital Projects fund balance was \$7.6 million (Exhibit 3) compared to \$11.0 million in 2015. Fund balances are used in conjunction with a variety of revenues to begin, continue and complete projects included in the six-year capital improvements program. Unassigned fund balance for fiscal year 2015 was a deficit of \$1.8 million and unassigned fund balance for fiscal year 2016 is a deficit of \$4.0 million for a net change of \$2.2 million primarily due to contract commitments on capital projects in excess of recognized revenues.

#### **BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

#### **General Fund**

Table 5 provides a comparison of original budget, final amended budget, and actual revenues and expenditures of the General Fund.

Table 5
Condensed Budgetary Comparison
Year ended June 30, 2016 (\$ in Thousands)

	Fiscal Year 2016					
	Origin	al Budget	Amend	led Budget	1	Actual
Revenues:						
Taxes	\$	32,123	\$	32,123	\$	33,254
Intergovernmental		8,435		8,866		9,183
Other		9,526		9,550		9,066
<b>Total Revenues</b>		50,084		50,539		51,503
Expenditures: Expenditures		53,091		55,871		51,886
<b>Deficiency of Revenue under Expenditures</b>		(3,007)		(5,332)		(383)
Other Financing Sources: Transfers, net		3,026		1,970		3,144
Change in fund balance	\$	19	\$	(3,362)	\$	2,761

Overall, General Fund revenues exceeded budget by \$0.9 million. Revenues collected exceeded budget projections for other local taxes, miscellaneous use of money and property and intergovernmental revenue by approximately \$1.2 million, \$0.3 million and \$0.3 million, respectively (Exhibit 7). General Fund expenditures were under the amended budget by approximately \$4.0 million. Fund balance for the General Fund increased by \$2.8 million.

Once the original budget is adopted by the Town Council, the operating budget can be amended in one of two ways: First, the Town Manager has the authority to reallocate money within a fund. Second, the Town Council must authorize any changes to a fund's overall appropriation once it has been approved. During the year, budget amendments could be classified in the following key categories:

- Amendments for operating and capital projects that were incomplete in the prior fiscal year, and subsequently re-appropriated in the new fiscal year.
- Amendments for supplemental appropriation for new projects, and/or change orders for prior approved projects.
- Amendments for transfers and adjustments to support revised priorities.

The original budgeted expenditures increased by \$2.8 million for fiscal year 2016 (Exhibit 7). This increase is a result of supplemental appropriations throughout the year including uncompleted contractual services carried forward from fiscal year 2015. The most significant supplemental appropriation approved by Town Council was to increase expenditures \$0.6 million for response to Winter Storm Jonas. The budget for any fiscal year 2015 and 2016 uncompleted contractual services and projects will be carried forward to fiscal year 2017.

#### CAPITAL ASSETS AND LONG-TERM DEBT

#### **Capital Assets**

Table 6 provides information on the changes in the capital assets of the governmental activities and the business-type activities as of June 30, 2016 and 2015.

Table 6
Capital Assets
Comparison as of June 30, 2016 and 2015 (\$ in Thousands)

	<b>Governmental Activities</b>						<b>Business-Type Activities</b>					
	2016			2015		Change		2016		2015		Change
Land	\$	59,004	\$	58,452	\$	552	\$	1,577	\$	1,577	\$	-
Buildings and improvement		84,770		78,797		5,973		-		-		-
Water and sewer plant		-		-		-		115,923		115,887		36
Water and sewer lines		-		-		-		123,462		121,863		1,599
Equipment and software		10,340		9,699		641		1,399		1,318		81
Vehicles		5,327		5,474		(147)		2,679		2,739		(60)
Infrastructure & street		255,475		248,227		7,248		-		-		-
Hangars		6,057		6,057		-		-		-		-
Terminals		6,678		6,678		-		-		-		-
Runway		16,570		16,570		-		-		-		-
Construction in progress		8,636		9,289		(653)		2,067		594		1,473
<b>Total Capital Assets</b>		452,857		439,243		13,614		247,107		243,978		3,129
Accumulated depreciation and												
amortization		(121,822)		(112,858)		(8,964)		(75,114)		(70,045)		(5,069)
<b>Total Capital Assets, Net</b>	\$	331,035	\$	326,385	\$	4,650	\$	171,993	\$	173,933	\$	(1,940)

The Town's governmental activities capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation and amortization) as of June 30, 2016 and 2015 amounted to approximately \$331.0 million and \$326.4 million, respectively. The net increase in capital assets (including additions, retirements, depreciation and amortization) was \$4.6 million for governmental activities, which was a result of construction projects that were completed that exceeded depreciation expense (see Note 6).

The business-type activities capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation and amortization) as of June 30, 2016 amounted to approximately \$172.0 million for the Utilities Fund compared to \$173.9 million in 2015. The decrease is predominantly due to the depreciation and amortization of the existing capital assets being more than capital asset additions.

The Town's Fiscal Year 2014 – 2019 Capital Improvement Program (CIP), approved by Town Council, represents the six-year, \$93.6 million program of public improvements for the Town. This plan includes \$84.1 million in governmental activity projects including \$70.9 million in streets and highways improvements, \$6.3 million in general government improvements, such as downtown improvements and lighting, \$3.4 million in storm drainage improvements, \$2.5 million in airport improvements, \$1.0 million in parks improvements, and \$9.5 million in water and sewer improvements. Additional information pertaining to the Town's capital assets can be found in Note 6 of the notes to the financial statements.

#### **Long-term Debt**

The Town's current bond ratings are as follows:

•	Moody's Investors Services, Inc.	Aaa
•	Standard and Poor's	AAA
•	Fitch Credit Rating Services	AAA

The Town's legal limit for outstanding general obligation debt is 10.0 percent of total assessed real property within the Town, which was \$6.7 billion in fiscal year 2016 and \$6.6 billion in 2015. The Town's total long-term obligations of \$69.0 million as of June 30, 2016 and \$70.6 million as of June 30, 2015, are well within the limits set by the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Revenue bonds are not included in calculating the legal limit.

Table 7 summarizes the Town's outstanding long-term bonded debt.

Table 7
Outstanding Long-Term Bonded Debt
Comparison as of June 30, 2016 and 2015 (\$ in Thousands)

	<b>Governmental Activities</b>						<b>Business-Type Activities</b>						
	2016			2015		Change		2016		2015		Change	
General Obligation Bonds Revenue Bonds	\$	68,115	\$	70,620	\$	(2,505)	\$	59,795 3,234	\$	61,375 3,887	\$	(1,580) (653)	
Totals	\$	68,115	\$	70,620	\$	(2,505)	\$	63,029	\$	65,262	\$	(2,233)	

Outstanding long-term debt for governmental activities as of June 30, 2016 is \$68.1 million indicating a decrease of \$2.5 million from fiscal year 2015. Outstanding long-term debt for business activities decreased from \$65.2 million as of June 30, 2015 to \$63.0 million as of June 30, 2016 (see Note 7).

In making debt decisions, the Town uses the following practices:

- The Town will not fund current operations from the proceeds of borrowed funds and will confine long-term borrowing and capital leases to capital improvement projects, or equipment that cannot be financed from current financial resources.
- The goal of the Town is to finance at least 25 percent of the cost of capital improvements (in excess of proffers) from non-debt resources.
- The Town will, when financing capital improvements or other projects or equipment by issuing bonds or entering capital leases, repay the debt within a period not to exceed the expected useful life of the project or equipment. Debt related to equipment ancillary to a construction project may be amortized over a period less than that of the primary project.
- The Town is cognizant of its higher than average debt burden and will continue to offset its impact through rapid payback. An average payback of at least 60 percent in ten years will be maintained, except for projects with a known revenue stream.
- The Town will annually calculate target debt ratios. The Town's debt capacity will be maintained within the following primary goals:
  - ➤ Debt service expenditures as a percentage of general fund expenditures will not exceed 15 percent. For fiscal year 2016, this percentage was 10.6 percent.
  - ➤ Bonded debt (General Obligation Debt) of the Town will not exceed 2.5 percent of the total assessed value of taxable property in the Town. For fiscal year 2016, this percentage was 1.9 percent.

- The Town will follow a policy of full disclosure in every annual financial report and financing official statement/offering document.
- The Town will maintain good communications about its financial condition with bond holders and credit rating institutions.

Additional information relative to the Town's long-term debt can be found in Note 7 of the notes to the financial statements.

#### ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

#### **Economic Factors**

- The 3.10 percent average unemployment rate for the Town of Leesburg according to the U.S. Census Bureau Annual Population Estimates, is reduced from the 3.7 percent level in 2014. This compares favorably to the State's rate of 4.9 percent and the national rate of 6.1 percent.
- The Town's population was estimated to be 51,209. Population estimates for the last ten years are provided in the statistical section of this report at Table 17.
- Per capita personal income is not kept on a Town basis. However, the County of Loudoun's per capita personal income was \$73,720, as estimated by the Loudoun County Department of Management and Budget. Loudoun County is considered one of the wealthiest counties in the nation.
- The Town government's full-time equivalency (FTE) employment increased in fiscal year 2016 by 3.0 FTE positions to a total of 415.2. Workforce numbers by department for the last ten years are provided in the statistical section of this report at Table 19.

#### Fiscal Year 2017 Budget and Rates

- For fiscal year 2017, the adopted budget for the General Fund is \$54.8 million, an increase of \$2.9 million or 5.6 percent, over fiscal year 2016. Revenues are comprised primarily of general taxes at 56.2 percent, intergovernmental assistance at 20.4 percent, charges for services at 9.7 percent, other local taxes at 7.5 percent and donations and transfers at 6.2 percent.
- In fiscal year 2017, the Town continues to prioritize its services. In the General Fund, public safety accounts for \$13.8 million or 25.2 percent of the budgeted expenditures. The public works department is a close second, accounting for \$13.0 million or 23.7 percent of budgeted expenditures.
- Tax rate for real property for tax year 2016 is 18.6¢ per \$100 of assessed value. The personal property tax rate remained unchanged at \$1.00 per \$100 of assessed value. Detail on the tax rates is provided in Table 10 of the statistical section of this report.

#### **REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION**

This financial report is designed to provide our elected officials, residents, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the Town's finances and to demonstrate the Town's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the Director of Finance and Administrative Services, 25 West Market Street, Leesburg, Virginia 20176, telephone (703) 771-2720, or visit the Town's website at www.leesburgva.gov.

#### **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### TOWN OF LEESBURG, VIRGINIA

# **STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2016**

		overnmental Activities	Business-type Activities			Totals	
ASSETS							
Cash, cash equivalents and temporary cash investments	\$	35,642,824	\$	19,913,182	\$	55,556,006	
Cash with fiscal agent		2,105,798		-		2,105,798	
Receivables, net:							
Property taxes, including penalties		7,057,147		-		7,057,147	
Utility taxes		214,928		-		214,928	
Local taxes		1,794,284		-		1,794,284	
Trade and other accounts		361,288		3,403,760		3,765,048	
Accrued interest		84,931		30,565		115,496	
Inventory		-		92,080		92,080	
Prepaid items and deposit		217,801		-		217,801	
Due from other governments		4,059,181		-		4,059,181	
Internal balances		30,318		(30,318)		-	
Restricted cash		7,647,753		-		7,647,753	
Other postemployment benefits		109,198		20,967		130,165	
Capital assets:							
Land		59,003,787		1,577,329		60,581,116	
Construction in progress		8,635,892		2,066,670		10,702,562	
Buildings and improvements		84,769,641		-		84,769,641	
Water and sewer plant		-		115,922,748		115,922,748	
Water and sewer lines		-		123,461,779		123,461,779	
Furniture, equipment and software		6,888,199		1,399,143		8,287,342	
Computer equipment and software		3,452,147		-		3,452,147	
Vehicles		5,327,266		2,679,349		8,006,615	
Infrastructure		72,592,722		-		72,592,722	
Streets		182,882,770		-		182,882,770	
Hangars		6,057,289		-		6,057,289	
Runway		16,569,753		-		16,569,753	
Terminals		6,677,993		-		6,677,993	
Less: accumulated depreciation and amortization		(121,821,855)		(75,114,063)		(196,935,918)	
Total assets		390,361,055		195,423,191		585,784,246	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Pension plan		1,480,473		388,731		1,869,204	
Deferred loss on refunding of debt		2,129,840		2,438,525		4,568,365	
Total deferred outflows of resources		3,610,313		2,827,256		6,437,569	

		Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities	Totals		
LIABILITIES		Activities		Activities	Totals		
Accounts payable	\$	2,943,825	\$	436,121	\$ 3,379,946		
Due to other governments		207		-	207		
Accrued payroll		1,154,541		242,358	1,396,899		
Other accrued liabilities		18,522		-	18,522		
Accrued interest		1,309,819		1,181,885	2,491,704		
Retainage payable		280,086		92,269	372,355		
Customer deposits		80,450		982,596	1,063,046		
Performance bonds		1,038,677		9,000	1,047,677		
Reserve for proffers		6,557,050		-	6,557,050		
Unearned revenue		5,065,396		-	5,065,396		
Insurance and benefit claims		730,902		-	730,902		
Noncurrent liabilities:							
Due within one year:							
Compensated absences		1,859,534		445,587	2,305,121		
Bonds payable		5,020,000		2,030,730	7,050,730		
Due in more than one year:							
Compensated absences		408,902		143,882	552,784		
Bonds payable		67,727,433		65,885,935	133,613,368		
Net pension obligation		10,209,834		2,714,006	12,923,840		
Total liabilities		104,405,178		74,164,369	178,569,547		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Pension plan		1,797,960		477,939	2,275,899		
Unavailable revenue		6,175,533		-	6,175,533		
Total deferred inflows of resources		7,973,493		477,939	8,451,432		
NET POSITION							
Net investment in capital assets		260,418,011		106,514,815	366,932,826		
Restricted		8,802,743		-	8,802,743		
Unrestricted		12,371,943		17,093,324	29,465,267		
Total net position	\$	281,592,697	\$	123,608,139	\$ 405,200,836		

TOWN OF LEESBURG, VIRGINIA Exhibit 2

#### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended June 30, 2016

Teal Ended Julie 30, 2010			Program Revenue		Net (Expense) Revenue and				
			Operating	Capital		Changes in Net Position			
		Charges	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Business-type			
Functions/Programs	Expenses	for Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Totals		
Primary Government:									
Governmental activities:									
Legislative	\$ 252,822	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (252,822		(252,822)		
Executive	2,502,210	-	259,066	-	(2,243,144		(2,243,144)		
Legal	730,310	-	-	-	(730,310		(730,310)		
Finance and administrative services	4,623,142	-	-	-	(4,623,142	2) -	(4,623,142)		
Public safety	13,091,832	441,899	1,562,618	-	(11,087,315	5) -	(11,087,315)		
Public works	17,881,225	265,239	3,848,932	8,557,324	(5,209,730	-	(5,209,730)		
Parks and recreation	8,474,752	4,990,892	586	=	(3,483,274	-	(3,483,274)		
Balch Library	666,442	-	8,872	-	(657,570		(657,570)		
Planning and zoning	1,634,254	513,145	-	_	(1,121,109		(1,121,109)		
Plan review	1,346,812	-	_	_	(1,346,812		(1,346,812)		
Airport	1,887,605	_	113,578	304,166	(1,469,86)		(1,469,861)		
Interest	3,078,679	_	-	-	(3,078,679		(3,078,679)		
merest	3,070,077						(3,070,077)		
Total governmental activities	56,170,085	6,211,175	5,793,652	8,861,490	(35,303,768	3) -	(35,303,768)		
Business-type activities:									
Utilities	19,288,252	18,639,231	1,598,450	571,739		- 1,521,168	1,521,168		
Total business-type activities	19,288,252	18,639,231	1,598,450	571,739		- 1,521,168	1,521,168		
Total government	\$ 75,458,337	\$ 24,850,406	\$ 7,392,102	\$ 9,433,229	(35,303,768	3) 1,521,168	(33,782,600)		
	General Revenues:								
	Taxes:								
		rty taxes, includi	ng penalties	14,184,837	7 -	14,184,837			
	Other local tax	-	ng penantie.		1 1,10 1,00		1 1,10 1,007		
		tion sales and us	e		7,234,856	· -	7,234,856		
	Meals	aron sares and as			5,247,114		5,247,114		
		d occupational li	rences		3,152,175		3,152,175		
	Utility	a occupational in	censes		1,525,755		1,525,755		
	Cigarette				905,450		905,450		
	Other				2,892,316		2,892,316		
		.1	-1 -1:						
	Intergovernment		ai aic		2,756,311		2,756,311		
	Use of money an	ia property			2,185,769		2,421,919		
	Miscellaneous				611,090		1,035,927		
	Transfers				1,723,931		-		
	Total g	eneral revenues	and transfers, r	net	42,419,604	1 (1,062,944)	41,356,660		
		e in net position			7,115,836		7,574,060		
	Net position, begin	ning			274,476,861	123,149,915	397,626,776		
	Net position, endin	ıg			\$ 281,592,697	7 \$ 123,608,139 \$	405,200,836		

# BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2016

June 30, 2010	General	Ca	apital Projects	Other Governmental Fund	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS					
Cash, cash equivalents, and temporary cash investments Cash with fiscal agent	\$ 23,660,393	\$	9,001,569	\$ 2,105,798	\$ 32,661,962 2,105,798
Receivables, net					
Property taxes, including penalties	7,057,147		-	-	7,057,147
Utility taxes	214,928		-	-	214,928
Local taxes	1,794,284		-	-	1,794,284
Accounts	327,672		25,000	-	352,672
Accrued interest	53,829		31,102	-	84,931
Due from other governments	1,397,978		2,661,203	-	4,059,181
Deposit	159,569		-	-	159,569
Prepaid expenses	58,232		-	-	58,232
Restricted cash	 1,161,502		6,486,251	-	7,647,753
Total assets	\$ 35,885,534	\$	18,205,125	\$ 2,105,798	\$ 56,196,457
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	\$ 746,890	\$	1,255,239	\$ -	\$ 2,002,129
Due to other governments	207		-	-	207
Retainage payable	7,124		272,962	-	280,086
Accrued payroll	1,260,220		445	-	1,260,665
Other accrued liabilities	18,522		-	-	18,522
Customer deposits	80,450		-	-	80,450
Performance bonds	1,038,677		-	-	1,038,677
Reserve for proffers	-		6,557,050	-	6,557,050
Unearned revenues	 390,664		2,568,934	2,105,798	5,065,396
Total liabilities	 3,542,754		10,654,630	2,105,798	16,303,182
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	 6,800,163			-	6,800,163
Total deferred inflows of resources	 6,800,163		-	-	6,800,163
FUND BALANCES					
Nonspendable					
Lease deposit	159,569		-	-	159,569
Prepaid items	58,232		-	-	58,232
Restricted					
Balch Library	741,883		-	-	741,883
Parks and recreation (Symmington)	50,521		-	-	50,521
Police	70,766		-	-	70,766
Bond proceeds	-		6,486,251	-	6,486,251
Committed					
Capital projects - streets and highways	-		3,524,033	-	3,524,033
Capital projects - storm drainage	-		462,982	-	462,982
Capital projects - general government	-		306,862	-	306,862
Capital projects - parks and recreation	-		456,416	-	456,416
Capital projects - airport Assigned	-		294,526	-	294,526
Debt service reserve	8,547,156		-	-	8,547,156
Capital asset reserve	1,834,074		-	-	1,834,074
Expenditures designated for future years	2,559,167		-	-	2,559,167
Unassigned	 11,521,249		(3,980,575)		 7,540,674
Total fund balances	 25,542,617		7,550,495	-	 33,093,112
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ 35,885,534	\$	18,205,125	\$ 2,105,798	\$ 56,196,457

# RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2016

Total fund balances - governmental funds		\$ 33,093,112
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net		
Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial		
resources and, therefore, not reported in the governmental funds.		
Governmental capital assets	\$ 452,857,459	
Less: accumulated depreciation and amortization	(121,821,855)	
Net capital assets		331,035,604
Deferred revenue represents amounts that were not available to fund		
current expenditures and, therefore, is not reported as revenue		
in the governmental funds.		624,630
Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position		
that applies to a future period and, therefore, are not recognized as		
expenditures in the governmental funds until then.		1,480,473
For debt refunding resulting in defeasance of debt, the difference between		
the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt should		
be reported as a deferred outflow of resources.		
Deferred loss on refunding of debt		2,129,840
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of		
services provided to other departments or funds. The assets and liabilities		
of the internal service funds are included in the governmental activities of		
the Statement of Net Position.		1,453,322
Long-term liabilities, including interest payable, are not due and payable		
in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in		
the governmental funds.		
Bonds payable	(72,747,433)	
Compensated absences	(2,268,436)	
Other postemployment benefits	109,198	
Interest payable	(1,309,819)	
Pension liabilty	(10,209,834)	(86,426,324)
Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that		
applies to a future period and, therefore, are not recognized as revenue		(1.707.060)
in the governmental funds until then.		 (1,797,960)
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 281,592,697

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Year Ended June 30, 2016

	General	Capital Projects	Go	Other overnmental Fund	G	Total overnmental Funds
Revenues:	General	eapital Frojects		1 una		Tunus
General property taxes	\$ 14,389,962	\$ -	\$	_	\$	14,389,962
Other local taxes	18,864,268	-		_		18,864,268
Permits, fees and licenses	772,765	-		_		772,765
Fines and forfeitures	341,152	-		-		341,152
Use of money and property	1,858,388	327,381		-		2,185,769
Charges for services	5,097,258	-		_		5,097,258
Contributions and proffers	816,676	144,726		-		961,402
Miscellaneous	179,817	431,273		_		611,090
Intergovernmental	9,182,482	5,554,031		644,203		15,380,716
<b>Total revenues</b>	51,502,768	6,457,411		644,203		58,604,382
Expenditures:						
Current:	•					
Legislative	249,418	-		-		249,418
Executive	2,251,468	-		-		2,251,468
Legal	738,157	-		-		738,157
Finance and administrative services	4,921,814	-		-		4,921,814
Public safety	13,242,169	-		-		13,242,169
Public works	12,878,286	-		-		12,878,286
Parks and recreation	7,845,039	-		-		7,845,039
Balch Library	488,583	-		-		488,583
Planning and zoning	1,663,251	-		-		1,663,251
Plan review	1,388,654	-		-		1,388,654
Airport	716,544	-		-		716,544
Capital projects	-	8,880,704		-		8,880,704
Debt service:						
Principal	2,505,000	-		-		2,505,000
Interest and fiscal charges	 2,997,383	-		-		2,997,383
Total expenditures	 51,885,766	8,880,704		-		60,766,470
Revenues over (under) expenditures	 (382,998)	(2,423,293)		644,203		(2,162,088)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers in	4,171,689	653,158		2,105,797		6,930,644
Transfers out	(1,027,223)	(1,646,556)		(2,750,000)		(5,423,779)
Other financing sources (uses), net	3,144,466	(993,398)		(644,203)		1,506,865
Net change in fund balances	2,761,468	(3,416,691)		-		(655,223)
Fund Balances, beginning	 22,781,149	10,967,186		-		33,748,335
Fund Balances, ending	\$ 25,542,617	\$ 7,550,495	\$	-	\$	33,093,112

# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Governme	ntal F	unds
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	(655,223)
Reconciliation of amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation and amortization expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation and amortization in the current period.  Expenditure for capital assets  Less: depreciation and amortization expense	\$ 10,812,959 (9,317,487)		
Excess of capital outlay over depreciation and amortization			1,495,472
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets. (i.e. donations, disposals and transfers)			3,154,397
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.			
Change in deferred revenue			(205,125)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayments of the principal on long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.  Principal repayments:  General obligation debt			2,505,000
General conganon deor			2,303,000
Transfer from business-type activities for prior year Self-Insurance Fund allocation			217,066
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.			
Deferred outflows of resources	1,480,473		
Accrued interest	(236,359)		
Compensated absences	(61,917)		
Other post employment benefits	295,656		
Amortization of premiums	317,215		
Amortization of deferred losses	(162,152)		
Pension expense	(1,034,884)		
			598,032
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain			
activities to individual funds. The net income of the internal service funds are			
reported with governmental activities.			
Total revenues	5,665,159		
Total expenses	 (5,658,942)		
		Φ.	6,217
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$	7,115,836

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND Year Ended June 30, 2016

								Variance with
		Dudostod	Λ			Actual		Final Budget Over
		Budgeted Original	Amo	Final	Ī	Amounts		(Under)
Revenues:		Original		Tillai		Amounts		(Olider)
General property taxes	\$	14,461,982	\$	14,461,982	\$	14,389,962	\$	(72,020)
Other local taxes	Ψ	17,660,761	Ψ	17,660,761	Ψ	18,864,268	Ψ	1,203,507
Permits, fees and licenses		963,375		963,375		772,765		(190,610)
Fines and forfeitures		599,497		599,497		341,152		(258,345)
Use of money and property		1,597,014		1,584,512		1,858,388		273,876
Charges for services		5,113,077		5,135,277		5,097,258		(38,019)
Contributions		783,641		787,027		816,676		29,649
Miscellaneous		469,750		480,709		179,817		(300,892)
Intergovernmental		8,435,232		8,865,790		9,182,482		316,692
mergovernmentar	-	0,433,232		0,003,770		7,102,402		310,072
Total revenues		50,084,329		50,538,930		51,502,768		963,838
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Legislative		259,771		259,656		249,418		(10,238)
Executive		2,195,577		2,331,977		2,251,468		(80,509)
Legal		749,371		758,501		738,157		(20,344)
Finance and administrative services		4,720,901		5,183,789		4,921,814		(261,975)
Public safety		13,947,031		13,526,735		13,242,169		(284,566)
Public works		13,144,248		15,282,842		12,878,286		(2,404,556)
Parks and recreation		8,123,952		8,373,447		7,845,039		(528,408)
Balch Library		488,324		521,555		488,583		(32,972)
Planning and zoning		1,660,769		1,711,443		1,663,251		(48,192)
Plan review		1,415,285		1,488,349		1,388,654		(99,695)
Airport		768,919		815,697		716,544		(99,153)
Debt service:								
Principal		2,461,787		2,505,000		2,505,000		-
Interest and fiscal charges		3,155,405		3,112,192		2,997,383		(114,809)
Total expenditures		53,091,340		55,871,183		51,885,766		(3,985,417)
Revenues under expenditures		(3,007,011)		(5,332,253)		(382,998)		4,949,255
Other Financing Sources (Uses):		2 170 272		2.105.466		4 171 600		006 222
Transfers in		3,170,372		3,185,466		4,171,689		986,223
Transfers out		(144,800)		(1,215,366)		(1,027,223)		188,143
Other financing sources, net		3,025,572		1,970,100		3,144,466		1,174,366
Net change in fund balance		18,561		(3,362,153)		2,761,468		6,123,621
Fund Balance, beginning		(18,561)		3,362,153		22,781,149		19,418,996
Fund Balance, ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	25,542,617	\$	25,542,617

# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND June 30, 2016

June 30, 2016	<b>D</b> :	
	Business-type Activities -	Internal Service
	Enterprise Fund	
	Utilities	Fund
ASSETS		
Current Assets		
Cash, cash equivalents, and temporary cash investments	\$ 19,913,1	82 \$ -
Investments		- 2,980,862
Accounts receivables, net	3,403,7	
Due from other funds	1,0	97 137,539
Inventory	92,0	- 80
Accrued interest	30,5	- 65
Total current assets	23,440,6	3,127,017
Noncurrent Assets		
Other postemployment benefits	20,9	167 -
Capital assets:	20,5	0,
Land	1,577,3	:29 -
Water and sewer plant	115,922,7	
Water and sewer lines	123,461,7	
Furniture, equipment and software	1,399,1	
Vehicles	2,679,3	
	2,066,6	
Construction in progress  Less: accumulated depreciation and amortization		
•	(75,114,0	
Total noncurrent assets	171,992,9	
Total assets	195,433,6	3,127,017
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pension Plan	388,7	31 -
Deferred Charges of Refunding	2,438,5	- 25
Total deferred outflows of resources	2,827,2	- 56
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	198,260,8	3,127,017
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable	436,1	21 941,696
Due to other funds		- 1,097
Accrued payroll	273,7	73 -
Accrued interest	1,181,8	
Compensated absences	445,5	
Retainage payable	92,2	
Bonds payable	2,030,7	
Performance bonds payable	9,0	
Customer deposits and contingent charges	982,5	
Insurance and benefit claims		- 730,902
Total current liabilities	5,451,9	061 1,673,695
Noncurrent Liabilities		
Compensated absences	143,8	- 82
Net pension obligation	2,714,0	- 06
Bonds payable, net	65,885,9	35 -
Total noncurrent liabilities	68,743,8	- 23
Total liabilities	74,195,7	1,673,695
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pension Plan	477,9	-
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	74,673,7	
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	106,514,8	- 15
Restricted		- 1,453,322
Unrestricted	17,093,3	- 24
Total net position	\$ 123,608,1	39 \$ 1,453,322
-	<u> </u>	

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Fund Utilities		ernal Service olf Insurance Fund
Operating Revenues: Charges for services Other	\$ 18,639,231 424,837	\$	5,659,252
Total operating revenues	 19,064,068		5,659,252
Operating Expenses:			
Personnel service	7,493,822		-
Contractual services	963,382		-
Depreciation and amortization	5,280,489		-
Materials and supplies	1,381,578		_
Continuous charges	1,178,126		_
Claims and settlements	360		_
Capital outlay	121,407		-
Risk financing and benefit payments	 <del>-</del>		5,658,942
Total operating expenses	 16,419,164		5,658,942
Operating income	 2,644,904		310
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):			
Interest on investments	236,150		5,907
Installation and connection charges	1,598,450		-
Interest and fiscal charges	 (2,869,088)		-
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses), net	 (1,034,488)		5,907
Income before contributions and transfers	 1,610,416		6,217
Contributions and Transfers			
Developer donated assets	571,739		-
Transfers out	 (1,506,865)		_
Total contributions and transfers, net	 (935,126)		
Change in net position	675,290		6,217
Net Position, beginning	 122,932,849		1,447,105
Net Position, ending	\$ 123,608,139	\$	1,453,322

# STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2016

	B	usiness-type		
	1	Activities -	Int	ernal Service
	Enterprise Fund			elf Insurance
	Utilities Utilities		Fund	
Cook Flows From On austing Activities				
Cash Flows From Operating Activities Receipts from customers	\$	18,275,193	\$	
Receipts from interfund services provided	φ	10,273,193	Ф	5,517,308
Claims and benefits paid		-		(5,443,847)
Payments to suppliers for goods and services		(3,454,941)		867,786
				807,780
Payments to employees for services		(8,545,316)		-
Receipts from employees - health insurance contributions		998,692		-
Other receipts		424,837		-
Net cash provided by operating activities		7,698,465		941,247
Cash Flows From Noncapital and Related Financing Activities				
Advance from other funds		(1,310)		-
Transfers out		(1,506,865)		-
Net cash used in noncapital and related		( ) / /		
financing activities		(1,508,175)		-
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities				
Installation and connection charges		1,598,450		_
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(2,768,748)		_
Interest and fiscal charges		(2,340,305)		_
Principal paid on bonds		(2,232,686)		_
Net cash used in capital and related		(2,232,000)		
financing activities		(5,743,289)		-
Cash Flows From Investing Activities				(0.47.154)
Purchase of investments, net		200.000		(947,154)
Interest on investments		209,800		5,907
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		209,800		(941,247)
Increase in cash and cash equivalents		656,801		-
Cash and Cash Equivalents				
Beginning		19,256,381		-
Ending	\$	19,913,182	\$	<u>-</u>

# STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Fund Utilities		Governmental Activities- Internal Service Fund		
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided By					
Operating Activities:					
Operating recovered Operating income	\$	2,644,904	\$	310	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash	Ψ	2,011,001	Ψ	310	
provided by operating activities:					
Depreciation and amortization		5,280,489		_	
Pension expense		397,932		_	
Changes in assets and liabilities:		25.,502			
(Increase) decrease in:					
Accounts receivable		(405,720)		(5,502)	
Due from other funds		(1,097)		(137,539)	
Inventory		55,760		-	
Increase (decrease) in:					
Accounts payable		134,153		-	
Accrued liabilities		26,918		867,786	
Unearned revenue		(6,895)		-	
Insurance and benefit claims		- -		215,095	
Other postemployment benefits		(116,153)		-	
Deferred outflows - pension plan		(388,731)		-	
Due to other funds		-		1,097	
Compensated absences		28,328		-	
Customer deposits and contingent charges		48,577			
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	7,698,465	\$	941,247	
Supplemental Disclosure of Noncash Capital and Related Financing Activities					
Developer donated capital improvements	\$	571,739	\$	-	

# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND June 30, 2016

	OPEB Trust Fund
ASSETS	
Investments held in trust	\$ 9,418,599
Total assets	 9,418,599
NET POSITION	
Held in trust for other postemployment benefits (OPEB)	\$ 9,418,599

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND

Year Ended June 30, 2016

	OPEB Trust Fund
Additions:	
Contributions	\$ 625,000
Total contributions	625,000
Investment Income (Loss):	
From investment activities:	
Realized gain on sale of investments	1,919
Interest and dividends earned on investments	29
Net decrease in fair value of investments	(39,819)
Total loss from investment activities	(37,871)
Deductions:	
Administrative fees	10,900
Total deductions	10,900
Change in net position	576,229
Net Position, beginning	8,842,370
Net Position, ending	\$ 9,418,599

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **Note 1.** Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the Town of Leesburg, Virginia (the Town) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to government units promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). Significant accounting policies of the Town are described below.

#### A. Reporting Entity

The Town of Leesburg, Virginia is located in the County of Loudoun, Virginia and was incorporated in 1758 under the provisions of the Constitution and general statutes of the Commonwealth of Virginia.

The Town is an incorporated municipal government governed by an elected mayor and six-member council. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these financial statements present the Town and any potential component units, entities for which the Town is considered to be financially accountable. Financial accountability is defined as appointment of a voting majority of the component unit's Board and either (a) the ability to impose its will on the component unit, or (b) the possibility the component unit will provide a financial benefit to or impose a financial burden on the primary government.

Based upon the above, all potential component units were evaluated for inclusion in the reporting entity and it was determined there are no component units requiring inclusion in the Town's reporting.

#### B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

#### Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information on all of the activities of the Town. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

#### Fund Financial Statements

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and the Town's proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. The Town's proprietary funds are reported separately in the fund financial statements.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **Note 1.** Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### C. <u>Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting</u>

The accounts of the Town are organized on the basis of funds which are considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts which comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund balance/net position, revenues and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. The various funds of the Town are included in the financial statements as follows:

1. Governmental Funds are those funds through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used; current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they are paid; and the difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities, the fund equity, is referred to as "fund balance." The measurement focus is upon determination of changes in financial position, rather than upon net income determination. The following comprise the Town's major governmental funds:

General Fund – The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Town. All general tax revenues and other receipts not allocated by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. Many important activities of the Town, including operation of the Town's general service departments, street and highway maintenance, public safety, parks and recreation, library, and airport are accounted for in this fund.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> – The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for all resources used in the acquisition and construction of capital facilities and other capital assets, unless financed through proprietary funds.

Nonmajor Special Revenue Fund – The Special Revenue Fund is used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources requiring separate accounting because of legal or regulatory provisions or administrative action. The Town reports the NVTA Fund as a nonmajor governmental fund.

2. Proprietary Fund types are used to account for activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector. All assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, net position, revenues, expenses and transfers related to the Town's business activities are accounted for through a single proprietary fund. The measurement focus is on income determination, financial position, and cash flows.

<u>Enterprise Fund</u> – Enterprise funds are used to finance and account for the acquisition, operation and maintenance of the Town's facilities and services, which are supported primarily by user charges. The following comprises the Town's major enterprise fund:

<u>Utilities Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for the operation and maintenance of the Town's water system and sanitary sewer system.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **Note 1.** Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

# C. <u>Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting</u> (Continued)

The Town reports the following internal service fund:

<u>Self Insurance Fund</u> – This fund accounts for the costs associated with providing health insurance benefits to employees of the Town and with managing claims thereto.

<u>Fiduciary Fund</u> – Fiduciary funds (trust and agency funds) account for assets held by the Town in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, or other funds. These funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide financial statements. The Town's sole fiduciary fund is the Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Trust Fund which accounts for activities of the Town's other postemployment benefits. This fund accumulates resources for health insurance for retired employees.

#### D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the *accrual* basis of accounting, as are the proprietary funds financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the *modified* accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Town considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 75 days of the end of the current fiscal period except for property taxes which are recognized as revenue if they have been collected within 45 days after year end. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the Town funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the Town's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, and then general revenues to fund the program.

In applying the susceptible to accrual concept to intergovernmental revenues, the legal and contractual requirements of the numerous individual programs are used as guidance. There are, however, essentially two types of these revenues. In one, monies must be expended on the specific purpose or project before any amounts will be paid to the Town; therefore, revenues are recognized based upon the expenditures recorded and the availability criteria. In the other, monies are virtually unrestricted as to purpose of expenditure, and are usually revocable only for failure to comply with prescribed requirements. These resources are reflected as revenues at the time of receipt, or earlier if the susceptible to accrual criteria are met.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **Note 1.** Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Licenses and permits, fines and forfeitures, charges for sales and services (other than utility) and miscellaneous revenues are generally recorded as revenue when received because they are generally not measurable until actually received. In the category of use of money and property, property rentals are recorded as revenue when received, but investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are measurable and available.

Amounts reported as program revenues include a) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, b) operating grants and contributions, and c) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Town's enterprise fund are charges to customers for commodities and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of commodities and services, administrative expenses and depreciation and amortization on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

#### E. Budgetary Data

Budgets are adopted and maintained on the modified accrual basis adjusted for encumbrances. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the General Fund. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end to the extent they have not been expended or lawfully encumbered. Project-length financial plans are adopted for the Capital Projects Fund. Budgets for enterprise funds serve as a spending guide for the Town and do not constitute legally binding limitations.

Each year all departments of the government submit requests for appropriation to the Town Manager so a budget may be prepared. The budget is prepared by fund, department, activity, and expenditure and includes information on the past, current year estimates, and requested appropriations for the next fiscal year.

Before April 1, the proposed budget is presented to the Town's Council for review. The Town Council holds public hearings and may add to, subtract from, or change appropriations, but may not change the form of the budget. Any changes in the budget must be within the revenues and reserves estimated as available by the Town Manager or the revenue estimates must be changed by an affirmative vote of a majority of the Town Council.

Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the department level. The Town Manager has authority to amend or transfer appropriations within the department level. During the year ended June 30, 2016, General Fund supplemental appropriations totaling \$2,779,843 were authorized by Town Council.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **Note 1.** Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

# F. Other Significant Accounting Policies

#### 1. <u>Cash and Cash Equivalents</u>

The Town considers all highly liquid investments purchased with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Cash of individual funds are combined to form a pool of cash and investments. The pool consists primarily of government obligations and two local government investment pools. The government securities are stated at fair value based on quoted market prices and the investment in the local government investment pool (a 2a7-like pool) is reported at the pool's share price. Interest earned as a result of pooling is distributed to the appropriate funds utilizing a formula based on the average balance during the month.

#### 2. Restricted Cash

Restricted cash was \$7,647,753 for governmental activities at June 30, 2016 and is comprised of unspent debt proceeds, proffer reserves, performance bonds, police forfeitures, and funds to be used for Balch Library.

#### 3. Investments

Investments are stated at fair value based on quoted market prices.

#### 4. Property Taxes

Real estate and personal property taxes are assessed annually by Loudoun County, Virginia (County), for all property of record as of January 1. The Town bills and collects its property taxes based on the assessed values provided by the County. Real estate taxes are levied annually on January 1 and are due in semi-annual installments on June 5 and December 5. Personal property taxes are levied annually on January 1 and are due May 5.

Collections of real estate and personal property taxes between July 1 and August 15 of the subsequent fiscal year, classified as delinquent at June 30, are recorded as revenue for the fiscal year then ended. The billings are considered past due after the respective tax billing date; the applicable property is subject to 10% penalty and interest assessed 30 days therefrom.

#### 5. <u>Prepaid Items</u>

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **Note 1.** Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

# F. Other Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### 6. <u>Inventory</u>

Inventories are stated at cost using the first-in, first-out method. Inventories of business-type activities are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

#### 7. <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital assets, which include property and equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements or the appropriate enterprise fund within the proprietary statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (\$50,000 or more for infrastructure) and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation. In implementing GASB 34, the Town identified and included infrastructure assets obtained prior to June 30, 1980.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Capital assets of the government are depreciated and amortized using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	<u>Years</u>
Buildings and improvements	15 - 50
Infrastructure	50
Hangars and runways	10 - 50
Vehicles	5 - 12
Furniture, equipment and software	5 - 25
Computer equipment and software	5 - 10
Water and sewer plant	10 - 100
Water and sewer lines	10 - 100

The Town's Balch Library contains reference material and library books that are not capitalized. Many of these items are irreplaceable and are only available for educational and research purposes to be completed at the library.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **Note 1.** Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

# F. Other Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### 8. Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue in the governmental funds represents amounts due, which are measurable but not available.

#### 9. Inter-fund Transactions

Transactions among Town funds that would be treated as revenues and expenditures or expenses if they involved organizations external to the Town government are accounted for as revenues and expenditures or expenses in the funds involved.

Transactions, which constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures initially made from it, which are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures in the reimbursed fund.

Transactions, which constitute the transfer of resources from a fund receiving revenues to a fund through which the revenues are to be expended, are separately reported in the respective funds' operating statements.

#### 10. Compensated Absences

It is the Town's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation, compensatory and sick pay benefits. No liability is reported for unpaid accumulated sick leave. All vacation and compensatory pay is accrued when earned in government-wide and proprietary financial statements. For governmental fund types, the amount of accumulated unpaid vacation and compensatory leave which is payable from available resources is recorded as a liability of the respective fund only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee retirements and resignations. The General Fund is responsible for paying the liability for compensated absences for general government employees and has been used in prior years to liquidate the governmental funds' liability.

#### 11. <u>Long-Term Obligations</u>

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities or proprietary fund type Statement of Net Position. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **Note 1.** Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

# F. Other Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### 12. Bond Premiums and Discounts

Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using a method which approximates the effective interest method. Bond discounts, net of amortization, are presented as reductions to the face amount of bonds payable on the accompanying Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums, net of amortization, are presented as an increase to the face amount of bonds payable on the accompanying Statement of Net Position. The actual amounts of bond premiums are presented in the schedule in Note 7, Long-Term Debt.

#### 13. Performance Bonds

The General Fund and Utility Fund each report a liability for performance bonds. The Town requires contractors or developers to provide the Town with a performance bond (safety bond) in order to guarantee that the value of the work will not be lost in the case of an event that permits the contractor/developer from completing the project. Upon completion of the work and satisfactory inspection, the performance bond is refunded to the contractor/developer.

#### 14. <u>Reserve for Proffers</u>

The Capital Projects Fund reports a liability for proffers of approximately \$6.6 million. The Commonwealth of Virginia grants localities the ability to seek voluntary proffers from developers to offset costs for infrastructure and public services generated by development through the rezoning process. The Town's most common proffered cash contributions are those to offset future capital costs associated with schools, fire and rescue, parks and recreation, specific transportation improvements, and/or general transportation improvements. Revenue from proffers is recognized by the Town as proffer projects are completed.

#### 15. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenditure) until then. The Town has two types of items that qualify for reporting in this category. The first item is the deferred loss on refunding reported in the government-wide Statement of Net Position which arises under the full accrual basis of accounting. A deferred loss on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The second item is the employer's fiscal year 2016 Virginia Retirement System (VRS) contributions and is reported in the government-wide Statement of Net Position.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **Note 1.** Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

# F. Other Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### 15. <u>Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources</u> (Continued)

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Town has three types of items that qualify for reporting in this category. The first item, which arises under the modified accrual basis of accounting, is unavailable revenues from property taxes. Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue – property taxes, is reported only in the Governmental Funds' Balance Sheet. The second item, the net difference between projected and actual earnings on the VRS' plan investments, is reported in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. The third item, the difference between expected and actual experience related to the VRS' plan, is reported in the government-wide Statement of Net Position.

#### 16. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of Town's retirement plans and the additions to/deductions from the Town's retirement plans net fiduciary positions have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by the VRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### 17. Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report classifications of fund balance as follows:

Nonspendable fund balance – amounts not in a spendable form or are required to be maintained intact (such as prepaid items, inventory, and the principal of a permanent fund that is legally or contractually required to be maintained intact).

Restricted fund balance – amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, creditors, or laws and regulations of other governments), or by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance – amounts constrained to specific purposes by the Town Council. To be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Town Council adopts an ordinance to add, remove or change the constraint.

Assigned fund balance – amounts constrained by the Town's intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. Amounts can be assigned by the Town Manager or Director of Finance and Administrative Services. Use of these funds are approved by Town Council resolution.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **Note 1.** Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### F. Other Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### 17. <u>Fund Equity</u> (Continued)

*Unassigned fund balance* – residual balance of the General Fund which has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund.

The Town will consider the use of restricted, committed, or assigned funds prior to the use of unassigned fund balance.

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of resources are recorded to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the General Fund and Capital Projects Fund. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported as reservations in the appropriate category of fund balances and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be honored during the subsequent year. General Fund encumbrances totaling approximately \$2.6 million have been classified as assigned under fund balance. Capital Projects Fund encumbrances totaling approximately \$5.0 million have been classified as committed under fund balance.

#### 18. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources. The caption "Net Investment in Capital Asets" consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net investment in capital assets also includes an adjustment for deferred outflows or inflows related to gains or losses associated with debt issuances or refundings. Net investment in capital assets excludes unspent debt proceeds. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the Town or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The Town first applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

#### 19. <u>Use of Estimates</u>

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### 20. Subsequent Events

The Town has evaluated subsequent events through November 23, 2016, the date on which the financial statements were available to be issued.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Note 2. Deposits and Investments

<u>Deposits</u>: Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act"), Section 2.2-4400 et., seq. of the *Code of Virginia*. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of the amount insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board. Financial institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and, depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in the amounts from 50% to 130% of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized.

<u>Investments</u>: Statutes authorize local governments and other public bodies to invest in obligations of the United States or its agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper and certain corporate notes; bankers' acceptances, repurchase agreements and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP).

<u>Custodial Credit Risk (Deposits)</u>: This is the risk, in the event of a bank failure, the Town's deposits may not be returned to the Town. The Town requires all deposits to comply with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act. At year-end, none of the Town's deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk.

#### **Investment Policy:**

<u>Investments</u>: The Town's investment policy targets the following objectives, in order of priority: legality, safety, liquidity and yield. The Director of Finance and Administrative Services for the Town is responsible for administering its investments and ensuring compliance with the Town's policies and statutory requirements.

In accordance with the laws of the Commonwealth and Town policy, investments authorized to be held by the Town are:

#### 1. Treasury Securities

Bonds, notes and bills issued by the United States Treasury maturing within five years of the date of purchase, or certificates representing ownership of treasury bond principal or coupons payable within five years.

#### 2. Agency Securities

Fixed rate obligations issued and guaranteed as to principal and interest by the Federal Home Loan Bank, the Federal National Mortgage Association, the Federal Farm Credit Bank, or the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, maturing within five years of the date of purchase.

#### 3. Prime Commercial Paper

Commercial paper maturing within 270 days of the day of purchase rated P-1 or higher by Moody's and A-1 or higher by Standard & Poor's, provided that the issuing corporation has a net worth of at least \$50 million and its long-term debt is rated A or better by Moody's and Standard & Poor's.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Note 2. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

#### **Investment Policy: (Continued)**

#### 4. *Certificates of Deposit*

Certificates of deposit maturing within one year and issued by domestic banks rated P-1 by Moody's and A-1 by Standard & Poor's.

#### 5. Bankers' Acceptances

Bankers' acceptances maturing within 180 days rated P-1 or higher by Moody's and A-1 or higher by Standard & Poor's, provided the issuer is a major domestic bank or the domestic office of an international bank rated AA or higher by Moody's and Standard & Poor's.

#### 6. Commonwealth of Virginia and Virginia Local Government Obligations

General obligations, insured obligations or revenue bonds secured by debt service reserve funds not subject to annual appropriation rated AA or higher by Moody's or Standard & Poor's.

### 7. Repurchase Agreements

Repurchase agreements collateralized by securities approved for investment herein, provided that the counterparty is rated A or better by Moody's and Standard & Poor's and the collateral is held by an independent third-party.

### 8. Open-End Investment Funds

Open-end investment funds registered under the Securities Act of the Commonwealth or the Federal Investment Company Act of 1940, provided they invest only in securities approved for investment herein.

#### 9. Virginia Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP)

The LGIP is a professionally managed money market fund which invests in qualifying obligations and securities as permitted by Virginia statutes. Pursuant to Section 2.2-4605 *Code of Virginia*, the Treasury Board of the Commonwealth sponsors the LGIP and has delegated certain functions to the State Treasurer. The LGIP reports to the Treasury Board at their regularly scheduled monthly meetings. The fair value of the position of the LGIP is the same as the value of the pool shares, i.e., the LGIP maintains a stable net asset value of \$1 per share. The LGIP has been assigned an "AAAm" rating by Standard & Poor's.

#### 10. Independent U.S. Bank – OPEB Trust

The Independent U.S. Bank – OPEB Trust included fiscal year 2016 contributions to the OPEB Trust plan totalling \$625,030.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Note 2. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

#### **Investment Policy: (Continued)**

11. Virginia State Non-Arbitrage Program (SNAP)

Investment in the Virginia State Non-Arbitrage Program (SNAP) is used to assist in avoiding arbitrage penalties enacted with the Tax Reform Act of 1986. Sections 2.2-4700 through 2.2-4705 of the *Code of Virginia*, the Government Non-Arbitrage Investment Act authorizes the Virginia Treasury Board to provide assistance to the Commonwealth of Virginia, counties, cities, and towns in the Commonwealth, and to their agencies, institutions and authorities of any combination of the foregoing ("Virginia governments") in the management of and accounting for their bond funds, including, without limitation, bond proceeds, reserves, and sinking funds, and the investment thereof. The Virginia SNAP has been assigned an "AAAm" rating by Standard & Poor's. The SNAP Fund is managed to maintain a dollar-weighted average portfolio maturity of 90 days or less and seeks to maintain a constant net value (NAV) per share of \$1.00. The Commonwealth of Virginia's Treasury Board has contracted with PFM Asset Management, LLC, Wells Fargo, N.A., U.S. Bank, N.A., and the Bank of New York Mellon Corporation to provide professional services and regulating oversight to the SNAP Program.

#### 12. Federally Insured Certificates of Deposit (CDARS)

Federally insured certificates of deposit issued through the Certificates of Deposit Account Registry Service (CDARS) by financial institutions located in the United States, provided that:

- a. The funds are initially invested by the Town through a financial institution that is participating in CDARS and that is located and doing business in Virginia.
- b. The financial institution in Virginia receives reciprocal deposits from customers of other financial institutions in an amount equal to the funds initially invested by the Town; and
- c. Each such certificate of deposit is issued in an amount that is eligible for full FDIC insurance coverage for up to a maximum total of \$50 million in qualified investments held.
- 13. Virginia Municipal League and Virginia Association of Counties (VML/VACo) OPEB Trust Fund

Investments in VML/VACo are used for funding Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB). The VML/VACo Trust is the only pooled OPEB trust offered in Virginia. Trust participants receive professional investment management on par with the services provided by major pension funds. Investment decisions are made by the Board of Trustees. At year end, the Town has \$8,793,569 invested with the VML/VACo OPEB Trust. The trust has not been assigned a rating as of June 30, 2016.

14. Virginia Municipal League and Virginia Association of Counties (VML/VACo) – Investment Pool

VML/VACo's pooled investment program is used by local governments to invest assets they expect to hold longer than one year. Participants are invested in high-quality corporate and government securities with an average duration of one to two years. At year end, the Town has \$6,103,396 with the VML/VACo Investment Pool. The pool has not been assigned a rating as of June 30, 2016.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **Note 2.** Deposits and Investments (Continued)

#### **Credit Risk:**

Credit risk is defined as the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. As of June 30, 2016, 39% of the Town's investments were invested in "AAAm" rated Money Market Funds. All credit ratings presented in this paragraph are Standard & Poor's ratings. The Town does not have a policy that addresses investment credit risk.

#### **Interest Rate Risk:**

Interest rate risk is defined as the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. As a means of limiting exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates and to comply with the laws of the Commonwealth, the Town's policy limits the investment of funds to investments with a stated maturity of no more than five years from the date of purchase.

	Fair Value	Less Than 1 Year
LGIP	\$ 12,783,236	\$ 12,783,236
Certificates of deposit (CDARS)	18,700,000	18,700,000
SNAP	9,342,927	9,342,927
U.S. Bank OPEB Trust	625,030	625,030
VML/VACo OPEB Trust	8,793,569	8,793,569
VML/VACo Investment Pool	6,103,396	6,103,396

The Town categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by GAAP. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The Town has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2016:

- CDARS in the amount of \$18,700,000 are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs).
- Money markets in the amount of \$625,030 are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs).

#### **Note 3.** Estimated Unbilled Revenue

Utilities Fund revenues are estimated at year-end for unbilled services rendered. The amounts are determined by estimating services rendered based on past services provided. At June 30, 2016, estimated unbilled services included in accounts receivable and revenue amounted to approximately \$3.1 million.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Note 4. Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2016 for the Town's individual major funds, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	General Fund		Capital Projects Fund		Utilities Fund		Totals	
Property taxes, including penalties Utility taxes Local taxes Accounts Gross receivables	\$	7,307,147 214,928 1,794,284 382,012 9,698,371	\$	25,000 25,000	\$	3,478,760 3,478,760	\$	7,307,147 214,928 1,794,284 3,885,772 13,202,131
Less allowance for uncollectable accounts  Net receivables	<u> </u>	304,340	\$	25,000	\$	75,000	\$	379,340

Governmental funds report unavailable revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of unavailable and unearned revenue reported in the General Fund and Capital Projects Fund were as follows:

	Unavailable			Unearned	
Second half real estate billed in advance	\$	6,175,533	\$	-	
Delinquent property taxes receivable		624,630		-	
Prepaid property taxes		-		106,554	
Lease revenue		-		38,165	
Capital projects		-		2,568,934	
Special revenue		-		2,105,798	
Other		-		245,945	
	\$	6,800,163	\$	5,065,396	

The Capital Projects Fund reported unearned revenue of \$2,568,934 in connection with contributions received in advance from Loudoun County for the County's share of capital projects undertaken by the Town.

The Special Revenue Fund reported unearned revenue of \$2,105,798 in connection with funding from NVTA for various projects the Town has ongoing.

The Town leases a portion of the Town's property at the airport to the federal government for the FAA/Automated Flight Services Station. In 2004, the FAA advanced the Town approximately \$236,000 to assist with capital improvements of the facilities. The advance is being amortized over the remaining lease through April 2018, in which the Town is recognizing approximately \$18,300 in income annually.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Note 4. Receivables (Continued)

The General Fund reported unearned revenue of \$162,000 for fees collected in advance as part of the rezoning development of the downtown corridor. The funds are being held in escrow and are to be used to offset future costs associated with the construction of parking facilities.

The General Fund reported unearned revenue of \$83,945 associated with the Virginia Stormwater Management Program ("VSMP") permits for which the Department of Environmental Quality ("DEQ") has already provided the Town funding to cover the cost associated with the permit review and inspections for VSMP.

#### Note 5. Due From Other Governments

At June 30, 2016, amounts due from other governments were as follows:

General Fund: Commonwealth of Virginia:		
Local sales tax	\$	904,299
Other taxes and grants	Ψ	29,744
Car rental tax		32,729
Communication sales and use		341,941
Communication sales and use		1,308,713
Federal Government:		1,300,713
Department of Justice		10 743
Department of Justice		10,743
Northern Virginia Cigarette Tax Board		78,522
Total General Fund	\$	1,397,978
Capital Projects Fund:		
Commonwealth of Virginia:		
Virginia Department of Transportation	\$	2,395,765
Department of Aviation	4	14,667
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		2,410,432
Federal government:		
Department of Aviation		246,525
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Northern Virginia Transportation Authority		4,246
Total Capital Projects Fund	\$	2,661,203

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 6. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2016 is as follows:

	Beginning		D: 1	T	Ending
	Balance	Increases	Disposals	Transfers	Balance
Governmental activities:					
Capital assets, not being depreciated					
or amortized:					
Land	\$ 58,452,292	\$ 551,495	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 59,003,787
Construction in progress	9,288,789	9,121,725	(5,000)	(9,769,622)	8,635,892
Total capital assets, not being		, ,	( ) )	( ) , , ,	, ,
depreciated or amortized	67,741,081	9,673,220	(5,000)	(9,769,622)	67,639,679
Capital assets, being depreciated					
or amortized:					
Buildings and improvements	78,797,338	281,848	-	5,690,455	84,769,641
Furniture and equipment	6,636,010	274,139	(21,950)	-	6,888,199
Computer equipment and software	3,063,098	389,049	-	-	3,452,147
Vehicles	5,473,997	188,125	(334,856)	-	5,327,266
Infrastructure	71,335,381	1,175,873	-	81,468	72,592,722
Streets	176,891,691	1,993,380	-	3,997,699	182,882,770
Hangars	6,057,289	-	-	-	6,057,289
Runways	16,569,695	58	-	-	16,569,753
Terminals	6,677,993	-	_	-	6,677,993
Total capital assets being					
depreciated or amortized	371,502,492	4,302,472	(356,806)	9,769,622	385,217,780
Less accumulated depreciation					
and amortization for:					
Buildings and improvements	(26,837,353)	(2,374,970)	-	-	(29,212,323)
Furniture and equipment	(4,913,011)	(418,391)	19,000	-	(5,312,402)
Computer equipment and software	(2,642,308)	(232,056)	-	-	(2,874,364)
Vehicles	(3,389,381)	(386,489)	334,470	-	(3,441,400)
Infrastructure	(20,693,966)	(1,457,007)	-	-	(22,150,973)
Streets	(37,841,706)	(3,585,389)	-	-	(41,427,095)
Hangars	(2,087,796)	(181,404)	-	-	(2,269,200)
Runway	(12,022,866)	(533,955)	-	-	(12,556,821)
Terminals	(2,429,451)	(147,826)	-	-	(2,577,277)
Total accumulated depreciation					
and amortization	(112,857,838)	(9,317,487)	353,470	-	(121,821,855)
Total capital assets being					
depreciated or amortized, net	258,644,654	(5,015,015)	(3,336)	9,769,622	263,395,925
Governmental activities capital					
assets, net	\$ 326,385,735	\$ 4,658,205	\$ (8,336)	\$ -	\$ 331,035,604

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# Note 6. Capital Assets (Continued)

Depreciation and amortization expense was charged to functions/programs of the governmental activities as follows:

Governmental activities: Legislative Executive Finance and administrative servic Public safety Parks and recreation Balch Library Public works Airport Total depreciation and a activities		pense - goveri	nmental	\$ \$	12,821 274,414 216,237 459,435 857,951 189,318 6,100,956 1,206,355
	Beginning Balance	Increases	Disposals	Transfers	Ending Balance
Business-type activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated or amortized: Land Construction in progress	\$ 1,577,329 593,722	\$ - 2,173,337	\$ -	\$ - (700,389)	\$ 1,577,329 2,066,670
Total capital assets, not being depreciated or amortized	2,171,051	2,173,337	-	(700,389)	3,643,999
Capital assets, being depreciated or amortized:					
Water and sewer plant Water and sewer lines	115,887,423 121,862,793	35,325 898,597	-	700,389	115,922,748 123,461,779
Furniture, equipment and software	1,318,366		-	-	1,399,143
Vehicles	2,738,342	152,451	(211,444)	-	2,679,349
Total capital assets being depreciated or amortized	241,806,924	1,167,150	(211,444)	700,389	243,463,019
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization for:					
Water and sewer plant	(31,601,933)		-	-	(33,928,334)
Water and sewer lines	(35,453,001)		-	-	(38,226,575)
Furniture, equipment and software	(1,156,899)		-	-	(1,211,727)
Vehicles  Total accumulated depreciation	(1,833,185)	(125,686)	211,444		(1,747,427)
and amortization	(70,045,018)	(5,280,489)	211,444	-	(75,114,063)
Total capital assets being depreciated and amortized, net	171,761,906	(4,113,339)	-	700,389	168,348,956
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 173,932,957	\$ (1,940,002)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 171,992,955

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Note 7. Long-Term Debt

#### **General Obligation Bonds**

The Town issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities and for refunding of general obligation bonds. General obligation bonds have been issued for both general government and proprietary activities. These bonds are reported in the proprietary fund if they are expected to be repaid from proprietary fund revenues. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the Town.

Outstanding long-term debt at June 30, 2016 includes the following bond issues:

#### General Obligation Bonds:

\$20,035,000, 2006 General Obligation Refunding Bond Series B, due in annual installments of \$1,470,000 to \$2,295,000 through September 2020, plus interest at	
5.00%	\$ 9,175,000
\$55,660,000, 2006 "Double Barrel" General Obligation Public Utility Bonds, due in an annual installments of \$840,000 in July 2016, plus interest at 4.00%	840,000
\$21,695,000, 2009 Build America Bonds (BABS) Taxable, due in annual installments of \$210,000 to \$1,300,000 through February 2039, plus interest at 4.00% to 6.31%	16,805,000
\$6,320,000 2009 Build America Bonds (BABS) Tax-Exempt Refunding, due in annual installment of \$935,000 through February 2017, plus interest at 4.00%	935,000
\$26,990,000 2011 Series A General Obligation Tax-Exempt, due in annual installments of \$185,000 to \$4,040,000 through January 2041, plus interest at 2.50% to 5.00%	26,060,000
\$3,880,000 2011 Series B General Obligation Taxable, due in annual installments of \$695,000 to \$1,250,000, beginning January 2017 through January 2020, plus interest at 2.585% to 3.721%	3,880,000
\$24,800,000 2014 General Obligation and Refunding Bonds, due in annual installments of \$85,000 to \$2,140,000 through January 2044, plus interest at 2.00% to 5.00%	24,035,000
\$46,975,000 2015 General Obligation and Refunding Bonds, due in annual installments of \$360,000 to \$3,765,000 through January 2037, plus interest at 2.00% to 5.00%	46,180,000

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Note 7. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Revenue Bonds:

\$11,000,000, VRA 1999 Utility System Revenue Bonds, due in semi-annual installments of \$391,534 through January 2021, including interest at 3.50%	\$ 3,234,264
Plus unamortized premiums, net	 9,519,834
Total bonded debt	\$ 140,664,098

The Town also issues bonds where the Town pledges income derived from the acquired or constructed assets to pay debt service.

The Revenue Bonds constitute special obligations of the Town solely secured by a lien on and pledge of the net revenues of the water and sewer system. The revenue of the water and sewer system and the various special funds established by the bond covenants collateralizes the bonds. The covenants provide the revenue of the system to be used first to pay operating and maintenance expenses of the system and second to establish and maintain the revenue bond funds. Any remaining revenues may then be retained in a surplus account. The covenants also contain certain provisions, which require the Town to maintain revenues, as defined in the covenants, of at least 1.25 times the annual debt service requirements. For fiscal year 2016, all revenue bond covenants were met.

The Double Barrel Bonds are secured by the Town's general obligation pledge as well as a pledge of utility revenues.

The allocation of debt to business-type and governmental activities net of premiums is as follows:

	Business-type		G	Governmental		T . 1
Description		Activities		Activities		Totals
Bonded long-term debt:						
1999 VRA utility revenue	\$	3,234,264	\$	-	\$	3,234,264
2006 General obligation, Series B		-		9,175,000		9,175,000
2006 General obligation, Public Utility		840,000		-		840,000
2009 BABS, taxable		4,520,000		12,285,000		16,805,000
2009 BABS, tax-exempt		-		935,000		935,000
2011 Series A General obligation		10,580,000		15,480,000		26,060,000
2011 Series B General obligation		-		3,880,000		3,880,000
2014 General obligation & refunding		10,980,000		13,055,000		24,035,000
2015 General obligation & refunding		32,875,000		13,305,000		46,180,000
Total bonds payable		63,029,264		68,115,000		131,144,264
Plus:						
Unamortized premiums		4,887,401		4,632,433		9,519,834
	\$	67,916,665	\$	72,747,433	\$	140,664,098

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# Note 7. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

The following is a summary of long-term liability activity of the Town for the year ended June 30, 2016:

	Beginning			Ending	Due Within
	Balance	Additions	Retirements	Balance	One Year
	\ <u></u>				
Governmental activities:					
Bonds payable	\$ 70,620,000	\$ -	\$(2,505,000) \$	68,115,000	\$ 5,020,000
Unamortized premiums	4,949,648	-	(317,215)	4,632,433	-
Compensated absences	2,206,519	1,539,913	(1,477,996)	2,268,436	1,859,534
	\ <u></u>				
Governmental activities					
long-term activities	\$ 77,776,167	\$ 1,539,913	\$(4,300,211) \$	75,015,869	\$ 6,879,534

Annual requirements to amortize long-term debt and related interest payments are as follows:

	Bonded Obligations									
Years Ending June 30,			Princip	al		Intere	est	•	Tot	als
2017		\$	5,020	0,000	\$	3,00	9,174	\$	8,0	029,174
2018			5,235	5,000		2,79	94,324		8,0	)29,324
2019			5,385	5,000		2,58	31,985		7,9	966,985
2020			5,505	5,000		2,36	55,111		7,8	370,111
2021			5,605	5,000		2,14	17,437		7,	752,437
2022-2026			22,830	0,000		7,06	57,089		29,8	397,089
2027-2031			14,190	0,000		2,45	50,610			
2032-2036			4,345	5,000		34	10,988		4,6	685,988
		\$	68,115	5,000	\$	22,75	6,718	\$	90,8	371,718
	Beginning						Endir	ıσ	Г	ue Within
	Balance	A	dditions	Retir	ement			_		One Year
Business-type activities:										
Bonds payable	\$ 65,261,950	\$	-	(2,2)	232,68	(6) \$	63,029	9,264	\$	2,030,730
Unamortized premiums	5,115,830		-		228,42	,	-	7,401		-
Compensated absences	561,141		389,962	(3	361,63	4)	589	9,469		445,587
<b>Business-type activities</b>	<b></b>		• • • • • • •	<b></b>		0) 0				
long-term liabilities	\$ 70,938,921	\$	389,962	\$(2,8	322,74	9) \$	68,50	5,134	\$	2,476,317

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 7. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Annual requirements to amortize long-term debt are as follows:

		Bonded C	_		
Years Ending June 30,	Ending June 30, Principal		Interest		Totals
2017	\$	2,030,730	\$ 2,568,376	\$	4,599,106
2018		2,129,587	2,512,278		4,641,865
2019		2,164,287	2,444,134		4,608,421
2020		2,284,860	2,372,884		4,657,744
2021		2,799,800	2,295,271		5,095,071
2022-2026		17,735,000	9,071,290		26,806,290
2027-2031		15,370,000	5,225,922		20,595,922
2032-2036		13,615,000	25,738,223		39,353,223
2037-2041		4,570,000	485,247		5,055,247
2042-2044		330,000	24,288		354,288
	\$	63,029,264	\$ 52,737,913	\$	115,767,177

The legal debt margin for the Town mandated by the Commonwealth of Virginia is \$672 million, which is computed based upon 10% of the assessed value on real estate subject to taxation.

**Note 8.** Interfund Transfers

				Capital	Total	
	General		Projects	Transferred Out		
Transferred from fund:						
Governmental activities:						
General	\$	-	\$	633,833	\$	633,833
Capital Projects		633,833		-		633,833
Special Revenue		-		644,202		644,202
Business-type activities:						
Utilities		1,506,865		-		1,506,865
Total transferred in	\$	2,140,698	\$	1,278,035	\$	3,418,733

The transfer from the Utilities Fund to the General Fund is for general administrative services performed by the general government.

The transfer from the Utilities Fund to the Capital Projects Fund is for project administrative services performed by the capital projects office.

The transfer from the Capital Projects Fund to the General Fund is to reimburse the General Fund for general administrative services performed by the general government.

The transfer from the Special Revenue Fund was to reimburse the Capital Projects Fund for project costs recorded for the NVTA funded projects.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Note 9. Commitments and Contingent Liabilities

#### **Federal and State-Assisted Programs**

The Town has received proceeds from several federal and state grant programs. Periodic audits of these grants are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant monies to the grantor agencies. Management believes any required refunds will be immaterial. Based on past experience, no provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant monies.

At June 30, 2016, the Town was contractually obligated for \$2 million to complete various construction projects within the Town. The funds for these improvements are expected to come from fund balance reserves, the issuance of debt, federal and state funding.

#### **Note 10.** Other Postemployment Benefits

**Plan Description:** The Town participates in the Retiree Healthcare and Life Insurance Benefit Programs which is a single employer benefit plan. Employees hired after April 2016 are no longer eligible for Retiree Healthcare and Life Insurance Benefit Programs. Other postemployment benefits provided by the Town include Medicare health care benefits to retired employees and their dependents provided they satisfy one of the following requirements:

- General and Utilities Employees: Age 65 with 5 or more years of service and retired under the Virginia Retirement System
- Police Officers and Firefighters: Age 60 with 5 or more years of Creditable Service, is no longer in service as a Police Officer or Firefighter and retired under the Virginia Retirement System
- Medically disabled and totally and permanently unable to work

The Town also provides healthcare benefits to the survivors of deceased employees and retired members.

Funding Policy: The Town establishes employer contribution rates for plan participants and determines how the Town's contribution will be funded as part of the budgetary process each year. Employees retiring under the state retirement system with a minimum of 10 years of Town service shall be eligible for supplemental Medicare insurance, in compliance with all state and federal law. Employees who retire with 20 or more years; at least 15 years but less than 20 years; and at least 10 years but less than 15 years of service will pay 10%, 50% and 75%, respectively, of the monthly health insurance premiums and supplemental Medicare insurance. Retired employees participating in the plan shall pay all additional premiums for spouse or dependent coverage requested. Employees retiring prior to December 31, 2002, with 20 or more years of service have 100% of their monthly health insurance premiums and supplemental medicare insurance paid by the Town. For employees hired after June 30, 2008, the health insurance costs are capped. This will require the Town to pay for increased premium costs for eligible retirees for the next 20 years. However, after that, new retirees will be responsible for all increases in premiums, shifting the cost of the premiums from the Town to the retiree.

The Town will pay between 25% and 90% of the premium for retirees based on years of service.

#### Note 10. Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

Annual OPEB cost and Net OPEB Obligation (NOO): In 2016, the Town had an actuarial valuation of postemployment benefits performed as of July 1, 2015. The annual cost of the OPEB under GASB Statement No. 45 is called the annual required contribution or ARC. The phase-in of full funding cost for OPEB benefits is \$622,000 and the annual benefit cost is \$625,000 for 2016. The percentage of the annual OPEB cost contributed is 100.00%.

GASB Statement No. 45 does not require pre-funding of the OPEB liability. The Town has elected not to pre-fund all of the OPEB liability at this time. The Town anticipates continuing to fully fund the annual required contribution. The difference between the OPEB annual expense and cash payments for OPEB benefits is treated as a liability in the financial statements when the liability is not pre-funded. At June 30, 2016, the Town has recorded an asset of \$130,165 on the Statement of Net Position for the governmental and business-type activities.

The Town received a NOO calculation for the year ended June 30, 2016. The revisions are reflected in the calculation shown in the following table.

The Town is not required to contribute the ARC of the employer, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameter of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an on-going basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows a calculation of the net OPEB obligation at June 30, 2016:

	Governmental		Business-type			
	Activities		Activites		Totals	
ARC	\$	488,155	\$	133,845 \$	622,000	
Interest on net OPEB obligation		15,696		4,304	20,000	
Adjustment to ARC		(13,342)		(3,658)	(17,000)	
Annual OPEB cost		490,509		134,491	625,000	
Contributions made		(786,165)		(250,644)	(1,036,809)	
Increase in net OPEB obligation		(295,656)		(116,153)	(411,809)	
Net OPEB obligation, beginning of year		186,458		95,186	281,644	
Net OPEB obligation (asset), end of year	\$	(109,198)	\$	(20,967) \$	(130,165)	

#### **Trend Information**

Three-year trend information is as follows:

			Percentage of		Net OPEB	
		Annual	Annual OPEB		Obligation	
Fiscal Year Ended	C	OPEB Costs	Cost Contributed		(Asset)	
June 30, 2016	\$	625,000	165.89%	\$	(130,165)	
June 30, 2015		1,230,612	94.91%		281,644	
June 30, 2014		1,188,798	155.27%		219,053	

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **Note 10.** Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

**Funding Status and Funding Process:** As of July 1, 2015, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was partially funded. The actuarial value of the assets was \$8,842,370 resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$5,646,000.

Actuarial valuations of an on-going plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality and healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revisions as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made for the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented in the required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, present trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of the plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

The following table shows the funding progress for the Town:

							Unfunded
							Actuarial
							Accrued
				Unfunded			Liability as
	Actuarial	Actuarial	Actuarial	Actuarial		Annual	a Percentage
	Valuation	Value of	Accrued	Accrued	Funded	Covered	of Covered
_	Date	Assets	Liability	Liability	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
	July 1, 2011	\$ 2,371,258	\$ 14,428,500	\$ 12,057,242	16%	\$ 22,735,100	53.03%
	July 1, 2013	5,774,112	14,571,800	8,797,688	40%	23,779,800	37.00%
	July 1, 2015	8,842,370	14,488,000	5,646,000	61%	22,738,317	24.83%

**Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:** Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and the plan members at that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with long-term perspective of the calculations.

The 2015 actuarial valuation determined the OPEB liability based on the entry age normal cost method. The actuarial assumptions include a discount rate of 7.0%, salary increases comprised of a wage inflation component of 3.0% and an ultimate healthcare and dental trend rate of 4.8%. The unfunded liability is amortized over a period of 30 years as a level percentage of payroll on an open basis.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### Note 11. Pension Plan

Name of Plan: Virginia Retirement System (VRS)

Identification of Plan: Agent Multiple-Employer Pension Plan

Administering Entity: Virginia Retirement System (System)

### A. <u>Plan Description</u>

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the Town are automatically covered by VRS Retirement Plan upon employment. This plan is administered by the System along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer pay contributions to the VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria as defined in the *Code of Virginia*, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service.

The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees – Plan 1, Plan 2, and Hybrid. Each of these benefit structures has a different eligibility criteria. The specific information for each plan and the eligibility for covered groups within each plan are set out in the table below:

Plan 1 Plan 2 Hybrid Retirement Plan

### **About Plan 1**

Plan 1 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. Employees are eligible for Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of January 1, 2013.

### **About Plan 2**

Plan 2 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. Employees are eligible for Plan 2 if their membership date is on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013.

# **About the Hybrid Retirement Plan**

The Hvbrid Retirement combines the features of a defined plan benefit and a defined contribution plan. Most members hired on or after January 1, 2014 are in this plan, as well as Plan 1 and Plan 2 members who were eligible and opted into the plan during a special election window. "Eligible Members")

- The defined benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula.
- The benefit from the defined contribution component of the plan depends on the member and employer contributions made to the plan and the investment performance of those contributions.

### **Note 11.** Pension Plan (Continued)

### A. <u>Plan Description</u> (Continued)

# Plan 1 Plan 2 Retirement Plan About the Hybrid Retirement

# **Eligible Members**

Employees are in Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of January 1, 2013.

### **Hybrid Opt-In Election**

VRS non-hazardous duty covered Plan 1 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014.

The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible Plan 1 members who opted in was July 1, 2014.

If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan.

Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and had prior service under Plan 1 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as Plan 1 or ORP.

### **Eligible Members**

Employees are in Plan 2 if their membership date is on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013.

### **Hybrid Opt-In Election**

Eligible Plan 2 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014.

The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible Plan 2 members who opted in was July 1, 2014.

If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan.

Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and have prior service under Plan 2 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as Plan 2 or ORP.

# contribution account, reflecting the contributions, investment

balance

fees.

Plan (Continued)

Eligible Members
Employees are in the Hybrid

Retirement Plan if their membership date is on or after January 1, 2014. This includes:

in

Hybrid

In addition to the monthly benefit payment payable from the defined benefit plan at retirement, a member may start receiving distributions from the

gains or losses, and any required

the

defined

- Political subdivision employees.\*
- Members in Plan 1 or Plan 2 who elected to opt into the plan during the election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014; the plan's effective date for opt-in members was July 1, 2014.

### \*Non-Eligible Members

Some employees are not eligible to participate in the Hybrid Retirement Plan. They include:

 Political subdivision employees who are covered by enhanced benefits for hazardous duty employees.

Those employees eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) must elect the ORP plan or the Hybrid Retirement Plan. If these members have prior service under Plan 1 or Plan 2, they are not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and must select Plan 1 or Plan 2 (as applicable) or ORP.

### **Note 11.** Pension Plan (Continued)

### A. <u>Plan Description</u> (Continued)

# Plan 1 Plan 2 Hybrid Retirement Plan

### **Retirement Contributions**

Members contribute 5% of their compensation each month to their contribution member account through a pre-tax salary reduction. Some political subdivisions elected to phase in the required 5% member contribution, but all employees will be paying the full 5% by July 1, 2016. Member contributions are tax-deferred until they are withdrawn as part of a retirement benefit or as a refund. The employer makes a separate actuarially determined contribution to VRS for all covered employees. VRS invests both member and employer contributions to provide funding for the future benefit payment.

### **Creditable Service**

Creditable service includes active service. Members earn creditable service for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional creditable service the member was granted. A member's total creditable service is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit.

### **Retirement Contributions**

Employees contribute 5% of compensation their month to their member contribution account through a pre-tax salary reduction. Some political subdivisions elected to phase in the required 5% member contribution: all employees will be paying the full 5% by July 1, 2016.

### **Retirement Contributions**

A member's retirement benefit is funded through mandatory and voluntary contributions made by the member and the employer to both the defined benefit and the defined contribution components of the plan. Mandatory contributions are based on a percentage of the employee's compensation creditable and required from both the member and the employer. Additionally, members may choose to make voluntary contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, and the employer is required to match those voluntary contributions according to specified percentages.

### Creditable Service

Same as Plan 1.

### **Creditable Service**

### **Defined Benefit Component**

Under the defined benefit component of the plan, creditable service includes active service. Members earn creditable service for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional creditable service the member was granted. A member's total creditable service is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement. if the employer offers the health insurance credit.

### **Defined Contribution Component**

Under the defined contribution component, creditable service is used to determine vesting for the employer contribution portion of the plan.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### **Note 11.** Pension Plan (Continued)

### A. <u>Plan Description</u> (Continued)

# Plan 1 Plan 2 Hybrid Retirement Plan

### **Vesting**

Vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members become vested when they have at least five years (60 months) of creditable service. Vesting means members are eligible to qualify for retirement if they meet the age and service requirements for their plan. Members also must be vested to receive a full refund of their member contribution account balance if they leave employment and request a refund.

Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make.

### Vesting

Same as Plan 1.

### **Vesting**

### **Defined Benefit Component**

Defined benefit vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members are vested under the defined benefit component of the Hybrid Retirement Plan when they reach five years (60 months) of creditable service. Plan 1 or Plan 2 members with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan remain vested in the defined benefit component.

### **Defined Contribution Component**

Defined contribution vesting refers to the minimum length of service a member needs to be eligible to withdraw the employer contributions from the defined contribution component of the plan.

Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make.

Upon retirement or leaving covered employment, a member is eligible to withdraw a percentage of employer contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, based on service.

### **Note 11.** Pension Plan (Continued)

### A. <u>Plan Description</u> (Continued)

		пургіа
Plan 1	Plan 2	Retirement Plan

### **Vesting (Continued)**

### <u>Defined Contribution Component</u> (Continued)

Harbaid

- After two years, a member is 50% vested and may withdraw 50% of employer contributions.
- After three years, a member is 75% vested and may withdraw 75% of employer contributions.
- After four or more years, a member is 100% vested and may withdraw 100% of employer contributions.

Distribution is not required by law until age 70 1/2.

### **Calculating the Benefit**

The Basic Benefit is calculated based on a formula using the member's average final compensation, a retirement multiplier and total service credit at retirement. It is one of the benefit payout options available to a member at retirement.

An early retirement reduction factor is applied to the Basic Benefit if the member retires with a reduced retirement benefit or selects a benefit payout option other than the Basic Benefit.

### **Average Final Compensation**

A member's average final compensation is the average of the 36 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.

### **Calculating the Benefit**

See definition under Plan 1.

### **Calculating the Benefit**

### **Defined Benefit Component**

See definition under Plan 1.

### **Defined Contribution Component**

The benefit is based on contributions made by the member and any matching contributions made by the employer, plus net investment earnings on those contributions.

### **Average Final Compensation**

A member's average final compensation is the average of their 60 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.

### **Average Final Compensation**

Same as Plan 2. It is used in the retirement formula for the defined benefit component of the plan.

### **Note 11.** Pension Plan (Continued)

A. <u>Plan Description</u> (Continued)

creditable service.

A. <u>Plan Description</u> (Continued)		
Plan 1	Plan 2	Hybrid Retirement Plan
Service Retirement Multiplier	Service Retirement Multiplier	Service Retirement Multiplier
The retirement multiplier is a factor used in the formula to determine a final retirement benefit. The retirement multiplier for non-	Same as Plan 1 for service earned, purchased or granted prior to January 1, 2013. For non-hazardous duty members the retirement	Defined Benefit Component The retirement multiplier for the defined benefit component is 1.0%.
retirement multiplier for non-hazardous duty members is 1.70%.	duty members the retirement multiplier is 1.65% for creditable service earned, purchased or granted on or after January 1, 2013.	For members that opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan from Plan 1 or Plan 2, the applicable multipliers for those plans will be used to calculate the retirement benefit for service credited in those plans.
Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: The retirement	<b>Political subdivision hazardous duty employees:</b> Same as Plan 1.	Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: Not applicable.
multiplier of eligible political subdivision hazardous duty employees other than sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.70% or 1.85% as elected by the employer.		<b>Defined Contribution Component</b> Not applicable.
Normal Retirement Age	Normal Retirement Age	Normal Retirement Age
Age 65.  Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Age 60.	Normal Social Security retirement age.  Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Defined Benefit Component Same as Plan 2. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable.
		<b>Defined Contribution Component</b> Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.
Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility	Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility	Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility
Age 65 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or at age 50 with at least 30 years of creditable service.	Normal Social Security retirement age and have at least 5 years (60 months) of creditable service or when their age and service equal 90.	Defined Benefit Component  Normal Social Security retirement age and have at least 5 years (60 months) of creditable service or when their age and service equal 90.
Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Age 60 with at least five years of creditable service	Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable.
or age 50 with at least 25 years of		Defined Contribution Component

Members are eligible to receive

employment, subject to restrictions.

upon

leaving

distributions

# **Note 11.** Pension Plan (Continued)

# A. <u>Plan Description</u> (Continued)

Plan 1	Plan 2	Hybrid Retirement Plan
Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility
Age 55 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or age 50 with at least 10 years of creditable service.	Age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service.	<u>Defined Benefit Component</u> Members may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service.
Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Age 50 with at least five years of graditable	<b>Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees:</b> Same as Plan 1.	Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable.
least five years of creditable service.		Defined Contribution Component Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.
Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement
The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 3% increase in the Consumer Price	The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 2% increase in the Consumer Price	<b>Defined Benefit Component</b> Same as Plan 2.
Index for all Urban Consumers (CPI-U) and half of any additional increase (up to 4%) up to a maximum COLA of 5%.	Index for all Urban Consumers (CPI-U) and half of any additional increase (up to 2%) up to a maximum COLA of 3%.	<b>Defined Contribution Component</b> Not applicable.
Eligibility: For members who retire with an unreduced benefit or with a reduced benefit with at least 20 years of creditable service, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one full calendar year from the retirement date.	Eligibility: Same as Plan 1.	Eligibility: Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2.
For members who retire with a reduced benefit and who have less than 20 years of creditable service, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one calendar year following the unreduced retirement eligibility date.		

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# **Note 11.** Pension Plan (Continued)

# A. <u>Plan Description</u> (Continued)

Plan 1	Plan 2		Hybr Retireme	
Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement (Continued)	e .	justment etirement	Cost-of-Living (COLA) in (Continued)	Adjustment Retirement
Exceptions to COLA Effective  Dates: The COLA is effective July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) under any of the following circumstances:	Exceptions to COLA  Dates: Same as Plan 1.	Effective	Exceptions to Condition Dates: Same as Plan 1 and	_
<ul> <li>The member is within five years of qualifying for an unreduced retirement benefit as of January 1, 2013.</li> <li>The member retires on disability.</li> <li>The member retires directly from short-term or long-term disability under the Virginia Sickness and Disability Program (VSDP).</li> <li>The member is involuntarily separated from employment for causes other than job performance or misconduct and is eligible to retire under the Workforce Transition Act or the Transitional Benefits Program.</li> <li>The member dies in service and the member's survivor or beneficiary is eligible for a monthly death-in-service benefit. The COLA will go into effect on July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) from the date the monthly benefit begins.</li> </ul>				

### **Note 11.** Pension Plan (Continued)

### A. <u>Plan Description</u> (Continued)

# Hybrid Plan 1 Plan 2 Retirement Plan

### **Disability Coverage**

Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.7% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted.

VSDP members are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work related disability benefits.

### **Purchase of Prior Service**

Members may be eligible to purchase service from previous public employment, active duty military service, an eligible period of leave or VRS refunded service as creditable service in their plan. Prior creditable service counts toward vesting, eligibility for retirement and the health insurance credit. Only active members are eligible to purchase prior service. When buying service, members must purchase their most recent period of service first. Members also may be eligible to purchase periods of leave without pay.

### **Disability Coverage**

Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.65% on all service regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted.

Virginia Sickness and Disability Program (VSDP) members are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work related disability benefits

### **Purchase of Prior Service**

Same as Plan 1.

### **Disability Coverage**

**Employees** of political subdivisions (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 opt-ins) participate in the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP) unless their local governing provides an body employer-paid comparable program for its members.

Hybrid members (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 opt-ins) covered under VLDP are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work related disability benefits.

### **Purchase of Prior Service**

### **Defined Benefit Component**

Same as Plan 1, with the following exceptions:

- Hybrid Retirement Plan members are ineligible for ported service.
- The cost for purchasing refunded service is the higher of 4% of creditable compensation or average final compensation.
- Plan members have one year from their date of hire or return from leave to purchase all but refunded prior service at approximate normal cost. After that one year period, the rate for most categories of service will change to actuarial cost.

# **<u>Defined Contribution Component</u>**

Not applicable.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### **Note 11.** Pension Plan (Continued)

### A. Plan Description (Continued)

### **Employees Covered by Benefit Terms**

As of the June 30, 2013 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the pension plan:

	Number
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	111
Inactive members:	
Vested	78
Non-vested	81
Active elsewhere in VRS	91
Total inactive members	250
Active members	327
Total covered employees	688

### **Contributions**

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by Section 51.1-145 of the *Code of Virginia*, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. Prior to July 1, 2012, all or part of the 5.00% member contribution may have been assumed by the employer. Beginning July 1, 2012, new employees were required to pay the 5.00% member contribution. In addition, for existing employees, employers were required to begin making the employee pay the 5.00% member contribution. This could be phased in over a period of up to 5 years and the employer is required to provide a salary increase equal to the amount of the increase in the employee-paid member contribution.

The Town's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2016 was 8.48% for Plan 1 and 2, and 7.48% for Hybrid Plan of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by an employee during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the Town were \$1,869,204 and \$1,945,907 for the years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

### B. Net Pension Liability

The Town's net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2013, using updated actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2015.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### **Note 11.** Pension Plan (Continued)

### B. Net Pension Liability (Continued)

### **Actuarial Assumptions – General Employees**

The total pension liability for General Employee's in the Town's retirement plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013, using the Entry Age Normal Actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2014.

Inflation 2.5%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.5% - 5.35%

Investment rate of return 7.0%, net of pension plan investment expense, including

inflation\*

\*Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension benefits.

Mortality Rates: 14% of deaths are assumed to be service related.

- Pre-retirement: RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with

males set forward 4 years and females set back 2 years.

- Post-retirement: RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with

males set forward 1 year.

- Post-disablement: RP-2000 Disabled Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back

3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2013 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### **Note 11.** Pension Plan (Continued)

### B. Net Pension Liability (Continued)

### **Actuarial Assumptions – Public Safety Employees**

The total pension liability for Public Safety employees in the Town's retirement plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date as of June 30, 2014.

Inflation 2.5%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.5% - 4.75%

Investment rate of return 7.0%, net of pension plan investment expense, including

inflation\*

\*Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension benefits.

Mortality Rates: 60% of deaths are assumed to be service related.

- Pre-retirement: RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with

males set back 2 years and females set back 2 years.

- Post-retirement: RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with

males set forward 1 year.

- Post-disablement: RP-2000 Disabled Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set

back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2013 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to rates of service retirement for females
- Increase in rates of withdrawal
- Decrease in male and female rates of disability

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### **Note 11.** Pension Plan (Continued)

### B. Net Pension Liability (Continued)

### **Long-Term Expected Rate of Return**

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

			Weighted
		Arithmetic	Average
		Long-Term	Long-Term
	Target	Expected	Expected
Asset Class (Strategy)	Allocation	Rate of Return	Rate of Return
U.S. Equity	19.50%	6.46%	1.26%
Developed Non-U.S. Equity	16.50%	6.28%	1.04%
Emerging Market Equity	6.00%	10.00%	0.60%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.09%	0.01%
Emerging Debt	3.00%	3.51%	0.11%
Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	3.51%	0.16%
Non-Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	5.00%	0.23%
Convertibles	3.00%	4.81%	0.14%
Public Real Estate	2.25%	6.12%	0.14%
Private Real Estate	12.75%	7.10%	0.91%
Private Equity	12.00%	10.41%	1.25%
Cash	1.00%	-1.50%	-0.02%
Total	100.00%	=	5.83%
	Inflation	1	2.50%
* Expected arithme	tic nominal return	1	8.33%

<sup>\*</sup> Using stochastic projection results provides an expected range of real rates of return over various time horizons. Looking at one year results produces an expected real return of 8.33% but also has a high standard deviation, which means there is high volatility. Over larger time horizons, the volatility declines significantly and provides a median return of 7.44%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### Note 11. Pension Plan (Continued),

### B. Net Pension Liability (Continued)

### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018, the rate contributed by the employer for the Town's retirement plan will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly. From July 1, 2018 on, participating employers are assumed to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

## C. Changes in the Net Pension Liability

	Total Pension Liability		Plan Fiduciary Net Position		Net Pension Liability	
Balances at June 30, 2014	\$	83,303,144	\$	71,983,704	\$	11,319,440
Changes for the Year:						
Service cost		2,756,117		-		2,756,117
Interest		5,739,077		-		5,739,077
Difference between expected and						
actual experience		(536,148)		-		(536,148)
Contributions – employer		-		1,945,907		(1,945,907)
Contributions – employee		-		1,146,789		(1,146,789)
Net investment income		-		3,306,840		(3,306,840)
Benefit payments, including refunds						
of employee contributions		(2,632,670)		(2,632,670)		-
Administrative expense		-		(44,184)		44,184
Other changes		-		(706)		706
Net changes		5,326,376		3,721,976		1,604,400
Balances at June 30, 2015	\$	88,629,520	\$	75,705,680	\$	12,923,840

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### **Note 11.** Pension Plan (Continued)

### C. Changes in the Net Pension Liability (Continued)

### Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the Town, using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the Town's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.00%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

		Current				
	19	% Decrease	Di	scount Rate	1	% Increase
		(6.00%)		(7.00%)		(8.00%)
						_
Town's net pension liability	\$	25,984,524	\$	12,923,840	\$	2,155,717

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued VRS financial report. Additional financial information supporting the preparation of the VRS Political Subdivision Plan Schedules (including the unmodified audit opinion on the financial statements and required supplementary information) is presented in the separately issued VRS 2015 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the 2015 VRS CAFR is publicly available through the About VRS link on the VRS website at www.varetire.org, or a copy may be obtained by submitting a request to the VRS Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, Virginia 23218-2500.

# D. <u>Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the Town recognized pension expense of \$1,491,996. The Town also reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ 414,848
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	1,861,051
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	1,869,204	
Total	\$ 1,869,204	\$ 2,275,899

The \$1,869,204 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the Town's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2017.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### **Note 11.** Pension Plan (Continued)

# D. <u>Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u> (Continued)

Amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,		Amount			
2017	\$	858,086			
2018		858,086			
2019		858,088			
2020		(298,361)			
	\$	2,275,899			

### Note 12. Risk Management

The Town is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. To reduce insurance costs and the need for self-insurance, the Town has joined with other municipalities in the Commonwealth of Virginia in several public entity risk pools that operate as common risk management and insurance programs for member municipalities. Settled claims from these risks did not exceed coverage in the three most recent fiscal years.

### Health Insurance

Town employees, retirees and employee dependents are eligible for medical benefits from a health insurance internal-service fund. Funding is provided by charges to Town departments, employees, and retirees. The program is supplemented by stop loss protection, which limits the Town's annual liability.

Based on the requirements of GASB Statement No. 10, the Town records an estimated liability for indemnity healthcare claims. The following represents the change in the fund's claims liability for 2016.

			(	Claims and		
	Be	ginning	(	Changes in	Claim	Ending
Years Ended	Li	ability		Estimates	Payments	Liability
June 30, 2015	\$	-	\$	5,429,147	\$ 4,913,340	\$ 515,807
June 30, 2016		515,807		6,872,673	6,657,578	730,902

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### Note 13. Operating Leases

The Town leases various owned airport properties under non-cancelable operating leases. The leases provide for annual rental increases and pass-through of certain maintenance costs. The Town was contracted at June 30, 2016 with six significant leases expiring at various dates; one in April 2018, two in June 2019, one in September 2023, one in December 2025, and one in May 2046.

Years Ending June 30,		Rental Income			
2017	\$	224,699			
2018		213,009			
2019		144,148			
2020		65,499			
2021		65,499			
2022-2026		275,573			
2027-2031		159,260			
2032-2036		159,260			
2037-2041		159,260			
2042-2046		156,606			
	\$	1,622,813			

The Town leases office space for the Town's business incubator under a 60-month agreement which was renewed on March 11, 2016. The lease extension commenced on October 1, 2016 and expires September 30, 2021. Rent expense is reported under the Economic Development Operations Department of the Town.

As of June 30, 2016, the minimum long-term lease commitment is shown below:

	Rental		
Years Ending June 30,	Expense		
2017	\$ 243,167		
2018	324,223		
2019	324,223		
2020	324,223		
2021	324,223		
2022	 81,056		
	\$ 1,621,115		

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### Note 14. Pending GASB Statements

At June 30, 2016, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) had issued statements not yet implemented by the Town. The Statements which might impact the Town are as follows:

GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, will improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for OPEB. It will also require the recognition of the entire OPEB liability and a comprehensive measure of OPEB expense. Statement No. 75 will be effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017.

GASB Statement No. 78, Pensions Provided through Certain Multi-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plans, this Statement amends the scope and applicability of Statement No. 68 to exclude pensions provided to employees of state or local governmental employers through a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that (1) is not a state or local governmental pension plan, (2) is used to provide defined benefit pensions both to employees of state or local governmental employers and to employees of employers that are not state or local governmental employers, and (3) has no predominant state or local governmental employer (either individually or collectively with other state or local governmental employers that provide pensions through the pension plan). This Statement establishes requirements for recognition and measurement of pension expense, expenditures, and liabilities; note disclosures; and required supplementary information for pensions that have the characteristics described above. Statement No. 78 will be effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2015.

GASB Statement No. 79, Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants, will improve the accounting and financial reporting for certain external investment pools and pool participants. It establishes criteria for an external investment pool to qualify for making the election to measure all of its investments at amortized cost for financial reporting purposes. Statement No. 79 will be effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2015, except for certain provisions on portfolio quality, custodial credit risk, and shadow pricing. Those provisions are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2015.

GASB Statement No. 82, Pension Issues – an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73, the objective of this Statement is to address certain issues that have been raised with respect to Statement No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans, Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, and Statement No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68. Specifically, this Statement addresses issues regarding (1) the presentation of payroll-related measures in required supplementary information, (2) the selection of assumptions and the treatment of deviations from the guidance in an Actuarial Standard of Practice for financial reporting purposes, and (3) the classification of payments made by employers to satisfy employee (plan member) contribution requirements. Statement No. 82 will be effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2016, except for the requirements of this Statement for the selection of assumptions in a circumstance in which an employer's pension liability is measured as of a date other than the employer's most recent fiscal year-end. In that circumstance, the requirements for the selection of assumptions are effective for that employer in the first reporting period in which the measurement date of the pension liability is on or after June 15, 2017.

Management has not determined the effects these new GASB Statements may have on prospective financial statements.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### Note 15. Subsequent Events

In August 2016, the Town completed a refunding of its Series 2011A bond. The total amount of the new debt was \$11,185,000 and resulted in a cash savings of \$889,033. The interest rate of the new debt ranges from 2.71% to 5.13%, with a final maturity date of October 2040. The refunding resulted in an economic gain of \$669,932.

Subsequent to year end, the Town transferred its investments held in trust for the Town's OPEB Trust Fund from VML/VACo to U.S. Bank. The Town transferred approximately \$8.8 million in funds to U.S. Bank during the months of September 2016 and October 2016.

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOWN'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS - VIRGINIA RETIREMENT SYSTEM

	As of Ju	ne	30,
	2014		2015
Total Pension Liability			
Service cost	\$ 2,694,218	\$	2,756,117
Interest	5,339,294		5,739,077
Differences between expected and actual experience	-		(536,148)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	 (2,011,985)		(2,632,670)
Net change in total pension liability	6,021,527		5,326,376
Total pension liability - beginning	 77,281,617		83,303,144
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 83,303,144	\$	88,629,520
Plan Fiduciary Net Position			
Contributions - employer	\$ 1,897,869	\$	1,945,907
Contributions - employee	1,173,237		1,146,789
Net investment income	9,751,444		3,306,840
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(2,011,985)		(2,632,670)
Administrative expense	(51,182)		(44,184)
Other	514		(706)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	10,759,897		3,721,976
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	61,223,807		71,983,704
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 71,983,704	\$	75,705,680
The Town's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 11,319,440	\$	12,923,840
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	86.41%		85.42%
pension mainty	00.1170		03.1270
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 23,700,725	\$	23,045,393
The Town's net pension liability as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	47.76%		56.08%

### **Notes to Schedule:**

- (1) Changes of benefit terms: There have been no significant changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation. A hybrid plan with changes to the defined benefit plan structure and a new defined contribution component were adopted in 2012. The hybrid plan applies to most new employees hired on or after January 1, 2014 and not covered by enhanced hazardous duty benefits. The liabilities presented do not reflect the hybrid plan since it covers new members joining the System after the valuation date of June 30, 2013 and the impact on the liabilities as of the
- (2) Changes of assumptions: The following changes in actuarial assumptions were made effective June 30, 2013.

### LEOS:

### NON-LEOS:

- a. Update mortality table
- b. Adjustments to rates of service retirement for females
- c. Increase in rates of withdrawal
- d. Decrease in male and female rates of disability
- a. Update mortality table
- b. Decrease in rates of service retirement
- c. Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- d. Reduce rates of salary increases by 0.25% per year
- (3) This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the Town will present information for those years for which information is available.

### SCHEDULE OF TOWN CONTRIBUTIONS - VIRGINIA RETIREMENT SYSTEM

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30,									
		2014	2015							
Contractually required contribution (CRC)	\$	1,897,869	\$	1,945,907						
Contributions in relation to the CRC		1,897,869		1,945,907						
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-						
Employer's covered-employee payroll	\$	23,700,725	\$	23,045,393						
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		8.01%		8.44%						

### **Notes to Schedule:**

(1) Valuation date: June 30, 2015

- (2) Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.
- (3) Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining amortization period 20-29 years

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market

Cost-of-living adjustments 2.25%-2.50%

Projected salary increases 3.50%-5.35%, including inflation at 2.50%

Investment rate of return 7.0%, including inflation at 2.50%

(4) This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the Town will present information for those years for which information is available.

# SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

								Unfunded
								Actuarial
				Unfunded				Accrued Liability
Actuar	rial	Actuarial	Actuarial	Actuarial				as a
Valuati	ion	Value of	Accrued	Accrued	Funde	d	Covered	Percentage of
Date	•	Assets	Liability	 Liability	Ratio		Payroll	Covered Payroll
July 1, 2	2015	\$ 8,842,370	\$ 14,488,000	\$ 5,646,000	61.0%	\$	22,738,317	24.83%
July 1, 2	2013	5,774,112	14,571,800	8,797,688	40.0%	)	23,779,800	37.00%
July 1, 2	2011	2,371,258	14,428,500	12,057,242	16.0%	)	22,735,100	53.03%

### SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Annual Required Contribution	Percentage Contributed
2016	\$ 625,000	165.89%
2015	1,227,300	95.17%
2014	1,171,800	157.50%



# COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS GENERAL FUND

June 30, 2016

(With Comparative Totals for 2015)

4.000mg		2016	2015
ASSETS			
Cash, cash equivalents, and temporary cash investments	\$	23,660,393	\$ 22,233,945
Receivables, net:			
Property taxes, including penalties		7,057,147	6,717,834
Utility taxes		214,928	133,103
Local taxes		1,794,284	1,865,573
Accounts		327,672	262,242
Accrued interest		53,829	3,853
Due from other governments		1,397,978	1,354,001
Due from other funds		-	1,310
Lease deposit		159,569	157,470
Prepaid items		58,232	1,900
Restricted cash		1,161,502	1,022,325
Total assets	\$	35,885,534	\$ 33,753,556
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	\$	746,890	\$ 1,391,766
Due to other governments	·	207	30,741
Retainage payable		7,124	7,035
Accrued payroll		1,260,220	1,089,794
Other accrued liabilities		18,522	18,584
Customer deposits		80,450	75,635
Performance bonds		1,038,677	1,254,054
Unearned revenues		390,664	437,300
Total liabilities		3,542,754	4,304,909
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		6,800,163	6,667,498
Total deferred inflows of resources		6,800,163	6,667,498
FUND BALANCE			
Nonspendable			
Lease deposit		159,569	157,470
Prepaid items		58,232	1,900
Restricted			
Balch Library		741,883	746,426
Parks and recreation (Symmington)		50,521	50,521
Police		70,766	188,825
Assigned			
Debt service reserve		8,547,156	7,574,656
Capital asset reserve		1,834,074	2,592,340
Expenditures designated for future years		2,559,167	1,182,944
Unassigned		11,521,249	10,286,067
Total fund balance		25,542,617	22,781,149
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund b	alance \$	35,885,534	\$ 33,753,556

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

	Budgeted Amounts				Actual	ariance with Final Budget Over
	 Original		Final	-	Amounts	(Under)
Revenue from local sources:						
General property taxes:						
Real estate taxes:						
Current	\$ 12,157,000	\$	12,157,000	\$	12,171,352	\$ 14,352
Delinquent	-		-		(6,957)	(6,957)
Personal property taxes:						
Current	1,880,000		1,880,000		1,972,027	92,027
Delinquent	-		-		(69,919)	(69,919)
Public service corporation taxes	214,982		214,982		219,747	4,765
Penalties and interest	 210,000		210,000		103,712	(106,288)
Total general property taxes	 14,461,982		14,461,982		14,389,962	(72,020)
Others level toward						
Other local taxes:	1 (40 0(0		1 (40 0(0		1 505 755	(122 105)
Utility	1,648,860		1,648,860		1,525,755	(123,105)
Daily rental	7,175		7,175		5,285	(1,890)
Meals	4,809,714		4,809,714		5,247,114	437,400
Bank franchise	674,156		674,156		987,523	313,367
Telecommunication	139,400		139,400		333,741	194,341
Cigarette	1,000,374		1,000,374		905,450	(94,924)
Sales and use	4,511,496		4,511,496		5,141,458	629,962
Business and occupational licenses	3,358,233		3,358,233		3,152,175	(206,058)
Motor vehicle licenses	825,000		825,000		829,452	4,452
Transient occupancy	 686,353		686,353		736,315	49,962
Total other local taxes	 17,660,761		17,660,761		18,864,268	1,203,507
Permits, fees and licenses:						
Zoning, subdivision and development fees	568,000		568,000		521,092	(46,908)
Permits	395,375		395,375		240,808	(154,567)
Other	 -		-		10,865	10,865
Total permits, fees and licenses	 963,375		963,375		772,765	(190,610)
Fines and forfeitures:						
Police forfeiture	46,700		46,700		4,886	(41,814)
Traffic fines	452,797		452,797		248,347	(204,450)
Parking fines	100,000		100,000		87,919	(12,081)
Total fines and forfeitures	 599,497		599,497		341,152	(258,345)
**						·
Use of money and property:						
Use of Town land	-		-		464	464
Interest	47,600		47,600		158,082	110,482
Parking meters	179,452		179,452		103,662	(75,790)
Sales of surplus property	75,000		75,000		85,287	10,287
Parking facility revenues	400 -00		-		125,564	125,564
Insurance recoveries	102,502		90,000		185,073	95,073
Rentals and fees	1,121,660		1,121,660		1,103,386	(18,274)
Condo lease	10,800		10,800		-	(10,800)
Building rental	60,000		60,000		62,944	2,944
Other	 -		-		33,926	33,926
Total use of money and property	 1,597,014		1,584,512		1,858,388	273,876

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

								ariance with Final Budget
		Budgeted	Am		-	Actual	Over	
		Original		Final		Amounts		(Under)
Revenue from local sources: (Continued)								
Charges for services:	•	<b>7</b> 00	Φ.	<b>7</b> 00	Φ.	0.2.5	Φ.	10.5
Publications	\$	500	\$	500	\$	926	\$	426
Fingerprinting		4,400		4,400		5,813		1,413
Extradition		15,056		15,056		3,384		(11,672)
Special events		140,000		140,000		96,243		(43,757)
Parks and recreation user fees		4,953,121		4,975,321		4,990,892		15,571
<b>Total charges for services</b>		5,113,077		5,135,277		5,097,258		(38,019)
Contributions		783,641		787,027		816,676		29,649
Miscellaneous		469,750		480,709		179,817		(300,892)
<b>Total revenues from local sources</b>		41,649,097		41,673,140		42,320,286		647,146
Intergovernmental:								
Revenue from local sources:								
Local aid:								
Loudoun County				9,158		218,561		209,403
Total local aid		<u>-</u>		9,158		218,561		209,403
Revenue from the Commonwealth:								
Non-categorical aid:								
Motor vehicles tax		_		_		430		430
Rental car tax		126,178		126,178		156,159		29,981
Mobile home titling tax		-		-		1,620		1,620
Cable TV franchise		250,000		250,000		266,397		16,397
Personal property tax relief		1,468,941		1,468,941		1,468,941		-
Communication sales and use		2,213,949		2,213,949		2,093,398		(120,551)
Total non-categorical aid		4,059,068		4,059,068		3,986,945		(72,123)
Categorical aid:								
VA Commission for the Arts		5,000		-		5,000		5,000
State fire programs funds		121,544		121,544		135,067		13,523
Law enforcement assistance		850,020		850,020		829,288		(20,732)
Highway maintenance		3,280,000		3,687,000		3,837,073		150,073
Department of Aviation		100,000		100,000		68,301		(31,699)
Department of Rail and Public Transportation		-		-		11,859		11,859
Total categorical aid		4,356,564		4,758,564		4,886,588		128,024
Total revenue from the Commonwealth		8,415,632		8,817,632		8,873,533		55,901

	 Budgeted	l An	nounts		Actual		ariance with Final Budget Over
	 Original		Final		Amounts		(Under)
Intergovernmental: (Continued)							
Revenue from the federal government:							
Categorical aid:							
Disaster Grants	\$ _	\$	39,000	\$	53,086	\$	14,086
Gang Officer	19,600		_		16,717		16,717
Safe Streets Task Force	-		_		19,160		19,160
Byrne Formula Grant	 -		-		1,425		1,425
Total categorical aid	 19,600		39,000		90,388		51,388
Total revenue from the federal government	 19,600		39,000		90,388		51,388
Total intergovernmental	 8,435,232		8,865,790		9,182,482		316,692
Total revenues	 50,084,329		50,538,930		51,502,768		963,838
Other financing sources:							
Transfers in	 3,170,372		3,185,466		4,171,689		986,223
Total other financing sources	 3,170,372		3,185,466		4,171,689		986,223
Total General Fund revenues and other financing sources	\$ 53,254,701	\$	53,724,396	\$	55,674,457	\$	1,950,061

# SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND $\,$

		Budgeted Amounts					Variance with Final Budget	
		Original Original	l Am	ounts Final	-	Actual Amounts		Over (Under)
Legislative:		Original		Fillal		Amounts		(Olider)
Town council:								
Personnel services	\$	136,007	\$	136,007	\$	134,992	\$	(1,015)
Contractual services	Ψ	111,450	Ψ	114,348	Ψ	109,530	Ψ	(4,818)
Materials and supplies		5,600		5,715		4,896		(819)
Continuous charges		6,714		3,586		-1,000		(3,586)
Total town council		259,771		259,656		249,418		(10,238)
Total legislative		259,771		259,656		249,418		(10,238)
Executive:						·		
Town manager:								
Personnel services		1,205,990		1,223,282		1,223,282		_
Contractual services		107,923		145,640		121,526		(24,114)
Materials and supplies		8,075		9,840		9,771		(69)
Transfer payments		60,000		21,837		217		(21,620)
Continuous charges		10,595		7,842		7,841		(1)
Capital outlay		1,200		7,012		-,011		-
Total town manager		1,393,783		1,408,441		1,362,637		(45,804)
Public arts commission:								
Personnel services		9,204		9,204		7,650		(1,554)
Contractual services		1,850		250		65		(185)
Materials and supplies		150		800		657		(143)
Contributions		_		10,000		10,000		_
Total public arts commission		11,204		20,254		18,372		(1,882)
Economic development operations:								
Personnel services		245,302		251,558		240,875		(10,683)
Contractual services		87,010		85,731		75,219		(10,512)
Materials and supplies		14,900		13,829		12,377		(1,452)
Continuous charges		323,620		332,613		328,572		(4,041)
Capital outlay		100 150		1,537		1,537		-
Grants and contributions  Total economic development operations		100,150 770,982		100,150 785,418		100,150 758,730		(26,688)
Economic development commission:	-			,		,		( /
Personnel services		9,204		9,204		4,341		(4,863)
Contractual services		1,200		1,200		87		(1,113)
Total economic development commission		10,404		10,404		4,428		(5,976)
Diversity commission:								
Personnel services		9,204		9,204		9,047		(157)
Total diversity commission		9,204		9,204		9,047		(157)
Public information				00.51				
Personnel services		-		98,249		98,248		(1)
Contractual services  Total public information		-		98,256		98,254		(1)
Total public information								(2)
Total executive		2,195,577		2,331,977		2,251,468		(80,509)

	Budgeted	ΙΔm	ounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over	
	 Original	1 / 1111	Final	Amounts		(Under)
Legal:	B					(=====)
Town attorney:						
Personnel services	\$ 566,035	\$	543,435	\$ 529,520	\$	(13,915)
Contractual services	36,100		66,042	63,829		(2,213)
Materials and supplies	5,300		2,008	2,007		(1)
Continuous charges	1,256		255	169		(86)
Capital outlay	_		1,531	1,527		(4)
Total town attorney	608,691		613,271	597,052		(16,219)
Clerk of council:						
Personnel services	127,250		130,304	130,303		(1)
Contractual services	12,230		13,326	9,320		(4,006)
Materials and supplies	1,200		1,600	1,482		(118)
Total clerk of council	140,680		145,230	141,105		(4,125)
Total legal	 749,371		758,501	738,157		(20,344)
Finance and administrative services:						
Finance: Personnel services	1.051.290		2.020.052	2.012.690		(17.272)
Contractual services	1,951,380		2,029,953	2,012,680		(17,273)
	387,339		559,560	407,327		(152,233)
Materials and supplies	20,000 16,597		19,110 15,674	15,916 15,534		(3,194)
Continuous charges						(140)
Capital outlay  Total finance	 93,690		37,951	33,463		(4,488)
1 otai mance	 2,469,006		2,662,248	2,484,920		(177,328)
Human resources:						
Personnel services	451,323		466,440	466,439		(1)
Contractual services	94,295		128,653	116,861		(11,792)
Materials and supplies	4,622		3,500	1,762		(1,738)
Continuous charges	2,600		3,800	3,790		(10)
Capital outlay	 -		5,625	3,516		(2,109)
Total human resources	 552,840		608,018	592,368		(15,650)
Information technology operations:						
Personnel services	676,368		625,897	625,896		(1)
Contractual services	567,235		690,009	662,443		(27,566)
Materials and supplies	11,400		4,286	3,893		(393)
Continuous charges	25,000		24,470	22,716		(1,754)
Capital outlay	409,848		559,657	523,185		(36,472)
<b>Total information technology operations</b>	 1,689,851		1,904,319	1,838,133		(66,186)
Information technology commission:						
Personnel services	 9,204		9,204	6,393		(2,811)
Total information technology commission	 9,204		9,204	6,393		(2,811)
Total finance and administrative services	 4,720,901		5,183,789	4,921,814		(261,975)

	Budgeted Amounts				A . 1		ariance with inal Budget
	 Original Original	l Am	ounts Final	-	Actual Amounts		Over (Under)
Public Safety:	Original		Fillal		Amounts		(Ulidel)
Administrative support:							
Personnel services	\$ 1,268,486	\$	1,263,418	\$	1,252,240	\$	(11,178)
Contractual services	465,607		486,514	·	388,828	·	(97,686)
Materials and supplies	93,390		357,127		343,338		(13,789)
Continuous charges	221,431		193,172		182,909		(10,263)
Capital outlay	174,800		205,296		184,053		(21,243)
Total administrative support	2,223,714		2,505,527		2,351,368		(154,159)
Patrol operations:							
Personnel services	5,816,579		5,249,099		5,248,711		(388)
Contractual services	32,608		37,989		12,849		(25,140)
Materials and supplies	118,950		131,315		96,397		(34,918)
Capital outlay	-		297		297		-
Total patrol operations	5,968,137		5,418,700		5,358,254		(60,446)
Criminal investigations:							
Personnel services	1,459,179		1,360,991		1,358,848		(2,143)
Contractual services	51,443		52,831		48,926		(3,905)
Materials and supplies	15,000		15,665		15,466		(199)
Continuous charges	38,008		29,521		28,674		(847)
Capital outlay	 26,050		26,230		23,190		(3,040)
Total criminal investigations	 1,589,680		1,485,238		1,475,104		(10,134)
Community services:							
Personnel services	1,805,803		1,722,839		1,690,577		(32,262)
Contractual services	7,475		7,225		6,111		(1,114)
Materials and supplies	29,050		24,300		21,641		(2,659)
Continuous charges	4,200		43,414		43,413		(1)
Capital outlay	 		520		-		(520)
Total community services	 1,846,528		1,798,298		1,761,742		(36,556)
Information services:							
Personnel services	1,456,881		1,456,881		1,454,282		(2,599)
Contractual services	194,912		193,587		180,249		(13,338)
Materials and supplies	8,650		9,975		7,491		(2,484)
Continuous charges	4,292		4,292		3,505		(787)
Capital outlay	 6,200		6,200		3,013		(3,187)
<b>Total information services</b>	 1,670,935		1,670,935		1,648,540		(22,395)
Citizens' support team:							
Materials and supplies	1,395		1,192		316		(876)
Continuous charges	 1,737		1,940		1,940		-
Total citizens' support team	 3,132		3,132		2,256		(876)
Fire and rescue:	-11-00-		-11-00-		-,,		
Transfer payments	 644,905		644,905		644,905		
Total fire and rescue	 644,905		644,905		644,905		
Total public safety	 13,947,031		13,526,735		13,242,169		(284,566)

	Budgeted Amounts					Variance with Final Budget Over	
	 Original Original				Actual Amounts	(Under)	
Public Works:	 Originar		Tillul		rinounts		(Clider)
Public works administration:							
Personnel services	\$ 588,198	\$	601,801	\$	601,801	\$	_
Contractual services	4,930		11,850	·	4,948	·	(6,902)
Materials and supplies	2,100		3,460		2,281		(1,179)
Continuous charges	19,596		19,596		15,123		(4,473)
Public works administration	614,824		636,707		624,153		(12,554)
Engineering and inspections:							
Personnel services	559,785		566,469		566,469		-
Contractual services	44,400		95,231		57,755		(37,476)
Materials and supplies	4,935		4,650		3,630		(1,020)
Capital outlay	-		13,471		1,696		(11,775)
Total engineering and inspections	609,120		679,821		629,550		(50,271)
Streets and grounds maintenance:							
Personnel services	2,468,481		2,556,379		2,540,821		(15,558)
Contractual services	1,078,622		2,262,770		1,257,838		(1,004,932)
Materials and supplies	199,785		274,787		247,653		(27,134)
Continuous charges	117,040		373,639		361,180		(12,459)
Capital outlay	120,000		123,185		121,557		(1,628)
Total streets and grounds maintenance	3,983,928		5,590,760		4,529,049		(1,061,711)
Building maintenance:							
Personnel services	439,561		445,006		445,005		(1)
Contractual services	417,220		510,214		325,289		(184,925)
Materials and supplies	53,100		119,998		91,579		(28,419)
Continuous charges	154,054		135,054		110,223		(24,831)
Capital outlay	287,000		588,508		366,514		(221,994)
Total building maintenance	1,350,935		1,798,780		1,338,610		(460,170)
Fleet maintenance:							
Personnel services	703,001		735,056		728,765		(6,291)
Contractual services	46,030		35,150		31,890		(3,260)
Materials and supplies	218,610		231,990		197,714		(34,276)
Claims and settlements	10,000		22,502		17,997		(4,505)
Continuous charges	595,000		328,090		201,021		(127,069)
Capital outlay	 122,500		199,261		65,248		(134,013)
Total fleet maintenance	1,695,141		1,552,049		1,242,635		(309,414)
Refuse collection and recycling:							
Contractual services	2,569,576		2,608,610		2,388,274		(220,336)
Materials and supplies	13,500		13,500		13,500		
Total refuse collection and recycling	2,583,076		2,622,110		2,401,774		(220,336)

		Budgeted Amounts				Actual		ariance with inal Budget Over
		Original	1 7 111	Final		Amounts		(Under)
Public Works: (Continued)		o riginur				11110 4110		(Clicci)
Traffic management:								
Personnel services	\$	289,506	\$	317,186	\$	316,555	\$	(631)
Contractual services	4	72,500	Ψ	96,387	Ψ	57,098	Ψ	(39,289)
Materials and supplies		29,300		51,943		50,957		(986)
Continuous charges		572,601		566,601		483,222		(83,379)
Capital outlay		97,000		113,624		92,390		(21,234)
Total traffic management		1,060,907		1,145,741		1,000,222		(145,519)
Regional transportation:		· · · ·		, ,		· · · ·		
Grants and contributions		286,150		326,984		281,478		(45.506)
								(45,506)
Total regional transportation		286,150		326,984		281,478		(45,506)
Capital projects management:								
Personnel services		715,557		724,831		711,165		(13,666)
Contractual services		230,795		190,873		112,805		(78,068)
Materials and supplies		9,474		7,357		3,919		(3,438)
Continuous charges		3,841		3,841		538		(3,303)
Capital outlay		500		2,988		2,388		(600)
Total capital projects management		960,167		929,890		830,815		(99,075)
Total public works		13,144,248		15,282,842		12,878,286		(2,404,556)
Parks and Recreation:								
Outdoor pool:								
Personnel services		321,549		321,549		231,331		(90,218)
Contractual services		19,435		36,485		27,002		(9,483)
Materials and supplies		40,180		49,193		40,401		(8,792)
Capital outlay		-		12,046		12,010		(36)
Continuous charges		20,000		20,000		18,120		(1,880)
Total outdoor pool		401,164		439,273		328,864		(110,409)
Parks and recreation administration:								
Personnel services		656,918		657,790		615,602		(42,188)
Contractual services		86,400		105,065		92,516		(12,549)
Materials and supplies		2,500		4,396		4,364		(32)
Continuous charges		25,700		25,700		21,164		(4,536)
Total parks and recreation administration		771,518		792,951		733,646		(59,305)
Parks:								
Personnel services		834,280		875,385		875,385		-
Contractual services		63,425		118,732		115,678		(3,054)
Materials and supplies		121,820		165,539		154,398		(11,141)
Continuous charges		190,360		187,426		180,773		(6,653)
Capital outlay		10,000		27,622		26,980		(642)
Total parks		1,219,885		1,374,704		1,353,214		(21,490)
Recreation programs administration:								
Personnel services		194,211		194,765		191,791		(2,974)
Contractual services		89,965		77,393		77,136		(257)
Materials and supplies		- ,, ,, ,,		386		44		(342)
Total recreation programs administration		284,176		272,544		268,971		(3,573)
- 2001 1 ceremon brograms administration		207,170		2,2,577		200,771		(3,313)

# SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND $\,$

								ariance with
		D., 1,	1 4	1-		A - 4 1	Г	inal Budget
		Budgeted Amounts Original Final				Actual	Over (Under)	
Parks and Recreation: (Continued)		Originai		Finai		Amounts		(Under)
Ida Lee recreation center:								
Personnel services	\$	1 100 627	\$	1,199,637	¢	1 190 005	Ф	(10.542)
	Ф	1,199,637	Ф		\$	1,180,095	\$	(19,542)
Contractual services		599,371		493,496		403,762		(89,734)
Materials and supplies		71,018		65,966		58,151		(7,815)
Continuous charges		268,176		268,163		239,871		(28,292)
Capital outlay		2 120 202		13		13		(1.45.202)
Total Ida Lee recreation center		2,138,202		2,027,275		1,881,892		(145,383)
Fitness programs:								
Personnel services		451,713		473,992		473,992		_
Contractual services		30,900		28,962		27,114		(1,848)
Materials and supplies		8,100		10,038		10,036		(2)
Total fitness programs		490,713		512,992		511,142		(1,850)
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		·		·		
Community outreach:		125 011		125.011		110.072		(24.720)
Personnel services		135,011		135,011		110,273		(24,738)
Contractual services		14,930		17,273		15,292		(1,981)
Materials and supplies		5,500		5,625		4,834		(791)
Total community outreach		155,441		157,909		130,399		(27,510)
Aquatics:								
Personnel services		1,147,930		1,123,940		1,117,165		(6,775)
Contractual services		14,595		22,723		19,937		(2,786)
Materials and supplies		43,730		48,209		43,798		(4,411)
Capital outlay		-		12,498		12,498		_
Total aquatics		1,206,255		1,207,370		1,193,398		(13,972)
Sport programs:								
Personnel services		183,899		183,899		156,980		(26,919)
Contractual services		350		495		390		(105)
Materials and supplies		25,800		22,655		22,655		(103)
Total sport programs		210,049		207,049		180,025		(27,024)
Total sport programs		210,047		201,047		100,023		(27,024)
Recreation classes:								
Personnel services		113,989		154,036		138,251		(15,785)
Contractual services		8,625		6,625		4,551		(2,074)
Materials and supplies		3,325		3,325		3,027		(298)
<b>Total recreation classes</b>		125,939		163,986		145,829		(18,157)
Special events:								
Personnel services		123,670		123,670		115,893		(7,777)
Contractual services		202,949		216,831		189,285		(27,546)
Materials and supplies		43,239		48,823		45,289		(27,540) $(3,534)$
Contributions		<del>7</del> 3,437 -		12,200		12,200		(3,334)
Total special events		369,858		401,524		362,667		(38,857)
Total special events		307,030		701,324		302,007		(30,037)

# SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND $\,$

	Budgeted Amounts				A 1	ariance with Final Budget
	 Original Original	ı Am	ounts Final	-	Actual Amounts	Over (Under)
Parks and Recreation: (Continued)	 Originar		Tillai		Timounts	(Olider)
Tennis court complex:						
Personnel services	\$ 392,277	\$	455,679	\$	446,172	\$ (9,507)
Contractual services	15,200		18,556		16,041	(2,515)
Materials and supplies	18,800		27,572		26,788	(784)
Continuous charges	58,760		51,185		49,143	(2,042)
<b>Total tennis court complex</b>	485,037		552,992		538,144	(14,848)
Camp programs:						
Personnel services	88,985		88,985		73,152	(15,833)
Contractual services	22,200		22,416		22,179	(237)
Materials and supplies	 7,500		4,331		3,898	(433)
Total camp programs	 118,685		115,732		99,229	(16,503)
Preschool childcare programs:						
Personnel services	117,152		117,152		93,132	(24,020)
Contractual services	1,900		2,033		1,597	(436)
Materials and supplies	 4,570		4,437		2,980	(1,457)
Total preschool childcare programs	 123,622		123,622		97,709	(25,913)
Parks and recreation commission:						
Personnel services	 9,204		9,204		8,726	(478)
Total parks and recreation commission	 9,204		9,204		8,726	(478)
Tree commission:						
Personnel services	9,204		9,320		9,319	(1)
Contractual services	 5,000		5,000		1,865	(3,135)
Total tree commission	 14,204		14,320		11,184	(3,136)
Total parks and recreation	 8,123,952		8,373,447		7,845,039	(528,408)
Balch Library:						
Library operations:						
Personnel services	373,727		387,940		387,940	-
Contractual services	35,384		38,414		30,213	(8,201)
Materials and supplies	45,374		48,344		29,623	(18,721)
Continuous charges	23,835		23,835		19,249	(4,586)
Capital outlay	-		13,018		13,018	-
Total library operations	 478,320		511,551		480,043	(31,508)
Library advisory commission:						
Personnel services	9,204		9,204		8,011	(1,193)
Contractual services	450		450		382	(68)
Materials and supplies	 350		350		147	(203)
Total library advisory commission	 10,004		10,004		8,540	(1,464)
Total Balch Library	 488,324		521,555		488,583	(32,972)

# SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND $\,$

		Dec de cons			A - 4 1		ariance with inal Budget	
		Budgeted Amounts Original Final			-	Actual Amounts		Over (Under)
Planning and Zoning:		Original		Fillal		Alliounts		(Olider)
Planning and zoning operations:								
Personnel services	\$	1,539,270	\$	1,575,032	\$	1,568,494	\$	(6,538)
Contractual services	Ψ	39,100	Ψ	40,420	Ψ	20,563	Ψ	(19,857)
Materials and supplies		8,325		5,850		5,756		(94)
Continuous charges		333		333		280		(53)
Capital outlay		_		11,383		3,647		(7,736)
Total planning and zoning operations		1,587,028		1,633,018		1,598,740		(34,278)
Planning commission:								
Personnel services		27,289		27,631		27,630		(1)
Contractual services		-		2,000		-		(2,000)
Materials and supplies		-		_		(50)		(50)
Total planning commission		27,289		29,631		27,580		(2,051)
Board of zoning appeals:								
Personnel services		6,459		6,459		969		(5,490)
Total board of zoning appeals		6,459		6,459		969		(5,490)
Board of architectural review:								
Personnel services		27,289		27,631		27,630		(1)
Contractual services		-		2,000		(153)		(2,153)
Total board of architectural review		27,289		29,631		27,477		(2,154)
Environmental advisory commission:								
Personnel services		9,204		9,204		6,517		(2,687)
Contractual services		3,500		3,500		1,968		(1,532)
Total environmental advisory commission		12,704		12,704		8,485		(4,219)
Total planning and zoning		1,660,769		1,711,443		1,663,251		(48,192)
Plan Review:								
Personnel services		1,273,711		1,316,460		1,316,459		(1)
Contractual services		134,189		163,949		65,251		(98,698)
Materials and supplies		7,385		7,940		6,944		(996)
Total plan review		1,415,285		1,488,349		1,388,654		(99,695)
Airport:								
Personnel services		315,604		317,655		317,654		(1)
Contractual services		271,975		287,895		214,133		(73,762)
Materials and supplies		22,900		27,040		23,782		(3,258)
Continuous charges		119,236		143,903		130,721		(13,182)
Capital outlay		30,000		30,000		23,551		(6,449)
Total airport		759,715		806,493		709,841		(96,652)
Airport Commission:								
Personnel services		9,204		9,204		6,703		(2,501)
Total airport commission		9,204		9,204		6,703		(2,501)
Total airport		768,919		815,697		716,544		(99,153)

## SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND $\,$

	Budgeted Original	An	nounts Final	Actual Amounts	ariance with inal Budget Over (Under)
Debt Service:					
Principal	\$ 2,461,787	\$	2,505,000	\$ 2,505,000	\$ -
Interest and fiscal charges	3,155,405		3,112,192	2,997,383	(114,809)
Total debt service	5,617,192		5,617,192	5,502,383	(114,809)
Total expenditures	 53,091,340		55,871,183	51,885,766	(3,985,417)
Other financing uses:					
Transfers out	 144,800		1,215,366	1,027,223	(188,143)
Total other financing uses	 144,800		1,215,366	1,027,223	(188,143)
Total General Fund expenditures and other financing uses	\$ 53,236,140	\$	57,086,549	\$ 52,912,989	\$ (4,173,560)

#### Page 1

## SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES - FUNCTIONAL BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

	Budgeted	ΙΔm	ounts		Actual	ariance with Final Budget Over
	 Original	М	Final	•	Amounts	(Under)
<b>Administering Efficient Government:</b>						
Town Council:						
Personnel services	\$ 136,007	\$	136,007	\$	134,992	\$ (1,015)
Contractual services	111,450		114,348		109,530	(4,818)
Materials and supplies	5,600		5,715		4,896	(819)
Continuous charges	 6,714		3,586		-	(3,586)
Total Town Council	 259,771		259,656		249,418	(10,238)
Town Manager:						
Personnel services	1,205,990		1,223,282		1,223,282	_
Contractual services	107,923		145,640		121,526	(24,114)
Materials and supplies	8,075		9,840		9,771	(69)
Transfer payments	60,000		21,837		217	(21,620)
Continuous charges	10,595		7,842		7,841	(1)
Capital outlay	 1,200		-		-	-
Total Town Manager	 1,393,783		1,408,441		1,362,637	(45,804)
Town Attorney:						
Personnel services	566,035		543,435		529,520	(13,915)
Contractual services	36,100		66,042		63,829	(2,213)
Materials and supplies	5,300		2,008		2,007	(1)
Continuous charges	1,256		255		169	(86)
Capital outlay	-		1,531		1,527	(4)
Total Town Attorney	608,691		613,271		597,052	(16,219)
Clerk of Council:						
Personnel services	127,250		130,304		130,303	(1)
Contractual services	12,230		13,326		9,320	(4,006)
Materials and supplies	1,200		1,600		1,482	(118)
Total Clerk of Council	 140,680		145,230		141,105	(4,125)
	 - 10,000		- 10,-00		212,232	(1,1-1)
Public Arts Commission:						
Personnel services	9,204		9,204		7,650	(1,554)
Contractual services	1,850		250		65	(185)
Materials and supplies	150		800		657	(143)
Contributions	 -		10,000		10,000	- (1.000)
<b>Total Public Arts Commission</b>	 11,204		20,254		18,372	(1,882)
Economic Development Commission:						
Personnel services	9,204		9,204		4,341	(4,863)
Contractual services	1,200		1,200		87	(1,113)
<b>Total Economic Development Commission</b>	 10,404		10,404		4,428	(5,976)
Diversity Commission:						
Personnel services	 9,204		9,204		9,047	 (157)
<b>Total Diversity Commission</b>	 9,204		9,204		9,047	(157)
Public information:						
Personnel services	-		98,249		98,248	(1)
Contractual services	 -		7		6	(1)
Total public information	-		98,256		98,254	(2)

	Budget	ad Am	ounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over
	Original	eu Am	Final	Actual	(Under)
Administering Efficient Government (Continued):	Original		Tillai	Timounts	(Chacr)
Information Technology Commission:					
Personnel services	\$ 9,204	4 \$	9,204	\$ 6,393	\$ (2,811)
<b>Total Information Technology Commission</b>	9,204		9,204	6,393	(2,811)
Parks and Recreation Commission:					
Personnel services	9,204	4	9,204	8,726	(478)
<b>Total Parks and Recreation Commission</b>	9,204		9,204	8,726	(478)
Tree Commission:					
Personnel services	9,204	4	9,320	9,319	(1)
Contractual services	5,000	)	5,000	1,865	(3,135)
<b>Total Tree Commission</b>	14,204	1	14,320	11,184	(3,136)
Library Advisory Commission:					
Personnel services	9,204	4	9,204	8,011	(1,193)
Contractual services	450	)	450	382	(68)
Materials and supplies	350	)	350	147	(203)
Total Library Advisory Commission	10,004	1	10,004	8,540	(1,464)
Planning Commission:					
Personnel services	27,289	)	27,631	27,630	(1)
Contractual services		-	2,000	-	(2,000)
Materials and supplies		-	-	(50)	(50)
<b>Total Planning Commission</b>	27,289	)	29,631	27,580	(2,051)
Board of Zoning Appeals:					
Personnel services	6,459		6,459	969	(5,490)
Total Board of Zoning Appeals	6,459	)	6,459	969	(5,490)
Board of Architectural Review: Personnel services	27,289	)	27,631	27,630	(1)
Contractual services	27,20	_	2,000	(153)	(2,153)
Total Board of Architectural Review	27,289	)	29,631	27,477	(2,154)
Environmental Advisory Commission:					
Personnel services	9,204	1	9,204	6,517	(2,687)
Contractual services	3,500	)	3,500	1,968	(1,532)
<b>Total Environmental Advisory Commission</b>	12,704		12,704	8,485	(4,219)
Airport Commission:					
Personnel services	9,204		9,204	6,703	(2,501)
<b>Total Administering Efficient Government</b>	2,559,298	3	2,695,077	2,586,370	(108,707)

								ariance with inal Budget
		Budgeted	l Am	ounts Final	<b>-</b> 0	Actual		Over (Under)
Supporting Activities:		Original		FIIIāi		Amounts		(Ulider)
Finance:								
Personnel services	\$	1,951,380	\$	2,029,953	\$	2,012,680	\$	(17,273)
Contractual services	Ψ	387,339	Ψ	559,560	Ψ	407,327	Ψ	(152,233)
Materials and supplies		20,000		19,110		15,916		(3,194)
Continuous charges		16,597		15,674		15,534		(3,194) $(140)$
Capital outlay		93,690		37,951		33,463		(4,488)
Total finance		2,469,006		2,662,248		2,484,920		(177,328)
		2,409,000		2,002,240		2,404,920		(177,326)
Human resources:		451 222		166 110		166 120		(1)
Personnel services		451,323		466,440		466,439		(1)
Contractual services		94,295		128,653		116,861		(11,792)
Materials and supplies		4,622		3,500		1,762		(1,738)
Continuous charges		2,600		3,800		3,790		(10)
Capital outlay				5,625		3,516		(2,109)
Total human resources		552,840		608,018		592,368		(15,650)
Information technology operations:								
Personnel services		676,368		625,897		625,896		(1)
Contractual services		567,235		690,009		662,443		(27,566)
Materials and supplies		11,400		4,286		3,893		(393)
Continuous charges		25,000		24,470		22,716		(1,754)
Capital outlay		409,848		559,657		523,185		(36,472)
Total information technology operations		1,689,851		1,904,319		1,838,133		(66,186)
<b>Total Supporting Activities</b>		4,711,697		5,174,585		4,915,421		(259,164)
Keeping Us Safe:								
Administrative support:								
Personnel services		1,268,486		1,263,418		1,252,240		(11,178)
Contractual services		465,607		486,514		388,828		(97,686)
Materials and supplies		93,390		357,127		343,338		(13,789)
Continuous charges		221,431		193,172		182,909		(10,263)
Capital outlay		174,800		205,296		184,053		(21,243)
Total administrative support		2,223,714		2,505,527		2,351,368		(154,159)
Patrol operations:								
Personnel services		5,816,579		5,249,099		5,248,711		(388)
Contractual services		32,608		37,989		12,849		(25,140)
Materials and supplies		118,950		131,315		96,397		(34,918)
Capital outlay		-		297		297		-
Total patrol operations		5,968,137		5,418,700		5,358,254		(60,446)

						ariance with inal Budget
	 Budgeted	l Am		_	Actual	Over
	Original		Final		Amounts	(Under)
<b>Keeping Us Safe (Continued):</b>						
Criminal investigations:						
Personnel services	\$ 1,459,179	\$	1,360,991	\$	1,358,848	\$ (2,143)
Contractual services	51,443		52,831		48,926	(3,905)
Materials and supplies	15,000		15,665		15,466	(199)
Continuous charges	38,008		29,521		28,674	(847)
Capital outlay	 26,050		26,230		23,190	(3,040)
Total criminal investigations	 1,589,680		1,485,238		1,475,104	(10,134)
Community services:						
Personnel services	1,805,803		1,722,839		1,690,577	(32,262)
Contractual services	7,475		7,225		6,111	(1,114)
Materials and supplies	29,050		24,300		21,641	(2,659)
Continuous charges	4,200		43,414		43,413	(1)
Capital outlay	-		520		-	(520)
<b>Total community services</b>	1,846,528		1,798,298		1,761,742	(36,556)
Information services:						
Personnel services	1,456,881		1,456,881		1,454,282	(2,599)
Contractual services	194,912		193,587		180,249	(13,338)
Materials and supplies	8,650		9,975		7,491	(2,484)
Continuous charges	4,292		4,292		3,505	(787)
Capital outlay	6,200		6,200		3,013	(3,187)
<b>Total information services</b>	1,670,935		1,670,935		1,648,540	(22,395)
Citizens' support team:						
Materials and supplies	1,395		1,192		316	(876)
Continuous charges	1,737		1,940		1,940	-
Total citizens' support team	3,132		3,132		2,256	(876)
Fire and rescue:						
Transfer payments	644,905		644,905		644,905	_
Total fire and rescue	 644,905		644,905		644,905	
<b>Total Keeping Us Safe</b>	 13,947,031		13,526,735		13,242,169	(284,566)

		Dudgeted	I A	nta		A atual		ariance with Final Budget Over
		Budgeted Original	AIII	Final	•	Actual Amounts		(Under)
Providing the Necessities:		Original		Tillai		Amounts		(Olider)
Public works administration:								
Personnel services	\$	588,198	\$	601,801	\$	601,801	\$	_
Contractual services	Ŧ	4,930	-	11,850	_	4,948	_	(6,902)
Materials and supplies		2,100		3,460		2,281		(1,179)
Continuous charges		19,596		19,596		15,123		(4,473)
Public works administration		614,824		636,707		624,153		(12,554)
Engineering and inspections:								
Personnel services		559,785		566,469		566,469		_
Contractual services		44,400		95,231		57,755		(37,476)
Materials and supplies		4,935		4,650		3,630		(1,020)
Capital outlay				13,471		1,696		(11,775)
Total engineering and inspections		609,120		679,821		629,550		(50,271)
Streets and grounds maintenance:								
Personnel services		2,468,481		2,556,379		2,540,821		(15,558)
Contractual services		1,078,622		2,262,770		1,257,838		(1,004,932)
Materials and supplies		199,785		274,787		247,653		(27,134)
Continuous charges		117,040		373,639		361,180		(12,459)
Capital outlay		120,000		123,185		121,557		(1,628)
Total streets and grounds maintenance		3,983,928		5,590,760		4,529,049		(1,061,711)
Building maintenance:								
Personnel services		439,561		445,006		445,005		(1)
Contractual services		417,220		510,214		325,289		(184,925)
Materials and supplies		53,100		119,998		91,579		(28,419)
Continuous charges		154,054		135,054		110,223		(24,831)
Capital outlay		287,000		588,508		366,514		(221,994)
Total building maintenance		1,350,935		1,798,780		1,338,610		(460,170)
Fleet maintenance:								
Personnel services		703,001		735,056		728,765		(6,291)
Contractual services		46,030		35,150		31,890		(3,260)
Materials and supplies		218,610		231,990		197,714		(34,276)
Claims and settlements		10,000		22,502		17,997		(4,505)
Continuous charges		595,000		328,090		201,021		(127,069)
Capital outlay		122,500		199,261		65,248		(134,013)
Total fleet maintenance		1,695,141		1,552,049		1,242,635		(309,414)
Refuse collection and recycling:								
Contractual services		2,569,576		2,608,610		2,388,274		(220,336)
Materials and supplies		13,500		13,500		13,500		-
Total refuse collection and recycling		2,583,076		2,622,110		2,401,774		(220,336)

								ariance with Final Budget
		Budgeted	l Am			Actual		Over
Providing the Necessities (Continued):		Original		Final		Amounts		(Under)
Traffic management:								
Personnel services	\$	289,506	\$	317,186	\$	316,555	\$	(631)
Contractual services	Ψ	72,500	Ψ	96,387	Ψ	57,098	Ψ	(39,289)
Materials and supplies		29,300		51,943		50,957		(986)
Continuous charges		572,601		566,601		483,222		(83,379)
Capital outlay		97,000		113,624		92,390		(21,234)
Total traffic management		1,060,907		1,145,741		1,000,222		(145,519)
Regional transportation:								
Grants and contributions		286,150		326,984		281,478		(45,506)
Total regional transportation		286,150		326,984		281,478		(45,506)
Capital projects management:	•							
Personnel services		715,557		724,831		711,165		(13,666)
Contractual services		230,795		190,873		112,805		(78,068)
Materials and supplies		9,474		7,357		3,919		(3,438)
Continuous charges		3,841		3,841		538		(3,303)
Capital outlay		500		2,988		2,388		(600)
Total capital projects management		960,167		929,890		830,815		(99,075)
<b>Total Providing the Necessities</b>		13,144,248		15,282,842		12,878,286		(2,404,556)
<b>Ensuring Quality of Life:</b>								
Outdoor pool:								
Personnel services		321,549		321,549		231,331		(90,218)
Contractual services		19,435		36,485		27,002		(9,483)
Materials and supplies		40,180		49,193		40,401		(8,792)
Capital outlay		-		12,046		12,010		(36)
Continuous charges		20,000		20,000		18,120		(1,880)
Total outdoor pool		401,164		439,273		328,864		(110,409)
Parks and recreation administration:								
Personnel services		656,918		657,790		615,602		(42,188)
Contractual services		86,400		105,065		92,516		(12,549)
Materials and supplies		2,500		4,396		4,364		(32)
Continuous charges		25,700		25,700		21,164		(4,536)
Total parks and recreation administration		771,518		792,951		733,646		(59,305)
Parks:								
Personnel services		834,280		875,385		875,385		-
Contractual services		63,425		118,732		115,678		(3,054)
Materials and supplies		121,820		165,539		154,398		(11,141)
Continuous charges		190,360		187,426		180,773		(6,653)
Capital outlay		10,000		27,622		26,980		(642)
Total parks		1,219,885		1,374,704		1,353,214		(21,490)
Recreation programs administration:								
Personnel services		194,211		194,765		191,791		(2,974)
Contractual services		89,965		77,393		77,136		(257)
Materials and supplies		-		386		44		(342)
Total recreation programs administration		284,176		272,544		268,971		(3,573)

	Budgeted	l Am	ounts		Actual	ariance with inal Budget Over
	 Original		Final	•	Amounts	(Under)
<b>Ensuring Quality of Life (Continued):</b>	<u> </u>					
Ida Lee recreation center:						
Personnel services	\$ 1,199,637	\$	1,199,637	\$	1,180,095	\$ (19,542)
Contractual services	599,371		493,496		403,762	(89,734)
Materials and supplies	71,018		65,966		58,151	(7,815)
Continuous charges	268,176		268,163		239,871	(28,292)
Capital outlay	-		13		13	-
<b>Total Ida Lee recreation center</b>	2,138,202		2,027,275		1,881,892	(145,383)
Fitness programs:						
Personnel services	451,713		473,992		473,992	_
Contractual services	30,900		28,962		27,114	(1,848)
Materials and supplies	8,100		10,038		10,036	(2)
Total fitness programs	 490,713		512,992		511,142	(1,850)
	 				- ,	( )/
Community outreach:						
Personnel services	135,011		135,011		110,273	(24,738)
Contractual services	14,930		17,273		15,292	(1,981)
Materials and supplies	 5,500		5,625		4,834	(791)
Total community outreach	 155,441		157,909		130,399	(27,510)
Aquatics:						
Personnel services	1,147,930		1,123,940		1,117,165	(6,775)
Contractual services	14,595		22,723		19,937	(2,786)
Materials and supplies	43,730		48,209		43,798	(4,411)
Capital outlay	_		12,498		12,498	-
Total aquatics	1,206,255		1,207,370		1,193,398	(13,972)
Sport programs:						
Personnel services	183,899		183,899		156,980	(26,919)
Contractual services	350		495		390	(105)
Materials and supplies	25,800		22,655		22,655	(103)
Total sport programs	210,049		207,049		180,025	(27,024)
Recreation classes:						
Personnel services	113,989		154,036		138,251	(15,785)
Contractual services	8,625		6,625		4,551	(2,074)
Materials and supplies	3,325		3,325		3,027	(298)
Total recreation classes	 125,939		163,986		145,829	(18,157)
Special events: Personnel services	122 670		122 670		115 902	(7.777)
	123,670		123,670		115,893	(7,777)
Contractual services	202,949 43,239		216,831 48,823		189,285 45,289	(27,546) (3,534)
Materials and supplies Contributions	43,239		12,200		12,200	(3,334)
Total special events	 369,858		401,524		362,667	(38,857)
	 303,030		701,324		302,007	(30,037)
Tennis court complex:						
Personnel services	392,277		455,679		446,172	(9,507)
Contractual services	15,200		18,556		16,041	(2,515)
Materials and supplies	18,800		27,572		26,788	(784)
Continuous charges	 58,760		51,185		49,143	(2,042)
Total tennis court complex	 485,037		552,992		538,144	(14,848)

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## SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES - FUNCTIONAL BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

	 Budgeted	l Am		Actual	ariance with inal Budget Over
	Original		Final	Amounts	(Under)
<b>Ensuring Quality of Life (Continued):</b>					
Camp programs:					
Personnel services	\$ 88,985	\$	88,985	\$ 73,152	\$ (15,833)
Contractual services	22,200		22,416	22,179	(237)
Materials and supplies	 7,500		4,331	3,898	(433)
Total camp programs	 118,685		115,732	99,229	(16,503)
Preschool childcare programs:					
Personnel services	117,152		117,152	93,132	(24,020)
Contractual services	1,900		2,033	1,597	(436)
Materials and supplies	4,570		4,437	2,980	(1,457)
Total preschool childcare programs	123,622		123,622	97,709	(25,913)
Balch Library:					
Library operations:					
Personnel services	373,727		387,940	387,940	_
Contractual services	35,384		38,414	30,213	(8,201)
Materials and supplies	45,374		48,344	29,623	(18,721)
Continuous charges	23,835		23,835	19,249	(4,586)
Capital outlay	-		13,018	13,018	-
Total library operations	478,320		511,551	480,043	(31,508)
Planning and zoning: Planning and zoning operations:					
Personnel services	1,539,270		1,575,032	1,568,494	(6,538)
Contractual services	39,100		40,420	20,563	(19,857)
Materials and supplies	8,325		5,850	5,756	(94)
Continuous charges	333		333	280	(53)
Capital outlay	_		11,383	3,647	(7,736)
Total planning and zoning operations	1,587,028		1,633,018	1,598,740	(34,278)
Plan review:					
Personnel services	1,273,711		1,316,460	1,316,459	(1)
Contractual services	134,189		163,949	65,251	(98,698)
Materials and supplies	7,385		7,940	6,944	(996)
Total plan review	1,415,285		1,488,349	1,388,654	(99,695)
<b>Total Ensuring Quality of Life</b>	 11,581,177		11,982,841	11,292,566	(690,275)

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## SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES - FUNCTIONAL BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

		<b>D</b> .1						ariance with inal Budget
		Budgeted Original	l An	nounts Final	-	Actual Amounts		Over (Under)
Seizing the Future:		Original		Tillal		Amounts		(Clider)
Airport:								
Personnel services	\$	315,604	\$	317,655	\$	317,654	\$	(1)
Contractual services	-	271,975	_	287,895	_	214,133	_	(73,762)
Materials and supplies		22,900		27,040		23,782		(3,258)
Continuous charges		119,236		143,903		130,721		(13,182)
Capital outlay		30,000		30,000		23,551		(6,449)
Total airport		759,715		806,493		709,841		(96,652)
Economic development operations:								
Personnel services		245,302		251,558		240,875		(10,683)
Contractual services		87,010		85,731		75,219		(10,512)
Materials and supplies		14,900		13,829		12,377		(1,452)
Continuous charges		323,620		332,613		328,572		(4,041)
Capital outlay		-		1,537		1,537		-
Grants and contributions		100,150		100,150		100,150		
Total economic development operations		770,982		785,418		758,730		(26,688)
<b>Total Seizing the Future</b>		1,530,697		1,591,911		1,468,571		(123,340)
Debt Service:								
Principal		2,461,787		2,505,000		2,505,000		_
Interest and fiscal charges		3,155,405		3,112,192		2,997,383		(114,809)
Total debt service		5,617,192		5,617,192		5,502,383		(114,809)
Total expenditures		53,091,340		55,871,183		51,885,766		(3,985,417)
Other Financing Uses:								
Transfers out		144,800		1,215,366		1,027,223		(188,143)
Total other financing uses		144,800		1,215,366		1,027,223		(188,143)
Total General Fund expenditures and other financing uses	\$	53,236,140	\$	57,086,549	\$	52,912,989	\$	(4,173,560)

## COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION UTILITIES FUND

June 30, 2016

(With Comparative Totals for 2015)

Accounts receivable, net Inventory       3,403,760         Inventory       92,080         Due from other funds       1,097         Accrued interest       30,565         Total current assets         Total current assets       23,440,684       2         Noncurrent Assets:         Other postemployment benefits       20,967       2         Capital assets:       1,577,329       1         Land       1,577,329       11         Water and sewer plant       115,922,748       11         Water and sewer lines       123,461,779       12         Furniture, equipment and software       1,399,143       1         Vehicles       2,666,670       2,666,670         Less: accumulated depreciation and amortization       (75,114,063)       (7         Total noncurrent assets       172,013,922       17         Total assets       195,454,606       19         DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES         Pension Plan       388,731         Deferred Charges of Refunding       2,438,525         Total deferred outflows of resources       198,281,862       19         Total assets and deferred outflows of resources       198,281,862       19	9,256,381 2,998,040 147,840
Cash, cash equivalents, and temporary cash investments         \$ 19,913,182         \$ 1           Accounts receivable, net         3,403,760         \$ 20,800           Inventory         92,080         \$ 1,097           Due from other funds         1,097         \$ 30,565           Accrued interest         30,565         \$ 2           Total current assets         20,967           Contract current assets         20,967           Capital assets:           Land         1,577,329           Water and sewer plant         115,922,748         11           Water and sewer lines         123,461,779         12           Furniture, equipment and software         1,399,143         Vehicles           Vehicles         2,679,349         Construction in progress         2,066,670           Less: accumulated depreciation and amortization         (75,114,063)         (7           Total anocurrent assets         172,013,922         17           Total assets         195,454,606         19           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Pension Plan         388,731         2,438,255           Total deferred outflows of resources         2,827,256           Total deferred outflows of resources	2,998,040 147,840
Accounts receivable, net Inventory       3,403,760 are 1,097 are 1	2,998,040 147,840
Inventory	147,840
Due from other funds         1,097           Accrued interest         30,565           Total current assets           Noncurrent Assets:           Other postemployment benefits         20,967           Capital assets:         20,967           Land         1,577,329           Water and sewer plant         115,922,748         11           Water and sewer lines         123,461,779         12           Furniture, equipment and software         1,399,143         Vehicles         2,679,349         Construction in progress         2,066,670         Construction in progress         2,066,670         Total noncurrent assets         172,013,922         17           Total assets         172,013,922         17         17         17         17         18         195,454,606         19           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Pension Plan         388,731         288,731         288,731         288,735         288,735         288,735         288,735         288,735         388,731         288,735         388,731         288,735         388,731         288,735         388,731         288,735         388,731         288,735         388,731         288,735         388,731         388,731         388,731	-
Accrued interest         30,565           Total current assets         23,440,684         2           Noncurrent Assets:         20,967         2           Capital assets:         20,967         2           Capital assets:         115,77,329         1           Land         1,577,329         11           Water and sewer plant         115,922,748         11           Water and sewer lines         123,461,779         12           Furniture, equipment and software         1,399,143         2           Vehicles         2,679,349         2           Construction in progress         2,066,670         2           Less: accumulated depreciation and amortization         (75,114,063)         (7           Total noncurrent assets         172,013,922         17           Total assets         195,454,606         19           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Pension Plan         388,731           Deferred Charges of Refunding         2,438,525           Total deferred outflows of resources         2,827,256           Total assets and deferred outflows of resources         198,281,862         19	-
Total current assets         23,440,684         2           Noncurrent Assets:         20,967         20,967           Capital assets:         1,577,329         15,77,329           Water and sewer plant         115,922,748         11           Water and sewer lines         123,461,779         12           Furniture, equipment and software         1,399,143         12           Vehicles         2,679,349         2           Construction in progress         2,066,670         2           Less: accumulated depreciation and amortization         (75,114,063)         (7           Total noncurrent assets         172,013,922         17           Total assets         195,454,606         19           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES         2,438,525         1           Pension Plan         388,731         2           Deferred Charges of Refunding         2,438,525         1           Total deferred outflows of resources         2,827,256         1           Total assets and deferred outflows of resources         198,281,862         19	4
Noncurrent Assets:       20,967         Other postemployment benefits       20,967         Capital assets:       1,577,329         Land       1,577,329         Water and sewer plant       115,922,748       11         Water and sewer lines       123,461,779       12         Furniture, equipment and software       1,399,143       2         Vehicles       2,679,349       2         Construction in progress       2,066,670       2         Less: accumulated depreciation and amortization       (75,114,063)       (7         Total noncurrent assets       172,013,922       17         Total assets       195,454,606       19         DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES         Pension Plan       388,731       388,731         Deferred Charges of Refunding       2,438,525       2,438,525         Total deferred outflows of resources       2,827,256         Total assets and deferred outflows of resources       198,281,862       19	4,215
Other postemployment benefits       20,967         Capital assets:       1,577,329         Water and sewer plant       115,922,748       11         Water and sewer lines       123,461,779       12         Furniture, equipment and software       1,399,143       2         Vehicles       2,679,349       2         Construction in progress       2,066,670       2         Less: accumulated depreciation and amortization       (75,114,063)       (7         Total noncurrent assets       172,013,922       17         Total assets       195,454,606       19         DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES         Pension Plan       388,731         Deferred Charges of Refunding       2,438,525         Total deferred outflows of resources       2,827,256         Total assets and deferred outflows of resources       198,281,862       19	2,406,476
Capital assets:       1,577,329         Water and sewer plant       115,922,748       11         Water and sewer lines       123,461,779       12         Furniture, equipment and software       1,399,143         Vehicles       2,679,349         Construction in progress       2,066,670         Less: accumulated depreciation and amortization       (75,114,063)       (7         Total noncurrent assets       172,013,922       17         Total assets       195,454,606       19         DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES         Pension Plan       388,731         Deferred Charges of Refunding       2,438,525         Total deferred outflows of resources       2,827,256         Total assets and deferred outflows of resources       198,281,862       19	
Capital assets:       1,577,329         Water and sewer plant       115,922,748       11         Water and sewer lines       123,461,779       12         Furniture, equipment and software       1,399,143         Vehicles       2,679,349         Construction in progress       2,066,670         Less: accumulated depreciation and amortization       (75,114,063)       (7         Total noncurrent assets       172,013,922       17         Total assets       195,454,606       19         DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES         Pension Plan       388,731         Deferred Charges of Refunding       2,438,525         Total deferred outflows of resources       2,827,256         Total assets and deferred outflows of resources       198,281,862       19	_
Land       1,577,329         Water and sewer plant       115,922,748       11         Water and sewer lines       123,461,779       12         Furniture, equipment and software       1,399,143         Vehicles       2,679,349         Construction in progress       2,066,670         Less: accumulated depreciation and amortization       (75,114,063)       (7         Total noncurrent assets       172,013,922       17         Total assets       195,454,606       19         DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES         Pension Plan       388,731         Deferred Charges of Refunding       2,438,525         Total deferred outflows of resources       2,827,256         Total assets and deferred outflows of resources       198,281,862       19	
Water and sewer plant       115,922,748       11         Water and sewer lines       123,461,779       12         Furniture, equipment and software       1,399,143       13         Vehicles       2,679,349       2         Construction in progress       2,066,670       2         Less: accumulated depreciation and amortization       (75,114,063)       (7         Total noncurrent assets       172,013,922       17         Total assets       195,454,606       19         DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES       388,731         Pension Plan       388,731       388,731         Deferred Charges of Refunding       2,438,525         Total deferred outflows of resources       2,827,256         Total assets and deferred outflows of resources       198,281,862       19	1,577,329
Water and sewer lines       123,461,779       12         Furniture, equipment and software       1,399,143       2         Vehicles       2,679,349       2         Construction in progress       2,066,670       2         Less: accumulated depreciation and amortization       (75,114,063)       (7         Total noncurrent assets       172,013,922       17         Total assets       195,454,606       19         DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES       388,731         Pension Plan       388,731       388,731         Deferred Charges of Refunding       2,438,525       2,438,525         Total deferred outflows of resources       2,827,256         Total assets and deferred outflows of resources       198,281,862       19	5,887,423
Furniture, equipment and software       1,399,143         Vehicles       2,679,349         Construction in progress       2,066,670         Less: accumulated depreciation and amortization       (75,114,063)       (7         Total noncurrent assets       172,013,922       17         Total assets       195,454,606       19         DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES         Pension Plan       388,731         Deferred Charges of Refunding       2,438,525         Total deferred outflows of resources       2,827,256         Total assets and deferred outflows of resources       198,281,862       19	1,862,793
Vehicles       2,679,349         Construction in progress       2,066,670         Less: accumulated depreciation and amortization       (75,114,063)       (7         Total noncurrent assets       172,013,922       17         Total assets       195,454,606       19         DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES         Pension Plan       388,731         Deferred Charges of Refunding       2,438,525         Total deferred outflows of resources       2,827,256         Total assets and deferred outflows of resources       198,281,862       19	1,318,366
Construction in progress       2,066,670         Less: accumulated depreciation and amortization       (75,114,063)       (7         Total noncurrent assets       172,013,922       17         Total assets       195,454,606       19         DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES         Pension Plan       388,731         Deferred Charges of Refunding       2,438,525         Total deferred outflows of resources       2,827,256         Total assets and deferred outflows of resources       198,281,862       19	2,738,342
Less: accumulated depreciation and amortization       (75,114,063)       (7         Total noncurrent assets       172,013,922       17         Total assets       195,454,606       19         DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES         Pension Plan       388,731       2         Deferred Charges of Refunding       2,438,525       3         Total deferred outflows of resources       2,827,256       3         Total assets and deferred outflows of resources       198,281,862       19	593,722
Total noncurrent assets         172,013,922         17           Total assets         195,454,606         19           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Pension Plan         388,731           Deferred Charges of Refunding         2,438,525           Total deferred outflows of resources         2,827,256           Total assets and deferred outflows of resources         198,281,862         19	0,045,018)
Total assets         195,454,606         19           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES         Pension Plan         388,731           Deferred Charges of Refunding         2,438,525           Total deferred outflows of resources         2,827,256           Total assets and deferred outflows of resources         198,281,862         19	3,932,957
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES  Pension Plan Deferred Charges of Refunding Total deferred outflows of resources  Total assets and deferred outflows of resources  198,281,862 19	
Pension Plan         388,731           Deferred Charges of Refunding         2,438,525           Total deferred outflows of resources         2,827,256           Total assets and deferred outflows of resources         198,281,862         19	6,339,433
Deferred Charges of Refunding 2,438,525 Total deferred outflows of resources 2,827,256  Total assets and deferred outflows of resources 198,281,862 19	
Total deferred outflows of resources 2,827,256  Total assets and deferred outflows of resources 198,281,862 19	397,932
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources 198,281,862 19	2,624,664
	3,022,596
	9,362,029
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities:	
Accounts payable 436,121	453,103
Unearned revenue -	6,895
Accrued payroll 273,773	246,855
Accrued interest 1,181,885	586,126
Compensated absences 445,587	446,324
Retainage payable 92,269	25,000
Due to other funds	1,310
	2,232,687
Performance bonds payable 9,000	9,000
Customer deposits and contingent charges 982,596	934,019
	4,941,319
Noncurrent Liabilities:	114.017
Compensated absences 143,882	114,817
Other postemployment benefits -	95,186
	2,263,888
	8,145,093
	0,618,984
	5,560,303
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Pension Plan 477,939	868,877
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources 74,673,723 7	6,429,180
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets 106,514,815 10	6,179,841
Unrestricted 17,093,324 1	
<b>Total net position</b> \$ 123,608,139 \$ 12	6,753,008

UTILITIES FUND COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION Year Ended June 30, 2016 (With Comparative Totals for 2015)

		2016	2015
Operating Revenues:	\$	18 630 231 ¢	15 997 702
Charges for services Other	Þ	18,639,231 \$	15,887,793
Other		424,837	546,126
Total operating revenues		19,064,068	16,433,919
Operating Expenses:			
Personnel services		7,493,822	7,124,324
Contractual services		963,382	653,080
Depreciation and amortization		5,280,489	5,249,928
Materials and supplies		1,381,578	1,231,643
Continuous charges		1,178,126	1,167,525
Claims and settlements		360	164
Capital outlay		121,407	192,993
Total operating expenses		16,419,164	15,619,657
Operating income		2,644,904	814,262
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):			
Contributions from Loudoun County		-	11,131
Interest on investments		236,150	66,363
Interest and fiscal charges		(2,869,088)	(2,566,426)
Installation and connection charges		1,598,450	1,581,656
Total nonoperating expenses, net		(1,034,488)	(907,276)
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers		1,610,416	(93,014)
Contributions and Transfers:			
Developer donated assets		571,739	321,724
Transfers out		(1,506,865)	(1,501,662)
Tunistots out		(1,500,005)	(1,501,002)
Total contributions and transfers, net		(935,126)	(1,179,938)
Change in net position		675,290	(1,272,952)
Net Position, beginning		122,932,849	124,205,801
Net Position, ending	\$	123,608,139 \$	122,932,849

## COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS UTILITIES FUND

Year Ended June 30, 2016

(With Comparative Totals for 2015)

		2016	2015
Cash Flows From Operating Activities:			
Receipts from customers	\$	18,275,193 \$	16,357,311
Payments to suppliers for goods and services		(3,454,941)	(3,344,010)
Payments to employees for services		(8,545,316)	(7,389,063)
Receipts from employees - health insurance contributions		998,692	-
Other receipts		424,837	555,126
Net cash provided by operating activities		7,698,465	6,179,364
Cash Flows From Noncapital and Related Financing Activities:			
Advance from other funds		(1,310)	1,310
Transfers out		(1,506,865)	(1,501,662)
Net cash used in noncapital and related financing activities		(1,508,175)	(1,500,352)
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities:			
Installation and connection charges		1,598,450	1,581,656
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(2,768,748)	(1,344,214)
Interest and fiscal charges		(2,340,305)	(2,837,250)
Principal paid on bonds		(2,232,686)	(1,122,948)
Proceeds from debt issuance		-	2,049,166
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities		(5,743,289)	(1,673,590)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities:			
Interest on investments		209,800	66,306
Net cash provided by investing activities		209,800	66,306
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		656,801	3,071,728
Cash and Cash Equivalents:			
Beginning		19,256,381	16,184,653
Ending	\$	19,913,182 \$	19,256,381
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:			
Operating income	\$	2,644,904 \$	814,262
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net			
cash provided by operating activities:			
Depreciation and amortization		5,280,489	5,249,928
Pension expense		397,932	300,777
Changes in assets and liabilities:			
(Increase) decrease in:			
Accounts receivable		(405,720)	451,406
Due from other funds		<b>(1,097)</b>	-
Inventory		55,760	43,252
Increase (decrease) in:			
Accounts payable		134,153	(141,857)
Performance bond payable		-	9,000
Accrued liabilities		26,918	(97,533)
Unearned revenue		(6,895)	6,895
Other postemployment benefits		(116,153)	18,396
Deferred outflows - pension plan		(388,731)	(397,932)
Compensated absences		28,328	(88,447)
Customer deposits and contingent charges	φ.	48,577	11,217
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>\$</u>	7,698,465 \$	6,179,364
Supplemental Disclosures of Noncash Capital and Related Financing Activities:			
Developer donated capital improvements	\$	571,739 \$	321,724
Capital assets acquired through incurrence of accounts and retainage payable		-	163,351
Repayment of debt via refunding		-	43,360,000
Premiums acquired via debt refunding		-	4,427,186

## STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUND June 30, 2016

	Self - Insurance
ASSETS	
Current assets:	
Investments	\$ 2,980,862
Trade and other accounts receivable	8,616
Due from other funds	137,539
Total assets	3,127,017
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	4,550
Due to other funds	1,097
Acrued liabilities	937,146
Insurance and benefit claims	730,902
Total liabilities	1,673,695
NET POSITION	
Restricted	1,453,322
Total net position	\$ 1,453,322

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUND

	Self - Insurance
Operating revenues:	
Charges for services	\$ 5,659,252
Total operating revenues	 5,659,252
Operating expenses:	
Risk financing and benefit payments	 5,658,942
Total operating expenses	 5,658,942
Operating income	310
Nonoperating revenues:	
Interest revenue	 5,907
Change in net position	6,217
Total net position, beginning	 1,447,105
Total net position, ending	\$ 1,453,322

#### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUND Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Self - Insurance
Cash Flows From Operating Activities:	
Receipts from interfund services provided	\$ 5,517,308
Claims and benefits paid	(5,443,847)
Payments to suppliers for goods and services	 867,786
Net cash provided by operating activities	 941,247
Cash Flows From Investing Activities:	
Purchase of investments, net	(947,154)
Interest received on investment securities	5,907
Net cash used in investing activities	 (941,247)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	-
Cash and Cash Equivalents:	
Beginning	 
Ending	\$ <u>-</u>
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided	
by Operating Activities:	
Operating income	\$ 310
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash	
provided by operating activities:	
Change in assets and liabilities:	
Increase in:	
Accounts receivable	(5,502)
Due from other funds	(137,539)
Decrease in:	, , ,
Accrued liabilities	867,786
Due to other funds	1,097
Insurance and benefit claims	 215,095
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 941,247

Exhibit D-1

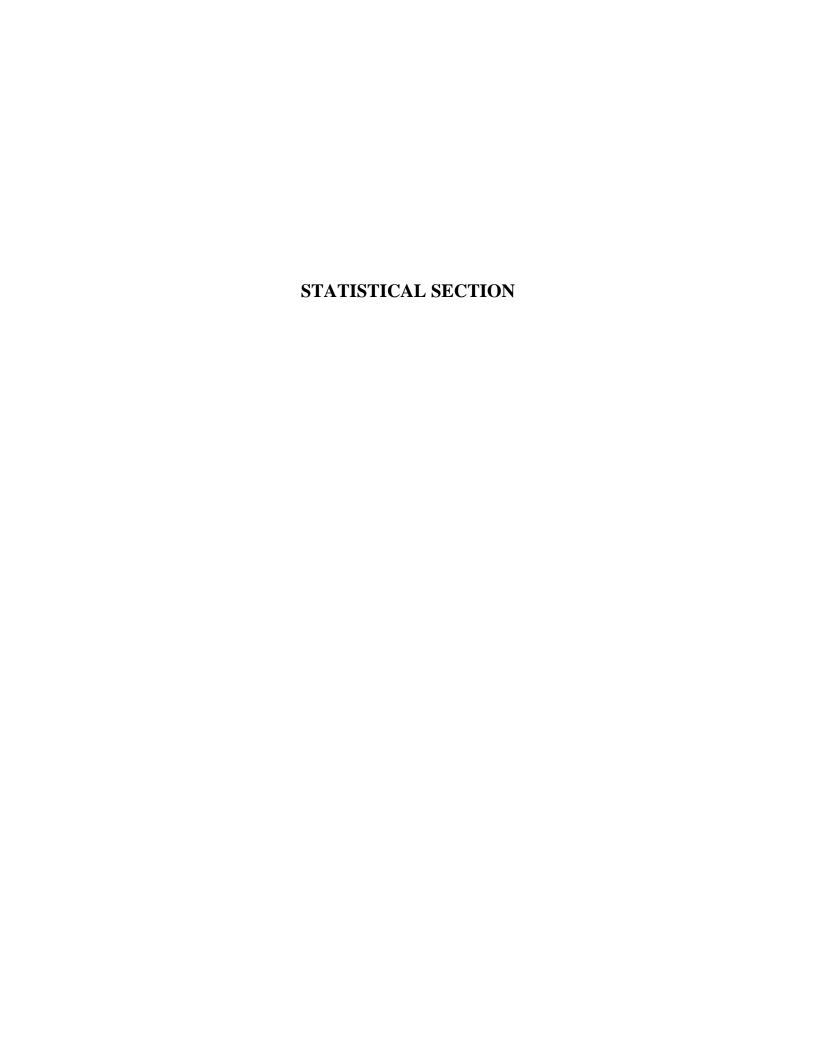
#### BALANCE SHEET SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

	NVTA Fund
ASSETS	
Current assets:	
Cash with fiscal agent	\$ 2,105,798
Total assets	\$ 2,105,798
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Unearned revenue	\$ 2,105,798
Total liabilities	\$ 2,105,798
FUND BALANCE	
Unassigned	_\$
Total fund balance	\$ -

Exhibit D-2

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND Year Ended June 30, 2016

	NVTA Fund
Revenues: Intergovernmental  Total revenues  Other financing uses: Transfers  Net change in fund balance	
Intergovernmental	\$ 644,203
Total revenues	644,203
Other financing uses: Transfers	(644,203)
Net change in fund balance	-
Fund balance, beginning	
Fund balance, ending	\$ -



## STATISTICAL SECTION TABLE OF CONTENTS

The statistical section of the Town's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information presented in the financial statements, note disclosures and required supplementary information say about the Town's overall financial health. This information has not been audited by the independent auditor.

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**Sources**: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these tables is derived from the comprehensive annual financial report for the relevant year.

#### NET POSITION/ASSETS BY COMPONENT Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

										Fiscal Ye	ar Ju	ine 30,							
		2007		2008		2009	2	2010		2011		2012		2013		2014	2015		2016
Governmental activities:																			
Net investment in capital assets	\$	136,614,229	\$	149,797,357	\$	162,651,222 \$	21	19,771,450	\$	223,911,574	\$	262,169,923	\$	260,710,155	\$	269,470,483 \$	253,108,079	\$	260,418,011
Restricted		9,905,713		53,499		32,228		32,228		5,852,078		827,452		4,756,210		1,366,923	11,601,298		8,802,743
Unrestricted		26,195,217		35,468,057		21,508,860	1	17,659,597		10,977,713		11,180,851		12,031,291		11,475,555	9,767,484		12,371,943
Total governmental activities net assets	\$	172,715,159	\$	185,318,913	\$	184,192,310 \$	23	37,463,275	\$	240,741,365	\$	274,178,226	\$	277,497,656					
Total governmental activities net position	-														\$	282,312,961 \$	274,476,861	\$	281,592,697
Business-type activities:																			
Net investment in capital assets	\$	134,115,046	\$	133,010,793	\$	136,681,741 \$	14	44,847,942	\$	145,743,065	\$	111,237,616	\$	113,816,486	\$	111,153,372 \$	106,179,841	\$	106,514,815
Unrestricted		15,350,403		17,058,242		16,968,255	1	10,072,951		9,668,200		17,410,647		15,324,067		15,884,417	16,970,074		17,093,324
Total business-type activities net assets	\$	149,465,449	\$	150,069,035	\$	153,649,996 \$	15	54,920,893	\$	155,411,265	\$	128,648,263	\$	129,140,553					
Total business-type activities net position															\$	127,037,789 \$	123,149,915	\$	123,608,139
Primary government:																			
Net investment in capital assets	¢	270,729,275	\$	282,808,150	¢	270,729,275 \$	27	77.106.871	¢	369,654,639	\$	373,407,539	¢	374,526,641	¢	380,623,855 \$	359,287,920	¢	366,932,826
Restricted	Ψ	9,905,713	Ψ	53,499	Ψ	9.905.713	, 21	53,499	Ψ	5.852.078	Ψ	827.452	Ψ	4.756,210	Ψ	1.366,923	11,601,298	Ψ	8,802,743
Unrestricted		41,545,620		52,526,299		41.545.620	5	52,526,299		20,645,913		28,591,498		27,355,358		27,359,972	26,737,558		29,465,267
		-,,520		,,-//		-,,		. ,,		-,,		,,		.,,		.,===,==	,,		-,,
Total primary government net assets	\$	322,180,608	\$	335,387,948	\$	322,180,608 \$	32	29,686,669	\$	396,152,630	\$	402,826,489	\$	406,638,209					
Total primary government net position		·		·		-		·		·				·	\$	409,350,750 \$	397,626,776	\$	405,200,836

#### Note:

(1) This table reports financial information based on the accrual basis of accounting. The Town implemented GASB 63, the new reporting standard, in fiscal year 2013. This standard eliminated the use of the term 'net assets' and now refers to this measurement as 'net position.'

Table 2 TOWN OF LEESBURG, VIRGINIA Page 1

#### CHANGES IN NET POSITION/ASSETS **Last Ten Fiscal Years**

(accrual basis of accounting)

(Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year June 30,										
		2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
_											
Expenses:											
Governmental activities:					4.400.000	4.000.704	2242254	2002 151		250.002	252.022
Legislative	\$	1,136,512 \$	1,106,290 \$	1,047,565 \$	1,108,873 \$	1,929,726 \$	2,242,274 \$	2,063,474 \$		358,882 \$	252,822
Executive		3,351,521	5,148,154	5,056,434	5,214,847	4,193,418	3,709,476	3,536,663	5,101,778	2,072,643	2,502,210
Legal		390,433	388,672	375,101	423,836	405,086	416,116	556,900	428,396	812,884	730,310
Finance and administrative services		2,191,973	2,194,675	2,411,130	2,379,609	2,262,397	2,082,232	2,187,457	2,122,300	4,427,627	4,623,142
Public safety		8,772,457	9,297,712	10,344,403	11,040,678	11,365,062	11,701,344	12,564,971	12,760,923	13,236,510	13,091,832
Public works		15,129,697	11,515,670	14,366,433	15,021,938	15,522,536	15,319,444	17,834,560	13,281,259	15,310,127	17,881,225
Parks and recreation		6,139,620	7,418,433	7,885,338	7,875,032	8,002,606	7,721,607	7,905,724	8,545,134	8,084,695	8,474,752
Balch Library		643,858	628,177	705,512	641,171	627,711	596,845	586,263	638,586	635,782	666,442
Planning and zoning		3,351,224	2,525,842	1,699,231	1,773,789	1,914,347	1,395,917	1,498,275	1,544,011	1,554,970	1,634,254
Plan review		-	-	1,799,399	1,697,742	1,569,932	1,216,828	1,303,118	1,332,438	1,251,101	1,346,812
Airport		-	-	-	-	-	2,444	7,237,878	1,784,308	1,737,100	1,887,605
Interest		1,896,697	2,174,525	2,052,703	2,438,740	2,518,659	2,746,447	2,312,731	2,574,971	2,948,021	3,078,679
Total governmental activities		43,003,992	42,398,150	47,743,249	49,616,255	50,311,480	49,150,974	59,588,014	51,761,841	52,430,342	56,170,085
Business-type activities:											
Airport		1,542,397	1,564,363	1,698,660	1,709,784	1,803,947	1,660,120				
Utilities		15,076,064	16,455,335	17,772,026	17,607,146	17,888,463	18,063,523	17,842,677	19,421,203	18,923,084	19,288,252
		16,618,461	18,019,698	19,470,686	19,316,930	19,692,410	19,723,643	17,842,677	19,421,203	18,923,084	19,288,252
Total business-type activities		59,622,453	60,417,848	67,213,935	68,933,185	70,003,890	68,874,617	77,430,691	71,183,044	71,353,426	75,458,337
Total government		39,022,433	00,417,646	07,213,933	00,933,163	70,003,890	00,074,017	77,430,091	71,165,044	71,555,420	13,436,331
Program revenue:											
Governmental activities:											
Charges for services:											
Public safety		422,635	334,960	372,441	408,032	595,640	498,411	563,856	733,367	582,487	441,899
Public works		217,220	158,446	153,094	177,294	175,474	154,495	155,931	368,345	390,712	265,239
Parks and recreation		3,426,736	3,772,767	4,427,429	4,871,682	4,772,869	4,670,693	4,785,743	4,919,355	4,921,047	4,990,892
Planning and zoning		332,876	260,438	351,994	262,270	261,447	283,241	237,689	706,135	649,181	513,145
Operating grants and contributions:											
Executive		-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	255,441	259,066
Public safety		1,253,886	1,282,416	1,107,204	1,167,353	1,084,691	988,734	1,030,390	1,002,002	1,018,162	1,562,618
Public works		2,201,552	2,478,332	2,502,346	2,633,224	3,052,260	2,987,613	3,046,021	3,442,583	3,462,282	3,848,932
Parks and recreation		-	-	99,425	-	-	-	1,843	- , , ,		586
Balch Library		_	_	15,500	5,000	372,994	5,500	5,000	12,379	13,500	8,872
Planning and zoning		28,661	13,411	-	-,	-	-	-	,		-,
Airport		20,001	-	_	_	_	_	135,711	99,197	125,775	113,578
Capital grants and contributions:								100,711	,,,,,,	120,770	113,570
Executive		_	_	_		_		_	137,400	_	_
Public works		8,944,313	1,443,698	-	58,817,099	6,783,738	9,163,209	9,498,970	5,081,809	-	8,557,324
Parks and recreation		0,777,313	1,773,070	-	5,000	71,625	8,000	7,770,770	3,001,009	3,234,028	0,551,524
Balch Library		-	-	-	250,000	/1,023	0,000	-	-	3,434,040	-
•		-	-	-	250,000	-	-	2 057 220	016 950	1 420 215	204.166
Airport		16 927 970	0.744.469	0.020.422		17 170 720	10.750.006	3,957,230	916,850	1,420,215	304,166
Total governmental activities program revenue		16,827,879	9,744,468	9,029,433	68,620,560	17,170,738	18,759,896	23,418,384	17,419,422	16,072,830	20,866,317

#### CHANGES IN NET POSITION/ASSETS (CONTINUED)

**Last Ten Fiscal Years** 

(accrual basis of accounting)

(Unaudited)

					Fiscal Year Ju	ne 30,				
	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Business-type activities:										
Charges for services:										
Airport	\$ 866,255	\$ 977,572	920,322 \$	716,920 \$	1,092,572 \$	1,182,366 \$	- \$	- \$	- 5	-
Utilities	11,624,143	12,435,190	12,701,071	13,517,737	14,792,146	15,053,935	15,225,178	15,620,127	16,841,860	18,639,231
Operating grants and contributions:										
Airport	-	-	-	504,350	27,615	65,443	-	-	-	-
Utilities	-	-	-	514,154	118,656	69,245	-	2,176,412	1,592,787	1,598,450
Capital grants and contributions:										
Airport	437,514	152,703	1,618,548	1,282,262	194,898	633,503	-	-	-	-
Utilities	3,683,638	5,472,516	9,325,270	5,899,418	6,239,546	4,066,836	4,417,288	271,759	321,724	571,739
Total business-type activities program revenues	16,611,550	19,037,981	24,565,211	22,434,841	22,465,433	21,071,328	19,642,466	18,068,298	18,756,371	20,809,420
Total government program revenues	33,439,429	28,782,449	33,594,644	91,055,401	39,636,171	39,831,224	43,060,850	35,487,720	34,829,201	41,675,737
Net (expense) revenue:										
Governmental activities	(26,176,113)	(32,653,682)	(38,713,816)	19,004,305	(33,140,742)	(30,391,078)	(36,169,630)	(34,342,419)	(36,357,512)	(35,303,768)
Business-type activities	(6,911	1,018,283	5,094,525	3,117,911	2,773,023	1,347,685	1,799,789	(1,352,905)	(166,713)	1,521,168
Total government net expense	(26,183,024	) (31,635,399)	(33,619,291)	22,122,216	(30,367,719)	(29,043,393)	(34,369,841)	(35,695,324)	(36,524,225)	(33,782,600)
General revenues and other changes in net assets:										
Governmental activities:										
Taxes:										
General property	13,985,380	13,215,669	12,982,666	12,196,527	12,536,096	12,943,508	13,723,821	13,665,498	13,907,905	14,184,837
Communication sales and use	4,993,043	6,568,099	6,228,472	6,107,069	6,412,866	6,717,220	6,621,637	6,343,455	6,767,712	7,234,856
Meals	3,189,314	3,198,750	3,327,374	3,326,332	3,672,760	4,418,067	4,695,048	4,827,853	5,021,455	5,247,114
Business and occupational licenses	2,395,850	2,544,890	2,669,812	2,708,180	2,880,044	2,860,659	3,072,266	3,292,385	3,326,739	3,152,175
Utility	1,841,456	1,452,715	1,487,280	1,489,727	1,542,597	1,495,345	1,546,528	1,564,500	1,559,559	1,525,755
Cigarette	925,725	871,299	860,595	805,298	872,047	1,133,071	1,047,206	980,759	934,508	905,450
Other	2,377,995	2,106,535	2,187,760	2,429,978	2,459,485	2,565,675	2,558,425	2,785,727	2,486,346	2,892,316
Intergovernmental, other than grants	1,586,492	1,543,813	1,556,515	1,567,285	1,573,674	1,562,312	1,595,780	1,594,257	1,881,123	2,756,311
Use of money and property	2,670,151	2,261,267	1,156,355	440,731	686,183	514,491	1,768,730	1,796,693	1,785,866	2,185,769
Miscellaneous	540,478	3,783,391	2,904,824	993,681	1,086,819	901,963	1,608,459	813,747	676,490	611,090
Transfers	1,821,537	2,009,729	2,225,560	2,201,852	2,696,261	28,715,628	1,907,496	1,492,850	1,501,662	1,723,931
Total governmental activities	36,327,421	39,556,157	37,587,213	34,266,660	36,418,832	63,827,939	40,145,396	39,157,724	39,849,365	42,419,604

#### CHANGES IN NET POSITION/ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

(Unaudited)

	 Fiscal Year June 30,										
	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	
General revenues and other changes in net assets: (Continued)											
Business-type activities:											
Use of money and property	\$ 2,306,958 \$	1,238,869 \$	404,523 \$	59,215 \$	84,837 \$	254,237 \$	562,996 \$	194,274 \$	66,363 \$	236,150	
Miscellaneous	329,545	356,163	307,473	295,623	328,773	350,704	411,370	548,717	546,126	424,837	
Transfers	(1,821,537)	(2,009,729)	(2,225,560)	(2,201,852)	(2,696,261)	(28,715,628)	(1,907,496)	(1,492,850)	(1,501,662)	(1,723,931)	
Total business-type activities	814,966	(414,697)	(1,513,564)	(1,847,014)	(2,282,651)	(28,110,687)	(933,130)	(749,859)	(889,173)	(1,062,944)	
Total primary government	37,142,387	39,141,460	36,073,649	32,419,646	34,136,181	35,717,252	39,212,266	38,407,865	38,960,192	41,356,660	
Changes in net assets/net position:											
Governmental activities	10,151,308	6,902,475	(1,126,603)	53,270,965	3,278,090	33,436,861	3,975,766	4,815,305	3,491,853	7,115,836	
Business-type activities	 808,055	603,586	3,580,961	1,270,897	490,372	(26,763,002)	866,659	(2,102,764)	(1,055,886)	458,224	
Total primary government	\$ 10,959,363 \$	7,506,061 \$	2,454,358 \$	54,541,862 \$	3,768,462 \$	6,673,859 \$	4,842,425 \$	2,712,541 \$	2,435,967 \$	7,574,060	

- (1) Net (expense) revenue is the difference between the expenses and program revenues. This difference indicates the degree to which a function or program is supported with its own fees and program-specific grants versus its reliance upon funding from taxes and other general revenues. Numbers in a parentheses are net expenses indicating that expenses were greater than program revenues and, therefore, general revenues were needed to finance that function or program. Numbers without parentheses are net revenues, demonstrating that program revenues were more than sufficient to cover expenses.
- (2) This table reports financial information based on the accrual basis of accounting. The Town implemented GASB 63, the new reporting standard, in fiscal year 2013. This standard eliminated the use of the term 'net assets' and now refers to this measurement as 'net position.'
- (3) On June 29 of fiscal year 2012, the Town elected to transfer the airport activity to the general government. Fiscal year 2013 was the first fiscal year in which the airport activity was fully accounted for by the general government.

#### PROGRAM REVENUES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM

**Last Ten Fiscal Years** 

(accrual basis of accounting)

(Unaudited)

					Fiscal Year Ju	ne 30,				
Function/Program	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Governmental activities:										
Legislative	\$	- \$ -	\$ - :	\$ 23,606	\$ - \$		\$ - \$	-	\$ -	\$ -
Executive			-	-	-	-	-	137,400	255,441	259,066
Public safety	1,676,52	1,617,376	1,479,645	1,575,385	1,680,331	1,487,145	1,594,246	1,735,369	1,600,649	2,004,517
Public works	11,363,085	4,080,476	2,655,440	61,627,617	10,011,472	12,305,317	12,700,922	8,892,737	7,087,022	12,671,495
Parks and recreation	3,426,736	3,772,767	4,526,854	4,876,682	4,844,494	4,678,693	4,787,586	4,919,355	4,921,047	4,991,478
Balch Library			15,500	255,000	372,994	5,500	5,000	12,379	13,500	8,872
Planning and zoning	361,53	7 273,849	351,994	262,270	261,447	283,241	237,689	706,135	649,181	513,145
Airport			-	-	-	-	4,092,941	1,016,047	1,545,990	417,744
Total governmental activities	16,827,879	9,744,468	9,029,433	68,620,560	17,170,738	18,759,896	23,418,384	17,419,422	16,072,830	20,866,317
Business-type activities:										
Airport	1,303,769	1,130,275	2,538,870	2,503,532	1,315,085	1,881,312	-	-	-	-
Utilities	15,307,78	17,907,706	22,026,341	19,931,309	21,150,348	19,190,016	19,642,466	18,068,298	18,756,371	20,809,420
Total business-type activities	16,611,550	19,037,981	24,565,211	22,434,841	22,465,433	21,071,328	19,642,466	18,068,298	18,756,371	20,809,420
Total government	\$ 33,439,429	9 \$ 28,782,449	\$ 33,594,644	\$ 91,055,401	\$ 39,636,171 \$	39,831,224	\$ 43,060,850 \$	\$ 35,487,720	\$ 34,829,201	\$ 41,675,737

<sup>(1)</sup> On June 29 of fiscal year 2012, the Town elected to transfer the airport activity to the general government. Fiscal year 2013 was the first fiscal year in which the airport activity was fully accounted for by the general government.

#### FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

					Fisca	al Year June 30	,			
	-	2007		2008		2009	,	2010		2011
General Fund:										
Reserved	\$	1,591,499	\$	2,232,532	\$	2,129,964	\$	_	\$	_
Unreserved	Ψ	15,726,628	Ψ	14,675,549	Ψ	15,868,848	Ψ	_	Ψ	_
Nonspendable		13,720,020		14,073,347		13,000,040		3,756,141		3,365,873
Restricted		_		_		_		5,711,725		5,852,078
Committed		_		_		_		1,400,000		1,400,000
Assigned		_		_		_		2,059,742		2,717,261
Unassigned		_		_		_		8,529,064		9,103,329
Total general fund	\$	17,318,127	\$	16,908,081	\$	17,998,812	\$	21,456,672	\$	22,438,541
All Other Governmental Funds:										
Committed, reported in:										
Capital projects fund	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	2,878,070
Unreserved, reported in:	φ	-	φ	-	Φ	-	φ	-	φ	2,878,070
Capital projects fund		15,688,090		13,684,106		17,946		12,939,512		
Special revenue funds		4,088,949		6,697,221		6,065,247		12,737,312		_
Total all other	-	4,000,949		0,097,221		0,003,247				<u> </u>
government funds	\$	19,777,039	\$	20,381,327	\$	6,083,193	\$	12,939,512	\$	2,878,070
					Fisc	al Year June 30	ı			
		2012		2013	1 150	2014	,	2015		2016
		-				-				
General Fund:										
Nonspendable	\$	151,402	\$	153,473	\$	155,411	\$	159,370	\$	217,801
Restricted		827,452		831,316		973,799		985,772		863,170
Committed		-		-		-		-		-
Assigned		6,774,757		7,144,209		8,747,716		11,349,940		12,940,397
Unassigned		9,395,933		10,041,113		10,958,360		10,286,067		11,521,249
Total general fund	\$	17,149,544	\$	18,170,111	\$	20,835,286	\$	22,781,149	\$	25,542,617
All Other Governmental Funds:										
Restricted, reported in:										
Capital projects fund	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	10,615,526	\$	6,486,251
Committed, reported in:										
Capital projects fund		5,299,780		6,672,522		7,750,173		2,131,395		5,044,819
Assigned, reported in:						, ,		, ,		
Capital projects fund		945,427		-		_		-		_
Unassigned, reported in:		,								
Capital projects fund		_		(5,137,844)		(12,805,982)		(1,779,735)		(3,980,575)
Total all other										
government funds	\$	6,245,207	\$	1,534,678	\$	(5,055,809)	\$	10,967,186	\$	7,550,495

<sup>(1)</sup> In fiscal year 2011, The Town implemented GASB 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, which effectively changed the classifications used to report fund balances. The terms reserved and unreserved are no longer used to describe fund balance. Fund balance is now classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. Adoption of this pronouncement also resulted in special revenue funds now being accounted for as part of the Town's General Fund.

# CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

				Fiscal Yea	ır Jı			
		2007		2008		2009		2010
Revenues:								
General property taxes	\$	13,527,146	\$	13,417,267	\$	12,922,835	\$	12,363,461
Other local taxes		15,723,383		16,742,288		16,761,293		16,866,584
Permits, fees and licenses		544,017		413,676		500,858		437,125
Fines and forfeitures		414,413		326,047		364,573		402,164
Use of money and property		2,670,151		2,261,267		1,156,355		440,731
Charges for services		3,441,037		3,786,888		4,439,527		4,879,989
Contributions and proffers		-		-		18,500		2,139,318
Miscellaneous		540,478		3,783,391		2,902,824		993,681
Intergovernmental		6,316,664		6,761,670		5,264,490		9,170,344
Total revenues		43,177,289		47,492,494		44,331,255		47,693,397
Expenditures:								
Legislative		1,136,512		1,106,290		1,039,363		1,103,242
Executive		3,037,734		3,406,632		3,543,409		3,395,350
Legal		387,754		400,430		364,257		411,839
Finance and administrative services		2,231,605		2,341,358		2,388,845		2,360,863
Public safety		8,810,930		9,623,503		10,186,786		11,140,380
Public works		10,862,879		11,367,908		11,377,958		11,456,058
Parks and recreation		5,881,329		6,557,497		7,065,803		7,418,434
Balch Library		469,278		488,190		517,850		457,606
Planning and zoning		2,430,327		2,393,972		1,541,570		1,720,029
Plan review		-		-		1,757,767		1,679,684
Airport		-		-		-		-
Capital projects		9,327,869		11,259,727		14,724,486		8,458,203
Debt service:								
Principal		2,969,395		3,224,456		3,207,919		3,156,627
Interest and fiscal charges		2,000,143		2,138,018		2,048,205		2,256,417
Total expenditures		49,545,755		54,307,981		59,764,218		55,014,732
Excess of revenues over								
(under) expenditures		(6,368,466)		(6,815,487)		(15,432,963)		(7,321,335)
(		(0,000,000)		(0,020,101)		(,,,		(,,==,,==)
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers in		3,359,800		3,660,720		2,887,982		2,730,718
Transfers out		(1,538,263)		(1,650,991)		(662,422)		(528,866)
Issuance of debt		17,850,025		5,000,000		-		22,540,000
Proceeds of refunding bonds		1,103,977		-		-		-
Proceeds to refunded bond escrow agent		(11,022,011)		_		_		(7,428,090)
Premium on issuance debt		-		_		_		321,752
								021,702
Total other financing sources		9,753,528		7,009,729		2,225,560		17,635,514
Net changes in fund balances	\$	3,385,062	\$	194,242	\$	(13,207,403)	\$	10,314,179
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures:								
Total debt service	\$	4,969,538	\$	5,362,474	\$	5,256,124	\$	5,413,044
Total expenditures	\$	49,545,755	\$	54,307,981	\$	59,764,218	\$	55,014,732
Less: capital outlay	Ψ	(7,762,053)	Ψ	(13,349,968)	Ψ	(14,847,451)	Ψ	(8,290,088)
Less. capital outlay		(1,102,033)		(13,347,700)		(14,047,431)		(0,270,000)
Noncapital expenditures	\$	41,783,702	\$	40,958,013	\$	44,916,767	\$	46,724,644
Debt service as a percentage								
of noncapital expenditures		11.89%		13.09%		11.70%		11.58%

Table 5 Page 2

			Fiscal Year J	une 30.		
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Ф	12 502 000 Ф	12.054.260 ф	12 (06 005 ф	12.014.600 ф	12.569.504 Ф	14 200 062
\$	12,503,998 \$		13,606,085 \$	13,814,622 \$	13,568,504 \$	14,389,962
	15,585,903	16,981,945	17,327,161	17,618,402	17,939,057 1,032,766	18,864,268 772,765
	432,971	435,554	391,407	1,073,586		,
	576,328	482,049	544,411	718,350	530,509	341,152
	686,183	514,491	1,768,730	1,796,693	1,785,866	2,185,769
	4,796,131	4,689,237 342,739	4,807,401	4,935,266	4,980,152	5,097,258
	1,853,390	,	594,544	1,646,901	1,318,658	961,402
	1,086,819	901,963	1,608,459	813,747	676,490	611,090
	8,715,734 46,237,457	12,354,864 49,557,211	17,460,860 58,109,058	12,815,853 55,233,420	12,249,130 54,081,132	15,380,716 58,604,382
		.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			.,,,,,,,,,,	
	919,953	960,836	949,680	1,645,525	395,084	249,418
	3,431,910	3,127,240	3,345,634	4,065,619	1,919,530	2,251,468
	401,794	412,454	517,214	470,940	854,433	738,157
	2,252,013	2,073,242	2,196,207	1,985,483	4,459,503	4,921,814
	10,883,307	11,262,769	12,551,566	12,507,687	13,488,315	13,242,169
	11,385,261	11,590,650	11,851,505	11,494,248	11,332,942	12,878,286
	7,321,436	6,916,341	7,462,632	7,833,710	8,060,847	7,845,039
	449,682	454,610	440,057	457,866	459,214	488,583
	1,938,591	1,382,400	1,489,006	1,562,694	1,591,679	1,663,251
	1,566,111	1,248,341	1,295,785	1,384,016	1,314,564	1,388,654
	-	2,444	706,939	688,604	660,000	716,544
	11,072,955	9,673,741	15,175,508	12,144,131	8,317,589	8,880,704
	3,187,341	8,184,465	3,026,278	1,799,341	2,300,000	2,505,000
	2,523,094	2,544,404	2,698,505	2,611,718	3,530,190	2,997,383
	57,333,448	59,833,937	63,706,516	60,651,582	58,683,890	60,766,470
	(11,095,991)	(10,276,726)	(5,597,458)	(5,418,162)	(4,602,758)	(2,162,088)
	3,687,699	2,648,127	2,489,417	2,292,323	2,350,030	6,930,644
	(1,671,281)	(3,206,258)	(581,921)	(799,473)	(848,368)	(5,423,779)
	-	8,253,567	-	-	17,830,000	-
	-	10,251,077	-	-	9,710,000	-
	-	(10,980,442)	-	-	(9,710,000)	-
	-	1,388,795	-	-	3,239,954	-
	2,016,418	8,354,866	1,907,496	1,492,850	22,571,616	1,506,865
\$	(9,079,573) \$	(1,921,860) \$	(3,689,962) \$	(3,925,312) \$	17,968,858 \$	(655,223)
Ψ	(2,012,213) \$	(1,721,000) \$	(3,007,702) \$	(3,723,312) \$	17,700,030 \$	(033,223)
\$	5,710,435 \$	10,728,869 \$	10,728,869 \$	4,411,059 \$	5,830,190 \$	5,502,383
\$	57,333,448 \$	59,833,937 \$	63,706,516 \$	60,651,582 \$	58,683,890 \$	60,766,470
	(10,821,569)	(9,801,397)	(15,621,225)	(15,485,939)	(11,091,705)	(10,812,959)
\$	46,511,879 \$	50,032,540 \$	48,085,291 \$	45,165,643 \$	47,592,185 \$	49,953,511
	-7- 17-12	, <del>-,</del> Ψ	-,,	-,, +	.,	. ,
	12.28%	21.44%	22.31%	9.77%	12.25%	11.02%
_	12.20/0	<b>∠1.</b> ¬₹/0	1/0	2.11/0	12.23/0	11.0270

Table 5 Page 3

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED)
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)
(Unaudited)

		-		
ı	N	0	tο	٠
ı	l N	•	L	

(1) The amounts used for capital outlay were obtained from the Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities. (Exhibit 6)

## FIVE-YEAR SUMMARY OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND FUND BALANCE - GENERAL FUND (Unaudited)

			Fiscal	Year June 30,		
	2012	2013		2014	2015	2016
Revenues						
General Property Taxes	\$ 12,854,369	\$ 13,606,085	\$	13,814,622	\$ 13,568,504	\$ 14,389,962
Other Local Taxes	16,981,945	17,327,161		17,618,402	17,939,057	18,864,268
Permits, Fees and Licenses	435,554	391,407		1,073,586	1,027,582	772,765
Fines & Forfeitures	482,049	544,411		718,350	530,509	341,152
Use of Money and Property	330,208	1,445,303		1,518,555	1,505,164	1,858,388
Charges for Services	4,689,237	4,807,401		4,935,266	4,980,152	5,097,258
Contributions and Proffers	8,500	1,843		144,779	322,341	816,676
Miscellaneous	893,025	945,249		767,665	675,833	179,817
Intergovernmental	7,751,751	8,026,851		8,319,316	8,591,204	9,182,482
Transfer from other funds	2,564,883	2,455,864		2,262,085	2,319,710	4,171,689
Total Revenues	46,991,521	49,551,575		51,172,626	51,460,056	55,674,457
Expenditures						
Legislative	960,836	949,680		1,645,525	395,084	249,418
Executive	3,127,240	3,345,634		4,065,619	1,919,530	2,251,468
Legal	412,454	517,214		470,940	854,433	738,157
Finance and administrative services	2,073,242	2,196,207		1,985,483	4,459,503	4,921,814
Public Safety	11,262,769	12,551,566		12,507,687	13,488,315	13,242,169
Public Works	11,590,650	11,851,505		11,494,248	11,332,942	12,878,286
Parks and Recreation	6,916,341	7,462,632		7,833,710	8,060,847	7,845,039
Balch Library	454,610	440,057		457,866	459,214	488,583
Planning and Zoning	1,382,400	1,489,006		1,562,694	1,591,679	1,663,251
Plan Review	1,248,341	1,295,785		1,384,016	1,314,564	1,388,654
Airport	2,444	706,939		688,604	660,000	716,544
Debt Service						
Principal Retirement	8,184,465	3,026,278		1,799,341	2,300,000	2,505,000
Interest Payments & Other Fiscal Charges	2,319,700	2,698,505		2,611,718	2,678,082	2,997,383
Transfers to other funds	2,345,026	-		-	-	1,027,223
Total Expenditures	52,280,518	48,531,008		48,507,451	49,514,193	52,912,989
Net change in fund balances	(5,288,997)	1,020,567		2,665,175	1,945,863	2,761,468
Fund balance, beginning of year	 22,438,541	17,149,544		18,170,111	20,835,286	22,781,149
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 17,149,544	\$ 18,170,111	\$	20,835,286	\$ 22,781,149	\$ 25,542,617

#### TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

**Last Ten Fiscal Years** 

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

(Unaudited)

		General																								
		Property							Co	ommunication									I	Business and		Motor				
Fiscal Year	Incl	uding Interest			(	Cable TV		Sales		Sales and		Bank					T	ransient 'ransient	(	Occupational	7	Vehicle				
June 30,	a	nd Penalty		Utility	]	Franchise		and Use		Use	]	Franchise	(	Cigarette		Meals	O	ccupancy		Licenses	L	Licenses		Other		Totals
2007	\$	13,527,146	¢.	1,841,456	•	187,913	Φ	3,928,453	¢.	1,064,590	¢	523,776	•	925,725	¢	3,189,314	¢	803,554	Ф	2,395,850	¢	605 949	¢	166 004	•	29,250,529
	Ф		\$		Ф	,	\$		Ф		Ф		Ф	,	\$		\$		Ф			,	\$	166,904	\$	
2008		13,417,267		1,452,715		42,071		4,085,457		2,482,642		464,023		871,299		3,198,750		681,540		2,544,890		754,651		164,250		30,159,555
2009		12,922,835		1,487,280		77,164		3,972,769		2,255,703		575,105		860,595		3,327,374		595,434		2,669,812		779,781		160,276		29,684,128
2010		12,363,461		1,489,727		104,425		3,841,961		2,265,108		763,421		805,298		3,326,332		567,223		2,708,180		781,127		213,782		29,230,045
2011		12,503,998		1,542,597		136,471		4,158,970		2,253,896		734,655		872,047		3,672,760		628,452		2,880,044		792,369		167,538		30,343,797
2012		12,854,369		1,495,345		155,894		4,509,128		2,208,092		791,656		1,133,071		4,418,067		661,939		2,860,659		812,863		143,323		32,044,406
2013		13,606,085		1,546,528		170,620		4,407,688		2,213,949		744,156		1,047,206		4,695,048		671,353		3,072,266		753,280		219,016		33,147,195
2014		13,814,622		1,564,500		252,006		4,167,178		2,176,277		875,046		980,759		4,827,853		689,778		3,292,385		806,461		162,436		33,609,301
2015		13,568,504		1,559,559		262,888		4,610,450		2,157,262		912,666		934,508		5,021,455		643,315		3,326,739		843,185		87,180		33,927,711
2016		14,389,962		1,525,755		266,397		5,141,458		2,093,398		987,523		905,450		5,247,114		736,315		3,152,175		829,452		339,026		35,614,025
Change																										
2007-2016		6%		-17%		42%		31%		97%		89%		-2%		65%		-8%		32%		19%		103%		22%

#### ASSESSED VALUE OF ALL TAXABLE PROPERTY Last Ten Calendar Years (Unaudited)

				Public Service	Corpo	orations <sup>3</sup>		
Real		Personal		Real		Personal	-	Total Assessed
Property <sup>1</sup>		Property <sup>2</sup>		Property		Property		Valuation
\$ 6,719,622,330	\$	398,908,199	\$	99,644,933	\$	1,820,292	\$	7,219,995,754
6,516,331,363		399,053,977		104,417,085		1,885,520		7,021,687,945
5,628,792,118		381,809,520		106,393,774		1,762,446		6,118,757,858
5,557,189,300		425,625,374		108,083,816		1,613,618		6,092,512,108
5,675,717,100		498,450,685		108,553,642		891,242		6,283,612,669
5,802,517,900		528,113,712		105,809,512		737,446		6,437,178,570
6,085,462,040		481,548,404		111,087,100		695,117		6,678,792,661
6,438,888,020		447,867,148		108,441,453		653,035		6,995,849,656
6,643,105,870		388,770,026		117,080,280		549,045		7,149,505,221
6,718,865,180		428,519,647		116,315,393		426,223		7,264,126,443
\$	Property <sup>1</sup> \$ 6,719,622,330 6,516,331,363 5,628,792,118 5,557,189,300 5,675,717,100 5,802,517,900 6,085,462,040 6,438,888,020 6,643,105,870	Property <sup>1</sup> \$ 6,719,622,330 \$ 6,516,331,363 5,628,792,118 5,557,189,300 5,675,717,100 5,802,517,900 6,085,462,040 6,438,888,020 6,643,105,870	Property <sup>1</sup> Property <sup>2</sup> \$ 6,719,622,330 \$ 398,908,199 6,516,331,363 399,053,977 5,628,792,118 381,809,520 5,557,189,300 425,625,374 5,675,717,100 498,450,685 5,802,517,900 528,113,712 6,085,462,040 481,548,404 6,438,888,020 447,867,148 6,643,105,870 388,770,026	Property <sup>1</sup> Property <sup>2</sup> \$ 6,719,622,330 \$ 398,908,199 \$ 6,516,331,363 399,053,977 5,628,792,118 381,809,520 5,557,189,300 425,625,374 5,675,717,100 498,450,685 5,802,517,900 528,113,712 6,085,462,040 481,548,404 6,438,888,020 447,867,148 6,643,105,870 388,770,026	Real Property¹         Personal Property²         Real Property           \$ 6,719,622,330 6,516,331,363 6,516,331,363 399,053,977 104,417,085 5,628,792,118 381,809,520 106,393,774 5,557,189,300 425,625,374 108,083,816 5,675,717,100 498,450,685 5,802,517,900 528,113,712 6,085,462,040 481,548,404 111,087,100 6,438,888,020 447,867,148 108,441,453 6,643,105,870 388,770,026 117,080,280	Real Property¹         Personal Property²         Real Property           \$ 6,719,622,330         \$ 398,908,199         \$ 99,644,933         \$ 6,516,331,363         \$ 399,053,977         104,417,085         \$ 5,628,792,118         381,809,520         106,393,774         5,557,189,300         425,625,374         108,083,816         5,675,717,100         498,450,685         108,553,642         5,802,517,900         528,113,712         105,809,512         6,085,462,040         481,548,404         111,087,100         6,438,888,020         447,867,148         108,441,453         6,643,105,870         388,770,026         117,080,280	Property¹         Property²         Property         Property           \$ 6,719,622,330         \$ 398,908,199         \$ 99,644,933         \$ 1,820,292           6,516,331,363         399,053,977         104,417,085         1,885,520           5,628,792,118         381,809,520         106,393,774         1,762,446           5,557,189,300         425,625,374         108,083,816         1,613,618           5,675,717,100         498,450,685         108,553,642         891,242           5,802,517,900         528,113,712         105,809,512         737,446           6,085,462,040         481,548,404         111,087,100         695,117           6,438,888,020         447,867,148         108,441,453         653,035           6,643,105,870         388,770,026         117,080,280         549,045	Real         Personal         Real         Personal           Property¹         Property²         Property         Property           \$ 6,719,622,330         \$ 398,908,199         \$ 99,644,933         \$ 1,820,292         \$ 6,516,331,363         \$ 399,053,977         104,417,085         1,885,520         \$ 1,885,520         \$ 1,628,446         \$ 1,762,446         \$ 1,762,446         \$ 1,762,446         \$ 1,613,618         \$ 1

Source: Department of Finance and Administrative Services, Town of Leesburg

- (1) Real property assessments are made by the Commissioner of the Revenue of Loudoun County for the concurrent use of the County and the Town. Real property assessed at 100% of its fair market value.
- (2) Personal property is assessed at 100% of depreciated fair market value.
- (3) Public Service Corporations are assessed by the State Corporation Commission.

Table 9

#### ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY **Last Ten Tax Years** (Unaudited)

					Public				Total		Total Taxable						Actual	Value as a
	Residential		Commercial		Service				Assessed		Assessed	Pero	ent	Tot	tal Direct		Taxable	Percentage of
	Property		Property	(	Corporation		Nontaxable		Value		Value	Cha	nge	T	ax Rate		Value	Actual Value
\$	5,511,505,030	\$	1,208,117,300	\$	101,465,225	\$	685,382,800	\$	7,506,470,355	\$	6,821,087,555		-2.0%	\$	0.18	\$	6,821,087,555	100%
	5,131,033,763		1,385,297,600		106,302,605		746,271,100		7,368,905,068		6,622,633,968		-2.9%		0.18		6,622,633,968	100%
	4,178,757,280		1,450,034,838		108,156,220		777,473,500		6,514,421,838		5,736,948,338	-	13.4%		0.195		5,736,948,338	100%
	4,099,937,100		1,457,252,200		109,697,434		725,232,500		6,392,119,234		5,666,886,734		-1.2%		0.195		5,666,886,734	100%
	4,225,241,300		1,450,475,800		109,444,884		817,713,100		6,602,875,084		5,785,161,984		2.1%		0.195		5,785,161,984	100%
	4,344,339,200		1,458,178,700		106,547,458		811,703,300		6,720,768,658		5,909,065,358		2.1%		0.195		5,909,065,358	100%
	4,549,312,500		1,536,149,540		111,503,098		811,261,540		7,008,226,678		6,196,965,138		4.9%		0.192		6,196,965,138	100%
	4,896,036,280		1,542,851,740		108,441,453		848,001,120		7,395,330,593		6,547,329,473		5.7%		0.183		6,547,329,473	100%
	5,080,543,570		1,562,562,300		117,629,325		868,365,540		7,629,100,735		6,643,105,870		1.5%		0.183		6,643,105,870	100%
	5,136,906,120		1,581,959,060		116,741,616		928,613,880		7,764,220,676		6,718,865,180		1.1%		0.186		6,151,146,110	100%
•	\$	\$ 5,511,505,030 5,131,033,763 4,178,757,280 4,099,937,100 4,225,241,300 4,344,339,200 4,549,312,500 4,896,036,280 5,080,543,570	\$ 5,511,505,030 \$ 5,131,033,763 4,178,757,280 4,099,937,100 4,225,241,300 4,344,339,200 4,549,312,500 4,896,036,280 5,080,543,570	Property         Property           \$ 5,511,505,030         \$ 1,208,117,300           5,131,033,763         1,385,297,600           4,178,757,280         1,450,034,838           4,099,937,100         1,457,252,200           4,225,241,300         1,450,475,800           4,344,339,200         1,458,178,700           4,549,312,500         1,536,149,540           4,896,036,280         1,542,851,740           5,080,543,570         1,562,562,300	Property         Property         O           \$ 5,511,505,030         \$ 1,208,117,300         \$ 5,131,033,763           \$ 5,131,033,763         1,385,297,600           \$ 4,178,757,280         1,450,034,838           \$ 4,099,937,100         1,457,252,200           \$ 4,225,241,300         1,450,475,800           \$ 4,344,339,200         1,458,178,700           \$ 4,549,312,500         1,536,149,540           \$ 4,896,036,280         1,542,851,740           \$ 5,080,543,570         1,562,562,300	Residential Property         Commercial Property         Service Corporation           \$ 5,511,505,030         \$ 1,208,117,300         \$ 101,465,225           5,131,033,763         1,385,297,600         106,302,605           4,178,757,280         1,450,034,838         108,156,220           4,099,937,100         1,457,252,200         109,697,434           4,225,241,300         1,450,475,800         109,444,884           4,344,339,200         1,458,178,700         106,547,458           4,549,312,500         1,536,149,540         111,503,098           4,896,036,280         1,542,851,740         108,441,453           5,080,543,570         1,562,562,300         117,629,325	Residential Property         Commercial Property         Service Corporation           \$ 5,511,505,030         \$ 1,208,117,300         \$ 101,465,225         \$ 5,131,033,763         1,385,297,600         106,302,605           4,178,757,280         1,450,034,838         108,156,220         4,099,937,100         1,457,252,200         109,697,434           4,225,241,300         1,450,475,800         109,444,884         4,344,339,200         1,458,178,700         106,547,458           4,549,312,500         1,536,149,540         111,503,098         4,896,036,280         1,542,851,740         108,441,453           5,080,543,570         1,562,562,300         117,629,325	Residential Property         Commercial Property         Service Corporation         Nontaxable           \$ 5,511,505,030         \$ 1,208,117,300         \$ 101,465,225         \$ 685,382,800           5,131,033,763         1,385,297,600         106,302,605         746,271,100           4,178,757,280         1,450,034,838         108,156,220         777,473,500           4,099,937,100         1,457,252,200         109,697,434         725,232,500           4,225,241,300         1,450,475,800         109,444,884         817,713,100           4,344,339,200         1,458,178,700         106,547,458         811,703,300           4,549,312,500         1,536,149,540         111,503,098         811,261,540           4,896,036,280         1,542,851,740         108,441,453         848,001,120           5,080,543,570         1,562,562,300         117,629,325         868,365,540	Residential Property         Commercial Property         Service Corporation         Nontaxable           \$ 5,511,505,030         \$ 1,208,117,300         \$ 101,465,225         \$ 685,382,800         \$ 5,131,033,763         1,385,297,600         106,302,605         746,271,100           4,178,757,280         1,450,034,838         108,156,220         777,473,500           4,099,937,100         1,457,252,200         109,697,434         725,232,500           4,225,241,300         1,450,475,800         109,444,884         817,713,100           4,344,339,200         1,458,178,700         106,547,458         811,703,300           4,549,312,500         1,536,149,540         111,503,098         811,261,540           4,896,036,280         1,542,851,740         108,441,453         848,001,120           5,080,543,570         1,562,562,300         117,629,325         868,365,540	Residential Property         Commercial Property         Service Corporation         Montaxable         Assessed Value           \$ 5,511,505,030         \$ 1,208,117,300         \$ 101,465,225         \$ 685,382,800         \$ 7,506,470,355           5,131,033,763         1,385,297,600         106,302,605         746,271,100         7,368,905,068           4,178,757,280         1,450,034,838         108,156,220         777,473,500         6,514,421,838           4,099,937,100         1,457,252,200         109,697,434         725,232,500         6,392,119,234           4,225,241,300         1,450,475,800         109,444,884         817,713,100         6,602,875,084           4,344,339,200         1,458,178,700         106,547,458         811,703,300         6,720,768,658           4,549,312,500         1,536,149,540         111,503,098         811,261,540         7,008,226,678           4,896,036,280         1,542,851,740         108,441,453         848,001,120         7,395,330,593           5,080,543,570         1,562,562,300         117,629,325         868,365,540         7,629,100,735	Residential Property         Commercial Property         Service Corporation         Nontaxable         Assessed Value           \$ 5,511,505,030         \$ 1,208,117,300         \$ 101,465,225         \$ 685,382,800         \$ 7,506,470,355         \$ 5,131,033,763         1,385,297,600         106,302,605         746,271,100         7,368,905,068           4,178,757,280         1,450,034,838         108,156,220         777,473,500         6,514,421,838           4,099,937,100         1,457,252,200         109,697,434         725,232,500         6,392,119,234           4,225,241,300         1,450,475,800         109,444,884         817,713,100         6,602,875,084           4,344,339,200         1,458,178,700         106,547,458         811,703,300         6,720,768,658           4,549,312,500         1,536,149,540         111,503,098         811,261,540         7,008,226,678           4,896,036,280         1,542,851,740         108,441,453         848,001,120         7,395,330,593           5,080,543,570         1,562,562,300         117,629,325         868,365,540         7,629,100,735	Residential Property         Commercial Property         Service Corporation         Assessed Nontaxable         Assessed Value         Assessed Value           \$ 5,511,505,030         \$ 1,208,117,300         \$ 101,465,225         \$ 685,382,800         \$ 7,506,470,355         \$ 6,821,087,555           5,131,033,763         1,385,297,600         106,302,605         746,271,100         7,368,905,068         6,622,633,968           4,178,757,280         1,450,034,838         108,156,220         777,473,500         6,514,421,838         5,736,948,338           4,099,937,100         1,457,252,200         109,697,434         725,232,500         6,392,119,234         5,666,886,734           4,225,241,300         1,450,475,800         109,444,884         817,713,100         6,602,875,084         5,785,161,984           4,344,339,200         1,458,178,700         106,547,458         811,703,300         6,720,768,658         5,909,065,358           4,549,312,500         1,536,149,540         111,503,098         811,261,540         7,008,226,678         6,196,965,138           4,896,036,280         1,542,851,740         108,441,453         848,001,120         7,395,330,593         6,547,329,473           5,080,543,570         1,562,562,300         117,629,325         868,365,540         7,629,100,735         6,643,105,870	Residential Property         Commercial Property         Service Corporation         Assessed Nontaxable         Assessed Value         Assessed Value         Perc Value           \$ 5,511,505,030         \$ 1,208,117,300         \$ 101,465,225         \$ 685,382,800         \$ 7,506,470,355         \$ 6,821,087,555           5,131,033,763         1,385,297,600         106,302,605         746,271,100         7,368,905,068         6,622,633,968           4,178,757,280         1,450,034,838         108,156,220         777,473,500         6,514,421,838         5,736,948,338           4,099,937,100         1,457,252,200         109,697,434         725,232,500         6,392,119,234         5,666,886,734           4,225,241,300         1,450,475,800         109,444,884         817,713,100         6,602,875,084         5,785,161,984           4,344,339,200         1,458,178,700         106,547,458         811,703,300         6,720,768,658         5,909,065,358           4,549,312,500         1,536,149,540         111,503,098         811,261,540         7,008,226,678         6,196,965,138           4,896,036,280         1,542,851,740         108,441,453         848,001,120         7,395,330,593         6,547,329,473           5,080,543,570         1,562,562,300         117,629,325         868,365,540         7,629,100,735	Residential Property         Commercial Property         Service Corporation         Assessed Nontaxable         Assessed Value         Assessed Value         Percent Value           \$ 5,511,505,030         \$ 1,208,117,300         \$ 101,465,225         \$ 685,382,800         \$ 7,506,470,355         \$ 6,821,087,555         -2.0%           5,131,033,763         1,385,297,600         106,302,605         746,271,100         7,368,905,068         6,622,633,968         -2.9%           4,178,757,280         1,450,034,838         108,156,220         777,473,500         6,514,421,838         5,736,948,338         -13.4%           4,099,937,100         1,457,252,200         109,697,434         725,232,500         6,392,119,234         5,666,886,734         -1.2%           4,225,241,300         1,450,475,800         109,444,884         817,713,100         6,602,875,084         5,785,161,984         2.1%           4,344,339,200         1,458,178,700         106,547,458         811,703,300         6,720,768,658         5,909,065,358         2.1%           4,549,312,500         1,536,149,540         111,503,098         811,261,540         7,008,226,678         6,196,965,138         4.9%           4,896,036,280         1,542,851,740         108,441,453         848,001,120         7,395,330,593         6,547,329,473	Residential Property         Commercial Property         Service Corporation         Assessed Nontaxable         Assessed Value         Assessed Value         Percent Value         To Change         To Change         To Change           \$ 5,511,505,030         \$ 1,208,117,300         \$ 101,465,225         \$ 685,382,800         \$ 7,506,470,355         \$ 6,821,087,555         -2.0%         \$ 5,131,033,763         1,385,297,600         106,302,605         746,271,100         7,368,905,068         6,622,633,968         -2.9%           4,178,757,280         1,450,034,838         108,156,220         777,473,500         6,514,421,838         5,736,948,338         -13.4%           4,099,937,100         1,457,252,200         109,697,434         725,232,500         6,392,119,234         5,666,886,734         -1.2%           4,225,241,300         1,450,475,800         109,444,884         817,713,100         6,602,875,084         5,785,161,984         2.1%           4,344,339,200         1,458,178,700         106,547,458         811,703,300         6,720,768,658         5,909,065,358         2.1%           4,549,312,500         1,536,149,540         111,503,098         811,261,540         7,008,226,678         6,196,965,138         4.9%           4,896,036,280         1,542,851,740         108,441,453         848,001,120 <t< td=""><td>Residential Property         Commercial Property         Service Corporation         Assessed Nontaxable         Assessed Value         Assessed Value         Percent Property         Total Direct Tax Rate           \$ 5,511,505,030         \$ 1,208,117,300         \$ 101,465,225         \$ 685,382,800         \$ 7,506,470,355         \$ 6,821,087,555         -2.0%         \$ 0.18           5,131,033,763         1,385,297,600         106,302,605         746,271,100         7,368,905,068         6,622,633,968         -2.9%         0.18           4,178,757,280         1,450,034,838         108,156,220         777,473,500         6,514,421,838         5,736,948,338         -13.4%         0.195           4,099,937,100         1,457,252,200         109,697,434         725,232,500         6,392,119,234         5,666,886,734         -1.2%         0.195           4,225,241,300         1,450,475,800         109,444,884         817,713,100         6,602,875,084         5,785,161,984         2.1%         0.195           4,344,339,200         1,458,178,700         106,547,458         811,703,300         6,720,768,658         5,909,065,358         2.1%         0.195           4,549,312,500         1,536,149,540         111,503,098         811,261,540         7,008,226,678         6,196,965,138         4.9%         0.192</td><td>Residential Property         Commercial Property         Service Corporation         Assessed Nontaxable         Assessed Value         Assessed Value         Percent Property         Total Direct Tax Rate           \$ 5,511,505,030         \$ 1,208,117,300         \$ 101,465,225         \$ 685,382,800         \$ 7,506,470,355         \$ 6,821,087,555         -2.0%         \$ 0.18         \$ 5,131,033,763         1,385,297,600         106,302,605         746,271,100         7,368,905,068         6,622,633,968         -2.9%         0.18         \$ 6,178,772,280         1,450,034,838         108,156,220         777,473,500         6,514,421,838         5,736,948,338         -13.4%         0.195         6,392,119,234         5,666,886,734         -1.2%         0.195         6,392,119,234         5,666,886,734         -1.2%         0.195         6,422,5241,300         1,450,475,800         109,444,884         817,713,100         6,602,875,084         5,785,161,984         2.1%         0.195         4,344,339,200         1,458,178,700         106,547,458         811,703,300         6,720,768,658         5,909,065,358         2.1%         0.195         4,549,312,500         1,536,149,540         111,503,098         811,261,540         7,008,226,678         6,196,965,138         4.9%         0.192         4,896,036,280         1,542,851,740         108,441,453         848,001,120         <td< td=""><td>Residential PropertyCommercial PropertyService CorporationAssessed NontaxableAssessed ValueAssessed ValuePercent ValueTotal Direct Tax RateTaxable Value\$ 5,511,505,030\$ 1,208,117,300\$ 101,465,225\$ 685,382,800\$ 7,506,470,355\$ 6,821,087,555-2.0%\$ 0.18\$ 6,821,087,5555,131,033,7631,385,297,600106,302,605746,271,1007,368,905,0686,622,633,968-2.9%0.186,622,633,9684,178,757,2801,450,034,838108,156,220777,473,5006,514,421,8385,736,948,338-13.4%0.1955,736,948,3384,099,937,1001,457,252,200109,697,434725,232,5006,392,119,2345,666,886,734-1.2%0.1955,666,886,7344,225,241,3001,450,475,800109,444,884817,713,1006,602,875,0845,785,161,9842.1%0.1955,785,161,9844,344,339,2001,458,178,700106,547,458811,703,3006,720,768,6585,909,065,3582.1%0.1955,909,065,3584,549,312,5001,536,149,540111,503,098811,261,5407,008,226,6786,196,965,1384.9%0.1926,196,965,1384,896,036,2801,542,851,740108,441,453848,001,1207,395,330,5936,547,329,4735.7%0.1836,547,329,4735,080,543,5701,562,562,300117,629,325868,365,5407,629,100,7356,643,105,8701.5%0.1836,643,105,870</td></td<></td></t<>	Residential Property         Commercial Property         Service Corporation         Assessed Nontaxable         Assessed Value         Assessed Value         Percent Property         Total Direct Tax Rate           \$ 5,511,505,030         \$ 1,208,117,300         \$ 101,465,225         \$ 685,382,800         \$ 7,506,470,355         \$ 6,821,087,555         -2.0%         \$ 0.18           5,131,033,763         1,385,297,600         106,302,605         746,271,100         7,368,905,068         6,622,633,968         -2.9%         0.18           4,178,757,280         1,450,034,838         108,156,220         777,473,500         6,514,421,838         5,736,948,338         -13.4%         0.195           4,099,937,100         1,457,252,200         109,697,434         725,232,500         6,392,119,234         5,666,886,734         -1.2%         0.195           4,225,241,300         1,450,475,800         109,444,884         817,713,100         6,602,875,084         5,785,161,984         2.1%         0.195           4,344,339,200         1,458,178,700         106,547,458         811,703,300         6,720,768,658         5,909,065,358         2.1%         0.195           4,549,312,500         1,536,149,540         111,503,098         811,261,540         7,008,226,678         6,196,965,138         4.9%         0.192	Residential Property         Commercial Property         Service Corporation         Assessed Nontaxable         Assessed Value         Assessed Value         Percent Property         Total Direct Tax Rate           \$ 5,511,505,030         \$ 1,208,117,300         \$ 101,465,225         \$ 685,382,800         \$ 7,506,470,355         \$ 6,821,087,555         -2.0%         \$ 0.18         \$ 5,131,033,763         1,385,297,600         106,302,605         746,271,100         7,368,905,068         6,622,633,968         -2.9%         0.18         \$ 6,178,772,280         1,450,034,838         108,156,220         777,473,500         6,514,421,838         5,736,948,338         -13.4%         0.195         6,392,119,234         5,666,886,734         -1.2%         0.195         6,392,119,234         5,666,886,734         -1.2%         0.195         6,422,5241,300         1,450,475,800         109,444,884         817,713,100         6,602,875,084         5,785,161,984         2.1%         0.195         4,344,339,200         1,458,178,700         106,547,458         811,703,300         6,720,768,658         5,909,065,358         2.1%         0.195         4,549,312,500         1,536,149,540         111,503,098         811,261,540         7,008,226,678         6,196,965,138         4.9%         0.192         4,896,036,280         1,542,851,740         108,441,453         848,001,120 <td< td=""><td>Residential PropertyCommercial PropertyService CorporationAssessed NontaxableAssessed ValueAssessed ValuePercent ValueTotal Direct Tax RateTaxable Value\$ 5,511,505,030\$ 1,208,117,300\$ 101,465,225\$ 685,382,800\$ 7,506,470,355\$ 6,821,087,555-2.0%\$ 0.18\$ 6,821,087,5555,131,033,7631,385,297,600106,302,605746,271,1007,368,905,0686,622,633,968-2.9%0.186,622,633,9684,178,757,2801,450,034,838108,156,220777,473,5006,514,421,8385,736,948,338-13.4%0.1955,736,948,3384,099,937,1001,457,252,200109,697,434725,232,5006,392,119,2345,666,886,734-1.2%0.1955,666,886,7344,225,241,3001,450,475,800109,444,884817,713,1006,602,875,0845,785,161,9842.1%0.1955,785,161,9844,344,339,2001,458,178,700106,547,458811,703,3006,720,768,6585,909,065,3582.1%0.1955,909,065,3584,549,312,5001,536,149,540111,503,098811,261,5407,008,226,6786,196,965,1384.9%0.1926,196,965,1384,896,036,2801,542,851,740108,441,453848,001,1207,395,330,5936,547,329,4735.7%0.1836,547,329,4735,080,543,5701,562,562,300117,629,325868,365,5407,629,100,7356,643,105,8701.5%0.1836,643,105,870</td></td<>	Residential PropertyCommercial PropertyService CorporationAssessed NontaxableAssessed ValueAssessed ValuePercent ValueTotal Direct Tax RateTaxable Value\$ 5,511,505,030\$ 1,208,117,300\$ 101,465,225\$ 685,382,800\$ 7,506,470,355\$ 6,821,087,555-2.0%\$ 0.18\$ 6,821,087,5555,131,033,7631,385,297,600106,302,605746,271,1007,368,905,0686,622,633,968-2.9%0.186,622,633,9684,178,757,2801,450,034,838108,156,220777,473,5006,514,421,8385,736,948,338-13.4%0.1955,736,948,3384,099,937,1001,457,252,200109,697,434725,232,5006,392,119,2345,666,886,734-1.2%0.1955,666,886,7344,225,241,3001,450,475,800109,444,884817,713,1006,602,875,0845,785,161,9842.1%0.1955,785,161,9844,344,339,2001,458,178,700106,547,458811,703,3006,720,768,6585,909,065,3582.1%0.1955,909,065,3584,549,312,5001,536,149,540111,503,098811,261,5407,008,226,6786,196,965,1384.9%0.1926,196,965,1384,896,036,2801,542,851,740108,441,453848,001,1207,395,330,5936,547,329,4735.7%0.1836,547,329,4735,080,543,5701,562,562,300117,629,325868,365,5407,629,100,7356,643,105,8701.5%0.1836,643,105,870

<sup>(1)</sup> Real and personal property tax assessments are made by the Loudoun County Assessor's Office and the Commissioner of the Revenue for the County of Loudoun, Virginia for current use of the County and Town property. Real and personal property taxes of public service corporations are assessed by the State Corporation Commission.

<sup>(2)</sup> The tax rate presented here is for real property only, as personal property assessments are not a major revenue source.

#### DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES Last Ten Tax Years (Unaudited)

		Tax Rate	es - To	wn		Tax Rates	s - Cou	ınty	T	ax Rates -	Comb	oined
		Real	Pe	ersonal	]	Real	Pe	ersonal	- I	Real	Per	rsonal
Tax Year	Pr	roperty	Pr	operty	Pr	operty	Pr	operty	Pro	operty	Pro	perty
2007	\$	0.18	\$	1.00	\$	0.96	\$	4.20	\$	1.14	\$	5.20
2008		0.18		1.00		1.14		4.20		1.32		5.20
2009		0.195		1.00		1.245		4.20		1.44		5.20
2010		0.195		1.00		1.300		4.20		1.50		5.20
2011		0.195		1.00		1.285		4.20		1.48		5.20
2012		0.195		1.00		1.235		4.20		1.43		5.20
2013		0.192		1.00		1.205		4.20		1.40		5.20
2014		0.183		1.00		1.155		4.20		1.34		5.20
2015		0.183		1.00		1.135		4.20		1.32		5.20
2016		0.186		1.00		1.145		4.20		1.33		5.20

- (1) These rates are per \$100.00 of assessed value for real estate and personal property.
- (2) The Commonwealth of Virginia has no limitations on local tax rates.
- (3) Real property taxes are due in semi-annual installments by June 5 and December 5, and become delinquent thereafter.
- (4) No discounts are allowed for early payment.
- (5) Residents of incorporated towns in the Commonwealth of Virginia are subject to real property and personal property taxes levied by the town and the county where they reside.
- (6) The assessed values of all real estate components are taxed at the same rate.

### Table 11

#### TOWN OF LEESBURG, VIRGINIA

#### PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS Current Year and Nine Years Ago (Unaudited)

		2016			2007	
			Percentage of Total Town			Percentage of Total Town
	Taxable		Taxable	Taxable		Taxable
	Assessed		Assessed	Assessed		Assessed
Taxpayer	Value	Rank	Value	 Value	Rank	Value
Chelsea GCA Realty Partnership LP	\$ 196,055,180	1	2.95%	\$ 117,154,900	1	1.72%
Carlyle/Cypress Leesburg LLC	188,519,240	2	2.84%	-		-
Federal Realty Investment Trust	61,313,700	3	0.92%	-		-
RPAI Leesburg Fort Evans LLC	52,260,870	4	0.79%	-		-
Potomac Station (E&A) LLC	48,380,830	5	0.73%	-		-
Windsor at Fieldstone Ltd Partnership	46,302,710	6	0.70%	41,589,500	7	0.61%
C H Realty III/Battlefield LLC	44,800,320	7	0.67%	50,600,800	4	0.74%
Fund IX CB Leesburg LLC	38,983,380	8	0.59%	-		-
Toll Road Investors Partnership II LP	32,145,700	9	0.48%	35,195,500	9	0.52%
NA Properties Inc	30,840,270	10	0.46%	-		-
TollStratford LLC	-		-	67,173,200	2	0.98%
Comstock Bellemeade LC	-		-	60,348,500	3	0.88%
Washington-VA Tradnl Sites Inc	-		-	48,209,400	5	0.71%
Loudoun Memorial Hospital	-		-	45,283,300	6	0.66%
F R Leesburg Plaza LP	-		-	35,762,700	8	0.52%
Fort Evans Plaza Ltd Partnership	-		-	27,438,900	10	0.40%
Total	\$ 739,602,200		11.13%	\$ 528,756,700		7.75%

#### REAL PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS Last Ten Calendar Years (Unaudited)

Collected Within the Calendar Year of the Levy Total Collections to Date Taxes Levied Collections in for the Percentage Percentage Subsequent Calendar Year Calendar Year Amount of Levy Years Amount of Levy \$ 2007 \$ 11,691,741 98.01% 232,527 \$ 100.00% \$ 11,459,214 11,691,741 2008 11,290,166 11,149,611 98.76% 140,555 11,290,166 100.00% 2009 10,538,879 10,449,784 99.15% 89,095 10,538,879 100.00% 2010 10,676,311 10,310,140 96.57% 189,473 10,499,613 98.34% 2011 10,895,274 10,524,694 96.60% 203,074 10,727,768 98.46% 2012 11,192,115 10,801,017 188,007 98.19% 96.51% 10,989,024 2013 11,604,493 11,238,476 96.85% 144,420 11,382,896 98.09% 2014 11,798,872 11,521,989 97.65% 60,799 11,582,788 98.17% 2015 12,165,784 11,907,102 97.87% 15,779 11,922,882 98.00% 2016 12,531,383 (1) 6,246,209 49.84% 6,246,209 49.84%

#### PERSONAL PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS Last Ten Calendar Years (Unaudited)

		Collected	Within the			
		Calendar Yea	ar of the Levy		Total Collection	ons to Date
Calendar Year	axes Levied for the dendar Year	Amount	Percentage of Levy	llections in ubsequent Years	Amount	Percentage of Levy
2007	\$ 3,014,074	\$ 2,632,809	87.35%	\$ 267,600	\$ 2,900,409	96.23%
2008	3,082,562	2,868,479	93.06%	43,029	2,911,508	94.45%
2009	3,617,762	3,052,346	84.37%	414,722	3,467,068	95.83%
2010	3,836,033	3,214,465	83.80%	458,527	3,672,992	95.75%
2011	3,678,977	2,933,507	79.74%	602,001	3,535,508	96.10%
2012	2,970,333	2,228,032	75.01%	542,725	2,770,757	93.28%
2013	3,187,019	2,516,946	78.97%	468,122	2,985,068	93.66%
2014	286,541 (2)	43,155	15.06%	241,020	284,175	99.17%
2015	3,023,010 (3)	2,311,086	76.45%	541,192	2,852,278	94.35%
2016	3,068,430	2,381,218	77.60%	-	2,381,218	77.60%

- (1) The amounts for calendar year 2016 reflect only the first half of the collections. The second half is due December 5.
- (2) There was no personal property tax levied in calendar year 2014. The due date was moved from October 2014 to May 2015 by Town Council action. Levies and collections were made in fiscal year 2015.
- (3) The Real Estate portion of Public Service Corporation is included in years 2012-2016 under Personal Property Tax levied and collected.

#### Table 13

#### RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE AND GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

												General Bonded			General Bonded
	(	Governmental	Busine	ess-T	Γvne							Debt			Debt
		Activities		ivitie	- 1			Percentage of				Outstanding	Percentage of	Outstanding	
		General			General		Total	Per Capita	Debt			General	Actual Taxable		Debt
Fiscal Year		Obligation	Revenue		Obligation		Primary	Personal	Per			Obligation	Value of		Per
June 30,		Bonds	Bonds		Bonds	(	Government	Income	Capita		Bonds		Property	Capita	
2007	\$	47,462,800	\$ 11,959,468	\$	61,995,928	\$	121,418,196	4.95%	\$ 3,1	95	\$	109,458,728	1.60%	\$	2,880
2008		49,247,926	10,873,269		60,946,132		121,067,327	4.62%	3,1	48		109,295,096	1.65%		2,863
2009		46,049,215	9,406,325		59,794,989		115,250,529	4.55%	2,9	83		105,844,204	1.83%		2,758
2010		58,356,575	7,876,307		64,372,534		130,605,416	4.94%	3,0	65		122,729,109	2.17%		3,162
2011		55,175,219	6,282,575		62,995,669		124,453,463	4.42%	2,8	94		118,170,888	2.04%		2,748
2012		59,994,727	4,204,897		63,735,361		127,934,985	4.37%	2,8	81		123,730,088	2.09%		2,787
2013		56,946,559	4,204,897		63,074,316		124,225,772	4.31%	2,7	04		120,020,875	1.94%		2,613
2014		57,234,740	4,204,897		62,564,875		124,004,512	4.18%	2,6	01		119,799,615	1.83%		2,513
2015		70,620,000	3,886,950		61,375,000		135,881,950	4.38%	2,7	45		131,995,000	1.99%		2,667
2016		68,115,000	3,234,264		59,795,000		131,144,264	4.00%	2,5	61		127,910,000	2.08%		2,498

- (1) Details regarding the Town's outstanding debt may be found in the notes to the financial statements.
- (2) Population and personal income data can be found in Table 17.
- (3) See Table 9 for property value data.
- (4) The outstanding amounts of the bonds are presented inclusive of premiums and discounts.

# DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT June 30, 2016 (Unaudited)

Governmental Unit	Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable	(	Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt
Loudoun County, Virginia	\$ 1,244,497,725	9.72%	\$	120,999,542
Town Direct Debt				68,115,000
Total direct and overlapping debt			\$	189,114,542

- (1) Overlapping debt is not bonded debt of the Town on either a direct or contingent basis, but represents the share of debt of overlapping governmental entities which the residents of the Town are obligated to pay through direct tax levies and charges for services of these respective governmental entities. The debt of Loudoun County, Virginia is a direct general obligation debt of the County which provides facilities that benefit all County residents including those of incorporated towns.
- (2) The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed real property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the Town's taxable assessed value that is within the government's boundaries and dividing it by the County's taxable assessed value.

#### LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	 Fiscal Year June 30,															
	2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013	2014	2015	2016
Debt limit	\$ 682,108,756	\$	662,263,397	\$	573,694,834	\$	566,688,673	\$	578,516,198	\$	590,906,536	\$	619,696,514	\$ 654,732,947	\$ 664,310,587	\$ 671,886,518
Total net debt applicable to limit	47,462,800		48,843,551		45,635,632		58,871,267		55,683,926		59,915,619		56,946,559	57,234,740	70,620,000	68,115,000
Available legal debt margin	\$ 634,645,956	\$	613,419,846	\$	528,059,202	\$	507,817,406	\$	522,832,272	\$	530,990,917	\$	562,749,955	\$ 597,498,207	\$ 593,690,587	\$ 603,771,518
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	6.96%		7.38%		7.95%		10.39%		9.63%		10.14%		9.19%	8.74%	10.63%	10.14%
Legal debt margin calculation for fiscal year 2016 Assessed value of real estate	\$ 6,718,865,180	=				G	ummary of outsi cross bonded deb ess: enterprise d	ot	C	\$	131,144,264 63,029,264					
Debt limit (10% of assessed value) Debt applicable to limit: Net direct debt outstanding	\$ 671,886,518 68,115,000	-					eneral obligatio			\$	68,115,000					
Available legal debt margin	\$ 603,771,518	=														

#### Note:

(1) Section 15.1-176 of 1950 *Code of Virginia*, as amended, limits to 10% the assessed valuation of the real estate subject to taxation as the amount of debt which can be issued by the Town. Debt includes any bonds or other interest bearing obligations including existing indebtedness. Excluded from the debt margin calculation are bonds payable from enterprise funds issued under Article VII Section 10(a)(2) of the Constitution of Virginia.

#### BOND COVERAGE Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Utilities Fund

		Utility			Net					
Fiscal Year		Service		Operating	Available		D	ebt Service		
June 30,	Charges		Expenses		Revenue	Principal		Interest	Total	Coverage
2007	\$	16,001,587	\$	9,148,988	\$ 6,852,599	\$ 936,674	\$	2,960,168	\$ 3,896,842	1.76
2008		16,308,332		10,395,918	5,912,414	1,960,097		2,900,936	4,861,033	1.22
2009		20,036,243		10,604,076	9,432,167	2,507,721		2,795,787	5,303,508	1.78
2010		15,878,286		10,278,205	5,600,081	2,665,601		2,751,430	5,417,031	1.03
2011		16,434,880		10,140,178	6,294,702	2,606,022		2,851,913	5,457,935	1.15
2012		17,110,830		10,282,888	6,827,942	2,050,000		2,705,326	4,755,326	1.44
2013		17,231,686		10,218,722	7,012,964	715,000		3,216,795	3,931,795	1.78
2014		17,983,513		11,385,489	6,598,024	789,593		2,961,708	3,751,301	1.76
2015		18,081,938		10,369,729	7,712,209	2,300,000		2,111,102	4,411,102	1.75
2016		20,898,668		11,254,828	9,643,840	2,232,686		2,911,379	5,144,065	1.87

- (1) Utility service charges include all revenues of the fund except gains on sales of capital assets, developer donated assets, capital grants, and transfers in.
- (2) Operating expenses are exclusive of depreciation and amortization, interest expense, losses on sales of capital assets, and transfers out.
- (3) In 2006, the Utilities Fund principal payments do not include outstanding principal paid for defeasance of debt of \$17.585 million. The fund does not include the principal payment of \$870,000 paid at June 30 that was due July 1, 2006. Interest does not include the deferred loss written off during the year.

#### DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

		(2)	
	(2)	Per Capita	(3)
(1)	Personal	Personal	Unemployment
Population	Income	Income	Rate
38,417 \$	2,454,569,858	\$ 59,594	2.00%
39,590	2,622,830,919	63,405	2.80%
40,824	2,532,824,829	60,600	4.60%
41,818	2,643,470,480	62,030	5.30%
43,000	2,815,198,809	65,283	5.00%
44,400	2,926,601,700	67,628	4.80%
45,936	2,880,567,448	66,062	4.70%
47,673	2,964,626,464	67,384	4.50%
49,496	3,099,820,513	70,057	3.70%
51,209	3,282,148,524	73,720	3.10%
	Population  38,417 \$ 39,590 40,824 41,818 43,000 44,400 45,936 47,673 49,496	(1)       Personal Income         38,417       \$ 2,454,569,858         39,590       2,622,830,919         40,824       2,532,824,829         41,818       2,643,470,480         43,000       2,815,198,809         44,400       2,926,601,700         45,936       2,880,567,448         47,673       2,964,626,464         49,496       3,099,820,513	(1)         Per Capita           Population         Personal Income         Personal Income           38,417         \$ 2,454,569,858         \$ 59,594           39,590         2,622,830,919         63,405           40,824         2,532,824,829         60,600           41,818         2,643,470,480         62,030           43,000         2,815,198,809         65,283           44,400         2,926,601,700         67,628           45,936         2,880,567,448         66,062           47,673         2,964,626,464         67,384           49,496         3,099,820,513         70,057

- (1) 2010: US Bureau of Census, 2010 Decennial Census. 2007-2009, 2011-2016: U.S. Census Bureau Annual Population Estimates.
- (2) Per capita and personal income information is not maintained for towns in Virginia. The amounts used here are for the County of Loudoun, Virginia, which the Town lies within. Information for per capita personal income is sourced from the Bureau of Economic Analysis' November 20, 2014 release for 2007 to 2013. 2014-2016 values are estimates from the Loudoun County Department of Management and Budget.
- (3) Unemployment rates are available for some towns in Virginia, including Leesburg. The information provided is sourced from the Bureau of Labor Statistics, Local Area Unemployment Statistics, October 19, 2015, month of June each year. Values of previous years have been revised.

#### PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS Current Year and Nine Years Ago (Unaudited)

	2016	2007			
Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total Employment	Employees	Rank
Loudoun County Government	2,000-2,500	1	9.5%	1,500-2,000	1
Loudoun County Public Schools	1,500-2,000	2	7.5%	1,000-1,500	2
Federal Aviation Administration	500-1,000	3	2.2%	500-1,000	3
Town of Leesburg	500-1,000	4	2.0%	250-500	4
Wegmans	250-500	5	1.7%	-	-
Mastec Services	250-500	6	1.6%	-	-
Commonwealth of Virginia	250-500	7	1.3%	-	-
Target	250-500	8	1.2%	250-500	6
K2M	250-500	9	1.1%	-	-
Costco	100-250	10	0.9%	250-500	8
Walmart	-	-		100-250	9
Southern Electric	-	-		250-500	7
Loudoun Medical Group	-	-		250-500	5
Rehau	-	-		100-250	10

Sources: Town of Leesburg Economic Development Department

## FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT TOWN GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM

**Last Ten Fiscal Years** 

(Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year June 30,									
Function/Program	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Town Manager's Office	6.0	6.0	6.5	8.5	9.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	7.0	8.0
Town Attorney	2.0	2.0	2.6	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	5.0	5.0
Clerk of Council	2.0	2.0	1.5	1.5	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Finance	19.5	19.5	19.5	19.5	19.5	16.0	16.0	15.5	15.5	17.5
Human Resources	8.0	10.5	9.5	7.5	7.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0
Information Technology	5.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0
Public Safety	93.0	95.0	96.0	98.0	101.0	101.0	101.0	101.0	103.0	103.0
Public Works & Capital Projects	61.0	61.0	54.0	53.0	53.0	49.0	49.0	49.0	49.0	53.0
Capital Projects Management	9.0	9.0	10.0	11.0	10.0	10.6	10.6	9.4	6.0	-
Utilities	86.0	86.0	85.0	84.0	80.5	78.5	78.0	78.0	78.0	81.0
Parks, Recreation and Cultural	95.1	96.8	109.8	112.2	111.0	107.1	107.1	107.1	107.5	107.5
Balch Library	6.0	6.0	6.2	6.2	6.2	5.2	5.2	5.2	5.2	5.2
Planning & Zoning	23.0	23.0	16.0	16.0	16.0	11.0	11.0	12.0	12.0	12.0
Plan Review	-	-	13.0	14.0	12.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	8.0
Economic Development	3.0	3.0	4.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
Airport	5.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
Total	423.6	429.8	443.6	446.4	441.2	411.4	410.9	410.2	412.2	415.2

Source: Town of Leesburg Fiscal Year Budgets

Notes:

(1) Plan review department established in fiscal year 2009. Employees were transferred from planning and zoning and public works.

(2) Public Works and Capital Projects Management were merged in fiscal year 2016.

#### OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM Last Ten Calendar Years (Unaudited)

					Fiscal Year J	une 30,											
Function/Program	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016 (1)							
Police:																	
Calls for service	54,438	56,786	54,235	45,236	50,832	47,864	49,764	51,028	54,261	32.820							
Adult arrest	1,510	1,400	1,324	1,302	1,468	1,244	1,063	1,189	710	492							
Juvenile arrest	289	155	220	286	319	237	121	165	83	44							
Speeding citations only	1,433	1,525	1,570	1,636	1,662	1,736	1,764	1,260	1,542	742							
Traffic citations	5,547	6,238	5,751	7,328	6,795	5,567	5,580	7,064	4,827	3,060							
Administration:																	
Applications processed (full and part-time)	2,262	2,106	1,983	1,244	1,712	1,879	1,276	2,528	3,141	2,298							
Positions advertised (full and part-time)	44	49	9	16	42	70	56	109	132	101							
New hires (full and part-time)	187	165	98	133	130	142	124	166	200	145							
Reportable accidents	55	24	25	76	37	25	24	20	26	13							
All town training sessions	20	45	27	34	20	47	38	29	30	33							
Public service:																	
Garbage collected (ton)	20,662	21,105	17,407	16,829	18,024	18,185	13,639	13,183	15,489	11,918							
Recycle collected (ton)	6,460	7,096	7,580	8,396	9,776	10,355	7,766	5,226	7,529	5,060							
Parks and recreation:																	
Recreation program attendance	12,968	18,682	13,901	15,161	23,306	14,883	11,160	11,174	12,374	10,095							
Aquatics program attendance	6,374	5,989	7,915	10,650	9,902	7,781	5,835	8,008	7,996	5,764							
Utilities:																	
New water connections	90	100	93	67	94	116	87	116	59	81							
New wastewater connections	90	100	93	67	85	100	84	114	57	79							
Average daily water consumption (mgd)	5	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4							
Average daily sewage treatment (mgd)	4	5	4	5	5	4	4	4	4	4							
Average daily sewage treatment (mgu)	4	3	4	3	3	+	+	7	4	4							
Airport:																	
Number of hangars rented	50	40	41	41	57	57	57	57	57	57							
Number of tie-downs rented	146	108	125	122	120	110	102	108	101	98							
Number of incidents on airport property	-	3	-	-	1	1	-	2	-	-							

Note:

(1) Through September 30.

Source: Various Town departments

# CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

					Fiscal Year.	June 30,									
Function/Program	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016					
Police protection:															
Number of stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1					
Streets:															
Primary (miles)	12	13	14	15	15	15	15	15	15	15					
Secondary (miles)	89	90	91	91	91	92	92	92	92	92					
Traffic signals	36	42	49	50	51	52	54	56	56	59					
Number of street lights	2,070	2,179	2,479	2,614	2,654	2,700	2,791	2,920	2,993	3,089					
Parks and recreation:															
Parks - number of acres*	361	361	361	361	361	361	361	361	370	370					
Major parks - number of acres*	265	265	265	265	265	265	265	265	265	265					
Neighborhood parks - number of acres	96	96	96	96	96	96	96	96	105	105					
Baseball/softball diamonds	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6					
Soccer/football fields	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3					
Basketball courts	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4					
Tennis courts	7	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11					
Swimming pools	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3					
Parks with playground equipment	6	6	5	5	5	5	5	6	6	6					
Picnic shelters	6	6	4	4	4	4	4	5	5	5					
Community centers	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1					
Balch Library:															
Facilities	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1					
Volumes	30,029	32,474	37,194	41,227	59,423	61,377	70,717	74,262	76,203	77,899					
Water:															
Wells	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1					
Water lines (miles)	206	208	209	215	218	217	218	218	218	218					
Fire hydrants	2,234	2,332	2,347	2,367	2,459	2,589	2,598	2,595	2,606	2,606					
Storage capacity (mgd)	5	5	7	8	8	8	8	8	8	8					
Number of customers	14,785	15,035	15,120	15,142	15,159	15,292	15,509	15,553	15,634	15,712					
Sewers:															
Sanitary sewers (miles)	172	171	172	175	169	172	172	172	174	174					
Storm sewers (miles)	120	127	129	131	134	134	137	137	144	144					
Number of customers	14,953	15,139	15,155	15,039	15,178	15,347	15,391	15,453	15,579	15,657					
Airport:															
Hangars	51	41	41	57	57	57	57	57	57	57					
Tie-downs	146	116	131	133	122	120	120	120	120	120					

Note:

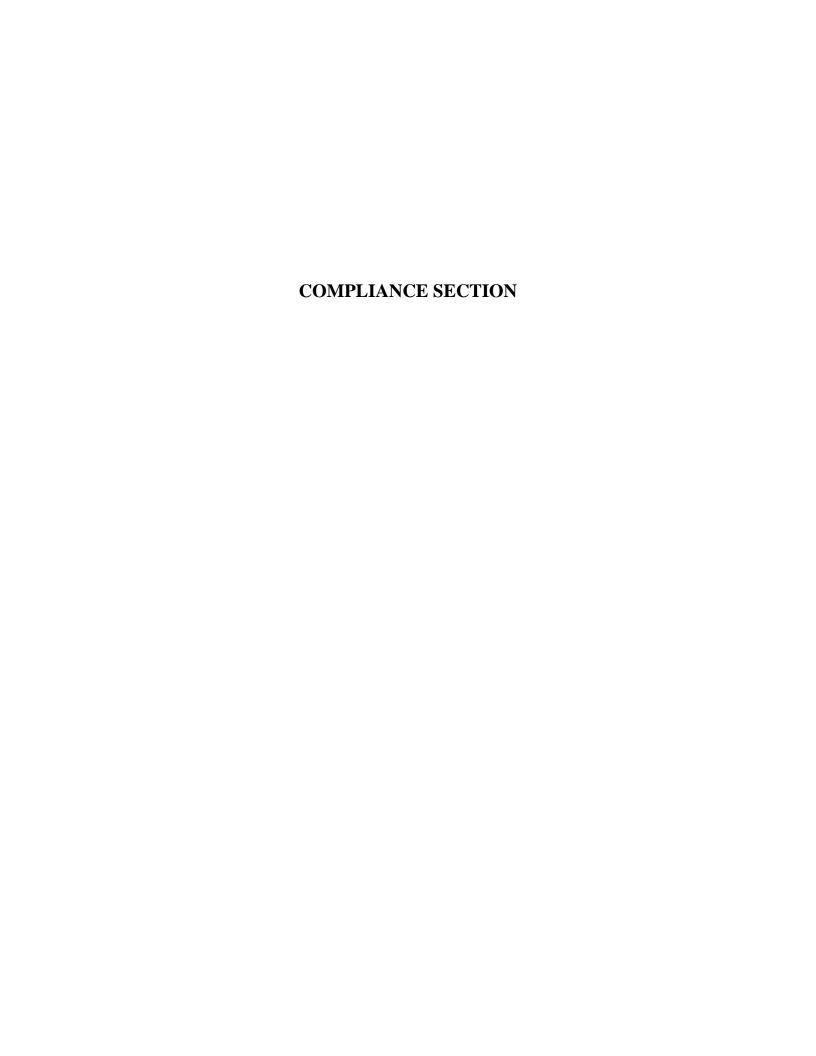
Source: Various Town departments

<sup>\*</sup> Includes 21 acres of leased property (Izaak Walton Park) the Town maintains and runs as a park.

# LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION FOR BOND COVENANT CONTINUING DISCLOSURE June 30, 2016 (Unaudited)

Assessed Value of Real Estate		\$ 6,718,865,180
Legal Debt Limit-10% to total Assessed Value of Real Estate		\$ 671,886,518
Total amount of debt applicable to debt margin (1) Less: 1999 Revenue Bond (2) Net amount of debt applicable to debt margin	\$ 131,144,264 3,234,264	127,910,000
Legal Margin for Creation of Additional Debt		\$ 543,976,518

- (1) See Table 15 Gross Bonded Debt
- (2) See Table 13 Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type and General Bonded Debt Outstanding



## SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS Year Ended June 30, 2016

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor Program Title	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through to Subrecipient	Expenditures
Trogram True	Number	Nullibei	Subrecipient	Expenditures
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE				
Pass-Through Payments:				
Virginia State Police				
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	Not provided	16.738	\$ -	\$ 1,425
Pass-Through Payments:				
Town of Vienna, Virginia				
Gang-Free Schools and Communities-Community Based				
Gang Intervention	2010-DD-BX-0483	16.544	-	16,717
<b>Total Department of Justice</b>				18,142
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION				
Direct Payments:				
Airport Improvement Program	3-51-0027-037-2013	20.106	-	279,337
Pass-Through Payments:				
Virginia Department of Transportation:				
Highway Planning and Construction Cluster:				
Highway Planning and Construction	0015-253-101	20.205	-	1,811,109
Highway Planning and Construction	U000-253-312	20.205	-	89,204
<b>Total Highway Planning and Construction Cluster</b>				1,900,313
<b>Total Department of Transportation</b>				2,179,650
DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY				
Pass-Through Payments:				
Commonwealth of Virginia, Department of Emergency Services				
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance	Not provided	97.036	-	54,606
<b>Total Federal Expenditures</b>				\$ 2,252,398

#### NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

#### Note 1. Basis of Presentation and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### A. <u>Basis of Presentation</u>

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the Town of Leesburg, Virginia. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Town, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the Town.

Federal Financial Assistance – The Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996 (Public Law 104-156) and Uniform Guidance define federal financial assistance as grants, loans, loan guarantees, property (including donated surplus property), cooperative agreements, interest subsidies, insurance, food commodities, direct appropriations or other assistance. Nonmonetary deferral assistance including food commodities is considered federal assistance and, therefore, is reported on the Schedule. Federal financial assistance does not include direct federal cash assistance to individuals.

*Direct Payments* – Assistance received directly from the Federal government is classified as direct payments on the Schedule.

Pass-through Payments – Assistance received in a pass-through relationship from entities other than the Federal government is classified as pass-through payments on the Schedule.

*Major Programs* – The Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996 and Uniform Guidance establish the criteria to be used in defining major programs. Major programs for the Town were determined using a risk-based approach in accordance with Uniform Guidance.

Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance – The Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance (CFDA) is a government-wide compendium of individual federal programs. Each program included in the catalog is assigned a five-digit program identification number (CFDA Number), which is reflected in the accompanying Schedule.

Cluster of Programs – Closely related programs that share common compliance requirements are grouped into clusters of programs. A cluster of programs is considered as one federal program for determining major programs. The Highway Planning and Construction Cluster is the only cluster administered by the Town of Leesburg, Virginia.

#### B. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Town has elected not to use the 10 percent de minimus indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guiance.

Pass-through identifying numbers are presented where available.

#### NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

#### **Note 2.** Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

#### Note 3. Relationship to the Basic Financial Statements

For fiscal year 2016, the Town recognized amounts in the Schedule associated with prior year expenditures. Expenditures should be recognized in the fiscal year spent for reporting purposes. In the current fiscal year, \$54,606 of prior year expenditures related to the Department of Homeland Security (Commonwealth of Virginia Emergency Services Disaster Grants) (CFDA #97.036) was included in the Schedule. The expenditures were not recorded on the Schedule in the prior year because the amount of federally reimbursed expenditures was not known until the year in which the funds were received. These funds received related to Super Storm Sandy which occurred in 2012.



# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of Council Town of Leesburg, Virginia Leesburg, Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia; the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the remaining fund information of the Town of Leesburg, Virginia (Town), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 23, 2016.

#### **Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility a material misstatement of the Town's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. We did identify a deficiency in internal control as described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as 2016-001 that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Town's Response to Finding**

The Town's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. We did not audit the Town's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

PBMares, LLP

Harrisonburg, Virginia November 23, 2016



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of Council Town of Leesburg, Virginia Leesburg, Virginia

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Town of Leesburg, Virginia's (Town) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Town's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016. The Town's major federal program is identified in the summary of independent auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

#### **Management's Responsibility**

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal program.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for the Town's major federal program based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance)*. Those standards and Uniform Guidance require we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Town's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for its major federal programs. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Town's compliance.

#### **Opinion on Major Federal Program**

In our opinion, the Town complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2016.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

Management of the Town is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Town's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for its major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

PBMares, LLP

Harrisonburg, Virginia November 23, 2016

### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

Year Ended June 30, 2016

SUMMARY OF INDEF	PENDENT AUDITOR'S RESULTS		
Financial Statements:			
Type of auditor's repo	ort issued: Unmodified		
Internal control over f	inancial reporting:		
Material weaknesses	s identified	Yes	√No
Significant deficience considered to be ma	cies identified that are not aterial weaknesses	√_Yes	No
Noncompliance mater	rial to financial statements noted	Yes	
Federal Awards:			
Internal control over r	major program:		
Material weaknesses	sidentified	Yes	
Significant deficience considered to be ma	cies identified that are not atterial weaknesses	Yes	√None Reported
Type of auditor's repo	ort issued on compliance for major pr	ogram: Unmodit	fied
	sclosed that are required to be see with section 2 CFR 200.516(a)	Yes	√No
Identification of major p	orogram:		
CFDA Number	Name of Federal Program or C	luster	
20.205	Highway Planning and Constru	ection	
Dollar threshold used to	distinguish between type A and type	e B programs	\$750,000

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Year Ended June 30, 2016

## II. FINDINGS RELATING TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT AS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH AUDITING STANDARDS GENERALLY ACCEPTED IN THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

#### A. Significant Deficiency in Internal Control

2016-001 Significant Deficiency Due to Significant Audit Adjustments

Criteria: The financial statement amounts obtained from the Town to be audited should be free of material misstatement.

Condition and Context: Upon auditing the Town's year-end balances, four separate instances requiring significant adjustments were identified in the Capital Projects Fund due to a lack in recognizing expenditures in the proper fiscal year.

Cause: Due to invoices being received and not reviewed for posting to the proper period.

Effect: The financial statements have been corrected to include the identified audit adjustments. The audit adjustments were to properly recognize expenditures associated with capital projects that were omited from the Town's year-end accruals. The adjustments were significant to the financial statements and were made to more accurately represent the Town's liabilities, expenditures and financial position at year-end. Failure to record the items noted above is a departure from *Government Auditing Standards*.

Recommendation: Expenditures should be recognized in the fiscal year services are performed.

Views of Responsible Officials: Management concurs with the finding.

#### III. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None

#### CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN Year Ended June 30, 2016

#### **Identifying Number: 2016-001 Significant Deficiency Due to Significant Audit Adjustments**

#### Finding:

Significant adjustments were required to be made relating to expenditures occuring close to year-end.

#### Corrective Action Taken or Planned:

The Town presents the following action plan:

Procedures will be implemented to ensure expenditures are recorded with respect to the proper fiscal year. Procedures will include, but not limited to, a review of the underlying documents related to all grant expenditures and all other subsequent disbursements exceeding \$5,000 for a period of at least eight weeks subsequent to the fiscal year end.

#### SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS Year Ended June 30, 2016

The prior year single audit disclosed no findings in the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs and no uncorrected or unresolved findings exist from the prior year audit's Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings.