# County of Wythe, Virginia Financial Statements



## Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

## COUNTY OF WYTHE, VIRGINIA

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### COUNTY OF WYTHE, VIRGINIA FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### TABLE OF CONTENTS

INTRODUCTORY SECTION		
List of Elected and Appointed Officials		<u>Page</u> 1
FINANCIAL SECTION		
Independent Auditors' Report		2-4
	<u>chibit</u>	<u>Page</u>
Basic Financial Statements:		
Government-Wide Financial Statements:		
Statement of Net Position		5
Statement of Activities Fund Financial Statements:	2	6
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the	3	7
Statement of Net Position	4	8
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -	F	9
Governmental Funds Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes	5	
in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities		10
Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds	7	11
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position -		
Proprietary Funds		12
Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds		13
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds	10	14
Notes to the Financial Statements		15-95
Required Supplementary Information:		
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -		
Budget and Actual:		
General Fund Pension Plans:	11	96
Schedule of Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	12	97
Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios -	10	00
Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)		98
Schedule of Employer Contributions - Pension Plans		99 100
Notes to Required Supplementary Information - Pension Plans Other Postemployment Benefits Plan-Health Insurance:	15	100
Schedule of County's Proportionate Share of the Total Health Insurance OPEB		
Liability Schedule of Changes in Total Health Insurance OPEB Liability (Asset) and Related	16	101
Ratios - Component Unit School Board	17	102
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	18	103

#### COUNTY OF WYTHE, VIRGINIA FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### TABLE OF CONTENTS (CONTINUED)

#### Required Supplementary Information: (Continued)

Required Supplementary Information: (Continued)		_
	<u>hibit</u>	<u>Page</u>
Other Postemployment Benefits Plan-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan:	19	104
Schedule of Employer's Share of the Net OPEB Liability	20	104
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	20	105
Other Postemployment Benefits Plan-Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan:	21	100
Schedule of Changes in the Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)		
Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios	22	107
Schedule of Component Unit School Board (professional) Share of Net OPEB	LL	107
Liability	23	108
Schedule of Employer Contributions	24	109
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	25	110
notes to nequired supprementary information	23	
Other Supplementary Information:		
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -		
Budget and Actual:		
Capital Projects Fund	26	111
	20	
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board:		
Balance Sheet	27	112
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -		
Governmental Funds	28	113
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -		
Budget and Actual	29	114
Set a	ماريام	Daga
Supporting Schedules:	dule	<u>Page</u>
Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual - Governmental Funds	1 '	115-120
Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual - Governmental Funds		121-125
Schedule of Expenditures Budget and Actual Bovernmental Funds	2	
Statistical Information:	able	Page
- Government-wide information:		
Government-wide Expenses by Function	1	126
Government-wide Revenues	2	127
Fund information:		
General Governmental Expenditures by Function	3	128
General Governmental Revenues by Source	4	129
Property Tax Levies and Collections	5	130
Assessed Value of Taxable Property	6	131
Property Tax Rates	7	132
Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt	-	
Per Capita	8	133
Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for General Bonded Debt to	~	42.4
Total General Governmental Expenditures	9	134

#### COUNTY OF WYTHE, VIRGINIA FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### TABLE OF CONTENTS (CONTINUED)

COMPLIANCE SECTION	
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements	Page
Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	135-136
Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	137-138
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	139-140
Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	141
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	142-144

## INTRODUCTORY SECTION

#### **BOARD OF SUPERVISORS**

Brian Vaught, Chair

Ryan Lawson, Vice Chair Ryan M. Lawson Jamie Smith B. G. "Gene" Horney, Jr. Coy L. McRoberts Stacy Terry

> Tonya Freeman Lee Johnson

> > Stephen Sage

Maggie Harless Brian Vaught

Martha Collins, Clerk

#### COUNTY SCHOOL BOARD

Charmer Frye, Chair

Peggy Wagy, Vice Chair Don Goode Ann Manley

Catrina Hall, Clerk

#### SOCIAL SERVICES BOARD

Patty O'Quinn, Chair

Jonathan Hammon, Vice Chair Sandra Thomas

Kimberly Ayers, Clerk

OTHER OFFICIALS

Judge of the Circuit Court Clerk of the Circuit Court	
Judge of the General District Court	
Judge of the Juvenile & Domestic Relations Court	Bradley Dalton
Commonwealth's Attorney	Mike Jones
Commissioner of the Revenue	Kathy Vaught
Treasurer	Lori Guynn
Sheriff	Keith Dunagan
Superintendent of Schools	Dr. Scott L. Jeffries
Director of Social Services	Kimberly Ayers
County Administrator	Stephen Bear
County Attorney	

### FINANCIAL SECTION



## ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

#### Independent Auditors' Report

#### To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors of the County of Wythe, Virginia

**Report on the Financial Statements** 

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Wythe, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns,* issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Wythe, Virginia, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Restatement of Beginning Balance

As described in Note 21 to the financial statements, in 2020, the County restated beginning balances to include the Component Unit - Appalachian Regional Exposition Center Authority. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information and schedules related to pension and OPEB funding on pages 96 and 97-110 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance. The budgetary comparison information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Management has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

#### Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County of Wythe, Virginia's basic financial statements. The introductory section, other supplementary information, and statistical information, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section and statistical information have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 30, 2020, on our consideration of the County of Wythe, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Wythe, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County of Wythe, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Robinson, Farmer, Cox Associates

Blacksburg, Virginia October 30, 2020

**Basic Financial Statements** 

#### County of Wythe, Virginia Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020

		Pi	rima	ary Governme	ent			Compone	nt Ur	nits
	G	overnmental	Вι	usiness-type						
		<u>Activities</u>		<u>Activities</u>		<u>Total</u>	<u>So</u>	<u>chool Board</u>	APE	EX Center
ASSETS										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	51,363,336	\$	4,244,636	\$	55,607,972	\$	3,892,447	\$	120,979
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):										
Taxes receivable		1,935,780		-		1,935,780		-		-
Other local taxes		339,583		-		339,583		-		-
Accounts receivable		8,811		487,281		496,092		33,819		2,113
Due from other governmental units		1,862,233		3,991,955		5,854,188		1,376,213		-
Inventories		-		-		-		81,316		-
Prepaid items		-		-		-		649,130		72,833
Investment in land		14,029,913		-		14,029,913		-		-
Restricted assets:										
Cash and cash equivalents (in custody of others)		3,025,606		1,417,275		4,442,881		-		-
Certificates of deposits		443,238		-		443,238		-		-
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):										
Land		4,032,359		233,205		4,265,564		774,089		-
Buildings and improvements		53,171,166		-		53,171,166		13,042,217		-
Machinery and equipment		2,748,683		310,200		3,058,883		1,951,342		20,300
Infrastructure		994,677		43,666,057		44,660,734		-		-
Construction in progress		1,134,969		67,007		1,201,976		-		-
Total assets	\$	135,090,354	\$	54,417,616	\$	189,507,970	\$	21,800,573	\$	216,225
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Pension related items	\$	1,323,627	\$	66,882	\$	1,390,509	\$	6,834,089	\$	-
OPEB related items		157,657		7,184		164,841		1,093,127		-
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	1,481,284	\$	74,066	\$	1,555,350	\$	7,927,216	\$	-
	\$	400 909	ć	41 790	ć	E22 479	\$	202 402	ć	10 402
Accounts payable	Ş	490,898	Ş	41,780	Ş	532,678	Ş	283,493	Ş	18,692
Construction and retainage payables		58,497		-		58,497		- 3,392,324		- 16,867
Salaries payable				- 77,437		77,437		3,372,324		- 10,007
Customer deposits		- 621,628		33,183		654,811		-		-
Accrued interest payable Unearned revenue		2,479,389				2,479,389		-		8,500
Deposits held in escrow		7,000		-		2,479,389		-		- 0,500
		7,000		-		7,000		-		-
Long-term liabilities:		2 755 244		1 252 649		5,108,894		E1E 940		4 1 1 1
Due within one year Due in more than one year		3,755,246		1,353,648 23,632,333		, ,		515,840		4,111 1,370
Total liabilities	\$	50,165,171 57,577,829	\$	25,138,381	\$	73,797,504 82,716,210	\$	43,783,192	\$	49,540
Total habitities	Ş	57,577,629	Ş	25,130,301	Ş	02,710,210	<u> </u>	47,974,849	Ş	49,340
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Property taxes paid in advance	\$	113,421	\$	-	\$	113,421	\$	-	\$	-
Pension related items		289,885		9,601		299,486		4,563,563		-
OPEB related items		310,325		14,041		324,366		1,251,406		-
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	713,631	\$	23,642	\$	737,273	\$	5,814,969	\$	-
NET POSITION										
Net investment in capital assets	\$	23 523 014	¢	19,512,678	¢	43,036,624	\$	15,767,648	¢	20,300
Restricted:	ç	23,323,740	ç	17,512,070	ڊ	43,030,024	ç	13,707,040	Ļ	20,300
Law library		18,976				18,976				
				-				-		-
Property seizure		207,202		1 220 020		207,202 1,339,838		-		-
Bond covenants		-		1,339,838						-
Courtroom security		234,435				234,435		-		-
Clerk's records grant		26,163		-		26,163		-		-
JAG		2,563		-		2,563		-		-
Electronic summons		251,379		-		251,379		-		-
Concealed weapons		76,364		-		76,364		-		-
School cafeterias		-		-		-		652,917		-
Unrestricted	-	53,939,150	<u>^</u>	8,477,143	~	62,416,293		(40,482,594)	~	146,385
Total net position	Ş	78,280,178	\$	29,329,659	\$	107,609,837	Ş	(24,062,029)	\$	166,685

		1				Net (Ex	Net (Expense) Revenue and	and	
	I	•	Program Revenues Operating	Canital	Ĩ	Chang Primary Government	Changes in Net Position	n Component Ilnits	ant Ilnite
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for <u>Services</u>	Grants and Contributions	Grants and Contributions	Governmental E Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	School Board	APEX Center
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:									
Governmental activities:									
General government administration		\$ 2,369	\$ 295,656	- د	\$ (1,393,793) \$	\$ \$	(1,393,793)	s,	۔ د
Judicial administration	1,465,861	11,006	986,402		(468,453)		(468,453)		
Public safety	/512,94/ CKC 803 C	1,285,1 /6 דבר דר	2,097,033		(4,130,/38)		(4,130,/38) (2 E27 106)		
Public Works Health and walfare	7 030 667	102,12	- 5 778 AD6		(001,700,6) (100,706,6)		(001, 700, 6)		
	100,007,1		001,021,0		(1) 577 577)		(102,202,201)		
Parks. recreation. and cultural	608.950	59.721	4.500		(572,0,272,0)		(544.729)		
Community development	1 268 938	-		214 RUD	(1 054 138)		(1 054 138)		
Uninternet on long-term debt	1,585,273				(1,585,273)		(1,585,273)		
Total governmental activities		\$ 1,385,509	\$ 9,111,997	\$ 214,800	\$ (28,519,163) \$	- S	(28,519,163)	۔ \$	÷ .
Business-type activities:									
Water and sewer	4,107,787	\$ 3,275,364	د	\$ 50,000	s - S	5 (782,423) \$	(782,423)	s '	s '
Total primary government	\$ 43,339,256 \$	\$ 4,660,873	\$ 9,111,997	\$ 264,800	(28,519,163)	5 (782,423) \$	(29,301,586)	ج	\$ -
COMPONENT LINIT:									
School Board	\$ 41.786.487	\$ 1.089.599	\$ 30.151.229	, S	s ·	, S		\$ (10.545.659) \$	- 5 (
APEX Center	426,505								(240,806)
Total component unit		\$ 1,275,298	\$ 30,151,229	- \$	\$ - \$	\$ - \$		\$ (10,545,659)	) \$ (240,806)
	General revenues:				3 070 100 1C 3	U	01 070	Ū	U
	Other local taxes:	saxpi			21,001,770		21,001,770	, •	°
	Local sales and u	ise taxes			4,153,137		4,153,137		
	Consumers' utilit	ty taxes			767,688		767,688		
	Motor vehicle lic	tenses			443,646		443,646		
	Bank stock taxes				36,020		36,020		
	Taxes on record	ation and wills			230,367		230,367		•
	Hotel and motel room taxes	room taxes			152,541		152,541		•
	Restaurant food	taxes			747,263		747,263		
	Admission tax				20,708		20,708		
	Unrestricted revenues from use of money and property	nues from use of	money and prope	erty	1,154,341	100,611	1,254,952	52,861	
	Miscellaneous				46,009		46,009	3,300	1,482
	Payments from the County of Wythe, Virginia	le County of Wyt	he, Virginia					10,765,046	301,144
	Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs	butions not restr	icted to specific p	orograms	2,477,320		2,477,320		
	Transfers				1,076,606	(1,076,606)			
	Total general revenues and transfers	enues and transf	ers				32,131,629	\$ 10,821,207	\$ 302,626
	Change in net position	tion				\$ (1,758,418) \$	2,830,043	\$ 275,548	Ş
	Net position - begin	position - beginning, as restated	p			31,088,077	104,779,794	(24, 337, 577)	
	Net position - ending	10			\$ /8,280,1/8 \$	¢ 669,678,629 ¢	10/.609.83/	V 114 UP/ U/4	,

Exhibit 2

#### County of Wythe, Virginia Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2020

		<u>General</u>		<u>Total</u>		
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents		41,756,841	\$	9,606,495	\$	51,363,336
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):						
Property taxes receivable		1,935,780		-		1,935,780
Other local taxes receivable		339,583		-		339,583
Accounts receivable		-		8,811		8,811
Due from other governmental units		1,862,233		-		1,862,233
Restricted assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents		3,011,748		13,858		3,025,606
Certificates of deposit		443,238		-		443,238
Land held for resale		14,029,913		-		14,029,913
Total assets	\$	63,379,336	\$	9,629,164	\$	73,008,500
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	490,898	\$	-	\$	490,898
Construction and retainage payable	Ŷ	58,497	Ļ	_	Ļ	58,497
Unearned revenue		2,479,389		_		2,479,389
Deposits held in escrow		7,000		-		7,000
Total liabilities	\$	3,035,784	\$		\$	3,035,784
	<u>,</u>	5,055,704	Ļ	_	Ļ	3,033,704
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable revenue-property taxes	\$	1,786,706	\$	-	\$	1,786,706
Unavailable revenue-land held for resale		14,029,913		-		14,029,913
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	15,816,619	\$	-	\$	15,816,619
FUND BALANCES						
Restricted						
Law library	\$	18,976	\$	-	\$	18,976
Property seizure		207,202		-		207,202
Construction projects		2,825,023		13,858		2,838,881
Courtroom security		234,435		-		234,435
Clerk's records grant		26,163		-		26,163
JAG		2,563		-		2,563
Electronic summons		251,379		-		251,379
Concealed weapons		76,364		-		76,364
Committed for capital projects		2,116,348		9,615,306		11,731,654
Assigned for police activity		505,361		-		505,361
Unassigned		38,263,119		-		38,263,119
Total fund balances	\$	44,526,933	\$	9,629,164	\$	54,156,097
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	63,379,336	\$	9,629,164	\$	73,008,500

#### County of Wythe, Virginia Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different beca	ause:		
Total fund balances per Exhibit 3 - Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds			\$ 54,156,097
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore,			
are not reported in the funds.			
Land	\$	4,032,359	
Buildings and improvements		53,171,166	
Infrastructure		994,677	
Machinery and equipment		2,748,683	
Construction in progress		1,134,969	62,081,854
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and,			
therefore, are deferred inflows of resources in the funds. These amounts are as follows:			
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	\$	1,673,285	
Land held for resale		14,029,913	15,703,198
Deferred outflows of resources are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and,			
therefore, are not reported in the funds.			
Pension related items	\$	1,323,627	
OPEB related items	·	157,657	1,481,284
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current			
period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.			
General obligation bonds	Ś	(39,488,778)	
Literary loans		(9,518,003)	
Accrued interest payable		(621,628)	
Unamortized bond premium		(35,995)	
Compensated absences		(390,689)	
Capital lease		(191,063)	
Net OPEB liabilities		(1,241,071)	
Net pension liability		(3,054,818)	(54,542,045)
Deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore,			
are not reported in the funds.			
Pension related items	\$	(289,885)	
OPEB related items		(310,325)	(600,210)
Net position of governmental activities		-	\$ 78,280,178
		=	

#### County of Wythe, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

REVENUES		<u>General</u>		County Capital <u>Projects</u>		<u>Total</u>
General property taxes	\$	21,608,077	\$		Ś	21,608,077
Other local taxes	,	6,551,370	'	-		6,551,370
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses		127,253		-		127,253
Fines and forfeitures		1,024,193		-		1,024,193
Revenue from the use of money and property		1,021,732		132,609		1,154,341
Charges for services		204,860		29,203		234,063
Miscellaneous		11,141		34,868		46,009
Recovered costs		529,848		5,000		534,848
Intergovernmental		11,804,117		-		11,804,117
Total revenues	\$	42,882,591	\$	201,680	\$	43,084,271
	<u> </u>	,00_,07.	Ŧ		Ŧ	,
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government administration	\$	1,828,190	\$	-	\$	1,828,190
Judicial administration		1,427,165		-		1,427,165
Public safety		7,036,194		-		7,036,194
Public works		2,146,372		-		2,146,372
Health and welfare		7,950,908		-		7,950,908
Education		12,566,648		-		12,566,648
Parks, recreation, and cultural		582,640		-		582,640
Community development		830,650		-		830,650
Capital projects		3,562,468		-		3,562,468
Debt service:						
Principal retirement		3,327,110		-		3,327,110
Interest and other fiscal charges		1,578,999		-		1,578,999
Bond issuance costs		10,000		-		10,000
Total expenditures	\$	42,847,344	\$	-	\$	42,847,344
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over						
(under) expenditures	\$	35,247	\$	201,680	\$	236,927
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in	\$	1,292,978	ċ	3,978,098	s	5 271 074
Transfers out	Ş	(3,087,475)	\$		Ş	5,271,076 (4,194,470)
Proceeds of general obligation bonds		,		(1,106,995)		(4,194,470) 3,000,000
Sale of capital assets		3,000,000 25,003		-		25,000
-	ċ	1,230,506	\$	-	\$	4,101,609
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	1,230,306	Ş	2,871,103	Ş	4,101,009
Net change in fund balances	\$	1,265,753	\$	3,072,783	\$	4,338,536
Fund balances - beginning	4	43,261,180	*	6,556,381	7	49,817,561
Fund balances - ending	\$	44,526,933	\$	9,629,164	\$	54,156,097
	Ļ	++,320,733	Ļ	7,027,104	Ļ	54,150,077

#### County of Wythe, Virginia Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:				
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds			\$	4,338,536
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which the capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.	Ś	2 240 000		
Capital outlays Depreciation expense	ڊ 	2,319,990 (2,152,566)	-	167,424
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (I.e., sales, trade-ins, and donations) is to decrease net position.				
Disposal of assets				(540)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.				
Property taxes				193,901
The issuance of long-term obligations (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term obligations consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term obligations and related items. Debt issued or incurred:				
Issuance of general obligation debt	\$	(3,000,000)		
Principal repayments:				
General obligation bonds, literary loans, and lease agreements		3,327,110	_	327,110
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.				
Change in compensated absenses	\$	(41,921)		
Change in accrued interest payable		(11,075)		
Change in OPEB related items		46,450		
Change in pension related items		(446,225)		(437,970)
Amortization of bond premium		14,801	-	(437,770)
Change in net position of governmental activities			\$	4,588,461

#### County of Wythe, Virginia Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds

#### June 30, 2020

		Enterpri				
		Water		Sewer	•	
	<u>[</u>	Department Department				Total
ASSETS Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	s	1,112,178	ς	3,132,458	\$	4,244,636
Accounts receivable	Ŷ	328,490	Ŷ	158,791	Ŷ	487,281
Due from other governmental units		3,991,955		-		3,991,955
Total unrestricted current assets	\$	5,432,623	\$	3,291,249	\$	8,723,872
Restricted current assets:		-, - ,				-, -,-
Cash and cash equivalents	Ş	1,401,451	\$	15,824	\$	1,417,275
Total restricted current assets	\$	1,401,451	\$	15,824	\$	1,417,275
Total current assets	\$	6,834,074	\$	3,307,073	\$	10,141,147
Noncurrent assets:						
Capital assets:						
Land	\$	211,245	\$	21,960	\$	233,205
Utility plant in service		37,183,518		27,434,410		64,617,928
Machinery and equipment		446,606		102,773		549,379
Accumulated depreciation		(11,217,264)		(9,973,786)		(21,191,050)
Construction in progress		25,036		41,971		67,007
Total capital assets	\$	26,649,141	\$	17,627,328	\$	44,276,469
Total noncurrent assets	\$	26,649,141	\$	17,627,328	\$	44,276,469
Total assets	\$	33,483,215	\$	20,934,401	\$	54,417,616
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Pension related items	\$	38,990	\$	27,892	\$	66,882
OPEB related items		3,970		3,214		7,184
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	42,960	\$	31,106	\$	74,066
LIABILITIES Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable	s	34,477	\$	7,303	\$	41,780
Customers' deposits	Ļ	61,613	ç	15,824	ç	77,437
Accrued interest payable		22,494		10,689		33,183
Compensated absences - current portion		9,499		11,344		20,843
Bonds payable - current portion		740,113		592,692		1,332,805
Total current liabilities	\$	868,196	\$	637,852	\$	1,506,048
	<u>+</u>	000,170	Ŷ	007,002	Ŷ	.,
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Compensated absences - net of current portion	\$	3,166	\$	3,781	\$	6,947
Bonds payable - net of current portion		17,375,945		6,055,041		23,430,986
Net pension liability		77,473		60,776		138,249
Net OPEB liabilities		31,409		24,742		56,151
Total noncurrent liabilities	\$	17,487,993	\$	6,144,340	\$	23,632,333
Total liabilities	\$	18,356,189	\$	6,782,192	\$	25,138,381
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Pension related items	\$	4,668	\$	4,933	\$	9,601
OPEB related items		7,854		6,187		14,041
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	12,522	\$	11,120	\$	23,642
NET POSITION		0	<u>,</u>	10.075	÷	
Net investment in capital assets	\$	8,533,083	Ş	10,979,595	Ş	19,512,678
Restricted for bond covenants		1,339,838		-		1,339,838
Unrestricted	-	5,284,543	~	3,192,600	<u> </u>	8,477,143
Total net position	Ş	15,157,464	Ş	14,172,195	Ş	29,329,659

#### County of Wythe, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

		Enterpis	e Fu	ınds		
		Water		Sewer		
	<u>D</u>	epartment	D	epartment		Total
OPERATING REVENUES						
Charges for services:						
Water and sewer billings	\$	1,836,849	\$	1,434,325	Ś	3,271,174
Miscellaneous	Ş	4,190	Ļ	-	Ļ	4,190
Total operating revenues	\$	1,841,039	\$	1,434,325	\$	3,275,364
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Personnel services	\$	177,651	\$	220,075	\$	397,726
Fringe benefits	•	90,139	•	74,556		164,695
Professional services		12,632		20,239		32,871
Operating expenses		424,012		255,744		679,756
Purchase of water - regional plant		448,260		-		448,260
Repair and maintenance		75,601		133,658		209,259
Depreciation		933,699		709,211		1,642,910
Total operating expenses	\$	2,161,994	\$	1,413,483	\$	3,575,477
Operating income (loss)	\$	(320,955)	\$	20,842	\$	(300,113)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)						
Interest income	\$	46,058	\$	54,553	\$	100,611
Interest expense		(337,370)		(194,940)		(532,310)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	\$	(291,312)	\$	(140,387)	\$	(431,699)
Income before contributions and transfers	\$	(612,267)	\$	(119,545)	\$	(731,812)
Capital contributions and construction grants		50,000		-		50,000
Transfers out		(1,038,350)		(38,256)		(1,076,606)
Change in net position	\$	(1,600,617)	\$	(157,801)	\$	(1,758,418)
Total net position - beginning		16,758,081		14,329,996		31,088,077
Total net position - ending	\$	15,157,464	\$	14,172,195	\$	29,329,659

#### County of Wythe, Virginia Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Payments to suppliers     (982, 941)     (435, 433)     (1, 418, (277, 284)     (272, 284)     (272, 284)     (283, 280, (277, 284)     (283, 280, (277, 284)     (283, 280, (277, 284)     (283, 280, (277, 284)     (283, 280, (277, 284)     (283, 280, (277, 284)     (283, 280, (277, 284)     (283, 280, (277, 284)     (283, 280, (277, 284)     (283, 280, (277, 284)     (283, 280, (277, 284)     (283, 280, (277, 284)     (283, 280, (277, 284)     (283, 280, (277, 284)     (283, 280, (277, 284)     (283, 280, (277, 284)     (283, 280, (277, 284)     (1076, (233, 280, (277, 989))     (283, 280, (277, 989))     (283, 280, (277, 989))     (283, 280, (277, 989))     (283, 280, (277, 989))     (283, 280, (277, 989))     (283, 280, (277, 989))     (283, 280, (277, 989))     (283, 280, (277, 989))     (213, 280, (277, 989))     (213, 280, (277, 989))     (213, 280, (277, 989))     (213, 280, (277, 989))     (213, 280, (277, 989))     (213, 280, (277, 989))     (213, 280, (277, 980, (273, 980, (273, 980, (273, 980, (273, 980, (273, 980, (273, 980, (273, 980, (273, 980, (273, 980, (273, 980, (273, 980, (273, 980, (273, 980, (273, 980, (273, 980, (273, 980, (273, 980, (273, 980, (273, 980, (273, 980, (273, 980, (273, 980, (273, 980, (273, 980, (273, 980, (273, 980, (273, 980, (273, 980, (273, 980, (273, 980, (273, 980, (273, 980, (273, 980, (273, 980, (273, 980, (273, 980, (273, 980, (273, 980, (273, 980, (273, 980, (273, 980, (273, 980, (273, 980, (273, 980, (273, 980, (273, 980, (273, 980, (273, 980, (273, 980, (273		Enterpise Funds					
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from customers and usersReceipts from customers and users\$1,768,883\$1,505,823\$3,294,Payments to suppliers(982,941)(435,433)(1,418,Payments to and for employees(277,284)(277,284)(277,284)Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities\$ $5 \pm 4,474$ \$793,106\$CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIESTransfers to other funds\$\$(1,038,350)\$(38,256)\$(1,076,Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital financing activities\$\$(1,038,350)\$(38,256)\$(1,076,CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIESCapital asset additions\$\$(1,038,350)\$(38,256)\$(1,076,Cash all asset additions\$\$(1,038,350)\$(38,256)\$(1,076,(1,076,Proceeds from indebtedness\$(1,078,377)(572,674)(1,292,(1,292,(1,292,(1,292,(1,292,(1,292,(1,292,(1,292,(1,292,(1,292,(1,292,(1,292,(1,292,(1,292,(1,292,(1,292,(1,292,(1,292,(1,292,(1,292,(1,292,(1,292,(1,292,(1,292,(1,292,(1,292,(1,292,(1,292,(1,292,(1,292,(1,292,(1,292,(1,292,(1,292,(1,292,(1,292,(1,292,(1,292,(1,292,(1,292,(1,292,(1,292, <t< th=""><th></th><th></th><th>Water</th><th>Sewer</th><th></th><th></th></t<>			Water	Sewer			
Receipts from customers and users\$1,788,883\$1,505,823\$3,294, (982,941)Payments to suppliersNet cash provided by (used for) operating activities $(251,468)$ $(277,284)$ $(382,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$		<u>D</u>	epartment	<u>Department</u>		Total	
Receipts from customers and users\$1,788,883\$1,505,823\$3,294, (982,941)Payments to suppliersNet cash provided by (used for) operating activities $(251,468)$ $(277,284)$ $(382,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$ $(1,418,163,433)$	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Payments to suppliers     (982, 941)     (435, 433)     (1, 418, (277, 284)     (272, 284)     (272, 284)     (283, 280, 287, 284)     (283, 280, 287, 284)     (283, 280, 287, 284)     (283, 280, 287, 284)     (283, 280, 287, 284)     (283, 280, 287, 284)     (283, 280, 287, 284)     (283, 280, 287, 284)     (283, 280, 287, 284)     (283, 280, 287, 284)     (283, 280, 287, 284)     (283, 280, 287, 284)     (283, 280, 287, 284)     (283, 280, 287, 284)     (283, 280, 287, 284)     (283, 280, 287, 284)     (283, 280, 287, 284)     (283, 280, 287, 284)     (283, 280, 287, 284)     (283, 286, 287, 284, 287, 284)     (283, 286, 287, 284, 287, 284)     (283, 286, 287, 284, 287, 284, 287, 284, 287, 284, 287, 284, 287, 284, 287, 284, 287, 284, 287, 284, 287, 284, 287, 284, 287, 284, 284, 284, 287, 284, 284, 284, 284, 284, 284, 284, 284		s	1.788.883 \$	1,505,823	s	3,294,706	
Payments to and for employees Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities $(251,468)$ $(277,284)$ $(528, 53,106)$ CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfers to other funds Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital financing activities $(1,038,350)$ $(38,256)$ $(1,076, 5)$ CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Capital asset additions $(1,038,150)$ $(38,256)$ $(1,076, 5)$ CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Construction grants $(1,038,150)$ $(1,028,150)$ $(1,028,150)$ CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Construction grants $(1,038,150)$ $(1,028,150)$ $(1,028,150)$ CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest expense $(1,038,150)$ $(1,22,167,10)$ $(1,22,12,10)$ Interest expense $(1,232,164)$ $(193,165)$ $(692, 1,232,100)$ $(1,22,12,12,10)$ Interest expense $(1,232,120)$ $(1,232,120)$ $(1,232,120)$ $(1,232,120)$ Interest expense $(2,21,42,12)$ $(109,512)$ $(320, 226,494)$ $(193,156)$ Interest expense $(2,21,1,224)$ $(109,512)$ $(320, 226,494)$ $(2,21,26)$ Interease (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents $(2,214,12,22,53,5,53)$ $(100, 512)$ $(320, 226,595)$ Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents $(2,2,560)$ $(2,2,494)$ $(2,2,560)$ $(2,2,494,282)$ $(3,64)$ Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents $(2,2,560)$ $(2,2,560)$ $(2,2,560)$ $(2,2,528)$ $(3,262,55)$ $(3,262,55)$ $(3,262,55)$	•	÷			÷	(1,418,374)	
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities $\overline{5 54,474 \ \$}$ $\overline{793,106 \ \$}$ $1,347,$ CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfers to other funds Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital financing activities $5 (1,038,350) \ \$$ $(38,256) \ \$$ $(1,076, \ \$)$ CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Capital asset additions Proceeds from indebtedness Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities $5 (279,959) \ \$$ $(152,585) \ \$$ $(432, 256) \ \$$ CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Capital asset additions Proceeds from indebtedness Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities $5 (279,959) \ \$$ $(152,585) \ \$$ $(432, 256) \ \$$ CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest expense $(339,644) \ (193,656) \ (533, 35) \ \$$ $(339,644) \ (193,656) \ (533, 35) \ 1000, 5 \ 46,058 \ \$$ $5 \ 46,058 \ \$$ $5 \ 46,058 \ \$$ $5 \ 46,553 \ \$$ $1000, 5 \ 1,252,000 \ -5 \ 1,252, 000 \ -5 \ 1,252, 000 \ -5 \ 1,252, 000 \ -5 \ 1,252, 000 \ -5 \ 1,252, 000 \ -5 \ 1,252, 000 \ -5 \ 1,252, 000 \ -5 \ 1,252, 000 \ -5 \ 1,252, 000 \ -5 \ 1,252, 000 \ -5 \ 1,252, 000 \ -5 \ 1,252, 000 \ -5 \ 1,252, 000 \ -5 \ 1,252, 000 \ -5 \ 1,252, 000 \ -5 \ 1,252, 000 \ -5 \ 1,252, 000 \ -5 \ 1,252, 000 \ -5 \ 1,252, 000 \ -5 \ 1,252, 000 \ -5 \ 1,252, 000 \ -5 \ 1,252, 000 \ -5 \ 1,252, 000 \ -5 \ 1,252, 000 \ -5 \ 1,252, 000 \ -5 \ 1,252, 000 \ -5 \ 1,252, 000 \ -5 \ 1,252, 000 \ -5 \ 1,252, 000 \ -5 \ 1,252, 000 \ -5 \ 1,252, 000 \ -5 \ 1,252, 000 \ -5 \ 1,252, 000 \ -5 \ 1,252, 000 \ -5 \ 1,252, 000 \ -5 \ 1,252, 000 \ -7 \ 1,252, 000 \ -7 \ 1,252, 000 \ -7 \ 1,252, 000 \ -7 \ 1,252, 000 \ -7 \ 1,252, 000 \ -7 \ 1,252, 000 \ -7 \ 1,252, 000 \ -7 \ 1,252, 000 \ -7 \ 1,252, 000 \ -7 \ 1,252, 000 $			,	,		(528,752)	
Transfers to other fundsS $(1,038,350)$ S $(38,256)$ S $(1,076, S)$ Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital financing activitiesS $(1,038,350)$ S $(38,256)$ S $(1,076, S)$ CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIESCapital asset additionsS $(279,959)$ S $(152,585)$ S $(432, S)$ Construction grantsS $(279,959)$ S $(152,585)$ S $(432, S)$ Principal payments on bonds $(719,857)$ $(572,674)$ $(1,292, S)$ $(129,691)$ S $(692, C)$ Interest expense $(1,252,000)$ $ 1,282, C)$ $(38,256)$ S $(1,076, S)$ Net cash provided by (used for) apital and related financing activitiesS $226,494$ S $(918,915)$ S $(692, C)$ CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIESInterest incomeS $46,058$ S $54,553$ S $100, S$ Net cash provided by (used for) investing activitiesS $(211,324)$ S $(109,512)$ S $(320, S)$ Cash and cash equivalents - beginning (including \$959,335 of restricted cash) $2,724,953$ $3,257,794$ $5,982, S$ Cash and cash equivalents - ending (including \$95,935 of restricted cash) $2,724,953$ $3,257,794$ $5,982, S$ Cash and cash equivalents - ending (including \$1,417,275 of restricted cash) $5$ $(320,955)$ $20,842$ $5$ DepreciationS $(320,955)$ $5$ $20,842$ $5$ $(300, 7), 750$ $19, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6$		\$		( ) )	\$	1,347,580	
Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital financing activities $\frac{1}{5}$ $\frac{1}{(1,028,350)}$ $\frac{1}{5}$ $\frac{1}{(1,026,150)}$ CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Capital asset additions $5$ $(279,959)$ $5$ $(152,585)$ $(432, 587)$ Capital asset additions $5$ $(279,959)$ $5$ $(152,585)$ $(432, 587)$ Construction grants $313,954$ $ 313,954$ $-$ Proceeds from indebtedness $(179,857)$ $(572,674)$ $(1,292, 566)$ Interest expense $(339,644)$ $(193,656)$ $(533, 52,674)$ $(1,292, 566)$ Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities $5$ $46,058$ $54,553$ $5$ Interest income $5$ $46,058$ $54,553$ $5$ $100, 522,674$ $5$ Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities $5$ $46,058$ $54,553$ $5$ $100, 512, 5$ Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents $5$ $(211,324), 5$ $(109,512, 5), 520, 20,242, 5,5661, 52,553, 5,553, 5,561, 52,553, 5,561, 52,553, 5,561, 52,553, 5,561, 52,553, 5,561, 52,553, 5,561, 52,553, 5,561, 52,553, 5,5661, 52,553, 5,5661, 52,553, 5,5661, 52,553, 5,5661, 52,553, 5,5661, 52,553, 5,5661, 52,553, 5,5661, 52,553, 5,5661, 52,553, 5,5661, 52,553, 5,5661, 52,553, 5,5661, 52,553, 5,5661, 52,553, 5,5661, 52,553, 5,5661, 52,553, 5,5661, 52,553, 5,5661, 52,553, 5,5661, 52,553, 5,5661, 52,553, 5,5661, 52,553, 5,5661, 52,553, 5,5661, 52,553, 5,5661, 52,553, 5,5661, 52,553, 5,5661, 52,553, 5,5661, 52,553, 5,5661, 52,553, 5,5661, 52,553, 5,5661, 52,553, 5,5661, 52,553, 5,5661, 52,553, 5,5661, 52,553, 5,5661, 52,553, 5,5661, 52,553, 5,5661, 52,553$	CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital financing activities $\frac{1}{5}$ $(1,038,350)$ $\frac{1}{5}$ $(1,076, 50)$ CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Capital asset additions $5$ $(279,959)$ $5$ $(152,585)$ $(432, 50)$ Capital asset additions $313,954$ $ 313,954$ $ 313,954$ $ 313,954$ Proceeds from indebtedness $(719,857)$ $(572,674)$ $(1,292, 566)$ $(533, 5)$ $(432, 339,644)$ $(193,656)$ $(533, 5)$ Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities $5$ $26,698$ $5$ $54,553$ $5$ $100, 5$ Interest income Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities $5$ $46,058$ $54,553$ $5$ $100, 5$ Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents $5$ $(211,324)$ $5$ $(109,512)$ $5$ $(320, 95)$ Cash and cash equivalents - beginning (including \$959,335 of restricted cash) $2,724,953$ $3,257,794$ $5,982, 5$ Cash and cash equivalents - beginning (including \$1,417,275 of restricted cash) $5$ $(320,955)$ $20,842$ $5$ Perceitaion provided by (used for) operating activities: Depreciation provided by (used for) operating activities: Depreciation $5$ $(320,955)$ $5$ $20,842$ $5$ Meconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities: Depreciation $5$ $(320,955)$ $5$ $20,842$ $5$ Increase (decrease) in accounts receivable $(25,280)$ $(7,72,56$	Transfers to other funds	\$	(1,038,350) \$	(38,256)	\$	(1,076,606)	
Capital asset additions\$ $(279,959)$ \$ $(152,585)$ \$ $(432, 313,954)$ Construction grants313,954-313,954-313,954Proceeds from indebtedness1,252,000-1,252,Interest expense $(339,644)$ $(193,656)$ $(533, 5)$ Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities\$ $226,494$ \$CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIESInterest income\$ $46,058$ \$ $54,553$ \$Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities\$ $(211,324)$ \$ $(109,512)$ \$Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities\$ $(211,324)$ \$ $(109,512)$ \$Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents\$ $(211,324)$ \$ $(109,512)$ \$ $(320, 955)$ \$ $20,842$ \$ $(300, 950)$ Cash and cash equivalents - ending (including \$1,417,275 of restricted cash)\$ $(320,955)$ \$ $20,842$ \$ $(300, 950)$ Adjustment to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:\$ $933,699$ \$ $709,211$ \$ $1,642, 952, 952, 952, 952, 952, 952, 952, 95$	Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital financing activities					(1,076,606)	
Construction grants $313,954$ . $313,954$ . $313,954$ . $313,954$ . $313,954$ . $313,954$ . $313,954$ . $313,954$ . $313,954$ . $313,954$ . $313,954$ . $313,954$ . $313,954$ . $313,954$ . $313,954$ . $313,954$ . $313,954$ . $313,954$ . $313,954$ . $313,954$ . $313,954$ . $313,954$ . $313,954$ . $313,954$ . $313,954$ . $313,954$ . $313,954$ . $313,954$ . $313,954$ . $313,954$ . $313,954$ . $313,954$ . $313,954$ . $313,954$ . $1,252,000$ . $1,252,000$ . $1,252,000$ . $1,252,000$ . $1,252,000$ . $1,252,000$ . $1,252,000$ . $1,252,000$ . $1,252,000$ . $1,252,000$ . $1,252,000$ . $1,252,000$ . $1,252,000$ . $1,252,000$ . $1,252,000$ . $1,252,000$ . $1,252,000$ . $1,252,000$ . $1,252,000$ . $1,252,000$ . $1,252,000$ . $1,252,000$ . $1,252,000$ . $1,252,000$ . $1,252,000$ . $1,252,000$ . $1,252,000$ . $1,252,000$ . $1,252,000$ . $1,252,020$ . $1,252,020,020,020,020,020,020,020,020,020$	CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Principal payments on bonds $(719,857)$ $(572,674)$ $(1,292, 1,252,000$ Proceeds from indebtedness $1,252,000$ $\cdot$ $1,252,000$ Interest expense $(339,644)$ $(193,656)$ $(533, 643)$ Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities $5$ $226,494$ $5$ $(918,915)$ $(692, 692, 692, 692, 692, 692, 692, 692, $	Capital asset additions	\$	(279,959) \$	(152,585)	\$	(432,544)	
Proceeds from indebtedness1,252,0001,252,Interest expense(339,644)(193,656)(533,Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities $$226,494$ $$(918,915)$ $$(692, 335)$ CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIESInterest income $$46,058$ $$5,4553$ $$(100, 512)$ $$(100, 512)$ $$(100, 512)$ $$(100, 512)$ $$(100, 512)$ $$(320, 692, 325, 513, 629)$ Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities $$(211, 324)$ $$(100, 512)$ $$(320, 692, 325, 513, 629)$ $$(100, 512)$ $$(320, 692, 325, 513, 629)$ $$(100, 512)$ $$(320, 692, 325, 513, 629)$ $$(100, 512)$ $$(320, 692, 325, 513, 629)$ $$(100, 512)$ $$(320, 692, 325, 513, 629)$ $$(100, 512)$ $$(320, 692, 325, 513, 629)$ $$(100, 512)$ $$(320, 692, 325, 513, 629)$ $$(100, 512)$ $$(320, 692, 523, 325, 794)$ $$(5, 982, 52, 513, 629)$ $$(100, 512)$ $$(21, 522, 513, 629)$ $$(21, 522, 513, 629)$ $$(21, 522, 513, 629)$ $$(21, 522, 513, 629)$ $$(22, 513, 629)$ $$(22, 513, 629)$ $$(22, 513, 629)$ $$(22, 513, 629)$ $$(22, 513, 629)$ $$(22, 512, 610)$ $$(11, 725)$ $$(22, 610)$ Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities: Depreciation $$(22, 560)$ $$(71, 750)$ $$(10, 71, 750)$ $$(10, 71, 750)$ $$(10, 71, 750)$ $$(10, 71, 750)$ $$(10, 71, 750)$ $$(10, 71, 750)$ $$(10, 71, 750)$ $$(10, 71, 750)$ $$(10, 71, 750)$ $$(10, 71, 750)$ $$(10, 71, 750)$ $$(10, 71, 750)$ $$(10, 71, 720)$ $$(10, 71, 720)$ $$(10, 71$	Construction grants		313,954	-		313,954	
(339,644)(193,656)(533, (533, SNet cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activitiesS226,494S(193,656)(533, (692,CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest income Net cash provided by (used for) investing activitiesS46,058S54,553S100, SNet cash provided by (used for) investing activitiesS246,058S54,553S100, SNet cash provided by (used for) investing activitiesS2,724,9533,257,7945,982, SCash and cash equivalents - beginning (including \$959,335 of restricted cash)S2,724,9533,257,7945,982, SCash and cash equivalents - ending (including \$1,417,275 of restricted cash)S2,724,9533,257,7945,982, SOperating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities: DepreciationS3,3699S70,842\$3,026(Increase (decrease) in accounts receivable (Increase (decrease) in colmer deposits Increase (decrease) in colmer deposits404(25,528)(9,228) <th c<="" td=""><td>Principal payments on bonds</td><td></td><td>(719,857)</td><td>(572,674)</td><td></td><td>(1,292,531)</td></th>	<td>Principal payments on bonds</td> <td></td> <td>(719,857)</td> <td>(572,674)</td> <td></td> <td>(1,292,531)</td>	Principal payments on bonds		(719,857)	(572,674)		(1,292,531)
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ <	Proceeds from indebtedness		1,252,000	-		1,252,000	
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ <	Interest expense		(339,644)	(193,656)		(533,300)	
Interest income Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities $\frac{5}{3}$ $\frac{46,058}{5}$ $\frac{5}{54,553}$ $\frac{5}{5}$ $100$ , $\frac{5}$ Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents $\frac{5}{5}$ $\frac{2(11,324)}{5}$ $\frac{5}{54,553}$ $\frac{5}{54,553}$ $\frac{100}{500}$ Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents $\frac{5}{5}$ $\frac{2(11,324)}{5}$ $\frac{5}{5}$ $\frac{2(109,512)}{5}$ $\frac{5}{5}$ $\frac{32257,794}{5,982,25}$ Cash and cash equivalents - ending (including \$1,417,275 of restricted cash) $\frac{2,724,953}{5}$ $\frac{3,257,794}{5}$ $\frac{5,982,2}{5}$ Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities: Depreciation $\frac{5}{5}$ $\frac{(320,955)}{5}$ $\frac{5}{20,842}$ $\frac{5}{5}$ Depreciation $\frac{5}{5}$ $\frac{933,699}{5}$ $\frac{5}{709,211}$ $\frac{5}{5}$ $\frac{1,642,353}{1,1629}$ (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable $\frac{5}{5,228}$ $\frac{9,228}{9,228}$ $\frac{3,44}{3,4282}$ (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable $\frac{22,513,629}{5,228}$ $\frac{9,228}{9,228}$ $\frac{3,44}{3,417,275}$ (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable $\frac{5}{5,228}$ $\frac{9,228}{9,228}$ $\frac{3,44}{3,428}$ (Increase) (decrease) in accounts payable $\frac{22,436}{2,528}$ $\frac{22,5792}{2,528}$ $\frac{4,602}{2,5792}$ (Increase (decrease) in net pension liability $\frac{3,97,745}{2,935}$ $\frac{24,935}{2,935}$ $\frac{64,628}{2,510}$ (Increase (decrease) in net pension liabilities $\frac{6,528}{2,510}$ $\frac{7,72,264}{5,510}$ $\frac{7,72,264}{5,510}$ (Increase) (decrease) in net OPEB liabilities <td< td=""><td>Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities</td><td>\$</td><td></td><td></td><td>\$</td><td>(692,421)</td></td<>	Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities	\$			\$	(692,421)	
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities $\frac{1}{5}$ $\frac{1}{46,058}$ $\frac{1}{5}$ $\frac{1}{24,953}$ $\frac{1}{5}$ $\frac{1}{100,000}$ Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents $5$ $(211,324)$ $5$ $(109,512)$ $5$ $(320, 000, 000, 000, 000, 000, 000, 000, $	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents\$(211,324) \$\$(109,512) \$(320,Cash and cash equivalents - beginning (including \$959,335 of restricted cash)\$2,724,9533,257,7945,982,Cash and cash equivalents - ending (including \$1,417,275 of restricted cash)\$2,513,629 \$3,148,282 \$5,661,Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities: Operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities: Depreciation\$(320,955) \$20,842 \$(300,Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities: Depreciation\$933,699 \$709,211 \$1,642, (10crease) decrease in accounts receivable\$933,699 \$709,211 \$1,642, (10crease) decrease in deferred outflows of resources (25,528)(9,228)(34, (34, Increase (decrease) in customer deposits404(252)Increase (decrease) in compensated absences Increase (decrease) in net oPEB liabilities (Increase (decrease) in net OPEB liabilities (10,510)3,7265, (6,510)3,286)(9, (9,228)64, (10,72,72,72,72,72,72,72,72,72,72,72,72,72,	Interest income	\$	46,058 \$	54,553	\$	100,611	
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning (including \$959,335 of restricted cash) $2,724,953$ $3,257,794$ $5,982,$ Cash and cash equivalents - ending (including \$1,417,275 of restricted cash) $5$ $2,513,629$ $5$ $3,148,282$ $5$ $5,661,$ Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities: Operating income (loss) $5$ $(320,955)$ $5$ $20,842$ $5$ $(300,$ Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities: Depreciation $5$ $933,699$ $5$ $709,211$ $5$ $1,642,$ (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable $(52,560)$ $71,750$ $19,$ (Increase (decrease) in customer deposits Increase (decrease) in accounts payable $(22,436)$ $(22,792)$ $(48,$ $1,987$ $3,726$ $5,$ $39,745$ $24,935$ $64,$ (Increase (decrease) in net OPEB liabilities $6,628$ $1,987$ $3,726$ $5,$ $39,745$ $24,935$ $64,$ (Increase (decrease) in net OPEB liabilities $6,628$ $1,200$ $7,$ $7,$ $7,2,64$ $5$ $1,647,$	Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities	\$	46,058 \$	54,553	\$	100,611	
Cash and cash equivalents - ending (including \$1,417,275 of restricted cash)\$ 2,513,629 \$ 3,148,282 \$ 5,661,Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities: Operating income (loss)\$ (320,955) \$ 20,842 \$ (300,Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities: Depreciation\$ 933,699 \$ 709,211 \$ 1,642, (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable\$ 933,699 \$ 709,211 \$ 1,642, (1ncrease) decrease in deferred outflows of resources(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources Increase (decrease) in customer deposits(25,528) (9,228) (34, (22,436) (25,792) (48, (1,987 3,726 5, (1,987 3,726 5, (1,987 3,726 5, (1,026 5, 20,007,7, (1,027 6,28) (1,200 7, (1,027 6,28) (1,200 7, (Increase (decrease) in net OPEB liabilities Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources (6,510) (3,286) (9, (3,286) (9,Total adjustments\$ 875,429 \$ 772,264 \$ 1,647,	Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$	(211,324) \$	(109,512)	\$	(320,836)	
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities: Operating income (loss)\$ (320,955) \$ 20,842 \$ (300, (300, Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities: Depreciation\$ 933,699 \$ 709,211 \$ 1,642, (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable (10,00000000000000000000000000000000000	Cash and cash equivalents - beginning (including \$959,335 of restricted cash)		2,724,953	3,257,794		5,982,747	
provided by (used for) operating activities:Operating income (loss)\$ (320,955) \$ 20,842 \$ (300,Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:\$ 933,699 \$ 709,211 \$ 1,642,Depreciation\$ 933,699 \$ 709,211 \$ 1,642,(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable(52,560) 71,750 19,(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources(25,528) (9,228) (34,Increase (decrease) in customer deposits404 (252)Increase (decrease) in accounts payable(22,436) (25,792) (48,Increase (decrease) in compensated absences1,987 3,726 5,Increase (decrease) in net pension liability39,745 24,935 64,Increase (decrease) in net OPEB liabilities6,628 1,200 7,Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources(6,510) (3,286) (9,Total adjustments\$ 875,429 \$ 772,264 \$ 1,647,	Cash and cash equivalents - ending (including \$1,417,275 of restricted cash)	\$	2,513,629 \$	3,148,282	\$	5,661,911	
Operating income (loss)\$ (320,955) \$ 20,842 \$ (300,Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:\$ 933,699 \$ 709,211 \$ 1,642,Depreciation\$ 933,699 \$ 709,211 \$ 1,642,(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable(52,560) 71,750 19,(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources(25,528) (9,228) (34,Increase (decrease) in customer deposits404 (252)Increase (decrease) in accounts payable(22,436) (25,792) (48,Increase (decrease) in compensated absences1,987 3,726 5,Increase (decrease) in net pension liability39,745 24,935 64,Increase (decrease) in net OPEB liabilities6,628 1,200 7,Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources(6,510) (3,286) (9,Total adjustments\$ 875,429 \$ 772,264 \$ 1,647,	Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash						
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities: Depreciation\$ 933,699 \$ 709,211 \$ 1,642, (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable(52,560) 71,750 19, (Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources(25,528) (9,228) (34, (25,528) 10,228)Increase (decrease) in customer deposits404 (252)Increase (decrease) in accounts payable(22,436) (25,792) (48, (22,436) 10,227)Increase (decrease) in compensated absences1,987 3,726 5, (24,935 64, Increase (decrease) in net pension liabilityIncrease (decrease) in net OPEB liabilities6,628 1,200 7, (3,286) (9, (3,286) (9, Total adjustmentsTotal adjustments\$ 875,429 \$ 772,264 \$ 1,647,	provided by (used for) operating activities:						
provided by (used for) operating activities:Depreciation\$ 933,699 \$ 709,211 \$ 1,642,(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable(52,560)(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources(25,528)(Increase) decrease) in customer deposits404(22,436)(22,792)(Increase (decrease) in accounts payable(22,436)(Increase (decrease) in compensated absences1,987Increase (decrease) in net pension liability39,745Increase (decrease) in net pension liabilities6,628Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources(6,510)(3,286)(9,Total adjustments\$ 875,429 \$ 772,264 \$ 1,647,	Operating income (loss)	\$	(320,955) \$	20,842	\$	(300,113)	
Depreciation     \$ 933,699     \$ 709,211     \$ 1,642,       (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable     (52,560)     71,750     19,       (Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources     (25,528)     (9,228)     (34,       Increase (decrease) in customer deposits     404     (252)     (25,792)     (48,       Increase (decrease) in accounts payable     (22,436)     (25,792)     (48,       Increase (decrease) in compensated absences     1,987     3,726     5,       Increase (decrease) in net pension liability     39,745     24,935     64,       Increase (decrease) in net oPEB liabilities     6,628     1,200     7,       Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources     (6,510)     (3,286)     (9,       Total adjustments     \$ 875,429 \$ 772,264 \$ 1,647,     1,647,	Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash						
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable(52,560)71,75019,(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources(25,528)(9,228)(34,Increase (decrease) in customer deposits404(252)Increase (decrease) in accounts payable(22,436)(25,792)(48,Increase (decrease) in compensated absences1,9873,7265,Increase (decrease) in net pension liability39,74524,93564,Increase (decrease) in net OPEB liabilities6,6281,2007,Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources(6,510)(3,286)(9,Total adjustments\$ 875,429 \$ 772,264 \$ 1,647,	provided by (used for) operating activities:						
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources(25,528)(9,228)(34,Increase (decrease) in customer deposits404(252)Increase (decrease) in accounts payable(22,436)(25,792)(48,Increase (decrease) in compensated absences1,9873,7265,Increase (decrease) in net pension liability39,74524,93564,Increase (decrease) in net OPEB liabilities6,6281,2007,Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources(6,510)(3,286)(9,Total adjustments\$ 875,429 \$ 772,264 \$ 1,647,	Depreciation	\$	933,699 \$	709,211	\$	1,642,910	
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits404(252)Increase (decrease) in accounts payable(22,436)(25,792)(48,Increase (decrease) in compensated absences1,9873,7265,Increase (decrease) in net pension liability39,74524,93564,Increase (decrease) in net OPEB liabilities6,6281,2007,Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources(6,510)(3,286)(9,Total adjustments\$ 875,429 \$ 772,264 \$ 1,647,	(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(52,560)	71,750		19,190	
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable(22,436)(25,792)(48,Increase (decrease) in compensated absences1,9873,7265,Increase (decrease) in net pension liability39,74524,93564,Increase (decrease) in net OPEB liabilities6,6281,2007,Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources(6,510)(3,286)(9,Total adjustments\$ 875,429 \$ 772,264 \$ 1,647,	(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources		(25,528)	(9,228)		(34,756)	
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences1,9873,7265,Increase (decrease) in net pension liability39,74524,93564,Increase (decrease) in net OPEB liabilities6,6281,2007,Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources(6,510)(3,286)(9,Total adjustments\$ 875,429 \$ 772,264 \$ 1,647,	Increase (decrease) in customer deposits		404	(252)		152	
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences1,9873,7265,Increase (decrease) in net pension liability39,74524,93564,Increase (decrease) in net OPEB liabilities6,6281,2007,Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources(6,510)(3,286)(9,Total adjustments\$ 875,429 \$ 772,264 \$ 1,647,	Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(22,436)	(25,792)		(48,228)	
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability   39,745   24,935   64,     Increase (decrease) in net OPEB liabilities   6,628   1,200   7,     Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources   (6,510)   (3,286)   (9,     Total adjustments   \$ 875,429 \$ 772,264 \$ 1,647,			1,987			5,713	
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB liabilities   6,628   1,200   7,     Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources   (6,510)   (3,286)   (9,     Total adjustments   \$ 875,429 \$ 772,264 \$ 1,647,						64,680	
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources     (6,510)     (3,286)     (9,       Total adjustments     \$ 875,429 \$ 772,264 \$ 1,647,						7,828	
Total adjustments \$ 875,429 \$ 772,264 \$ 1,647,						(9,796)	
		Ś	( , , ,	( ; )	\$	1,647,693	
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities S 554.474 S 793.106 S 1.347.	Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	ŝ	554,474 \$	793,106	ŝ	1,347,580	

#### Exhibit 10

#### County of Wythe, Virginia Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2020

Agency <u>Funds</u>	
¢	36,814
\$ \$	36,814
\$ \$	36,814 36,814
	\$ \$

#### COUNTY OF WYTHE, VIRGINIA

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

#### Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

The financial statements of the County of Wythe, Virginia ("the County") conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applicable to government units promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

A. Financial Reporting Entity:

The County of Wythe, Virginia (government) is a political subdivision governed by an elected sevenmember Board of Supervisors. The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements (see note below for description) to emphasize that it is legally separate from the government.

Blended component units - The County has no blended component units.

Discretely Presented Component Units - The component unit column in the financial statements includes the financial data of the County's discretely presented component unit. It is reported in a separate column to emphasize that it is legally separate from the County.

The Wythe County School Board ("the School Board") operates the elementary and secondary public schools in the County. School Board members are popularly elected. The School Board is fiscally dependent upon the County because the County approves all debt issuances of the School Board and provides significant funding to operate the public schools since the School Board does not have separate taxing powers. The School Board is presented as a governmental fund type. Separate financial statements are not issued for the Component Unit - School Board.

The Appalachian Regional Exposition Center Authority ("the APEX Center") operates a multi-use arena with seating capacity of 4,500. The APEX Center is fiscally dependent upon the County because the County provides significant funding. The APEX Center is presented as an enterprise fund type. Complete financial statements for the APEX Center may be attained from the APEX Center at 200 Apex Drive, Wytheville, Virginia 24382.

Related Organizations - The County's officials are also responsible for appointing the members of the boards of other organizations, but the County's accountability for these organizations does not extend beyond making the appointment.

Jointly Governed Organizations -

The Counties of Wythe and Grayson participate in supporting the Wythe/Grayson Regional Library. The governing body of this organization is appointed by the respective governing bodies of the participating jurisdictions. For the year ended June 30, 2020, the County contributed \$324,455 to the Library.

#### Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

A. Financial Reporting Entity: (Continued)

Jointly Governed Organizations - (Continued)

The Counties of Wythe and Smyth participate in supporting the Smyth/Wythe Airport Authority. The governing body of this organization is appointed by the respective governing bodies of the participating jurisdictions. For the year ended June 30, 2020, the County contributed \$53,720 to the Airport.

B. Government-wide and fund financial statements:

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from certain legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of net position is designed to display the financial position of the primary government (governmental and business-type activities) and its discretely presented component units. Governments will report all capital assets in the government-wide statement of net position and will report depreciation expense - the cost of "using up" capital assets - in the statement of activities. The net position of a government will be broken down into three categories - 1) net investment in capital assets, net of related debt; 2) restricted; and 3) unrestricted.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds, if any, are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation:

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

#### Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation: (Continued)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized when they have been earned and they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service principal and interest expenditures on general long-term debt, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Accordingly, real and personal property taxes are recorded as revenues and receivables when billed, net of allowances for un-collectible amounts. Property taxes not collected within 60 days after year-end are reflected as unavailable revenue. Sales and utility taxes, which are collected by the state or utilities and subsequently remitted to the County, are recognized as revenues and receivables upon collection by the state or utility, which is generally in the month preceding receipt by the County.

Licenses, permits, fines and rents are recorded as revenues when received. Intergovernmental revenues, consisting primarily of federal, state and other grants for the purpose of funding specific expenditures, are recognized when earned or at the time of the specific expenditure. Revenues from general-purpose grants are recognized in the period to which the grant applies. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when the government receives cash.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The *general fund* is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for and reports all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in other funds. The general fund includes the activities of the Law Library Fund and the Property Seizure Fund.

The County reports the following major capital projects funds:

The County Capital Projects Fund accounts for and reports financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities, other than those financed by proprietary funds. It accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, except for those financed by proprietary funds or for assets held in trust for individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

The government reports the following major proprietary funds:

The water department fund and sewer department fund accounts for the activities of the County water and sewer system, which includes water distribution and sewage collections systems throughout the County.

#### Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation: (Continued)

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

*Fiduciary funds* (Trust and Agency funds) account for assets held by the government in a trustee capacity or as agent or custodian for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, or other funds. Agency funds consist of the special welfare fund.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are other charges between the government's water and sewer function and various other functions of the government.

Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the County's enterprise fund are charges to customers for sales and services. The County also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expense, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

- D. Assets, liabilities, deferred inflows/outflows of resources, and net position/fund balance:
  - 1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, amounts in demand deposits as well as shortterm investments with a maturity date within three months of the date acquired by the government. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the government's proprietary funds consider their demand deposits and all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. Accordingly, investments totaling \$3,852,672 are reported as cash and cash equivalents in the accompanying financial statements.

2. Investments

Investments with a maturity of less than one year when purchased, non-negotiable certificates of deposit, and other nonparticipating investments (external investment pools) are stated at cost or amortized cost. Investments with a maturity greater than one year when purchased are stated at fair value. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an investment in an orderly transaction at year end.

#### Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

- D. Assets, liabilities, deferred inflows/outflows of resources, and net position/fund balance: (Continued)
  - 3. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

4. Property Taxes

Property is assessed at its value on January 1. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Real estate taxes are payable on December 5<sup>th</sup>.

Personal property taxes are due and collectible annually on December 5<sup>th</sup>. The County bills and collects its own property taxes.

5. Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts

The County calculates its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data and, in certain cases, specific account analysis. The allowance amounted to approximately \$959,691 at June 30, 2020. This allowance consists of delinquent taxes in the amount of \$199,845 and delinquent water and sewer bills of \$759,846.

6. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

7. Inventory

Land held for resale includes land, land improvement, and infrastructure at the Progress Park located in Wythe County. This inventory is valued at original cost. Fair market value cannot be determined as comparable sites do not exist within the vicinity of the County.

8. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

#### Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

- D. Assets, liabilities, deferred inflows/outflows of resources, and net position/fund balance: (Continued)
  - 8. Capital Assets (Continued)

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. No interest was capitalized during the fiscal year.

Property, plant, and equipment and infrastructure of the primary government, as well as the component unit, is depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	40
Building improvements	40
Structures, lines, and accessories	20-40
Machinery and equipment	4-30

9. Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. No liability is recorded for non-vesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits. However, a liability is recognized for that portion of accumulating sick leave benefits that it is estimated will be taken as "terminal leave" prior to retirement. The County accrues salary-related payments associated with the payment of compensated absences. The School Board and Social Services department accrue payments associated with sick leave upon retirement. The County does not pay for sick leave upon retirement. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements.

#### 10. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County's and School Board's Retirement Plan and the additions to/deductions from the County's and School Board's Retirement Plan's net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### COUNTY OF WYTHE, VIRGINIA

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2020

#### Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

- D. Assets, liabilities, deferred inflows/outflows of resources, and net position/fund balance: (Continued)
  - 11. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net VRS related OPEB liabilities, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the VRS GLI, HIC, and Teacher HIC OPEB Plans and the additions to/deductions from the VRS OPEB Plans' net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by VRS. In addition, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### 12. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses.

#### 13. Net Position

For government-wide reporting as well as in proprietary funds, the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is called net position. Net position is comprised of three components: net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

- Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes, and other debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are included in this component of net position.
- Restricted net position consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. Assets are reported as restricted when constraints are placed on asset use either by external parties or by law through constitutional provision or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position is the net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that does not meet the definition of the two preceding categories.

#### Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

- D. Assets, liabilities, deferred inflows/outflows of resources, and net position/fund balance: (Continued)
  - 14. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted - net position and unrestricted - net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the County's policy to consider restricted - net position to have been depleted before unrestricted - net position is applied.

15. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenditure/expense) until then. The County has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. It is comprised of certain items related to the measurement of the net pension liability and net OPEB liabilities and contributions to the pension and OPEB plans made during the current year and subsequent to the net pension liability and net OPEB liabilities measurement date. For more detailed information on these items, reference the related notes.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has two types of items that qualify for reporting in this category. Under a modified accrual basis of accounting, unavailable revenue representing property taxes receivable and unavailable revenue is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. This amount is comprised of uncollected property taxes due prior to June 30<sup>th</sup>, property taxes paid in advance, and the value of land held for resale which are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. Under the accrual basis, tax amounts prepaid are reported as deferred inflows are resources. In addition, certain items related to the measurement of the net pension liability and net OPEB liabilities are reported as deferred inflows of resources. For more detailed information on these items, reference the related notes.

#### Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

- D. Assets, liabilities, deferred inflows/outflows of resources, and net position/fund balance: (Continued)
  - 16. Fund Balance

The following classifications of fund balance describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

<u>Nonspendable</u> - amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, such as prepaid items and inventory or are required to be maintained intact (corpus of a permanent fund).

<u>Restricted</u> - amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by external resource providers such as grantors or enabling federal, state, or local legislation. Restrictions may be changed or lifted only with the consent of the resource providers.

<u>Committed</u> - amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by the adoption of an ordinance committing fund balance for a specified purpose by the Board of Supervisors prior to the end of the fiscal year. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until the resources have been spent for the specified purpose or the Board adopts another ordinance to remove or revise the limitation.

<u>Assigned</u> - amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed; intent can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority. Unlike commitments, assignments general only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

<u>Unassigned</u> - amounts that are available for any purpose; positive amounts are only reported in the general fund. Additionally, any deficit fund balance within the other governmental fund types is reported as unassigned.

When fund balance resources are available for a specific purpose in more than one classification, it is the County's policy to use the most restrictive funds first in the following order: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned as they are needed.

Board of Supervisors establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of an resolution. This is typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. A fund balance commitment is further indicated in the budget document as a designation or commitment of the fund (such as for special incentives). Assigned fund balance is established by Board of Supervisors through adoption or amendment of the budget as intended for specific purpose (such as the purchase of capital assets, construction, debt service, or for other purposes).

#### Note 2-Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability:

A. Budgetary information

The following procedures are used by the County in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to March 30, the County Administrator submits to the Board of Supervisors a proposed operating and capital budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating and capital budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. The following funds have legally adopted budgets: General Fund and the School Operating Fund
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments.
- 3. Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an Appropriations Resolution.
- 4. The Appropriations Resolution places legal restrictions on expenditures at the function level. Only the Board of Supervisors can revise the appropriation for each department or category. The County Administrator is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within general government departments; however, the School Board is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within the school system's categories.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund and the Capital Projects Fund. The School Fund is integrated only at the level of legal adoption.
- 6. All budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
- 7. Appropriations lapse on June 30, for all County units. The County's practice is to appropriate Capital Projects by Project.
- 8. All budgetary data presented in the accompanying financial statements is the revised budget as of June 30.
- B. Excess of expenditures over appropriations

For fiscal year 2020, certain department(s) within the general fund expenditures exceeded their appropriations as demonstrated in Schedule 2 of this report.

C. Deficit fund equity

At June 30, 2020, there were no funds with deficit fund equity.

#### COUNTY OF WYTHE, VIRGINIA

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2020

#### Note 3-Deposits and Investments:

#### A. Deposits

Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act"), Section 2.2-4400 et. Seq. of the Code of Virginia. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of the amount insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board. Financial Institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in the amounts from 50% to 130% of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized.

#### B. Investments

Statutes authorize local governments and other public bodies to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper that has received at least two of the following ratings: P-1 by Moody's Investors Service, Inc.; A-1 by Standard and Poor's; or F1 by Fitch Ratings, Inc. (Section 2.2-4502), banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements, and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP).

#### Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the County will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The County and its discretely presented component unit has an investment policy for custodial credit risk included within the County investment policy. The County's investments at June 30, 2020 were held in the County's name by the County's custodial bank. The County's investments are not exposed to custodial credit risk because their existence is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

#### Credit Risk of Debt Securities

The County's rated debt investments as of June 30, 2020 were rated by Standard and Poor's and/or an equivalent national rating organization and the ratings are presented below using the Standard and Poor's rating scale.

	estiments va		
Rated Debt Investments	Fair (	Quality Ratings	
		AAAm	
Wells Fargo Advantage MM Fund	\$	827,066	
SNAP (State Non-arbitrage Pool)		13,858	
VIP (Virginia Investment Pool)		3,011,748	

#### County's Rated Debt Investments' Values

#### COUNTY OF WYTHE, VIRGINIA

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2020

#### Note 3-Deposits and Investments: (Continued)

B. Investments (Continued)

#### Interest Rate Risk

The County has not adopted an investment policy for interest rate risk. Investments subject to interest rate risk are presented below along with their corresponding maturities.

Investment Maturities (in years)

		5)	
Investment Type	Fair Value	1 Year or less	1-5 Years
Wells Fargo Advantage MM Fund	\$ 827,066	\$ 827,066	-
Certificates of deposit	443,238	443,238	
State Non-arbitrage Pool (SNAP)	13,858	13,858	-
VML/VACO Virginia Investment Pool (VIP)	3,011,748	3,011,748	-
Concentration of Credit Risk			

At June 30, 2020, the County did not have any investments meeting the GASB 40 definition requiring concentration of credit risk disclosures that exceeded 5% of total investments.

#### External Investment Pools

The primary government is a participant in the Virginia Investment Pool (VIP). VIP is a Section 115 governmental fund created under the Joint Exercise of Powers statute of the Commonwealth of Virginia to provide political subdivisions with an investment vehicle to pool surplus funds and to invest such funds into one or more investment portfolios under the direction and daily supervision of a professional fund manager. The VIP Trust is governed by a Board of Trustees. The fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The County has measured fair value of the above VML/VACO Investment Pool investment at the net asset value (NAV). VML/VACO VIP allows the County to have the option to have access to withdrawal funds twice a month, with a five day period notice. Additionally, funds are available to meet unexpected needs such as fluctuations in revenue sources, one-time outlays (disasters, immediate capital needs, state budget cuts, and etc.).

The primary government is a participant in the Virginia State Non-Arbitrage Program (SNAP) sponsored by the Virginia Treasury Board. The SNAP Program provides comprehensive investment management, accounting and arbitrage calculation services for the proceeds of tax-exempt financings of Virginia governments. The Treasury Board has hired a program/investment manager, rebate calculation agent, central depository, custodian bank, and legal counsel to manage the program and provide services to investors. The value of the positions in the external investment pools (SNAP) is the same as the value of the pool shares. As SNAP is not SEC registered, regulatory oversight of the pool rests with the Virginia State Treasury. SNAP is an amortized cost basis portfolio. There are no withdrawal limitations or restrictions imposed on participants.

#### Note 4-Due from Other Governmental Units:

The following amounts represent receivables from other governments at year-end:

	Prim Govern	Component Unit School Board	
	Governmental	Business-type	
	Activities	Activities	
Local Government:			
New River Valley Regional Water Authority	y\$-	\$2,396,814	\$ -
Town of Wytheville	-	1,595,141	-
Commonwealth of Virginia:			
Local sales tax	741,291	-	-
Local communication tax	103,714	-	-
State sales tax	-	-	607,309
Categorical aid	443,796	-	-
Non-categorical aid	16,793	-	-
Virginia public assistance funds	109,289	-	-
Community services act	213,509	-	-
Federal Government:			
Virginia public assistance funds	197,812	-	-
Categorical aid	36,029	-	768,904
Totals	\$1,862,233	\$3,991,955	\$ 1,376,213

The County constructed certain debt financed assets that are used by the New River Regional Water Authority and the Town of Wytheville, Virginia. The County has recorded a receivable in the Water Fund of \$3,991,955 for repayment of shared construction costs. The County bills these entities as debt service payments are due.

#### Note 5-Interfund Transfers/Component Unit Contributions:

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2020, consisted of the following:

Fund	Transfers In	Transfers Out
Primary Government:		
General Fund	\$1,292,978	\$ 3,087,475
County Capital Projects Fund	3,978,098	1,106,995
Water Fund	-	1,038,350
Sewer Fund	-	38,256
Total	\$5,271,076	\$ 5,271,076

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgeting authorization. There were no interfund obligations at June 30, 2020.

#### COUNTY OF WYTHE, VIRGINIA

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2020

#### Note 5-Interfund Transfers/Component Unit Contributions: (Continued)

Primary government contributions to component units for the year ended June 30, 2020, consisted of the following:

Component Unit:	
School Board	\$ 9,759,022
APEX Center	301,144

There were no component unit obligations at June 30, 2020.

#### Note 6-Long-Term Obligations:

#### Primary Government - Governmental Activities Obligations:

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions of the County for the year ended June 30, 2020:

	Balance July 1, 2019	Increases/ Issuances	Decreases/ Retirements	Balance June 30, 2020
Direct borrowings and placements:		 		
General obligation bonds	\$ 39,240,078	\$ 3,000,000	\$ (2,751,300)	\$ 39,488,778
GO bond premium	50,796	-	(14,801)	35,995
Literary loans	10,018,951	-	(500,948)	9,518,003
Capital leases	265,925	-	(74,862)	191,063
Compensated absences	348,768	303,497	(261,576)	390,689
Net OPEB liabilities	1,215,049	227,427	(201,405)	1,241,071
Net pension liability	1,849,797	 3,987,943	(2,782,922)	3,054,818
Total	\$ 52,989,364	\$ 7,518,867	\$ (6,587,814)	\$ 53,920,417

# Note 6-Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

Primary Government - Governmental Activities Obligations: (Continued)

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

Direct Borrowings and Placements						
Year Ending	General Oblig	ation Bonds	Literary	/ Loans		
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest		
2021	\$ 2,879,114	\$ 1,334,329	\$ 500,948	\$ 190,361		
2022	2,949,346	1,219,106	500,948	180,341		
2023	3,009,018	1,099,771	500,948	170,322		
2024	2,439,857	994,892	500,948	160,303		
2025	2,062,351	912,440	500,948	150,284		
2026-2030	10,650,394	3,434,471	2,504,740	601,137		
2031-2035	12,065,651	1,591,366	2,504,740	350,663		
2036-2040	3,433,047	177,738	2,003,783	100,189		
Totals	\$ 39,488,778	\$10,764,113	\$ 9,518,003	\$1,903,600		

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2020

# Note 6-Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

# Primary Government - Governmental Activities Obligations: (Continued)

Details of long-term obligations:

	Interest Rates	lssue Date	Final Maturity Date	Amount of Original Issue	Balance Governmental Activities	Amount Due Within One Year
Direct Borrowings and Placements:						
General Obligation Bonds						
GO bond	3.1-5.35%	11/6/03	2024	\$7,435,478	\$ 1,690,182	\$ 410,230
VPSA GO bond	2.35-5.1%	11/7/02	2023	9,209,707	1,549,278	507,785
VPSA GO bond	4.255%-5.1%	10/24/06	2027	3,593,557	1,365,601	187,581
GO bond*	4.10%	3/15/10	2030	3,440,000	2,970,000	250,000
Rural Development GO bond	3.75%	12/29/10	2023	1,550,000	366,714	123,809
GO bond	2.14-3.34%	12/18/14	2035	9,063,000	7,179,638	403,707
GO bond	2.50%	12/30/15	2035	5,000,000	4,684,840	223,913
GO refunding bond	3.98%	5/31/18	2034	8,059,999	7,451,575	267,693
VML/VACO Series 2017	3.05%	12/12/17	2038	10,000,000	9,290,000	393,000
GO bond	3.32%	12/19/19	2040	2,275,000	2,230,830	82,935
GO bond	2.57%	12/19/19	2040	725,000	710,120	28,461
Total General Obligation Bonds					\$ 39,488,778	\$ 2,879,114
Add: Unamortized premium on						
\$7,435,478 GO bond	n/a	11/6/03	2024	476,903	\$ 25,074	\$ 10,661
\$3,593,557 GO bond	n/a	10/24/06	2027	102,414	10,921	2,482
Total Unamortized premiums					\$ 35,995	\$ 13,143
Total General Obligation Bonds a	nd unamoritized	premiums			\$ 39,524,773	\$ 2,892,257
Literary Loans:						
State Literary Fund Loan	2.00%	10/1/2018	2039	7,500,000	\$ 7,125,000	\$ 375,000
State Literary Fund Loan	2.00%	10/1/2018	2039	2,518,951	2,393,003	125,948
Total Literary Loans				_,,	\$ 9,518,003	\$ 500,948
Total Direct Borrowings and Placeme	ents				\$ 49,042,776	\$ 3,393,205
Other Obligations:						
Compensated Absences	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	\$ 390,689	\$ 293,017
Net OPEB Liabilities	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	1,241,071	-
Capital Leases	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	191,063	69,024
Net Pension Liability	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	3,054,818	-
Total Other Obligations					\$ 4,877,641	\$ 362,041
2					- / /	. ,
Total Long-term obligations					\$ 53,920,417	\$ 3,755,246

\* Build America Bonds - effective yield

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2020

#### Note 6-Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

#### Primary Government - Governmental Activities Obligations: (Continued)

The County's 2013 refunding bond requires that the County maintains liquidity such that on June 30 of each year, the balance of cash and cash equivalents held in the general fund shall be at least equal to forty percent (40%) of the amount of the County's general obligation debt outstanding on such date. As of June 30<sup>th</sup>, the County was in compliance with this bond covenant.

The County's general obligation bonds and literary loans are subject to the state aid intercept program. Under terms of the program, the County's State aid is redirected to bond holders to cure any event(s) of default.

In an event of default occurs with VPSA bonds, the principal of the bond(s) may be declared immediately due and payable to the register owner of the bond(s) by written notice to the County.

#### Primary Government - Business-type Activities Obligations:

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions of the Enterprise Fund for the year ended June 30, 2020:

	Balance July 1, 2019	Increase/ Issuances	Decrease/ Retirements	Balance June 30, 2020
Direct borrowings and placements:				
General obligation and revenue bonds	\$ 24,809,812	\$1,252,000	\$ (1,292,531)	\$ 24,769,281
General obligation bond discount	(6,405)	-	915	(5,490)
Compensated absences	22,077	22,271	(16,558)	27,790
Net OPEB liabilities	48,323	16,632	(8,804)	56,151
Net pension liability	73,569	190,151	(125,471)	138,249
Total	\$ 24,947,376	\$ 1,481,054	\$ (1,442,449)	\$ 24,985,981

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2020

# Note 6-Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

# Primary Government - Business-type Activities Obligations: (Continued)

## Details of long-term obligations:

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and the related interest are as follows:

	acements						
Year Ending	Ge	General Obligation and Revenue Bonds					
June 30,		Principal		Interest			
2021	\$	1,333,720	\$	608,490			
2022		1,369,576		571,509			
2023		1,405,871		533,271			
2024		1,447,591		493,818			
2025		1,484,879		452,738			
2026-2030		4,334,832		1,834,950			
2031-2035		3,687,724		1,400,982			
2036-2040		2,830,241		974,186			
2041-2045		2,482,582		652,233			
2046-2050		2,652,736		340,956			
2051-2055		1,473,005		104,023			
2056-2060		266,524		8,778			
Totals	\$	24,769,281	\$	7,975,934			

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2020

# Note 6-Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

# Primary Government - Business-type Activities Obligations: (Continued)

### Details of long-term obligations: (Continued)

	Interest I Rates		Final Maturity Date	Amount of Original Issue	Вι	Balance usiness-type Activities	Amount Due Within One Year		
Direct Borrowings and Placements:									
General Obligation and Revenue Bonds									
VRA GO Bond	0.00%	2/1/14	2025	\$ 110,100	\$	26,199	\$	5,240	
VRA GO Bond	0.00%	5/15/12	2033	1,369,871		824,500		68,493	
VRA GO Bond***	0.65%	9/30/16	2029	2,103,600		1,871,060		102,870	
Rural Development Bond	4.50%	7/24/97	2037	2,521,100		1,600,487		68,891	
Rural Development Bond	4.50%	10/31/02	2042	497,100		375,501		10,824	
Rural Development Bond	4.50%	10/31/02	2042	547,700		414,023		11,919	
Rural Development Bond	4.125%	6/23/10	2040	1,511,260		1,354,357		23,184	
Rural Development Bond*	2.375%	3/31/10	2040	1,100,000		339,690		8,011	
Rural Development Bond	2.375%	6/29/11	2051	640,000		559,726		12,523	
Rural Development Bond	2.375%	6/14/11	2051	3,316,000		2,903,876		64,777	
Rural Development Bond	2.375%	8/11/10	2049	1,065,000		883,565		21,949	
Rural Development Bond	2.125%	11/16/12	2052	1,374,000		1,234,346		27,032	
Rural Development Bond	2.125%	10/7/15	2055	3,754,000		3,570,983		70,682	
Rural Development Bond	2.500%	5/19/16	2056	1,358,000		1,304,365		26,483	
Rural Development Bond	3.500%	5/19/16	2056	684,000		659,566		12,128	
GO Bond	4.36%	12/15/05	2026	5,900,000		2,330,979		346,283	
GO Bond	2.36%	12/18/14	2035	927,000		734,256		41,293	
GO Bond**	2.00%	11/19/14	2020	151,809		107,336		4,507	
Less: Unamortized GO Bond discount						(5,490)		(915)	
VML/VACO Series 2017	2.25%	12/20/2017	2026	3,184,693		2,437,907		386,125	
Rural Development Bond	2.13%	9/19/2019	2060	1,252,000		1,236,559		20,506	
Total Direct Borrowings and Placements					\$	24,763,791	\$1	,332,805	
Other Obligations:									
Compensated Absences	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	\$	27,790	\$	20,843	
Net OPEB Liabilities	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		56,151		-	
Net Pension Liability	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		138,249		-	
Total Other Obligations					\$	222,190	\$	20,843	
Total Long-term obligations					\$	24,985,981	\$1	,353,648	

\* Loan issued by Carroll County PSA in the amount of \$5,000,000 with an underlying agreement that Wythe County is responsible for 7.9733% of such loan.

\*\* As of June 30, 2020, \$127,715 has been drawn down.

\*\*\* As of June 30, 2020, \$2,078,192 has been drawn down.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2020

### Note 6-Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

#### Primary Government - Business-type Activities Obligations: (Continued)

#### Details of long-term obligations: (Continued)

The County's general obligation bonds are subject to the state aid intercept program. Under terms of the program, the County's State aid is redirected to bond holders to cure any event(s) of default.

In an event of default occurs with VRA bonds, the principal of the bond(s) may be declared immediately due and payable to the register owner of the bond(s) by written notice to the County.

#### Note 7-Long-Term Obligations - Component Unit:

#### Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board Obligations:

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions of the School Board for the year ended June 30, 2020.

, 2020
7,786
2,986
8,260
9,032

## Details of long-term obligations:

	Balance	Amount
	Governmental	Due Within
	Activities	One Year
Other Obligations:		
Compensated Absences	\$ 687,786	\$515,840
Net OPEB Liabilities	9,702,986	-
Net Pension Liability	33,908,260	-
Total Long-term obligations	\$ 44,299,032	\$515,840

#### Note 8-Pension Plans:

## Aggregate Pension Information

The following is a summary of deferred outflows, deferred inflows, net pension liabilities, and pension expense for the year ended June 30, 2020.

	Primary Government				Component Unit School Board									
				N	et Pension						Ne	t Pension		
	Deferred	[	Deferred		Liability	Pension	0	Deferred		Deferred	L	iability		Pension
	Outflows		Inflows		(Asset)	Expense	(	Dutflows		Inflows		(Asset)		Expense
VRS Pension Plans:														
Primary Government	\$ 1,390,509	\$	299,486	\$	3,193,067	\$ 1,038,977	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
School Board Nonprofessional	-		-		-	-		238,822		49,267		652,820		261,251
School Board Professional	-		-		-	-		6,595,267		4,514,296	33	3,255,440		2,802,547
Totals	\$ 1,390,509	\$	299,486	\$	3,193,067	\$ 1,038,977	\$	6,834,089	\$	4,563,563	\$ 33	3,908,260	\$	3,063,798

# Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the County and (nonprofessional) employees of the public school divisions are automatically covered by the VRS Retirement Plan upon employment. This is an agent multiple-employer plan administered by a Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. However, several entities whose financial information is not included in the primary government report, participate in the VRS plan through Wythe County and the participating entities report their proportionate information on the basis of a cost-sharing plan.

Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer pay contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria as defined in the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service.

## Benefit Structures

The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees - Plan 1, Plan 2 and Hybrid. Each of these benefit structures has different eligibility criteria, as detailed below.

a. Employees hired before July 1, 2010, vested as of January 1, 2013, and have not taken a refund, are covered under Plan 1, a defined benefit plan. Non-hazardous duty employees are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit beginning at age 65 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 30 years of service credit. Non-hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 55 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 10 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees (law enforcement officers, firefighters, and sheriffs) are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 25 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees may retire with a sheriffs) are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at age 60 with at least 5 years of service with a reduced benefit as early as age 50 with at least 5 years of service credit.

## Note 8-Pension Plans: (Continued)

### **Benefit Structures (Continued)**

- b. Employees hired on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013 are covered under Plan 2, a defined benefit plan. Non-hazardous duty employees are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at their normal social security retirement age with at least 5 years of service credit or when the sum of their age plus service credit equals 90. Non-hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 25 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 50 with at least 5 years of service credit.
- c. Non-hazardous duty employees hired on or after January 1, 2014 are covered by the Hybrid Plan combining the features of a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Plan 1 and Plan 2 members also had the option of opting into this plan during the election window held January 1 April 30, 2014 with an effective date of July 1, 2014. Employees covered by this plan are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at their normal social security retirement age with at least 5 years of service credit, or when the sum of their age plus service credit equals 90. Employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least 5 years of cre service credit. For the defined contribution component, members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.

## Average Final Compensation and Service Retirement Multiplier

The VRS defined benefit is a lifetime monthly benefit based on a retirement multiplier as a percentage of the employee's average final compensation multiplied by the employee's total service credit. Under Plan 1, average final compensation is the average of the employee's 36 consecutive months of highest compensation and the multiplier is 1.70% for non-hazardous duty employees, 1.85% for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents, and 1.70% or 1.85% for hazardous duty employees as elected by the employer. Under Plan 2, average final compensation is the average of the employee's 60 consecutive months of highest compensation and the retirement multiplier is 1.65% for non-hazardous duty employees, 1.85% for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents, and 1.70% or 1.85% for hazardous duty employee's 60 consecutive months of highest compensation and the retirement multiplier is 1.65% for non-hazardous duty employees as elected by the employer. Under the Hybrid Plan, average final compensation is the average of the employee's 60 consecutive months of highest compensation is the average final compensation and the multiplier is 1.00%. For members who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan from Plan 1 or Plan 2, the applicable multipliers for those plans will be used to calculate the retirement benefit for service credited in those plans.

## Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement and Death and Disability Benefits

Retirees with an unreduced benefit or with a reduced benefit with at least 20 years of service credit are eligible for an annual COLA beginning July 1 after one full calendar year from the retirement date. Retirees with a reduced benefit and who have less than 20 years of service credit are eligible for an annual COLA beginning on July 1 after one calendar year following the unreduced retirement eligibility date. Under Plan 1, the COLA cannot exceed 5.00%. Under Plan 2 and the Hybrid Plan, the COLA cannot exceed 3.00%. The VRS also provides death and disability benefits. Title 51.1 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the General Assembly of Virginia.

### Note 8-Pension Plans: (Continued)

## Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement.

The County's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2020 was 8.28% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the County were \$569,220 and \$504,820 for the years ended June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019, respectively.

#### Net Pension Liability

At June 30, 2020, the County reported a liability of \$3,193,067 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The County's net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2018 and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2019. In order to allocate the net pension liability. Contributions as of June 30, 2019 and 2018 were used as a basis for allocation to determine the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability. At June 30, 2019 and 2018, the County's proportion was 95.20% and 95.66%, respectively.

### Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees

The total pension liability for General Employees in the Wythe County's Retirement Plan and the Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2019.

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases, including inflation	3.50% - 5.35%
Investment rate of return	6.75%, net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation*

\* Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 6.75%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 6.75% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 6.75% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2020

# Note 8-Pension Plans: (Continued)

# Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees (Continued)

# Mortality rates:

All Others (Non-10 Largest) - Non-Hazardous Duty: 15% of deaths are assumed to be service related

# Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 95% of rates; females 105% of rates.

# Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 3 years; females 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90.

# Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years; 110% of rates; females 125% of rates.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Lowered rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14.00% to 15.00%
Discount Rate	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-Hazardous Duty:

## Note 8-Pension Plans: (Continued)

## Actuarial Assumptions - Public Safety Employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits

The total pension liability for Public Safety employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits in the Wythe County's Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2019.

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases, including inflation	3.50% - 4.75%
Investment rate of return	6.75%, net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation*

\* Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 6.75%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 6.75% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 6.75% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

#### Mortality rates:

All Others (Non-10 Largest) - Hazardous Duty: 45% of deaths are assumed to be service related

#### Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 90% of rates; females set forward 1 year.

#### Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year, 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set forward 3 years.

#### Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years; unisex using 100% male.

# Note 8-Pension Plans: (Continued)

# Actuarial Assumptions - Public Safety Employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

All Others (Non-10 Largest) - Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Increased age 50 rates, and lowered rates at older ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Decreased rate from 60.00% to 45.00%
Discount Rate	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

## Note 8-Pension Plans: (Continued)

# Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Target Allocation	Arithmetic Long-term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-term Expected Rate of Return*
Public Equity	34.00%	5.61%	1.91%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.88%	0.13%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	5.13%	0.72%
Real Assets	14.00%	5.27%	0.74%
Private Equity	14.00%	8.77%	1.23%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies	6.00%	3.52%	0.21%
PIP - Private Investment Partnership	3.00%	6.29%	0.19%
Total	100.00%		5.13%
	Expected arithmet	Inflation ic nominal return*	2.50% 7.63%

\* The above allocation provides a one-year return of 7.63%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the system, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. The results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 7.11%, including expected inflation of 2.50%. The VRS Board elected a long-term rate of 6.75% which is roughly at the 40<sup>th</sup> percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation.

## Note 8-Pension Plans: (Continued)

# Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Consistent with the phased-in funding provided by the General Assembly for state and teacher employer contributions; the County and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) was also provided with an opportunity to use an alternative employer contribution rate. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the alternate rate was the employer contribution rate used in FY 2012 or 100% of the actuarially determined employer contribution rate from the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuations, whichever was greater. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the rate contributed by the employer for the school division for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan was subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly, which was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2019 on, participating employers and school divisions are assumed to contribute to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

# Sensitivity of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

		Rate		
	(5.75%)	(6.75%)		(7.75%)
County's proportionate share of the County Retirement Plan Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$7,721,705	\$ 3,193,067	Ş	(445,434)

# Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the County recognized pension expense of \$1,038,977. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the pension expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion and from differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of employer contributions.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2020

# Note 8-Pension Plans: (Continued)

# Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

At June 30, 2020, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	-	Primary Government			
		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	200,775	\$	-	
Change in assumptions		613,924		-	
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		6,590		13,778	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		285,708	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		569,220		-	
Total	\$	1,390,509	\$	299,486	

\$569,220 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the County's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year ended June 30	. <u>-</u>	Primary Government
2021	\$	542,855
2022		(34,460)
2023		(7,049)
2024		20,457
Thereafter		-

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2020

#### Note 8-Pension Plans: (Continued)

### Pension Plan Data

Information about the VRS Political Subdivision Retirement Plan is also available in the separately issued VRS 2019 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the 2019 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at <u>http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2019-annual-report-pdf</u>, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA 23218-2500.

#### Component Unit School Board (Nonprofessional)

Additional information related to the plan description, plan contribution requirements, actuarial assumptions, long-term expected rate of return, and discount rate is included in the first section of this note.

## Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the pension plan:

	Component Unit School Board Nonprofessional
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	76
Inactive members: Vested inactive members	6
Non-vested inactive members	25
Inactive members active elsewhere in VRS	28
Total inactive members	59
Active members	64
Total covered employees	199

## Contributions

The Component Unit School Board's contractually required employer contribution rate for nonprofessional employees for the year ended June 30, 2020 was 8.33% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2020

# Note 8-Pension Plans: (Continued)

# Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) (Continued)

# Contributions (Continued)

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the Component Unit School Board's nonprofessional employees were \$113,218 and \$109,285 for the years ended June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019, respectively.

# Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability (NPL) is calculated separately for each employer and represents that particular employer's total pension liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, less that employer's fiduciary net position. The Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2018 rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2019.

# Changes in Net Pension Liability

-	Component School Board (nonprofessional)					
	Increase (Decrease)					
		Total Pension Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)
Balances at June 30, 2018	\$	6,333,972	\$	5,936,694	\$	397,278
Changes for the year:						
Service cost	\$	134,549	\$	-	\$	134,549
Interest		428,825		-		428,825
Changes of assumptions		164,871		-		164,871
Differences between expected						
and actual experience		83,874		-		83,874
Contributions - employer		-		109,285		(109,285)
Contributions - employee		-		65,072		(65,072)
Net investment income		-		386,449		(386,449)
Benefit payments, including refunds						
of employee contributions		(415,806)		(415,806)		-
Administrative expenses		-		(3,986)		3,986
Other changes		-		(243)		243
Net changes	\$	396,313	\$	140,771	\$	255,542
Balances at June 30, 2019	\$	6,730,285	\$	6,077,465	\$	652,820

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2020

#### Note 8-Pension Plans: (Continued)

### Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) (Continued)

## Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	Rate			
	(5.75%)	(6.75%)	(7.75%)	
Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)				
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 1,358,289	\$ 652,820	\$ 85,957	

# Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) recognized pension expense of \$261,251. At June 30, 2020, the Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)		
	Deferred Defer Outflows of Inflow Resources Resou		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 42,352	\$	-
Changes of assumptions	83,252		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-		49,267
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	113,218		
Total	\$ 238,822	\$	49,267

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2020

#### Note 8-Pension Plans: (Continued)

## Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) (Continued)

# Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

\$113,218 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year ended June 30		Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)
2024	~	
2021	Ş	125,764
2022		(52,790)
2023		(742)
2024		4,105
Thereafter		-

## Component Unit School Board (professional)

## **Plan Description**

All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan upon employment. This is a cost-sharing multiple employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the system).

Additional information regarding the plan description is included in the first section of this note.

## Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by \$51.1-145 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. Each school division's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2020 was 15.68% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the school division were \$3,302,199 and \$3,237,661 for the years ended June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019, respectively.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2020

#### Note 8-Pension Plans: (Continued)

## Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2020, the school division reported a liability of \$33,255,440 for its proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability. The Net Pension Liability was measured as of June 30, 2019 and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2018, and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2019. The school division's proportion of the Net Pension Liability was based on the school division's actuarially determined employer contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2019 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2019, the school division's proportion was 0.2527% as compared to 0.2585% at June 30, 2018.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the school division recognized pension expense of \$2,802,547. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the pension expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion and from differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of employer contributions.

At June 30, 2020, the school division reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Component Unit School			nit School
	Board (professional)			ssional)
	-	Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows
	-	of Resources	_	of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	2,129,486
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		730,211
Changes of assumptions		3,293,068		-
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		<u>.</u>		1,654,599
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		3,302,199		-
Total	\$	6,595,267	\$	4,514,296

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2020

#### Note 8-Pension Plans: (Continued)

## Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

\$3,302,199 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the school division's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year ended June 30	
2021	\$ (608,374)
2022	(1,084,962)
2023	(56,334)
2024	324,108
Thereafter	204,334

#### Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2018.

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases, including inflation	3.50% - 5.95%
Investment rate of return	6.75%, net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation*

\* Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 6.75%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 6.75% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 6.75% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2020

# Note 8-Pension Plans: (Continued)

# Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

# Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

# Mortality rates:

# Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 White Collar Employee Rates to age 80, White Collar Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020.

#### Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 White Collar Employee Rates to age 49, White Collar Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 1% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set back 3 years with 1.5% increase compounded from ages 65 to 75 and 2.0% increase compounded from ages 75 to 90.

#### Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with Scale BB to 2020; 115% of rates for males and females.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2020

#### Note 8-Pension Plans: (Continued)

### <u>Component Unit School Board (professional)</u> (Continued)

## Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability (NPL) is calculated separately for each system and represents that particular system's total pension liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, less that system's fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2019, NPL amounts for the VRS Teacher Employee Retirement Plan is as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

Plan Fiduciary Net Position Employers' Net Pension Liability (Asset) Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage	_	Teacher Employee Retirement Plan			
Total Pension Liability	\$	49,683,336			
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		36,522,769			
Employers' Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	13,160,567			
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage					
of the Total Pension Liability		73.51%			

The total pension liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net pension liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 67 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

The long-term expected rate of return and discount rate information previously described also apply to this plan.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2020

#### Note 8-Pension Plans: (Continued)

## Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

# Sensitivity of the School Division's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

		Rate	
	 (5.75%)	 (6.75%)	 (7.75%)
School division's proportionate share of the VRS Teacher			
Employee Retirement Plan Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 50,063,884	\$ 33,255,440	\$ 19,357,969

## Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2019 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the 2019 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at <u>http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2019-annual-report.pdf</u>, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2020

# Note 9-Capital Assets:

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2020 was as follows:

Primary Government:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance
Governmental Activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 4,032,359	\$-	\$-	\$ 4,032,359
Construction in progress	10,340,146	1,075,075	(10,280,252)	1,134,969
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$ 14,372,505	\$ 1,075,075	\$ (10,280,252)	\$ 5,167,328
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	\$ 60,870,081	\$10,280,252	\$ -	\$71,150,333
Infrastructure	3,322,389	-	-	3,322,389
Machinery and equipment	6,545,942	1,244,915	(38,890)	7,751,967
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$ 70,738,412	\$11,525,167	\$ (38,890)	\$ 82,224,689
Accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings and improvements	\$ (16,432,784)	\$(1,546,383)	\$ -	\$ (17,979,167)
Infrastructure	(2,161,170)	(166,542)	-	(2,327,712)
Machinery and equipment	(4,601,993)	(439,641)	38,350	(5,003,284)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$ (23, 195, 947)	\$ (2,152,566)	\$ 38,350	\$ (25,310,163)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$ 47,542,465	\$ 9,372,601	\$ (540)	\$ 56,914,526
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 61,914,970	\$10,447,676	\$ (10,280,792)	\$ 62,081,854

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2020

# Note 9-Capital Assets: (Continued)

# Primary Government: (Continued)

	Beginning Balance		• •		C	ecreases	Ending Balance		
Business-type activities:									
Capital assets, not being depreciated:									
Land	\$	233,205	\$	-	\$	-	\$	233,205	
Construction in progress		249,930		191,769		(374,692)		67,007	
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$	483,135	\$	191,769	\$	(374,692)	\$	300,212	
Capital assets, being depreciated:									
Utility plant in service	\$	64,214,686	\$	403,242	\$	-	\$	64,617,928	
Machinery and equipment		376,116		173,263		-		549,379	
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$	64,590,802	\$	576,505	\$	-	\$	65,167,307	
Accumulated depreciation:									
Utility plant in service	\$	(19,354,529)	\$(	1,597,342)	\$	-	\$ (	20,951,871)	
Machinery and equipment		(193,611)		(45,568)		-		(239,179)	
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	(19,548,140)	\$ (	1,642,910)	\$	-	\$ (	21,191,050)	
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$	45,042,662	\$(	1,066,405)	\$	-	\$	43,976,257	
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	45,525,797	\$	(874,636)	\$	(374,692)	\$	44,276,469	

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government administration	\$ 59,409
Judicial administration	10,583
Public safety	365,565
Public works	292,761
Education	1,006,024
Parks, recreation, and culture	18,103
Community development	400,121
Total depreciation expense-governmental activities	\$2,152,566
Business type activities:	
Water and sewer	\$1,642,910
Total depreciation expense-Primary Government	\$3,795,476

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2020

#### Note 9-Capital Assets: (Continued)

Capital asset activity for the School Board for the year ended June 30, 2020 was as follows:

Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities:				Duance
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 774,089	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 774,089
Construction in progress	780,987	2,784,807	(3,565,794)	-
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$ 1,555,076	\$ 2,784,807	\$ (3,565,794)	\$ 774,089
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	\$ 24,687,806	\$ 3,565,794	\$ -	\$ 28,253,600
Machinery and equipment	9,252,675	43,829	-	9,296,504
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$ 33,940,481	\$ 3,609,623	\$ -	\$ 37,550,104
Accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings and improvements	\$(14,735,495)	\$ (475,888)	\$ -	\$ (15,211,383)
Machinery and equipment	(6,968,588)	(376,574)	-	(7,345,162)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$(21,704,083)	\$ (852,462)	\$-	\$ (22,556,545)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$ 12,236,398	\$ 2,757,161	\$ -	\$ 14,993,559
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 13,791,474	\$ 5,541,968	\$ (3,565,794)	\$ 15,767,648

All depreciation of the component-unit School Board is posted to the education function in the financial statements.

#### Note 10-Risk Management:

The County and School Board are exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The County and School Board participate with other localities in a public entity risk pool for their coverage of worker's compensation with the Virginia Municipal League Pool and public officials' liability with the Virginia Association of Counties Group Self Insurance Risk Pool. The County pays an annual premium to the pools for its general insurance coverage. The agreement for the formation of the pools provides that the pool will be self-sustaining through member premiums. The County and School Board continue to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

### Note 11-Commitments and Contingent Liabilities:

Federal programs in which the County and its component unit participate were audited in accordance with the provisions of U.S. Office of Management and Budget Uniform Guidance. Pursuant to the provisions of this circular all major programs and certain other programs were tested for compliance with applicable grant requirements. While no material matters of noncompliance were disclosed by audit, the Federal Government may subject grant programs to additional compliance tests, which may result in disallowed expenditures. In the opinion of management, any future disallowances of current grant program expenditures, if any, would be immaterial.

A software provider has filed a complaint against the County requesting damages of \$45,000. The County is vigorously defending this claim. The amount of payment, if any, cannot be reasonably estimated and therefore the County has not recorded a liability in the accompanying financial statements.

The County has been named as a defendant in a Worker's Compensation Claim related to the construction of the Appalachian Regional Exposition Center (APEX Center). The County will vigorously defend this claim. The amount of payment, if any, cannot be reasonably estimated and therefore the County has not recorded a liability in the accompanying financial statements.

The County has received notices of other potential claims. The amount(s) of payments (if any), cannot be reasonably estimated and therefore the County has not recorded a liability in the accompanying financial statements.

The County and School Board had the following construction commitments at June 30, 2020:

	Original				
	Contract Outstandin				
Project	Amount	June	e 30, 2020		
County					
APEX Center	\$ 6,559,973	\$	25,000		
APEX Barn	732,437		95,997		
Totals	\$ 7,292,410	\$	120,997		

# Note 12-Surety Bonds:

# Primary Government:

Fidelity & Deposit Company of Maryland-Surety:		
Jeremiah Musser, Clerk of the Circuit Court	<b>\$</b> 1	,500,000
Lori Guynn, Treasurer		400,000
Kathy Vaught, Commissioner of the Revenue		3,000
Keith Dunagen, Sheriff		30,000
Aetna Casualty and Surety - Surety:		
All social services employees: blanket bond	\$	100,000
United States Fidelity and Guaranty Company-Surety:		
Stephen Bear, County Administrator	\$	2,000
Martha Collins, Administrative Secretary		2,000
Tim Spraker, Building Inspector		2,000

# Component Unit - School Board:

United States Fire Insurance Company - Surety:	
Catrina Hall, Clerk of the School Board	\$ 25,000
All school board employees: blanket bond	10,000

#### Note 13-Unearned and Deferred/Unavailable Revenue:

Unearned and deferred/unavailable revenue represents amounts for which asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, such amounts are measurable, but not available. Under the accrual basis, assessments for future periods are deferred.

	St Gov	rnment-wide atements /ernmental Activities	 alance Sheet overnmental Funds
Primary Government:			
Deferred/unavailable revenue:			
Unavailable property tax revenue representing uncollected property tax billings that are not available for funding of current expenditures	\$	-	\$ 1,673,285
Prepaid property taxes due subsequent to June 30, 2020 but paid in advance by the taxpayers		113,421	113,421
Unavailable revenue represents the proceeds of land held for resale of which are not available for funding of current expenditures		-	14,029,913
Unearned revenue: Unspent Coronavirus Relief Funds received during the current fiscal year		2,479,389	 2,479,389
Total	\$	2,592,810	\$ 18,296,008

#### Note 14-Aggregate Other Postemployment Benefits Information:

The following is a summary of deferred outflows, deferred inflows, net pension liabilities, and pension expense for the year ended June 30, 2020.

	Primary Government				Component Unit School Board				
	-	Net OPEB					Net OPEB		
	Deferred	Deferred	Liability	OPEB	Deferred	Deferred	Liability	OPEB	
	Outflows	Inflows	(Asset)	Expense	Outflows	Inflows	(Asset)	Expense	
VRS OPEB Plans:									
Group Life Insurance Program									
County	\$114,256	\$ 66,950	\$ 530,139	\$ 7,814	Ş -	ş -	ş -	Ş -	
School Board Nonprofessional	-	-	-	-	26,045	7,396	116,187	3,614	
School Board Professional	-	-	-	-	338,036	185,548	1,745,894	24,030	
Health Insurance Credit Program	-	-	-	-	16,875	3,143	132,220	12,455	
Teacher Health Insurance Credit Program	-	-	-	-	333,571	210,619	3,275,885	239,901	
County Stand-Alone Plan	50,585	257,416	767,083	9,945	-	-	-	-	
School Stand-Alone Plan	-	-	-	-	378,600	844,700	4,432,800	223,900	
Totals	\$ 164,841	\$ 324,366	\$1,297,222	\$17,759	\$1,093,127	\$1,251,406	\$9,702,986	\$503,900	

## Note 15-Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance:

# Plan Description

In addition to the pension benefits described in Note 9, the County administers a cost-sharing defined benefit healthcare plan. Several entities participate in the defined benefit healthcare plan through the County and the participating entities report their proportionate information on the basis of a cost-sharing plan. The plan provides postemployment health care benefits to all eligible permanent employees who meet the requirements under the County's pension plans. The plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

# Benefits Provided

The County administers a cost-sharing healthcare plan ("the Plan"). The Plan provides for participation by eligible retirees of the County and their dependents in the health and dental insurance programs available to County employees. The Plan will provide retiring employees the option to continue health and dental insurance offered by the County. An eligible County retiree may receive this benefit until the retiree is eligible to receive Medicare. To be eligible for this benefit a retiree must have 10 years of service with the County and the employee must have attained the age of fifty (50). Alternatively, an employee is also eligible to participate at age fifty-five (55) with 5 years of service. The benefits, employee contributions and the employer contributions are governed by the County Board and can be amended through Board action. The Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

# Contributions

The Board does not pre-fund benefits; therefore, no assets are accumulated in a trust fund. The current funding policy is to pay benefits directly from general assets on a pay-as-you-go basis. The funding requirements are established and may be amended by the County Board. The amount paid by the County for OPEB as the benefits came due during the year ended June 30, 2020 was \$19,603.

## Total OPEB Liability

At June 30, 2020, the County reported a liability of \$767,083 for its proportionate share of the total OPEB liability. The County's total OPEB liability was measured as of July 1, 2019. The total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of July 1, 2018, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of July 1, 2019. At June 30, 2019 and 2018, the County's proportion was 95.62% and 95.66%, respectively.

## Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the July 1, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary Increases	Salaries are assumed to increase 2.50% annually.
Discount Rate	3.13%

Mortality is based on the RP-2014 Mortality Table, fully generational with base year 2006, projected using two-dimensional mortality improvement scale MP-2019.

## Note 15-Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance: (Continued)

## Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

The date of the most recent actuarial experience study for which significant assumptions were based is not available.

# Discount Rate

The discount rate has been set equal to 3.13% and represents the Municipal GO AA 20-year yield curve rate as of the measurement date.

# Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following amounts present the total OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (2.13%) or one percentage point higher (4.13%) than the current discount rate:

			Rate			
-	1% Decrease Current Discount 1% Incr					
	(2.13%)		Rate (3.13%)		(4.13%)	
- د	849,413	¢	767,083	ç	693,453	
Ļ	077,713	Ļ	707,005	Ļ	075,755	

# Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower (4.50% decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.00%) or one percentage point higher (6.50% decreasing to an ultimate rate of 6.00%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

			Rates			
Healthcare Cost						
1% Decrease			Trend		1% Increase	
	(as noted above)		(as noted above)		(as noted above)	
\$	671,077	\$	767,083	\$	880,586	

## Note 15-Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance: (Continued)

## **OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources**

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the County recognized OPEB expense in the amount of \$9,945. At June 30, 2020, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources.

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	5 -	\$ 220,410
Change in assumptions	30,982	37,006
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	19,603	
Total	50,585	\$ 257,416

\$19,603 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from the County's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the OPEB will be recognized in the OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year Ended June 30	
2021	\$ (49,149)
2022	(49,149)
2023	(49,149)
2024	(49,149)
2025	(28,687)
Thereafter	(1,151)

Additional disclosures on changes in total OPEB liability, related ratios, and employer contributions can be found in the required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements.

#### Note 16-Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance - Component Unit School Board:

## Plan Description

In addition to the pension benefits described in Note 9, the School Board administers a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan, The Wythe County Public Schools Other Postemployment Benefits Plan. The plan provides postemployment health care benefits to all eligible permanent employees who meet the requirements under the School Board's pension plans. The plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2020

#### <u>Note 16-Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance - Component Unit School Board:</u> (Continued)

### **Benefits Provided**

The Component Unit School Board administers a single-employer healthcare plan ("the Plan"). The Plan provides for participation by eligible retirees of the School Board and their dependents in the health and dental insurance programs available to School Board employees. The Plan will provide retiring employees the option to continue health and dental insurance offered by the School Board. An eligible School Board retiree may receive this benefit until the retiree is eligible to receive Medicare. To be eligible for this benefit a retiree must have 10 years of service with the School Board and the employee must have attained the age of fifty (50). Alternatively, an employee is also eligible to participate at age fifty-five (55) with 5 year of service. The benefits, employee contributions and the employer contributions are governed by the School Board and can be amended through Board action.

## Plan Membership

At July 1, 2019 (measurement date), the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	49
Active employees	530
Total	579

#### Contributions

The board does not pre-fund benefits; therefore, no assets are accumulated in a trust fund. The current funding policy is to pay benefits directly from general assets on a pay-as-you-go basis. The funding requirements are established and may be amended by the School Board. The amount paid by the School Board for OPEB as the benefits came due during the year ended June 30, 2020 was \$216,800.

#### Total OPEB Liability

The School Board's total OPEB liability was measured as of July 1, 2019. The total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of July 1, 2018, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of July 1, 2019.

### Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the July 1, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary Increases	Salaries are assumed to increase 2.50% annually.
Discount Rate	3.13%

### <u>Note 16-Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance - Component Unit School Board:</u> (Continued)

# Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Mortality is based on the RP-2014 Mortality Table, fully generational with base year 2006, projected using two-dimensional mortality improvement scale MP-2019.

The date of the most recent actuarial experience study for which significant assumptions were based is not available.

## Changes in Total OPEB Liability

	-	Component Unit School Board Total OPEB Liability
Beginning Balance	\$	4,512,500
Changes for the year:		
Service cost		168,800
Interest		165,600
Difference between expected and actual experience		(383,600)
Changes in assumptions		186,300
Benefit payments		(216,800)
Net changes	-	(79,700)
Ending Balance	\$	4,432,800

## Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following amounts present the total OPEB liability of the School Board, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (2.13%) or one percentage point higher (4.13%) than the current discount rate:

		Rate	
_	1% Decrease	Current Discount	1% Increase
	(2.13%)	Rate (3.13%)	(4.13%)
\$	4,844,400	\$ 4,432,800	\$ 4,055,800

#### <u>Note 16-Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance - Component Unit School Board:</u> (Continued)

## Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the School Board, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower (4.50% decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.00%) or one percentage point higher (6.50% decreasing to an ultimate rate of 6.00%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Rates	
-		Healthcare Cost	
	1% Decrease	Trend	1% Increase
_	(as noted above)	(as noted above)	(as noted above)
\$	3,900,300	\$ 4,432,800	\$ 5,064,400

## **OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources**

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the School Board recognized OPEB expense in the amount of \$223,900. At June 30, 2020, the School Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources.

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience \$	-	\$ 522,400
Change in assumptions	161,800	322,300
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	216,800	
Total \$	378,600	\$ 844,700

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2020

#### <u>Note 16-Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance - Component Unit School Board:</u> (Continued)

# OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources (Continued)

\$216,800 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from the School Board's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the OPEB will be recognized in the OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year Ended June 30	
2021	\$ (117,300)
2022	(117,300)
2023	(117,300)
2024	(117,300)
2025	(117,300)
Thereafter	(96,400)

Additional disclosures on changes in total OPEB liability, related ratios, and employer contributions can be found in the required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements.

## Note 17-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan):

## **Plan Description**

The Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan was established pursuant to \$51.1-500 et seq. of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the state agencies, teachers, and employees of participating political subdivisions are automatically covered by the VRS GLI Plan upon employment. This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pensions and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia.

In addition to the Basic GLI benefit, members are also eligible to elect additional coverage for themselves as well as a spouse or dependent children through the Optional GLI Plan. For members who elect the optional group life insurance coverage, the insurer bills employers directly for the premiums. Employers deduct these premiums from members' paychecks and pay the premiums to the insurer. Since this is a separate and fully insured plan, it is not included as part of the GLI Plan OPEB.

# Note 17-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

## Plan Description (Continued)

The specific information for GLI OPEB, including eligibility, coverage and benefits is described below:

## Eligible Employees

The GLI Plan was established July 1, 1960, for state employees, teachers, and employees of political subdivisions that elect the plan. Basic GLI coverage is automatic upon employment. Coverage ends for employees who leave their position before retirement eligibility or who take a refund of their accumulated retirement member contributions and accrued interest.

## Benefit Amounts

The GLI Plan is a defined benefit plan with several components. The natural death benefit is equal to the employee's covered compensation rounded to the next highest thousand and then doubled. The accidental death benefit is double the natural death benefit. In addition to basic natural and accidental death benefits, the plan provides additional benefits provided under specific circumstances that include the following: accidental dismemberment benefit, safety belt benefit, repatriation benefit, felonious assault benefit, and accelerated death benefit option. The benefit amounts are subject to a reduction factor. The benefit amount reduces by 25% on January 1 following one calendar year of separation. The benefit amount reduces by an additional 25% on each subsequent January 1 until it reaches 25% of its original value. For covered members with at least 30 years of service credit, the minimum benefit payable was set at \$8,000 by statute in 2015. This will be increased annually based on the VRS Plan 2 cost-of-living adjustment calculation. The minimum benefit adjusted for the COLA was \$8,463 as of June 30, 2020.

## Contributions

The contribution requirements for the GLI Plan are governed by \$51.1-506 and \$51.1-508 of the <u>Code of</u> <u>Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to state agencies and school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. The total rate for the GLI Plan was 1.31% of covered employee compensation. This was allocated into an employee and an employer component using a 60/40 split. The employee component was 0.79% ( $1.31\% \times 60\%$ ) and the employer component was 0.52% ( $1.31\% \times 40\%$ ). Employers may elect to pay all or part of the employee contribution; however, the employer must pay all of the employer contribution. Each employer's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2020 was 0.52% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits payable during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Contributions to the Group Life Insurance Plan from the County were \$38,116 and \$33,160 for the years ended June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019, respectively.

Contributions to the Group Life Insurance Plan from the Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) were \$7,748 and \$7,371 for the years ended June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019, respectively.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2020

## Note 17-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

## Contributions (Continued)

Contributions to the Group Life Insurance Plan from the Component Unit School Board (professional) were \$111,698 and \$109,348 for the years ended June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019, respectively.

# GLI OPEB Liabilities, GLI OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the Group Life Insurance Plan OPEB

## County of Wythe, Virginia Group Life Insurance Plan

At June 30, 2020, the entity reported a liability of \$530,139 for its proportionate share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability. The Net GLI OPEB Liability was measured as of June 30, 2018 and the total GLI OPEB liability used to calculate the Net GLI OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2018, and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2019. The covered employer's proportion of the Net GLI OPEB Liability was based on the covered employer's actuarially determined employer contributions to the GLI Plan for the year ended June 30, 2019 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2019, the participating employer's proportion was 0.0327% as compared to 0.0344% at June 30, 2018.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the participating employer recognized GLI OPEB expense of \$7,814. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the GLI OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion.

## Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) Group Life Insurance Plan

At June 30, 2020, the entity reported a liability of \$116,187 for its proportionate share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability. The Net GLI OPEB Liability was measured as of June 30, 2019 and the total GLI OPEB liability used to calculate the Net GLI OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2018, and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2019. The covered employer's proportion of the Net GLI OPEB Liability was based on the covered employer's actuarially determined employer contributions to the GLI Plan for the year ended June 30, 2019 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2019, the participating employer's proportion was 0.0071% as compared to 0.0071% at June 30, 2018.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the participating employer recognized GLI OPEB expense of \$3,614. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the GLI OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2020

# Note 17-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

# GLI OPEB Liabilities, GLI OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the Group Life Insurance Plan OPEB (Continued)

# Component Unit School Board (professional) Group Life Insurance Plan

At June 30, 2020, the entity reported a liability of \$1,745,894 for its proportionate share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability. The Net GLI OPEB Liability was measured as of June 30, 2019 and the total GLI OPEB liability used to calculate the Net GLI OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2018, and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2019. The covered employer's proportion of the Net GLI OPEB Liability was based on the covered employer's actuarially determined employer contributions to the GLI Plan for the year ended June 30, 2019 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2019, the participating employer's proportion was 0.1073% as compared to 0.1092% at June 30, 2018.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the participating employer recognized GLI OPEB expense of \$24,030. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the GLI OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion.

At June 30, 2020, the employer reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB from the following sources:

	Primary Government				Component U Board (nonpr	Component Unit School Board (professional)				
	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	 Deferred Outflows of Resources	Ir	Deferred Inflows of esources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	35,258	\$	6,876	\$	7,727 \$	1,505	\$ 116,112 \$	5	22,646
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on GLI OPEB plan investments		-		10,890		-	2,387	-		35,862
Change in assumptions		33,469		15,986		7,335	3,504	110,226		52,646
Changes in proportion		7,413		33,198		3,235	-	-		74,394
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	38,116		-		7,748		 111,698		<u> </u>
Total	\$	114,256	\$	66,950	\$	26,045 \$	7,396	\$ 338,036 \$	;	185,548

# Note 17-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

# GLI OPEB Liabilities, GLI OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the Group Life Insurance Plan OPEB (Continued)

\$38,116, \$7,748, and \$111,698 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB resulting from the employer's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net GLI OPEB Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB will be recognized in the GLI OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

	_	Primary Government	Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)	 Component Unit School Board (professional)
Year Ended June 30	_			
2021	\$	(2,561)	\$ 1,340	\$ (10,138)
2022		(2,560)	1,340	(10,137)
2023		2,052	2,351	5,052
2024		5,081	2,779	20,024
2025		5,619	2,416	27,542
Thereafter		1,559	675	8,447

# Actuarial Assumptions

The total GLI OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2019. The assumptions include several employer groups as noted below. Salary increases and mortality rates included herein are for relevant employer groups. Information for other groups can be referenced in the VRS CAFR.

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases, including inflation:	
Teachers	3.50%-5.95%
Locality - General employees	3.50%-5.35%
Locality - Hazardous Duty employees	3.50%-4.75%
Investment rate of return	6.75%, net of investment expenses, including inflation*

# Note 17-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

## Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

\*Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 6.75%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 6.75% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 6.75% to simplify preparation of OPEB liabilities

## Mortality Rates - Teachers

## Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 White Collar Employee Rates to age 80, White Collar Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020.

# Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 White Collar Employee Rates to age 49, White Collar Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 1% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set back 3 years with 1.5% increase compounded from ages 65 to 70 and 2.0% increase compounded from ages 75 to 90.

## Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; 115% of rates for males and females.

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2020

# Note 17-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

# Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

# Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

# Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates to 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 95% of rates; females 105% of rates.

# Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 3 years; females 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90.

# Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years, 110% of rates; females 125% of rates.

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered retirement rates at older ages and extended final retirement age from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
Disability Rates	Lowered disability rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14.00% to 15.00%
Discount Rate	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2020

# Note 17-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

# Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

# Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

# Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates to 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 90% of rates; females set forward 1 year.

# Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year with 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set forward 3 years.

# Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years; unisex using 100% male.

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Increased age 50 rates and lowered rates at older ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Decreased rate from 60.00% to 45.00%
Discount Rate	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2020

# Note 17-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

# NET GLI OPEB Liability

The net OPEB liability (NOL) for the GLI Plan represents the plan's total OPEB liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, less the associated fiduciary net position. As of the measurement date of June 30, 2019, NOL amounts for the GLI Plan are as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

		GLI OPEB Plan
Total GLI OPEB Liability Plan Fiduciary Net Position GLI Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ \$	3,390,238 1,762,972 1,627,266
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total GLI OPEB Liability		52.00%

The total GLI OPEB liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net GLI OPEB liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 74 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

# Note 17-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

# Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on the System's investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of System's investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Target Allocation	Arithmetic Long-term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-term Expected Rate of Return*
Public Equity	34.00%	5.61%	1.91%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.88%	0.13%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	5.13%	0.72%
Real Assets	14.00%	5.27%	0.74%
Private Equity	14.00%	8.77%	1.23%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies	6.00%	3.52%	0.21%
PIP - Private Investment Partnership	3.00%	6.29%	0.19%
Total	100.00%		5.13%
		Inflation	2.50%
	Expected arithmet	ic nominal return*	7.63%

\*The above allocation provides a one-year return of 7.63%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the system, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. The results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 7.11%, including expected inflation of 2.50%. The VRS Board elected a long-term rate of 6.75% which is roughly at the 40<sup>th</sup> percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2020

## Note 17-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

## Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total GLI OPEB liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made per the VRS guidance and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the rate contributed by the entity for the GLI OPEB will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly which was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2019 on, employers are assumed to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the GLI OPEB's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of eligible employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total GLI OPEB liability.

# Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the employer's proportionate share of the net GLI OPEB liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the employer's proportionate share of the net GLI OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (8.75%) than the current rate:

				Rate		
	1%	6 Decrease	Curi	rent Discount	1	% Increase
		(5.75%)		(6.75%)		(7.75%)
County's proportionate						
share of the GLI Plan	<u>,</u>		<u>,</u>	520 (20		
Net OPEB Liability	\$	696,455	\$	530,139	\$	395,261
Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) proportionate share of the GLI Plan Net OPEB Liability	\$	152,638	\$	116,187	\$	86,627
Component Unit School Board's (professional) proportionate share of the GLI Plan						
Net OPEB Liability	\$	2,293,621	\$	1,745,894	\$	1,301,702

## Note 17-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

# GLI Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the GLI Plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2019 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the 2019 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at <u>http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2019-annual-report.pdf</u>, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

## Note 18-Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan):

## Plan Description

The Political Subdivision Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan was established pursuant to \$51.1-1400 et seq. of the <u>Code of</u> Virginia, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. All full-time, salaried permanent employees of participating political subdivisions are automatically covered by the VRS Political Subdivision HIC Plan upon employment. This is an agent multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pension and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit toward the benefit for each month they are employed and for which their employer pays contributions to VRS. The HIC is a tax-free reimbursement in an amount set by the General Assembly for each year of service credit against qualified health insurance premiums retirees pay for single coverage, excluding any portion covering the spouse or dependents. The credit cannot exceed the amount of the premiums and ends upon the retiree's death.

The specific information about the Political Subdivision HIC Plan OPEB, including eligibility, coverage and benefits is described below:

## Eligible Employees

The Political Subdivision Retiree HIC Plan was established July 1, 1993 for retired political subdivision employees of employers who elect the benefit and retire with at least 15 years of service credit. Eligible employees include full-time permanent salaried employees of the participating political subdivision who are covered under the VRS pension plan. These employees are enrolled automatically upon employment.

## Benefit Amounts

The Political Subdivision Retiree HIC Plan is a defined benefit plan that provides a credit toward the cost of health insurance coverage for retired political subdivision employees of participating employers. For employees who retire, the monthly benefit is \$1.50 per year of service per month with a maximum benefit of \$45.00 per month. For employees who retire on disability or go on long-term disability under the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP), the monthly benefit is \$45.00 per month.

## HIC Plan Notes

The monthly HIC benefit cannot exceed the individual premium amount. There is no HIC for premiums paid and qualified under LODA; however, the employee may receive the credit for premiums paid for other qualified health plans. Employees who retire after being on long-term disability under VLDP must have at least 15 years of service credit to qualify for the HIC as a retiree.

#### Note 18-Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

As of the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the HIC OPEB plan:

	Number
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently	32
receiving benefits Total inactive members	32
Active members	64
Total covered employees	96

#### Contributions

The contribution requirements for active employees is governed by \$51.1-1402(E) of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. The Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2020 was 0.82% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017. The actuarially determined rate was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions from the Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) to the HIC Plan were \$12,038 and \$11,757 for the years ended June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019, respectively.

#### Net HIC OPEB Liability

The Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) net HIC OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2019. The total HIC OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2018, using updated actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2019.

# Note 18-Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

# Actuarial Assumptions

The total HIC OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2019.

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases, including inflation:	
Locality - General employees	3.50%-5.35%
Locality - Hazardous Duty employees	3.50%-4.75%
Investment rate of return	6.75%, net of investment expenses, including inflation*

\*Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 6.75%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 6.75% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 6.75% to simplify preparation of the OPEB liabilities.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2020

# Note 18-Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

# Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

# Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

# Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates to 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 95% of rates; females 105% of rates.

# Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 3 years; females 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90.

# Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Life Mortality Table projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years, 110% of rates; females 125% of rates.

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered retirement rates at older ages and extended final retirement age from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
Disability Rates	Lowered disability rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14.00% to 15.00%
Discount Rate	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

## Note 18-Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

# Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on the System's investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of System's investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Target Allocation	Arithmetic Long-term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-term Expected Rate of Return*
Public Equity	34.00%	5.61%	1.91%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.88%	0.13%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	5.13%	0.72%
Real Assets	14.00%	5.27%	0.74%
Private Equity	14.00%	8.77%	1.23%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies	6.00%	3.52%	0.21%
PIP - Private Investement Partnership	3.00%	6.29%	0.19%
Total	100.00%		5.13%
		Inflation	2.50%
	Expected arithmet	ic nominal return*	7.63%

\*The above allocation provides a one-year return of 7.63%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the system, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. The results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 7.11%, including expected inflation of 2.50%. The VRS Board elected a long-term rate of 6.75% which is roughly at the 40<sup>th</sup> percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2020

# Note 18-Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

# Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total HIC OPEB liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the rate contributed by the entity for the HIC OPEB will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly, which was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. From July 1, 2019 on, employers are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the HIC OPEB's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of eligible employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total HIC OPEB liability.

## Changes in Net HIC OPEB Liability

	 Increase (Decrease)					
	 Total HIC OPEB Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset) (a) - (b)			
Balances at June 30, 2018	\$ 159,000 \$	27,000 \$				
Changes for the year:						
Service cost	\$ 2,703 \$	- \$	2,703			
Interest	10,626	-	10,626			
Differences between expected						
and actual experience	(3,647)	-	(3,647)			
Assumption changes	3,036	-	3,036			
Contributions - employer	-	11,429	(11,429)			
Net investment income	-	1,507	(1,507)			
Benefit payments	(15,620)	(15,620)	-			
Administrative expenses	-	(30)	30			
Other changes	 617	209	408			
Net changes	\$ (2,285) \$	(2,505) \$	220			
Balances at June 30, 2019	\$ 156,715 \$	24,495 \$	132,220			

## Note 18-Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

# Sensitivity of the Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) HIC Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) HIC Program net HIC OPEB liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) net HIC OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	Rate					
	19	% Decrease	Curre	ent Discount	1	% Increase
	(5.75%) (6.75%)		(7.75%)			
Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional)						
Net HIC OPEB Liability	\$	145,476	\$	132,220	\$	120,664

## HIC Plan OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to HIC Plan OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) recognized HIC Plan OPEB expense of \$12,455. At June 30, 2020, the Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) HIC Plan from the following sources:

	-	Deferred Outflows of Resources	 Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	2,527	\$ 2,775
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on HIC OPEB plan investments		-	274
Change in assumptions		2,310	94
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	-	12,038	 
Total	\$	16,875	\$ 3,143

## Note 18-Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

# HIC Plan OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to HIC Plan OPEB: (Continued)

\$12,038 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the HIC OPEB resulting from the Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net HIC OPEB Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the HIC OPEB will be recognized in the HIC OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year Ended June 30	
2021	\$ 851
2022	908
2023	(88)
2024	23
2025	-
Thereafter	-

## HIC Plan Data

Information about the VRS Political Subdivision HIC Program is available in the separately issued VRS 2019 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the 2019 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at <u>http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2019-annual-report.pdf</u>, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

## Note 19-Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan):

## Plan Description

The Virginia Retirement System (VRS) Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan was established pursuant to \$51.1-1400 et seq. of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan. This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pension and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit toward the benefit for each month they are employed and for which their employer pays contributions to VRS. The health insurance credit is a tax-free reimbursement in an amount set by the General Assembly for each year of service credit against qualified health insurance premiums retirees pay for single coverage, excluding any portion covering the spouse or dependents. The credit cannot exceed the amount of the premiums and ends upon the retiree's death.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2020

#### Note 19-Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

## Plan Description (Continued)

The specific information for the Teacher HIC Plan OPEB, including eligibility, coverage, and benefits described below:

#### Eligible Employees

The Teacher Employee Retiree HIC Plan was established July 1, 1993 for retired Teacher Employees covered under VRS who retire with at least 15 years of service credit. Eligible employees include full-time permanent (professional) salaried employees of public school divisions covered under VRS. These employees are enrolled automatically upon employment.

#### Benefit Amounts

The Teacher Employee HIC Plan is a defined benefit plan that provides a credit toward the cost of health insurance coverage for retired teachers. For Teacher and other professional school employees who retire with at least 15 years of service credit, the monthly benefit is \$4.00 per year of service per month with no cap on the benefit amount. For Teacher and other professional school employees who retire on disability or go on long-term disability under the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP), the monthly benefit is either: \$4.00 per month, multiplied by twice the amount of service credit, or \$4.00 per month, multiplied by the amount of service earned had the employee been active until age 60, whichever is lower.

## HIC Plan Notes

The monthly HIC benefit cannot exceed the individual premium amount. Employees who retire after being on long-term disability under VLDP must have at least 15 years of service credit to qualify for the HIC as a retiree.

#### Contributions

The contribution requirements for active employees is governed by §51.1-1401(E) of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Each school division's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2020 was 1.20% of covered employee compensation for employees in the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017. The actuarially determined rate was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions from the school division to the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan were \$257,119 and \$251,826 for the years ended June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019, respectively.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2020

#### Note 19-Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

#### Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liabilities, Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB

At June 30, 2020, the school division reported a liability of \$3,275,885 for its proportionate share of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Net OPEB Liability. The Net VRS Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit OPEB Liability was measured as of June 30, 2019 and the total VRS Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability used to calculate the Net VRS Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30,2018 and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2019. The school division's proportion of the Net VRS Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability was based on the school division's actuarially determined employer contributions to the VRS Teacher Employee HIC OPEB plan for the year ended June 30, 2019 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2019, the school division's proportion of the VRS Teacher Employee Hactor's action of the VRS Teacher Employee Hactor's action of the VRS Teacher Employee. At June 30, 2019, the school division's proportion of the VRS Teacher Employee Hactor's action of the VRS Teacher Employee. At June 30, 2019, the school division's proportion of the VRS Teacher Employee. Hactor's proportis of the VRS Teacher

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the school division recognized VRS Teacher Employee HIC OPEB expense of \$239,901. Since there was a change in proportionate share measurement dates, a portion of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Net OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion.

At June 30, 2020, the school division reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the VRS Teacher Employee HIC OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	18,555
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on Teacher HIC OPEB plan investments		207		-
Change in assumptions		76,245		22,763
Change in proportion		-		169,301
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		257,119		
Total	\$	333,571	\$	210,619

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2020

# Note 19-Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liabilities, Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB: (Continued)

\$257,119 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB resulting from the school division's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB will be recognized in the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

\$ (26,605)
(26,608)
(25,173)
(25,653)
(21,754)
(8,374)
\$

#### Actuarial Assumptions

The total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability for the VRS Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2019.

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases, including inflation	3.50%-5.95%
Investment rate of return	6.75%, net of investment expenses, including inflation*

\*Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 6.75%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 6.75% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 6.75% to simplify preparation of OPEB liabilities.

# Note 19-Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

# Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

# **Mortality Rates - Teachers**

# Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 White Collar Employee Rates to age 80, White Collar Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020.

# Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 White Collar Employee Rates to age 49, White Collar Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 1% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set back 3 years with 1.5% increase compounded from ages 65 to 70 and 2.0% increase compounded from ages 75 to 90.

# Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; 115% of rates for males and females.

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

#### Note 19-Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

## Net Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability

The net OPEB liability (NOL) for the Teacher Employee HIC Plan represents the plan's total OPEB liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, less the associated fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2019, NOL amounts for the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan is as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	_	Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Plan
Total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$	1,438,114 129,016
Teacher Employee Net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	1,309,098
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability		8.97%

The total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and the plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 74 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

## Note 19-Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

## Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on the VRS System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of VRS System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Target Allocation	Arithmetic Long-term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-term Expected Rate of Return*
Public Equity	34.00%	5.61%	1.91%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.88%	0.13%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	5.13%	0.72%
Real Assets	14.00%	5.27%	0.74%
Private Equity	14.00%	8.77%	1.23%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies	6.00%	3.52%	0.21%
PIP - Private Investment Partnership	3.00%	6.29%	0.19%
Total	100.00%		5.13%
		Inflation	2.50%
	Expected arithmet	ic nominal return*	7.63%

\*The above allocation provides a one-year return of 7.63%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the system, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. The results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 7.11%, including expected inflation of 2.50%. The VRS Board elected a long-term rate of 6.75% which is roughly at the 40<sup>th</sup> percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation.

# Note 19-Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

# Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy and at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the rate contributed by each school division for the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly, which was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2019 on, all agencies are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability.

## Sensitivity of the School Division's Proportionate Share of the Teacher Employee HIC Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the school division's proportionate share of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan net HIC OPEB liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the school division's proportionate share of the net HIC OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

			Rate	
	 1% Decrease	Cur	rrent Discount	 1% Increase
	 (5.75%)		(6.75%)	 (7.75%)
School division's proportionate				
share of the VRS Teacher				
Employee HIC OPEB Plan				
Net HIC OPEB Liability	\$ 3,666,272	\$	3,275,885	\$ 2,944,251

# Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2019 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the 2019 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at <a href="http://www.varetire.org/pdf/publications/2019-annual-report.pdf">http://www.varetire.org/pdf/publications/2019</a> annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

## Note 20-Line of Duty Act (LODA) (OPEB Benefits):

The Line of Duty Act (LODA) provides death and healthcare benefits to certain law enforcement and rescue personnel, and their beneficiaries, who were disabled or killed in the line of duty. Benefit provisions and eligibility requirements are established by title 9.1 Chapter 4 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>. Funding of LODA benefits is provided by employers in one of two ways: (a) participation in the Line of Duty and Health Benefits Trust Fund (LODA Fund), administered by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS) or (b) self-funding by the employer or through an insurance company.

The County has elected to provide LODA benefits through an insurance company. The obligation for the payment of benefits has been effectively transferred from the County to VACORP. VACORP assumes all liability for the County's LODA claims that are approved by VRS. The pool purchases reinsurance to protect the pool from extreme claims costs.

The current-year OPEB expense/expenditure for the insured benefits is defined as the amount of premiums or other payments required for the insured benefits for the reporting period in accordance with the agreement with the insurance company for LODA and a change in liability to the insurer equal to the difference between amounts recognized as OPEB expense and amounts paid by the employer to the insurer. The County's LODA coverage is fully covered or "insured" through VACORP. This is built into the LODA coverage cost presented in the annual renewals. The County's LODA premium for the year ended June 30, 2020 was \$43,045.

#### Note 21-Capital Leases:

The County has entered into capital leases for the purchase of election machines and police vehicles. These lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes and therefore have been recorded at the present value of future minimum lease payments as of the inception date.

Total capital assets acquired through the capital leases are as follows:

Election machines	\$ 150,327
Police vehicles	237,172
Total capital assets	\$ 387,499
Accumulated Depreciation	(95,184)
Net Book Value of Capital Assets	\$ 292,315

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2020

## Note 21-Capital Leases: (Continued)

Present value of future minimum lease payments:

Year Ending June 30,		Capital Lease
2021	\$	90,345
2022		74,360
2023		58,701
2024		12,433
Total minimum lease payments	\$ <u> </u>	235,839
Less: amount representing interest		(44,776)
Present value of future minimum lease payments	\$	191,063

#### Note 21-Restatement of Net Position:

Net position has been restated to include the Component Unit - APEX Center as noted below:

	Discrete	ly Presented Component Unit
		- APEX Center
Net Position, as previously reported	\$	-
APEX Center restatement		104,865
Net Position, as restated	\$	104,865

## Note 22-Subsequent Events:

On January 30, 2020, the World Health Organization ("WHO") announced a global health emergency stemming from a new strain of coronavirus that was spreading globally (the "COVID-19 outbreak"). On March 11, 2020, the WHO classified the COVID-19 outbreak as a pandemic, triggering volatility in financial markets and a significant negative impact on the global economy. The COVID-19 pandemic has developed rapidly in 2020 and remains a quickly evolving situation. As a result of the spread of COVID-19, economic uncertainties have arisen which are likely to negatively impact economic activity. The County of Wythe, Virginia is not able to estimate the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic for fiscal year 2021.

On March 27, 2020, the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (CARES Act) was passed by the Federal Government to alleviate some of the effects of the sharp economic downturn due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Among the CARES Act key provisions was \$339.8 billion designated for programs for state and local government, which included \$150 billion in direct aid for state and local governments from the federal Coronavirus Relief Fund (CRF), pursuant to the Federal CARES Act, to address spending shortages related to the COVID-19 pandemic.

## Note 22-Subsequent Events: (Continued)

The Commonwealth of Virginia received approximately \$3.1 billion from the CRF, of which \$1.3 billion was allocated for localities with fewer than 500,000 people. Localities with populations greater than 500,000 could apply to receive funds directly from the Federal Government. All other CRF funds were distributed to the states to determine the allocations to localities.

On May 12, 2020, the first round of the allocations to local governments was authorized by the Commonwealth. On June 1, 2020, each locality received its share of the first half, or fifty (50) percent, of the locally based allocations. Unspent funds at June 30 from the initial allocation are reported as unearned revenue. Like the first round, the second round of allocations was based on population and was for the same total amount distributed in the first round. The County of Wythe, Virginia, received the second round of CRF funds in the amount of \$2,502,568 on August 17, 2020.

The federal guidance for the CARES Act states that the CRF funds can be used only for the direct costs associated with the response to the COVID-19 pandemic and cannot be used to address revenue shortfalls. CRF funds are considered one-time funds and should not be used for ongoing services or base operations. As a condition of receiving CRF funds, any funds unexpended as of December 30, 2020 will be returned to the federal government.

On October 15, 2020, the County issued \$17,585,000 General Obligation Bond, Series 2020A (tax exempt) and \$9,482,000 General Obligation Bond, Series 2020B (taxable). Proceeds of this bond will be used to pay (a) the costs incurred in issuing the bond, (b) costs of an addition to the County office building, and (c) the principal and interest on the following bonds of the County:

- \$3,440,000 General Obligation Bond, Series 2010A, dated March 15, 2010;
- \$9,990,000 General Obligation Bond, Series 2014, dated December 18, 2014;
- \$5,000,000 General Obligation Bond, Series 2015, dated December 30, 2015;
- \$2,275,000 General Obligation Bond, Series 2019A (taxable), dated December 19, 2019;
- \$725,000 General Obligation Bond, Series 2019B (non-taxable), dated December 19, 2019.

# Note 23-Upcoming Pronouncements:

Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019.

Statement No. 87, *Leases*, requires recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred Before the End of a Construction Period, provides guidance for reporting capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period and simplifies accounting for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2020.

## Note 23-Upcoming Pronouncements: (Continued)

Statement No. 90, *Majority Equity Interests - An Amendment of GASB Statements No, 14 and No. 61*, provides guidance for reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and for reporting financial statement information for certain component units. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019.

Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*, provides a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminates diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2021.

Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2020*, addresses practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. This Statement addresses a variety of topics such as leases, assets related to pension and postemployment benefits, and reference to nonrecurring fair value measurements of assets or liabilities in authoritative literature. The effective dates differ by topic, ranging from January 2020 to periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

Statement No. 93, *Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates*, establishes accounting and financial reporting requirements related to the replacement of Interbank Offered Rates (IBORs) in hedging derivative instruments and leases. It also identifies appropriate benchmark interest rates for hedging derivative instruments. The requirements of this Statement, except for removal of London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) as an appropriate benchmark interest rate and the requirements related to lease modifications, are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2020. The removal of LIBOR as an appropriate benchmark interest rate is effective for reporting periods ending after December 31, 2021. All requirements related to lease modifications in this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability of Payment Arrangements*, addresses issues related to public-private and public-public partnership arrangements. This Statement also provides guidance for accounting and financial reporting for availability payment arrangements. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs), (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset—an intangible asset—and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans - an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a Supersession of GASB Statement. No 32, (1) increases consistency and comparability related to reporting of fiduciary component units in certain circumstances; (2) mitigates costs associated with the reporting of certain plans as fiduciary component units in fiduciary fund financial statements; and (3) enhances the relevance, consistency, and comparability of the accounting and financial reporting for Section 457 plans that meet the definition of a pension plan and for benefits provided through those plans. The effective dates differ based on the requirements of the Statement, ranging from June 2020 to reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2020

# Note 23-Upcoming Pronouncements: (Continued)

Management is currently evaluating the impact these standards will have on the financial statements when adopted.

**Required Supplementary Information** 

#### County of Wythe, Virginia General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

		Budgeted	l An	nounts	-			nriance with nal Budget -
REVENUES		<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>		Actual <u>Amounts</u>		Positive (Negative)
	\$	20,709,000	\$	20,709,000	\$	21,608,077	\$	899,077
General property taxes Other local taxes	ç	5,997,000	Ş	5,997,000	ç	6,551,370	Ş	554,370
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses		70,400		70,400		127,253		56,853
Fines and forfeitures		1,195,000		1,195,000		1,024,193		(170,807)
Revenue from the use of money and property		881,930		881,930		1,024,193		139,802
		265,000		265,500		204,860		(60,640)
Charges for services Miscellaneous		203,000		205,500		11,141		(00,040)
Recovered costs		- 994 172		-				
		884,172		918,171		529,848		(388,323)
Intergovernmental: Commonwealth		0 002 205		10 227 205		0 611 507		(1 425 909)
Federal		9,882,395		10,237,395 2,809,369		8,611,587		(1,625,808)
	ć	2,724,019	Ś		ć	3,192,530	ć	383,161
Total revenues	\$	42,608,916	Ş	43,083,765	\$	42,882,591	\$	(201,174)
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government administration	\$	1,870,408	\$	1,950,011	\$	1,828,190	\$	121,821
Judicial administration		1,555,941		1,593,232		1,427,165		166,067
Public safety		7,308,463		7,891,308		7,036,194		855,114
Public works		2,290,732		2,445,554		2,146,372		299,182
Health and welfare		9,399,205		9,642,816		7,950,908		1,691,908
Education		13,648,999		17,650,582		12,566,648		5,083,934
Parks, recreation, and cultural		692,766		708,942		582,640		126,302
Community development		1,151,564		1,331,040		830,650		500,390
Capital projects		4,369,000		8,508,581		3,562,468		4,946,113
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		3,376,585		3,376,585		3,327,110		49,475
Interest and other fiscal charges		1,505,378		1,607,851		1,578,999		28,852
Bond issuance costs		10,000		10,000		10,000		-
Total expenditures	\$	47,179,041	\$	56,716,502	\$	42,847,344	\$	13,869,158
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures	\$	(4,570,125)	\$	(13,632,737)	\$	35,247	\$	13,667,984
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in	\$	154,000	\$	154,000	\$	1,292,978	\$	1,138,978
Transfers out		(100,000)		(100,000)		(3,087,475)		(2,987,475)
Issuance of general obligation bonds		3,500,000		3,500,000		3,000,000		(500,000)
Sale of capital assets		-		13,213		25,003		11,790
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	3,554,000	\$	3,567,213	\$	1,230,506	\$	(2,336,707)
Net change in fund balances	\$	(1,016,125)	\$	(10,065,524)	\$	1,265,753	\$	11,331,277
Fund balances - beginning		1,016,125	•	10,065,524	•	43,261,180	•	33,195,656
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	•	\$	44,526,933	\$	44,526,933
						, -,		, , ,

Date (1)	Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) (NPLA) (2)	Proportionate Share of the NPLA (3)	 Covered Payroll (4)	Proportionate Share of the NPLA as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (3)/(4) (5)	Pension Plan's Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability (Asset (6)
Primary G	overnment				
2019	95.20% \$	3,193,067	\$ 6,376,852	50.07%	91.14%
2018	95.66%	1,923,366	6,523,683	29.48%	94.30%
2017	96.16%	1,841,338	6,519,560	28.24%	94.37%
2016	96.35%	3,656,416	6,168,475	59.28%	88.53%
2015	96.42%	2,513,192	6,040,131	41.61%	92.90%
2014	96.42%	2,483,113	6,030,523	41.18%	91.69%
Componen	t Unit School Board (pro	ofessional)			
2019	0.2527% \$	33,255,440	\$ 20,985,461	158.47%	73.51%
2018	0.2585%	30,404,000	20,774,929	146.35%	74.81%
2017	0.2652%	32,609,000	20,823,957	156.59%	72.92%
2016	0.2678%	37,532,000	20,401,102	183.97%	68.28%
2015	0.2741%	34,501,000	20,379,338	169.29%	70.68%
2014	0.2808%	33,939,000	18,333,516	185.12%	70.88%

#### County of Wythe, Virginia Schedule of Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2014 through June 30, 2019

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2014 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

		County	County of Wythe, Virginia				
	Schedul For the Me	e of Changes in Net Component Unit Sc asurement Dates o	Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2014 through June 30, 2019	Related Katios ssional) gh June 30, 2019			
		2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Total pension liability	l						
Service cost	Ŷ	134,549 \$	132,216 \$	121,007 \$	136,260 \$	149,645 \$	133,560
Interest		428,825	417,302	414,940	412,919	398,722	388,911
Changes in assumptions		164,871		(31,193)			
Differences between expected and actual experience		83,874	29,714	(54,011)	(67,963)	90,642	
Benefit payments		(415,806)	(413,447)	(420,552)	(484,117)	(388,295)	(376,325)
Net change in total pension liability	\$	396,313 \$	165,785 \$	30,191 \$	(2,901) \$	250,714 \$	146,146
Total pension liability - beginning		6,333,972	6,168,187	6,137,996	6,140,897	5,890,183	5,744,037
Total pension liability - ending (a)	Ş	6,730,285 \$	6,333,972 \$	6,168,187 \$	6,137,996 \$	6,140,897 \$	5,890,183
Plan fiduciary net position							
Contributions - emplover	Ś	109.285 \$	116,776 \$	115,538 \$	133,755 \$	134,262 \$	133,742
Contributions - employee		65,072	63,367	62,491	59,098	60,221	62,468
Net investment income		386, 449	418,789	639, 326	90,042	247,316	764,259
Benefit payments		(415,806)	(413,447)	(420,552)	(484,117)	(388,295)	(376,325)
Administrator charges		(3,986)	(3,737)	(3,850)	(3,593)	(3,530)	(4,237)
Other		(243)	(368)	(562)	(39)	(51)	40
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	Ŷ	140,771 \$	181,380 \$	392,391 \$	(204,854) \$	49,923 \$	579,947
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		5,936,694	5,755,314	5,362,923	5,567,777	5,517,854	4,937,907
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	Ś	6,077,465 \$	5,936,694 \$	5,755,314 \$	5,362,923 \$	5,567,777 \$	5,517,854
School Division's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	ŝ	652,820 \$	397,278 \$	412,873 \$	775,073 \$	573,120 \$	372,329
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		90.30%	93.73%	93.31%	87.37% \$	90.67%	93.68%
Covered payroll	ŝ	1,415,719 \$	1,355,799 \$	1,329,756 \$	1,240,650 \$	1,228,806 \$	1,243,058
School Division's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		46.11%	29.30%	31.05%	62.47% \$	46.64%	29.95%

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Schedule

Exhibit 13

		For the	Yea	ars Ended June 3	0,	2011 through	Ju	ne 30, 2020	
Date		Contractually Required Contribution (1)		Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (2)	_	Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)	_	Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll (5)
Primary	Gove	ernment							
2020	\$	569,220	\$	569,220	\$	-	\$	7,451,177	7.64%
2019	·	504,820	•	504,820	·	-	·	6,376,852	7.92%
2018		548,796		548,796		-		6,523,683	8.41%
2017		553,130		553,130		-		6,519,560	8.48%
2016		709,867		709,867		-		6,168,475	11.51%
2015		700,844		700,844		-		6,040,131	11.60%
Compone	ent l	Jnit School Boa	ard	(nonprofessional	l)				
2020	\$	113,218	\$	113,218	\$	-	\$	1,468,734	7.71%
2019		109,285		109,285		-		1,415,719	7.72%
2018		116,776		116,776		-		1,355,799	8.61%
2017		115,538		115,538		-		1,329,756	8.69%
2016		133,755		133,755		-		1,240,650	10.78%
2015		134,362		134,362		-		1,228,806	10.93%
2014		133,742		133,742		-		1,243,058	10.76%
2013		125,228		125,228		-		1,162,746	10.77%
2012		138,525		138,525		-		1,565,251	8.85%
2011		135,500		135,500		-		1,531,077	8.85%
Compone	ent l	Jnit School Boa	ard	(professional)					
2020	\$	3,302,199	\$	3,302,199	\$	-	\$	21,533,806	15.33%
2019		3,237,661		3,237,661		-		20,985,461	15.43%
2018		3,359,679		3,359,679		-		20,774,929	16.17%
2017		3,028,364		3,028,364		-		20,823,957	14.54%
2016		2,853,193		2,853,193		-		20,401,102	13.99%
2015		2,946,998		2,946,998		-		20,379,338	14.46%
2014		2,137,688		2,137,688		-		18,333,516	11.66%
2013		2,372,402		2,372,402		-		20,346,501	11.669
2012		1,215,732		1,215,732		-		19,205,877	6.33%
2011		973,244		973,244		-		24,764,478	3.93%

County of Wythe, Virginia Schedule of Employer Contributions - Pension Plans or the Years Ended June 30, 2011 through June 30, 2020

Current year and prior year contributions for the Primary Government and Component Unit School Board (professional) are from County and School Board records. For Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional), current year contributions are from School Board records and prior year contributions are from the VRS actuarial valuation performed each year.

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Prior to 2015, the County information reported in the County's report included participants that are not reported in the County's report. Therefore, no additional data is currently available for the County. Additional years will be included as they become available.

#### County of Wythe, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information - Pension Plans For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

**Changes of benefit terms** - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

**Changes of assumptions** - The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018, valuations were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012, through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

#### All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Lowered rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14.00% to 15.00%
Discount Rate	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

#### All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014
healthy, and disabled)	projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Increased age 50 rates, and lowered rates at older ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Decreased rate from 60.00% to 45.00%
Discount Rate	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

#### Component Unit School Board - Professional Employees

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

	For the Mea	sur	ement Dates of July	1, 2	017 through .	July 1, 2019
Date (1)	Proportion of the Total OPEB Liability (Asset) (TOLA) (2)	_	Proportionate Share of the TOLA (3)		Covered- Employee Payroll (4)	Proportionate Share of the TOLA as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll (3)/(4) (5)
2019	95.62%	\$	767,083	\$	5,440,144	14.10%
2018	95.66%		741,073		5,442,289	13.62%
2017	95.66%		991,422		5,837,938	16.98%

#### County of Wythe, Virginia Schedule of County's Proportionate Share of the Total Health Insurance OPEB Liability For the Measurement Dates of July 1, 2017 through July 1, 2019

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2017 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

#### County of Wythe, Virginia Schedule of Changes in Total Health Insurance OPEB Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios Component Unit School Board For the Measurement Dates of July 1, 2017 through July 1, 2019

		2019	2018	2017
Total OPEB liability	-			
Service cost	\$	168,800 \$	197,600 \$	192,800
Interest		165,600	183,100	178,300
Changes in assumptions		186,300	(437,300)	-
Differences between expected and actual experience		(383,600)	(256,900)	
Benefit payments		(216,800)	(239,500)	(239,500)
Net change in total OPEB liability	\$	(79,700) \$	(553,000) \$	131,600
Total OPEB liability - beginning		4,512,500	5,065,500	4,933,900
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	4,432,800 \$	4,512,500 \$	5,065,500
	-			
Covered-employee payroll	\$	21,538,700 \$	21,538,700 \$	20,624,300
Component Unit School Board's total OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of				
covered-employee payroll		20.58%	20.95%	24.56%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be included as they become available.

#### County of Wythe, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information - County and Component Unit School Board Health Insurance OPEB For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

#### **Primary Government**

Valuation Date:	7/1/2018
Measurement Date:	7/1/2019

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in GASB 75 to pay related benefits.

#### Methods and assumptions used to determine OPEB liability:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age normal level % of salary
Discount Rate	3.13%
Inflation	2.50%
Healthcare Trend Rate	Medical per capita costs, average costs, retiree contributions, and premiums are assumed to increase (2.04%) for fiscal year end 2019 (to relect actual experience), then 5.50% for fiscal year end 2020, decreasing 0.50% per year to an ultimate rate of 5.00%.
Salary Increase Rates	Salaries are assumed to increase 2.50% annually.
Retirement Age	The average age at retirement is 62.
Mortality Rates	Mortality is based on the RP-2014 Mortality Table, fully generational with base year 2006, projected using two-dimensional mortality improvement scale MP-2019.

#### Component Unit School Board

Valuation Date:	7/1/2018
Measurement Date:	7/1/2019

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in GASB 75 to pay related benefits.

Methods and assumptions used to determine OPEB liability:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age normal level % of salary
Discount Rate	3.13%
Inflation	2.50%
Healthcare Trend Rate	Medical per capita costs, average costs, retiree contributions, and premiums are assumed to increase (2.04%) for fiscal year end 2019 (to relect actual experience), then 5.50% for fiscal year end 2020, decreasing 0.50% per year to an ultimate rate of 5.00%.
Salary Increase Rates	Salaries are assumed to increase 2.50% annually.
Retirement Age	The average age at retirement is 62.
Mortality Rates	Mortality is based on the RP-2014 Mortality Table, fully generational with base year 2006, projected using two-dimensional mortality improvement scale MP-2019.

#### County of Wythe, Virginia Schedule of Employer's Share of Net OPEB Liability Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2019

Date (1)	Employer's Proportion of the Net GLI OPEB Liability (Asset) (2)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEE Liability (Asse (3)	3	Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (3)/(4) (5)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total GLI OPEB Liability (6)
Primary G	overnment					
2019	0.0327%	\$ 530,12	39 \$	6,376,851	8.31%	52.00%
2018	0.0344%	522,29	99	6,523,683	8.01%	51.22%
2017	0.0354%	532,72	26	6,519,560	8.17%	48.86%
Componer	nt Unit School Board (no	nprofessional)				
2019	0.0071%	\$ 116,13	87 \$	1,417,544	8.20%	52.00%
2018	0.0071%	108,0	00	1,355,799	7.97%	51.22%
2017	0.0072%	108,0	00	1,329,756	8.12%	48.86%
Componer	nt Unit School Board (pr	ofessional)				
2019	0.1073%	\$ 1,745,8	94 \$	21,028,211	8.30%	52.00%
2018	0.1092%	1,658,0	00	20,774,929	7.98%	51.22%
2017	0.1129%	1,699,0	00	20,823,957	8.16%	48.86%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2017 valuation is not available. However,

#### Exhibit 20

#### County of Wythe, Virginia Schedule of Employer Contributions Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan For the Years Ended June 30, 2011 through June 30, 2020

Date	Contractually Required Contribution (1)	Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (2)		Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)		Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll (5)
Primary Go	vernment						
2020	\$ 38,116	\$ 38,116	\$	-	\$	7,325,551	0.52%
2019	33,160	33,160		-		6,376,851	0.52%
2018	33,739	33,739		-		6,523,683	0.52%
2017	33,958	33,958		-		6,519,560	0.52%
2016	33,034	29,918		3,116		6,168,475	0.49%
2015	32,066	29,041		3,026		6,040,131	0.48%
Component	Unit School Boar	d (nonprofessional)					
2020	\$ 7,748	\$ 7,748	\$	-	\$	1,487,842	0.52%
2019	7,371	7,371		-		1,417,544	0.52%
2018	7,051	7,051		-		1,355,799	0.52%
2017	6,915	6,915		-		1,329,756	0.52%
2016	5,946	5,946		-		1,240,650	0.48%
2015	5,893	5,893		-		1,228,806	0.48%
2014	5,967	5,967		-		1,243,058	0.48%
2013	5,581	5,581		-		1,162,746	0.48%
2012	4,383	4,383		-		1,565,251	0.28%
2011	4,287	4,287		-		1,531,077	0.28%
Component	Unit School Boar	d (professional)					
-	\$ 111,698	\$ 111,698	\$	-	\$	21,549,379	0.52%
2019	109,348	109,348	'	-	•	21,028,211	0.52%
2018	108,031	108,031		-		20,774,929	0.52%
2017	108,289	108,289		-		20,823,957	0.52%
2016	98,014	98,014		-		20,401,102	0.48%
2015	97,823	97,823		-		20,379,338	0.48%
2014	98,598	98,598		-		18,333,516	0.54%
2013	97,639	97,639		-		20,346,501	0.48%
2012	53,739	53,739		-		19,205,877	0.28%
2011	51,733	51,733		-		24,764,478	0.21%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Prior to 2015 the County information reported in the County's reported included participants that are not reported in the County's report. Therefore, no additional data is currently available for the County. Additional years will be included as they become available.

#### County of Wythe, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

**Changes of benefit terms** - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

**Changes of assumptions** - The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

#### Teachers

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

#### Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

	-,
Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered retirement rates at older ages and extended final retirement age from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
Disability Rates	Lowered disability rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14.00% to 15.00%
Discount Rate	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

#### Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014
projected to 2020
Increased age 50 rates and lowered rates at older ages
Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each
age and service year
Adjusted rates to better match experience
No change
Decreased rate from 60.00% to 45.00%
Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

		2019	2018	2017
Total HIC OPEB Liability				
Service cost	Ŷ	2,703 \$	2,000 \$	2,000
Interest		10,626	10,000	11,000
Differences between expected and actual experience		(3,647)	5,000	
Changes of assumptions		3,036		
Benefit payments		(15,620)	(16,000)	(16,000)
Other		617		
Net change in total HIC OPEB liability	Ş	(2,285) \$	1,000 \$	(3,000)
Total HIC OPEB Liability - beginning		159,000	158,000	161,000
Total HIC OPEB Liability - ending (a)	s	156,715 \$	159,000 \$	158,000
Plan fiduciary net position				
	ı			11 000
contributions - emptoyer	¢	477, 11, 47, 47, 5	¢ 000,11	11,000
Net investment income		1,507	2,000	3,000
Benefit payments		(15,620)	(16,000)	(16,000)
Administrator charges		(30)		
Other		209	(1,000)	1,000
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	Ş	(2,505) \$	(4,000) \$	(1,000)
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		27,000	31,000	32,000
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	Ş	24,495 \$	27,000 \$	31,000
Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) net HIC OPEB liability - ending (a) - (b)	Ş	132,220 \$	132,000 \$	127,000
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total HIC OPEB liability		15.63%	16.98%	19.62%
Covered payroll	Ş	1,415,719 \$	1,355,799 \$	1,329,756
Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) net HIC OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll		9.34%	9.74%	9.55%

County of Wythe, Virginia Schedule of Changes in the Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2018 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

Exhibit 22

#### County of Wythe, Virginia Schedule of Component Unit School Board's (professional) Share of Net OPEB Liability Teacher Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Program For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2019

Date (1)	Employer's Proportion of the Net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset) (2)	_	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset) (3)	 Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (3)/(4) (5)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total HIC OPEB Liability (6)		
2019	0.2502%	\$	3,275,885	\$ 20,985,461	15.61%	8.97%		
2018	0.2567%		3,259,000	20,774,929	15.69%	8.08%		
2017	0.2639%		3,347,000	20,823,957	16.07%	7.04%		

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2017 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

#### County of Wythe, Virginia Schedule of Employer Contributions Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan For the Years Ended June 30, 2011 through June 30, 2020

Date		Contractually Required Contribution (1)		Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (2)	 Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)	 Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll (5)
Component	t Uni	t School Board	(no	nprofessional)			
2020	\$	12,038	\$	12,038	\$ -	\$ 1,468,734	0.82%
2019		11,757		11,757	-	1,415,719	0.83%
2018		10,843		10,843	-	1,355,799	0.80%
2017		11,000		11,000	-	1,329,756	0.83%
2016		9,538		9,538	-	1,240,650	0.77%
2015		9,454		9,454	-	1,228,806	0.77%
2014		9,572		9,572	-	1,243,058	0.77%
2013		8,977		8,977	-	1,162,746	0.77%
2012		12,052		12,052	-	1,565,251	0.77%
2011		11,797		11,797	-	1,531,077	0.77%
Component	t Uni	t School Board	(pro	ofessional)			
2020	\$	257,119	\$	257,119	\$ -	\$ 21,500,625	1.20%
2019		251,826		251,826	-	20,985,461	1.20%
2018		255,531		255,531	-	20,774,929	1.23%
2017		231,155		231,155	-	20,823,957	1.11%
2016		216,447		216,447	-	20,401,102	1.06%
2015		216,025		216,025	-	20,379,338	1.06%
2014		227,968		227,968	-	18,333,516	1.24%
2013		225,876		225,876	-	20,346,501	1.11%
2012		115,235		115,235	-	19,205,877	0.60%
2011		110,856		110,856	-	24,764,478	0.45%

#### County of Wythe, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

#### Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)

**Changes of benefit terms** - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

**Changes of assumptions** - The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 though June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

#### Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

5 , 1 ,	
Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered retirement rates at older ages and extended final retirement age from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
Disability Rates	Lowered disability rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14.00% to 15.00%
Discount Rate	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

#### Component Unit School Board (professional)

**Changes of benefit terms** - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

**Changes of assumptions** - The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

Other Supplementary Information

#### County of Wythe, Virginia Capital Projects Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

REVENUES	Budgeted Amounts Original Final					Actual <u>Amounts</u>	Variance with Final Budget - Positive <u>(Negative)</u>		
Revenue from the use of money and property	Ś	91,500	ç	91,500	¢	132,609	Ś	41,109	
Charges for services	7	32,500	Ŷ	32,500	Ŷ	29,203	Ŷ	(3,297)	
Miscellaneous		-		-		34,868		34,868	
Recovered costs		-		-		5,000		5,000	
Total revenues	\$	124,000	\$	124,000	\$	201,680	\$	77,680	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		124,000		124,000		201,680		77,680	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers in	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,978,098	\$	3,978,098	
Transfers out		(124,000)		(124,000)		(1,106,995)		(982,995)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	(124,000)	\$	(124,000)	\$	2,871,103	\$	2,995,103	
Net change in fund balances	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,072,783	\$	3,072,783	
Fund balances - beginning		-		-		6,556,381		6,556,381	
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	9,629,164	\$	9,629,164	

#### DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - SCHOOL BOARD MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

<u>School Operating Fund</u> - The School Operating Fund accounts for and reports the operations of the County's school system. Financing is provided by the State and Federal governments as well as contributions from the General Fund.

#### County of Wythe, Virginia Balance Sheet Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board June 30, 2020

				School Operating <u>Fund</u>
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents			\$	3,892,447
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):				
Accounts receivable				33,819
Due from other governmental units				1,376,213
Inventories (restricted for school cafeterias)				81,316
Prepaid items Total assets			\$	649,130 6,032,925
Total assets			Ş	0,032,925
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable			\$	283,493
Salaries payable			•	3,392,324
Total liabilities			\$	3,675,817
				<u> </u>
FUND BALANCES				
Nonspendable			\$	730,446
Restricted:				
School cafeterias				571,601
Unassigned				1,055,061
Total fund balances			\$	2,357,108
Total liabilities and fund balances			Ş	6,032,925
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit 1) are d Total fund balances per above Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore,	ifferen	t because:	\$	2,357,108
are not reported in the funds. Land	\$	774,089		
Buildings and improvements	•	13,042,217		
Machinery and equipment		1,951,342		15,767,648
machinery and equipment		1,751,542		13,707,040
Deferred outflows of resources are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and,				
therefore, are not reported in the funds.				
Pension related items	\$	6,834,089		
OPEB related items		1,093,127		7,927,216
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.				
Compensated absences	\$	(687,786)		
Net OPEB liabilities		(9,702,986)		
Net pension liability	(	(33,908,260)		(44,299,032)
Deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.				
Pension related items	\$	(4,563,563)		
OPEB related items		(1,251,406)		(5,814,969)
Net position of governmental activities			\$	(24,062,029)

#### County of Wythe, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

			School Operating <u>Fund</u>
REVENUES Revenue from the use of money and property		\$	52,861
Charges for services		Ş	1,089,599
Miscellaneous			3,300
Recovered costs			508,708
Intergovernmental:			,
Local government			9,759,022
Commonwealth			26,334,112
Federal			3,817,117
Total revenues		\$	41,564,719
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
Education		\$	
Total expenditures		\$	43,655,793
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)			
expenditures		\$	(2,091,074)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Sale of capital assets		\$	
Total other financing sources (uses)		\$	9,447
Net change in fund balances		\$	(2,081,627)
Fund balances - beginning			4,438,735
Fund balances - ending		\$	2,357,108
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit 2) are differen	t becaus	se:	
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds - per above		\$	(2,081,627)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation expense in the current period.			
Capital outlays	Ş	2,828,636	
Depreciation expense		(852,462)	1,976,174
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.			
Change in compensated absenses	\$	(53,588)	
Change in OPEB related items		85,333	
Change in pension related items		349,256	381,001
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$	275,548

#### County of Wythe, Virginia Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	School Operating Fund											
				-			Va	riance with				
							F	inal Budget				
		Budgeteo		Positive								
		<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>		<u>Actual</u>	<u>!</u>	(Negative)				
REVENUES												
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	-	\$	-	\$	52,861	\$	52,861				
Charges for services		1,344,938		1,344,938		1,089,599		(255,339)				
Miscellaneous		-		-		3,300		3,300				
Recovered costs		420,000		420,000		508,708		88,708				
Intergovernmental:												
Local government		13,603,359		13,609,410		9,759,022		(3,850,388)				
Commonwealth		26,266,776		26,266,776		26,334,112		67,336				
Federal		3,618,067		3,618,067		3,817,117		199,050				
Total revenues	\$	45,253,140	\$	45,259,191	\$	41,564,719	\$	(3,694,472)				
EXPENDITURES												
Current:												
Education	S	45,249,781	\$	45,255,832	Ś	43,655,793	\$	1,600,039				
Debt service:	·	, ,	•	, ,	•	, ,	•	, ,				
Principal retirement		3,359		3,359		-		3,359				
Total expenditures	\$	45,253,140	\$	45,259,191	\$	43,655,793	\$	1,603,398				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)												
expenditures	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(2,091,074)	\$	(2,091,074)				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)												
Sale of capital assets	\$	_	\$	-	\$	9,447	\$	9,447				
Total other financing sources (uses)	Ś		Ś		Ş	9,447	Ş	9,447				
	<u> </u>		7		7	,,,,,,	~	,				
Net change in fund balances	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(2,081,627)	\$	(2,081,627)				
Fund balances - beginning		-		-		4,438,735		4,438,735				
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,357,108	\$	2,357,108				

Schedule 1 Page 1 of 6

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		Actual	Fin	riance with al Budget - Positive Negative)
General Fund:								
Revenue from local sources:								
General property taxes:								
Real property taxes	\$	12,239,000	\$	12,239,000	\$	12,409,290	\$	170,290
Real and personal public service corporation taxes		1,600,000		1,600,000		1,957,455		357,455
Personal property taxes		4,300,000		4,300,000		4,796,888		496,888
Mobile home taxes		45,000		45,000		71,579		26,579
Machinery and tools taxes		2,000,000		2,000,000		1,681,104		(318,896)
Merchant's capital taxes		375,000		375,000		372,546		(2,454)
Penalties		50,000		50,000		132,755		82,755
Interest		100,000		100,000		186,460		86,460
Total general property taxes	\$	20,709,000	\$	20,709,000	\$	21,608,077	\$	899,077
Other local taxes:								
Local sales and use taxes	\$	3,750,000	\$	3,750,000	\$	4,153,137	\$	403,137
Consumers' utility and consumption taxes		700,000		700,000		767,688		67,688
Motor vehicle licenses		340,000		340,000		443,646		103,646
Bank stock taxes		30,000		30,000		36,020		6,020
Taxes on recordation and wills		150,000		150,000		230,367		80,367
Hotel and motel room taxes		187,000		187,000		152,541		(34,459)
Restaurant food taxes		800,000		800,000		747,263		(52,737)
Admissions tax		40,000		40,000		20,708		(19,292)
Total other local taxes	\$	5,997,000	\$	5,997,000	\$	6,551,370	\$	554,370
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses:								
Animal licenses	\$	5,000	\$	5,000	\$	3,671	\$	(1,329)
Land use application fees		1,000		1,000		1,402		402
Transfer fees		500		500		967		467
Building permits		50,000		50,000		48,195		(1,805)
Concealed weapons permits		10,000		10,000		33,689		23,689
Other permits and licenses		3,900		3,900		39,329		35,429
Total permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses	\$	70,400	\$	70,400	\$	127,253	\$	56,853
Fines and forfeitures:								
Court fines and forfeitures	\$	1,125,000	\$	1,125,000	\$	973,980	\$	(151,020)
Electronic summons fees	•	70,000	•	70,000		50,213		(19,787)
Total fines and forfeitures	\$	1,195,000	\$	1,195,000	\$	1,024,193	\$	(170,807)
Revenue from use of money and property:								
Revenue from use of money	\$	629,436	\$	629,436	\$	765,931	\$	136,495
Revenue from use of property		252,494	•	252,494	•	255,801		3,307
Total revenue from use of money and property		,						

#### Schedule 1 Page 2 of 6

#### County of Wythe, Virginia Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Variance with Final Budget -Original Final Positive Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source Budget Budget Actual (Negative) General Fund: (Continued) Revenue from local sources: (Continued) Charges for services: \$ 1,500 \$ 1,500 \$ \$ Charges for sheriff's fees (1,500)Charges for animal control 3,000 3,000 5,308 2,308 Charges for Commonwealth's Attorney 1,500 1,500 4,599 3,099 180,000 180,000 128,825 (51,175) Charges for courthouse security Charges for law library 4,000 4,000 6,407 2,407 75,000 Charges for parks and recreation 75,500 59,721 (15,779) 265,000 Total charges for services \$ 265,500 204,860 (60,640) \$ \$ \$ Miscellaneous: Miscellaneous Ś Ś 11,141 Ś 11,141 Total miscellaneous \$ \$ 11,141 \$ 11,141 Recovered costs: Social services Ś 50,000 \$ 50,000 \$ 101,325 \$ 51,325 170,204 Crossroads 170,204 Other recovered costs 834,172 868,171 258,319 (609,852) (388,323) Total recovered costs \$ 884,172 \$ 918,171 \$ 529,848 Ś Total revenue from local sources \$ 30,002,502 \$ 30,037,001 \$ 31,078,474 \$ 1,041,473 Intergovernmental: Revenue from the Commonwealth: Noncategorical aid: Motor vehicle carriers' tax \$ 4,000 \$ 4,000 \$ 4,268 \$ 268 Communication sales and use tax 700,000 700,000 632,219 (67,781) 20,000 20,000 26,559 6,559 Mobile home titling tax Grantor's tax 70,000 70,000 105,470 35,470 35,000 35,000 43,984 8,984 State recordation tax Personal property tax relief funds 1,500,814 1,500,814 1,500,814 (16,500) Total noncategorical aid 2,329,814 2,329,814 2,313,314 Ś \$ \$ \$ Categorical aid: Shared expenses: Commonwealth's attorney \$ 533,237 \$ 533,237 \$ 539,144 \$ 5,907 1,482,984 1,482,984 27,898 Sheriff 1,510,882 119,514 1,140 Commissioner of revenue 119,514 120,654 121,627 128,877 7,250 Treasurer 121,627 Registrar/electoral board 54,000 54,000 46,125 (7,875) Clerk of the Circuit Court 330,612 330,612 339,711 9,099 2,641,974 2,641,974 2,685,393 43,419 Total shared expenses Ś \$ \$

Schedule 1 Page 3 of 6

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance Final Bu Positi al <u>(Neg</u> at		
General Fund: (Continued)								
Intergovernmental: (Continued)								
Other categorical aid:								
Public assistance and welfare administration	\$	2,934,865	\$	2,934,865	\$	1,664,255	\$	(1,270,610)
Comprehensive Services Act program		1,448,992		1,448,992		1,329,218		(119,774)
Litter control grant		9,200		9,200		7,678		(1,522)
Fire program grant		60,000		60,000		71,171		11,171
Wireless E-911 grant		22,000		22,000		116,632		94,632
Four for life grant		24,000		24,000		-		(24,000)
Arts grant		4,500		4,500		4,500		-
Asset forfeiture collections		-		-		97,941		97,941
VJCCA		39,740		39,740		39,741		1
VDOT Fund		-		-		14,800		14,800
Victim witness grant		97,310		97,310		24,327		(72,983)
Tobacco indemnification funds		200,000		530,000		200,000		(330,000)
School resource officer		70,000		70,000		15,307		(54,693)
Other state grants		-		25,000		27,310		2,310
Total other categorical aid	\$	4,910,607	\$	5,265,607	\$	3,612,880	\$	(1,652,727)
	<u> </u>	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Ŧ	0,200,000	Ŧ	0,0.2,000	Ŧ	(.,
Total categorical aid	\$	7,552,581	\$	7,907,581	\$	6,298,273	\$	(1,609,308)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	9,882,395	\$	10,237,395	\$	8,611,587	\$	(1,625,808)
Povenue from the federal government:								
Revenue from the federal government: Noncategorical aid:								
Payments in lieu of taxes	ć	80,000	ć	80,000	ć	164,006	ć	84.004
	<u>\$</u> \$	80,000	\$ \$	80,000	\$ \$	164,006	\$ \$	84,006
Total noncategorical aid	Ş	80,000	Ş	80,000	Ş	104,000	Ş	84,006
Categorical aid:								
Public assistance and welfare administration	Ś	2,619,100	\$	2,619,100	\$	2,734,933	Ś	115,833
State and highway safety frants		-	'	64,200	,	53,105	,	(11,095)
Victim witness grant		-		-		43,479		43,479
Emergency management grant		-		-		126,582		126,582
Violence against women		24,919		24,919		24,919		
Edward Byrne memorial justice assistance grant		-		21,150		22,327		1,177
Coronavirus relief fund				21,150		23,179		23,179
Total categorical aid	\$	2,644,019	\$	2,729,369	\$	3,028,524	\$	299,155
	<u>,</u>	2,044,017	ڔ	2,729,309	ڔ	3,020,324	ڔ	277,133
Total revenue from the federal government	\$	2,724,019	\$	2,809,369	\$	3,192,530	\$	383,161
Total General Fund	\$	42,608,916	\$	43,083,765	\$	42,882,591	\$	(201,174)
Capital Projects Fund:								
County Capital Projects Fund:								
Revenue from local sources:								
Revenue from use of money and property:	~	04.000	~	04.000	~	400 400	ć	20, 400
Revenue from the use of money	\$	84,000	\$	84,000	Ş	122,609	\$	38,609
Revenue from the use of property	-	7,500	~	7,500	~	10,000	~	2,500
Total revenue from use of money and property	\$	91,500	\$	91,500	\$	132,609	\$	41,109

#### Schedule 1 Page 4 of 6

#### County of Wythe, Virginia Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Variance with Final Budget -Original Final Positive Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source Budget Budget Actual (Negative) Capital Projects Fund: (Continued) **County Capital Projects Fund: (Continued)** Revenue from local sources: (Continued) Charges for services: Charges for courthouse maintenance \$ 30,000 \$ 30,000 \$ 24,366 \$ (5, 634)Electronic summons fees 2,871 2,871 2,500 (534) Charges for jail processing 2,500 1,966 Total charges for services \$ 32,500 32,500 29,203 (3,297) Ś Ś Ś Miscellaneous: Industrial development funds \$ \$ 34,868 \$ 34,868 Total miscellaneous \$ 34,868 34,868 -Ś Ś Recovered costs: Miscellaneous \$ \$ 5,000 \$ 5,000 Total recovered costs 5,000 5,000 Ś \$ \$ \$ Total revenue from local sources \$ 124,000 \$ 124,000 \$ 201,680 \$ 77,680 124,000 \$ Total County Capital Projects Fund \$ \$ 124,000 \$ 201,680 77,680 **Total Primary Government** \$ 42,732,916 \$ 43,207,765 \$ 43,084,271 \$ (123,494) Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: School Operating Fund: Revenue from local sources: Revenue from use of money and property: Revenue from the use of money \$ \$ 52,861 \$ 52,861 \$ Total revenue from use of money and property Ś \$ Ś 52,861 \$ 52,861 Charges for services: 724,938 \$ Cafeteria sales Ś 724,938 \$ 527,119 \$ (197, 819)Transportation of pupils 36,000 36,000 29,589 (6,411) Dual course credits 584,000 584,000 532,891 (51,109) Total charges for services Ś 1,344,938 \$ 1,344,938 \$ 1,089,599 \$ (255,339) Miscellaneous: Miscellaneous \$ 3,300 \$ 3,300 Ś Total miscellaneous Ś \$ Ś 3,300 \$ 3,300 Recovered costs: F-rate \$ 90,000 \$ 90,000 \$ \$ (90,000) -Medicaid reimbursements 300,000 300,000 287,513 (12,487) **CCEC** reimbursements 42,767 42,767 --Sale of supplies 99 99 . . Insurance recoveries 41,616 41,616 Other recovered costs 30,000 30,000 106,713 136,713 420,000 Total recovered costs \$ \$ 420,000 \$ 508,708 Ś 88,708 1,764,938 \$ Total revenue from local sources \$ 1,764,938 \$ 1,654,468 \$ (110, 470)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fi	Variance with Final Budget - Positive <u>(Negative)</u>		
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: (Continued)								
School Operating Fund: (Continued)								
Intergovernmental:								
Revenues from local governments:		12 (02 250				0 750 000		(2.050.200)
Contribution from County of Wythe, Virginia	<u>\$</u>	13,603,359	\$	13,609,410	\$ •	9,759,022	\$	(3,850,388)
Total revenues from local governments	Ş	13,603,359	\$	13,609,410	\$	9,759,022	\$	(3,850,388)
Revenue from the Commonwealth:								
Categorical aid:								
Adult secondary education	\$	16,710	s	16,710	s	16,773	s	63
Alternative education	*	138,869	Ŧ	138,869	Ŧ	138,869	Ŧ	-
At risk four-year olds		303,509		303,509		264,486		(39,023)
At risk payments		463,000		463,000		467,929		4,929
Basic school aid		12,426,507		12,426,507		12,359,381		(67,126)
CTE competitive grant						37,500		37,500
Early reading intervention		87,059		87,059		77,895		(9,164)
English as second language		3,228		3,228		2,824		(404)
Gifted and talented		131,768		131,768		131,784		16
Governor's school		26,572		26,572		26,572		-
Group life insurance instructional		52,707		52,707		52,714		7
Homebound education		69,849		69,849		41,936		(27,913)
Other state funds		66,482		66,482		74,688		8,206
		2,889		2,889		2,528		(361)
Mentor teacher program Primary class size		319,068		319,068		322,801		3,733
Project graduation		4,028		4,028		4,028		-
Reading recovery		31,939		31,939		25,136		(6,803)
		160,000		160,000		214,005		(0,803) 54,005
Regional program tuition Regular foster care		100,000		100,000		78,588		(21,412)
Remedial education		413,752		413,752		413,801		(21,412) 49
Compensation supplement		757,800		757,800		760,549		2,749
Remedial summer education		2,461				1,406		(1,055)
Retirement				2,461		-		202
		1,686,632		1,686,632		1,686,834		
School food		41,892		41,892		51,066 4,861,516		9,174
Share of state sales tax		4,747,450		4,747,450				114,066
Social security fringe benefits		764,255		764,255		764,347		92
State lottery payments		971,851		971,851		964,685		(7,166)
Industry certification		7,500		7,500		11,614		4,114
Special education		1,083,134		1,083,134		1,083,264		130
Special education - foster children		84,497		84,497		89,703		5,206
Algebra readiness		55,687		55,687		59,040		3,353
National board certification		10,000		10,000		7,500		(2,500)
Technology resource		388,000		388,000		388,000		-
Textbook payment		265,355		265,355		265,386		31
Vocational education - adult		2,819		2,819		4,663		1,844
Vocational occupational preparedness		41,893		41,893		42,623		730
Vocational standards of quality payments		537,614	~	537,614		537,678		64
Total categorical aid	Ş	26,266,776	Ş	26,266,776	Ş	26,334,112	\$	67,336
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	26,266,776	\$	26,266,776	\$	26,334,112	\$	67,336

#### Schedule 1 Page 6 of 6

#### County of Wythe, Virginia Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Original

Final

	Variance with
	Final Budget -
	Positive
<u>Actual</u>	<u>(Negative)</u>

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Budget	Budget	<u>Actual</u>	1	(Negative)
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: (Continued) School Operating Fund: (Continued)					
Intergovernmental: (Continued)					
Revenue from the federal government:					
Categorical aid:					
Forest reserve funds	\$ 66,781	\$ 66,781	\$ 70,146	\$	3,365
Title I	1,026,205	1,026,205	1,126,004		99,799
Title VI-B, special education flow-through	868,854	868,854	816,179		(52,675)
Title VI-B, preschool	28,260	28,260	30,873		2,613
Vocational education	72,000	72,000	104,729		32,729
National school food program	940,000	940,000	790,622		(149,378)
School breakfast program	340,000	340,000	303,576		(36,424)
Improving teacher quality	160,967	160,967	156,018		(4,949)
Rural and low income schools	-	-	3,607		3,607
Summer food	40,000	40,000	371,614		331,614
Title IV student support and academic enrichment grants	75,000	75,000	18,637		(56,363)
Child nutrition direct certification performance awards	-	-	25,112		25,112
Total categorical aid	\$ 3,618,067	\$ 3,618,067	\$ 3,817,117	\$	199,050
Total revenue from the federal government	\$ 3,618,067	\$ 3,618,067	\$ 3,817,117	\$	199,050
Total School Operating Fund	\$ 45,253,140	\$ 45,259,191	\$ 41,564,719	\$	(3,694,472)

Schedule 2 Page 1 of 5

Fund, Function, Activity and Element			<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget - Positive <u>(Negative)</u>				
General Fund:								
General government administration:								
Legislative:								
Board of supervisors	\$	242,632		254,385		255,596	\$	(1,211)
Total legislative	\$	242,632	\$	254,385	\$	255,596	\$	(1,211)
General and financial administration:								
County administrator	\$	351,802	\$	386,555	\$	366,274	\$	20,281
Commissioner of revenue		304,275		304,275		285,186		19,089
Treasurer		353,917		382,261		353,315		28,946
Financial administration		246,967		251,074		231,353		19,721
Mapping		21,500		21,500		13,620		7,880
Public information office		69,456		69,467		61,876		7,591
Technology		127,617		128,249		125,825		2,424
Total general and financial administration	\$	1,475,534	\$	1,543,381	\$	1,437,449	\$	105,932
Board of elections:								
Electoral board and officials	\$	58,410	\$	58,413	\$	45,188	\$	13,225
Registrar		93,832		93,832	•	89,957	·	3,875
Total board of elections	\$	152,242	\$	152,245	\$	135,145	\$	17,100
Total general government administration	\$	1,870,408	\$	1,950,011	\$	1,828,190	\$	121,821
Judicial administration:								
Courts:								
Circuit court	\$	51,487	\$	69,441	\$	49,855	\$	19,586
General district court		10,250		10,250		7,101		3,149
Juvenile and domestic relations court		9,119		9,119		6,589		2,530
Magistrates		1,630		1,630		616		1,014
Clerk of the circuit court		505,039		508,089		455,395		52,694
Commissioner of accounts		6,200		6,200		-		6,200
Courtroom security		238,672		238,997		168,593		70,404
Law library		12,600		12,600		8,872		3,728
Total courts	\$	834,997	\$	856,326	\$	697,021	\$	159,305
Commonwealth's attorney:								
Commonwealth's attorney	\$	720,944	\$	736,906	\$	730,144	\$	6,762
Total commonwealth's attorney	\$	720,944	\$	736,906		730,144		6,762
Total judicial administration	\$	1,555,941	\$	1,593,232	\$	1,427,165	\$	166,067
Public safety:								
Law enforcement and traffic control:								
Sheriff	\$	3,367,268	s	3,505,580	s	3,283,434	s	222,146
Total law enforcement and traffic control	\$	3,367,268	-	3,505,580	\$	3,283,434		222,146
Fire and rescue services:								
Fire department	\$	366,996	s	570,017	ς	400,192	s	169,825
Consolidated dispatch	Ļ	671,553	÷	695,706	Ļ	400,192	~	270,965
Ambulance and rescue services		184,209		275,097		236,489		38,608
Total fire and rescue services	\$	1,222,758	\$	1,540,820	¢	1,061,422	\$	479,398
	ç	1,222,730	Ļ	1,340,020	ڔ	1,001,422	Ļ	7,570

Fund, Function, Activity and Element	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Fin	riance with al Budget - Positive Negative)
General Fund: (Continued)					
Public safety: (Continued)					
Correction and detention:					
Jail	\$ 1,600,000	\$ 1,600,000	\$ 1,705,815	\$	(105,815)
Probation office	2,300	2,300	1,679		621
Total correction and detention	\$ 1,602,300	\$ 1,602,300	\$ 1,707,494	\$	(105,194)
Inspections:					
Building	\$ 107,910	\$ 113,508	\$ 100,940	\$	12,568
Total inspections	\$ 107,910	\$ 113,508	\$ 100,940	\$	12,568
Other protection:					
Animal control	\$ 182,839	\$ 184,361	\$ 158,136	\$	26,225
Medical examiner	500	500	380		120
Wireless E-911 grant	30,560	30,560	33,386		(2,826)
Emergency services	104,237	111,707	84,352		27,355
VAVWA Law enforcement	41,447	41,447	40,915		532
PAF	25,800	76,420	53,593		22,827
Victim witness program	98,503	98,503	93,336		5,167
School resource officer	524,341	556,871	401,438		155,433
Sheriff IT	-	28,731	17,368		11,363
Total other protection	\$ 1,008,227	\$ 1,129,100	\$ 882,904	\$	246,196
Total public safety	\$ 7,308,463	\$ 7,891,308	\$ 7,036,194	\$	855,114
Public works:					
Engineering:					
Engineering	\$ 131,742	\$ 132,212	\$ 129,198	\$	3,014
Total engineering	\$ 131,742	\$ 132,212	\$ 129,198	\$	3,014
Sanitation and waste removal:					
Refuse collection and disposal	\$ 1,533,790	\$ 1,533,817	\$ 1,451,008	\$	82,809
Total sanitation and waste removal	\$ 1,533,790	\$ 1,533,817	\$ 1,451,008	\$	82,809
Maintenance of general buildings and grounds:					
Courthouse building	\$ 283,689	\$ 389,410	\$ 255,098	\$	134,312
County administrative building	192,874	192,813	143,602		49,211
Sixth Street building	2,066	2,066	1,674		392
Building and grounds maintenance	131,449	136,114	113,155		22,959
Library building	4,377	47,377	46,690		687
Spiller annex building	500	500	-		500
Fairview house building	8,875	9,875	5,716		4,159
Other properties	1,370	1,370	231		1,139
Total maintenance of general buildings and grounds	\$ 625,200	\$ 779,525	\$ 566,166	\$	213,359
Total public works	\$ 2,290,732	\$ 2,445,554	\$ 2,146,372	\$	299,182

Fund, Function, Activity and Element	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Fir	Variance with Final Budget - Positive <u>(Negative)</u>		
General Fund: (Continued)							
Health and welfare:							
Health:							
Supplement of local health department	\$ 366,116	\$ 366,116	\$ 366,116	\$	-		
National emergency	-	22,111	11,802		10,309		
CARES act expenses	 -	-	2,670		(2,670)		
Total health	\$ 366,116	\$ 388,227	\$ 380,588	\$	7,639		
Mental health and mental retardation:							
Community services board	\$ 164,349	\$ 164,349	\$ 164,349	\$	-		
Total mental health and mental retardation	\$ 164,349	\$ 164,349	\$ 164,349	\$	-		
Welfare:							
Public assistance	\$ 8,837,026	\$ 9,058,526	\$ 7,375,194	\$	1,683,332		
Family resource center	3,750	3,750	2,813		937		
District III coop	 27,964	27,964	27,964		-		
Total welfare	\$ 8,868,740	\$ 9,090,240	\$ 7,405,971	\$	1,684,269		
Total health and welfare	\$ 9,399,205	\$ 9,642,816	\$ 7,950,908	\$	1,691,908		
Education:							
Other instructional costs:							
Contributions to Community College	\$ 45,640	\$ 45,640	\$ 22,820	\$	22,820		
Contribution to County School Board	13,603,359	13,609,410	9,759,021		3,850,389		
School Construction	 -	3,995,532	2,784,807		1,210,725		
Total education	\$ 13,648,999	\$ 17,650,582	\$ 12,566,648	\$	5,083,934		
Parks, recreation, and cultural:							
Parks and recreation:							
Recreation Commission	\$ 176,015	\$ 178,830	\$ 134,682	\$	44,148		
Rural Retreat Lake campground	90,961	96,060	67,905		28,155		
Rural Retreat Lake swimming pool	47,534	47,534	26,345		21,189		
Ager Park	18,433	24,895	11,778		13,117		
Sheffey Recreation Center	29,718	29,718	13,933		15,785		
Max Meadows ball park	 5,650	7,450	3,542		3,908		
Total parks and recreation	\$ 368,311	\$ 384,487	\$ 258,185	\$	126,302		
Library:							
Contribution to regional library	\$ 324,455	\$ 324,455	\$ 324,455		-		
Total library	\$ 324,455	\$ 324,455	\$ 324,455		-		
Total parks, recreation, and cultural	\$ 692,766	\$ 708,942	\$ 582,640	\$	126,302		

#### Schedule 2 Page 4 of 5

#### County of Wythe, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Variance with Final Budget -Original Final Positive Fund, Function, Activity and Element **Budget** Budget <u>Actual</u> (Negative) General Fund: (Continued) Community development: Planning and community development: 93,471 \$ \$ 93,471 \$ 89,823 \$ 3,648 Planning commission Regional water 336,165 336,165 336,165 Wythe county joint IDA 241,870 296,870 266,870 30,000 Appalachian Regional Expo 110,749 127,048 (16, 299)-35,500 Regional tourism 35,500 10,000 25,500 53,720 Smyth/Wythe airport commission 53,720 53,720 -New River/Highlands RC&D 1,000 1,000 1,000 -307,286 307,446 213,558 93,888 Virginia Industrial Advancement Total planning and community development 1,069,012 1,234,921 762,019 472,902 \$ \$ Ś Ś Environmental management: Contribution to soil and water district 8,000 8,000 8,000 \$ \$ \$ Total environmental management Ś 8,000 \$ 8,000 \$ 8,000 \$ Cooperative extension program: Extension office 74,552 \$ 88,119 \$ 60,631 Ś 27,488 \$ 88,119 \$ 60,631 Total cooperative extension program 74,552 \$ \$ 27,488 Total community development 1,151,564 \$ 1,331,040 \$ 830,650 \$ 500,390 \$ Capital projects: (1) Progress park improvements and land purchase \$ 45,000 \$ 85,000 \$ 21,859 \$ 63,141 50,770 Road construction 500,000 1,203,204 1,152,434 **EXPO** Center 1,000,000 1,864,969 949,954 915,015 Other capital projects 2,824,000 5,355,408 1,438,221 3,917,187 Total capital projects \$ 4,369,000 \$ 8,508,581 Ś 3,562,468 \$ 4,946,113 Debt service: Principal retirement \$ 3,376,585 \$ 3,376,585 \$ 3,327,110 \$ 49,475 Interest and other fiscal charges 1,505,378 1,607,851 1,578,999 28,852 Bond issuance costs 10,000 10,000 10,000 Total debt service \$ 4,891,963 4,994,436 4,916,109 78,327 \$ \$ \$ Total General Fund Ś 47,179,041 \$ 56,716,502 \$ 42,847,344 \$ 13,869,158 **Total Primary Government** \$ 47,179,041 \$ 56,716,502 \$ 42,847,344 \$ 13,869,158

(1) Budgeted within departmental budgets

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget - Positive <u>(Negative)</u>		
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board:								
School Operating Fund:								
Education:								
Administration of schools:	ć	4 252 020	÷	4 252 020	~	4 274 744	÷	70.402
Administration and health services	\$ \$		\$	1,353,939	\$	1,274,746	\$	79,193
Total administration of schools	\$	1,353,939	\$	1,353,939	\$	1,274,746	\$	79,193
Instruction costs:								
Instruction	\$	33,220,017	\$	33,220,017	\$	31,986,710	\$	1,233,307
Technology instruction		1,442,534		1,442,534		1,512,313		(69,779)
Total instruction costs	\$	34,662,551	\$	34,662,551	\$	33,499,023	\$	1,163,528
Operating costs:								
Pupil transportation	\$	2,775,233	\$	2,775,233	\$	2,393,833	\$	381,400
Operation and maintenance of school plant		4,371,228		4,377,279		4,430,746		(53,467)
Total operating costs	\$	7,146,461	\$	7,152,512	\$	6,824,579	\$	327,933
School food services:								
Administration of school food program	\$	2,086,830	\$	2,086,830	\$	2,057,445	\$	29,385
Total school food services	\$	2,086,830	\$	2,086,830	\$	2,057,445	\$	29,385
Total education	\$	45,249,781	\$	45,255,832	\$	43,655,793	\$	1,600,039
Debt service:								
Principal retirement	\$	3,359	\$	3,359	\$	-	\$	3,359
Total debt service	\$	3,359	\$	3,359	\$	-	\$	3,359
Total School Operating Fund	\$	45,253,140	\$	45,259,191	\$	43,655,793	\$	1,603,398
Total Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board	\$	45,253,140	\$	45,259,191	\$	43,655,793	\$	1,603,398

Statistical Information

	Total	\$ 43,339,256	43,556,079	39,250,195	39,445,560	39,363,851	38,009,041	35,154,854	38,191,885	36,804,059	36,183,856
	Water/Sewer Department	3,594,343 \$ 7,930,667 \$ 13,572,672 \$ 608,950 \$ 1,268,938 \$ 1,585,273 \$ 4,107,787 \$ 43,339,256	3,978,183	3,799,874	3,625,177	3,318,125	3,650,586	3,403,181	3,519,922	3,295,194	3,039,478
	Interest on Long- Term Debt	\$ 1,585,273	1,642,176	1,107,291	1,134,619	1,217,966	1,164,014	1,256,115	1,284,699	1,425,958	1,491,857
	Parks, Recreation, Community and Cultural Development	\$ 1,268,938	1,010,793	571,414	1,132,949	1,407,644	879,896	533,516	787,448	492,238	340,134
	Parks, Recreation, and Cultural	\$ 608,950	612,628	603,606	587,212	546,211	553,381	533,197	610,551	626,033	501,448
Last Ten Fiscal Years	Education	\$ 13,572,672	17,061,608	14,282,432	14,076,234	14,417,669	14,166,892	12,134,257	14,422,799	12,836,648	13,486,880
Last Ten F	Health and Welfare	\$ 7,930,667	7,390,268	7,483,031	7,059,375	6,796,270	6,604,731	6,223,639	6,468,123	7,058,798	6,792,651
	Public Works	ŝ	2,558,930	2,319,128	2,421,854	2,227,414	2,306,367	1,960,842	2,419,128	2,289,730	2,260,019
	Public Safety	1,465,861 \$ 7,512,947	6,803,794	6,351,152	5,933,755	6,054,094	6,237,978	6,416,496	6,372,381	6,180,621	6,044,161
	Judicial Administration	\$ 1,465,861	1,242,975	1,295,981	1,397,035	1,415,646	1,092,798	1,136,607	1,119,156	1,086,359	1,113,061
	General Government Administration	1,691,818	1,254,724	-	• •	-			1,187,678	1,512,480	1,114,168
	Fiscal Year A	2019-20 \$	2018-19	2017-18	2016-17	2015-16	2014-15	2013-14	2012-13	2011-12	2010-11

Table 2

## County of Wythe, Virginia Government-Wide Revenues Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Total	46,169,299	45,124,622	45,873,941	43,490,039	42,206,433	41,347,419	41,289,824	41,631,049	39,722,925	42,556,539
						ŝ									
	Grants and	Contributions	Not Restricted	to Specific	Programs	2,477,320	2,480,225	2,541,688	2,459,363	2,475,547	2,502,844	2,525,329	2,568,029	1,721,897	1,715,976
		U	ž		sr	و ج	10	2	-	2	~	-	~	ŝ	2
S					Miscellaneous	\$ 46,009	46,375	403,052	292,421	326,712	525,963	642,961	437,423	569,158	211,242
<b>GENERAL REVENUES</b>			Jnrestricted	Investment	Earnings	1,254,952	1,357,857	1,185,342	1,101,874	1,104,094	1,054,365	1,393,622	1,342,421	1,439,970	1,165,451
:NER/			Un	'n		ŝ									
B			Other	Local	Taxes	\$ 6,551,370 \$ 1,254,952	6,323,967	6,268,739	5,908,026	5,796,378	5,869,453	5,448,614	5,483,817	6,101,266	5,875,452
						8 2	ю	ŝ	~	ŝ	4	2	6	v0	Ś
			General	Property	Taxes	21,801,978	21,207,545	19,774,868	18,926,937	18,844,528	17,470,264	17,303,112	16,817,889	16,761,296	16,413,526
						Ś									
10		Capital	Grants	and	Contributions Contributions	264,800	209,009	1,973,133	1,097,712	824,304	1,611,079	1,909,241	2,282,618	1,289,131	4,017,436
NUE					SC C	7 \$	Ñ	0	2	6	2	2	6	6	6
PROGRAM REVENUES		Operating	Grants	and	Contributior	\$ 9,111,99	8,718,675	8,557,870	8,309,992	7,877,176	7,434,357	7,498,457	7,955,016	7,596,199	8,417,319
PRO			Charges	for	Services (	2019-20 \$ 4,660,873 \$ 9,111,997 \$	4,780,969	5,169,249	5,393,714	4,957,694	4,879,094	4,568,488	4,743,836	4,244,008	4,740,137
			-		,	ŝ									
				Fiscal	Year	2019-20	2018-19	2017-18	2016-17	2015-16	2014-15	2013-14	2012-13	2011-12	2010-11

			Totals	\$ 76,744,115	82,569,304	81,854,749	68,969,052	68,209,994	66,540,396	70,146,883	72,044,942	78,478,934	68,975,549
		Capital	Projects	4,916,109 \$ 3,562,468 \$ 76,744,115	3,897,373		2,269,432	2,239,793	1,866,662	8,046,916	5,731,661	3,094,561	7,407,413
		Debt	Service	4,916,109	4,129,790	11,816,639	3,792,409	3,880,823	3,640,919	2,968,668	6,582,063	13,408,608	3,540,547
		Non-	Departmental	\$ '									
		Community	Development D	\$ 830,650 \$	618,432 760,131	499,811	489,361	988,124	539,507	377,251	588,539	3,144,429	321,127
	Parks,	Recreation	& Cultural D			589,712	568,641	535,211	539,507	517,575	628,288	634,687	490,075
במשר ו כוו ו ושרמו וכמו ש			Education (2)	\$ 7,950,908 \$ 46,463,419 \$	54,030,893	43,931,720	43,535,284	42,053,220	41,971,276	40,863,572	40,333,239	40,136,400	37,673,890
רמאר	Health	and	Welfare	\$ 7,950,908	7,519,151	7,669,206	7,234,170	6,991,520	6,813,281	6,252,476	6,542,255	7,210,950	6,905,096
		Public	Works	\$ 2,146,372	2,035,896	1,987,056	1,915,022	1,905,660	1,985,530	1,978,276	2,127,453	2,050,075	1,998,963
		Public	Safety	\$ 7,036,194		6,422,831	5,723,203	6,125,887	6,201,763	6,326,660	6,711,245	6,077,487	7,821,789
		Judicial	Administration	1,427,165	1,295,561	1,380,955	1,437,378	1,523,426	1,176,799	1,136,912	1,118,560	1,085,673	1,113,471
		General	Administration A	\$ 1,828,190 \$	1,702,335	1,698,557	2,004,152	1,966,330	1,805,152	1,678,577	1,681,639	1,636,064	1,703,178
			Fiscal Year	2019-20	2018-19	2017-18	2016-17	2015-16	2014-15	2013-14	2012-13	2011-12	2010-11

Includes General and Capital Projects Funds of the Primary Government and Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board.
Excludes contribution from Primary Government to Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board.

County of Wythe, Virginia General Governmental Expenditures by Function (1)

			Permits		Revenue					
			Privilege		from use					
	General	Other	Fees and	Fines	of Money	Charges				
	Property	Local	Regulatory	and	and	for		Recovered	Inter-	
Fiscal Year	Taxes	Taxes	Licenses	Forfeitures	Property	Services	Miscellaneous	Costs	governmental (2)	Total
2019-20	\$ 21,608,077 \$ 6,551,370 \$	\$ 6,551,370	\$ 127,253	\$ 1,024,193 \$		1,207,202 \$ 1,323,662	\$ 49,309 \$	\$ 1,043,556	ŝ	30,151,229 \$ 63,085,851
2018-19	21,183,656	6,323,967		1,384,273		1,618,251				62,481,534
2017-18	19,580,830	6,268,739	118,142	1,465,260	1,134,598	1,753,069	599,810	1,336,262	2 28,414,328	60,671,038
2016-17	18,951,683	5,908,026	127,241	1,692,160	1,050,864	1,547,688	560,990	978,447	7 28,064,662	58,881,761
2015-16	18,524,308	5,796,378	77,292	1,399,738	1,017,302	1,624,708	556,491	1,259,319	9 38,488,738	68,744,274
2014-15	17,556,567	5,869,453	68,301	1,612,103	976,595	1,260,761	703,672	1,168,853		68,272,783
2013-14	17,172,749	5,448,614	101,343	1,403,682	1,256,176	1,424,470	695,482	1,578,479	9 37,008,850	66,089,845
2012-13	17,063,127	5,483,817	76,747	1,486,658	1,192,266	1,387,282	495,944	1,183,146	6 37,331,804	65,700,791
2011-12	16,486,825	6,101,266	115,217	1,379,334	1,264,808	1,427,734	620,535	1,019,784	4 35,874,279	64,289,782
2010-11	16,464,384	5,875,452	81,452	1,347,286	1,032,789	1,368,655	270,860	1,592,502	2 40,077,460	68,110,840

County of Wythe, Virginia	General Governmental Revenues by Source (1)	Last Ten Fiscal Years	
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-129-

Includes General and Capital Projects Funds of the Primary Government and includes discretely presented Component Unit School Board.
Excludes contribution from Primary Government to Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board.

### Table 5

# **Property Tax Levies and Collections County of Wythe, Virginia** Last Ten Fiscal Years

Percent of Delinquent Taxes to	Tax Levy	8.27%	7.70%	8.14%	7.63%	8.31%	8.09%	8.41%	7.96%	9.11%	8.35%
Outstanding Delinquent	Taxes (2)	\$ 1,788,211	1,614,353	1,585,301	1,431,921	1,547,751	1,398,648	1,434,679	1,324,184	1,499,609	1,373,871
Percent of Total Tax Collections	to Tax Levy	98.41% \$	99.54%	99.30%	99.54%	97.96%	99.77%	99.08%	100.89%	98.83%	98.59%
Total Tax	Collections	\$ 21,288,862	20,871,975	19,327,063	18,688,830	18,247,141	17,250,082	16,909,315	16,778,924	16,277,231	16,212,923
Delinquent Tax	Collections (1)	483,929	572,654	451,463	473,797	465,647	612,697	479,991	514,040	380,655	312,712
Percent of Levy	Collected C	96.18% \$	96.81%	96.98%	97.02%	95.46%	96.22%	96.27%	97.80%	96.52%	96.69%
Current Tax	Collections (1)	20,804,933	20,299,321	18,875,600	18,215,033	17,781,494	16,637,385	16,429,324	16,264,884	15,896,576	15,900,211
Total Tax	Levy (1)	21,632,076 \$ 20,804,933	20,968,362	19,463,749	18,774,651	18,627,762	17,290,714	17,066,280	16,630,536	16,469,488	16,445,210
Fiscal	Year	2019-20 \$	2018-19	2017-18	2016-17	2015-16	2014-15	2013-14	2012-13	2011-12	2010-11

Exclusive of penalties and interest. Reduced by tax sharing payments.
Delinquent balances include penalites.

	County of Wythe, Virginia Assessed Value of Taxable Property (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years									
Fiscal Year	,	Real Estate/ Mobile Homes		Personal Property		Public Service Companies		Total		
2019-20 2018-19	\$	2,358,339,797 2,350,208,822	\$	497,596,841 477,594,738	\$	359,338,718 322,166,589	\$	3,215,275,356 3,149,970,149		
2018-19 2017-18 2016-17		2,335,399,637		478,348,830		310,470,506		3,124,218,973		
2015-16	015-16 2,274,033,452 475,988,249 229,662,169 2,979,6							3,017,767,297 2,979,683,870		
2014-15 2013-14		2,269,613,917 2,269,183,693		482,753,439 480,753,909		205,805,120 198,369,106		2,958,172,476 2,948,306,708		
2012-13 2011-12 2010-11		2,259,165,524 2,260,390,881 2,249,458,695		478,834,582 471,509,420 471,521,559		187,095,907 159,110,024 156,715,339		2,925,096,013 2,891,010,325 2,877,695,593		

(1) Assessed at 100% of fair market value.

	County of Wythe, Virginia Property Tax Rates (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years										
Fiscal Year	Real Estate/ Mobile Homes		Personal Property		Machinery and Tools		Merchant's Capital				
2019-20	\$ 0.54	\$	2.32	\$	1.50	\$	0.56				
2018-19	0.54		2.32		1.50		0.56				
2017-18	0.49		2.32		1.50		0.56				
2016-17	0.49		2.27		1.50		0.56				
2015-16	0.49		2.27		1.50		0.56				
2014-15	0.44		2.27		1.50		0.56				
2013-14	0.44		2.27		1.50		0.56				
2012-13	0.44		2.08		1.50		0.56				
2011-12	0.44		2.08		1.50		0.56				
2010-11	0.44		2.08		1.50		0.56				

Table 7

(1) Per \$100 of assessed value.

## County of Wythe, Virginia Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years

						Ratio of Net Bonded	Net
					Gross	Debt to	Bonded
Fiscal				Gross	and Net	Assessed	Debt per
Year	Рор	ulation (1)	1	Assessed Value	Bonded Debt (2)	Value	Capita
2019-20	Ş	28,754	Ś	3,215,275,356	73,770,572	2.29%	2,5
2018-19	·	28,754	·	3,149,970,149	74,062,436	2.35%	2,5
2017-18		29,235		3,124,218,973	70,108,141	2.24%	2,3
2016-17		29,235		3,017,767,297	62,473,464	2.07%	2,1
2015-16		29,235		2,979,683,870	61,034,667	2.05%	2,0
2014-15		29,235		2,958,172,476	61,787,459	2.09%	2,1
2013-14		29,235		2,948,306,708	61,811,256	2.10%	2,1
2012-13		29,235		2,925,096,013	55,704,496	1.90%	1,9
2011-12		29,235		2,891,010,325	57,445,157	1.99%	1,9
2010-11		29,235		2,877,695,593	51,005,571	1.77%	1,7

(1) United States Bureau of the Census

(2) Includes all long-term general obligation bonded debt, bonded anticipation notes, and literary fund loans. Excludes revenue bonds, landfill closure/postclosure care liability, capital leases, and compensated absences.

## County of Wythe, Virginia Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for General Bonded Debt to Total General Governmental Expenditures (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Ratio of
				Total	Debt Service
			Total	General	to General
Fiscal			Debt	Governmental	Governmental
Year	Principal	Interest	Service	Expenditures (2)	Expenditures
2019-20	\$ 3,327,110	\$ 1,578,999	\$ 4,906,109	\$ 76,744,115	6.393%
2018-19 (3)	10,234,024	1,389,758	11,623,782	82,569,304	14.078%
2017-18 (3)	10,651,394	1,165,245	11,816,639	81,854,749	14.436%
2016-17	2,592,749	1,199,660	3,792,409	68,969,052	5.499%
2015-16	1,898,541	951,619	2,850,160	76,437,104	3.729%
2014-15	2,362,227	1,278,692	3,640,919	66,486,269	5.476%
2013-14	1,725,738	1,242,930	2,968,668	70,146,883	4.232%
2012-13 (3)	5,165,301	1,416,762	6,582,063	72,044,942	9.136%
2011-12 (3)	11,944,430	1,464,178	13,408,608	78,478,934	17.086%
2010-11	1,990,809	1,549,738	3,540,547	68,975,549	5.133%

(1) Includes General fund of the Primary Government and the Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board.

(2) Includes capital project expenditures.

(3) Includes early redemption of the County's bonds.

COMPLIANCE SECTION



ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

## Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

# To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors of the County of Wythe, Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Wythe, Virginia as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County of Wythe, Virginia's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated October 30, 2020.

# Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County of Wythe, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Wythe, Virginia's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Wythe, Virginia's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, we did identify certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses and significant deficiencies.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2020-001 to be a material weakness. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2020-002 to be a significant deficiency.

# Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County of Wythe, Virginia's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

# County of Wythe, Virginia's Response to Findings

The County of Wythe, Virginia's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The County of Wythe, Virginia's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

# Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Robinson, Farmer, Cox Associates

Blacksburg, Virginia October 30, 2020



ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

## Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance For Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors of the County of Wythe, Virginia

## Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the County of Wythe, Virginia's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County of Wythe, Virginia's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020. The County of Wythe, Virginia's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

## Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

## Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the County of Wythe, Virginia's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County of Wythe, Virginia's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County of Wythe, Virginia's compliance.

## **Opinion on Each Major Federal Program**

In our opinion, the County of Wythe, Virginia complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020.

# Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the County of Wythe, Virginia is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the County of Wythe, Virginia's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Wythe, Virginia's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Lobinson, Farmer, Cox Associates

Blacksburg, Virginia October 30, 2020

#### Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Federal Grantor/	Federal	Pass-through Entity		
State Pass-Through Grantor/	CFDA	Identifying		Federal
Program or Cluster Title	Number	Number		Expenditure
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE:				
Pass Through Payments:				
Child Nutrition Cluster:				
State Department of Agriculture:				
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	Not available	\$ 13,287	
COVID-19 - Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	Not available	358,327 \$ 371,614	
Food Distribution (Note C)	10.555	Not available	\$ 124,297	
Department of Education:				
National School Lunch Program	10.555	40623	\$ 614,370	
COVID-19 - National School Lunch Program	10.555	40623	51,955 790,622	
School Breakfast Program	10.553	40591	\$ 278,872	
COVID-19 - School Breakfast Program	10.553	40591	24,704 303,576	
Total Child Nutrition Cluster	10.555	10371		1,465,81
Department of Social Services:				
SNAP Program Cluster:				
State Administrative Matching Grants for the				
Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program	10.561	0010119/0010120/0040119/0040120		529,26
	101001			527,20
Department of Education:				
Forest Service School and Roads Cluster:	40.775	120.44		70.44
Schools and Roads - Grants to States	10.665	43841 Not available		70,14
Child Nutrition Direct Certification Performance Awards	10.589	NOT AVAILABLE		25,11
Total Department of Agriculture				\$ 2,090,33
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES:				
Pass Through Payments:				
Department of Social Services:				
Promoting Safe and Stable Families	93.556	0950118/0950119		\$ 22,40
TANF Cluster:				
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.558	0400119/0400120		271,86
Refugee and Entrant Assistance State/Replacement Designee Administered Programs	93.566	0500120		37
Low-Income Home Energy Assistance	93.568	0600419/0600420		51,23
CCDF Cluster:				
Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds of the				
Child Care and Development Fund	93.596	0760119/0760120		50,92
Chafee Education and Training Vouchers Program	93.599	9160118/9160119		7,24
Adoption and Legal Guardianship Incentive Payments	93.603	1130117		4,99
Stephanie Tubbs Jones - Child Welfare Services Program	93.645	0900118/0900119		68
Social Services Block Grant	93.667	1000119/1000120		261,63
John H. Chafee Foster Care Program for Successful Transition to Adulthood	93.674	9150118/9150119		7,27
Children's Health Insurance Program	93.767	0540119/0540120		8,92
Medicaid Cluster:				
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	1200119/1200120		550,63
Foster Care - Title IV-E	93.658	1100119/1100120		329,31
Adoption Assistance	93.659	1120119/1120120		638,15
Total Department of Health and Human Services				\$ 2,205,66
DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY:				
Pass Through Payments:				
Department of Emergency Management:				
Emergency Management Performance Grants	97.042	LEMPGFY14 201604018945		\$ 17,33
Hazard Mitigation Grant	97.039	Not available		109,25
Total Department of Homeland Security				\$ 126,58

#### COUNTY OF WYTHE, VIRGINIA

### Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2020 (Continued)

		Pass-through	
Federal Grantor/	Federal	Entity	
State Pass-Through Grantor/	CFDA	Identifying	Federal
Program or Cluster Title	Number	Number	Expenditures
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION:			
Pass Through Payments:			
Department of Motor Vehicles:			
Highway Safety Cluster:			
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	50326	\$ 38,391
National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (NHTSA):			
Alcohol Open Container Requirements	20.607	Not available	14,714
Total Department of Transportation			\$ 53,105
DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY:			
Pass Through Payments:			
Virginia Department of Accounts			
COVID-19 - Coronavirus Relief Fund	21.019	SLT022	\$ 23,179
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE:			
Pass Through Payments:			
Department of Criminal Justice Services:			
Violence Against Women - Formula Grants	16.588	46500	\$ 24,919
Crime Victim Assistance	16.575	15-R9570VW14 - VICT	43,479
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.738	Not available	22,327
Total Department of Justice			\$ 90,725
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION:			
Pass Through Payments:			
Department of Education:			
Career and Technical Education-Basic Grants to States	84.048	61095	\$ 104,729
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	61480	156,018
Rural Education	84.358	43481	3,607
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	42901	1,126,004
Special Education Cluster (IDEA):			
Special Education-Grants to States	84.027	73071	\$ 816,179
Special Education-Preschool Grants	84.173	62521	30,873
Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)			847,052
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	Not available	18,637
Total Department of Education			\$ 2,256,047
Total Expenditure of Federal Awards			\$ 6,845,641

See accompanying Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

### COUNTY OF WYTHE, VIRGINIA

### Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

### Note A -- Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the County of Wythe, Virginia under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2020. The information in the Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the County of Wythe, Virginia, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the County of Wythe, Virginia.

Note B -- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(1) Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

(2) Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

(3) The County did not elect the 10% de minimus indirect cost rate because they only request direct costs for reimbursements.

Note C -- Food Donation

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed.

Note D -- Subrecipeints

The County did not have any subrecipients for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Note E -- Outstanding Balance of Federal Loans

The County has received federal funding through loans. At June 30, 2020, the outstanding balances of these loans were: \$

Note F -- Relationship to the Financial Statements

Federal expenditures, revenues and capital contributions are reported in the County's basic financial statements as follows:

16,097,356

Primary government:	
General Fund - Intergovernmental	\$ 11,804,117
Less: Payments in Lieu of Taxes	(164,006)
Less: Revenue from the Commonwealth	(8,611,587)
Component Unit School Board:	
School Operating Fund - Intergovernmental	39,910,251
Less: Revenue from Local Governments	(9,759,022)
Less: Revenue from the Commonwealth	(26,334,112)
Total federal expenditures per the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	\$ 6,845,641

## County of Wythe, Virginia

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

### Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

### **Financial Statements**

Type of auditors' report issued:		Unmodified		
Internal control over financial reporting:				
Material weakness(es) identified?		Yes		
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?		Yes		
Significant deficiency (ies) identified.				
Noncompliance material to financial staten	nents noted?	No		
Federal Awards				
Internal control over financial reporting:				
Material weakness(es) identified?		No		
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?		None reported		
Type of auditors' report issued on complian	ce for major programs:	Unmodified		
Any audit findings disclosed that are requir reported in accordance with 2 CFR section				
200.516 (a)?		No		
Identification of major programs:				
CFDA #	Name of Federal Pr	ogram or Cluster		
10.553/10.555/10.559	Child Nutritio	on Cluster		
84.027/84.173	Special Educat			
84.010	•	itle I Grants to Local Educational Agencies		
Dollar threshold used to distinguish betwee	n Type A			
and Type B programs:	···· / - ··	\$750,000		
		+		
Auditee gualified as low-risk auditee?		No		

## County of Wythe, Virginia

### Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

### Section II - Financial Statement Findings

2020-001	Material Weakness			
Criteria:	Identification of a material adjustment to the financial statements that was not detected by the entity's internal controls indicates that a material weakness may exist.			
Condition:	The County's financial statements required material adjusting entries by the Auditor to ensure such statements complied with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles.			
Cause of Condition:	The County failed to identify all year end accounting adjustments necessary for the books to prepared in accordance with current reporting standards.			
Effect of Condition:	There is a reasonable possibility that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected and corrected by the entity's internal controls over financial reporting.			
Recommendation:	The County's closing process improved significantly over prior years as current staff continues to gain an understanding of the year-end closing process and related reconciliations and adjustments that are necessary. Staff should review the current year adjusting entries and consider same during the next fiscal year close.			
Management's Response:	The County has reduced its reliance on external consultants and current staff have a good understanding of the County's books and accounting processes. It is anticipated that the number of audit adjustments will continue to decrease in future periods.			
2020-002	Significant Deficiency			
Criteria:	A key concept of internal controls is the segregation of duties. No one employee should have access to both accounting records and related assets.			
Condition:	A proper segreagation of duties has not been established over collections in the Treasurer's Office.			
Cause of Condition:	Limited staffing and resources			
Effect of Condition:	There is reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected by the entity's internal controls over financial reporting.			
Recommendation:	The Locality should review tasks performed by accounting personnel and revise same as necessary to create a proper segregation of duties.			
Management's Response:	Management will review controls in relation to current staffing levels and consider implementing compensating controls to address audit concerns.			

## Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

There are no federal award findings and questioned costs to report.

## County of Wythe, Virginia

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

### Section IV - Status of Prior Audit Findings

Finding 2019-001 is recurring in fiscal year 2020 as finding 2020-001.

Finding 2019-002 is recurring in fiscal year 2020 as finding 2020-002.