

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

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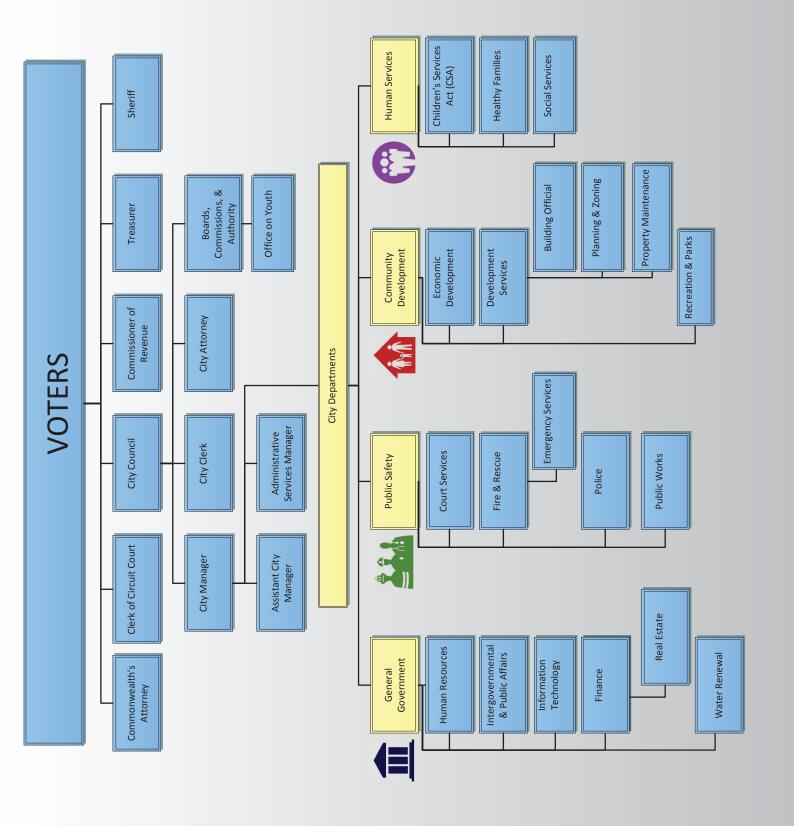
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CITY OF HOPEWELL, VIRGINIA CITY COUNCIL AND CITY OFFICIALS JUNE 30, 2022

<u>CITY COU</u>	NCIL
Patience A. Bennett	Mayor
John B. Partin, Jr	Vice Mayor
Deborah B. Randolph	Councilor
Arlene Holloway	Councilor
Jasmine E. Gore	Councilor
Janice B. Denton	Councilor
Brenda S. Pelham	Councilor
CONSTITUTIONA	L OFFICERS
Shannon Foskey	
Debra A. Reason	
Richard K. Newman	Commonwealth's Attorney
Tamara J. Ward	Clerk of the Circuit Court
Travis L. Stanley	Sheriff
CITY ADMINIS	TRATION
John M. Altman, Jr	
	Assistant City Manager
Cynthia E. Hudson	Acting City Attorney
Mollie P. Bess	City Clerk
Raymond W. Spicer	Social Services Director
Tabitha Martinez	Recreation Director
Edward O. Watson	Public Works Director
Folakemi Okeowo	Governmental Affairs Director
Yaosca Smith	Human Resources Director
Jerry Byerly	Water Renewal & Sewer System Director
Michael Terry	Finance Director
Ben Ruppert	Fire Department Chief
Antonio J. Starke	Police Department Chief
CITY SCHO	OOLS
Dr. Melody D. Hackney	





ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Honorable Members of City Council City of Hopewell, Virginia

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Hopewell, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities, the business type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Hopewell, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of City of Hopewell, Virginia, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Change in Accounting Principles

As described in Note 20 to the financial statements, in 2022, the County adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement Nos. 87, *Leases and* 92, *Omnibus*. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about City of Hopewell, Virginia's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
 appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of City of
 Hopewell, Virginia's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about City of Hopewell, Virginia's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and schedules related to pension and OPEB funding as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise City of Hopewell, Virginia's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us and other auditors. In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

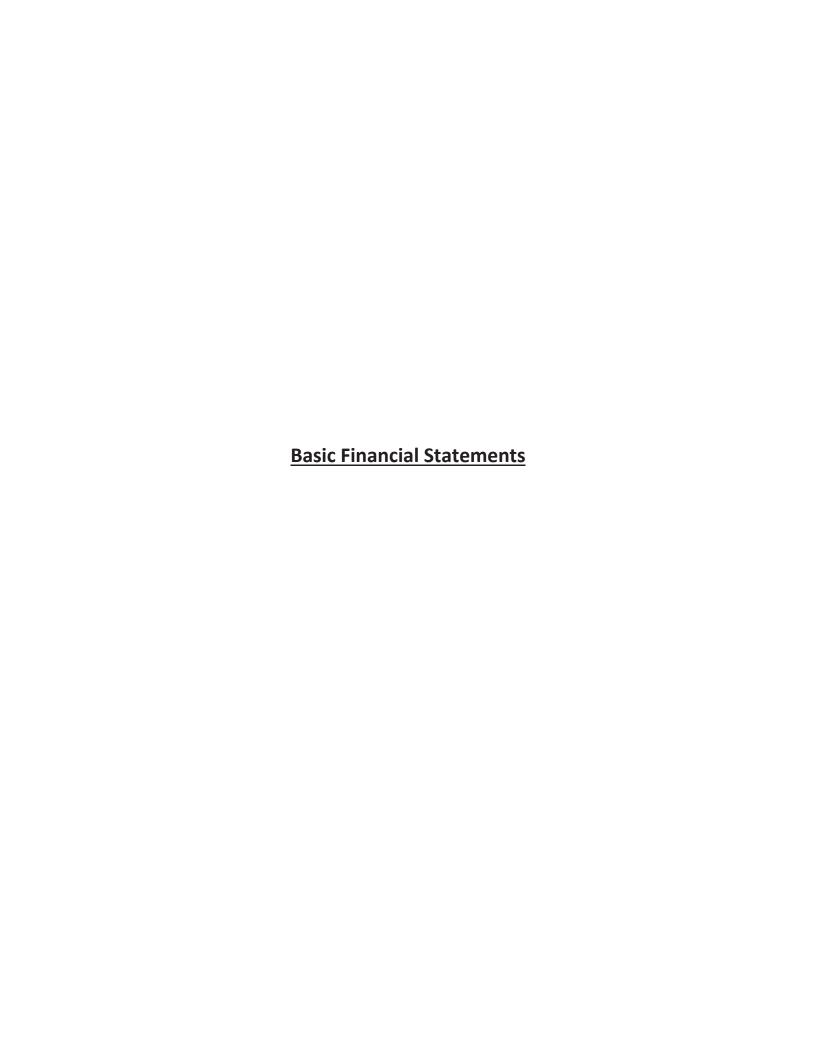
In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

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In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 22, 2025, on our consideration of the City of Hopewell, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Hopewell, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the City of Hopewell, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Charlottesville, Virginia August 22, 2025





Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

			Primary Governm	nent		Component Unit	Component Unit
	-		Business-				Children's
		Governmental Activities	Type Activities	Total		School Board	Services Act Board
Assets	-						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	29,021,056 \$	34,488,773	\$ 63,509,829	\$	1,697,871	\$ -
Taxes receivable		27,211,829	-	27,211,829		-	-
Accounts receivable		1,394,607	8,341,946	9,736,553		2,331	-
Notes receivable		134,935	61,188	196,123		-	-
Interest receivable		291	639	930		-	54
Due from school board		5,689,612	-	5,689,612		-	-
Due from primary government		-	-	-		6,980,370	651,894
Due from other governmental units		1,576,331	1,018,886	2,595,217		6,842,988	465,986
Internal balances		(5,008,165)	5,008,165	-		95,981	-
Inventories		99,576	2,339,063	2,438,639		92,204	-
Prepaid expenses		66,847	-	66,847		_	-
Restricted assets:				33,2			_
Cash and cash equivalents (in custody of others)		_	5,447,958	5,447,958		_	_
Note receivable, net of current portion		579,863	2,473,059	3,052,922		_	_
Capital assets:		373,003	2,173,033	3,032,322			
Land		7,381,964	803,029	8,184,993		474,629	_
Work in progress		2,824,585	7,278,176	10,102,761		275,373	
Buildings, system improvements, and Infrastructure			104,366,885			•	-
		83,859,290		188,226,175		48,636,952	-
Machinery and equipment		19,736,750	56,442,899	76,179,649		11,622,746	-
Leased equipment		-	-	-		-	-
Sewer main improvements		- (46,622,457)	46,949,920	46,949,920		(20.040.045)	-
Accumulated depreciation		(46,633,157)	(100,899,632)	(147,532,789)		(29,018,915)	. —
Total assets	\$ <u>_</u>	127,936,214 \$	174,120,954	\$ 302,057,168	- ^Ş -	47,702,530	\$ 1,117,934
Deferred outflows of resources							
Debt related	\$	628,547 \$	15,759	\$ 644,306	\$	-	\$ -
Pension related		4,977,301	1,116,345	6,093,646		9,503,565	-
OPEB related		2,987,573	670,044	3,657,617		1,753,932	-
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	8,593,421 \$	1,802,148	\$ 10,395,569	\$	11,257,497	\$
Liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$	2,035,058 \$	1,469,634	\$ 3,504,692	\$	5,434,008	\$ 389,035
Reconciled overdraft		-	-	-		-	1,085,506
Accrued liabilities		582,332	368,404	950,736		119,462	(1,305)
Refund credits payable		-	963,243	963,243		-	
Accrued interest payable		549,398	539,011	1,088,409		-	-
Due to primary government		-	-	-		4,960,585	-
Due to other funds		-	-	-		95,981	-
Due to other governmental units		767,522	_	767,522		-	1,457,221
Unearned revenues		4,450,157	921,652	5,371,809		3,196,284	-
Long-term liabilities:		.,,	,	-,-:-,		-,,	
Due within one year		4,021,154	1,323,114	5,344,268		255,888	_
Due in more than one year		58,097,253	32,104,114	90,201,367		34,002,635	_
Total liabilities	s -	70,502,874 \$			- ر -	48,064,843	\$ 2,930,457
	- ۶	70,302,874 3	37,069,172	3 108,192,040	_ ⁻ _	40,004,043	۷,530,437
Deferred inflows of resources Deferred tax revenues	ċ	15,429,813 \$	-	\$ 15,429,813	۲	-	ć
	\$, , ,			Ş		> -
Pension related		11,098,762	2,489,306	13,588,068		19,208,651	-
OPEB related Total deferred inflows of resources	s -	6,731,426 33,260,001 \$	1,509,700 3,999,006	\$,241,126 \$ 37,259,007	s –	3,237,307 22,445,958	\$ -
Net position	Ť <u>-</u>				- " -	, :=,===	•
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Net investment in capital assets	\$	27,645,045 \$	85,904,441		Ş	31,715,412	-
Restricted		-	1,990,780	1,990,780		-	-
Unrestricted		5,121,715	46,339,703	51,461,418		(43,266,186)	(1,812,523)
Total net position	\$ _	32,766,760 \$	134,234,924	\$ 167,001,684	\$ _	(11,550,774)	\$ (1,812,523)

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

			_	Program Revenues					
Functions/Programs	Expenses			Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions	
Primary Government:									
Governmental activities:									
General government administration	\$	6,766,780	\$	8,755	\$	305,966	\$	-	
Judicial administration		3,232,028		53,666		1,494,493		-	
Public safety		17,197,712		1,686,415		2,200,216		-	
Public works		5,209,046		-		4,204,614		785,379	
Health and welfare		7,293,572		-		4,594,806		-	
Education		15,545,506		-		-		-	
Parks, recreation, and cultural		2,481,800		115,531		57,247		-	
Community development		1,553,591		-		135,806		-	
Interest on long-term debt		2,340,548	_	-	_	-	_		
Total governmental activities	\$	61,620,583	\$_	1,864,367	\$_	12,993,148	\$_	785,379	
Business-Type activities:									
Hopewell Regional Wastewater Facilities Fund	\$	18,934,857	\$	19,651,121	\$	-	\$	-	
Sewer Service Fund		9,396,534		7,175,064		485,052		-	
Solid Waste Fund		2,216,468		2,357,763		-		-	
Storm Water Fund		817,900		753,821		-		-	
Beacon Theatre Fund		2,043,697		1,506,936		650,443		-	
Total Business-Type activities	\$	33,409,456	\$	31,444,705	\$	1,135,495	\$	-	
Total Primary Government	\$	95,030,039	\$	33,309,072		14,128,643		785,379	
Component units:									
School Board	\$	59,222,016	\$	31,912	\$	49,491,416	\$	-	
Children's Services Act Board		3,265,412			_	1,741,076			
Total component units	\$	62,487,428	\$	31,912	\$	51,232,492	\$	-	

General revenues:

General property taxes

Local sales tax

Business license tax

Restaurant food and lodging tax

Communications tax

Consumption and utility tax

Other local taxes

Unrestricted from use of money and property

Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs

Miscellaneous

City contributions

Total general revenues

Change in net position

Net position - beginning

Net position - ending

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

-	Primary Government					Compo	nt Units	
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities		Total		School Board		Comprehensive Services Act Board
\$	(6,452,059) \$	- \$		(6,452,059)	۱	_	\$	_
Y	(1,683,869)	-		(1,683,869)		_	Y	_
	(13,311,081)	_		(13,311,081)		_		_
	(219,053)	_		(219,053)		-		_
	(2,698,766)	-		(2,698,766)		-		-
	(15,545,506)	-		(15,545,506)		-		-
	(2,309,022)	-		(2,309,022)		-		-
	(1,417,785)	-		(1,417,785)		-		-
	(2,340,548)	-		(2,340,548)		-		-
\$	(45,977,689) \$	- \$		(45,977,689)		-	\$	-
\$	- \$	716,264 \$		716,264	\$	-	\$	-
	-	(1,736,418)		(1,736,418))	-		-
	-	141,295		141,295		-		-
	-	(64,079)		(64,079))	-		-
	-	113,682		113,682		-		-
\$	- \$	(829,256) \$		(829,256)) \$	-	\$	-
\$_	(45,977,689) \$	(829,256) \$		(46,806,945)) \$	-	\$	-
						<i>,</i> ,		
\$	- \$	- \$		-	\$	(9,698,688)	\$	- (4 524 226)
\$				-	- \$	(9,698,688)	\$	(1,524,336)
•	· -	·					- ' -	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
\$	43,639,353 \$	- \$		43,639,353	\$	-	\$	-
	2,355,029	-		2,355,029		-		-
	1,936,462	-		1,936,462		-		-
	3,463,245	-		3,463,245		-		-
	556,281	-		556,281		-		-
	920,650	-		920,650		-		-
	599,051	-		599,051		-		-
	151,818	137,619		289,437		-		-
	1,618,122	-		1,618,122		-		-
	10,163,395	-		10,163,395		574,545		173,355
	<u> </u>	-		-		15,956,520		833,615
\$_	65,403,406 \$	137,619 \$		65,541,025	\$.	16,531,065	\$.	1,006,970
\$	19,425,717 \$	(691,637) \$		18,734,080	\$	6,832,377	\$	(517,366)
	13,341,043	134,926,561		148,267,604		(18,383,151)		(1,295,157)
\$	32,766,760 \$	134,234,924 \$		167,001,684	\$	(11,550,774)	\$	(1,812,523)



Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

	_	General	Virginia Public Assistance	Capital Projects	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets Cook and each assistations	ć	22 202 242 6	25.267.6	6 275 047 6	227.520 6	20.024.056
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	22,392,342 \$	25,367 \$	6,275,817 \$	327,530 \$	29,021,056
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles): Taxes receivable		27 211 020				27 211 020
Accounts receivable		27,211,829 1,362,881	-	- 8,699	23,027	27,211,829 1,394,607
			-	8,099 4	23,027	
Interest receivable Due from other funds		287	-	4	-	291
Due from School Board		4,561,541	-	-	-	4,561,541
		8,698,484	-	714700	-	8,698,484
Note receivable-School Board		-	470.757	714,798		714,798
Due from other governments		678,157	470,757	427,417	-	1,576,331
Inventories		99,576	-	-	-	99,576
Prepaid items	<u>,</u> –	66,847	- 40C 124 ¢	c		66,847
Total assets	\$ =	65,071,944 \$	496,124 \$	7,426,735 \$	350,557 \$	73,345,360
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$	1,097,733 \$	19,850 \$	859,556 \$	57,919 \$	2,035,058
Accrued liabilities	Ą	413,255	67,842	1,004	100,231	582,332
Unearned revenue		4,450,157	07,042	1,004	100,231	4,450,157
Due to other funds				3,159,335	22 500	9,569,706
Due to School Board		6,000,000	377,791		32,580	
		-	-	3,008,872	105.264	3,008,872
Due to other governments		662,158	- ACE 492 ¢		105,364	767,522
Total liabilities	\$_	12,623,303 \$	465,483 \$	7,028,767 \$	296,094 \$	20,413,647
Deferred inflows of resources						
Unavailable tax revenues - first half	\$	11,383,959 \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	11,383,959
Unavailable tax revenues - second half		15,429,813	-	-	-	15,429,813
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	26,813,772 \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	26,813,772
Fund balances:						
Nonspendable:		_				
Prepaid items	\$	66,847 \$	- \$	- \$	- \$,
Inventories		99,576	-		-	99,576
Due from School Board		-	-	714,798	-	714,798
Assigned:		160.000				460.000
Fire department equipment		160,000	-	-	-	160,000
Recreation		-	-	-	358,035	358,035
Rainy day emergency		5,261,768	-	-	-	5,261,768
Perpetual care		1,037,346	-	-	-	1,037,346
Self-insurance		500,000	_	-	-	500,000
VPA		-	30,641	-	-	30,641
Anti-Litter		-	-	-	106,351	106,351
Unassigned	. –	18,509,332	 . <u>-</u>	(316,830)	(409,923)	17,782,579
Total fund balances	\$_	25,634,869 \$	30,641 \$	397,968 \$	54,463 \$	26,117,941
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$ _	65,071,944 \$	496,124 \$	7,426,735 \$	350,557 \$	73,345,360

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of the Governmental Funds to the **Statement of Net Position** June 30, 2022

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:				
Total fund balances per Exhibit 3 - Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds		Ş	5	25,598,594
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.				67,169,432
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are unearned in the funds.				
Uncollected taxes receivable				11,383,959
Deferred items:				
Deferred outflows related to debt	\$	628,547		
Deferred outflows related to pension		4,977,301		
Deferred inflows related to pension		(11,098,762)		
Deferred outflows related to OPEB		2,987,573		
Deferred inflows related to OPEB		(6,731,426)		(9,236,767)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.				
General obligation bonds payable		(39,746,916)		
Capital leases		(406,018)		
Landfill closure liability		(628,574)		
Net pension liability		(7,540,506)		
Net OPEB liabilities		(12,449,473)		
Compensated absences		(1,346,920)		
Accrued interest payable	_	(549,398)		(62,667,805)
Net position of governmental activities		Ç	s	32,247,413

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	_	General	Virginia Public Assistance	Capital Projects	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES	_	40,000,774				40.000.774
General property taxes	\$	40,032,774 \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	40,032,774
Other local taxes		6,367,473	-	3,463,245	-	9,830,718
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses		254,556	-	-	-	254,556
Fines and forfeitures		782,880	-	-	-	782,880
Revenues from use of money and property		54,575	-	69,514	27,729	151,818
Charges for services		711,400	-	-	115,531	826,931
Miscellaneous		9,569,052	(1,897)	562,179	34,062	10,163,396
Recovered costs		382,500	-	-	-	382,500
Intergovernmental revenues:						
Commonwealth		9,508,143	1,656,001	320,396	52,992	11,537,532
Federal	_	312,847	2,938,805	464,983	142,481	3,859,116
Total revenues	\$ <u>_</u>	67,976,200 \$	4,592,909 \$	4,880,317 \$	372,795 \$	77,822,221
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government administration	\$	6,784,248 \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	6,784,248
Judicial administration		3,231,455	-	-	-	3,231,455
Public safety		16,986,897	-	-	-	16,986,897
Public works		5,139,184	-	-	-	5,139,184
Health and welfare		1,315,012	5,806,809	-	-	7,121,821
Education		14,060,728	-	-	-	14,060,728
Parks, recreation, and cultural		659,430	-	-	1,796,858	2,456,288
Community development		1,106,798	-	-	433,111	1,539,909
Nondepartmental		1,704,265	-	_	-	1,704,265
Capital projects			-	1,235,360	-	1,235,360
Debt service:				, ,		, ,
Principal retirement		-	-	3,848,272	-	3,848,272
Interest and other fiscal charges		-	-	2,107,965	-	2,107,965
Total expenditures	\$	50,988,017 \$	5,806,809 \$	7,191,597 \$	2,229,969 \$	66,216,392
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	_	· ·	·	· ·	<u> </u>	
over (under) expenditures	\$_	16,988,183 \$	(1,213,900) \$	(2,311,280) \$	(1,857,174) \$	11,605,829
OTHER FINANCING COURSES (USES)						
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	.	<u>,</u>	004754 6	4 402 220 6	4 740 720 6	2 020 002
Operating transfers in	\$	- \$	994,754 \$	1,103,320 \$	1,740,729 \$	3,838,803
Operating transfers out		(3,838,803)		- 4 402 220 6	- 4 740 720 4	(3,838,803)
Total other financing sources (uses), net	\$_	(3,838,803) \$	994,754 \$	1,103,320 \$	1,740,729 \$	
Net change in fund balances	\$	13,149,380 \$	(219,146) \$	(1,207,960) \$	(116,445) \$	11,605,829
Fund balance - beginning		12,485,489	249,787	1,605,928	170,908	14,512,112
Fund balance - ending	\$	25,634,869 \$	30,641 \$	397,968 \$	54,463 \$	26,117,941

\$ 19,425,717

CITY OF HOPEWELL, VIRGINIA

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of the Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022			
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:			
Net change in fund balances per Exhibit 5 - total governmental funds		\$	11,605,829
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlay in the current period.	<u> </u>		
Capital outlay	\$	2,997,606	
Jointly-owned assets adjustment		(1,484,778)	
Depreciation expense	_	(2,717,520)	(1,204,692)
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reporte as revenues in the funds. Property taxes	d		4,561,853
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.			
Principal payments on debt	\$	3,848,272	
Amortization of deferred amount of refunding		(276,083)	3,572,189
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.			
Decrease (increase) in interest payable		43,500	
Decrease (increase) in landfill closure liability		(16,546)	
Decrease (increase) in compensated absences		(60,377)	
Decrease (increase) in net OPEB liabilities		7,026,772	
Decrease (increase) in net pension liability		12,673,139	
Decrease (increase) in lease liability		-	
Decrease (increase) in deferred inflows related to OPEB		(6,431,876)	
Decrease (increase) in deferred inflows related to pension		(10,844,380)	
Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows related to OPEB		(767,478)	
Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows related to pension		(732,216)	890,538

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2022

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds						
		Hopewell Regional Wastewater Treatment Facilities Fund	Sewer Service Fund	Solid Waste Fund	Storm Water Fund	Beacon Theatre Fund	Total
Assets	_						
Current assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	23,095,396 \$	9,676,954 \$	1,977,092 \$	(578,302) \$	317,633 \$	34,488,773
Accounts receivable, net of allowance							
for uncollectibles		3,610,695	3,756,299	623,303	227,030	-	8,217,327
Due from other funds		-	6,000,000	-	-	-	6,000,000
Due from Commonwealth of Virginia		-	-	-	1,018,886	-	1,018,886
Notes receivable Interest receivable		-	61,188 504	104	31	-	61,188 639
Inventories		2,339,063	504	104	21	-	2,339,063
Total current assets	Ś	29,045,154 \$	19,494,945 \$	2,600,499 \$	667,645 \$	317,633 \$	52,125,876
Noncurrent assets:	Ť-				τ	τ	0=,==0,0:0
Restricted assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents		1,056,128	3,741,989	649,841	-	-	5,447,958
Total restricted assets	\$	1,056,128 \$	3,741,989 \$	649,841 \$	- \$	- \$	5,447,958
Note receivable, net of current portion	\$	- \$	2,473,059 \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	2,473,059
Capital assets:	7	Ψ	2,473,033 \$	Ψ	Y	Ψ	2,173,033
Land		216,026	188,820	-	113,710	-	518,556
Utility plant in service and buildings		98,654,980	501,878	-	-	-	99,156,858
Sewer main improvements		-	42,619,225	-	4,330,695	-	46,949,920
Machinery and equipment		53,958,226	1,393,769	237,624	275,335	-	55,864,954
Construction in progress		7,121,220	156,956	-	-	-	7,278,176
Accumulated depreciation		(78,799,795)	(19,539,431)	(58,330)	(805,543)	-	(99,203,099)
Total capital assets	\$	81,150,657 \$	25,321,217 \$	179,294 \$	3,914,197 \$	- \$	110,565,365
Total noncurrent assets	\$_	82,206,785 \$	31,536,265 \$	829,135 \$	3,914,197 \$	\$	118,486,382
Total assets	\$	111,251,939 \$	51,031,210 \$	3,429,634 \$	4,581,842 \$	317,633 \$	170,612,258
Deferred outflows of resources							
Loss on refunding	\$	15,759 \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	15,759
Pension related	,	906,862	92,192	22,772	94,519	- "	1,116,345
OPEB related		544,329	55,338	13,643	56,734	-	670,044
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	1,466,950 \$	147,530 \$	36,415 \$	151,253 \$	- \$	1,802,148
Liabilities	_						
Current liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$	897,604 \$	426,962 \$	90,457 \$	54,611 \$	- \$	1,469,634
Accrued liabilities	Ψ.	226,228	42,949	49,267	97,010	-	415,454
Refund credits payable		959,971	3,272	-	-	_	963,243
Accrued interest payable		65,545	473,466	-	-	-	539,011
Due to other funds		27,500	-	-	964,335	-	991,835
Compensated absences		19,413	2,327	38	1,336	-	23,114
Unearned revenues		-	-	-	-	-	-
Bonds payable		695,000	605,000	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		1,300,000
Total current liabilities	\$	2,891,261 \$	1,553,976 \$	139,762 \$	1,117,292 \$	- \$	5,702,291
Noncurrent liabilities:							
Bonds payable, net of current portion	\$	6,469,603 \$	20,924,701 \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	27,394,304
Net pension liability		1,373,877	139,667	34,499	143,194	-	1,691,237
Net OPEB liability		2,268,269	230,592	56,851	236,412	-	2,792,124
Compensated absences, net of current portion	<u>\$</u> _	189,299	20,731	1,391 \$	15,028 394,634 \$		226,449
Total noncurrent liabilities Total liabilities	\$	10,301,048 \$ 13,192,309 \$	21,315,691 \$ 22,869,667 \$	232,503 \$	1,511,926 \$	\$ - \$	32,104,114 37,806,405
	۰,	15,192,509 \$	22,009,007 3	232,303 3	1,311,920 3		37,800,403
Deferred inflows of resources							
Pension related	\$	2,022,190 \$	205,574 \$	50,778 \$	210,764 \$	- \$	2,489,306
OPEB related		1,226,451	124,683	30,739	127,827	-	1,509,700
Unavailable revenues			797,033				797,033
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$_	3,248,641 \$	1,127,290 \$	81,517 \$	338,591 \$	\$	4,796,039
Net position							
Net investment in capital assets	\$	73,643,522 \$	3,791,516 \$	179,294 \$	3,914,197 \$	- \$	81,528,529
Restricted		-	1,987,335	3,445	-	-	1,990,780
Unrestricted	. —	22,634,417	21,402,932	2,969,290	(1,031,619)	4,626,914	50,601,934
Total net position	\$	96,277,939 \$	27,181,783 \$	3,152,029 \$	2,882,578 \$	4,626,914 \$	134,121,243

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	_	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds					
	_	Hopewell Regional Wastewater Treatment Facilities Fund	Sewer Service Fund	Solid Waste Fund	Storm Water Fund	Beacon Theatre Fund	Total
OPERATING REVENUES							
Charges for services:							
Wastewater treatment revenues	\$	19,651,121 \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	19,651,121
Sewer revenues		-	7,175,064	-	-	-	7,175,064
Refuse collection		-	-	2,357,763	-	-	2,357,763
Fees		-	-	-	753,821	-	753,821
Rental income	_	-		<u> </u>		1,506,936	1,506,936
Total operating revenues	\$_	19,651,121 \$	7,175,064 \$	2,357,763 \$	753,821 \$	1,506,936 \$	31,444,705
OPERATING EXPENSES							
Personnel services	\$	3,172,714 \$	862,268 \$	108,292 \$	287,996 \$	- \$	4,431,270
Fringe benefits		929,475	118,127	42,557	91,754	-	1,181,913
Contractual services		3,027,598	3,105,541	1,536,416	127,567	1,365,008	9,162,130
Administrative services		2,666	-	1,500	-	360	4,526
Materials and supplies		207,034	296,036	1,660	13,489	121,185	639,404
Repairs and maintenance		68,487	725,077	258	8,222	18,658	820,702
Utilities		2,500,059	170,295	14,675	-	37,585	2,722,614
Fuel		29,031	9,605	1,855	9,884	-	50,375
Insurance		-	-	-	-	7,032	7,032
Chemicals		5,137,189	-	-	-	-	5,137,189
Miscellaneous		488,525	1,306,000	502,000	5,154	324,839	2,626,518
Depreciation	_	3,096,680	1,788,290	7,255	273,834	169,030	5,335,089
Total operating expenses	\$_	18,659,458 \$	8,381,239 \$	2,216,468 \$	817,900 \$	2,043,697 \$	32,118,762
Operating income (loss)	\$_	991,663 \$	(1,206,175) \$	141,295 \$	(64,079) \$	(536,761) \$	(674,057)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)							
Investment earnings	\$	- \$	131,654 \$	5,965 \$	- \$	- \$	137,619
Governmental grants		-	485,052	-	-	-	485,052
Miscellaneous revenue		-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest expense	_	(275,399)	(1,015,295)	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	(1,290,694)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses), net	\$_	(275,399) \$	(398,589) \$	5,965 \$	- \$	- \$	(668,023)
Income (loss) before contributions	\$_	716,264 \$	(1,604,764) \$	147,260 \$	(64,079) \$	(536,761) \$	(1,342,080)
Capital contributions	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	650,443 \$	650,443
Total contributions	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	650,443 \$	650,443
Change in net position	\$	716,264 \$	(1,604,764) \$	147,260 \$	(64,079) \$	113,682 \$	(691,637)
Total net position - beginning of year	-	95,561,675	28,786,547	3,004,769	2,946,657	4,626,913	134,926,561
Total net position - end of year	\$_	96,277,939 \$	27,181,783 \$	3,152,029 \$	2,882,578 \$	4,740,595 \$	134,234,924

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	_		Bus	iness-Type Activition	es - Enterprise Fund	3	
		Hopewell Regional Wastewater Treatment Facilities Fund	Sewer Service Fund	Solid Waste Fund	Storm Water Fund	Beacon Theatre Fund	Total
Cash flows from operating activities							
Receipts from customers and users	\$	19,665,354 \$	6,662,327 \$	2,201,247 \$	777,139 \$	1 \$	29,306,068
Payments to suppliers		(11,956,278)	(5,521,080)	(2,089,323)	(231,877)	37,906	(19,760,652)
Payments to employees	_	(4,255,952)	(997,719)	(141,888)	(347,040)	<u> </u>	(5,742,599)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$_	3,453,124 \$	143,528 \$	(29,964) \$	198,222 \$	37,907 \$	3,802,817
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities							
Purchase of capital assets	\$	(750,306) \$	(965,776) \$	(186,549) \$	(79,255) \$	- \$	(1,981,886)
Capital contributions and grants		-	-	-	100	-	100
Principal payments on bonds and refunding		(991,076)	(608,438)	-	-	-	(1,599,514)
Interest payments		(281,888)	(1,024,930)	-	-	-	(1,306,818)
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and							
related financing activities	\$_	(2,023,270) \$	(2,599,144) \$	(186,549) \$	(79,155) \$	- \$	(4,888,118)
Cash flows from investing activities							
Interest and dividends received	Ś	(1,192,957) \$	131,654 \$	5,965 \$	- \$	- \$	(1,055,338)
Net cash provided by investing activities	\$	(1,192,957) \$	131,654 \$	5,965 \$	- \$	- \$	(1,055,338)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$_	236,897 \$	(2,323,962) \$	(210,548) \$	119,067 \$	37,907 \$	(2,140,639)
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning, including restricted	\$_	24,303,966 \$	15,097,502 \$	2,778,471 \$	(540,194) \$	44,065 \$	41,683,810
Cash and equivalents - ending, including restricted	\$_	24,540,863 \$	12,773,540 \$	2,567,923 \$	(421,127) \$	81,972 \$	39,543,171
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)	\$	2,184,620 \$	(1,206,175) \$	141,295 \$	(64,079) \$	1 \$	1,055,662
to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Depreciation expense Changes in asset and liabilities		3,096,680	1,788,290	7,255	273,834	-	5,166,059
Pension and OPEB related		(168,348)	(17,113)	7,625	31,700	_	(146,136)
Accounts receivable		14,233	(512,737)	(156,516)	23,318	- 124,619	(507,083)
Inventories		(695,170)	(312,737)	(130,310)	-	124,013	(695,170)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		(993,476)	91,474	(30,959)	(67,561)	37,906	(962,616)
Compensated absences		14,585	(211)	1,336	1,010	-	16,720
Unearned revenues	_					(124,619)	(124,619)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$_	3,453,124 \$	143,528 \$	(29,964) \$	198,222 \$	37,907 \$	3,802,817
Schedule of noncash capital and related financing activities Increase in AP related to construction in progress	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position

Fiduciary Funds

June 30, 2022

	 Custodial Funds
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 77,016
Total assets	\$ 77,016
Liabilities	
Reconciled overdraft	\$ 284,576
Accounts payable	891
Accrued liabilities	72,135
Total liabilities	\$ 357,602
Net Position	
Restricted for:	
Amounts held for others	\$ (280,586)
Total net position	\$ (280,586)

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2022

	-	Custodial Funds
Additions:		
Private contributions	\$	5,106
Governmental grants		272,390
Miscellaneous revenue		17,337
Total additions	\$	294,833
Deductions: Recipient payments	\$	37,852
Administrative expense		398,422
Total deductions	\$ <u></u>	436,274
Change in fiduciary net position	\$	(141,441)
Net position - beginning	_	(139,145)
Net position - ending	\$_	(280,586)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2022

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The City of Hopewell, Virginia (the "City") was incorporated in 1916 and its current charter was granted in 1950. The City operates under a Council/Manager form of government and provides a full range of services to its citizens. These services include public safety (police and fire), public works, health and welfare services, parks, recreation and cultural, education, community and economic development, and judicial and general administrative services. The City owns and operates sewer, wastewater, solid waste and storm water treatment systems.

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP"), as specified by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") and the specifications promulgated by the Auditor of Public Accounts ("APA") of the Commonwealth of Virginia (the "Commonwealth"). The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below. Unless otherwise stated, the accounting policies of the School Board and Children's Services Act Board Component Unit are similar to those of the City.

A. Financial Statement Presentation

The City's financial report is prepared in accordance with GAAP which prescribes that the following sections be presented:

<u>Management's Discussion and Analysis</u> - GAAP requires the financial statements be accompanied by a narrative introduction and analytical overview of the government's financial activities in the form of management's discussion and analysis ("MD&A").

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

<u>Government-Wide Financial Statements</u> - The reporting model includes financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all of the government's activities. This approach includes not just current assets and liabilities but also capital assets and long-term liabilities (such as buildings and general obligation debt).

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the Primary Government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the Primary Government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the Primary Government is financially accountable.

<u>Statement of Net Position</u> - The Statement of Net Position is designed to display the financial position of the Primary Government (government and business-type activities) and its discretely presented component units. Governments will report all capital assets in the government-wide Statement of Net Position and will report depreciation expense - the cost of "using up" capital assets - in the Statement of Activities. The net position of a government will be broken down into three categories - 1) net investment in capital assets; 2) restricted; and 3) unrestricted.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

A. Financial Statement Presentation: (Continued)

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

<u>Statement of Activities</u> - The government-wide Statement of Activities reports expenses and revenues in a format that focuses on the cost of each of the government's functions. The expense of individual functions is compared to the revenues generated directly by the function (for instance, through user charges or intergovernmental grants).

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items are not included among program revenues as they are not levied for a particular program.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information ("RSI") - Demonstrating compliance with the adopted budget is an important component of a government's accountability to the public. Many citizens participate in one way or another in the process of establishing the annual operating budgets of state and local governments and have a keen interest in following the actual financial progress of their governments over the course of the year. Many governments revise their original budgets over the course of the year for a variety of reasons. Under the GAAP reporting model, governments provide budgetary comparison information in their annual reports including the original budget, final budget and actual results. In addition to budgetary information, the RSI section also presents trend information related to the City and School Board's pension and other postemployment employee benefit programs.

B. Financial Reporting Entity

The basic criterion for determining whether a governmental department, agency, institution, commission, public authority, or other governmental organization should be included in a Primary Government's reporting entity for the basic financial statements is financial accountability wherein the entity is both fiscally dependent on the Primary Government and provides either a benefit or creates a burden on the Primary Government. These financial statements present the City (Primary Government) and its component units. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column to emphasize that these units are legally separate from the City and each represents a functionally independent operation. These component units are fiscally dependent on the City and provide services primarily to the citizens of Hopewell.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

C. Component Units

Blended

During fiscal year 2012, the City formed a non-stock corporation named Beacon Theatre 2012 Manager Inc. ("Beacon"), which it owns 100%, to hold, construct, rehabilitate, manage, and operate the Beacon Theatre. Beacon Theatre 2012 Manager Inc. formed an LLC named Beacon Theatre 2012 LLC ("LLC"), which owns 99% of the LLC with the other 1% to be owned by future tax credit partner(s) when tax credits are sold. As the City appoints all members of the Beacon Theatre 2012 LLC Board of Directors, and the two entities have a financial benefit/burden relationship, the Beacon Theatre 2012 LLC is reported as a blended proprietary enterprise component unit of the City. Additionally, the City conveyed the related property to LLC for tax credit purposes during fiscal year 2013.

Discretely Presented

The School Board members, appointed by the members of the City Council, are responsible for the operations of the City's School System within the City boundaries. The School Board is fiscally dependent on the City, which has the ability to approve its budget and any amendments.

The primary funding of the School Board is from the General Fund of the City. As the School Board does not issue a separate financial report, the financial statements of the School Board are presented discretely in their own column within the City's government-wide financial statements.

The Children's Services Act Board ("CSA") is responsible for providing family and youth services to the citizens of the City in accordance with the State Children's Services Act. The CSA consists of members appointed by the City Council. The CSA is fiscally dependent on the City (i.e., the City Council must appropriate monies for this board to carry out its legal obligations), and the CSA has no power or authority to generate any revenue for its purposes required under state law. As the CSA does not issue a separate financial report, the financial statements of the CSA are presented discretely in their own column within the City's government-wide financial statements.

D. Other Related Organizations

<u>Joint Ventures</u> - The City is a participant with six other localities in a joint venture to operate the Riverside Regional Jail Authority (the "Authority"). The Authority is governed by a seven-member board comprised of one appointee from each locality. Each locality is obligated by contract to house its inmate population with the Authority up to its authorized slots. The City does not retain a financial interest in the Authority. The City provided funding in the amount of \$2,278,840 during fiscal year 2022.

Financial statements of the Authority can be obtained at its administrative offices at Superintendent, Riverside Regional Jail Authority, and P.O. Box 1041, Hopewell, Virginia 23860.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

D. Other Related Organizations: (Continued)

The City is a participant with the County of Dinwiddie and County of Prince George in a joint venture to operate the Appomattox Regional Library (the "Library"). The Library is governed by an 11-member board comprised of five appointees from Hopewell and three each from Dinwiddie and Prince George. Each locality is obligated by contract to fund a percentage of the Library's approved budget. In accordance with the joint venture agreement, the City remitted \$649,430 to the Library for fiscal year 2022. The City has an ongoing financial responsibility to fund the Library but does not retain a financial interest in the Library. Financial statements for the Library can be obtained at its administrative offices at 245 East Cawson Street, Hopewell, Virginia 23860.

<u>Jointly Governed Organizations</u> - The City participates with eight other localities in the District 19 Community Services Board. The City also participates with five other localities in Virginia's Gateway Region, a regional economic development organization. The City provided funding of \$164,499 and \$49,518, respectively, during fiscal year 2022 to these entities.

<u>Related Organizations</u> - The City is also responsible for appointing members of the boards of two organizations, but the City's accountability for these organizations does not extend beyond making these appointments. Related organizations during the year ended June 30, 2022, are Economic Development Authority and Hopewell Redevelopment and Housing Authority.

E. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The accompanying financial statements are prepared in accordance with GAAP as applicable to governmental units. The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue in the fiscal year when all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been satisfied. Fiduciary funds financial statements are reported on the accrual basis of accounting and do not measure operations.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reflects both the gross and net cost per functional category (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) which are otherwise being supported by general government revenues, (property, sales and use taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, fines, permits, and charges, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants, and contributions. The program revenues must be directly associated with the function (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) or a business-type activity.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

E. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation: (Continued)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. This is the manner in which these funds are normally budgeted. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. All other revenues are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, including expenditures related to compensated absences, claims and judgments, postemployment benefits, and environmental obligations are recorded only when payment is due. However, debt service principal and interest expenditures on general long-term debt, including expenditures related to compensated absences, claims and judgments, postemployment benefits, and environmental obligations are recognized later based on specific accounting rules applicable to each, generally when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Accordingly, real and personal property taxes are recorded as revenues and receivables when billed, net of allowances for uncollectible amounts. Property taxes not collected within 60 days after year-end are reflected as unavailable revenues. Sales and utility taxes, which are collected by the Commonwealth or public utilities and subsequently remitted to the City, are recognized as revenues and receivables upon collection by the Commonwealth or public utility, which is generally within two months preceding receipt by the City.

Licenses, permits, fines, and rents are recorded as revenues when received. Intergovernmental revenues, consisting primarily of federal, state, and other grants for the purpose of funding specific expenditures, are recognized when all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Revenues from general purpose grants are recognized in the period to which the grant applies. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

In the fund financial statements, financial transactions and accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds. The operation of each fund is considered to be an independent fiscal and separate accounting entity, with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and/or other financial resources together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations.

1. <u>Governmental Funds</u> - Governmental Funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. The City reports the General, Capital Projects, and Virginia Public Assistance Funds as major governmental funds.

<u>General Fund</u> - The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the City. This fund is used to account for and report all financial transactions and resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Revenues are derived primarily from property and other local taxes, state and federal distributions, licenses, permits, charges for service, and interest income. A significant part of the General Fund's revenues is used principally to finance the operations of the School Board.

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

E. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation: (Continued)

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects) requiring separate accounting because of legal or regulatory provisions or administrative action. Special Revenue Funds consist of one major fund (Virginia Public Assistance) and three non-major funds (Recreation, Community Development Block Grant, and Anti-Litter). The Virginia Public Assistance Fund accounts for the social services programs of the City and is funded primarily through intergovernmental revenues.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> - The Capital Projects Fund accounts for and report financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities, other than those financed by Proprietary Funds.

2. <u>Proprietary Funds</u> - The Proprietary Funds account for operations that are financed in a manner similar to that of private business enterprises. The Proprietary Fund measurement focus is upon determination of net income, financial position, and changes in financial position. Proprietary Funds consist of Enterprise Funds.

<u>Enterprise Funds</u> - Enterprise Funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a Proprietary Fund's principal ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses. The City's major Enterprise Funds consist of the following: Hopewell Regional Wastewater Treatment Facilities (HRWTF), Sewer Service, Solid Waste, Storm Water and the Beacon Theatre.

3. <u>Fiduciary Funds</u> - (Trust and Agency Funds) - These funds account for assets held by the City unit in a trustee capacity or as an agent or custodian for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, or other funds. The City's fiduciary funds are the Special Welfare Fund, Healthy Families Fund, and Police Evidence Fund, (each agency funds), which utilize the accrual basis of accounting, and are not included in the government-wide financial statements. The City's fiduciary funds are presented in the fund financial statements by type. Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the City, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide statements.

F. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include amounts in demand deposits as well as short-term investments with a maturity date within three months of the date acquired by the government.

State statutes authorize the City to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, commercial paper, corporate bonds, and repurchase agreements.

G. Investments

Investments with a maturity of less than one year when purchased, non-negotiable certificates of deposit, other nonparticipating investments, and external investment pools are stated at cost or amortized cost. Investments with a maturity greater than one year when purchased are stated at fair value. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an investment in an orderly transaction at year.

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

H. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is referred to as "due to/from other funds" (i.e. the current portions of the inter-fund loans).

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts. The City calculates its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data and, in certain cases, specific account analysis. The allowance amounted to approximately \$35,686 at June 30, 2022, and is comprised solely of property taxes.

Real and Personal Property Tax Data - The tax calendars for real and personal property taxes are summarized below.

	Real Property	Personal Property
Levy	January 1	January 1
Due Date	June 15/December 5 50% each date	February 15
Lien Date	January 1	January 1

I. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental columns in the government-wide financial statements for the City and its component units. Capital assets are defined by the City as land, buildings, infrastructure, and equipment with an initial individual cost of more than \$10,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component units, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives.

Assets	Years	
Buildings	50	
Plant, equipment, and system	20-30	
Motor vehicles	5	
Equipment	3-10	
Infrastructure	30	

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

J. <u>Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources</u>

In addition to assets, the Balance Sheet and the Statement of Net Position may report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources, which represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City reports deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions, other postemployment benefits and amounts related to deferred charges on bond refundings in the government-wide and the Proprietary funds' Statement of Net Position .

In addition to liabilities, the Balance Sheet and the Statement of Net Position may report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources representing an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Currently, the City reports deferred inflows of resources related to deferred and unavailable revenues on the Balance Sheet resulting from revenue that is not recognized solely because it is not yet considered to be available and property taxes received prior to the period they are intended to finance. The Government-wide and the Proprietary Funds' Statement of Net Position report amounts related to deferred charges on bond refundings and pensions.

K. Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. Amounts of vested or accumulated vacation leave that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported as an expense in the Statement of Activities and a long-term obligation in the Statement of Net Position. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

L. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's Virginia Retirement System (VRS) participation and related additions to/deductions from the City's related net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by the VRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when they are due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

M. <u>Use of Estimates</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

N. Fund Balance

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance may be composed of five classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent. For purposes of fund balance classification, expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and lastly unassigned fund balance. The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

- Nonspendable Fund Balance This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form (e.g., inventory) or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (e.g., long-term amount of loans/note receivable). The noncurrent portion of the Capital Projects Fund's Due from School Board is offset equally by nonspendable fund balance to indicate that the asset does not constitute an expendable available financial resource and, therefore, is not available for appropriation.
- Restricted Fund Balance This classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes by external parties, constitutional provisions, or imposed by creditors (e.g., bond covenants).
- Committed Fund Balance This portion of fund balance can only be used for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the City's highest level of decision-making authority, the City Council, before the close of the fiscal year and by majority vote of the City Council. Any changes or removal of specific purpose requires majority action by the governing body.
- Assigned Fund Balance The portion of fund balance that the City intends to use for specific purposes as expressed by the governing body itself, the budget document, or delegated official, the City Manager. Fund balances in the General Fund are assigned by resolution of the City Council. For all government funds except the General Fund, assigned fund balances represent the amount that is not committed, restricted, or nonspendable. Specifically, the Rainy Day Emergency/Stabilization Reserve was approved by Council in 2003 and was created by segregating a portion of the General Fund Unassigned Fund Balance. The purpose of this reserve is to provide an easy mechanism to tap reserves to address temporary revenue shortfalls resulting from temporary circumstances (e.g. economic cycles, weather-related emergencies, etc.). The City Council set the target at 10% of the next fiscal year's General Fund budget appropriation. The Rainy Day Emergency/Stabilization Reserve may be used in its entirety with City Council approval; however, replenishing the reserve will constitute the first priority for use of year-end fund balance in the General Fund.
- Unassigned Fund Balance The portion of the fund balance available for any purpose. Includes all spendable
 amounts not classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, or assigned. The General Fund is the only fund
 that would report a positive amount in the unassigned fund balance.

O. Net Position

Net position is the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets represents capital assets less accumulated depreciation less any outstanding debt and deferred inflows and outflows related to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

P. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the City will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the City's policy to consider restricted – net position to have been depleted before unrestricted – net position is applied.

Q. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type Statement of Net Position. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued and premiums on issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

R. Inventory

Inventory is valued at cost using the weighted average method. Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption and is recorded as expenditures when used (consumption method). In the Governmental Funds, inventory is equally offset by nonspendable fund balance which indicates that it does not constitute "currently expendable financial resources".

S. Restricted Assets

The City reported restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position of the proprietary funds of \$5,710,152 that represent bond proceeds that have not been spent at June 30, 2022, in accordance with the terms of the bond.

Note 2-Deposits and Investments

A. Deposits

All cash of the Primary Government and its discretely presented component units is maintained in accounts collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act, Section 2.2-4400 et. seq. of the Code of Virginia or covered by federal depository insurance.

Note 2-Deposits and Investments: (Continued)

B. Investments

Statutes authorize the City to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development ("World Bank"), the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper and certain corporate notes, bankers' acceptances, repurchase agreements, and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool ("LGIP").

C. Credit Risk of Debt Securities

The City's rated debt investments as of June 30, 2022, were rated by Standard & Poor's and the ratings are presented below using the Standard & Poor's rating scale. The City's investment policy has an emphasis on high credit quality and known marketability. Holdings of commercial paper are not allowed to exceed 35% of the investment portfolio.

		_	Fair Quality Ratings						
Investment Type	_	Total		AAA			AAAm	AA+	AA-
LGIP	\$	16,293,533 \$			-	\$	16,293,533 \$	- \$	-
SNAP		1,413,592			-		1,413,592	-	-
U.S. Government Issues		13,504,223			-			13,504,223	
Total	\$	31,211,348 \$			-	\$	17,707,125 \$	13,504,223 \$	

D. <u>External Investment Pools</u>

The value of the positions in the external investment pools (Local Government Investment Pool and State Non-Arbitrage Pool ("SNAP") is the same as the value of the pool shares. As LGIP and SNAP are not SEC registered, regulatory oversight of the pools rest with the Virginia State Treasury. LGIP and SNAP are amortized cost basis portfolios. There are no withdrawal limitations or restrictions imposed on participants.

E. Fair Value

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The City has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2022:

- Corporate Bonds of \$0.7 million are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs)
- U.S. Government Issues of \$4.5 million are valued using a matrix pricing model (Level 2 inputs)

Note 2-Deposits and Investments: (Continued)

F. Interest Rate Risk

According to the City's investment policy, at no time shall securities with maturity dates in excess of six months exceed 10% of the total budget of the City for the current fiscal year.

		Investment Maturities (in Years)						
Investment Type		Fair Value	Less than 1 Year					
LGIP	\$	16,293,533 \$	16,293,533					
SNAP		1,413,592	1,413,592					
U.S. Government Issues		13,504,223	13,504,223					
Total	\$	31,211,348 \$	31,211,348					

Note 3-Due from Other Governments and Component Units

At June 30, 2022, the City had receivables from other governments as follows:

				Capital		Storm		Component	Units
	General	VPA		Projects		Water	Primary	School	CSA
	Fund	Fund		Fund	_	Fund	Government	Board	Board
Commonwealth of Virginia:									
Local sales tax	\$ 387,302 \$	-	\$	-	\$	- \$	387,302 \$	945,155 \$	-
Communications tax	96,406	-		-		-	96,406	-	-
VPA funds	-	470,757	,	-		-	470,757	-	-
Constitutional officer reimbursements	96,043	-		-		-	96,043	-	-
Railroad rolling stock tax	23,848	-		-		-	23,848	-	-
Other State grants	74,558	-		-		1,018,886	1,093,444	79,116	-
Children's Services Act Board	-	-		-		-	-	-	465,986
Federal Government									
School fund grants	-	-		-			-	6,249,564	-
Economic Development Authority		-		427,417	_		427,417	<u> </u>	-
Total due from other governments	\$ 678,157 \$	470,757	\$	427,417	\$	1,018,886 \$	2,595,217 \$	7,273,835 \$	465,986

Note 4-Interfund Obligations

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates that (1) inter-fund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditure occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

At June 30, 2022, the due to and from funds are as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	\$ 3,159,335
General Fund	Virginia Public Assistance Fund	377,791
General Fund	HRWTF	27,500
General Fund	Storm Water	964,335
General Fund	Other Governmental Funds - Recreational	12,749
General Fund	Other Governmental Funds - CDBG	19,831
		\$ 4,561,541

Note: Represents the reclass of cash deficits in the nonmajor governmental funds to due to the General Fund and a reduction of cash in the General Fund.

Note 5-Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022:

	Balance			Balance
	 July 1, 2021*	Increase	Decrease	June 30, 2022
Government Activities:	 			_
Capital assets not subject to depreciation:				
Land	\$ 7,381,964 \$	- \$	- \$	7,381,964
Work in progress	 2,824,585	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	2,824,585
Total capital assets not subject to depreciation	\$ 10,206,549 \$	- \$	- \$	10,206,549
Capital assets subject to depreciation:				
Buildings, improvements, and infrastructure	\$ 66,315,301 \$	2,382,329 \$	- \$	68,697,630
Machinery and equipment	18,501,390	680,358	65,081	19,246,829
Jointly-owned assets	19,698,758		(2,154,769)	17,543,989
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$ 104,515,449 \$	3,062,687 \$	(2,089,688) \$	105,488,448
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings, improvements, and infrastructure	\$ (27,656,567) \$	(851,116) \$	- \$	(28,507,683)
Machinery and equipment	(13,932,580)	(1,455,390)	-	(15,387,970)
Jointly-owned assets	 (5,714,001)	(411,014)	669,991	(5,455,024)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$ (47,303,148) \$	(2,717,520) \$	669,991 \$	(49,350,677)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$ 57,212,301 \$	345,167 \$	(1,419,697) \$	56,137,771
Capital assets, net	\$ 67,418,850 \$	345,167 \$	(1,419,697) \$	66,344,320

^{*} Beginning balances have been adjusted to reflect implementation of GASB 87

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Note 5-Capital Assets: (Continued)

Component Unit - School Board		Balance July 1, 2021*	Increase	Decrease		Balance June 30, 2022
Government Activities:						
Capital assets not subject to depreciation:						
Land	\$	474,629 \$	- \$	-	\$	474,629
Work in progress		139,373	136,000	-		275,373
Total capital assets not subject to depreciation	\$	614,002 \$	136,000 \$	-	\$	750,002
Capital assets subject to depreciation:						
Buildings and improvements	\$	65,900,130 \$	280,811 \$	-	\$	66,180,941
Machinery and equipment		10,676,778	945,968	-		11,622,746
Leased equipment		436,707	-	-		436,707
Jointly-owned assets		(19,698,758)	 <u> </u>	2,154,769		(17,543,989)
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$	57,314,857 \$	1,226,779 \$	2,154,769	\$	60,696,405
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings and improvements	\$	(25,796,995) \$	(1,462,238) \$	-	\$	(27,259,233)
Machinery and equipment		(6,586,567)	(628,139)	-		(7,214,706)
Leased equipment		-	(171,029)			(171,029)
Jointly-owned assets		5,714,001	411,014	(669,991)	5,455,024
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	(26,669,561) \$	(1,850,392) \$	(669,991)) \$	(29,189,944)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$_	30,645,296 \$	 (623,613) \$	1,484,778	\$_	31,506,461
Capital assets, net	\$_	31,259,298 \$	(487,613) \$	1,484,778	\$	32,256,463

^{*} Beginning balances have been adjusted to reflect implementation of GASB 87

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs as follows:

Governmental Activities:		
General government administration	\$	653,220
Judicial administration		354,655
Public safety		1,048,481
Public works		1,253,241
Health and welfare		150,105
Education		411,014
Parks, recreation, and cultural	_	118,658
Total governmental activities	\$	3,989,374
Component Unit: School Board	\$	1,850,392

Under Section 15 of *The Code of Virginia 1950*, as amended, local governments have a "tenancy in common" with the School Board whenever the locality incurs any financial obligation for any school property which is payable over more than one fiscal year. For financial reporting purposes, the legislation permits the locality to report the portion of school property related to any outstanding financial obligation eliminating any potential deficit from capitalizing assets financed with debt. The effect on the City for the year ended June 30, 2022, is School-financed assets in the amount of \$12,088,965 being reported by the Primary Government for financial reporting purposes.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Note 5-Capital Assets: (Continued)

A summary of changes in proprietary fund capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2022, follows:

HRWTF		Balance July 1, 2021*	Increase	Decrease	Balance June 30, 2022
Capital assets not subject to depreciation:			_		
Land	\$	216,026 \$	- \$	- \$	216,026
Construction in progress		5,494,284	4,096,110	(2,469,175)	7,121,219
Total capital assets not subject to depreciation	\$_	5,710,310 \$	4,096,110 \$	(2,469,175) \$	7,337,245
Capital assets subject to depreciation:					
Utility plant in service	\$	96,185,805 \$	4,107,623 \$	- \$	100,293,428
Machinery and equipment		54,743,869	<u> </u>	(888,142)	53,855,727
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$	150,929,674 \$	4,107,623 \$	(888,142) \$	154,149,155
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Utility plant in service	\$	(19,128,479) \$	(3,693,365) \$	- \$	(22,821,844)
Machinery and equipment	_	(54,403,813)	(171,446)	768,131	(53,807,128)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$_	(73,532,292) \$	(3,864,811) \$	768,131 \$	(76,628,972)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$_	77,397,382 \$	242,812 \$	- \$	77,520,183
HRWTF Fund capital assets, net	\$	83,107,692 \$	4,338,922 \$	(2,469,175) \$	84,977,439
		Balance			Balance
Sewer Service Fund		July 1, 2021*	Increase	Decrease	June 30, 2022
Capital assets not subject to depreciation:					
Land	\$	188,820 \$	90,900 \$	- \$	279,720
Work in progress		113,849	827,963	(784,856)	156,956
Total capital assets not subject to depreciation	\$	302,669 \$	918,863 \$	(784,856) \$	436,676
Capital assets subject to depreciation:					
Utility plant in service	\$	501,878 \$	- \$	- \$	501,878
Machinery and equipment		1,165,249	228,521	-	1,393,770
Sewer main improvements		42,015,976	603,248	<u> </u>	42,619,224
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$	43,683,103 \$	831,769 \$	- \$	44,514,872
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Utility plant in service	\$	(501,878) \$	- \$	- \$	(501,878)
Machinery and equipment		(892,923)	(75,131)	-	(968,054)
Sewer main improvements		(16,357,953)	(1,713,159)	<u> </u>	(18,071,112)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	(17,752,754) \$	(1,788,290) \$	- \$	(19,541,044)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$_	25,930,349 \$	(956,521) \$	- \$	24,973,828
Sewer Service Fund, net	\$	26,233,018 \$	(37,658) \$	- \$	25,410,504

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Note 5-Capital Assets: (Continued)

Solid Waste Fund		Balance July 1, 2021*	Increase	Decrease	Balance June 30, 2022
Capital assets subject to depreciation: Machinery and equipment	\$	51,075 \$	186,549 \$	- \$	237,624
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Machinery and equipment	_	(51,075)	(7,255)	<u> </u>	(58,330)
Solid Waste Fund capital assets, net	\$ _	- \$	179,294 \$	- \$	179,294
		Balance			Balance
Stormwater Fund		July 1, 2021*	Increase	Decrease	June 30, 2022
Capital assets not subject to depreciation:		440 740 4			440.740
Land	\$	113,710 \$	- \$	- \$	113,710
Work in progress	<u>,</u> –	610,266 723,976 \$	- -	(610,266) (610,266) \$	113,710
Total capital assets not subject to depreciation	\$_	723,976 \$	- ^{\$} _	(610,266) \$	113,710
Capital assets subject to depreciation:	_	4			
Machinery and equipment	\$	275,335 \$	- \$	- \$	275,335
Stormwater improvements		3,641,174	689,521	 ,-	4,330,695
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$ _	3,916,509 \$	689,521 \$	\$_	4,606,030
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Machinery and equipment	\$	(163,828) \$	(41,177) \$	- \$	(205,005)
Stormwater improvements	. –	(367,880)	(258,604)	25,946	(600,538)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$ _	(531,708) \$	(299,781) \$	25,946 \$	(805,543)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$_	3,384,801 \$	389,740 \$	25,946 \$	3,800,487
Stormwater Fund capital assets, net	\$_	4,108,777 \$	389,740 \$	- \$	3,914,197
		Balance			Balance
Beacon Theatre Fund		July 1, 2021*	Increase	Decrease	June 30, 2022
Capital assets not subject to depreciation:					
Land	\$_	284,473 \$	- \$_	- \$	284,473
Total capital assets not subject to depreciation	\$_	284,473 \$	- \$_	- \$	284,473
Capital assets subject to depreciation:					
Buildings	\$	5,210,027 \$	- \$	- \$	5,210,027
Machinery and equipment	•	599,797	· -	(21,852)	577,945
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$	5,809,824 \$	- \$	(21,852) \$	5,787,972
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings	\$	(1,071,600) \$	(133,590) \$	- \$	(1,205,190)
Machinery and equipment	*	(449,869)	(35,440)	(6,034)	(491,343)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$ -	(1,521,469) \$	(169,030) \$	- \$	(1,696,533)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$	4,288,355 \$	(169,030) \$	(21,852) \$	4,091,439
Beacon Theatre Fund capital assets, net	\$	4,572,828 \$	(169,030) \$	(21,852) \$	4,375,912

^{*} Beginning balances have been adjusted to reflect implementation of GASB 87

Note 6-Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfer for the year ended June 30, 2022, consisted of the following:

Transfer Out	Transfer in	Purpose	 Amount
General Fund	Virginia Public Assistance Fund	Local Share	\$ 994,754
General Fund	Recreation Fund	Budgetary Transfer	1,740,729
General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Budgetary Transfer	1,103,320
Total			\$ 3,838,803

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgeting authorization.

Note 7-Long-term Obligations

A summary of changes in long-term obligations is as follows:

Primary Government:		Balance July 1, 2021*	Increases		Decreases	Balance June 30, 2022	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities Obligations:				•			
Incurred by City:							
General obligation bonds	\$	29,457,424 \$	-	\$	(1,799,476) \$	27,657,948 \$	1,867,022
Note payable		559,023	-		(153,005)	406,018	408,018
Lease liabilities		-	-		-	-	-
Compensated absences		1,286,543	189,031		(128,654)	1,346,920	134,692
Landfill closure liability		612,028	16,546		-	628,574	-
Net OPEB liability		19,476,245	1,392,616		(8,419,388)	12,449,473	-
Net pension liability	_	20,213,645	12,393,434		(25,066,573)	7,540,506	
Total incurred by City	\$_	71,604,908 \$	13,991,627	\$	(35,567,096) \$	50,029,439 \$	2,409,732
Incurred for School Board:							
General obligation bonds payable	\$_	13,984,759 \$	-	\$	(1,895,791) \$	12,088,968 \$	1,611,422
Total incurred for School Board	\$_	13,984,759 \$	-	\$	(1,895,791) \$	12,088,968 \$	1,611,422
Total Governmental Activities Obligations	\$_	85,589,667 \$	13,991,627	\$	(37,462,887) \$	62,118,407 \$	4,021,154
Business-type Activities:							
Revenue bonds payable	\$	29,795,000 \$	-	\$	(1,580,000) \$	28,215,000 \$	1,300,000
Issuance premium		498,818	-		(25,140)	473,678	23,178
Lease liabilities		-	-		-	-	-
Compensated absences		231,143	41,534		(23,114)	249,563	24,956
Net OPEB liability		4,368,063	312,331		(1,888,270)	2,792,124	-
Net pension liability	_	4,533,656	2,779,685		(5,622,104)	1,691,237	-
Total Business-type Activities Obligations	\$_	39,426,680 \$	3,133,550	\$	(9,138,628) \$	33,421,602 \$	1,348,134

^{*} Beginning balances have been adjusted to reflect implementation of GASB 87

Note 7-Long-term Obligations: (Continued)

The following is a summary of long-term debt transactions of the Component Unit School Board for the year ended June 30, 2022:

		Balance				Balance	Due Within
		July 1, 2021*	Increases		Decreases	June 30, 2022	One Year
Compensated absences	\$	1,098,444 \$	-	\$	(109,844) \$	988,600 \$	
Lease liabilities		436,707	-		(171,029)	265,678	187,365
Net OPEB liability		11,591,912	1,556,209		(4,660,650)	8,487,471	-
Net pension liability		46,847,346	9,094,448		(32,002,508)	23,939,286	-
Note payable to the City	_	862,712	-	_	(129,390)	733,322	134,935
	\$	60,837,121 \$	10,650,657	\$	(37,073,421) \$	34,414,357 \$	322,300

^{*} Beginning balances have been adjusted to reflect implementation of GASB 87

Amounts are payable from the School Operating Fund.

Annual requirements to amortize long-term debt and related interest are as follows:

Governmental Activities Obligations:

Year		Incurred For City Obligations				
Ending		General Ob	olig	ation Bonds		
June 30		Principal	ncipal Interest			
2023	\$	1,867,022	\$	853,688		
2024		1,946,028		783,572		
2025-2029		11,237,797		2,912,926		
2030-2034		9,015,237		1,274,673		
2035-2039	_	3,591,864		169,640		
	\$	27,657,948	\$	5,994,499		

Year		Incurred For School Obligations					
Ending		General Ob	olig	ation Bonds			
June 30	_	Principal		Interest			
2023	\$	1,611,422	\$	883,959			
2024		1,632,532		859,974			
2025-2029		5,504,010		2,755,712			
2030-2034		2,577,867		413,392			
2035-2039		763,137	_	38,500			
Total	\$	12,088,968	\$	4,951,537			

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Note 7-Long-term Obligations: (Continued)

Primary Government Capital Leases

During the fiscal year 2016, the City entered into a noncancellable master tax exempt lease purchase agreement for equipment. The cost of equipment purchased was \$1,257,252.

Year	Business-type Activities Obligations					
Ending	Rever	nue	Bonds			
June 30	 Principal		Interest			
2023	\$ 1,300,000	\$	1,274,074			
2024	1,345,000		1,229,402			
2025-2029	5,590,000		5,403,301			
2030-2034	5,555,000		4,184,178			
2035-2039	7,060,000		2,664,916			
2040-2044	7,060,000		777,634			
2045-2049	305,000		6,291			
Total	\$ 28,215,000	\$	15,539,796			

Annual requirements to amortize long-term debt and related interest of the Component Unit School Board are as follows:

Year Ending	 Note	Paya	able	Lease	Liabi	lities
June 30	 Principal		Interest	Principal	_	Interest
2023	\$ 134,935	\$	7,233	\$ 187,365	\$	723
2024	140,636		5,872	78,313		57
2025	146,499		4,469	-		-
2026	152,527		3,024	-		-
2027	 158,725		1,534	 -		
Total	\$ 733,322	\$	22,132	\$ 265,678	\$	780

Note 7-Long-term Obligations: (Continued)

Primary Government:

Details of long-term indebtedness are as follows:

Governmental Activities Obligations:

Incurred for City:

General Obligation Bonds:

General Obligation Bonds:	
\$13,730,000 general obligation public improvement bond Series 2008A, principal payable in various annual installments through July 15, 2023; interest payable semi-annual at various rates from 3.75%-5.00%.	\$ 1,060,000
\$4,480,000 general obligation public improvement bond, Series 2008B, principal payable in various annual installments through July 15, 2034; interest payable semi-annually at various rates from 6.15 %-6.38%	3,140,000
\$5,000,000 general obligation payable Series 2009A, principal payable in annual installments through July 15, 2033; interest payable semi-annually at various interest rates from 4.00% to 5.00%.	487,500
\$2,265,000 general obligation payable Series 2013A, principal payable in various annual installments through July 15, 2028; interest payable semi-annually at 2.10%.	\$ 2,045,000
\$895,000 general obligation payable Series 2013B, principal payable in various annual installments through July 15, 2028; interest payable semi-annually at 3.63%.	895,000
\$7,700,000 general obligation payable Series 2013C, principal payable in various annual installments through July 15, 2038 interest payable semi-annually at 2.50%.	6,700,000
\$2,500,000 general obligation payable Series 2015A, principal payable in various annual installments through January 15, 2030; interest payable semi-annually at 2.275%.	1,429,766
\$12,955,075 general obligation payable Series 2015B, principal payable in various annual installments through July 15, 2034; interest payable semi-annually at 2.87%.	11,900,682
Total General Obligation Bonds	\$ 27,657,948
Note payable	406,018
Landfill closure liability (payable from the General Fund)	628,574
Compensated absences (payable from the General Fund)	1,346,920
Net OPEB liability (payable from the General Fund)	12,449,473
Net pension liability (payable from the General Fund)	 7,540,506
Total Incurred for City	\$ 50,029,439

Note 7-Long-term Obligations: (Continued)

Primary	Government:	(Continued)
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Governmental Activities Bonds: (Continued)

Incurred for School Board:

	The state of the section of the state of the		
	\$858,896 VPSA Subsidy Bonds issued in 2005, principal due in annual installments of varying amounts through July 15, 2025; interest payable annually at varying rates 4.60% - 5.10%.	\$	208,815
	\$2,800,000 General Obligation Qualified Zone Academy Bond issued in 2009, principal due in annual installments of \$186,667 through December 15, 2024; interest payable annually at 1.83%.		560,000
	\$7,635,000 VPSA Subsidy Bonds issued 2010,prinicipal due in annual installments of varying amounts through June 1, 2027; interest payable semi-annually at 0.092%.		2,730,000
	\$5,000,000 general obligation payable Series 2009A, principal due in various annual installments through July 15, 2022; interest payable semi-annually at various from 4.00% to 5.00%.		487,500
	\$5,000,000 VPSA Subsidy Bonds issued 2011, principal due in annual installments of varying amounts through June 1, 2027; interest payable semi-annually at 4.50%.		2,083,336
	\$2,700,000 General Obligation issued in 2011, principal due in annual installments of varying amounts through May 1 2036; interest payable semi-annually at 2.00% - 5.00%.		2,570,000
	\$3,754,925 General Obligation payable Series 2015B split with the City, due in annual installments of varying amounts through July 15, 2034; interest payable semi-annually at 2.87%.		2 440 217
		-	3,449,317
	Total Virginia Public Authority School Subsidy and Other Bonds	\$_	12,088,968
	Total Incurred for School Board	\$	12,088,968
	Total Governmental Activities Obligations	\$	62,118,407
_	Australia Austra		

Business-type Activities Obligations:

Revenue Bond Obligations:

\$5,445,000 Series 2015, revenue refunding bond. Principal payable in various annual installments through October 1, 2025; interest payable semi-annually at 1.25% - 3.37%.	\$ 2,340,000
\$5,675,000 Series 2014, revenue bond, principal payable in various annual installments through October 1, 2044; interest payable semi-annually at 2.13% - 4.13%.	4,825,000
\$18,210,000 Sewer System bond issued December 7, 2011, principal payable in various annual	

17,305,000

installments through July 15, 2042; interest payable semi-annually at 2.50% - 6.00%.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Note 7-Long-term Obligations: (Continued)

Primary Government: (Continued)

Business-type Activities Obligations: (Continued)

Revenue Bond Obligations: (Continued)		
\$3,385,000 Sewer System bond issued December 7, 2011, principal payable in various annual installments through July 15, 2022; interest payable semi-annually at 2,63% - 3.75%.		385,000
\$4,160,000 Sewer System revenue bond issued December 2, 2010, payable in various annual installments through July 15, 2041; interest payable semi-annually at 2.50% - 5.13%.		3,360,000
Total Revenue Bond Obligations	\$	28,215,000
Issuance premium		473,678
Compensated absences (Payable from the Enterprise Funds)		249,563
Net OPEB liability (Payable from the Enterprise Funds)		2,792,124
Net pension liability (Payable from the Enterprise Funds)		1,691,237
Total Business-type Activities	\$	33,421,602
Component Unit School Board:		
Note payable:		
\$2,078,973 note payable for performance contract owed to the Primary Government in various		
installments through June 2027, interest payable at 0.9575%.	\$ <u> </u>	733,322
Total note payable	\$ <u> </u>	733,322
Lease liabilities:		
Various leases of copiers payable in monthly payments of \$15,674 through December 2023.		
Discount rate at 0.44%	\$ <u></u>	265,678
Total lease liabilities	\$	265,678
Compensated absences	\$	988,600
Net pension liability	\$	23,939,286
Net OPEB liability	\$	8,487,471
Total component unit obligations	\$	34,414,357

Note 8–Reporting Entity Transactions

During fiscal year 2012, City Council approved a budget resolution to advance the School Board \$1,912,428 for energy conservation improvements. The School Board will repay the City over 15 years. The effective interest rate on the loan is 8.7%. At June 30, 2022, \$733,322 of the loan was still outstanding.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Note 9-Landfill Post-Closure Costs

In October 1993, the City discontinued accepting solid waste at its landfill. In conjunction with the closing of the landfill, an environmental engineering firm was engaged to devise a closure plan in accordance with federal and state regulations. During fiscal year 2002, the City received a closing permit; however, the time period for maintaining the site has been extended through 2022.

Total estimated costs of maintaining the site for this period is \$628,574. The total current cost of landfill post closure care is an estimate subject to change resulting from inflation, deflation, technology, or changes in applicable laws or regulations.

The City demonstrates its financial assurance requirements closure, post-closure care, and corrective action costs through the submission of a Local Governmental Financial Test to the Virginia Department of Environmental Quality in accordance with Section 9VA C20-70 of the Virginia Administrative Code.

Note 10-Unearned and Unavailable Revenues

Unearned revenues represent amounts for which asset recognition criteria have been met but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, such amounts are measurable but not available. Unavailable revenues are resource inflows that represent amounts earned, but which are not available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Unearned and unavailable revenues reported in governmental funds were comprised of the following:

Тах Туре	-	Unavailable Revenue	_	Deferred Revenue	-	Total
General Fund						
Real Estate Tax	\$	953,786	\$	8,113,377	\$	9,067,163
Personal Property		10,398,196		-		10,398,196
Personal Service Corporations		214		4,194,780		4,194,994
Machinery & Tools Tax	_	31,763	_	3,121,656	_	3,153,419
	\$_	11,383,959	\$_	15,429,813	\$	26,813,772

Note 11-Commitments and Contingencies

Federal programs in which the City and all discretely presented component units participate are audited in accordance with the provisions of the *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*. Pursuant to the provisions of *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, all major programs will be tested for compliance with applicable grant requirements and reported upon under separate reporting. Even if no matters of noncompliance are disclosed by audit, the Federal government may subject grant programs to additional compliance tests, which may result in disallowed expenditures. In the opinion of management, any future disallowance of current grant program expenditures, if any, would be immaterial.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Note 11-Commitments and Contingencies: (Continued)

On December 16, 2010, the City was informed by the United States Environmental Protection Agency ("EPA") that the Hopewell Regional Wastewater Treatment Facility (the "Facility") was in violation of the Clean Air Act for 32 days during January and February of 2010. The Facility is potentially subject to a \$37,500 administrative penalty and a \$37,500 civil action for injunctive relief and/or civil penalties for each day in violation. On September 30, 2016, the City signed two consent agreements — one for Clean Water Act violations and one for Clean Air Act violations. The total amount of penalties paid to EPA was \$150,000, which was paid to the federal government in October 2016. The cost of the penalty was billed to each of the five other Facility Commission members. The consent agreement expired on September 30, 2017.

Note 12-Litigation

At June 30, 2022, there were no matters of litigation involving the City or which would materially affect the City's financial position should any court decisions on pending matters not be favorable to such entities.

Note 13-Pension Plan:

Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the City and (nonprofessional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by a VRS Retirement Plan upon employment. This is an agent multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer pay contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria as defined in the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service.

Benefit Structures

The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees – Plan 1, Plan 2 and Hybrid. Each of these benefit structures has different eligibility criteria, as detailed below.

a. Employees with a membership date before July 1, 2010, vested as of January 1, 2013, and have not taken a refund, are covered under Plan 1, a defined benefit plan. Non-hazardous duty employees are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit beginning at age 65 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 30 years of service credit. Non-hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 55 with at least 5 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees (law enforcement officers, firefighters, and sheriffs) are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 50 with at least 5 years of service credit.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Note 13-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Benefit Structures: (Continued)

- b. Employees with a membership date from July 1, 2010 to December 31, 2013, that have not taken a refund or employees with a membership date prior to July 1, 2010 and not vested before January 1, 2013, are covered under Plan 2, a defined benefit plan. Non-hazardous duty employees are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at their normal social security retirement age with at least 5 years of service credit or when the sum of their age and service equals 90. Non-hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 50 with at least 5 years of service credit.
- c. Non-hazardous duty employees with a membership date on or after January 1, 2014 are covered by the Hybrid Plan combining the features of a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Plan 1 and Plan 2 members also had the option of opting into this plan during the election window held January 1 April 30, 2014 with an effective date of July 1, 2014. Employees covered by this plan are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at their normal social security retirement age with at least 5 years of service credit, or when the sum of their age and service equal 90. Employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit. For the defined contribution component, members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.

Average Final Compensation and Service Retirement Multiplier

The VRS defined benefit is a lifetime monthly benefit based on a retirement multiplier as a percentage of the employee's average final compensation multiplied by the employee's total service credit. Under Plan 1, average final compensation is the average of the employee's 36 consecutive months of highest compensation and the multiplier is 1.70% for non-hazardous duty employees, 1.85% for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents, and 1.70% or 1.85% for hazardous duty employees as elected by the employer. Under Plan 2, average final compensation is the average of the employee's 60 consecutive months of highest compensation and the retirement multiplier is 1.65% for non-hazardous duty employees, 1.85% for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents, and 1.70% or 1.85% for hazardous duty employees as elected by the employer. Under the Hybrid Plan, average final compensation is the average of the employee's 60 consecutive months of highest compensation and the multiplier is 1.00%. For members who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan from Plan 1 or Plan 2, the applicable multipliers for those plans will be used to calculate the retirement benefit for service credited in those plans.

Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement and Death and Disability Benefits

Retirees with an unreduced benefit or with a reduced benefit with at least 20 years of service credit are eligible for an annual COLA beginning July 1 after one full calendar year from the retirement date. Retirees with a reduced benefit and who have less than 20 years of service credit are eligible for an annual COLA beginning on July 1 after one calendar year following the unreduced retirement eligibility date. Under Plan 1, the COLA cannot exceed 5.00%. Under Plan 2 and the Hybrid Plan, the COLA cannot exceed 3.00%. The VRS also provides death and disability benefits. Title 51.1 of the Code of Virginia, as amended, assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the General Assembly of Virginia.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Note 13-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the pension plan:

	Primary Government	Component Unit School Board Nonprofessional
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	318	69
Inactive members: Vested inactive members	50	13
Non-vested inactive members	95	34
Inactive members active elsewhere in VRS	175	17
Total inactive members	320	64
Active members	362	97
Total covered employees	1,000	230

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement

The City's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2022 was 14.34% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the City were \$2,730,024 and \$2,689,050 for the years ended June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020, respectively.

The Component Unit School Board's contractually required employer contribution rate for nonprofessional employees for the year ended June 30, 2022 was 10.01% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the Component Unit School Board's nonprofessional employees were \$229,189 and \$216,560 for the years ended June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021, respectively.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Note 13-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability (NPL) is calculated separately for each employer and represents that particular employer's total pension liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, less that employer's fiduciary net position. The City's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) net pension liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2021. The total pension liabilities used to calculate the net pension liabilities were determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2020, and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2021.

Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees

The total pension liability for General Employees in the City's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2021.

Inflation 2.5%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.5% – 5.35%

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of pension plan investment

expenses, including inflation

Mortality rates:

All Others (Non-10 Largest) - Non-Hazardous Duty: 15% of deaths are assumed to be service related

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years

Mortality Improvement:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Note 13-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions – General Employees

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

All Others (Non-10 Largest) – Non-Hazardous Duty:

	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future
Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	mortality improvements, replace load with a modified
retirement healthy, and disabled)	Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate
	rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final
	retirement age
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service
	decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Actuarial Assumptions – Public Safety Employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits

The total pension liability for Public Safety employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits in the City's Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2021.

Inflation 2.5%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.5% – 4.75%

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of pension plan investment

expenses, including inflation

Mortality rates:

All Others (Non-10 Largest) - Hazardous Duty: 45% of deaths are assumed to be service related

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Note 13-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions – Public Safety Employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits: (Continued)

Mortality rates: (Continued)

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Hazardous Duty: 45% of deaths are assumed to be service related (Continued)

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years

Mortality Improvement:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

All Others (Non-10 Largest) – Hazardous Duty:

	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. Increased
	disability life expectancy. For future mortality improvements,
Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-
retirement healthy, and disabled)	2020
	Adjusted rates to better fit experience and changed final
Retirement Rates	retirement age from 65 to 70
	Decreased rates and changed from rates based on age and
	service to rates based on service only to better fit experience
	and to be more consistent with Locals Largest 10 Hazardous
Withdrawal Rates	Duty
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Note 13-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Long-Term Target Asset Allocation	Arithmetic Long-term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-term Expected Rate of Return
Public Equity	34.00%	5.00%	1.70%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.57%	0.09%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	4.49%	0.63%
Real Assets	14.00%	4.76%	0.67%
Private Equity	14.00%	9.94%	1.39%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies	6.00%	3.29%	0.20%
PIP - Private Investment Partnership	3.00%	6.84%	0.21%
Total	100.00%		4.89%
		Inflation	2.50%
	*Expected arithr	7.39%	

^{*} The above allocation provides a one-year expected return of 7.39%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the System, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. These results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 6.94%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

On October 10, 2019, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of return of 6.75% which is roughly at the 40th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation at that time, providing a median return of 7.11%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Consistent with the phased-in funding provided by the General Assembly for state and teacher employer contributions; the City and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) was also provided with an opportunity to use an alternative employer contribution rate. For the year ended June 30, 2021, the alternate rate was the employer contribution rate used in FY 2012 or 90% of the actuarially determined employer contribution rate from the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuations, whichever was greater. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the rate contributed by the school division for the VRS Teacher Retirement

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Note 13-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Discount Rate: (Continued)

Plan was subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly, which was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2021 on, participating employers and school divisions are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in Net Pension Liability

		Primary Government Increase (Decrease)						
		Total Pension Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)		
Balances at June 30, 2020	\$	120,907,179	\$_	96,159,879	\$_	24,747,300		
Changes for the year:								
Service cost	\$	2,396,416	\$	-	\$	2,396,416		
Interest		7,911,371		-		7,911,371		
Benefit changes		-		-		-		
Differences between expected								
and actual experience		(1,213,309)		-		(1,213,309)		
Assumption changes		4,799,076		-		4,799,076		
Contributions - employer		-		2,679,076		(2,679,076)		
Contributions - employee		-		922,315		(922,315)		
Net investment income		-		25,871,551		(25,871,551)		
Benefit payments, including refunds		(7,403,368)		(7,403,368)		-		
Administrative expenses		-		(66,256)		66,256		
Other changes		-		2,425		(2,425)		
Net changes	\$	6,490,186	\$	22,005,743	\$_	(15,515,557)		
Balances at June 30, 2021	\$	127,397,365	\$	118,165,622	\$_	9,231,743		

Note 13-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Changes in Net Pension Liability

	Component School Board (nonprofessional)						
			lr	ncrease (Decrease)			
		Total Pension Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)	
Balances at June 30, 2020	\$	9,035,439	\$	7,056,750	\$	1,978,689	
Changes for the year:							
Service cost	\$	205,322	\$	- :	\$	205,322	
Interest		589,576		-		589,576	
Benefit changes		-		-		-	
Differences between expected							
and actual experience		129,022		-		129,022	
Assumption changes		300,596		-		300,596	
Contributions - employer		-		216,560		(216,560)	
Contributions - employee		-		106,747		(106,747)	
Net investment income		-		1,900,784		(1,900,784)	
Benefit payments, including refunds		(601,953)		(601,953)		-	
Administrative expenses		-		(4,871)		4,871	
Other changes		-		178		(178)	
Net changes	\$	622,563	\$	1,617,445	\$	(994,882)	
Balances at June 30, 2021	\$	9,658,002	\$	8,674,195	\$	983,807	

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the City and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the City's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	Rate					
	1	% Decrease	Cur	rent Discount	1	.% Increase
		(5.75%)		(6.75%)		(7.75%)
City Net Pension Liability	\$	24,762,887	\$	9,231,743	\$	(3,672,828)
Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) Net Pension Liability	\$	1,982,077	\$	983,807	\$	139,286

Note 13-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) recognized pension expense of \$1,377,571 and \$220,940, respectively. At June 30, 2022, the City and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Primary Gov	vernment	Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)		
		Deferred Deferred Outflows of Inflows of Resources Resources		Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	169,977 \$	807,646 \$	81,058 \$	36,138	
Change in assumptions		3,193,641	-	188,850	-	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-	12,780,423	-	939,120	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	,	2,730,024	<u>-</u>	229,189		
Total	\$	6,093,642 \$	13,588,069 \$	499,097 \$	975,258	

\$2,730,024 and \$229,189 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the City's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) contributions, respectively, subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year Ended June 30		Primary Government	School Board (nonprofessional)
2023	\$	(1,604,815)	\$ (96,130)
2024		(1,741,391)	(103,775)
2025		(2,975,999)	(218,641)
2026	_	(3,902,246)	(286,804)
	\$	(10,224,451)	\$ (705,350)

Pension Plan Data

Information about the VRS Political Subdivision Retirement Plan is also available in the separately issued VRS 2021 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2021 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at https://www.varetire.org/pdf/publications/2021-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA 23218-2500.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Note 13-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional)

Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan upon employment. This is a cost-sharing multiple employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the system). Additional information related to the plan description is included in the first section of this note.

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. Each school division's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2022 was 16.62% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the school division were \$4,604,173 and \$4,183,345 for the years ended June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021, respectively.

In June 2021, the Commonwealth made a special contribution of approximately \$61.3 million to the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan. This special payment was authorized by a budget amendment included in Chapter 552 of the 2021 Appropriation Act, and is classified as a non-employer contribution.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2022, the school division reported a liability of \$22,955,479 for its proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability. The Net Pension Liability was measured as of June 30, 2021 and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2021. The school division's proportion of the Net Pension Liability was based on the school division's actuarially determined employer contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2021 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2021, the school division's proportion was 0.29570% as compared to 0.30832% at June 30, 2020.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the school division recognized pension expense of \$74,332. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the pension expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion and from differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of employer contributions.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Note 13-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional): (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions: (Continued)

At June 30, 2022, the school division reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ 1,955,209
Change in assumptions	4,021,740	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	14,465,929
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	378,555	1,812,255
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	4,604,173	
Total	\$ 9,004,468	\$ 18,233,393

\$4,604,173 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the school division's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year Ended June 30	•	
2023 2024	\$	(3,183,805) (2,949,683)
2025		(3,280,879)
2026		(4,419,312)
2027	_	581
	\$	(13,833,098)

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Note 13-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional): (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2021.

Inflation 2.5%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.5% – 5.95%

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of pension plan investment

expenses, including inflation

Mortality rates:

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Employee Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; males set forward 1 year; 105% of rates for females

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Disabled Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally

Mortality Improvement:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Note 13-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional): (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future
Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	mortality improvements, replace load with a modified
retirement healthy, and disabled)	Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate
	rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final
Retirement Rates	retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service
Withdrawal Rates	decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability (NPL) is calculated separately for each system and represents that particular system's total pension liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, less that system's fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2021, NPL amounts for the VRS Teacher Employee Retirement Plan is as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	_	Teacher Employee Retirement Plan
Total Pension Liability	\$	53,381,141
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		45,617,878
Employers' Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	7,763,263
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage	_	05.460/
of the Total Pension Liability		85.46%

The total pension liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net pension liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 67 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

The long-term expected rate of return and discount rate information previously described also apply to this plan.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Note 13-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional): (Continued)

Sensitivity of the School Division's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	Rate				
	1	% Decrease	Cur	rent Discount	1% Increase
		(5.75%)		(6.75%)	 (7.75%)
School division's proportionate share of the VRS Teacher Employee Retirement Plan					
Net Pension Liability	\$	44,302,832	\$	22,955,479	\$ 5,394,431

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2021 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2021 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/pdf/publications/2021-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Primary Government and Component Unit School Board

Aggregate Pension Information

	_	Primary Government						
VRS Pension Plans		Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows		Net Pension Liability		Pension Expense
Primary Government	\$_	6,093,642	\$=	13,588,069	÷=	9,231,743	\$ <u>_</u>	1,377,571
Component Unit School Board								
Nonprofessional	\$	499,097	\$	975,258 \$	5	983,807	\$	220,940
Professional		9,004,468		18,233,393		22,955,479		74,332
Totals	\$	9,503,565	\$ _	19,208,651	; =	23,939,286	\$_	295,272

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Note 14-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan)

Plan Description

The Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan was established pursuant to §51.1-500 et seq. of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the state agencies, teachers, and employees of participating political subdivisions are automatically covered by the VRS GLI Plan upon employment. This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pensions and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia.

In addition to the Basic GLI benefit, members are also eligible to elect additional coverage for themselves as well as a spouse or dependent children through the Optional GLI Plan. For members who elect the optional group life insurance coverage, the insurer bills employers directly for the premiums. Employers deduct these premiums from members' paychecks and pay the premiums to the insurer. Since this is a separate and fully insured Plan, it is not included as part of the GLI Plan OPEB.

The specific information for GLI OPEB, including eligibility, coverage and benefits is described below:

Eligible Employees

The GLI Plan was established July 1, 1960, for state employees, teachers, and employees of political subdivisions that elect the Plan. Basic GLI coverage is automatic upon employment. Coverage ends for employees who leave their position before retirement eligibility or who take a refund of their accumulated retirement member contributions and accrued interest.

Benefit Amounts

The GLI Plan is a defined benefit plan with several components. The natural death benefit is equal to the employee's covered compensation rounded to the next highest thousand and then doubled. The accidental death benefit is double the natural death benefit. In addition to basic natural and accidental death benefits, the Plan provides additional benefits provided under specific circumstances that include the following: accidental dismemberment benefit, seatbelt benefit, repatriation benefit, felonious assault benefit, and accelerated death benefit option. The benefit amounts are subject to a reduction factor. The benefit amount reduces by 25% on January 1 following one calendar year of separation. The benefit amount reduces by an additional 25% on each subsequent January 1 until it reaches 25% of its original value. For covered members with at least 30 years of service credit, the minimum benefit payable was set at \$8,000 by statute in 2015. This amount is increased annually based on the VRS Plan 2 cost-of-living adjustment calculation. The minimum benefit adjusted for the COLA was \$8,722 as of June 30, 2022.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Note 14-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Contributions

The contribution requirements for the GLI Plan are governed by §51.1-506 and §51.1-508 of the Code of Virginia, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to state agencies and school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. The total rate for the GLI Plan was 1.34% of covered employee compensation. This was allocated into an employee and an employer component using a 60/40 split. The employee component was 0.80% (1.34% x 60%) and the employer component was 0.54% (1.34% x 40%). Employers may elect to pay all or part of the employee contribution; however, the employer must pay all of the employer contribution. Each employer's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2022 was 0.54% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits payable during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the GLI Plan from the primary government, school board nonprofessional and school board professional were \$106,686, \$13,319 and \$156,348 and \$104,737, \$12,593 and \$141,453 for the years ended June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021, respectively.

GLI OPEB Liabilities, GLI OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the GLI Plan OPEB

At June 30, 2022, the primary government, school board nonprofessional and school board professional reported a liability of \$1,093,716, \$131,563 and \$1,477,228, respectively, for its proportionate share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability. The Net GLI OPEB Liability was measured as of June 30, 2021 and the total GLI OPEB liability used to calculate the Net GLI OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2021. The covered employer's proportion of the Net GLI OPEB Liability was based on the covered employer's actuarially determined employer contributions to the GLI Plan for the year ended June 30, 2021 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2021, the primary government, school board nonprofessional and school board professional's proportion was .09394%, 0.01130%, 0.12688% as compared to .09772%, 0.01196%, 0.13176% at June 30, 2020.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the primary government, school board nonprofessional and school board recognized GLI OPEB expense of \$45,492, \$8,150 and \$55,812, respectively. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the GLI OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion.

Note 14-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

GLI OPEB Liabilities, GLI OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the GLI Plan OPEB (Continued)

At June 30, 2022, the employer reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB from the following sources:

	1	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Primary Government				
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	124,742	\$	8,333
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on GLI OPEB program investments		-		261,047
Change in assumptions		60,296		149,644
Changes in proportionate share		22,544		56,038
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		106,686		-
Total Primary Government	\$	314,268	\$_	475,062
Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)				
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	15,005	\$	1,002
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on GLI OPEB program investments		-		31,401
Change in assumptions		7,253		18,001
Changes in proportionate share		15,491		8,126
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		13,319	_	
Total Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)	\$	51,068	\$_	58,530
Component Unit School Board (professional)				
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	168,483	\$	11,256
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on GLI OPEB program investments		-		352,583
Change in assumptions		81,439		202,116
Changes in proportionate share		44,807		102,639
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		156,348	_	
Total Component Unit School Board (professional)	\$	451,077	\$_	668,594

Note 14-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

GLI OPEB Liabilities, GLI OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the GLI Plan OPEB: (Continued)

\$106,686, \$13,319 and \$156,348 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB resulting from the employer's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net GLI OPEB Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB will be recognized in the GLI OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year Ended June 30	Primary Government	Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)	Component Unit School Board (professional)
2023	\$ (53,197) \$	(3,721) \$	(77,481)
2024	(46,374)	(2,261)	(68,502)
2025	(51,452)	(3,118)	(69,695)
2026	(91,559)	(8,779)	(124,360)
2027	(24,898)	(2,902)	(33,827)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total GLI OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2021. The assumptions include several employer groups. Salary increases and mortality rates included herein are for relevant employer groups. Information for other groups can be referenced in the VRS Annual Report.

Inflation	2.5%
Salary increases, including inflation:	
Teachers	3.5%-5.95%
Locality - General employees	3.5%-5.35%
Locality - Hazardous Duty employees	3.5%-4.75%
Investment rate of return	6.75%, net of investment expenses, including inflation

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Note 14-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

Mortality Rates – Teachers

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Employee Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; males set forward 1 year; 105% of rates for females

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Disabled Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally

Mortality Improvement Scale:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future
Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	mortality improvements, replace load with a modified
retirement healthy, and disabled)	Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate
	rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final
	retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service
	decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Note 14-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

Mortality Rates - Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; males set forward 2 years; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set forward 2 years; 95% of rates for females set forward 1 year

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males set forward 3 years; 110% of rates for females set forward 2 years

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally

Mortality Improvement Scale:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Increased age 50 rates and lowered rates at older ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Decreased rate from 60.00% to 45.00%
Discount Rate	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Note 14-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; males set forward 2 years; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set forward 2 years; 95% of rates for females set forward 1 year

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males set forward 3 years; 110% of rates for females set forward 2 years

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally

Mortality Improvement Scale:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Note 14-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years

Mortality Improvement Scale:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. Increased disability life expectancy. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience and changed final retirement age from 65 to 70
Withdrawal Rates	Decreased rates and changed from rates based on age and service to rates based on service only to better fit experience and to be more consistent with Locals Top 10 Hazardous Duty
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Note 14-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

NET GLI OPEB Liability

The net OPEB liability (NOL) for the GLI Plan represents the Plan's total OPEB liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, less the associated fiduciary net position. As of the measurement date of June 30, 2021, NOL amounts for the GLI Plan are as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	 GLI OPEB Plan
Total GLI OPEB Liability	\$ 3,577,346
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	2,413,074
Employers' Net GLI OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ 1,164,272
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage	
of the Total GLI OPEB Liability	67.45%

The total GLI OPEB liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net GLI OPEB liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 74 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on the System's investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of System's investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Long-Term Target Asset Allocation	Arithmetic Long-term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-term Expected Rate of Return
Public Equity	34.00%	5.00%	1.70%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.57%	0.09%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	4.49%	0.63%
Real Assets	14.00%	4.76%	0.67%
Private Equity	14.00%	9.94%	1.39%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies	6.00%	3.29%	0.20%
PIP - Private Investment Partnership	3.00%	6.84%	0.21%
Total	100.00%		4.89%
		Inflation	2.50%
	*Expected arithm	netic nominal return	7.39%

Note 14-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return: (Continued)

*The above allocation provides a one-year return of 7.39%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the System, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. These results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 6.94%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

On October 10, 2019, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of 6.75% which is roughly at the 40th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation at that time, providing a median return of 7.11%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total GLI OPEB liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy and at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the rate contributed by the entity for the GLI OPEB will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly which was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2021 on, employers are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the GLI OPEB's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of eligible employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total GLI OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the employer's proportionate share of the net GLI OPEB liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the employer's proportionate share of the net GLI OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	Rate				
		1% Decrease	(Current Discount	1% Increase
		(5.75%)		(6.75%)	(7.75%)
City's proportionate share of the GLI Program Net OPEB Liability	\$	1,597,959	\$	1,093,716 \$	686,517
School Board nonprofessional's proportionate share of the GLI Program Net OPEB Liability	\$	192,218	\$	131,563 \$	82,581
School Board professional's proportionate share of the GLI Program Net OPEB Liability	\$	2,158,283	\$	1,477,228 \$	927,245

GLI Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the GLI Plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2021 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2021 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at https://www.varetire.org/pdf/publications/2021-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Note 15-Medical, Dental, and Life Insurance-Pay-as-you-Go (OPEB Plan)

City and Component Unit School Board

Plan Description

The City and the School Board each maintain a separate single employer defined benefit plan that offers eligible retirees postretirement health benefits if they retire directly from the City or Schools and are eligible to receive an early or regular retirement benefit from the VRS. Health benefits include medical coverage only for the City and medical, dental, and vision coverage for the School Board.

Benefits Provided

Group

- A. Hired before July 1, 2003 and retired before January 1, 2004 with at least 15 years of service
- B. Hired before July 1, 2003 and retired after January 1, 2004 with at least 15 years of service
- C. Hired on or after July 1, 2004 with at least 11 years of service
- D. Hired on or after July 1, 2008 with at least 5 years of service

	City (Contribution						
Group	Retiree Only	Retiree and Spouse		Notes				
А	\$534	\$948	Frozen contribution rate; will not change in future years					
В	\$553	N/A	2016 City contribution for a single active employee; will be adjusted in future years					
С	Varies	N/A	Percentage of City con based on years of serv See following table.	ontribution for a single active employee, rices.				
			7ears of Service 0-10 11 16-20 21	Percentage of Premium 0% 40% 60% 80%				
D	Varies	N/A	Percentage of City control based on years of servage. See following table.	ontribution for a single active employee, rices.				
			Years of Service	Percentage of Premium				
			0-5	\$50 per month				
			6-10	\$100 per month				
			11-20	\$150 per month				

21

\$200 per month

Note 15-Medical, Dental, and Life Insurance-Pay-as-you-Go (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

City and Component Unit School Board: (Continued)

Benefits Provided (Continued)

Note that the City contribution is limited to the actual premium rate and is offset by any VRS health insurance credit received by the retiree.

A retiree eligible for a City contribution may receive the credit even if he or she is not enrolled in a City-sponsored plan. The contribution may be applied toward the cost of other coverage.

Each year, retirees participating in the City's sponsored plans will be given the opportunity to change plans or drop coverage during an open enrollment period. The pre-Medicare retirees have a choice of three plans from United Healthcare: Choice Plan 049M, Choice Plan 044 and Choice Plan 097M (POS). The majority of the participants are in Choice Plan 044. Medicare-eligible retirees and spouses must enroll In the Ovations AARP Medical Supplement Plan. Any City contribution for which the retiree is eligible will apply toward the Medicare Part D Premium in addition to the Ovations premium.

The City has 68 retirees without spouse coverage and 31 retirees with spouse coverage participating in the plan.

School Board professional retirees receive a \$55 per month credit from the School Board towards their premium. Nonprofessional retirees receive \$55 per month plus the amount of credit that they would have received from Virginia Retirement System Teachers Health Insurance Credit if they were eligible.

Pre-65 retirees may choose between four plans administered by Optima Health: two HMO HSA eligible plans, a PPO HSA eligible plan, and a co-pay plan. The Schools currently have 69 retirees without spouse coverage, 40 retirees with spouse coverage and 2 retirees with child coverage on their plan.

Plan Membership

At June 30, 2022 (measurement date), the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	Primary	Component Unit
	Government	School Board
Total active employees with coverage	314	530
Total retirees with coverage	142	148
Total	456	678

Contributions

The City and School Board does not pre-fund benefits; therefore, no assets are accumulated in a trust fund. The current funding policy is to pay benefits directly from general assets on a pay-as-you-go basis.

Total OPEB Liability

The City and School Board's total OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2022. The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2021.

Note 15-Medical, Dental, and Life Insurance-Pay-as-you-Go (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the July 1, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Primary Government:

Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increases 5.35% and decreasing to an ultimate rate of 3.50% after 20 years.

Discount Rate 3.54%

Component Unit School Board:

Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increases 5.95% and decreasing to an ultimate rate of 3.50% after 20 years.

Discount Rate 3.54%

Mortality rates for pre-retirement were based on a RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males setback 1 year, 85% of rates; females setback 1 year. 25% of deaths are assumed service related. Mortality rates for post-retirement were based on a RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year; females setback 1 year with 1.5% increase compounded from ages 70 to 85.

The date of the most recent actuarial experience study for which significant assumptions were based is July 1, 2021.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used when OPEB plan investments are insufficient to pay for future benefit payments is selected from a range of 20-Year Municipal Bond Indices and include the Bond Buyer 11-Bond GO Index, the S&P Municipal Bond 20-Year High Grade Rate Index, and the Fidelity 20-Year GO Municipal Bond Index. The final equivalent single discount rate used for this year's valuation is 2.16% as of the end of the fiscal year with the expectation that the City and School Board will continue contributing the Actuarially Determined Contribution and paying the pay-go cost from the OPEB Trust.

Changes in Total OPEB Liability

	-	Primary Government Total OPEB Liability	_	Component Unit School Board Total OPEB Liability
Balances at June 30, 2021	\$	22,213,521	\$	4,994,560
Changes for the year:				
Service cost		898,878		282,917
Interest		492,557		112,668
Changes in assumptions		(5,024,934)		(1,012,965)
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses		(3,811,143)		(1,352,296)
Benefit payments	_	(620,998)		(123,337)
Net changes		(8,065,640)		(2,093,013)
Balances at June 30, 2022	\$	14,147,881	\$	2,901,547

Note 15-Medical, Dental, and Life Insurance-Pay-as-you-Go (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

City and Component Unit School Board: (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following amounts present the total OPEB liability of the City and School Board, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (1.54%) or one percentage point higher (3.54%) than the current discount rate:

	Rate				
	1% Decrease (2.54%)		Current Discount Rate (3.54%)		1% Increase (4.54%)
Primary Government	\$ 16,567,586	\$	14,147,881	\$	12,218,966
Component Unit School Board	\$ 3,194,066	\$	2,901,547	\$	2,641,445

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City and School Board, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	_		Rates		
	_		Healthcare Cost		_
	_	1% Decrease	Trend	_	1% Increase
Primary Government	\$	11,906,866	\$ 14,147,881	\$	17,058,566
Component Unit School Board	\$	2,673,062	\$ 2,901,547	\$	3,174,066

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City and School Board recognized OPEB expense in the amount of \$893,762 and \$246,510, respectively. At June 30, 2022, the City and School Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Primary G	ov	ernment		Component Unit School Board			
	Deferred Outflows of Resouces		Deferred Inflows of Resources		Deferred Outflows of Resouces		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected							_	
and actual experience	\$ 2,442,642	\$	3,258,803	\$	107,135	\$	1,206,888	
Changes in assumptions	900,707	_	4,507,261	_	598,544		969,738	
Total	\$ 3,343,349	\$	7,766,064	\$	705,679	\$	2,176,626	

Note 15-Medical, Dental, and Life Insurance-Pay-as-you-Go (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

City and Component Unit School Board: (Continued)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources: (Continued)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

		Primary	Component Unit
Year Ended June 30		Government	School Board
2023	\$	(497,673) \$	(149,075)
2024		(497,673)	(149,075)
2025		(488,749)	(149,075)
2026		(514,707)	(149,075)
2027		(1,271,382)	(149,494)
Thereafter	_	(1,152,531)	(725,153)
	\$	(4,422,715) \$	(1,470,947)

Additional disclosures on changes in net OPEB liability, related ratios, and employer contributions can be found in the required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements.

Note 16-Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan):

Plan Description

The Virginia Retirement System (VRS) Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan was established pursuant to §51.1-1400 et seq. of the Code of Virginia, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan. This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pension and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit toward the benefit for each month they are employed and for which their employer pays contributions to VRS. The HIC is a tax-free reimbursement in an amount set by the General Assembly for each year of service credit against qualified health insurance premiums retirees pay for single coverage, excluding any portion covering the spouse or dependents. The credit cannot exceed the amount of the premiums and ends upon the retiree's death.

The specific information for the Teacher HIC Plan OPEB, including eligibility, coverage, and benefits is described below:

Eligible Employees

The Teacher Employee Retiree HIC Plan was established July 1, 1993 for retired Teacher Employees covered under VRS who retire with at least 15 years of service credit. Eligible employees include full-time permanent (professional) salaried employees of public school divisions covered under VRS. These employees are enrolled automatically upon employment.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Note 16-Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Benefit Amounts

The Teacher Employee HIC Plan is a defined benefit plan that provides a credit toward the cost of health insurance coverage for retired teachers. For Teacher and other professional school employees who retire, the monthly benefit is \$4.00 per year of service per month with no cap on the benefit amount. For Teacher and other professional school employees who retire on disability or go on long-term disability under the Virginia Local Disability Plan (VLDP), the monthly benefit is either: \$4.00 per month, multiplied by twice the amount of service credit, or \$4.00 per month, multiplied by the amount of service earned had the employee been active until age 60, whichever is lower.

HIC Plan Notes

The monthly HIC benefit cannot exceed the individual premium amount. Employees who retire after being on long-term disability under VLDP must have at least 15 years of service credit to qualify for the HIC as a retiree.

Contributions

The contribution requirements for active employees is governed by §51.1-1401(E) of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Each school division's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2022 was 1.21% of covered employee compensation for employees in the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019. The actuarially determined rate was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions from the school division to the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan were \$349,775 and \$316,770 for the years ended June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021, respectively.

Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB Liabilities, Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB

At June 30, 2021, the school division reported a liability of \$3,799,493 for its proportionate share of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan Net OPEB Liability. The Net VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB Liability was measured as of June 30, 2021 and the total VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB liability used to calculate the Net VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021 and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2021. The school division's proportion of the Net VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB Liability was based on the school division's actuarially determined employer contributions to the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB plan for the year ended June 30, 2021 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2021, the school division's proportion of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan was .2960% as compared to .3084% at June 30, 2020.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the school division recognized VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB expense of \$290,623. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates a portion of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan Net OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion.

Note 16-Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB Liabilities, Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB: (Continued)

At June 30, 2022, the school division reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB from the following sources:

	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	- \$	66,301
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on Teacher HIC OPEB plan investments		-	50,051
Change in assumptions		102,707	15,270
Change in proportionate share		71,950	200,490
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	349,775	
Total	\$_	524,432 \$	332,112

\$349,775 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB resulting from the school division's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB will be recognized in the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year Ended June 30	
2023	\$ (23,464)
2024	(24,032)
2025	(27,778)
2026	(32,886)
2027	(21,553)
Thereafter	(27,742)

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Note 16-Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability for the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2021.

Inflation 2.5%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.5%-5.95%

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of investment expenses,

including inflation

Mortality Rates - Teachers

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Employee Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; males set forward 1 year; 105% of rates for females

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Disabled Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally

Mortality Improvement:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Note 16-Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

Mortality Rates - Teachers: (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future
Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	mortality improvements, replace load with a modified
retirement healthy, and disabled)	Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate
	rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final
	retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service
	decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Net Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability

The net OPEB liability (NOL) for the Teacher Employee HIC Plan represents the Plan's total OPEB liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, less the associated fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2021, NOL amounts for the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan are as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	_	Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Plan
Total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability	\$	1,477,874
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		194,305
Teacher Employee net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	1,283,569
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage		
of the Total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability		13.15%

The total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and the plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 74 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

Note 16-Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on the VRS System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of VRS System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Long-Term Target Asset Allocation	Arithmetic Long-term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-term Expected Rate of Return
Public Equity	34.00%	5.00%	1.70%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.57%	0.09%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	4.49%	0.63%
Real Assets	14.00%	4.76%	0.67%
Private Equity	14.00%	9.94%	1.39%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies	6.00%	3.29%	0.20%
PIP - Private Investment Partnership	3.00%	6.84%	0.21%
Total	100.00%		4.89%
		Inflation	2.50%
	Expected arithme	etic nominal return*	7.39%

^{*}The above allocation provides a one-year return of 7.39%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the System, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. These results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 6.94%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy and at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the rate contributed by each school division for the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly, which was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2021 on, all agencies are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability.

^{*}On October 10, 2019 VRS Board elected a long-term rate of 6.75% which was roughly at the 40th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation at that time, providing a median return of 7.11%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Note 16-Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Sensitivity of the School Division's Proportionate Share of the Teacher Employee HIC Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the school division's proportionate share of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan net HIC OPEB liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the school division's proportionate share of the net HIC OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	 Rate				
	 1% Decrease		Current Discount		1% Increase
	(5.75%)		(6.75%)		(7.75%)
School division's proportionate					
share of the VRS Teacher					
Employee HIC OPEB Plan					
Net HIC OPEB Liability	\$ 4,277,176	\$	3,799,493	\$	3,395,259

Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2021 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2021 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/pdf/publications/2021-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Note 17-Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan):

Plan Description

The Political Subdivision Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan was established pursuant to §51.1-1400 et seq. of the Code of Virginia, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. All full-time, salaried permanent employees of participating political subdivisions are automatically covered by the VRS Political Subdivision HIC Plan upon employment. This is an agent multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pension and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit toward the benefit for each month they are employed and for which their employer pays contributions to VRS. The HIC is a tax-free reimbursement in an amount set by the General Assembly for each year of service credit against qualified health insurance premiums retirees pay for single coverage, excluding any portion covering the spouse or dependents. The credit cannot exceed the amount of the premiums and ends upon the retiree's death.

The specific information about the Political Subdivision HIC Plan OPEB, including eligibility, coverage and benefits is described below:

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Note 17-Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Eligible Employees

The Political Subdivision Retiree HIC Plan was established July 1, 1993 for retired political subdivision employees of employers who elect the benefit and retire with at least 15 years of service credit. Eligible employees include full-time permanent salaried employees of the participating political subdivision who are covered under the VRS pension plan. These employees are enrolled automatically upon employment.

Benefit Amounts

The Political Subdivision Retiree HIC Plan is a defined benefit plan that provides a credit toward the cost of health insurance coverage for retired political subdivision employees of participating employers. For employees who retire, the monthly benefit is \$1.50 per year of service per month with a maximum benefit of \$45.00 per month. For employees who retire on disability or go on long-term disability under the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP), the monthly benefit is \$45.00 per month.

HIC Plan Notes

The monthly HIC benefit cannot exceed the individual premium amount. There is no HIC for premiums paid and qualified under LODA; however, the employee may receive the credit for premiums paid for other qualified health plans. Employees who retire after being on long-term disability under VLDP must have at least 15 years of service credit to qualify for the HIC as a retiree.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the HIC OPEB plan:

	Number
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	
Inactive members:	
Vested inactive members	-
Non-vested inactive members	-
Inactive members active elsewhere in VRS	-
Total inactive members	
Active members	-
Total covered employees	-

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Note 17-Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Contributions

The contribution requirements for active employees is governed by §51.1-1402(E) of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. The School Board Nonprofessional's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2022 was .72% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019. The actuarially determined rate was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions from the School Board to the HIC Plan were \$17,742 and \$16,698 for the years ended June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021, respectively.

During the 2020 session, House Bill 1513 was enacted. This bill required the addition of Health Insurance Credit benefits for non-teacher employees effective July 1, 2021. While benefit payments became effective July 1, 2021, employers were required to pre-fund the benefits beginning July 1, 2020. The bill impacted 95 employers and resulted in approximately \$2.5 million of additional employer contributions in FY 2021.

Net HIC OPEB Liability

The School Board Nonprofessional's net HIC OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2021. The total HIC OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2020, using updated actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2021.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total HIC OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2021.

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases, including inflation:

Locality - General employees 3.50%-5.35%

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of investment expenses,

including inflation

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Note 17-Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years

Mortality Improvement Scale:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Note 17-Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years

Mortality Improvement Scale:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Increased age 50 rates and lowered rates at older ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 60.00% to 45.00%
Discount Rate	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

Note 17-Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on the System's investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of System's investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Long-term Target Asset Allocation	Arithmetic Long-term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-term Expected Rate of Return*
Public Equity	34.00%	5.00%	1.70%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.57%	0.09%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	4.49%	0.63%
Real Assets	14.00%	4.76%	0.67%
Private Equity	14.00%	9.94%	1.39%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies	6.00%	3.29%	0.20%
PIP - Private Investement Partnership	3.00%	6.84%	0.21%
Total	100.00%		4.89%
		Inflation	2.50%
	Expected arithme	tic nominal return*	7.39%

^{*}The above allocation provides a one-year return of 7.39%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the System, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. These results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 6.94%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total HIC OPEB liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the rate contributed by the entity for the HIC OPEB was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2020 on, employers are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the HIC OPEB's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of eligible employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total HIC OPEB liability.

^{*}On October 10, 2019, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of return of 6.75% which was roughly at the 40th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation at that time, providing a median return of 7.11%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Note 17-Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Changes in Net HIC OPEB Liability

		Increase (Decrease)		
	_	Total HIC OPEB Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net HIC OPEB Liability (a) - (b)
Balances at June 30, 2020	\$_	176,032 \$	\$	
Changes for the year:				
Service cost	\$	20,598 \$	- \$	20,598
Interest		-	-	-
Benefit changes		-	-	-
Differences between expected				
and actual experience		-	-	-
Assumption changes		-	-	-
Contributions - employer		-	16,698	(16,698)
Net investment income		-	2,367	(2,367)
Benefit payments		-	-	-
Administrative expenses		-	(75)	75
Other changes	_		<u> </u>	
Net changes	\$	20,598 \$	18,990 \$	1,608
Balances at June 30, 2021	\$_	196,630 \$	18,990 \$	177,640

Sensitivity of the School Board Nonprofessional's HIC Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the School Board Nonprofessional's HIC Plan net HIC OPEB liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the School Board Nonprofessional's net HIC OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	 Rate		
	1% Decrease	Current Discount	1% Increase
	(5.75%)	(6.75%)	(7.75%)
School Board Nonprofessional	 		
Net HIC OPEB Liability	\$ 195,906 \$	177,640 \$	161,897

Note 17-Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

HIC Plan OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to HIC Plan OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the School Board recognized HIC Plan OPEB expense of \$15,817. At June 30, 2022, the School Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the School Board Nonprofessional's HIC Plan from the following sources:

	 eferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on HIC OPEB plan investments	\$ - \$	1,445
Change in assumptions	3,934	-
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	 17,742	<u> </u>
Total	\$ 21,676 \$	1,445

\$17,742 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the HIC OPEB resulting from the School Board's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net HIC OPEB Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the HIC OPEB will be recognized in the HIC OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year Ended June 30	
2023	\$ 677
2024	677
2025	677
2026	458

HIC Plan Data

Information about the VRS Political Subdivision HIC Plan is available in the separately issued VRS 2020 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2021 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/pdf/publications/2021-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Note 18-Summary of Net OPEB Liabilities, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

	,	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows	Net/Total OPEB Liabilities	OPEB Expense
Primary Government					
VRS OPEB Plans:					
Group Life Insurance Plan (Note 14):					
City	\$	314,268 \$	475,062 \$	1,093,716 \$	45,492
City Stand-Alone Plan (Note 15)		3,343,349	7,766,064	14,147,881	893,762
Totals	\$	3,657,617 \$	8,241,126 \$	15,241,597 \$	939,254
Component Unit School Board					
VRS OPEB Plans:					
Group Life Insurance Plan (Note 14):					
School Board Nonprofessional	\$	51,068 \$	58,530 \$	131,563 \$	8,150
School Board Professional		451,077	668,594	1,477,228	55,812
Teacher Health Insurance Credit Plan (Note 16)		524,432	332,112	3,799,493	290,623
Nonprofessional Health Insurance Credit Plan (Note 17)		21,676	1,445	177,640	15,817
School Stand-Alone Plan (Note 15)		705,679	2,176,626	2,901,547	246,510
Totals	\$	1,753,932 \$	3,237,307 \$	8,487,471 \$	616,912

Note 19-Surety Bonds

The following Surety bonds are maintained by the City with Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland – Surety (Faithful Performance of Duty Schedule Position Bond):

Tamara J. Ward, Clerk of the Circuit Court	\$ 1,075,000
Joan Gosier, Treasurer	\$ 500,000
Debra A. Reason, Commissioner of the Revenue	\$ 3,000
Stephen Kephart, Sheriff	\$ 30,000
The above constitutional officers and subordinate employees - blanket bond	\$ 50,000

Note 20-Adoption of Accounting Principles

The County implemented provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement Nos. 87, Leases and 92, Omnibus 2020 during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. Statement No. 87, Leases requires recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. Statement No. 92, Omnibus 2020 addresses a variety of topics, including leases. No restatement of beginning net position was required as a result of this implementation. Using the facts and circumstances that existed at the beginning of the year of implementation, the following balances were recognized as of July 1, 2021 related to the lease(s):

Note 21–Upcoming Pronouncements

Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs), (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset—an intangible asset—and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

Statement No. 99, Omnibus 2022, enhances the comparability in accounting and financial reporting and improves the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. The effective dates differ based on the requirements of the Statement, ranging from April 2022 to reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2023.

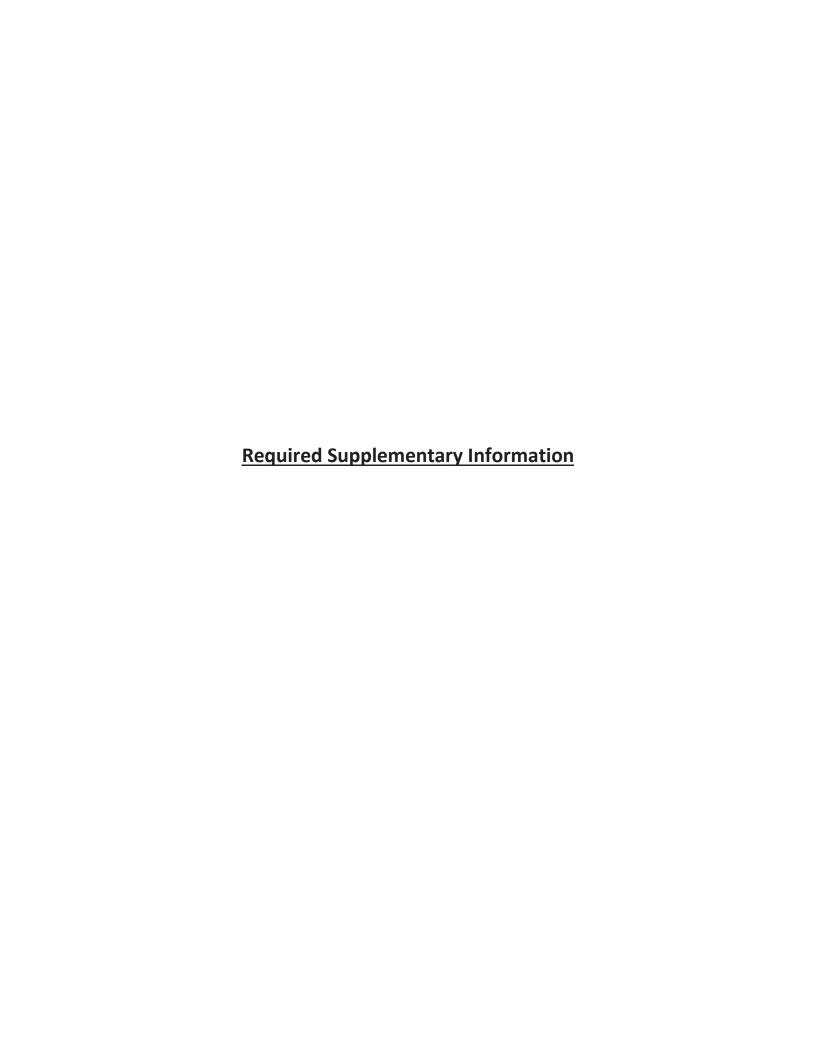
Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62, enhances accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2023.

Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences, updates the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. It aligns the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and amends certain previously required disclosures. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2023.

Management is currently evaluating the impact these standards will have on the financial statements when adopted.

Note 22-Date of Management's Review

Management has evaluated subsequent events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through August 22, 2025, the date on which the financial statements were available to be issued. There were no subsequent events to be disclosed.



Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Positive (Negative)
REVENUES					
General property taxes	\$	35,042,907 \$	35,042,907 \$	40,032,774 \$	4,989,867
Other local taxes		6,080,000	6,080,000	6,367,473	287,473
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses		345,000	345,000	254,556	(90,444)
Fines and forfeitures		620,000	620,000	782,880	162,880
Revenues from use of money and property		78,500	78,500	54,575	(23,925)
Charges for services		615,100	615,100	711,400	96,300
Miscellaneous		2,395,914	2,600,247	9,569,052	6,968,805
Recovered costs		-	-	382,500	382,500
Intergovernmental revenues:					
Commonwealth		7,683,361	7,744,278	9,508,143	1,763,865
Federal		26,000	36,944	312,847	275,903
Total revenues	\$	52,886,782 \$	53,162,976 \$	67,976,200 \$	14,813,224
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General government administration	\$	7,309,832 \$	7,838,133 \$	6,784,248 \$	1,053,885
Judicial administration		1,677,744	1,678,999	3,231,455	(1,552,456)
Public safety		18,235,564	19,163,297	16,986,897	2,176,400
Public works		5,382,207	5,801,253	5,139,184	662,069
Health and welfare		1,315,012	1,315,012	1,315,012	-
Education		14,580,075	14,580,075	14,060,728	519,347
Parks, recreation, and cultural		1,828,241	1,770,139	659,430	1,110,709
Community development		1,204,355	1,204,755	1,106,798	97,957
Nondepartmental		1,560,500	1,700,281	1,704,265	(3,984)
Total expenditures	\$	53,093,530 \$	55,051,944 \$	50,988,017 \$	4,063,927
Excess of revenues over expenditures	\$	(206,748) \$	(1,888,968) \$	16,988,183 \$	18,877,151
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Operating transfers in		1,991,500	5,256,713	-	(5,256,713)
Operating transfers out		(1,784,752)	(4,121,906)	(3,838,803)	283,103
Total other financing sources (uses), net	\$	206,748 \$	1,134,807 \$	(3,838,803) \$	(4,973,610)
Net change in fund balances	\$	- \$	(754,161) \$	13,149,380 \$	13,903,541
Fund balances - beginning	•	-	754,161	12,485,489	11,731,328
Fund balances - ending	\$	- \$	- \$	25,634,869 \$	25,634,869

Budgetary Data

The following procedures are used by the City in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the required supplementary information:

- 1. The City Charter requires the City Manager to submit to the City Council an annual budget for the ensuing fiscal year at least 60 days prior to the beginning of such fiscal year.
- 2. A public hearing on the budget is held after a synopsis of the budget is published in a local newspaper of general circulation. After a public hearing, the City Council may change any item in the budget (other than debt service or items required by law). A budget resolution must be adopted by the City Council prior to June 30 or as soon thereafter as is practicable.
- 3. The City utilizes the budget resolution as a budgetary control whereby City Council adopts budgets for estimated revenues and expenditures on a departmental basis for the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds. Capital Projects Funds are budgeted on a project-length basis. Adopted budgets may be amended or superseded by action of City Council.
- 4. Appropriation control is maintained at the function level within individual funds. Appropriations lapse at year end. Encumbrances and reserved fund balances outstanding at year-end are re-appropriated in the succeeding year. Several supplemental appropriations were necessary during the fiscal year.
- 5. All budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Virginia Public Assistance Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Positive (Negative)
REVENUES					_	
Intergovernmental revenues:						
Commonwealth	\$	\$	-	\$	1,656,001 \$	1,656,001
Federal		-	-		2,938,805	2,938,805
Revenues from use of money and property			-		-	-
Miscellaneous	_	- .	-	_	(1,897)	(1,897)
Total revenues	\$	\$	-	\$	4,592,909 \$	4,592,909
EXPENDITURES						
Current -						
Health and welfare						
Welfare and social Services:						
Welfare administration	\$	\$		\$	971,250 \$	(971,250)
Public assistance					4,835,559	(4,835,559)
Total expenditures	\$	- \$	-	\$	5,806,809 \$	(5,806,809)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	\$	- \$	-	\$	(1,213,900) \$	(1,213,900)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES						
Operating transfers in			_		994,754	994,754
Total other financing sources	\$	- \$	-	\$	994,754 \$	
					(212.15.7)	(242 : : : :
Net change in fund balance		-	-		(219,146)	(219,146)
Fund balances - beginning	. —	- , .		. —	690,158	690,158
Fund balances - ending	\$ <u></u>	\$ _	-	\$	471,012	471,012

Schedule of Changes in City's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2014 through June 30, 2021

		2021	2020	2019	2018
Total Pension Liability	_				
Service cost	\$	2,396,416 \$	2,397,904 \$	2,282,108 \$	2,094,219
Interest		7,911,371	7,675,177	7,585,814	7,391,931
Changes in benefit terms		-	-	-	915,249
Change in assumption		4,799,076	-	3,135,183	-
Difference between expected and actual experience		(1,213,309)	565,275	(860,658)	(1,154,821)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	_	(7,403,368)	(6,875,012)	(6,734,756)	(6,218,895)
Net change in total pension liability	\$	6,490,186 \$	3,763,344 \$	5,407,691 \$	3,027,683
Plan total pension liability - beginning	_	120,907,179	117,143,835	111,736,144	108,708,461
Plan total pension liability - ending	\$	127,397,365 \$	120,907,179 \$	117,143,835 \$	111,736,144
Disa fiduciamo esta estata e					
Plan fiduciary net position		2 670 076 6	2.500.072 6	2 504 002 6	2 604 025
Contributions - employer	\$	2,679,076 \$	2,588,972 \$	2,504,882 \$	2,684,835
Contributions - employee		922,315	961,524	936,260	905,529
Net investment income		25,871,551	1,849,181	6,204,915	6,654,358
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(7,403,368)	(6,875,012)	(6,734,756)	(6,218,895)
Administrative expense		(66,256)	(64,371)	(63,240)	(58,413)
Other	_	2,425	(2,168)	(3,900)	(5,888)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$	22,005,743 \$	(1,541,874) \$	2,844,161 \$	3,961,526
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		96,159,879	97,701,753	94,857,592	90,896,066
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	\$ _	118,165,622 \$	96,159,879 \$	97,701,753 \$	94,857,592
Total net pension liability - ending	\$ <u>=</u>	9,231,743 \$	24,747,300 \$	19,442,082 \$	16,878,552
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability		93%	80%	83%	85%
Covered payroll	\$	19,383,115 \$	20,111,062 \$	19,319,990 \$	18,651,062
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll		48%	123%	101%	90%

Schedule of Changes in City's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2014 through June 30, 2021

		2017		2016	2015	2014
Total Pension Liability	-					
Service cost	\$	2,036,407 \$	\$	1,974,094 \$	1,881,386 \$	1,860,421
Interest		7,364,860		7,121,892	6,920,166	6,707,497
Changes in benefit terms		-		-	-	-
Change in assumption		(1,292)		-	-	-
Difference between expected and actual experience		(2,984,084)		475,274	120,211	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	_	(5,839,426)		(6,361,167)	(5,718,746)	(5,340,826)
Net change in total pension liability	\$	576,465	\$ _	3,210,093 \$	3,203,017 \$	3,227,092
Plan total pension liability - beginning	_	108,131,996		104,921,903	101,718,886	98,491,794
Plan total pension liability - ending	\$	108,708,461	\$_	108,131,996 \$	104,921,903 \$	101,718,886
		<u>.</u>		_		_
Plan fiduciary net position						
Contributions - employer	\$	2,465,223 \$	\$	2,060,903 \$	2,023,775 \$	1,649,427
Contributions - employee		872,284		831,516	844,447	799,011
Net investment income		10,047,935		1,403,075	3,794,786	11,756,144
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(5,839,426)		(6,361,167)	(5,718,746)	(5,340,826)
Administrative expense		(59,296)		(54,474)	(54,133)	(65,207)
Other	_	(8,883)		(613)	(798)	620
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$	7,477,837 \$	\$	(2,120,760) \$	889,331 \$	8,799,169
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	_	83,418,229		85,538,989	84,649,658	75,850,489
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	\$	90,896,066	\$_	83,418,229 \$	85,538,989 \$	84,649,658
Total not noncion linkility, anding	۲ -	17.012.205 6	<u> </u>	24.712.7C7 ¢	10 202 014 ¢	17.000.220
Total net pension liability - ending	\$ =	17,812,395	^{>} =	24,713,767 \$	19,382,914 \$	17,069,228
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability		84%		77%	82%	83%
Covered payroll	\$	17,926,258 \$	\$	16,746,388 \$	16,746,388 \$	16,746,388
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll		99%		148%	116%	102%

Schedule of Changes in School Board's Nonprofessional Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2014 through June 30, 2021

		2021	2020	2019	2018
Total Pension Liability					
Service cost	\$	205,322 \$	205,661 \$	182,219 \$	190,303
Interest		589,576	586,226	549,786	539,366
Change in assumptions		300,596	-	211,459	-
Difference between expected and actual experience		129,022	(145,644)	465,495	846
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(601,953)	(591,261)	(565,187)	(598,111)
Net change in total pension liability	\$	622,563 \$	54,982 \$	843,772 \$	132,404
Plan total pension liability - beginning		9,035,439	8,980,457	8,136,685	8,004,281
Plan total pension liability - ending	\$	9,658,002 \$	9,035,439 \$	8,980,457 \$	8,136,685
Plan fiduciary net position					
Contributions - employer	\$	216,560 \$	240,346 \$	210,476 \$	195,270
Contributions - employee	Ą	106,747	113,881	99,626	96,478
Net investment income		1,900,784	134,607	455,363	492,842
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(601,953)	(591,261)	(565,187)	(598,111)
Administrative expense		(4,871)	(4,699)	(4,640)	(4,425)
Other		(4,871) 178	(4,699) (171)	(286)	(4,423)
	<u>, —</u>	1,617,445 \$	(107,297) \$	195,352 \$	181,621
Net change in plan fiduciary net position Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	Ş	7,056,750	7,164,047	6,968,695	6,787,074
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning Plan fiduciary net position - ending	ċ —	8,674,195 \$	7,164,047	7,164,047 \$	6,968,695
rian nadelary net position - ending	⁷ —	0,074,193	7,030,730 3	7,104,047	0,308,033
Total net pension liability - ending	\$	983,807 \$	1,978,689 \$	1,816,410 \$	1,167,990
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability		89.81%	78.10%	79.77%	85.65%
Covered payroll	\$	2,319,162 \$	2,459,189 \$	2,123,995 \$	2,039,146
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll		42.42%	80.46%	85.52%	57.28%

Schedule of Changes in School Board's Nonprofessional Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2014 through June 30, 2021

		2017	2016	2015	2014
Total Pension Liability					
Service cost	\$	207,971 \$	204,573 \$	202,475 \$	185,137
Interest		536,970	545,104	534,282	524,469
Change in assumptions		3,590			
Difference between expected and actual experience		(127,743)	(240,879)	62,210	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(575,011)	(674,980)	(613,765)	(525,083)
Net change in total pension liability	\$	45,777 \$	(166,182) \$	185,202 \$	184,523
Plan total pension liability - beginning		7,958,504	8,124,686	7,939,484	7,754,961
Plan total pension liability - ending	\$	8,004,281 \$	7,958,504 \$	8,124,686 \$	7,939,484
Plan fiduciary net position					
Contributions - employer	\$	178,610 \$	210.896 \$	213,125 \$	159,179
Contributions - employee	*	87.895	86.708	88.419	88,108
Net investment income		753,505	107,664	293,446	924,453
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(575,011)	(674,980)	(613,765)	(525,083)
Administrative expense		(4,552)	(4,221)	(4,268)	(5,167)
Other		(663)	(47)	(60)	48
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	Ś	439,784 \$	(273,980) \$	(23,103) \$	641,538
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		6,347,290	6,621,270	6,644,373	6,002,835
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	\$	6,787,074 \$	6,347,290 \$	6,621,270 \$	6,644,373
Total net pension liability - ending	\$	1,217,207 \$	1,611,214 \$	1,503,416 \$	1,295,111
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability		84.79%	79.75%	81.50%	83.69%
Covered payroll	\$	1,846,602 \$	1,761,986 \$	1,761,986 \$	1,761,986
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll		65.92%	91.44%	85.33%	73.50%

70.68%

70.88%

CITY OF HOPEWELL, VIRGINIA

Schedule of Employer's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability -School Board Professional Retirement Plan For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2014 through June 30, 2021

Date (1)	Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) (2)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) (3)	Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll (3)/(4) (5)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability (6)
2021	0.2957% \$	22,955,479 \$	26,186,130	88%	85.46%
2020	0.3083%	44,868,657	27,034,811	166%	71.47%
2019	0.3121%	41,072,818	26,202,713	157%	73.51%
2018	0.3078%	36,195,000	24,698,847	147%	74.81%
2017	0.3122%	38,398,000	22,938,444	167%	72.92%
2016	0.3033%	42,498,000	22,938,444	185%	68.28%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2014 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

39,253,000

37,926,000

22,938,444

22,938,444

171%

165%

0.3119%

0.3138%

2015

2014

Schedule of Employer Contributions Pension Plans For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2014 through June 30, 2021

Date	_	Contractually Required Contribution (1)*	 Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (2)*	 Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)	_	Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll (5)
Primary Government							
2022	\$	2,829,707	\$ 2,829,707	\$ -	\$	19,732,964	14.34%
2021		2,779,539	2,779,539	-		19,383,115	14.34%
2020		2,587,661	2,587,661	-		20,111,062	12.87%
2019		2,508,520	2,508,520	-		19,319,990	12.98%
2018		2,723,055	2,723,055	-		18,651,062	14.60%
2017		2,423,732	2,423,732	-		17,926,258	13.52%
2016		2,009,066	2,009,066	-		16,746,388	12.00%
2015		2,023,774	2,023,774	-		16,746,388	12.08%
Component Unit School Board (No	npı	ofessional)					
2022	\$	246,669	\$ 246,669	\$ -	\$	2,464,227	10.01%
2021		232,148	232,148	-		2,319,162	10.01%
2020		240,855	240,855	-		2,459,189	9.79%
2019		210,476	210,476	-		2,123,995	9.91%
2018		203,099	203,099	-		2,039,146	9.96%
2017		178,358	178,358	-		1,846,602	9.66%
2016		210,721	210,721	-		1,761,986	11.96%
2015		213,125	213,125	-		1,761,986	12.10%
Component Unit School Board (Pro	fes	sional)					
2022	\$	4,804,344	\$ 4,804,344	\$ -	\$	28,907,004	16.62%
2021		4,352,135	4,352,135	-		26,186,130	16.62%
2020		4,097,008	4,097,008	-		27,034,811	15.15%
2019		3,999,587	3,999,587	-		26,202,713	15.26%
2018		3,552,276	3,552,276	-		24,698,847	14.38%
2017		3,618,621	3,618,621	-		22,938,444	15.78%
2016		3,303,324	3,303,324	-		22,938,444	14.40%
2015		3,362,153	3,362,153	-		22,938,444	14.66%

^{*}Excludes contributions (mandatory and match on voluntary) to the defined contribution portion of the Hybrid plan.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information - Primary Government and Component Unit School Board Pension Plans For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Changes of benefit terms – There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions – The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement

healthy, and disabled)

Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale

MP-2020

Retirement Rates Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based

on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age

Withdrawal Rates Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement

through 9 years of service

Disability Rates No change
Salary Scale No change
Line of Duty Disability No change
Discount Rate No change

All Others (Non 10 Largest) – Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement

healthy, and disabled)

Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. Increased disability life expectancy. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a

modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020

Retirement Rates Adjusted rates to better fit experience and changed final retirement age

from 65 to 70

Withdrawal Rates Decreased rates and changed from rates based on age and service to rates

based on service only to better fit experience and to be more consistent

with Locals Largest 10 Hazardous Duty

Disability Rates

Salary Scale

Line of Duty Disability

Discount Rate

No change

No change

Component Unit School Board - Professional Employees

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement

healthy, and disabled)

Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale

MP-2020

Retirement Rates Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based

on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to

80 for all

Withdrawal Rates Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement

through 9 years of service

Disability Rates No change Salary Scale No change Discount Rate No change

Schedule of City and School Board's Share of Net OPEB Liability Group Life Insurance Program For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2021

Date (1)	Employer's Proportion of the Net GLI OPEB Liability (Asset) (2)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability (Asset) (3)	_	Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (3)/(4) (5)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total GLI OPEB Liability (6)
Primary Government						
2021	0.09394% \$	1,093,716	\$	19,395,752	5.64%	67.45%
2020	0.09772%	1,630,787		20,111,062	8.11%	52.64%
2019	0.09864%	1,605,135		19,336,902	8.30%	52.00%
2018	0.09820%	1,491,000		18,672,301	7.99%	51.22%
2017	0.09743%	1,466,000		17,971,197	8.16%	48.86%
Component Unit School Board (nonprofe	essional)					
2021	0.01130% \$	131,563	\$	2,332,033	5.64%	67.45%
2020	0.01196%	199,593		2,461,324	8.11%	52.64%
2019	0.01102%	179,324		2,160,317	8.30%	52.00%
2018	0.01075%	164,000		2,044,159	8.02%	51.22%
2017	0.01017%	153,000		1,875,385	8.16%	48.86%
Component Unit School Board (profession	onal)					
2021	0.12688% \$	1,477,228	\$	26,194,942	5.64%	67.45%
2020	0.13176%	2,198,859		27,116,177	8.11%	52.64%
2019	0.13434%	2,186,069		26,335,698	8.30%	52.00%
2018	0.13131%	1,994,000		24,967,286	7.99%	51.22%
2017	0.13390%	2,015,000		24,698,847	8.16%	48.86%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2017 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

Schedule of Employer Contributions Group Life Insurance Program For the Years Ended June 30, 2013 through June 30, 2022

Date	Contractually Required Contribution (1)	 Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (2)	 Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)	 Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll (5)
Primary Government					
2022	\$ 106,686	\$ 106,686	\$ -	\$ 19,756,719	0.54%
2021	104,737	104,737	-	19,395,752	0.54%
2020	104,578	104,578	-	20,111,062	0.52%
2019	100,552	100,552	-	19,336,902	0.52%
2018	97,096	97,096	-	18,672,301	0.52%
2017	93,450	93,450	-	17,971,197	0.52%
2016	80,943	80,943	-	16,863,061	0.48%
2015	79,157	79,157	-	16,490,951	0.48%
2014	76,853	76,853	-	16,011,112	0.48%
2013	75,549	75,549	-	15,739,365	0.48%
Component Unit School Board	 -				
2022	\$ 13,319	\$ 13,319	\$ -	\$ 2,466,442	0.54%
2021	12,593	12,593	-	2,332,033	0.54%
2020	12,799	12,799	-	2,461,324	0.52%
2019	11,234	11,234	-	2,160,317	0.52%
2018	10,630	10,630	-	2,044,159	0.52%
2017	9,752	9,752	-	1,875,385	0.52%
2016	8,629	8,629	-	1,797,805	0.48%
2015	8,727	8,727	-	1,818,184	0.48%
2014	8,563	8,563	-	1,783,900	0.48%
2013	8,102	8,102	-	1,688,017	0.48%
Component Unit School Board	 -				
2022	\$ 156,348	\$ 156,348	\$ -	\$ 28,953,242	0.54%
2021	141,453	141,453	-	26,194,942	0.54%
2020	141,004	141,004	-	27,116,177	0.52%
2019	136,946	136,946	-	26,335,698	0.52%
2018	129,830	129,830	-	24,967,286	0.52%
2017	128,434	128,434	-	24,698,847	0.52%
2016	111,268	111,268	-	23,180,875	0.48%
2015	111,746	111,746	-	23,280,489	0.48%
2014	110,872	110,872	-	23,098,416	0.48%
2013	110,559	110,559	-	23,033,045	0.48%

Notes to Required Supplementary Information Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Changes of benefit terms - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions – The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Teachers

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality

healthy, and disabled) improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-

Retirement Rates Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on

experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for

all

Withdrawal Rates Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement

through 9 years of service

Disability Rates No change Salary Scale No change **Discount Rate** No change

Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality

healthy, and disabled) improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-

2020

Retirement Rates Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on

experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for

Withdrawal Rates Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement

through 9 years of service

Disability Rates No change Salary Scale No change Line of Duty Disability No change **Discount Rate** No change

Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. Increased disability life

healthy, and disabled) expectancy. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified

Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020

Adjusted rates to better fit experience and changed final retirement age from **Retirement Rates**

Withdrawal Rates Decreased rates and changed from rates based on age and service to rates

based on service only to better fit experience and to be more consistent with

Locals Top 10 Hazardous Duty

Disability Rates No change Salary Scale No change Line of Duty Disability No change **Discount Rate** No change

Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Primary Government

For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2018 through June 30, 2022

		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018
Total OPEB liability					1					
Service cost	\$	898,878	\$	1,009,676	\$	899,120	\$	687,845	\$	722,339
Interest		492,557		482,406		565,256		559,829		504,161
Changes in assumptions		(5,024,934)		193,367		871,703		721,622		(689,163)
Effect of economic/demographic ga	ins c	(3,811,143)		-		4,274,622		-		-
Effect of plan changes		-		-		(481,313)		-		-
Benefit payments	_	(620,998)		(577,995)		(544,088)	_	(448,860)		(434,818)
Net change in total OPEB liability	\$	(8,065,640)	\$	1,107,454	\$	5,585,300	\$	1,520,436	\$	102,519
Total OPEB liability - beginning		22,213,521		21,106,067		15,520,767		14,000,331		13,897,812
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	14,147,881	\$	22,213,521	\$	21,106,067	\$	15,520,767	\$	14,000,331
	-				i		-			
Covered-employee payroll	\$	16,590,123	\$	20,168,920	\$	20,168,920	\$	18,379,042	\$	18,379,042
City's total OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of										
covered-employee payroll		85.28%		110.14%		104.65%		84.45%		76.18%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be included as they become available.

Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios Component Unit School Board

For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2018 through June 30, 2022

		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018
Total OPEB liability			•		1		1			
Service cost	\$	282,917	\$	301,677	\$	230,524	\$	188,772	\$	194,926
Interest		112,668		110,018		136,030		138,747		123,979
Changes in assumptions		(1,012,965)		27,675		748,477		138,986		(134,129)
Effect of economic/demographic ga	ains c	(1,352,296)		-		159,824		-		-
Benefit payments		(123,337)	_	(241,257)		(266,602)		(148,076)		(123,597)
Net change in total OPEB liability	\$	(2,093,013)	\$	198,113	\$	1,008,253	\$	318,429	\$	61,179
Total OPEB liability - beginning		4,994,560	_	4,796,447		3,788,194		3,469,765		3,408,586
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	2,901,547	\$	4,994,560	\$	4,796,447	\$	3,788,194	\$	3,469,765
Covered employee payroll	\$	25,595,621	\$	22,495,370	\$	22,495,370	\$	27,911,318	\$	27,911,318
covered employee payron	Ų	23,333,021	ب	22,433,370	ڔ	22,433,370	ڔ	27,311,310	ڔ	27,311,310
City's total OPEB liability (asset) as a percenta				22.20%		21.32%		13.57%		12.43%
22.2.2.2.2p.2/00 pa/.o		11.34%				22.0270		20.07,0		,

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be included as they become available.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information - Primary Government and Component Unit School Board OPEB For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Valuation Date: 7/1/2021 Measurement Date: 6/30/2022

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in GASB 75 to pay related benefits.

Primary Government:

Methods and assumptions used to determine OPEB liability:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry age normal level % of salary

Discount Rate 3.54% Inflation 2.50%

Healthcare Trend Rate

The healthcare trend rate assumption starts at 7.60% in 2021 and gradually

declines to 3.90% by the year 2073

Salary Increase Rates The salary increase rate starts at 5.35% salary increase for 1 year of service and

gradually declines to 3.50% salary increase for 20 or more years of service

Retirement Age The average age at retirement is 62

Mortality Rates The mortality rates for pre-retirement was calculated using the RP-2014 Employee

Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males setback 1 year, 85% of rates; females setback 1 year. 25% of deaths are assumed service related. The mortality rates for post-retirement was calculated using the RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year; females setback 1 years with 1.5% increase compounded from ages 70 to 85.

females setback 1 year with 1.5% increase compounded from ages 70 to 85.

Component Unit School Board:

Methods and assumptions used to determine OPEB liability:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry age normal level % of salary

Discount Rate 3.54% Inflation 2.50%

Healthcare Trend Rate The healthcare trend rate assumption starts at 7.60% in 2021 and gradually

declines to 3.90% by the year 2073

Salary Increase Rates The salary increase rate starts at 5.95% salary increase for 1 year of service and

gradually declines to 3.50% salary increase for 20 or more years of service

Retirement Age The average age at retirement is 62

Mortality Rates The mortality rates for pre-retirement was calculated using the RP-2014 Employee

Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males setback 1 year, 85% of rates; females setback 1 year. 25% of deaths are assumed service related. The mortality rates for post-retirement was calculated using the RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year; females setback 1 year with 1.5% increase compounded from ages 70 to 85.

Schedule of City School Board's Share of Net OPEB Liability Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Program For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2021

Date (1)	Employer's Proportion of the Net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset) (2)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset) (3)	Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (3)/(4) (5)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total HIC OPEB Liability (6)
2021	0.2960% \$	3,799,493	\$ 26,179,358	14.51%	13.15%
2020	0.3084%	4,022,868	27,034,811	14.88%	9.95%
2019	0.3124%	4,089,619	26,202,713	15.61%	8.97%
2018	0.3080%	3,910,000	24,907,887	15.70%	8.08%
2017	0.3120%	3,958,000	24,622,272	16.07%	7.04%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2017 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

Schedule of Employer Contributions Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Program For the Years Ended June 30, 2013 through June 30, 2022

Date	 Contractually Required Contribution (1)	Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (2)	Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)	Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll (5)
2022	\$ 349,775 \$	349,775 \$	- \$	28,907,004	1.21%
2021	316,770	316,770	-	26,179,358	1.21%
2020	324,418	324,418	-	27,034,811	1.20%
2019	314,433	314,433	-	26,202,713	1.20%
2018	306,367	306,367	-	24,907,887	1.23%
2017	273,307	273,307	-	24,622,272	1.11%
2016	245,088	245,088	-	23,121,517	1.06%
2015	245,785	245,785	-	23,187,260	1.06%
2014	254,753	254,753	-	22,950,724	1.11%
2013	252,452	252,452	-	22,743,440	1.11%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Changes of benefit terms – There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions – The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Schedule of Changes in the School Board Nonprofessional's Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan

For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2020 through June 30, 2021

	2021		2020
Total HIC OPEB Liability		•	
Service cost	\$ 20,598	\$	-
Interest	-		-
Changes in benefit terms			176,032
Differences between expected and actual experience	-		-
Changes of assumptions			-
Benefit payments	-		-
Net change in total HIC OPEB liability	\$ 20,598	\$	176,032
Total HIC OPEB Liability - beginning	176,032		-
Total HIC OPEB Liability - ending (a)	\$ 196,630	\$	176,032
		•	
Plan fiduciary net position			
Contributions - employer	\$ 16,698	\$	-
Net investment income	2,367		-
Benefit payments	-		-
Administrator charges	(75)		-
Other	-		-
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$ 18,990	\$	-
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	-		-
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 18,990	\$	-
School Board Nonprofessional's net HIC OPEB liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 177,640	\$	176,032
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total HIC OPEB liability	9.66%		0.00%
Covered payroll	\$ 2,319,162	\$	2,319,162
School Board Nonprofessional's net HIC OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll	7.66%		7.59%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. The School Board's participation began in 2020. Additional years will be included as they become available.

Schedule of Employer Contributions Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan Component Unit School Board

For the Years Ended June 30, 2021 through June 30, 2022

			Contributions in Relation to			Contributions
С	ate	Contractually Required Contribution (1)	Contractually Required Contribution (2)	Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)	Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	as a % of Covered Payroll (5)
2	021	 ,	\$,	\$ -	\$ 2,464,227	0.72%
2	021	16,698	16,698	-	2,319,162	0.72%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. The School Board's participation began in 2020. Additional years will be included as they become available.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan Component Unit School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Changes of benefit terms – There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions – The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 though June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future
healthy, and disabled)	mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change



Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Capital Projects Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Positive (Negative)
REVENUES					
Other local taxes	\$	- \$	- \$	3,463,245 \$	3,463,245
Intergovernmental revenues:					
Commonwealth		1,000,000	2,650,261	320,396	(2,329,865)
Federal		-	-	464,983	464,983
Revenues from use of money and property		-	-	69,514	69,514
Miscellaneous	_	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	562,179	562,179
Total revenues	\$	1,000,000 \$	2,650,261 \$	4,880,317 \$	2,230,056
EXPENDITURES					
Capital projects	\$	1,020,000 \$	20,000 \$	1,235,360 \$	(1,215,360)
Debt service:					
Principal retirement		3,848,272	3,848,272	3,848,272	-
Interest and other fiscal charges	_	1,309,999	1,309,999	2,107,965	(797,966)
Total expenditures	\$	6,178,271 \$	5,178,271 \$	7,191,597 \$	(2,013,326)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	\$	(5,178,271) \$	(2,528,010) \$	(2,311,280) \$	216,730
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES					
Operating transfers in		5,178,271	5,178,271	1,103,320	(4,074,951)
Total other financing sources	\$	5,178,271 \$	5,178,271 \$	1,103,320 \$	(4,074,951)
Net change in fund balances	\$	- \$	2,650,261 \$	(1,207,960) \$	(3,858,221)
Fund balances - beginning		-		1,605,928	1,605,928
Fund balances - ending	\$	- \$	2,650,261 \$	397,968 \$	(2,252,293)

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2022

	-	Recreation Fund	_	Community Development Block Grant Fund	Anti-Litter Fund	Total
Assets						
Cash and investments	\$	482,909	\$	(261,728) \$	106,349 \$	327,530
Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectibles	_	2,304		20,721	2	23,027
Total assets	\$	485,213	\$	(241,007) \$	106,351 \$	350,557
Liabilities and fund balances Liabilities:						
	\$	17.762	۲	40.1FC ¢	ć	F7 010
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	\$	17,763	Ş	40,156 \$	- \$	57,919
		96,666		3,565	-	100,231
Due to other funds		12,749		19,831	-	32,580
Due to other governments		-	. –	105,364	- .	105,364
Total liabilities	\$_	127,178	\$ _	168,916 \$	\$	296,094
Fund balances:						
Assigned	\$	358,035	\$	16,257 \$	99,521 \$	473,813
Unassigned		-		(426,180)	6,830	(419,350)
Total fund balances	\$	358,035	\$	(409,923) \$	106,351 \$	54,463
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	485,213	\$	(241,007) \$	106,351 \$	350,557

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	_	Recreation Fund	Community Development Block Grant Fund	Anti-Litter Fund	Total
REVENUES					
Revenues from use of money and property	\$	27,729 \$	- \$	- \$	27,729
Charges for services	Ψ	115,531	-	-	115,531
Miscellaneous		34,062	-	-	34,062
Intergovernmental:		,			,
Commonwealth		13,747	36,825	2,420	52,992
Federal		43,500	98,981	-	142,481
Total revenues	\$	234,569 \$	135,806 \$	2,420 \$	372,795
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Parks, recreation, and cultural	\$	1,796,858 \$	- \$	- \$	1,796,858
Community development	•	-	432,789	322	433,111
Total expenditures	\$ 	1,796,858 \$	432,789 \$	322 \$	
Deficiency of revenues over	_	· · ·	<u> </u>	·	
(under) expenditures	\$_	(1,562,289) \$	(296,983) \$	2,098 \$	(1,857,174)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES					
Operating transfers in	\$	1,740,729 \$	- \$	- \$	1,740,729
Total other financing sources	\$_	1,740,729 \$	- \$	- \$	1,740,729
	·				
Net change in fund balances	\$	178,440 \$	(296,983) \$	2,098 \$	` , ,
Fund balance - beginning	. —	179,595	(112,940)	104,253	170,908
Fund balance - ending	\$ _	358,035 \$	(409,923) \$	106,351 \$	54,463

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Recreation Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Final Budget	Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES					
Revenues from use of money and property	\$	25,000	\$ 27,729	\$	2,729
Charges for services		-	115,531		115,531
Miscellaneous		-	34,062		34,062
Intergovernmental:					
Federal		-	 43,500		43,500
Total revenues	\$	25,000	\$ 234,569	\$	209,569
EXPENDITURES					
Current -					
Parks, recreation, and cultural	\$	1,993,477	\$ 1,796,858	\$	196,619
Total expenditures	\$	1,993,477	\$ 1,796,858	\$	196,619
Deficiency of revenues over					
(under) expenditures	\$	(1,968,477)	\$ (1,562,289)	\$	406,188
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES					
Operating transfers in	\$	1,955,229	\$ 1,740,729	\$	(214,500)
Operating transfers out		-	-		-
Total other financing sources	\$	1,955,229	\$ 1,740,729	\$	(214,500)
Net change in fund balances	\$	(13,248)	\$ 178,440	\$	191,688
Fund balances - beginning	•	13,248	179,595	-	166,347
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$ 358,035	\$	358,035

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Community Development Block Grant Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES			
Miscellaneous	\$ 221,721	\$ -	\$ (221,721)
Intergovernmental			
Commonwealth	-	36,825	36,825
Federal	 -	 98,981	 98,981
Total revenues	\$ 221,721	\$ 135,806	\$ (85,915)
EXPENDITURES			
Current -			
Community development	\$ 1,686,428	\$ 432,789	\$ 1,253,639
Total expenditures	\$ 1,686,428	\$ 432,789	\$ 1,253,639
Net change in fund balances	\$ (1,464,707)	\$ (296,983)	\$ 1,167,724
Fund balances - beginning	 1,464,707	 (112,940)	(1,577,647)
Fund balances - ending	\$ -	\$ (409,923)	\$ (409,923)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Anti-Litter Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Final Budget	Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				_
Intergovernmental				
Commonwealth	\$ 6,063	\$ 2,420	\$_	(3,643)
Total revenues	\$ 6,063	\$ 2,420	\$	(3,643)
EXPENDITURES				
Current -				
Community development	\$ 20,089	\$ 322	\$	19,767
Total expenditures	\$ 20,089	\$ 322	\$	19,767
Net change in fund balances	\$ (14,026)	\$ 2,098	\$	16,124
Fund balances - beginning	14,026	104,253		90,227
Fund balances - ending	\$ -	\$ 106,351	\$	106,351

Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds At June 30, 2022

	_	Special Welfare Fund	Healthy Families Fund			Police Evidence Fund		Total Custodial Funds	
Assets									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$_	33,629	. \$	-	\$	43,387	\$_	77,016	
Total assets	\$_	33,629	\$	-	\$_	43,387	\$_	77,016	
Liabilities									
Reconciled overdraft	\$	-	\$	284,576	\$	-	\$	284,576	
Accounts payable		-		891		-		891	
Accrued liabilities	_	-		7,384	_	64,751		72,135	
Total liabilities	\$_	-	\$	292,851	\$_	64,751	\$ _	357,602	
Net Position									
Restricted for:				(222.254)	_	(0.1.0.5.1)	_	(222 525)	
Amounts held for others	\$_	33,629	\$	(292,851)	· ^{\$} _	(21,364)	- ^{\$} _	(280,586)	
Total net position	\$	33,629	\$	(292,851)	\$	(21,364)	\$	(280,586)	

Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2022

Additions:	Special Welfare Fund		Healthy Families Fund	Police Evidence Fund	Total Custodial Funds
Private contributions	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 5,106	\$ 5,106
Governmental grants	-		272,390	-	272,390
Miscellaneous revenue	11,832	_	-	5,505	17,337
Total additions	\$ 11,832	\$	272,390	\$ 10,611	\$ 294,833
Deductions:					
Recipient payments	\$ 24,852	\$	-	\$ 13,000	\$ 37,852
Administrative expense	1,399		397,021	2	398,422
Total deductions	\$ 26,251	\$	397,021	\$ 13,002	\$ 436,274
Change in fiduciary net position	\$ (14,419)	\$	(124,631)	\$ (2,391)	\$ (141,441)
Net position - beginning	48,048		(168,220)	(18,973)	(139,145)
Net position - ending	\$ 33,629	\$	(292,851)	\$ (21,364)	\$ (280,586)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Combining Balance Sheet Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board June 30, 2022

		School Operating Fund	School Cafeteria Fund	Textbook Fund	Building and Bus Replacement Fund	School Activities Fund	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS	۲	- \$	202.210 6	1 057 107 6	- \$	249 474 6	1 (07 971
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables, net of allowance	\$	- \$	392,210 \$	1,057,187	- >	248,474 \$	1,697,871
for uncollectibles		_	2,331	_	_	_	2,331
Due from other funds		34,794	61,187	_	_	_	95,981
Due from other governmental units		6,754,318	88,670	_	_	-	6,842,988
Due from primary government		6,980,370	-	_	_	-	6,980,370
Inventories		-	92,204	_	_	-	92,204
Total assets	\$	13,769,482 \$	636,602 \$	1,057,187	\$\$	248,474 \$	15,711,745
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES							
Liabilities:		4 000 640 6	20 205 6	,		A	4 420 005
Accounts payable	\$	1,098,610 \$	29,395 \$	- 5	- \$	- \$	1,128,005
Reconciled overdraft Accrued liabilities		4,306,003	-	-	-	-	4,306,003
		119,462	7 442	-	-	-	119,462
Due to other funds		88,538	7,443	-	-	-	95,981
Due to primary government Unearned revenues		4,960,585	-	-	-	-	4,960,585
Total liabilities	٠.	3,196,284 13,769,482 \$	36,838 \$		s		3,196,284 13,806,320
Total napliities	۶.	15,709,462 3	30,030 Ş		·		13,800,320
Fund balances:							
Nonspendable	\$	- \$	92,204 \$	- 5	- \$	- \$	92,204
Restricted		-	507,560	1,057,187	-	-	1,564,747
Committed		<u> </u>	_	-		248,474	248,474
Total fund balances	\$	\$_	599,764 \$	1,057,187		248,474 \$	1,905,425
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	13,769,482 \$	636,602 \$	1,057,187	<u> </u>	248,474 \$	15,711,745
Total fund balances per above						\$	1,905,425
Amounts reported for governmental act	ivitie	s in the Statement	t of Net Position	are different be	cause:		
Capital assets used in governmental activ	vities	are not financial	resources and, th	nerefore, are no	t reported in the fu	unds.	31,819,756
Items related to measurement of net pe for current-period expenditures	nsior	and OPEB liabiliti	ies not available	to pay			
Deferred inflows related to pension Deferred inflows related to OPEB	n						(19,208,651) (3,237,307)
Deferred outflows related to pension	on						9,503,565 1,753,932
Long-term liabilities, including compensations therefore, are not reported in the fund		absences payable,	are not due and	payable in the	current period and	,	
Compensated absences Net pension liability Net OPEB liabilities					\$	(927,415) (23,939,286) (8,487,471)	
Note payable to the primary govern	nmer	nt				(733,322)	(34,087,494)
Net position of governmental activities						\$	(11,550,774)

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		School Operating Fund		School Cafeteria Fund	Textbook Fund		Building and Bus Replacement Fund	School Activities Fund	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES									
Charges for services	\$	-	\$	31,912 \$	-	\$	- \$	- \$	31,912
Miscellaneous		207,002		16,537	-		-	351,006	574,545
Intergovernmental:									
Local government		14,060,728		-	-		-	-	14,060,728
Commonwealth		35,748,157		11,577	321,894		-	-	36,081,628
Federal		10,694,061		2,715,727	-		-	-	13,409,788
Total revenues	\$	60,709,948	\$	2,775,753	321,894	\$	- \$	351,006 \$	
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
Administration	\$	1,809,546	\$	2,263,194 \$	-	\$	- \$	- \$	4,072,740
Instruction		44,528,561		-	89,005		-	329,821	44,947,387
Operating		14,371,841		_	-		_	-	14,371,841
Total expenditures	Ś	60,709,948	ς-	2,263,194	89,005	-ς-	- \$	329,821 \$	63,391,968
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	Υ.	00,703,310	- ~ -	2,203,131		_ ^ -	Y		03,331,300
over (under) expenditures	\$		\$_	512,559 \$	232,889	\$	- \$	21,185 \$	766,633
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Operating transfers in	\$	_	\$	- 5	-	\$	- \$	- \$	_
Operating transfers out	Y	_	Y	-	_	Y	- -	-	_
Total other financing sources (uses), net	\$		\$			\$	- \$		
Total other illiancing sources (uses), het	Þ.		- ^ې -	- _÷	'	_ ^{>} -		ş	
Net change in fund balances	\$	_	\$	512,559 \$	232,889	\$	- \$	21,185 \$	766,633
Fund balances - beginning	Ψ.	_	~	87,205	824,298		_	227,289	1,138,792
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	599,764			- \$	248,474 \$	
Net change in fund balances - total governmental	l fun	ds - per above	•				_	 \$	766,633
Amount reported for governmental activities in tl				rities are differe	ent because:			*	,
Governmental funds report capital outlays as exp Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated ove as depreciation expense. This is the amount by w depreciation in the current period. Capital outlay, net of disposals Net change in City's interest in School ass Depreciation expense	er the	eir estimated	use	ful lives and re			\$	1,362,779 1,484,778 (1,850,392)	997,165
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Acti		•							
financial resources and, therefore, are not report			s in	governmental	tunds.				
Decrease (increase) in compensated abse							\$	-	
Decrease (increase) in note payable to the	ne pr	imary governr	ner	nt				129,390	
								171,029	
Decrease (increase) in lease liability								22,908,060	
Decrease (increase) in lease liability Decrease (increase) in net pension liabilit	ty							22,308,000	
, , ,	•							3,104,441	
Decrease (increase) in net pension liabilit Decrease (increase) in net OPEB liabilities	S	ed to pension						3,104,441	
Decrease (increase) in net pension liabilit Decrease (increase) in net OPEB liabilities Decrease (increase) in deferred inflows re	s elate	•						3,104,441 (15,727,326)	
Decrease (increase) in net pension liabilitien Decrease (increase) in net OPEB liabilitien Decrease (increase) in deferred inflows rubecrease (increase) in deferred inflows rubecrease (increase)	s elate elate	ed to OPEB	1					3,104,441 (15,727,326) (2,878,773)	
Decrease (increase) in net pension liabilit Decrease (increase) in net OPEB liabilities Decrease (increase) in deferred inflows re	s elate elate rela	ed to OPEB ted to pensior	า					3,104,441 (15,727,326)	5,068,579

	School Operating Fund								
		Budgeted An Original		nts Final	-	Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES					_			(110821110)	
Revenues from use of money and property	\$	200	\$	200	\$	-	\$	(200)	
Charges for services		43,000		43,000		-		(43,000)	
Miscellaneous		40,000		40,000		207,002		167,002	
Intergovernmental:									
Local government		14,580,075		14,580,075		14,060,728		(519,347)	
Commonwealth		35,748,873		35,748,873		35,748,157		(716)	
Federal		14,243,017		14,243,017		10,694,061	_	(3,548,956)	
Total revenues	\$	64,655,165	\$	64,655,165	\$	60,709,948	\$	(3,945,217)	
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
Education	\$	67,539,220	\$	67,539,220	\$	60,572,004	\$	6,967,216	
Debt service		137,944		137,944		137,944	_		
Total expenditures	\$	67,677,164	\$	67,677,164	\$	60,709,948	\$	6,967,216	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								_	
over (under) expenditures	\$	(3,021,999)	\$	(3,021,999)	\$	-	\$_	3,021,999	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Operating transfers out	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$		
Total other financing uses	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$		
Net change in fund balance	\$	(3,021,999)	\$	(3,021,999)	\$	-	\$	3,021,999	
Fund balance - beginning		3,021,999		3,021,999		-	_	(3,021,999)	
Fund balance - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	

	School Cafeteria Fund							
	_	Budgete Original	d Amour	nts Final	-	Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES								_
Revenues from use of money and property	\$	100	\$	100	\$	-	\$	(100)
Charges for services		68,000		68,000		31,912		(36,088)
Miscellaneous		80,000		80,000		16,537		(63,463)
Intergovernmental:								
Commonwealth		28,101		28,101		11,577		(16,524)
Federal		2,400,000		2,400,000		2,715,727	_	315,727
Total revenues	\$	2,576,201	\$	2,576,201	\$	2,775,753	\$_	199,552
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Education	\$	2,576,201	\$	2,576,201	\$	2,263,194	\$	313,007
Total expenditures	\$	2,576,201	\$	2,576,201	\$	2,263,194	\$	313,007
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								_
over (under) expenditures	\$	-	\$	-	\$	512,559	\$_	512,559
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Operating transfers in	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	-
Total other financing sources	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Net change in fund balance	\$	_	\$	-	\$	512,559	\$	512,559
Fund balance - beginning	•	-	-	-	•	87,205		87,205
Fund balance - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	599,764	\$ _	599,764

		School Textbook Fund							
	_	Budgete Original	ed Am	ounts Final		Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES									
Revenues from use of money and property Intergovernmental	\$	50	\$	50	\$	-	\$	(50)	
Commonwealth		325,488		325,488		321,894		(3,594)	
Total revenues	\$	325,538	\$	325,538	\$	321,894	\$	(3,644)	
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
Education	\$	500,000	\$	500,000	\$	89,005	\$_	410,995	
Total expenditures	\$	500,000	\$	500,000	\$	89,005	\$	410,995	
Net change in fund balance	\$	(174,462)	\$	(174,462)	\$	232,889	\$	407,351	
Fund balance - beginning		174,462		174,462		824,298		649,836	
Fund balance - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,057,187	\$ _	1,057,187	

	Building and Bus Replacement Fund								
	_	Budgeted Am Original	ounts Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)				
EXPENDITURES									
Capital projects:									
Capital outlay	\$	47,180 \$	47,180 \$	- \$	47,180				
Total expenditures	\$	47,180 \$	47,180 \$	- \$	47,180				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				_	_				
over (under) expenditures	\$	(47,180) \$	(47,180) \$	\$_	(47,180)				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Operating transfers in	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-				
Total other financing sources	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$					
Net change in fund balances	\$	(47,180) \$	(47,180) \$	- \$	47,180				
Fund balances - beginning	Ψ	47,180	47,180	-	(47,180)				
Fund balances - ending	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-				

Balance Sheet Discretely Presented Component Unit - Children's Services Act Board June 30, 2022

ASSETS	
Interest receivable	\$ 54
Due from other governmental units	465,986
Due from primary government	651,894
Total assets	\$ 1,117,934
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	\$ 389,035
Reconciled overdraft	1,085,506
Accrued liabilities	(1,305)
Due to the Commonwealth of Virginia	1,457,221
Total liabilities	\$ 2,930,457
Fund balances:	
Assigned	\$ (1,812,523)
Total fund balance	(1,812,523)
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 1,117,934

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Discretely Presented Component Unit - Children's Services Act Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

REVENUES	
Miscellaneous	\$ 173,355
Intergovernmental	
Commonwealth	1,692,625
Federal	48,451
Total revenues	\$ 1,914,431
EXPENDITURES	
Current:	
Health and welfare	\$ 3,265,412
Total expenditures	\$ 3,265,412
Excess of revenues over expenditures	\$ (1,350,981)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	
Operating transfers in	833,615
Total other financing sources	\$ 833,615
Net change in fund balances	\$ (517,366)
Fund balance - beginning	(1,295,157)
Fund balance - ending	\$ (1,812,523)



Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual Recreation Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	_	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Revenues from local sources:				
Revenues from use of money and property:	\$	25,000 \$	27,729 \$	2,729
Total revenues from use of money and property	\$ <u> </u>	25,000 \$	27,729 \$	2,729
Charges for services	\$	\$\$	115,531 \$	115,531
Total charges for services	\$	- \$	115,531 \$	115,531
Miscellaneous revenues:				
Miscellaneous refunds and grants	\$	- \$	34,062 \$	34,062
Total miscellaneous revenues	\$	- \$	34,062 \$	34,062
Total revenues from local sources	\$	25,000 \$	177,322 \$	152,322
Intergovernmental:				
Revenue from the Commonwealth				
Other state aid	\$	\$	13,747 \$	13,747
Revenue from the federal government				
Categorical aid -	ć	ć	42 F00 Ć	42.500
Summer feeding program Total categorical aid	\$ <u> </u>	^{\$} _	43,500 \$ 43,500 \$	43,500 43,500
Total categorical aid	² —		43,300 3	43,300
Total revenues from the federal government	\$	- \$_	43,500 \$	43,500
Total revenues	\$	25,000 \$	234,569 \$	209,569
Expenditures: Parks, recreation, and cultural: Parks and recreation:				
Recreation centers and playgrounds	\$	683,541 \$	643,871 \$	39,670
Events		178,423	176,229	2,194
Athletics division		127,874	111,134	16,740
Seniors' division		120,232	110,808	9,424
Pool		230,221	206,971	23,250
Parks		589,686	490,646	99,040
Marina		25,000	28,892	(3,892)
Grants		38,500	28,307	10,193
Total parks and recreation	\$	1,993,477 \$	1,796,858 \$	196,619
Total expenditures	\$	1,993,477 \$	1,796,858 \$	196,619

Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual Capital Projects Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	 Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Positive (Negative)
Revenues			
Intergovernmental:			
Commonwealth	\$ 2,650,261 \$	320,396 \$	(2,329,865)
Federal	 <u> </u>	464,983	464,983
Total revenues from other governments	\$ 2,650,261 \$	785,379 \$	(1,864,882)
Local sources -			
Other local taxes:			
Hotel and motel room taxes	\$ - \$	987,470 \$	987,470
Restaurant food taxes	 <u> </u>	2,475,775	2,475,775
Total other local taxes	\$ - \$	3,463,245 \$	3,463,245
Revenues from use of money and property -			
Revenue from the use of money	\$ \$	69,514 \$	69,514
Total revenues from use of money and property	\$ \$	69,514 \$	69,514
Miscellaneous revenues -			
Other miscellaneous	\$ \$	562,179 \$	562,179
Total miscellaneous revenues	\$ \$	562,179 \$	562,179
Total revenue from local sources	\$ - \$	4,094,938 \$	4,094,938
Total revenues	\$ 2,650,261 \$	4,880,317 \$	2,230,056
Expenditures			
Capital Projects:			
Equipment	\$ 20,000 \$	437,260 \$	(417,260)
Parks and recreation	-	188,220	(188,220)
Economic development	-	20,000	(20,000)
Other projects	-	33,018	(33,018)
Streets, curbs, and gutters	-	556,862	(556,862)
Total capital projects	\$ 20,000 \$	1,235,360 \$	(1,215,360)
Debt Service:			
Principal retirement	\$ 3,848,272 \$	3,848,272 \$	-
Interest and other fiscal charges	 1,309,999	2,107,965	(797,966)
Total debt service	\$ 5,158,271 \$	5,956,237 \$	(797,966)
Total expenditures	\$ 5,178,271 \$	7,191,597 \$	(2,013,326)

Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual Component Unit School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Fund, Major, and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board:					
School Operating Fund:					
Revenues from local sources:					
Revenues from use of money and property -	<u> </u>	200 6	200 4	4	(200)
Revenues from the use of money	\$	200 \$	200 \$	- \$	(200)
Charges for services - Charges for education Outside Sources		43,000	43,000	-	(43,000)
Other miscellaneous		40.000	40.000	207.002	167.002
Total revenues from local sources	<u> </u>	40,000 83,200 \$	40,000	207,002 \$	167,002
Total revenues from local sources	^{>} _	63,200 Ş	83,200 \$	207,002 \$	123,802
Intergovernmental revenues:					
Revenues from local governments -					
Contribution from the City of Hopewell, Virginia	\$	14,580,075 \$	14,580,075 \$	14,060,728 \$	(519,347)
Total revenues from local governments	\$ <u></u>	14,580,075 \$	14,580,075 \$	14,060,728 \$	(519,347)
	_				
Revenues from the Commonwealth:					
Categorical aid:					
Share of state sales tax	\$	4,751,623 \$	4,751,623 \$	5,919,326 \$	1,167,703
Basic school aid		14,916,660	14,916,660	14,020,260	(896,400)
Compensation support		1,054,947	1,054,947	1,042,295	(12,652)
Remedial summer education		-	-	87,073	87,073
Special education regional		374,815	374,815	29,577	(345,238)
Special education foster care		-	-	1,073	1,073
Regular foster care		8,054	8,054	4,020	(4,034)
Homebound education		29,568	29,568	3,834	(25,734)
Gifted and talented		160,518	160,518	158,746	(1,772)
Remedial education		1,044,881	1,044,881	946,271	(98,610)
Special education		1,911,073	1,911,073	2,043,870	132,797
Competitive grants		1 224 441	1 224 441	10,000	10,000
Infrastructure and operations Vocational		1,224,441	1,224,441	1,217,260	(7,181)
Vocational Vocation		717,788	717,788	1,375 709,863	1,375 (7,925)
Social security fringe benefits		990,366	990,366	979,431	(10,935)
Retirement fringe benefits		2,307,825	2,307,825	2,282,343	(25,482)
Group life insurance benefits		69,659	69,659	68,890	(769)
Early reading intervention		231,663	231,663	344,669	113,006
At-risk payments		2,712,701	2,712,701	2,682,584	(30,117)
Primary class size		1,390,404	1,390,404	1,360,252	(30,152)
Year round learning		-,,	_,=,==,===	188,171	188,171
Learning loss		9,093	9,093	93,131	84,038
Education technology		180,000	180,000	195,434	15,434
Standards of Learning - Algebra Readiness		116,944	116,944	111,196	(5,748)
Mentor teacher program		3,827	3,827	,	(3,827)
English as a second language		200,732	200,732	176,781	(23,951)
School Security Equipment Grant		202,622	202,622	-	(202,622)
Virginia preschool		809,096	809,096	858,195	49,099
Industry Certification		-	-	6,154	6,154
Other state funding		320,000	320,000	198,492	(121,508)
Project Graduation		9,573	9,573	7,591	(1,982)
Total categorical aid	\$	35,748,873 \$	35,748,873 \$	35,748,157 \$	(716)
Total revenues from the Commonwealth	\$	35,748,873 \$	35,748,873 \$	35,748,157 \$	(716)

Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual (Continued) Component Unit School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

FOI till	e rear Lii	ueu Julie 30, 2022	<u>-</u>		
Revenue from the federal government:					
Categorical aid:					
Title I	\$	2,121,751 \$	2,121,751 \$	2,333,424 \$	211,673
Impact Aid	Ą	20,000	20,000	12,827	(7,173)
Special Ed		1,042,181	1,042,181	405,822	(636,359)
Vocational Education		118,048	118,048	198,275	80,227
Title II		214,387	214,387	244,264	29,877
Title III		56,533	56,533	28,474	(28,059)
Title III Title IV - Part A		•	•	•	
		150,710	150,710	85,067	(65,643)
E-Rate Funds		449,497	449,497	(202 205)	(449,497)
GEER WIFI		-	1 664 200	(202,385)	(202,385)
Head Start		1,661,200	1,661,200	1,370,779	(290,421)
CARES Act		6,862,724	6,862,724	5,457,240	(1,405,484)
Coronavirus Relief Funds		778,809	778,809	103,776	(675,033)
JROTC		78,321	78,321	73,815	(4,506)
ARPA		264,954	264,954	-	(264,954)
Preschool		23,902	23,902	23,902	450.704
Medicaid Reimbursements		400,000	400,000	558,781	158,781
Total categorical aid	\$_	14,243,017 \$	14,243,017 \$	10,694,061 \$	(3,548,956)
Total revenue from the federal government	\$ <u></u>	14,243,017 \$	14,243,017 \$	10,694,061 \$	(3,548,956)
Total School Operating Fund	\$	64,655,165 \$	64,655,165 \$	60,709,948 \$	(3,945,217)
School Cafeteria Fund:					
Revenues from local sources:					
Revenues from use of money and property					
Revenue from the use of money	\$	100 \$	100 \$	- \$	(100)
Charges for services - Cafeteria sales	*	68,000	68,000	31,912	(36,088)
Outside sources		00,000	00,000	31,312	(30,000)
Other miscellaneous		80,000	80,000	16,537	(63,463)
Total revenues from local sources	<u> </u>	148,100 \$	148,100 \$	48,449 \$	(99,651)
Total revenues from local sources	У <u> </u>	140,100 9	140,100 γ	Ψο,ττο γ	(55,051)
Intergovernmental revenues:					
Revenue from the Commonwealth:					
Categorical aid - School food program grant	\$	28,101 \$	28,101 \$	11,577 \$	(16,524)
Revenue from the federal government:					
Categorical aid:	,	2,400,000 \$	2,400,000 \$	2 715 727 .¢	215 727
School food program grant CARES Act	\$	2,400,000 \$	2,400,000 \$	2,715,727 \$	315,727
	<u>, —</u>	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			215 727
Total categorical aid	\$	2,400,000 \$	2,400,000 \$	2,715,727 \$	315,727
Total revenues from the federal government	۶	2,400,000 \$	2,400,000 \$	2,715,727 \$	315,727
Total School Cafeteria Fund	\$	2,576,201 \$	2,576,201 \$	2,775,753 \$	199,552
School Textbook Fund:					
Revenues from use of money and property -					
Revenues from the use of money	Ś	50 \$	50 S	- \$	(50)
Total revenues from use of money and property	š —	50 \$	50 \$ 50 \$	- -	(50)
	Ť <u> </u>				(33)
Intergovernmental revenues:					
Revenues from the Commonwealth:					
Categorical aid - Textbook funds	\$	325,488 \$	325,488 \$	321,894 \$	(3,594)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	325,488 \$	325,488 \$	321,894 \$	(3,594)
Total School Textbook Fund	\$	325,538 \$	325,538 \$	321,894 \$	(3,644)
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board:			=		
Capital Projects Fund					
Building and Bus Replacement Fund					
Total Building and Bus Replacement Fund	\$_	<u> </u>	\$_	<u>-</u> \$	-
Total Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board	\$	67,556,904 \$	67,556,904 \$	63,807,595 \$	(3,749,309)

Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual Component Unit School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board					
School Operating Fund					
Education: Administration of schools -					
Administration Administration	\$	2,778,361 \$	2,778,361 \$	1,809,546 \$	968,815
Total administration of schools	۶ -	2,778,361 \$	2,778,361 \$	1,809,546 \$	968,815
Total autilitistiation of schools	ب	2,778,301 3	2,778,301 3	1,809,540 \$	308,813
Instruction costs:					
Compensation	\$	47,954,104 \$	47,954,104 \$	44,528,561 \$	3,425,543
Total instruction costs	\$	47,954,104 \$	47,954,104 \$	44,528,561 \$	3,425,543
Operating costs:					
Attendance and health services	\$	2,964,721 \$	2,964,721 \$	2,356,535 \$	608,186
Pupil transportation		2,621,267	2,621,267	2,705,826	(84,559)
Operation and maintenance of school plant		7,158,317	7,158,317	6,158,340	999,977
Technology		4,062,450	4,062,450	3,013,196	1,049,254
Total operating costs	\$	16,806,755 \$	16,806,755 \$	14,233,897 \$	2,572,858
Total education	\$	67,539,220 \$	67,539,220 \$	60,572,004 \$	6,967,216
Operating costs -					
Debt service	\$	137,944 \$	137,944 \$	137,944 \$	
Total School Operating Fund	\$	67,677,164 \$	67,677,164 \$	60,709,948 \$	6,967,216
School Cafeteria Fund:					
Education:					
School food services -					
Administration of school food program	\$	2,576,201 \$	2,576,201 \$	2,263,194 \$	313,007
Total education	\$	2,576,201 \$	2,576,201 \$	2,263,194 \$	313,007
Total School Cafeteria Fund	\$	2,576,201 \$	2,576,201 \$	2,263,194 \$	313,007
School Textbook Fund:				_	
Education:					
Instruction	\$	500,000 \$	500,000 \$	89,005 \$	410,995
Total education	\$	500,000 \$	500,000 \$	89,005 \$	410,995
Total School Textbook Fund	\$	500,000 \$	500,000 \$	89,005 \$	410,995
Capital Projects Fund: Building and Bus Replacement Fund Education:					
Capital project expenditures:					
Other project costs	\$	47,180 \$	47,180 \$	\$	47,180
Total capital projects	\$	47,180 \$	47,180 \$	- \$	47,180
Total Building and Bus Replacement Fund	\$	47,180 \$	47,180 \$	- \$	47,180
Total Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board	\$	70,800,545 \$	70,800,545 \$	63,062,147 \$	7,738,398



City of Hopewell, Virginia Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

Government artivities	1	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Net investment in capital assets Restricted	↔	8,237,548 \$	9,806,936 \$	15,515,897 \$	42,341,331 \$	21,178,316 \$	23,610,873 \$	20,717,233 \$	21,499,064 \$	24,721,379 \$	27,645,045
Unrestricted	ı	20,446,091	17,328,832	(698,824)	(27,852,308)	(11,967,000)	(20,864,334)	(10,935,067)	(7,254,895)	(18,008,223)	5,121,715
Total governmental activities net position	v≻	\$ 29,156,472 \$ 27,600,679 \$	27,600,679 \$	15,217,073 \$	14,489,023 \$	9,211,316 \$	11,859,723 \$	12,792,364 \$	22,661,095 \$	6,713,156 \$	32,766,760
Business-Type activities: Net investment in capital assets	⋄	\$ 573,075 \$	11,156,352 \$	31,226,996 \$	70,349,924 \$	\$ 69,097,135 \$	\$ 0703,070	\$4,506,585 \$	84,923,479 \$	\$ 096'382'88	85,904,441
Restricted Unrestricted	ı	25,967,344	21,645,447	21,759,463	2,928,418 23,928,638	5,470,622 40,214,037	2,513,591 23,499,817	1,364,176 39,165,047	1,930,613 42,213,029	1,940,886 44,165,079	1,990,780 46,339,703
Total Business-Type activities net position	v≻	31,540,419 \$	\$ 31,540,419 \$ 32,801,799 \$ 52,986,459	52,986,459 \$	\$ 086'902'26	114,781,794 \$	115,736,478 \$	125,035,808 \$	129,067,121 \$	133,491,925 \$	134,234,924
Primary Government: Net investment in capital assets	↔	13,810,623 \$	20,963,288 \$	46,742,893 \$	112,691,255 \$; 90,275,451 \$	113,333,943 \$	105,223,818 \$	106,422,543 \$	\$ 112,107,339	113,549,486
Restricted Unrestricted	I	472,833 46,413,435	464,911 38,974,279	400,000 21,060,639	2,928,418 (3,923,670)	5,470,622 28,247,037	11,626,775 2,635,483	4,374,374 28,229,980	10,347,539 34,958,134	1,940,886 26,156,856	1,990,780 51,461,418
Total Primary Government net position	↔	60,696,891 \$	\$ 60,696,891 \$ 60,402,478 \$ 68,203,532	68,203,532 \$	111,696,003 \$	123,993,110 \$	127,596,201 \$	137,828,172 \$	151,728,216 \$	140,205,081 \$	167,001,684

City of Hopewell, Virginia Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

		2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Expenses Government activities:											
General government	ş	8,482,373 \$	\$ 375,863	7,471,201 \$	5,065,483 \$	6,866,234 \$	6,215,800 \$	8,349,380 \$	7,348,086 \$	\$ 11,832,757 \$	\$ 6,766,780
Judicial administration		2,217,984	2,598,072	2,810,211	2,694,035	3,402,723	2,770,517	3,089,687	3,156,908	4,137,045	3,232,028
Public safety		11,720,652	14,012,598	16,464,074	14,031,657	17,912,446	15,882,264	17,009,696	17,567,686	25,367,729	17,197,712
Public works		711,805	1,540,362	3,227,810	5,794,089	960'829'9	5,556,497	5,505,517	6,993,775	6,532,517	5,209,046
Health and welfare		5,259,409	5,363,582	5,532,202	5,899,170	6,692,919	5,868,302	6,309,623	7,138,560	8,161,115	7,293,572
Education		13,675,250	13,266,424	15,202,676	13,995,712	14,670,760	14,263,836	13,476,096	16,717,398	13,011,905	15,545,506
Parks, recreation and cultural		2,462,345	2,530,959	2,408,566	2,421,366	2,764,579	2,622,864	2,606,604	2,569,491	3,085,433	2,481,800
Community development		729,140	896,763	868,640	2,301,148	2,957,552	2,675,118	1,520,487	1,443,587	1,825,053	1,553,591
Interest on long-term debt		1,655,027	1,325,884	2,608,205	2,252,111	2,651,880	2,482,681	2,582,954	2,319,540	2,368,334	2,340,548
Total governmental activities expenses	φ.	46,913,985 \$	51,133,019 \$	\$ 583,585 \$	54,454,771 \$	64,592,189 \$	\$ 8,337,879 \$	60,450,044 \$	65,255,031 \$	76,321,888 \$	61,620,583
Business-Type activities: Public utilities	↔	18,163,995 \$	21,114,290 \$	23,816,770 \$	21,303,229 \$	25,219,309 \$	25,671,886 \$	27,001,777 \$	30,580,320 \$	33,959,792 \$	32,216,499
Total Primary Government expenses	\$	\$ 086'220'59	72,247,309 \$	80,410,355 \$	75,758,000 \$	89,811,498 \$	84,009,765 \$	87,451,821 \$	95,835,351 \$	110,281,680 \$	93,837,082
Program Revenues											
Government activities: Charges for services:											
General government administration	Ş	4,464 \$	3,718 \$	∜	\$ 008'368	\$ 96,400 \$	398,025 \$	12,580 \$	1,146 \$	10,348 \$	8,755
Judicial administration				58,951							53,666
Public Safety		534,761	555,568	541,987	520,413	502,342	791,219	2,208,548	1,900,795	1,483,422	1,686,415
Public Works		ю	7	•	•		•	•	•	•	
Parks, recreation and cultural		245,420	198,885	145,507	153,249	136,730	157,279	142,277	107,619	30,849	115,531
Community development		51,959	82,410	•		1	1	1	•	•	
Operating grants and contributions		10,227,954	9,987,193	10,615,538	11,244,004	11,667,396	13,245,385	12,076,798	11,784,190	19,464,324	12,993,148
Capital grants and contributions	١.	- 1	- 1	- 1	- 1		- 1	- 1	- 1	- 1	785,379
Total governmental activities program revenues	ۍ ا	11,583,520 \$	11,210,824 \$	11,607,076 \$	12,961,361 \$	14,762,447 \$	15,938,805 \$	16,139,242 \$	15,259,026 \$	22,488,458 \$	15,642,894
Business-Type activities: Charges for services:											
Public utilities	↔	18,358,264 \$	22,385,729 \$	21,134,708 \$	\$ 782,289	\$ 996,665,2	26,908,965 \$	28,709,333 \$	\$ 80388,508	37,979,179 \$	31,444,705
Operating grants and contributions		1	•	1	21,906,801	6,889,200	1	1	•	•	1,135,495
Capital grants and contributions		1,160,000		23,492,801	13,305,001	2,982,290	715,867	1,198,767	21,360	98,900	•
Total Business-Type activities program revenues	ş	19,518,264 \$	22,385,729 \$	44,627,509 \$	61,801,589 \$	37,471,456 \$	27,624,832 \$	29,908,100 \$	36,419,868 \$	\$ 620'820'88	32,580,200
Total Primary Government program revenues	φ.	31,101,784 \$	33,596,553 \$	56,234,585 \$	74,762,950 \$	52,233,903 \$	43,563,637 \$	46,047,342 \$	51,678,894 \$	\$ 22,995,09	48,223,094
Net (expense) / revenue:	4										
Governmental activities Business-Type activities	<u>ሉ</u>	(35,330,465)	(39,922,195)	(44,986,509) \$ 20,810,739	(41,493,410) \$ 40,498,360	(49,829,742) \$ 12,252,147	(42,399,074) \$ 1,952,946	(44,310,802) \$ 2,906,323	\$ (49,996,005) 5,839,548	(53,833,430)	(45,977,689) 363,701
	⋄	(33,976,196) \$	(38,650,756) \$	(24,175,770) \$	\$ (050'566)	\$ (365,277,595)	(40,446,128) \$	(41,404,479) \$	(44,156,457) \$	(49,715,143) \$	(45,613,988)
			. II								

City of Hopewell, Virginia
Changes in Net Position
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(accrual basis of accounting)

				(accrual r	(accrual basis of accounting)	(2					
		2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
General Revenues and other Changes in Net Position											
Governmental activities:											
Taxes											
Property taxes	\$ 2	25,324,405 \$	25,585,445 \$	\$ 29,559,595	31,221,372 \$	32,304,897 \$	30,888,461 \$	31,924,845 \$	33,183,687 \$	25,483,008 \$	43,639,353
Local sales and use taxes		1,989,128	2,048,011	1,960,808	2,075,150	2,076,124	2,032,584	1,895,254	1,875,814	2,364,557	2,355,029
Consumer utility taxes		355,950	348,009	389,249	379,052	379,052	,			602,151	920,650
Business licenses taxes		1,738,831	1,773,174	1,756,407	1,844,640	1,715,614	1,796,068	1,876,430	1,937,800	1,880,977	1,936,462
Other local taxes		6,331,024	6,166,649	6,208,306	6,000,284	6,386,179	7,343,227	5,324,835	4,633,215	3,730,481	4,618,577
Unrestricted grants and contributions		1,768,999	1,628,873	•		(64,575)		1,618,029	2,333,414	1,642,282	1,618,122
Unrestricted revenues from use											
of money and property		110,552	78,461	93,151	121,552	173,092	287,697	366,864	860,891	81,459	151,818
Miscellaneous		1,736,852	1,620,797	1,478,801	1,616,987	1,581,652	2,764,118	2,448,700	2,972,108	4,773,531	10,163,395
Loss on debt refunding		,	,	2,127,083	•	•	•		•		•
Transfers		(66,495)	(407,326)	502,000	-	-	-	•	-	-	1
				1000	0000	4 6 7			0000	-(- (- (- (- (- (- (- (- (- (-	000
lotal governmental activities	γ.	39,289,246 \$	\$842,093 \$	44,0/5,400 \$	43,259,037	44,552,035	\$ 551,211,64	45,454,957	4 1,796,929	40,558,446 \$	65,403,406
Business-Type activities:											
Transfers \$	\$	66,495 \$	407,326 \$	(502,000) \$	\$ -	\$	\$ '	\$	\$ '	\$ '	
Miscellaneous		216,311		811,486	•	•	,	,	•	4,000	
Unrestricted revenues from use of money and property	>	303,374	268,690	247,297	318,470	214,215	572,276	572,276	23,235	302,517	(1,055,338)
Total Business-Type activities	\$	586,180 \$	676,016 \$	556,783 \$	318,470 \$	214,215 \$	572,276 \$	572,276 \$	23,235 \$	306,517 \$	(1,055,338)
Total Primary Government	\$	39,875,426 \$	39,518,109 \$	44,632,183 \$	43,577,507 \$	44,766,250 \$	45,684,431 \$	46,027,233 \$	47,820,164 \$	40,864,963 \$	64,348,068
Special item - loss on capital contributed	\$	(1,160,000) \$	٠ '	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	- δ	\$	•
Change in Net Position: Governmental activities	\$	2,798,781 \$	(1,080,102) \$	(911,109)	1,721,543 \$	(5,277,707) \$	2,713,081 \$	1,144,155 \$	\$ (2,199,076)	(13,274,984) \$	19,425,717
Business-Type activities		1,940,449	1,947,455	21,367,522	41,801,881	12,466,362	2,525,222	3,478,599	5,862,783	4,424,804	(691,637)
Total Primary Government	\$	4,739,230 \$	\$ 867,353 \$	20,456,413 \$	43,523,424 \$	7,188,655 \$	5,238,303 \$	4,622,754 \$	3,663,707 \$	(8,850,180) \$	18,734,080

City of Hopewell, Virginia
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	ć	ć	200	r F	,		9					
General Fund:	7	2013	2014	2015	2010	707	2018	2019	2020	2021	l	7707
Nonspendable	\$	507,710 \$	\$ 610,510 \$ 506,019 \$	463,095 \$	61,714 \$	63,734 \$	74,181 \$	482,946 \$	\$ 1,099	85,233	\$	166,423
Assigned	7,1	7,185,036	7,577,377	8,129,327	7,888,552	7,181,491	6,927,648	6,927,648	6,959,114	6,959,114		6,959,114
Unassigned	6,2	6,110,082	3,294,763	2,231,581	6,642,814	6,800,405	7,230,072	5,910,889	9,780,413	5,441,142	`'	18,509,332
Total General Fund	\$ 13,8	302,828 \$	11,378,159 \$	10,824,003 \$	14,593,080 \$	14,045,630 \$	14,231,901 \$	13,321,483 \$	\$ 13,802,828 \$ 11,378,159 \$ 10,824,003 \$ 14,593,080 \$ 14,045,630 \$ 14,231,901 \$ 13,321,483 \$ 16,820,626 \$ 12,485,489 \$ 25,634,869	12,485,489	`` \$	25,634,869
All other Governmental funds:												
Nonspendable	\$-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,199,005	1,495,273 \$	1,258,783 \$	1,132,247 \$	1,000,458 \$	1,234,771 \$	862,712	\$	714,798
Restricted	5,7	5,789,508	5,789,508	8,941,242	9,775,518	9,256,135	9,113,184	4,047,698	9,454,426	1		
Assigned	1,7	7,758,080	15,633,457	5,290,631	2,743,722	111,740	35,423	444,626	1	628,679		495,027
Unassigned					1	(163,272)	(2,076,542)	(3,634,626)	(5,331,441)	535,232	l	(726,753)
Total all other Governmental funds	\$ 13,5	547,588 \$	21,422,965 \$	20,430,878 \$	14,014,513 \$	10,463,386 \$	8,204,312 \$	1,858,156 \$	\$ 13,547,588 \$ 21,422,965 \$ 20,430,878 \$ 14,014,513 \$ 10,463,386 \$ 8,204,312 \$ 1,858,156 \$ 5,357,756 \$ 2,026,623 \$	2,026,623	⋄	483,072

City of Hopewell, Virginia Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

				55	2	(8,111,112)					
	20	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Revenues:]									
General property taxes	\$ 26,4	26,459,832 \$	25,308,595 \$	\$ 022,830 \$	31,060,801 \$	28,478,608 \$	29,786,192 \$	\$ 28,902,032	31,503,195 \$	\$ 088,380 \$	40,032,774
Other local taxes			8,595,179			8,733,644		9,096,519		8,578,165	9,830,718
Permits, privilege fees/regulatory licenses		42,889	105,139	230,893	205,552	116,070	230,410	219,525	339,387	569,104	254,556
Fines and forfeitures	1,5	1,544,560	1,561,049	1,545,064	1,173,179	1,624,267	1,604,078	1,220,479	1,049,027	708,164	782,880
Revenue from use of money and property	2	275,553	220,657	93,151	121,551	173,087	287,697	366,864	860,891	81,459	151,818
Charges for services	9	662,134	684,206	746,445	740,875	716,256	1,020,962	1,068,754	762,471	296,386	826,931
Miscellaneous	2,3	2,323,369	2,083,113	1,370,570	1,594,944	1,837,872	2,776,929	2,448,700	2,972,108	4,773,531	10,163,396
Recovered costs	ω	884,500	884,500	382,500	382,500	884,500	382,500	382,500	382,500	382,500	382,500
Intergovernmental	12,4	12,491,935	11,938,140	10,751,111	11,837,987	14,606,753	14,457,859	15,248,513	15,059,055	22,557,088	15,396,648
Total revenues	\$ 53,3	53,392,709 \$	51,380,578 \$	52,454,462 \$	56,037,784 \$	57,171,057 \$	59,884,018 \$	\$ 988'856'65	61,375,463 \$	64,744,777 \$	77,822,221
Expenditures:											
General government administration	3,0	3,038,151 \$	3,887,357 \$	4,034,781 \$	4,542,624 \$	5,001,250 \$	5,763,177 \$	7,318,845 \$	\$ 6,295,920 \$	10,001,264 \$	6,784,248
Judicial administration	1,9	1,916,116	2,347,692	2,582,149	2,400,080	2,452,889	2,546,239	2,619,249	2,648,229	2,773,294	3,231,455
Public safety	10,5	10,966,050	13,363,832	13,545,791	13,624,877	14,442,125	15,109,267	15,347,327	15,701,870	19,684,908	16,986,897
Public works	3,5	3,570,454	3,927,276	4,296,811	4,411,354	4,670,494	4,598,672	4,821,853	4,851,642	4,881,972	5,139,184
Health and welfare	5,1	5,154,545	5,259,251	5,465,334	5,772,564	5,728,065	5,895,215	5,868,914	6,603,161	6,573,476	7,121,821
Education	11,1	11,102,916	10,787,674	14,301,637	11,408,787	12,114,545	12,182,187	12,176,403	13,917,451	10,906,404	14,060,728
Parks, recreation and cultural	2,1	2,114,530	2,165,055	2,246,089	2,275,373	2,299,279	2,557,405	2,356,102	2,306,061	2,455,815	2,456,288
Community development	7	718,234	889,540	868,628	1,015,885	1,384,553	920,915	1,427,528	1,351,990	1,537,807	1,539,909
Nondepartmental	5,1	5,153,440	1,056,007	1,563,876	1,284,415	1,903,189	1,772,438	1,636,912	1,588,595	1,591,759	1,704,265
Capital projects	3,0	3,003,770	4,190,524	5,618,260	5,105,645	5,809,777	4,831,176	8,215,749	4,094,525	4,123,288	1,235,360
Debt service:											
Principal	2,5	2,510,773	5,456,424	2,248,464	3,186,024	3,182,512	3,241,706	3,318,096	3,744,025	3,752,560	3,848,272
Interest	2,5	2,964,085	3,052,165	2,655,885	2,123,720	2,280,958	2,213,010	2,341,602	2,073,806	2,132,480	2,107,965
Total expenditures	\$ 52,2	52,213,064 \$	56,382,797 \$	59,427,705 \$	57,151,348 \$	61,269,636 \$	61,631,407 \$	67,448,580 \$	65,177,275 \$	70,415,027 \$	66,216,392
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$ 1,1	1,179,645 \$	(5,002,219) \$	(6,973,243) \$	(1,113,564) \$	\$ (6,098,579)	(1,747,389) \$	(7,494,694) \$	(3,801,812) \$	\$ (5,670,250)	11,605,829
Other financing sources (uses):											
Transfer in	\$ 4,6	4,688,553 \$	6,663,226 \$	5,601,896 \$	5,217,372 \$	5,181,590 \$	5,287,651 \$	4,340,290 \$	3,981,243 \$	4,050,698 \$	3,838,803
Transfer out	(4,7	(4,755,048)	(7,070,552)	(5,099,896)	_	(5,181,590)	(5,287,651)	(4,340,290)	(3,981,243)	(4,050,698)	(3,838,803)
Bonds issued			10,860,253	19,210,000	•	•			•	•	1
Premium on bonds issued			•	•	•		1	,	•	•	1
Refunded bonds redeemed			•	(14,285,000)	•	•	•	•	•	•	1
Capital lease proceeds			1	1	1,280,852	1	1		1	•	•
Interest rate subsidy		.			•		•		•	•	1
Total other financing sources (uses), net	\$	\$ (96,499)	10,452,927 \$	5,427,000 \$	1,280,852 \$	\$	\$	\$	\$ -	\$	•
Net change in fund balances	\$ 1,1	1,113,150 \$	5,450,708 \$	(1,546,243) \$	167,288 \$	(4,098,579) \$	(1,747,389) \$	(7,494,694) \$	(3,801,812) \$	(5,670,250) \$	11,605,829
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures		11.70%	15.70%	9.11%	10.20%	9.85%	809.6	9.56%	9.52%	8.88%	9.17%

City of Hopewell, Virginia Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

Source: Commissioner of Revenue for the City. Assessed values for Public Service are established by the State Corporation Commission and include both real estate and personal property values.

(1) Real Estate assessed value includes both residential and commercial values, a breakdown is currently not available.

City of Hopewell, Virginia Direct Tax Rates (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

-	100	le se constant	, do	Public Utility	tility	+002;iC
	real Estate	Personal Property(2)	and Tools	real Estate	Property	Rate (3)
	1.08	3.50	3.05	1.08	3.50	1.35
	1.11	3.50	3.05	1.08	3.50	1.36
	1.13	3.50	3.05	1.02	3.50	1.47
	1.13	3.50	3.05	1.02	3.50	1.47
	1.13	3.50	3.05	1.02	3.50	1.49
	1.13	3.50	3.05	1.02	3.50	1.51
	1.13	3.50	3.05	1.02	3.50	1.53
	1.13	3.50	3.05	1.13	3.50	1.51
	1.13	3.50	3.05	1.13	3.50	1.53
	1.13	3.50	3.05	1.13	3.50	1.53

⁽¹⁾ Per \$100 of assessed value.(2) Personal property taxes are applied to the National Automobile Dealers Association (NADA) loan value.(3) Weighted average for tax levy.The City of Hopewell has no overlapping taxes.

City of Hopewell, Virginia Principal Property Taxpayers Current Year and the Period Nine Years Prior

		Fiscal Year 2022	ar 2022		Fiscal Year 2013	2013
		2021 Assessed	% of Total Assessed	20 Asse	2012 Assessed	% of Total Assessed
Тахрауег		Valuation	Valuation	Valu	Valuation	Valuation
Virginia Electric & Power Company / Dominion Virginia Power		338	0.00%		SCC	%00.0
Advansix Resins & Chemicals LLC (1)	⋄	46,052,600	3.34%	↔	36,084,900	2.64%
Continentall Hopewell Inc		17,724,700	1.29%		16,959,900	1.24%
Columbia HCA / John Randolph Hospital		22,198,600	1.61%		17,462,800	1.28%
Hopewell Cogentric Limited Partnership		SCC	%00.0		SCC	%00.0
Ashland Aqualon Company (3)		30,084,300	2.18%		24,573,100	1.80%
Pam Joy Virginia LLC (4)		8,642,800	0.63%		7,244,500	0.53%
Virginia American Water Company		SCC	%00.0		SCC	%00.0
Evoniks (5)		16,125,100	1.17%		14,190,400	1.04%
James River Cogeneration Company		SCC	%00.0		SCC	%00.0
Total of Principal Property Taxpayers	❖	140,828,100	10.22%	₩.	116,515,600	8.53%
Grand Total of All Taxpayers	⋄	1,378,287,000		\$ 1,	1,364,786,300	

Advansix Resins & Chemical LLC succeeded Honeywell/Allied
 West Rock succeeded Rock Tenn and Stone Container
 Green Plains succeeded Future Fuels
 Ashland Inc succeeded Aqualon
 Evoniks succeeded Evonik Goldschmidt Corp

Sources:

⁽a) Debra K. Reason, Commissioner of Revenue (b) Patrizia Waggoner, Real Estate Assessor

City of Hopewell, Virginia Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

				Collected Within the Fiscal Year of the Levy	n the ; Levy				Total Collections to Date	o Date
Fiscal	-	Total Tax Levy			Percentage	ŏ	Collections in			Percentage
Year		for Fiscal Year		Amount	of Levy	Sub	Subsequent Years		Amount	of Levy
2022	❖	33,462,521	↔	16,492,421	49.29%	↔		↔	16,492,421	49.29%
2021	↔	33,462,521	⊹	16,492,421	49.29%	↔	,	↔	16,492,421	49.29%
2020	↔	33,458,147	⊹	15,097,273	45.12%	↔	,	↔	15,097,273	45.12%
2019	❖	31,865,655	↔	19,450,139	94.34%	↔	,	❖	19,450,139	61.04%
2018	❖	32,683,120	↔	30,832,816	94.34%	↔		↔	30,832,816	94.34%
2017	❖	32,023,520	↔	30,143,321	94.13%	↔	358,736	❖	30,502,057	95.25%
2016	❖	29,780,535	↔	28,194,428	94.67%	↔	389,166	❖	28,583,594	95.98%
2015	❖	28,194,700	↔	27,452,021	97.37%	↔	281,375	❖	27,733,396	98.36%
2014	❖	27,263,306	↔	25,359,477	93.02%	٠	1,664,975	↔	27,024,452	99.12%
2013	⋄	25,910,451	↔	25,275,937	97.55%	↔	379,244	⋄	25,655,182	99.01%

Source: Municipal Tax Assessor

City of Hopewell, Virginia Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

		- 1		Gov	Governmental Activities						Busir	less-T	Business-Type Activities						
-	-			/04-04-04-04-04-04-04-04-04-04-04-04-04-0		ح ح	General	Ī	40			9	3	414		Total	Percentage		3
Unigation Literary Other Notes/ Obj. Bonds Fund Loans Bonds Bond	Literary Otner Notes/ Fund Loans Bonds B	Otner Notes/ Bonds B	Otner Notes/ Bonds B	ă	Bon		Obligation ond Premium	ď	Note Payable		Bonds	Reven Pre	Revenue Bond Premium	Leases	1	Government	or Personal Income (1)	آ ا	Per Capita (1)
\$ 55,872,948 \$- \$- \$-	ψ.	ѵ҅			⊹		•	↔	406,018	↔	28,215,000 \$		473,678 \$	•	-γ-	84,967,644	15.82%	⋄	3,227
\$ 43,442,180 \$- \$- \$-	.γ.	ν'n			₩			↔	559,023	\$	\$ 000,795,000		497,915 \$		↔	74,294,118	13.84%	⋄	3,227
\$ 46,662,190 \$ 382,500 \$ - \$	❖	❖	382,500 \$ - \$	\$\frac{1}{5}	❖		1	❖	709,073	↔	31,325,000 \$		555,401 \$	•	↔	79,634,164	15.16%	⋄	3,458
\$ 49,891,566 \$ 750,000 \$ - \$	\$ - \$ 000'052	\$ - \$ 000'052	\$\frac{1}{5}	٠,	-γ-		31,860	\$	856,226	\$	32,825,000 \$		549,098 \$		↔	84,903,750	%69.6	⋄	3,758
\$ 52,690,350 \$ 1,125,000 \$ - \$ 31	1,125,000 \$ - \$	1,125,000 \$ - \$	ςς. '	.	\$ 31	31	31,928	↔	1,000,537	↔	34,285,000 \$		574,238 \$		↔	89,707,503	11.53%	⋄	3,971
\$ 55,321,601 \$ 1,599,200 \$ - \$ 31	1,599,200 \$ - \$	1,599,200 \$ - \$	\$\frac{1}{5}	٠,	\$ 31	31	31,928	↔	1,141,791	\$	35,725,000 \$		601,013 \$		↔	94,420,533	12.13%	⋄	4,180
\$ 57,890,852 \$ 2,073,400 \$ - \$ 65	2,073,400 \$ - \$	2,073,400 \$ - \$	\$\frac{1}{2}	٠.	\$ \$	9	65,154	\$	1,280,852	❖	37,130,000 \$		626,155 \$	1	❖	99,066,413	12.73%	❖	4,385
\$ 60,602,676 \$ 2,547,600 \$ - \$ 7	2,547,600 \$ - \$	2,547,600 \$ - \$	\$.	\$	7	79,140	↔	,	❖	38,210,000 \$		658,519 \$	•	❖	102,097,935	13.12%	↔	4,519
\$ 57,473,287 \$ 3,021,800 \$ - \$ 15	3,021,800 \$ - \$	3,021,800 \$ - \$	₹ \$-	₹ \$-	\$ 15.	15.	157,886	❖		❖	33,680,000 \$		692,558 \$	•	❖	95,025,531	12.21%	⋄	4,206
\$ 51,595,511 \$ 3,496,000 \$ - \$ 24	3,496,000 \$ - \$	3,496,000 \$ - \$.	.	\$ 24	24	248,510	❖		\$	34,830,000 \$		718,958 \$	•		90,888,979	11.68%	❖	4,023

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

(1) See the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics - Table 12

City of Hopewell, Virginia Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year		Gross Bonded Debt	Amount: for Deb	Less Amounts Reserved for Debt Service	Bol	Net Bonded Debt (3)	Ratio of Net General Obligation Debt to Assessed Value (2)	8 ag	Bonded Debt per Capita (1)
	❖	55,872,948	❖	,	₩	55,872,948	2.44%	❖	1,886
	↔	43,442,180	❖	1	\$	43,442,180	1.92%	↔	1,886
	↔	47,044,690	❖	1	\$	47,044,690	2.19%	↔	2,043
	↔	50,673,426	❖	1	\$	50,673,426	2.32%	↔	2,243
	↔	53,847,278	↔		⋄	53,847,278	2.31%	↔	2,384
	⋄	56,952,729	⋄		⋄	56,952,729	2.48%	↔	2,521
	⋄	60,029,406	⋄		⋄	60,029,406	2.62%	↔	2,657
	⋄	63,229,416	⋄		⋄	63,229,416	2.79%	↔	2,799
	❖	60,725,169	\$	ı	⋄	60,725,169	2.73%	√ >	2,688
	❖	55,340,021	❖		❖	55,340,021	2.62%	₩	2,450

Population data can be found in the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics - Table 12.
 See schedule of Real Estate Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property - Table 5.
 Includes all long-term general obligation bonded debt, Literacy Fund Loans, excludes revenue bonds, capital lease, and compensated absences.

City of Hopewell, Virginia Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Debt limit	\$ 130,445,020	\$ 130,445,020 \$ 133,262,850	\$ 130,418,300	\$ 130,418,300 \$ 152,575,750	\$ 152,829,050	\$ 153,420,680	\$ 157,643,920	\$ 158,864,270	\$163,855,820	\$163,855,820
Total net debt applicable to limit	55,340,021	60,725,169	63,229,416	60,029,406	56,952,729	53,847,278	50,673,426	47,044,690	43,442,180	43,442,180
Legal debt margin	\$ 75,104,999 \$ 72,537,681	\$ 72,537,681	\$ 67,188,884	\$ 92,546,344	\$ 95,876,321	\$ 99,573,402	\$ 106,970,494	\$ 111,819,580	\$ 106,970,494 \$ 111,819,580 \$ 120,413,640 \$ 120,413,640	\$ 120,413,640
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	42.42%	45.57%	48.48%	39.34%	37.27%	35.10%	32.14%	29.61%	26.51%	26.51%
Source: Valuation bases were obtained from the Hopewell Real Estate Assessor's office. (a) Limit set by Virginia Statute.	e Hopewell Real Estat	te Assessor's office. Legal Debt Margin	n calculation for Fiscal Year 2021	iscal Year 2021						
		Assessed value Add back: exempt re Total assessed value	Assessed value Add back: exempt real property Total assessed value						\$1,378,278,000 210,364,700 \$1,588,642,700	\$1,457,433,200 181,125,000 \$ 1,638,558,200
		Debt limit (10% of total asse Net debt applicable to limit Legal debt margin	Debt limit (10% of total assessed value) (a) Net debt applicable to limit Legal debt margin	l value) (a)					\$ 158,864,270 47,044,690 \$111,819,580	\$ 163,855,820 43,442,180 \$120,413,640

City of Hopewell, Virginia Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Population (a)		Personal Income (b)	Per Capita Personal Income (c)		Unemployment Rate (d)
2022	23,033	↔	536,991,362	❖	23,314	8.1%
2021	23,033	↔	536,991,362	❖	23,314	8.1%
2020	23,033	↔	536,991,362	↔	23,314	14.2%
2019	22,529	⋄	525,241,106	❖	23,314	4.4%
2018	22,591	⋄	876,056,389	❖	38,779	4.8%
2017	22,591	↔	778,341,324	❖	34,454	6.1%
2016	22,591	↔	778,341,324	❖	34,454	%9.9
2015	22,591	↔	778,341,324	❖	34,454	%9'.
2014	22,591	↔	778,341,324	❖	34,454	%0.6
2013	22,591	❖	778,341,324	❖	34,454	%8'6

Source:

⁽a) Population information provided by the U.S. Census Bureau.

⁽b) Personal income estimated based upon the municipal population and per capita income presented.

⁽c) Per capita personal income by municipality estimated based upon the 2000 census published by the U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis.

Current Year and Period Nine Years Prior City of Hopewell, Virginia **Principal Employers**

	Fiscal Year 2022		Fiscal Year 2013	8
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employees	Rank
Hopewell City School Board	500 to 999 employees	1	500 to 999 employees	1
AdvanSix Inc	500 to 999 employees	2	500 to 999 employees	2
HCA Virginia Health System	500 to 999 employees	æ	500 to 999 employees	c
City of Hopewell	250 to 499 employees	4	250 to 499 employees	2
Alliance Group Rock Tenn	250 to 499 employees	9	250 to 499 employees	9
Metz Division	100 to 249 employees	7	100 to 249 employees	∞
Aqualon Company	100 to 249 employees	∞	100 to 249 employees	7
DuPont Specialty Products USA LLC	250 to 499 employees	2	250 to 499 employees	4
Turner Speciality Services LLC	100 to 249 employees	10	n/a	n/a
Hopewell Operations LLC	100 to 249 employees	n/a	100 to 249 employees	6
Quality Specialities	100 to 249 employees	n/a	100 to 249 employees	n/a
Wonder City Rehabilitation & Nursing	100 to 249 employees	6		

Source: Virginia Employment Commission

(1) In FY 2009, Alliance Group Rock Tenn was Stone Container Corporation(2) In FY 2009, Metz Division was Goldschmidt Chemical Corporation.(3) In FY 2017, AdvanSix separated from Honeywell International Inc

City of Hopewell, Virginia Full-Time City Government Employees by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
General Government:										
City Clerk	Н	Н	1	П	П	1	2	2	2	2
City Attorney	2	2	2	1	ı	1		П	2	2
City Manager	9	7	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Finance Department	15	14	14	14	14	16	16	17	18	18
City Treasurer	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	9	9	9
Commissioner of Revenue	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Voter Registrar	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Judicial Administration:										
Clerk of Circuit Court	2	2	2	5	5	2	2	2	2	2
Commonwealth Attorney	7	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	7	7
Court Services	3	3	8	ε	8	ĸ	ĸ	æ	2	2
General District Court	1	1	П	1	П	1	1	⊣	1	П
Public Safety:										
Sheriff Department	10	10	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Fire & Rescue	45	45	45	47	47	53	54	54	54	54
Building inspections	9	9	9	9	9	7	7	7	7	7
Police Department	9/	82	82	82	82	82	82	82	83	83
Animal Control	Н	П	2	2	2	æ	ĸ	3	m	3
Emergency Services	Н	П	Н	П	Н	П	1	Т	1	П
Public Works:										
General Maintenance	33	34	36	36	36	41	43	43	43	43
Landfill	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	æ	3
Engineering	4	8	3	æ	3	4	4	4	4	4
Sewer Services	09	61	61	61	61	58	09	61	61	61
Health & Welfare:										
Department of Social Services	40	40	40	40	44	58	53	26	26	26
Community Services Act	Н	П	Н	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Culture and Recreation:										
Parks and Recreation	15	15	15	15	15	17	17	17	17	17
Tourism	П	П	ı	1	1	1		,	,	1
Community Development	3	3	3	æ	3	8	3	3	æ	3
Planning	П	П	1	П	1	1	П	1	1	Н
Totals	353	359	365	366	370	399	401	408	411	411

Source: Full-time city government employee positions authorized as part of the annual budget approval by City Council.

City of Hopewell, Virginia Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

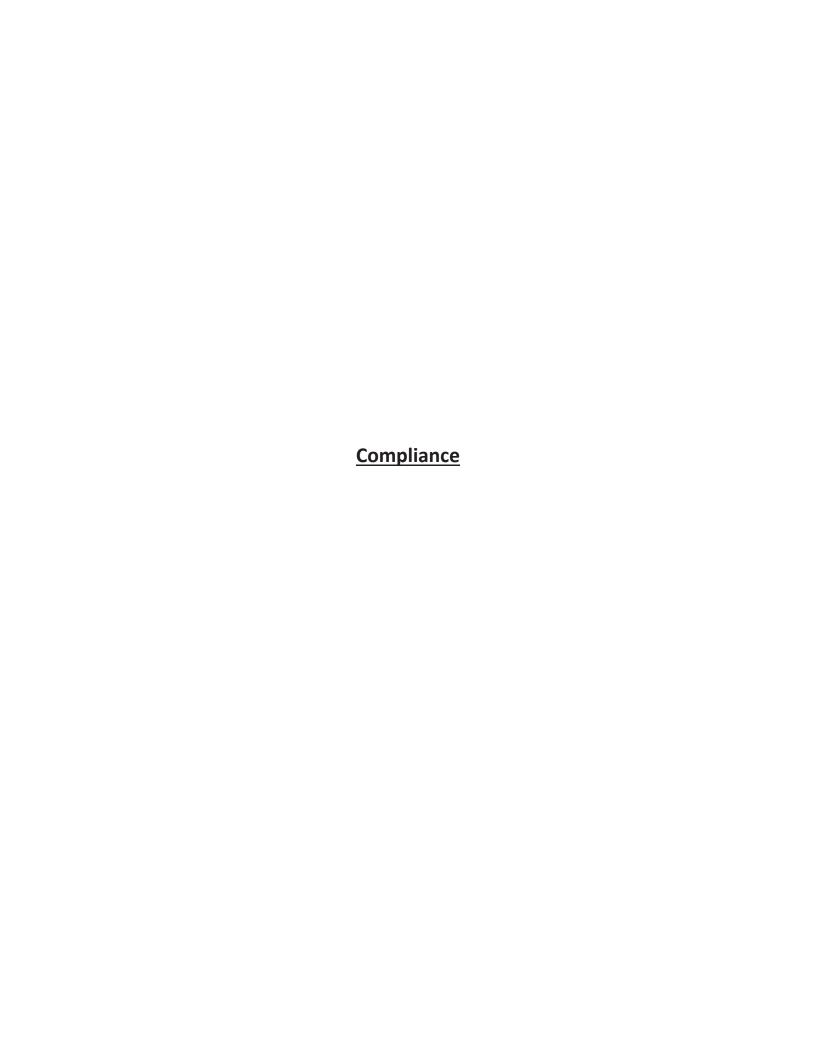
Function	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Public safety										
Folice department: F911 calls answered	24655	14 205	19 516	19 701	19 701	18 602	15 550	15 550	15.366	15.366
Animal calls answered	2,818	2,917	2,960	2,712	2,473	2,411	2,935	2,081	2,017	2,017
Physical arrests	1,031	1,394	1,297	1,306	1,141	1,000	904	792	687	687
Civil papers										
Fire and rescue:										
Fire calls	3,213	3,352	3,138	3,477	4,394	5,219	5,256	5,124	5,280	5,280
EMS calls	3,545	3,556	1,296	4,001	3,822	4,115	4,187	4,182	4,691	4,691
Building inspections:										
Permits issued (all)	957	928	1,029	086	852	298	693	730	794	794
Inspections done (all)	2,560	2,297	4,007	1,313	2,281	3,854	3,083	3,828	4,663	4,663
Public works										
General maintenance:										
Work orders issued	2,501	3,196	2,688	2,701	2,393	2,470	2,469	2,241	2,365	2,365
Health and welfare										
Caseload*	10,911	11,446	12,324	8,652	11,888	13,469	12,265	12,928	13,236	13,236
Culture and recreation										
Community center visits	55,565	59,845	49,167	57,864	45,533	79,292	214,400	194,494	125,481	125,481
Summer program participants	N/A	N/A	223	1,511	2,069	4,197	3,205	1,400	1,000	1,000
Youth sports participants	N/A	2,235	737	711	806	812	840	096	390	390
Community development Planning:										
Zoning permits issued	291	539	167	199	186	215	270	161	309	309
Inspections done (all)					1,026	1,891	3,733	4,691	2,996	2,996

Source: Individual city department workload counts. * Average total case count.

City of Hopewell, Virginia Capital Asset Statistics by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
General Government							İ			
Administration buildings	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Vehicles	9	5	5	7	6	6	6	6	6	6
Public Works										
Vehicles	46	48	48	47	49	51	51	48	20	50
Public Safety										
Police Department:										
Vehicles	09	09	53	55	59	74	80	77	106	106
Sheriff Department:										
Vehicles	16	18	18	19	23	22	27	25	30	30
Fire Department:										
Fire stations	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Fire trucks	2	2	2	7	7	9	2	2	9	9
Other vehicles	8	∞	10	10	11	13	15	21	13	13
Building Inspectors:										
Vehicles	6	10	6	6	6	6	∞	2	2	5
Culture and Recreation										
Parks and Recreation:										
Community centers	1	1	1	1	Т	1	1	П	1	1
Vehicles	12	12	12	12	14	14	13	13	10	10
Parks acreage	161	161	161	161	161	226	226	226	226	226
Swimming pools	1	1	1	1	П	1	1	П	1	1
Tennis courts	14	14	14	14	14	9	9	9	9	9
Ballfields	20	20	20	20	20	9	9	9	9	9
Soccer fields	8	8	8	8	∞	4	4	4	4	4

Source: City Fixed Asset System by City departments





ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements

Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Honorable Members of City Council City of Hopewell, Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Hopewell, Virginia as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Hopewell, Virginia's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated August 22, 2025.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Hopewell, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Hopewell, Virginia's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Hopewell, Virginia's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2022-001 that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

hobinson, Found, lox associats

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Hopewell, Virginia's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Charlottesville, Virginia

August 22, 2025



ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Honorable Members of City Council City of Hopewell, Virginia

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited City of Hopewell, Virginia's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of City of Hopewell, Virginia's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. City of Hopewell, Virginia's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, City of Hopewell, Virginia complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of City of Hopewell, Virginia and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of City of Hopewell, Virginia's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to City of Hopewell, Virginia's federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on City of Hopewell, Virginia's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about City of Hopewell, Virginia's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit
 procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding City of
 Hopewell, Virginia's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other
 procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of City of Hopewell, Virginia's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order
 to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over
 compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of City of Hopewell, Virginia's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance: (Continued)

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Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Charlottesville, Virginia

August 22, 2025

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS PRIMARY GOVERNMENT AND DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Department of Education: National School Lunch Program 10.555/2t Total 10.555 School Breakfast Program 10.553/2t Summer Food Service Program for Children Not aw Total Child Mutrition Cluster Child and Adult Care Food Program Pandemic EBT Administrative Costs Department of Social Services: SNAP Cluster: State Administrative Matching Grants for Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Nutrition Assistance Nutrition Program Nutrition Program Nutrition Program Nutrition Assistance Nutrition Program Nu	hrough Ientifying mber	Federal CFDA Number	Federal Expenditures
Pass Through Payments (Virginia Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services: Child Nutrition Cluster: Food Distribution Department of Education: National School Lunch Program Total 10.555/20 Total 10.555 School Breakfast Program 10.555/20 Summer Food Service Program for Children Total Child Nutrition Cluster Child and Adult Care Food Program Pandemic EBT Administrative Costs Not av Department of Social Services: SNAP Cluster: State Administrative Matching Grants for Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Total Department of Agriculture Department of Agriculture Department of Agriculture Department of Housing and Urban Development: Direct Payments: JROTC Total Department of Housing and Urban Development Direct Payments: Program and Non-Entitlement Grants in Hawaii Ny Total Department of Justice Pass Through Payments: Unepartment of Justice Crime Victim Assistance Coronavirus Emergency Supplemental Funding Program Total Department of Justice Department of Justice Pass Through Payments: Virginia Department of Motor Vehicles: Virginia Department of Motor Vehicles: Virginia Department of Motor Vehicles: Virginia Department of Forespass State and Community Highway Safety Total Department of Transportation: Pass Through Payments: COVID-19 - Coronavirus Relief Fund Virginia Department of Genovirus Sate and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund Virginia Department of Education: COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund Virginia Department of Education: COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund Virginia Department of Education: COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund Virginia Department of Education: COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund Virginia Department of Education: COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund Virginia Department of Education: CVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund Virginia Department of Education: CVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund Virginia Department of Educat			
Department of Education: National School Lunch Program 10.555/20 Total 10.555 School Breakfast Program 10.555/20 School Breakfast Program 10.555/20 School Breakfast Program 10.555/20 Summer Food Service Program for Children Total Child Nutrition Cluster Child and Adult Care Food Program Pandemic EBT Administrative Costs Department of Social Services: SNAP Cluster: State Administrative Matching Grants for Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program 0010111/0010112/ Total Department of Agriculture Department of Defense: Direct Payments: Direct Payments: IROTC Total Department of Housing and Urban Development: Direct Payments: Community Development Block Grants/State's Program and Non-Entitlement Grants in Hawaii N/ Total Department of Housing and Urban Development Department of Justice: Pass Through Payments: Department of Justice Crime Victim Assistance Coronavirus Emergency Supplemental Funding Program unava Total Department of Justice Crime Victim Assistance Coronavirus Emergency Supplemental Funding Program Total Department of Justice Pass Through Payments: Virginia Department of Motor Vehicles: National Priority Safety Programs State and Community Highway Safety Total Department of Transportation Department of Treasury Direct Payments: Virginia Department of Accounts: COVID-19 - Coronavirus Etelef Fund Virginia Department of Accounts: COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund Virginia Department of Education: COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund Virginia Department of Education: COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund Virginia Department of Education: CVIVI-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund Virginia Department of Education: CVIVI-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund Virginia Department of Education: CVIVI-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund Virginia Department of Education: CVIVI-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund Virginia Department of Education:			
National School Lunch Program Total 10.555 School Breakfast Program Summer Food Service Program for Children Total Child Mutrition Cluster Child and Adult Care Food Program Pandemic EBT Administrative Costs Department of Social Services: SNAP Cluster: State Administrative Matching Grants for Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program O010111/0010112/ Total Department of Agriculture Department of Agriculture Department of Defense: Direct Payments: JROTC Notal Department of Defense Department of Housing and Urban Development: Direct Payments: JROTC Notal Department of Housing and Urban Development: Direct Payments: Ommunity Development Block Grants/State's Program and Non-Entitlement Grants in Hawaii Notal Department of Justice Pass Through Payments: Department of Justice Crime Victim Assistance Coronavirus Emergency Supplemental Funding Program Unava Total Department of Justice Department of Justice Pass Through Payments: Virginia Department of Motor Vehicles: National Priority Safety Programs State and Community Highway Safety Total Department of Transportation Departme	2017/2018	10.555	\$
Summer Food Service Program for Children Total Child Nutrition Cluster Child and Adult Care Food Program Pandemic EBT Administrative Costs Department of Social Services: SNAP Cluster: State Administrative Matching Grants for Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program O010111/0010112/ Total Department of Agriculture Department of Defense: Direct Payments: IRROW INTERIOR AND ADD Program SUPPLET STATE	2017/2018	10.555	1,987,400 \$ 1,987,400
Pandemic EBT Administrative Costs Department of Social Services: SNAP Cluster: State Administrative Matching Grants for Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program 0010111/0010112/ Total Department of Agriculture Department of Defense: Direct Payments: JROTC NN/ Total Department of Defense Department of Housing and Urban Development: Direct Payments: Community Development Block Grants/State's Program and Non-Entitlement Grants in Hawaii N/ Total Department of Housing and Urban Development Department of Justice: Pass Through Payments: Department of Justice: Pass Through Payments: Urignia Department of Justice Crime Victim Assistance Coronavirus Emergency Supplemental Funding Program Total Department of Justice Department of Transportation: Pass Through Payments: Virgnia Department of Motor Vehicles: National Priority Safety Programs State and Community Highway Safety Total Department of Transportation Department of Transportation Department of Transportation Department of Transportation Pass Through Payments: Virgnia Department of Accounts: COVID-19 - Coronavirus Relief Fund Virginia Department of Accounts: COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund Virginia Department Criminal Justice Services: COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund Virginia Department of Accounts: COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund Virginia Department Criminal Justice Services: COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund Virginia Department of Accounts: COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund Virginia Department of Accounts: COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund Virginia Department of Department Criminal Justice Services: COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund Virginia Department Criminal Justice Services: COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund Virginia Department Criminal Justice Services: COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund Virginia Department Criminal	2017/2018 vailable	10.553 10.559	675,115 \$ 54,979 \$ 2,717,494
State Administrative Matching Grants for Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program 0010111/0010112/ Total Department of Agriculture Department of Defense: Direct Payments: JROTC N/ Total Department of Defense Department of Housing and Urban Development: Direct Payments: Community Development Block Grants/State's Program and Non-Entitlement Grants in Hawaii N/ Total Department of Housing and Urban Development Department of Housing and Urban Development Department of Housing and Urban Development Department of Justice Pass Through Payments; Department of Justice Crime Victim Assistance Coronavirus Emergency Supplemental Funding Program unava Total Department of Justice Pass Through Payments; Virginia Department of Motor Vehicles: National Priority Safety Programs State and Community Highway Safety Total Department of Transportation Department of Transportati	vailable vailable	10.558 10.649	31,630 3,063
Direct Payments: JROTC Total Department of Defense Department of Housing and Urban Development: Direct Payments: Community Development Block Grants/State's Program and Non-Entitlement Grants in Hawaii N/ Total Department of Housing and Urban Development Department of Justice: Pass Through Payments: Department of Justice Crime Victim Assistance Coronavirus Emergency Supplemental Funding Program unava Total Department of Justice Department of Justice Crime Victim Assistance Coronavirus Emergency Supplemental Funding Program Unava Total Department of Justice Department of Transportation: Pass Through Payments: Virginia Department of Motor Vehicles: National Proirity Safety Programs State and Community Highway Safety Total Department of Transportation Department of Transportation Department of Treasury Direct Payments: Equitable Sharing N/ Pass Through Payments: Virginia Department of Accounts: COVID-19 - Coronavirus Relief Fund Virginia Department of Accounts: COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund Virginia Department of Education: COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund Virginia Department of Education: COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund Virginia Department of Education: COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund Virginia Department of Education: COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund Virginia Department of Education: COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund Virginia Department of Education: COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund Virginia Department of Education:	2/0040111/0040112	10.561	\$ 746,399 \$ 3,498,586
Department of Housing and Urban Development: Direct Payments: Community Development Block Grants/State's Program and Non-Entitlement Grants in Hawaii N/ Total Department of Housing and Urban Development Department of Justice: Pass Through Payments: Department of Justice Crime Victim Assistance Coronavirus Emergency Supplemental Funding Program unava Total Department of Justice Department of Transportation: Pass Through Payments: Virginia Department of Motor Vehicles: National Priority Safety Programs State and Community Highway Safety Total Department of Transportation Note Through Payments: Equitable Sharing Pass Through Payments: Virginia Department of Accounts: COVID-19 - Coronavirus Relief Fund Notinginia Department of Accounts: COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund Virginia Department Criminal Justice Services: COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund Virginia Department of Education: COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund Virginia Department of Education: COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund Virginia Department of Education: COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund Virginia Department of Education: COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund Virginia Department of Education: COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund Virginia Department of Education: COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund Virginia Department of Education: COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund Virginia Department of Education: CVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund Virginia Department of Education: CVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund Virginia Department of Education: CVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund Virginia Department Office Turbus Publication	i/A	12.000	\$ 73,815
Direct Payments: Community Development Block Grants/State's Program and Non-Entitlement Grants in Hawaii N/ Total Department of Housing and Urban Development Department of Justice: Pass Through Payments: Department of Justice Crime Victim Assistance Coronavirus Emergency Supplemental Funding Program unava Coronavirus Emergency Supplemental Funding Program unava Total Department of Justice Department of Transportation: Pass Through Payments: Virginia Department of Motor Vehicles: National Priority Safety Programs State and Community Highway Safety Total Department of Transportation Department of Treasury Direct Payments: Equitable Sharing Pass Through Payments: Virginia Department of Accounts: COVID-19 - Coronavirus Relief Fund N/ Virginia Department of Accounts: COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund Virginia Department of Education: COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund Virginia Department of Education: COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund Virginia Department of Education: COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund Virginia Department of Education: COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund Virginia Department of Education: COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund Virginia Department of Education: COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund Virginia Department of Education: COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund Virginia Department of Education: COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund Virginia Department of Education: COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund Virginia Department of Education: COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund Total 21.027		9	\$ 73,815
Pass Through Payments: Department of Justice Crime Victim Assistance Coronavirus Emergency Supplemental Funding Program unava Total Department of Justice Department of Transportation: Pass Through Payments: Virginia Department of Motor Vehicles: National Priority Safety Programs State and Community Highway Safety Total Department of Transportation Department of Treasury Direct Payments: Equitable Sharing Pass Through Payments: Virginia Department of Accounts: COVID-19 - Coronavirus Relief Fund Virginia Department of Accounts: COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund Virginia Department Criminal Justice Services: COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund Virginia Department of Education: COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund Virginia Department of Education: COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund Virginia Department of Education: COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund Virginia Department of Education: COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund Virginia Department of Education: COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund Virginia Department of Education: COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund Virginia Department of Education: COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund Virginia Department of Education: COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund Virginia Department of Education: COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund Virginia Department of Education: COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund Virginia Department of Education: COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund Virginia Department Of Education: COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund Virginia Department Of Education: COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund Virginia Department Of Education:	I/A	14.228	\$ 98,981 \$ 98,981
Crime Victim Assistance Coronavirus Emergency Supplemental Funding Program Total Department of Justice Department of Transportation: Pass Through Payments: National Priority Safety Programs State and Community Highway Safety Total Department of Transportation Department of Transportation Department of Transportation Department of Treasury Direct Payments: Equitable Sharing N/Pass Through Payments: Virginia Department of Accounts: COVID-19 - Coronavirus Relief Fund N/Virginia Department of Accounts: COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund Virginia Department Criminal Justice Services: COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund Virginia Department of Education: COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund Virginia Department of Education: COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund Virginia Department of Education: COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund Virginia Department of Education: COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund Virginia Department of Education: COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund Virginia Department of Education: COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund Virginia Department of Education: COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund Virginia Department of Education: COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund Virginia Department of Education:			
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Pass Through Payments: Virginia Department of Motor Vehicles: National Priority Safety Programs State and Community Highway Safety Total Department of Transportation Pierct Payments: Equitable Sharing Ny Pass Through Payments: Virginia Department of Accounts: COVID-19 - Coronavirus Relief Fund Ny Virginia Department of Accounts: COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund Virginia Department Criminal Justice Services: COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund Virginia Department of Education: COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund Virginia Department of Education: COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund Virginia Department of Education: COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund Ny Total 21.027 Pass Through Payments: Virginia Department of Education:		9	\$ 143,603
Direct Payments: Equitable Sharing N/ Pass Through Payments: Virginia Department of Accounts: COVID-19 - Coronavirus Relief Fund N/ Virginia Department of Accounts: COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund Virginia Department Criminal Justice Services: COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund Virginia Department Criminal Justice Services: COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund Virginia Department of Education: COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund N/ Total 21.027 Pass Through Payments: Virginia Department of Education:	E2050181	20.616 \$ 20.600	\$ 3,252 4,547 \$ 7,799
Equitable Sharing Pass Through Payments: Virginia Department of Accounts: COVID-19 - Coronavirus Relief Fund N/ Virginia Department of Accounts: COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund Virginia Department Criminal Justice Services: COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund Virginia Department of Education: COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund N/ Virginia Department of Education: COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund N/ Total 21.027 Pass Through Payments: Virginia Department of Education:			
COVID-19 - Coronavirus Relief Fund Virginia Department of Accounts: COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund Virginia Department Criminal Justice Services: COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund Virginia Department of Education: COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund N/ Total 21.027 Pass Through Payments: Virginia Department of Education:	//A	21.016	\$ 7,040
COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund Virginia Department Criminal Justice Services: COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund Virginia Department of Education: COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund N/ Total 21.027 Pass Through Payments: Virginia Department of Education:	I/A	21.019	485,052
COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund Virginia Department of Education: COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund N/ Total 21.027 Pass Through Payments: Virginia Department of Education:	I/A	21.027	464,983
COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund Total 21.027 Pass Through Payments: Virginia Department of Education:	I/A	21.027	16,682
Pass Through Payments: Virginia Department of Education:	I/A	21.027	
Virginia Department of Education:		,	\$ 481,665
COVID-19 - Coronavirus Poliof Fund	0022	21.019	¢
		21.013	
Total Department of Treasury Environmental Protection Agency:		;	\$ 973,757
Direct Payments:	I/A	66.818	\$ \$

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS PRIMARY GOVERNMENT AND DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (Continued)

Federal Grantor Pass Through Grantor	Pass-through Entity Identifying	Federal CFDA	Federal
Program or Cluster Title	Number	Number	Expenditures
Department of Education:			
<u>Direct Payments:</u>			
Impact Aid	N/A	84.041 \$	12,827
Pass Through Payments:			
Department of Education:	50404420045/50444420045	04.040 Å	2 222 42
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	S010A120046/S011A130046	84.010 \$	2,333,42
Special Education Cluster: Special Education - Grants to States	H027A120107/H027A130107	84.027 \$	405,82
Special Education - Grants to States Special Education - Preschool Grants	H173A120112/H173A130112	84.173	23,90
Total Special Education Cluster	11173/120112/11173/130112	\$	
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	V048A120046/V048A130046	84.048	198,27
Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers	Not available	84.287	28,47
English Language Acquisition State Grants	T365A120046	84.365	
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants (formerly			
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants)	S367A110044/S367A120044	84.367	244,26
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	Not available	84.424	85,06
COVID-19-Education Stabilization Fund:			
Governor's Emergency Education Relief Fund	Not available	84.425C	(
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	S425D200008	84.425D	5,358,63
Total COVID-19-Education Stabilization Fund		\$	5,358,63
Total Department of Education		Ś	8,690,68
Department of Health and Human Services:			
Direct Payments:			
Head Start	N/A	93.600 \$	1,370,77
Pass Through Payments:			
Department of Social Services:			
Promoting Safe and Stable Families	950112	93.556 \$	27,03
Guardianship Assistance	950112	93.090	40
Title IV-E Prevention Program	90300/93151/91451	93.472	7,49
TANF Cluster:			
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	0400111/0400112	93.558	393,19
Refugee and Entrant Assistance State/Replacement Designee	0500440/0500444	02.566	1.04
Administered Programs	0500110/0500111	93.566 93.568	1,84
Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Child Care and Development Fund Cluster:	0600411/0600412	93.508	64,82
Child Care and Development Block Grant	90564	93.575	(20
Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds of the Child Care	30304	33.373	(20
and Development Fund	0760111/0760112	93.596	80,24
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program	0900111/0900112	93.645	82
Foster Care-Title IV-E	1100111/1100112	93.658	292,50
Adoption Assistance	1120111/1120112	93.659	594,71
Social Services Block Grant	1000110/1000111	93.667	362,40
Chafee Foster Care Independence Program	9150111/9150112	93.674	5,90
Elder Abuse Prevention Interventions Program	90380/90381	93.747	8,46
Children's Health Insurance Program	0540111/0540112	93.767	3,83
Medicaid Cluster:	1200111/1200112	02.770	207.25
Medical Assistance Program	1200111/1200112	93.778	397,35
Total Department of Social Services		Ş.	2,240,85
otal Department of Health and Human Services		\$	3,611,63
Department of Homeland Security: Pass Through Payments:			
Virginia Department of Emergency Services:			
Emergency Management Performance Grants	Not available	97.042 \$	67,76
State Homeland Security Grant Program	Not available	97.042 3	77,00
Fotal Department of Homeland Security	NOT available	\$7.007	144,76
		ب خ	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS - REPORTING ENTITY		\$	17,243,62
See accompanying notes to schedule of expenditures of federal awards.			

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Note 1 - Basis of Accounting

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the City of Hopewell, Virginia under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2022. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the City of Hopewell, Virginia, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the City of Hopewell, Virginia.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

- (1) Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in *the Uniform Guidance*, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.
- (2) Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

Note 3 - Food Donation

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed.

Note 4 - De Minimis Cost Rate

The City did not elect to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under Uniform Guidance.

Note 5 - Subrecipients

No awards were passed through to subrecipients.

Note 6 - Loan Balances

Т

The City has no loans or loan guarantees which are subject to reporting requirements for the current year.

Note 7 - Relationship to Financial Statements

Federal expenditures, revenues and capital contributions are reported in the City's basic financial statements as follows:

Intergovernmental federal revenues per the basic financial statements:

Primary government:	
General Fund	\$ 312,847
Virginia Public Assistance Fund	2,938,805
Capital Projects Fund	464,983
Nonmajor Funds	142,481
Sewer Fund	 485,052
Total primary government	\$ 4,344,168
Component Unit School Board:	
School Operating Fund	\$ 10,694,061
School Cafeteria Fund	 2,715,727
Total component unit school board	\$ 13,409,788
Component Unit - Children's Services Act Board	\$ 48,451
Total federal expenditures per basic financial statements	\$ 17,802,407
Medicaid charges for services - School Board	\$ (558,781)
Federal interest subsidy	\$
School food difference	\$
Total federal expenditures per the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	\$ 17,243,626

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued:

Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

None reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? Yes

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

None reported

Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs:

Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR Section 200.516(a)?

No

Identification of major programs:

CFDA #	Name of Federal Program or Cluster
93.660	Head Start
21.019	COVID-19 - Coronavirus Relief Fund
84.425	Education Stabilization Fund
21.027	COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund
84.010	Title I - Grants to Local Educational Agencies

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A

and Type B programs \$750,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

Finding 2022-001 City's and School Board's Finance Organization and Financial Statement Closing Process

Criteria:

The City and School Board have not established policies and procedures and an effective internal control framework that would enable the City and School Board to maintain financial records accurately and timely.

Tone at the Top

Control environment sets the tone of an organization, influencing the control consciousness of its people. It is the foundation on which an effective system of internal control is built and operated in an organization that strives to:

- 1. Achieve its strategic objectives,
- 2. Provide reliable financial reporting to internal and external stakeholders,
- 3. Operate its business efficiently and effectively,
- 4. Comply with all applicable laws and regulations, and
- 5. Safeguard its assets.

Control environment factors include the integrity, ethical values, and competence of the City's personnel, management's philosophy and operating style, the way management assigns authority and responsibility, and organizes and develops its people, and the attention and direction provided by the City Council.

The Internal Control Framework would include establishing or enhancing guidance in the following areas:

- *Control environment* sets the tone of an organization, influencing the control consciousness of its people. It is the foundation for all other components of internal control, providing discipline and structure.
- *Risk assessment* is the entity's identification and analysis of relevant risks to achievement of its objectives, forming a basis for developing appropriate risk responses.
- *Control activities* are the actions management establishes through policies and procedures to achieve objectives and respond to risks in the internal control system.
- Information and communication systems support the identification, capture, and exchange of information in a form and time frame that enables people to carry out their responsibilities.
- Monitoring consists of activities management establishes and operates to assess the quality of performance over time.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS: (CONTINUED)

Condition and Context:

City

Cash

Monthly Bank Reconciliations are not being performed timely or accurately by the Treasurer's Office in order to ensure the accuracy and completeness of the general ledger.

Investments

The Treasurer and the Finance Department are not familiar with the accounting for Investments. Account balances are maintained for investments accounts where the restrictions have expired and are available for general City purposes and not transferred to the consolidated account. Capital expenditures are paid from the consolidated bank account and not reimbursed from the respective bond investment accounts.

Taxes Receivable

The taxes receivable subsidiary accounts are not reconciled to the general ledger on a current basis.

Accounts receivable-HRWTF/Refunds

The commission members and customer accounts receivable and related refunds were not reconciled to the general ledger accounts on a timely basis. The Munis implementation balances had not been verified and were uploaded without a reconciliation to the general ledger. Additionally incorrect posting of receipts contributed to the issue. The refunds have not been calculated and recorded in the general ledger. The issue existed since the fiscal year 2015.

Accounts receivable- Utility Billing

The Sewer Services, Solid Waste, and Storm water Funds receivables could not be reconciled to the general ledger. The issue has existed since the fiscal year 2015.

Due from other governments -City/CSA

The revenues and receivables are not reconciled on a current basis in the general ledger to third party support (APA) on a timely basis.

Capital Projects Funds

The Capital Projects should only be used for acquisitions of capital assets costs in excess of \$10,000 or repairs in excess \$10,000 that have a life greater than one year per the City's capitalization policy. Significant purchases of amounts less than \$10,000 are recorded through the fund as opposed to current operations.

The Finance Department staff are not familiar with the accounting for bond proceeds that fund capital projects. When the costs are incurred they are paid from City's operating fund and should have a corresponding transfer from the bond investment accounts. The bond accounts have not been monitored on regular basis as to determine their propriety.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS: (CONTINUED)

Condition and Context: (Continued)

City: (Continued)

Journal Entries (GNI)

The general ledger transactions and corrections were posted through a significant number of GNI's posting or correcting a significant amount of account codes during the year.

Adjusting Journal Entries

General ledger required a significant amount of adjusting entries to close and correct the general ledger to generate the financial statements. This issue has existed since fiscal year 2015.

Grant Accounting

The City historically budgeted grant revenues and expenditures for grants in the general fund, recreation fund and Capital project fund on functional basis other than CDBG funds which are accounted for in a specific special revenue fund based on HUD guidance. The Finance staff, without proper authorization or understanding of grant accounting and general ledger accounts, directed all departments receiving grants funds to post their expenditures in new accounts coded in the CDBG fund as well as in an agency fund.

Beacon Theatre

Beacon Theatre Enterprise Fund operations are managed by a third party. The information and support for the financial transactions are not provided in a detailed format sufficient to prepare complete and accurate financial statements. The Finance Department professional local government accounting consultants are required to summarize and verify the financial information and prepare financial statements.

School Board

Cash

The cash transactions of the receipts and disbursements are processed through the City's consolidated checking account in accordance with Virginia Statues. To ensure the accuracy of the transactions monthly reconciliations with the Treasurer are required to detect any errors. During FY 2022, these reconciliations were not performed in a timely manner.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS: (CONTINUED)

Cause

City:

Cash

Treasurer's reconciliation process was and is not performed in a timely manner to prevent or detect errors. The Finance Department did not have processes in place to timely review the general ledger for accuracy. The implementation of the Munis system automated processes were not considered for certain areas which were recorded through journal entries pre implementation. The staff of the Treasurer and the Finance Department lack the knowledge, skill and experience to perform the duties necessary to prevent or detect errors.

Investments

The staff of the Treasurer and the Finance Department lack the knowledge, skill and experience to manage the investment accounts which includes the purpose of the accounts, long term planning and related provisions of contracts laws and regulations. Policies and procedures were not developed over investments with the transition to the new accounting system (MUNIS). Institutional knowledge of the Treasurer and Finance Department prior to the implementation was not incorporated.

Taxes Receivable

Inadequate training of Treasurer and the Finance Director staff on maintaining the general ledger and supervisory level staff not having the knowledge, skill and experience to develop policies and procedures and training for reconciling the taxes receivable subsidiary accounts to the general ledger resulted in the reconciliations not bing performed. The reconciliation processes should be systemic (automated), but still requires a process for verifying that errors are properly corrected in the general ledger and sub ledgers in a timely manner.

Accounts Receivable-HRWTF/Refunds

The commission billing and related refunds prior to the implementation of MUNIS were processed in the Finance Department. With the Munis implementation the responsibilities were transferred to HRWTF. The staff were not provided adequate training on the new responsibilities and the MUNIS system. There was a lack of coordination between the Treasurer and the staff on receipt recording.

Accounts Receivable- Utility Billing

The City utilizes a third party to bill customers and collect the payments for the utility billings. Prior to implementation of MUNIS, the transactions transmitted were verified and posted manually to the general ledger by the Finance Department. This process was not integrated into the MUNIS system. The manual process was not performed after the implementation. Data was not available in a format to enable a manual reconciliation in the ensuing years.

Due from Other Governments -City/CSA

Reconciliations processes were not carried over or redesigned with the implementation of MUNIS system.

Capital Projects Funds

Policies and procedures have not been effectively designed or communicated to City staff. The Finance Department staff do not have the skills, knowledge or experience to manage the capital project funds.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS: (CONTINUED)

Cause: (Continued)

City: (Continued)

Journal Entries (GNI)

Numerous transactions were recorded through the GNI to process transaction that should have been implemented in MUNIS. Numerous correcting entries were created due to the lack of adequate review and knowledge, skill and experience of the City's Staff.

Adjusting Journal Entries

The Finance Department staff lack the appropriate knowledge, skill and experience resulting in the general ledger being misstated in governmental and agency funds.

Grant Accounting

The Finance Department staff lack the appropriate knowledge, skill and experience resulting in the general ledger being misstated in governmental and agency funds.

Beacon Theatre

The City does not have processes in place to receive, review and monitor the operations of the Beacon Theatre on a current basis.

School Board

<u>Cash</u>

The School Board Finance Department did not have suitable monitoring processes in place to ensure the accuracy of the transactions communicated to the Treasurer to prevent or detect the errors on a timely basis.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS: (CONTINUED)

Effect

City

Cash

Significant amount of time required by third party consultants to get the bank reconciliations completed and a significant amount of adjustments to get the general ledger complete and accurate and ready to be audited.

Investments

Taxes Receivable

There is a higher risk of the financial statements being misstated due to error or fraud. Inaccurate financial information limits management's ability to manage the City's resources.

Accounts receivable-HRWTF/Refunds

Accounts receivable- Utility Billing

Significant amount of time required by third party consultants to get the Accounts receivables and revenues complete and accurate for the financial statements. Inaccurate financial information limits management's ability to manage the City's resources.

Due from other governments -City/CSA

There is a higher risk of the financial statements being misstated due to error or fraud. Violation of laws and regulations and disallowance of grant funding. Inaccurate financial information limits management abilities to manage the City's resources.

Journal Entries (GNI)

Adjusting Journal Entries

Manual transaction processing defeats the purpose of a systemic integrated accounting system with embedded internal controls and increases the risk of misstatement of financial information due to error or fraud.

Grant Accounting

Beacon Theatre

There is a higher risk of the financial statements being misstated due to error or fraud. Mismanagement of the City's resources. Inaccurate financial information limiting management ability to manage the City's resources. Significant hours were required to analyze and create entries to correct the errors.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS: (CONTINUED)

Effect: (Continued)

School Board

Cash

There is a higher risk of the financial statements being misstated due to error or fraud. Inaccurate financial information limits management ability to effectively manage the School Board's resources.

Summary

The City's inability to produce timely audited financial statements may impact the City's ability to acquire financing for long term City and School Board capital projects, eligibility for applying for other economic resources such as grants, hire qualified personnel and economic development.

Recommendation

It is recommended that the City and School Board perform an entity wide internal control risk assessment to develop and implement a corrective action plan to address the internal control deficiencies noted above. The risk assessment should be considered in the systemic environment internal control structure, financial processes, personnel and organizational structure.

SECTION III – FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

There are no federal award findings and questioned costs to report.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

<u>SECTION IV – PRIOR YEAR FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS</u>

MATERIAL WEAKNESS IN INTERNAL CONTROL

Finding 2021-001 City's and School Board's Finance Organization and Financial Statement Closing Process

Condition:

City

Cash

Treasurer's 2021 bank reconciliation does not agree with adjusted general ledger and financial statements. The Auditor identified the May 16th tax revenue was posted multiple times and needed to be reversed. The auditor also identified the entry to record the state and federal revenue payment did not correctly debit the cash account.

Investments

The Treasurer and the Finance Department are not familiar with the accounting for Investments. Account balances are maintained for investments accounts where the restrictions have expired and are available for general City purposes and not transferred to the consolidated account. Capital expenditures are paid from the consolidated bank account and not reimbursed from the respective bond investment accounts.

Taxes Receivable

The taxes receivable subsidiary accounts are not reconciled to the general ledger on a current basis.

Accounts receivable-HRWTF/Refunds

The commission members and customer accounts receivable and related refunds were not reconciled to the general ledger accounts on a timely basis. The Munis implementation balances had not been verified and were uploaded without a reconciliation to the general ledger. Additionally incorrect posting of receipts contributed to the issue. The refunds have not been calculated and recorded in the general ledger. The issue existed since the fiscal year 2015.

Accounts receivable- Utility Billing

The Sewer Services, Solid Waste, and Storm water Funds receivables could not be reconciled to the general ledger. The issue has existed since the fiscal year 2015.

Due from other governments -City/CSA

The revenues and receivables are not reconciled on a current basis in the general ledger to third party support (APA) on a timely basis.

Capital Projects Funds

The Capital Projects should only be used for acquisitions of capital assets costs in excess of \$10,000 or repairs in excess \$10,000 that have a life greater than one year per the City's capitalization policy. Significant purchases of amounts less than \$10,000 are recorded through the fund as opposed to current operations.

The Finance Department staff are not familiar with the accounting for bond proceeds that fund capital projects. When the costs are incurred they are paid from City's operating fund and should have a corresponding transfer from the bond investment accounts. The bond accounts have not been monitored on regular basis as to determine their propriety.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

SECTION IV - PRIOR YEAR FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS (CONTINUED)

MATERIAL WEAKNESS IN INTERNAL CONTROL (CONTINUED)

Finding 2021-001 City's and School Board's Finance Organization and Financial Statement Closing Process (Continued)

Condition: (Continued)

City

Payroll liabilities

\$1.7 million in payments on payroll liabilities were posted in the general fund that were payments against payroll liabilities in other funds. The allocation of the payments required a manual allocation process to apply the payments to appropriate fund payroll liabilities.

Journal Entries (GNI)

The general ledger transactions and corrections were posted through 297 GNI's posting or correcting 6944 account codes during the year.

Adjusting Journal Entries

General ledger required more than 100 adjusting entries to close and correct the general ledger to generate the financial statements. This issue has existed since fiscal year 2015.

Grant Accounting

The City historically budgeted grant revenues and expenditures for grants in the general fund, recreation fund and Capital project fund on functional basis other than CDBG funds which are accounted for in a specific special revenue fund based on HUD guidance. The Finance staff, without proper authorization or understanding of grant accounting and general ledger accounts, directed all departments receiving grants funds to post their expenditures in new accounts coded in the CDBG fund as well as in an agency fund.

Beacon Theatre

Beacon Theatre Enterprise Fund operations are managed by a third party. The information and support for the financial transactions are not provided in a detailed format sufficient to prepare complete and accurate financial statements. The Finance Department professional local government accounting consultants are required to summarize and verify the financial information and prepare financial statements.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

SECTION IV - PRIOR YEAR FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS (CONTINUED)

MATERIAL WEAKNESS IN INTERNAL CONTROL (CONTINUED)

Finding 2021-001 City's and School Board's Finance Organization and Financial Statement Closing Process (Continued)

Recommendation:

It is recommended that the City and School Board perform an entity wide internal control risk assessment to develop and implement a corrective action plan to address the internal control deficiencies noted above. The risk assessment should be considered in the systemic environment internal control structure, financial processes, personnel and organizational structure.

Current Status:

Finding was repeated in the current year as finding 2022-001