FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



COUNTY OF SMYTH, VIRGINIA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

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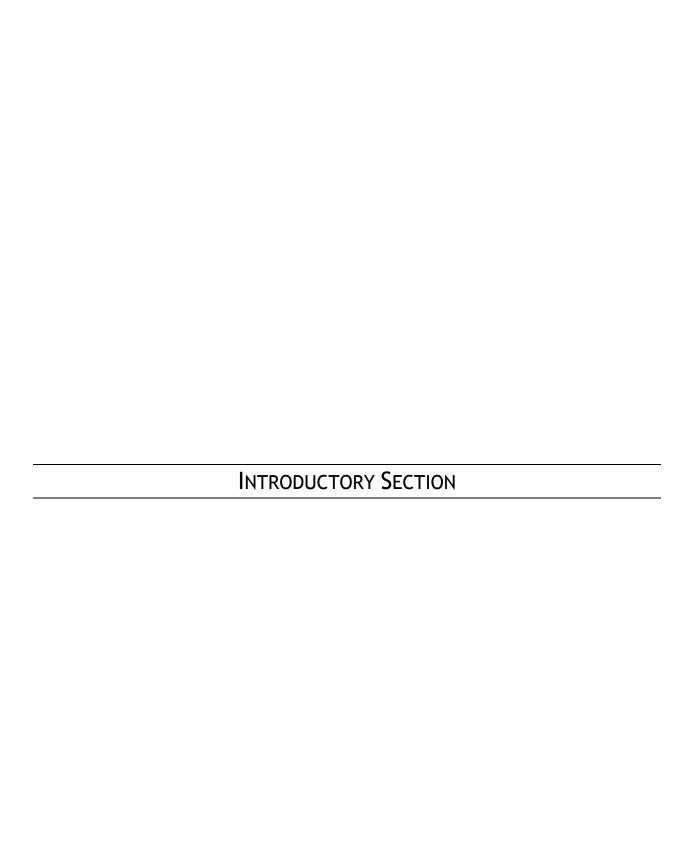
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COUNTY OF SMYTH, VIRGINIA

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

Michael Sturgill, Vice Chair Rick Billings Kristopher Ratliff, DPh	Charles Atkins, Chair Courtney Widener Jason Parris Roscoe D. Call
	COUNTY SCHOOL BOARD
Todd Williams, Vice Chair Paul Grinstead William Combs	Susan Williams, Chair Joseph Johnson C.M. "Mac" Buchanan Kyle Rhodes
	SOCIAL SERVICES BOARD
Tom Hess Norma Teaters Patsy Waddle	Kim Daughtery, Chair Wanda Sanderson Blake Frazier Susan Snead
	OTHER OFFICIALS
Clerk of the Circuit Court	Eric Thiessen Sage B. Johnson Deanis L. Simmons Frederick A. Rowlett John H. Graham ourt Travis B. Lee Jeffrey Lynn Campbell
Clerk of the Circuit Court Judge of the General District Co	Sage B. Johnson Deanis L. Simmons Frederick A. Rowlett John H. Graham ourt





ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Smyth, Virginia Marion, Virginia

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Smyth, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units - Library and EDA, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Smyth, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of County of Smyth, Virginia, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note 28 to the financial statements, in 2024 the County adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 100, *Accounting Changes and Error Corrections*. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Restatement of Beginning Balances

As described in Note 29 to the financial statements, in 2024, the Component Unit School Board restated beginning balances to include Marion Senior High School and Northwood High School Activity Funds, which were previously excluded from the financial statements.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about County of Smyth, Virginia's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, and the Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Smyth, Virginia's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about County of Smyth, Virginia's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that budgetary comparison information and schedules related to pension and OPEB funding as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance. The budgetary comparison information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Management has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise County of Smyth, Virginia's basic financial statements. The accompanying other supplementary information and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory section and statistical information but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Fobiuson, James, Cox, associates

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 22, 2024, on our consideration of County of Smyth, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Smyth, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering County of Smyth, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Blacksburg, Virginia November 22, 2024



County of Smyth, Virginia Statement of Net Position June 30, 2024

				ry Governme	nt			Со	mpo	nent Units	i	
		overnmental Activities		isiness-type <u>Activities</u>		<u>Total</u>	Sch	nool Board	ļ	Library		<u>EDA</u>
ASSETS												
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	18,374,887	\$	-	\$	18,374,887	\$	3,699,561	\$	397,500	\$	1,025,874
Investments		554,258		-		554,258		846,824		35,798		-
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):		,				,		,-		,		
Taxes receivable		28,294,030		-		28,294,030		-		-		-
Accounts receivable		1,355,241		287,475		1,642,716		343,055		-		-
Leases receivable		-		- , -		-		-				317,074
Loan receivable		3,000,000		-		3,000,000		-				-
Due from component unit		1,341,882		_		1,341,882		_		_		_
Due from primary government		-,5,552		-				7,973,886		_		_
Due from other governmental units		2,777,345		_		2,777,345		2,503,719		_		_
Inventories		2,777,343				2,777,343		68,600				_
		198,917		-		198,917		672,917		13,328		-
Prepaid items				-		,		6/2,91/		13,320		-
Advances to component unit		1,505,877		-		1,505,877		-		-		-
Restricted assets:										40.000		
Investments		-		-		-		-		18,809		-
Cash and cash equivalents - unspent bond proceeds		13,423,490				13,423,490						
Investments - unspent bond proceeds		8,286,416		-		8,286,416		-		-		-
Capital assets not being depreciated		5,128,366		44,831		5,173,197		1,151,447		-		137,688
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization		40,810,976		18,045,998		58,856,974		12,395,541		12,676		3,923,733
Total assets	\$	125,051,685	\$	18,378,304	\$	143,429,989	\$	29,655,550	\$	478,111	\$	5,404,369
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES												
Deferred charge on refunding	\$	791,328	\$	-	\$	791,328	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Pension related items		1,624,268		51,611		1,675,879		8,665,019		64,090		-
OPEB related items		548,416		17,501		565,917		1,500,183		21,416		-
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	2,964,012	\$	69,112	\$	3,033,124	\$	10,165,202	\$	85,506	\$	-
												
LIABILITIES												
Accounts payable	\$	1,255,558	Ś	170,742	Ś	1,426,300	\$	494,991	Ś		\$	24,796
Accrued liabilities	•	-	•	-	-	-	•	5,939,370	•	25,068	•	
Accrued wages and health claims		209,884		-		209,884		-		,		_
Customers' deposits		-		1,914		1,914		_		_		_
Accrued interest payable		489,599		50,088		539,687		_				
Due to primary government		-107,577		50,000		557,007		_				1,341,882
		7 072 004		-		7 072 004		-		-		1,341,002
Due to component unit		7,973,886		-		7,973,886		-		-		-
Cash bond held in escrow		26,875		-		26,875		- 200 000		-		-
Unearned revenue		-		-		-		2,200,000		-		
Advances from primary government		-		-		-		-		-		1,505,877
Long-term liabilities:												
Due within one year		3,964,301		644,503		4,608,804		413,912		36,015		36,691
Due in more than one year		57,471,235		7,264,237		64,735,472		35,973,304		244,041		861,896
Total liabilities	\$	71,391,338	\$	8,131,484	\$	79,522,822	\$	45,021,577	\$	305,124	\$	3,771,142
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES												
Deferred revenue-property taxes	\$	25,249,828	\$	-	\$	25,249,828	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Property taxes paid in advance		402,565		-		402,565		-		-		-
Pension related items		752,647		34,979		787,626		3,933,230		37,657		-
OPEB related items		516,877		16,495		533,372		1,856,183		20,109		-
Lease related items				-		-		-				309,639
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	26,921,917	\$	51,474	\$	26,973,391	\$	5,789,413	\$	57,766	\$	309,639
	<u> </u>	. , ,		, .		, -,	-	, ,, -	•	,		
NET POSITION												
Net investment in capital assets	\$	14,091,455	5	10,381,890	\$	24,473,345	S	13,498,087	\$	12,676	Ś	1,656,957
Restricted (See note 27)	~	24,109,835	~	.0,551,070	7	24,109,835	*	2,694,729	~	18,809	~	.,000,707
Unrestricted (Deficit)		(8,498,848)		(117,432)		(8,616,280)		(27,183,054)		169,242		(333,369)
Total net position	\$	29,702,442	\$	10,264,458		39,966,900	\$	(10,990,238)		200,727	\$	1,323,588
rotat net position	<u> </u>	27,702,442	۶	10,204,438	ş	37,700,900	ş	(10,770,238)	٠	200,727	ş	1,343,300

County of Smyth, Virginia Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

				Program Revenues					Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	nse) Rev in Net I	enue and Position		
		1		Operating	Capital		Prim	Primary Government				Component Units	
Functions/Programs	Ш	Expenses	Charges for Services	Grants and Contributions	Grants and Contributions	ŏ	Governmental B <u>Activities</u>	Business-type <u>Activities</u>	Total	031	School Board	Library	EDA
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT: Governmental activities:													
General government administration	v	\$ 801 080 \$	368 475	1 151 630	v	U	\$ 194 046) \$		(5 381 016)				,
Judicial administration	•		670.590	- ,-	· ·	•		· .	(91,191,019)		· .	· '	
Public safety		12, 403, 962	876,476	3, 487, 904			(8.089,632)		(8.089,632)				
Public works		2.751.969	1.341.472	260.421			(1.150,076)		(1,150,076)				,
Health and welfare		10.974.941		8, 502, 513			(7.477.478)		(7.477.428)				
Education		10,663,357		1,100,00			(10.663,357)		(10,663,357)				,
Parks recreation and cultural		1 362 412					(1 362 412)		(1 362 412)				
Community development		485,124		•			(485, 124)		(1,382,412)				
Interest on long-term debt		1.633.766					(1.633,766)		(1,633,766)				
Total governmental activities	s	49,701,224 \$	3,106,913	\$ 14,559,441	. \$	s	(32,034,870) \$	\$	(32,034,870)	s	\$	\$	
Business-type activities: Water and sewer	v	3.662.928	2.434.929			~		(1.227.999) \$	(1.227.999)	<i>S</i>			,
Total primary government	· v		5.541,842	14.559.441		· .	(32.034.870) \$	(1,227,999) \$	(33,262,869)	1		,	
STINIT THE COMPONENT OF						.	II .					-	
School Board	s	59,183,068 \$	5 2,960,803	\$ 53,465,646	·	s	\$,		\$	(2,756,619) \$	\$	
Library		1,108,204	9,746	1,047,991								(50,467)	
Economic Development Authority		869,459	77,516	100,323									(691,620)
Total component units	\$	61,160,731 \$	3,048,065	\$ 54,613,960	- \$	s	\$ -	\$ -		s	(2,756,619) \$	(50,467) \$	(691,620)
	General revenues:	venues:											
	General p	General property taxes				s	21,431,483 \$.	21,431,483	s	.	·	
	Other local taxes:	al taxes:											
	Local sa.	Local sales and use taxes					3,029,424		3,029,424				
	Consume	Consumers' utility taxes					639,896		639,896				
	Motor ve	Motor vehicle taxes					460,650		460,650				
	Taxes or	Taxes on recordation and wills	s				132,965		132,965				
	Kestaura	Restaurant food taxes					94,350		94,350				
	Other lo	Other local taxes	•				372,185		372,185		. :	. :	
	Unrestrici	Unrestricted revenues from the use of money	e use of money				1,402,058		1,402,058		37,145	63	10,252
	Miscellaneous	Miscellaneous Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs	officers of betriffice	out out out o			1,123,442	21,746	1,145,188		1,640	33,491	107,451
	Transfers						(733,360)	233.360	,		-		
	Total gen	Total general revenues and transfers	ınsfers			s	31,656,804 \$	255,106 \$	31,911,910	\ \ \	9,810,473 \$	33,554 \$	947,080
	Change in r	Change in net position				s	(378,066) \$	(972,893) \$	(1,350,959)	! ! _	7,053,854 \$	(16,913) \$	255,460
	Net positio	Net position (deficit) - beginning, as previously reported	g, as previously rep	orted			30,080,508	11,237,351	41,317,859		(18, 372, 018)	217,640	1,068,128
	Adjustments	nents									327,926		
	Net positio	Net position (deficit) - beginning, as restated	g, as restated			s	30,080,508 \$	11,237,351 \$	41,317,859	s	(18,044,092) \$	217,640 \$	1,068,128
	Net positio	Net position (deficit) - ending				s.	29,702,442 \$	10,264,458 \$	39,966,900	\ ا	(10,990,238) \$	200,727 \$	1,323,588

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

County of Smyth, Virginia Balance Sheet Governmental Fund June 30, 2024

		General
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	18,374,887
Investments		554,258
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):		
Taxes receivable		28,294,030
Accounts receivable		1,355,241
Loan receivable		3,000,000
Due from component unit		1,341,882
Due from other governmental units		2,777,345
Prepaid items		198,917
Advances to component unit		1,505,877
Restricted assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents - unspent bond proceeds		13,423,490
Investments - unspent bond proceeds		8,286,416
Total assets	\$	79,112,343
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	\$	1,255,558
Accrued liabilities	•	209,884
Due to component unit		7,973,886
Cash bond held in escrow		26,875
Total liabilities	\$	9,466,203
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Unavailable revenue-property taxes	\$	28,029,057
Property taxes paid in advance		402,565
Unavailable revenue-opioid settlement		970,049
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	29,401,671
FUND BALANCES		
Nonspendable:		
Prepaid items	\$	198,917
Loan receivable	•	3,000,000
Restricted (See note 27)		23,139,785
Committed:		. ,
Animal control		7,324
Public safety		187,889
Unassigned		13,710,554
Total fund balances	\$	40,244,469
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	79,112,343

County of Smyth, Virginia Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Fund To the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2024

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Total fund balances per Exhibit 3 - Balance Sheet - Governmental Fund			\$	40,244,469
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore,				
are not reported in the funds.				
Capital assets not depreciated	\$	5,128,366		
Capital assets being depreciated	·	40,810,976		45,939,342
	-	,,	-	,,
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and,				
therefore, are deferred in the funds.				
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	\$	2,779,229		
Unavailable revenue - opioid settlement	·	970,049		3,749,278
		,.	-	-, -, -
Deferred outflows of resources are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and,				
therefore, are not reported in the funds.				
Deferred charge on refunding	\$	791,328		
Pension related items	·	1,624,268		
OPEB related items		548,416		2,964,012
of 25 related items	-	3 .0,	•	2,70.,0.2
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current				
period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.				
General obligation bonds	S	(47,553,405)		
Bond premium (to be amortized over life of debt)	7	(1,736,849)		
School construction bonds		(4,795,446)		
Loans payable		(263,421)		
Accrued interest payable		(489,599)		
Landfill postclosure liability		(400,759)		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		, , ,		
Compensated absences		(1,036,797)		
Net pension liability		(3,388,195)		((4 025 425)
Net OPEB liabilities		(2,260,664)	-	(61,925,135)
Deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore,				
are not reported in the funds.	ŕ	(752 / 47)		
Pension related items	\$	(752,647)		// O/O EO ::
OPEB related items		(516,877)	-	(1,269,524)
Not position of governmental activities			<u> </u>	29,702,442
Net position of governmental activities			\$	29,702,442

County of Smyth, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

DEVENUES		<u>General</u>
REVENUES	÷	24 4/4 422
General property taxes Other local taxes	\$	21,461,132
		4,729,470 138,320
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses Fines and forfeitures		•
		658,256
Revenue from the use of money and property Charges for sorvices		1,601,579
Charges for services Miscellaneous		2,110,816 700,681
Recovered costs		700,081
		18,223,855
Intergovernmental Total revenues	\$	
rotat revenues	-	50,335,810
EXPENDITURES		
Current:		
General government administration	\$	6,540,746
Judicial administration		2,094,765
Public safety		13,539,994
Public works		3,663,993
Health and welfare		10,991,411
Education		10,338,174
Parks, recreation, and cultural		1,451,907
Community development		335,309
Capital projects		1,204,182
Debt service:		
Principal retirement		2,779,736
Interest and other fiscal charges		1,833,330
Issuance cost		291,844
Total expenditures	\$	55,065,391
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$	(4,729,581)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		
Transfers out	\$	(233,360)
Issuance of general obligation bonds	*	13,351,210
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	13,117,850
. Clar Care. I manering sources (uses)		.5,.17,050
Net change in fund balances	\$	8,388,269
Fund balances - beginning	_	31,856,200
Fund balances - ending	\$	40,244,469

County of Smyth, Virginia Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Fund to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because: Net change in fund balances - total governmental fund \$ 8,388,269 Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. These are the details of items supporting this adjustment: 3,726,753 Capital outlays Depreciation expenses (2,496,357)1,230,396 Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Property taxes \$ (29,649)Opioid settlment 422,761 393,112 The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. Debt issued or incurred: Issuance of refunding bonds \$ (12,317,262) Premium GO bonds (1,033,948)Increase in accrued landfill closure/postclosure liability (14,739)Principal repayments: General obligation bonds 1,862,218 School construction bonds 628,677 Loans payable 288,841 (10,586,213) Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current

\$

309,853

(172,901)

(126,899)

(17,289)

302,522

(98,916)

196,370

(378,066)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Change in compensated absences

Change in pension related items

Change in OPEB related items

Amortization of bond premium

Change in accrued interest payable

Change in net position of governmental activities

Amortization of deferred charge on refunding

 $financial\ resources\ and,\ therefore\ are\ not\ reported\ as\ expenditures\ in\ governmental\ funds.$

County of Smyth, Virginia Statement of Net Position Proprietary Fund June 30, 2024

		Enterprise Fund
		Water and Sewer
ASSETS		
Current assets:	¢	207 475
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for uncollectibles	\$	287,475
Total current assets	<u> </u>	287,475
Noncurrent assets:		
Capital assets not being depreciated	\$	44,831
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		18,045,998
Total capital assets	\$	18,090,829
Total noncurrent assets	\$	18,090,829
Total assets	\$	18,378,304
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pension related items	\$	51,611
OPEB related items		17,501
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	69,112
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$	170,742
Customers' deposits	·	1,914
Accrued interest payable		50,088
Compensated absences - current portion		14,506
Bonds payable - current portion		629,997
Total current liabilities	\$	867,247
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Compensated absences - net of current portion	\$	4,835
Bonds payable - net of current portion	•	7,078,942
Net OPEB liabilities		72,155
Net pension liability		108,305
Total noncurrent liabilities	\$	7,264,237
Total liabilities	\$	8,131,484
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pension related items	\$	34,979
OPEB related items	¥	16,495
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	51,474
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	\$	10,381,890
Unrestricted (deficit)	4	(117,432)
Total net position	ς	10,264,458

County of Smyth, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	- ,		Enterprise Fund
			Water and Sewer
OPERATING REVENUES			
Charges for services:			
Water and sewer revenues		\$	2,372,220
Connection fees		4	12,750
Penalties			16,397
Service charges			28,662
Application fees			4,900
Miscellaneous			21,746
Total operating revenues		\$	2,456,675
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Personnel services		\$	530,330
Water purchases			526,669
Water and wastewater service			579,771
Automotive expenses			49,063
Office supplies			25,932
Uniforms			3,369
Utilities			69,649
Permits			12,261
Postage			946
Telephone			9,766
Maintenance supplies			78,390
Repair and maintenance			57,393
Capital projects			39,654
Miscellaneous			39,455
Depreciation			1,458,566
Total operating expenses		5	3,481,214
			
Operating income (loss)		\$	(1,024,539)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		^	(404 744)
Interest expense		\$	(181,714)
Income (loss) before transfers		\$	(1,206,253)
Transfers in		\$	233,360
Change in net position		\$	(972,893)
Total net position - beginning			11,237,351
Total net position - ending		\$	10,264,458

County of Smyth, Virginia Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

		Enterprise Fund Water and Sewer
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Receipts from customers and users	\$	2,607,262
Payments to suppliers		(1,397,047)
Payments to employees		(539,562)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	670,653
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Transfers to other funds	\$	233,360
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Additions to utility plant	\$	(89,519)
Principal payments on bonds		(541,845)
Interest payments		(272,649)
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related	<u> </u>	
financing activities	\$	(904,013)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$	-
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning		-
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$	-
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash		
provided by (used for) operating activities:		
Operating income (loss)	\$	(1,024,539)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash	<u> </u>	
provided by (used for) operating activities:		
Depreciation	\$	1,458,566
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		150,587
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources		4,323
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		95,271
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences		(5,855)
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB liabilities		1,681
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability		19,300
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources		(28,681)
Total adjustments	\$	1,695,192
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	670,653

County of Smyth, Virginia Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2024

	Custodial Funds Special Welfare Fun			
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	44,257		
Investments		44,219		
Receivables:				
Local receivable		900		
Total assets	\$	89,376		
NET POSITION				
Restricted	\$	89,376		
Total net position	\$	89,376		

County of Smyth, Virginia Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Custodial Funds Special Welfare Fund		
ADDITIONS			
Contributions:			
Expenditure reimbursements	\$	71,686	
Miscellaneous		1,886	
Total contributions	\$	73,572	
DEDUCTIONS			
Checks for SS & SSI Recipients	\$	46,951	
Special Welfare		66,439	
Total deductions	\$	113,390	
Net increase (decrease) in fiduciary net position	\$	(39,818)	
Total net position - beginning		129,194	
Total net position - ending	\$	89,376	

COUNTY OF SMYTH, VIRGINIA

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

The financial statements of the County of Smyth, Virginia ("the County") conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applicable to governmental units promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The County of Smyth, Virginia (government) is a municipal corporation governed by an elected seven-member Board of Supervisors. The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements (see note below for description) to emphasize that it is both legally and substantively separate from the government.

Blended component units - None

Discretely Presented Component Units - The component unit columns in the financial statements include the financial data of the County's discretely presented component units.

The Smyth County School Board ("School Board") operates the elementary and secondary public schools in the County. School Board members are popularly elected. The School Board is fiscally dependent upon the County because the County approves all debt issuances of the School Board and provides significant funding to operate the public schools since the School Board does not have separate taxing powers. The School Board is presented as a governmental fund type. The School Board does not issue separate financial statements.

The Smyth County Economic Development Authority ("EDA") encourages and provides financing for industrial development in the County. The EDA board members are appointed by the Board of Supervisors. The EDA is fiscally dependent upon the County because the County provides significant funding and approves all debt issuances. In addition, the EDA does not have separate taxing powers. The EDA is presented as an enterprise fund type. The EDA does not issue separate financial statements.

The Smyth County Public Library ("Library") was originally established as a jointly owned regional library by the counties of Smyth and Bland, Smyth-Bland Regional Library, located in Marion, Virginia with three branches in Chilhowie, Saltville, and Bland. Starting in fiscal year 2018, the Library is no longer regional. The County provides funding annually to the library to fund capital and operating expenditures. The County owns the library building and reports it and other operating equipment purchased for the library in the government-wide statements. As a result, there is a fiscal dependency on the county. The Library issues separate financial statements that can be obtained by contacting the Library at 118 S. Sheffey Street, Marion, VA 24354.

Related Organizations - The County, in conjunction with other local jurisdictions, participates in supporting the Mount Rogers Community Services Board and Appalachian Juvenile Commission. The governing bodies of these organizations are appointed by the respective governing bodies of the participating jurisdictions. For the year ended June 30, 2024, the County contributed \$195,982 to the Community Services Board and \$110,976 to the Juvenile Commission. The County does not have any ongoing financial responsibility for these organization.

A. Financial Reporting Entity (Continued)

Jointly Governed/Joint Venture Organizations - The County, in conjunction with other localities, participates in supporting the following:

The Counties of Smyth and Wythe and the Towns of Marion and Wytheville established the Smyth-Wythe Airport Commission. For the year ended June 30, 2024, the County contributed \$44,232 to the Airport Commission.

The Counties of Smyth, Buchanan, Dickenson, Lee, Russell, Scott, Washington, Wise, and the City of Norton established the Southwest Virginia Regional Jail Authority for the purpose of constructing and operating a jail facility for the participating localities. For the year ended June 30, 2024, The County paid fees in the amount of \$2,262,245 to the Authority.

The Counties of Smyth, Washington, and Bland established the Pathway Regional Industrial Facility Authority (PRIFA) for the purpose of promoting economic development in the region. For the year ended June 30, 2024, the County contributed \$15,000 to the PRIFA.

B. Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from certain legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of net position is designed to display the financial position of the primary government (governmental and business-type activities) and its discretely presented component units. Governments will report all capital assets in the government-wide statement of net position and will report depreciation expense - the cost of "using up" capital assets - in the statement of activities. The net position of a government will be broken down into three categories - 1) net investment in capital assets; 2) restricted; and 3) unrestricted.

The government-wide statement of activities reports expenses and revenues in a format that focuses on the cost of each of the government's functions. The expense of individual functions is compared to the revenues generated directly by the function (for instance, through user charges or intergovernmental grants).

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

B. Government-wide and fund financial statements (Continued)

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds, if any, are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation

The accompanying financial statements are prepared in accordance with pronouncements issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The principles prescribed by GASB represent generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental units.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of recognition in the financial statements of various kinds of transactions or events.

The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. This is the manner in which these funds are normally budgeted. Revenues are recognized when they have been earned and they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service principal and interest expenditures on general long-term debt, including lease liabilities, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, claims and judgments, postemployment benefits, and environmental obligations are recognized later based on specific accounting rules applicable to each, generally when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions, including entering into contracts giving the government the right to use lease assets, are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and financing through leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year end). Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year end). All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the County.

C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation (Continued)

The government reports the following major governmental fund:

The *General Fund* is the government's primary operating fund. It is used to account for and report all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for and reported in other funds.

The government reports the following major proprietary fund:

The County operates a sewage collection and treatment system and a water distribution system in conjunction with the Towns. The activities of the County's portion of the system are accounted for in the Water and Sewer Fund.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

Fiduciary funds account for and report assets held by the government in a trustee capacity or as agent or custodian for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, or other funds. The custodial fund includes the Special Welfare Fund.

The School Board reports the following major fund types:

The School Operating Fund is the primary operating fund of the School Board and accounts for and reports all revenues and expenditures applicable to the general operations of the public school system. Revenues are derived primarily from appropriations from the County and state and federal grants.

The School Activity Fund accounts for and reports all funds received from extracurricular school activities, such as entertainment, athletic contests, club dues, fundraisers, etc., and from any and all activities of the individual schools.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are other charges between the government's water and sewer function and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the County's enterprise fund are charges to customers for sales and services. The County also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expense, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

D. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources and net position/fund balance

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, amounts in demand deposits as well as short-term investments with a maturity date within three months of the date acquired by the government. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the government's proprietary funds consider their demand deposits and all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

2. Investments

Investments with a maturity of less than one year when purchased, non-negotiable certificates of deposit, other nonparticipating investments, and external investment pools are stated at cost or amortized cost. Investments with a maturity greater than one year when purchased are stated at fair value. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an investment in an orderly transaction at year end.

3. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is referred to as "due to/from other funds". All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the noncurrent portion of interfund loans).

4. Property Taxes

Property is assessed at its value on January 1. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Real estate taxes are payable on December 5th. Personal property taxes are due and collectible annually on December 5th. The County bills and collects its own property taxes.

5. Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts

The County calculates its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data and, in certain cases, specific account analysis. The allowance amounted to approximately \$1,533,920 at June 30, 2024. The allowance consists of delinquent taxes in the amount of \$365,828 and delinquent water and sewer bills of \$1,168,092.

6. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

7. Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. No liability is recorded for non-vesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits. However, a liability is recognized for that portion of accumulating sick leave benefits that it is estimated will be taken as "terminal leave" prior to retirement. The County accrues salary-related payments associated with the payment of compensated absences. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements.

D. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources and net position/fund balance (Continued)

8. Capital Assets

Capital assets are tangible and intangible assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), and are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets, except for infrastructure assets, are defined by the County and Component Unit School Board as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. For infrastructure asset the same estimated minimum useful life is used (in excess of two years), but only those infrastructure projects that cost more than \$50,000 are reported as capital assets.

As the County and Component Unit School Board constructs or acquires capital assets each period, including infrastructure assets, they are capitalized and reported at historical cost (except for intangible right-to-use lease assets (lease assets), the measurement of which is discussed in more detail below). The reported value excludes normal maintenance and repairs, which are amounts spent in relation to capital assets that do not increase the asset's capacity or efficiency or increases its estimated useful life. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation. Acquisition value is the price that would be paid to acquire an asset with equivalent service potential on the date of the donation. Intangible assets follow the same capitalization policies as tangible capital assets and are reported with tangible assets in the appropriate capital asset class.

Land and construction in progress are not depreciated. The other tangible and intangible property, plant equipment, lease assets, and infrastructure of the primary government, as well as the component unit, are depreciated/amortized using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings and improvements	20-40
Machinery and equipment	3-20
Water and wastewater systems	20-40
Infrastructure	30-35
Right-to-use lease machinery and equipment	4-5

D. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources and net position/fund balance (Continued)

9. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses.

10. Fund Balance

In governmental fund types, the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is called "fund balance." County's governmental funds report the following categories of fund balance, based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes:

- Nonspendable -amounts that are either not in spendable form (such as inventory and prepaids) or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (corpus of a permanent fund).
- Restricted -amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by external resource providers such as grantors or enabling federal, state, or local legislation. Restrictions may be changed or lifted only with the consent of the resource providers.
- Committed -amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by the adoption of an ordinance committing fund balance for a specific purpose by the Board of Supervisors prior to the end of the fiscal year. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until the resources have been spent for the specified purpose or the Board adopts another ordinance to remove or revise the limitation.
- <u>Assigned</u> -amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed; intent can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.
- <u>Unassigned</u> -amounts that are available for any purpose; positive amounts are only reported in the general fund. Additionally, any deficit fund balance within the other governmental fund types is reported as unassigned.

When fund balance resources are available for a specific purpose in more than one classification, it is the County's policy to use the most restrictive funds first in the following order: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned as they are needed.

D. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources and net position/fund balance (Continued)

11. Net Position

For government-wide reporting as well as in proprietary funds, the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is called net position. Net position is comprised of three components: net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

- Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes, and other debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are included in this component of net position.
- Restricted net position consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. Assets are reported as restricted when constraints are placed on asset use either by external parties or by law through constitutional provision or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position is the net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that does not meet the definition of the two preceding categories.

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted - net position and unrestricted - net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the County's policy to consider restricted - net position to have been depleted before unrestricted - net position is applied.

12. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. The consumption method is used in governmental funds to report prepaid items.

13. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets consist of cash and cash equivalents that are legally restricted for use by enabling state legislation, grant awards or lease agreements.

14. Inventories

All inventories are valued at cost using the first in/first out (FIFO) method. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when purchased.

D. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources and net position/fund balance (Continued)

15. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position includes a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The County has two items that qualifies for reporting in this category. One item is the deferred charge on refunding reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding resulted from the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The other item is comprised of certain items related to pension and OPEB. For more detailed information on these items, reference the related notes.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position includes a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has multiple items that qualify for reporting in this category. Under a modified accrual basis of accounting, unavailable revenue representing property taxes and opioid settlement receivables are reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. The property tax amount is comprised of taxes levied during the fiscal year but due after June 30th, prepaid tax amounts, and uncollected property taxes due prior to June 30 and is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available. Under the accrual basis, levied amounts due after June 30th and prepaid tax amounts are reported as deferred inflows of resources. In addition, certain items related to pension, OPEB, and leases are reported as deferred inflows of resources. For more detailed information on these items, reference the related notes.

16. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County's and School Board's Retirement Plan and the additions to/deductions from the County's and School Board's Retirement Plan's net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

17. Other Postemployment Employee Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net VRS related OPEB liabilities, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the VRS GLI, HIC, and Teacher HIC OPEB Plans and the additions to/deductions from the VRS OPEB Plans' net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by VRS. In addition, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
JUNE 30, 2024

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

E. Leases

The School Board and EDA have various lease assets requiring recognition. A lease is a contract that conveys control of the right to use another entity's nonfinancial asset. Lease recognition does not apply to short-term leases, contracts that transfer ownership, leases of assets that are investments, or certain regulated leases.

Lessor

The EDA recognizes leases receivable and deferred inflows of resources in the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements. At commencement of the lease, the lease receivable is measured at the present value of lease payments expected to be received during the lease term, reduced by any provision for estimated uncollectible amounts. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is measured at the initial amount of the lease receivable, less lease payments received from the lessee at or before the commencement of the lease term (less any lease incentives).

Lessee

The School Board recognizes lease liabilities and intangible right-to-use lease assets (lease assets) in the government-wide financial statements. At the commencement of the lease, the lease liability is measured at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term (less any lease incentives). The lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of payments made. The lease asset is measured at the initial amount of the lease liability, plus any payments made to the lessor at or before the commencement of the lease term and certain direct costs. The lease asset is amortized over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the underlying asset.

Key Estimates and Judgments

Lease accounting includes estimates and judgments for determining the (1) rate used to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

- The School Board and EDA use the interest rate stated in lease contracts. When the interest rate is not provided or the implicit rate cannot be readily determined, the School Board and EDA use an estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease and certain periods covered by options to extend to reflect how long the lease is expected to be in effect, with terms and conditions varying by the type of underlying asset.
- Fixed and certain variable payments as well as lease incentives and certain other payments are included in the measurement of the lease liability (lessee) or lease receivable (lessor).

The School Board and EDA monitor changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement or modification of its leases. The School Board and EDA will remeasure the lease asset and liability (lessee) or the lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources (lessor) if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability or lease receivable.

Note 2-Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability:

A. Budgetary information

The following procedures are used by the County in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to March 30, the County Administrator submits to the Board of Supervisors a proposed operating and capital budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating and capital budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. The following funds have legally adopted budgets: General Fund, Water and Sewer Fund, and the School Operating Fund.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments.
- 3. Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an Appropriations Resolution.
- 4. The Appropriations Resolution places legal restrictions on expenditures at the department level or categorical level (School Board). Only the Board of Supervisors can revise the appropriation for each department or fund. The County Administrator is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within general government departments; however, School Board appropriations are made at categorical level.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund. The School Fund is integrated only at the level of legal adoption.
- 6. All budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
- 7. Appropriations lapse on June 30 for all County units.
- 8. All budgetary data presented in the accompanying financial statements is the original budget at June 30. Several supplemental appropriations were necessary during the year and at year end because they were not included in the original budget.
- 9. Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to commit that portion of the applicable appropriations, is not part of the County's accounting system.
- B. Excess of expenditures over appropriations

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the general fund and water and sewer fund had excess of expenditures over appropriations.

C. Deficit fund balance

At June 30, 2024, no funds reported negative fund balance.

Note 3-Deposits and Investments:

<u>Deposits</u>: Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act"), Section 2.2-4400 et. Seq. of the Code of Virginia. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of the amount insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board. Financial Institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in the amounts from 50% to 130% of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized.

<u>Investments</u>: Statutes authorize local governments and other public bodies to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper that has received at least two of the following rates: P-1 by Moody's Investors Service Inc.; A-1 by Standard & Poor's; or F1 by Fitch Ratings, Inc. (Section 2.2-4502), banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements, and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP).

Interest Rate Risk

The County has not adopted an investment policy for interest rate risk. Investments subject to interest rate risk are presented below along with their corresponding maturities.

investinents maturities (in years)						
Investment Type		Fair Value		<1 Year		1-5 Years
Certificates of Deposit	\$	9,731,717	\$ _	6,260,886	\$	3,470,831
SNAP		12,983,972		12,987,972		-
Total	\$	22,715,689	\$ -	19,248,858	\$	3,470,831

Investments Maturities (in years)

Custodial Credit Risk

At year end, the County was not exposed to any custodial credit risk for deposits or investments. The County limits deposits to those banks fully collateralized under the Commonwealth's Security for Public Deposits Act. The County policy in regards to investments requires that all investments be held in the County's name.

The County's rated debt investments as of June 30, 2024, were rated by Standard & Poor's and/or an equivalent national rating organization and the ratings are presented below using the Standard & Poor's rating scale.

County's Rated Debt Investments' Values						
	Fair Quality Ratings					
Rated Debt Investments		Unrated	AAAm			
Certificates of Deposit	\$	9,731,717	\$	-		
SNAP		-		12.987.972		

Note 4-Due from Other Governmental Units:

The following represents amounts due from other governments at year-end:

	Primary Government		Component Unit- School Board	
Commonwealth of Virginia:				
Local sales tax	\$	525,683	\$	-
Categorical aid-State sales tax		-		464,900
Categorical aid-Other		593,520		401,039
Non-categorical aid		774,057		-
Categorical aid-Virginia Public Assistance		218,608		-
Categorical aid-Comprehensive Services Act		318,346		-
Federal Government:				
Categorical aid-Virginia Public Assistance		267,604		-
Categorical aid-Other		79,527		1,637,780
Totals	\$	2,777,345	\$	2,503,719

Note 5-Component-Unit Contributions and Obligations:

Primary government contributions to component units for the year ended June 30, 2024, consisted of payments to the School Board and Library of \$10,164,617 and \$750,000, respectively.

		Due to Primary Government/		from Primary overnment/
Fund	Component Unit Com		nponent Unit	
Primary Government:	-			
General Fund	\$	7,973,886	\$	1,341,882
Component Unit:				
School Board	\$	-	\$	7,973,886
EDA		1,341,882		-
Totals	\$	9,315,768	\$	9,315,768

Note 6-Interfund Transfers:

Fund	Transfers In		Transfers Out	
General Fund	\$	-	\$	233,360
Water and Sewer Fund	233,360 -			-
Total	\$	233,360	\$	233,360

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgeting authorization.

Note 6-Interfund Transfers: (Continued)

Details of advanced to component unit amounts are as follows:

Smyth County Economic Development Authority

During fiscal year 2023, \$1,505,877 was advanced to the Authority for the purchase of the Teleperformance Building. The Board of Supervisors has agreed to defer any monthly installment payments due until the maturity date of June 30, 2025, or until such time as the parties may agree. The amount is not included in the due to/from totals reported above.

Note 7-Long-Term Obligations:

Primary Government - Governmental Activities Obligations:

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions of the County for the year ended June 30, 2024.

	Beginning Balance		Increases/ Issuances	_	Decreases/ etirements	Ending Balance		
Direct Borrowings and Placements:								
General Obligation Bonds	\$	37,365,623	\$ 12,050,000	\$	(1,862,218)	\$	47,553,405	
Unamortized Premiums		1,005,423	1,033,948		(302,522)		1,736,849	
School Construction Bonds		5,424,123	-		(628,677)		4,795,446	
Loans payable		285,000	267,262		(288,841)		263,421	
Landfill closure/post-closure liability		386,020	14,739		-		400,759	
Compensated absences		1,346,650	700,135		(1,009,988)		1,036,797	
Net OPEB liabilities		2,113,079	430,069		(282,484)		2,260,664	
Net pension liability		2,668,715	5,047,629		(4,328,149)		3,388,195	
Total	\$	50,594,633	\$ 19,543,782	\$	(8,702,879)	\$	61,435,536	

For governmental activities, the net pension liability, net OPEB liabilities, compensated absences and the landfill closure/post-closure liability are generally liquidated in the General Fund.

Annual requirements to amortize long-term debt and related interest are as follows:

Year Ending	Direct Borrrowings and Placements								
June 30,	Principal	Interest							
2025	\$ 2,938,679	\$	1,916,877						
2026	3,580,159		1,813,094						
2027	3,743,219		1,670,303						
2028	3,877,465		1,520,269						
2029	4,022,689		1,377,622						
2030-2034	17,397,385		4,898,234						
2035-2039	8,643,676		2,704,716						
2040-2044	4,214,000		1,328,385						
2045-2048	4,195,000		453,544						
Totals	\$ 52,612,272	\$	17,683,044						
	 ·		·						

Note 7-Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

Primary Government - Governmental Activities Obligations: (Continued)

Details of long-term obligations:

Garage Office to David	Interest Rates	Issue Date	Final Maturity Date	Amount of Original Issue	G	Balance sovernmental Activities		Amount due Within One Year
General Obligation Bonds: School construction GO Bonds (3)	4.100-5.600%	11/10/2004	2024	\$ 117,994	\$	7,405	\$	7,405
General Obligation bond series 2014C	2.050-5.050%	11/20/2014	2024	10,970,000	٠	7,403	Ą	710,000
General Obligation bond series 2017 (3)	2.000-5.000%	4/26/2017	2032	17,980,000		15,420,000		1,395,000
General Obligation bond series 2022A	2.48%	5/19/2022	2032	673,000		506,000		86,000
General Obligation bond series 2022A General Obligation bond series 2022A	2.48%	5/19/2022	2037	1,960,000		1,820,000		64,000
General Obligation bond series 2023	3.86%	5/10/2023	2040	10,500,000		10,500,000		04,000
General Obligation bond series 2024A (1)	4.299-5.125%	5/15/2024	2040	12,050,000		12,050,000		
Total General Obligation Bonds	4.277-3.123/0	3/13/2024	2040	12,030,000	\$	47,553,405	\$	2,262,405
Total deficial Obligation bolids					-	47,333,403		2,202,403
Bond Premiums:								
Unamortized premium on issuance	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	\$	136,454	\$	51,282
Unamortized premium on issuance	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		244		244
Unamortized premium on issuance	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		566,203		196,498
Unamortized premium on issuance	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		1,033,948		-
Total bond premiums					\$	1,736,849	\$	248,024
School Construction QSCB Bonds: (3)								
School construction	0.000%	10/31/2012	2034	\$ 2,170,893	\$	3,710,000	\$	530,000
School construction	0.000%	12/15/2011	2031	9,500,000		1,085,446		98,677
Total School Construction Bonds					\$	4,795,446	\$	628,677
Loans Payable:								
Loader (1)(2)	5.90%	5/21/2024	2029	267,262	\$	263,421	\$	47,597
				, ,	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	
Other Long-term Obligations:								
Landfill closure/post-closure liability	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	\$	400,759	\$	-
Compensated absences	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		1,036,797		777,598
Net pension liability	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		3,388,195		-
Net OPEB liabilities	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		2,260,664		-
Total Other Long-term Obligations					\$	7,086,415	\$	777,598
Total Long-term Obligations					\$	61,435,536	\$	3,964,301

⁽¹⁾ In the event of default, the Lender may declare the entire unpaid principal and interest on the issuance as due and payable.

⁽²⁾ Issuance is secured by the underlying asset that was purchased with proceeds of issuance.

⁽³⁾ Subject to the state aid intercept program. Under terms of the program, the County's aid is redirected to bondholders to cure event(s) of default.

Note 7-Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

<u>Primary Government - Business-type Activities Obligations:</u>

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions of the Enterprise Fund for the year ended June 30, 2024.

	Beginning Balance			creases/ ssuances	 ecreases/ tirements	Ending Balance		
Direct Borrowings and Placements:			-					
GO Bonds	\$	3,610,260	\$	-	\$ (86,398)	\$	3,523,862	
Revenue Bonds		4,404,478		-	(455,447)		3,949,031	
Unamortized Premiums		314,756		-	(78,710)		236,046	
Compensated absences		25,196		13,042	(18,897)		19,341	
Net OPEB liabilities		70,474		13,521	(11,840)		72,155	
Net pension liability		89,005		161,332	(142,032)		108,305	
Total	\$	8,514,169	\$	187,895	\$ (793,324)	\$	7,908,740	

For business-type activities, the net pension liability, net OPEB liabilities, and compensated absences are generally liquidated in the Water and Sewer Fund.

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and the related interest are as follows:

Year Ending	Direct Borrowings and Placements										
June 30,		Principal	Interest								
2025	\$	564,720	\$	248,371							
2026		592,459		223,702							
2027		615,286		198,545							
2028		638,097		173,227							
2029		656,204		148,292							
2030-2034		1,628,141		505,694							
2035-2039		904,457		308,622							
2040-2044		733,970		196,922							
2045-2049		496,520		102,394							
2050-2054		345,172		50,614							
2055-2058		297,867		13,092							
Totals	\$	7,472,893	\$	2,169,475							

Note 7-Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

<u>Primary Government - Business-type Activities Obligations</u>: (Continued)

Details of long-term obligations:

etails or tong term obtigations.	Interest Rates	Issue Date	Final Maturity Date	Amount of Original Issue	Balance Isiness-type Activities	Dι	Amount ie Within Ine Year
Direct Borrowings and Placements:					 		
GO Bonds: (2)							
Rural Development GO Bond	3.250%	2/14/2005	2045	\$1,500,000	\$ 1,030,147	\$	36,107
Rural Development GO Bond	4.000%	2/11/2010	2049	123,500	95,027		2,326
Rural Development GO Bond	2.750%	2/11/2010	2049	121,500	93,051		2,691
Rural Development GO Bond	4.500%	2/13/2009	2048	500,000	407,984		9,364
Rural Development GO Bond	2.125%	6/21/2018	2058	2,044,000	1,897,653		38,535
Subtotal GO Bonds					\$ \$ 3,523,862		89,023
Revenue Bonds: (1)							
VRA Revenue Bond	2.500%	10/17/2001	2032	113,300	\$ 46,148	\$	5,279
VRA Revenue Bond	0.000%	3/5/2004	2034	503,049	174,633		16,768
VRA Revenue Bond	0.000%	11/26/2008	2029	473,000	118,250		23,650
VRA Revenue Bond	3.779-5.125%	5/25/2016	2016	6,420,000	3,610,000		430,000
Unamortized premium on issuance	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	236,046		65,277
Subtotal Revenue Bonds					\$ 4,185,077	\$	540,974
Other Obligations:							
Compensated absences	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	\$ 19,341	\$	14,506
Net OPEB liabilities	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	72,155		-
Net pension liability	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	108,305		-
Total Other Obligations					\$ 199,801	\$	14,506
Total Long-term Obligations					\$ 7,908,740	\$	644,503

⁽¹⁾ In the event of default, the Lender may declare the entire unpaid principal and interest on the issuance as due and payable.

In the event of default, the lender of the VRA Revenue Bonds may declare the entire unpaid principal and interest on the issuances as due and payable. The locality's general obligation bonds are subject to the state aid intercept program. Under terms of the program, the County's aid is redirected to bondholders to cure event(s) of default.

⁽²⁾ Subject to the state aid intercept program. Under terms of the program, the County's aid is redirected to bondholders to cure event(s) of default.

Note 8-Long-Term Obligations-Component Units:

<u>Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board Obligations:</u>

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions of the Component Unit-School Board for the year ended June 30, 2024.

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance
Lease liabilities	\$ 83,712	\$ -	\$ (34,811)	\$ 48,901
Net OPEB liabilities	8,733,777	1,707,652	(1,911,704)	8,529,725
Compensated absences	447,375	398,606	(335,531)	510,450
Net pension liability	26,390,478	13,523,898	(12,616,236)	27,298,140
Total	\$ 35,655,342	\$ 15,630,156	\$ (14,898,282)	\$ 36,387,216

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and the related interest are as follows:

Year Ending	D	Direct Borrowings and Placements									
June 30,		Principal		Interest							
2025	\$	31,074	\$	626							
2026		13,431		276							
2027		3,080		91							
2028		1,316		10							
Totals	\$	48,901	\$	1,003							

Details of long-term obligations:

betails or tong term obligations.				Amount of		Balance		Amount	
	Interest	Issue	Maturity	Original	Coi	mponent Unit	Dι	ue Within	
	Rates	Date	Date	Issue	S	chool Board	C	One Year	
Lease Liabilities:									
Konica Minolta bizhub 650i System (2 copiers)	0.33%	7/13/2021	2026	19,671	\$	4,942	\$	4,942	
PrimeLink B9100	0.47%	6/30/2021	2026	16,253		4,099		3,277	
AltaLink C8170/H2	0.47%	6/30/2021	2026	16,253		4,099		3,277	
Xerox AltaLink B8170 Copier	0.33%	9/9/2021	2026	12,007		3,519		3,015	
Xerox AltaLink B8170 Copier	0.33%	9/9/2021	2026	12,007		3,519		3,015	
Konica Minolta bizhub 650i Copier	0.33%	9/9/2021	2026	10,134		2,970		2,545	
Xerox Altalink C8170 Copier	3.04%	12/12/2022	2027	14,689		10,277		2,898	
Xerox AltaLink B8145 Copier	2.55%	7/2/2022	2026	10,717		5,256		2,837	
Konica Minolta bizhub 650i System	2.55%	7/14/2022	2026	20,358		10,220		5,268	
Total Lease Liabilities					\$	48,901	\$	31,074	
Other Obligations:									
Net OPEB liabilities					\$	8,529,725	\$	-	
Compensated absences						510,450		382,838	
Net pension liability						27,298,140		-	
Total Other Obligations					\$	36,338,315	\$	382,838	
Total Long-term Obligations					\$	36,387,216	\$	413,912	

The leases payable, net pension liability, net OPEB liabilities, and compensated absences of the Component Unit - School Board are liquidated by the School Operating Fund.

Note 8-Long-Term Obligations-Component Units: (Continued)

<u>Discretely Presented Component Unit - EDA Obligations:</u>

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions of the Component Unit-EDA for the year ended June 30, 2024.

	Beginning Increases / Balance Issuances		creases/ cirements	Ending Balance		
Direct Borrowings and Placements:						
Promissory Note	\$	934,107	\$ -	\$ (35,520)	\$	898,587
Total	\$	934,107	\$ -	\$ (35,520)	\$	898,587

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and the related interest are as follows:

Year Ending	Direct Borrowings and Placements										
June 30,	•	Principal		Interest							
2025	\$	36,691	\$	28,661							
2026		37,902		27,450							
2027		39,152		26,200							
2028		40,444		24,908							
2029		41,778		23,574							
2030-2034		230,494		96,267							
2035-2039		271,105		55,656							
2040-2043		201,021		11,046							
Totals	\$	898,587	\$	293,762							

Details of long-term obligations:

	Interest Rates	Issue Date	Final Amount of Maturity Original Date Issue		Balance Business-type Activities		Amount Due Within One Year		
Direct Borrowings and Placements: Promissory Note (2)(3)	(1)	9/19/2022	2043	\$	960,000	\$	898,587	\$	36,691
Total Long-term Obligations						\$	898,587	\$	36,691

⁽¹⁾ Interest will be 3.5% for the first 60 months. The rate will change every 12th month beginning 9/19/27 and will be 0.5 percent above the Wall Street Journal US Prime Rate. The rate will be no more than 6.990% and no less than 3.25%.

⁽²⁾ In the event of default, the Lender may declare the entire unpaid principal and interest on the issuance as due and payable.

⁽³⁾ Issuance is secured by the underlying asset that was purchased with proceeds of issuance.

Note 9-Pension Plan:

Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the County, Smyth County Library ('Component Unit"), and (nonprofessional) employees of the public school divisions are automatically covered by the VRS Retirement Plan upon employment. This is an agent multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer pay contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria as defined in the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service.

Benefit Structures

The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees - Plan 1, Plan 2 and Hybrid. Each of these benefit structures has different eligibility criteria, as detailed below.

- a. Employees with a membership date before July 1, 2020, vested as of January 1, 2013, and have not taken a refund, are covered under Plan 1, a defined benefit plan. Non-hazardous duty employees are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit beginning at age 65 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 30 years of service credit. Non-hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 55 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 10 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees (law enforcement officers, firefighters, and sheriffs) are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 25 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 50 with at least 5 years of service credit.
- b. Employees with a membership date from July 1, 2010 to December 31, 2013, that have not taken a refund or employees with a membership date prior to July 1, 2010 and not vested before January 1, 2013, are covered under Plan 2, a defined benefit plan. Non-hazardous duty employees are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at their normal social security retirement age with at least 5 years of service credit or when the sum of their age plus service credit equals 90. Non-hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 25 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 50 with at least 5 years of service credit.
- c. Non-hazardous duty employees with a membership date on or after January 1, 2014 are covered by the Hybrid Plan combining the features of a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Plan 1 and Plan 2 members also had the option of opting into this plan during the election window held January 1 April 30, 2014 with an effective date of July 1, 2014. Employees covered by this plan are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at their normal social security retirement age with at least 5 years of service credit, or when the sum of their age plus service credit equals 90. Employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit. For the defined contribution component, members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.

Average Final Compensation and Service Retirement Multiplier

The VRS defined benefit is a lifetime monthly benefit based on a retirement multiplier as a percentage of the employee's average final compensation multiplied by the employee's total service credit. Under Plan 1, average final compensation is the average of the employee's 36 consecutive months of highest compensation and the multiplier is 1.70% for non-hazardous duty employees, 1.85% for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents, and 1.70% or 1.85% for hazardous duty employees as elected by the employer. Under Plan 2, average final compensation is the average of the employee's 60 consecutive months of highest compensation and the retirement multiplier is 1.65% for non-hazardous duty employees, 1.85% for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents, and 1.70% or 1.85% for hazardous duty employees as elected by the employer. Under the Hybrid Plan, average final compensation is the average of the employee's 60 consecutive months of highest compensation and the multiplier is 1.00%. For members who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan from Plan 1 or Plan 2, the applicable multipliers for those plans will be used to calculate the retirement benefit for service credited in those plans.

Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement and Death and Disability Benefits

Retirees with an unreduced benefit or with a reduced benefit with at least 20 years of service credit are eligible for an annual COLA beginning July 1 after one full calendar year from the retirement date. Retirees with a reduced benefit and who have less than 20 years of service credit are eligible for an annual COLA beginning on July 1 after one calendar year following the unreduced retirement eligibility date. Under Plan 1, the COLA cannot exceed 5.00%. Under Plan 2 and the Hybrid Plan, the COLA cannot exceed 3.00%. The VRS also provides death and disability benefits. Title 51.1 of the Code of Virginia, as amended, assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the General Assembly of Virginia.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the pension plan:

	Primary Government and Library	Component Unit School Board Nonprofessional
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	205	127
Inactive members: Vested inactive members	31	15
Non-vested inactive members	44	40
Inactive members active elsewhere in VRS	81	26
Total inactive members	156	81
Active members	202	108
Total covered employees	563	316

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2024

Note 9-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement

The County's and Component Unit's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2024 was 10.62% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the County were \$1,082,612 and \$976,258 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively. Contributions to the pension plan from the Component Unit Library were \$40,233 and \$40,047 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively.

The Component Unit School Board's contractually required employer contribution rate for nonprofessional employees for the year ended June 30, 2024 was 8.18% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the Component Unit School Board's nonprofessional employees were \$193,096 and \$185,387 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively.

Net Pension Liability (Asset)

The net pension liability (asset) (NPLA) is calculated separately for each employer and represents that particular employer's total pension liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, less that employer's fiduciary net position. The County's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) net pension liabilities (assets) were measured as of June 30, 2023. The total pension liabilities used to calculate the net pension liabilities (assets) were determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2022, and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023.

Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees

The total pension liability for General Employees in the County's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023.

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.50% - 5.35%

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of pension plan investment

expenses, including inflation

Note 9-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees (Continued)

Mortality rates:

All Others (Non-10 Largest) - Non-Hazardous Duty: 15% of deaths are assumed to be service related Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years

Mortality Improvement:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

All Others (Non-10 Largest) - Non-Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future
retirement healthy, and disabled)	mortality improvements, replace load with a modified
	Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set
	separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid;
	changed final retirement age
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and
	service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Note 9-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - Public Safety Employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits

The total pension liability for Public Safety employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits in the County's Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023.

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.50% - 4.75%

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of pension plan investment

expenses, including inflation

Mortality rates:

All Others (Non-10 Largest) - Hazardous Duty: 45% of deaths are assumed to be service related

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years

Mortality Improvement:

Actuarial Assumptions - Public Safety Employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

All Others (Non-10 Largest) - Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. Increased
retirement healthy, and disabled)	disability life expectancy. For future mortality improvements,
	replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-
	2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience and changed final
	retirement age from 65 to 70
Withdrawal Rates	Decreased rates and changed from rates based on age and
	service to rates based on service only to better fit experience
	and to be more consistent with Locals Largest 10 Hazardous
	Duty
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Long-Term Target Asset Allocation	Arithmetic Long-term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-term Expected Rate of Return*
Public Equity	34.00%	6.14%	2.09%
Fixed Income	15.00%	2.56%	0.38%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	5.60%	0.78%
Real Assets	14.00%	5.02%	0.70%
Private Equity	16.00%	9.17%	1.47%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies	4.00%	4.50%	0.18%
PIP - Private Investment Partnership	2.00%	7.18%	0.14%
Cash	1.00%	1.20%	0.01%
Total	100.00%		5.75%
		Inflation	2.50%
	Expected arithmet	ic nominal return**	8.25%

^{*}The above allocation provides a one-year expected return of 8.25%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the System, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. These results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 7.14%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

^{**}On June 15, 2023, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of return of 6.75% which was roughly at the 45th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation at that time, providing a median return of 7.14%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Consistent with the phased-in funding provided by the General Assembly for state and teacher employer contributions; the County and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) was also provided with an opportunity to use an alternative employer contribution rate. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the alternate rate was the employer contribution rate used in FY 2012 or 100% of the actuarially determined employer contribution rate from the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuations, whichever was greater. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the rate contributed by the school division for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan was subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly, which was 112% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2023 on, participating employers and school divisions are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset)

, ,	,		F	Primary Government	
				Increase (Decrease)	
		Total Pension Liability		Plan Fiduciary Net Position	Net Pension Liability (Asset)
		(a)		(b)	 (a) - (b)
Balances at June 30, 2022	\$	50,370,224	\$	47,612,504	\$ 2,757,720
Changes for the year:					
Service cost	\$	987,113	\$	-	\$ 987,113
Interest		3,369,562		-	3,369,562
Differences between expected					
and actual experience		821,091		-	821,091
Impact in change in proportion		(56,411)		(53,322)	(3,089)
Contributions - employer		-		975,983	(975,983)
Contributions - employee		-		452,560	(452,560)
Net investment income		-		3,036,740	(3,036,740)
Benefit payments, including refunds		(2,762,987)		(2,762,987)	-
Administrative expenses		-		(30,605)	30,605
Other changes		-		1,219	(1,219)
Net changes	\$	2,358,368	\$	1,619,588	\$ 738,780
Balances at June 30, 2023	\$	52,728,592	\$	49,232,092	\$ 3,496,500

Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset) (Continued)

		Co	mponent Unit Library	
			Increase (Decrease)	
	Total Pension Liability		Plan Fiduciary Net Position	Net Pension Liability (Asset)
	 (a)		(b)	 (a) - (b)
Balances at June 30, 2022	\$ 2,007,509	\$	1,897,599	\$ 109,910
Changes for the year:				
Service cost	\$ 40,493	\$	-	\$ 40,493
Interest	138,224		-	138,224
Differences between expected				
and actual experience	33,682		-	33,682
Impact in change in proportion	56,411		53,322	3,089
Contributions - employer	-		40,036	(40,036)
Contributions - employee	-		18,565	(18,565)
Net investment income	-		124,571	(124,571)
Benefit payments, including refunds	(113,342)		(113,342)	-
Administrative expenses	-		(1,255)	1,255
Other changes	-		50	(50)
Net changes	\$ 155,468	\$	121,947	\$ 33,521
Balances at June 30, 2023	\$ 2,162,977	\$	2,019,546	\$ 143,431

	Component Unit School Board (Nonprofessional)						
		-		Increase (Decrease)		<u> </u>	
		Total Pension Liability		Plan Fiduciary Net Position		Net Pension Liability (Asset)	
		(a)		(b)		(a) - (b)	
Balances at June 30, 2022	\$	14,113,363	\$	13,628,434	\$	484,929	
Changes for the year:							
Service cost	\$	214,215	\$	-	\$	214,215	
Interest		936,654		-		936,654	
Differences between expected							
and actual experience		(118,456)		-		(118,456)	
Contributions - employer		-		185,693		(185,693)	
Contributions - employee		-		113,776		(113,776)	
Net investment income		-		860,945		(860,945)	
Benefit payments, including refunds		(902,454)		(902,454)		-	
Administrative expenses		-		(8,886)		8,886	
Other changes		-		343		(343)	
Net changes	ş	129,959	\$	249,417	\$	(119,458)	
Balances at June 30, 2023	\$	14,243,322	\$	13,877,851	\$	365,471	

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents net pension liability of the County, Component Unit Library, and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the County's, Component Unit Library's, and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	1	% Decrease	Cur	rent Discount	1% Increase		
		(5.75%)		(6.75%)		(7.75%)	
County - Primary Government							
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	10,205,107	\$	3,496,500	\$	(2,012,953)	
Component Unit Library							
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	418,629	\$	143,431	\$	(82,575)	
Component Unit School Board (Nonprofessional)							
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	1,884,664	\$	365,471	\$	(941,983)	

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the County, Component Unit Library, and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) recognized pension expense of \$1,208,549, \$30,926, and \$(242,250), respectively. At June 30, 2024, the County, Component Unit Library, and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Duim a m. C				Compon		it		Component		
	Primary Go Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	567,276	\$	-	\$	23,242	\$	-	\$	-	\$	107,735
Change in assumptions		15,140		-		615		-		-		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		783,863		-		30,569		-		235,000
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		10,851		3,763		-		7,088		-		-
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		1,082,612				40,233				193,096		
Total	\$	1,675,879	\$	787,626	\$	64,090	\$	37,657	\$	193,096	\$	342,735

Note 9-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

\$1,082,612, \$40,233, and \$193,096 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the County's, Component Unit Library's, and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) contributions, respectively, subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year Ended June 30	Primary Government		Com	ponent Unit Library	School Board (Nonprofessional)		
2025	\$	(224,476)	\$	(15,851)	\$	(257,973)	
2026		(679,826)		(27,107)		(289,435)	
2027		684,446		28,112		197,007	
2028		25,497		1,046		7,666	

Pension Plan Data

Information about the VRS Political Subdivision Retirement Plan is also available in the separately issued VRS 2023 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2023 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2023-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA 23218-2500.

Component Unit School Board (Professional)

Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan upon employment. This is a cost-sharing multiple employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the system). Additional information related to the plan description is included in the first section of this note.

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. Each school division's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2024 was 16.62% of covered employee compensation. This was the General Assembly approved rate, which was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the school division were \$4,409,960 and \$4,204,877 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively.

In June 2023, the Commonwealth made a special contribution of approximately \$147.5 million to the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan. This special payment was authorized by a Chapter 2 of the Acts of Assembly 2022, Special Session I, as amended by Chapter 769, 2023 Acts of Assembly Reconvened Session, and is classified as a non-employer contribution. The school division's proportionate share is reflected in the operating grants and contributions in the Statement of Activities.

Note 9-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (Professional) (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2024, the school division reported a liability of \$26,932,669 for its proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability. The Net Pension Liability was measured as of June 30, 2023 and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2022, and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023. The school division's proportion of the Net Pension Liability was based on the school division's actuarially determined employer contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2023, relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2023, the school division's proportion was 0.26647% as compared to 0.27210% at June 30, 2022.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the school division recognized pension expense of \$2,365,387. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the pension expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion and from differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of employer contributions. Beginning with the June 30, 2022 measurement date, the difference between expected and actual contributions is included with the pension expense calculation.

At June 30, 2024, the school division reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		rred Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	2,313,539	\$	1,051,028		
Change in assumptions		1,220,952		- -		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		1,751,167		
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		527,472		788,300		
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date Total	ς	4,409,960 8,471,923	<u> </u>	3,590,495		

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2024

Note 9-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (Professional) (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

\$4,409,960 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the school division's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year Ended June 30	
2025	\$ (645,906)
2026	(1,528,067)
2027	2,213,909
2028	431,532

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023.

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases, including inflation	3.50% - 5.95%
Investment rate of return	6.75%, net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation

Mortality rates:

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Employee Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; males set forward 1 year; 105% of rates for females

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Disabled Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally

Mortality Improvement:

Note 9-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (Professional) (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For
retirement healthy, and disabled)	future mortality improvements, replace load with a
	modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set
	separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid;
	changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and
	service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability (NPL) is calculated separately for each system and represents that particular system's total pension liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, less that system's fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2023, NPL amounts for the VRS Teacher Employee Retirement Plan is as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	_	Teacher Employee Retirement Plan
Total Pension Liability Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$	57,574,609 47,467,405
Employers' Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	10,107,204
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	-	82.45%
of the rotal relision Liability		02.43/0

The total pension liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net pension liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 67 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

The long-term expected rate of return and discount rate information previously described also apply to this plan.

Note 9-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (Professional) (Continued)

Sensitivity of the School Division's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

Rate											
1% Decrease	Cur	rent Discount	nt Discount 1% Increase								
(5.75%)		(6.75%)	(7.75%)								
\$ 47,742,015	\$	26,932,669	\$	9,825,674							

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2023 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2023 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/pdf/publications/2023-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Primary Government and Component Units

Aggregate Pension Information

	Deferred Outflows					et Pension Liability (Asset)	Pension Expense		
Primary Government									
VRS Pension Plans:	<u>\$</u>	1,675,879	\$	787,626	\$	3,496,500	\$	1,208,549	
Component Unit Library VRS Pension Plans:	\$	64,090	\$	37,657	\$	143,431	\$	30,926	
Component Unit School Board VRS Pension Plans:									
School Board Nonprofessional	\$	193,096	\$	342,735	\$	365,471	\$	(242,250)	
School Board Professional		8,471,923		3,590,495		26,932,669		2,365,387	
Totals	\$	8,665,019	\$	3,933,230	\$	27,298,140	\$	2,123,137	

Note 10-Other Postemployment Benefits-Health Insurance:

In addition to the pension benefits described in Note 9, the County and Component Unit School Board administer a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan. The plans provide postemployment health care benefits to all eligible permanent employees who meet the requirements under the County's and School Board's pension plans. The plans do not issue a publicly available financial report.

Benefits Provided

A retiree, eligible for post-retirement medical coverage, is defined as a full-time employee who retires directly from the County or School Board and is eligible to receive an early or regular retirement benefit from VRS. Employees applying for early or regular retirement are eligible to continue participation in the Retiree Health Plans sponsored by the County and School Board. Employees at the County, Library, and School Board are allowed to stay on the plan until death of the employee. The employee pays 100% of the required premium.

Plan Membership

At July 1, 2023 (measurement date), the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Primary Government and Library	Component Unit- School Board
188	613
8	29
196	642
	Government and Library 188 8

Contributions

The board does not pre-fund benefits; therefore, no assets are accumulated in a trust fund. The current funding policy is to pay benefits directly from general assets on a pay-as-you-go basis. The funding requirements are established and may be amended by the County Board. The amount paid by the County, Component Unit Library, and Component Unit School Board for OPEB as the benefits came due during the year ended June 30, 2023 was \$42,423, \$1,577, and \$150,000, respectively.

Total OPEB Liability

The County's and School Board's total OPEB liability was measured as of July 1, 2023. The total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Note 10-Other Postemployment Benefits-Health Insurance: (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the July 1, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Primary Government and Component Unit Library:

Inflation	2.50%
	9.91% for fiscal year end 2023 and 10.98% for fiscal year end 2024 (to reflect actual experience), then 6.50% for fiscal year end 2025, decreasing 0.25% per year to an
	ultimate rate of 5.00%
Salary Increases	2.50%
Discount Rate	3.86%

Mortality rates use RP-2014 Mortality Table, fully generated with base year 2006, using two-dimensional improvement scale MP-2021.

Component Unit School Board:

Inflation	2.50%
Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	6.15% for fiscal year end 2023 and 10.92% for fiscal year end 2024 (to reflect actual
	experience), then 6.50% for fiscal year end 2025, decreasing 0.25% per year to an
	ultimate rate of 5.00%
Salary Increases	2.50%
Discount Rate	3.86%

Mortality rates use RP-2014 Mortality Table, fully generated with base year 2006, using two-dimensional improvement scale MP-2021.

Note 10-Other Postemployment Benefits-Health Insurance: (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used when OPEB plan investments are insufficient to pay for future benefit payments is selected from the Municipal GO AA 20-year curve. The final equivalent single discount rate used for this year's valuation is 3.86% as of the end of the fiscal year with the expectation that the County will continue contributing the Actuarially Determined Contribution and paying the pay-go cost.

Changes in Total OPEB Liability

	Primary Government	Component Unit Library	Component Unit School Board
Balances at June 30, 2023	\$ 1,703,121 \$	67,879	\$ 3,534,000
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	68,456	2,544	129,000
Interest	64,599	2,401	132,000
Difference between expected and actual experience	70,384	2,616	139,000
Changes in assumptions	(31,818)	(1,182)	(50,000)
Contributions - employer	(42,423)	(1,577)	(150,000)
Change in proportionate share	4,425	(4,425)	-
Net changes	133,623	377	200,000
Balances at June 30, 2024	\$ 1,836,744 \$	68,256	\$ 3,734,000

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following amounts present the total OPEB liability of the County and Component Unit-Library, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (2.86%) or one percentage point higher (4.86%) than the current discount rate:

	Rate										
		% Decrease 2.86%	Curi	rent Discount 3.86%	1% Increase 4.86%						
County	\$	\$ 2,032,470		\$ 1,836,744		1,661,265					
Component Unit Library	\$	75,530	\$	68,256	\$	61,735					
Component Unit School Board	\$	4,034,000	\$	3,734,000	\$	3,455,000					

Note 10-Other Postemployment Benefits-Health Insurance: (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, Component Unit Library, and Component Unit School Board, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	Rate										
	1	% Decrease (1.00%)	Cur	rent Discount 0.00%	1% Increase 1.00%						
County	\$	1,614,985	\$	1,836,744	\$	2,098,034					
Component Unit Library	\$	60,015	\$	68,256	\$	77,966					
Component Unit School Board	\$	3,347,000	\$	3,734,000	\$	4,179,000					

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the County, Component Unit Library, and Component Unit School Board recognized OPEB expense in the amount of \$99,310, \$3,690, and \$(75,000), respectively. At June 30, 2024, the County, Component Unit Library, and Component Unit-School Board, reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

								Compone	nt Unit-		
		Primary Government				Component l	Jnit-Library	School Board			
		Deferred Deferred Outflows of Inflows of		Deferred	_	Deferred	Deferred	Deferred	Deferred		
				Inflows of		Outflows of	Inflows of	Outflows of	Inflows of		
		Resources	_	Resources	_	Resources	Resources	Resources	Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	208,261	\$	130,163	\$	7,739 \$	4,837 \$	119,000 \$	703,000		
Changes in assumptions		156,196		328,782		5,804	12,218	328,000	394,000		
Employer contributions subsequent to the											
measurement date		42,423	_	-	_	1,577		150,000			
Total	\$	406,880	\$	458,945	\$	15,120 \$	17,055 \$	597,000 \$	1,097,000		

\$42,423, \$1,577, and \$150,000 was reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from the County, Component Unit-Library, and Component Unit-School Board, respectively, contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as reduction of the Total OPEB liability in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025.

Note 10-Other Postemployment Benefits-Health Insurance: (Continued)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources (Continued)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	Primary		Component		Component Unit-	
Year Ended June 30:	Government		Unit-Library		School Board	
2025	\$	(36,638)	\$	(1,362)	\$	(224,000)
2026		(22,176)		(824)		(145,000)
2027		(20,248)		(752)		(156,000)
2028		(20,248)		(752)		(139,000)
2029		6,750		250		15,000
Thereafter		(1,928)		(72)		(1,000)

Additional disclosures on changes in total OPEB liability and related ratios can be found in the required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements.

Note 11-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan):

Plan Description

The Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan was established pursuant to §51.1-500 et seq. of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the state agencies, teachers, and employees of participating political subdivisions are automatically covered by the VRS GLI Plan upon employment. This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pensions and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia.

In addition to the Basic GLI benefit, members are also eligible to elect additional coverage for themselves as well as a spouse or dependent children through the Optional GLI Plan. For members who elect the optional group life insurance coverage, the insurer bills employers directly for the premiums. Employers deduct these premiums from members' paychecks and pay the premiums to the insurer. Since this is a separate and fully insured plan, it is not included as part of the GLI Plan OPEB.

The specific information for GLI OPEB, including eligibility, coverage and benefits is described below:

Eligible Employees

The GLI Plan was established July 1, 1960, for state employees, teachers, and employees of political subdivisions that elect the plan. Basic GLI coverage is automatic upon employment. Coverage ends for employees who leave their position before retirement eligibility or who take a refund of their accumulated retirement member contributions and accrued interest.

Note 11-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Benefit Amounts

The GLI Plan is a defined benefit plan with several components. The natural death benefit is equal to the employee's covered compensation rounded to the next highest thousand and then doubled. The accidental death benefit is double the natural death benefit. In addition to basic natural and accidental death benefits, the plan provides additional benefits provided under specific circumstances that include the following: accidental dismemberment benefit, seatbelt benefit, repatriation benefit, felonious assault benefit, and accelerated death benefit option. The benefit amounts are subject to a reduction factor. The benefit amount reduces by 25% on January 1 following one calendar year of separation. The benefit amount reduces by an additional 25% on each subsequent January 1 until it reaches 25% of its original value. For covered members with at least 30 years of service credit, the minimum benefit payable was set at \$8,000 by statute in 2015. This will be increased annually based on the VRS Plan 2 cost-of-living adjustment calculation. The minimum benefit adjusted for the COLA was \$9,254 as of June 30, 2024.

Contributions

The contribution requirements for the GLI Plan are governed by §51.1-506 and §51.1-508 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to state agencies and school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. The total rate for the GLI Plan was 1.34% of covered employee compensation. This was allocated into an employee and an employer component using a 60/40 split. The employee component was 0.80% (1.34% x 60%) and the employer component was 0.54% (1.31% x 40%). Employers may elect to pay all or part of the employee contribution; however, the employer must pay all of the employer contribution. Each employer's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2024, was 0.54% of covered employee compensation. This rate was the final approved General Assembly rate, which was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits payable during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Contributions to the Group Life Insurance Plan from the County were \$58,967 and \$52,608 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively.

Contributions to the Group Life Insurance Plan from the Component Unit Library were \$2,191 and \$2,158 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively.

Contributions to the Group Life Insurance Plan from the Component Unit School Board (Nonprofessional) were \$14,225 and \$13,564 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively.

Contributions to the Group Life Insurance Plan from the Component Unit-School Board (Professional) were \$147,379 and \$141,192 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively.

In June 2023, the Commonwealth made a special contribution approximately \$10.1 million to the Group Life Insurance Plan. This special payment was authorized by Chapter 2 of the Acts of Assembly of 2022, Special Session I, as amended by Chapter 769, 2023 Acts of Assembly Reconvened Session, and is classified as a special employer contribution. The entity did not record a proportionate share in the financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2024

Note 11-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

GLI OPEB Liabilities, GLI OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the Group Life Insurance Plan OPEB

Primary Government GLI Program

At June 30, 2024, the entity reported a liability of \$496,075 for its proportionate share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability. The Net GLI OPEB Liability was measured as of June 30, 2023 and the total GLI OPEB liability used to calculate the Net GLI OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2022, and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023. The covered employer's proportion of the Net GLI OPEB Liability was based on the covered employer's actuarially determined employer contributions to the Group Life Insurance Plan for the year ended June 30, 2023, relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2023, the County's proportion was 0.04136% as compared to 0.03991% at June 30, 2022.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the County recognized GLI OPEB expense of \$27,270. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the GLI OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion.

Component Unit Library GLI Program

At June 30, 2024, the entity reported a liability of \$20,349 for its proportionate share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability. The Net GLI OPEB Liability was measured as of June 30, 2023 and the total GLI OPEB liability used to calculate the Net GLI OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2022, and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023. The covered employer's proportion of the Net GLI OPEB Liability was based on the covered employer's actuarially determined employer contributions to the Group Life Insurance Plan for the year ended June 30, 2023, relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2023, the Component Unit Library's proportion was 0.00170% as compared to 0.00159% at June 30, 2022.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the Component Unit Library recognized GLI OPEB expense of \$1,119. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the GLI OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion.

Component Unit School Board (Nonprofessional) GLI Program

At June 30, 2024, the Component Unit-School Board (Nonprofessional) reported a liability of \$127,847 for its proportionate share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability. The Net GLI OPEB Liability was measured as of June 30, 2023 and the total GLI OPEB liability used to calculate the Net GLI OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2022, and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023. The covered employer's proportion of the Net GLI OPEB Liability was based on the covered employer's actuarially determined employer contributions to the Group Life Insurance Plan for the year ended June 30, 2023, relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2023, the Component Unit-School Board (non-professional) proportion was 0.01066% as compared to 0.01050% at June 30, 2022.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the Component-Unit School Board (Nonprofessional) recognized GLI OPEB expense of \$1,637. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the GLI OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion.

Note 11-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

GLI OPEB Liabilities, GLI OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the Group Life Insurance Plan OPEB (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (Professional) GLI Program

At June 30, 2024, the Component Unit-School Board (Professional) reported a liability of \$1,331,238 for its proportionate share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability. The Net GLI OPEB Liability was measured as of June 30, 2023 and the total GLI OPEB liability used to calculate the Net GLI OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2022, and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023. The covered employer's proportion of the Net GLI OPEB Liability was based on the covered employer's actuarially determined employer contributions to the Group Life Insurance Program for the year ended June 30, 2023, relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2023, the Component Unit-School Board (professional) proportion was 0.11100% as compared to 0.11480% at June 30, 2022.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the Component Unit School Board (Professional) recognized GLI OPEB expense of \$27,583. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the GLI OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion.

At June 30, 2024, the employer reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB from the following sources:

	Primary Government				Component Unit Library			
	Deferred Outflows of Resources	_	Deferred Inflows of Resources		Deferred Outflows of Resources	_	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 49,546	\$	15,058	\$	2,032	\$	618	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on GLI OPEB plan investments	-		19,935		-		818	
Change in assumptions	10,604		34,370		435		1,410	
Changes in proportionate share	39,920		5,064		1,638		208	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	58,967	_		-	2,191	_		
Total	\$ 159,037	\$	74,427	\$	6,296	\$	3,054	

Note 11-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

GLI OPEB Liabilities, GLI OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the Group Life Insurance Plan OPEB (Continued)

	Component Un (Nonprof	it School Board essional)	Component Unit School Board (Professional)			
	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 12,769	\$ 3,881	\$ 132,958	\$ 40,410		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on GLI OPEB plan investments	-	5,138	-	53,497		
Change in assumptions	2,733	8,858	28,456	92,233		
Changes in proportionate share	5,528	7,264	28,293	72,644		
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	14,225		147,379			
Total	\$ 35,255	\$ 25,141	\$ 337,086	\$\$ 258,784		

\$58,967, \$2,191, \$14,225, and \$147,379 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB resulting from the County, Component Unit Library, Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional), and Component Unit School Board (professional)'s, respectively, contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net GLI OPEB Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. Other amounts recognized in the GLI OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year Ended June 30	Primary	Government	Co	omponent Unit Library	Sch	oonent Unit ool Board professional)	Sc	nponent Unit hool Board rofessional)
2025	\$	3,665	\$	150	\$	(3,584)	\$	(29,012)
2026		(12,159)		(499)		(6,388)		(65,739)
2027		17,923		735		2,679		19,408
2028		8,181		336		1,548		1,107
2029		8,033		329		1,634		5,159

Note 11-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total GLI OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023. The assumptions include several employer groups as noted below. Salary increases and mortality rates included herein are for relevant employer groups. Information for other groups can be referenced in the VRS Annual Report.

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases, including inflation:

Teachers 3.50%-5.95% Locality - General employees 3.50%-5.35% Locality - Hazardous Duty employees 3.50%-4.75%

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of investment expenses,

including inflation

Mortality Rates - Teachers

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Employee Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; males set forward 1 year; 105% of rates for females

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Disabled Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally

Mortality Improvement Scale:

Note 11-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Mortality Rates - Teachers (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For
retirement healthy, and disabled)	future mortality improvements, replace load with a
	modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set
	separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid;
	changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and
	service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; males set forward 2 years; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set forward 2 years; 95% of rates for females set forward 1 year

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males set forward 3 years; 110% of rates for females set forward 2 years

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally

Mortality Improvement Scale:

Note 11-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For
retirement healthy, and disabled)	future mortality improvements, replace load with a
	modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set
	separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid;
	changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and
	service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years

Mortality Improvement Scale:

Note 11-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. Increased			
retirement healthy, and disabled)	disability life expectancy. For future mortality			
	improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality			
	Improvement Scale MP-2020			
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience and changed final			
	retirement age from 65 to 70			
Withdrawal Rates	Decreased rates and changed from rates based on age and			
	service to rates based on service only to better fit			
	experience and to be more consistent with Locals Top 10			
	Hazardous Duty			
Disability Rates	No change			
Salary Scale	No change			
Line of Duty Disability	No change			
Discount Rate	No change			

NET GLI OPEB Liability

The net OPEB liability (NOL) for the Group Life Insurance Plan represents the plan's total OPEB liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, less the associated fiduciary net position. As of the measurement date of June 30, 2023, NOL amounts for the Group Life Insurance Plan is as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	 GLI OPEB Plan		
Total GLI OPEB Liability	\$ 3,907,052		
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	2,707,739		
GLI Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ 1,199,313		
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total GLI OPEB Liability	69.30%		

The total GLI OPEB liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net GLI OPEB liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 74 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

Note 11-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on the System's investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of System's investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Long-Term Target Asset Allocation	Arithmetic Long-term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-term Expected Rate of Return*
Public Equity	34.00%	6.14%	2.09%
Fixed Income	15.00%	2.56%	0.38%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	5.60%	0.78%
Real Assets	14.00%	5.02%	0.70%
Private Equity	16.00%	9.17%	1.47%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies	4.00%	4.50%	0.18%
PIP - Private Investment Partnership	2.00%	7.18%	0.14%
Cash	1.00%	1.20%	0.01%
Total	100.00%		5.75%
		Inflation	2.50%
	Expected arithme	etic nominal return**	8.25%

^{*}The above allocation provides a one-year return of 8.25%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the System, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. These results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 7.14% including expected inflation of 2.50%.

^{**}On June 15, 2023, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of return of 6.75%, which was roughly at the 45th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation at that time, providing a median return of 7.14%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Note 11-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total GLI OPEB liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy and at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the rate contributed by the entity for the GLI OPEB will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly, which was 113% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2023 on, employers are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the GLI OPEB's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of eligible employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total GLI OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the employer's proportionate share of the net GLI OPEB liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the employer's proportionate share of the net GLI OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	Rate						
		1% Decrease		urrent Discount		1% Increase	
	(5.75%)			(6.75%)		(7.75%)	
Proportional share of the GLI Plan Net OPEB Liability:							
Primary Government	\$	735,338	\$	496,075	\$	302,629	
Component Unit Library	\$	30,164	\$	20,349	\$	12,414	
Component Unit School Board (Nonprofessional)	\$	189,509	\$	127,847	\$	77,993	
Component Unit School Board (Professional)	\$	1,973,311	\$	1,331,238	\$	812,118	

Group Life Insurance Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the Group Life Insurance Plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2023 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2023 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2023-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Note 12-Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan):

Plan Description

The Virginia Retirement System (VRS) Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan was established pursuant to \$51.1-1400 et seq. of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan. This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pension and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit toward the benefit for each month they are employed and for which their employer pays contributions to VRS. The HIC is a tax-free reimbursement in an amount set by the General Assembly for each year of service credit against qualified health insurance premiums retirees pay for single coverage, excluding any portion covering the spouse or dependents. The credit cannot exceed the amount of the premiums and ends upon the retiree's death.

The specific information for the Teacher HIC OPEB, including eligibility, coverage, and benefits is described below:

Eligible Employees

The Teacher Employee Retiree HIC Plan was established July 1, 1993 for retired Teacher Employees covered under VRS who retire with at least 15 years of service credit. Eligible employees include full-time permanent (professional) salaried employees of public school divisions covered under VRS. These employees are enrolled automatically upon employment.

Benefit Amounts

The Teacher Employee HIC Plan is a defined benefit plan that provides a credit toward the cost of health insurance coverage for retired teachers. For Teacher and other professional school employees who retire, the monthly benefit is \$4.00 per year of service per month with no cap on the benefit amount. For Teacher and other professional school employees who retire on disability or go on long-term disability under the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP), the monthly benefit is either: \$4.00 per month, multiplied by twice the amount of service credit, or \$4.00 per month, multiplied by the amount of service earned had the employee been active until age 60, whichever is lower.

HIC Plan Notes

The monthly HIC benefit cannot exceed the individual premium amount. Employees who retire after being on long-term disability under VLDP must have at least 15 years of service credit to qualify for the HIC as a retiree.

Contributions

The contribution requirements for active employees is governed by \$51.1-1401(E) of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Each school division's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2024 was 1.21% of covered employee compensation for employees in the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan. This rate was the final approved General Assembly rate, which was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The actuarially determined rate was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions from the school division to the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan were \$329,687 and \$315,319 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively.

Note 12-Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Contributions (Continued)

In June 2023, the Commonwealth made a special contribution of approximately \$4 million to the VRS Teacher HIC Plan. This special payment was authorized Chapter 2 of the Acts of Assembly of 2022, Special Session I, as amended by Chapter 769, 2023 Acts of Assembly Reconvened session, and is classified as a special employer contribution. The entity did not record a proportionate share in the financial statements.

Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liabilities, Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB

At June 30, 2024, the school division reported a liability of \$3,166,039 for its proportionate share of the VRS Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program Net OPEB Liability. The Net VRS Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability was measured as of June 30, 2023 and the total VRS Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability used to calculate the Net VRS Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2022 and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023. The school division's proportion of the Net VRS Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability was based on the school division's actuarially determined employer contributions to the VRS Teacher Employee HIC OPEB plan for the year ended June 30, 2023, relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2023, the school division's proportion of the VRS Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit was 0.21614% as compared to 0.26694% at June 30, 2022.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the school division recognized VRS Teacher Employee HIC OPEB expense of \$185,451. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates a portion of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Net OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportionate share and differences between actual and expected contributions.

At June 30, 2024, the school division reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the VRS Teacher Employee HIC OPEB from the following sources:

	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources	 Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$ 139,353
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on Teacher HIC OPEB plan investments		1,589	-
Change in assumptions		73,700	3,190
Change in proportionate share and differences between actual and expected contributions		68,379	182,220
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	329,687	 <u> </u>
Total	\$ <u>_</u>	473,355	\$ 324,763

Note 12-Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liabilities, Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB (Continued)

\$329,687 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB resulting from the school division's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB will be recognized in the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year Ended June 30	
2025	\$ (66,734)
2026	(47,224)
2027	(21,979)
2028	(19,332)
2029	(13,057)
Thereafter	(12,769)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability for the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023.

Inflation	2.50%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.50% - 5.35%

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of pension plan investment

expenses, including inflation

Mortality Rates - Teachers

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teacher Employee Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; males set forward 1 year; 105% of rates for females

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Disabled Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally

Mortality Improvement Scale:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

Note 12-Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Mortality Rates - Teachers: (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For
retirement healthy, and disabled)	future mortality improvements, replace load with a
	modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set
	separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid;
	changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and
	service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Net Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability

The net OPEB liability (NOL) for the Teacher Employee HIC Plan represents the plan's total OPEB liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, less the associated fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2023, NOL amounts for the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan is as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	-	Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Plan
Total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$	1,475,471 264,054
Teacher Employee Net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	1,211,417
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability		17.90%

The total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and the plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 74 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

Note 12-Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on the VRS System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of VRS System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Long-Term Target Asset Allocation	Arithmetic Long-term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-term Expected Rate of Return*
Public Equity	34.00%	6.14%	2.09%
Fixed Income	15.00%	2.56%	0.38%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	5.60%	0.78%
Real Assets	14.00%	5.02%	0.70%
Private Equity	16.00%	9.17%	1.47%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies	4.00%	4.50%	0.18%
PIP - Private Investment Partnership	2.00%	7.18%	0.14%
Cash	1.00%	1.20%	0.01%
Total	100.00%		5.75%
		Inflation	2.50%
	Expected arithmet	ic nominal return**	8.25%

^{*}The above allocation provides a one-year return of 8.25%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the System, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. These results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 7.14%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

^{**}On June 15, 2023 the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of 6.75% which was roughly at the 45th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation at that time, providing a median return of 7.14%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Note 12-Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy and at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the rate contributed by each school division for the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly, which was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2023 on, all agencies are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the School Division's Proportionate Share of the Teacher Employee HIC Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the school division's proportionate share of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan net HIC OPEB liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the school division's proportionate share of the net HIC OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	Rate						
		1% Decrease	Cur	rent Discount		1% Increase	
		(5.75%)		(6.75%)		(7.75%)	
School division's proportionate share of the VRS Teacher							
Employee HIC OPEB Plan							
Net HIC OPEB Liability	\$	3,581,144	\$	3,166,039	\$	2,814,274	

Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2023 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2023 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2023-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Note 13-Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan):

Plan Description

The Political Subdivision Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan was established pursuant to §51.1-1400 et seq. of the Code of Virginia, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. All full-time, salaried permanent employees of participating political subdivisions are automatically covered by the VRS Political Subdivision HIC Plan upon employment. This is an agent multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pension and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit toward the benefit for each month they are employed and for which their employer pays contributions to VRS. The HIC is a tax-free reimbursement in an amount set by the General Assembly for each year of service credit against qualified health insurance premiums retirees pay for single coverage, excluding any portion covering the spouse or dependents. The credit cannot exceed the amount of the premiums and ends upon the retiree's death.

The specific information about the Political Subdivision HIC Plan OPEB, including eligibility, coverage and benefits is described below:

Eligible Employees

The Political Subdivision Retiree HIC Plan was established July 1, 1993 for retired political subdivision employees of employers who elect the benefit and retire with at least 15 years of service credit. Eligible employees include full-time permanent salaried employees of the participating political subdivision who are covered under the VRS pension plan. These employees are enrolled automatically upon employment.

Benefit Amounts

The Political Subdivision Retiree HIC Plan is a defined benefit plan that provides a credit toward the cost of health insurance coverage for retired political subdivision employees of participating employers. For employees who retire, the monthly benefit is \$1.50 per year of service per month with a maximum benefit of \$45.00 per month. For employees who retire on disability or go on long-term disability under the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP), the monthly benefit is \$45.00 per month.

HIC Plan Notes

The monthly HIC benefit cannot exceed the individual premium amount. There is no HIC for premiums paid and qualified under LODA; however, the employee may receive the credit for premiums paid for other qualified health plans. Employees who retire after being on long-term disability under VLDP must have at least 15 years of service credit to qualify for the HIC as a retiree.

Note 13-Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the HIC OPEB plan:

	Number
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	31
Inactive members: Vested inactive members	2
Inactive members active elsewhere in VRS	27
Total inactive members	29
Active members	107
Total covered employees	167

Contributions

The contribution requirements for active employees is governed by \$51.1-1402(E) of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. The Component Unit School Board's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2024 was 1.45% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The actuarially determined rate was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions from the Component Unit School Board to the HIC Plan were \$38,152 and \$36,373 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively.

Net HIC OPEB Liability

The Component Unit School Board's net HIC OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2023. The total HIC OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2022, using updated actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023.

Note 13-Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total HIC OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023.

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases, including inflation:

Locality - General employees 3.50%-5.35%

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of investment expenses,

including inflation

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years

Mortality Improvement Scale:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

Note 13-Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For
retirement healthy, and disabled)	future mortality improvements, replace load with a
	modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set
	separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid;
	changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and
	service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Note 13-Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on the System's investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of System's investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Long-term Target Asset Allocation	Arithmetic Long-term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-term Expected Rate of Return*
Public Equity	34.00%	6.14%	2.09%
Fixed Income	15.00%	2.56%	0.38%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	5.60%	0.78%
Real Assets	14.00%	5.02%	0.70%
Private Equity	16.00%	9.17%	1.47%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies	4.00%	4.50%	0.18%
PIP - Private Investment Partnership	2.00%	7.18%	0.14%
Cash	1.00%	1.20%	0.01%
Total	100.00%		5.75%
		Inflation	2.50%
	Expected arithm	netic nominal return**	8.25%

^{*}The above allocation provides a one-year expected return of 8.25%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the System, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. These results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 7.14%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

^{**}On June 15, 2023, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of return of 6.75% which was roughly at the 45th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation at that time, providing a median return of 7.14%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Note 13-Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total HIC OPEB liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the rate contributed by the entity for the HIC OPEB was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2023 on, employers are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the HIC OPEB's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of eligible employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total HIC OPEB liability.

Changes in Net HIC OPEB Liability

	Increase (Decrease)					
	_	Total HIC OPEB Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset) (a) - (b)
Balances at June 30, 2022	\$_	399,335	\$.	42,616	\$_	356,719
Changes for the year:						
Service cost	\$	2,554	\$	-	\$	2,554
Interest		26,669		-		26,669
Benefit changes		(13,586)		(13,586)		-
Differences between expected and actual experience Assumption changes		(175,294) -		-		(175,294)
Contributions - employer		-		36,372		(36,372)
Net investment income		-		3,764		(3,764)
Administrative expenses		-		(97)		97
Other changes		-		8		(8)
Net changes	\$_	(159,657)	\$	26,461	\$	(186,118)
Balances at June 30, 2023	\$ <u>_</u>	239,678	\$	69,077	\$	170,601

Note 13-Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Component Unit School Board's HIC Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Component Unit School Board's HIC Plan net HIC OPEB liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the Component Unit School Board's net HIC OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

		Rate				
	_	1% Decrease	Current Discount	1% Increase		
		(5.75%)	(6.75%)	(7.75%)		
Component Unit School Board	_					
Net HIC OPEB Liability	\$	195,854 \$	170,601	149,086		

HIC Plan OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to HIC Plan OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the Component Unit School Board recognized HIC Plan OPEB expense of \$(14,479). At June 30, 2024, the Component Unit School Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Component Unit School Board's HIC Plan from the following sources:

	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	150,495
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on HIC OPEB plan investments		504		-
Change in assumptions		18,831		-
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	38,152		<u>-</u>
Total	\$_	57,487	\$	150,495

Note 13-Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

HIC Plan OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to HIC Plan OPEB (Continued)

\$38,152 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the HIC OPEB resulting from the Component Unit School Board's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net HIC OPEB Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the HIC OPEB will be recognized in the HIC OPEB expense in the future reporting periods as follows:

Ye	ar Ended June	30	
	2025	\$	(40,357)
	2026		(43,024)
	2027		(41,828)
	2028		(5,951)

HIC Plan Data

Information about the VRS Political Subdivision HIC Plan is available in the separately issued VRS 2023 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2023 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/pdf/publications/2023-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Note 14-Aggregate OPEB Information:

	Primary Government								Component Unit Library										
		Deferred		Deferred		Net OPEB		OPEB	Deferred		Deferred D		Net OPEB			OPEB			
		Outflows		Inflows		Liability	Е	xpense	0	utflows	Inflows		L	iability	Expense				
VRS OPEB Plans:																			
Group Life Insurance Program:																			
County	\$	159,037	\$	74,427	\$	496,075	\$	27,270	\$	6,296	\$	3,054	\$	20,349	\$	1,119			
County Stand-Alone Plan		406,880		458,945		1,836,744		99,310		15,120		17,055		68,256		3,690			
Totals	\$	565,917	\$	533,372	\$	2,332,819	\$	126,580	\$	21,416	\$	20,109	\$	88,605	\$	4,809			
												,							
			Co	omponent Uni	t Sch	ool Board													
		Deferred		Deferred		Net OPEB		OPEB											
		Outflows		Inflows		Liability	E	xpense											
VRS OPEB Plans:																			
Group Life Insurance Program:																			
School Board Nonprofessional	\$	35,255	\$	25,141	\$	127,847	\$	1,637											
School Board Professional		337,086		258,784		1,331,238		27,583											
Health Insurance Credit Program:																			
School Board		57,487		150,495		170,601		(14,479)											
Teacher Health Insurance Credit Program	1	473,355		324,763		3,166,039		185,451											
School Stand-Alone Plan		597,000		1,097,000		3,734,000		(75,000)											
Totals	\$	1,500,183	\$	1,856,183	\$	8,529,725	\$	125,192											

Note 15-Unearned and Deferred/Unavailable Revenue:

Unavailable revenue represents amounts for which asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, such amounts are measurable, but not available. Under the accrual basis, assessments for future periods are deferred. Unavailable and deferred revenue are comprised of the following:

	Gove	ernment-wide		
	S	tatements	Ва	lance Sheet
	Governmental Activities		Gover	nmental Funds
Long-term portion of opioid settlement				
receivable that is not available for funding of				
current expenditures	\$	-	\$	970,049
Unavailable property tax revenue representing				
uncollected property tax billings that are not				
available for the funding of current expenditures		-		2,779,229
Tax assessments due after June 30		25,249,828		25,249,828
Prepaid property taxes due after June 30 but				
paid in advance by taxpayers		402,565		402,565
Total	\$	25,652,393	\$	29,401,671

Additionally, the School Board reported \$2,200,000 in unearned revenue related to unspent grant funds.

Note 16 - Loan Receivable:

During the year, the County loaned Mount Rogers Planning District Commission \$3,000,000 to administer a housing program to increase available housing within the County. At the end of the program, the initial contribution is due back to the County. There is no specified maturity date for the return of funds.

Note 17 - Lease Receivable - Component Unit EDA:

The following is a summary of lease receivable transactions of the EDA for the year ended June 30, 2024:

Details of leases receivable:

	Beginning	Increases/	Decreases/	Ending	Interest
	Balance	Issuances	Retirements	Balance	Income
Lease receivable	\$ 390,822	\$ -	\$ (73,748)	\$ 317,074	\$ 10,252

Note 17 - Lease Receivable - Component Unit EDA: (Continued)

Details of lease receivable:

	Original					Α	mount
	Issuance	End	Payment	Discount	Ending	Du	e Within
Lease Description	Date	Date	Frequency	Rate	Balnce	Oı	ne Year
Building - Project Learn	10/1/2022	2028	Monthly	2.87%	\$317,074	\$	75,893

Lease revenue totaled \$77,516 during fiscal year 2024. There were no variable payments for leases receivable.

Note 18-Capital Assets:

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2024 was as follows:

Primary Government:

		Beginning					Ending
		Balance	Increases		Decreases		Balance
Governmental Activities:				_			,
Capital assets, not being depreciated:							
Land	\$	1,188,034 \$	30,500	\$	-	\$	1,218,534
Construction in progress		1,322,254	2,587,578		-		3,909,832
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$_	2,510,288 \$	2,618,078	\$_	-	\$	5,128,366
Capital assets, being depreciated:							
Buildings and improvements	\$	71,220,583 \$	112,995	\$	-	\$	71,333,578
Machinery and equipment		13,861,709	995,680		(433,791)		14,423,598
Infrastructure		630,529	-		-		630,529
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$_	85,712,821 \$	1,108,675	\$_	(433,791)	\$	86,387,705
Accumulated depreciation:							
Buildings and improvements	\$	(32,879,014) \$	(1,414,520)	\$	-	\$	(34,293,534)
Machinery and equipment		(10,587,676)	(1,065,746)		433,791		(11,219,631)
Infrastructure		(47,473)	(16,091)		-		(63,564)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$_	(43,514,163) \$	(2,496,357)	\$_	433,791	\$	(45,576,729)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$_	42,198,658 \$	(1,387,682)	\$_	-	\$_	40,810,976
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$_	44,708,946 \$	1,230,396	\$_	-	\$_	45,939,342

Note 18-Capital Assets: (Continued)

Primary Government: (Continued)

		Beginning Balance	_	Increases		Decreases		Ending Balance
Business-type Activities:								
Capital assets, not being depreciated:								
Land	\$_	44,831	٤_	-	٤.	- \$		44,831
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$_	44,831	\$_	-	\$_	- \$	· —	44,831
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Utility system	\$	51,935,369	\$	-	\$	- \$;	51,935,369
Machinery and equipment		912,599		89,519		-		1,002,118
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$	52,847,968	\$_	89,519	\$	- \$	<u> </u>	52,937,487
Accumulated depreciation:								
Utility system	\$	(32,697,562)	\$	(1,398,847)	\$	- \$		(34,096,409)
Machinery and equipment	·	(735,361)	-	(59,719)		-		(795,080)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$_	(33,432,923)	\$_	(1,458,566)	\$	- \$	<u> </u>	(34,891,489)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$_	19,415,045	\$_	(1,369,047)	\$	\$	·	18,045,998
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	19,459,876	\$_	(1,369,047)	\$	\$	·	18,090,829

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government administration	\$ 89,549
Judicial administration	517,138
Public safety	877,122
Public works	220,079
Health and welfare	11,162
Education	755,503
Parks, recreation, and cultural	25,705
	99
Total depreciation expense-governmental activities	\$ 2,496,357
Business-type activities	\$ 1,458,566

Note 18-Capital Assets: (Continued)

Capital asset activity for the School Board for the year ended June 30, 2024 was as follows:

Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board:

		Beginning			Ending
		Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land	\$	844,463	\$ -	\$ (31,778)	\$ 812,685
Construction in progress		948,817	1,842,219	(2,452,274)	338,762
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$	1,793,280	\$ 1,842,219	\$ (2,484,052)	\$ 1,151,447
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Buildings and improvements	\$	21,707,291	\$ 3,983,589	\$ (128,779)	\$ 25,562,101
Machinery and equipment		9,989,784	1,130,577	(254,426)	10,865,935
Right-to-use lease machinery and equipment		142,241	-	(14,978)	127,263
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$	31,839,316	\$ 5,114,166	\$ (398,183)	\$ 36,555,299
Accumulated depreciation:					
Buildings and improvements	\$	(15,023,757)	\$ (570,801)	\$ 99,972	\$ (15,494,586)
Machinery and equipment		(8,242,364)	(598,358)	253,986	(8,586,736)
Right-to-use lease machinery and equipment		(58,110)	(35,304)	14,978	(78,436)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	(23,324,231)	\$ (1,204,463)	\$ 368,936	\$ (24,159,758)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$	8,515,085	\$ 3,909,703	\$ (29,247)	\$ 12,395,541
Component Unit-School Board capital assets, net	\$	10,308,365	\$ 5,751,922	\$ (2,513,299)	\$ 13,546,988
	_				

Discretely Presented Component Unit - EDA:

		Beginning Balance		Increases		Decreases		Ending Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated:	_				_	,	_	
Land	\$	74,410 \$		31,778	\$	-	\$	106,188
Construction in progress		316,637		315,240		(600,377)		31,500
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	\$_	391,047 \$	_	347,018	\$	(600,377)	\$_	137,688
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Buildings and improvements	\$_	3,418,349 \$	_	729,156	\$_	-	\$_	4,147,505
Accumulated depreciation:								
Buildings and improvements	\$_	(30,411) \$	_	(193,361)	\$_	<u>-</u>	\$_	(223,772)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$_	3,387,938 \$	_	535,795	\$_	-	\$_	3,923,733
Component Unit-EDA capital assets, net	\$_	3,462,348 \$		567,573	\$	-	\$_	4,061,421

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2024

Note 19-Risk Management:

The County and its component unit - School Board are exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The County participates with other localities in a public entity risk pool for their coverage of general liability, property, and auto insurance with the Virginia Association of Counties Risk Pool. Each member of this risk pool jointly and severally agrees to assume, pay and discharge any liability. The County pays the Virginia Association of Counties Risk Pool contributions and assessments based upon classifications and rates into a designated cash reserve fund out of which expenses of the pool, claims and awards are to be paid. In the event of a loss, deficit, or depletion of all available funds and/or excess insurance, the pool may assess all members in the proportion to which the premium of each bears to the total premiums of all members in the year in which such deficit occurs.

The component unit School Board participates with other localities in a public entity risk pool for their coverage of general liability, property and auto insurance with the Virginia Association of Counties Risk Pool. Each member of this risk pool jointly and severally agrees to assume, pay and discharge any liability. The School Board pays the Virginia Association of Counties Risk Pool contributions and assessments based upon classifications and rates into a designated cash reserve fund out of which expenses of the pool, claims and awards are to be paid. In the event of a loss, deficit, and depletion of all available funds and/or excess insurance, the pool may assess all members in the proportion to which the premium of each bears to the total premiums of all members in the year in which such deficit occurs.

The County and its component unit - School Board continue to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Note 20-Contingent Liabilities:

Federal programs in which the County and its component units participate were audited in accordance with the provisions of the U.S. Office of Management and Budget's Uniform Guidance. Pursuant to the provisions of this guidance all major programs and certain other programs were tested for compliance with applicable grant requirements. While no matters of noncompliance were disclosed by audit, the Federal Government may subject grant programs to additional compliance tests, which may result in disallowed expenditures. In the opinion of management, any future disallowances of current grant program expenditures, if any, would be immaterial.

Note 21-Surety Bonds:

Primary Government:

Fidelity & Deposit Company of Maryland-Surety:		
John Graham, Clerk of the Circuit Court	\$	425,000
Tom Burkett, Treasurer		50,000
Jeff Richardson, Commissioner of the Revenue		3,000
Chip Shuler, Sheriff		30,000
All constitutional officers' employees: blanket bo	ond	50,000
Virginia Association of Counties Group		
Self Insurance Risk Pool		
Public Officals Liability - Limit	\$	2,000,000
Defense Cost Limit		100,000
Virginia Liability Risk Management Program		
Social Services Employees	\$	1,000,000
Component Unit - School Board:		
Virginia Association of Counties Group		
Self Insurance Risk Pool		
School Leaders	\$	5,000,000

Note 22-Landfill Closure and Post-closure Care Cost:

State and federal laws and regulations require the County to place a final cover on its landfill site when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site after closure. The County closed the landfill in 1995, however, certain monitoring functions will be continued at the landfill for a period of up to 30 years. \$400,759 was reported as landfill closure and post-closure care liability at June 30, 2024. This amount is based on what it would cost to perform all closure and post-closure in 2024. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations.

Federal and State regulations require owners of municipal solid waste landfills to demonstrate financial responsibility for closure care, post closure care, and corrective costs arising from the operations of such facilities. The County qualifies to use the State Department of Environmental Quality's financial assurance test in order to demonstrate financial responsibility.

Note 23-Arbitrage Rebate Compliance:

As of June 30, 2024 and for the year then ended, the County was not liable for any amounts due under current rules governing arbitrage earnings.

Note 24-Commitments and Contingencies:

The County and a local Town entered into an agreement in May 2019 to purchase was at an initial rate of \$3.50 per 1,000 gallons (subject to increase with residential rates). The initial term of the agreement was five years.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2024

Note 24-Commitments and Contingencies: (Continued)

The County entered into an agreement with a certain entity to purchase water at an initial rate of \$3.60 per 1,000 gallons for the year ended September 30, 2017 with rates increasing 5% annually. The agreement has an initial five-year term with the option to renew for four successive five-year periods.

The County entered into an agreement with a certain Town to purchase up to 256,000 gallons of water per day at a rate of \$20.50 for first 5,000 gallons; a rate of \$3.51/1,000 gallons for the next 495,000 gallons; and a rate of \$2.81/1,000 gallons for anything over 500,000 gallons. This agreement is subject to increases in the Town's commercial rate up to 2% annually. The initial term of the agreement was five years with fifteen successive three-year periods at mutual agreement between the Town and the County. As of July 1, 2017, a new agreement has been signed that establishes a rate of \$3.80 per 1,000 gallons with the rate subject to increases to the Town's rates charged to its customers. The new agreement has an initial five-year term.

The County and a certain Town entered into a water purchase agreement in July 2016 for the purchase of a minimum of 21 million gallons of water annually at a rate of \$5.00 per 1,000 gallons. In the event that the Town must purchase water back from the County, the rate is the same. The initial term of the agreement is seven years, from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2023 and is renewable for intervals of three successive years at the mutual option of the County and the Town. The rate shall remain constant for the first seven-year term and will increase or decrease in a percentage equal to the increase or decrease of the Town's residential rates.

The County and its Component Units were involved in major construction projects during the fiscal year as presented below along with the anticipated funding source:

	Contract Amount
	Outstanding at
Contract Amount	June 30, 2024
6,688,224	4,681,756
1,248,147	1,100,972
562,083	135,584
	6,688,224 1,248,147

Note 25-Intergovernmental Agreements:

Mountain Empire Regional Wastewater Facility

In 1990, the County entered into an agreement with the Town of Marion for joint utilization of the Mountain Empire Regional Wastewater Facility. The Town of Marion owns and operates the facility in which the County is entitled to 17.65% of the wastewater treatment capacity and pays a monthly user charge determined by the Town of Marion consisting of an allocation of operating and maintenance costs, funding of replacement reserves, and overruns from the previous year less revenue derived from treatment of wastewater.

The user charge is determined monthly. The initial agreement ends August 2030; however, the agreement may be renewed for an additional 40-year period. During fiscal year 2024, the County remitted a total of \$361,893 to the Town of Marion. As part of the agreement, the Town of Marion bills wastewater treatment customers of the County and remits collections of those billings to the County within 30 days.

Note 25-Intergovernmental Agreements: (Continued)

Chilhowie-Smyth Wastewater Treatment Plant

In 1997, the County entered into an agreement with the Town of Chilhowie for joint utilization of the capacity of the Chilhowie/Smyth Wastewater Treatment Plant. The Town of Chilhowie owns and operates the facility in which the County is entitled to 25% of the wastewater treatment capacity and pays a monthly user charge determined by the Town of Chilhowie consisting of an allocation of debt service, operating and maintenance costs, funding of replacement reserve, and overruns from the previous year's income or loss derived from the treatment of wastewater. The user charge is determined each month based on a percentage of plant flow. The term of the agreement ends July 2037 and is renewable for an additional 40-year period. During fiscal year 2024, the County remitted a total of \$199,050 to the Town of Chilhowie. As part of the agreement, the Town of Chilhowie bills wastewater treatment customers of the County and remits collections of those billings to the County within 30 days.

Saltville-Smyth Regional Wastewater Treatment Facility

In 2001, the Town of Saltville and the County entered into an agreement to construct and operate the Saltville/Smyth Regional Wastewater Treatment Facility. The facility is owned and operated by the Town of Saltville. The County's capacity in the facility is 40% and it is to pay a monthly user charge based on actual user flow consisting of operating and maintenance costs which are to be determined by the Town of Saltville monthly.

The term of agreement ends March 2041 and is renewable for a term of 40 years. During the fiscal year 2024, the County remitted a total of \$18,325 to the Town of Saltville in user charges. As part of the agreement, the Town of Saltville bills wastewater treatment customers of the County and remits collections of those billings to the County each quarter.

Note 26-Litigation:

At June 30, 2024, there were no significant matters of litigation pending involving the County or which would materially effect the County's financial position should any court decisions on pending matters not be favorable to the County.

Note 27-Restricted Fund Balance and Net Position:

	Gov	ernmental	Con	nponent Unit		
Governmental Activities/Funds:	Α	ctivities	Sc	hool Board	G	eneral Fund
Restricted:						
E-911	\$	567,219	\$	-	\$	567,219
Courthouse construction		49,717		-		49,717
Public Safety		252,905		-		252,905
Courthouse security		161,288		-		161,288
E-summons program		14,046		-		14,046
Restricted bond proceeds	2	1,709,906		-		21,709,906
Opioid settlement		1,354,754		-		384,704
Cafeteria Program		-		508,430		-
School construction		-		2,186,299		-
Total restricted balances	\$ 2	4,109,835	\$	2,694,729	\$	23,139,785
				-		

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2024

Note 28-Adoption of Accounting Principle:

The County implemented provisions of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62. Statement No. 100 provides more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability for accounting changes and error corrections.

Note 29-Restatement of Beginning Balances:

Beginning net position and fund balance for the Component Unit School Board were restated to include Marion Senior High School and Northwood High School Activity Funds. During fiscal year 2023, sufficient documentation was not available for a material amount of activity of the aforementioned schools, which were excluded from the financial statements.

	Fu	und Balance	١	Net Position
	Scl	nool Activity Fund		School Board
Beginning balance, as previously stated SAF activity previously excluded	\$	853,664 327,926	\$	(18,372,018) 327,926
Beginning balance, as restated	\$	1,181,590	\$	(18,044,092)

Note 30-Subsequent Events:

On September 27, 2024, the remnants of Hurricane Helene provided substantial rainfall which resulted in significant flooding in the region surrounding the Authority. As of release of these financial statements, the financial impact of the damages and resulting repairs has not been determined.

Note 31-Upcoming Pronouncements:

Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences, updates the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. It aligns the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and amends certain previously required disclosures. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023.

Statement No. 102, Certain Risk Disclosures, provides users of government financial statements with essential information about risks related to a government's vulnerabilities due to certain concentrations or constraints. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2024.

Statement No. 103, Financial Reporting Model Improvements, improves key components of the financial reporting model to enhance its effectiveness in providing information that is essential for decision making and assessing a government's accountability. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2025.

Management is currently evaluating the impact these standards will have on the financial statements when adopted.



County of Smyth, Virginia General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

		Budgeted	Amo	ounts		Astron		ariance with
		<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>		Actual <u>Amounts</u>		Positive (Negative)
REVENUES								
General property taxes	\$	21,507,363	\$, ,	\$	21,461,132	\$	(46,231)
Other local taxes		4,626,601		4,626,601		4,729,470		102,869
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses		94,219		94,219		138,320		44,101
Fines and forfeitures		921,900		921,900		658,256		(263,644)
Revenue from the use of money and property		1,045,648		1,045,648		1,601,579		555,931
Charges for services		2,439,370		2,439,370		2,110,816		(328,554)
Miscellaneous		3,875,724		3,875,724		700,681		(3,175,043)
Recovered costs		808,603		808,603		711,701		(96,902)
Intergovernmental		23,403,078		23,403,078		18,223,855		(5,179,223)
Total revenues	\$	58,722,506	\$	58,722,506	\$	50,335,810	\$	(8,386,696)
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government administration	\$	18,312,270	\$	18,312,270	\$	6,540,746	\$	11,771,524
Judicial administration		2,314,978		2,314,978		2,094,765		220,213
Public safety		14,041,751		14,041,751		13,539,994		501,757
Public works		3,249,437		3,249,437		3,663,993		(414,556)
Health and welfare		11,983,785		11,983,785		10,991,411		992,374
Education		13,074,650		13,074,650		10,338,174		2,736,476
Parks, recreation, and cultural:		2,051,933		2,051,933		1,451,907		600,026
Community development:		4,870,430		4,870,430		335,309		4,535,121
Capital projects		3,479,556		3,479,556		1,204,182		2,275,374
Debt service								
Principal retirement		2,413,448		2,413,448		2,779,736		(366,288)
Interest and other fiscal charges		-		-		1,833,330		(1,833,330)
Issuance cost		-		-		291,844		(291,844)
Total expenditures	\$	75,792,238	\$	75,792,238	\$	55,065,391	\$	20,726,847
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures	\$	(17,069,732)	\$	(17,069,732)	\$	(4,729,581)	\$	12,340,151
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers out	\$	2,829,732	\$	2,829,732	\$	(233,360)	\$	(3,063,092)
Issuance of general obligation bonds		14,100,000		14,100,000		13,351,210		(748,790)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	16,929,732	\$	16,929,732	\$	13,117,850	\$	(3,811,882)
Net change in fund balances	\$	(140,000)	Ś	(140,000)	Ś	8,388,269	\$	8,528,269
Fund balances - beginning	•	140,000	•	140,000	•	31,856,200	•	31,716,200
Fund balances - ending	\$		\$		Ś	40,244,469	Ś	40,244,469
	<u> </u>		7		۲	.0,= 11, 107	~	,= : :, :07

Note 1: GAAP serves as the budgetary basis of accounting

County of Smyth, Virginia
Schedule of Changes in Ne Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios

Primary Government Pension Plans

85.11% 84.65% (1,541,442) 897,039 (23,762)2,483,851 348,858 (1,541,442)1,204 745,432 \$ 1,687,841 36,237,882 4,402,828 \$ 4,084,725 28,019,455 5,821,543 6,840,025 2014 s s 1,453,396 (1,910,763) 752,948 2,587,924 (1,910,763) 84.22% 89.85% (350,079) 340,522 (20,297)(306) \$ 1,080,030 37,925,723 884,699 747,251 32,104,180 \$ 6,154,322 6,849,722 2015 s 751,868 (1,311,424)176,742 888,989 559,765 (20,658)83.43% 95.08% (1,872,458) 457,395 341,581 (1,872,458)(241) 73,720 \$ 6,537,997 \$ 6,875,983 209,852 39,005,753 2,679,557 \$ 39.463.148 32,851,431 2016 s 747,608 2,734,891 28,506 (1,406,952) 4,030,826 (1,880,848) 91.50% 547,126 (275,572) 364,136 (3,573)49.08% (1.880.848)692,122 (23,611)494,759 39,463,148 32,925,151 \$ 3,397,223 \$ 6,922,002 456,481 3,635,533 2017 s 2,680,609 (1,940,594) (2,372) 40.11% (92,886) 698,076 (364,407)(101,517)(1,940,594)344,780 (23,414)93.23% 728,015 \$ 6,922,774 2,722,028 1,043,525 39,957,907 \$ 2,776,549 36,560,684 \$ 41,001,432 2018 58.87% 90.30% 747,402 98,593 572,706 350,100 (25,581)1,238,114 (2,135,703)156,307 (2,135,703) 2,807,088 167,660 2,524,778 (1,583) \$ 4,258,679 \$ 7,234,586 For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2014 through June 30, 2023 2,923,154 41,001,432 38,224,883 \$ 43.924.586 1,441,024 2019 73.92% 87.56% 2,922,240 (709,981)(2,229,007) 435,586 590,795 362,025 758,805 (2,229,007) (26,417)(892) (109,105) \$ 5,619,311 \$ 7,601,747 785,923 482,352 1,251,527 43,924,586 \$ 45,176,113 39,665,907 2020 10,755,063 (2,450,357) (27,364) 851,619 2,987,363 -4.28% 306,265 (337, 161)100.69% 429,909 268,170 392,489 (2,450,357)45,176,113 671,335 1,009 9,610,345 7,884,466 3,653,873 48.829.986 39,556,802 2021 S s s (30,096) (2,674,496) 31.82% 94.53% 842,951 3,265,020 34,959 (2,674,496)35,201 731,986 (30,918)71,804 412,563 (1,554,643) 1.117 1,540,238 48,829,986 49,167,147 2,757,720 8,665,663 2022 S s s 50,370,224 52,728,592 (30,605)93.37% 35.88% 987,113 (56,411)(2,762,987)2,358,368 (53,322)(2,762,987) 975,983 452,560 3,036,740 1,219 1,619,588 3,496,500 3,369,562 821,091 47,612,504 9,745,365 2023 s s County's net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total County's net pension liability (asset) - ending (a) - (b) Differences between expected and actual experience Net change in plan fiduciary net position Plan fiduciary net position - beginning Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b) Net change in total pension liability Total pension liability - beginning Total pension liability - ending (a) Impact in change of proportion Impact in change of proportion Plan fiduciary net position Changes in benefit terms Contributions - employer Contributions - employee Changes of assumptions Net investment income Total pension liability Administrator charges pension liability Benefit payments Benefit payments covered payroll Covered payroll Service cost Other

County of Smyth, Virginia
Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios
Component Unit-Library
Pension Plans
For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2014 through June 30, 2023

			2 (22)	200	222					Ī
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Total pension liability										
Service cost	\$ 40,493	\$ 33,596	\$ 34,576	\$ 37,453	\$ 44,216	\$ 46,222	\$ 45,446	\$ 56,763	\$ 61,200	\$ 60,615
Interest	138,224	130,129	121,287	139,258	166,065	172,823	166,250	202,295	210,349	200,731
Changes in benefit terms	•				i	•	1,733		i	
Differences between expected and actual experience	33,682	2,862	17,454	(33,834)	5,834	(23,136)	(85,527)	(66,007)	(28,455)	
Impact in change of proportion	56,411	(34,959)	(306,265)	(482,352)	(167,660)	101,517	(547,126)	(209,852)		
Changes of assumptions			62,081		73,246		(16,752)			
Benefit payments	(113,342)	(106,594)	(99,485)	(106,223)	(126,347)	(123,209)	(114,334)	(141,363)	(155,309)	(126,532)
Net change in total pension liability	\$ 155,468	\$ 25,034	\$ (170,352)	\$ (445,698)	\$ (4,646)	\$ 174,217	\$ (550,310)	\$ (191,164)	\$ 87,785	\$ 134,814
Total pension liability - beginning	2,007,509	1,982,475	2,152,827	2,598,525	2,603,171	2,428,954	2,979,264	3,170,428	3,082,643	2,946,679
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 2,162,977	\$ 2,007,509	\$ 1,982,475	\$ 2,152,827	\$ 2,598,525	\$ 2,603,171	\$ 2,428,954	\$ 2,979,264	\$ 3,170,428	\$ 3,081,493
Plan fiduciary net position										
Impact in change of proportion	\$ 53,322	\$ (35,200)	\$ (268,170)	\$ (435,586)	\$ (156,306)	\$ 92,886	\$ (456,481)	\$ (176.742)		
Contributions - employer	40,036	29,174	27,256	28,154	33,881	44,321	42,073	67,115	71,909	72,943
Contributions - employee	18,565	16,443	15,935	17,252	20,712	21,890	22,135	25,785	27,678	28,367
Net investment income	124,571	(1,200)	436,656	36,161	149,364	170,193	245,028	42,260	118,131	358,015
Benefit payments	(113,342)	(106,594)	(99,485)	(106,223)	(126,347)	(123,209)	(114, 334)	(141,363)	(155,309)	(125,342)
Administrator charges	(1,255)	(1,232)	(1,111)	(1,259)	(1,513)	(1,485)	(1,435)	(1,560)	(1,650)	(1,932)
Other	20	45	41	(42)	(94)	(151)	(217)	(18)	(25)	(888)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$ 121,947	\$ (98,564)	\$ 111,122	\$ (461,543)	\$ (80,303)	\$ 204,445	\$ (263,231)	\$ (184,523)	\$ 60,734	\$ 331,063
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	1,897,599	1,996,163	1,885,041	2,346,584	2,426,887	2,222,442	2,485,673	2,670,196	2,609,462	2,278,399
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 2,019,546	\$ 1,897,599	\$ 1,996,163	\$ 1,885,041	\$ 2,346,584	\$ 2,426,887	\$ 2,222,442	\$ 2,485,673	\$ 2,670,196	\$ 2,609,462
Component Unit Library's net pension liability (asset) - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 143,431	\$ 109,910	\$ (13,688)	\$ 267,786	\$ 251,941	\$ 176,284	\$ 206,512	\$ 493,591	\$ 500,232	\$ 472,031
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total										
pension liability	93.37%	94.53%	100.69%	87.56%	90.30%	93.23%	91.50%	83.43%	84.22%	84.68%
Covered payroll	\$ 399,759	\$ 351,836	\$ 320,118	\$ 362,367	\$ 459,327	\$ 488,528	\$ 427,372	\$ 531,258	\$ 567,731	\$ 555,966
Component Unit Library's net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of covered payroll	35.88%	31.24%	-4.28%	73.90%	54.85%	36.08%	48.32%	92.91%	88.11%	84.90%

County of Smyth, Virginia
Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios
Component Unit-School Board (nonprofessional)
Pension Plans

1,505,249 (678,546) (8, 292) 86.44% 71.44% (678,546) 259,497 269,417 829,370 12,187,410 \$ 2,393,110 121,131 1,199,118 \$ 1,709,658 9,698,875 420,241 \$ 12,607,65 10,897,993 2014 (6,949)(103) 76.88% 858,200 (695,293) 222,270 491,896 (695, 293)86.23% \$ 2,297,419 266,352 206,989 261,267 165,691 \$ 1,766,237 12,607,651 10,897,993 114,873 \$ 12,829,92 2015 ş s 184,071 (820,987) (7,019) (286,622) 97.81% 62) (191,576) (820,987) 107,428 83.30% 869,360 249,040 \$ 2,160,287 \$ 2,208,654 250,631 12,829,921 \$ 12,937,349 108,352 11,063,684 2016 ş (7,718) (1,132) 803,560 (191,498) (2,989) 68.18% 88.70% (799, 816)118,388 235,070 211,195 (799, 816)\$ 1,475,115 \$ 2,163,422 12,937,349 \$ 13,055,737 1,284,634 10,777,062 877,621 116,397 \$ 11,580,622 2017 s 845,637 (765,955) (95,917) (7,525)62.15% (743) 223,289 887,093 (765,955)248,510 208,894 \$ 1,340,058 89.93% \$ 2,156,076 13,055,737 103,259 383,567 11,580,622 \$ 13,304,247 \$ 11,964,189 2018 s For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2014 through June 30, 2023 (794,669) (8,064)(488) 59.58% (450, 217)321,229 (794,669) 779,231 90.65% 192,386 100,364 268,760 \$ 1,261,145 189,847 \$ 2,116,635 210,020 903,484 13,304,247 11,964,189 \$ 13,494,094 2019 98,906 228,720 (966,562) 85.61% 93.94% 138,019 (8,216)(458,568) 878,230 (966,562) 188,850 \$ 2,106,689 209,582 259,269 \$ 1,978,982 13,494,094 12,232,949 \$ 13,753,363 2020 s S (8,234)10.30% 469,763 196,337 80,044 (920, 243)176,133 96,578 (920,243)98.52% 293 213,885 \$ 2,076,828 897,294 723,195 13,753,363 \$ 14,476,558 3,143,765 2,488,292 11,774,381 \$ 14,262,67 2021 s ş (5,200)(9,038)21.32% (572,364)(915,994)(915,994)96.56% 167,597 (363,195) 191,144 320 (634,239) 484,929 \$ 2,274,190 957,566 14,476,558 104,529 \$ 14,113,363 14,262,673 2022 s (8,886)14.63% (118,456)(902, 454)185,693 860,945 (902, 454)365,471 97.43% \$ 2,498,566 936,654 14,113,363 343 249,417 13,628,434 214,215 129,929 113,776 \$ 14,243,322 2023 s s School Division's net pension liability as a percentage of Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total School Division's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b) Differences between expected and actual experience Net change in plan fiduciary net position Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b) Plan fiduciary net position - beginning Net change in total pension liability Total pension liability - beginning Total pension liability - ending (a) Plan fiduciary net position Contributions - employee Contributions - employer Changes of assumptions Net investment income **Fotal pension liability** Administrator charges pension liability covered payroll Benefit payments Benefit payments **Covered payroll** Service cost Interest Other

County of Smyth, Virginia Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset) VRS Teacher Retirement Plan Pension Plans For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2014 through June 30, 2023

Date	Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Share	yer's Proportionate of the Net Pension iability (Asset)	Emp	loyer's Covered Payroll	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll (3)/(4)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
(1)	(2)		(3)		(4)	(5)	(6)
2023	0.26647%	\$	26,932,669	\$	26,031,060	103.46%	82.45%
2022	0.27210%		25,905,549		24,882,873	104.11%	82.61%
2021	0.26470%		20,548,918		22,956,780	89.51%	85.46%
2020	0.26650%		38,787,115		22,988,670	168.72%	71.47%
2019	0.27144%		35,723,046		22,434,009	159.24%	73.51%
2018	0.27854%		32,756,000		22,285,300	146.98%	74.81%
2017	0.28721%		35,321,000		22,470,905	157.19%	72.92%
2016	0.29649%		41,550,000		22,605,674	183.80%	68.28%
2015	0.30972%		38,983,000		23,023,786	169.32%	70.68%
2014	0.32331%		39,071,000		23,643,816	165.25%	70.88%

County of Smyth, Virginia Schedule of Employer Contributions Pension Plans

For the Years Ended June 30, 2015 through June 30, 2024

Date	Contractua Requireo Contributi (1)*	١	Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (2)*	 Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)	 Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll (5)
Primary Governme	nt					
2024	\$ 1,08	2,612 \$	1,082,612	\$ -	\$ 10,905,108	9.93%
2023	97	6,258	976,258	-	9,745,365	10.02%
2022	73	1,782	731,782	-	8,665,663	8.44%
2021	67	1,344	671,344	-	7,884,466	8.51%
2020	58	9,434	589,434	-	7,601,747	7.75%
2019	57	3,323	573,323	-	7,234,586	7.92%
2018	69	3,662	693,662	-	6,922,774	10.02%
2017		4,789	694,789	-	6,922,002	10.04%
2016		1,693	891,693	-	6,875,983	12.97%
2015		5,099	885,099	-	6,849,722	12.92%
Component Unit Lil	•					
2024	\$ 4	0,233 \$	40,233	\$ -	\$ 405,250	9.93%
2023	4	0,047	40,047	-	399,759	10.02%
2022	2	9,166	29,166	-	351,836	8.29%
2021	2	7,257	27,257	-	320,118	8.51%
2020	2	8,090	28,090	-	362,367	7.75%
2019	3	3,917	33,917	-	459,327	7.38%
2018	4	4,065	44,065	-	488,528	9.02%
2017	4	9,913	49,913	-	427,337	11.68%
2016	6	7,319	67,319	-	531,326	12.67%
2015	7	1,942	71,942	-	567,814	12.67%
•	hool Board (nonpro	,				
2024		3,096 \$	193,096	\$ -	\$ 2,631,167	7.34%
2023		5,387	185,387	-	2,498,566	7.42%
2022	19	1,085	191,085	-	2,274,190	8.40%
2021	17	6,132	176,132	-	2,076,828	8.48%
2020	18	8,862	188,862	-	2,106,689	8.96%
2019		2,187	192,187	-	2,116,635	9.08%
2018	20	8,889	208,889	-	2,156,076	9.69%
2017	21	1,186	211,186	-	2,163,422	9.76%
2016	24	9,040	249,040	-	2,208,654	11.28%
2015	26	1,267	261,267	-	2,297,419	11.37%
-	hool Board (profess					
2024		9,960 \$	4,409,960	\$ -	\$ 27,246,894	16.19%
2023	,	4,877	4,204,877	-	26,031,060	16.15%
2022		2,304	4,042,304	-	24,882,873	16.25%
2021	•	6,068	3,746,068	-	22,956,780	16.32%
2020		5,251	3,545,251	-	22,988,670	15.42%
2019		5,866	3,475,866	-	22,434,009	15.49%
2018		1,232	3,601,232	-	22,285,300	16.16%
2017		8,316	3,268,316	-	22,470,905	14.54%
2016		5,416	3,165,416	-	22,605,674	14.00%
2015	3,33	9,265	3,339,265	-	23,023,786	14.50%

^{*}Excludes contributions (mandatory and match on voluntary) to the defined contribution portion of the Hybrid plan.

County of Smyth, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information Pension Plans For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Changes of benefit terms - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions - The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-Hazardous Duty:

(11011 10 1415000) 11011 114141 4040 1415	
Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future
healthy, and disabled)	mortality improvements, replace load with a modified
	Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set
	separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid;
	changed final retirement age
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and
	service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. Increased disability life expectancy. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience and changed final retirement age from 65 to 70
Withdrawal Rates	Decreased rates and changed from rates based on age and service to rates based on service only to better fit experience and to be more consistent with Locals Largest 10 Hazardous Duty
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Component Unit School Board - Professional Employees

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	No change

County of Smyth, Virginia Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Primary Government Healthcare OPEB Plan For the Years Ended June 30, 2018 through June 30, 2024

		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB liability								
Service cost	s	68,456 \$	93,282 \$	83,606 \$	\$ 089,69	\$ 060,99	68,642 \$	66,954
Interest		64,599	36,544	42,283	51,544	56,648	53,597	50,901
Changes in assumptions		(31,818)	(458,719)	172,977	119,314	82,141	37,612	
Differences between expected and actual experience		70,384	225,993	(105,708)	(122, 178)	(131,236)	(65,821)	
Contributions		(42,423)	(36,543)	(24,025)	(39, 135)	(33,045)	(34,792)	(16,967)
Change in proportionate share		4,425	1,320	11,260	17,178	9,206	(3,567)	
Net change in total OPEB liability	\$	133,623 \$	(138,123) \$	180,393 \$	96,403 \$	46,804 \$	52,671 \$	100,858
Total OPEB liability - beginning		1,703,121	1,841,244	1,660,851	1,564,448	1,517,644	1,461,973	1,361,115
Total OPEB liability - ending	\ \ \ \	1,836,744 \$	1,703,121 \$	1,841,244 \$	1,660,851 \$	1,564,448 \$	1,517,644 \$	1,461,973
Covered-employee payroll	s	8,541,582 \$	8,519,452 \$	7,671,527 \$	6,919,265 \$	7,328,453 \$	7,298,609 \$	6,832,907
Primary Government's total OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		21.50%	19.99%	24.00%	24.00%	21.35%	20.79%	21.40%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Smyth, Virginia
Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios
Component Unit Library
Healthcare OPEB Plan
For the Years Ended June 30, 2018 through June 30, 2024

		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Total OPEB liability							
Service cost	ςs	2,544 \$	3,718 \$	3,394 \$	3,320 \$	3,910 \$	4,358 \$
Interest		2,401	1,456	1,717	2,456	3,352	3,403
Changes in assumptions		(1,182)	(18,281)	7,023	2,686	4,859	2,388
Differences between expected and actual experience		2,616	6,007	(4,292)	(5,822)	(7,764)	(4,179)
Contributions		(1,577)	(1,457)	(975)	(1,865)	(1,955)	(2,209)
Change in proportionate share		(4,425)	(1,320)	(11,260)	(17,178)	(6,206)	3,567
Net change in total OPEB liability	\ \$	377 \$	\$ (2,877)	(4,393) \$	(13,403) \$	(3,804) \$	7,328 \$
Total OPEB liability - beginning		62,879	74,756	79,149	92,552	96,356	89,028
Total OPEB liability - ending	<u></u>	68,256 \$	\$ 67,879	74,756 \$	79,149 \$	92,552 \$	96,356 \$
Covered-employee payroll	s	317,418 \$	339,548 \$	311,473 \$	329,743 \$	433,547 \$	463,391 \$
Component Unit Library's total OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		21.50%	19.99%	24.00%	24.00%	21.35%	20.79%

(1,033)

4,075 3,100

2018

6,142 82,886 89,028

416,093

21.40%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Smyth, Virginia
Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios
Component Unit School Board
Healthcare OPEB Plan
For the Years Ended June 30, 2018 through June 30, 2024

		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB liability								
Service cost	s	129,000 \$	236,000 \$	207,000 \$	158,000 \$	149,000 \$	186,000 \$	181,000
Interest		132,000	92,000	107,000	124,000	143,000	184,000	182,000
Changes in assumptions		(20,000)	(525,000)	372,000	234,000	172,000	(111,000)	
Differences between expected and actual experience		139,000	(754,000)	(165,000)	7,000	(239,000)	(1,123,000)	
Contributions		(150,000)	(142,000)	(119,000)	(197,000)	(265,000)	(336,000)	(299,000)
Net change in total OPEB liability	\$	\$ 000,000	(1,093,000) \$	402,000 \$	326,000 \$	(40,000) \$	(1,200,000) \$	64,000
Total OPEB liability - beginning		3,534,000	4,627,000	4,225,000	3,899,000	3,939,000	5,139,000	5,075,000
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	3,734,000 \$	3,534,000 \$	4,627,000 \$	4,225,000 \$	3,899,000 \$	3,939,000 \$	5,139,000
Covered-employee payroll	s	\$ 000,299,92	26,662,000 \$	24,402,000 \$	24,402,000 \$	23,787,000 \$	23,787,000 \$	24,003,000
School's total OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		14.00%	13.25%	18.96%	17.31%	16.39%	16.56%	21.41%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Smyth, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information - Healthcare OPEB Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Valuation Date: 7/1/2022 Measurement Date: 7/1/2023

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in GASB 75 to pay related benefits.

Methods and assumptions used to determine OPEB liability:

County and Component Unit-Library:

tuarial Cost Method Entry age normal level % of salary					
Discount Rate	3.86%				
Inflation	2.50%				
Healthcare Trend Rate 9.91% for fiscal year end 2023 and 10.98% for fiscal year reflect actual experience), then 6.50% for fiscal year decreasing 0.25% per year to an ultimate rate of 5.00					
Salary Increase Rates 2.50%					
etirement Age The average age at retirement is 62					
Mortality Rates	RP-2014 Mortality Table, fully generational with base year 2006, projected using two-dimensional improvement scale MP-2021				

Component Unit-School Board:

component offic school board.					
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age normal level % of salary				
Discount Rate	3.86%				
Inflation	2.50%				
Healthcare Trend Rate	6.15% for fiscal year end 2023 and 10.92% for fiscal year end 2024 (to reflect actual experience), then 6.50% for fiscal year end 2025, decreasing 0.25% per year to an ultimate rate of 5.00%				
Salary Increase Rates	2.50%				
Retirement Age	The average age at retirement is 62				
Mortality Rates	RP-2014 Mortality Table, fully generational with base year 2006, projected using two-dimensional improvement scale MP-2021				

County of Smyth, Virginia Schedule of Employer's Share of Net OPEB Liability Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan

For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2023

Date (1)	Employer's Proportion of the Net GLI OPEB Liability (Asset) (2)	-	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability (Asset) (3)	_	Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (3)/(4) (5)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total GLI OPEB Liability (6)
Primary Gover	rnment						
2023	0.41360%	\$	496,075	\$	9,742,305	5.09%	69.30%
2022	0.03991%		480,432		8,678,840	5.54%	67.21%
2021	0.03825%		444,965		7,890,797	5.64%	67.45%
2020	0.03684%		615,507		7,590,104	8.11%	52.64%
2019	0.03705%		602,875		7,239,182	8.33%	52.00%
2018	0.03726%		566,061		6,922,774	8.18%	51.22%
2017	0.03793%		571,215		6,922,002	8.25%	48.86%
Component Ur	nit Library						
2023	0.00170%	\$	20,349	\$	399,633	5.09%	69.30%
2022	0.00159%		19,148		345,900	5.54%	67.21%
2021	0.00155%		18,066		320,375	5.64%	67.45%
2020	0.00176%		29,332		361,712	8.11%	52.64%
2019	0.00219%		35,665		459,618	7.76%	52.00%
2018	0.00237%		35,939		488,528	7.36%	51.22%
2017	0.00231%		34,724		427,337	8.13%	48.86%
Component Ur	nit School Board (Non-Pr	ofe	ssional)				
2023	0.01066%	\$	127,847	\$	2,511,833	5.09%	69.30%
2022	0.01050%		126,189		2,280,116	5.53%	67.21%
2021	0.01010%		117,592		2,084,505	5.64%	67.45%
2020	0.01030%		171,389		2,116,831	8.10%	52.64%
2019	0.01091%		177,535		2,136,181	8.31%	52.00%
2018	0.01147%		174,000		2,156,076	8.07%	51.22%
2017	0.01214%		182,000		2,163,422	8.41%	48.86%
Component Ur	nit School Board (Profess	ion	al)				
2023	0.11100%	\$	1,331,238	\$	26,146,579	5.09%	69.30%
2022	0.11480%		1,382,664		24,978,476	5.54%	67.21%
2021	0.11190%		1,303,285		23,105,946	5.64%	67.45%
2020	0.11180%		1,865,592		23,028,428	8.10%	52.64%
2019	0.11514%		1,873,634		22,563,997	8.30%	52.00%
2018	0.11732%		1,782,000		22,285,300	8.00%	51.22%
2017	0.12255%		1,844,000		22,470,905	8.21%	48.86%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2017 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Smyth, Virginia Schedule of Employer Contributions Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan For the Years Ended June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2024

Date	Contractually Required Contribution (1)		Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (2)	-	Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)	_	Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll (5)
Primary G	overnment							
2024	\$ 58,967	\$	58,967	\$	-	\$	10,919,820	0.54%
2023	52,608	•	52,608	·	-	·	9,742,305	0.54%
2022	46,866		46,866		_		8,678,840	0.54%
2021	42,613		42,613		_		7,890,797	0.54%
2020	39,219		39,219		_		7,590,104	0.52%
2019	37,799		37,799		_		7,239,182	0.52%
2018	36,841		36,841		_		6,922,774	0.53%
2017	36,388		36,388		-		6,922,002	0.53%
Componer	nt Unit Library							
2024	\$ 2,191	\$	2,191	\$	-	\$	405,797	0.54%
2023	2,158		2,158		-		399,633	0.54%
2022	1,868		1,868		-		345,900	0.54%
2021	1,730		1,730		-		320,375	0.54%
2020	1,869		1,869		-		361,712	0.52%
2019	2,236		2,236		-		459,618	0.49%
2018	2,339		2,339		-		488,528	0.48%
2017	2,212		2,212		-		427,337	0.52%
Componer	nt Unit School Board	(Nonp	orofessional)					
2024	\$ 14,225	\$	14,225	\$	-	\$	2,634,318	0.54%
2023	13,564		13,564		-		2,511,833	0.54%
2022	12,313		12,313		-		2,280,116	0.54%
2021	11,256		11,256		-		2,084,505	0.54%
2020	10,997		10,997		-		2,116,831	0.52%
2019	11,108		11,108		-		2,136,181	0.52%
2018	11,345		11,345		-		2,156,076	0.53%
2017	11,647		11,647		-		2,163,422	0.54%
	nt Unit School Board	(Prof						
2024	\$ 147,379	\$	147,379	\$	-	\$	27,292,425	0.54%
2023	141,192		141,192		-		26,146,579	0.54%
2022	134,884		134,884		-		24,978,476	0.54%
2021	124,890		124,890		-		23,105,946	0.54%
2020	119,608		119,608		-		23,028,428	0.52%
2019	117,333		117,333		-		22,563,997	0.52%
2018	116,001		116,001		-		22,285,300	0.52%
2017	117,551		117,551		-		22,470,905	0.52%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to 2017 is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Smyth, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Changes of benefit terms - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions - The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Teachers

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. Increased disability life expectancy. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience and changed final retirement age from 65 to 70
Withdrawal Rates	Decreased rates and changed from rates based on age and service to rates based on service only to better fit experience and to be more consistent with Locals Top 10 Hazardous Duty
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

County of Smyth, Virginia Schedule of School Board's Share of Net OPEB Liability Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2023

Date (1)	Employer's Proportion of the Net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset) (2)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset) (3)	 Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (3)/(4) (5)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total HIC OPEB Liability (6)
2023	0.21614%	\$ 3,166,039	\$ 26,059,389	12.15%	17.90%
2022	0.26694%	3,334,205	24,879,035	13.40%	15.08%
2021	0.25961%	3,332,274	22,956,780	14.52%	13.15%
2020	0.26170%	3,414,442	22,988,670	14.85%	9.95%
2019	0.26764%	3,503,668	22,434,009	15.62%	8.97%
2018	0.27565%	3,500,000	22,285,300	15.71%	8.08%
2017	0.28471%	3,611,000	22,470,905	16.07%	7.04%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2017 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Smyth, Virginia Schedule of Employer Contributions Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan For the Years Ended June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2024

Date Compone	 Contractually Required Contribution (1) it-School Board	– I (Pr	Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (2)	 Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)	<u> </u>	Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll (5)
2024	\$ 329,687	\$	329,687	\$ -	\$	27,246,894	1.21%
2023	315,319		315,319	-		26,059,389	1.21%
2022	301,036		301,036	-		24,879,035	1.21%
2021	278,037		278,037	-		22,956,780	1.21%
2020	275,617		275,617	-		22,988,670	1.20%
2019	269,208		269,208	-		22,434,009	1.20%
2018	274,110		274,110	-		22,285,300	1.23%
2017	249,411		249,411	-		22,470,905	1.11%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to 2017 is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Smyth, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Changes of benefit terms - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions - The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Component Unit-School Board (Professional):

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future
healthy, and disabled)	mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality
	Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate
	rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final
	retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service
	decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	No change

County of Smyth, Virginia Schedule of Changes in the Component Unit School Board's Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2020 through June 30, 2023

	2023	2022	2021		2020
Total HIC OPEB Liability				-	
Service cost	\$ 2,554	\$ 2,500	\$ 3,355	\$	-
Interest	26,669	25,860	23,526		-
Changes in benefit terms	(13,586)	(13,077)	-		348,524
Differences between expected and actual experience	(175,294)	(36,405)	-		-
Changes of assumptions	-	33,313	11,739		-
Net change in total HIC OPEB liability	\$ (159,657)	\$ 12,191	\$ 38,620	\$	348,524
Total HIC OPEB Liability - beginning	399,335	387,144	348,524		-
Total HIC OPEB Liability - ending (a)	\$ 239,678	\$ 399,335	\$ 387,144	\$	348,524
Plan fiduciary net position					
Contributions - employer	\$ 36,372	\$ 27,529	\$ 25,130	\$	-
Net investment income	3,764	(283)	3,375		-
Benefit payments	(13,586)	(13,077)	(111)		-
Administrator charges	(97)	(82)	-		-
Other	8	135	-		-
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$ 26,461	\$ 14,222	\$ 28,394	\$	-
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	42,616	28,394	-		-
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 69,077	\$ 42,616	\$ 28,394	\$	<u> </u>
Component Unit School Board's net HIC OPEB liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 170,601	\$ 356,719	\$ 358,750	\$	348,524
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total HIC OPEB liability	28.82%	10.67%	7.33%		-
Covered payroll	\$ 2,508,452	\$ 2,275,166	\$ 2,076,828	\$	-
Component Unit School Board's net HIC OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll	6.80%	15.68%	17.27%		-

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Smyth, Virginia Schedule of Employer Contributions Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan

For the Years Ended June 30, 2021 through June 30, 2024

Date	. <u>-</u>	Contractually Required Contribution (1)	. <u>-</u>	Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (2)	 Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)	 Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll (5)
2024	\$	38,152	\$	38,152	\$ -	\$ 2,631,205	1.45%
2023		36,373		36,373	-	2,508,452	1.45%
2022		27,530		27,530	-	2,275,166	1.21%
2021		25,130		25,130	-	2,076,828	1.21%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Smyth, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Changes of benefit terms - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions - The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 though June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future
healthy, and disabled)	mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality
	Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate
	rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final
	retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service
	decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change



County of Smyth, Virginia Combining Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2024

June 30), ZUZ4	Water	Sewer	
		Fund	Fund	Total
		<u>r unu</u>	<u>r unu</u>	<u>rotat</u>
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for uncollectibles	\$	163,539	\$ 123,936 \$	287,475
Internal balances		889,845	(889,845)	-
Total current assets	\$	1,053,384	\$ (765,909) \$	287,475
Noncurrent assets:				
Capital assets not being depreciated	\$	25,504	\$ 19,327 \$	44,831
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		10,266,026	7,779,972	18,045,998
Total noncurrent assets	\$	10,291,530	\$ 7,799,299 \$	18,090,829
Total assets	\$	11,344,914	\$ 7,033,390 \$	18,378,304
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Pension related items	\$	29,361	\$ 22,250 \$	51,611
OPEB related items		9,956	7,545	17,501
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	39,317	\$ 29,795 \$	69,112
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	97,132	\$ 73,610 \$	
Customers' deposits		1,089	825	1,914
Accrued interest payable		28,494	21,594	50,088
Compensated absences - current portion		8,252	6,254	14,506
Bonds payable - current portion		358,393	271,604	629,997
Total current liabilities	\$	493,360	\$ 373,887 \$	867,247
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Compensated absences - net of current portion	\$		\$ 2,084 \$	4,835
Bonds payable - net of current portion		4,027,076	3,051,866	7,078,942
Net OPEB liabilities		41,048	31,107	72,155
Net pension liability		61,613	 46,692	108,305
Total noncurrent liabilities	<u>\$</u>	4,132,488	\$ 3,131,749 \$, ,
Total liabilities	\$	4,625,848	\$ 3,505,636 \$	8,131,484
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Pension related items	\$	19,899	\$ 15,080 \$	34,979
OPEB related items		9,384	7,111	16,495
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	29,283	\$ 22,191 \$	51,474
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	\$	5,906,060	\$ 4,475,830 \$	10,381,890
Unrestricted (deficit)		823,040	(940,472)	(117,432)
Total net position	\$	6,729,100	\$ 3,535,358 \$	10,264,458

Note: Information presented herein has been allocated based on a percentage of revenues for services.

County of Smyth, Virginia Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

		Water					
		Fund				Total	
OPERATING REVENUES							
Charges for services:							
Water revenues	\$	1,349,511	\$	_	\$	1,349,511	
Sewer revenues	¥	-	Ţ	1,022,709	Ÿ	1,022,709	
Connection fees		7,253		5,497		12,750	
Penalties		9,328		7,069		16,397	
Service charges		16,305		12,357		28,662	
Application fees		2,788		2,112		4,900	
Miscellaneous		12,371		9,375		21,746	
Total operating revenues	\$	1,397,556	\$	1,059,119	\$	2,456,675	
OPERATING EXPENSES							
Personnel services	\$	301,695	\$	228,635	\$	530,330	
Water purchases	4	299,612	~	227,057	7	526,669	
Water and wastewater service		329,821		249,950		579,771	
Automotive expenses		27,911		21,152		49,063	
Office supplies		14,752		11,180		25,932	
Uniforms		1,917		1,452		3,369	
Utilities		39,622		30,027		69,649	
Permits		6,975		5,286		12,261	
Postage		538		408		946	
Telephone		5,556		4,210		9,766	
Maintenance supplies		44,595		33,795		78,390	
Repair and maintenance		32,650		24,743		57,393	
Capital projects		22,558		17,096		39,654	
Miscellaneous		22,445		17,010		39,455	
Depreciation		829,751		628,815		1,458,566	
Total operating expenses	\$	1,980,398	\$	1,500,816	\$	3,481,214	
Operating income (loss)	\$	(582,842)	\$	(441,697)	\$	(1,024,539)	
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)							
Interest expense	\$	(103,374)	\$	(78,340)	\$	(181,714)	
Income (loss) before transfers	\$	(686,216)	\$	(520,037)	\$	(1,206,253)	
Transfers out	\$	132,754	\$	100,606	\$	233,360	
Change in net position	\$	(553,462)	\$	(419,431)	\$	(972,893)	
Total net position - beginning		7,282,562		3,954,789		11,237,351	
Total net position - ending	\$	6,729,100	\$	3,535,358	\$	10,264,458	

Note: Information presented herein has been allocated based on a percentage of revenues for services.

County of Smyth, Virginia Combining Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Water	S	ewer	
	<u>Fund</u>		<u>Fund</u>	<u>Total</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 1,483,222	\$	1,124,040	\$ 2,607,262
Payments to suppliers	(794,754)		(602,293)	(1,397,047)
Payments to employees	(306,947)		(232,615)	(539,562)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$ 381,521	\$	289,132	\$ 670,653
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Transfers to other funds	\$ 132,754	\$	100,606	\$ 233,360
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Additions to utility plant	\$ (50,926)	\$	(38,593)	\$ (89,519)
Principal payments on bonds	(308,245)		(233,600)	(541,845)
Interest payments	(155,104)		(117,545)	(272,649)
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related				
financing activities	\$ (514,275)	\$	(389,738)	\$ (904,013)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning	-		-	-
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash				
provided by (used for) operating activities:				
Operating income (loss)	\$ (582,841)	\$	(441,698)	\$ (1,024,539)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash				
provided by (used for) operating activities:				
Depreciation	\$ 829,751	\$	628,815	\$ 1,458,566
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	85,666		64,921	150,587
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources	2,459		1,864	4,323
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	54,198		41,073	95,271
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences	(3,331)		(2,524)	(5,855)
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB liabilities	956		725	1,681
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability	10,979		8,321	19,300
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources	(16,316)		(12,365)	(28,681)
Total adjustments	\$ 964,362		730,830	\$ 1,695,192
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$ 381,521	\$	289,132	\$ 670,653

Note: Information presented herein has been allocated based on a percentage of revenues for services.

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - SCHOOL BOARD

MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

<u>School Operating Fund</u> - The School Operating Fund accounts for and reports the operations of the County's school system. Financing is provided by the State and Federal governments as well as contributions from the County's General Fund.

<u>School Activity Fund</u> - The School Activity Fund accounts for and reports the operations of the individual schools.

County of Smyth, Virginia Balance Sheet Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board June 30, 2024

		School Operating <u>Fund</u>		School Activity <u>Fund</u>		<u>Total</u>
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,331,559	\$	1,368,002	\$	3,699,561
Investments		846,824		-		846,824
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):		2 /2 055				2 /2 055
Accounts receivable		343,055		-		343,055
Due from primary government		7,973,886		-		7,973,886 2,503,719
Due from other governmental units Inventories		2,503,719 68,600		-		68,600
Prepaid items		672,917		-		672,917
Total assets	S	14,740,560	\$	1,368,002	\$	16,108,562
Total assets		14,740,300	<u> </u>	1,300,002	-	10,100,302
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	494,991	\$	-	\$	494,991
Accrued liabilities		5,939,370		-		5,939,370
Unearned revenue		2,200,000		-		2,200,000
Total liabilities	\$	8,634,361	\$	-	\$	8,634,361
FUND BALANCE						
Nonspendable						
Prepaid items	\$	672,917	\$	-	\$	672,917
Inventories		68,600		-		68,600
Committed						
Textbooks		2,669,953		-		2,669,953
School Activity Funds		-		1,368,002		1,368,002
Restricted						
School cafeterias		508,430		-		508,430
School construction		2,186,299		-		2,186,299
Total fund balances	\$	6,106,199	\$	1,368,002	\$	7,474,201
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	14,740,560	\$	1,368,002	\$	16,108,562
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit 1) are different because:						
Total fund balances per above					\$	7,474,201
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.						
Capital assets not depreciated			\$	1,151,447		
Capital assets being depreciated/amortized			*	12,395,541		13,546,988
Deferred outflows of resources are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and,						
therefore, are not reported in the funds.				0.445.040		
Pension related items			\$	8,665,019		40 4/5 303
OPEB related items				1,500,183		10,165,202
Long-term liabilities, including compensated absences, are not due and payable in the current						
period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.						
Compensated absences			\$	(510,450)		
Lease liabilities				(48,901)		
Net OPEB liabilities				(8,529,725)		
Net pension liability				(27,298,140)		(36,387,216)
Deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current period and therefore						
Deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.						
Pension related items			\$	(3,933,230)		
OPEB related items			_	(1,856,183)		(5,789,413)
Net position of governmental activities					\$	(10,990,238)
thee position of governmental activities						(10,770,230)

County of Smyth, Virginia

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Fund - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

		School Operating <u>Fund</u>		School Activity <u>Fund</u>		<u>Total</u>
REVENUES Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	37,145	\$		\$	37,145
Charges for services	Þ	786,386	Ş	2,174,417	ş	2,960,803
Miscellaneous		1,640		-		1,640
Recovered costs		896,902		_		896,902
Intergovernmental		63,237,334		-		63,237,334
Total revenues	\$	64,959,407	\$	2,174,417	\$	67,133,824
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Education	\$	63,966,204	\$	2,753,082	\$	66,719,286
Debt service:						
Principal retirement		34,811		-		34,811
Interest and other fiscal charges		1,000		-		1,000
Total expenditures	\$	64,002,015	\$	2,753,082	\$	66,755,097
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)				.===		
expenditures	\$	957,392	\$	(578,665)	\$	378,727
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in	\$	-	\$	765,077	\$	765,077
Transfers out	_	(765,077)	_			(765,077)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	(765,077)	\$	765,077	\$	-
Net change in fund balances	\$	192,315	\$	186,412	\$	378,727
Fund balances - beginning, as previously reported		5,913,884		853,664		6,767,548
Adjustments	_	<u> </u>		327,926		327,926
Fund balances - beginning, as restated	\$	5,913,884	\$	1,181,590	\$	7,095,474
Fund balances - ending	\$	6,106,199	\$	1,368,002	\$	7,474,201
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit 2) are different because:						
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds - per above					\$	378,727
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. These are the details of items supporting this adjustment:						
Capital outlays Depreciation and amortization expenses			\$	4,504,111 (1,204,463)		3,299,648
bepreciation and amorazation expenses				(1,201,103)		3,277,010
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (I.e., sales, trade-ins, and donations) is to decrease net position. These are the details of items supporting this adjustment:						
Contribution of asset to EDA			\$	(60,585)		
Loss on disposal of assets				(440)		(61,025)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes						
the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs,						
premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts						
are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect						
of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.						
Principal repayments: Leases payable						34,811
Povonues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial recovers						
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.						
·						202 020
State non-employer contribution to the pension plan						392,929
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current						
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current						
financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.			\$	(63 O7E)		
Change in OPER related items			þ	(63,075)		
Change in OPEB related items				590,056		3 000 7/4
Change in pension related items				2,481,783		3,008,764
Change in net position of governmental activities					\$	7,053,854
• • • · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					Ĺ	,,

County of Smyth, Virginia Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

				School Ope	rati	ng Fund		
		Budgeted	l Am	ounts			•	ariance with Final Budget Positive
		<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>		<u>Actual</u>		(Negative)
REVENUES								
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	-	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	37,145	Ş	37,145
Charges for services		2,258,326		2,258,326		786,386		(1,471,940)
Miscellaneous		2,186,040		2,186,040		1,640		(2,184,400)
Recovered costs		2,753,272		2,753,272		896,902		(1,856,370)
Intergovernmental		66,532,279		66,532,279		63,237,334		(3,294,945)
Total revenues	<u>\$</u>	73,729,917	\$	73,729,917	\$	64,959,407	\$	(8,770,510)
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Education	\$	73,694,106	\$	72,929,029	\$	63,966,204	\$	8,962,825
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		34,811		34,811		34,811		-
Interest and other fiscal charges		1,000		1,000		1,000		-
Total expenditures	\$	73,729,917	\$	72,964,840	\$	64,002,015	\$	8,962,825
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures	\$	-	\$	765,077	\$	957,392	\$	192,315
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers out	\$	-	\$	(765,077)	\$	(765,077)	\$	-
Total other financing sources and uses	\$	-	\$	(765,077)	\$	(765,077)	\$	-
Net change in fund balances	\$	-	\$	-	\$	192,315	\$	192,315
Fund balances - beginning	•	-	•	-	•	5,913,884	•	5,913,884
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,106,199	\$	6,106,199

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY

MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

<u>Economic Development Authority (EDA)</u> - The EDA operating fund account is an enterprise fund that accounts for the County's Component-unit EDA.

County of Smyth, Virginia Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Fund Discretely Presented Component Unit - Economic Development Authority June 30, 2024

		EDA Fund
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,025,874
Leases receivable, current portion		75,893
Total current assets	\$	1,101,767
Noncurrent assets:		
Leases receivable, noncurrent portion	\$	241,181
Capital assets not being depreciated		137,688
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		3,923,733
Total capital assets	\$	4,061,421
Total noncurrent assets	\$	4,302,602
Total assets	\$	5,404,369
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$	24,796
Due to primary government	,	1,341,882
Notes payable, current portion		36,691
Total current liabilities	\$	1,403,369
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Advance from County	\$	1,505,877
Notes payable, noncurrent portion	·	861,896
Total noncurrent liabilities	\$	2,367,773
Total liabilities	\$	3,771,142
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Lease related	\$	309,639
NET POSITION		
Investment in capital assets	\$	1,656,957
Unrestricted	*	(333,369)
Total net position	\$	1,323,588

County of Smyth, Virginia

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position - Proprietary Fund Discretely Presented Component Unit - Economic Development Authority For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

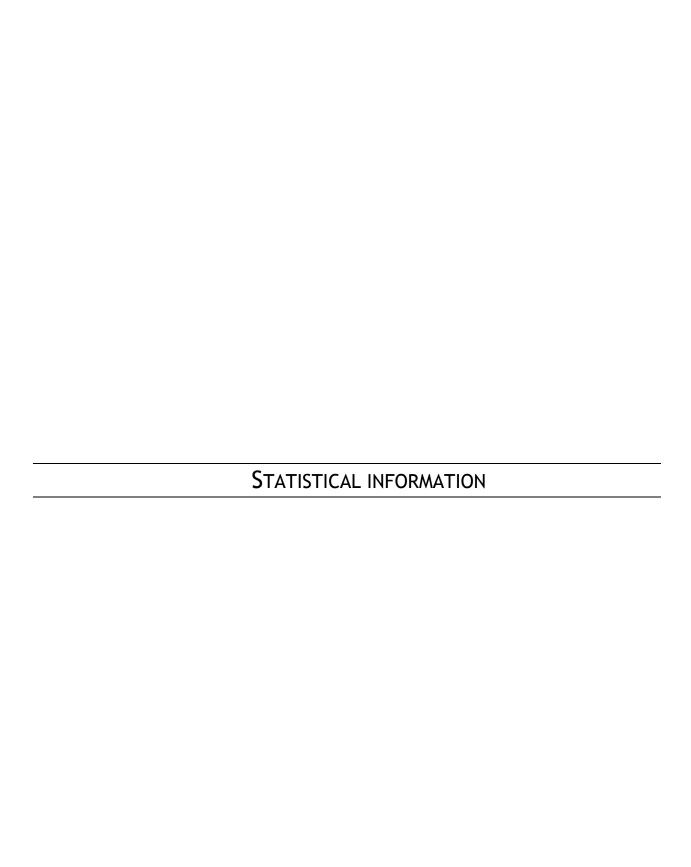
	<u>E</u>	EDA Fund
OPERATING REVENUES		
Miscellaneous	\$	107,451
Project Learn receipts		100,323
Total operating revenues	\$	207,774
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Grant awards	\$	482,834
Miscellaneous		323,989
Depreciation		93,389
Total operating expenses	\$	900,212
Operating income (loss)	\$	(692,438)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
Interest income from leases	\$	10,252
Interest expense		(29,832)
Rental income		77,516
Local Contirbution		308,323
Contribution from State		521,054
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	\$	887,313
Income before capital contributions	\$	194,875
Capital contributions and construction grants		60,585
Change in net position	\$	255,460
Total net position - beginning		1,068,128
Total net position - ending	\$	1,323,588

County of Smyth, Virginia

Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Fund

Discretely Presented Component Unit - Economic Development Authority For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	E	EDA Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Payments for operating expenses	\$	(978,879)
Other receipts	•	747,150
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	(231,729)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Local Contribution	\$	308,323
State Contriubtion		521,054
Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital financing activities	\$	829,377
CACH ELOWS EDOM CADITAL AND DELATED EINANGING ACTIVITIES		
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	خ	(245.240)
Payments for property and construction	\$	(315,240)
Principal payments on notes payable		(35,520)
Interest expense		(29,832)
Principal payments on lease receivable		73,748
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities	\$	(306,844)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Sale (purchase) of investments	\$	610,943
Interest income from leases receivable	-	10,252
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities	\$	621,195
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$	911,999
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning		113,875
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$	1,025,874
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash		
provided by (used for) operating activities:		
Operating income (loss)	\$	(692,438)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:		
Depreciation	\$	93,389
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	•	(172,056)
Increase (decrease) in due to primary government		539,376
Total adjustments	\$	460,709
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	(231,729)
Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities:		
Contribution of capital assets from school board, gross	\$	160,557
Contribution of capital assets from school board, accumulated depreciation	*	(99,972)
Contribution of capital assets, net		60,585
	-	



County of Smyth, Virginia Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Last	Last Ien Fiscal Years						
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Governmental activities										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 14,091,455	\$ 11,390,729 \$	11,174,543 \$	10,597,262 \$	8,483,398	8,163,198 \$	7,410,590	\$ 8,038,644 \$	8,244,411 \$	9,369,305
Restricted	24,109,835	11,434,317	4,552,026	1,588,663	1,602,271	752,619	1,480,166	24,109,835 11,434,317 4,552,026 1,588,663 1,602,271 752,619 1,480,166 1,719,619 668,635	668,635	
Unrestricted	(8,498,848)	7,255,462	9,174,370	8,791,571	7,447,500	6,903,727	5,821,151	4,836,863	3,351,486	(1,973,096)
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 29,702,442	\$ 30,080,508 \$	\$ 24,900,939 \$	20,977,496 \$	17,533,169	, 15,819,544 \$	14,711,907	\$ 29,702,442 \$ 30,080,508 \$ 24,900,939 \$ 20,977,496 \$ 17,533,169 \$ 15,819,544 \$ 14,711,907 \$ 14,595,126 \$ 12,264,532 \$ 7,396,209	12,264,532 \$	7,396,209
Business-type activities										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 10,381,890	\$ 11,130,382 \$	11,941,602 \$	13,164,789 \$	13,645,145	, 14,609,381 \$	15,469,911	\$ 10,381,890 \$ 11,130,382 \$ 11,941,602 \$ 13,164,789 \$ 13,645,145 \$ 14,609,381 \$ 15,469,911 \$ 13,773,956 \$ 14,867,097 \$ 15,755,398	14,867,097 \$	15,755,398
Restricted			11,617							
Unrestricted	(117,432)	106,969	(37,396)	58,719	(26,163)	(10,569)	(268,008)	(175,296)	(199,122)	23,421
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 10,264,458	\$ 11,237,351	11,915,823 \$	13,223,508 \$	13,618,982	, 14,598,812 \$	15,201,903	\$ 10,264,458 \$ 11,237,351 \$ 11,915,823 \$ 13,223,508 \$ 13,618,982 \$ 14,598,812 \$ 15,201,903 \$ 13,598,660 \$ 14,667,975 \$ 15,778,819	14,667,975 \$	15,778,819
Primary government										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 24,473,345	\$ 22,521,111	3 23,116,145 \$	23,762,051 \$	22,128,543	\$ 22,772,579 \$	22,880,501	\$ 24,473,345 \$ 22,521,111 \$ 23,116,145 \$ 23,762,051 \$ 22,128,543 \$ 22,772,579 \$ 22,880,501 \$ 21,812,600 \$ 23,111,508 \$ 25,124,703	23,111,508 \$	25,124,703
Restricted	24,109,835	11,434,317	4,563,643	1,588,663	1,602,271	752,619	1,480,166	1,719,619	668,635	
Unrestricted	(8,616,280)	7,362,431	9,136,974	8,850,290	7,421,337	6,893,158	5,553,143	4,661,567	3,152,364	(1,949,675)
Total primary government net position	\$ 39,966,900	\$ 41,317,859 \$	36,816,762 \$	34,201,004 \$	31,152,151	30,418,356 \$	29,913,810	\$ 39,966,900 \$ 41,317,859 \$ 36,816,762 \$ 34,201,004 \$ 31,152,151 \$ 30,418,356 \$ 29,913,810 \$ 28,193,786 \$ 26,932,507 \$ 23,175,028	\$ 26,932,507 \$	23,175,028

County of Smyth, Virginia Change in Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years

		La	אר ובוו ו וארמו ובמו א						Ī
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Expenses									
Governmental activities									
General government administration	\$ 6,801,080 \$	4,464,208 \$	2,793,211 \$	2,434,213 \$	3,367,652 \$	2,359,637 \$	2,108,251 \$	2,663,712 \$	2,522,032
Judicial administration	2,624,613	2,415,446	2,368,944	2,487,513	2,333,043	2,167,499	2,085,710	1,638,101	1,591,793
Public safety	12,403,962	11,344,430	10,257,834	9,694,665	9,065,015	8,709,906	8,492,659	8,539,095	7,610,041
Public works	2,751,969	3,426,027	2,934,224	2,658,740	2,075,707	1,983,495	2,148,119	2,059,998	2,548,965
Health and welfare	10,974,941	9,736,165	9,205,485	8,917,782	7,628,329	6,743,163	6,735,510	6,328,638	6,281,076
Education	10,663,357	10,500,166	9,014,939	9,107,198	9,660,316	9,176,867	9,328,944	8,568,359	6,682,117
Parks, recreation, and cultural	1,362,412	1,051,973	839,307	711,535	709,638	729,789	770,828	764,591	1,292,528
Community development	485,124	571,139	962,815	2,509,137	427,542	1,029,016	368,790	327,775	334,389
Interest on long-term debt	1,633,766	1,142,077	961,558	871,985	896,280	962,475	1,019,376	1,572,972	1,219,313
Total governmental activities	\$ 49,701,224 \$	44,651,631 \$	39,338,317 \$	39,392,768 \$	36,163,522 \$	33,861,847 \$	33,058,187 \$	32,463,241 \$	30,082,254
Business-type activities Water and sewer	\$ 3.662.928 \$	3.312.810 \$	3.346.363 \$	3.200.368 \$	3.152.325 \$	2.914.947 \$	2.944.311 \$	2.927.130 \$	3.116.610
Total hisiness-type activities		3 312 810 \$							
Total primary government expenses	\$ 53,364,152 \$	47,964,441 \$	42,684,680 \$	42,593,136 \$	39,315,847 \$	36,776,794 \$	36,002,498 \$	35,390,371 \$	33,198,864
Program Revenues Governmental activities									
Chaiges for selvivees General government administration	\$ 268,425 \$	255,316 \$	39,759 \$	8,824 \$	7,882 \$	10,380 \$	17,828 \$	37,877 \$	32,444
Judicial administration	670,590	606,883	623,587	881,222	1,030,379	1,095,915	942,952	829,133	1,096,273
Public safety	826,426	321,981	267,518	349,142	287,438	365,302	336,387	317,298	356,496
Public works	1,341,472	1,118,739	872,683	836,597	910,170	854,695	821,118	1,012,486	1,025,428
Operating grants and contributions		16,429,906	12,752,610	15,051,714	9,782,392	8,783,861	8,265,629	7,944,314	7,722,207
Total governmental activities program revenues	\$ 17,666,354 \$	18,732,825 \$	14,556,157 \$	17,127,499 \$	12,018,261 \$	11,110,153 \$	10,383,914 \$	10,141,108 \$	10,232,848
Business-type activities									
Charges for services									
Water and sewer	\$ 2,434,929 \$	2,451,843 \$	2,268,056 \$	2,173,737 \$	2,210,147 \$	2,250,002 \$	2,195,392 \$	2,204,954 \$	2,021,625
Capital grants and contributions			•	311,496	12,194	265,885	2,530,983	104,237	59,975
Total business-type activities program revenues	\$ 2,434,929 \$	2,451,843 \$	2,268,056 \$	2,485,233 \$	2,222,341 \$	2,515,887 \$	4,726,375 \$	2,309,191 \$	2,081,600
Total primary government program revenues	\$ 20,101,283 \$	21,184,668	\$	19,612,732 \$	14,240,602 \$	13,626,040 \$	15,110,289 \$	12,450,299 \$	12,314,448
Net (expense) revenue Governmental activities	\$ (32,034,870) \$	(25,918,806) \$	(24,782,160) \$	(22,265,269) \$	(24,145,261) \$ (22,751,694)	(22,751,694) \$	\$ (22,674,273) \$	\$ (22,322,133) \$	\$ (19,849,406)
Business-type activities		(860,967)	(1,078,307)	(715,135)					
Total primary government net expense	\$ (33,262,869) \$	(26,779,773) \$	(25,860,467) \$	(22,980,404) \$	(25,075,245) \$	\$ (23,150,754) \$	\$ (20,892,209) \$	\$ (22,940,072) \$	(20,884,416)

County of Smyth, Virginia Change in Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years

		2024	2	2023	2022		2021	2020	2019		2018	2017	20	2016
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental activities: Taxes:														
General property taxes	\$	21,431,483 \$	7	21,908,032 \$	20,257,881	\$	19,089,572 \$	17,910,662	\$ 16,973,046	46 \$	17,194,583 \$	\$ 16,785,337 \$		16,956,694
Other local taxes		4,729,470		4,762,174	4,238,306	9	3,925,346	3,791,344	3,540,355	55	3,529,183	3,444,795	'n	370,056
Unrestricted grants and contributions		3,203,711		2,571,592	2,582,352	2	2,544,230	2,628,722	2,634,424	24	2,694,976	2,580,995	2,	2,527,873
Unrestricted revenues from use of money and property		1,402,058		865,922	281,637	7	250,481	320,471	355,426	76	269,998	227,311		138,545
Miscellaneous		1,123,442		1,165,902	1,054,206	9	219,628	157,841	152,049	49	258,209	240,957		160,814
Transfers		(233,360)		(175,247)	(267,801)	1	(319,661)	49,846	204,031	31	161,140	451,376		(22,848)
Total governmental activities	ş	31,656,804 \$	3	31,098,375 \$	28,146,581	\$ 1	25,709,596 \$	24,858,886	\$ 23,859,331	31 \$	24,108,089	\$ 23,730,771	\$ 23,	23,131,134
Business-type activities:														
Miscellaneous	s	21,746 \$		7,248 \$	61,843	3	٠.		\$	s			s	
Transfers		233,360		175,247	267,801	_	319,661	(49,846)	(204,031)	31)	(161,140)	(451,376)	_	22,848
Total business-type activities	ş	255,106 \$		182,495 \$	329,644	\$	319,661 \$	(49,846)	\$ (204,031)	31) \$	(161,140)	\$ (451,376)	\$ (22,848
Total primary government	\$	31,911,910 \$	3	31,280,870 \$	28,476,225	5 \$	\$ 26,029,257 \$	24,809,040 \$	\$ 23,655,300	\$ 00	23,946,949 \$	\$ 23,279,395	\$	23,153,982
Change in Net Position														
Governmental activities	s	(378,066) \$		5,179,569 \$	3,364,421 \$	\$	3,444,327 \$	1,713,625 \$		37 \$	1,433,816	1,107,637 \$ 1,433,816 \$ 1,408,638 \$	\$ 3,	3,281,728
Business-type activities		(972,893)		(678,472)	(748,663)	3)	(395,474)	(979,830)	(603,091)	91)	1,620,924	(1,069,315)		(1,012,162)
Total primary government	\$	(1,350,959) \$		4,501,097 \$	2,615,758 \$	\$ 8	3,048,853 \$	733,795	\$ 504,5	504,546 \$	3,054,740 \$	\$ 339,323	\$	2,269,566

County of Smyth, Virginia Fund Balance - Governmental Fund Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
General Fund										
Nonspendable	\$ 198,917	198,917 \$ 179,287	\$ 149,473	\$ 171,678	\$ 134,252 \$	181,639 \$	184,089 \$	170,692 \$	165,535 \$	205,182
Restricted	23,139,785	10,887,029	3,557,520	1,588,663	1,602,271	752,619	1,480,166	1,719,619	7,053,698	12,560,956
Committed	195,213	176,017	275,711	227,520	314,009	718,986	945,049	1,108,674	1,241,351	47,531
Unassigned	13,710,554	20,613,867	15,770,817	13,627,947	11,101,414	9,358,844	7,893,953	6,431,674	5,158,382	3,059,388
Total general fund	\$ 37,244,469	37,244,469 \$ 31,856,200 \$	\$ 19,753,521	\$ 15,615,808	\$ 13,151,946	\$ 11,012,088 \$	\$ 10,503,257 \$	9,430,659 \$	\$ 13,618,966 \$	15,873,057

County of Smyth, Virginia Changes in Fund Balance, Goverrmental Fund Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Revenues									!	
General property taxes	\$ 21,461,132 \$	21,884,538 \$	5 20,236,591	\$ 19,619,232	17,930,375 \$	17,453,207 \$	17,124,424	3 16,516,355 \$	16,947,861 \$	16,278,485
Other local taxes	4,729,470	4,762,174	4,238,306	3,925,346	3,791,344	3,540,355	3,529,183	3,444,795	3,370,056	3,880,265
Permits, privilege fees, and licenses	138,320	79,688	65,045	61,333	111,689	85,185	129,113	113,794	135,421	95,901
Fines and forfeitures	658,256	595,470	612,313	871,402	1,019,041	1,078,773	928,528	814,522	1,082,497	1,280,930
Revenue from use of money and property	1,601,579	1,046,459	281,637	250,481	320,471	355,426	269,998	227,311	138,545	242,917
Charges for services	2,110,816	1,447,224	1,126,189	1,143,050	1,105,139	1,162,334	1,060,644	1,268,478	1,292,723	1,236,967
Recovered costs	711,701	467,089	1,450,736	1,245,807	817,164	532,836	848,829	398,251	301,480	234,006
Other	700,681	1,287,576	385,244	219,628	157,841	152,049	258,209	240,957	160,814	224,296
Intergovenmental	18,223,855	19,460,845	15,766,865	18,083,057	12,922,059	11,865,953	11,376,635	10,525,309	10,250,080	9,388,971
Total revenues	\$ 50,335,810 \$	51,031,063 \$	3 44,162,926	\$ 45,419,336 \$	38,175,123 \$	36,226,118 \$	35,525,563 \$	33,549,772 \$	33,679,477 \$	32,862,738
Expenditures										
General government administration	\$ 6,540,746 \$	5,741,333 \$	\$ 3,085,399	\$ 3,022,938	\$ 2,367,900 \$	2,468,213 \$	2,637,943	\$ 2,680,532 \$	2,274,638 \$	2,160,543
Judicial administration	2,094,765	1,971,504	1,940,847	1,908,480	1,857,567	1,807,747	1,683,976	1,601,951	1,554,655	1,809,226
Public safety	13,539,994	11,713,324	10,688,937	11,024,808	9,424,124	9,186,164	8,814,969	8,200,093	7,625,091	6,746,242
Public works	3,663,993	3,201,439	2,623,595	2,647,229	2,135,887	2,482,529	2,190,945	2,364,772	2,322,184	1,906,816
Health and welfare	10,991,411	9,899,628	9,367,160	8,753,992	7,608,179	7,120,994	7,027,227	6,413,303	6,359,049	5,404,748
Education	10,338,174	9,653,546	8,170,836	8,209,775	8,748,338	7,818,509	7,984,685	7,296,634	5,378,772	8,275,288
Parks, recreation, and cultural	1,451,907	1,114,307	883,061	731,111	732,090	732,090	772,090	764,563	914,558	976,479
Community development	335,309	214,663	679,053	2,506,328	254,048	235,449	258,773	329,678	339,554	1,186,002
Capital projects	1,204,182	1,228,087	426,189	,	1,423			5,857,294	5,593,129	6,946,025
Debt service:										
Principal retirement	2,779,736	2,696,717	2,862,560	2,160,612	2,108,919	2,327,376	2,010,009	2,089,810	1,933,169	1,970,201
Bond issuance cost	291,844	168,155	74,563		39,470					
Interest and other fiscal charges		1,650,434	1,623,664	1,670,540	1,712,166	1,742,247	1,801,007	1,466,236	1,628,640	1,408,231
Total expenditures	\$ 55,065,391 \$	49,253,137 \$	42,425,864	\$ 42,635,813	36,990,111 \$	35,921,318 \$	35,181,624 \$	39,064,866 \$	35,923,439 \$	38,789,801
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$ (4,729,581) \$	1,777,926 \$	1,737,062	\$ 2,783,523 \$	1,185,012 \$	304,800 \$	343,939	\$ (5,515,094) \$	(2,243,962) \$	(5,927,063)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Issuance of bonds	· ·	٠,	,	\$ - \$	\$	٠,		\$ - \$	·	10,970,000
Issuance of loan payable	13,351,210	10,500,000	2,633,000				•	1,156,824		•
Issuance of refunding bonds				•			,	20,454,976		•
Issuance of bridge loan						•	•	2,300,000		•
Issuance of capital lease	•	•	i		902,000	,			i	•
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent								(23,036,389)		(14,233,704)
Bond issuance costs	•	ı	i	•	•	•			i	(108, 102)
Premium on bonds							,			1,272,643
Sale of capital assets									12,719	
Transfers in	(233,360)	(175,247)	(267,801)	(319,661)	49,846	204,031	161,140	451,376		183,763
Transfers out							•		(22,848)	(275,472)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$ 13,117,850 \$	10,324,753 \$	5 2,365,199	\$ (319,661) \$	954,846 \$	204,031 \$	161,140 \$	326,787 \$	(10,129) \$	(2,190,872)
Net change in fund balance	\$ 8,388,269 \$	12,102,679 \$	4,102,261	\$ 2,463,862 \$	2,139,858 \$	508,831 \$	\$ 620,026	; (4,188,307) \$	(2,254,091) \$	(8,117,935)
	300	i i	i i	Č	i.	i i	Ì	i i	300	3
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	%60.0I	%cc.01	17.68%	%6C.01	%69.71	13.82%	13.2/%	%16.01	.1.89%	%IO.0I

County of Smyth, Virginia Assessed Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Real Estate (1)	Personal Property	 Public Service Companies (2)	Total
				_
2024	\$ 1,548,669,822	\$ 322,432,856	\$ 489,758,699	\$ 2,360,861,377
2023	1,545,412,325	352,746,790	455,185,938	2,353,345,053
2022	1,534,244,397	273,262,562	401,588,898	2,209,095,857
2021	1,532,313,146	209,112,178	446,724,094	2,188,149,418
2020	1,420,931,260	418,732,569	178,668,937	2,018,332,766
2019	1,411,606,660	416,103,125	159,999,308	1,987,709,093
2018	1,404,431,009	404,465,636	162,591,936	1,971,488,581
2017	1,400,794,341	388,325,907	154,952,331	1,944,072,579
2016	1,390,638,146	379,128,098	144,137,642	1,913,903,886
2015	1,398,811,514	384,132,517	136,867,929	1,919,811,960

⁽¹⁾ Real estate is assessed at 100% of fair market value.

⁽²⁾ Assessed by the State Corporation Commission.

Fiscal Year	Real	Estate	Personal Property	٨	Machinery and Tools	 erchant's Capital	nterstate ommerce
2024 2023 2022 2021 2020 2019 2018 2017 2016 2015	\$	0.74 0.74 0.74 0.74 0.74 0.74 0.74 0.74	\$ 2.30 2.30 2.30 2.30 2.30 2.30 2.30 2.30	\$	1.55 1.55 1.55 1.55 1.55 1.55 1.55 1.55	\$ 0.40 0.40 0.40 0.40 0.40 0.40 0.40 0.40	\$ 1.55 1.55 1.55 1.55 1.55 1.55 1.55 1.55

⁽¹⁾ Per \$100 of assessed value.

County of Smyth, Virginia Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Percent of Delinquent Taxes to Tax Levy	14.51%	15.12%	16.20%	18.34%	20.77%	22.16%	24.05%	23.32%	22.18%	23.93%
Outstanding Delinquent Taxes (1)	\$ 3,386,158	3,576,515	3,526,411	3,868,838	4,073,510	4,268,180	4,577,264	4,379,621	4,093,425	4,430,581
Percent of Total Tax Collections to Tax Levy	98.93%	99.37%	100.20%	101.00%	100.18%	805.66	%28.96	896.76	100.57%	86.36%
Total Tax Collections	5 23,093,411	23,508,182	21,812,530	21,303,418	19,644,836	19,161,382	18,439,814	18,396,733	18,560,561	15,991,003
Delinquent Tax Collections (1)	\$ 1,335,275 \$	1,389,536	1,230,260	1,348,545	1,174,643	1,080,552	917,454	758,265	1,201,066	815,738
Percent of Levy Collected	93.21%	93.50%	94.55%	94.61%	94.19%	93.89%	92.05%	93.92%	94.07%	81.95%
Current Tax Collections (1)	\$ 21,758,136	22,118,646	20,582,270	19,954,873	18,470,193	18,080,830	17,522,360	17,638,468	17,359,495	15,175,265
Total Tax Levy (1)	\$ 23,343,230 \$	23,656,550	21,768,672	21,091,719	19,609,448	19,257,511	19,036,228	18,780,259	18,454,479	18,517,112
Fiscal Year	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015

Levy includes amounts collectible from the State under the PPTRA program and motor vehicle license fees Collections in 2016 include PPTRA revenue and motor vehicle license fee collections. (1) Exclusive of penalties and interest.

County of Smyth, Virginia Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

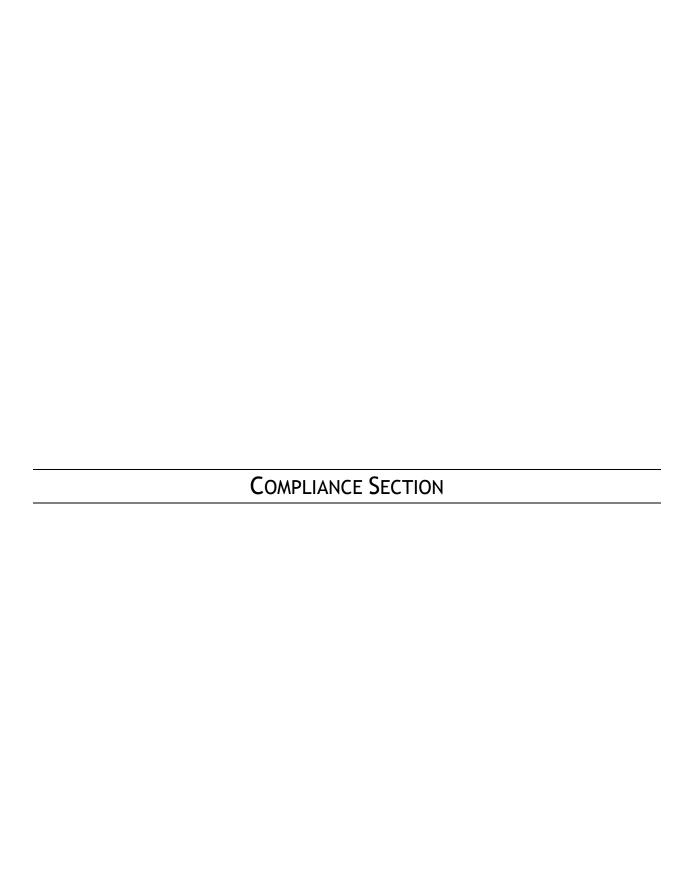
						Other					
						Governmental	Business-type	-type			
		General O	General Obligation Bonds			Activities Debt	Activities	ies	Total Debt)t	
	Governmental	Business-type	Total								
	General	General	General						Total		
Fiscal	Obligation	Obligation	Obligation		Per		Revenue	ine	Primary	Per	
Year	Bonds	Bonds	Bonds	S	Capita	Other Debt	Bonds	ls	Government	Capita	ø
2024	\$ 48.256.306	\$ 3.523.862	\$ 51.780.168	Ş	1.667	5.058.867	\$ 4.18	4.185.077	\$ 61.024.112	\$ 2.0	2.048
2023	38,371,046	3,610,260			1,352	6,616,800	4,71	4,719,234	53,317,340	1,7	,759
2022	30,012,994	3,695,176	33,708,170		1,085	6,616,800	5,25	5,251,850	45,576,820	1,4	,467
2021	28,571,382	3,776,708	32,348,090		1,041	8,672,477	5,77	5,777,606	46,798,173	1,5	,507
2020	29,887,360	3,851,670	33,739,030		1,086	9,913,154	6,29	6,296,323	49,948,507	1,6	809,
2019	31,198,127	3,894,259	35,092,386		1,130	10,215,831	6,80	6,807,069	52,115,286	1,6	929
2018	32,675,976	3,939,926	36,615,902		1,179	11,495,508	7,31	7,318,465	55,429,875	1,7	784
2017	34,211,950	1,935,674	36,147,624		1,122	13,583,009	7,82	7,824,343	57,554,976	1,7	1,787
2016	36,668,901	1,973,759	38,642,660		1,200	10,714,862	8,33	8,331,661	57,689,183	1,7	791
2015	36,267,379	5,065,234	41,332,613		1,283	11,018,539	5,39	395,000	57,746,152	1,7	,793

Table 9

County of Smyth, Virginia Population Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Population
2024	29,449
2023	29,449
2022	29,477
2021	29,800
2020	31,062
2019	31,062
2018	31,062
2017	31,062
2016	32,208
2015	32,208

Source: United States Bureau of Census





ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements

Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Smyth, Virginia Marion, Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Smyth, Virginia as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County of Smyth, Virginia's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 22, 2024.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County of Smyth, Virginia's control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Smyth, Virginia's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Smyth, Virginia's control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We identified a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2024-001 that we consider to be a material weakness.

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Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County of Smyth, Virginia's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2024-002.

County of Smyth, Virginia's Response to Findings

Fobiuson, FATMOT, Cox, associates

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures County of Smyth, Virginia's response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. County of Smyth, Virginia's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Blacksburg, Virginia November 22, 2024



ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Smyth, Virginia Marion, Virginia

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited County of Smyth, Virginia's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of County of Smyth, Virginia's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024. County of Smyth, Virginia's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, County of Smyth, Virginia complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of County of Smyth, Virginia and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of County of Smyth, Virginia's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to County of Smyth, Virginia's federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on County of Smyth, Virginia's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting

from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about County of Smyth, Virginia's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding County of Smyth, Virginia's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of County of Smyth, Virginia's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Smyth, Virginia's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

FORMSON, JMWIT, COX, USSOULUS Blacksburg, Virginia November 22, 2024

COUNTY OF SMYTH, VIRGINIA

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Federal	Pass-through						
ederal Grantor/ ass-Through Grantor/	Assistance Listing	Entity Identifying						Federal
rogram or Cluster Title	Number	Number					Ex	penditures
EDINTHEHT OF ICRICIII TURE								
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE: Pass through payments from:								
Virginia Department of Social Services:								
SNAP Cluster:								
State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program	10.561	0010123/ 0010124					\$	720,640
Virginia Department of Education: Forest Service Schools and Roads Cluster:								
Schools and Roads - Grants to States	10.665	APE438410000						89,908
Child Nutrition Cluster:	10.005	711 2 150 110000						07,700
School Breakfast Program	10.553	APE402530000			\$	798,258		
Department of Education:								
Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program	10.582	APE402520000	,	02.004		128,638		
Summer Food Service Program for Children National School Lunch Program	10.559 10.555	APE603020000; APE603030000 APE402540000; APE411080000	\$	92,904 1,918,544				
State Department of Agriculture:	10.333	AFE402540000, AFE411000000		1,710,544				
Food Distribution-Schools (Note C)	10.555	not applicable	\$	165,816	,			
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	not applicable		476	·	2,177,740	_	3,104,636
Pandemic Electronic Benefit Transfer Administrative Costs	10.649	DOE865560000						3,256
Child and Adult Care Food Program Total Department of Agriculture	10.558	APE700270000; APE700280000					-	21,951 3,940,391
rotal bepartment of Agriculture								3,740,371
PEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES:								
Pass through payments from:								
Virginia Department of Social Services:	02.550	0.400423.4.0.40043.4					,	42.4.72
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families Guardianship Assistance	93.558 93.090	0400123/ 0400124 1110123/1110124					\$	434,731 5,387
MaryLee Allen Promoting Safe and Stable Families	93.556	0950122/ 0950123						5,426
Title IV-E Kinship Navigator Program	93.471	unavailable						49,069
Title IV-E Prevention Program	93.472	1140123/1140124						32,548
Refugee and Entrant Assistance - State/ Replacement Designee Administered Programs	93.566	0500123/0500124						1,972
Low Income Home Energy Assistance Social Services Block Grant	93.568 93.667	0600423/ 0600424 1000123/1000124						101,879 550,821
John H. Chafee Foster Care Program for Successful Transition to Adulthood	93.674	9150122/9150123						4,094
Elder Abuse Prevention Interventions Program	93.747	8000221/8000321						5,604
Children's Health Insurance Program	93.767	0540123 / 0540124						6,621
Medicaid Cluster:								
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	1200123 / 1200124						575,288
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program	93.645	0900122 / 0900123						394
CCDF Cluster: Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds of the Child Care and Development Fund	93.596	0760123 / 0760124						95,108
Foster Care - Title IV E	93.658	1100123 / 1100124						351,834
Adoption Assistance	93.659	1120123 / 1120124						602,144
Adoption and Legal Guardianship Incentive Payments	93.603	1130120 / 1130122						2,013
Virginia Department of Education:	02.222							00.204
Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity for Infectious Diseases (ELC) Total Department of Health and Human Services	93.323	unknown					ς	89,281 2,914,214
Total Separation of Ficular and Figure 1							<u> </u>	2,7.1,2.
IEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION: Pass through payments from:								
rass through payments from. /irginia Department of Motor Vehicles:								
Highway Safety Cluster:								
		BPT-2024-54082-24082 / 402 NHTSA						
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	Police Traffic Services BIL			\$	9,166		
National Priority Safety Programs	20.616	FM6OT-2023-53157-23157			_	5,745	\$	14,911
Alcohol Open Container Requirements Total Department of Transportation	20.607	ENF_AL-2024-54049-24049					\$	8,475 23,386
Total Department of Transportation							-	23,300
EPARTMENT OF TREASURY:								
irect payments:								
Local Assistance and Tribal Consistency Fund	21.032	not applicable					\$	242,901
Pass through payments from: Virginia Department of Social Services:								
COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027	9122222			\$	8,083		
Virginia Department of Housing and Community Development:	211027	712222			*	0,005		
COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027	unknown				35,000		
Virginia Department of Criminal Justice:								
COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027	unknown				540,770		
Virginia Department of Education:	21.027	APE452770000				EE2 120	s	1,136,973
COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds Total Department of Treasury	21.027	APE452770000			_	553,120	3	1,136,973
							-	.,5,7,07
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE:								
Pass through payments from:								
Virginia Department of Criminal Justice		00001						
Crime Victim Assistance	16.575	2020V2GX0048	01111111				\$	61,643
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Act Grant Program	16.738	JA22GG00616MUMU / 15PBJA23GG0303	UMUmo	1				2,761
Total Department of Justice							Ş	64,404

COUNTY OF SMYTH, VIRGINIA

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number		Federal Expenditures
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION:				
Pass through payments from:				
Virginia Department of Education:				
Career and Technical Education Basic Grants to States	84.048	APE600310000; APE600311005		\$ 121,316
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	APE614800000		204,769
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	APE429010000		1,789,933
Special Education Cluster (IDEA):				
Special Education - Grants to States	84.027	APE430710000	\$ 1,211,460)
Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173	APE625210000	57,009	1,268,469
		APE501930000; APE411120000;		_
COVID-19 - American Rescue Plan-Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	84.425U	APE501830000	\$ 3,996,241	
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	84.425D	APE501950000	200,563	4,196,804
Rural Education	84.358	APE434810000		87,415
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	APE602810000		103,415
Total Department of Education				\$ 7,772,121
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards				\$ 16,094,390

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Note A--Basis of Presentation:

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the County of Smyth, Virginia under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2024. The information in the Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the County of Smyth, Virginia, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the County of Smyth, Virginia.

Note B--Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

- (1) Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in OMB's Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowed or are limited as to reimbursement.
- (2) Pass-through entity indentifying number are presented where available.
 (3) The County did not elect the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate because they only request direct costs for reimbursement.

Note C--Food Distribution

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed.

Note D--Outstanding Balance of Federal Loans

The County did not have any loans or loan gurantees which are subject to reporting requirements for the current year.

Note E--Subrecipients

The County did not have any subrecipients for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Note F--Donated Items

The County did not receive any donated items during the year.

Note $G\operatorname{--Relationship}$ to the Financial Statements:

Federal expenditures, revenues and capital contributions are reported in the County's basic financial statements as follows:

Intergovernmental federal revenues per the basic financial statements: Primary government:

General Fund - Intergovernmental	\$ 18,223,855
Less: Revenue from the Commonwealth	(13,049,491)
Less: Payment in Lieu of Taxes	(253,544)
Less: QSCB interest subsidy	(460,703)
Component Unit School Board:	
School Operating Fund - Intergovernmental	63,727,640
Less: Revenue from local governments	(10,164,617)
Less: Revenue from the Commonwealth	(41,928,750)
Total federal expenditures per the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	\$ 16,094,390

County of Smyth, Virginia Page 1 of 2

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditors' report issued:

Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

None reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

None reported

Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs:

Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR section,

200.516 (a)?

Identification of major programs:

Assistance Listing #	Name of Federal Program or Cluster
21.027	COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds
84.425	Education Stabilization Fund
84.010	Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type	e A
and Type B programs	\$750,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	No

County of Smyth, Virginia Page 2 of 2

Summary Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

2024-001	Material Weakness
Criteria:	Identification of a material adjustment to the financial statements that was not detected by the entity's internal controls indicates that a material weakness may exist.
Condition:	Material adjustments were proposed as a result of audit procedures performed for the County's and School Board's trial balances.
Cause:	The closing process did not accurately find and correct adjustments needed for financial
Effect:	There is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal controls over financial
Recommendation:	The County and School Board should review the auditors' proposed audit adjustments for the fiscal year and develop a plan to ensure the trial balances and related schedules are accurately presented for audit.
Management's Response:	The County and School Board will review the auditors' proposed audit adjustments for the fiscal year and will develop a plan of action to ensure that all adjusting entries are made prior to final audit fieldwork next year.
2024-002	Compliance
Criteria:	The Code of Virginia, (1950), as amended requires that an appropriation exists prior to the expenditure of funds.
Condition:	Various departments in the General Fund and the Water and Sewer Fund overspent the appropriated budget.
Cause:	Additional appropriations were not made to account for the additional expenditures made throughout the year.
Effect:	The County has not met the requirements of the Code of Virginia, (1950), as amended.
Recommendation:	The County's final budget should include appropriations for all expenditures and the budget in the ledger should be updated to reflect all appropriations.
Management's Response:	The County Administrator and Finance Director will work with department heads to ensure that the budget for their department includes all expected expenditures. Care will be taken to ensure that all supplemental appropriations are entered in the system.

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

There are no federal award findings and questioned costs to report.

County of Smyth, Virginia

Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

2023-001	
Condition:	Material adjustments were proposed as a result of audit procedures performed for the County's and School Board's trial balances.
Recommendation:	The County and School Board should review the auditors' proposed audit adjustments for the fiscal year and develop a plan to ensure the trial balances and related schedules are accurately presented for audit.
Current Status:	Finding 2023-001 was repeated in the current year as 2024-001.