ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

County of Pulaski, Virginia Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

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	Board of Supervisors	
Charles R. Bopp, Vice Chairman	Andy McCready, Chair	Joseph Guthrie
Ranny E. O'Dell	Ashley Edmonds, Clerk	Dean K. Prat
	County School Board	
Michael Barbour, Vice Chair Dr. Paige Cash	Timothy Hurst, Chair	D.III D
	Teresa Porter, Clerk	Bill Bensor Beckie Cox
	Social Services Board	
Charles Bopp	Charles Bopp, Chair	Joseph Blankenshij
Joseph L. Sheffey	v. Vicki Houk, Alternate Member Kendell Stuart, Clerk	Elaine Powel
	Library Board	
	Laura Walters, Chair	
Margaret Spradlin, Vice Chair		Robert Bop
Nancy Hudson Lynne Clark		Meagan Prat Penny Golde
Dr. Kevin Siers		Parks Lanier, Jr

Other Officials

Judge of the Circuit Court	Brett L. Geisler
Judge of the Circuit Court	Josiah T. Showalter Jr
Judge of the Circuit Court	Robert M. D. Turk
Judge of the Circuit Court	Bradley Finch
Judge of the Circuit Court	H. Lee Harrell
Judge of the Circuit Court	Marcus H. Long Jr
Clerk of the Circuit Court	Maetta H. Crewe
Judge of the General District Court	Erin J. DeHart
Judge of the General District Court	Randal J. Duncan
Judge of the General District Court	J.D. Bolt
Judge of the General District Court	Gino W. Williams
Clerk of the General District Court	Sharon Collins
Judge of the Juvenile and Domestic Relations Court	H. Lee Chitwood
Judge of the Juvenile and Domestic Relations Court	Robert C. Viar, Jr
Judge of the Juvenile and Domestic Relations Court	Monica D. Cox
Judge of the Juvenile and Domestic Relations Court	Bradley G. Dalton
Judge of the Juvenile and Domestic Relations Court	Stephanie M. Shortt
Clerk of the Juvenile and Domestic Relations Court	Anne Helms
Commonwealth's Attorney	K. Mike Fleenor
Commissioner of the Revenue	Trina Rupe
Treasurer	Melinda Worrell
Sheriff	James A. Davis
Superintendent of Schools	Dr. Kevin Siers
Director of Social Services	Guy Smith
County Administrator	Jonathan Sweet
County Attorney	Timothy Kirtner



ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Pulaski, Virginia

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Pulaski, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns,* issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Pulaski, Virginia, as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note 18 to the financial statements, in 2017, the County adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 77 Tax Abatement Disclosures. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and schedules related to pension and OPEB funding on pages 6-15, 89, and 90-94 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance. The budgetary comparison information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County of Pulaski, Virginia's basic financial statements. The introductory section, other supplementary information, and statistical information, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information (continued)

The introductory section and statistical information have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 5, 2017 on our consideration of the County of Pulaski, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County of Pulaski, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Blacksburg, Virginia December 5, 2017

Robinson, James, Cox associates

Management's Discussion and Analysis

The discussion and analysis of the Pulaski County finances for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2017 (FY17) is offered as a way to broaden understanding of the County finances and the impact of those finances on services provided to Pulaski County residents. This report should be read in conjunction with the County's financial statements, which follow this section. In accordance with GASB 34 accounting standards, this report includes all County government functions including the Board of Supervisors and the Discretely Presented Component Units School Board, Pulaski County Public Service Authority (PSA), and Industrial Development Authority of Pulaski County (IDA).

Financial Highlights for Fiscal Year 2016-17

- Total net position value of the primary government was \$43.2 million at the end of FY 17 based on total assets of \$84.5 million, total liabilities of \$35.3 million, deferred outflows of resources of \$2.2 million, and deferred inflows of resources of \$8.2 million (Exhibit 1). As noted in Exhibit 1, liabilities include total payout of long-term debt associated with school construction and remodeling, lease purchase agreements, landfill post-closure monitoring costs, compensated absences, pension liabilities, and other post employment benefits while the total assets reflect the depreciated value of existing county owned facilities.
- For FY 17 combined program and general revenues of \$51.6 million exceeded general expenditures of \$48.3 million by approximately \$3.5 million (Exhibit 2). The increase in net position is explained further in the Statement of Activities analysis of the Financial Analysis of the County as a Whole section below.
- As described in Exhibit 11, total general fund revenues were \$1.6 million or 3% less than the budgeted \$53.8 million revenue estimate while expenditures were \$7.8 million, or 1.5% less than the \$54.7 million budgeted expenditures (including transfers). The net change in fund balance was an increase of \$2.0 million.
- The County's total outstanding debt for school improvements, school construction, economic
 development, compensated absences, landfill monitoring, net pension liability, and other post
 employment benefits showed a net decrease of \$0.55 million from \$31.59 million on July 1, 2016
 to \$31.04 million on June 30, 2017.
- As described in Note 17, the unassigned fund balance as of June 30, 2017 for the General fund was \$15.16 million, or 17.14% of budgeted FY 17 total County General fund, other governmental funds and Component Unit, School Board operating expenditures in the amount of \$88.45 million. The Board of Supervisors has historically tried to maintain a reserve of the General fund balance of at least 10% of General, Special Revenue and Component Unit fund expenditures in order to ensure adequate cash flow throughout the budget cycle and in accordance with good management practices.
- As described in Exhibit 5, the general fund balance increased by approximately \$2.0 million. That
 amount is explained further in the Analysis of the County Funds section below.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County of Pulaski's basic financial statements which are comprised of three sections: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements - The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the County's assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the County is improving or deteriorating when considering both financial condition and physical assets.

The statement of activities shows how the government's net position changed during the recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for items that will result in financial changes in the present and future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the County include general government, judicial administration, public safety, public works, health and welfare, education, parks, recreation and cultural, and community development. Business-type activities include the operation of the water, sewer, and refuse services by the Public Service Authority; and leasing of industrial buildings by the Industrial Development Authority.

The government-wide financial statements include the County (known as the *primary government*), as well as funds of the Pulaski County School Board, the Pulaski County Public Service Authority, and the Industrial Development Authority of Pulaski County (known as the *component units*). Financial information for component units are reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government.

Fund Financial Statements

Traditional users of governmental financial statements will find this portion of the audit report more familiar. The focus of this section of the audit report is on the County's most significant funds, and the fund financial statements provide more information about these funds – not the County as a whole.

The County has three kinds of funds:

Governmental funds – Most of the County's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on how cash and other financial assets, that can readily be converted to cash, flow in and out and the balances left at year end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements report financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the County's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, additional information is provided in separate exhibits (4&6) that explains the relationship (or difference) between them.

<u>Proprietary funds</u> – When the County charges customers for the services it provides, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported utilizing the full accrual accounting method as are all activities reported in the Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities. The County's proprietary funds consist of two internal service funds, the Health Insurance Premiums Fund and the Information Technology, Garage, and Communication Service Fund. The assets, deferred outflows of

resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net revenue of certain activities of internal service funds are reported in the governmental activities on the Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities.

<u>Fiduciary funds</u> – The County is the trustee, or fiduciary, for the County's agency funds. The County is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the County's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and a Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities – Agency Funds. The County excludes these activities from the County's government-wide financial statements because the County cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The County's fiduciary funds include Special Welfare, Performance Bond, and the Employee Flexible Benefits.

<u>Notes to the basic financial statements</u> - The notes to the basic financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

<u>Required supplementary information</u> - In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the County's budgetary comparisons and progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees.

Financial Analysis of the County as a Whole

A comparative analysis of government-wide information is as follows:

Summary of Net Position:

Details in the government-wide financial statements for FY 17 can be found in Exhibit 1. The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Net Position (in millions) comparing FY 16 to FY 17.

Summary of Net Position:

	Total Primary Government					Component Unit School Board			
	2	<u> 2017</u>	2	2016	-	<u> 2017</u>	3	<u> 2016</u>	
Current and other assets Capital assets, net	\$	34.6 49.9	\$	32.2 51.0	\$	5.2 9.4	\$	5.5 8.7	
Total assets	\$	84.5	\$	83.2	\$	14.6	\$	14.2	
Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	2.2	\$	1.5	\$	5.8	\$	3.2	
Other liabilities Long term liabilities	\$	4.2 31.1	\$	3.9 31.6	\$	4.6 43.3	\$	4.4 39.7	
Total liabilities	\$	35.3	\$	35.5	\$	47.9	\$	44.1	
Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	8.2	\$	9.1	\$	3.6	\$	5.0	
Net Position:	•	07.4	Φ.	05.0	Φ.	0.4	•	0.7	
Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$	27.1 0.5 15.6	\$	25.6 0.8 13.7	\$	9.4 0.0 (40.5)	\$	8.7 0.0 (40.4)	
Total net position	\$	43.2	\$	40.1	\$	(31.1)	\$	(31.7)	

The County's combined net position increased from \$40.1 million to \$43.2 million, as explained in the Statement of Activities section below. Unrestricted net position, the portion of net position that can be used to finance the day-to-day activities of the County, totaled \$15.6 million. The County's net investment in capital assets represents the amount of capital assets owned by the County totaling \$27 million. Net position is reported as restricted when constraints on asset use are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, regulators, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. For example, seized asset funds are restricted so that they can be used for specific law enforcement purposes. The Component Unit School Board net position increased by \$.6 million, from \$(31.7) million in FY16 to (\$31.1) million in FY 17. The School Board net investment in capital assets totaled \$9.4 million.

Capital Assets

The following tables display the County's and School Board's (Component Unit) capital assets at June 30, 2017, as well as the change in capital assets for FY 17 in millions of dollars:

Capital Assets:

	Total Primary Government					Component Uni School Board				
	2017		<u>2016</u>		<u>2017</u>		2	<u>2016</u>		
Non-Depreciable Assets:										
Land	\$	2.6	\$	2.5	\$	0.5	\$	0.5		
Construction in Progress	0.8			4.7		0.5		0.5		
Other Capital Assets:										
Buildings and systems		61.0		57.1		21.4		20.9		
Machinery and Equipment		14.7 14.4		14.4	10.1		10.1			9.2
Accumulated Depreciation		(29.2)		(27.7)		(23.1)		(22.4)		
Totals	\$	49.9	\$	51.0	\$	9.4	\$	8.7		

Primary Government: Changes in Capital Assets:

No. Donorishia Assata	Ju	alance, ne 30, 2 <u>016</u>	Add	ditions	<u>Del</u>	etions	Ju	lance, ne 30, 2017
Non-Depreciable Assets:								
Land	\$	2.5	\$	0.1	\$	-	\$	2.6
Construction in Progress		4.7		0.1		(4.0)		8.0
Other Capital Assets:								
Buildings and systems		57.0		4.3		(0.3)		61.0
Machinery and Equipment		14.4		0.9		(0.6)		14.7
Accumulated Depreciation		(27.7)		(2.4)		0.9		(29.2)
Totals	\$	50.9	\$	3.0	\$	(4.0)	\$	49.9

Component Unit-School Board Changes in Capital Assets:

Non Danus cichle Accete	Ju	llance, ne 30, 2 <u>016</u>	Add	<u>ditions</u>	<u>Del</u>	<u>etions</u>	Ju	lance, ne 30, 2017
Non-Depreciable Assets:	\$	0.5	Φ		Φ		φ	0.5
Land	Ф	0.5	\$	-	\$	-	\$	0.5
Construction in Progress		0.5		0.4		(0.4)		0.5
Other Capital Assets:								
Buildings and systems		20.9		0.7		(0.2)		21.4
Machinery and Equipment		9.2		1.1		(0.3)		10.0
Accumulated Depreciation		(22.4)		(1.1)		0.5		(23.0)
Totals	\$	8.7	\$	1.1	\$	(0.4)	\$	9.4

These amounts include School Board assets presented as part of the Primary Government's capital assets because they are financed through long-term debt. Additional detailed capital asset information can be found in Note 11 in the "Notes to Financial Statements" section of the report.

Long-Term Obligations

The following table displays the County and Component Unit – School Board's outstanding long-term obligations at June 30, 2017, in millions of dollars:

		Prir	nary		Component Unit					
		Gover	nmen	<u>t </u>	School Board					
	<u>2017</u>		<u>2017</u>		<u>2017</u> <u>20</u>		2	<u>2017</u>		<u>2016</u>
General Obligation Bonds	\$	9.4	\$	10.5	\$	-	\$	-		
Literary Loans		4.6		5.0		-		-		
Lease Revenue Note	8.7			9.6	-			-		
Notes Payable		0.1		0.2	-			-		
Unamortized Bond Premium		0.4		0.4		-		-		
Landfill Post Closure Liability		0.3		0.3		-		-		
Net OPEB Obligation		0.5		0.4		1.4		1.2		
Net Pension Liability		5.9		4.2	40.5			36.9		
Compensated Absences		1.1		1.0		1.5		1.6		
Total	\$	31.0	\$	31.6	\$	43.4	\$	39.7		

Long-term obligations for the County decreased by \$0.6 million in FY17. Long-term obligations of the Component Unit-School Board increased by \$3.7 million due to a significant increase in net pension liability. Additional detailed information on long-term obligations activity can be found in Note 6, Note 7, Note 8, and Note 9 in the "Notes to Financial Statements".

Statement of Activities:

The following comparative table shows the revenues and expenses of the governmental activities for FY17 and the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 (FY16) (in millions) as show in Exhibit 2:

	Total Primary Government				Component l School Boa			
	2	<u> 2017</u>	2	<u> 2016</u>	<u> </u>	<u> 2017</u>	2	<u> 2016</u>
Revenues:								
Program Revenues:								
Charges for services	\$	8.0	\$	0.7	\$	1.4	\$	1.3
Operating grants and contributions		13.7		12.0		31.3		30.7
Capital grants and contributions		0.1		1.3		-		-
General Revenues:								
General property taxes		26.6		26.0		-		-
Other local taxes		7.5		7.2		-		-
Other		0.5		0.7		-		-
Payments from County		-		-		14.4		14.0
Total Revenues	\$	49.2	\$	47.9	\$	47.1	\$	46.0
Expenses:								
General government	\$	2.7	\$	2.3	\$	_	\$	_
Judicial administration	*	2.1	•	1.8	•	_	•	_
Public safety		10.8		9.1		_		_
Public works		2.6		2.2		_		_
Health and welfare		11.0		10.8		_		_
Education		15.5		15.1		46.5		44.8
Parks, recreation and cultural		1.6		1.5		-		-
Community development		1.2		2.4		-		-
Interest on long term debt		0.8		0.9		-		-
Total Expenses	\$	48.3	\$	46.1	\$	46.5	\$	44.8
Grants and Contributions (Not related to specific programs)	\$	2.7	\$	2.6	\$	-	\$	0.6
Transfers		-		- 25 7		- (24.7)		- (22 E)
Net Position, Beginning of Year		39.6		35.7		(31.7)		(33.5)
Net Position, End of Year	\$	43.2	\$	40.1	\$	(31.1)	\$	(31.7)

Revenues

For FY17, revenues from governmental funds totaled \$49.2 million. General property tax revenues, the County's largest revenue source, were \$26.6 million, an increase of \$0.6 million. Other local taxes (including local sales tax, communications tax, hotel and motel room taxes, and meals tax) were \$7.5 million, an increase of approximately \$0.3 million over FY16.

The Component Unit School Board revenues totaled \$47.1 million for FY17, an increase of \$1.1 million from June 30, 2016 to June 30, 2017 while expenses increased by \$1.7 million. Component Unit School Board state and federal revenues decreased by \$0.6 million, while charges for services increased by \$0.1 million which resulted in an increase of local government transfer of \$0.4 million.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (continued)

Expenses

For FY 17, expenses for primary governmental activities totaled \$48.3 million, an increase of \$2.2 million over the prior year. Details on categorical expenditures are shown in the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance chart below.

Education is a very high priority in Pulaski County; consequently the Board of Supervisors contributed \$14.4 million to the operation of the Pulaski County schools excluding debt service costs. This accounts for approximately 35% of the County's total budgeted expenditures. It should also be noted that the Board of Supervisors has carried over any unused portion of the FY17 contribution to FY18 to use towards School capital improvements in the amount of \$512,413.

Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

For FY17, the general fund reflects a fund balance of \$15.9 million, an increase of \$1.4 million from FY16. The following table shows a comparison of revenues and expenditures between the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 to the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 amounts for the General Fund as shown in Exhibit 5.

			Gei	neral Fund	ł	
		2017		<u>2016</u>	<u>(</u>	<u>Change</u>
Revenues:						
General Property Taxes	\$	26.3	\$	25.7	\$	0.6
Other Local Taxes		7.5		7.2		0.3
Permits, Fees and Licences		0.1		0.1		-
Fines and Forfeitures		-		0.1		(0.1)
Revenue from Use of Money/Property		0.4		0.3		0.1
Charges for Services		0.6		0.6		-
Miscellaneous		0.2		0.1		0.1
Recovered Costs		1.7		0.9		0.8
Revenue from Commonwealth		11.7		11.1		0.6
Revenue from Federal Government		3.7		4.2		(0.5)
Total Revenues	\$	52.2	\$	50.3	\$	1.9
Expenditures:						
General Government Administration	\$	2.6	\$	2.4	\$	0.2
Judicial Administration	Ψ	2.0	Ψ	1.9	Ψ	0.1
Public Safety		8.9		8.8		0.1
Public Works		2.0		1.9		0.1
Health and Welfare		11.0		10.9		0.1
Education		14.1		13.6		0.5
Parks, Recreation and Cultural		1.4		1.4		-
Community Development		1.7		2.3		(0.6)
Non-Departmental		-		0.1		(0.1)
Principal		2.4		7.1		(4.7)
Interest		0.8		0.9		(0.1)
Total Expenditures	\$	46.9	\$	51.3	\$	(4.4)
Excess	\$	5.3	¢	(1.0)	¢	6.3
	Ф		\$	(1.0)	\$	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(3.3)		2.0		(5.3)
Net Change in Fund Balance		2.00		1.00		1.0
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		13.9		13.5		0.4
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	15.9	\$	14.5	\$	1.4

The General Fund revenues saw increases in all categories except federal grant revenues from FY16 to FY17 with an overall increase of \$1.9 million due mainly to an increase in the real estate and local tax collections, and increases in recovered costs and state revenues. There were no increases in property tax rates during FY17.

The General Fund expenditures were decreased by \$4.4 million due largely to the refunding of debt expenditures incurred in FY 2016 and a decrease in community development expenditures. Overall, other expenditure categories remained fairly consistent in FY17 with FY16 figures, aside from an increase of \$0.5 million in education expenses.

All school board unused appropriations from the 2017 fiscal year were carried over by the Board of Supervisors for use in the FY 2018 School Capital fund capital improvements in the amount of \$512,413.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The following table presents revenues and expenditures for the General Fund only for FY 17 (in millions):

		Original Budget	Amended Budget	Actual	Variance
Revenues:					
Property Taxes	\$	25.5 \$	26.0 \$	26.3 \$	0.3
Other Local Taxes		7.3	7.4	7.5	0.1
Permits, Fees and Licenses		0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1
Fines and Forfeitures		0.1	0.1	0.0	(0.1)
Revenue from Use of Money and Property	,	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.1
Charges for Services		0.5	0.6	0.6	-
Miscellaneous		0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1
Recovered Costs		0.9	1.6	1.7	0.1
Intergovermental		16.9	17.6	15.4	(2.2)
Other		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total	\$	51.7 \$	53.7 \$	52.2 \$	(1.5)
Expenditures and transfers:					
General Government Administration	\$	2.3 \$	2.6 \$	2.6 \$	0.0
Judicial Administration		1.9	2.3	2.0	0.3
Public Safety		9.1	9.6	8.9	0.7
Public Works		2.0	2.1	2.0	0.1
Health and Welfare		13.6	13.6	11.0	2.6
Education		14.2	14.8	14.1	0.7
Parks, Recreation and Cultural		1.4	1.5	1.4	0.1
Community Development		1.5	1.9	1.7	0.2
Non-departmental		0.2	0.5	0.0	0.5
Debt Service		5.7	5.7	3.2	2.5
Transfers		2.2	5.1	3.3	1.8
Total	\$	54.1 \$	59.7 \$	50.2 \$	9.5

It should be noted that this schedule is shown on the budgetary basis. In comparing the original budget to the amended budget both revenues and expenditures increased with the amended budget. Most of this change can be attributed to carry-over appropriations for County construction projects, economic development projects, and unused FY16 local funding for the Component Unit – School Board. This trend will continue until building space needs are met by the renovation of County facilities.

Economic Factors and Future Budgets

The primary factors affecting the financial viability of Pulaski County are limited options for revenue increases, continued fluctuations in state and federal revenues, public school funding demands, capital projects and improvement priorities, and an anemic national economy.

<u>Limited Revenue Options</u> - Community needs and inflationary pressures require that revenues or governmental efficiencies continue to increase in order to maintain and improve the quality of public services currently enjoyed by county residents. Locally generated revenues have historically increased at a rate of approximately 3%. During FY17, the rate of increase in local revenues was 3%. There are legal limits placed by the General Assembly on how counties can raise revenue to meet community needs. An analysis of options indicates that the primary remaining options for raising needed revenue are limited to real estate taxes and personal property taxes.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (continued)

State Revenues - Currently, state funding is projected to account or 46.6% or \$43.8 million, of the County and Component Unit School Board FY 2018 total budget, while local real estate taxes account for 38.8% percent of total County general fund revenues. A one percent change in state revenue results in a \$0.44 million change in the local budget, or the equivalent of a \$0.018 cent change on the real estate tax rate. Changes in State revenue have a direct impact on the financial picture of the County and on its ability to meet the needs of County residents.

<u>Public School Funding</u> – The demand for public school funding continues to increase year-to-year based on various factors relating to operations, personnel and capital needs. General fund contributions to the public school system amount to 33% of the county's annual budget in FY 17-18 and there was a 2.8% increase in the local contribution for FY 17-18 over the FY 16-17 contribution.

<u>Capital Projects and Improvement Priorities</u> – The County has more than 50 general properties and buildings to maintain with more than 622,000 sq. ft. of facility space. Significant maintenance and repairs on many of these facilities are necessary in the next few years to insure their safe and continued use. Along with this need, the county will responsibly continue with their plans to replace expensive first responder apparatus that is reaching the end of its useful life.

Other factors that are expected to impact future budgets include:

- 1. Loss of capacity to further adjust the tax levy for future need based on the required increase needed to service the debt for the new \$47 million consolidated Pulaski County Middle School project.
- 2. Future anticipated GASB Statement #75 increases for currently unfunded other post employment benefits.
- 3. Future anticipated GASB Statement #68 increases in County and School pension liability through the Virginia Retirement System.
- 4. Funding for the Capital Improvement Plan will need to address office space needs, preventative and proactive maintenance of the facilities, funding for the dissolution of joint services with the school system, and equipment replacement.
- The ability to maintain increasing operational costs will be dependent on revenue growth from business activity in the County and/or finding better ways of providing community services through resourceful and innovative means.
- 6. Funding of increasing healthcare costs and additional healthcare requirements in future budgets with the continued implementation of the Affordable Care Act.
- 7. Funding of continually increasing costs for the regional jail, social services, and State mandated comprehensive services provided to certain County youth.
- 8. The County will need to invest in additional economic development initiatives including the purchase of the next industrial park and conceptualization of future "shell" buildings making possible rapid response to business and industrial needs for new facilities.
- 9. There remains a long-term need for reducing operational costs through joint services, initiatives in the provision of public safety services, tax bill collections, and improved property maintenance.
- 10. The condition of the local, regional, state, and national economies and a resulting increase in demand for services should economic conditions continue their slow improvement.

Contacting the County's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the County's finances and to demonstrate the County's accountability for the resources it receives and their uses. Questions concerning this report or requests for additional financial information should be directed to the County Administrator or the Finance Director at 143 Third Street NW, Suite 1, Pulaski, Virginia 24301, or telephone (540) 980-7705. The County's website address is www.pulaskicounty.org. We welcome the opportunity to present the financial status of the County to citizens, community groups, and state agencies in which the resources of the County have a direct effect on the ability to improve the quality of life, while addressing nationwide economic and social changes impacting tmda updatedhe community.



County of Pulaski, Virginia Statement of Net Position June 30, 2017

		ary Government	Cabaal			Component l		estal al Develenanciant
	G	overnmental Activities		School Board		blic Service	inau	strial Development Authority
ASSETS		Activities		<u>boaru</u>		<u>Authority</u>		Authority
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	19,208,944	\$	1,331,345	\$	1,524,311	\$	328,846
Investments		163,254		-		-		-
Receivables (Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles):								
Taxes		10,869,752		-		-		-
Other Local Taxes and Fees		441,365		-		-		-
Accounts Receivable		102,508		-		1,548,112		46,914
Capital Lease Receivable		-		-		4 207 405		7,290,524
Note Receivable Rent Receivable		182,911		-		1,297,405		16,985,382
Interest Receivable		-		-		-		91,351 26,012
Prepaid Items		79,407		280,436		11,011		9,812
Due from Primary Government		77,407		2,258,138		-		
Due from Other Governmental Units		2,490,426		1,356,460		_		-
Due from Component Units		303,513		-		-		_
Advances to Component Units		500,000		-		-		-
Restricted Assets:		•						
Cash and Cash Equivalents (Held for Others)		286,099		-		1,058,678		794,559
Cash and Cash Equivalents (in Custody of Others)		-		-		-		
Organization Expense (Net of Accumulated Amortization)		-		-		669		-
Capital Assets:								
Land		2,548,762		528,360		225,354		1,537,727
Buildings and Improvements		42,841,046		5,265,254		486,635		8,781,570
Machinery and Equipment		3,645,320		3,130,465		1,765,381		34,642
Infrastructure		944 665		510,542		22,752,038 750,641		-
Construction in Progress Total Assets	\$	844,665 84,507,972	\$	14,661,000	\$	31,420,235	\$	35,927,339
Total Assets		04,307,772		14,001,000	~	31,420,233	7	33,721,337
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred Charges on Refunding	\$	343,389	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Pension Contributions Subsequent to Measurement Date		886,604		3,295,100		142,214		-
Items Related to Measurement of Net Pension Liability		995,139		2,497,472		145,762		-
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	2,225,132	\$	5,792,572	\$	287,976	\$	-
LIABILITIES								
Accounts Payable	\$	1,762,804	\$	880,249	\$	460,289	¢	134,280
Amounts Held for Others	7	1,702,004	7	-	Ţ	-100,207	Y	794,559
Accrued Wages		-		3,691,811		-		-
Customer Deposits		-		-		136,812		-
Accrued Interest Payable		275,546		-		16,003		16,617
Due to Component Units		2,258,138		-		-		· -
Due to Primary Government		-		-		-		303,513
Advances Due to Primary Government		-		-		-		500,000
Unearned Revenue		-		-		-		21,883
Other liabilities		26,423		-		-		-
Long-Term Liabilities:								==
Due Within One Year		3,373,186		1,087,490		571,490		1,470,021
Due in More Than One Year	_	27,665,940	_	42,256,493	ć	10,873,193	ć	15,507,955
Total Liabilities	<u> </u>	35,362,037	\$	47,916,043	\$	12,057,787	\$	18,748,828
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred Revenue - Property Taxes	\$	8,104,976	\$	_	\$	_	\$	-
Items Related to Measurement of Net Pension Liability	*	105,578	,	3,604,688	•	34,718	*	-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	8,210,554	\$	3,604,688	\$	34,718	\$	-
		. ,				, -		
NET POSITION								
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	27,040,350	\$	9,434,621	\$	15,697,820	\$	10,353,939
Restricted		528,731				1,058,678		<u>.</u>
Unrestricted (Deficit)	-	15,591,432		(40,501,780)		2,859,208	,	6,824,572
Total Net Position	\$	43,160,513	\$	(31,067,159)	\$	19,615,706	Ş	17,178,511

Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017 County of Pulaski, Virginia

Industrial Development Authority Net (Expense) Revenue and
Changes in Net Position
Component Units
School Public Service
Board Authority 80,297 s (13,824,646) School Board (2,336,686) (9,159) (7,392,225) (2,535,300) (3,126,951) (15,480,333) (1,010,002) (785,624) (33,630,102) Primary Government Governmental Activities Ş 139,906 Capital Grants and Contributions 362,496 2,022,409 3,169,915 12,496 7,830,455 31,284,233 38,000 Program Revenue
Operating
Grants and
Contributions 297,978 1,362,557 9,613,146 697,510 11,673,213 1,220 78,283 271,434 70,124 363,243 for Services Charges 2,700,402 2,109,851 10,833,574 2,617,920 10,957,406 15,480,363 1,615,012 1,119,908 46,471,436 9,570,849 1,534,486 Expenses Component Units:
School Board
Public Service Authority
Industrial Development Authority
Total Component Units Primary Government: Governmental Activities: General Government Administration Judicial Administration Parks, Recreation and Cultural Community Development Interest Total Primary Government Public Works Health and Welfare Functions/Programs Public Safety Education

	· · s			•		•		•		•		40 34,902	39 237,658	11 127,393		10 \$ 399,953 \$	480,250	13) 19,135,456	9) \$ 19,615,706 \$
	\$		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	11,740	62,939	14,394,101	•	\$ 14,468,780	644,134	(31,711,293)	(31,067,159)
	26,556,425		3,317,326	652,339	740,266	111,661	582,547	14,862	190,615	370,651	1,496,038	371,956	113,955		2,653,536	37,172,177	3,542,075	39,618,438	43,160,513
	s															s			S
General Kevenues:	General Property Taxes	Other Local Taxes	Local Sales and Use Taxes	Consumers' Utility Taxes	Business Licenses	Consumption Taxes	Motor Vehicle Licenses	Bank Stock Taxes	Taxes on Recordation and Wills	Hotel and Motel Room Taxes	Restaurant Food Taxes	Unrestricted Revenues from Use of Money and Property	Miscellaneous	Payments from Primary Government	Grants and Contributions Not Restricted to Specific Programs	Total General Revenues	Change in Net Position	Net Position - Beginning, as restated	Net Position - Ending

(80,136) (695,708) 17,874,219 17,178,511

4,671 10,261 (95,068)

(615,572) (615,572)

80,297

\$ (13,824,646)

221,404

31,322,233

57,576,77

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

County of Pulaski, Virginia Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2017

				Other		
		<u>General</u>	Go	<u>vernmental</u>		<u>Total</u>
ASSETS						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	15,870,899	\$	16,645	\$	15,887,544
Cash held for others		-		286,099		286,099
Investments		109,291		53,963		163,254
Receivables (Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles):						
Taxes		10,869,752		-		10,869,752
Other Local Taxes and Fees		441,365		-		441,365
Accounts		3,871		-		3,871
Loans		182,911		-		182,911
Due from Other Funds		-		113,184		113,184
Due from Other Governmental Units		2,301,734		161,375		2,463,109
Prepaid items		47,934		6,405		54,339
Due from Component Units		133,689		169,824		303,513
Advances to Component Units		500,000		-		500,000
Total Assets	\$	30,461,446	\$	807,495	\$	31,268,941
LIABILITIES						
Accounts Payable	Ś	1,039,483	ς	56,758	Ś	1,096,241
Due to Other Funds	Y	183,001	Ţ	-	Ţ	183,001
Due to Component Units		2,258,138		_		2,258,138
Accrued liabilities		26,423		_		26,423
Total Liabilities	Ś	3,507,045	\$	56,758	Ś	3,563,803
Total Elaphitics		3,307,013	7	30,730	7	3,303,003
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	\$	10,795,447	\$	-	\$	10,795,447
Unearned Revenue - Loans		182,911		-		182,911
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	10,978,358	\$	-	\$	10,978,358
FUND BALANCE						
Nonspendable	\$	500,000	Ś	6,405	Ś	506,405
Restricted	•	242,632	•	286,099	•	528,731
Committed		,		458,233		458,233
Assigned		72,230		-		72,230
Unassigned		15,161,181		-		15,161,181
Total Fund Balances	Ś	15,976,043	Ś	750,737	Ś	16,726,780
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	Š	30,461,446	\$	807,495	\$	31,268,941
,	<u> </u>	, ,	т	,.,-		- ,,

County of Pulaski, Virginia Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2017

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:				
Total fund balances per Exhibit 3 - Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds			\$	16,909,691
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and				
therefore, are not reported in the funds.	\$	2 540 7/2		
Land	\$	2,548,762		
Building and Improvements Machinery and Equipment		42,841,046 3,645,320		
Construction in Progress		844,665		49,879,793
Construction in 110g/css		011,003		17,077,773
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures				
and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds.				
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	\$	2,690,471		
Loans Receivable		182,911		
Items Related to Measurement of Net Pension Liability (excludes \$3,584 in Internal				
Service Fund items related to measurement of net pension liability)		(101,994)		2,771,388
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain				
activities, such as insurance and telecommunications, to individual funds.				
The assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows of the internal				
service funds are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position.				2,737,812
Pension contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be a reduction in the net				
pension liability in the next fiscal year and, therefore, are not reported in the funds				
(excludes \$56,145 in Internal Service Fund pension contributions subsequent to measurement				
date).				830,459
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the				
current period and therefore, are not reported in the funds (excludes \$272,422 and \$3,584				
in Internal Service Fund net pension liability and deferred outflows of resources, respectively).				
General Obligation Bonds	\$	(9,392,085)		
Literary Loans	7	(4,578,364)		
Lease Revenue Notes		(8,738,695)		
Note Payable		(125,739)		
Unamortized Bond Premiums		(347,949)		
Landfill Post-Closure Monitoring Costs		(264,686)		
Net Pension Liability		(5,676,551)		
Deferred Outflows Related to Measurement of Net Pension Liability		913,142		
Net OPEB Obligation		(510,500)		
Deferred Charges on Refunding		343,389		
Compensated Absences		(1,132,135)		
Accrued Interest Payable		(275,546)		(29,785,719)
Not Position of Covernmental Activities		_	_	42 242 424
Net Position of Governmental Activities			\$	43,343,424

County of Pulaski, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

REVENUES		General <u>Fund</u>	Other	Governmental Funds		<u>Total</u>
General Property Taxes	\$	26,298,277	\$	-	\$	26,298,277
Other Local Taxes		7,476,305		-		7,476,305
Permits, Privilege Fees and Regulatory Licenses		134,340		-		134,340
Fines and Forfeitures		60,363		-		60,363
Revenue from Use of Money and Property		371,537		419		371,956
Charges for Services		589,601		-		589,601
Miscellaneous Recovered Costs		164,657 1,668,316		- 152,824		164,657 1,821,140
Intergovernmental		15,469,984		1,019,207		16,489,191
Total Revenues	-	52,233,380	\$	1,172,450	Ś	53,405,830
Total Revenues	٠,	32,233,360	٠,	1,172,430	ڔ	33,403,030
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General Government Administration	\$	2,590,999	\$	114,364	\$	2,705,363
Judicial Administration		2,015,564		-		2,015,564
Public Safety		8,916,280		1,848,087		10,764,367
Public Works		1,961,506		794,303		2,755,809
Health and Welfare		10,933,337		166,435		11,099,772
Education		14,104,716		301,628		14,406,344
Parks, Recreation and Cultural		1,424,272		130,790		1,555,062
Community Development		1,711,946		177,773		1,889,719
Debt Service:						
Principal Retirement		2,433,902		-		2,433,902
Interest and Other Fiscal Charges		819,279		-		819,279
Total Expenditures	\$	46,911,801	\$	3,533,380	\$	50,445,181
Fundamental Control of December 2000 (Herden)						
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$	5,321,579	\$	(2,360,930)	ċ	2,960,649
Experialtures	<u> </u>	3,321,379	٠ ٦	(2,360,930)	Ş	2,900,049
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers In	\$	-	\$	2,315,679	ς	2,315,679
Transfers Out	~	(3,286,325)		-	7	(3,286,325)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	(3,286,325)		2,315,679	\$	(970,646)
		(=,===,===)	<u> </u>	_,_,_,_		(110,010)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	2,035,254	\$	(45,251)	\$	1,990,003
Fund Balance - Beginning, as restated	-	13,940,789	-	795,988	-	14,736,777
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	15,976,043	\$	750,737	\$	16,726,780

County of Pulaski, Virginia Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Net changes in fund balance - total governmental funds		\$ 1,990,003
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period. Capital outlays	\$ 1,438,547	
Depreciation expenses	(2,423,007)	(984,460)
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e. sales, trade-ins, and donations) is to decrease net position. Disposal of assets	\$ (9,021)	(20, 024)
Transfer of asset to IDA	(30,000)	(39,021)
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Decrease (Increase) in unavailable revenue - property taxes Decrease (Increase) in unavailable revenue - loans (Increase) Decrease in deferred inflows of resources related to the measurement of the net pension liability (excludes Internal Service Fund-\$35,632)	\$ 258,148 (50,702) 933,495	1,140,941
The issuance of long-term obligations (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term obligation consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities. This amount is the effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. Debt issued or incurred: Landfill post-closure monitoring costs Principal repayments: General obligation bonds	\$ (2,654) 1,082,882	
Literary loans Lease revenue notes Note payable	408,809 881,107 61,104	2,431,248
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. (Increase) Decrease in compensated absences (Increase) Decrease in net OPEB obligation (Increase) Decrease in accrued interest payable Decrease (Increase) in net pension liability (excludes Internal Service Fund-\$117,443] Increase (Decrease) in deferred outflows of resources (excludes Internal Service Fund-\$95,493)	\$ (174,431) (46,300) 26,706 (1,584,408) 686,290	
Increase (Decrease) in deferred charge on refunding Amortization of bond premiums Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain	(34,338) 41,287	(1,085,194)
activities, such as insurance and telecommunications, to individual funds. The		
net revenue (expense) of certain internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.		88,558
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ 3,542,075

County of Pulaski, Virginia Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2017

		Ith Insurance Premiums <u>Fund</u>	Te Ga Com	formation chnology, rage, and munication vice Fund	Total Internal Service Funds	
ASSETS Current Assets:						
	Ś	3,329,714	\$		\$	3,329,714
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments	Þ	3,329,714	Ş	-	ş	3,329,714
Receivables (Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles):						
Accounts Receivable		_		98,637		98,637
Due from Other Funds		_		69,817		69,817
Due from Other Governmental Units		-		27,317		27,317
Prepaid Items		-		25,068		25,068
Total Assets	\$	3,329,714	\$	220,839	\$	3,550,553
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Pension Contributions Subsequent to Measurement Date	\$	-	\$	56,145	\$	56,145
Items Related to Measurement of Net Pension Liability	·	-	·	81,997	·	81,997
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	-	\$	138,142	\$	138,142
LIABILITIES						
Current Liabilities:						
Accounts Payable	\$	104,295	\$	125,810	\$	230,105
IBNR Payable		436,458		-		436,458
Net Pension Liability		-		272,422		272,422
Reconciled Overdraft		-		8,314		8,314
Total Liabilities	\$	540,753	\$	406,546	\$	947,299
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Items Related to Measurement of Net Pension Liability	\$		\$	3,584	\$	3,584
NET POSITION						
Unrestricted	\$	2,788,961	\$	(51,149)	\$	2,737,812
Total Net Position	\$	2,788,961	\$	(51,149)	\$	2,737,812

County of Pulaski, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

OPERATING REVENUES		Ith Insurance Premiums Fund	C	Information Technology, Garage, and ommunication Service Fund		otal Internal ervice Funds
Charges for Services:						
Information Technology Charges	\$	-	\$	242,962	S	242,962
Garage Charges	•	-	•	1,457,136	•	1,457,136
Communication Charges		-		118,317		118,317
Other Revenues:				•		
Miscellaneous		-		35,740		35,740
Insurance Premiums		8,046,375		-		8,046,375
Total Operating Revenues	\$	8,046,375	\$	1,854,155	\$	9,900,530
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Information Technology	\$	-	\$	785,617	\$	785,617
Central Garage		-	·	1,872,182		1,872,182
Communications		-		94,102		94,102
Insurance Claims and Expenses		8,030,717		-		8,030,717
Total Operating Expenses	\$	8,030,717	\$	2,751,901	\$	10,782,618
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	15,658	\$	(897,746)	\$	(882,088)
Transfer In	\$	-	\$	970,646	\$	970,646
Change in Net Position	\$	15,658	\$	72,900	\$	88,558
Net Position - Beginning		2,773,303		(124,049)		2,649,254
Net Position - Ending	\$	2,788,961	\$	(51,149)	\$	2,737,812

County of Pulaski, Virginia Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

		olth Insurance Premiums Fund	Co	Information Fechnology, Garage, and Immunication Fervice Fund		otal Internal rvice Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Charges to County Department and other organizations	\$		s	1,715,707	\$	1,715,707
Other receipts (payments)	ş	-	ş	35,740	Ş	35,740
Payments to suppliers for goods and services		-		(2,708,411)		(2,708,411)
Payments to employees for services		_		(13,682)		(13,682)
Receipts for insurance premiums		8,046,375		(.5,552)		8,046,375
Payments for insurance premiums		(8,051,542)		-		(8,051,542)
Total cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	(5,167)	\$	(970,646)	\$	(975,813)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Transfers from other funds	\$	<u> </u>	\$	970,646	\$	970,646
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	(5,167)	\$		\$	(5,167)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning	\$	3,334,881	\$	-	\$	3,334,881
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Ending	\$	3,329,714	\$	-	\$	3,329,714
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES:						
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	15,658	\$	(897,746)	\$	(882,088)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash						
Provided by (used for) Operating Activities:						
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable	\$	76,700	\$	60,244	\$	136,944
Increase (Decrease) in IBNR Payable		(97,525)		-		(97,525)
Increase (Decrease) in Net Pension Liability		-		117,443		117,443
Increase (Decrease) in Reconciled Overdraft		-		8,314		8,314
Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows of Resources		-		(35,632)		(35,632)
(Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows of Resources		-		(95,493)		(95,493)
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable (Increase) Decrease in Due from Other Funds		-		(44,900)		(44,900)
(Increase) Decrease in Due from Other Funds (Increase) Decrease in Due from Other Governments		-		(30,491) (27,317)		(30,491) (27,317)
(Increase) Decrease in Due from Other Governments (Increase) Decrease in Prepaid Items		-		(25,068)		(25,068)
Total Adjustments	5	(20,825)	Ś	(72,900)	Ś	(93,725)
Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities	3	(5,167)	\$	(970,646)	\$	(975,813)
The cash from a by (osca for, operating Activities	7	(3,107)		(770,040)	<u> </u>	(773,013)

County of Pulaski, Virginia Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2017

ASSETS	Agency <u>Funds</u>
Current Assets:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 145,165
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities: Amounts Held for Others:	
Special Welfare Fund	\$ 14,382
Performance Bond Fund	44,683
Employee Flexible Benefits Fund	 86,100
Total amounts held for others	\$ 145,165
Total Liabilities	\$ 145,165

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

The financial statements of the County conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applicable to governmental units promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

A. Financial Reporting Entity:

County of Pulaski, Virginia is a political subdivision governed by an elected five-member Board of Supervisors. The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component units, entities, for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the County's operations.

Blended Component Units - None

Discretely Presented Component Units - The component unit columns in the financial statements include the financial data of the County's discretely presented component units. The component units are reported in a separate column to emphasize that they are legally separate from the County.

The <u>Pulaski County School Board</u> operates the elementary and secondary schools in the County. School Board members are elected by popular vote. The School Board is fiscally dependent upon the County because the County approves all debt issuances of the School Board and provides significant funding to operate the public schools since the School Board does not have separate taxing powers. The School Board is presented as a governmental fund type. The School Board does not issue a separate report.

The <u>Pulaski County Public Service Authority</u> provides water, sewer, and garbage service to County residents. The Public Service Authority is fiscally dependent upon the County because the County has issued several bonds payable by the Authority. In addition, the County Board of Supervisors appoints the Board of Directors. A copy of the Public Service Authority's report can be obtained from the Public Service Authority.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 1- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

A. Financial Reporting Entity: (continued)

The <u>Pulaski County Industrial Development Authority</u> encourages and provides financing for industrial development in the County. The Authority is fiscally dependent upon the County. In addition, the Authority's Board is appointed by the County Board of Supervisors. A copy of the Industrial Development Authority's report can be obtained from the Industrial Development Authority.

Related Organizations - The County Board appoints board members to outside organizations, but the County's accountability for these organizations do not extend beyond making the appointments.

The County along with the Counties of Carroll, Bland, Floyd, Giles, Grayson, and Wythe and the City of Radford participate in supporting the New River Valley Regional Jail Authority. The monthly payment made by the County to the Regional Jail is based on the number of prisoners housed for the County. For the year ended June 30, 2017, the County paid \$1,802,908 for the confinement of prisoners.

The County and the Counties of Montgomery, Giles, Floyd, and the City of Radford participate in supporting New River Valley Community Services. The governing body of this organization is appointed by the respective governing bodies of the participating jurisdictions. The County contributed \$90,489 to NRVCS for the current year.

The County along with Counties in the surrounding area participate in supporting the New River Valley Juvenile Detention Home. The County contributed \$117,161 to the NRV Juvenile Detention Home for the current year.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements:

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from certain legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 1- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements: (continued)

The Statement of Net Position is designed to display financial position of the primary government (governmental activities) and its discretely presented component units. Governments will report all capital assets in the government-wide Statement of Net Position and will report depreciation expense - the cost of "using up" capital assets - in the Statement of Activities. The net position of a government will be broken down into three categories - 1) net investment in capital assets; 2) restricted; and 3) unrestricted.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds, if any, are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Budgetary comparison schedules demonstrate compliance with the adopted budget. It is an important component of a government's accountability to the public. Many citizens participate in one way or another in the process of establishing the annual operating budgets of state and local governments, and have a keen interest in following the actual financial progress of their governments over the course of the year. Many governments revise their original budgets over the course of the year for a variety of reasons. Under the GASB 34 reporting model, governments provide budgetary comparison information in their annual reports, including the original budget and a comparison of final budget and actual results.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation:

The accompanying financial statements are prepared in accordance with pronouncements issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The principles prescribed by GASB represent generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental units.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 1- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation: (continued)

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

The County's fiduciary funds are presented in the fund financial statements by type. Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the government, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide financial statements.

In the fund financial statements, financial transactions and accounts of the County are organized on the basis of funds. The operation of each fund is considered to be an independent fiscal and separate accounting entity, with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and/or other financial resources together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Accordingly, real and personal property taxes are recorded as revenues and receivables when billed, net of allowances for uncollectible amounts. Property taxes not collected within 60 days after year-end are reflected as unavailable revenues.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 1- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation: (continued)

Sales and utility taxes, which are collected by the state or utilities and subsequently remitted to the County, are recognized as revenues and receivables upon collection by the state or utility, which is generally in the month preceding receipt by the County.

Licenses, permits, fines, and rents are recorded as revenues when received. Intergovernmental revenues, consisting primarily of federal, state, and other grants for the purpose of funding specific expenditures, are recognized when earned or at the time of the specific expenditure. Revenues from general-purpose grants are recognized in the period to which the grant applies. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when the government receives cash.

The County reports the following major governmental fund:

The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for and reports all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in other funds. The general fund includes the activities of the Virginia Public Assistance, Prepaid Taxes, Comprehensive Services Act funds, and Debt Service funds for both the County and School Board.

The County reports the following nonmajor governmental funds:

Special revenue funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than those dedicated for debt service or major capital projects. The Tornado Relief Fund and Highway Maintenance Fund are reported as a nonmajor special revenue funds.

The School CIP fund is reported as one of the County's nonmajor *capital projects fund*. The fund accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to be used for the acquisition and construction of major school capital projects.

The County CIP fund is reported as another of the County's nonmajor *capital projects fund*. The fund accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to be used for the acquisition and construction of major County capital projects as well as acquisitions of other types of capital assets.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 1- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation: (continued)

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types:

Internal service funds (Proprietary funds) account for and report the financing of goods and services provided to other departments or agencies of the government, or to other governments, on a cost reimbursement basis. The internal service funds consist of the Information Technology, Garage, and Communications Service Fund and the Health Insurance Premiums Fund.

Fiduciary funds (Trust and Agency funds) account for assets held by the government in a trustee capacity or as agent or custodian for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, or other funds. The Special Welfare, Performance Bond, and Employee Flexible Benefit Funds are reported as agency funds.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are other charges between the government's functions. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

The Pulaski County School Board reports the following major fund:

The School Operating Fund accounts for all revenues and expenditures applicable to the general operations of the public school system. Revenues are derived primarily from charges for services, appropriations from County of Pulaski, Virginia and state and federal grants.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 1- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/inflows of Resources, and Net Position/ Fund Balance:

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

2. Investments

Money market investments, participating interest-earning investment contracts (repurchase agreements) that have a remaining maturity at time of purchase of one year or less, nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts (nonnegotiable certificates of deposit (CDs)) and external investment pools are measured at amortized cost. All other investments are reported at fair value.

3. Receivables and Payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans).

Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance nonspendable account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

4. Property Taxes

Property is assessed at its value on January 1. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1 of the following year if they remain unpaid. Real estate taxes are payable on June 5th and December 5th. Personal property taxes are due and collectible annually on October 15th. The County bills and collects its own property taxes.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 1- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance: (continued)

5. Allowance for Uncollectible Amounts

The County calculates its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data and, in certain cases, specific account analysis. The allowance amounted to approximately \$691,775 at June 30, 2017 and is comprised solely of real estate taxes delinquent for 20 years and personal property taxes delinquent for 5 years.

6. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

7. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors represent costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather that when purchased.

8. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items) are reported in the applicable governmental activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 1- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance: (continued)

8. Capital Assets (continued)

Property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure of the primary government, as well as the component units, are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Type	Years
Buildings	40
Building Improvements	20-40
Structures, lines, and accessories	20-40
Machinery and Equipment	4-30

9. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The County has three items that qualify for reporting in this category. One item is the deferred charge on refunding reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. Another item is comprised of certain items related to the measurement of the net pension liability. These include differences between expected and actual experience, change in assumptions, the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments, and changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions. The last item is comprised of contributions to the pension plan made during the current year and subsequent to the net pension liability measurement date, which will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability next fiscal year. For more detailed information on this item, reference the pension note.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 1- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

- D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance: (continued)
 - 9. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources (continued)

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has two types of items that qualify for reporting in this category. Under a modified accrual basis of accounting, unavailable revenue representing property taxes receivable is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. This amount is comprised of uncollected property taxes due prior to June 30, 2nd half installments levied during the fiscal year but due after June 30th, and amounts prepaid on the 2nd half installments and is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available. Under the accrual basis, 2nd half installments levied during the fiscal year but due after June 30th and amounts prepaid on the 2nd half installments are reported as deferred inflows of resources. In addition, certain items related to the measurement of the net pension liability are reported as deferred inflows of resources. These include differences between expected and actual experience, change in assumptions, and the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments. For more detailed information on these items, reference the pension note.

10. Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. In accordance with the provisions of Government Accounting Standards No. 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences, no liability is recorded for non-vesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits. The County accrues salary-related payments associated with the payment of compensated absences. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements.

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Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 1- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance: (continued)

11. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County's Retirement Plan and the additions to/deductions from the County's Retirement Plan's net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

12. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses.

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Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 1- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance: (continued)

13. Fund Balance

The County reports fund balance in accordance with GASB Statement 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

<u>Nonspendable</u> - amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, such as prepaid items and inventory or are required to be maintained intact (corpus of a permanent fund).

<u>Restricted</u> - amounts that are restricted by external parties such as creditors or imposed by grants, law or legislation.

<u>Committed</u> - amounts that have been committed (establish, modify, or rescind) by formal action by the entity's "highest level of decision-making authority"; which the County considers to be the Board of Directors.

<u>Assigned</u> - amounts that have been allocated by committee action where the government's intent is to use the funds for a specific purpose. The County considers this level of authority to be the Board of Directors or any Committee granted such authority by the Board of Directors.

<u>Unassigned</u> - this category is for any balances that have no restrictions placed upon them; positive amounts are only reported in the general fund.

The County's highest decision making level is the Board of Supervisors. Action from the Board of Supervisors is required to commit or release funds from commitment.

The County's Board of Supervisors has authorized the County Administrator to assign fund balance to a specific purpose as approved within the County fund balance policy.

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Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 1- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance: (continued)

14. Net Position

Net position is the difference between a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets represents capital assets, less accumulated depreciation, less any outstanding debt related to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are also included in this component of net position.

15. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted - net position and unrestricted - net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the County's policy to consider restricted - net position to have been depleted before unrestricted - net position is applied.

Note 2- Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability:

A. Budgetary Information:

The following procedures are used by the County in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to April 1st, the County Administrator submits to the Board of Supervisors a proposed operating and capital budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating and capital budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. All non-fiduciary funds have legally adopted budgets.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments.
- 3. Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an Appropriations Resolution.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 2- Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability: (continued)

A. Budgetary Information: (continued)

- 4. The Appropriations Resolution places legal restrictions on expenditures at the functional level. Only the Board of Supervisors can revise the appropriation for each department or category. The County Administrator is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within general government departments; however, the School Board is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within the school system's subcategories.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service Funds, and the General Capital Projects Fund. The School Fund and School Capital Projects Fund are integrated only at the level of legal adoption.
- 6. All budgets are adopted on a modified accrual basis.
- 7. Appropriations lapse on June 30, for all County units. The County's practice is to appropriate Capital Projects by Project. Several supplemental appropriations were necessary during this fiscal year.
- 8. Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed (executory) contracts for goods or services (i.e., purchase orders, contracts and commitments). Encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. While all appropriations and encumbrances lapse at year-end, valid outstanding encumbrances (those for which performance under executory contract is expected in the next year) are re-appropriated and become part of the subsequent year's budget pursuant to state regulations.

B. Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations:

Expenditures did not exceed appropriations for any function during fiscal year 2017.

C. Deficit Fund Balance:

At June 30, 2017, there were no funds that had a deficit fund balance.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 3- Deposits and Investments:

Deposits:

Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act") Section 2.2-4400 et. seq. of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of the amount insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board.

Financial institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in the amounts from 50% to 130% of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized.

Investments:

Statutes authorize local governments and other public bodies to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank of Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper and certain corporate notes, banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements, and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP).

Interest Rate Risk:

The County has not adopted an investment policy for interest rate risk. Investments subject to interest rate risk are presented below along with their corresponding maturities.

Investment Maturities (in years)							
Investment Type	Fa	air Value		1 Year			
LGIP	\$	109,197	\$	109,197			
SNAP		53,963		53,963			
Total	\$	163,160	\$	163,160			

Custodial Credit Risk (Investments):

The County's rated debt investments as of June 30, 2017 were rated by Standard and Poor's and/or an equivalent national rating organization and the ratings are presented below using the Standard and Poor's rating scale.

County's Rated Debt Investments' Values						
Rated Debt Investments		Ratings				
		Aaam				
LGIP	\$	109,197				
SNAP		53,963				
Total	\$	163,160				

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 3- Deposits and Investments: (continued)

External Investment Pools:

The State Non-Arbitrage Pool (SNAP) is an open-end management investment company registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission. In May 2016, the Board voted to convert the SNAP fund to an LGIP structure, which would be managed in conformance with GASB 79. On October 3, 2016, the Prime Series became a government money market fund and the name was changed to Government Select Series. The Government Select Series has a policy of investing at least 99.5% of its assets in cash, U.S. government securities (including securities issued or guaranteed by the U.S. government or its agencies or instrumentalities) and/or repurchase agreements that are collateralized fully.

The value of the positions in the external investment pools (Local Government Investment Pool and State Non-Arbitrage Pool) is the same as the value of the pool shares. As LGIP is not SEC registered, regulatory oversight of the pool rests with the Virginia State Treasury. LGIP and SNAP are amortized cost basis portfolios under the provisions of GASB Statement No. 79. There are no withdrawal limitations or restrictions imposed on participants.

Note 4- Due From Other Governmental Units:

The following amounts represent receivables from other governments at year-end:

Primary			onent Unit- ool Board
	CHIMETT		loor Boar a
\$	42 645	\$	-
Ψ	•	4	-
	•		-
	27,317		
	573.320		_
	-		853,165
	127,819		-
	•		_
	•		-
	•		-
	•		-
	•		-
	,		
	258,256		-
	62,172		503,295
	2,490,426		1,356,460
	\$	\$ 42,645 40,562 27,317 573,320 127,819 64,386 271,130 240,872 181,095 600,852	\$ 42,645 \$ 40,562 27,317 573,320

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 5- Interfund Balances and Transfers:

Fund		Due to	Due from		
Primary Government:		_			
General Fund	\$	2,441,139	\$	633,689	
County CIP Fund		-		169,824	
School CIP Fund		-		113,184	
Information Technology, Garage, and					
Communication Service Fund		-		69,817	
Component Units:					
School Fund		-		2,258,138	
Industrial Development Authority		803,513		-	
Total	\$	3,244,652	\$	3,244,652	
	T	ransfers in	Tra	ansfers out	
Primary Government:					
General Fund	\$	-	\$	3,286,325	
County CIP Fund		2,315,679		-	
Information Technology, Garage, and					
Communication Service Fund		970,646		-	
Total	\$	3,286,325	\$	3,286,325	

Details of advances to component unit amounts are as follows:

Pulaski County Industrial Development Authority:

During fiscal year 1990-91, \$500,000 was advanced to the Authority for construction of a building for Renfro, Inc. This advance was made with no repayment terms.

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Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 6- Long-Term Obligations:

Primary Government- Governmental Activities Indebtedness:

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions of the County for the year ended June 30, 2017.

	Beginning Balance	Increases/ Issuances	Decreases/ Retirements	Ending Balance
General obligation bonds	\$ 10,474,967	\$ -	\$ 1,082,882	\$ 9,392,085
Literary loans	4,987,173	-	408,809	4,578,364
Lease revenue notes	9,619,802	-	881,107	8,738,695
Note payable	186,843	-	61,104	125,739
Unamortized bond premiums	389,236	-	41,287	347,949
Landfill post-closure monitoring costs	262,032	2,654	-	264,686
Net OPEB obligation	464,200	95,000	48,700	510,500
Net pension liability	4,247,122	3,910,843	2,208,992	5,948,973
Compensated absences	957,704	892,709	718,278	1,132,135
Total	\$ 31,589,079	\$ 4,901,206	\$ 5,451,159	\$ 31,039,126

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

Year Ending	General Obligation Bonds					Lease Revenue Notes		
June 30,		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest
2018	\$	1,101,761	\$	350,728	\$	899,178	\$	290,013
2019		1,115,736		306, 194		912,549		263,188
2020		1,125,049		261,723		930,963		235,632
2021		959,539		220,082		944,553		207,345
2022		930,000		180,968		594,237		182,105
2023-2027		2,675,000		508,566		3,331,415		554,880
2028-2030		1,485,000		91,358		1,125,800		42,095
Totals	\$	9,392,085	\$	1,919,619	\$	8,738,695	\$	1,775,258

Year Ending	Literary Loans					Note p	9	
June 30,		Principal	li	Interest		rincipal	Ir	terest
2018	\$	419,585	\$	91,567	\$	62,274	\$	1,947
2019		425,914		83,175		63,465		755
2020		436,378		74,657		-		-
2021		446,409		65,929		-		-
2022		451,338		57,001		-		-
2023-2027		2,398,740		145,851		-		-
Totals	\$	4,578,364	\$	518,180	\$	125,739	\$	2,702

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 6- Long-Term Obligations: (continued)

Details of long-term obligations:

General obligation bonds:	Interest Rates	Issue Date	Final Maturity Date	Amount of Original Issue	Balance Governmental Activities	Amount Due Withir One Year	
GO bond VPSA GO bond GO bond GO bond	4.975-5.85% 2.35-5.1% 3.175-4.05% 1.81%	11/16/2000 11/7/2002 1/13/2010 4/16/2014	2021 \$ 2023 2030 2020	754,241 10,915,000 7,465,000 1,035,536	\$ 172,942 3,270,000 5,420,000 529,143	\$ 41,9 545,0 340,0 174,7	000 000 786
Subtotal GO bonds Unamortized bond premium Unamortized bond premium Total general obligation bonds	n/a n/a	11/7/2002 1/13/2010	2023 2030	436,841 40,136	\$ 9,392,085 131,053 25,084 \$ 9,548,222	\$ 1,101,7 21,8 2,0 \$ 1,125,6	342 007
Lease revenue notes: School lease revenue note Lease revenue note Lease revenue note School lease revenue note Subtotal lease revenue notes	5.10% 2.47-3.25% 2.37% 2.05%	5/15/2008 12/6/2013 6/15/2016 12/6/2013	2029 2027 2028 2021	5,255,000 321,054 3,443,000 2,680,534	\$ 3,765,000 270,356 3,192,000 1,511,339 \$ 8,738,695	\$ 235,0 24,1 257,0 383,0 \$ 899,1	131 000 047
Unamortized bond premium Total lease revenue notes	n/a	5/15/2008	2029	348,754	191,812 \$ 8,930,507	17,4 \$ 916,6	
Literary loans: Literary loan Note Payable Note Payable	2.00%	5/2/2016 4/30/2012	2027 2019 \$	4,987,173 420,000	\$ 4,578,364 \$ 125,739	\$ 419,5 \$ 62,2	
Other obligations: Landfill post-closure monitoring costs Net OPEB obligation Net pension liability Compensated absences Total other obligations	n/a n/a n/a n/a	n/a n/a n/a n/a	n/a n/a n/a n/a	n/a n/a n/a n/a	\$ 264,686 510,500 5,948,973 1,132,135 \$ 7,856,294	\$ - - 849,1 \$ 849,1	- - - 101
Totals					\$31,039,126	\$ 3,373,1	86

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Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 7- Long-Term Obligations- Component Unit School Board:

Discretely Presented Component Unit- School Board-Long-term Obligations:

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions of the Component-Unit School Board for the year ended June 30, 2017:

	Beginning Balance					Decreases	Ending Balance		
Net OPEB obligation Net pension liability Compensated absences	\$	1,165,100 36,939,273 1,550,008	\$	283,900 10,651,738 1,062,484	\$	81,700 7,064,314 1,162,506	\$	1,367,300 40,526,697 1,449,986	
Total	\$	39,654,381	\$	11,998,122	\$	8,308,520	\$	43,343,983	

Details of Long-Term Obligations:

	Interest Rates	Issue Date	Final Maturity Date	Amount of Original Issue	Balance Governmental Activities	Dι	Amount ue Within ne Year
Other obligations:							
Net OPEB obligation	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	\$ 1,367,300	\$	-
Net pension liability	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	40,526,697		-
Compensated absences	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	1,449,986		1,087,490
Total other obligations					\$43,343,983	\$	1,087,490

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Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 8-Pension Plan:

Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the County, the Component Unit - Pulaski County Public Service Authority ("PSA"), and (nonprofessional) employees of the public school divisions are automatically covered by the VRS Retirement Plan upon employment. This is an agent multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. However, several entities whose financial information is not included in the primary government report, participate in the VRS plan through the County and the participating entities report their proportionate information on the basis of a cost-sharing plan.

All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan upon employment. This is a cost-sharing multiple employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the system).

Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer pay contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria as defined in the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service.

The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees - Plan 1, Plan 2, and, Hybrid. Each of these benefit structures has different eligibility criteria. The specific information for each plan and the eligibility for covered groups within each plan are set out in the table below:

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS							
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN					
About Plan 1 Plan 1 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. Employees are eligible for Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of January 1, 2013.	About Plan 2 Plan 2 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. Employees are eligible for Plan 2 if their membership date is on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013.	About the Hybrid Retirement Plan The Hybrid Retirement Plan combines the features of a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Most members hired on or after January 1, 2014 are in this plan, as well as Plan 1 and Plan 2 members who were eligible and opted into the plan during a special election window. (see "Eligible Members") • The defined benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula.					

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

RE	INUED)	
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
		About the Hybrid Retirement Plan (Cont.) • The benefit from the defined contribution component of the plan depends on the member and employer contributions made to the plan and the investment performance of those contributions. • In addition to the monthly benefit payment payable from the defined benefit plan at retirement, a member may start receiving distributions from the balance in the defined contribution account, reflecting the contributions, investment gains or losses, and any required fees.
Eligible Members Employees are in Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of January 1, 2013. Hybrid Opt-In Election VRS non-hazardous duty covered Plan 1 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014.	Eligible Members Employees are in Plan 2 if their membership date is on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013. Hybrid Opt-In Election Eligible Plan 2 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014.	Eligible Members Employees are in the Hybrid Retirement Plan if their membership date is on or after January 1, 2014. This includes: • Political subdivision employees* • School division employees • Members in Plan 1 or Plan 2 who elected to opt into the plan during the election window held January 1-April 30, 2014; the plan's effective date for opt-in members was July 1, 2014.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)			
PLAN 1	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN		
Hybrid Opt-In Election (Cont.) The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible Plan 1 members who opted in was July 1, 2014.	Hybrid Opt-In Election (Cont.) The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible Plan 2 members who opted in was July 1, 2014.	*Non-Eligible Members Some employees are not eligible to participate in the Hybrid Retirement Plan. They include: • Political subdivision	
If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan. Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and had prior service under Plan 1 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as Plan 1 or ORP.	If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan. Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and have prior service under Plan 2 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as Plan 2 or ORP.	employees who are covered by enhanced benefits for hazardous duty employees. Those employees eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) must elect the ORP plan or the Hybrid Retirement Plan. If these members have prior service under Plan 1 or Plan 2, they are not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and must select Plan 1 or Plan 2 (as applicable) or ORP.	
Retirement Contributions Employees contribute 5% of their compensation each month to their member contribution account through a pre-tax salary reduction. Some political subdivisions and school divisions elected to phase in the required 5% member contribution but all employees are paying the full 5% as of July 1, 2016. Member contributions are tax-deferred until they are withdrawn as part of a retirement benefit or as a refund. The employer makes a separate actuarially determined contribution to VRS for all covered employees. VRS invests both member and employer contributions to provide funding		Retirement Contributions A member's retirement benefit is funded through mandatory and voluntary contributions made by the member and the employer to both the defined benefit and the defined contribution components of the plan. Mandatory contributions are based on a percentage of the employee's creditable compensation and are required from both the member and the employer. Additionally, members may choose to make voluntary contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, and the employer is required to match those voluntary contributions according to specified percentages.	

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)			
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN	
Creditable Service includes active service. Members earn creditable service for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional creditable service the member was granted. A member's total creditable service is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit.	Creditable Service Same as Plan 1.	Creditable Service Defined Benefit Component: Under the defined benefit component of the plan, creditable service includes active service. Members earn creditable service for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional creditable service the member was granted. A member's total creditable service is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit. Defined Contributions Component: Under the defined contribution component, creditable service is used to determine vesting for the employer contribution portion of the plan.	

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)			
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN	
Vesting Vest		Vesting Defined Benefit Component: Defined benefit vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members are vested under the defined benefit component of the Hybrid Retirement Plan when they reach five years (60 months) of creditable service. Plan 1 or Plan 2 members with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan remain vested in the defined benefit component. Defined Contributions Component: Defined contribution vesting refers to the minimum length of service a member needs to be eligible to withdraw the employer contributions from the defined contribution component of the plan. Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make.	

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)			
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN	
		Vesting (Cont.) Defined Contributions Component: (Cont.) Upon retirement or leaving covered employment, a member is eligible to withdraw a percentage of employer contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, based on service. • After two years, a member is 50% vested and may withdraw 50% of employer contributions. • After three years, a member is 75% vested and may withdraw 75% of employer contributions. • After four or more years, a member is 100% vested and may withdraw 100% of employer contributions. Distribution is not required by law until age 70½.	
Calculating the Benefit The Basic Benefit is calculated based on a formula using the member's average final compensation, a retirement multiplier and total service credit at retirement. It is one of the benefit payout options available to a member at retirement.	Calculating the Benefit See definition under Plan 1.	Calculating the Benefit <u>Defined Benefit Component:</u> See definition under Plan 1.	

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

RETI	REMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTIN	UFD)
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
Calculating the Benefit (Cont.) An early retirement reduction factor is applied to the Basic Benefit if the member retires with a reduced retirement benefit or selects a benefit payout option other than the Basic Benefit.		Calculating the Benefit (Cont.) Defined Contribution Component: The benefit is based on contributions made by the member and any matching contributions made by the employer, plus net investment earnings on those contributions.
Average Final Compensation A member's average final compensation is the average of the 36 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.	Average Final Compensation A member's average final compensation is the average of their 60 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.	Average Final Compensation Same as Plan 2. It is used in the retirement formula for the defined benefit component of the plan.
Service Retirement Multiplier VRS: The retirement multiplier is a factor used in the formula to determine a final retirement benefit. The retirement multiplier for non-hazardous duty members is 1.70%. Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: The retirement multiplier for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.85%. Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: The retirement multiplier of eligible political subdivision	Service Retirement Multiplier VRS: Same as Plan 1 for service earned, purchased or granted prior to January 1, 2013. For non-hazardous duty members the retirement multiplier is 1.65% for creditable service earned, purchased or granted on or after January 1, 2013. Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: Same as Plan 1. Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Service Retirement Multiplier Defined Benefit Component: VRS: The retirement multiplier for the defined benefit component is 1.00%. For members who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan from Plan 1 or Plan 2, the applicable multipliers for those plans will be used to calculate the retirement benefit for service credited in those plans. Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: Not applicable. Political subdivision hazardous duty employees:
hazardous duty employees other than sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.70% or 1.85% as elected by the employer.		Not applicable. Defined Contribution Component: Not applicable.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)				
PLAN 1	PLAN 2 HYBRID RETIREMENT			
Normal Retirement Age VRS: Age 65. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Age 60.	Normal Retirement Age VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age. Political subdivisions hazardous	Normal Retirement Age Defined Benefit Component: VRS: Same as Plan 2. Political subdivisions hazardous		
	duty employees: Same as Plan 1. Defined Contribution Component: Members are eligible to receit distributions upon leaving employment, subject restrictions.			
Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Age 65 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or at age 50 with at least 30 years of creditable service. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Age 60 with at least five years of creditable service or age 50 with at least 25 years of creditable service.	Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or when their age and service equal 90. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility Defined Benefit Component: VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age and have at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or when their age and service equal 90. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable. Defined Contribution Component: Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.		
Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Age 55 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or age 50 with at least 10 years of creditable service.	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service.	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility Defined Benefit Component: VRS: Members may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service.		

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

RETI	RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)			
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN		
Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility (Cont.)	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility (Cont.)	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility (Cont.)		
Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: 50 with at least five years of creditable service.	Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable.		
Tive years of creditable service.		Defined Contribution Component: Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.		
Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 3% increase in the Consumer Price Index for all Urban Consumers (CPI-U) and half of any additional increase (up to 4%) up to a maximum COLA of 5%. Eligibility: For members who retire with an unreduced benefit or with a reduced benefit with at least 20 years of creditable service, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one full calendar year from the retirement date. For members who retire with a reduced benefit and who have less than 20 years of creditable service, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one calendar year following the unreduced retirement eligibility date.	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 2% increase in the CPI-U and half of any additional increase (up to 2%), for a maximum COLA of 3%. Eligibility: Same as Plan 1.	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement Defined Benefit Component: Same as Plan 2. Defined Contribution Component: Not applicable. Eligibility: Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2.		

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)			
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN	
Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement (Cont.)	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement (Cont.)	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement (Cont.)	
Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: The COLA is effective July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) under any of the following circumstances: • The member is within five years of qualifying for an unreduced retirement benefit as of January 1, 2013. • The member retires on disability. The member retires directly from short-term or long-term disability under the Virginia Sickness and Disability Program (VSDP). • The member is involuntarily separated from employment for causes other than job performance or misconduct and is eligible to retire under the Workforce Transition Act or the Transitional Benefits Program. • The member dies in service and the member's survivor or beneficiary is eligible for a monthly death-in-service benefit. The COLA will go into effect on July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) from the date the monthly benefit begins.	Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: Same as Plan 1.	Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2.	

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)				
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN		
Disability Coverage Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.7% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted. VSDP members are subject to a one-year waiting period before	Disability Coverage Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.65% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted. VSDP members are subject to a one-year waiting period before	Disability Coverage Employees of political subdivisions and School divisions (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 optins) participate in the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP) unless their local governing body provides an employer-paid comparable program for its members.		
becoming eligible for non-work-related disability benefits.	becoming eligible for non-work related disability benefits.	Hybrid members (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 opt-ins) covered under VLDP are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work-related disability benefits.		
Purchase of Prior Service Members may be eligible to purchase service from previous public employment, active duty military service, an eligible period of leave or VRS refunded service as creditable service in their plan. Prior creditable service counts toward vesting, eligibility for retirement and the health insurance credit. Only active members are eligible to purchase prior service. When buying service, members must purchase their most recent period of service first. Members also may be eligible to purchase periods of leave without pay.	Purchase of Prior Service Same as Plan 1.	Purchase of Prior Service Defined Benefit Component: Same as Plan 1, with the following exceptions: Hybrid Retirement Plan members are ineligible for ported service. The cost for purchasing refunded service is the higher of 4% of creditable compensation or average final compensation. Plan members have one year from their date of hire or return from leave to purchase all but refunded prior service at approximate normal cost. After that one-year period, the rate for most categories of service will change to actuarial cost. Defined Contribution Component: Not applicable.		

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

Pension Plan Data

Information about the VRS Political Subdivision Retirement Plan is also available in the separately issued VRS 2016 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the 2016 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2016-annual-report-pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA 23218-2500.

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by \$51.1-145 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. Prior to July 1, 2012, all or part of the 5.00% member contribution may have been assumed by the employer. Beginning July 1, 2012, new employees were required to pay the 5% member contribution. In addition, for existing employees, employers were required to begin making the employee pay the 5.00% member contribution. This could be phased in over a period of up to 5 years and the employer is required to provide a salary increase equal to the amount of the increase in the employee-paid member contribution.

The County of Pulaski and the PSA's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2017 was 9.67% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan were \$886,604 and \$1,099,960 for the County and \$142,214 and \$169,248 for the PSA for the years ended June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016, respectively.

Net Pension Liability

At June 30, 2017, the County and PSA reported liabilities of \$5,948,973 and \$924,782 for their proportionate shares of the net pension liability. The County and PSA's net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2015, using updated actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2016. In order to allocate the net pension liability to all employers included in the plan, the County and PSA are required to determine their proportionate shares of the net pension liability. Pension contributions during the years ending June 30, 2016 and 2015 were used as a basis for allocation to determine the County and PSA's proportionate shares of the net pension liability. At June 30, 2016 and 2015, the County's proportion was 81.8900% and 81.3919%, respectively. At June 30, 2016 and 2015, the PSA's proportion was 12.7300% and 13.2000%, respectively.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees

The total pension liability for General Employees in the County of Pulaski and PSA's Retirement Plan and the Pulaski County Public Schools Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2016.

Inflation 2.5%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.5% - 5.35%

Investment rate of return 7.0%, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation*

Mortality rates: 14% of deaths are assumed to be service related

Largest 10 - Non-LEOS:

Pre-Retirement: RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 4 years and females set back 2 years

Post-Retirement: RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year

Post-Disablement: RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

Pre-Retirement: RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 4 years and females set back 2 years

Post-Retirement: RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year

Post-Disablement: RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement

^{*} Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees (continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Largest 10 - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

Actuarial Assumptions - Public Safety Employees

The total pension liability for Public Safety employees in the County of Pulaski's Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2016.

Inflation 2.5% Salary increases, including inflation 3.5% - 4.75%

Investment rate of return 7.0%, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation*

* Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - Public Safety Employees (continued)

Mortality rates: 60% of deaths are assumed to be service related

Largest 10 - Non-LEOS:

Pre-Retirement: RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 2 years and females set back 2 years

Post-Retirement: RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year

Post-Disablement: RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

Pre-Retirement: RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 2 years and females set back 2 years

Post-Retirement: RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year

Post-Disablement: RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Largest 10 - LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in male rates of disability

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to rates of service retirement for females
- Increase in rates of withdrawal
- Decrease in male and female rates of disability

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Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

			Weighted
		Arithmetic	Average
		Long-Term	Long-Term
	Target	Expected	Expected
Asset Class (Strategy)	Allocation	Rate of Return	Rate of Return
U.S. Equity	19.50%	6.46%	1.26%
Developed Non U.S. Equity	16.50%	6.28%	1.04%
Emerging Market Equity	6.00%	10.00%	0.60%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.09%	0.01%
Emerging Debt	3.00%	3.51%	0.11%
Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	3.51%	0.16%
Non Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	5.00%	0.23%
Convertibles	3.00%	4.81%	0.14%
Public Real Estate	2.25%	6.12%	0.14%
Private Real Estate	12.75%	7.10%	0.91%
Private Equity	12.00%	10.41%	1.25%
Cash	1.00%	-1.50%	-0.02%
Total	100.00%		5.83%
		Inflation	2.50%
*Expe	cted arithmet	ic nominal return	8.33%

^{*} Using stochastic projection results provides an expected range of real rates of return over various time horizons. Looking at one year results produces an expected real return of 8.33% but also has a high standard deviation, which means there is high volatility. Over larger time horizons the volatility declines significantly and provides a median return of 7.44%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018, the rate contributed by the employer for the Pulaski County and PSA Retirement Plan, Pulaski County Public Schools Retirement Plan, and the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly. From July 1, 2018 on, participating employers are assumed to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the County and PSA's Proportionate Shares of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the County and PSA's proportionate share of the net pension liability using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the County and PSA's proportionate shares of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	Rate					
		(6.00%)		(7.00%)		(8.00%)
County's proportionate share of the County Retirement Plan Net Pension Liability (Asset)		11,325,854	\$	5,948,973	\$	1,463,300
PSA's proportionate share of the County Retirement Plan		4.740.420	•	00.4 700		227 474
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	1,760,632	\$	924,782	\$	227,474

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Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the County and PSA recognized pension expense of \$822,703 and \$125,050, respectively. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the pension expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion and from differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of employer contributions.

At June 30, 2017, the County and PSA reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

			Component Unit		
	Primary Government		Pulaski Co	Pulaski County PSA	
	Deferred	Deferred	Deferred	Deferred	
	Outflows of	Inflows of	Outflows of	Inflows of	
	Resources	Resources	Resources	Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ 93,811	\$ - \$	15,098	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	962,578	-	145,762	-	
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	32,561	11,767	-	19,620	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	886,604	. <u> </u>	142,214		
Total	\$ 1,881,743	\$ 105,578	\$ 287,976 \$	34,718	

\$886,604 and \$142,214 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the County and PSA contributions subsequent to the measurement date, respectively, will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

\$886,604 and \$142,214 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the County and PSA contributions subsequent to the measurement date, respectively, will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year ended June 30		Primary Government		Component Unit Pulaski County PSA	
2018	<u> </u>	(39,276)	Ś	(14,660)	
2019	*	(17,060)	•	(11,057)	
2020		556,105		81,880	
2021		389,792		54,881	

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Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)

Plan Description

Additional information related to the plan description, plan contribution requirements, actuarial assumptions, long-term expected rate of return, and discount rate is included in the first section of this note.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2015 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the pension plan:

	Component Unit School Board Nonprofessional
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	76
Inactive members: Vested inactive members	17
Non-vested inactive members	45
Inactive members active elsewhere in VRS	15
Total inactive members	77
Active members	107
Total covered employees	260

Contributions

The Component Unit School Board's contractually required contribution rate for nonprofessional employees for the year ended June 30, 2017 was 7.19% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015.

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Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) (continued)

Contributions (continued)

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the Component Unit School Board's nonprofessional employees were \$151,735 and \$205,179 for the years ended June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016, respectively.

Net Pension Liability

The Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2015, using updated actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2016.

Changes in Net Pension Liability

,	_	Component School Board (nonprofessional)								
	_	Total Pension Liability (a)	ind	crease (Decrease Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	- -	Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)				
Balances at June 30, 2015	\$_	10,317,961	\$_	9,577,688	\$_	740,273				
Changes for the year:										
Service cost	\$	248,654	\$	-	\$	248,654				
Interest		703,996		-		703,996				
Differences between expected										
and actual experience		(78,558)		-		(78,558)				
Contributions - employer		-		202,984		(202,984)				
Contributions - employee		-		111,956		(111,956)				
Net investment income		-		164,816		(164,816)				
Benefit payments, including refunds										
of employee contributions		(521,747)		(521,747)		-				
Administrative expenses		-		(6,016)		6,016				
Other changes		-		(72)		72				
Net changes	\$_	352,345	\$	(48,079)	\$	400,424				
Balances at June 30, 2016	\$_	10,670,306	\$_	9,529,609	\$ <u></u>	1,140,697				

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) (continued)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

		Rate		
	(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)
Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)		 _		
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 2,440,307	\$ 1,140,697	\$	51,484

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) recognized pension expense of \$130,072. At June 30, 2017, the Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)				
	D	eferred	De	eferred	
	Ou	tflows of	ln ⁻	flows of	
	Re	esources	Re	sources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	83,688	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plension plan investments		247,472		-	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		151,735		-	
Total	\$	399,207	\$	83,688	

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) (continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

\$51,735 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

	School Board				
Year ended June 30		(nonprofessional)			
2018	\$	(53,723)			
2019		(26, 369)			
2020		144,241			
2021		99,635			

Component Unit School Board (professional)

Plan Description

Additional information related to the plan description, plan contribution requirements, long-term expected rate of return, and discount rate is included in the first section of this note.

Contributions

Each School Division's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2017 was 14.66% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015 and reflects the transfer in June 2015 of \$192,884,000 as an accelerated payback of the deferred contribution in the 2010-12 biennium. The actuarial rate for the Teacher Retirement Plan was 16.32%. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Based on the provisions of \$51.1-145 of the Code of Virginia, as amended the contributions were funded at 89.84% of the actuarial rate for the year ended June 30, 2017. Contributions to the pension plan from the School Board were \$3,143,365 and \$3,012,959 for the years ended June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016, respectively.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional) (continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2017, the school division reported a liability of \$39,386,000 for its proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability. The Net Pension Liability was measured as of June 30, 2016 and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The school division's proportion of the Net Pension Liability was based on the school division's actuarially determined employer contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2016 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2016, the school division's proportion was 0.28105% as compared to 0.28761% at June 30, 2015.

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the school division recognized pension expense of \$2,725,000. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the pension expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion and from differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of employer contributions.

At June 30, 2017, the school division reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Component Unit School Board (professional)				
		Deferred	Deferred		
	0	utflows of	I	nflows of	
	F	Resources	F	Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	1,277,000	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plension plan investments		2,250,000		-	
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		-		2,244,000	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		3,143,365		-	
Total	\$	5,393,365	\$	3,521,000	

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional) (continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

\$3,143,365 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the school division's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

		School Board
Year ended June 30	_	(professional)
2017	\$	(926,000)
2018		(926,000)
2019		414,000
2020		320,000
Thereafter		(153,000)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2016.

Inflation	2.5%
Salary increases, including inflation	3.5% - 5.95%
Investment rate of return	7.0%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation*

^{*} Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional) (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (continued)

Mortality rates:

Pre-Retirement: RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 3 years and females set back 5 years

Post-Retirement: RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 2 years and females set back 3 years

Post-Disablement: RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 1 year and no provision for future mortality improvement

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to the rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of withdrawals for 3 through 9 years of service
- Decrease in rates of disability
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability (NPL) is calculated separately for each system and represents that particular system's total pension liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, less that system's fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2017, NPL amounts for the VRS Teacher Employee Retirement Plan is as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	Teacher Employee
	Retirement Plan
Total Pension Liability	\$ 44,182,326
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	30,168,211
Employer's Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 14,014,115
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage	
of the Total Pension Liability	68.28%

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional) (continued)

Net Pension Liability (continued)

The total pension liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net pension liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 67 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

Sensitivity of the School Division's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	Rate				
	(6.00%)		(7.00%)		(8.00%)
School division's proportionate share of the VRS	_		_		
Teacher Employee Retirement Plan Net					
Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 56,146,000	\$	39,386,000	\$	25,581,000

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Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional) (continued)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2016 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the 2016 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2016-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Note 9- Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance:

A. Plan Description

The Pulaski Post-Retirement Medical Plan (the Plan) is a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan administered by the County. The Plan provides health insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses. To be eligible, employees must meet the age and service criteria for immediate retirement benefits under VRS, which requires that the employee be age 50 with 10 years of service or permanently, totally disabled and injured in the line of duty. Additionally, the employee must be of full-time status in VRS and must be covered by the active plan at the time of retirement or disability. The benefit provisions, including employer and employee contributions, are governed by the County and can be amended through County action. The Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

B. Funding Policy

The County establishes employer medical contribution rates for all medical plan participants as part of the budgetary process each year. The County also determines how the plan will be funded each year, whether it will be partially funded or fully funded in the upcoming fiscal year.

The required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements, with an additional amount to prefund benefits as determined annually by the County. For fiscal year 2017, the County and School Board contributed (implicit subsidy) \$48,700 and \$81,700, respectively, for current costs of the Plan.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 9- Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance: (continued)

B. Funding Policy (continued)

For retirees of both the County and School Board, 100 percent of premiums for both the employee and spouse are the responsibility of the retiree. Coverage under the plan ceases when the employee reaches age 65. Premiums under the Plan are shown below:

		County		School Board				
	POS	PPO	Dental	POS	PPO	Dental		
Employee Only	\$ 583	\$ 801	\$ 28	\$ 583	\$ 801	\$ 28		
Employee and Spouse	1,171	1,614	46	1,171	1,614	46		
Employee and Child	1,136	1,568	52	1,136	1,568	52		
Family	1,632	2,249	84	1,632	2,249	84		

C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The County's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal costs each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the County's and School Board's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the County's and School Board's net OPEB obligation:

	(County	Sc	hool Board	Total
Annual required contribution	\$	95,800	\$	285,800	\$ 381,600
Interest on net OPEB obligation		18,500		46,600	65,100
Adjustment to annual required contribution		(19,300)		(48,500)	(67,800)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)		95,000		283,900	 378,900
Contributions made (implicit subsidy)		(48,700)		(81,700)	 (130,400)
Increase in net OPEB obligation		46,300		202,200	248,500
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year		464,200		1,165,100	 1,629,300
Net OPEB obligation - end of year	\$	510,500	\$	1,367,300	\$ 1,877,800

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 9- Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance: (continued)

C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The County's and School Board's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2016 and the two preceding years were as follows:

Year Ended	0	PEB Cost	Contributed	Obligation	
County:					
6/30/2017	\$	95,000	51%	\$	510,500
6/30/2016		89,800	32%		464,200
6/30/2015		84,100	26%		403,100
School Board:					
6/30/2017	\$	285,800	42%	\$	1,367,300
6/30/2016		249,700	48%		1,165,100
6/30/2015		241,100	46%		1,034,500

D. Funded Status and Funding Progress

The funded status of the Plan (County and School Board combined) as of July 1, 2016, the most recent actuarial valuation date, was as follows:

	County	School Board	Total
Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$ 1,184,500 \$	3,023,200 \$	4,207,700
Actuarial value of plan assets	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	-
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	\$ 1,184,500 \$	3,023,200 \$	4,207,700
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/AAL)	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Covered payroll (active plan members)	\$ 8,644,980 \$	22,064,588 \$	30,709,568
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	13.70%	13.70%	13.70%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 9- Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance: (continued)

E. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the July 1, 2016, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the entry age actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 4.0 percent investment rate of return per annum. An annual healthcare cost trend rate of 7 percent initially, reduced by decrements of 0.5 percent until an ultimate rate of 5.0 percent is reached. Dental costs are assumed to increase 7 percent initially, decreasing by 0.5 percent yearly until and ultimate rate of 5 percent is reached. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage over the remaining amortization period, which at July 1, 2016, was 30 years.

Note 10- Other Postemployment Benefits - VRS Health Insurance Credit:

County:

A. Plan Description

The County participates in the Health Insurance Credit Program, a plan designed to assist retirees with the cost of health insurance coverage. This program is an agent and cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). The Virginia General Assembly establishes the dollar amount of the health insurance credit for each year of creditable service. The credit amount and eligibility differs for state, school division, political subdivision, local officer, local social services department and general registrar retirees.

An employee of the County, who retires under VRS with at least 15 years of total creditable service under the System and is enrolled in a health insurance plan, is eligible to receive a monthly health insurance credit of \$1.50 per year of creditable service up to a maximum monthly credit of \$45. However, such credit shall not exceed the health insurance premium for the retiree. Disabled retirees automatically receive the maximum monthly health insurance credit of \$45.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 10- Other Postemployment Benefits - VRS Health Insurance Credit: (continued)

County: (continued)

A. Plan Description (continued)

Benefit provisions and eligibility requirements are established by Title 51.1, Chapter 14 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>. The VRS actuarially determines the amount necessary to fund all credits provided, reflects the cost of such credits in the applicable employer contribution rate pursuant to \$51.1-145, and prescribes such terms and conditions as are necessary to carry out the provisions of the health insurance credit program. VRS issues separate financial statements as previously discussed in Note 8.

B. Funding Policy

As a participating local political subdivision, the County is required to contribute the entire amount necessary to fund participation in the program using the actuarial basis specified by the <u>Code of Virginia</u> and the VRS Board of Trustees. The County's contribution rate was 0.22% of covered payroll.

C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The annual cost of OPEB under Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions, is based on the annual required contribution (ARC). The locality is required to contribute the ARC, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years.

For 2017, the County's contribution of \$12,789 was equal to the ARC and OPEB cost. The County's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2017 and the two preceding years is as follows:

	F	Annual	Percentage	Net
	Ol	PEB Cost	of APC	OPEB
Fiscal Year Ending	(APC)		Contributed	Obligation
County:				
June 30, 2015	\$	9,841	100%	-
June 30, 2016		11,355	100%	-
June 30, 2017		12,789	100%	-

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 10- Other Postemployment Benefits - VRS Health Insurance Credit: (continued)

County: (continued)

D. Funded Status and Funding Progress

The funded status of the plan as of June 30, 2016, the most recent actuarial valuation date, is as follows:

	(County
Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$	227,620
Actuarial value of plan assets	\$	144,115
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	\$	83,505
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/AAL)		63.31%
Covered payroll (active plan members)	\$ 5	5,167,060
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll		1.62%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future and reflect a long-term perspective. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

E. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used included techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The entry age normal cost method was used to determine the plan's funding liabilities and costs. The actuarial assumptions included a 7.00% investment rate of return, compounded annually, including an inflation component of 2.50%, and a payroll growth rate of 3.00%. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of payroll on an open basis. The remaining open amortization period at July 1, 2016 was 18-27 years.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 10- Other Postemployment Benefits - VRS Health Insurance Credit: (continued)

Professional Employees - Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board

A. Plan Description

The School Board participates in the Health Insurance Credit Program, a plan designed to assist retirees with the cost of health insurance coverage. This program is a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). The Virginia General Assembly establishes the dollar amount of the health insurance credit for each year of creditable service.

A teacher, who retires under VRS with at least 15 years of total creditable service under the System and is enrolled in a health insurance plan, is eligible to receive a monthly health insurance credit of \$4 per year of creditable service. However, such credit shall not exceed the health insurance premium for the retiree. Disabled retirees automatically receive a monthly health insurance credit of \$4 multiplied by the smaller of (i) twice the amount of their creditable service or (ii) the amount of creditable service they would have completed at age 60 if they had remained in service to that age.

B. Funding Policy

The School Board is required to contribute, at an actuarially determined rate, the entire amount necessary to fund participation in the program. The current rate is 1.11% of annual covered payroll. The School Board's contributions to VRS for the years ended June 30, 2017, 2016, and 2015 were \$241,967, \$227,151, and \$226,548, respectively and equaled the required contributions.

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Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 11- Capital Assets:

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2017 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance			Increases	Ending Balance		
Primary Government:							
Governmental Activities:							
Capital assets, not being depreciated:							
Land	\$	2,483,711	\$	103,527	\$ (38,476)	\$	2,548,762
Construction in progress		4,697,373		165,513	(4,018,221)		844,665
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$	7,181,084	\$	269,040	\$ (4,056,697)	\$	3,393,427
Capital assets, being depreciated:							
Buildings and improvements	\$	57,035,344	\$	4,287,464	\$ (342,853)	\$	60,979,955
Machinery and equipment		14,392,615		900,264	(558,067)		14,734,812
Total capital assets, being depreciated	\$	71,427,959	\$	5,187,728	\$ (900,920)	\$	75,714,767
Accumulated depreciation:							
Buildings and improvements	\$	(16,919,433)	\$	(1,562,329)	\$ 342,853	\$	(18, 138, 909)
Machinery and equipment		(10,786,336)		(860,678)	557,522		(11,089,492)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	(27,705,769)	\$	(2,423,007)	\$ 900,375	\$	(29,228,401)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$	43,722,190	\$	2,764,721	\$ (545)	\$	46,486,366
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	50,903,274	\$	3,033,761	\$ (4,057,242)	\$	49,879,793

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government administration	\$ 136,324
Judicial administration	1,299
Public safety	792,376
Public works	251,076
Health and welfare	17,571
Education	1,074,019
Parks, recreation and cultural	131,744
Community development	 18,598
Total depreciation expense-governmental activities	\$ 2,423,007

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 11- Capital Assets: (continued)

Capital asset activity for the School Board for the year ended June 30, 2017 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases Decrease				Ending Balance		
Component Unit:	·		·				·	
School Board:								
Capital assets, not being depreciated:								
Land	\$ 528,360	\$	-	\$	-	\$	528,360	
Construction in progress	513,755		374,157		(377, 370)		510,542	
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$ 1,042,115	\$	374,157	\$	(377, 370)	\$	1,038,902	
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Buildings and improvements	\$ 20,828,537	\$	728,308	\$	(194,066)	\$	21,362,779	
Machinery and equipment	9,272,905		1,074,497		(295,509)		10,051,893	
Total capital assets, being depreciated	\$ 30,101,442	\$	1,802,805	\$	(489,575)	\$	31,414,672	
Accumulated depreciation:								
Buildings and improvements	\$ (15,946,251)	\$	(345, 340)	\$	194,066	\$	(16,097,525)	
Machinery and equipment	(6,479,910)		(737,027)		295,509		(6,921,428)	
Total accumulated depreciation	\$ (22,426,161)	\$	(1,082,367)	\$	489,575	\$	(23,018,953)	
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$ 7,675,281	\$	720,438	\$		\$	8,395,719	
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 8,717,396	\$	1,094,595	\$	(377,370)	\$	9,434,621	

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Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 12- Risk Management:

The County and its component unit- School Board are exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The County and its component unit- School Board participate with other localities in a public entity risk pool for their coverage of general liability and auto insurance with the Virginia Association of Counties (VACO). Each member of this risk pool jointly and severally agrees to assume, pay and discharge any liability. The County and its component unit- School Board pay the VACO contributions and assessments based upon classification and rates into a designated cash reserve fund out of which expenses of the pool, claims and awards are to be paid. In the event of a loss, deficit or depletion of all available excess insurance, the pool may assess all members in the proportion in which the premium of each bears to the total premiums of all members in the year in which such deficit occurs. The County and its component unit- School Board continue to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Self-Insurance - The County established a limited risk management program for health insurance in fiscal year 2010. Premiums are paid into the health plan fund from the County and are available to pay claims, and administrative costs of the program. During the fiscal year 2017, a total of \$8,030,717 was paid by the County in benefits and administrative costs. The risk assumed by the County is based on the number of participants in the program. The risk varies by the number of participants and their specific plan type (Keycare, Bluecare, etc.). Incurred but not reported claims of \$436,458 have been accrued as a liability based primarily on actual cost incurred prior to June 30 but paid after year-end. Liabilities are determined using a combination of actual claims experience and actuarially determined amounts and include incremental claim adjustment expenses and estimated recoveries. An independent contractor processes claims and the County records a provision and liability in the government-wide statements and General Fund (current portion only) for an estimate of incurred but not reported claims.

Changes in the claims liability for the current and two prior fiscal years is as follows:

			Cu	rrent Year					
	Ba	lance at	С	laims and			Ba	lance at	
	Beg	inning of	С	hanges in	Claim		l	End of	
Fiscal Year	Fis	scal Year		Estimates		Payments	Fiscal Year		
2016-17	\$	533,983	\$	6,423,741	\$	(6,521,266)	\$	436,458	
2015-16		442,223		5,938,322		(5,846,562)		533,983	
2014-15		242,783		6,524,183		(6, 324, 743)		442,223	

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 13- Contingent Liabilities:

Federal programs in which the County and its component units participate were audited in accordance with the provisions of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirement, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirement for Federal* Awards. Pursuant to the provisions of this circular all major programs and certain other programs were tested for compliance with applicable grant requirements. While no matters of noncompliance were disclosed by audit, the Federal Government may subject grant programs to additional compliance tests, which may result in disallowed expenditures. In the opinion of management, any future disallowances of current grant program expenditures, if any, would be immaterial.

Note 14- Surety Bonds:

Primary Government:

Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland-Surety		
Maetta H. Crewe, Clerk of the Circuit Court	\$	145,000
Melinda Worrell, Treasurer		500,000
Trina Rupe, Commissioner of the Revenue		3,000
James A. Davis, Sheriff		30,000
The above constitutional officers' employees - blanket bond		50,000
All Social Services employees - blanket bond		100,000
VACo Risk Management Programs		
All County employees - blanket bond	\$	250,000
United States Fidelty and Guaranty	_	
Jonathan Sweet, County Administrator	\$	2,000
Componenet Unit - School Board:		
VACo Risk Management Programs	_	
All School Board employees - blanket bond	\$	250,000

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 15- Landfill Liability:

State and federal laws and regulations require the County to place a final cover on its landfill site when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after closure. The County closed its landfill at Cloyd's Mountain in 1989. At June 30, 2017, the total post-closure care liability (which represents the 2 years remaining) was \$264,686 representing what it would cost to perform all post-closure care in fiscal year 2017. Actual costs for both post-closure monitoring may change due to inflation, deflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations. The County demonstrated financial assurance requirements for closure, post-closure care through the submission of a Local Government Financial Test to the Virginia Department of environmental Quality in accordance with section 9VA C20-70 of the Virginia Administrative Code.

Note 16- Unavailable/Deferred Revenue:

Unavailable/deferred revenue represents amounts for which asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, such amounts are measurable, but not available. Under the accrual basis, assessments for future periods are deferred.

	Government-wide Statements	Balance Sheet
	Governmental Activities	Governmental Funds
Unearned revenue representing uncollected loans receivable not available for funding current expenditures	\$ - \$	182,911
Unavailable property tax revenue representing uncollected property tax billings that are not available for the funding of current expenditures	-	2,690,471
2nd half assessments due in December 2017	7,927,428	7,927,428
Prepaid property taxes due in December 2017 but paid in advance by taxpayers	177,548	177,548
	\$ 8,104,976 \$	10,978,358

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 17- Fund	Balance	Classifications:
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		T	ornado				
			Relief	Sc	hool CIP	Co	unty CIP
Ge	neral Fund		Fund		Fund		Fund
						-	
\$	500,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	-		-		-		6,405
\$	500,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,405
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\$	-	\$	16,645	\$	-	\$	-
	-		-		167,147		-
	-		-		-		274,441
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\$	15,976,043	\$	16,645	\$	453,246	\$	280,846
	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	\$ 500,000 \$ 13,308 17,979 211,345 - \$ 242,632 \$ - - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 592 2,066 33,038 6,773 1,805 27,956 \$ 72,230 \$ 8,883,211 6,277,970 \$ 15,161,181	\$ 500,000 \$ \$ 500,000 \$ \$ 500,000 \$ \$ 13,308 \$ 17,979 211,345 -	\$ 500,000 \$ -	General Fund Relief Fund Schemate \$ 500,000 \$ - \$ \$ 500,000 \$ - \$ \$ 13,308 \$ - \$ \$ 17,979 - - \$ 242,632 \$ - \$ \$ - - - \$ - \$ 16,645 \$ \$ - \$ 16,645 \$ \$ - \$ 16,645 \$ \$ - \$ 16,645 \$ \$ - \$ 16,645 \$ \$ 2,066 - - 33,038 - - 6,773 - - \$ 72,230 \$ - \$ \$ 8,883,211 \$ - \$ \$ 6,277,970 - - \$ 15,161,181 \$ - \$	General Fund Relief Fund School CIP Fund \$ 500,000 \$ - \$ - \$ 500,000 \$ - \$ - \$ 13,308 \$ - \$ - \$ 17,979 - - 211,345 - - - - 286,099 \$ 242,632 \$ - \$ 286,099 \$ - - 167,147 - - 167,147 \$ - \$ 16,645 \$ 167,147 \$ - \$ 16,645 \$ 167,147 \$ - \$ 16,645 \$ 167,147 \$ - \$ 16,645 \$ 167,147 \$ - \$ 16,645 \$ 167,147 \$ - \$ 2,066 - - 33,038 - - 6,773 - - 1,805 - - 27,956 - - \$ 72,230 \$ - \$ - \$ 8,883,211 \$ - \$ - \$ 6,277,970 - -	General Fund Relief Fund School CIP Fund Correct Fund \$ 500,000 \$ -

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 18 - Tax Abatement Programs:

In fiscal year 2017, the County adopted new accounting principles by adopting GASB Statement No. 77, Tax Abatement Disclosures.

A tax abatement as defined by GASB Statement No. 77, Tax Abatement Disclosures consists of "a reduction in tax revenues that results from an agreement between one or more governments and an individual or entity in which (a) one or more governments promise to forgo tax revenues to which they are otherwise entitled and (b) the individual or entity promises to take a specific action after the agreement has been entered into that contributes to economic development or otherwise benefits the governments or the citizens of these governments."

Pulaski County has several agreements with local companies for the purposes of economic development which conform to that definition. Tax abatements related to various tax types of \$225,000 have been agreed to in aggregate and are applied over the next 10 years. The companies regularly pay their taxes and on an annual basis prove they have met certain requirements for the grant program on an individual basis. These requirements include new jobs, which is verified by the Virginia Employment Commission, and taxable improvements to real estate or machinery and tools tax. Any company failing to maintain their end of the agreement will forfeit any further abatement reimbursements. The County is currently negotiating the terms of some of the aforementioned agreements, but no updating agreements have been finalized.

Note 19 - Restatement of beginning balances:

	Ge	neral Fund
Beginning Fund Balance, as previously reported	\$	14,482,804
Adjustment for accounts payable		(542,015)
Beginning Fund Balance, as restated	\$	13,940,789
	G	overnmental
		Activities
Beginning Net Position, as previously reported	\$	40,160,453
Adjustment for accounts payable		(542,015)
Beginning Net Position, as restated	\$	39,618,438

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 20 - Upcoming Pronouncements:

Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension, improves accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for postemployment benefits other than pensions (other postemployment benefits or OPEB). This Statement replaces the requirements of Statements No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, as amended, and No. 57, OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple Employer Plans, for OPEB. Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, establishes new accounting and financial reporting requirements for OPEB plans. This Statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017.

Statement No. 81, *Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements*, improves accounting and financial reporting for irrevocable split-interest agreements by providing recognition and measurement guidance for situations in which a government is a beneficiary of the agreement. The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2016, and should be applied retroactively.

Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations, addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain asset retirement obligations (AROs). An ARO is a legally enforceable liability associated with the retirement of a tangible capital asset. A government that has legal obligations to perform future asset retirement activities related to its tangible capital assets should recognize a liability based on the guidance in this Statement. This Statement establishes criteria for determining the timing and pattern of recognition of a liability and a corresponding deferred outflow of resources for AROs. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2018.

Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments. The focus of the criteria generally is on (1) whether a government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity and (2) the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. Separate criteria are included to identify fiduciary component units and postemployment benefit arrangements that are fiduciary activities. This Statement describes four fiduciary funds that should be reported, if applicable: (1) pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, (2) investment trust funds, (3) private-purpose trust funds, and (4) custodial funds. This Statement also provides for recognition of a liability to the beneficiaries in a fiduciary fund when an event has occurred that compels the government to disburse fiduciary resources. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018.

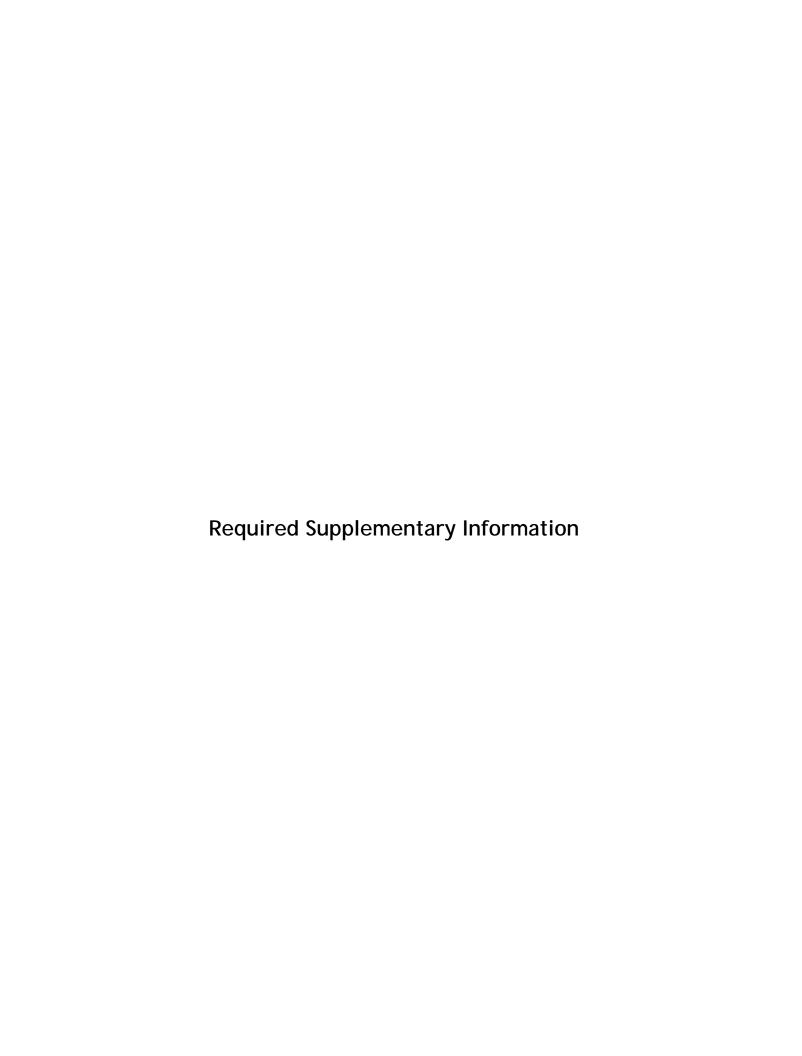
Statement No. 86, Certain Debt Extinguishment Issues, improve consistency in accounting and financial reporting for in-substance defeasance of debt by providing guidance for transactions in which cash and other monetary assets acquired with only existing resources—resources other than the proceeds of refunding debt—are placed in an irrevocable trust for the sole purpose of extinguishing debt. This Statement also improves accounting and financial reporting for prepaid insurance on debt that is extinguished and notes to financial statements for debt that is defeased in substance. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2017.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

Note 20 - Upcoming Pronouncements: (continued)

Statement No. 87, *Leases*, increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019.

Management is currently evaluating the impact these standards will have on the financial statements when adopted.



County of Pulaski, Virginia General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

		Budget /	Αm	ounts				ariance with
DEVENUES		<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>		Actual <u>Amounts</u>	F	inal Budget <u>Pos (Neg)</u>
REVENUES General Property Taxes	\$	25,486,600	ς	26,013,273	Ś	26,298,277	Ś	285,004
Other Local Taxes	Y	7,342,500	7	7,410,287	٠	7,476,305	Ţ	66,018
Permits, Privilege Fees and Regulatory Licenses		129,150		129,150		134,340		5,190
Fines and Forfeitures		29,000		49,000		60,363		11,363
Revenue from Use of Money and Property		259,210		325,210		371,537		46,327
Charges for Services		479,120		552,776		589,601		36,825
Miscellaneous		52,600		83,177		164,657		81,480
Recovered Costs		846,757		1,645,892		1,668,316		22,424
Intergovernmental:		•		, ,		, ,		•
Commonwealth		13,324,089		13,433,758		11,736,437		(1,697,321)
Federal Government		3,708,868		4,242,565		3,733,547		(509,018)
Total Revenues	\$	51,657,894	\$	53,885,088	\$	52,233,380	\$	(1,651,708)
EXPENDITURES: Current:								
General Government Administration	\$	2,310,196	\$	2,614,074	\$	2,590,999	\$	23,075
Judicial Administration		1,922,434		2,326,620		2,015,564		311,056
Public Safety		9,090,171		9,622,944		8,916,280		706,664
Public Works		2,031,741		2,142,246		1,961,506		180,740
Health and Welfare		13,566,755		13,635,277		10,933,337		2,701,940
Education		14,220,355		14,821,313		14,104,716		716,597
Parks, Recreation and Cultural		1,376,034		1,499,364		1,424,272		75,092
Community Development		1,476,568		1,906,131		1,711,946		194,185
Non-Departmental		202,208		493,440		-		493,440
Debt Service:		4 405 400		4 (05 400		0 400 000		(7.40. 700)
Principal Retirement		1,685,109		1,685,109		2,433,902		(748,793)
Interest and Other Fiscal Charges	_	1,568,472	Ċ	1,568,472	Ċ	819,279	Ċ	749,193
Total Expenditures	<u> </u>	49,450,043	\$	52,314,990	\$	46,911,801	\$	5,403,189
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)								
Expenditures	Ś	2,207,851	\$	1,570,098	\$	5,321,579	\$	3,751,481
Experiorcares		2,207,031	٠,	1,370,070	ڔ	3,321,377	٠,	3,731,701
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers Out	\$	(2,207,851)	\$	(5,085,535)	\$	(3,286,325)	\$	1,799,210
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	-	\$	(3,515,437)	\$	2,035,254	\$	5,550,691
Fund Balance - Beginning, as restated		-		3,515,437		13,940,789		10,425,352
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	15,976,043	\$	15,976,043

County of Pulaski, Virginia Schedule of OPEB Funding For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Primary Government: Post-Retirement Medical Plan

Actuarial Valuation Date (1)	Actuar Value Asset (2)	of	Actuarial Accrued bility (AAL) (3)	Un	funded AAL (UAAL) (3) - (2) (4)	Funded (2)/((5)	(3)	 Covered Payroll (6)	% of C	L as a covered (4) / (6) 7)
July 1, 2016 July 1, 2014 July 1, 2012	\$	- - -	\$ 1,184,500 1,008,800 944,000	\$	1,184,500 1,008,800 944,000		0.00% 0.00% 0.00%	\$ 8,644,980 8,554,101 7,018,201		13.70% 11.79% 13.45%

School Board: Post-Retirement Medical Plan

Actuarial Valuation Date (1)	Actuarial Value of Assets (2)		Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (3)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (3) - (2) (4)	Funded Ratio (2)/(3) (5)	 Covered Payroll (6)	UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll (4) / (6) (7)
July 1, 2016 July 1, 2014 July 1, 2012	7	- - -	\$ 3,023,200 2,694,800 3,900,000	\$ 3,023,200 2,694,800 3,900,000	0.00% 0.00% 0.00%	\$ 22,064,588 22,850,508 29,736,727	13.70% 11.79% 13.12%

Primary Government: Virginia Retirement System - Health Insurance Credit

Actuarial Valuation Date (1)	Actuarial Value of Assets (2)	I	Actuarial Accrued bility (AAL) (3)	(unded AAL (UAAL) 3) - (2) (4)	Funded Ratio (2)/(3) (5)	 Covered Payroll (6)	UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll (4) / (6) (7)
June 30, 2016	\$ 144,115	\$	227,620	\$	83,505	63.31%	\$ 5,167,060	1.62%
June 30, 2015	147,303		231,660		84,357	63.59%	4,852,430	1.74%
June 30, 2014	146,600		224,000		77,400	65.45%	4,537,070	1.71%

County of Pulaski, Virginia Schedule of Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) For the Years Ended June 30, 2015 through June 30, 2017

Date (1)	Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) (NPLA) (2)		roportionate ire of the NPLA (3)	Covered Payroll (4)	Proportionate Share of the NPLA as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (3)/(4) (5)	Pension Plan's Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability (Asset) (6)
Primary Government -	County of Retirement	Plan				
2016	81.8900%	\$	5,948,972	\$ 9,046,509	65.76%	86.10%
2015	81.3919%		4,247,122	8,486,988	50.04%	89.62%
2014	81.2400%		3,792,677	8,225,333	46.11%	90.36%
Component Unit Publi	c Service Authority					
2016	12.7300%	\$	924,782	\$ 1,399,901	66.06%	86.10%
2015	13.2000%		688,791	1,380,323	49.90%	89.62%
2014	13.2000%		615,090	1,341,630	45.85%	90.36%
Component Unit School	ol Board (professional)					
2016	0.2811%	\$	39,386,000	\$ 21,429,302	183.80%	68.28%
2015	0.2876%		36,199,000	21,994,717	164.58%	70.68%
2014	0.3002%		36,277,000	21,994,717	164.94%	70.88%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2014 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be inludded as they become available.

County of Pulaski, Virginia Schedule of Changes in Net Pnesion Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) For the Years Ended June 30, 2015 through June 30, 2017

	2016	2015	2014
Total pension liability			 _
Service cost	\$ 248,654	\$ 265,386	\$ 259,384
Interest	703,996	680,732	653,059
Differences between expected and actual experience	(78,558)	(89,812)	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(521,747)	(526,169)	(508,058)
Net change in total pension liability	\$ 352,345	\$ 330,137	\$ 404,385
Total pension liability - beginning	10,317,961	9,987,824	9,583,439
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 10,670,306	\$ 10,317,961	\$ 9,987,824
Plan fiduciary net position			
Contributions - employer	\$ 202,984	\$ 218,738	\$ 245,465
Contributions - employee	111,956	121,343	123,727
Net investment income	164,816	424,421	1,281,760
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(521,747)	(526,169)	(508,058)
Administrative expense	(6,016)	(5,914)	(6,966)
Other	(72)	(90)	68
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$ (48,079)	\$ 232,329	\$ 1,135,996
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	9,577,688	9,345,359	8,209,363
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 9,529,609	\$ 9,577,688	\$ 9,345,359
School Division's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 1,140,697	\$ 740,273	\$ 642,465
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	89.31%	92.83%	93.57%
Covered payroll	\$ 2,279,771	\$ 2,434,851	\$ 2,474,506
School Division's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	50.04%	30.40%	25.96%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2014 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Pulaski, Virginia Schedule of Employer Contributions For the Years Ended June 30, 2008 through June 30, 2017

Date Primary Gove	F Co	ntractually Required Intribution (1)	. <u>-</u>	Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (2)		Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)		Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll (5)
2017	\$	886,604	\$	886,604	\$	_	\$	9,341,508	9.49%
2016	*	1,099,960	~	1,099,960	*	_	*	9,046,509	12.16%
2015		1,018,523		1,018,523		-		8,486,988	12.00%
	laste Davidat							, ,	
Component U 2017				-	Ļ		ċ	1 400 404	9.49%
2017	\$	142,214 169,248	\$	142,214 169,248	\$	-	\$	1,498,406	9.49% 12.09%
2015		166,881		166,881		-		1,399,901 1,380,323	12.09%
2013		100,001		100,001		-		1,300,323	12.09/0
Component U	Init Scho	ol Board (no	•						
2017	\$	151,735	\$	151,735	\$	-	\$	2,171,340	6.99%
2016		205,179		205,179		-		2,279,771	9.00%
2015		219,137		219,137		-		2,434,851	9.00%
2014		245,471		245,471		-		2,474,506	9.92%
2013		238,765		238,765		-		2,406,908	9.92%
2012		164,102		164,102		-		2,304,799	7.12%
2011		155,834		155,834		-		2,188,681	7.12%
2010		145,637		145,637		-		2,322,755	6.27%
2009		147,617		147,617		-		2,354,337	6.27%
2008		157,695		157,695		-		2,259,237	6.98%
Component U	Jnit Scho	ol Board (pro	ofes	sional)					
2017	\$	3,143,365	\$	3,143,365	\$	-	\$	21,798,816	14.66%
2016		3,012,959	-	3,012,959	•	-		21,429,302	14.06%
2015		3,092,245		3,092,245		-		21,994,717	14.06%
2014		2,564,584		2,564,584		-		21,994,717	11.66%
2013		2,567,054		2,567,054		-		22,015,901	11.66%
2012		1,342,616		1,342,616		-		21,210,363	6.33%
2011		818,957		818,957		-		20,838,601	3.93%
2010		1,398,761		1,398,761		-		15,876,969	8.81%
2009		1,987,019		1,987,019				22,554,132	8.81%
2008		1,707,017		1,707,017		-		22,334,132	0.01/0

Current year contributions are from County, PSA, and School Board records and prior year contributions are from the VRS actuarial valuation performed each year.

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Prior to 2015 the County information reported in the County's report included participants that are not reported in the County's report. Therefore, no additional data is currently available for the County.

County of Pulaski, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Changes of benefit terms - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation. The 2014 valuation includes Hybrid Retirement Plan members for the first time. The hybrid plan applies to most new employees hired on or after January 1, 2014 and not covered by enhanced hazardous duty benefits. Because this is a fairly new benefit and the number of participants was relatively small, the impact on the liabilities as of the measurement date of June 30, 2016 are not material.

Changes of assumptions - The following changes in actuarial assumptions were made effective June 30, 2013 based on the most recent experience study of the System for the four-year period ending June 30, 2012:

Largest 10 - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

Largest 10 - LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in male rates of disability

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to rates of service retirement for females
- Increase in rates of withdrawal
- Decrease in male and female rates of disability

Component Unit School Board - Professional Employees

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to the rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of withdrawals for 3 through 9 years of service
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year



County of Pulaski, Virginia Nonmajor Funds Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2017

ASSETS	Т	Revenue Fund ornado lief Fund	-	Capital Pro School CIP Fund		s Funds County CIP Fund	-	<u>Total</u>
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	16,645	\$	_	\$	_	\$	16,645
Cash held by others	ş	10,045	۲	286,099	ڔ	-	٦	286,099
Investments		_		53.963		_		53,963
Due from Other Funds		_		113,184		_		113,184
Due from Other Governmental Units		-		-		161,375		161,375
Prepaid items		-		-		6,405		6,405
Due from Component Units		_		_		169,824		169,824
Total Assets	Ś	16,645	Ś	453,246	Ś	337,604	Ś	807,495
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES								
Liabilities								
Accounts Payable	\$		\$	-	\$	56,758	\$	56,758
Fund Balances:								
Nonspendable:								
Prepaid items	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,405	\$	6,405
Restricted:								
Construction		-		286,099		-		286,099
Committed:								
Tornado cleanup and assistance		16,645		-		-		16,645
Construction		-		167,147		274,441		441,588
Total Fund Balances	\$	16,645	\$	453,246	\$	280,846	\$	750,737
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	16,645	\$	453,246	\$	337,604	\$	807,495

County of Pulaski, Virginia Nonmajor Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	5	Special Rev	enue	Funds		Capital Pro	jec	ts Funds		
		ornado		lighway		School		County		
	Rel	ief Fund	Mai	<u>ntenance</u>	<u>C</u>	IP Fund		CIP Fund		<u>Total</u>
REVENUES	<u>_</u>		Ļ	0	٠	440	ċ		ċ	440
Revenue from Use of Money and Property Recovered Costs	\$	-	\$	9 77,824	\$	410	\$	75,000	\$	419 152,824
Intergovernmental:		-		77,024		-		73,000		132,024
Commonwealth		_		_		_		339,160		339,160
Federal Government		-		-		-		680,047		680,047
Total Revenues	\$	-	\$	77,833	\$	410	\$	1,094,207	\$	1,172,450
EXPENDITURES:										
Current:										
General Government Administration	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	114,364	\$	114,364
Public Safety		-		-		-		1,848,087		1,848,087
Public Works		-		139,480		-		654,823		794,303
Health and Welfare		-		-		-		166,435		166,435
Education		-		-		-		301,628		301,628
Parks, Recreation and Cultural		-		-		-		130,790		130,790
Community Development		-		- 420 400		-	_	177,773	,	177,773
Total Expenditures	\$	-	\$	139,480	\$	-	\$	3,393,900	\$	3,533,380
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)										
Expenditures	\$	-	\$	(61,647)	\$	410	\$	(2,299,693)	\$	(2,360,930)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Transfers In	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	2,315,679	\$	2,315,679
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	-	\$	(61,647)	\$	410	\$	15,986	\$	(45,251)
Fund Balance - Beginning		16,645		61,647		452,836		264,860		795,988
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	16,645	\$	-	\$	453,246	\$	280,846	\$	750,737

County of Pulaskl, Virginia Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

				Tornado Relief Fund	Relief F	pun					Highwa	y Maintena	Highway Maintenance Fund					Tc	Total		
	8	Budget Amounts	Amour	ıts			Variance with	e with		Budget	Budget Amounts			Variance with	ا ۔	Budg	Budget Amounts	ounts		Variance with	e with
	Öİ	Original	屲	Final	Actual Amounts	ınts	Final Budget Pos (Neg)	udget <u>leg)</u>	Orig	Original	Final	AA	Actual Amounts	Final Budget Pos (Neg)		Original		Final	Actual Amounts	Final Budget Pos (Neg)	udget <u>Neg)</u>
REVENUES Revenue from Use of Money and Property Recovered Costs	s		s		\$		\$		s		\$ 77.8	9 \$ 77.824	9 77.824	· \$	۰		\$	9 \$	9 77.824	s	
Total Revenues	s		\$		\$		\$		s		\$ 77,	77,833 \$	77,833	- \$	s 		\$	77,833 \$	77,833	\$	
EXPENDITURES: Current:													9	4			4	9	9		
Public works Health and Welfare	٨		n	16,645	n		n	16,645	n		, ts,	480 ·	. 139,480 \$ 139,480	· ·	Λ		^	139,480 > 16,645	\$ 139,480 \$ 139,480 \$ 16,645 -		16,645
	s	.	s	\$ 16,645	\$		s	16,645	s		\$ 139,480	s	139,480	\$	 ~		s	156,125 \$	139,480	s	16,645
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	s		\$	- \$ (16,645)	S		٠,	16,645	S		- \$ (61,0	647) \$	(61,647) \$ (61,647) \$	\$	\$		\$	- \$ (78,292) \$	(61,647) \$		16,645
Net Change in Fund Balance	s	,	\$	(16,645)	s	!	· •	16,645	s		\$ (61,	647) \$	(61,647) \$ (61,647)	\$	s	'	s	(78,292) \$	(61,647) \$		16,645
Fund Balance - Beginning Fund Balance - Ending	s		\$	16,645	\$ 1	16,645 16,645	S	16,645	s	$\cdot \cdot $	\$ 61,	61,647 - \$	61,647	\$	 -		S	\$ - \$	78,292 16,645		16,645

County of Pulaski, Virginia Nonmajor Capital Projects Fund-School CIP Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

		Budge	et Am	ounts	•	A = 4 = 1	 riance with
DEVENUE	<u>Ori</u>	ginal		<u>Final</u>		Actual <u>mounts</u>	nal Budget Pos (Neg)
REVENUES Revenue from Use of Money and Property	\$	-	\$		\$	410	\$ 410
EXPENDITURES Current: Capital Projects	\$	_	\$	479,643	\$	-	\$ 479,643
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	Ś	_	Ś	(479,643)		410	\$ 480,053
Net Change in Fund Balance Fund Balance - Beginning	\$	-	\$	(479,643) 479,643		410 452,836	\$ 480,053 (26,807)
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	-	\$		\$	453,246	\$ 453,246

County of Pulaski, Virginia Nonmajor Capital Projects Fund-County CIP Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

		Budget	Amo	ounts				riance with
		<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>		Actual <u>Amounts</u>		inal Budget <u>Pos (Neg)</u>
REVENUES Miscellaneous	\$	_	\$	7,214	¢	_	\$	(7,214)
Recovered Costs	ڔ	-	ڔ	75,000	ڔ	75,000	ڔ	(7,214)
Intergovernmental:				, 5,555		75,000		
Commonwealth		-		633,159		339,160		(293,999)
Federal Government		-		1,279,484		680,047		(599,437)
Total Revenues	\$	-	\$	1,994,857	\$	1,094,207	\$	(900,650)
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
General Government Administration	\$	89,334	\$	909,446	\$	114,364	\$	795,082
Public Safety		322,000		1,998,454		1,848,087		150,367
Public Works		544,400		2,221,292		654,823		1,566,469
Health and Welfare		-		446,018		166,435		279,583
Education		302,357		301,628		301,628		-
Parks, Recreation and Cultural		44,000		169,166		130,790		38,376
Community Development	5	385,000	÷	492,442	ċ	177,773	Ċ	314,669
Total Expenditures	<u> </u>	1,687,091	\$	6,538,446	\$	3,393,900	\$	3,144,546
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)								
Expenditures	\$	(1,687,091)	\$	(4,543,589)	\$	(2,299,693)	\$	2,243,896
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers In	\$	1,687,091	\$	4,543,589	\$	2,315,679	\$	(2,227,910)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	_	\$	-	\$	15,986	\$	15,986
Fund Balance - Beginning	7	-	~	-	7	264,860	•	264,860
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	280,846	\$	280,846

County of Pulaski, Virginia Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2017

ASSETS	Special Velfare	Pe	rformance <u>Bond</u>		mployee Flexible Benefits	•	<u>Total</u>
Current Assets:							
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 14,382	\$	44,683	\$	86,100	\$	145,165
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities: Amounts Held for Others:							
Special Welfare Fund	\$ 14,382	\$	-	\$	-	\$	14,382
Performance Bond Fund	· -	•	44,683	·	-		44,683
Employee Flexible Benefits Fund	 -		-		86,100		86,100
Total amounts held for others	\$ 14,382	\$	44,683	\$	86,100	\$	145,165
Total Liabilities	\$ 14,382	\$	44,683	\$	86,100	\$	145,165

County of Pulaski, Virginia Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

ASSETS	B <u>Jul</u> y	<u>Ac</u>	dditions	<u>De</u>	<u>eletions</u>	<u>Jur</u>	Balance ne 30, 2017	
Current Assets:								
Cash and Cash Equivalents:								
Special Welfare Fund	\$	13,184	\$	34,409	\$	33,211	\$	14,382
Performance Bond Fund		53,313		300		8,930		44,683
Employee Flexible Benefits Fund		84,630		42,399		40,929		86,100
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$	151,127	\$	77,108	\$	83,070	\$	145,165
Total Assets	\$	151,127	\$	77,108	\$	83,070	\$	145,165
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities: Amounts Held for Others:								
Special Welfare Fund	\$	13,184	Ċ	34,409	Ċ	33,211	Ś	14,382
Performance Bond Fund	ڔ	53,313	Ç	300	٦	8,930	Ç	44,683
Employee Flexible Benefits Fund		84,630		42,399		40,929		86,100
Total amounts held for others	Ċ	151,127	Ċ	77,108	Ċ	83,070	Ċ	145,165
	د		<u> </u>	,	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	
Total Liabilities	<u> </u>	151,127	Ş	77,108	Ş	83,070	Ş	145,165

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT- SCHOOL BOARD

MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUND

<u>School Operating Fund</u> - The School Operating Fund accounts for the operations of the County's school system. Financing is provided by the State and Federal governments as well as contributions from the General Fund of the County. The Cafeteria and Governor's School Funds have been merged for reporting purposes.

County of Pulaski, Virginia Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board Balance Sheet June 30, 2017

			One	School erating Fund
ASSETS			Op.	orating rana
Cash and Cash Equivalents			\$	1,331,345
Prepaid Items				280,436
Due from Primary Government				2,258,138
Due from Other Governmental Units				1,356,460
Total Assets			\$	5,226,379
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities				
Accounts Payable			\$	880,249
Accrued Wages			*	3,691,811
Total Liabilities			\$	4,572,060
Fund Balances				
Nonspendable - Prepaid Items			\$	280,436
Committed			_	373,883
Total Fund Balances			<u>\$</u>	654,319
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances			\$	5,226,379
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position (Exhibit 1) are different because:				
Total fund balances - per above			\$	654,319
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.				
Land	\$	528,360		
Building and System	*	5,265,254		
Machinery and Equipment		3,130,465		
Construction in Progress		510,542		9,434,621
		•	9	
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are unavailable in the funds.				
Items related to the measurement of the net pension liability				(3,604,688)
Pension contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be a reduction in the net pension				
liability in the next fiscal year and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.				3,295,100
thankely in the next risear year and, the rest of the reported in the railest				0,270,.00
Long-term liabilities, including compensated absences and net OPEB obligation are not due and				
payable in the current period and therefore, are not reported in the funds.				
Compensated Absences	Ś	(1,449,986)		
Net Pension Liability	7	(40,526,697)		
Deferred Outflows Related to Measurement of Net Pension Liability		2,497,472		
Net OPEB Obligation		(1,367,300)		(40,846,511)
		(1,557,550)		(12,0 10,0 11)
Net position of governmental activities - component unit school board			\$	(31,067,159)

County of Pulaski, Virginia Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

		_	Ope	School rating Fund
REVENUES Revenue from Use of Money and Property Charges for Services Miscellaneous		Ś	\$	11,740 1,362,557 62,939
Recovered Costs Intergovernmental: Local Government Commonwealth Federal Government				687,647 14,394,101 26,765,018 4,519,215
Total Revenues			\$	47,803,217
EXPENDITURES: Current: Education		<u> </u>	5	48,184,004
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		<u> </u>	\$	(380,787)
Net Change in Fund Balance Fund Balance - Beginning Fund Balance - Ending		<u> </u>	•	(380,787) 1,035,106 654,319
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities (Exhibit 2) are different because:		<u></u>		00.1,0.7
Net change in fund balance - total governmental funds - per above		9	\$	(380,787)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.	\$ 1.7	700 F02		
Capital Outlay Depreciation	,	799,592 082,367)		717,225
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. (Increase) Decrease in deferred inflows related to the measurement of the net pension liability		Ç	5	1,422,864
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditure in governmental funds.				
(Increase) Decrease in compensated absences (Increase) Decrease in net pension liability (Increase) Decrease in net OPEB obligation Increase (Decrease) in deferred outflows related to measurement of net pension liability Increase (Decrease) in deferred outflows related to pension contributions	(3,5	100,022 587,424) 202,200) 197,472		
subsequent to measurement date		76,962		(1,115,168)
Change in net position of governmental funds - component unit school board		3	\$	644,134

County of Pulaski, Virginia Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Budget Amounts							
		<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>		Actual <u>Amounts</u>		Final Budget <u>Pos (Neg)</u>
REVENUES								
Revenue from Use of Money and Property	\$	7,602	\$	7,602	\$	11,740	\$	4,138
Charges for Services		1,481,100		1,481,100		1,362,557		(118,543)
Miscellaneous		67,150		74,950		62,939		(12,011)
Recovered Costs		757,116		757,116		687,647		(69,469)
Intergovernmental:								
Local Government		14,204,031		14,804,989		14,394,101		(410,888)
Commonwealth		26,677,030		26,901,518		26,765,018		(136,500)
Federal Government		6,227,202		5,734,304		4,519,215		(1,215,089)
Total Revenues	\$	49,421,231	\$	49,761,579	\$	47,803,217	\$	(1,958,362)
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Education	\$	49,421,231	\$	50,146,257	\$	48,184,004	\$	1,962,253
Total Expenditures	\$	49,421,231	\$	50,146,257	\$	48,184,004	\$	1,962,253
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)								
Expenditures	\$	-	\$	(384,678)	\$	(380,787)	\$	3,891
•								·
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	-	\$	(384,678)	\$	(380,787)	\$	3,891
Fund Balance - Beginning		-		384,678		1,035,106		650,428
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	654,319	\$	654,319

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fi	riance with nal Budget- Pos (Neg)
Primary Government:								
General Fund:								
Revenue from Local Sources:								
General Property Taxes:	,	45 040 000	ċ	45 004 022	ċ	45 027 424	ċ	(E7 E02)
Real property taxes	\$	860,000	Ş	15,984,923 960,026	Ş	15,927,421 959,977	Ş	(57,502)
Real and personal public service corporation taxes Personal property taxes		4,763,000		5,033,974		5,216,583		(49) 182,609
Mobile home taxes		45,000		45,000		39,438		(5,562)
Machinery and tools taxes		3,500,000		3,521,385		3,598,149		76,764
Airplane taxes		8,600		11,581		13,966		2,385
Penalties		190,000		196,384		239,523		43,139
Interest		200,000		200,000		246,468		46,468
Collection fees		60,000		60,000		56,752		(3,248)
Total General Property Taxes	Ś	25,486,600	Ś	26,013,273	Ś	26,298,277	Ś	285,004
							-	
Other Local Taxes:								
Local sales and use taxes	\$	3,300,000	\$	3,300,000	\$	3,317,326	\$	17,326
Consumers' utility taxes		640,000		640,000		652,339		12,339
Business licenses		680,000		726,921		740,266		13,345
Cable TV Franchise		6,500		6,500		-		(6,500)
Consumption taxes		113,000		113,000		111,661		(1,339)
Motor vehicle licenses		550,000		570,866		582,547		11,681
Bank stock taxes		8,000		8,000		14,862		6,862
Taxes on recordation and wills		195,000		195,000		190,615		(4,385)
Hotel and motel room taxes		400,000		400,000		370,651		(29,349)
Restaurant food taxes		1,450,000		1,450,000		1,496,038		46,038
Total Other Local Taxes	<u>\$</u>	7,342,500	Ş	7,410,287	Ş	7,476,305	\$	66,018
Permits, Privilege Fees and Regulatory Licenses:								
Animal licenses	\$	20,000	ċ	20,000	ċ	20,844	ċ	844
Land use application fees	ş	650	Ç	650	Ş	453	Ş	(197)
Transfer fees		1,000		1,000		1,129		129
Zoning and subdivision permits		7,000		7,000		7,135		135
Erosion and sediment control permits		500		500		7,155		250
Building permits		100,000		100,000		104,029		4,029
Total Permits, Privilege Fees and Regulatory Licenses	\$	129,150	Ś	129,150	Ś	134,340	Ś	5,190
		121,100		121,100		,	-	
Fines and Forfeitures:								
Court fines and forfeitures	\$	26,000	\$	46,000	\$	56,016	\$	10,016
Interest on local fines		3,000		3,000		4,347		1,347
Total Fines and Forfeitures	\$	29,000	\$	49,000	\$	60,363	\$	11,363
Revenue from Use of Money and Property:			_		_			
Revenue from use of money	\$	223,570	\$	276,570	\$	320,683	\$	44,113
Revenue from use of property		35,640		48,640		50,854		2,214
Total Revenue from Use of Money and Property	\$	259,210	\$	325,210	\$	371,537	\$	46,327
Charges for Services:								
Charges for services. Charges for clerk copies	\$	8,150	¢	10,150	¢	11,898	¢	1,748
Charges for courthouse maintenance	Ļ	18,500	ڔ	18,500	ب	18,359	ب	(141)
Charges for courthouse security		83,000		83,000		78,288		(4,712)
S.M. ges for courtificate security		55,000		05,000		, 0,200		(1,, 12)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget		Final Budget		<u>Actual</u>	Fi	riance with nal Budget- Pos (Neg)
Primary Government: (continued)								
General Fund: (continued)								
Revenue from Local Sources: (continued)								
Charges for Services: (continued)								
Fees of Sheriff	\$	3,500	\$	3,638	\$	3,625	\$	(13)
Share of seized property		-		28,054		28,054		-
Charges for Commonwealth's Attorney		5,000		5,000		6,022		1,022
Miscellaneous jail and inmate fees		6,000		6,000		6,044		44
Concealed handgun permits		10,000		10,000		11,870		1,870
Charges for parks and recreation		277,300		303,300 750		340,110 750		36,810
Sale of maps and publications Town tax book preparation		470		470		470		-
Charges for animal pound		8,000		8,000		9,213		1,213
Charges for landfill		38,000		54,234		51,765		(2,469)
Charges for library		21,200		21,680		23,133		1,453
Total Charges for Services	Ś	479,120	Ś	552,776	ς	589,601	Ś	36,825
Total Charges for Services		477,120	7	332,770	7	307,001	7	30,023
Miscellaneous:								
Local contributions	\$	-	\$	-	\$	16,445	\$	16,445
Miscellaneous	_	52,600		83,177		148,212		65,035
Total Miscellaneous	\$	52,600	\$	83,177	\$	164,657	\$	81,480
Recovered Costs:								
Administrative fees	\$	93,000	\$	93,000	\$	82,902	\$	(10,098)
Airport recoveries		172,005		199,637		189,174		(10,463)
Juror costs		9,000		9,000		4,950		(4,050)
CSA recoveries		-		-		58,748		58,748
Insurance recoveries		-		13,497		13,675		178
Parks and recreation		37,336		117,336		79,677		(37,659)
Public safety recoveries		466,416		466,416		443,843		(22,573)
Pulaski IDA reimbursements		-		650,000		650,000		-
Other recoveries	_	69,000	_	97,006		145,347	_	48,341
Total Recovered Costs	\$	846,757	\$	1,645,892	\$	1,668,316	\$	22,424
Total Revenue from Local Sources	\$	34,624,937	\$	36,208,765	\$	36,763,396	\$	554,631
Intergovernmental:								
Revenue from the Commonwealth:								
Noncategorical Aid:								
Motor vehicle carriers' tax	\$	50,000	\$	50,000	\$	84,211	\$	34,211
Mobile home titling tax		20,000		35,473		27,472		(8,001)
Motor vehicle rental tax		3,500		3,500		3,384		(116)
Grantor's tax		125,000		125,000		73,681		(51,319)
State recordation tax						62,863		62,863
Telecommunication taxes		800,000		800,000		777,482		(22,518)
Personal property tax relief funds Total Noncategorical Aid	<u> </u>	1,594,000 2,592,500	Ś	1,594,000 2,607,973	Ś	1,594,529 2,623,622	\$	529 15,649
Total Horicalegorical Alu	<u>\$</u>	2,372,300	Ş	2,007,973	Ç	2,023,022	Ç	13,049
Categorical Aid:								
Shared Expenses:								
Commonwealth's Attorney	\$	656,486	\$	656,486	\$	636,245	\$	(20,241)
Sheriff		1,804,107		1,804,107		1,761,826		(42,281)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final Budget	<u>Actual</u>			Variance with Final Budget- <u>Pos (Neg)</u>	
Primary Government: (continued)									
General Fund: (continued)									
Intergovernmental: (continued)									
Categorical Aid: (continued)									
Shared Expenses: (continued)	ć	442.254	,	4.42.25.4	ċ	4.40.000	ċ	(2.245)	
Commissioner of the Revenue Treasurer	\$	143,254	\$	143,254	\$	140,989 109,510	>	(2,265)	
Registrar/Electoral Board		111,047 41,000		111,047 41,000		41,997		(1,537) 997	
3		,		,		,			
Clerk of the Circuit Court Total Shared Expenses	-	351,689 3,107,583	Ś	375,971 3,131,865	Ś	375,850 3,066,417	Ś	(121) (65,448)	
Total Shared Expenses	_ \$	3,107,363	Ş	3,131,003	Ş	3,000,417	Ş	(03,446)	
Other Categorical Aid:									
Public assistance and welfare administration	Ś	2,894,982	Ś	2,894,982	Ś	2,142,316	Ś	(752,666)	
Comprehensive Services Act (CSA)	•	3,541,449	•	3,541,449	•	2,397,460	'	(1,143,989)	
DMV animal friendly plates		-		-		672		672	
Department of Health grant		-		2,047		2,047		-	
E-911 wireless grant		-		-		1,834		1,834	
Victim's assistance grant		46,329		46,329		46,329		-	
Litter control grant		12,971		12,971		12,496		(475)	
Library grant		137,020		137,020		136,998		(22)	
Pretrial services grant		821,435		823,037		1,010,314		187,277	
Fire programs		60,000		73,695		149,151		75,456	
Virginia Juvenile Commission Crime Control		21,320		21,320		21,321		1	
Domestic violence DCJS grant		45,000		45,000		45,000		_ `	
Sheriff seized assets		-		30,659		30,659		-	
Public safety answer grant		43,000		43,000		49,519		6,519	
DEQ grant		500		500		282		(218)	
DMV alcohol safety grant		-		18,540				(18,540)	
Other categorical aid		-		3,371		-		(3,371)	
Total Other Categorical Aid	\$	7,624,006	\$	7,693,920	\$	6,046,398	\$	(1,647,522)	
Total Davisson from the Commence the	\$	42.224.000	ć	42 422 750	ċ	11 727 427	ċ	(4, (07, 224)	
Total Revenue from the Commonwealth	_ \$	13,324,089	Ş	13,433,758	\$	11,736,437	\$	(1,697,321)	
Revenue from the Federal Government:									
Noncategorical Aid: Payment in lieu of taxes	Ś	25,000	Ś	25,000	Ś	29,914	ċ	4,914	
rayment in neu or taxes		23,000	ڔ	23,000	ڔ	27,714	· ·	4,714	
Categorical Aid:									
Public assistance and welfare administration	Ś	3,522,975	Ś	3,522,975	Ś	3,288,632	S	(234,343)	
CDBG grants	,	-	•	19,587	•	71,380	•	51,793	
Emergency management preparedness grant		16,904		33,808		31,300		(2,508)	
State and community highway safety		-		14,234		18,305		4,071	
DCJS alternative community sentencing		-		59,537		13,332		(46,205)	
HIDTA drug grant		-		17,000		2,617		(14,383)	
Drug court		-		345,617		110,333		(235,284)	
Commission on the arts		5,000		5,000		5,000		- '	
Farmer's market promotion		-		24,032		23,745		(287)	
Victim witness		138,989		138,989		138,989		- '	
Local law enforcement block grant		-		16,799		-		(16,799)	
Other categorical aid		-		19,987		-		(19,987)	
Total Categorical Aid	Ś	3,683,868	\$	4,217,565	\$	3,703,633	\$	(513,932)	

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>		ariance with inal Budget- Pos (Neg)
Primary Government: (continued) General Fund: (continued) Revenue from the Federal Government: (continued) Categorical Aid: (continued)								
Total Revenue from the Federal Government	\$	3,708,868	\$	4,242,565	\$	3,733,547	\$	(509,018)
Total General Fund	\$	51,657,894	\$	53,885,088	\$	52,233,380	\$	(1,651,708)
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds: Highway Maintenance Fund Revenue from Local Sources:								
Revenue from Use of Money and Property: Revenue from use of money	\$	_	\$	9	¢	Q	\$	_
,			ڔ	7	,	7	,	
Recovered Costs: NRCC	ć		\$	77,824		77,824	ċ	
NRCC	<u> </u>		Ş	77,024		77,024	Ş	
Total Highway Maintenance Fund	\$	-	\$	77,833	\$	77,833	\$	-
Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds: School CIP Fund:								
Revenue from Use of Money and Property:								
Revenue from use of money	\$	-	\$	-	\$	410	\$	410
Total School Construction Fund	\$	-	\$	-	\$	410	\$	410
County CIP Fund: Revenue from Local Sources:								
Miscellaneous: Miscellaneous	\$	_	\$	7,214	ς	_	\$	(7,214)
Miscertaire ous			<u> </u>	7,211	7		<u> </u>	(7,211)
Recovered Costs:	,		,	75.000	_	75.000	,	
Other recoveries	\$	-	\$	75,000	\$	75,000	\$	-
Total Revenue from Local Sources		-		82,214		75,000		(7,214)
Intergovernmental: Revenue from the Commonwealth: Other Categorical Aid:								
VDOT grants	\$		\$	325,659	Ś	144,160	Ś	(181,499)
Land conservation grant		-	•	125,000	•	125,000	•	-
Other categorical aid		-		182,500		70,000		(112,500)
Total Revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	-	\$	633,159	\$	339,160	\$	(293,999)
Revenue from the Federal Government: Categorical Aid:								
FEMA	\$	-	\$	604,455	\$	604,286	\$	(169)
VDOT	•	-	•	7,235		7,235	,	-
CDBG		-		667,794		68,526		(599,268)
Total Categorical Aid	\$	-	\$	1,279,484	\$	680,047	\$	(599,437)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds: (continued) School Construction Fund: (continued) Revenue from the Federal Government: (continued)	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Fi	iriance with nal Budget- <u>Pos (Neg)</u>
Total Revenue from the Federal Government	\$ -	\$ 1,279,484	\$ 680,047	\$	(599,437)
Total County CIP Fund	\$ -	\$ 1,994,857	\$ 1,094,207	\$	(900,650)
Total Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	\$ -	\$ 1,994,857	\$ 1,094,617	\$	(900,240)
Total Primary Government	\$ 51,657,894	\$ 55,957,778	\$ 53,405,830	\$	(2,551,948)
Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board: School Operating Fund: Revenue from Local Sources: Revenue from Use of Money and Property:					
Revenue from use of money	\$ 5,202	\$ 5,202	\$ 8,590	\$	3,388
Revenue from use of property	2,400	2,400	3,150		750
Total Revenue from Use of Money and Property	\$ 7,602	\$ 7,602	\$ 11,740	\$	4,138
Charges for Services: Charges for education Cafeteria sales Tuition and payments from other divisions	\$ 144,500 894,000 442,600	\$ 144,500 894,000 442,600	\$ 185,879 699,278 477,400	\$	41,379 (194,722) 34,800
Total Charges for Services	\$ 1,481,100	\$ 1,481,100	\$ 1,362,557	\$	(118,543)
Miscellaneous:					
Miscellaneous	\$ 67,150	\$ 74,950	\$ 62,939	\$	(12,011)
Recovered Costs:					
Medicaid reimbursements Insurance recoveries	\$ 60,000	\$ 60,000	\$ 116,922 201	\$	56,922 201
Joint services reimbursements Salary reimbursements School activity reimbursements Title I indirect costs Other recoveries	242,532 87,500 125,000 - 242,084	242,532 87,500 125,000 - 242,084	222,373 92,943 54,489 7,925 192,794		(20,159) 5,443 (70,511) 7,925 (49,290)
Total Recovered Costs	\$ 757,116	\$ 757,116	\$ 687,647	\$	(69,469)
Total Revenue from Local Sources	\$ 2,312,968	\$ 2,320,768	\$ 2,124,883	\$	(195,885)
Intergovernmental: Revenue from Local Governments:					
Contribution from County of Pulaski, Virginia-General Fund	\$ 14,204,031	\$ 14,804,989	\$ 14,394,101	\$	(410,888)
Revenue from the Commonwealth: Categorical Aid: At risk four-year olds	\$ 363,194	\$ 363,194	\$ 363,194	\$	-
At risk payments Basic school aid Career technology education	512,215 13,040,350 43,773	512,215 13,040,350 43,773	508,510 13,002,273 5,617		(3,705) (38,077) (38,156)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original <u>Budget</u>	ŭ		Variance with Final Budget- <u>Pos (Neg)</u>	
Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board: (continued)					
School Operating Fund: (continued)					
Intergovernmental: (continued)					
Revenue from the Commonwealth: (continued)					
Categorical Aid: (continued)					
CTE STEM-H industry credentials	\$ -	\$ - 9	1,734	\$ 1,734	
Early reading intervention	87,803	87,803	108,065	20,262	
English as a second language	21,849	21,849	21,404	(445)	
Enrollment loss			200,103	200,103	
Gifted and talented	136,592	136,592	135,563	(1,029)	
GLI instructional	56,913	56,913	56,485	(428)	
Governor's School	449,564	449,564	347,208	(102,356)	
Homebound education	41,099	41,099	31,988	(9,111)	
ISAEP	15,717	15,717	16,835	1,118	
Mentor teaching program	4,292	4,292	4,002	(290)	
Special education jail	10,236	20,423	5,449	(14,974)	
Preschool social services	-	-	3,449	3,449	
Primary class size	633,008	633,008	605,051	(27,957)	
Project graduation	-	-	34,386	34,386	
Remedial education	546,369	546,369	542,251	(4,118)	
Remedial summer education	69,433	69,433	106,741	37,308	
Retirement	1,698,865	1,698,865	1,686,063	(12,802)	
School food	40,346	40,346	45,758	5,412	
Share of state sales tax	4,822,476	4,822,476	4,720,949	(101,527)	
Social security	825,244	825,244	819,026	(6,218)	
Special education	1,764,315	1,764,315	1,751,020	(13,295)	
Special education - foster care	24,689	24,689	17,055	(7,634)	
Standards of learning algebra readiness	55,499	55,499	62,376	6,877	
State lottery payments	149,170	149,170	148,441	(729)	
Textbook payment	312,398	312,398	310,044	(2,354)	
Vocational education-equipment	312,370	-	12,607	12,607	
Vocational occupational preparedness	_	_	26,159	26,159	
Vocational standards of quality payments	404,085	404,085	401,040	(3,045)	
VPSA technology grant	284,000	284,000	283,990	(10)	
PBIS grant	-	46,070	25,000	(21,070)	
VDH NRV district money	-	3,700	3,700	(2.,0.0)	
VTSF Virginia tobacco settlement	59,100	59,100	59,500	400	
VA workplace readiness skills	-	-	1,070	1,070	
Gear up access Virginia	-	80,000	178,561	98,561	
Race to GED grant	_	44,531	44,351	(180)	
Plugged in VA grant	_	40,000	40,000	-	
Math and science teacher recruitment	-	-	28,000	28,000	
Compensation supplement	204,436	204,436		(204,436)	
Total Categorical Aid	\$ 26,677,030	\$ 26,901,518	26,765,018	\$ (136,500)	
Total Revenue from the Commonwealth	\$ 26,677,030	\$ 26,901,518	26,765,018	\$ (136,500)	

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Fi	riance with nal Budget- Pos (Neg)
Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board: (continued) School Operating Fund: (continued) Intergovernmental: (continued)					
Revenue from the Federal Government:					
Categorical Aid:					
Forest reserve funds	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,745	\$	2,745
Advanced placement grant	-	-	228		228
Title I	1,401,785	1,392,442	1,025,722		(366,720)
Title VI-B, special education	1,582,801	1,454,958	1,086,505		(368,453)
Title VI-B, pre-school	31,814	32,999	18,456		(14,543)
Vocational education	73,275	73,275	74,739		1,464
Title III, LEP	-	-	2,538		2,538
Title II, Part A-Teacher quality grant	311,824	308,608	217,359		(91,249)
Title IV, Part 21	752,559	398,878	312,218		(86,660)
School food	1,441,245	1,441,245	1,675,536		234,291
School food-Summer program	, , , , ₋	, , , , ₋	58,283		58,283
Project aware	592,227	592,227	42,160		(550,067)
Other	39,672	39,672	2,726		(36,946)
Total Categorical Aid	\$ 6,227,202	\$ 5,734,304	\$ 4,519,215	\$	(1,215,089)
Total Revenue from the Federal Government	\$ 6,227,202	\$ 5,734,304	\$ 4,519,215	\$	(1,215,089)
Total Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board	\$ 49,421,231	\$ 49,761,579	\$ 47,803,217	\$	(1,958,362)

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fir	riance with nal Budget- Pos (Neg)
Primary Government:								
General Fund:								
General Government Administration:								
Legislative:								
Board of Supervisors	\$	153,685	\$	223,701	\$	200,714	\$	22,987
General and Financial Administration:								
County Administrator	\$	251,553	\$	429,813	\$	511,175	\$	(81,362)
Assistant County Administrator	•	124,242		125,800		123,726	•	2,074
County Attorney		33,675		39,625		33,302		6,323
Independent Auditor		70,000		70,000		66,963		3,037
Commissioner of the Revenue		454,575		455,881		441,908		13,973
Treasurer		518,794		520,380		505,482		14,898
Management Services		173,529		174,459		173,138		1,321
Director of Finance		224,703		224,703		223,532		1,171
Other General and Financial Administration		118,274		161,419		157,170		4,249
Total General and Financial Administration	\$	1,969,345	\$	2,202,080	\$	2,236,396	\$	(34,316)
Board of Elections:								
Electoral Board	\$	77,048	Ś	77,048	Ś	48,614	Ś	28,434
Registrar	·	110,118	•	111,245	•	105,275	•	5,970
Total Board of Elections	\$	187,166	\$	188,293	\$	153,889	\$	34,404
Total General Government Administration	\$	2,310,196	\$	2,614,074	\$	2,590,999	\$	23,075
Judicial Administration:								
Courts:								
Circuit Court	\$	68,477	\$	68,477	\$	65,949	\$	2,528
General District Court		6,050		6,152		5,140		1,012
Juvenile and Domestic Relations Court		5,812		6,033		5,061		972
Clerk of the Circuit Court		633,007		657,289		619,142		38,147
Law Library		4,500		6,235		5,719		516
Victim's Witness Assistance		210,297		231,980		212,605		19,375
Drug Court Local Assistance		-		27,018		26,399		619
Domestic Relations Legal Services		45,000		332,395		134,709		197,686
Women's Resource Victims Assistance		22,889		22,889		22,889		-
Total Courts	\$	996,032	\$	1,358,468	\$	1,097,613	\$	260,855
Commonwealth's Attorney:								
Commonwealth's Attorney	\$	926,402	\$	968,152	\$	917,951	\$	50,201
Total Judicial Administration	\$	1,922,434	\$	2,326,620	\$	2,015,564	\$	311,056
Public Safety								
Law Enforcement and Traffic Control:								
Sheriff	\$	3,429,415	\$	3,574,201	\$	3,640,372	\$	(66,171)

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original Budget		Final Budget		<u>Actual</u>		ariance with inal Budget- Pos (Neg)
Primary Government: (continued)								
General Fund: (continued)								
Public Safety (continued)								
Fire and Rescue Services:	Ś	4 477 (42	ć	4 272 272	ċ	4 225 004	ċ	47 200
E-911 Wireless E-911	\$	1,176,642	Ş	1,273,372	\$	1,225,984	Þ	47,388
Forest Fire Protection		8,661		2,375 8,661		2,250 8,661		125
Fire Department		14,000		14,000		13,865		135
Volunteer Fire Departments		272,888		357,804		313,215		44.589
Alternative Community Sentencing		272,000		59,537		14,945		44,592
Pulaski County Special Operations		6,000		8,930		8,267		663
Western Virginia EMS		7,352		7,352		7,352		-
Contribution to REMSI		309,605		309,605		309,605		_
Total Fire and Rescue Services	Ś	1,795,148	Ś	2,041,636	Ś	1,904,144	Ś	137,492
		.,,		_,,,,,,,,,		1,101,111		,
Correction and Detention:								
Regional Jail Payments	\$	2,201,294	\$	2,201,294	\$	1,802,908	\$	398,386
Court Services		6,100		8,174		6,340		1,834
Pretrial Services Grant		320,762		928,252		707,634		220,618
NRV Juvenile Detention Home		117,161		117,162		117,161		1
Community Corrections		530,673		-		215		(215)
Total Correction and Detention	\$	3,175,990	\$	3,254,882	\$	2,634,258	\$	620,624
Inspections								
Inspections: Building Inspections	\$	180,004	ċ	183,874	ċ	176,492	ċ	7,382
Code Enforcement	Ş	71,619	Ş	73,398	Ş	72,128	Ş	1,270
Total Inspections	Ś	251,623	Ś	257,272	Ś	248,620	\$	8,652
rotal inspections		231,023	7	251,212	7	2-10,020	~	0,032
Other Protection:								
Animal Control	\$	315,071	\$	348,543	\$	343,392	\$	5,151
Medical Examiner		1,000		1,000		740		260
Emergency Management		121,924		145,410		144,754		656
Total Other Protection	\$	437,995	\$	494,953	\$	488,886	\$	6,067
Total Public Safety	\$	9,090,171	\$	9,622,944	\$	8,916,280	\$	706,664
5.11: W. I								
Public Works:								
Sanitation and Waste Removal:	,	245 444	,	240 424	_	240.220	_	(207)
General Engineering	\$	315,466	Ş	318,131	Þ	318,338	Þ	(207)
Landfill		119,010		150,025		126,961		23,064
Clean Community Council Total Sanitation and Waste Removal	Ċ	24,007 458,483	Ś	24,007 492,163	Ś	20,442 465,741	Ś	3,565 26,422
Total Sanitation and Waste Removal	_	430,463	Ç	492,103	Ç	403,741	Ç	20,422
Maintenance of General Building and Grounds:								
General Properties	\$	1,049,395	Ś	1,060,015	Ś	936,495	Ś	123,520
Cleaning Services	•	219,619	,	220,223	*	192,404	*	27,819
NRV Airport Salaries and Benefits Reimbursement		172,005		208,291		206,984		1,307
NRV Airport Maintenance Contribution		107,239		107,239		107,239		-
Natural disaster cleanup		-		1,683		1,682		1
Property cleanup		25,000		52,632		50,961		1,671
Total Maintenance of General Buildings and Grounds	\$	1,573,258	\$	1,650,083	\$	1,495,765	\$	154,318
Total Public Works	\$	2,031,741	\$	2,142,246	\$	1,961,506	\$	180,740

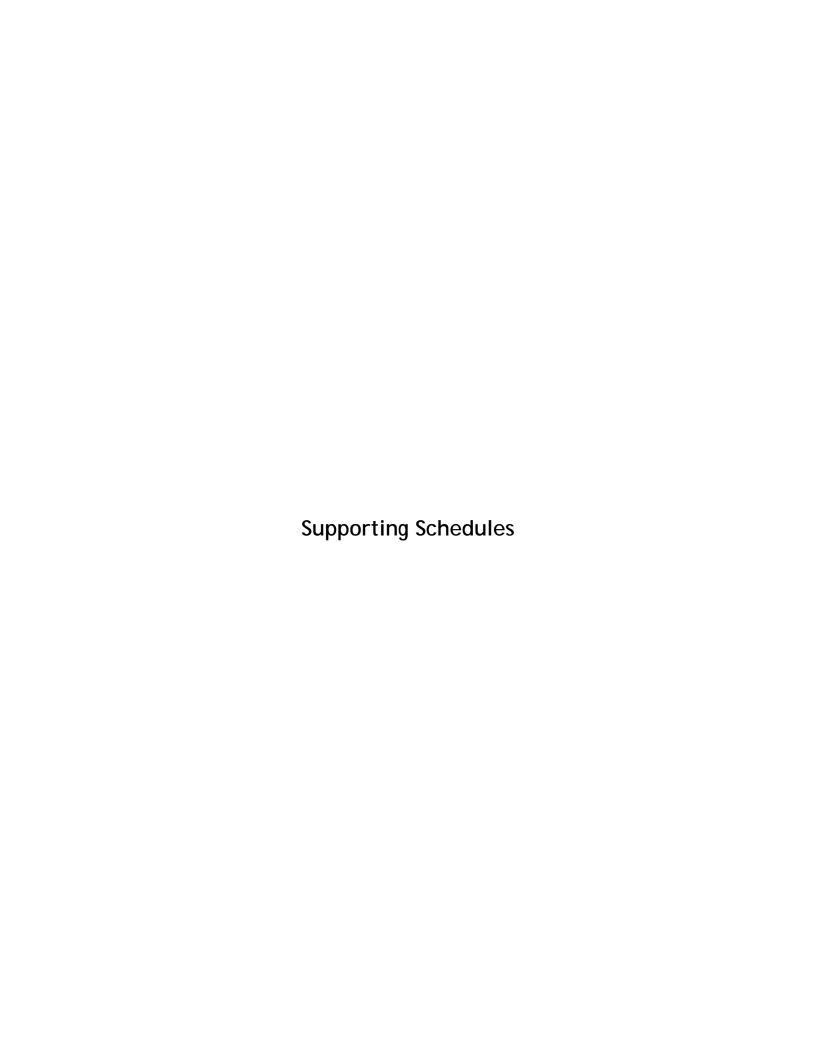
Fund, Function, Activity and Element	Original <u>Budget</u>			Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget- <u>Pos (Neg)</u>	
Primary Government: (continued)								
General Fund: (continued)								
Health and Welfare:								
Health:			_		_			
Supplement of Local Health Department	\$	339,922	\$	339,922	\$	339,922	\$	-
Mental health and mental Retardation:								
Community Services Board	\$	90,489	\$	90,489	\$	90,489	\$	-
Welfare:								
Public Assistance	\$	7,329,606	\$	7,350,606	\$	6,098,412	\$	1,252,194
Welfare Administration	·	60,625	•	60,625	,	40,253	•	20,372
Comprehensive Services Act		5,004,167		5,004,167		3,597,252		1,406,915
Area Agency on Aging		17,312		17,312		17,312		· · · ·
Office on Youth		132,407		173,279		158,276		15,003
Feeding America		2,820		5,640		5,640		´-
Pulaski Area Transit		62,000		62,000		62,000		-
New River Community Action		47,660		47,660		47,660		-
NRV Disability Services		12,209		12,209		12,209		-
Virginia Juvenile Commission on Crime		77,240		77,640		75,876		1,764
Fairview District Home		90,730		90,730		90,729		1
Brain Injury Services of SWVa		2,500		2,500		2,500		-
RSVP Program		17,037		17,037		17,037		-
Beans and Rice		11,500		11,500		11,500		-
NRV Cares		847		847		847		-
Free Clinic of Pulaski County		53,000		53,000		53,000		-
Literacy Volunteers of America		2,250		2,250		2,250		-
Commission on Children and Families		151,434		155,864		155,173		691
Contributions to Other Local Organizations		61,000		60,000		55,000		5,000
Total Welfare	\$	13,136,344	\$	13,204,866	\$	10,502,926	\$	2,701,940
Total Health and Welfare	\$	13,566,755	\$	13,635,277	\$	10,933,337	\$	2,701,940
Education:								
Other Instructional Costs:								
Contribution to New River Community College	\$	16,324	\$	16,324	\$	12,243	\$	4,081
Contribution to Pulaski County School Board		14,204,031		14,804,989		14,092,473		712,516
Total Education	\$	14,220,355	\$	14,821,313	\$	14,104,716	\$	716,597
Parks, Recreational and Cultural:								
Parks and Recreation:								
Parks	\$	24,420	Ś	15,504	Ś	12,486	Ś	3,018
Recreation	*	399,261	•	412,811	*	404,118	,	8,693
Friends of Claytor Lake		37,335		117,335		106,923		10,412
Randolph Park		218,996		234,720		228,983		5,737
Claytor Lake Celebration		10,000		12,525		7,475		5,050
Total Parks and Recreation	\$	690,012	\$	792,895	\$	759,985	\$	32,910
Cultural Enrichment:								
Fine Arts Center	\$	5,000	\$	5,000	\$	5,000	Ś	-

Semeral Fund: (continued) Parks, Recreation and Cultural Endinates Parks	Fund, Function, Activity and Element Primary Government: (continued)		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>		ariance with inal Budget- Pos (Neg)
Community Development: Section	,								
Friends of the Pulaski Theater \$ 5,000 \$,								
Cloyds Mountain S.5.31 S	,		=				=	_	
Round the Mountain Commemorative Items 5,531 (s) 5,531 (s) 5,535 (s) 5,537 (s) 5,54,444 (s) 5,54,442 (s) 5,54,444 (s) 5,54,442 (s) 5,54,444 (s) 5,54,545 (s) 5,64,545 (s)		\$	5,000	\$,	\$		\$	-
Commemorative Items							111		-
Total Cultural Enrichment S 21,531 \$ 21,658 \$ 16,121 \$ 5,537			5,531		,		-		,
Library Library Section Sect			- 24 524					,	
Library Administration	Total Cultural Enrichment	_\$	21,531	\$	21,658	\$	16,121	\$	5,537
Library Administration	Library								
Community Development:		¢	527 471	Ċ	547 701	Ċ	516 500	Ċ	31 201
Total Library		J		ڔ		۲		٦	
Total Parks, Recreation and Cultural \$ 1,376,034 \$ 1,499,364 \$ 1,424,272 \$ 75,092	•	-		ć	- ,	ć		-	
Community Development: Planning and Community Development \$ 45,827 \$ 47,267 \$ 45,335 \$ 1,932 \$ 1,000	Total Library	<u>, </u>	004,471	ڔ	004,011	٠	040,100	٠	30,043
Planning and Community Development	Total Parks, Recreation and Cultural	\$	1,376,034	\$	1,499,364	\$	1,424,272	\$	75,092
Planning and Community Development	Community Development:								
Community Development \$ 45,827 \$ 47,267 \$ 45,335 \$ 1,932 \$ 625,000 \$ 76,226 \$ 49,284 \$ 61,000 \$ 10									
Economic Development 450,525 625,510 576,226 49,284 Chamber of Commerce 10,000 10,000 10,000 - Industrial Park Maintenance 135 135 123 12 Visitors Center 87,740 106,772 101,255 5,517 Planning and Zoning 181,546 183,546 178,417 5,129 NRV Planning District Commission 29,995 29,996 29,995 21,945 NRY Planning District Commission 29,995 29,996 29,995 1 Baskerville Housing Project - 1,945 - 1,945 NRY Competitiveness Center 40,000 40,650 23,640 17,010 181 Corridor Coalition 4,000 4,000 4,000 - VDOT Refund - Shae Dawn Project - 130,000 130,000 - Contribution to Pulaski County IDA 366,085 441,008 349,909 91,099 Contribution to Pulaski County ESA 125,259 147,246 127,393 19,853		ς	<i>4</i> 5 827	ς	47 267	ς	<i>4</i> 5 335	ς	1 932
Chamber of Commerce Industrial Park Maintenance 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,0000 10,0		Ţ	,	7	,	7	,	7	,
Industrial Park Maintenance	· ·								•
Visitors Center 87,40 106,772 101,255 5,517 Planning and Zoning 181,546 183,546 178,417 5,129 NRV Planning District Commission 29,995 29,996 29,995 1 Baskerville Housing Project - 1,945 - 1,945 NR Highland RC&D 8,800 9,000 9,000 - NRV Competitiveness Center 40,000 40,000 4,000 - NRV Competitiveness Center 4,000 4,000 4,000 - VDOT Refund - Shae Dawn Project - 130,000 130,000 - Contribution to Pulaski County IDA 366,085 441,008 349,09 91,099 Contribution to Pulaski County IDA 36,085 147,246 127,393 19,853 Total Planning and Community Development \$ 1,349,912 \$ 1,777,075 \$ 1,585,293 \$ 191,782 Environmental Management: \$ 13,000 \$ 116,056 \$ 113,000 \$ 2,433,000 \$ 2,403 Cooperative Extension Program: \$ 1,476,568 \$ 1,966,13			,		,		,		
Planning and Zoning 181,546 183,546 178,417 5,129 NRV Planning District Commission 29,995 29,996 29,995 1 Baskerville Housing Project - 1,945 - 1,945 NR Highland RC&D 8,800 9,000 9,000 - NRV Competitiveness Center 40,000 40,650 23,640 17,010 18 1 Corridor Coalition 4,000 4,000 4,000 - VDOT Refund - Shae Dawn Project 36,085 441,008 349,999 91,099 Contribution to Pulaski County DBA 366,085 441,008 349,999 91,099 Contribution to Pulaski County PSA 125,259 147,246 127,393 19,853 Total Planning and Community Development \$ 13,409,112 \$ 1,777,075 \$ 1,585,293 \$ 191,782 Environmental Management: \$ 13,000 \$ 13,000 \$ 13,000 \$ 13,000 \$ 2,433,000 \$ 2,403 Cooperative Extension Program: \$ 1,476,568 \$ 116,056 \$ 113,653 \$ 2,403 Total Community Deve									
NRV Planning District Commission 29,995 29,996 29,995 1 Baskerville Housing Project - 1,945 - 1,945 NRV R Highland RCED 8,800 9,000 9,000 - NRV Competitiveness Center 40,000 40,650 23,640 17,010 1 81 Corridor Coalition 40,000 4,000 4,000 - VDOT Refund - Shae Dawn Project - 130,000 130,000 - Contribution to Pulaski County IDA 366,085 441,008 349,099 91,099 Contribution to Pulaski County PSA 125,259 147,246 127,393 19,853 Total Planning and Community Development \$ 1,349,912 \$ 1,777,075 \$ 1,585,293 \$ 191,782 Environmental Management: \$ 13,000 \$ 13,000 \$ 13,000 \$ 13,000 \$ 2,433 Cooperative Extension Program: \$ 113,656 \$ 116,056 \$ 113,653 \$ 2,403 Total Community Development \$ 1,476,568 \$ 1,906,131 \$ 1,711,946 \$ 194,185 Non-Departmental: <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>- , -</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>			- , -						
Baskerville Housing Project 1,945 1,710 1,100									
NR Highland RC&D	<u> </u>		29,993		,		,		
NRV Competitiveness Center 40,000 40,650 23,640 17,010 181 Corridor Coalition 4,000 4,000 4,000 - VDOT Refund - Shae Dawn Project - 130,000 130,000 - Contribution to Pulaski County IDA 366,085 441,008 349,909 91,099 Contribution to Pulaski County PSA 125,259 147,246 127,393 19,853 Total Planning and Community Development \$ 1,349,912 \$ 1,777,075 \$ 1,585,293 \$ 191,782 Environmental Management: \$ 13,000 \$ 13,000 \$ 13,000 \$ 13,000 \$ - Cooperative Extension Program: \$ 13,000 \$ 13,000 \$ 13,000 \$ 13,000 \$ 2,433 Total Community Development \$ 1,476,568 \$ 1,906,131 \$ 1,711,946 \$ 194,185 Non-Departmental: \$ 202,208 \$ 493,440 \$ - \$ 493,440 Other Non-Departmental \$ 2,433,902 \$ (748,793) Debt Service: \$ 1,685,109 \$ 1,685,109 \$ 2,433,902 \$ (748,793) Interest and Other Fiscal Char	y ,		- 0.000		,				1,945
181 Corridor Coalition	3		,		,		.,		47.040
VDOT Refund - Shae Dawn Project Contribution to Pulaski County IDA 130,000 130,000 - Contribution to Pulaski County IDA 366,085 441,008 349,099 91,099 Contribution to Pulaski County PSA 125,259 147,246 127,393 19,853 Total Planning and Community Development \$ 1,349,912 \$ 1,777,075 \$ 1,585,293 \$ 191,782 Environmental Management: Contribution to Soil and Water District \$ 13,000 \$ 13,000 \$ 13,000 \$ - Cooperative Extension Program: Extension Office \$ 113,656 \$ 116,056 \$ 113,653 \$ 2,403 Total Community Development \$ 1,476,568 \$ 1,906,131 \$ 1,711,946 \$ 194,185 Non-Departmental: \$ 202,208 \$ 493,440 \$ - \$ 493,440 Debt Service: Principal Retirement \$ 1,685,109 \$ 1,685,109 \$ 2,433,902 \$ (748,793) Interest and Other Fiscal Charges 1,568,472 1,568,472 819,279 749,193 Total Debt Service \$ 3,253,581 \$ 3,253,581 \$ 3,253,181 \$ 400									17,010
Contribution to Pulaski County IDA Contribution to Pulaski County PSA 366,085 125,259 441,008 147,246 349,909 127,393 91,099 19,853 Total Planning and Community Development \$ 1,349,912 \$ 1,777,075 \$ 1,585,293 \$ 191,782 Environmental Management: Contribution to Soil and Water District \$ 13,000 \$ 13,000 \$ 13,000 \$ - Cooperative Extension Program: Extension Office \$ 113,656 \$ 116,056 \$ 113,653 \$ 2,403 Total Community Development \$ 1,476,568 \$ 1,906,131 \$ 1,711,946 \$ 194,185 Non-Departmental: Other Non-Departmental \$ 202,208 \$ 493,440 \$ - \$ 493,440 Debt Service: Principal Retirement Interest and Other Fiscal Charges Total Debt Service \$ 1,685,109 \$ 1,685,109 \$ 2,433,902 \$ (748,793) Total Debt Service \$ 3,253,581 \$ 3,253,581 \$ 3,253,181 \$ 400			4,000						-
Contribution to Pulaski County PSA 125,259 147,246 127,393 19,853 Total Planning and Community Development \$ 1,349,912 \$ 1,777,075 \$ 1,585,293 \$ 191,782 Environmental Management:	,		-						
Total Planning and Community Development \$ 1,349,912 \$ 1,777,075 \$ 1,585,293 \$ 191,782	•				,		,		,
Environmental Management:	•			_					
Contribution to Soil and Water District \$ 13,000 \$ 13,000 \$ 13,000 \$ Cooperative Extension Program:	Total Planning and Community Development	_\$	1,349,912	\$	1,777,075	\$	1,585,293	\$	191,782
Contribution to Soil and Water District \$ 13,000 \$ 13,000 \$ 13,000 \$ Cooperative Extension Program:	Environmental Management:								
Cooperative Extension Program: Extension Office \$ 113,656 \$ 116,056 \$ 113,653 \$ 2,403 Total Community Development \$ 1,476,568 \$ 1,906,131 \$ 1,711,946 \$ 194,185 Non-Departmental: Other Non-Departmental \$ 202,208 \$ 493,440 \$ - \$ 493,440 Debt Service: Principal Retirement Interest and Other Fiscal Charges Total Debt Service \$ 1,685,109 \$ 1,685,109 \$ 2,433,902 \$ (748,793) 1,568,472 1,568,472 819,279 749,193 Total Debt Service \$ 3,253,581 \$ 3,253,581 \$ 3,253,181 \$ 400		¢	13 000	¢	13 000	¢	13 000	¢	_
Extension Office	Contribution to soil and water district	٠	13,000	ڔ	13,000	ڔ	13,000	٠,	
Extension Office	Cooperative Extension Program:								
Total Community Development \$ 1,476,568 \$ 1,906,131 \$ 1,711,946 \$ 194,185 Non-Departmental: Other Non-Departmental \$ 202,208 \$ 493,440 \$ - \$ 493,440 Debt Service: Principal Retirement \$ 1,685,109 \$ 1,685,109 \$ 2,433,902 \$ (748,793) Interest and Other Fiscal Charges 1,568,472 1,568,472 819,279 749,193 Total Debt Service \$ 3,253,581 \$ 3,253,581 \$ 3,253,181 \$ 400		ς	113 656	ς	116 056	ς	113 653	ς	2 403
Non-Departmental: \$ 202,208 \$ 493,440 \$ - \$ 493,440 Debt Service: Principal Retirement \$ 1,685,109 \$ 1,685,109 \$ 2,433,902 \$ (748,793) Interest and Other Fiscal Charges 1,568,472 1,568,472 1,568,472 819,279 749,193 Total Debt Service \$ 3,253,581 \$ 3,253,581 \$ 3,253,181 \$ 400	Extension office		113,030	7	110,030	7	113,033	7	2,403
Other Non-Departmental \$ 202,208 \$ 493,440 \$ - \$ 493,440 Debt Service: Principal Retirement \$ 1,685,109 \$ 1,685,109 \$ 2,433,902 \$ (748,793) Interest and Other Fiscal Charges Total Debt Service \$ 3,253,581 \$ 3,253,581 \$ 3,253,181 \$ 400	Total Community Development	\$	1,476,568	\$	1,906,131	\$	1,711,946	\$	194,185
Other Non-Departmental \$ 202,208 \$ 493,440 \$ - \$ 493,440 Debt Service: Principal Retirement \$ 1,685,109 \$ 1,685,109 \$ 2,433,902 \$ (748,793) Interest and Other Fiscal Charges 1,568,472 1,568,472 819,279 749,193 Total Debt Service \$ 3,253,581 \$ 3,253,581 \$ 3,253,181 \$ 400	Non-Departmental:								
Principal Retirement \$ 1,685,109 \$ 1,685,109 \$ 2,433,902 \$ (748,793) Interest and Other Fiscal Charges 1,568,472 1,568,472 \$ 819,279 \$ 749,193 Total Debt Service \$ 3,253,581 \$ 3,253,581 \$ 3,253,181 \$ 400	•	\$	202,208	\$	493,440	\$	-	\$	493,440
Principal Retirement \$ 1,685,109 \$ 1,685,109 \$ 2,433,902 \$ (748,793) Interest and Other Fiscal Charges 1,568,472 1,568,472 \$ 819,279 \$ 749,193 Total Debt Service \$ 3,253,581 \$ 3,253,581 \$ 3,253,181 \$ 400	Dobt Comica.								
Interest and Other Fiscal Charges 1,568,472 1,568,472 819,279 749,193 Total Debt Service \$ 3,253,581 \$ 3,253,581 \$ 3,253,181 \$ 400		÷	1 405 100	ċ	1 405 100	ċ	2 422 002	ċ	(740 702)
Total Debt Service \$ 3,253,581 \$ 3,253,581 \$ 3,253,181 \$ 400	·	\$		Ş	, ,	þ	, ,	Ş	` , ,
	5			Ċ		ċ		ċ	
Total General Fund \$ 49,450,043 \$ 52,314,990 \$ 46,911,801 \$ 5,403,189	lotal Dedt Service	\$	3,253,581	>	3,253,581	>	3,253,181	>	400
	Total General Fund	\$	49,450,043	\$	52,314,990	\$	46,911,801	\$	5,403,189

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original Budget		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fir	riance with nal Budget- Pos (Neg)
Primary Government: (continued) Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds:								
Tornado Relief Fund:								
Welfare:								
Tornado relief cleanup	\$	-	\$	16,645	\$	-	\$	16,645
Total Tornado Relief Fund	\$	-	\$	16,645	\$	-	\$	16,645
Highway Maintenance Fund: Public Works:								
Streets and Highways:								
Engineering & Architectual	\$	-	\$	139,480	\$	139,480	\$	
Total Highway Maintenance Fund	\$	-	\$	139,480	\$	139,480	\$	-
Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	\$	-	\$	156,125	\$	139,480	\$	16,645
Nonmajor Capital Project Funds:								
School CIP Fund: General Government Administration: Capital Projects:								
Dublin Elementary School	\$	-	\$	426,061	\$	-	\$	426,061
Miscellaneous Total Capital Projects	Ś		\$	53,582 479,643	\$	-	\$	53,582 479,643
Total capital Projects			٠,	77,073	7		٠,	477,043
Total School Construction Fund	\$	-	\$	479,643	\$	-	\$	479,643
Nonmajor Capital Project Funds: County CIP Fund: General Government Administration: General and Financial Administration:								
Treasurer	\$	_	\$	9,469	5	_	\$	9,469
Information Technology	•	29,334	•	372,119	•	58,708	•	313,411
Communications		60,000		114,901		55,656		59,245
Commissioner of Revenue		- 00 224		412,957		-		412,957
Total General and Financial Administration	\$	89,334	\$	909,446	\$	114,364	\$	795,082
Public Safety								
Law Enforcement and Traffic Control:								
Pulaski County Special Operations Sheriff	\$	162,000	\$	4,790 131,320	\$	4,790 125,002	\$	- 4 249
Total Law Enforcement and Traffic Control	\$	162,000	\$	136,110	\$	129,792	\$	6,318 6,318
Fire and Rescue Services:								
Volunteer Fire Departments	\$	160,000	\$	1,788,396	\$	1,490,728	\$	297,668
Contribution to REMSI		-		-		220,000	\$	(220,000)

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Fi	riance with nal Budget- Pos (Neg)
Primary Government: (continued)							
Nonmajor Capital Project Fund: (continued) County CIP Fund: (continued)							
Emergency Services	¢		ċ	7,567	\$ 7,567	\$	
Total Fire and Rescue Services	\$ \$	160,000	\$	1,795,963	\$ 1,718,295	\$	77,668
Inspections:							
Building Inspection	\$	-	\$	66,381	\$ -	\$	66,381
Total Public Safety	\$	322,000	\$	1,998,454	\$ 1,848,087	\$	150,367
Public Works:							
Sanitation and Waste Removal:							
Refuse collection and disposal	\$	100,000	\$	32,428	\$ 32,427	\$	1
Maintenance of Highways, Streets, Bridges, and Sidewalks:							
Maintenance	\$	-	\$	649,316	\$ 349,514	\$	299,802
Maintenance of General Building and Grounds:							
General Properties	\$	444,400	\$	1,539,548	\$ 272,882	\$	1,266,666
Total Public Works	\$	544,400	\$	2,221,292	\$ 654,823	\$	1,566,469
Health and Welfare:							
Welfare:							
Public Assistance	\$	-	\$	446,018	\$ 166,435	\$	279,583
Education:							
Contribution to Pulaski County School Board: School Buses	\$	302,357	\$	301,628	\$ 301,628	\$	
Parks, Recreational and Cultural:							
Parks and Recreation:							
Recreation	\$	10,000	\$	89,928	74,054		15,874
Friends of Claytor Lake		-		30,000	30,000		-
Swimming pools		-		-	48		(48)
Loving field		-		9,566	4,488		5,078
NRV Fair		34,000		34,000	22,200		11,800
Historical landmarks		-		1,258	-		1,258
Total Parks and Recreation	\$	44,000	\$	164,752	\$ 130,790	\$	33,962
Cultural Enrichment:							
Library	\$	-	\$	4,414	-	\$	4,414
Total Cultural Enrichment	\$	-	\$	4,414	\$ -	\$	4,414
Total Parks, Recreation and Cultural	\$	44,000	\$	169,166	\$ 130,790	\$	38,376

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	_	ariance with inal Budget- Pos (Neg)
Primary Government: (continued) Nonmajor Capital Project Fund: (continued) County CIP Fund: (continued) Community Development:								
Planning and Community Development: County building improvements Contribution to IDA	\$	160,000	\$	272,442	\$	2,750 175,023	\$	269,692 (175,023)
Contribution to REMSI	_	220,000		220,000		-		220,000
Total Community Development	\$	385,000	\$	492,442	\$	177,773	\$	314,669
Total County CIP Fund	\$	1,687,091	\$	6,538,446	\$	3,393,900	\$	3,144,546
Total Nonmajor Capital Project Funds	\$	1,687,091	\$	7,018,089	\$	3,393,900	\$	3,624,189
Total Primary Government	\$	51,137,134	\$	59,489,204	\$	50,445,181	\$	9,044,023
Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board: School Operating Fund: Education:								
Administration of schools:								
Administration, health and attendance	\$	2,235,539	\$	2,235,539	\$	2,133,804	\$	101,735
Instructional:								
Instruction	\$	34,879,387	\$	34,435,277	\$	32,590,103	\$	1,845,174
Other operating costs:								
Pupil transportation	\$	2,456,639	Ś	2,456,639	Ś	2,735,596	Ś	(278,957)
Operation and maintenance of school plant	•	5,332,406	•	5,424,406	•	5,460,318	•	(35,912)
Food services		2,422,877		2,434,377		2,550,563		(116,186)
Technical resources		2,019,798		2,019,798		2,113,890		(94,092)
Facilities		74,585		1,140,221		599,730		540,491
Total other operating costs	\$	12,306,305	\$	13,475,441	\$	13,460,097	\$	15,344
Total Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board	\$	49,421,231	\$	50,146,257	\$	48,184,004	\$	1,962,253



County of Pulaski, Virginia Government-Wide Expenses by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total	48,250,061	46,074,916	49,288,243	45,687,525	44,545,906	49,993,168	43,622,241	42,618,125	42,266,192	37,239,130
Interest on Long- Term Debt	785,624 \$	854,398	780,400	1,210,907	1,135,681	1,145,941	938,678	1,661,533	1,289,490	1,378,323
Community Development	1,149,908 \$	2,444,344	5,180,699	3,023,726	1,872,699	7,503,176	4,730,543	5,006,587	3,808,164	1,642,552
Parks, Recreation, and Cultural	1,615,012 \$	1,474,176	1,581,597	1,424,232	1,676,018	1,457,169	1,461,399	1,345,770	1,411,956	1,405,132
Education	15,480,363 \$	15,078,566	14,981,310	14,300,540	12,845,614	14,686,128	12,492,540	10,321,494	13,587,527	12,024,573
Health and Welfare	10,957,406 \$	10,778,762	10,387,390	11,482,125	11,585,645	11,078,762	10,646,521	11,030,808	10,201,396	9,705,772
Public Works	2,617,920 \$	2,248,209	3,355,036	1,601,211	2,457,115	1,701,286	1,631,480	1,480,384	1,426,527	208,747
Public Safety	10,833,574 \$	9,084,993	8,960,435	8,526,040	8,279,912	8,092,547	7,767,882	7,995,638	6,411,555	7,349,363
Judicial Administration	2,109,851 \$	1,839,512	1,763,999	1,444,538	1,663,626	1,594,599	1,598,836	1,548,396	1,483,884	1,292,617
General Government Administration	2,700,402 \$	2,271,956	2,297,377	2,674,206	3,029,596	2,733,560	2,354,362	2,227,515	2,645,693	2,232,051
Fiscal Year A	2016-17 \$	2015-16	2014-15	2013-14	2012-13	2011-12	2010-11	2009-10	2008-09	2007-08

County of Pulaski, Virginia Government-Wide Revenues Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Total	51,792,136	50,564,504	49,670,191	48,159,285	47,305,818	45,113,221	43,871,773	46,387,726	43,266,070	41,565,045
Grants and Contributions Not Restricted	to Specific Programs	2,653,536 \$	2,582,112	2,637,132	2,651,916	3,572,616	2,514,364	1,040,960	2,631,288	2,143,390	1,863,623
	Miscellaneous	113,955 \$	363,247	352,115	127,828	118,247	391,985	394,290	208,630	526,812	18,634
General Revenues Unrestricted	Investment Earnings	371,956 \$	306,940	268,759	405,155	433,446	379,141	329,563	297,227	540,453	1,498,977
Other	Local Taxes	7,476,305 \$	7,247,877	7,120,592	6,839,403	6,581,448	6,523,924	5,617,664	5,171,842	6,565,919	6,775,619
General	Property Taxes	\$ 26,556,425 \$	25,966,779	25,590,142	24,368,213	23,279,472	21,993,777	21,623,192	21,173,271	20,175,233	19,521,565
Capital	Grants and Contributions	139,906	1,364,931	106,529	268,452	366,974	72,633	1,766,976	3,682,304		•
Program Revenues Operating	Grants and Contributions	13,695,749 \$	12,010,459	12,748,161	12,782,630	12,238,191	12,511,682	11,842,138	12,010,339	12,077,362	11,410,564
Pri Charges	for Services	784,304 \$	722,159	846,761	715,688	715,424	725,715	1,256,990	1,212,825	1,236,901	476,063
	Fiscal Year	2016-17 \$	2015-16	2014-15	2013-14	2012-13	2011-12	2010-11	2009-10	2008-09	2007-08

County of Pulaski, Virginia General Governmental Expenditures by Function (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

73,698,115	3,293,977 2,634,931		1,596,685	1,399,957	48,062,018 46,646,147	9,669,237	1,268,510	7,030,814	1,47,967	2,383,213	2008-09
17,000	25,730,11		1,000	000, 111	40,040,040	11,172,000	1,00,001,1	7,070,7	1,00,000	7,02,032	2007
80 116 881	11 032 436	,	5 571 584	1 307 056	47 643 617	11 107 888	1 408 001	7 370 735	1 547 625	1 087 857	2000-10
78,029,226	3,185,949		4,840,124	1,547,452	44,568,538	10,859,550	1,542,354	7,775,675	1,581,628	2,127,956	2010-11
84,054,023	3,366,806		7,635,743	1,604,803	46,334,107	11,360,061	1,812,147	8,029,761	1,620,149	2,290,446	2011-12
81,540,515	3,392,643	48,676	1,987,979	1,779,669	46,184,157	11,833,951	2,945,057	8,687,200	1,658,842	3,022,341	2012-13
85,190,338	3,235,756	62,946	3,350,445	1,825,172	46,534,079	11,523,164	3,190,606	10,944,572	1,763,092	2,760,506	2013-14
85,003,816	3,013,268	149,816	5,233,090	1,550,851	46,858,303	10,417,669	3,541,420	9,701,372	1,855,350	2,682,677	2014-15
87,336,168	7,969,056	11,203	2,445,903	1,571,268	47,273,041	11,601,877	2,399,136	9,472,446	1,936,077	2,656,161	2015-16
\$ 84,235,084	\$ 3,253,181	· \$	\$ 1,889,719	\$ 1,555,062	\$ 48,196,247	\$ 11,099,772	\$ 2,755,809	\$ 10,764,367	\$ 2,015,564	\$ 2,705,363	2016-17
Total	Service (3)	Departmental	Development	and Cultural	Education (2)	Welfare	Works	Safety	Administration	Administration	Year
				Parks,						General	

(1) Includes Primary Government (excluding School Construction) and its Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board.
(2) Excludes contribution from Primary Government to Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board.
(3) Debt service increased in fiscal year 2009-10 due to repayment of the IDA lease revenue note in the amount of \$7,735,000.

County of Pulaski, Virginia General Governmental Revenues by Source (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total	\$ 86,814,536 83,780,038 83,511,101 82,283,571 80,114,614 78,044,227 83,647,907 80,803,971
Inter- overnmental (2)	47,773,424 46,644,090 46,388,682 46,426,984 47,237,335 47,772,335 45,719,285 52,933,326 49,182,768 46,144,874
vog	~
Recovered Costs	\$ 2,508,787 1,670,611 1,694,079 2,064,141 3,557,119 1,829,882 1,853,759 1,947,692 1,558,694 1,219,985
Miscellaneous	\$ 227,596 138,056 361,530 188,158 130,309 430,075 529,614 222,348 536,379 26,151
Charges for Services	\$ 1,952,158 1,887,874 2,198,388 1,477,261 1,618,580 1,706,348 1,594,988 1,594,988 1,554,988 1,554,349
Revenue from the Use of Money and Property	383,286 319,238 287,464 420,047 445,996 398,689 340,570 311,542 562,575 1,540,511
Fines and Forfeitures	\$ 60,363 \$ 30,051 120,427 97,337 72,758 35,874 37,738 31,439 24,895 34,685
Permits, rivilege Fees, Regulatory Licenses	134,340 128,556 147,521 137,443 135,443 129,393 692,279 664,789 708,997
Pr	∽
Other Local Taxes	\$ 7,476,305 7,247,877 7,120,592 6,839,403 6,583,448 6,523,924 5,617,664 5,171,842 6,565,919 6,565,919
General Property Taxes	\$ 26,298,277 25,713,685 25,713,685 25,192,418 24,638,943 23,174,330 21,788,104 21,588,104 21,658,330 20,836,110 20,112,490 19,158,479
Fiscal Year	2016-17 2015-16 2014-15 2013-14 2011-13 2011-12 2009-10 2008-09 2007-08

(1) Includes Primary Government (excluding School Construction) and its Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board. (2) Excludes contribution from Primary Government to Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board.

County of Pulaski, Virginia Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Percent of	Delinquent	Taxes to	Tax Levy	12.96%	11.73%	12.82%	11.71%	9.72%	10.88%	12.76%	10.76%	11.95%	12.19%
		Outstanding	Delinquent	Taxes (1)	\$ 3,634,099	3,232,106	3,428,552	2,978,078	2,434,494	2,612,718	2,970,797	2,468,936	2,571,593	2,400,211
	Percent of	Total Tax	Collections	to Tax Levy	97.51%	97.45%	98.53%	101.03%	97.23%	97.14%	97.10%	96.43%	88.86	%20.96
		Total	Тах	Collections	\$ 27,350,063	26,847,622	26,348,279	25,686,316	24,351,615	23,322,705	22,611,815	22,119,536	21,280,960	18,899,756
Last Tell Liscal Teals		Delinquent	Тах	Collections (1)	\$ 82,924	170,543	93,368	1,167,629	160,657	761,290	540,891	82,243	120,144	80,471
Last		Percent	of Levy	Collected	97.21%	96.84%	98.18%	96.44%	96.59%	93.97%	94.78%	%20.96	98.33%	95.61%
		Current	Тах	Collections (1)	\$ 27,267,139	26,677,079	26,254,911	24,518,687	24,190,958	22,561,415	22,070,924	22,037,293	21,160,816	18,819,285
		Total	Тах	Levy (1)	\$ 28,049,095	27,548,852	26,742,150	25,423,667	25,044,163	24,009,139	23,286,597	22,938,080	21,519,644	19,683,092
			Fiscal	Year	2016-17	2015-16	2014-15	2013-14	2012-13	2011-12	2010-11	2009-10	2008-09	2007-08

(1) Includes penalty and interest.

Assessed Value (1) of Taxable Property County of Pulaski, Virginia Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total	\$ 3,242,848,125	3,205,360,722	3,249,254,941	3,401,343,071	3,486,548,688	3,338,064,909	3,203,389,711	3,225,183,793	2,817,068,574	2,548,425,287
Public Service (2)	\$ 149,228,267	144,390,827	141,855,487	132,601,989	134,148,506	132,152,095	132,610,234	129,791,012	91,287,377	95,857,158
Merchants' Capital (3)	· •	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	5,330,647
Machinery and Tools	\$ 236,896,594	228,505,168	208,708,502	187,946,761	187,946,761	173,603,157	186,011,482	182,554,833	127,627,258	174,231,700
Personal Property and Mobile Home	\$ 319,208,214	308,155,852	299,330,652	309,328,321	309,328,321	283,251,757	277,054,341	285,048,023	311,944,879	288,718,297
Real Estate	\$ 2,537,515,050	2,524,308,875	2,599,360,300	2,771,466,000	2,855,125,100	2,749,057,900	2,607,713,654	2,627,789,925	2,286,209,060	1,984,287,485
Fiscal Year	2016-17	2015-16	2014-15	2013-14	2012-13	2011-12	2010-11	2009-10	2008-09	2007-08

Assessments at 100% of fair market value.
 Assessed values are established by the State Corporation Commission.
 The County stopped collecting merchants' capital taxes in fiscal year 2008-09.

County of Pulaski, Virginia Property Tax Rates (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Mobile Homes	0.64	0.64	0.64	0.59	0.59	0.54	0.54	0.50	0.50	0.62
		\$									
	Merchants' Capital (6)	1									4.80
	∑ ∪	\$									
Machinery	and Tools	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50
		\$									
	Personal Property	2.35	2.35	2.35	2.35	2.35	2.14	2.14	2.14	2.14	2.00
		\$									
	Real Estate	0.64 \$	0.64	0.59/0.64	0.59	0.54/0.59	0.54	0.54	0.50/0.54	0.62/0.50	0.62
		\$									
	Fiscal Year	2016-17	2015-16	2014-15 (5)	2013-14	2012-13 (4)	2011-12	2010-11	2009-10 (3)	2008-09 (2)	2007-08

Real estate rates decreased from \$0.62 to \$0.50 beginning with the first half 2009.

Real estate rates increased from \$0.50 to \$0.54 beginning with the first half 2010. Real estate rates increased from \$0.54 to \$.59 beginning with the first half 2013 Real estate rates increased from \$0.59 to \$.64 beginning with the first half 2015 (1) Per \$100 of assessed value.
 (2) Real estate rates decreased fr
 (3) Real estate rates increased fr
 (4) Real estate rates increased fr
 (5) Real estate rates of increased fr
 (6) The County stopped collecting

The County stopped collecting merchants' capital taxes in fiscal year 2008-09.

Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita County of Pulaski, Virginia Last Ten Fiscal Years

Net Bonded Debt per Capita	651 576 679 738 769 829 889 1,005
Be G	∽
Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Assessed Value	0.70% 0.63% 0.73% 0.77% 0.87% 1.02% 1.25%
Net Bonded Debt	\$ 22,709,144 20,094,769 23,671,302 25,721,676 26,807,252 28,919,439 30,994,428 33,006,407 35,315,701 36,984,070
Gross Bonded Debt (3)	\$ 22,709,144 20,094,769 23,671,302 25,721,676 26,807,252 28,919,439 30,994,428 33,006,407 35,315,701 36,984,070
Assessed Value (in Thousands) (2)	\$ 3,242,848 3,205,361 3,249,255 3,401,343 3,486,549 3,338,065 3,203,390 3,225,184 2,817,069 2,548,425
Population (1)	34,872 34,872 34,872 34,872 34,872 34,872 35,127 35,127
Fiscal Year	2016-17 2015-16 2014-15 2013-14 2012-13 2011-12 2009-10 2008-09 2007-08

(1) Bureau of the Census.(2) Assessments at 100% of fair market value.

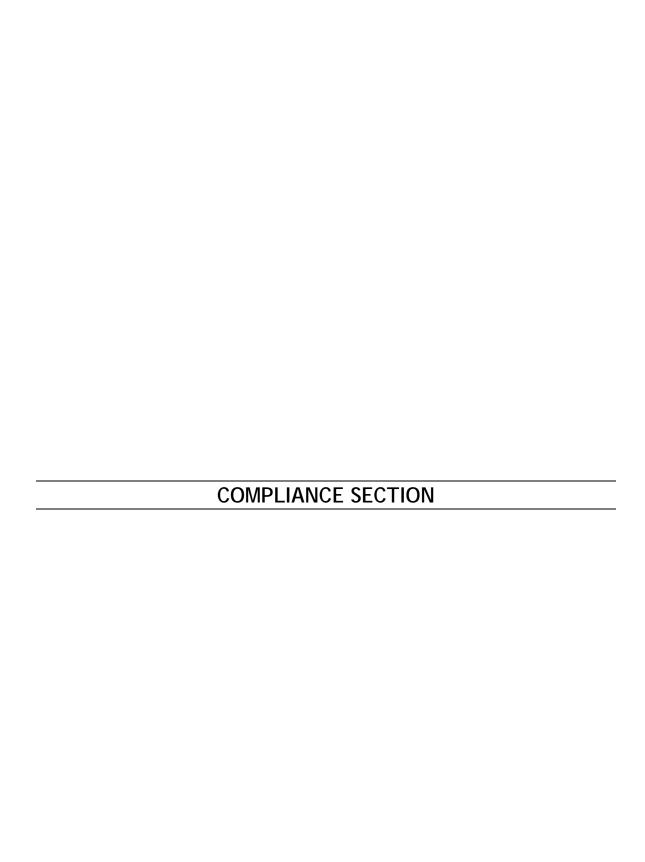
(3) Includes all long-term general obligation bonded debt, bonded anticipation notes, and literary fund loans. Excludes revenue bonds, landfill post-closure monitoring, capital lease and compensated absences.

Table 9

Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for General Bonded Debt to Total General Governmental County of Pulaski, Virginia Expenditures (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Ratio of Debt Service to General Governmental Expenditures	3.86% 9.12% 3.71% 4.01% 4.03% 4.23% 3.58%
Total General Governmental Expenditures	\$ 84,235,084 87,336,168 85,003,816 85,190,338 81,540,515 84,054,023 78,029,226 89,146,884 77,968,816 73,698,115
Total Debt Service	\$ 3,253,181 7,969,056 3,157,011 3,157,011 3,392,643 3,366,806 3,185,949 11,032,436 3,294,568 2,634,931
Interest	\$ 819,279 873,626 904,063 1,114,718 1,222,812 1,291,818 1,091,238 1,590,316 1,536,795 1,365,481
Principal	\$ 2,433,902 7,095,430 2,109,205 2,042,293 2,169,831 2,074,988 2,074,988 2,094,711 9,442,120 1,757,773
Fiscal Year	2016-17 2015-16 2014-15 2013-14 2012-13 2011-12 2009-10 2008-09 2007-08

(1) Includes Primary Government (excluding School Construction) and its Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board.



ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Pulaski, Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Pulaski, Virginia as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County of Pulaski, Virginia's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 5, 2017.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County of Pulaski, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Pulaski, Virginia's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Pulaski, Virginia's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County of Pulaski, Virginia's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Blacksburg, Virginia December 5, 2017

Robinson, Famer, Cox associates

ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance For Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Pulaski, Virginia

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the County of Pulaski, Virginia's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County of Pulaski, Virginia's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2017. County of Pulaski, Virginia's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the County of Pulaski, Virginia's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County of Pulaski, Virginia's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County of Pulaski, Virginia's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the County of Pulaski, Virginia complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2017.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the County of Pulaski, Virginia is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the County of Pulaski, Virginia's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Pulaski, Virginia's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Blacksburg, Virginia December 5, 2017

Robinson, Farmer, Cox associates

County of Pulaski, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Federal Grantor/State Pass Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass Through Entity Identifying Number			Federal Expenditures	Expenditures to Suprecipients
Department of Health and Human Services:						_
Pass through Payments: Department of Social Services:						
Child Care and Development Fund Cluster:	02.575	770444		(4.542)		
Child Care and Development Block Grant Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds of the Child Care	93.575	770116	\$	(1,543)		
and Development Fund	93.596	760115/760116		86,363		
Total Child Care and Development Fund Cluster Promoting Safe and Stable Families	93.556	950114/950115		\$	84,820 12,286	
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF)	93.558	400115/400116			428,608	
Refugee and Entrant Assistance - State Administered Programs	93.566	500115/500116			1,608	
Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program	93.568 93.645	600415/600416 900115/900116			52,216 879	
Foster Care - Title IV-E	93.658	1100115/1100116			693,564	
Adoption Assistance	93.659	1120115/1120116			643,152	
Social Services Block Grant Chafee Foster Care Independence Program	93.667 93.674	1000115/1000116 9150115/9150116			302,087 6,346	
Children's Health Insurance Program	93.767	540115/540116			19,515	
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	1200115/1200116			586,959	
Chafee Education and Training Vouchers Program Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services-Projects of Regional	93.599	9160114/9160115			1,639	
and National Significance	93.243	50324			44,886	
Total Department of Health and Human Services				Ś	2,878,565	
				,	2,070,000	
Department of Agriculture: Direct payments:						
Farmers' Market and Local Food Promotion Program	10.168	Not applicable		\$	23,745	
Pass through Payments:						
Department of Agriculture:						
Child Nutrition Cluster: Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	Not available	\$	60,050		
National School Lunch Program (Note 3)	10.555	40623	\$ 180,430	,		
Department of Education:	10 FFF	40/22	1 070 (27	1 251 057		
National School Lunch Program School Breakfast Program	10.555 10.553	40623 40253/40591	1,070,627	1,251,057 422,712		
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			•	,	1,733,819	
Schools and Roads - Grants to States	10.665	Not available			2,745	
Department of Social Services:						
State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program	10.561	10115/10116 40115/10116		\$	454,953	
Total Department of Agriculture				Ś	2,215,262	
Department of Justice:				Ť	2,213,202	
Pass through Payments:						
Department of Criminal Justice Services:						
Crime Victim Assistance Drug Court Discretionary Grant Program	16.575 16.585	14VAGX0051/15VAGX0043 Not available		\$	138,989	
, ,	10.363	NOL AVAILABLE			110,333	
Total Department of Justice				\$	249,322	
Department of Transportation: Pass-through payments:						
Department of Motor Vehicles:						
Alcohol Open Container Requirements	20.607	Not available		\$	18,305	
Virginia Department of Transportation: Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	Not available			7,235	
Total Department of Transportation				ċ		
Total Department of Transportation				\$	25,540	
Department of Education: Pass through Payments:						
Department of Education:						
Title I: Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	86600		\$	1,025,722	
Special Education Cluster: Special Education - Grants to States	84.027	430710	\$	1,086,505		
Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173	625210	*	18,456		
Total Special Education Cluster	84.048	9///5			1,104,961	
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States Twenty-first Century Community Learning Centers	84.287	86665 86784/86787/86788			74,739 312,218	
Advanced Placement Program	84.330	Not available			228	
English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365	Not available			2,538	
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant	84.367	86730/86732			217,359	
Total Department of Education				\$	2,737,765	
Department of Housing and Urban Development:						
Pass through Payments: Department of Housing and Community Development:						
Community Development Block Grants/State's Program and						
Non-Entitlement Grants in Hawaii	14.228	Not available		\$	139,906	

County of Pulaski, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Federal Grantor/State Pass Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures to Expenditures Suprecipients
Department of Labor: Pass through Payments: Virginia Community College System: WIA/WIOA Cluster: WIA/WIOA Adult Program WIA/WIOA Dislocated Worker Formula Grants WIA/WIOA Youth Activities Total WIA/WIOA Cluster Total Department of Labor	17.258 17.278 17.259	86630 86632 Not available	\$ 754,303 1,076,802 894,815 \$ 2,725,920 \$ 2,725,920 \$ 2,725,920
National Endowment for the Humanities Pass through Payments: Library of Virginia: Promotion of the Arts - Partnership Agreements	45.025	Not available	\$5,000_
Executive Office of the President Pass through Payments: Appalachia HIDTA High Intensity Drug Trafficking Areas Program	95.001	Not available	\$3,065_
Department of Homeland Security: Pass through Payments: Department of Emergency Management: Emergency Management Performance Grants Assistance to Firefighters Grant	97.042 97.044	Not available Not available	\$ 44,184
Total Department of Homeland Security			\$648,470_
Total Federal Expenditures			\$ 11,628,815 \$ 2,725,920

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Note 1 -- Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal grant activity of County of Pulaski, Virginia under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2017. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of County of Pulaski, Virginia, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of County of Pulaski, Virginia.

Note 2 -- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

- (1) Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance and/or OMB A-87, Cost Principles for State, Local, and Indian Tribal Governments, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to (2) Pass through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.
- (3) The County did not elect to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under Uniform Guidance.

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of commodities received and disbursed. At June 30, 2017, the County had no food commodities in inventory.

Note 4 -- Relationship to the Financial Statements:

Federal expenditures, revenues and capital contributions are reported in the County's basic financial statements as follows:

Intergovernmental federal revenues per the basic financial statements:

Primary Government:	
General Fund	\$ 15,469,984
Other Governmental Funds	1,019,207
Less: Payments from Commonwealth	(12,075,597)
Add: Direct Payments to New River Valley Regional Commission	2,725,920
Less: Payments in Lieu of Taxes	(29,914)
Total Primary Government	\$ 7,109,600
Component Unit School Board:	
School Operating Fund	\$ 4,519,215
Total federal expenditures per the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	\$ <u>11,628,815</u>

County of Pulaski, Virginia

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditors' report issued:

Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies)?

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies)?

None reported

Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs:

Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be

reported in accordance with 2 CFR section, 200.516 (a)?

Identification of major programs:

CFDA #	Name of Federal Program or Cluster
10.553/10.555/10.559	Child Nutrition Cluster
10.561	State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance
	Program
84.010	Title I: Grants to Local Educational Agencies
84.027/84.173	Special Education Cluster
84.287	Twenty-first Century Community Learning Centers
97.044	Assistance to Firefighters Grant

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A $\,$

and Type B programs \$750,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

None reported.

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None reported.

Section IV - Status of Prior Audit Findings and Questioned Costs

None reported.