COUNTY OF RUSSELL, VIRGINIA ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

County of Russell, Virginia Annual Financial Report For The Year Ended June 30, 2015

TABLE OF CONTENTS

INTRODUCTORY SECTION		
List of Elected and Appointed Officials		Page 1
FINANCIAL SECTION		
Independent Auditors' Report		2-4
Basic Financial Statements:	<u>khibit</u>	<u>Page</u>
Government-wide Financial Statements:		
Statement of Net Position	1	5-6
Statement of Activities	2	7
Fund Financial Statements: Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	3	8
of Net Position	4	9
Governmental Funds	5	10
in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	6	11
Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds	7	12
Proprietary Funds	8	13
Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds		14
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds	10	15
Notes to the Financial Statements		16-76
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual		
General Fund		77
Special Revenue Fund - Coal Road Fund		78
Special Revenue Fund - Workforce Investment Board Fund	13	79
Schedule of OPEB Funding Progress	14	80
Schedule of Employer's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability		81
and Related Ratios - Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)	16	82
Schedule of Employer Contributions	17	83
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	18	84

COUNTY OF RUSSELL, VIRGINIA ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

TABLE OF CONTENTS (CONTINUED)

FINANCIAL SECTION (CONTINUED) Exhibit Page Other Supplementary Information: Combined Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities - Agency Funds 19 85 Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: Balance Sheet 20 86 Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances --Governmental Funds 21 87 Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -Budget and Actual 22 88 Schedule Page Supporting Schedules: Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual - Governmental Funds 89-93 Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual - Governmental Funds 94-96 Other Statistical Information: **Table** Page Government-wide Information: 97 Government-Wide Expenses by Function 1 Government-Wide Revenues 98 2 Fund Information: 99 General Governmental Expenditures by Function General Governmental Revenues by Source..... 100 Property Tax Levies and Collections..... 101 Assessed Value of Taxable Property 102 Property Tax Rates 7 103 Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita 104 Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for General Bonded Debt to

Total General Governmental Expenditures.....

105

County of Russell, Virginia Annual Financial Report For The Year Ended June 30, 2015

TABLE OF CONTENTS (CONTINUED)

COMPLIANCE SECTION	
	<u>Page</u>
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	106-107
Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by OMB Circular A-133	108-109
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	110-111 112-114



COUNTY OF RUSSELL, VIRGINIA

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

Jon Bowerbank, Chairman

Bob Gibson, Vice Chairman Joseph Puckett Rebecca Dye Fred A. Arrington Ernest (Shy) Kennedy Danny L. Brown

COUNTY SCHOOL BOARD

Charlie Collins, Chairman

Linda Cross, Vice Chairman Wayne Bostic Tom Griffith Roger Glovier Carl Jackson Linda Garrett

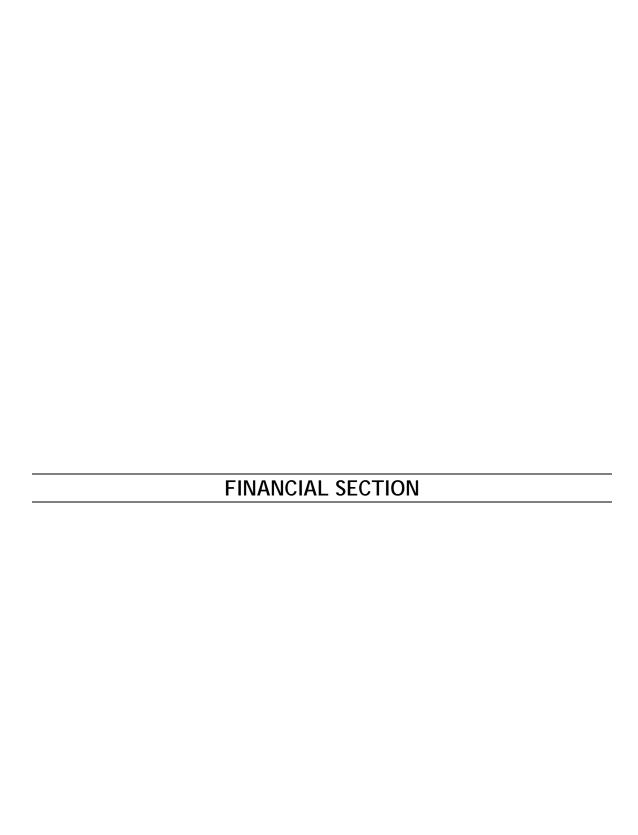
SOCIAL SERVICES BOARD

Harry Ferguson, Jr., Chairman

Roger Brown, Vice Chairman Bill Hale Rebecca Dye Laurel Rasnick

OTHER OFFICIALS

Clerk of the Circuit Court	Ann S. McReynolds
Commonwealth's Attorney	Brian Patton
Commissioner of the Revenue	Randy N. Williams
Treasurer	Patrick Thompson
Sheriff	Steve Dye
Superintendent of Schools	Dr. Brenda Hess
Director of Social Services	James Anderson
County Administrator	Lonzo Lester
County Attorney	Matthew Crum



ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Russell, Virginia Lebanon, Virginia

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Russell, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of Russell County Public Service Authority and The Industrial Development Authority of Russell County. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Russell County Public Service Authority and The Industrial Development Authority of Russell County is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns,* issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

*Opinion*s

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Russell, Virginia, as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note 20 to the financial statements, in 2015, the County adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement Nos. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27 and 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information and schedules related to pension and OPEB funding on pages 76-78 and 79-83 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We and other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance. The budgetary comparison information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Management has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County of Russell, Virginia's basic financial statements. The other supplementary information and other statistical information are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Other Information (continued)

The other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us and other auditors. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, and the report of the other auditors, the other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other statistical information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 31, 2015, on our consideration of the County of Russell, Virginia, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County of Russell, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Blacksburg, Virginia December 31, 2015

Robinson, James, Cy associates



County of Russell, Virginia Statement of Net Position June 30, 2015

Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles): Taxes receivable Accounts receivable Grants receivable Unuser from component unit Unuser from other governmental units Univertories Prepaid items Restricted assets:	53,659 35,451 26,868 - 99,074 96,050 -
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles): Taxes receivable Accounts receivable Grants receivable Due from component unit Due from other governmental units Inventories Prepaid items Restricted assets: \$ 6,653,659 \$ - \$ 6,6 8,235,451 - 8,2 6 619,286 7,582 6 7,582 6 2,699,074 - 2,6 2,096,050 - 2,0 1,096,050 - 2,0 1,096,050 - 2,0 1,096,050 - 2,0 1,096,050 - 2,0 1,096,050 - 2,0 1,096,050 - 2,0 1,096,050 - 2,0	53,659 35,451 26,868 - 99,074 96,050 -
Cash and cash equivalents \$ 6,653,659 \$ - \$ 6,653,659 Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles): Taxes receivable \$ 8,235,451 - 8,2 Accounts receivable 619,286 7,582 6 Grants receivable Due from component unit 2,699,074 - 2,6 Due from other governmental units 2,096,050 - 2,0 Inventories Prepaid items Restricted assets:	35,451 26,868 - 99,074 96,050
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles): Taxes receivable Accounts receivable Grants receivable Grants receivable Due from component unit Due from other governmental units Inventories Prepaid items Restricted assets:	35,451 26,868 - 99,074 96,050
Taxes receivable 8,235,451 - 8,2 Accounts receivable 619,286 7,582 6 Grants receivable - - - Due from component unit 2,699,074 - 2,6 Due from other governmental units 2,096,050 - 2,0 Inventories - - - Prepaid items - - - Restricted assets: - - -	26,868 - 99,074 96,050 -
Accounts receivable Grants receivable Unus from component unit Co	26,868 - 99,074 96,050 -
Grants receivable Due from component unit Due from other governmental units Inventories Prepaid items Restricted assets:	99,074 96,050 - -
Due from component unit2,699,074-2,6Due from other governmental units2,096,050-2,0InventoriesPrepaid itemsRestricted assets:	96,050 - -
Due from other governmental units 2,096,050 - 2,0 Inventories Prepaid items Restricted assets:	96,050 - -
Inventories Prepaid items Restricted assets:	-
Prepaid items Restricted assets:	-
Restricted assets:	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	72,130
Noncurrent assets:	,
Net pension asset	-
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):	
Land 568,695 - 5	68,695
Land rights	-
Land improvements	-
	73,734
	45,201
	92,576
Construction in progress	-
Accumulated Depreciation	63,438
10tal assets 3-0,713,703 3-3,049,733 3-37,7	03,430
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date \$ 791,055 \$ 5,581 7	96,636
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable \$ 1,692,939 \$ 27,054 \$ 1,7	19,993
Accrued liabilities 1,805 -	1,805
Customer deposits	-
	74,029
Line of credit	-
Due to primary government	-
Long-term liabilities: Due within one year 1,835,753 21,894 1,8	E7 / 47
	57,647 97,876
	51,350
7 22,707,004 7 741,470 7 25,1	31,330
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred revenue - property taxes \$ 5,276,245 \$ - \$ 5,2	76,245
	63,315
Total deferred inflows of resources \$ 6,729,308 \$ 10,252 \$ 6,7	39,560
NET POSITION	
	46,186
Restricted:	.5, 100
	87,541
Construction	
	49,575
Other	-
	85,862
Total net position \$ 8,365,598 \$ 2,303,566 \$ 10,6	69,164

County of Russell, Virginia Statement of Net Position June 30, 2015

Industrial Development Authority					Comp	one	ent Units		
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles): Taxes receivable		<u></u>	chool Board	De	Industrial evelopment	R	Russell County Public Service	Wa	Castlewood ter and Sewage Authority
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):									
Taxes receivable		\$	1,839,676	\$	606,465	\$	105,798	\$	284,013
Capatis receivable 16,548 28,418 202,780 46									
Caract receivable			16.548		28.418		202.780		409,305
Due from other governmental units 1,501,315			-				-		69,830
Inventoriers	e from component unit		-		-		-		-
Perpaid items Restricted assets:			1,501,315		-				19,520
Restricted assets: Cash and cash equivalents Noncurrent assets: Net pension asset Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation): Land S,636,345 S,2303,397 S,4784 Land improvements S,636,345 S,4787 Land improvements S,636,345 S,4787 S,4788,750 S,4787 S,4788,750 S,4787 S,649 S,4788,750 S,4788,7			740 242		-		27,430		-
Cash and cash equivalents 109,426 12 Noncurrent assets: 8 65,009 Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation): 5,636,345 2,303,397 106,332 11 Land rights 5,636,345 1,394,784 -	•		760,243		-		-		-
Noncurrent assets: Net pension asset Net pension asset Land registration: Land rights Land improvements Buildings and improvements Buildings and equipment Utility plant in service Construction in progress Accumulated bepreciation Total assets DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date LIABILITIES Accumula interest payable Accured interest payable Accured interest payable Line of credit Due in more than one year Total liabilities: Due within one year Due in more than one year Total liabilities Solve a solv			-		-		109,426		120,182
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation): 5,636,345 2,303,397 106,332 13 Land rights 9,347,84 10,583,275 14,788,750 107,097 20 Buildings and improvements 10,583,275 14,788,750 107,097 20 Machinery and equipment 1,632,997 758,649 107,097 20 Machinery and equipment 1,632,997 758,649 - 20,315,280 12,28 Construction in progress - 3,185,364 2,227,390 8 Accumulated Depreciation - (2,421,086) (5,788,145) - 10,76 Total assets \$ 21,970,399 \$ 19,644,741 \$ 17,511,765 \$ 13,76 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date \$ 2,936,268 \$ - \$ 26,342 \$ 2 Accounts payable \$ 94,242 \$ 542,653 \$ 226,320 \$ 2 Account payable \$ 94,242 \$ 542,653 \$ 226,320 \$ 2 Accrued liabilities 890,850 693 58,990 2 Customer deposits	•						,		,
Land Land rights 5,636,345 2,303,397 106,332 13 Land rights - 394,784 - - Buildings and improvements 10,583,275 14,788,750 107,097 20 Machinery and equipment 1,632,997 758,649 - 11 Utility plant in service - 3,185,364 2,227,390 8 Construction in progress - 3,185,364 2,227,390 8 Accumulated Depreciation - (2,421,086) (5,788,145) 13,72 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES \$ 21,970,399 \$ 19,644,741 \$ 17,511,765 \$ 13,72 LIABILITIES \$ 2,936,268 \$ - \$ 26,342 \$ 2 Accounts payable \$ 94,242 \$ 542,653 \$ 226,320 \$ 6 Accrued liabilities 890,850 693 58,990 2 Customer deposits - - 10,345 5 Accrued interest payable - 44,363 2,458 4 Line of credit - - - - - - - - -	Net pension asset		-		-		65,009		-
Land rights - 394,784 - Buildings and improvements 10,583,275 14,788,750 107,097 20 Machinery and equipment 1,632,997 758,649 - 17 Utility plant in service - 3,185,364 2,227,390 8 Accumulated Depreciation - (2,421,086) (5,788,145) - Total assets \$ 21,970,399 \$ 19,644,741 \$ 17,511,765 \$ 13,72 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date \$ 2,936,268 \$ - \$ 26,342 \$ 13,72 LIABILITIES Accounts payable \$ 94,242 \$ 542,653 \$ 226,320 \$ 9 Customer deposits - - - - - Accrued interest payable - 44,363 2,458 - - - Line of credit - - 44,363 2,458 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -									
Land improvements			5,636,345		2,303,397		106,332		130,080
Buildings and improvements	<u> </u>		-		- 204 794		-		13,360
Machinery and equipment 1,632,997 758,649 - 172 Utility plant in service - - 20,315,280 12,28 Construction in progress - 3,185,364 2,227,390 8 Accumulated Depreciation - (2,421,086) (5,788,145) 13,74 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES \$ 21,970,399 \$ 19,644,741 \$ 17,511,765 \$ 13,74 LIABILITIES *** *** *** \$ 26,342	· ·		10 583 275				107 097		204,810
Utility plant in service	=						-		121,158
Accumulated Depreciation C2,421,086 C5,788,145 C5			-		-		20,315,280		12,284,434
Total assets \$ 21,970,399 \$ 19,644,741 \$ 17,511,765 \$ 13,74	Construction in progress		-		3,185,364		2,227,390		86,641
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date \$ 2,936,268 \$ - \$ 26,342 \$ 72 LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued liabilities \$ 94,242 \$ 542,653 \$ 226,320 \$ 9 Customer deposits \$ 890,850 \$ 693 \$ 58,990 \$ 7 Customer deposits \$ - \$ - \$ 10,345 \$ 9 Line of credit \$ - \$ 44,363 \$ 2,458 \$ 4 Line of credit \$ 2,499,074 \$ 200,000 \$ - \$ Long-term liabilities: Due within one year \$ 602,451 \$ 478,879 \$ 180,385 \$ 19 Due in more than one year \$ 34,455,558 \$ 12,152,168 \$ 6,495,048 \$ 5,75 Total liabilities DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred revenue - property taxes \$ \$ - \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ Deferred revenue - property taxes \$ 6,030,289 \$ - \$ 19,395 \$ 75 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			-						-
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date \$ 2,936,268 \$ - \$ 26,342 \$ 226,320 \$ 22	Total assets	\$	21,970,399	Ş	19,644,741	\$	17,511,765	Ş	13,743,333
LIABILITIES Accounts payable \$ 94,242 \$ 542,653 \$ 226,320 \$ 9 Accrued liabilities 890,850 693 58,990 2 Customer deposits 10,345 5 Accrued interest payable - 44,363 2,458 4 Line of credit 2 Due to primary government 2,499,074 200,000 Long-term liabilities:	FERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Accounts payable \$ 94,242 \$ 542,653 \$ 226,320 \$ 94,242 Accrued liabilities 890,850 693 58,990 22,6320 \$ 94,242 Customer deposits	Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$	2,936,268	\$	-	\$	26,342	\$	21,243
Accrued liabilities 890,850 693 58,990 20 Customer deposits 10,345 55 Accrued interest payable - 44,363 2,458 20 Line of credit 44,363 2,458 20 Due to primary government 2,499,074 200,000 - 2 Long-term liabilities: Due within one year 602,451 478,879 180,385 19 Due in more than one year 34,455,558 12,152,168 6,495,048 5,75 Total liabilities \$ 38,542,175 \$ 13,418,756 \$ 6,973,546 \$ 6,495 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred revenue - property taxes \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 0 6,030,289 - 19,395 3	BILITIES								
Customer deposits - - - 10,345 5 Accrued interest payable - 44,363 2,458 4 Line of credit - - - - - 23 Due to primary government 2,499,074 200,000 - <td< td=""><td>· ·</td><td>\$</td><td></td><td>\$</td><td></td><td>\$</td><td></td><td>\$</td><td>92,738</td></td<>	· ·	\$		\$		\$		\$	92,738
Accrued interest payable - 44,363 2,458 4 Line of credit - - - - - 23 Due to primary government 2,499,074 200,000 -			890,850		693				25,701
Line of credit - - - - 2 Due to primary government 2,499,074 200,000 - - Long-term liabilities: -	•		-		- 44 242				59,309
Due to primary government 2,499,074 200,000 - Long-term liabilities: 502,451 478,879 180,385 190,000 Due within one year 602,451 478,879 180,385 190,000 Due in more than one year 34,455,558 12,152,168 6,495,048 5,75 Total liabilities \$38,542,175 \$13,418,756 \$6,973,546 \$6,41 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred revenue - property taxes \$			-		44,363		2,436		42,491 235,242
Long-term liabilities: 002,451 478,879 180,385 190,385 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>2.499.074</td><td></td><td>200,000</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td></td<>			2.499.074		200,000		-		-
Due in more than one year 34,455,558 12,152,168 6,495,048 5,75 Total liabilities \$ 38,542,175 \$ 13,418,756 \$ 6,973,546 \$ 6,47 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred revenue - property taxes \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 0 6,030,289 - 19,395 3			, , .		,				
Total liabilities \$ 38,542,175 \$ 13,418,756 \$ 6,973,546 \$ 6,41 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred revenue - property taxes \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 19,395 3 0 6,030,289 - 19,395 3	Due within one year								199,452
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred revenue - property taxes \$ - \$ - \$ 0 6,030,289 - 19,395	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·								5,756,071
Deferred revenue - property taxes \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 0 6,030,289 - 19,395	Total liabilities	\$	38,542,175	\$	13,418,756	\$	6,973,546	\$	6,411,004
06,030,28919,395	FERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
	Deferred revenue - property taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Total deferred inflows of resources \$ 6,030,289 \$ - \$ 19,395 \$	0				-				34,214
	Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	6,030,289	\$	-	\$	19,395	\$	34,214
NET POSITION	T POSITION								
Net investment in capital assets \$ 17,852,617 \$ 5,836,158 \$ 10,292,521 \$ 6,88	investment in capital assets	\$	17,852,617	\$	5,836,158	\$	10,292,521	\$	6,881,008
Restricted:									
Coal Road			-		-		-		-
Construction 1,439			-		-				120 192
Debt service and bond covenants 99,938 12 Other 8,049			-		-				120,182
			(37,518,414)		389,827				318,168
	, ,	\$		\$		\$		\$	7,319,358

County of Russell, Virginia Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

			Program Revenues	10			Nel	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	nue and sition		
	ı		,			Primary Government		,		Component Units	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for <u>Services</u>	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Business-type <u>Activities</u>	Total	School Board	Industrial Development <u>Authority</u>	Russell County Public Service Authority	Castlewood Water and Sewerage Authority
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT: Governmental activities: General government administration Judicial administration Public safety Public safety Public works Health and welfare Education Parks, recreation, and cultural Community development Interest on long-term debt Total governmental activities	\$ 1,772,163 1,945,227 6,522,397 3,725,640 8,115,359 7,596,334 514,678 1,023,371 385,445 \$ 31,430,604	\$ 11,782 74,813 253,486 4,451 32,757 \$ 377,239	\$ 308,310 657,911 1,728,384 13,579 6,860,815 79,229	ς	\$ (1,463,853) \$ (1,275,534) \$ (4,275,534) \$ (4,548,625) \$ (1,254,544) \$ (7,596,324) \$ (990,614) \$ (21,405,137) \$	\$ \$ \$	(1,463,833) (1,275,834) (4,54),200) (3,458,625) (1,254,544) (7,596,324) (430,998) (985,644) (30,614) (885,445)				
Business-type activities: Service Authority Total primary government	\$ 430,426 \$ 31,861,030	\$ 90,878 \$ 468,117	\$ \$ 9,648,228	\$ \$	\$ \$ (21,405,137)	\$ (339,548) \$ \$ (339,548) \$	(339,548)	ı	ı	ı	
COMPONENT UNITS: School Board Industrial Development Authority Russell County Public Service Authority Castlewood Water and Sewer Authority Total component units	\$ 38,564,822 2,748,747 2,402,872 1,459,528 \$ 45,175,969	\$ 442,194 - 1,189,375 1,464,638 \$ 3,096,207	\$ 32,224,354 126,021 - - \$ 32,350,375	\$ 1,534,456 469,747 1,016,947 \$ 3,021,150				\$ (5,898,274) \$	\$. (1,088,270) 	(743,750)	\$ 1,022,057 \$ 1,022,057
	General revenues: General property taxes Other local taxes:	: y taxes s:				\$		· ·	s,	· •	
	Local sales and use taxes Coal road and severence t	Local sales and use taxes Coal road and severence taxes			1,876,308 1,515,788		1,876,308 1,515,788				
	Consumers' utility taxes	lity taxes			530,273		530,273				
	Other local taxes	es		-	205,796		205,796	, 100			•
	Miscellaneous	enues rrom use o	Unrestricted revenues from use of money and property Miscellaneous	рпу	226,621		224,108 226,621	245,718	41,572	60,223	
	Grants and conti	rayments from the County of Russett, virginia Grants and contributions not restricted to spe-	Payments from the County of Russett, Virginia Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs	programs	2,553,497		2,553,497	0,400,000		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
	Gain on disposal Transfers	Gain on disposal of capital assets Transfers			(222,404)	222,404					
	Total general revenue	Total general revenues and transfers	fers		\$ 23,212,262	222,404 \$	23,434,666	\$ 6,735,693 \$	7328,193	5 632,416	. 1 022 057
	Net position - beginning, as restated	ginning, as restate	P			2,420,710	8,979,183	(20,503,216)	5,986,062	10,656,500	
	Net position - ending	ling			\$ 8,365,598	2,303,566 \$	10,669,164	(19,665,797)	6,225,985	, 10,545,166	5 7,319,358

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

County of Russell, Virginia Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2015

	<u>General</u>		Coal Workforce al Road Investment Boa		Workforce Investment Board		<u>Total</u>
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,290,467	\$	-	\$ -	\$	3,290,467
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):							
Taxes receivable		8,235,451		-	-		8,235,451
Accounts receivable		136,076		20,932	-		157,008
Due from other funds		111,220		65,105	-		176,325
Due from component unit		2,699,074		-	-		2,699,074
Due from other governmental units		1,766,384		-	329,666		2,096,050
Restricted assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents		-		422,555	-		422,555
Total assets	\$	16,238,672	Ş	508,592	\$ 329,666	\$	17,076,930
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable	\$	617,839	ς	21,051	\$ 165,799	ς	804,689
Reconciled overdraft	Ţ	017,037	Y	21,031	70,296	ų	70,296
Accrued liabilities		1,805		-	70,290		1,805
Due to other funds		65,105		-	111,220		176,325
Total liabilities	Ċ	684,749	Ś	21,051	\$ 347,315	Ś	1,053,115
Total Habitities	<u> </u>	004,747	٠	21,031	3 347,313	ڔ	1,033,113
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	\$	7,935,924	\$	-	\$ -	\$	7,935,924
FUND BALANCES							
Restricted:							
Coal Road	\$	_	\$	487,541	\$ -	\$	487,541
Committed:	•		•	,	,	•	,
Unassigned:		7,617,999		-	(17,649)		7,600,350
Total fund balances	\$	7,617,999	\$	487,541	\$ (17,649)	\$	8,087,891
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	16,238,672	\$	508,592	\$ 329,666	\$	17,076,930

3,007,516

County of Russell, Virginia Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2015

Total fund balances per Exhibit 3 - Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds 8,087,891 Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Land 568,695 **Buildings** and improvements 13,873,734 Machinery and equipment 1,545,201 15,987,630 Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds. Unavailable revenue - property taxes 2,659,679 Items related to measurement of net pension liability (1,453,063)1,206,616 Pension contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be a reduction to the net pension liability in the next fiscal year and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. 791,055

Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.

Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and telecommunications, to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal

service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Bonds and literary loans	(13, 355, 747)	
Capital leases	(224,844)	
Unamortized premium	(232,903)	
Accrued interest payable	(172,502)	
Landfill accrued closure and postclosure liability	(275,738)	
Net OPEB obligation	(111,461)	
Compensated absences	(599,590)	
Net pension liability	(5,742,325)	(20,715,110)

Net position of governmental activities \$ 8,365,598

County of Russell, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

DEVENUES		<u>General</u>		Coal <u>Road</u>	<u>Inv</u>	Workforce vestment Board		<u>Total</u>
REVENUES General property taxes	S	15,746,635	ċ		\$		Ś	15,746,635
Other local taxes	Ş	3,877,533	Ş	757,894	þ	-	Ş	4,635,427
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses		40,342		757,694		-		4,633,427
Fines and forfeitures		2,334		-		-		2,334
Revenue from the use of money and property		2,334		2,275				2,334
Charges for services		334,563		2,275				334,563
Miscellaneous		226,621				_		226,621
Recovered costs		710,585				1,893		712,478
Intergovernmental:		710,303				1,073		712,470
Commonwealth		7,798,472		_		_		7,798,472
Federal		2,433,534		_		1,969,719		4,403,253
Total revenues	Ś	31,417,211	\$	760,169	\$	1,971,612	Ś	34,148,992
EXPENDITURES		- , ,	•		•	,, ,,	•	
Current:								
General government administration	\$	1,717,342	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,717,342
Judicial administration		2,011,601		-		-		2,011,601
Public safety		6,839,477		-		-		6,839,477
Public works		3,116,473		845,842		-		3,962,315
Health and welfare		6,321,358		-		2,032,660		8,354,018
Education		5,854,433		-		-		5,854,433
Parks, recreation, and cultural		480,741		-		-		480,741
Community development		1,046,895		-		-		1,046,895
Nondepartmental		112,482		-		-		112,482
Debt service:						-		
Principal retirement		1,522,447		-		-		1,522,447
Interest and other fiscal charges		424,130				-		424,130
Total expenditures	<u>\$</u>	29,447,379	\$	845,842	\$	2,032,660	\$	32,325,881
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
(under) expenditures	\$	1,969,832	\$	(85,673)	\$	(61,048)	\$	1,823,111
, , ,				, , ,		, , ,		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers out	\$	(446,281)		-	\$	-	\$	(446,281)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	(446,281)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(446,281)
Not about to found belower	<u>_</u>	4 522 554	ċ	(05 (72)	ċ	//4 040	ċ	4 27/ 020
Net change in fund balances	\$	1,523,551	\$	(85,673)	\$	(61,048)	\$	1,376,830
Fund balances - beginning	<u> </u>	6,094,448	Ċ	573,214	Ċ	43,399	Ċ	6,711,061
Fund balances - ending	\$	7,617,999	\$	487,541	\$	(17,649)	\$	8,087,891

County of Russell, Virginia Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 1,376,830
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period.		
Capital outlay Reversion of assets back to the School Board (net) Removal of capital asset (net) Depreciation expense	560,878 (721,700) (106,280) (894,155)	(1,161,257)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		
Property taxes Change in deferred inflows of resources related to the measurement of the net pension liability	15,378 (1,453,063)	(1,437,685)
The issuance of long-term obligations (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term obligations consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when obligations is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term obligations and related items.		
Issuance of long-term obligations: Landfill closure and postclosure liability Principal Payments: Bonds, literary loans, and notes	(4,075) 1,240,602	
Capital leases	281,845	1,518,372
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
(Increase) decrease in compensated absences (Increase) decrease in accrued interest payable (Increase) decrease in net OPEB obligation Amortization of bond premiums Change in net pension liability Change in deferred outflows of resources related to pension payments subsequent to the measurement date.	21,087 21,881 (34,788) 16,804 1,715,784	1 742 027
Change in deferred outflows of resources related to pension payments subsequent to the measurement date	22,259	1,763,027
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and telecommunications, to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of certain internal service funds is reported		(252.4/2)
with governmental activities.	<u>-</u>	(252,162)
Change in net position of governmental activities	=	\$ 1,807,125

County of Russell, Virginia Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2015

June 30, 2015							
		Enterprise	Internal Service Fund				
		Fund					
		Dante		Self			
		<u>Fund</u>	Hea	alth Insurance			
ASSETS							
Current assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	3,433,488			
Interest receivable	•	48	•	1,260			
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for uncollectibles		7,534		461,018			
Total current assets	\$	7,582	\$	3,895,766			
Noncurrent assets:							
Restricted assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents (in custody of others)	\$	49,575	\$	-			
Capital assets:		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,					
Utility plant in service	\$	5,240,699	\$	_			
Less accumulated depreciation	•	(2,248,123)	•	-			
Total capital assets	Ś	2,992,576	\$				
Total noncurrent assets	Ś	3,042,151	\$	-			
Total assets	\$	3,049,733	\$	3,895,766			
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date		5,581	\$	-			
LIADULTIC							
LIABILITIES							
Current liabilities:	\$	27.054	ċ	000 250			
Accounts payable	Ş	27,054	Þ	888,250			
Accrued interest payable Revenue bonds - current portion		1,527		-			
Total current liabilities	<u> </u>	21,894 50,475	\$	888,250			
Total current liabilities	\$	50,475	٠	000,230			
Noncurrent liabilities:							
Revenue bonds - net of current portion	\$	650,507	Ş	-			
Net Pension Liability		40,514	\$	-			
Total noncurrent liabilities	\$	691,021	\$	-			
Total liabilities	\$	741,496	\$	888,250			
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Items related to measurement of net pension liability	\$	10,252	\$	-			
NET POSITION							
Net investment in capital assets	\$	2,320,175	\$	-			
Restricted for debt service and bond covenants	7	49,575	7	-			
Unrestricted		(66,184)		3,007,516			
Total net position	5	2,303,566	\$	3,007,516			
rotat fice position		2,303,300	7	3,007,310			

County of Russell, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	·	Enterprise	Internal					
		Fund	5	Service Fund Self				
		Dante <u>Fund</u>	He	alth Insurance				
OPERATING REVENUES								
Charges for services:								
Sewer revenues	\$	90,878	\$	_				
Insurance premiums	7	-	~	5,239,673				
Total operating revenues	\$	90,878	\$	5,239,673				
OPERATING EXPENSES								
Salaries and benefits	\$	135,356	\$	-				
Professional services		13,926	•	-				
Utilities		1,562		-				
Materials and supplies		48,986		-				
Office expenses		58,294		-				
Repairs and maintenance		11,011		-				
Insurance claims and expenses		-		5,723,953				
Depreciation		131,017		-				
Total operating expenses	\$	400,152	\$	5,723,953				
Operating income (loss)	\$	(309,274)	\$	(484,280)				
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)								
Investment income	\$	-	\$	8,241				
Interest expense		(30,274)		-				
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	\$	(30,274)	\$	8,241				
Income before transfers	\$	(339,548)	\$	(476,039)				
Transfers in	\$	222,404		223,877				
Change in net position	\$	(117,144)	\$	(252,162)				
Total net position - beginning, as restated		2,420,710		3,259,678				
Total net position - ending	\$	2,303,566	\$	3,007,516				

County of Russell, Virginia Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

For the real chided Julie 30, 2	013	Enterprise		Internal
		Fund	S	Service Fund
		Dante		Self
		<u>Fund</u>	<u>He</u>	alth Insurance
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from customers and users Receipts for insurance premiums	\$	91,102	\$	5,164,700
Payments to suppliers Payments to employees		(124,693) (137,365)		- -
Payments for premiums Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	(170,956)	\$	(5,607,955) (443,255)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfers from other funds	\$	222,404	\$	223,877
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	.	(24,042)	¢	
Principal payments on bonds Interest payments	\$	(21,013) (30,435)	\$	<u>-</u>
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities	\$	(51,448)	\$	-
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest income	\$	-	\$	8,238
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	(211,140)
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning	_	49,575		3,644,628
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	<u>\$</u>	49,575	\$	3,433,488
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:				
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash	\$	(309,274)	\$	(484,280)
provided by (used for) operating activities: Depreciation (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable (Increase) decrease in Pension contributions subsequent	\$	131,017 224	\$	(74,973)
to measurement date Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase (decrease) in items related to measurement of		(157) 9,086		- 115,998
net pension liability Increase (decrease) net pension liability		10,252 (12,104)		-
Total adjustments	\$	138,318	\$	41,025

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities

(170,956) \$

(443,255)

County of Russell, Virginia Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2015

	Agency <u>Funds</u>				
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 58,432	2			
Total assets	\$ 58,432	2			
LIABILITIES Amounts held for Social Services clients	\$ 57,383	ر 			
Amounts held for VASAP	37,385 1,049				
Total liabilities	\$ 58,432				
· otal liabilities	7 50, 152				

COUNTY OF RUSSELL, VIRGINIA

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2015

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

The financial statements of the County conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applicable to governmental units promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The County of Russell, Virginia is a municipal corporation governed by an elected six-member Board of Supervisors. The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements (see note below for description) to emphasize that it is legally separate from the government.

Blended component units - None

Discretely Presented Component Units - The component unit columns in the financial statements include the financial data of the County's discretely presented component units. They are reported in a separate column to emphasize that they are legally separate from the County.

The Russell County School Board operates the elementary and secondary public schools in the County. School Board members are popularly elected. The School Board is fiscally dependent upon the County because the County approves all debt issuances of the School Board and provides significant funding to operate the public schools since the School Board does not have separate taxing powers. The School Board is presented as a governmental fund type. The School Board does not issue separate financial statements.

The Industrial Development Authority of Russell County, Virginia (IDA) encourages and provides financing for industrial development in Russell County. The financial statements of the IDA have been included because the County appoints the governing body and has made moral obligation resolutions to finance deficits of any kind or nature that may occur each year subject to annual appropriation. Complete financial statements of the IDA can be obtained in writing at 137 Highland Drive, Lebanon, VA 24266.

The Russell County Public Service Authority (PSA) provides water and sewer service to residents of Russell County. The Authority is fiscally dependent on the County because the County appoints the governing body and has financing guarantees involving the Authority. Complete financial statements of the PSA can be obtained in writing at 7341 Swords Creek Road, Swords Creek, VA 24649.

The Castlewood Water and Sewage Authority of Russell County provides water and sewer service to residents of Russell County. The Authority is fiscally dependent on the County because the County appoints the governing body and has financing guarantees involving the Authority. Complete financial statements of the Authority can be obtained in writing at P.O. Box 655, Castlewood, VA 24224.

A. Financial Reporting Entity (Continued)

Related Organizations - The County's officials are also responsible for appointing the members of the boards of other organizations, but the county's accountability for these organizations does not extend beyond making the appointment.

Jointly Governed Organizations - The County, in conjunction with other local jurisdictions, participates in supporting the Southwest Virginia Regional Jail and the Cumberland Mountain Community Services Board. The governing bodies of these organizations are appointed by the respective governing bodies of the participating jurisdictions. During the year, the County contributed \$2,832,224 to the Regional Jail and \$50,000 to the Community Services Board. The County does not have any ongoing financial responsibility for these Organizations.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

<u>Government-wide financial statements</u> - The reporting model includes financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all of the government's activities. This approach includes not just current assets and liabilities but also capital assets and long-term liabilities (such as buildings and general obligation debt).

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from certain legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

Statement of Net Position - The government-wide Statement of Net Position is designed to display the financial position of the primary government (governmental and business-type activities) and its component units. Governments report all capital assets, including infrastructure, in the government-wide statement of net position and report depreciation expense - the cost of "using up" capital assets - in the statement of activities. The net position of a government will be broken down into three categories: 1) net investment in capital assets; 2) restricted; and 3) unrestricted.

Statement of Activities - The government-wide Statement of Activities reports expenses and revenues in a format that focuses on the cost of each of the government's functions. The expense of individual functions is compared to the revenues generated directly by the function (for instance, through user charges or intergovernmental grants).

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds, if any, are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reflects both the gross and net cost per functional category (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) which are otherwise being supported by general government revenues (property, sales and use taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, fines, permits and charges, etc.) The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants, and contributions. The program revenues must be directly associated with the function (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) or a business-type activity.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Accordingly, real and personal property taxes are recorded as revenues and receivables when billed, net of allowances for un-collectible amounts. Property taxes not collected within 60 days after year-end are reflected as unavailable revenues.

Sales and utility taxes, which are collected by the state or utilities and subsequently remitted to the County, are recognized as revenues and receivables upon collection by the state or utility, which is generally in the month preceding receipt by the County.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Licenses, permits, fines and rents are recorded as revenues when received. Intergovernmental revenues, consisting primarily of federal, state and other grants for the purpose of funding specific expenditures, are recognized when earned or at the time of the specific expenditure. Revenues from general-purpose grants are recognized in the period to which the grant applies. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when the government receives cash.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for and reports all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in other funds. The General Fund includes the activities of the Social Services, E-911, Dog Tag, Damage Stamp, Revenue Anticipation Note, Law Library, and Knox Creek Funds. The aforementioned Funds have been merged with the General Fund for financial reporting purposes.

The Coal Road and Workforce Investment Board Funds serve as the County's major *Special Revenue Funds*. The Coal Road Fund accounts for and reports financial resources to be used for improvements to roads used in conjunction with coal mining and other expenses allowable by the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, (1950), as amended. The Workforce Investment Board Fund accounts for and reports financial resources to be used for workforce development benefiting the County.

The government reports the following major proprietary funds:

The County operates a water treatment system. The activities of the system are accounted for in the Dante fund.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

Internal Service Funds account for the financing of goods and services provided to other departments or agencies of the government, or to other governments, on a cost reimbursement basis. The Internal Service Fund consists of the Self Health Insurance Fund.

Fiduciary funds (Trust and Agency Funds) account for assets held by the government in a trustee capacity or as agent or custodian for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, or other funds. Agency funds include the Special Welfare Fund and VASAP Fund. The Special Welfare Fund includes activity of the Title XX and the SSI Fund, which have all been merged for financial reporting purposes.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are other charges between the government's functions. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary Funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the County's Internal Service Funds are charges to departments for health insurance. Operating expenses for Internal Service Funds include the cost of services and administrative expenses. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

D. Assets, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, liabilities, and net position/fund balance:

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and Collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act").

Investments for the government, as well as for its component units, are reported at fair value. The State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool operates in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations. The reported value of the pool is the same as the fair value of the pool shares.

2. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by nonspendable fund balance in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

D. Assets, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, liabilities, and net position/fund balance: (Continued)

3. Property Taxes

Property is assessed at its value on January 1. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Real estate taxes are payable in installments on June 5th and December 5th. Personal property taxes are due and collectible on December 5th. The County bills and collects its own property taxes.

4. Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts

The County calculates its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data and, in certain cases, specific account analysis. The allowance amounted to approximately \$723,965 at June 30, 2015 and is comprised solely of property taxes.

5. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure of the primary government, as well as the Component Unit - School Board, are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	40
Building improvements	40
Structures, lines, and accessories	20-40
Machinery and equipment	4-30

D. Assets, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, liabilities, and net position/fund balance: (Continued)

7. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors represent costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

8. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenditure/expense) until then. The County only has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. It is comprised of contributions to the pension plan made during the current year and subsequent to the net pension liability measurement date, which will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability next fiscal year. For more detailed information on these items, reference the pension note.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has two types of items that qualify for reporting in this category. Under a modified accrual basis of accounting, unavailable revenue representing property taxes receivable is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. This amount is comprised of uncollected property taxes due prior to June 30th, 2nd half installments levied during the fiscal year but due after June 30th, and amounts prepaid on the 2nd half installments and is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available. Under the accrual basis, 2nd half installments levied during the fiscal year but due after June 30th and amounts prepaid on the 2nd half installments are reported as deferred inflows of resources. In addition, certain items related to the measurement of the net pension liability are reported as deferred inflows of resources. These include differences between expected and actual experience, change in assumptions, and the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments. For more detailed information on these items, reference the pension note.

D. Assets, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, liabilities, and net position/fund balance: (Continued)

9. Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. In accordance with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards No. 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences, no liability is recorded for non-vesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits. The County accrues salary-related payments associated with the payment of compensated absences. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements.

10. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County's Retirement Plan and the additions to/deductions from the County's Retirement Plan's net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

11. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses.

12. Fund Equity

The County reports fund balance in accordance with GASB Statement 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

 Nonspendable fund balance - amounts that are not in spendable form (such as inventory and prepaid expenditures) or are required to be maintained intact (corpus of a permanent fund);

D. Assets, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, liabilities, and net position/fund balance: (Continued)

12. Fund Equity (Continued)

- Restricted fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation;
- Committed fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by a government itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint;
- Assigned fund balance amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority;
- Unassigned fund balance amounts that are available for any purpose; positive amounts are only reported in the general fund.

The Board of Supervisors is the highest level of decision-making authority and the formal action that is required to establish, modify or rescind a fund balance commitment is a resolution approved by the Board of Supervisors. The resolution must either be approved or rescinded as applicable, prior to the last day of the fiscal year for which the commitment is made. The amount subject to the constraint may be determined in the subsequent period.

The Board of Supervisors has authorized the County Administrator as the official authorized to assign fund balance to a specific purpose as approved by the fund balance policy.

The County of Russell will maintain an unassigned fund balance in the general fund equal to 16% of the expenditures/operating revenues (two months). The County considers a balance of less than 10% to be a cause for concern, barring unusual of deliberate circumstances.

The County considers restricted fund balance to be spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which restricted and unassigned, assigned, or committed fund balances are available, unless prohibited by legal documents or contracts. When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which committed, assigned or unassigned amounts are available, the County considers committed fund balance to be spent first, then assigned fund balance, and lastly unassigned fund balance.

13. Net Position

Net position is the difference between a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and (b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets represents capital assets, less accumulated depreciation, less any outstanding debt related to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are also included in this component of net position.

- D. Assets, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, liabilities, and net position/fund balance: (Continued)
 - 14. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted - net position and unrestricted - net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the County's policy to consider restricted - net position to have been depleted before unrestricted - net position is applied.

Note 2-Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability:

A. Budgetary Information

The following procedures are used by the County in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to March 30, the County Administrator submits to the Board of Supervisors a proposed operating and capital budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating and capital budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. All Funds of the County have legally adopted budgets with the exception of the Industrial Development Authority Fund and Agency Funds.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments.
- 3. Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an Appropriations Resolution.
- 4. The Appropriations Resolution places legal restrictions on expenditures at the function level. Only the Board of Supervisors can revise the appropriation for each department or category. The County Administrator is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within general government departments; however, the School Board is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within the school system's categories.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund, and the Special Revenue Funds. The School Fund is integrated only at the level of legal adoption.
- 6. All budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
- 7. Appropriations lapse on June 30, for all County units.
- 8. Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to commit that portion of the applicable appropriations, is not part of the County's accounting system.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2015

Note 2-Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability: (Continued)

B. Excess of expenditures over appropriations

Numerous departments in the General Fund and the Coal Road Fund, Social Services Fund, CSA Fund, Cannery Fund, Litter Fund, and Law Library Fund had excess expenditures over appropriations in the current year.

C. Deficit fund equity

At June 30, 2015, there were no funds which had deficit fund equity.

Note 3-Deposits and Investments:

Deposits:

Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporations (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act") Section 2.2-4400 et. seq. of the Code of Virginia. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of the amount insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board. Financial Institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in the amounts from 50% to 130% of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized.

Investments:

Statutes authorize local governments and other public bodies to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper and certain corporate notes, banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements, and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP). At June 30, 2015, the County had no investments.

Note 4-Due from Other Governmental Units:

The following amounts represent receivables from other governments at year-end:

	Primary Government			Component Unit School Board
Local Government:	-		•	
Southwest Virginia Regional Jail	\$	229,197	\$	-
Commonwealth of Virginia:				
Local sales tax		414,514		-
State sales tax		-		723,222
Non-categorical aid		319,534		-
Categorical aid-shared expenses		203,680		-
Categorical aid-Virginia Public Assistance funds		145,448		-
Categorical aid-other		79,317		-
Categorical aid-Comprehensive Services Act funds		210,471		-
Federal Government:				
Categorical aid-Virginia Public Assistance funds		158,002		-
Categorical aid-Workforce Investment funds		329,666		-
Categorical aid-Other		6,221		
School federal programs	-	-		778,093
Total Amount Due from Other Governmental Units	\$	2,096,050	\$	1,501,315

Note 5-Interfund/Component-Unit Obligations:

Fund		Due to Primary Government/ Component Unit	Due from Primary Government/ Component Unit
Primary Government: General Fund	\$_	_	\$ 2,699,074
Component Unit: School Board IDA	\$ _	2,499,074 200,000	\$ - -
Total	\$_	2,699,074	\$ 2,699,074

Interfund transfers and remaining balances for the year ended June 30, 2015, consisted of the following:

Fund		ansfers In	Transfers Out		
Primary Government:					
General Fund	\$	-	\$	446,281	
Dante Fund		222,404		-	
Internal Service Fund - Health Insurance		223,877		-	
Total	\$	446,281	\$	446,281	
		_		_	
Primary Government:	D	ue From		Due To	
General Fund	\$	111,220	\$	65,105	
Coal Road Fund		65,105		-	
Workforce Investment Board Fund		-		111,220	
Total	\$	176,325	\$	176,325	

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgeting authorization.

Note 6-Long-Term Obligations:

Primary Government - Governmental Activities Indebtedness

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions of the County for the year ended June 30, 2015:

	_	Balance July 1, 2014, as restated	 Increases/ Issuances	 Decreases/ Retirements	•	Balance June 30, 2015
General obligation bonds	\$	8,142,651	\$ -	\$ (627,696)	\$	7,514,955
Literary loans		1,812,631	-	(375,977)		1,436,654
Revenue bonds		4,641,067	-	(236,929)		4,404,138
Deferred Amounts:						
Bond premiums		249,707	-	(16,804)		232,903
Capital leases		506,689	-	(281,845)		224,844
Landfill closure/						
postclosure liability		271,663	4,075	-		275,738
Net OPEB obligation		76,673	39,988	(5,200)		111,461
Compensated absences		620,677	444,421	(465,508)		599,590
Net pension liability		7,458,109	 2,590,801	 (4,306,585)		5,742,325
Total	\$_	23,779,867	\$ 3,079,285	\$ (6,316,544)	\$	20,542,608

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

Year Ending	General Obliga	ation Bonds	Literary L	oans	Revenue E	Bonds
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2016 \$ 2017	644,976 \$ 647,901	340,870 \$ 308,788	375,977 \$ 375,977	32,130 \$ 23,167	236,928 \$ 236,928	-
2018	670,770	277,286	282,792	14,205	236,928	-
2019 2020	678,680 702,345	245,292 212,615	229,246 102,646	8,038 3,453	236,928 236,928	-
2021-2025	2,625,335	635,243	70,016	2,150	1,184,643	-
2026-2030	1,424,948	177,869	-	-	1,098,522	-
2031-2035 2036-2037	120,000 	3,030 	- - -	- -	797,883 138,450	
Totals \$	7,514,955 \$	2,200,993 \$	1,436,654 \$	83,143 \$	4,404,138 \$	-

Note 6-Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

Primary Government - Governmental Activities Indebtedness (Continued)

Details of long-term indebtedness:

	Interest <u>Rates</u>	Date <u>Issued</u>	Final Maturity <u>Date</u>	Installment <u>Amounts</u>	,	Amount of Original <u>Issue</u>	Balance overnmental <u>Activities</u>	Dι	Amount ue Within One Year
General Obligation Bonds:									
General obligation bond	5.10%-6.10%	1995	2016	\$15,000 a+	\$	325,000	\$ 15,000	\$	15,000
General obligation bond	5.10%-6.10%	1997	2016	\$5,000 a+		140,000	15,000		5,000
General obligation bond	4.10%-5.23%	1999	2019	\$25,000 a+		510,000	125,000		25,000
General obligation bond	4.98%-5.10%	2000	2021	\$94,999-115,952 a+		1,802,210	646,994		100,244
General obligation bond	2.35%-5.10%	2002	2023	\$213,799-272,702 a+		4,382,954	1,986,149		225,115
General obligation bond	4.60%-5.10%	2006	2027	\$147,228-197,458 a+		3,205,190	2,096,812		154,617
General obligation bond	4.60%-5.10%	2009	2030	\$55,000-110,000 a+		1,485,000	1,230,000		55,000
General obligation bond	3.05%-5.05%	2010	2031	\$55,000-120,000 a+		1,620,000	1,400,000		65,000
Total General Obligation Bonds							\$ 7,514,955	\$	644,976
Revenue Bonds:									
Revenue bond	0.00%	11/28/2001	2033	\$15,595 sa	\$	935,690	\$ 530,224	\$	31,190
Revenue bond	0.00%	11/28/2001	2033	\$27,708 sa		1,678,400	969,780		55,416
Revenue bond	0.00%	11/28/2001	2025	\$8,612 sa		344,477	172,239		17,224
Revenue bond	0.00%	11/1/2002	2033	\$13,707 sa		822,366	479,713		27,412
Revenue bond	0.00%	3/10/2005	2036	\$9,276 sa		556,538	380,301		18,551
Revenue bond	0.00%	10/14/2005	2036	\$1,524 sa		91,439	64,007		3,048
Revenue bond	0.00%	10/14/2005	2037	\$31,779 sa		1,906,717	1,366,481		63,557
Revenue bond	0.00%	4/28/2006	2037	\$6,925 sa		415,513	297,783		13,851
Revenue bond	0.00%	3/30/2007	2037	\$3,340 sa		197,179	 143,610		6,679
Total Revenue Bonds							\$ 4,404,138	\$	236,928
Plus:									
Unamortized Premium							\$ 232,903	\$	16,804
Total General Obligation and Reve	enue Bonds						\$ 12,151,996	\$	898,708

Note 6-Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

Primary Government - Governmental Activities Indebtedness (Continued)

Details of long-term indebtedness: (Continued)

			Final		Amount of		Balance		Amount
	Interest	Date	Maturity	Installment	Original	G	overnmental	Dı	ue Within
	Rates	Issued	<u>Date</u>	Amounts	Issue		Activities	(ne Year
Literary loans:				· <u> </u>				_	
Literary loan	3.00%	7/15/1986	2017	\$30,222 a+	\$ 960,000	\$	60,444	\$	30,222
Literary loan	3.00%	7/15/1986	2017	\$62,693 a+	2,000,000		125,926		62,963
Literary loan	3.00%	2/1/1988	2018	\$18,522 a+	530,999		55,566		18,522
Literary loan	3.00%	2/1/1988	2018	\$12,581 a+	358,151		37,743		12,581
Literary loan	3.00%	2/1/1988	2018	\$3,005 a+	84,805		9,015		3,005
Literary loan	3.00%	2/1/1988	2018	\$9,995 a+	281,079		29,985		9,995
Literary loan	3.00%	2/1/1988	2018	\$6,989 a+	196,873		20,967		6,989
Literary loan	2.00%	1/1/2000	2020	\$57,757 a+	1,155,140		288,785		57,757
Literary loan	2.00%	3/15/1999	2019	\$55,700 a+	1,114,086		222,886		55,700
Literary loan	2.00%	3/15/1999	2019	\$8,200 a+	161,449		30,249		8,200
Literary loan	2.00%	6/15/1999	2019	\$21,134 a+	422,680		84,536		21,134
Literary loan	2.00%	6/15/1999	2019	\$44,020 a+	880,411		176,091		44,020
Literary loan	2.00%	11/15/2000	2021	\$24,689 a+	493,789		148,143		24,689
Literary loan	3.00%	12/15/2000	2021	\$7,700 a+	154,118		46,318		7,700
Literary loan	2.00%	7/1/2003	2023	\$12,500 a+	250,000		100,000		12,500
Total Literary Loans						\$	1,436,654	\$	375,977
Other Obligations:									
Capital Leases (Note 7)						\$	224,844	Ś	111,375
Landfill Closure and Postclosure I	Liability					*	275,738	*	-
Net OPEB Obligation							111,461		_
Compensated Absences							599,590		449,693
Net Pension Liability							5,742,325		- 17,075
rect childric Elabiticy							3,7 12,323		
Total Other Obligations						\$	6,953,958	\$	561,068
Total Long-term Obligations						\$	20,542,608	\$	1,835,753

Note 6-Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

Primary Government - Business-type Activities Indebtedness:

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions of the Enterprise Fund for the year ended June 30, 2015:

	-	Balance July 1, 2014, as restated	 Issuances	 Retirements	Balance June 30, 2015
Revenue bonds Net pension liability	\$	693,414 52,618	\$ - 18,279	\$ (21,013) (30,383)	\$ 672,401 40,514
Total	\$	746,032	\$ 18,279	\$ (51,396)	\$ 712,915

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

Year Ending		Revenue Bonds						
June 30,	F	Principal		nterest				
2016	\$	21,894	\$	29,553				
2017		22,814		28,633				
2018		23,776		27,671				
2019		23,845		26,665				
2020		23,960		25,612				
2021-2025		137,360		110,505				
2026-2030		171,941		75,919				
2031-2035		215,235		32,625				
2036-2037		31,576		511				
Totals	\$	672,401	\$	357,694				

Details of long-term indebtedness:

	Interest Rates	Date Issued	Final Maturity Date	 mount of Original Issue	Bus	Balance siness-Type Activities	Du	Amount le Within ne Year
Revenue Bonds:								
Revenue bond	0.00%	3/24/1999	2019	\$ 37,500	\$	6,562	\$	1,875
Revenue bond	4.50%	4/10/1996	2036	900,000		665,839		20,019
Total Revenue Bonds					\$	672,401	\$	21,894
Other Obligations:								
Net pension liability					\$	40,514	\$	-
Total Long-term Obligations					\$	712,915	\$	21,894

Note 6-Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

Component Unit - School Board Indebtedness

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions of the discretely presented component unit for the year ended June 30, 2015:

	_	Balance July 1, 2014, as restated		Increases	Decreases	_ ,	Balance June 30, 2015
Net OPEB obligation Early retirement incentive Compensated absences Net pension liability	\$	706,693 70,800 758,422 39,393,146	\$	920,856 \$ - 598,330 3,375,146	(660,600) (51,300) (568,817) (9,484,667)		966,949 19,500 787,935 33,283,625
Total	\$_	40,929,061	\$_	4,894,332 \$	(10,765,384)	\$	35,058,009

Details of long-term indebtedness:

		Tatal		Amount
		Total mount		ue Within One Year
Other Obligations:	A	mount		nie reai
Early retirement incentive	Ś	19,500	Ś	11,500
Net OPEB Obligation	•	966,949	•	-
Compensated Absences		787,935		590,951
Net pension liability	33	,283,625		-
Total Other Obligations	\$ 35	,058,009	\$	602,451

Note 7-Capital Leases:

Primary Government

The County has entered into lease agreements to finance the acquisition of school buses for the School Board. These lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of minimum lease payments at the dates of inception.

The capital assets acquired through capital leases are as follows:

	 Buses
Machinery and equipment Less: Accumulated depreciation	\$ 434,164 (75,979)
Net capital asset	\$ 358,185

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2015, were as follows:

Year Ending June 30,		Capital Leases
2016 2017	\$	115,602 115,602
Subtotal Less, amount	\$	231,204
representing interest	_	(6,360)
Present Value of Lease Agreement	\$_	224,844

Note 8-Pension Plan:

Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the County are automatically covered by the Russell County Retirement Plan upon employment. The Plan includes employees of entities whose financial information is not included in the primary government report, and is therefore a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia.

All full-time, salaried permanent (nonprofessional) employees of the public school divisions are automatically covered by the Russell County School Board Retirement Plan upon employment. This is an agent multiple-employer plan administered by the System along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia.

All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan upon employment. This is a cost-sharing multiple employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the system).

Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer pay contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria as defined in the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service.

The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees - Plan 1, Plan 2, and, Hybrid. Each of these benefit structures has a different eligibility criteria. The specific information for each plan and the eligibility for covered groups within each plan are set out in the table below:

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS								
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN						
About Plan 1 Plan 1 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. Employees are eligible for Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of January 1, 2013.	About Plan 2 Plan 2 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. Employees are eligible for Plan 2 if their membership date is on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013.	About the Hybrid Retirement Plan The Hybrid Retirement Plan combines the features of a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Most members hired on or after January 1, 2014 are in this plan, as well as Plan 1 and Plan 2 members who were eligible and opted into the plan during a special election window. (see "Eligible Members") • The defined benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula.						

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)								
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN						
About Plan 1 (Cont.)	About Plan 2 (Cont.)	About the Hybrid Retirement Plan (Cont.) • The benefit from the defined contribution component of the plan depends on the member and employer contributions made to the plan and the investment performance of those contributions. • In addition to the monthly benefit payment payable from the defined benefit plan at retirement, a member may start receiving distributions from the balance in the defined contribution account, reflecting the contributions, investment gains or losses, and any required fees.						
Eligible Members Employees are in Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of January 1, 2013. Hybrid Opt-In Election VRS non-hazardous duty covered Plan 1 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014.	Eligible Members Employees are in Plan 2 if their membership date is on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013. Hybrid Opt-In Election Eligible Plan 2 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014.	Eligible Members Employees are in the Hybrid Retirement Plan if their membership date is on or after January 1, 2014. This includes: • Political subdivision employees* • School division employees • Members in Plan 1 or Plan 2 who elected to opt into the plan during the election window held January 1-April 30, 2014; the plan's effective date for opt-in members was July 1, 2014.						

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)							
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN					
Hybrid Opt-In Election (Cont.) The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible Plan 1 members who opted in was July 1, 2014.	Hybrid Opt-In Election (Cont.) The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible Plan 2 members who opted in was July 1, 2014.	*Non-Eligible Members Some employees are not eligible to participate in the Hybrid Retirement Plan. They include: • Political subdivision employees who are covered					
If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan. Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and had prior service under Plan 1 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as Plan 1 or ORP.	If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan. Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and have prior service under Plan 2 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as Plan 2 or ORP.	by enhanced benefits for hazardous duty employees. Those employees eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) must elect the ORP plan or the Hybrid Retirement Plan. If these members have prior service under Plan 1 or Plan 2, they are not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and must select Plan 1 or Plan 2 (as applicable) or ORP.					
Retirement Contributions Employees contribute 5% of their compensation each month to their member contribution account through a pre-tax salary reduction. Some political subdivisions and school divisions elected to phase in the required 5% member contribution but all employees will be paying the full 5% by July 1, 2016. Member contributions are tax-deferred until they are withdrawn as part of a retirement benefit or as a refund. The employer makes a separate actuarially determined contribution to VRS for all covered employees. VRS invests both member and employer contributions to provide funding for the future benefit payment.	Retirement Contributions Employees contribute 5% of their compensation each month to their member contribution account through a pre-tax salary reduction. Some political subdivisions and school divisions elected to phase in the required 5% member contribution but all employees will be paying the full 5% by July 1, 2016.	Retirement Contributions A member's retirement benefit is funded through mandatory and voluntary contributions made by the member and the employer to both the defined benefit and the defined contribution components of the plan. Mandatory contributions are based on a percentage of the employee's creditable compensation and are required from both the member and the employer. Additionally, members may choose to make voluntary contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, and the employer is required to match those voluntary contributions according to specified percentages.					

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)				
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN		
Creditable Service includes active service. Members earn creditable service for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional creditable service the member was granted. A member's total creditable service is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit.	Creditable Service Same as Plan 1.	Creditable Service Defined Benefit Component: Under the defined benefit component of the plan, creditable service includes active service. Members earn creditable service for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional creditable service the member was granted. A member's total creditable service is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit. Defined Contributions Component: Under the defined contribution component, creditable service is used to determine vesting for the employer contribution portion of the plan.		

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)					
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN			
Vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members become vested when they have at least five years (60 months) of creditable service. Vesting means members are eligible to qualify for retirement if they meet the age and service requirements for their plan. Members also must be vested to receive a full refund of their member contribution account balance if they leave employment and request a refund. Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make.	Vesting Same as Plan 1.	Vesting Defined Benefit Component: Defined benefit vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members are vested under the defined benefit component of the Hybrid Retirement Plan when they reach five years (60 months) of creditable service. Plan 1 or Plan 2 members with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan remain vested in the defined benefit component. Defined Contributions Component: Defined contribution vesting refers to the minimum length of service a member needs to be eligible to withdraw the employer contributions from the defined contribution component of the plan. Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make.			

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)					
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN			
Vesting (Cont.)	Vesting (Cont.)	Vesting (Cont.) Defined Contributions Component: (Cont.) Upon retirement or leaving covered employment, a member is eligible to withdraw a percentage of employer contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, based on service. • After two years, a member is 50% vested and may withdraw 50% of employer contributions. • After three years, a member is 75% vested and may withdraw 75% of employer contributions. • After four or more years, a member is 100% vested and may withdraw 100% of employer contributions. Distribution is not required by law until age 70½.			
Calculating the Benefit The Basic Benefit is calculated based on a formula using the member's average final compensation, a retirement multiplier and total service credit at retirement. It is one of the benefit payout options available to a member at retirement.	Calculating the Benefit See definition under Plan 1.	Calculating the Benefit Defined Benefit Component: See definition under Plan 1			

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)				
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN		
Calculating the Benefit (Cont.) An early retirement reduction factor is applied to the Basic Benefit if the member retires with a reduced retirement benefit or selects a benefit payout option other than the Basic Benefit.	Calculating the Benefit (Cont.)	Calculating the Benefit (Cont.) <u>Defined Contribution Component:</u> The benefit is based on contributions made by the member and any matching contributions made by the employer, plus net investment earnings on those contributions.		
Average Final Compensation A member's average final compensation is the average of the 36 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.	Average Final Compensation A member's average final compensation is the average of their 60 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.	Average Final Compensation Same as Plan 2. It is used in the retirement formula for the defined benefit component of the plan.		
Service Retirement Multiplier VRS: The retirement multiplier is a factor used in the formula to determine a final retirement benefit. The retirement multiplier for non-hazardous duty members is 1.70%. Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: The retirement multiplier for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.85%. Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: The retirement multiplier of eligible political subdivision hazardous duty employees other than sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.70% or 1.85% as elected by the	Service Retirement Multiplier VRS: Same as Plan 1 for service earned, purchased or granted prior to January 1, 2013. For non-hazardous duty members the retirement multiplier is 1.65% for creditable service earned, purchased or granted on or after January 1, 2013. Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: Same as Plan 1. Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Service Retirement Multiplier Defined Benefit Component: VRS: The retirement multiplier for the defined benefit component is 1.00%. For members who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan from Plan 1 or Plan 2, the applicable multipliers for those plans will be used to calculate the retirement benefit for service credited in those plans. Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: Not applicable. Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: Not applicable. Defined Contribution Component: Not applicable.		

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)				
PLAN 1	N 1 PLAN 2 HYBRID RETI			
Normal Retirement Age VRS: Age 65. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Age 60.	Normal Retirement Age VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Normal Retirement Age Defined Benefit Component: VRS: Same as Plan 2. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable. Defined Contribution Component: Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.		
Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Age 65 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or at age 50 with at least 30 years of creditable service. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Age 60 with at least five years of creditable service or age 50 with at least 25 years of creditable service.	Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or when their age and service equal 90. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility Defined Benefit Component: VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age and have at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or when their age and service equal 90. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable. Defined Contribution Component: Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.		
Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Age 55 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or age 50 with at least 10 years of creditable service.	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service.	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility Defined Benefit Component: VRS: Members may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service.		

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)				
PLAN 1	PLAN 2 HYBRID RETIREMENT P			
Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility (Cont.) Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: 50 with at least five years of creditable service.	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility (Cont.) Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility (Cont.) Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable. Defined Contribution Component: Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.		
Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 3% increase in the Consumer Price Index for all Urban Consumers (CPI-U) and half of any additional increase (up to 4%) up to a maximum COLA of 5%. Eligibility: For members who retire with an unreduced benefit or with a reduced benefit with at least 20 years of creditable service, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one full calendar year from the retirement date. For members who retire with a reduced benefit and who have less than 20 years of creditable service, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one calendar year following the unreduced retirement eligibility date.	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 2% increase in the CPI-U and half of any additional increase (up to 2%), for a maximum COLA of 3%. Eligibility: Same as Plan 1	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement Defined Benefit Component: Same as Plan 2. Defined Contribution Component: Not applicable. Eligibility: Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2.		

RETIRE	MENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTIN	NUED)
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement (Cont.) Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: The COLA is effective July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) under any of the following circumstances: • The member is within five years of qualifying for an unreduced retirement benefit as of January 1, 2013. • The member retires on disability. • The member retires directly from short-term or long-term disability under the Virginia Sickness and Disability Program (VSDP). • The member is involuntarily separated from employment for causes other than job performance or misconduct and is eligible to retire under the Workforce Transition Act or the Transitional Benefits Program. • The member dies in service and the member's survivor or beneficiary is eligible for a monthly death-in-service benefit. The COLA will go into effect on July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) from the date the monthly benefit begins.	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement (Cont.) Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: Same as Plan 1	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement (Cont.) Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2.

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)				
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN		
Disability Coverage Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.7% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted. VSDP members are subject to a	Disability Coverage Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.65% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted.	Disability Coverage Employees of political subdivisions and School divisions (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 opt-ins) participate in the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP) unless their local governing body provides an employer-paid comparable program for its members.		
one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work-related disability benefits.	VSDP members are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work related disability benefits.	Hybrid members (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 opt-ins) covered under VLDP are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work-related disability benefits.		
Purchase of Prior Service Members may be eligible to purchase service from previous public employment, active duty military service, an eligible period of leave or VRS refunded service as creditable service in their plan. Prior creditable service counts toward vesting, eligibility for retirement and the health insurance credit. Only active members are eligible to purchase prior service. When buying service, members must purchase their most recent period of service first. Members also may be eligible to purchase periods of leave without pay.	Purchase of Prior Service Same as Plan 1.	Purchase of Prior Service Defined Benefit Component: Same as Plan 1, with the following exceptions: •Hybrid Retirement Plan members are ineligible for ported service. •The cost for purchasing refunded service is the higher of 4% of creditable compensation or average final compensation. •Plan members have one year from their date of hire or return from leave to purchase all but refunded prior service at approximate normal cost. After that one-year period, the rate for most categories of service will change to actuarial cost. Defined Contribution Component: Not applicable.		

COUNTY OF RUSSELL, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2015

Note 8-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

The System issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for VRS. A copy of the most recent report may be obtained from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2014-annual-report.pdf or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. Prior to July 1, 2012, all or part of the 5.00% member contribution may have been assumed by the employer. Beginning July 1, 2012, new employees were required to pay the 5% member contribution. In addition, for existing employees, employers were required to begin making the employee pay the 5.00% member contribution. This could be phased in over a period of up to 5 years and the employer is required to provide a salary increase equal to the amount of the increase in the employee-paid member contribution.

The County's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2015 was 14.84% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the County were \$796,636 and \$774,220 for the years ended June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014, respectively.

Net Pension Liability

At June 30, 2015, the County reported a liability of \$5,782,839 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The County's net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2014. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2013, using updated actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2014. In order to allocate the net pension liability to all employers included in the plan, the County is required to determine its proportionate share of the net pension liability. Credible compensation as of June 30, 2014 and 2013 was used as a basis for allocation to determine the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability. At June 30, 2014 and 2013, the County's proportion was 99.1179%.

Note 8-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees

The total pension liability for General Employees in Russell County's Retirement Plan and the Russell County Public Schools Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2014.

Inflation 2.5%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.5% - 5.35%

Investment rate of return 7.0%, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation*

Mortality rates: 14% of deaths are assumed to be service related

Largest 10 - Non-LEOS:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 4 years and females set back 2 years

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year

Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 4 years and females set back 2 years

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year

^{*} Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

Note 8-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees (Continued)

Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2013 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Largest 10 - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

Actuarial Assumptions - Public Safety Employees

The total pension liability for Public Safety employees in Russell County's Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2014.

Inflation 2.5%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.5% - 4.75%

Investment rate of return 7.0%, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation*

^{*} Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

COUNTY OF RUSSELL, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2015

Note 8-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - Public Safety Employees (Continued)

Mortality rates: 60% of deaths are assumed to be service related

Largest 10 - Non-LEOS:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 2 years and females set back 2 years

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year

Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 2 years and females set back 2 years

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year

Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2013 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Largest 10 - LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in male rates of disability

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to rates of service retirement for females
- Increase in rates of withdrawal
- Decrease in male and female rates of disability

Note 8-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

			Weighted
		Arithmetic	Average
		Long-Term	Long-Term
	Target	Expected	Expected
Asset Class (Strategy)	Allocation	Rate of Return	Rate of Return
U.S. Equity	19.50%	6.46%	1.26%
Developed Non U.S. Equity	16.50%	6.28%	1.04%
Emerging Market Equity	6.00%	10.00%	0.60%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.09%	0.01%
Emerging Debt	3.00%	3.51%	0.11%
Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	3.51%	0.16%
Non Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	5.00%	0.23%
Convertibles	3.00%	4.81%	0.14%
Public Real Estate	2.25%	6.12%	0.14%
Private Real Estate	12.75%	7.10%	0.91%
Private Equity	12.00%	10.41%	1.25%
Cash	1.00%	-1.50%	-0.02%
Total	100.00%		5.83%
		Inflation	2.50%
	*Expected arithme	tic nominal return	8.33%

^{*} Using stochastic projection results provides an expected range of real rates of return over various time horizons. Looking at one year results produces an expected real return of 8.33% but also has a high standard deviation, which means there is high volatility. Over larger time horizons the volatility declines significantly and provides a median return of 7.44%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Note 8-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018, the rate contributed by the employer for the Russell County Retirement Plan, Russell County School Board Retirement Plan, and the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly. From July 1, 2018 on, participating employers are assumed to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents County's proportionate share of the net pension liability using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	Rate					
		(6.00%) (7.00%) (8.			(8.00%)	
County's proportionate share of the						
County Retirement Plan						
Net Pension Liability	\$	9,599,012	\$	5,782,838	\$	2,618,256

Note 8-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the County recognized pension expense of \$509,647. At June 30, 2015, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	_	Primary Government			
		Deferred		Deferred	
		Outflows of		Inflows of	
	_	Resources		Resources	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$	-	\$	1,463,315	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	796,636			
Total	\$	796,636	\$	1,463,315	

\$796,636 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the County's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the year ended June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Primary
Year ended June 30	 Government
2016	\$ (365,829)
2017	(365,829)
2018	(365,829)
2019	(365,828)
Thereafter	-

Note 8-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)

Plan Description

Additional information related to the plan description, plan contribution requirements, actuarial assumptions, long-term expected rate of return, and discount rate is included in the first section of this note.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2013 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the pension plan:

	Component Unit School Board Nonprofessional
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	137
Inactive members: Vested inactive members	7
Non-vested inactive members	14
Inactive members active elsewhere in VRS	10
Total inactive members	31
Active members	130
Total covered employees	298

Contributions

The Component Unit School Board's contractually required contribution rate for nonprofessional employees for the year ended June 30, 2015 was 17.55% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013. This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the Component Unit School Board's nonprofessional employees were \$427,268 and \$423,435 for the years ended June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014, respectively.

Note 8-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) (Continued)

Net Pension Liability

The Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2014. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2013, using updated actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2014.

Changes in Net Pension Liability

		Component Unit-School Board (nonprofessional)								
		Increase (Decrease)								
		Total Pension Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)				
Balances at June 30, 2013	\$	16,485,081	\$_	10,635,935	\$_	5,849,146				
Changes for the year:										
Service cost	\$	263,958	\$	-	\$	263,958				
Interest		1,116,022		-		1,116,022				
Differences between expected and actual experience		-		-		-				
Contributions - employer		-		423,435		(423,435)				
Contributions - employee		-		130,388		(130,388)				
Net investment income		-		1,629,758		(1,629,758)				
Benefit payments, including refunds										
of employee contributions		(1,083,833)		(1,083,833)		-				
Administrative expenses		-		(9,166)		9,166				
Other changes		-		86		(86)				
Net changes	\$	296,147	\$_	1,090,668	\$	(794,521)				
Balances at June 30, 2014	\$	16,781,228	\$	11,726,603	\$	5,054,625				

Note 8-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

		Rate	
	(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)
Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)			
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	6,902,490	5,054,625	3,493,014

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) recognized pension expense of \$352,203. At June 30, 2015, the Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Component Unit School				
		Board (nonprofessional)				
		Deferred		Deferred		
		Outflows of Inflows				
	_	Resources Resour				
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$	-	\$	723,289		
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		427,268		-		
Total	\$_	427,268	\$	723,289		

Note 8-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) (Continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

\$427,268 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the year ended June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Component Unit				
		School Board			
Year ended June 30		(nonprofessional)			
2016	\$	(180,822)			
2017		(180,822)			
2018		(180,822)			
2019		(180,823)			
Thereafter		- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			

Component Unit School Board (professional)

Plan Description

Additional information related to the plan description, plan contribution requirements, long-term expected rate of return, and discount rate is included in the first section of this note.

Contributions

Each School Division's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2015 was 14.50% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013. The actuarial rate for the Teacher Retirement Plan was 18.20%. This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Based on the provisions of \$51.1-145 of the Code of Virginia, as amended the contributions were funded at 79.69% of the actuarial rate for the year ended June 30, 2015. Contributions to the pension plan from the School Board were \$2,509,000 and \$1,991,484 for the years ended June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014, respectively.

Note 8-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2015, the school division reported a liability of \$28,229,000 for its proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability. The Net Pension Liability was measured as of June 30, 2014 and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The school division's proportion of the Net Pension Liability was based on the school division's actuarially determined employer contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2014 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2014, the school division's proportion was 0.23360% as compared to 0.24350% at June 30, 2013.

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the school division recognized pension expense of \$1,986,000. Since there was a change in proportionate share between June 30, 2013 and June 30, 2014, a portion of the pension expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion and from differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of employer contributions.

At June 30, 2015, the school division reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources

		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Change in assumptions	\$	-	\$	1,117,000
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		4,190,000
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		2,509,000		-
Total	\$ <u></u>	2,509,000	\$_	5,307,000

Note 8-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

\$2,509,000 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the school division's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the year ended June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30	
2016	\$ (1,294,000)
2017	(1,294,000)
2018	(1,294,000)
2019	(1,294,000)
Thereafter	(131,000)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2014.

Inflation	2.5%
Salary increases, including inflation	3.5% - 5.95%
Investment rate of return	7.0%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation*

^{*} Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

Note 8-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

Mortality rates:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 3 years and females set back 5 years

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 2 years and females set back 3 years

Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 1 year and no provision for future mortality improvement

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2013 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to the rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of withdrawals for 3 through 9 years of service
- Decrease in rates of disability
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

Sensitivity of the School Division's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

		Rate	
	(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)
School division's proportionate share of the VRS Teacher			
Employee Retirement Plan Net Pension Liability	41,453,000	28,229,000	17,343,000

Note 8-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2014 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the 2014 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2014-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Note 9-Capital Assets:

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2015 was as follows:

Primary Government:

		Beginning Balance		Increases		Decreases		Ending Balance
Governmental Activities:				_		_		
Capital assets, not being depreciated:								
Land	\$_	568,695	\$_	-	\$_	-	\$_	568,695
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Buildings and improvements	\$	26,814,300	\$	102,316	\$	(2,035,501)	\$	24,881,115
Machinery and equipment		4,114,985		458,562		(295,845)		4,277,702
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$_	30,929,285	\$_	560,878	\$	(2,331,346)	\$_	29,158,817
Accumulated depreciation:								
Buildings and improvements	\$	(11,726,337)	\$	(594,845)	\$	1,313,801	\$	(11,007,381)
Machinery and equipment		(2,622,756)		(299,310)		189,565		(2,732,501)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	(14,349,093)	\$	(894,155)	\$_	1,503,366	\$_	(13,739,882)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$_	16,580,192	\$_	(333,277)	\$_	(827,980)	\$_	15,418,935
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$_	17,148,887	\$_	(333,277)	\$_	(827,980)	\$_	15,987,630

Note 9-Capital Assets: (Continued)

Primary Government: (Continued)

	_	Beginning Balance	Increases	 Decreases		Ending Balance
Business-type Activities Capital assets, being depreciated:						
Utility plant	\$_	5,240,699 \$	-	\$ -	\$_	5,240,699
Accumulated depreciation: Utility plant	\$_	(2,117,106) \$	(131,017)	\$ -	\$_	(2,248,123)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$_	3,123,593 \$	(131,017)	\$ -	\$_	2,992,576
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$_	3,123,593 \$	(131,017)	\$ -	\$_	2,992,576

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:		
General government administration	\$	15,458
Public safety		176,204
Public works		44,731
Health and welfare		10,987
Education		608,553
Parks, recreation, and cultural		38,222
Total depreciation expense-governmental activities	\$	894,155
Business-type activities: Sewer Authority	Ś	131,017
server reactionity	~	131,017

Note 9-Capital Assets: (Continued)

Capital asset activity for the School Board for the year ended June 30, 2015 was as follows:

Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board:

	_	Beginning Balance	-	Increases	_	Decreases	_	Ending Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land	\$_	5,636,345	\$	-	\$_		\$_	5,636,345
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Buildings and improvements	\$	22,294,656	\$	2,177,298	\$	-	\$	24,471,954
Machinery and equipment		6,735,850		536,749		(620,054)		6,652,545
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$_	29,030,506	\$	2,714,047	\$	(620,054)	\$	31,124,499
Accumulated depreciation:								
Buildings and improvements	\$	(11,915,932)	\$	(1,972,747)	\$	-	\$	(13,888,679)
Machinery and equipment		(5,299,360)		(340,242)		620,054		(5,019,548)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	(17,215,292)	\$	(2,312,989)	\$	620,054	\$_	(18,908,227)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$_	11,815,214	\$_	401,058	\$_		\$_	12,216,272
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$_	17,451,559	\$_	401,058	\$_	-	\$	17,852,617

Note 10-Risk Management:

The County and its Component Unit - School Board are exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The County and the related Component Unit - School Board participate with other localities in a public entity risk pool for their coverage of general liability, property, crime and auto insurance with the Virginia Association of Counties Risk Pool. Each member of this risk pool jointly and severally agrees to assume, pay and discharge any liability. The County and the School Board pay the Risk Pool contributions and assessments based upon classification and rates into a designated cash reserve fund out of which expenses of the pool, claims and awards are to be paid. In the event of a loss, deficit, or depletion of all available excess insurance, the pool may assess all members in the proportion to which the premium of each bears to the total premiums of all members in the year in which such deficit occurs. The County and its Component Unit - School Board continue to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Note 11-Contingent Liabilities:

Federal programs in which the County and its component units participate were audited in accordance with the provisions of U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, <u>Audits of States, Local Governments</u>, and <u>Non-Profit Organizations</u>. Pursuant to the provisions of this circular all major programs and certain other programs were tested for compliance with applicable grant requirements. While matters of noncompliance were disclosed by the audit, the Federal Government may subject grant programs to additional compliance tests, which may result in disallowed expenditures. In the opinion of management, any future disallowances of current grant program expenditures, if any, would be immaterial.

Note 12-Surety Bonds:

Fidelity & Deposit Company of Maryland-Surety:		
Ann McReynolds, Clerk of the Circuit Court	\$	1,010,000
Patrick Thompson, Treasurer		400,000
Randy N. Williams, Commissioner of the Revenue		3,000
Steve Dye, Sheriff		30,000
All constitutional officers' employees: blanket bond		50,000
Hartford Company - Surety:		
Tammy Caldwell - Clerk of the School Board	\$	10,000
All school employees: blanket bond		10,000
USF&G Insurance Co Surety:		
All Social Services employees-blanket bond	_ \$	100,000

Note 13-Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Cost:

State and federal laws and regulations require the County to place a final cover on its landfill site when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site after closure. \$275,738 is the total estimated closure and postclosure care liability at June 30, 2015. This represents the cumulative amount based on the use of 100% of the estimated capacity of the landfill and is based on what it would cost to perform all remaining closure and postclosure in 2015. Actual costs for closure and postclosure monitoring may change due to inflation, deflation, changes in technology or changes in regulations. The County uses the Commonwealth of Virginia's financial assurance mechanism to meet the Department of Environmental Quality's assurance requirements for landfill closure and postclosure costs.

The County demonstrated financial assurance requirements for closure, post-closure care, and corrective action costs through the submission of a Local Government Financial Test to the Virginia Department of Environmental Quality in accordance with Section 9VA C20-70 of the Virginia Administrative Code.

Note 14-Deferred/Unavailable Revenue:

Governmental funds report *deferred/unavailable revenue* in connection with receivables for revenues not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of *deferred/unavailable revenue* reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

	Gov't-wide Statements	Balance Sheet
	Governmental Activities	Governmental Funds
2nd half taxes due December 2015	\$ 5,136,011	\$ 5,136,011
Delinquent taxes due prior to June 30, 2015	-	2,659,679
Prepaid taxes	140,234	140,234
Total deferred/unavailable revenue for governmental funds	\$ 5,276,245	\$ 7,935,924

Note 15-Self Health Insurance:

The County of Russell, Virginia established a limited risk management program for health insurance. Premiums are paid into the health plan fund from the County and School Board and are available to pay claims, and administrative costs of the program. During the fiscal year 2015, a total of \$5,723,953 was paid in benefits and administrative costs. The risk assumed by the County and School Board is based on the number of participants in the program. The risk varies by the number of participants and their specific plan type. As of June 30, 2015, the County and School Board were exposed to risk which represents the difference between the claims to date and the ceiling liability as calculated based on enrollment levels and health plan coverage. Additional costs in excess of the ceiling liability are covered as part of the contract with the County. Incurred but not reported claims of \$888,250 have been accrued as a liability based primarily on actual cost incurred prior to June 30 but paid after year-end. Interfund premiums are based primarily upon the insured funds' claims experience and are reported as quasi-external interfund transactions. Changes in the claims liability during fiscal year 2015 were as follows:

Fiscal Year	Balance at Beginning of Fiscal Year	Current Year Claims and Changes in Estimates	Claim Payments	Balance at End of Fiscal Year
2014-15 \$	772,252 \$	5,839,951 \$	(5,723,953) \$	888,250

Note 16-Other Postemployment Benefits-Health Insurance:

A. Plan Description

The County of Russell and Russell County's Component Unit - School Board administer a single-employer healthcare plan ("the Plan"). The Plan provides for participation by eligible retirees and their dependents in the health insurance programs available to County and School Board employees. The Plan will provide retiring employees the option to continue health insurance offered by the County and School Board. Any County or School Board eligible retiree may receive this benefit until he/she has reached sixty five years of age.

To be eligible for this benefit a retiree must meet the following criteria: attained age 50 and 15 years of service and not eligible for Medicare and the last 10 years must be with the County or School Board prior to retirement. The benefits, employee contributions and the employer contributions are governed by the Board of Supervisors and the School Board and can be amended through the Board of Supervisors and the School Board action respectively. The Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

B. Funding Policy

The County and School Board currently pay for the post-retirement health care benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis. The County and School Board currently have 757 employees that are eligible, respectively, for the program. In addition, 100 percent of premiums are the responsibility of the retiree.

Health benefits include Medical, Dental, and Vision coverage for retirees and eligible spouses/dependents. Retirees are eligible to choose one of the following medical options through the County and School Board. The rates are as follows:

County:

		Medical & Rx					
	Re	etiree	Spouse		Ret./Family		
PPO	\$	421	\$	421	\$	1,180	
Medicare		135		135		N/A	

Schools Board:

	Medical & Rx					
	Retiree	Spouse		Ret./Family		
PPO	\$ 505	\$	505	\$	1,416	
Medicare	135		135		N/A	

Note 16-Other Postemployment Benefits-Health Insurance: (Continued)

C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The County's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the County's annual OPEB cost for the fiscal year 2015, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the County's net OPEB obligation during fiscal year 2015.

Annual required contribution	\$	41,000
Interest on net OPEB obligation		3,067
Adjustment to annual required contribution	_	(4,079)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	_	39,988
Contributions made	_	(5,200)
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB obligation		34,788
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year	_	76,673
Net OPEB obligation - end of year	\$	111,461

The County's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2015 and the two preceding years were as follows:

	Percentage of				
Fiscal	Annual	Annual OPEB Cost	Net OPEB		
Year Ended	OPEB Cost	Contributed	Obligation		
		_			
6/30/2013 \$	35,812	2.51% \$	41,521		
6/30/2014	37,852	7.13%	76,673		
6/30/2015	39,988	13.00%	111,461		

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Note 16-Other Postemployment Benefits-Health Insurance: (Continued)

C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation (Continued)

The School Board's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the School Board's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the School Board's net OPEB obligation:

Annual required contribution	\$	934,400
Interest on net OPEB obligation		24,734
Adjustment to annual required contribution	_	(38,278)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	-	920,856
Contributions made		(660,600)
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB obligation		260,256
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year		706,693
Net OPEB obligation - end of year	\$	966,949

The School Board's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2015 and the two preceding years were as follows:

	Percentage of				
Fiscal	Annual	Annual OPEB Cost	Net OPEB		
Year Ended	OPEB Cost	Contributed	Obligation		
			_		
6/30/2013 \$	885,708	56.79% \$	427,536		
6/30/2014	910,457	69.34%	706,693		
6/30/2015	920,856	71.74%	966,949		

D. Funded Status and Funding Progress

The funded status of the Plan for the County as of July 1, 2012, the most recent actuarial valuation date, is as follows:

Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$ 198,600
Actuarial value of plan assets	\$ -
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	\$ 198,600
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets / AAL)	0.00%
Covered payroll (active plan members)	\$ 5,576,300
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	3.56%

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2015

Note 16-Other Postemployment Benefits-Health Insurance: (Continued)

D. Funded Status and Funding Progress (Continued)

The funded status of the Plan for the School Board as of July 1, 2014, the most recent actuarial valuation date, is as follows:

Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$ 9,357,000
Actuarial value of plan assets	\$ -
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	\$ 9,357,000
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets / AAL)	0.00%
Covered payroll (active plan members)	\$ 18,961,700
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	49.35%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far in the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, will present multiyear trend information, as it becomes available, about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

E. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point.

The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

Primary Government

As of July 1, 2012, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the projected unit of credit actuarial cost method was used. Under this method, future benefits are projected and the present value of such benefits is allocated from date of hire to date of eligibility the actuarial assumptions included: investment rate of return at 4.00 percent and a health care trend rate of 7.50 percent graded to 4.80 percent over 72 years. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage over the remaining amortization period, which at July 1, 2012 was 20 years.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2015

Note 16-Other Postemployment Benefits-Health Insurance: (Continued)

E. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions (Continued)

<u>Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board:</u>

As of July 1, 2014, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the projected unit of credit actuarial cost method was used. Under this method, future benefits are projected and the present value of such benefits is allocated from date of hire to date of eligibility the actuarial assumptions included: investment rate of return at 3.50 percent and a health care trend rate of 5.60 percent graded to 4.50 percent over 80 years. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage over the remaining amortization period, which at July 1, 2014 was 20 years.

Note 17-Other Postemployment Benefits-VRS Health Insurance Credit:

A. Plan Description

The County and School Board participate in the Health Insurance Credit Program, a plan designed to assist retirees with the cost of health insurance coverage. This program is an agent and cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). The Virginia General Assembly establishes the dollar amount of the health insurance credit for each year of creditable service. The credit amount and eligibility differs for state, school division, political subdivision, local officer, local social services department and general registrar retirees.

An employee of the County or School Board, who retires under VRS with at least 15 years of total creditable service under the System and is enrolled in a health insurance plan, is eligible to receive a monthly health insurance credit of \$1.50 per year of creditable service up to a maximum monthly credit of \$45. However, such credit shall not exceed the health insurance premium for the retiree. Disabled retirees automatically receive the maximum monthly health insurance credit of \$45.

Benefit provisions and eligibility requirements are established by Title 51.1, Chapter 14 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>. The VRS actuarially determines the amount necessary to fund all credits provided, reflects the cost of such credits in the applicable employer contribution rate pursuant to §51.1-145, and prescribes such terms and conditions as are necessary to carry out the provisions of the health insurance credit program. VRS issues separate financial statements as previously discussed in Note 8.

B. Funding Policy

Primary Government:

As a participating local political subdivision, the County is required to contribute the entire amount necessary to fund participation in the program using the actuarial basis specified by the <u>Code of Virginia</u> and the VRS Board of Trustees. The County's contribution rate for the fiscal year ended 2015 was 0.30% of annual covered payroll.

Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board (Non-Professional Employees):

As a participating local political subdivision, the Covington School Board is required to contribute the entire amount necessary to fund participation in the program using the actuarial basis specified by the <u>Code of Virginia</u> and the VRS Board of Trustees. The School Board's contribution rate for the fiscal year ended 2015 was 0.95% of annual covered payroll.

Note 17-Other Postemployment Benefits-VRS Health Insurance Credit: (Continued)

C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

Primary Government:

The annual cost of OPEB under Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions, is based on the annual required contribution (ARC). The County is required to contribute the ARC, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years.

For 2015, the County's contribution of \$3,321 was equal to the ARC and OPEB cost. The County's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2015 and the two preceding years are shown below:

	Fiscal Year	Annual OPEB	Percentage of ARC	Net OPEB
	Ending	Cost (ARC)	Contributed	Obligation
Primary Government:				
County	6/30/2013	\$ 1,764	100.00%	\$ -
	6/30/2014	778	100.00%	-
	6/30/2015	3,321	100.00%	-

Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board (Non-Professional Employees):

The annual cost of OPEB under Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions, is based on the annual required contribution (ARC). The School Board is required to contribute the ARC, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years.

For 2015, the School Board's contribution of \$23,128 was equal to the ARC and OPEB cost. The School Board's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2015 and the two preceding years are shown below:

	Fiscal	Annual	Percentage	Net
	Year	OPEB	of ARC	OPEB
	Ending	Cost (ARC)	Contributed	Obligation
Discretely Presented Component Unit				
School Board	6/30/2013	\$ 15,780	100.00%	\$ -
	6/30/2014	13,320	100.00%	-
	6/30/2015	23,128	100.00%	-

Note 17-Other Postemployment Benefits-VRS Health Insurance Credit: (Continued)

D. Funded Status and Funding Progress

Primary Government:

The funded status of the plan as of June 30, 2014, the most recent actuarial valuation date, is as follows:

Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$ 123,274
Actuarial value of plan assets	\$ 84,614
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	\$ 38,660
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/AAL)	68.64%
Covered payroll (active plan members)	\$ 1,182,479
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	3.27%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future and reflect a long-term perspective. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board (Non-Professional Employees):

The funded status of the plan as of June 30, 2014, the most recent actuarial valuation date, is as follows:

Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$ 382,648
Actuarial value of plan assets	\$ (15,285)
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	\$ 397,933
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/AAL)	-3.99%
Covered payroll (active plan members)	\$ 2,639,711
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	15.07%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future and reflect a long-term perspective. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2015

Note 17-Other Postemployment Benefits-VRS Health Insurance Credit: (Continued)

D. Funded Status and Funding Progress (Continued)

<u>Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board (Non-Professional Employees)</u>: (Continued) The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

E. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Primary Government:

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used included techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The entry age normal cost method was used to determine the plan's funding liabilities and costs. The actuarial assumptions included a 7.00% investment rate of return, compounded annually, including an inflation component of 2.50%, and a payroll growth rate of 3.00%. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of payrolls on an open basis. The remaining open amortization period at June 30, 2014 was 20-29 years.

Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board (Non-Professional Employees):

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used included techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The entry age normal cost method was used to determine the plan's funding liabilities and costs. The actuarial assumptions included a 7.00% investment rate of return, compounded annually, including an inflation component of 2.50%, and a payroll growth rate of 3.00%. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of payroll on an open basis. The remaining open amortization period at June 30, 2014 was 20-29 years.

F. Professional Employees - Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board

Plan Description

The School Board participates in the Health Insurance Credit Program, a plan designed to assist retirees with the cost of health insurance coverage. This program is a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). The Virginia General Assembly establishes the dollar amount of the health insurance credit for each year of creditable service.

Note 17-Other Postemployment Benefits-VRS Health Insurance Credit: (Continued)

F. Professional Employees - Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board (Continued)

Funding Policy

A teacher, who retires under VRS with at least 15 years of total creditable service under the System and is enrolled in a health insurance plan, is eligible to receive a monthly health insurance credit of \$4 per year of creditable service. However, such credit shall not exceed the health insurance premium for the retiree. Disabled retirees automatically receive a monthly health insurance credit of \$4 multiplied by the smaller of (i) twice the amount of their creditable service or (ii) the amount of creditable service they would have completed at age 60 if they had remained in service to that age.

The School Board is required to contribute, at an actuarially determined rate, the entire amount necessary to fund participation in the program. The School Board's contribution to VRS was \$184,055, \$189,624, and \$193,975 for the fiscal years ended 2015, 2014, and 2013, respectively. The School Board's contributions represented 1.06%, 1.11%, and 1.11%, of covered payroll for the fiscal years ended 2015, 2014, and 2013, respectively.

Note 18-Moral Obligation:

The County has signed a support agreement that backs certain debt obligations of the Russell County Public Service Authority (a component unit of the County). In the agreement, the Board of Supervisors has a moral obligation to fund the Russell County Public Service Authority in amounts sufficient to cover debt service issued during fiscal year 2014 in the amount of \$700,843. To date, the County of Russell, Virginia has provided funds sufficient to cover such debt service. During fiscal year 2015, the County paid \$199,127 in debt service for the Russell County Public Service Authority.

Note 19-Operating Lease:

The County has signed a lease agreement with The Industrial Development Authority of Russell County to pay rent equivalent to the required debt service as it relates to the Russell County Government Center. To date, the County of Russell, Virginia has provided funds sufficient to cover such debt service. As of June 30, 2015, the outstanding balance of the loan was \$4,507,700. Future required rent payments are as follows:

Year Ending	Operating Lease				
June 30,	Principal Inte			Interest	
2016	\$	363,300	\$	101,621	
2017		372,100		92,744	
2018		381,000		83,925	
2019		390,000		74,898	
2020		399,100		65,825	
2021-2025		2,142,700		181,885	
2026		459,500		5,425	
Totals	\$	4,507,700	\$	606,323	

Note 20-Adoption of Accounting Principle:

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27 and Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68:

The County implemented the financial reporting provisions of the above Statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. These Statements establish standards for measuring and recognizing liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources, and expense/expenditures related to pensions. Note disclosure and required supplementary information requirements about pensions are also addressed. The requirements of these Statements will improve financial reporting by improving accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for pensions. The implementation of these Statements resulted in the following restatement of net position:

July 1 2014, as previously stated Net pension liability Deferred outflows July 1 2014, as restated

_	Component	
Primary G	overnment	Unit
Net Po	osition	Net Position
Governmental	Business-type	School
Activities	Activities	Board
\$ 13,247,786	2,467,904	\$ 16,472,495
(7,458,109)	(52,618)	(39, 393, 146)
768,796	5,424	2,417,435
\$ 6,558,473	\$ 2,420,710	\$ (20,503,216)

Note 21 - Upcoming Pronouncements:

Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, amends the definitions of fair value used throughout GASB literature to be consistent with the definition and principles provided in FASB Accounting Standards Codification Topic 820, Fair Value Measurement. This Statement provides guidance for determining a fair value measurement for financial reporting purposes and for applying fair value to certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements. The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2015. No formal study or estimate of the impact of this standard has been performed.

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Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2015

Note 21— Upcoming Pronouncements: (Continued)

Statement No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That are Not Within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68, establishes requirements for defined benefit pensions that are not within the scope of Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, as well as for the assets accumulated for purposes of providing those pensions. In addition, it establishes requirements for defined contribution pensions that are not within the scope of Statement 68 and amends certain provisions of Statement No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans, and Statement 68 for pension plans and pensions that are within their respective scopes. The requirements of this Statement that address accounting and financial reporting by employers and governmental nonemployer contributing entities for pensions that are not within the scope of Statement 68 are effective for financial statements for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2016, and the requirements of this Statement that address financial reporting for assets accumulated for purposes of providing those pensions are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2015. The requirements of this Statement for pension plans that are within the scope of Statement 67 or for pensions that are within the scope of Statement 68 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2015. No formal study or estimate of the impact of this standard has been performed.

Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, improves the usefulness of information about postemployment benefits other than pensions (other postemployment benefits or OPEB) included in the general purpose external financial reports of state and local governmental OPEB plans for making decisions and assessing accountability. This Statement replaces Statements No. 43, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, as amended, and No. 57, OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple Employer Plans. It also includes requirements for defined contribution OPEB plans that replace the requirements for those OPEB plans in Statement No. 25, Financial Reporting for Defined Benefit Pension Plans and Note Disclosures for Defined Contribution Plans, as amended, Statement 43, and Statement No. 50, Pension Disclosures. This Statement is effective for financial statements for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2016. No formal study or estimate of the impact of this standard has been performed.

Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension, improves accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for postemployment benefits other than pensions (other postemployment benefits or OPEB). This Statement replaces the requirements of Statements No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, as amended, and No. 57, OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple Employer Plans, for OPEB. Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, establishes new accounting and financial reporting requirements for OPEB plans. This Statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017. No formal study or estimate of the impact of this standard has been performed.

Statement No. 76, The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments, objective is to identify—in the context of the current governmental financial reporting environment—the hierarchy of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). This Statement supersedes Statement No. 55, The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments. The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2015, and should be applied retroactively. No formal study or estimate of the impact of this standard has been performed.

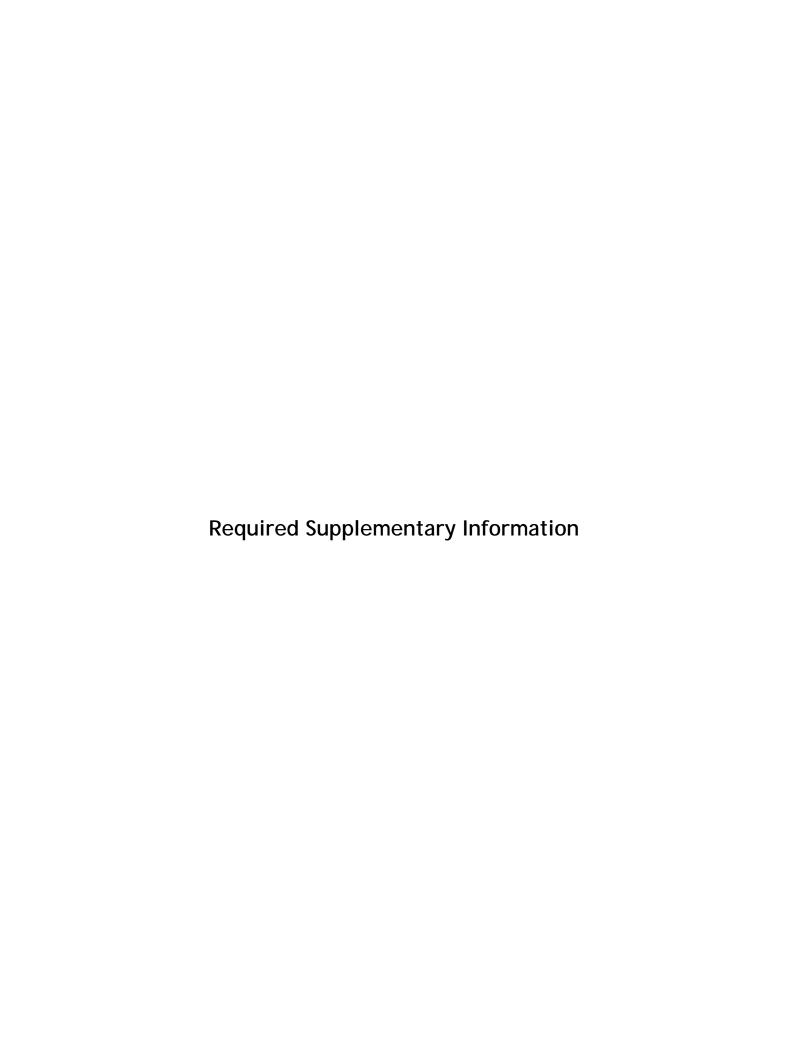
Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2015

Note 21— Upcoming Pronouncements: (Continued)

Statement No. 77, *Tax Abatement Disclosures*, will increase the disclosure of tax abatement agreements to disclose information about the agreements. The requirements of this Statement improve financial reporting by giving users of financial statements essential information that is not consistently or comprehensively reported to the public at present. The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2015. No formal study or estimate of the impact of this standard has been performed.

Note 22-Litigation:

As of June 30, 2015, there were no matters of litigation involving the County which would materially affect the County's financial position should court decisions on pending matters not be favorable.



County of Russell, Virginia General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

DEVENUES		Budgeted Original	l An	nounts <u>Final</u>		Actual <u>Amounts</u>	Fin	riance with al Budget - Positive <u>Negative)</u>
REVENUES General property taxes Other local taxes Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses Fines and forfeitures Revenue from the use of money and property Charges for services Miscellaneous Recovered costs	\$	15,867,387 3,747,517 50,600 27,000 335,000 293,300 216,600 398,500	\$	15,867,387 3,747,517 50,600 27,000 335,000 293,300 216,600 545,253	\$	15,746,635 3,877,533 40,342 2,334 246,592 334,563 226,621 710,585	\$	(120,752) 130,016 (10,258) (24,666) (88,408) 41,263 10,021 165,332
Intergovernmental: Commonwealth		8,008,760		8,041,335		7,798,472		(242,863)
Federal		2,577,166		2,577,166		2,433,534		(143,632)
Total revenues	\$	31,521,830	\$	31,701,158	\$	31,417,211	\$	(283,947)
EXPENDITURES Current: General government administration Judicial administration Public safety Public works Health and welfare Education Parks, recreation, and cultural Community development Nondepartmental Debt service: Principal retirement Interest and other fiscal charges Total expenditures	\$	1,689,988 2,035,763 6,323,356 3,479,798 6,448,531 7,712,756 492,368 705,401 475,847 1,527,257 430,765 31,321,830	\$	1,697,188 2,046,691 6,502,684 3,483,998 6,448,531 7,712,756 492,368 705,401 453,519 1,527,257 430,765 31,501,158	\$	1,717,342 2,011,601 6,839,477 3,116,473 6,321,358 5,854,433 480,741 1,046,895 112,482 1,522,447 424,130 29,447,379	\$	(20,154) 35,090 (336,793) 367,525 127,173 1,858,323 11,627 (341,494) 341,037 4,810 6,635 2,053,779
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$	200,000	\$	200,000	\$	1,969,832	\$	1,769,832
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	(200,000)	\$	(200,000)	\$	(446,281) (446,281)	\$	(246,281)
Net change in fund balances Fund balances - beginning Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,523,551 6,094,448 7,617,999	\$	1,523,551 6,094,448 7,617,999
i and balances chaing	<u>~</u>		ڔ		ڔ	7,017,777	ب	7,017,777

County of Russell, Virginia Special Revenue Fund - Coal Road Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

		Budgeted	l Am	ounts	_	Actual		riance with al Budget - Positive
REVENUES	<u>(</u>	<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>		Amounts	<u>(</u>	Negative)
Other local taxes	\$	900,000	\$	900,000	\$	757,894	\$	(142,106)
Revenue from the use of money and property Total revenues	Ċ	900,000	Ċ	900,000	ċ	2,275	Ċ	2,275
Total revenues	<u> </u>	900,000	٠,	900,000	,	760,169	<u>ې</u>	(139,831)
EXPENDITURES Current:								
Public works	\$	900,000	\$	900,000	\$	845,842	\$	54,158
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$	-	\$		\$	(85,673)	\$	(85,673)
Net change in fund balances	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(85,673)	\$	(85,673)
Fund balances - beginning Fund balances - ending	Ś	<u> </u>	Ś	-	Ś	573,214 487,541	Ś	573,214 487,541
			7		7	:37,6	7	,

County of Russell, Virginia Special Revenue Fund - Workforce Investment Board Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

REVENUES	 Budgeted Original	-	Actual <u>Amounts</u>		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
Recovered costs	\$ -	\$ -	\$	1,893	\$	1,893
Intergovernmental: Federal	2,746,846	2,746,846		1,969,719		(777,127)
Total revenues	\$ 2,746,846	\$ 2,746,846	\$	1,971,612	\$	(775,234)
EXPENDITURES Current: Health and welfare	\$ 2,746,846	\$ 2,746,846	\$	2,032,660	\$	714,186
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$ -	\$ -	\$	(61,048)	\$	(61,048)
Net change in fund balances Fund balances - beginning	\$ -	\$ -	\$	(61,048) 43,399	\$	(61,048) 43,399
Fund balances - ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$	(17,649)	\$	(17,649)

County of Russell, Virginia Schedule of OPEB Funding Progress For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Primary Government

County Other Postemployment Benefits-Health Insurance:

Actuarial Valuation as of	Value	Actuarial Value of Assets		f Accrued AAL (UAAL) Funded Ra		Funded Ratio (2)/(3)	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll (4)/(6)	
(1)	(2)			(3)		(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
July 1, 2012	\$	-	\$	198,600	\$	198,600	0.00%	\$ 5,576,300	3.56%
July 1, 2010		-		464,748		464,748	0.00%	5,581,443	8.33%
July 1, 2008		-		546,570		546,570	0.00%	4,198,697	13.02%

County Other Postemployment Benefits-VRS Health Insurance Credit:

Actuarial Valuation as of (1)	ctuarial /alue of Assets (2)	Actuarial Accrued Dility (AAL) (3)	AA	nfunded .L (UAAL) 3) - (2) (4)	Funded Ratio (2)/(3) (5)	 Covered Payroll (6)	UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll (4)/(6) (7)
June 30, 2014	\$ 84,614	\$ 123,274	\$	38,660	68.64%	\$ 1,182,479	3.27%
June 30, 2013 June 30, 2012	81,083 78,231	118,770 101,849		37,687 23,618	68.27% 76.81%	1,110,563 1,769,420	3.39% 1.33%

Discretely Presented Component Unit:

School Board Other Postemployment Benefits-Health Insurance:

Actuarial Valuation as of	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Unfunded Accrued AAL (UAAL) Liability (AAL) (3) - (2)		Funded Ratio (2)/(3)	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll (4)/(6)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
July 1, 2014 July 1, 2012	\$ -	\$ 9,357,000 8,991,400	\$ 9,357,000 8,991,400	0.00% 0.00%	\$ 18,961,700 21,181,100	49.35% 42.45%
July 1, 2010	-	3,030,967	3,030,967	0.00%	20,559,274	14.74%

School Board Other Postemployment Benefits-VRS Health Insurance Credit:

Actuarial Valuation as of (*)	-	actuarial Value of Assets			Funded Ratio (2)/(3)	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll (4)/(6)	
(1)		(2)		(3)	 (4)	(5)	 (6)	(7)
June 30, 2014 June 30, 2013 June 30, 2012	\$	(15,285) 379 -	\$	382,648 376,778 161,463	\$ 397,933 376,399 161,463	-3.99% 0.10% 0.00%	\$ 2,639,711 2,666,329 2,689,457	15.07% 14.12% 6.00%

^{(*) -} June 30, 2012 was the initial valuation as the School Board recently joined this plan.

County of Russell, Virginia Schedule of Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability June 30, 2015

Date (1)	Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (NPL) (2)	Proportionate Share of the NPL (3)	Covered Employee Payroll (4)	Proportionate Share of the NPL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (3)/(4) (5)	Pension Plan's Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability (6)
•	- County Retirement Plan	F 702 020	£ 440 440	407.20%	80 F2W
2014 Component Unit Scho	99.1179% \$ ool Board (professional)	5,782,839	\$ 5,440,419	106.29%	80.53%
2014	0.23360% \$	28,229,000	\$ 17,083,236	165.24%	70.88%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2015 is the first year for this presentation, no other data is available. However, * The amounts presented have a measurement date of the previous fiscal year end.

County of Russell, Virginia

Schedule of Components of and Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

		2014
Total pension liability		
Service cost	\$	263,958
Interest		1,116,022
Changes of benefit terms		-
Differences between expected and actual experience		-
Changes in assumptions		-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(1,083,833)
Net change in total pension liability	s	296,147
Total pension liability - beginning	,	16,485,081
Total pension liability - ending (a)	s	16,781,228
total potential transfer of the property of th	' 	
Plan fiduciary net position		
Contributions - employer	\$	423,435
Contributions - employee		130,388
Net investment income		1,629,758
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(1,083,833)
Administrative expense		(9,166)
Other		86
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$	1,090,668
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	<u>. —</u>	10,635,935
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	11,726,603
School Division's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	5,054,625
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total		
pension liability		69.88%
	6	2 (42 204
Covered-employee payroll	\$	2,612,301
School Division's net pension liability as a percentage of		
covered-employee payroll		193.49%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2015 is the first year for this presentation, no other data is available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Russell, Virginia Schedule of Employer Contributions For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Date Primary Go		Contractually Required Contribution (1)		Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (2)	· -	Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)	 Employer's Covered Employee Payroll (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered Employee Payroll (5)
2015	\$	796,636	\$	796,636	\$	_	\$ 5,368,165	14.61%
	·	t School Board 427,268	nor	,	\$	-	\$ 2,434,577	17.55%
Component	t Uni	t School Board	(pro	fessional)				
2015	\$	2,509,000	\$	2,509,000	\$	-	\$ 17,363,701	14.45%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2015 is the first year for this presentation, no other data is available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Russell, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Changes of benefit terms - There have been no significant changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation. A hybrid plan with changes to the defined benefit plan structure and a new defined contribution component were adopted in 2012. The hybrid plan applies to most new employees hired on or after January 1, 2014 and not covered by enhanced hazardous duty benefits. The liabilities presented do not reflect the hybrid plan since it covers new members joining the System after the valuation date of June 30, 2013 and the impact on the liabilities as of the measurement date of June 30, 2014 are minimal.

Changes of assumptions - The following changes in actuarial assumptions were made effective June 30, 2013 based on the most recent experience study of the System for the four-year period ending June 30, 2012:

Largest 10 - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

Largest 10 - LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in male rates of disability

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

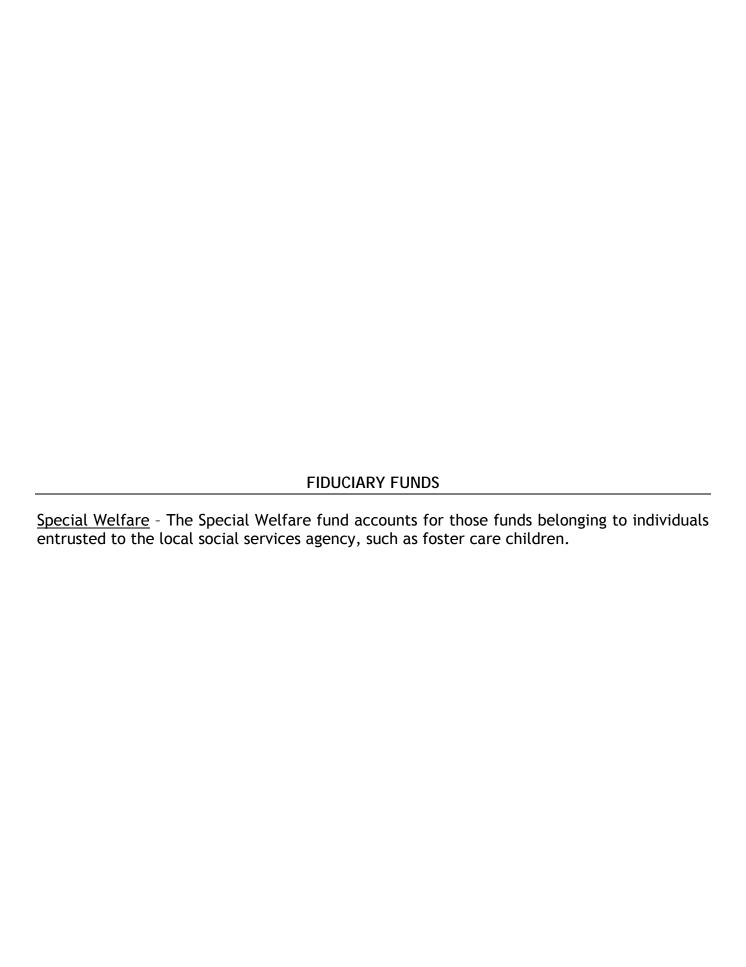
All Others (Non 10 Largest) - LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to rates of service retirement for females
- Increase in rates of withdrawal
- Decrease in male and female rates of disability

Component Unit School Board - Professional Employees

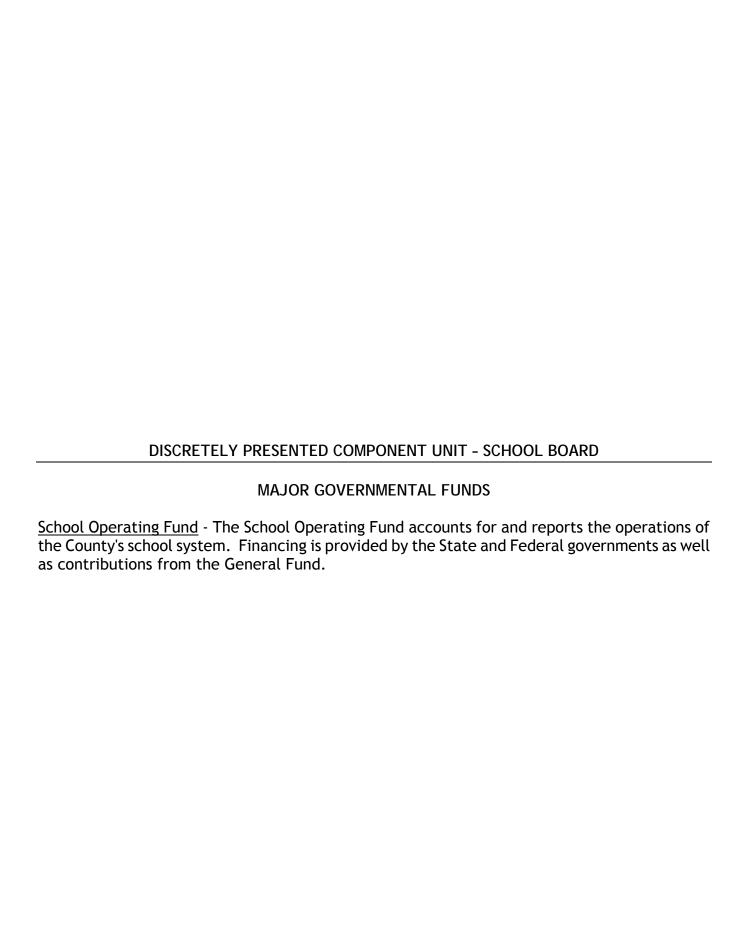
- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to the rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates withdrawals for 3 through 9 years of service
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year





County of Russell, Virginia Combined Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Balance Beginning <u>of Year</u>	Additions	<u>Deletions</u>	Balance End <u>of Year</u>
\$ 68,932	\$ 98,891	\$ (110,440)	\$ 57,383
16,189	216,897	(232,037)	1,049
\$ 85,121	\$ 315,788	\$ (342,477)	\$ 58,432
\$ 68,932	\$ 98,891	\$ (110,440)	\$ 57,383
16,189	216,897	(232,037)	1,049
\$ 85,121	\$ 315,788	\$ (342,477)	\$ 58,432
	\$ 68,932 16,189 \$ 68,932 16,189	\$ 68,932 \$ 98,891 16,189 \$ 216,897 \$ 85,121 \$ 315,788 \$ 68,932 \$ 98,891 16,189 \$ 216,897	Beginning of Year Additions Deletions \$ 68,932 \$ 98,891 \$ (110,440) 16,189 216,897 (232,037) \$ 85,121 \$ 315,788 \$ (342,477) \$ 68,932 \$ 98,891 \$ (110,440) 16,189 216,897 (232,037)



County of Russell, Virginia Balance Sheet Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board June 30, 2015

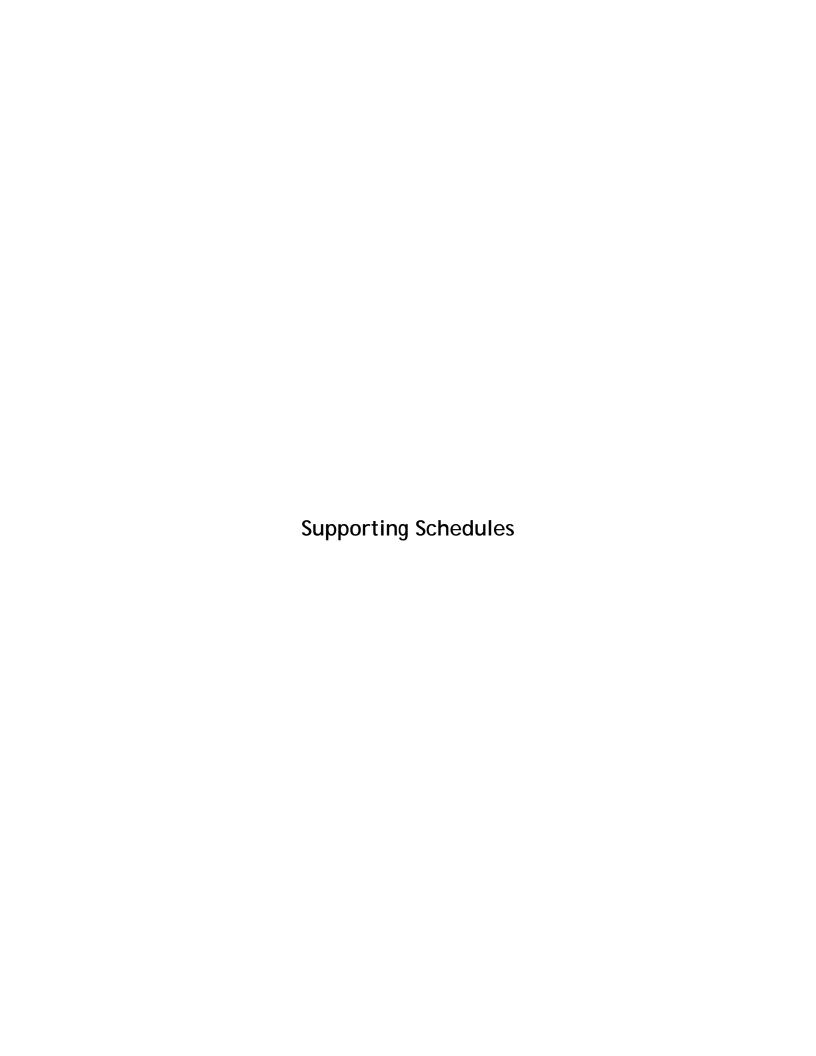
		,	School Operating <u>Fund</u>
ASSETS Cook and cook assistates		ċ	1 920 (7)
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):		\$	1,839,676
Accounts receivable			16,548
Due from other governmental units			1,501,315
Prepaid items			760,243
Total assets			4,117,782
LIADII ITIES AND FUND DAI ANCES			
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:			
Accounts payable			94,242
Salaries payable			890,850
Due to primary government			2,499,074
Total liabilities			3,484,166
Fund balances:			
Nonspendable:			
Prepaid items		\$	760,243
Committed:		•	,
Textbook purchases			345,940
Regional Adult Education			287,676
Unassigned:			(760,243)
Total fund balances Total liabilities and fund balances		<u> </u>	633,616 4,117,782
Total liabilities and fund palances		<u>ې</u>	4,117,702
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit 1) are different	because:		
Total fund balances per above		\$	633,616
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.			
Land	5,636,345		
Buildings and improvements	10,583,275		
Machinery and equipment	1,632,997	_	17,852,617
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are			
deferred in the funds. Items related to measurement of net pension liability			(6,030,289)
Pension contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be a reduction to the net pension liability in the next fiscal year and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.			2,936,268
Long-term liabilities, including early retirement incentives, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.			
Compensated absences	(787,935)		
Early retirement incentive	(19,500)		
Net OPEB obligation	(966,949)		
Net pension liability	(33,283,625)		(35,058,009)
Net position of governmental activities		\$	(19,665,797)

County of Russell, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

DEVENUES		School Operating <u>Fund</u>
REVENUES Revenue from the use of money and property Charges for services Miscellaneous Recovered costs Intergovernmental:		\$ 3,095 442,194 245,718 627,694
Local government Commonwealth Federal Total revenues	- -	5,765,180 27,931,541 4,292,813 \$ 39,308,235
EXPENDITURES Current: Education	-	\$ 39,231,470
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	-	\$ 76,765
Net change in fund balances Fund balances - beginning Fund balances - ending	- -	\$ 76,765 556,851 \$ 633,616
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit 2) are different because:		
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds - per above		\$ 76,765
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.		
Capital outlays Reversion of assets back to the School Board (net) Depreciation expense	678,546 721,700 (999,188)	401,058
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Change in deferred inflows of resources related to the measurement of the net pension liability		(6,030,289)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		(0,000,207)
(Increase) decrease in compensated absences (Increase) decrease in early retirement incentive (Increase) decrease in net OPEB obligation Change in net pension liability Change in deferred outflows of resources related to pension payments subsequent to the measurement date	(29,513) 51,300 (260,256) 6,109,521 518,833	6,389,885
Change in net position of governmental activities	- - -	\$ 837,419

County of Russell, Virginia Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

				School Ope	rati	ng Fund		
		Budgeted	l Am	nounts		-		riance with inal Budget Positive
		<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>		<u>Actual</u>	((Negative)
REVENUES				<u> </u>				
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	1,500	\$	1,500	\$	3,095	\$	1,595
Charges for services		721,813		721,813		442,194		(279,619)
Miscellaneous		170,000		164,558		245,718		81,160
Recovered costs		533,500		533,500		627,694		94,194
Intergovernmental:								
Local government		7,623,503		7,623,503		5,765,180		(1,858,323)
Commonwealth		26,998,851		27,710,165		27,931,541		221,376
Federal		4,499,020		5,082,784		4,292,813		(789,971)
Total revenues	\$	40,548,187	\$	41,837,823	\$	39,308,235	\$	(2,529,588)
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Education	\$	40,548,187	\$	41,837,823	\$	39,231,470	\$	2,606,353
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures	\$	-	\$	-	\$	76,765	\$	76,765
Not change in fund balances	\$	_	\$		\$	76,765	ċ	76,765
Net change in fund balances Fund balances - beginning	Ş	-	Ş	-	Ş	556,851	Ş	556,851
Fund balances - beginning Fund balances - ending	\$		\$	<u> </u>	S	633,616	Ċ	633,616
i uliu balailes - ciluliig	Ç	-	Ç	-	ڔ	033,010	ڔ	033,010



Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	F	riance with inal Budget Positive (Negative)
General Fund:								
Revenue from local sources:								
General property taxes:								
Real Property Tax	\$	8,400,000	\$	8,400,000	\$	7,876,874	\$	(523,126)
Real and Personal PSC Tax		1,386,387		1,386,387		1,537,854		151,467
Personal Property Tax		2,791,000		2,791,000		3,523,969		732,969
Mobile Home Tax		112,000		112,000		115,011		3,011
Machinery and Tools Tax		1,800,000		1,800,000		1,191,281		(608,719)
Merchants Capital		30,000		30,000		34,996		4,996
Mineral Tax Penalties		940,000		940,000		993,732		53,732
Interest		120,000 288,000		120,000 288,000		148,441 324,477		28,441 36,477
Total general property taxes	<u> </u>	15,867,387	Ś	15,867,387	Ċ	15,746,635	Ś	(120,752)
rotat generat property taxes		13,007,307	٠,	13,007,307	٠	13,740,033	ڔ	(120,732)
Other local taxes:								
Local Sales and Use Tax	\$	1,893,517	\$	1,893,517	\$	1,876,308	\$	(17,209)
Consumers' Utility Tax		550,000		550,000		530,273		(19,727)
Consumption Taxes		70,000		70,000		85,941		15,941
Franchise License Tax				-		3,230		3,230
Coal Severance Tax		700,000		700,000		757,894		57,894
Bank Stock Tax		-		-		10,915		10,915
Grantee tax		94,000		94,000		86,598		(7,402)
Motor Vehicle Licenses		410,000		410,000		507,262		97,262
Taxes on Recordation and Wills		30,000	,	30,000	ŕ	19,112	<u>,</u>	(10,888)
Total other local taxes	\$	3,747,517	\$	3,747,517	\$	3,877,533	\$	130,016
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses:								
Animal licenses	\$	2,300	\$	2,300	\$	2,264	\$	(36)
Building permits		45,000		45,000		34,851		(10,149)
Other permits and other licenses		3,300		3,300		3,227		(73)
Total permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses	\$	50,600	\$	50,600	\$	40,342	\$	(10,258)
Fines and forfeitures:								
Court fines and forfeitures	\$	27,000	\$	27,000	Ś	2,334	Ś	(24,666)
		,		,	•	,	•	(,,,,,,
Revenue from use of money and property:								
Revenue from use of money	\$	20,000	\$	20,000	\$	27,986	\$	7,986
Revenue from use of property	_	315,000		315,000		218,606		(96,394)
Total revenue from use of money and property	\$	335,000	\$	335,000	\$	246,592	\$	(88,408)
Charges for services:								
Charges for sanitation and waste removal	\$	185,000	Ś	185,000	Ś	244,198	Ś	59,198
Charges for courthouse security	·	51,000	•	51,000	•	29,603	•	(21,397)
Charges for cannery operations		30,000		30,000		29,530		(470)
Charges for commonwealth attorney		5,600		5,600		5,978		378
Charges for courthouse maintenance		10,000		10,000		9,238		(762)
Charges for jail and inmate fees		4,000		4,000		4,655		655
Charges for district court		-		-		2,646		2,646
Charges for library		2,200		2,200		4,451		2,251
Other charges for services		5,500		5,500		4,264		(1,236)
Total charges for services	\$	293,300	\$	293,300	\$	334,563	\$	41,263
Miscellaneous:								
Other miscellaneous revenue	\$	206,600	\$	206,600	S	180,278	\$	(26,322)
Sale of property/surplus	7	10,000	~	10,000	7	46,343	7	36,343
Total miscellaneous	Ċ	216,600	\$	216,600	Ċ	226,621	Ċ	
rotat miscettaneous	\$	210,000	Ç	210,000	Ç	220,021	Ç	10,021

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive <u>Negative)</u>
General Fund: (Continued)						
Revenue from local sources: (Continued)						
Recovered costs:						
Social services	\$	246,000	\$ 246,000	\$ 87,064	\$	(158,936)
Health department		50,000	50,000	33,001		(16,999)
School resource officer		48,000	48,000	54,895		6,895
Insurance recoveries		-	146,753	153,133		6,380
Regional jail		-	-	229,197		229,197
Industrial development		20,000	20,000	24,714		4,714
Other Recovered Costs		34,500	34,500	128,581		94,081
Total recovered costs	\$	398,500	\$ 545,253	\$ 710,585	\$	165,332
Total revenue from local sources	\$	20,935,904	\$ 21,082,657	\$ 21,185,205	\$	102,548
Intergovernmental:						
Revenue from the Commonwealth:						
Noncategorical aid:						
Motor vehicles carriers' tax	\$	300,000	\$ 300,000	\$ 150,459	\$	(149,541)
Mobile home titling tax		60,000	60,000	81,587		21,587
Motor vehicle rental tax		10,500	10,500	3,086		(7,414)
Communications tax		900,000	900,000	858,511		(41,489)
State recordation tax		25,000	25,000	22,851		(2,149)
Personal property tax relief act funds		1,437,003	1,437,003	1,437,003		-
Total noncategorical aid	\$	2,732,503	\$ 2,732,503	\$ 2,553,497	\$	(179,006)
Categorical aid:						
Shared expenses:						
Commonwealth's attorney	\$	349,000	\$ 349,000	\$ 344,787	\$	(4,213)
Sheriff		1,376,000	1,376,000	1,365,158		(10,842)
Commissioner of revenue		179,650	179,650	159,716		(19,934)
Treasurer		111,000	111,000	107,935		(3,065)
Medical examiner		400	400	-		(400)
Registrar/electoral board		43,000	43,000	39,309		(3,691)
Clerk of the Circuit Court		265,300	265,300	287,747		22,447
Total Shared Expenses	\$	2,324,350	\$ 2,324,350	\$ 2,304,652	\$	(19,698)
Other categorical aid:						
Victim witness grant	\$	35,000	\$ 35,000	\$ 25,377	\$	(9,623)
E911 Grant		-	-	12,680		12,680
GIS		_	_	1,350		1,350
E911 state funds		45,000	45,000	42,745		(2,255)
Law enforcement grants		-	-	1,585		1,585
Asset forfeiture funds		_	_	243		243
EMS grants		-	32,575	73,953		41,378
Fire Program Funds		71,000	71,000	76,471		5,471
Library grants		98,000	98,000	79,229		(18,771)
Litter control grants		30,000	30,000	13,579		(16,421)
Public assistance		1,903,480	1,903,480	1,833,767		(69,713)
Comprehensive services act		769,427	769,427	725,109		(44,318)
School resource officer grants		-	-	54,235		54,235
Total other categorical aid	\$	2,951,907	\$ 2,984,482	\$ 2,940,323	\$	(44,159)
Total categorical aid	ς.	5,276,257	\$ 5,308,832	 5,244,975		(63,857)
•	٠			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	8,008,760	\$ 8,041,335	\$ 7,798,472	\$	(242,863)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	F	riance with inal Budget Positive (Negative)
General Fund: (Continued) Intergovernmental: (continued)								
Revenue from the federal government:								
Categorical aid: Forfeited Assets	\$		\$		\$	13,683	ċ	13,683
Emergency management grants	Ş	90,000	Ş	90,000	Ç	47,659	Ş	(42,341)
Violence against women		-		90,000		24,884		24,884
DMV ground transportation safety grant		64,554		64,554		15,088		(49,466)
Public assistance		2,422,612		2,422,612		2,332,220		(90,392)
Total categorical aid	\$	2,577,166	\$	2,577,166	\$	2,433,534	\$	(143,632)
Total revenue from the federal government	\$	2,577,166	\$	2,577,166	\$	2,433,534	\$	(143,632)
Total General Fund	\$	31,521,830	\$	31,701,158	\$	31,417,211	\$	(283,947)
Special Revenue Funds:								
Coal Road Fund:								
Revenue from local sources: Other local taxes:								
Coal road taxes	\$	900,000	\$	900,000	\$	757,894	\$	(142,106)
Revenue from use of money and property:								
Revenue from the use of money	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,275	\$	2,275
Total revenue from local sources	\$	900,000	\$	900,000	\$	760,169	\$	(139,831)
Total Coal Road Fund	\$	900,000	\$	900,000	\$	760,169	\$	(139,831)
Workforce Investment Board Fund:								
Revenue from local sources:								
Recovered costs:								
Other recovered costs	\$	-	\$	-		1,893	\$	1,893
Total recovered costs	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,893	\$	1,893
Intergovernmental:								
Revenue from the federal government:								
Categorical aid: Workforce Investment	\$	2,746,846	ς	2,746,846	ς	1,969,719	ς	(777,127)
Workforce investment		2,740,040	٠,	2,740,040	7	1,707,717	7	(777,127)
Total revenue from the federal government	\$	2,746,846	\$	2,746,846	\$	1,969,719	\$	(777,127)
Total Workforce Investment Board Fund	\$	2,746,846	\$	2,746,846	\$	1,971,612	\$	(775,234)
Total Primary Government	\$	35,168,676	\$	35,348,004	\$	34,148,992	\$	(1,199,012)
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board:								
School Operating Fund:								
Revenue from local sources:								
Revenue from use of money and property:	ċ		\$		\$	175	ċ	175
Revenue from the use of money Revenue from the use of property	\$	1,500	þ	1,500	þ	175 2,920	þ	175 1,420
Total revenue from use of money and property	\$	1,500	\$	1,500	\$	3,095	\$	1,595
Charges for convices:								
Charges for services: Cafeteria sales	\$	562,259	¢	562,259	¢	367,961	¢	(194,298)
Drivers Ed fees	7	14,000	7	14,000	7	13,055	Ţ	(945)
Other charges for services		,,,,,,		,,,,,,		744		744
Regional Adult Education		138,554		138,554		59,981		(78,573)
GED Testing fees		2,000		2,000		453		(1,547)
Total charges for services	\$	721,813	\$	721,813	\$	442,194	\$	(279,619)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	F	riance with inal Budget Positive (Negative)
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: (Continued) School Operating Fund: (Continued) Miscellaneous:								
Other miscellaneous	\$	170,000	\$	164,558	\$	245,718	\$	81,160
Recovered costs:								
Insurance recoveries	\$	-	\$	-	\$	9,956	\$	9,956
Extra duties revenue		23,000		23,000		22,470		(530)
Dual Enrollment		350,000		350,000		319,763		(30,237)
Sale of Equipment and Supplies		10,000		10,000		18,867		8,867
Reimburse Health Services		100,000		100,000		187,728		87,728
Other recovered costs	_	50,500	_	50,500	_	68,910		18,410
Total recovered costs	\$	533,500	\$	533,500	\$	627,694	\$	94,194
Total revenue from local sources	\$	1,426,813	\$	1,421,371	\$	1,318,701	\$	(102,670)
Intergovernmental:								
Revenues from local governments:								
Contribution from County of Russell, Virginia	\$	7,623,503	\$		\$	5,765,180	\$	(1,858,323)
Total revenues from local governments	\$	7,623,503	\$	7,623,503	\$	5,765,180	\$	(1,858,323)
Revenue from the Commonwealth:								
Categorical aid: Share of state sales tax	S	4,066,846	ċ	4,066,846	ċ	4,090,908	Ċ	24,062
Basic Aid	Ļ	13,200,054	ڔ	13,200,054	ڔ	13,489,557	۲	289,503
Remedial summer education		151,340		151,340		87,828		(63,512)
Gifted and talented		136,849		136,849		139,363		2,514
Remedial education		524,102		524,102		533,731		9,629
Special education		2,009,056		2,009,056		2,045,971		36,915
Textbook payment		280,161		280,161		285,309		5,148
Career and Technical Education		82,452		82,452		34,939		(47,513)
Alternative education		830,868		830,868		830,868		-
Algebra readiness		66,002		66,002		68,385		2,383
Mentor teacher program		2,943		2,943		1,581		(1,362)
Social security fringe benefits		853,121		853,121		868,796		15,675
Group life		52,410		52,410 1,738,270		53,373 1,770,209		963
Retirement fringe benefits Early reading intervention		1,738,270 97,681		97,681		90,534		31,939 (7,147)
Adult Education		6,338		6,338		31,563		25,225
Homebound education		33,073		33,073		26,127		(6,946)
Vocation education		358,136		363,833		418,978		55,145
At risk payments		578,864		578,864		589,500		10,636
Primary class size		661,194		661,194		649,474		(11,720)
Technology		475,200		475,200		304,263		(170,937)
Jobs for Virginia Graduates		21,000		21,000		21,000		-
Industry Certification Costs		-		3,344		3,344		-
At risk four-year olds		559,042		559,042		559,042		-
School Food		38,711		38,711		28,828		(9,883)
English as a second language		3,276		3,276		3,276		-
Project graduation		- 45 747		- 17 717		18,146		18,146
GED prep programs		15,717		17,717		81,817		64,100
Tobacco Commission Adult literacy		56,550 99,595		56,550 99,595		14,047 99,595		(42,503)
Plugged in Virginia		77,373		77,373		70,999		70,999
Special education-foster care		-		-		7,305		7,305
Fiscal year 2014 School Division Payment		-		603,144		603,144		
Other state funds		-		17,159		9,741		(7,418)
Total categorical aid	\$	26,998,851	\$	27,710,165	\$	27,931,541	\$	221,376
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	26,998,851	\$	27,710,165	\$	27,931,541	\$	221,376

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	F	riance with inal Budget Positive (Negative)
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: (Continued)					
School Operating Fund: (Continued)					
Intergovernmental: (Continued)					
Revenue from the federal government:					
Categorical aid:					
Basic Adult Education	\$ 325,848	\$ 325,848	\$ 166,450	\$	(159,398)
Title I	1,335,404	1,215,226	1,079,377		(135,849)
Special Education	900,668	928,218	819,305		(108,913)
Title VI-B, preschool	34,297	34,335	34,335		-
Vocational education	82,577	76,191	76,192		1
School Food Program	1,295,000	1,295,000	1,297,595		2,595
Improving teacher quality	252,378	250,276	216,497		(33,779)
21st century grant	197,384	880,062	510,861		(369,201)
Rural and low income schools	 75,464	77,628	92,201		14,573
Total categorical aid	\$ 4,499,020	\$ 5,082,784	\$ 4,292,813	\$	(789,971)
Total revenue from the federal government	\$ 4,499,020	\$ 5,082,784	\$ 4,292,813	\$	(789,971)
Total Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board	\$ 40,548,187	\$ 41,837,823	\$ 39,308,235	\$	(2,529,588)

County administrator	with idget ve ive)
Sample S	
County administrator \$ 315,098 \$ 322,298 \$ 324,643 \$ (2.3) Independent auditor 65,000 65,000 64,800 2 Commissioner of the revenue 280,762 280,762 292,147 (11,3) Real estate assessor 141,424 141,424 134,671 6,7 Treasurer 377,398 377,398 407,767 (30,3) Data processing - - 5,842 (5,8) Procurement 122,869 122,869 125,256 (2,3) Total general and financial administration \$ 1,302,551 \$ 1,309,751 \$ 1,355,126 \$ (45,3) Board of elections: Electoral Board \$ 80,108 \$ 80,108 \$ 68,432 \$ 11,6 General Registrar \$ 110,278 \$ 110,278 108,303 1,5 Total general government administration \$ 1,689,988 \$ 1,697,188 \$ 1,717,342 \$ (20,1) Judicial administration: Courts \$ 1,50,499,800 9,800 6,581 3,2 Special Magistrat	1,570
Independent auditor	
Commissioner of the revenue 280,762 280,762 292,147 (11,3 Real estate assessor) (11,4 44) (14,444) <td>(2,345)</td>	(2,345)
Real estate assessor 141,424 141,424 134,671 6,7 Treasurer 377,398 377,398 407,767 (30,3) Data processing 5,842 (5,8) Procurement 122,869 122,869 125,256 (2,3) Total general and financial administration \$ 1,302,551 \$ 1,309,751 \$ 1,355,126 \$ 45,3 Board of elections: \$ 80,108 \$ 80,108 \$ 68,432 \$ 11,6 General Registrar 110,278 110,278 108,303 1,5 Total board of elections \$ 190,386 \$ 190,386 \$ 176,735 \$ 13,6 Total general government administration \$ 1,689,988 \$ 1,697,188 \$ 1,717,342 \$ (20,1) Judicial administration: Courts: Circuit Court \$ 1,25,534 \$ 125,534 \$ 121,024 \$ 4,5 General District Court 9,800 9,800 6,581 3,2 Special Magistrates 9,400 9,400 8,458 9 Clerk's Office <	200
Treasurer Data processing Data processing Data processing Procurement Total general and financial administration 377,398 377,398 407,767 (30,3) (5,8) Procurement Total general and financial administration 122,869 122,869 122,969 125,256 (2,3) (2,3) (3,3) (3,3) (3,5) (3,5) (3,5) (3,5) (3,5) (3,5) (3,5) (3,5) (45,3) (3,5) (45,3) (45,4) (45,4) (45,4) (45,4) (45,4) (45,4) (45,4) (45,	1,385)
Data processing 122,869 122,869 125,256 2,3 Total general and financial administration \$ 1,302,551 \$ 1,309,751 \$ 1,355,126 \$ (45,3) Board of elections:	6,753
Procurement Total general and financial administration 122,869 122,869 125,256 (2,3) Board of elections: Electoral Board \$ 80,108 \$ 80,108 \$ 68,432 \$ 11,6 General Registrar 110,278 110,278 108,303 1,5 Total board of elections \$ 190,386 190,386 176,735 \$ 13,6 Total general government administration \$ 1,689,988 \$ 1,697,188 \$ 1,717,342 \$ (20,1) Judicial administration: Courts: Circuit Court \$ 125,534 \$ 125,534 \$ 121,024 \$ 4,5 General District Court 9,800 9,800 6,581 3,2 Special Magistrates 9,400 9,400 8,458 9,2 Clerk's Office 377,295 377,295 411,415 (34,1 Sheriff Courts 959,386 970,314 909,912 60,4 Victim and Witness Assistance 33,206 33,206 34,218 (1,0 Law Library - - - - <	0,369)
Total general and financial administration \$ 1,302,551 \$ 1,309,751 \$ 1,355,126 \$ (45,3)	(5,842)
Board of elections: Electoral Board \$80,108 \$80,108 \$68,432 \$11,67 \$10,278 \$108,303 \$1,50 \$10,278 \$10,278 \$10,8303 \$1,50 \$10,386 \$10,386 \$1,697,188 \$1,697,35 \$13,60 \$1,689,988 \$1,697,188 \$1,717,342 \$1,697,188 \$1,717,342 \$1,697,188 \$1,717,342 \$1,697,188 \$1,717,342 \$1,697,188 \$1,717,342 \$1,697,188 \$1,717,342 \$1,697,188 \$1,717,342 \$1,697,188 \$1,717,342 \$1,697,188 \$1,717,342 \$1,697,188 \$1,697,188 \$1,717,342 \$1,697,188 \$1,697,188 \$1,717,342 \$1,697,188 \$1,697,188 \$1,717,342 \$1,697,188 \$1,697,188 \$1,717,342 \$1,697,188 \$1,717,342 \$1,697,188 \$1,717,342 \$1,697,188 \$1,717,342 \$1,697,188 \$1,717,342 \$1,697,188 \$1,717,342 \$1,697,188 \$1,717,342	2,387)
Electoral Board \$ 80,108 \$ 80,108 \$ 68,432 \$ 11,600 \$ 110,278 \$ 110,278 \$ 108,303 \$ 1,500 \$ 100,386 \$ 176,735 \$ 13,600 \$ 190,386 \$ 176,735 \$ 13,600 \$ 190,386 \$ 176,735 \$ 13,600 \$ 1,689,988 \$ 1,697,188 \$ 1,717,342 \$ (20,100000000000000000000000000000000000	5,375)
General Registrar 110,278 110,278 108,303 1,57 Total board of elections \$ 190,386 \$ 190,386 \$ 176,735 \$ 13,68 Total general government administration \$ 1,689,988 \$ 1,697,188 \$ 1,717,342 \$ (20,100) Judicial administration: Courts: Circuit Court \$ 125,534 \$ 125,534 \$ 121,024 \$ 4,5 General District Court 9,800 9,800 6,581 3,2 Special Magistrates 9,400 9,400 8,458 9 Clerk's Office 377,295 377,295 317,41,415 (34,4) Sheriff Courts 959,386 970,314 909,912 60,4 Victim and Witness Assistance 33,206 33,206 34,218 (1,0 Law Library - - - 815 (8 Total courts \$ 1,514,621 \$ 1,525,549 \$ 1,492,423 \$ 33,10 Commonwealth's attorney: \$ 521,142 \$ 519,178 \$ 1,59<	
General Registrar 110,278 110,278 108,303 1,57 Total board of elections \$ 190,386 \$ 190,386 \$ 176,735 \$ 13,68 Total general government administration \$ 1,689,988 \$ 1,697,188 \$ 1,717,342 \$ (20,100) Judicial administration: Courts: Circuit Court \$ 125,534 \$ 125,534 \$ 121,024 \$ 4,5 General District Court 9,800 9,800 6,581 3,2 Special Magistrates 9,400 9,400 8,458 9 Clerk's Office 377,295 377,295 411,415 (34,1) Sheriff Courts 959,386 970,314 909,912 60,4 Victim and Witness Assistance 33,206 33,206 34,218 (1,0) Law Library - - - 815 (8 Total courts \$ 1,514,621 \$ 1,525,549 \$ 1,492,423 \$ 33,10 Commonwealth's attorney: \$ 521,142 \$ 521,142 \$ 519,178	1,676
Total general government administration \$ 1,689,988 \$ 1,697,188 \$ 1,717,342 \$ (20,1) Judicial administration: Courts: Circuit Court \$ 125,534 \$ 125,534 \$ 121,024 \$ 4,5 General District Court 9,800 9,800 6,581 3,2 Special Magistrates 9,400 9,400 8,458 9 Clerk's Office 377,295 377,295 411,415 (34,1) Sheriff Courts 959,386 970,314 909,912 60,4 Victim and Witness Assistance 33,206 33,206 34,218 (1,0) Law Library - 815 (8 Total courts \$ 1,514,621 \$ 1,525,549 \$ 1,492,423 \$ 33,10 Commonwealth's attorney: Commonwealth's Attorney \$ 521,142 \$ 521,142 \$ 519,178 \$ 1,59	1,975
Judicial administration: Courts: Circuit Court \$ 125,534 \$ 125,534 \$ 121,024 \$ 4,5 General District Court 9,800 9,800 6,581 3,2 Special Magistrates 9,400 9,400 8,458 9 Clerk's Office 377,295 377,295 411,415 (34,1 Sheriff Courts 959,386 970,314 909,912 60,4 Victim and Witness Assistance 33,206 33,206 34,218 (1,0 Law Library - 815 (8 Total courts \$ 1,514,621 \$ 1,525,549 \$ 1,492,423 \$ 33,1 Commonwealth's attorney: \$ 521,142 \$ 521,142 \$ 519,178 \$ 1,59	3,651
Courts: Circuit Court \$ 125,534 \$ 125,534 \$ 121,024 \$ 4,5 General District Court 9,800 9,800 6,581 3,2 Special Magistrates 9,400 9,400 8,458 9 Clerk's Office 377,295 377,295 411,415 (34,1 Sheriff Courts 959,386 970,314 909,912 60,4 Victim and Witness Assistance 33,206 33,206 34,218 (1,0 Law Library 815 (8 Total courts \$ 1,514,621 \$ 1,525,549 \$ 1,492,423 \$ 33,1 Commonwealth's attorney: \$ 521,142 \$ 521,142 \$ 519,178 \$ 1,9	.0,154)
Circuit Court \$ 125,534 \$ 125,534 \$ 121,024 \$ 4,5 General District Court 9,800 9,800 6,581 3,2 Special Magistrates 9,400 9,400 8,458 9 Clerk's Office 377,295 377,295 411,415 (34,1 Sheriff Courts 959,386 970,314 909,912 60,4 Victim and Witness Assistance 33,206 33,206 34,218 (1,0 Law Library 815 (8 Total courts \$ 1,514,621 \$ 1,525,549 \$ 1,492,423 \$ 33,1 Commonwealth's attorney: \$ 521,142 \$ 521,142 \$ 519,178 \$ 1,59	
General District Court 9,800 9,800 6,581 3,2 Special Magistrates 9,400 9,400 8,458 9 Clerk's Office 377,295 377,295 411,415 (34,1 Sheriff Courts 959,386 970,314 909,912 60,4 Victim and Witness Assistance 33,206 33,206 34,218 (1,0 Law Library - - 815 (8 Total courts \$ 1,514,621 \$ 1,525,549 \$ 1,492,423 \$ 33,1 Commonwealth's attorney: \$ 521,142 \$ 521,142 \$ 519,178 \$ 1,59 Commonwealth's Attorney \$ 521,142 \$ 521,142 \$ 519,178 \$ 1,59	4,510
Special Magistrates 9,400 9,400 8,458 9 Clerk's Office 377,295 377,295 411,415 (34,1 Sheriff Courts 959,386 970,314 909,912 60,4 Victim and Witness Assistance 33,206 33,206 34,218 (1,0 Law Library - - - 815 (8 Total courts \$ 1,514,621 \$ 1,525,549 \$ 1,492,423 \$ 33,1 Commonwealth's attorney: \$ 521,142 \$ 521,142 \$ 519,178 \$ 1,5	3,219
Clerk's Office 377,295 377,295 411,415 (34,1 sheriff Courts of Sh	942
Sheriff Courts 959,386 970,314 909,912 60,4 Victim and Witness Assistance 33,206 33,206 34,218 (1,0 Law Library - - - 815 (8 Total courts \$ 1,514,621 \$ 1,525,549 \$ 1,492,423 \$ 33,1 Commonwealth's attorney: Commonwealth's Attorney \$ 521,142 \$ 521,142 \$ 519,178 \$ 1,5	
Victim and Witness Assistance 33,206 33,206 34,218 (1,000) Law Library - - - - 815 (800) Total courts \$ 1,514,621 \$ 1,525,549 \$ 1,492,423 \$ 33,100 Commonwealth's attorney: Commonwealth's Attorney \$ 521,142 \$ 521,142 \$ 519,178 \$ 1,500	
Law Library - - 815 (8 Total courts \$ 1,514,621 \$ 1,525,549 \$ 1,492,423 \$ 33,1 Commonwealth's attorney: Commonwealth's Attorney \$ 521,142 \$ 521,142 \$ 519,178 \$ 1,5	
Total courts \$ 1,514,621 \$ 1,525,549 \$ 1,492,423 \$ 33,1 Commonwealth's attorney: Commonwealth's Attorney \$ 521,142 \$ 521,142 \$ 519,178 \$ 1,5	(815)
Commonwealth's Attorney \$ 521,142 \$ 521,142 \$ 519,178 \$ 1,9	3,126
Commonwealth's Attorney \$ 521,142 \$ 521,142 \$ 519,178 \$ 1,9	
Total judicial administration \$ 2,035,763 \$ 2,046,691 \$ 2,011,601 \$ 35,0	1,964
	5,090
Public safety:	
Law enforcement and traffic control:	
Sheriff \$ 1,767,684 \$ 1,767,684 \$ 2,087,274 \$ (319,5	9,590)
	(209)
Total law enforcement and traffic control \$ 1,770,684 \$ 1,770,684 \$ 2,090,483 \$ (319,7)	9,799)
Fire and rescue services:	
	(9,602)
	1,921
	(7,681)
Correction and detention:	
	(9,489)
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	(5,498)
	4,987)
Inspections:	
Building inspector \$ 104,509 \$ 104,509 \$ 98,911 \$ 5,5	5,598
Other protection:	
Forestry Service \$ 12,098 \$ 12,098 \$ 11,804 \$ 2	294
	(7,032)
Medical Examiner 400 400 460	(60)

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive <u>Negative)</u>
General Fund: (Continued) Public safety: (Continued)								
Other protection: (Continued)								
Emergency Services Animal Control	\$	146,615 219,749	\$	146,615 219,749	\$	109,575	\$	37,040 39,834
Total other protection	\$	953,060	\$	1,132,388	\$	179,915 1,062,312	\$	70,076
Total public safety	\$	6,323,356	\$	6,502,684	\$	6,839,477	\$	(336,793)
Public works:								
Sanitation and waste removal:								
Landfill	\$	2,326,244	\$	2,326,244	\$	1,924,624	\$	401,620
Refuse collection Litter Coordinator		210,000		210,000		222,903 68,894		(12,903) (68,894)
Total sanitation and waste removal	\$	2,536,244	\$	2,536,244	\$	2,216,421	\$	319,823
			-		-		-	
Maintenance of general buildings and grounds: General properties	\$	943,554	\$	947,754	\$	900,052	\$	47,702
Total public works	\$	3,479,798	\$	3,483,998	\$	3,116,473	\$	367,525
Health and welfare:								
Health:								
Health Department	\$	357,456	\$	357,456	\$	357,456	\$	-
Mental health and mental retardation:								
Cumberland Mountain Community Services Board	\$	50,000	\$	50,000	\$	50,000	\$	-
W Z	'							
Welfare: Social services	\$	4,326,092	Ċ	4,326,092	Ċ	4,547,419	Ċ	(221,327)
Comprehensive Services Act	,	1,088,731	۲	1,088,731	٠	1,272,785	٠	(184,054)
Appalachian Agency for Senior Citizens		85,025		85,025		87,165		(2,140)
Lebanon Speech and Hearing		5,000		5,000		3,333		1,667
Other health and welfare		536,227	_	536,227		3,200		533,027
Total welfare	\$	6,041,075	\$	6,041,075	\$	5,913,902	\$	127,173
Total health and welfare	\$	6,448,531	\$	6,448,531	\$	6,321,358	\$	127,173
Education								
Education: Contributions to County School Board	\$	7,623,503	\$	7,623,503	s	5,765,180	s	1,858,323
SVCC Contribution	*	89,253	*	89,253	*	89,253	*	-
Total education	\$	7,712,756	\$	7,712,756	\$	5,854,433	\$	1,858,323
Parks, recreation, and cultural: Parks and recreation:								
Recreation Park	\$	179,059	\$	179,059	\$	186,189	\$	(7,130)
	'							
Library: Public Library	\$	313,309	\$	313,309	¢	294,552	¢	18,757
rubiic Library	<u>, , </u>	313,307	٠,	313,307	٠	274,332	٠,	10,737
Total parks, recreation, and cultural	\$	492,368	\$	492,368	\$	480,741	\$	11,627
Community development:								
Planning and community development:	÷	24 000	ċ	24 000	ċ	44.250	ċ	7 550
Planning Commission Community Development	\$	21,800 24,467	Ş	21,800 24,467	Ş	14,250 24,140	Ş	7,550 327
Industrial Development		504,930		504,930		561,963		(57,033)
PSA Contributions		-		-		199,127		(199,127)
Cumberland Plateau		17,500		17,500		35,000		(17,500)
Highway Safety Commission		2,000		2,000		2,025		(25)
Canneries Tourism		30,000 6,000		30,000 6,000		108,468 200		(78,468) 5,800
Total planning and community development	\$	606,697	Ś	606,697	\$	945,173	\$	(338,476)
	<u> </u>	,	•	,	•	,	•	()

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive <u>Negative)</u>
General Fund: (Continued) Environmental management: Soil and Water Conservation	\$	34,236	\$ 34,236	\$ 35,236	\$	(1,000)
Cooperative extension program: VPI Extension	\$	64,468	\$ 64,468	\$ 66,486	\$	(2,018)
Total community development	\$	705,401	\$ 705,401	\$ 1,046,895	\$	(341,494)
Nondepartmental: Nondepartmental	\$	475,847	\$ 453,519	\$ 112,482	\$	341,037
Debt service: Principal payments Interest Expense Total debt service	\$	1,527,257 430,765 1,958,022	\$ 1,527,257 430,765 1,958,022	\$ 1,522,447 424,130 1,946,577	\$	4,810 6,635 11,445
Total General Fund	\$	31,321,830	\$ 31,501,158	\$ 29,447,379	\$	2,053,779
Special Revenue Funds: Coal Road Fund: Public Works: Maintenance of highways, streets, bridges and sidewalks:						
Maintenance of highways, streets, bridges and sidewalks Virginia coalfield	\$	750,000 150,000	\$ 750,000 150,000	\$ 501,725 344,117	\$	248,275 (194,117)
Total Public Works	\$	900,000	\$ 900,000	\$ 845,842	\$	54,158
Total Coal Road Fund	\$	900,000	\$ 900,000	\$ 845,842	\$	54,158
Workforce Investment Board Fund: Health and Welfare: Welfare:						
Workforce Investment	\$	2,746,846	\$ 2,746,846	\$ 2,032,660	\$	714,186
Total Primary Government	\$	34,968,676	\$ 35,148,004	\$ 32,325,881	\$	2,822,123
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: School Operating Fund: Education:						
Administration of schools: Administration and health services	\$	1,801,138	\$ 1,801,138	\$ 1,701,612	\$	99,526
Instruction costs: Instructional costs Technology	\$	28,299,638 763,193	 29,562,494 763,193	27,583,079 978,612		1,979,415 (215,419)
Total instruction costs	\$	29,062,831	\$ 30,325,687	\$ 28,561,691	\$	1,763,996
Operating costs: Pupil transportation Operation and maintenance of school plant Food service and non-instructional Total operating costs	\$	3,303,102 4,510,700 1,870,416 9,684,218	\$ 3,271,912 4,568,670 1,870,416 9,710,998	\$ 2,781,734 4,373,205 1,813,228 8,968,167	\$	490,178 195,465 57,188 742,831
Total education	<u>\$</u> \$	40,548,187	\$ 41,837,823	39,231,470		2,606,353
Total School Operating Fund	\$	40,548,187	\$ 41,837,823	39,231,470		2,606,353
Total Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board	\$	40,548,187	\$ 41,837,823	\$ 39,231,470	\$	2,606,353



County of Russell, Virginia Government-Wide Expenses by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

Total	\$ 31,861,030	33,337,001 33,282,334	33,697,478	32,107,061	29,014,899	32,006,426	29,997,152	23,474,060
Service Authority	\$ 430,426	403,848 441,349	410,664	423,945	434,552	407,145	388,949	422,425
Interest on Long- Term Debt	385,445	457,095 498,401	522,300	756,064	728,202	758,753	827,965	852,493
	\$							
Community Development	1,023,371	1,68/,428 2,173,719	3,493,655	3,191,256	1,491,257	4,826,721	5,549,375	3,246,100
- 6	\$							
Parks, Recreation, and Cultural	514,678	546,1/1 529,959	539,126	563,123	560,735	541,087	433,946	477,515
ъ в	٠,							
Education	\$ 7,596,324	8,943,324 7,484,972	4,589,631	5,681,243	5,897,486	5,471,573	4,508,131	3,884,301
Health and Welfare (2)	\$ 8,115,359	7,169,883 8,285,584	8,397,896	8,592,042	6,070,091	5,982,456	5,395,294	4,880,408
Public Works	\$ 3,725,640	4,381,728 4,592,807	6,060,973	4,003,987	5,549,934	6,055,397	5,386,506	2,867,007
Public Safety	\$ 6,352,397	6,005,354 5,908,601	5,296,188	5,091,612	4,234,145	4,013,947	4,025,383	3,667,580
Judicial Aministration	1,945,227	2,039,186 2,097,469	2,119,900	2,112,758	2,219,866	2,243,005	2,070,008	1,710,751
General Government Administration	1,772,163 \$	1,702,984 1,269,473	2,267,145	1,691,031	1,828,631	1,706,342	1,411,595	1,465,480
Fiscal Year A	2014-15 \$	2013-14 2012-13	2011-12	2010-11	2009-10	2008-09	2007-08	2006-07

⁽¹⁾ Information has only been available for 9 years. (2) 2010-2011 is the first year the Workforce Investment Board is included.

County of Russell, Virginia Government-Wide Revenues Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

	Total	\$ 33,551,011	33,388,926	32,674,572	33,612,501	33,903,025	29,740,298	30,798,596	30,838,627	31,216,330
	Grants and Contributions Not Restricted to Specific Programs (2)	\$ 2,553,497	2,562,116	2,580,839	2,445,435	2,638,202	2,465,451	1,771,674	1,711,485	1,881,802
UES	Miscellaneous	\$ 226,621	86,115	60,479	138,135	177,669	173,322	346,880	55,649	252,756
GENERAL REVENUES	Unrestricted Investment Earnings	\$ 257,108	359,952	45,865	77,226	89,819	106,848	153,807	529,827	808,979
9	Other Local Taxes (2)	\$ 4,635,427	4,873,857	5,079,612	6,881,302	6,340,919	6,123,807	7,779,265	7,976,046	5,467,574
	General Property Taxes	\$ 15,762,013	15,749,617	14,686,993	13,142,777	13,683,476	13,004,381	12,889,357	12,279,583	13,239,976
UES	Capital Grants and Contributions	\$	320,311	•	761,738	•	•	•	•	802,191
PROGRAM REVENUES	Operating Grants and Contributions	\$ 9,648,228	8,991,231	9,822,073	٥١	_	7,473,127	•	•	~
Д	Charges for Services	\$ 468,117	445,727	398,711	488,408	337,064	393,362	481,092	2007-08 505,428	527,092
,	Fiscal Year	2014-15	2013-14	2012-13	2011-12	2010-11	2009-10	2008-09	2007-08	2006-07

⁽¹⁾ Information has only been available for 9 years. (2) 2009-10 is the first year State Communications tax is classified as grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs.

County of Russell, Virginia General Governmental Expenditures by Function (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total	65,792,171	64,636,204	68,943,068	71,017,651	67,593,280	66, 185, 342	70,616,832	66,777,351	65,517,828	66,468,920
Debt Service	1,946,577 \$	1,810,023	2,869,820	2,526,021	2,537,376	2,504,631	2,547,424	2,669,081	2,429,487	2,546,073
Non- departmental	\$ 112,482 \$	112,027	423,737	305,904	103,820	9,095	56,093	45,503		•
Community Development (4)	\$ 1,046,895	1,701,241	2,283,910	2,442,356	2,311,048	1,557,445	3,925,736	5,549,375	5,699,361	7,653,814
Parks, Recreation, and Cultural	\$ 480,741	507,694	488,706	484,891	556,723	497,417	547,104	433,946	493,366	438,198
Education (2)	\$ 39,320,723	38,945,001	40,161,416	40,540,127	40,273,694	41,066,362	42,452,183	39,724,130	41,346,518	39,574,345
Health and Welfare (3)	8,354,018	7,412,261	8,334,736	8,518,725	8,662,052	6,906,934	6,672,387	5,398,035	5,126,034	5,003,511
Public Works	3,962,315 \$	4,500,894	4,744,331	6,515,152	4,102,279	5,491,432	6,093,232	5,083,514	3,205,718	3,605,915
Public Safety	6,839,477 \$	5,955,754	5,742,101	5,509,998	5,226,797	4,100,376	4,383,789	4,057,495	3,863,960	4,022,185
Judicial Administration	2,011,601 \$	2,039,720	2,096,382	2,114,097	2,106,641	2,213,724	2,236,691	2,070,455	1,805,418	1,814,649
General Government Administration	\$ 1,717,342 \$	1,651,589	1,797,929	2,060,380	1,712,850	1,837,926	1,702,193	1,745,817	1,547,966	1,810,230
Fiscal Year	2014-15	2013-14	2012-13	2011-12	2010-11	2009-10	2008-09	2007-08	2006-07	2005-06

(1) Includes General and Special Revenue funds of the Primary Government and the operating fund of its Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board. Excludes contribution from Primary Government to Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board.
(3) 2010-2011 is the first year the Workforce Investment Board is included.
(4) In 2010-2011 the County paid \$1,508,677 towards the IDA debt.

County of Russell, Virginia General Governmental Revenues by Source (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total	67,690,154	65,519,925	67,176,632	68,628,941	70,122,353	65,967,723	69,593,542	66,166,166	69,220,895	64,054,176
	s									
Inter- governmental (2), (3)	\$ 44,426,079	41,977,914	44,418,919	46,119,628	47,717,709	43,856,378	45,438,632	43,519,497	48,149,588	42,906,554
Recovered Costs	1,338,279	1,121,491	1,588,307	1,139,070	898,399	1,732,861	1,884,165	796,913	276,806	187,855
iscellaneous	472,339	307,398	352,993	394,657	416,883	293,467	643,861	510,972	289,980	310,534
₹	S									
Charges for Services	776,757	803,470	951,229	1,162,800	1,101,993	998,548	1,148,414	1,023,848	1,122,223	878,017
	Ş									
Revenue from the Use of Money and Property	251,962	352,852	39,878	65,238	73,514	74,279	117,983	501,144	794,365	660,142
	Ş									
Fines and Forfeitures	2,334	31,151	14,955	24,567	1,206	1,049	1,168	321	7,547	8,181
	Ş									
Permits, rilege Fees, egulatory Licenses	40,342	40,292	34,152	28,272	22,834	45,877	39,662	44,933	144,452	52,707
Prix	s									
Other Local Taxes (3)	4,635,427	4,873,857	5,079,612	6,881,302	6,340,919	6,123,807	7,779,265	7,976,046	6,869,060	6,713,063
	\$									
General Property Taxes	15,746,635	16,011,500	14,696,587	12,813,407	13,548,896	12,841,457	12,540,392	11,826,325	11,566,874	12,337,123
	S									
Fiscal Year	2014-15	2013-14	2012-13	2011-12	2010-11	2009-10	2008-09	2007-08	2006-07	2005-06
	Revenue Permits, from the General Other Privilege Fees, Fines Use of Charges Property Local Regulatory and Money and for Recovered Inter- Taxes Taxes (3) Licenses Forfeitures Property Services Miscellaneous Costs governmental (2), (3)	Permits, from the from the General Other Privilege Fees, Fines Use of Charges Property Local Regulatory and Money and for Taxes Taxes (3) Licenses Forfeitures Property Services Miscellaneous Costs governmental (2), (3) \$ 15,746,635 \$ 4,635,427 \$ 40,342 \$ 2,334 \$ 251,962 \$ 776,757 \$ 472,339 \$ 1,338,279 \$ 44,426,079 \$	Permits, from the from the Privilege Fees, Fines Use of Charges Property Local Regulatory Animon and Property Services Miscellaneous Costs Governmental (2), (3)	General Other Privilege Fees, and Regulatory Fines and and beliance Charges and control and beliance Charges Recovered and beliance Intermeter and beliance Charges Property Costs governmental (2), (3) Costs<	General Other Privilege Fees, and beney and t6,011,500 Fines A,835,427 Fines A,835,427 Fines A,932 Charges A,601,500 Charges A,835,827 Fines A,932 Charges A,432 Fines B,004 and Anney	General Other Privilege Fees, and Regulatory Fines Local Local Recovered Regulatory Intervators (3) Licenses Forfeitures Property Services Miscellaneous Costs governmental (2), (3) \$ 15,746,635 \$ 4,635,427 \$ 40,342 \$ 2,334 \$ 251,962 \$ 776,757 \$ 472,339 \$ 1,121,491 444,426,079 \$ 44,426,079 \$ 44,436,079 \$ 44,418,919 16,011,500 4,873,857 40,292 31,151 322,852 803,470 307,398 1,121,491 41,977,914 44,418,919 12,813,407 6,881,302 28,272 24,567 65,238 1,162,800 394,657 1,139,070 46,119,628 13,548,896 6,340,919 22,834 1,206 73,514 1,101,993 898,399 47,717,709	General Other Privilege Fees, and brivilege Fees, Fines Fines broperty Charges Local Charges Recovered Local Recovered Re	General Other Privilege Fees, and and broperty Fines Charges Charges Recovered from the broperty Recovered linter-sovered Internation (2), (3) \$ 15,746,635 \$ 4,635,427 \$ 40,342 \$ 2,334 \$ 251,962 \$ 776,757 \$ 472,339 \$ 1,121,491 \$ 44,426,079 \$ 44,418,919 \$ 15,746,635 \$ 4,635,427 \$ 40,342 \$ 2,334 \$ 251,962 \$ 776,757 \$ 472,339 \$ 1,121,491 \$ 44,426,079 \$ 44,418,919 \$ 15,746,635 \$ 4,635,427 \$ 40,292 31,151 352,852 803,470 307,398 1,121,491 44,418,919 \$ 14,696,587 \$ 5,079,612 \$ 24,567 65,238 1,162,800 394,657 1,139,070 46,119,628 \$ 13,548,896 6,340,919 \$ 22,834 1,206 73,514 1,101,993 416,883 898,399 47,717,709 \$ 12,841,457 6,123,807 45,438,632 1,148,414 643,861 1,732,861 45,438,622	General Other Privilege Fees, Fines Fines Charges Charges Money and Local Charges Miscellaneous Recovered Costs Internatial (2), (3) \$ 15,746,635 \$ 4,635,427 \$ 40,342 \$ 2,334 \$ 251,962 \$ 776,757 \$ 472,339 \$ 1,338,279 \$ 44,426,079 \$ 16,011,500 \$ 4,873,857 \$ 40,292 31,151 352,852 803,470 307,398 1,121,491 44,418,919 44,119,628 44,119,628 44,110,628 44,657 44,110,628 44,657 44,110,628 44,658 44,658 44,110,628 44,110,	General Other Privilege Fees, and ricenses Fines Use of Local Property Charges Recovered Local Regulatory Intermediatory 5 15,746,635 4,635,427 4,0342 5,2334 5,21,962 776,757 472,339 1,138,279 444,426,079 5 1 1,5146,535 4,635,427 40,342 2,334 251,962 776,757 472,339 1,121,491 44,426,079 44,418,919 1 1,5146,535 4,635,427 40,342 2,334 251,962 776,757 472,339 1,121,491 44,426,079 5 1 1,601,500 4,873,857 40,342 251,386 91,122 307,398 1,121,491 44,418,919 2 1,813,407 6,881,302 28,272 24,567 65,238 1,162,800 394,657 1,139,070 46,119,628 1 1,284,896 6,340,919 22,834 1,206 73,514 1,101,993 446,883 898,399 47,717,709 1 1,240,392 1,168 1,14,452

(1) Includes General and Special Revenue funds of the Primary Government and its Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board. Excludes Capital Projects. (2) Excludes contribution from Primary Government to Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board. (3) 2009-10 is the first year State Communications tax is classified as noncategorical state aid.

County of Russell, Virginia Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Percent of Delinquent Taxes to Tax Levy	21.60%	22.22%	29.31%	31.97%	26.20%	25.58%	24.88%	23.46%	13.45%	16.32%
Outstanding Delinquent Taxes (1)	3,823,404	3,914,585	4,786,523	4,693,121	3,847,456	3,624,318	3,506,132	3,234,367	1,628,182	1,854,243
Percent of Total Tax Collections to Tax Levy	94.39% \$	%0.96	89.96	94.74%	99.84%	98.28%	97.29%	94.53%	76.83%	104.89%
Total Tax Collections	\$ 16,710,720	16,917,604	15,766,409	13,909,181	14,659,879	13,925,386	13,709,369	13,030,856	9,299,342	11,915,763
Delinquent Tax Collections (1)	994,555	895,532	953,671	723,190	1,330,697	886,480	496,787	411,887	863,735	797,364
Percent of Levy Collected C	88.77% \$	826.06	90.72%	89.82%	84.06	92.02%	93.76%	91.54%	%69.69	97.87%
Current Tax Collections (1)	\$ 15,716,165	16,022,072	14,812,738	13,185,991	13,329,182	13,038,906	13,212,582	12,618,969	8,435,607	11,118,399
Total Tax Levy (1)	17,704,326	17,616,878	16,328,495	14,681,089	14,682,949	14,169,807	14,091,178	13,784,900	12,104,262	11,360,623
Fiscal Year	2014-15 \$	2013-14	2012-13	2011-12	2010-11	2009-10	2008-09	2007-08	2006-07	2002-06

(1) Exclusive of penalties and interest.

County of Russell, Virginia Assessed Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Total	2,067,206,175	2,153,705,151	1,961,414,147	1,825,050,762	1,871,110,784	1,784,792,791	1,749,540,744	1,743,018,699	1,411,318,360	1,499,708,656
			\$	~	_	~!		٠,0	~	~!	_	.0
	Public	Service (2)	240,244,298	315,700,293	230,027,520	269,503,982	326,871,28	253,750,196	234,196,018	231,981,492	199,922,46(206,306,945
			\$	_	~	_	~		_		٠,	
	Mobile	Homes	21,500,580	21,820,581	23,486,868	23,401,57	23,320,148	22,864,82	23,139,220	23,608,064	23,802,666	26,020,997
							_					
	Merchant's	Capital	6,084,205	6,061,014	5,631,601	5,340,902	5,136,529	5,402,115	5,501,882	5,742,600	4,954,226	5,113,134
	>		S									
Machinery	and	Tools	71,451,300	92,212,643	86,317,454	60,747,073	82,948,411	96,552,183	93,960,621	107,205,468	99,124,678	92,859,770
			Ş									
	Personal	Property	300,976,802	297,609,286	292,809,049	251,383,699	235,114,151	224,871,200	239,254,757	243,837,948	152,418,744	241,849,424
	Real	Estate (1)	2014-15 \$ 1,426,948,990	1,420,301,334	1,323,141,655	1,214,673,535	1,197,720,260	1,181,352,276	1,153,488,246	1,130,643,127	931,095,586	927,558,386
			s									
	Fiscal	Year	2014-15	2013-14	2012-13	2011-12	2010-11	2009-10	2008-09	2007-08	2006-07	2005-06

⁽¹⁾ Real estate is assessed at 100% of fair market value. (2) Assessed values are established by the State Corporation Commission-includes all property types.

County of Russell, Virginia Property Tax Rates (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Real Estate (2)	Personal Property		Machinery & Tools		Merchant's Capital		Mobile Homes
2014-15	\$ 0.63	\$ 1.65	\$	1.65	\$	0.65	\$	0.63
2013-14	0.56/0.63	1.65		2.00		0.65		0.56
2012-13	0.70/0.56	1.65		1.65		0.65		0.70
2011-12	0.61/0.70	1.65		1.65		0.65		0.61
2010-11	0.61	1.65		1.65		0.65		0.61
2009-10	0.61	1.65		1.65		0.65		0.61
2008-09	0.61	1.65		1.65		0.65		0.61
2007-08	0.56/0.61	1.65		1.65		0.65		0.56
2006-07	0.65/0.56	1.65		1.65		NA		0.64
2005-06	0.65	1.65		1.65		NA		0.64

⁽¹⁾ Per \$100 of assessed value.

^{(2) 2}nd half due December/1st half due June of fiscal year.

County of Russell, Virginia Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Population (1)	th	Assessed Value (in ousands) (2)		Gross Bonded Debt (3)		Net Bonded Debt	Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Assessed Value	Net Bonded Debt per Capita
2014-15	28,897	\$	2,067,206	\$	8,951,609	\$	8,951,609	0.43% \$	310
2013-14	28,897	•	2,153,705	·	9,955,282	·	9,955,282	0.46%	345
2012-13	28,897		1,961,414		10,865,788		10,865,788	0.55%	376
2011-12	28,897		1,825,051		12,666,629		12,666,629	0.69%	438
2010-11	28,897		1,871,111		14,066,729		14,066,729	0.75%	487
2009-10	28,790		1,784,793		15,315,245		15,315,245	0.86%	532
2008-09	28,790		1,749,541		14,878,819		14,878,819	0.85%	517
2007-08	28,790		1,743,019		14,584,265		14,584,265	0.84%	507
2006-07	28,790		1,411,318		14,836,861		14,836,861	1.05%	515
2005-06	28,790		1,499,709		12,594,094		12,594,094	0.84%	437

⁽¹⁾ Bureau of the Census.

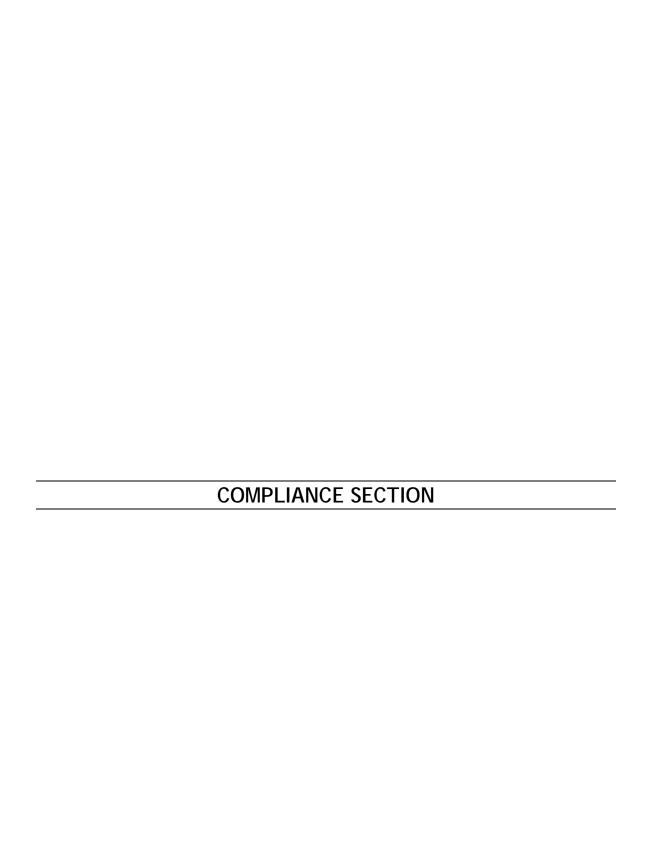
⁽²⁾ Real property assessed at 100% of the fair market value.

⁽³⁾ Includes all long-term general obligation bonded debt, bonded anticipation notes, and literary fund loans. Excludes revenue bonds, landfill closure/post-closure care liability, capital leases, and compensated absences.

Table 9
County of Russell, Virginia
Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for General Bonded
Debt to Total General Governmental Expenditures (1)
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Total Debt Service	Total General Governmental Expenditures	Ratio of Debt Service to General Governmental Expenditures
2014-15 2013-14 2012-13	\$ 1,946,577 1,810,023 2,869,820	\$ 65,792,171 64,636,204 68,943,068	2.96% 2.80% 4.16%
2011-12 2010-11 2009-10	2,526,021 2,537,376 2,504,631	71,017,651 67,593,280 66,185,342	3.56% 3.75% 3.78%
2008-09 2007-08 2006-07 2005-06	2,547,424 2,669,081 2,429,487 2,546,073	70,616,832 66,777,351 65,517,828 66,468,920	3.61% 4.00% 3.71% 3.83%

⁽¹⁾ Includes all governmental funds of the Primary Government and funds of the Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board.



ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements

Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Russell, Virginia Lebanon, Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Russell, Virginia as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County of Russell, Virginia's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 31, 2015. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of Russell County Public Service Authority and The Industrial Development Authority of Russell County, as described in our report on the County of Russell, Virginia's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County of Russell, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Russell, Virginia's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Russell, Virginia's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses and significant deficiencies.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs to be material weaknesses. [2015-001].

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County of Russell, Virginia's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2015-002.

County of Russell, Virginia's Response to Findings

Robinson, Fainer la associates

County of Russell, Virginia's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. County of Russell, Virginia's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Blacksburg, Virginia December 31, 2015

ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance For Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by OMB Circular A-133

To the Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Russell, Virginia Lebanon, Virginia

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the County of Russell, Virginia's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County of Russell, Virginia's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2015. County of Russell, Virginia's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the County of Russell, Virginia's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States*, *Local Governments*, and *Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County of Russell, Virginia's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County of Russell, Virginia's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the County of Russell, Virginia complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2015.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the County of Russell, Virginia is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the County of Russell, Virginia's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Russell, Virginia's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Blacksburg, Virginia December 31, 2015

Kolimson, Farmer, Ly Associates

County of Russell, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

For the Year Er	naea June 30, 2015				
	Federal	Pass-through Entity			
Federal Grantor/State Pass - Through Grantor/ Program Cluster or Title	CFDA Number	Identifying Number			Federal penditures
Describes on the fill-like and thousand Complete			='		
Department of Health and Human Services: Pass Through Payments:					
Department of Social Services:					
Promoting Safe and Stable Families	93.556	0950113, 0950114		\$	27,532
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.558	0400114, 0400115		*	371,415
Refugee and Entrant Assistance - State Administered Programs	93.566	0500114, 0500115			540
Low-Income Home Energy Assistance	93.568	0600414, 0600415			40,719
Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds of the	93.596	0760114, 0760115			57,564
Child Care and Development Fund		•			•
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program	93.645	0900114, 0900115			2,551
Foster Care - Title IV-E	93.658	1100114, 1100115			339,645
Adoption Assistance	93.659	1120114, 1120115			387,638
Social Services Block Grant	93.667	1000114, 1000115			403,851
Chafee Foster Care Independence Program	93.674	9150114, 9150115			8,513
Children's Health Insurance Program	93.767	0540114, 0540115			10,498
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	1200114, 1200115			363,616
•		•			
Total Department of Health and Human Services				\$	2,014,082
Department of Agriculture:					
Pass Through Payments:					
Child Nutrition Cluster:					
Department of Agriculture:					
Food Distribution-Schools (Note 3)	10.555	Not available	\$ 111,030		
. 332 5.52. 52.1332 (1.000 5)	101000	. Tot available	¥,000		
Department of Education:					
National School Lunch Program	10.555	40623	902,246		1,013,276
•					, ,
School Breakfast Program	10.553	40591			284,319
Department of Social Services:					
State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental	10.561	0010114, 0010115			318,138
Nutrition Assistance Program	10.301	0040114, 0040115			310,130
That the Francisco Trogram		00 10 11 1, 00 10 11			
Total Department of Agriculture				\$	1,615,733
Department of Justice:					
Pass Through Payments:					
Department of Criminal Justice Services:					
Violence Against Women Formula Grants	16.588	46500, 66500		\$	24,884
Hotelice Against Women Formata Grants	10.500	40300, 00300		7	24,004
Department of Transportation:					
Pass Through Payments:					
Department of Motor Vehicles:					
Alcohol Open Container Requirements	20.607	154AL-14-54261		\$	15,088
Aconor open container requirements	20.007	154AL-15-55273		7	13,000
		13 IAE 13 33273			
Department of Education:					
Pass Through Payments:					
Department of Education:					
Adult Education - Basic Grants to States	84.002	42801		\$	166,450
Title I: Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	42901		7	1,079,377
Special Education Cluster:	07.010	12701			1,077,377
Special Education - Grants to States	84.027	43071, 61134			819,305
Special Education - Grants to States Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173	62521			34,335
Career and Technical Education: Basic Grants to States	84.048	61095			76,192
Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers	84.287	60565, 61111			510,861
Rural Education	84.358	43481			92,201
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	61480			216,497
Total Department of Education				\$	2,995,218
Total Department of Education				٠	2,773,210

County of Russell, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

258 LWA 1-13- 259 LWA 1-13-	03, 1-14-02 03, 1-14-02 03, 1-14-02		691,203 872,927 405,589
258 LWA 1-13- 259 LWA 1-13-	03, 1-14-02 03, 1-14-02	·	691,203 872,927 405,589
259 LWA 1-13-	03, 1-14-02	\$	872,927 405,589
259 LWA 1-13-	03, 1-14-02	\$	872,927 405,589
259 LWA 1-13-	03, 1-14-02	\$	872,927 405,589
259 LWA 1-13-	03, 1-14-02	\$	872,927 405,589
259 LWA 1-13-	03, 1-14-02	\$	872,927 405,589
		\$	405,589
278 LWA 1-13-	03, 1-14-02	\$	
		\$	1,969,719
042 52	743	\$	7,500
036 77601, 77	602, 79901		40,159
		\$	47,659
000 Not ap	plicable	\$	13,683
		¢	8,696,066
	000 Not ap	000 Not applicable	_

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Fedaral Awards:

Note 1 -- Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal grant activity of County of Russell, Virginia under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2015. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of County of Russell, Virginia, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of County of Russell, Virginia.

Note 2 -- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

- (1) Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in OMB Circular A-87, Cost Principles for State, Local, and Indian Tribal Governments, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.
- (2) Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

Note 3 -- Food Distribution

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed. At June 30, 2015, Russell County, Virginia had food commodities totaling \$0 in inventory.

Note 4 -- Subrecipients

Of the federal expenditures presented in the Schedule, County of Russell, Virginia provided federal awards to subrecipients as follows:

 CFDA Number
 Program Name
 Amount

 17.258, 17.259, 17.278
 Workforce Investment Act Cluster
 1,969,719

Note 5 -- Relationship to the Financial Statements

Federal expenditures, revenues and capital contributions are reported in the County's basic financial statements as follows:

Intergovernmental federal revenues per the basic financial statements:

Primary government: General Fund Workforce Investment Board Fund	\$ 2,433,534 1,969,719
Total primary government:	\$ 4,403,253
Component Unit School Board: School Operating Fund	\$ 4,292,813
Total expenditures of federal awards per the basic financial statements	\$ 8,696,066

County of Russell, Virginia

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2015

Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditors' report issued:

Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

None reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? Yes

Federal Awards

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

None reported

Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs: Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Circular A-133,

Section .510 (a)?

Identification of major programs:

CFDA #	Name of Federal Program or Cluster	
84.010	Title I: Grants to Local Educational Agencies	
10.553/10.555	Child Nutrition Cluster	
93.658	Foster Care - Title IV-E	
93.778	Medical Assistance Program	
84.027/84.173	Special Education Cluster	
84.287	Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers	
Dollar threshold used to and Type B programs	distinguish between Type A :	\$300,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		No

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

<u>2015-001</u>	
Criteria:	Per Statement on Auditing Standards 115 (SAS 115), identification of a material adjustment to the financial statements that was not detected by the entity's internal controls indicates that a material weakness exists.
Condition:	The financial statements, as presented for audit, did not contain all necessary adjustments to comply with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). As such, the auditor proposed adjustments that were material to the financial statements.
Cause of Condition:	The County does not have proper controls in place to detect and correct errors in closing their year end financial statements.
Effect of Condition:	There is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the County's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the County's internal controls over financial reporting.
Recommendation:	The County should review the auditors' proposed audit adjustments for 2015 and develop a plan to ensure the trial balances and related schedules are accurately presented for audit.
Management's Response:	The County will review the auditors' proposed audit adjustments for 2015 and will develop a plan of action to ensure that all adjusting entries are made prior to final audit fieldwork next year.
<u>2015-002</u>	
Criteria:	The <u>Code of Virginia</u> , (1950), as amended requires that an appropriation exists prior to the expenditure of funds.
Condition:	The Coal Road Fund overspent the budget. Numerous departments within the General fund also overspent the budget.
Cause of Condition:	The County does not consistently monitor appropriations. The County Administrator or each department head should be in charge of monitoring spending versus appropriations.
Effect of Condition:	The County has not met the requirements of the $\underline{\text{Code}}$ $\underline{\text{of}}$ $\underline{\text{Virginia}}$, (1950), as amended.
Recommendation:	The County should budget to include appropriations for all necessary expenditures.
Management's Response:	Management will post additional appropriations to the accounting system and pay closer attention to budgeted and actual expenditures.

County of Russell, Virginia

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2015

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None

Section IV - Status of Prior Audit Findings and Questioned Costs

There were no Federal Fundings in the prior year.