City of Harrisonburg, Virginia Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024





Rocktown High School

City of Harrisonburg, Virginia

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024



This Report
Prepared by Department of Finance



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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

This part of the City's annual comprehensive financial report is intended to familiarize readers with the organizational structure of the City's government, the nature and scope of services that are provided and the specifics of the legal operating environment.





ALEXANDER "ANDE" BANKS, VI, CITY MANAGER 409 SOUTH MAIN STREET, HARRISONBURG, VA 22801 OFFICE (540) 432-7701 • FAX (540) 432-7778

December 4, 2024

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council and the Citizens of the City of Harrisonburg:

The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report of the City of Harrisonburg, Virginia (City), for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024 is hereby submitted in accordance with Section 45 of the *City Charter* and Section 15.2-2511 of the *Code of Virginia*, 1950, as amended. The *City Charter* and the *Code of Virginia* require that the City issue annually a report on its financial position and operations, and that this report be audited by either the state auditor or an independent firm of certified public accountants in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards (GAAS). This report has been prepared by the Department of Finance to conform to the standards of financial reporting as established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and the Commonwealth of Virginia Auditor of Public Accounts (APA).

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the City has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the City's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner that presents fairly the financial position and results of operations for the City. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial activities have been included.

Brown, Edwards & Company, LLP, a firm of licensed certified public accountants, have audited the City's financial statements. The goal of the independent audit is to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City are free of material misstatements. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. This examination was conducted using guidelines set forth by GAAS and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities and Towns*, issued by the APA. Based upon this audit, the independent auditor concluded that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

The independent audit of the financial statements was also designed to meet the U. S. Office of Management and Budget's Uniform Guidance to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements set forth in the General Accounting Office's Government Auditing Standards require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements. Special emphasis is placed on internal controls and compliance with legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. These reports are available in the compliance section of this report.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditor.

Profile of the City of Harrisonburg

Background. The City was established in 1780 and was named for Thomas Harrison, who donated the land for the Rockingham County Court House, which became the permanent county seat of Rockingham County in 1781. The City was incorporated in 1849 and became an independent city in 1916. It now encompasses 17.3 square miles and serves a population of approximately 55,700.

The City lies in the geographic center of the Shenandoah Valley of Virginia. The Blue Ridge Mountains on the East and the Alleghenies on the West provide protection, so the area is markedly free from climate extremes and disturbances. The Valley floor itself is at an elevation of 1,000 feet while the City's elevation is 1,329 feet. The City is equidistant from Washington, D.C. (124 miles), Richmond, Virginia (116 miles), and Roanoke, Virginia (111 miles).

The City is operated under the Council-Manager form of government. The City Council is the governing body, which formulates policies for the administration of the City. It is comprised of five members elected on an at-large basis to serve four-year terms. The City Council appoints a City Manager to serve as the City's chief administrative officer. The City Manager is responsible for implementing the policies of the City Council, directing business and administrative procedures and appointing departmental officials and certain other City employees.

Services provided. The City provides a full range of services including police and fire protection; sanitation services; construction and maintenance of streets and bridges; water and sewer services; public transportation; community development; and parks, recreational activities and cultural events.

The operation of primary and secondary education in the City is the responsibility of the Harrisonburg City School Board (School Board). The City voters elect the six members of the School Board on an at-large basis, who appoint the Superintendent of Schools. The local share of funds for operating public schools in the City is provided by an appropriation from the City's General Fund to the School Board. The School Board, however, is a separate legal entity and autonomous policy-making body in matters governing education.

The City provides court and jail facilities, as well as the services of the Sheriff, Commonwealth Attorney, and Clerk of the Circuit Court through Rockingham County (County). The City reimburses the County one-half of the net expenditures for providing these services. The City is also a member of the Middle River Regional Jail Authority.

The City provides social services through the Harrisonburg-Rockingham Social Services District (District), which is jointly governed with the County. The District is a separate legal entity and is a discretely presented component unit of the County. The City makes contributions to the District based upon its pro rata share of the population for the City and County as a whole.

The City provides emergency communications services through the Harrisonburg-Rockingham Emergency Communications Center (HRECC). The HRECC is a separate legal entity and is a joint venture of the City and the County with the City serving as the fiscal agent. Both the City and the County fund an equal share of HRECC's operations.

Electricity is provided by the Harrisonburg Electric Commission, created by ordinance of the City Council pursuant to the City Charter. The Commission is composed of five members appointed for three-year terms by the City Council and is a separate legal entity.

Budgetary Compliance and Control. The City prepares a budget in accordance with Section 60 of the *City Charter* and Section 15.2-2503 of the *Code of Virginia*, 1950, as amended. The *City Charter* requires the City Manager to submit a balanced budget to the City Council at least sixty days prior to the beginning of each fiscal year (July 1). City Council is required to convene a public hearing regarding the City Manager's proposed budget. The proposed budget, which may be modified by the City Council, is required to be adopted by a majority vote of the City Council members 30 days prior to the beginning of the ensuing fiscal year. City Council appropriates funds for expenditures and establishes tax rates sufficient to produce the revenues needed to pay such expenditures. The *City Charter* requires the annual budget to be balanced and prohibits expenditures for which funds are not available or reasonably expected to be forthcoming in time to meet such expenditures. The *City Charter* also requires the annual budget and the annual appropriation ordinance to make a provision for a reasonable contingency fund.

Budgetary control is maintained at the department level as delineated in the appropriation ordinance. The City Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within funds other than capital projects funds. Supplemental appropriations, transfers between funds and transfers within capital projects funds require the approval of City Council. Also, supplemental appropriations which exceed one percent of the total expenditures shown in the currently adopted budget require a public hearing prior to approval by City Council. All appropriations lapse at year-end except appropriations for capital projects funds and the Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Fund. Appropriations for capital projects funds are valid until the end of the project and CDBG fund appropriations are valid until the grant period is completed. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are generally reappropriated in the following fiscal year. A budget-to-actual comparison is provided in this report for the general fund.

Major Initiatives

The City's staff, following specific directives of the City Council and the City Manager, has been involved in a variety of projects and activities throughout the year. These projects and activities reflect the City's commitment to ensuring that the citizens of Harrisonburg live and work in an enviable environment. The significant projects and activities are as follows:

- Appropriated \$5.8 million for the implementation of an employee compensation study.
- Appropriated a total of \$4 million for the purchase of land and to supplement ARPA funding for the construction of Fire Station No. 5.
- Appropriated \$3.5 million for the renovation of the old Municipal Building.
- Appropriated a total \$4 million to supplement ARPA funding for the construction of the Navigation Center.
- Appropriated \$1.2 million for a replacement fire truck for the Fire Department.
- Appropriated a total of \$1.6 million in the Water Fund for various infrastructure asset replacements.
- Appropriated a total of \$1.1 million in the Sewer Fund for various infrastructure asset replacements.

Factors Affecting Financial Condition

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the City operates.

Local economy. The City is in the center of commerce and travel for the area, while the surrounding area is known for its poultry industry. The area is an educational center served by three institutions of higher learning located within or near the city with a total enrollment of approximately 25,400. James Madison University, a state-supported school, is located near the geographic center of the City and has approximately 22,700 students. Eastern Mennonite University, a private institution with approximately 1,300 students is also located in the City. Bridgewater College, located just south of the City, is also private and has an approximate enrollment of 1,400 students. State-supported Blue Ridge Community College is also located outside the city.

Sentara RMH Medical Center provides hospital and many other related healthcare services. Air, rail, passenger vehicle and bus transportation are available in the area. Interstate 81 runs North and South through the area and intersects with Interstate 64 East and West at Staunton, Virginia. Contour Airlines operates out of the Shenandoah Valley Regional Airport in Weyers Cave, Virginia and provides passenger and freight service. There are several private airfields located in the area including Bridgewater Air Park located in Bridgewater. The area is served by the Norfolk Southern Corporation railroad. There are locally based private and common carriers serving the nation with general freight and specialties. Parcel post services are available for shopping, mailing and delivery service.

Global pandemic and current economic condition. In March 2020, the World Health Organization classified a strain of novel coronavirus (COVID-19) as a global pandemic. Subsequently in January 2021, the WHO announced an additional global emergency due to a new variant of COVID-19. Due to the significant disruptions to the local economy, it is estimated that the City lost in excess of \$6 million in tax and other revenue in total from the beginning of the pandemic. As of the date of this report, the City's revenues have recovered and all of its major revenue sources have exceeded pre-pandemic levels.

Long-term planning. Each year the City prepares a comprehensive Capital Improvements Program (CIP). The CIP is prepared to prioritize capital improvement needs over a five-year period and to plan for the appropriate financing of these projects. Planning for capital improvements is an important process for the City to ensure that assets are acquired or constructed in time to meet specific needs and to spread costs over several fiscal years to avoid a large peak in capital expenditures during a single year.

The City is currently in the planning stage for the realignment of University Boulevard. It is estimated that this project will cost approximately \$10.7 million and is primarily being funded through the Virginia Department of Transportation and James Madison University. A projected completion date has not been determined.

The City is currently in the planning and design stages for a number of infrastructure improvement projects. These projects include South Main Street improvements, improvements to South Main Street I-81 Exit 245 intersection, Port Republic Road improvements, North Main Street sidewalks and University Boulevard improvements. Collectively, it is estimated that these projects will cost approximately \$32.2 million and are being funded through the Virginia Department of Transportation. Currently, the projected completion dates have not been determined.

The city is currently in the planning, design or construction stage for a number of different projects funded primarily by federal ARPA funds. These projects include construction of a homeless services center, Fire Station No. 5 located in the northwest section of the City, replacement of Kids' Castle at Purcell Park, a sprayground park at Ralph Sampson Park and improvements to athletic facilities within the parks and recreation system. Currently, \$17.6 million in federal ARPA funds and an additional \$6.7 million in available funds from the City have been committed to the completion of these projects.

The City is currently in the planning stage for the renovation of the old Municipal Building. It is currently planned that the building will be renovated for additional City Hall office space. The City currently has \$3.6 million in available funds in the General Capital Projects. A projected completion date or cost estimates have not been determined.

The City has implemented a long-term planning model for the replacement of its aging water and sewer infrastructure. Over the next five years, the City plans to cash fund approximately \$14.2 million in the Water Fund and \$5.8 million in the Sewer Fund for these infrastructure projects. The City currently has \$17.3 million and \$4.8 million in available funds in the Water and Sewer Funds, respectively. Future funding will be provided by phased in rate increases.

Certificate of Achievement

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. This was the twenty-ninth consecutive year that the City has received this prestigious award. To be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the City must publish an easily readable and organized ACFR. This report satisfied both GAAP and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current ACFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Acknowledgments

We would like to express our appreciation to all members of the staff who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report. The preparation of this report would not have been accomplished without their efficient and dedicated services. We would also like to thank the members of the City Council for their continued interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the City in a responsible, timely and progressive manner.

Respectfully submitted,

/s/

Ande Banks

Larry L. Propst, CPA

City Manager

Director of Finance



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

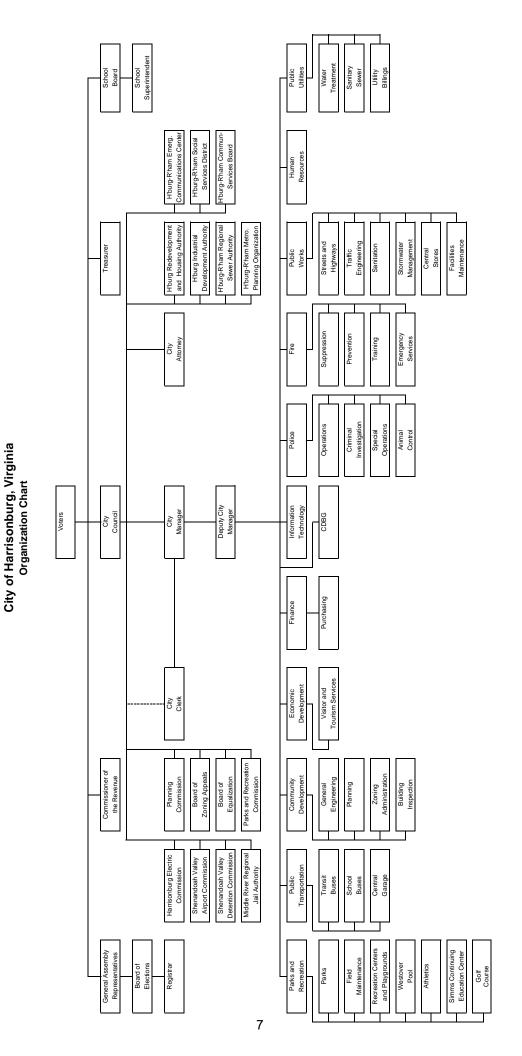
City of Harrisonburg Virginia

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2023

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA DIRECTORY OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

June 30, 2024

CITY	\sim	INICII
CILI	COL	JNCIL

Deanna R. Reed
Laura A. Dent
Vice Mayor
Daniel R. "Dany" Fleming
Christopher B. Jones
Monica L. Robinson

Mayor
Vice Mayor
Council Member
Council Member
Council Member

CITY OFFICIALS

Alexander "Ande" Banks, IV City Manager Amy E. Snider **Deputy City Manager** G. Chris Brown City Attorney Pamela S. Ulmer City Clerk Jeffrey L. Shafer City Treasurer Karen I. Rose Commissioner of the Revenue A. Michael Collins **Director of Public Utilities** Brian B. Shull Director of Economic Development Paul A. Malabad **Director of Information Technology** Director of Finance Larry L. Propst Adam L. Fletcher **Director of Community Development** Thomas A. Hartman Director of Public Works Michael E. Parks **Director of Communications** Gerald M. Gatobu **Director of Public Transportation** Matthew J. Tobia Fire Chief Angela K. Clem **Director of Human Resources** Director of Parks and Recreation Brian B. Mancini Police Chief Vacant Mark D. Finks City Registrar

SCHOOL BOARD

Deb Fitzgerald Chairperson
Andrew Kohen Vice Chairperson
Tom Domonoske Board Member
Kristen Loflin Board Member
Emma Phillips Board Member
Kaylene Seigle Board Member

SCHOOL OFFICIALS

Dr. Michael G. Richards

Lisa M. Knupp

Clerk
Tracy Shaver

Chief Financial Officer

FINANCIAL SECTION

This part of the City's annual comprehensive financial report contains the financial statements which include the basic financial statements, notes to financial statements and other supplementary information. This part also provides management's analysis of the City's current financial position and the outcome of its operations, as well as, the independent auditor's report.





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Members of the City Council City of Harrisonburg, Virginia

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Harrisonburg, Virginia (the "City") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Harrisonburg, Virginia, as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns* issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City of Harrisonburg, Virginia and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Harrisonburg's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Harrisonburg's internal control. Accordingly, no
 such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about City of Harrisonburg's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and other required supplementary information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management, and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The other supplementary information (consisting of the combining and individual non-major fund financial statements and budgetary comparison schedules, the discretely presented component unit fund financial statements and budgetary comparison schedules, and the schedules of revenues and expenditures – budget to actual), and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 4, 2024 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Brown, Edwards & Company, S. L. P. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Harrisonburg, Virginia December 4, 2024

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the City of Harrisonburg (City), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages 1 through 5 of this report.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$380.5 million (net position). Of this amount, \$117.4 million (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the City's obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The City's total net position increased by \$40.3 million.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$102.2 million, an increase of \$1.4 million in comparison with the previous year. Approximately 64.9 percent of this total amount, \$66.4 million, is unassigned.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$66.4 million, or 42.1 percent of total General Fund expenditures and other financing uses.
- The City's total long-term debt decreased by \$19.55 million during the current fiscal year

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all the City's assets, liabilities and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government administration, jail and judicial administration, public safety, public works, health and welfare, education, parks and recreation, and planning and community development. The business-type activities of the City include water, sewer, public transportation, sanitation and stormwater operations.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City itself (known as the primary government), but also the legally separate Harrisonburg City School Board (School Board) and the Harrisonburg Electric Commission (HEC) for which the City is financially accountable. Financial information for these component units is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself. To obtain a copy of the separately issued audited financial statements for HEC, contact the Harrisonburg Electric Commission, 89 West Bruce Street, Harrisonburg, Virginia 22801. The School Board does not issue separate financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 23 through 25 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on the near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains six individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, General Capital Projects Fund and School Bond Capital Projects Fund which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other three governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements in the other supplementary information part of the financial section of this report.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 26 through 30 of this report.

Proprietary funds. The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its water, sewer, public transportation, sanitation and stormwater operations. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions, as well as to some external organizations. The City uses internal service funds to account for the operations of its central garage, central stores and a self-insured health insurance plan. Because these services mainly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they are included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The City maintains five enterprise funds and three internal service funds. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Water Fund, Sewer Fund, Public Transportation Fund, Sanitation Fund and Stormwater Fund, which are considered to be major enterprise funds. Also, the internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of combining statements in the other supplementary information part of the financial section of this report.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 31 through 34 of this report.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of

those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on page 35 through 36 of this report.

Notes to financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to financial statements can be found on pages 37 through 81 of this report.

Required supplementary information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City's progress in funding its obligations to provide pension and postretirement healthcare benefits to its employees. This information is presented immediately following the notes to financial statements and can be found on pages 82 through 99 of this report.

Other supplementary information. This report also presents certain other supplementary information concerning the combining statements referred to earlier regarding nonmajor governmental funds, internal service funds, custodial funds and School Board individual fund financial statements. This information is presented immediately following required supplementary information. The combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 100 through 119 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis (Primary Government)

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$380.5 million at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

The largest portion of the City's net position (68.6 percent) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings and infrastructure), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the City's net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position, which amounts to \$117.4 million, may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

City of Harrisonburg's Net Position

	_	Governmenta	l Activities	Business-type	Activities	Total		
		2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$	229,633,476 \$ 383,266,579	228,328,776 \$ 367,455,523	56,994,820 \$ 110,653,799	57,774,865 \$ 108,703,366	286,628,296 \$ 493,920,378	286,103,641 476,158,889	
Total assets	_	612,900,055	595,784,299	167,648,619	166,478,231	780,548,674	762,262,530	
Total deferred outflows of resources		9,550,491	8,885,107	2,331,945	2,232,745	11,882,436	11,117,852	
Current and other liabilities Long-term liabilities		30,333,045 240,467,902	38,309,249 256,051,558	3,126,210 51,322,607	3,223,202 55,289,176	33,459,255 291,790,509	41,532,451 311,340,734	
Total liabilities		270,800,947	294,360,807	54,448,817	58,512,378	325,249,764	352,873,185	
Total deferred inflows of resources		85,328,703	78,845,806	1,340,425	1,423,311	86,669,128	80,269,117	
Net position: Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	_	181,235,663 1,907,865 83,177,368	160,847,568 1,291,461 69,323,764	79,987,248 - 34,204,074	84,692,516 - 24,082,771	261,222,911 1,907,865 117,381,442	245,540,084 1,291,461 93,406,535	
Total net position	\$_	266,320,896 \$	231,462,793 \$	114,191,322 \$	108,775,287 \$	380,512,218 \$	340,238,080	

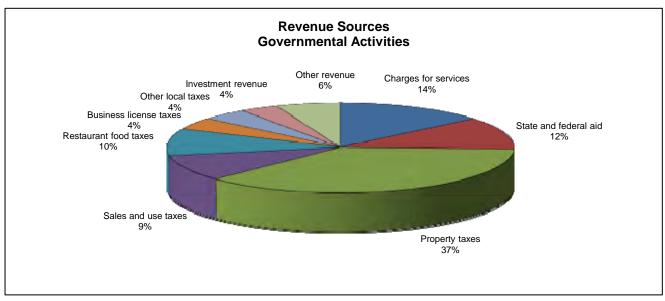
City of Harrisonburg's Changes in Net Position

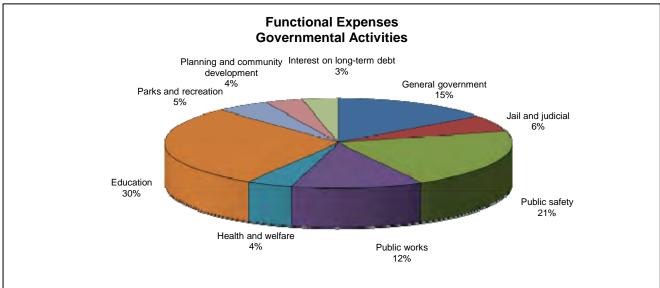
	Governmenta	al Activities	Business-type Activities		Tota		
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	
Revenues:							
Program revenues:							
Charges for services	27,530,323 \$	23,226,329 \$	33,095,961 \$	31,303,366 \$	60,626,284 \$	54,529,695	
Operating grants and conributions	10,405,955	9,841,467	4,240,897	3,984,187	14,646,852	13,825,654	
Capital grants and contributions	6,549,421	1,278,710	1,237,863	2,680,811	7,787,284	3,959,521	
General revenues:							
Property taxes	73,028,090	65,256,422	-	-	73,028,090	65,256,422	
Sales and use taxes	18,582,222	18,304,951	-	-	18,582,222	18,304,951	
Restaurant food taxes	18,923,739	18,044,533	-	-	18,923,739	18,044,533	
Business license taxes	8,617,396	8,682,280	-	-	8,617,396	8,682,280	
Other local taxes	8,492,420	8,675,113	-	-	8,492,420	8,675,113	
Grants and contributions not							
restricted to specific programs	9,797,600	5,735,887	-	-	9,797,600	5,735,887	
Payment from component units	5,200,000	7,600,000	-	-	5,200,000	7,600,000	
Investment revenue	7,032,129	5,485,950	2,579,060	1,887,794	9,611,189	7,373,744	
Other revenue	2,846,076	3,353,392	684,243	791,900	3,530,319	4,145,292	
Gain on disposal of capital assets		<u> </u>	54,451	8,894	54,451	8,894	
Total revenues	197,005,371	175,485,034	41,892,475	40,656,952	238,897,846	216,141,986	
Expenses:							
General government administration	24,546,150	24,077,940	-	_	24,546,150	24,077,940	
Jail and judicial administration	10,021,988	9,843,446	-	-	10,021,988	9,843,446	
Public safety	35,061,120	30,723,448	-	-	35,061,120	30,723,448	
Public works	20,166,775	17,725,094	-	-	20,166,775	17,725,094	
Health and welfare	7,045,699	5,740,276	-	-	7,045,699	5,740,276	
Education	48,817,948	45,215,499	-	-	48,817,948	45,215,499	
Parks, recreation and cultural	8,220,755	7,602,457	-	-	8,220,755	7,602,457	
Planning and community development	5,859,686	4,736,127	-	-	5,859,686	4,736,127	
Interest on long-term debt	5,560,306	6,147,493	-	-	5,560,306	6,147,493	
Water	-	-	8,633,642	7,825,501	8,633,642	7,825,501	
Sewer	-	-	11,640,314	11,120,097	11,640,314	11,120,097	
Public transportation	-	-	9,029,203	8,049,071	9,029,203	8,049,071	
Sanitation	-	-	3,158,807	3,198,926	3,158,807	3,198,926	
Stormwater		<u> </u>	861,315	864,069	861,315	864,069	
Total expenses	165,300,427	151,811,780	33,323,281	31,057,664	198,623,708	182,869,444	
Excess before transfers	31,704,944	23,673,254	8,569,194	9,599,288	40,274,138	33,272,542	
Transfers	3,153,159	3,584,522	(3,153,159)	(3,584,522)	- -	-	
Change in net position	34,858,103	27,257,776	5,416,035	6,014,766	40,274,138	33,272,542	
Net position - beginning	231,462,793	204,205,017	108,775,287	102,760,521	340,238,080	306,965,538	
Net position - ending	266,320,896 \$	231,462,793 \$	114,191,322 \$	108,775,287 \$	380,512,218 \$	340,238,080	

Governmental activities. Governmental activities increased the City's net position by \$34.9 million. Key elements affecting governmental activities are as follows:

- Charges for services revenue increased \$4.3 million (18.5 percent) due to a \$2.4 million increase in revenue in the City's self-insured health insurance plan that is reported in governmental activities and \$2.1 million in revenue from speed camera fines.
- Capital grants and contributions revenue increased \$5.3 million (412.2 percent) due to an increase in grant reimbursements for various infrastructure payments and the contribution of property by James Madison University (JMU) for the University Boulevard realignment project.
- Property tax revenue increased \$7.8 million (11.9 percent) primarily from increasing real estate assessments and an increase in the real estate tax rate.
- Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs revenue increased \$4.1 million (70.8 percent) due to the use of American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) funds for various projects and programs.
- Investment revenue increased \$1.5 million due to increasing interest rates during the year.
- Expenses in the public safety activity increased \$4.3 million (14.1 percent) primarily from an increase in personnel costs from the implementation of a compensation study and employee overtime.
- Expenses in the public works activity increased \$2.4 million (13.8 percent) due to a loss on the demolition of buildings contributed by JMU for the University Boulevard realignment project.

• Expenses in the education activity increased \$3.6 million (8 percent) primarily from increased funding provided to the School Board for operations.





Business-type activities. Business-type activities increased the City's net position by \$5.4 million. Key elements affecting business-type activities are as follows:

- Charges for services increased \$1.8 million (5.7 percent) due to an increase in utility rates for both the water and sewer activities.
- Capital grants and contributions decreased \$1.4 million (53.8 percent) primarily from a decrease in intergovernmental revenue in the public transportation activity due to a decrease in capital purchases.
- Expenses in the water activity increased \$808,141 (10.3 percent) primarily from an increase in personnel costs and interest expense.
- Expenses in the public transportation activity increased \$980,132 (12.2 percent) primarily from an increase in
 personnel costs as the level of services continue to increase to pre-pandemic levels and from the implementation of a compensation study.

Government-wide Financial Analysis (Component Units)

School Board activities. The net position of the School Board increased \$9.75 million during the year, as compared to a \$12.3 million increase in the previous year. School Board expenses increased \$6.8 million (6.2 percent) due to an increase in salaries, transportation costs and staffing levels. The School Board's funding from the City increased \$3.4 million (9.5 percent) compared to the previous year. State funding increased \$2.8 million from increased basic school aid funding, while federal funding increased \$266,111 from various ARPA revenue sources.

HEC activities. HEC's net position increased \$811,386 during the year, as compared to a \$514,374 decrease in the previous year. Charges for services decreased \$3.2 million (4.3 percent) during the current year due to an overall decrease in the fuel adjustment factor, while expenses also increased \$3.5 million (4.5 percent). The decrease in expenses was primarily a result of a decrease in the fuel adjustment factor.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unrestricted fund balance (the total of committed, assigned and unassigned fund balance) may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

General Fund. The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$66.4 million, while total fund balance was \$82.5 million. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures and other financing uses. Unassigned fund balance represents 42.1 percent (44.4 percent in the prior year) of total General Fund expenditures and other financing uses, while total fund balance represents 52.3 percent (52.9 percent in the prior year) of that same amount.

Total fund balance in the General Fund increased \$7.2 million primarily from a better than anticipated increase in local tax revenue compared to budgeted projections. Local sales tax, hotel room tax and restaurant food tax revenues collectively exceeded budget projections by \$2.2 million. The City also retained \$3 million in budgeted School Board operating contributions as the School Board's state and federal revenue exceeded budget projections combined with positive expenditure budget results.

Total revenues increased \$12.2 million (8.2 percent). Real estate tax revenue increased \$7.7 million (16.7 percent) as the result of increasing real estate assessments and an increase in the real estate tax rate. Local sales tax revenue increased \$277,271 (1.5 percent) exceeding budget projections by \$656,922 while restaurant food taxes increased \$879,206 (4.9 percent) exceeding budget projections by \$1.2 million. Fines and forfeitures increased \$2.1 million from speed camera fines. Use of money revenue increased \$2.3 million due to increased interest rates.

Total expenditures increased \$12.6 million (9.5 percent). Public safety expenditures increased \$5.1 million (17.4 percent) primarily due to the implementation of a compensation study, an increase in the contribution to the Harrisonburg-Rockingham Emergency Communications Center, increased capital outlay expenditures, an increase in employee overtime and increasing police department staffing levels. Health and human services expenditures increased \$1.3 million (22.8 percent) primarily from an increase in the City's share of Children's Services Act costs. Education expenditures increased \$3.4 million (9.5 percent) primarily from an increase in the City's annual contribution to the School Board. Transfers out increased \$2.9 million (29.7 percent) from an increase in capital project funding.

Other financial factors affecting the General Fund have been included in the above discussion of the City's governmental activities.

General Capital Projects Fund. The General Capital Projects Fund has a total fund balance of \$15.65 million, of which the entire amount is either restricted or committed for various projects. Revenue, including other financing sources, totaled \$20.4 million, of which \$12.3 million was from transfers from other funds, \$7.6 million was from intergovernmental revenue and \$547,273 was from other sources. Expenditures totaled \$21.6 million, of which the most significant were the construction of a homeless services center, construction of a new public works administration building, street improvements related to the construction of Rocktown High School, shared use path improvements to Mt. Clinton Pike, the purchase of land for the construction of Fire Station No. 5 and the purchase of property for a planned court services expansion.

School Bond Capital Projects Fund. The School Bond Capital Projects Fund has a total fund balance of \$127,740, of which the entire amount is restricted. Revenues totaled \$96,720 which was entirely from investment revenue on unexpended bond proceeds. Expenditures totaled \$5.7 million for constructions costs of Rocktown High School.

Proprietary funds. The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Water Fund. The net position of the Water Fund increased \$3.3 million compared to an increase of \$2.8 million in the previous year. Operating revenues increased \$748,489 (7 percent) primarily due to increased utility rates, while total operating expenses increased \$309,868 (4.7 percent) primarily from an increase in personnel costs.

Sewer Fund. The net position of the Sewer Fund increased \$1.4 million compared to an increase of \$824,796 in the previous year. Operating revenues increased \$935,852 (7.4 percent) primarily due to increased utility rates, while total operating expenses increased \$548,980 (4.9 percent) primarily due to increases in the contribution to the Harrisonburg-Rockingham Regional Sewer Authority and personnel costs.

Public Transportation Fund. The net position of the Public Transportation Fund decreased \$1.8 million compared to a decrease of \$235,286 in the previous year. Operating revenues remained essentially flat compared to the previous year, while total operating expenses increased \$1 million (12.9 percent) primarily due to increases in personnel costs and purchased services related to a strategic plan and a rebranding study. In addition, nonoperating intergovernmental revenue increased \$256,710 due to increased operating costs.

Sanitation Fund. The net position of the Sanitation Fund increased \$1.3 million compared to an increase of \$1.2 million in the previous year. Operating revenues remained essentially flat compared to the previous year, while total operating expenses increased \$55,424 (1.8%) compared to the previous year primarily due to increases in personnel costs.

Stormwater Fund. The net position of the Stormwater Fund increased \$1.2 million compared to an increase of \$1.5 million in the previous year. Operating revenues increased \$58,644 (4.4 percent) compared to the previous year, while operating expenses remained flat compared to the previous year.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Differences between the original and the final amended General Fund budget amounted to \$18.1 million, or 11.5 percent of the original budget, and can be briefly summarized as follows:

- \$7.7 million appropriated for prior year encumbrances.
- \$3.3 million appropriated in unexpended ARPA funds for various purposes.
- \$2.7 million appropriated for construction of Fire Station No. 5.
- \$1.4 million appropriated from state and federal grants for public works purposes.
- \$1.3 million appropriated for the purchase of land for Fire Station No. 5.
- \$773,000 appropriated from state and federal grants for various fire department purposes.
- \$484,000 appropriated from state and federal grants for various police department purposes.
- \$486,000 appropriated for other purposes.

There were several significant variances between the final amended budget and the actual results in the General Fund, and can be briefly summarized as follows:

- Other local tax revenues were over the final amended budget by \$2.2 million. The variance was primarily the result of higher than projected local sales, business license, restaurant food and hotel room tax revenue.
- Public safety expenditures were under the final amended budget by \$6.2 million. The variance was the result of
 general budgetary savings in the police department. In addition, the timing of various police and fire department
 capital expenditures, including fire program expenditures in which the funds were budgeted but encumbered
 and reappropriated into the subsequent year.
- Public works expenditures were under the final amended budget by \$4 million. The variance was the result of
 the timing of capital outlay for paving, sidewalk replacements and various equipment expenditures. These
 funds were budgeted but encumbered and reappropriated into the subsequent year.
- Education expenditures were under the final amended budget by \$3 million as the School Board's state and federal revenue exceeded budgeted estimates combined with positive expenditure budget results.
- Community development expenditures were under the final amended budget by \$2.5 million. The variance was
 the result of unexpended ARPA funding that was budgeted for various programs such as business recovery
 grants, assistance to nonprofits and affordable housing funding.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities totaled \$493.9 million (net of accumulated depreciation/amortization). This investment in capital assets includes land, easements, buildings, improvements other than buildings, equipment, infrastructure (e.g., streets and bridges), intangible assets, right-to-use leased assets, subscription assets and construction in progress. The City's total investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year increased \$17.8 million.

Significant capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Purchased property for the construction of Fire Station No. 5 increasing governmental activities' land by \$1.3 million.
- Purchased property for the planned court services expansion project increasing governmental activities' land and buildings by \$224,000 and \$1.2 million, respectively.
- James Madison University contributed property for right-of-way to be used in the University Boulevard realignment project increasing governmental activities' land by \$1 million.
- Construction was completed on street infrastructure associated with Rocktown High School increasing governmental activities' infrastructure while decreasing construction in progress by \$5.8 million.
- Construction continued on Rocktown High School increasing governmental activities' construction in progress by \$7.9 million.
- Construction continued on a new public works building increasing governmental activities' construction in progress by \$5.1 million.
- Construction began on a homeless services center increasing governmental activities' construction in progress by \$5.5 million.
- Construction continued on the water line project to the South Fork of the Shenandoah River increasing business-type activities' construction in progress by \$2 million.
- Construction was completed on the Mountain View Drive stream restoration project increasing business-type activities' improvements other than buildings and decreasing construction in progress by \$1.3 million.
- Construction continued on the Blacks Run restoration projects increasing business-type activities' construction in progress by \$1.1 million.

City of Harrisonburg's Capital Assets

(net of depreciation/amortization)

	_	Governmental Activities				Business-type Activities				Total		
	-	2024		2023	_	2024		2023		2024	_	2023
Land	\$	61,511,587	\$	59,004,007	\$	2,690,491	\$	2,690,491	\$	64,202,078 \$	5	61,694,498
Easements		2,023,079		1,969,195		493,368		493,368		2,516,447		2,462,563
Construction in progress		118,458,036		104,015,938		42,286,942		40,686,302		160,744,978		144,702,240
Buildings		81,661,447		86,726,629		11,711,217		12,153,172		93,372,664		98,879,801
Improvements other												
than buildings		15,318,042		14,437,659		12,887,847		12,154,598		28,205,889		26,592,257
Equipment		12,556,108		12,771,822		8,909,760		9,391,295		21,465,868		22,163,117
Equipment - Leased		2,211,593		2,076,958		15,919		=		2,227,512		2,076,958
Intangibles		7,568,377		7,969,619		1,075,209		1,165,298		8,643,586		9,134,917
SBITA		118,870		69,405		-		=		118,870		69,405
Infrastructure	_	81,839,440	_	78,414,291		30,583,046		29,968,842	_	112,422,486		108,383,133
Total capital assets	\$	383,266,579	\$	367,455,523	\$_	110,653,799	\$	108,703,366	\$	493,920,378 \$	<u> </u>	476,158,889

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 7 on pages 47 through 49 of this report.

Long-term debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had total long-term debt outstanding of \$291.8 million. Of this amount, \$245.5 million comprises debt backed by the full faith and credit of the City. The City's total long-term debt decreased \$19.55 million during the current fiscal year.

Significant long-term debt events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- A decrease of \$3.7 million in OPEB liabilities primarily reflecting increasing interest rates used in the most recent actuarial valuation for the local health insurance program.
- An increase of \$4.1 million in pension liabilities.
- A decrease of \$900,000 in the county landfill obligation liability in business-type activities as the City made payments to Rockingham County for the City's share of their landfill cell closure costs.

City of Harrisonburg's Long-term Debt Outstanding

(net of premiums/discounts)

	Governmenta	al Activities	Activities Business-type Activities					Total			
	2024	2023	_	2024		2023	2024	2023			
General obligation bonds	\$ 204,848,896 \$	219,632,425	\$	40,635,028	\$	43,919,863 \$	245,483,924 \$	263,552,288			
Leases	2,282,319	2,123,831		16,019		-	2,298,338	2,123,831			
SBITA	115,252	70,014		-		-	115,252	70,014			
Regional jail agreement	1,053,439	2,084,503		-		-	1,053,439	2,084,503			
Equip purchase agreement	213,000	447,701		=		=	213,000	447,701			
Compensated absences	4,222,208	4,119,469		1,015,018		1,030,213	5,237,226	5,149,682			
Net OPEB liability	7,341,806	10,557,189		1,480,773		1,987,015	8,822,579	12,544,204			
Net pension liability	20,390,982	17,016,426		5,066,820		4,385,673	25,457,802	21,402,099			
City landfill liability	-	=		1,310,306		1,268,447	1,310,306	1,268,447			
County landfill obligation	<u>-</u>	-		1,798,643	_	2,697,965	1,798,643	2,697,965			
Total long-term debt	\$ 240,467,902 \$	256,051,558	\$_	51,322,607	\$_	55,289,176 \$	291,790,509 \$	311,340,734			

The City maintained its AA+ bond rating from Standard and Poor's and its Aa2 bond rating from Moody's.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may incur to 10 percent of its total assessed real property valuation. The current debt limitation for the City is \$496.8 million of which \$255.1 million is available for use.

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 8 on pages 50 through 53 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The approved \$171.3 million fiscal year 2025 General Fund budget included the use of \$7.2 million of unassigned fund balance. The following were factors in the preparation and final approval of the fiscal year 2025 General Fund budget.

- The unemployment rate for the City in December 2023 was 3.2 percent, which was an increase from a rate of 2.7 percent in December 2022. This rate was higher than the 3.1 percent state rate but lower than the 3.7 percent national rate in December 2023.
- Appropriated \$7.2 million from unassigned fund balance primarily for the renovation of the old Municipal Building and the purchase of property for the planned expansion of court services.
- Approximate 5.5 percent increase in real estate assessments anticipated to provide an additional \$2.9 million in revenue compared to fiscal year 2024.
- Increased the real estate tax rate from \$0.96 to \$1.01. This tax rate increase is anticipated to provide an additional \$2.9 million in revenue. The real estate tax rate increase was for the operating costs of the new Rocktown High School.
- A total increase in other local tax revenue of \$2.4 million compared to the fiscal year 2024 approved budget.
 Specifically, this included projected increases in local sales tax revenue of \$348,300, restaurant food tax revenue of \$1.65 million and hotel room tax revenue of \$347,000.
- Budgeted \$1.5 million from speed camera fines to provide supplemental funding for ARPA funded projects.
- An increase of \$1 million in state highway maintenance funds.
- Salary increases for both City and School Board employees.

A water rate increase of \$0.22 per one thousand gallons (approximately 5.5 percent) was approved to provide continued funding for the rehabilitation and replacement of aging water infrastructure.

A sewer rate increase of \$0.18 per one thousand gallons (approximately 2.9 percent) was approved to provide continued funding for capital projects at the Harrisonburg-Rockingham Regional Sewer Authority and for the rehabilitation and replacement of aging sewer infrastructure.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the City's finances. A copy of this report in its entirety may be downloaded from the City's website at www.harrisonburgva.gov. Questions concerning any of the information in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the City of Harrisonburg, Director of Finance, 409 South Main Street, Harrisonburg, VA 22801.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



		ı	Prir	nary Governm	ent			Compo	nen	t Units
	_	Governmental		Business-type)		_	School		
	_	Activities	_	Activities		Total	_	Board		HEC
Assets										
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$	127,034,411 -	\$	44,323,918	\$	171,358,329	\$	24,960,110	\$	23,612,522 12,991,906
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)		85,266,535		3,396,234		88,662,769		328,674		6,777,211
Due from primary government		-		-		-		-		121,133
Due from component units		100,661		-		100,661		-		143,314
Due from other governments		6,153,250		1,614,714		7,767,964		4,452,492		-
Internal balances		2,219,495		(2,219,495)		-		-		-
Inventory		1,688,505		-		1,688,505		123,507		3,471,889
Prepaid expenses		578,077		75,938		654,015		495,727		222,718
Loans receivable		5,325,053		-		5,325,053		-		-
Restricted assets		1,267,489		9,803,511		11,071,000		-		-
Net pension asset		-		-		-		700,467		-
Capital assets:										
Capital assets, not being depreciated		181,992,702		45,470,801		227,463,503		13,602,724		14,153,954
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	_	201,273,877	_	65,182,998	_	266,456,875	_	54,282,488		50,532,914
Total assets	-	612,900,055	_	167,648,619		780,548,674		98,946,189		112,027,561
Deferred outflows of resources										
Deferred bond refunding charges		1,284,209		306,556		1,590,765		_		-
Deferred OPEB outflows		859,057		184,815		1,043,872		2,915,850		226,913
Deferred pension outflows		7,407,225		1,840,574		9,247,799		19,087,799		862,545
Total deferred outflows of resources	-	9,550,491	-	2,331,945		11,882,436		22,003,649		1,089,458
Liabilities										
Accounts payable		5,165,702		1,075,300		6,241,002		93,557		4,532,345
Accrued payroll		878,036		172,356		1,050,392		11,304,608		153,135
Accrued interest		3,060,746		581,279		3,642,025		- 1,00		-
Due to primary government		-		-		-		96,355		4,306
Due to component units		106,569		14,564		121,133		143,314		-
Due to other governments		3,950,262		40,892		3,991,154		-		_
Customer deposits		-		294,273		294,273		-		1,226,997
Unearned revenue		14,179,161		94,744		14,273,905		3,241,760		-
Other liabilities		2,527,561		-		2,527,561		2,076,765		289,174
Liabilities payable from restricted assets		465,008		852,802		1,317,810		-		-
Long-term liabilities:		,		,		,- ,-				
Due within one year		19,776,077		5,895,579		25,671,656		799,053		673,411
Due in more than one year		220,691,825		45,427,028		266,118,853		75,499,209		4,659,519
Total liabilities	-	270,800,947	_	54,448,817		325,249,764	_	93,254,621		11,538,887
Deferred inflows of resources										
Deferred property tax inflows		79,130,380		_		79,130,380		_		_
Deferred OPEB inflows		3,671,526		712,556		4,384,082		4,917,977		203,881
Deferred pension inflows		2,526,797		627,869		3,154,666		5,775,989		294,236
Total deferred inflows of resources	-	85,328,703	-	1,340,425		86,669,128	_	10,693,966		498,117
	-	· · ·	_	•		•	_	• •		,
Net position		181 225 662		70 007 240		261 222 014		66 254 066		64 677 200
Net investment in capital assets		181,235,663		79,987,248		261,222,911		66,254,066		64,677,300
Restricted for:		1 007 005				1 007 005				
Public safety		1,907,865		-		1,907,865		700 467		-
Net pension asset Unrestricted		83,177,368		34,204,074	_	- 117,381,442		700,467 (49,953,282)	<u>.</u>	36,402,715
Total net position	\$	266,320,896	\$_	114,191,322	\$_	380,512,218	\$_	17,001,251	_\$_	101,080,015

			Program Revenues									
	Expenses	_	Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions					
		_		-								
\$	24,546,150	\$	16,915,495	\$	495,316	\$	=					
	10,021,988		197,486		58,896		-					
	35,061,120		2,348,425		2,447,883		=					
	20,166,775		-		6,721,908		5,979,091					
	7,045,699		-		-		=					
	48,817,948		5,619,432		-		570,330					
	8,220,755		1,590,805		-		-					
	5,859,686		858,680		681,952		=					
_	5,560,306	-	-	-	-		-					
_	165,300,427	-	27,530,323		10,405,955		6,549,421					
	8,633,642		11,382,197		-		215,900					
	11,640,314		13,590,781		-		157,290					
	9,029,203		2,267,108		4,240,897		348,230					
	3,158,807		4,459,099		-		-					
_	861,315	-	1,396,776	-	-		516,443					
_	33,323,281		33,095,961	-	4,240,897		1,237,863					
\$_	198,623,708	\$	60,626,284	\$	14,646,852	\$	7,787,284					
\$	116,452,643	\$	105,756	\$	48,364,498	\$	-					
_	72,926,990		71,912,864	-	-		537,670					
\$ _	189,379,633	\$	72,018,620	\$	48,364,498	\$	537,670					
	\$ <u></u>	\$ 24,546,150 10,021,988 35,061,120 20,166,775 7,045,699 48,817,948 8,220,755 5,859,686 5,560,306 165,300,427	\$ 24,546,150 \$ 10,021,988 35,061,120 20,166,775 7,045,699 48,817,948 8,220,755 5,859,686 5,560,306	Expenses Services \$ 24,546,150 \$ 16,915,495 10,021,988 197,486 35,061,120 2,348,425 20,166,775 7,045,699 48,817,948 5,619,432 8,220,755 1,590,805 5,859,686 858,680 5,560,306 - 5,619,432 27,530,323 165,300,427 27,530,323 27,530,323 8,633,642 11,382,197 11,640,314 9,029,203 2,267,108 3,158,807 4,459,099 861,315 1,396,776 33,323,281 33,095,961 \$ 198,623,708 \$ 60,626,284 \$ 60,626,284	Expenses Charges for Services \$ 24,546,150 \$ 16,915,495 \$ 10,021,988 197,486 35,061,120 2,348,425 20,166,775 - 7,045,699 - 48,817,948 5,619,432 8,220,755 1,590,805 5,859,686 858,680 5,560,306 - 165,300,427 27,530,323 5,859,686 858,680 5,560,306 - 165,300,427 27,530,323 8,633,642 11,382,197 11,640,314 13,590,781 9,029,203 2,267,108 3,158,807 4,459,099 861,315 1,396,776 33,323,281 33,095,961 \$ 198,623,708 \$ 60,626,284 \$ 116,452,643 72,926,990 71,912,864 \$ 105,756 \$ 71,912,864	Expenses Charges for Services Operating Grants and Contributions \$ 24,546,150 \$ 16,915,495 \$ 495,316 10,021,988 197,486 58,896 35,061,120 2,348,425 2,447,883 20,166,775 - 6,721,908 7,045,699 - - 48,817,948 5,619,432 - 8,220,755 1,590,805 - 5,859,686 858,680 681,952 5,560,306 - - 165,300,427 27,530,323 10,405,955 8,633,642 11,382,197 - 11,640,314 13,590,781 - 9,029,203 2,267,108 4,240,897 3,158,807 4,459,099 - 33,323,281 33,095,961 4,240,897 \$ 198,623,708 60,626,284 \$ 14,646,852 \$ 116,452,643 71,912,864 - \$ 72,926,990 71,912,864 -	Expenses Charges for Services Operating Grants and Contributions \$ 24,546,150 \$ 16,915,495 \$ 495,316 \$ 10,021,988 197,486 58,896 35,061,120 2,348,425 2,447,883 20,166,775 - 6,721,908 7,045,699 6,721,908 7,045,699 6,721,908 8,220,755 1,590,805 - 5,859,686 858,680 681,952 5,560,306					

General revenues:

Property taxes

Sales and use taxes

Restaurant food taxes

Business license taxes

Other local taxes

Unrestricted grants and contributions

Unrestricted contribution from primary government

Unrestricted contribution from component units

Investment revenue

Other revenue

Gain on disposal of capital assets

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net position

Net position at beginning of year

Net position at end of year

	Primary Governm	nent			Compone	nt Units
Governmental	Business-type			_	School	
Activities	Activities		Total	_	Board	HEC
(7,135,339)	\$ -	- \$	(7,135,339)	\$	- \$	
(9,765,606)	-	•	(9,765,606)		-	
(30,264,812)	-	-	(30,264,812)		-	
(7,465,776)	-		(7,465,776)		-	
(7,045,699)	-		(7,045,699)		-	
(42,628,186)	_		(42,628,186)		-	
(6,629,950)	<u>-</u>		(6,629,950)		-	
(4,319,054)	_		(4,319,054)		_	
(5,560,306)			(5,560,306)	_	<u>-</u>	
(120,814,728)			(120,814,728)	_		
-	2,964,455		2,964,455		-	
-	2,107,757		2,107,757		-	
-	(2,172,968	•	(2,172,968)		-	
-	1,300,292		1,300,292		-	
	1,051,904	<u> </u>	1,051,904	_	-	-
-	5,251,440	<u> </u>	5,251,440	_	<u>-</u>	
(120,814,728)	5,251,440	<u> </u>	(115,563,288)	_	<u>-</u> _	
_	<u>-</u>		_		(67,982,389)	
<u>-</u>				_	-	(476,4
		<u> </u>		_	(67,982,389)	(476,4
73,028,090	-	-	73,028,090		-	
18,582,222	-	-	18,582,222		-	
18,923,739	-	-	18,923,739		-	
8,617,396	-	-	8,617,396		-	
8,492,420	-	-	8,492,420		-	
9,797,600	-	-	9,797,600		37,323,152	
-	-	•	-		38,714,373	
5,200,000	-	-	5,200,000		-	
7,032,129	2,579,060)	9,611,189		240,423	1,287,8
2,846,076	684,243	3	3,530,319		1,455,942	
-	54,451		54,451		-	
3,153,159	(3,153,159	<u> </u>	-	_	<u> </u>	
155,672,831	164,595	<u> </u>	155,837,426	_	77,733,890	1,287,8
34,858,103	5,416,035	j	40,274,138		9,751,501	811,3
231,462,793	108,775,287	<u>,</u> _	340,238,080	_	7,249,750	100,268,6
266,320,896	\$114,191,322	2 \$	380,512,218	Φ.	17,001,251 \$	101,080,0

		General Fund		General Capital Projects Fund		School Bond Capital Projects Fund		Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets	-				_				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	94,153,691	\$	18,498,871	\$	-	\$	3,489,065	\$ 116,141,627
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)		85,200,598		58,043		-		765	85,259,406
Due from other funds		392,554		-		-		-	392,554
Due from component units		-		-		-		87,583	87,583
Due from other governments		4,127,929		1,263,348		-		761,973	6,153,250
Prepaid expenditures		573,491		-		-		3,763	577,254
Loans receivable		5,266,039		-		-		59,014	5,325,053
Restricted assets	-	-		1,139,749		127,740	-		1,267,489
Total assets	\$	189,714,302	\$	20,960,011	\$	127,740	\$	4,402,163	\$ 215,204,216
Liabilities									
Accounts payable	\$	1,826,703	\$	2,542,589	\$	-	\$	36,769	\$ 4,406,061
Accrued payroll		672,488		-		-		181,829	854,317
Due to other funds		-		-		-		160,581	160,581
Due to component units		101,461		-		-		1,823	103,284
Due to other governments		2,374,778		1,575,484		-		-	3,950,262
Unearned revenue		13,229,699		949,462		-		-	14,179,161
Other liabilities		2,527,561		-		-		-	2,527,561
Payable from restricted assets:									
Accounts payable	_	-	_	233,956	_	-			233,956
Total liabilities	-	20,732,690	-	5,301,491	_	-	-	381,002	26,415,183
Deferred Inflows of Resources									
Unavailable revenue	_	86,511,124	_	-		-	_	59,014	86,570,138
Total deferred inflows of resources	-	86,511,124		-		-	-	59,014	86,570,138
Fund Balances									
Nonspendable		869,530		-		-		3,763	873,293
Restricted		1,130,941		905,793		127,740		-	2,164,474
Committed		-		14,752,727		-		2,589,495	17,342,222
Assigned		14,095,273		-		-		1,368,889	15,464,162
Unassigned	_	66,374,744	_	-		-	_		66,374,744
Total fund balances	-	82,470,488		15,658,520		127,740	-	3,962,147	102,218,895
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of									
resources and fund balances	\$	189,714,302	\$	20,960,011	\$	127,740	\$	4,402,163	\$ 215,204,216

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION At June 30, 2024

Exhibit 4

Total fund balances of governmental funds (Exhibit 3)	\$ 102,218,895
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit 1) are different because:	
Certain revenues are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.	7,439,758
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	377,932,538
Certain liabilities, including bonds and related accounts, are not payable from current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	(241,581,196)
Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and pensions are applicable to future periods and therefore are not reported in the funds.	1,955,652
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to other funds. The assets and liabilities of certain internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.	18,355,249
Net position of governmental activities (Exhibit 1)	\$ 266,320,896

		General Fund	-	General Capital Projects Fund	 School Bond Capital Projects Fund		Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:								
General property taxes	\$	72,948,245	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 72,948,245
Other local taxes		54,615,777		-	-		-	54,615,777
Permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses		679,658		-	-		-	679,658
Fines and forfeitures		2,405,167		-	-		-	2,405,167
Use of money and property		6,218,064		123,119	96,720		148,076	6,585,979
Charges for services		1,898,471		-	-		5,619,432	7,517,903
Miscellaneous		2,969,054		149,701	-		31,854	3,150,609
Recovered costs		-		274,453	-		-	274,453
Payments from component units		5,200,000		-	-		-	5,200,000
Intergovernmental		14,124,337	_	7,571,669	 -		1,232,282	22,928,288
Total revenues	,	161,058,773	-	8,118,942	 96,720	-	7,031,644	176,306,079
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government administration		8,447,313		-	-		-	8,447,313
Jail and judicial administration		10,217,981		-	-		-	10,217,981
Public safety		34,525,244		-	-		-	34,525,244
Public works		12,782,314		-	-		-	12,782,314
Health and human services		7,023,834		-	-		-	7,023,834
Education		38,714,373		-	-		5,427,497	44,141,870
Parks, recreation and cultural		7,380,798		-	-		-	7,380,798
Community development		5,217,944		-	-		686,952	5,904,896
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		13,444,132		-	-		1,169	13,445,301
Interest and fiscal charges		7,130,702		-	-		152	7,130,854
Capital projects	,		_	21,577,552	 5,659,906			27,237,458
Total expenditures	į	144,884,635	-	21,577,552	 5,659,906	-	6,115,770	178,237,863
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
(under) expenditures	į	16,174,138	-	(13,458,610)	 (5,563,186)	_	915,874	(1,931,784)
Other financing sources (uses):								
Long-term debt issued or incurred		421,839		-	-		12,382	434,221
Transfers in		3,358,342		12,320,000	-		-	15,678,342
Transfers out		(12,720,000)		(38,834)	-		_	(12,758,834)
Total other financing sources (uses)	·	(8,939,819)	-	12,281,166	 -	-	12,382	3,353,729
Net change in fund balances		7,234,319		(1,177,444)	(5,563,186)		928,256	1,421,945
Fund balances at beginning of year	·	75,236,169	_	16,835,964	 5,690,926	-	3,033,891	100,796,950
Fund balances at end of year	\$	82,470,488	\$	15,658,520	\$ 127,740	\$	3,962,147	\$ 102,218,895

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Exhibit 6

Total net change in fund balances of governmental funds (Exhibit 5)	\$ 1,421,945
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit 2) are different because:	
Certain revenues reported in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in governmental funds. This amount is the net change in these revenues.	(142,229)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation and amortization expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay expenditures exceeded depreciation and amortization expense.	18,609,278
The contribution (donation) of capital assets affects only the statement of activities. These transactions do not have an effect on current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in governmental funds.	3,390,100
The disposal of capital assets at a loss affects only the statement of activities. These transactions do not have an effect on current financial resources and, therefore, is not reported in governmental funds.	(2,428,700)
The transfer of capital assets to the School Board (component unit) affects only the statement of activities. These transfers do not have an effect on current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in governmental funds.	(3,664,324)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	15,692,295
Certain expenses reported in the statement of activities that do not require the use of current financial resources are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. This amount is the net change in these expenses.	59,467
Governmental funds report employer OPEB and pension contributions as expenditures. However in the statement of activities the cost of OPEB and pension benefits earned, net of employee contributions, are reported as OPEB and pension expense. This is the amount by which employed OPEB and pension contributions exceeded OPEB and pension expense.	286,469
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to other funds. The net revenue (expense) of certain internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	1,633,802
Change in net position of governmental activities (Exhibit 2)	\$ 34,858,103

								Variance with Final Budget
	-		ed A	Amounts	-			Positive
	_	Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)
Revenues:			_		_		_	
General property taxes	\$	72,065,600	\$	72,065,600	\$	72,948,245	\$	882,645
Other local taxes		52,397,700		52,397,700		54,615,777		2,218,077
Permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses		577,950		577,950		679,658		101,708
Fines and forfeitures		285,000		1,851,000		2,405,167		554,167
Use of money and property		3,000,000		5,920,000		6,218,064		298,064
Charges for services		1,550,800		1,550,800		1,898,471		347,671
Miscellaneous		2,496,748		2,531,612		2,969,054		437,442
Payments from component units		5,200,000		5,200,000		5,200,000		-
Intergovernmental	_	11,450,999		17,586,768		14,124,337		(3,462,431)
Total revenues	-	149,024,797		159,681,430		161,058,773		1,377,343
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government administration		12,602,554		9,937,875		8,447,313		1,490,562
Jail and judicial administration		10,135,444		10,389,592		10,217,981		171,611
Public safety		33,633,355		40,817,553		34,525,244		6,292,309
Public works		12,517,193		16,776,279		12,782,314		3,993,965
Health and human services		6,039,983		7,094,499		7,023,834		70,665
Education		42,267,782		41,713,910		38,714,373		2,999,537
Parks, recreation and cultural		6,853,352		7,750,715		7,380,798		369,917
Community development		4,067,527		7,697,692		5,217,944		2,479,748
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		13,357,573		13,444,132		13,444,132		-
Interest and fiscal charges		7,125,234		7,132,993		7,130,702		2,291
Total expenditures	-	148,599,997		162,755,240		144,884,635		17,870,605
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
(under) expenditures	_	424,800		(3,073,810)		16,174,138		19,247,948
Other financing sources (uses):								
Long-term debt issued or incurred		_		421,839		421,839		_
Transfers in		3,275,200		3,275,200		3,358,342		83,142
Transfers out		(8,700,000)		(12,720,000)		(12,720,000)		-
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	(5,424,800)		(9,022,961)		(8,939,819)		83,142
Total other infalloning sources (uses)	-	(3,424,000)		(3,022,301)		(0,939,019)		00,142
Net change in fund balance	\$_	(5,000,000)	\$	(12,096,771)	=	7,234,319	\$	19,331,090
Fund balances at beginning of year					•	75,236,169	-	
Fund balance at end of year					\$	82,470,488	=	

(2,219,495) \$ 114,191,322

			Enterprise	Funds			
	Water Fund	Sewer Fund	Public Transportation Fund	Sanitation Fund	Stormwater Fund	Total	Internal Service Funds
Assets	Fullu	Fullu	<u> </u>	ruliu	Fullu	Total	ruilus
Current assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 23,162,419 \$	11,485,065	\$ 1,127,014 \$	4,656,506 \$	3,892,914	\$ 44,323,918 \$	10,892,784
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)	1,391,045	1,594,985	6,692	363,426	40,086	3,396,234	7,129
Due from component units	-	-	-	-	-	-	13,078
Due from other governments	-	-	565,739	-	1,048,975	1,614,714	-
Interfund loan receivable	-	1,456,000	-	-	-	1,456,000	-
Inventory	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,688,505
Prepaid expenses	-	-	75,938	-	-	75,938	823
Restricted assets	9,803,511			<u> </u>	-	9,803,511	
Total current assets	34,356,975	14,536,050	1,775,383	5,019,932	4,981,975	60,670,315	12,602,319
Noncurrent assets:							
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	69,742,195	18,901,768	10,832,284	3,649,108	7,528,444	110,653,799	5,334,041
Total noncurrent assets	69,742,195	18,901,768	10,832,284	3,649,108	7,528,444	110,653,799	5,334,041
Total assets	104,099,170	33,437,818	12,607,667	8,669,040	12,510,419	171,324,114	17,936,360
Deferred outflows of resources							
Deferred bond refunding charges	304,495	-	-	2,061	-	306,556	-
Deferred OPEB outflows	60,950	44,475	38,414	39,282	1,694	184,815	19,321
Deferred pension outflows	580,360	382,366	550,702	299,334	27,812	1,840,574	231,567
Total deferred outflows of resources	945,805	426,841	589,116	340,677	29,506	2,331,945	250,888
Liabilities							
Current liabilities:							
Accounts payable	298,282	248,580	78,834	28,184	421,420	1,075,300	759,641
Accrued payroll	54,896	35,248	52,619	26,040	3,553	172,356	23,719
Accrued interest	547,591	-	-	33,688	-	581,279	-
Due to other funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	231,973
Due to component units	7,774	3,647	2,344	799	-	14,564	3,285
Due to other governments	-	-	-	40,892	-	40,892	-
Interfund loan payable	1,456,000	-	-	-	-	1,456,000	-
Customer deposits	294,273	-	-	-	-	294,273	-
Unearned revenue	60,344	34,400	-	-	-	94,744	-
Liabilities payable from restricted assets	852,802	-	- · · · · · ·	-	-	852,802	
Leases		-	3,403		-	3,403	1,021
Compensated absences	230,970	152,289	153,882	98,379	14,952	650,472	90,188
Net OPEB liability	-	7,560	9,720	4,200	-	21,480	300
Landfill closure	-	-	-	1,929,847	-	1,929,847	-
Current portion of bonds payable Total current liabilities	1,814,749 5,617,681	481,724	300,802	1,475,628 3,637,657	439,925	3,290,377 10,477,789	1,110,127
Name and the little							
Noncurrent liabilities: Leases	_	_	12,616	_	_	12,616	3,785
Compensated absences	168,043	96,450	19,578	80,475	-	364,546	26,060
Net OPEB liability	500,029	369,726	234,399	347,560	7,579	1,459,293	135,473
Net pension liability	1,597,642	1,052,594	1,515,999	824,023	76,562	5,066,820	637,468
Landfill closure	-	-,002,00	-	1,179,102		1,179,102	-
Bonds payable	37,344,651	_	_	-	_	37,344,651	_
Total noncurrent liabilities	39,610,365	1,518,770	1,782,592	2,431,160	84,141	45,427,028	802,786
Total liabilities	45,228,046	2,000,494	2,083,394	6,068,817	524,066	55,904,817	1,912,913
Deferred inflows of resources							
Deferred OPEB inflows	244,147	187,880	98,244	180,450	1,835	712,556	59,588
Deferred pension inflows	197,976	130,435	187,859	102,111	9,488	627,869	78,993
Total deferred inflows of resources	442,123	318,315	286,103	282,561	11,323	1,340,425	138,581
Net position							
Net investment in capital assets	39,661,620	18,710,070	10,816,265	3,649,108	7,150,185	79,987,248	5,329,236
Unrestricted	19,713,186	12,835,780	11,021	(990,769)	4,854,351	36,423,569	10,806,518
Total net position	\$ 59,374,806 \$	31,545,850	\$ 10,827,286 \$	2,658,339 \$	12,004,536	116,410,817 \$	16,135,754

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Net position of business-type activities (Exhibit 1)

Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service fund activities related to enterprise funds.

						Enterprise Public	Funds					Internal
		Water		Sewer	Ti	ransportation	Sanitation	Stormwater				Service
		Fund		Fund		Fund	Fund	Fund		Total		Funds
Operating revenues:											_	_
Charges for services	\$	11,313,342	\$	13,584,065	\$	2,267,108 \$	4,459,099	\$ 1,396,776	\$	33,020,390	\$	28,942,655
Connection fees		68,855		6,716			-	-		75,571		
Total operating revenues		11,382,197	-	13,590,781	_	2,267,108	4,459,099	1,396,776		33,095,961		28,942,655
Operating expenses:												
Personal services		2,607,716		1,697,050		3,501,461	1,267,680	152,968		9,226,875		1,094,480
Fringe benefits		1,031,719		567,002		971,265	548,718	50,224		3,168,928		370,108
Purchased services		214,012		185,591		566,788	763,975	194,587		1,924,953		1,149,461
Internal services		267,844		418,542		1,998,587	269,796	58,526		3,013,295		6,538
Other charges		545,331		97,515		367,953	56,353	133,412		1,200,564		996,036
Materials and supplies		461,480		150,918		44,176	27,741	11,257		695,572		55,391
Depreciation and amortization		1,799,982		1,184,247		1,665,062	251,764	262,026		5,163,081		209,511
Contributions to regional sewer authority		-		7,341,575		-	-	-		7,341,575		-
Cost of inventory issued		-		-		-	-	-		-		4,702,593
Claims related charges		-		-		-	-	-		-		19,483,898
Total operating expenses		6,928,084		11,642,440	_	9,115,292	3,186,027	863,000		31,734,843		28,068,016
Operating income (loss)		4,454,113		1,948,341	_	(6,848,184)	1,273,072	 533,776		1,361,118		874,639
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):												
Intergovernmental revenue		-		-		4,240,897	-	-		4,240,897		-
Connection application fees		160,152		213,784		-	-	-		373,936		-
Miscellaneous revenue		43,587		656		196,479	22,803	46,782		310,307		3,962
Investment revenue		1,744,830		529,510		25,650	113,616	165,454		2,579,060		521,530
Interest expense		(1,597,329)		-		(217)	9,193	-		(1,588,353)		(65)
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets		-		16,101		38,350	-	-		54,451		(58,046)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		351,240		760,051	_	4,501,159	145,612	212,236		5,970,298	. <u>-</u>	467,381
Income (loss) before contributions												
and transfers		4,805,353		2,708,392		(2,347,025)	1,418,684	746,012		7,331,416		1,342,020
Capital contributions		215,900		157,290		348,230	-	516,443		1,237,863		-
Transfers in		-		-		400,000	-	-		400,000		233,651
Transfers out		(1,748,738)	-	(1,436,313)	_	(204,308)	(134,800)	(29,000)		(3,553,159)		-
Change in net position		3,272,515		1,429,369		(1,803,103)	1,283,884	1,233,455		5,416,120		1,575,671
Net position at beginning of year		56,102,291		30,116,481	_	12,630,389	1,374,455	10,771,081	_		_	14,560,083
Net position at end of year	\$	59,374,806	\$	31,545,850	\$_	10,827,286 \$	2,658,339	\$ 12,004,536	•		\$_	16,135,754
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation	of int	ernal service t	und	l activities relat	ed	to enterprise fun	ds.			(85)		
Change in net position of business-typ	e acti	vities (Exhibit	2)						\$	5,416,035		
									-			

	_			Enterprise	Funds			Internal
	-	Water Fund	Sewer Fund	Public Transportation Fund	Sanitation Fund	Stormwater Fund	Total	Service Funds
Cash flows from operating activities:								
Receipts from customers	\$	11,333,024 \$	13,583,899	\$ 2,265,647 \$	4,431,480 \$	1,406,136 \$	33,020,186 \$	6,992,454
Receipts from premiums		-	-	-	-	-	-	21,948,498
Receipts from other sources Receipts from customer deposits		53,932 166,630	38	197,847	22,354	46,726	320,897 166,630	3,609
Payments to employees		(2,579,327)	(1,683,516)	(3,521,111)	(1,311,758)	(149,137)	(9,244,849)	(1,086,022)
Payments for fringe benefits		(976,235)	(650,627)	(987,826)	(561,314)	(49,468)	(3,225,470)	(426,642)
Payments to vendors		(1,241,536)	(457,463)	(953,408)	(820,809)	(320,506)	(3,793,722)	(6,953,879)
Payments for internal services		(267,844)	(418,542)	(1,998,587)	(269,796)	(58,526)	(3,013,295)	(6,538)
Payments to other governmental units		-	(7,341,575)	-	(899,322)	-	(8,240,897)	-
Payments to refund customer deposits		(158,627)	-	-	-	-	(158,627)	-
Payments for claims related charges		-	-	-	-	-	-	(19,973,969)
Net cash provided by (used for)	-							
operating activities	-	6,330,017	3,032,214	(4,997,438)	590,835	875,225	5,830,853	497,511
Cash flows from noncapital								
financing activities:								
Operating grants		-	-	4,808,919	-	-	4,808,919	-
Transfers in		=	-	400,000	-	-	400,000	233,651
Transfers out		(1,748,738)	(1,436,313)	(204,308)	(134,800)	(29,000)	(3,553,159)	-
Interfund loan	_		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	(77,194)
Net cash provided by (used for)						,		
noncapital financing activities	-	(1,748,738)	(1,436,313)	5,004,611	(134,800)	(29,000)	1,655,760	156,457
Cash flows from capital and								
related financing activities:				700.070		4 000 055	0.500.000	
Capital grants and contributions		-	220 500	702,973	-	1,826,955	2,529,928	-
Connection application fees Proceeds from sale of capital assets		229,101	220,500 16,101	55,135	-	-	449,601 71,236	-
Principal paid on long-term debt		(1,432,867)	10,101	(1,669)	(1,400,000)	_	(2,834,536)	(500)
Interest paid on long-term debt		(1,229,619)	-	(217)	(1,400,000)	-	(1,338,336)	(65)
Purchase and construction of capital assets		(3,573,680)	(1,423,320)	(669,747)	(269,705)	(1,612,308)	(7,548,760)	(108,907)
Net cash provided by (used for) capital	-	(3,373,000)	(1,420,020)	(009,141)	(203,103)	(1,012,300)	(1,540,100)	(100,307)
and related financing activities	-	(6,007,065)	(1,186,719)	86,475	(1,778,205)	214,647	(8,670,867)	(109,472)
Cash flows from investing activities:								
Interest received	=	1,743,365	529,265	25,607	113,636	165,241	2,577,114	521,566
Net cash provided by investing activities		1,743,365	529,265	25,607	113,636	165,241	2,577,114	521,566
-	-	1,740,000	323,200	20,007	110,000	100,241	2,077,114	321,300
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		317,579	938,447	119,255	(1,208,534)	1,226,113	1,392,860	1,066,062
Cash and cash equivalents:								
Beginning	-	32,648,351	10,546,618	1,007,759	5,865,040	2,666,801	52,734,569	9,826,722
Ending	\$	32,965,930 \$	11,485,065	1,127,014 \$	4,656,506 \$	3,892,914 \$	54,127,429 \$	10,892,784
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents	to th	ne statement of r	et position:					
Cash and cash equivalents - Current assets Cash and cash equivalents - Restricted assets	\$	23,162,419 \$ 9,803,511	11,485,065	1,127,014 \$	4,656,506 \$	3,892,914 \$	44,323,918 \$ 9,803,511	10,892,784
	\$	32,965,930 \$	11,485,065	1,127,014 \$	4,656,506 \$	3,892,914 \$	54,127,429 \$	10,892,784

	_				Enterprise	e Funds				Internal
	_	Water Fund	_	Sewer Fund	Public Transportation Fund	Sanitation Fund	Stormwater Fund	_	Total	Internal Service Funds
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) t	o net ca	ash provided	by	(used for) ope	erating activities:					
Operating income (loss)	\$	4,454,113	\$	1,948,341	\$ (6,848,184) \$	1,273,072 \$	533,776	\$	1,361,118 \$	874,639
Adjustments to reconcile operating										
income (loss) to net cash provided by										
(used for) operating activities:										
Depreciation and amortization		1,799,982		1,184,247	1,665,062	251,764	262,026		5,163,081	209,511
Connection fees		(68,855)		(6,716)	-	-	-		(75,571)	-
Miscellaneous revenue		54,837		656	198,639	22,803	46,782		323,717	3,962
Change in assets, deferred outflows of res liabilities and deferred inflows of resource										
(Increase) decrease in:										
Accounts receivable		(1,251)		(208)	(1,461)	(27,617)	9,360		(21,177)	(1,502)
Due from component units		-		-	-	-	-		-	25,399
Inventory		-		-	-	-	-		-	(63,857)
Prepaid expenses		-		-	(75,938)	25,194	-		(50,744)	(88)
Deferred outflows of resources		(48,408)		(7,765)	(109,065)	(13,966)	(2,307)		(181,511)	(34,744)
Increase (decrease) in:										
Accounts payable		50,278		37,432	(13,666)	4,233	24,042		102,319	(538,675)
Accrued payroll		(690)		(679)	(2,845)	110	55		(4,049)	2,050
Due to component units		902		(329)	121	65	-		759	137
Due to other governments		-		-	-	(14,453)	-		(14,453)	-
Customer deposits		8,003		-	-	-	-		8,003	-
Compensated absences		31,273		15,278	(18,276)	(47,536)	4,066		(15,195)	7,043
Landfill closure		-		-	-	(857,463)	-		(857,463)	-
Net OPEB liability		(116,531)		(224,002)	(23,411)	(142,204)	(94)		(506,242)	(77,621)
Net pension liability		181,036		96,859	306,539	90,319	6,394		681,147	118,825
Deferred inflows of resources	_	(14,672)	_	(10,900)	(74,953)	26,514	(8,875)	_	(82,886)	(27,568)
Net cash provided by (used for)										
operating activities	\$_	6,330,017	\$_	3,032,214	\$ (4,997,438)	590,835 \$	875,225	\$_	5,830,853 \$	497,511
Non - cash capital and related financing ac	tivities:									
Additions to capital assets:										
Contributed by developers	\$	215,900	\$	157,290	- \$	- \$		\$	373,190 \$	-
Purchase and construction on account		206,454		191,698	-	-	378,259		776,411	-
Lease		-		-	17,688	-	-		17,688	5,306
Capital grants due from other governments		-		-	8,618	-	1,048,975		1,057,593	-

	-	Custodial Funds
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	7,632,337
Receivables		1,381,124
Prepaid expenses		162,045
Total assets	- -	9,175,506
Liabilities		
Accounts payable		1,918,342
Accrued payroll		66,407
Total liabilities	- -	1,984,749
Net Position		
Restricted for other organizations	-	7,190,757
Total net position	\$_	7,190,757

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	_	Custodial Funds
Additions: Funds received for benefit of other organizations	\$	11,882,042
Total additions	_	11,882,042
Deductions: Funds disbursed for benefit of other organizations Total deductions	<u>-</u>	11,562,122 11,562,122
Net increase in fiduciary net position		319,920
Net position at beginning of year	_	6,870,837
Net position at end of year	\$_	7,190,757

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the City of Harrisonburg, Virginia conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applicable to government units promulgated by the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

A. Reporting Entity

The City of Harrisonburg (City) is a municipality governed by an elected five-member council (City Council). The accompanying financial statements present the City, the primary government, and its component units. The component units discussed in the section below are included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of their operations, financial relationship and accountability to the City.

Discretely presented component units. The Harrisonburg City School Board (School Board) is responsible for elementary and secondary education within the City's jurisdiction. The School Board is comprised of six elected members. The City is financially accountable for the School Board in that the City Council must approve the School Board's budget, levies taxes to support the School Board's budget and issues debt on-behalf of the School Board. Additionally, the City is required by the Commonwealth of Virginia to provide annually a minimum level of financial support. The School Board does not issue separate financial statements.

The Harrisonburg Electric Commission (HEC) is responsible for the operations of the City owned electricity distribution system. HEC purchases electrical energy indirectly from Dominion Virginia Power through the Virginia Municipal Electric Association and resells it to city residents. HEC is managed by a five-member commission appointed by the City Council. HEC is financially accountable to the City in that HEC may not issue debt without the approval of City Council. Additionally, HEC is required by City Code to provide annually a minimum level of financial support to the City. To obtain a copy of the audited financial statements contact the Harrisonburg Electric Commission, 89 West Bruce Street, Harrisonburg, Virginia 22801.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary and fiduciary fund statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues, other than expenditure driven grant revenue, to be available if they are collected within 60 days after June 30. The City considers expenditure driven grant reimbursements as revenue in the period in which the expenditure has been incurred and all eligibility requirements have been met. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes are recorded as receivables when assessed, net of allowances for uncollectible amounts, and as revenue when the property taxes become available. Sales, restaurant food, admission and amusement, hotel and motel, consumer utility and other like taxes are recognized as receivables and revenue upon collection by the merchant or utility since the taxes are generally remitted in time to be used as a current financial resource for the payment of obligations incurred during the year. Taxes not collected within 60 days after June 30 are reflected as a deferred inflow of resources.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those accounted for in other funds.

General Capital Projects Fund – This fund accounts for the financial resources to be used for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities of the general government.

School Bond Capital Projects Fund – This fund accounts for the financial resources obtained through bond issuances on behalf of the School Board to be used for the acquisition and construction of major capital school facilities.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

Water Fund – This fund accounts for the activities of the City's water treatment and distribution operations.

Sewer Fund – This fund accounts for the activities of the City's sewage collection, transmission and disposal operations.

Public Transportation Fund – This fund accounts for the activities of the City's transit bus operations.

Sanitation Fund – This fund accounts for the activities of the City's refuse collection and disposal, recycling and closed landfill operations.

Stormwater Fund – This fund accounts for the activities of the City's stormwater program.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

Special revenue funds account for the administration of the community development block grant, operations of the school bus system and the administration of a revolving loan program.

Internal service funds account for central garage, central stores and self-insured health insurance services provided to other departments or agencies of the City, or to other governments or agencies, on a cost reimbursement basis.

Custodial funds account for assets held by the City in the **Economic Development Authority Fund** and the **Emergency Communications Center Fund**.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are transfers and other charges between the City's enterprise funds and various other functions of the City. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's proprietary funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The Water and Sewer Funds also recognize as operating revenue connection fees that cover the cost of connecting a customer to the City's water and sewer lines. Operating expenses for the City's proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted net position are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted net position first, and then unrestricted net position as they are needed.

D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds except for the General Capital Projects Fund, which adopts a project-length budget, and the Community Development Block Grant Fund, which adopts a grant-length budget. Formal budgetary integration is employed in all funds as a management control device during the year except for the Health Insurance Fund, an internal service fund, and all fiduciary funds.

Prior to May 1, the City Manager submits to the City Council a balanced proposed operating and capital budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating and capital budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. Prior to June 30, the City Council holds public hearings to obtain citizen comments, and a final budget is legally enacted through the passage of an Appropriation Ordinance. All budget data presented is the original budget and the final budget as of June 30, 2024.

The appropriated budget places legal restrictions on expenditures at the fund level. The City Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within funds as may best meet the needs and interests of the City. The City may increase total appropriations at the fund level through approval of City Council. Supplemental appropriations were

made during the year in the General Fund totaling \$18,175,243. Supplemental appropriations that exceed one percent of the budget require a public hearing prior to approval. Appropriations lapse at June 30, except for capital projects funds and the Community Development Block Grant Fund.

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to encumber that portion of the applicable appropriations, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the General and General Capital Projects Funds. Encumbrances outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are reported as either commitments or assignments of fund balance since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities but rather the City's intent to expend funds. Encumbered amounts are generally reappropriated by City Council in the next fiscal year.

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position/Fund Balance

- **1. Cash and cash equivalents.** For the purpose of the Statement of Cash Flows, cash and cash equivalents are defined as short-term highly liquid investments that are both readily convertible to known amounts of cash and investments with original maturities of 90 days or less from the date of acquisition.
- 2. Investments. The City's investments are reported at fair value, which is obtained by using readily determinable quoted market valuations, except for pooled investments which are reported at amortized cost as described below. Interest earned on pooled investments held by the School Board is assigned to the General Fund.

The City is a voluntary participant in the Virginia State Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP), which is an external investment pool. The Virginia General Assembly has authorized the Treasury Board to administer the LGIP, which has delegated to the State Treasurer the administrative aspects of managing the pool. The City is also a voluntary participant in the Virginia State Non-Arbitrage Program (SNAP), which is an external investment pool. The Virginia General Assembly has authorized the Treasury Board to administer SNAP. The carrying value of the investment in these pools is determined by the pool's share price in accordance with GASB Statement No. 79, *Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants*. The LGIP and SNAP use amortized cost to value their portfolios. There are no withdrawal limitations or restrictions in the LGIP or SNAP.

- **3. Interfund receivables/payables.** Activity between funds, including amounts that are anticipated to be repaid within one fiscal year, are reported as "due to/from other funds." All other activity between funds that are representative of long-term lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "advances to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."
- **4. Property taxes.** Property taxes are levied as of January 1 on property values assessed annually. The last effective general real property reassessment was January 1, 2023. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1 but are not collected until the following fiscal year. Real estate taxes are due and collectible twice a year, on December 5 and June 5. Personal property taxes are due and collectible annually on December 5. The portion of the tax receivable that is not collected within 60 days after June 30 is shown as a deferred inflow of resources in the fund financial statements. A penalty of ten percent of the tax is assessed after the applicable payment date. Interest at an annual rate of ten percent is charged on delinquent real estate property tax accounts beginning January 1 and July 1. Interest at an annual rate of four percent is charged on delinquent personal property tax accounts beginning January 1.

The City calculates its allowance for uncollectible delinquent property tax accounts using historical collection data and specific account analysis. The allowance at June 30, 2024 amounted to \$1,171,815.

- **5. Inventory and prepaid items.** Inventories are valued at average cost. Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption and is accounted for using the consumption method. The costs are recorded as expenditures or expenses at the time individual inventory items are used or issued. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method.
- **6. Restricted assets.** The City has certain assets presented on the statement of net position or balance sheet as restricted for specific purposes. These restrictions limit the use of these funds and typically represent bond construction accounts or debt service reserve requirements.
- **7. Capital assets.** Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. In general, the City defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$25,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Infrastructure, water/sewer lines and certain other improvements have a capitalization threshold that ranges from \$50,000 to \$100,000. All purchased capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated acquisition price at the date of donation. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized.

Unless otherwise noted, depreciation and amortization for capital assets is computed over the following useful lives using the straight-line method.

Buildings 20-40 years
Improvements other than buildings 10-50 years
Equipment 2-30 years
Intangibles 3-30 years
Infrastructure 20-40 years

Lease right-to-use assets Shorter of the lease term or useful life of the underlying asset

SBITA Shorter of the subscription term or useful life of the underlying IT asset

- **8. School Board capital assets.** Under current legislation enacted by the Commonwealth of Virginia, local governments have a "tenancy in common" with the School Board whenever the locality incurs "on-behalf" debt for school property. In order to match the capital asset with the related debt, the legislation permits the City to report the portion of the school property related to the outstanding financial obligation in the primary government. As principal is repaid, capital assets equal to the amount of principal debt reduction will be removed from the primary government's financial statements and reported in the School Board's financial statements. The School Board retains authority and responsibility over the operation and control of the property. The City transferred \$3,664,324 in net capital assets to the School Board during the current fiscal year on the government-wide statement of activities.
- **9. Unearned revenue.** Unearned revenue is recorded when asset recognition criteria have been met, but revenue recognition criteria have not been met.
- 10. Compensated absences. It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but not used vacation, paid time off and sick pay benefits. The City pays a benefit for accumulated sick leave upon an employee's separation from service to the extent the employee meets certain criteria. Vacation, paid time off and sick pay are accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured as a result of employee resignations or retirements.

- 11. Long-term obligations. In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. Bond premiums and discounts reported as other financing sources and uses. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Bond issuance costs are expended or expensed when incurred in both the fund and government-wide financial statements. The City uses the stated interest rate in lease agreements and subscription-based information technology agreements (SBITA) or its estimated incremental borrowing rate if not stated in the agreement as the discount rate.
- **12. Pensions.** For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of pension plans, and the additions to/deductions from the pension plans' net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.
- 13. Other postemployment benefits (OPEB) VRS programs. For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the VRS, and the additions to/deductions from the VRS OPEB's net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by the VRS. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.
- 14. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources. In addition to assets, the financial statements will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net assets that applies to future periods and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until that time. The City has several items in this reporting category. One item is the deferred charge on debt refundings reported in the government-wide and proprietary funds statement of net position. A deferred charge on a debt refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The second item consists of contributions subsequent to the measurement date for OPEB and pensions. These will be recognized as reductions to the net OPEB and pension liabilities in the subsequent fiscal year. The third consists of various deferred outflows related to OPEB and pensions. These outflows will generally be recognized in OPEB and pension expense over a closed five-year period or over the average expected remaining service lives of all employees determined as of the beginning of the measurement period.

In addition to liabilities, the financial statements will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to future periods and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has several items in this reporting category. The first item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. This item represents receivables not collected within 60 days after June 30 and are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. The second item, unearned property tax revenue, is reported on both the governmental funds balance sheet and on the government-wide statement of net position for governmental activities. This item represents property taxes levied on January 1 that are used to fund the subsequent fiscal year. The third consists of various deferred inflows related to OPEB and pensions. These inflows will generally be recognized in OPEB and pension expense over a closed five-year period or over the average expected remaining service lives of all employees determined as of the beginning of the measurement period.

15. Fund balance. In the fund financial statements, the City may report certain fund balance amounts as non-spendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. Nonspendable fund balance consists of amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form such as inventories or prepaid items or amounts that are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Restricted fund balance is a constraint on fund balance that is externally imposed such as by creditors or grantors or imposed by law or enabling legislation for a specific purpose. Committed fund balance is a constraint imposed by formal action of City Council, as the highest level of decision making authority, for a specific purpose by amending the annual appropriation ordinance and may only be modified or rescinded by formal action of City Council. Assigned fund balance is a constraint imposed at a lower level of decision making authority for a specific purpose and only reflects the City's intent to expend funds for a specific purpose. Assigned fund balance also includes encumbrances reappropriated in the subsequent fiscal year by City Council and amounts used to balance the subsequent year's budget. There has been no formal policy established for any official to assign fund balance for specific purposes. Unassigned fund balance consists of amounts not assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed or assigned fund balance.

The City considers restricted fund balance to be spent first when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted amounts are available. When unrestricted amounts are available for use, the City will first use committed, then assigned and finally unassigned fund balance when an expenditure is incurred.

The City's formally adopted General Fund minimum fund balance policy requires unassigned fund balance to be equal to no less than 14 percent of the total General Fund budget at the end of each fiscal year plus an additional four percent for liquidity purposes resulting in a total target amount of 18 percent of the General Fund budget.

16. Use of estimates. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Note 2. Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

A. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmentwide statement of net position

A reconciliation between the total fund balances as reported in the governmental fund balance sheet and the net position of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net position is provided on Exhibit 4. One element of that reconciliation explains that "Certain liabilities, including bonds and related accounts, are not payable from current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds." The details of this difference are as follows:

Bonds payable	\$	(186,990,000)
Bond issue premiums/discounts (net)		(17,858,896)
Deferred charge for bond refunding		1,284,209
Leases (not including internal service funds)		(2,277,513)
SBITA		(115,252)
Middle River Regional Jail agreement		(1,053,439)
Equipment purchase agreement		(213,000)
Compensated absences (not including internal service funds)		(4,105,960)
Net OPEB liability (not including internal service funds)		(7,206,033)
Net pension liability (not including internal service funds)		(19,753,514)
Arbitrage rebate liability		(231,052)
Accrued interest	_	(3,060,746)
Net adjustment	\$_	(241,581,196)

Note 2. Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (continued)

Another element of that reconciliation states that "Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and pensions are applicable to future periods and therefore are not reported in the funds." The details of this difference are as follows:

Deferred OPEB outflows (not including internal service funds)	\$	839,736
Deferred pension outflows (not including internal service funds)		(3,611,938)
Deferred OPEB inflows (not including internal service funds)		7,175,658
Deferred pension inflows (not including internal service funds)		(2,447,804)
Not adjustment	¢	1.055.650
Net adjustment	Φ	1,955,652

B. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities

A reconciliation between the total net changes as reported in the fund balance on the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances and changes in net position of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of activities is provided on Exhibit 6. One element of that reconciliation explains that "Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation/amortization expense." The details of this difference are as follows:

Capital outlay	\$	30,390,252
Depreciation/amortization expense (not including internal service funds)	_	(11,780,974)
Net adjustment	\$	18,609,278

Another element of that reconciliation states that "The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities." The details of this difference are as follows:

Long-term debt issued or incurred	\$ (434,221)
Principal payments	13,445,301
Payment on Middle River Regional Jail agreement	1,031,064
Payment on equipment purchase agreement	234,701
Amortization of bond premiums/discounts (net)	1,573,529
Amortization of deferred bond refunding charges	 (158,079)
Net adjustment	\$ 15,692,295

Another element of that reconciliation states that "Certain expenses reported in the statement of activities that do not require the use of current financial resources are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds." The details of this difference are as follows:

Compensated absences (not including internal service funds)	\$ (95,696)
Arbitrage rebate liability	(127,892)
Accrued interest	283,055
Net adjustment	\$ 59,467

Note 2. Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (continued)

Another element of that reconciliation states that "Governmental funds report employer OPEB and pension contributions as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of OPEB and pension benefits earned, net of employee contributions, are reported as OPEB and pension expense." The details of this difference are as follows:

Employer OPEB contributions (not including internal service funds)	\$ 551,781
Employer pension contributions (not including internal service funds)	4,090,686
Nonemployer OPEB contributions (not including internal service funds)	10,434
OPEB expense (not including internal service funds)	(101,563)
Pension expense (not including internal service funds)	 (4,264,869)
Net adjustment	\$ 286,469

Note 3. Deposits and Investments

Deposits. The entire bank balances of the City and its component units were covered by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (Act). Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of the amounts insured by FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board. Financial institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies, and depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in amounts from 50 percent to 130 percent of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered insured or fully collateralized. The State Treasury Board is responsible for monitoring compliance with the collateralization and reporting requirements of the Act and notifying local governments of compliance by financial institutions.

Investments. *Interest rate risk.* In accordance with the City's investment policy, the City manages its exposure to declines in fair values by investing only in securities maturing in three years or less from the time of purchase. As of June 30, 2024, there were no securities subject to interest rate risk.

Credit risk. Statutes authorize the City and its component units to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper and certain corporate notes, bankers acceptances, repurchase agreements, the LGIP and SNAP. The City's investment policy does not further limit these investment choices. As of June 30, 2024, all City investments in external investment pools and money market funds were rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's.

The following is a summary of deposit and investment balances at June 30, 2024.

		Component Units						
		Primary	School					
	_	Government		Board		HEC		Total
Investments: Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP)	\$	164,958,937	\$	22,470,556	\$	12,991,906	\$	200,421,399
State Non-Arbitrage Pool (SNAP) Certificates of Deposit		11,071,000		-		-		11,071,000
Deposits		14,013,469	_	2,488,854	_	23,612,522		40,114,845
Total deposits and investments	\$	190,043,406	\$_	24,959,410	\$_	36,604,428	\$	251,607,244

Note 4. Restricted Assets

The City has certain assets presented on the government-wide statement of net position, the governmental funds balance sheet and the proprietary funds statement of net position as restricted for specific purposes. Restricted assets for governmental and business-type activities in the amounts of \$1,267,489 and \$9,803,511, respectively, represent unspent bond proceeds.

Note 5. Receivables/Due from Other Governments

The following is a summary of receivables at June 30, 2024.

		Primary Government				_	Component Units			
		Governmental		Business-type				School		
		Activities	_	Activities	_	Total	_	Board	_	HEC
Receivables:	Φ.	00.000.044	Φ.		Φ.	00 000 044	ф.		Φ.	
Property taxes receivable	\$	82,683,844	Þ	-	Þ	82,683,844	\$	-	\$	-
Other taxes receivable		2,302,069				2,302,069		-		
Accounts receivable		5,518		3,499,976		3,505,494		-		6,777,211
Interest receivable		28,202		6,550		34,752		558		-
Other receivables		1,418,717		5,046		1,423,763		328,116		-
Allowance for uncollectibles		(1,171,815)	_	(115,338)	_	(1,287,153)	_	-	_	
Totals	\$	85,266,535	\$_	3,396,234	\$_	88,662,769	\$	328,674	\$	6,777,211
Due from other governments:										
Commonwealth of Virginia	\$	4,670,445	\$	1,103,818	\$	5,774,263	\$	1,843,751	\$	-
Federal Government		1,482,805	_	510,896	_	1,993,701		2,608,741	_	
Totals	\$	6,153,250	\$_	1,614,714	\$_	7,767,964	\$_	4,452,492	\$	

Note 6. Loans Receivable

The following is a summary of loans receivable at June 30, 2024.

	Loan	Term	Interest			Current
Borrowing Entity/Loan Number	Date	(in years)	Rate	_	Balance	Portion
	•			_		
HRHA**	September 21, 2021	7.75	5.00%	\$	2,050,000 \$	300,000
HRCSB*	August 14, 2019	14	2.30%		1,290,000	101,667
HRHA**	June 26, 2014	18	4.12%		1,630,000	150,000
Massanutten Regional Library	May 15, 2000	n/a	0.0%	_	296,039	
Total General Fund				_	5,266,039	551,667
2024-01	November 28, 2023	5	4.75%		22,758	4,646
2023-01	March 21, 2022	5	4.75%		16,513	4,950
2022-01	March 21, 2022	5	4.75%		12,805	4,324
2021-01	March 26, 2021	4	4.75%		6,155	6,155
2019-03	May 3, 2019	5	4.75%	_	783	783
Total Business Loan Program Fund				_	59,014	20,858
Total Governmental Activities				\$_	5,325,053 \$	572,525

^{*}Harrisonburg-Rockingham Community Services Board **Harrisonburg Redevelopment and Housing Authority

Note 7. Capital Assets

The following are summaries of the changes in capital assets for fiscal year 2024.

Primary Government (Governmental Activities)

	_	Balance June 30, 2023	_	Additions	_	Reductions	-	Balance June 30, 2024
Capital assets, not being depreciated/amortized:								
Land	\$	59,004,007	\$	2,507,580	\$	-	\$	61,511,587
Easements		1,969,195		53,884		-		2,023,079
Construction in progress	_	104,015,938	_	24,693,417	_	(10,251,319)	_	118,458,036
Capital assets, not being depreciated/amortized	\$_	164,989,140	\$_	27,254,881	\$_	(10,251,319)	\$_	181,992,702
Capital assets, being depreciated/amortized:								
Buildings	\$	133,681,531	\$	4,367,190	\$	(8,139,800)	\$	129,908,921
Improvements other than buildings		26,409,380		2,059,398		-		28,468,778
Equipment		44,521,767		2,575,254		(352,351)		46,744,670
Equipment - Lease		2,409,041		318,542		-		2,727,583
Intangibles		12,232,608		-		-		12,232,608
SBITA		104,258		120,985		-		225,243
Infrastructure	_	189,285,450	_	7,469,909	_	-	_	196,755,359
Capital assets, being depreciated/amortized	_	408,644,035	_	16,911,278	_	(8,492,151)	_	417,063,162
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization:								
Buildings		(46,954,902)		(3,339,348)		2,046,776		(48,247,474)
Improvements other than buildings		(11,971,721)		(1,179,015)		-		(13,150,736)
Equipment		(31,749,945)		(2,790,968)		352,351		(34,188,562)
Equipment - Lease		(332,083)		(183,907)		-		(515,990)
Intangibles		(4,262,989)		(401,242)		-		(4,664,231)
SBITA		(34,853)		(71,520)		-		(106,373)
Infrastructure	_	(110,871,159)	_	(4,044,760)	_	-	_	(114,915,919)
Accumulated depreciation/amortization	_	(206,177,652)		(12,010,760)	_	2,399,127	_	(215,789,285)
Capital assets, being depreciated/amortizated (net)	\$_	202,466,383	\$_	4,900,518	\$_	(6,093,024)	\$_	201,273,877

The above total for additions to accumulated depreciation does not agree with the total depreciation by function/programs of governmental activities shown below by \$20,275. This difference represents accumulated depreciation on capital assets transferred from business-type activities.

Depreciation and amortization expense was charged to function/programs of governmental activities as follows:

General government administration	\$	331,767
Jail and judicial administration		835,021
Public safety		2,176,217
Public works		5,294,055
Health and welfare		21,865
Education		1,964,247
Parks, recreation and culture		1,070,411
Planning and community development		87,391
Internal service funds (allocated to various functions)	_	209,511
Total governmental activities depreciation and amortization expense	\$	11,990,485

Note 7. Capital Assets (continued)

Primary Government (Business-type Activities)

		Balance					Balance
		June 30, 2023	 Additions		Reductions	_	June 30, 2024
Capital assets, not being depreciated:							
Land	\$	2,690,491	\$ -	\$	- 9	5	2,690,491
Easements		493,368	-		-		493,368
Construction in progress		40,686,302	 5,024,355		(3,423,715)	_	42,286,942
Capital assets, not being depreciated	\$	43,870,161	\$ 5,024,355	\$_	(3,423,715)	\$ _	45,470,801
Capital assets, being depreciated:							
Buildings	\$	19,173,195	\$ -	\$	- \$	\$	19,173,195
Improvements other than buildings		23,244,400	1,341,367		-		24,585,767
Equipment		31,255,909	1,826,757		(4,338,669)		28,743,997
Equipment - Lease		-	17,688		-		17,688
Intangibles		1,470,249	-		-		1,470,249
Infrastructure	-	88,655,168	 2,455,537	_	<u> </u>	_	91,110,705
Capital assets, being depreciated		163,798,921	 5,641,349		(4,338,669)		165,101,601
Less accumulated depreciation:							
Buildings		(7,020,023)	(441,955)		-		(7,461,978)
Improvements other than buildings		(11,089,802)	(608,118)		-		(11,697,920)
Equipment		(21,864,614)	(2,217,373)		4,247,750		(19,834,237)
Equipment - Lease		-	(1,769)		-		(1,769)
Intangibles		(304,951)	(90,089)		-		(395,040)
Infrastructure	-	(58,686,326)	 (1,841,333)		<u> </u>	_	(60,527,659)
Accumulated depreciation	-	(98,965,716)	 (5,200,637)	_	4,247,750		(99,918,603)
Capital assets, being depreciated (net)	\$	64,833,205	\$ 440,712	\$_	(90,919)	5 _	65,182,998

The above total for additions to accumulated depreciation does not agree with the total depreciation by function/programs of business-type activities shown below by \$37,556. This difference represents accumulated depreciation on capital assets transferred from governmental activities.

Depreciation expense was charged to function/programs of business-type activities as follows:

Water	\$	1,799,982
Sewer		1,184,247
Public transportation		1,665,062
Sanitation		251,764
Stormwater	_	262,026
Total business-type activities depreciation expense	\$	5,163,081

Note 7. Capital Assets (continued)

Component Unit - School Board

Component offit – School Board		Balance June 30, 2023		Additions		Reductions		Balance June 30, 2024
Capital assets, not being depreciated/amortized: Land	\$	6,294,184	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,294,184
Construction in progress	_	1,047,278	_	7,844,103	_	(1,582,841)	-	7,308,540
Capital assets, not being depreciated/amortized	\$_	7,341,462	\$_	7,844,103	\$_	(1,582,841)	\$_	13,602,724
Capital assets, being depreciated/amortized: Buildings Buildings - Lease Improvements other than buildings Equipment Equipment - Lease Intangibles	\$	91,716,742 1,045,358 728,600 8,958,325 1,420,282 34,200	\$	7,412,838 - - 2,244,357 210,798	\$	(389,288) (565,532)	\$	99,129,580 1,045,358 728,600 10,813,394 1,065,548 34,200
Capital assets, being depreciated/amortized		103,903,507		9,867,993		(954,820)		112,816,680
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization: Buildings Buildings - Lease Improvements other than buildings Equipment Equipment - Lease Intangibles	_	(47,263,622) (124,447) (188,053) (5,215,340) (260,789) (25,650)	_	(4,500,243) (74,669) (38,716) (1,198,112) (165,057)	_	- - - 389,288 138,058 (6,840)	_	(51,763,865) (199,116) (226,769) (6,024,164) (287,788) (32,490)
Accumulated depreciation/amortization	_	(53,077,901)	_	(5,976,797)	_	520,506	_	(58,534,192)
Capital assets, being depreciated/amortized (net)	\$_	50,825,606	\$_	3,891,196	\$_	(434,314)	\$_	54,282,488
Component Unit – HEC		Balance June 30, 2023	_	Additions	_	Reductions	_	Balance June 30, 2024
Capital assets, not being depreciated/amortized: Land Construction in progress	\$	5,467,054 4,859,525	\$	- 5,245,252	\$	- (1,417,877)	\$	5,467,054 8,686,900
Capital assets, not being depreciated/amortized	- \$	10,326,579	\$	5,245,252	\$	(1,417,877)	\$	14,153,954
Capital assets, being depreciated/amortized: Buildings Equipment SBITA Infrastructure	\$	4,283,639 9,891,776 81,750 127,333,034	_	68,597 51,582 - 2,286,282	=	(393,567)	\$	4,352,236 9,943,358 81,750 129,225,749
Capital assets, being depreciated/amortized		141,590,199		2,406,461		(393,567)		143,603,093
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization: Buildings Equipment SBITA Infrastructure	_	(2,549,380) (8,328,469) (12,555) (78,306,009)		(100,059) (348,857) (26,880) (3,837,807)	_	- - - 439,837		(2,649,439) (8,677,326) (39,435) (81,703,979)
Accumulated depreciation/amortization		(89,196,413)		(4,313,603)		439,837		(93,070,179)
Capital assets, being depreciated/amortized (net)	\$ <u></u>	52,393,786	\$	(1,907,142)	\$_	46,270	\$	50,532,914

Note 8. Long-term Liabilities

Primary Government

The following is a summary of the debt service requirements for the long-term liabilities of the governmental activities as of June 30, 2024.

Year	_	General Ob	oligat	ion Bonds										1	Γotal	
Ending		Public	Offe	rings		Le	eases	s		S	BITA		_	Governme	ental	Activities
June 30,		Principal	_	Interest	_	Principal	_	Interest	_	Principal	_	Interest	_	Principal	_	Interest
2025	\$	13,830,000	\$	6,434,984	\$	142,090	\$	47,415	\$	74,935	\$	2,921	\$	14,047,025	\$	6,485,320
2026		14,005,000		5,789,452		119,715		44,857		40,317		1,209		14,165,032		5,835,518
2027		14,180,000		5,144,124		122,321		42,250		-		-		14,302,321		5,186,374
2028		11,760,000		4,554,451		124,985		39,587		-		-		11,884,985		4,594,038
2029		11,670,000		4,049,371		125,812		36,874		-		-		11,795,812		4,086,245
2030-2034		52,215,000		12,844,930		661,187		142,813		-		-		52,876,187		12,987,743
2035-2039		31,170,000		5,674,625		736,120		67,880		-		-		31,906,120		5,742,505
2040-2044		24,840,000		2,494,297		250,089		4,511		-		-		25,090,089		2,498,808
2045-2047	_	13,320,000	_	403,200	_	-			_	-	_		_	13,320,000	_	403,200
Total	\$	186,990,000	\$	47,389,434	\$	2,282,319	\$	426,187	\$	115,252	\$	4,130	\$	189,387,571	\$	47,819,751

The following is a summary of the debt service requirements for the long-term liabilities of the business-type activities as of June 30, 2024.

Year	_	General Obliga	tion Bonds	_					То	tal	ıl		
Ending		Public Off	erings		Le	ease	S	_	Business-ty	pe /	oe Activities		
June 30,		Principal	Interest	_	Principal	_	Interest	_	Principal		Interest		
2025	\$	2,967,866 \$	1,194,994	\$	3,403	\$	369	\$	2,971,269	\$	1,195,363		
2026		1,577,867	1,083,244		3,490		281		1,581,357		1,083,525		
2027		1,652,867	1,004,369		3,581		191		1,656,448		1,004,560		
2028		1,752,866	921,118		3,673		99		1,756,539		921,217		
2029		1,842,867	833,119		1,872		14		1,844,739		833,133		
2030-2034		9,514,333	2,785,019		-		-		9,514,333		2,785,019		
2035-2039		7,344,333	1,297,103		-		-		7,344,333		1,297,103		
2040-2044		6,017,867	689,387		-		-		6,017,867		689,387		
2045-2047	_	3,885,000	117,550	_	-	_	-	_	3,885,000	_	117,550		
Total	\$_	36,555,866 \$	9,925,903	\$	16,019	\$	954	\$	36,571,885	\$	9,926,857		

The following is a summary of the changes to the long-term liabilities of governmental activities.

	Balance June 30, 2023	3	Additions		Reductions		Balance June 30, 2024		Due Within One Year
Bonds payable:						•		_	
General obligation bonds:									
Public offerings	\$ 200,200,000	\$	-	\$	(13,210,000)	\$	186,990,000	\$	13,830,000
Bond premiums/discounts (net)	19,432,425		-	_	(1,573,529)	_	17,858,896	_	1,573,529
						_			
Total bonds payable	219,632,425		-		(14,783,529)		204,848,896		15,403,529
Leases	2,123,831		318,542		(160,054)		2,282,319		142,090
SBITA	70,014		120,985		(75,747)		115,252		74,935
Middle River Regional Jail agreement	2,084,503		-		(1,031,064)		1,053,439		1,053,439
Equipment purchase agreement	447,701		-		(234,701)		213,000		213,000
Compensated absences	4,119,469		2,906,410		(2,803,671)		4,222,208		2,763,775
Net OPEB liability	10,557,189		973,021		(4,188,404)		7,341,806		125,309
Net pension liability	17,016,426		15,254,535		(11,879,979)		20,390,982		-
Governmental activities long-term debt	\$ 256,051,558	_ \$	19,573,493	\$	(35,157,149)	\$	240,467,902	\$	19,776,077

Note 8. Long-term Liabilities (continued)

Long-term liabilities for governmental activities are generally liquidated by the General Fund. The Internal Service Funds are consolidated into the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Accordingly, long-term liabilities for these funds are included as part of the above totals. At June 30, 2024, \$4,806, \$116,248, \$135,773 and \$637,468 of leases, compensated absences, net OPEB liability and net pension liability, respectively, are included in the above amounts for these internal service funds.

The following is a summary of the changes to the long-term liabilities of business-type activities.

	Balance June 30, 2023			Additions		Reductions		Balance June 30, 2024		Due Within One Year
Bonds payable:					_		-		_	
General obligation bonds:										
Public offerings	\$	39,388,733	\$	-	\$	(2,832,867)	\$	36,555,866	\$	2,967,866
Bond premiums/discounts (net)	_	4,531,130		-		(451,968)	-	4,079,162	_	322,511
Total bonds payable		43,919,863		-		(3,284,835)		40,635,028		3,290,377
Leases		-		17,688		(1,669)		16,019		3,403
Compensated absences		1,030,213		749,397		(764,592)		1,015,018		650,472
Net OPEB liability		1,987,015		361,344		(867,586)		1,480,773		21,480
Net pension liability		4,385,673		3,742,995		(3,061,848)		5,066,820		-
City landfill closure costs		1,268,447		41,859		-		1,310,306		131,204
County landfill contractual obligation	_	2,697,965		-		(899,322)	-	1,798,643	_	1,798,643
Business-type activities long-term debt	\$_	55,289,176	\$	4,913,283	\$	(8,879,852)	\$	51,322,607	\$	5,895,579

The following is the detail for the long-term liabilities of the governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2024.

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities
General Obligation Bonds - Public Offerings:		
\$41,500,000 School Bonds (Virginia Public School Authority), Series 2001C, issued November 15, 2001, maturing July 15, 2026 at 4.1% - 5.1% interest	\$ 8,400,000	\$ -
\$1,136,000 Water Bonds (VRA DWSRF), Series 2009, issued November 20, 2009, maturing February 1, 2040 at 0% interest	-	605,866
\$13,610,000 Public Improvement Bonds, Series 2014A, issued June 26, 2014, maturing July 15, 2034 at 2.0% - 5.0% interest	8,290,000	-
\$42,675,000 Public Improvement Refunding Bonds, Series 2014B, issued June 26, 2014, maturing July 15, 2032 at 2.0% - 5.0% interest	24,245,000	-
\$40,215,000 Public Improvement Bonds, Series 2016, issued May 18, 2016, maturing July 15, 2040 at 2.0% - 5.0% interest	31,405,000	-
\$4,540,000 School Bond (Virginia Public School Authority), Series 2018, issued November 6, 2018, maturing July 15, 2033 at 4.05% - 5.05% interest	3,420,000	-
\$4,950,000 Bond (Virginia Resources Authority), Series 2019, issued August 14, 2019, maturing October 1, 2033 at 4.510% - 5.125% interest	3,870,000	-
\$156,970,000 Public Improvement and Refunding Bonds, Series 2021A, issued September 21, 2021, maturing July 15, 2046 at 1.75% - 5.00% interest	106,540,000	35,950,000

Note 8. Long-term Liabilities (continued)

		Governmental Activities	_	Business-type Activities
General Obligation Bonds - Public Offerings (continued):				
\$2,4700,000 Public Improvement Refunding Taxable Bonds, Series 2021B, issued September 21, 2021, maturing July 15, 2024 at 0.15% - 0.50% interest	_	820,000	_	
Total General Obligation Bonds - Public Offerings	\$_	186,990,000	\$_	36,555,866
Total General Obligation Bonds	\$_	186,990,000	\$_	36,555,866

Leases

The City, as a lessee, has entered into lease agreements involving the use of a fiber network, golf carts and office equipment. As of June 30, 2024, the City's lease liability in governmental and business-type activities for these payments totals \$2,282,319 and \$16,019, respectively. The City has included in its governmental activities' capital assets lease equipment in the amount of \$2,727,583 (\$515,990 in accumulated amortization) and in its business-type activities' capital assets lease equipment in the amount of \$17,688 (\$1,769 in accumulated amortization).

SBITA

The City, as a subscriber, has entered into subscription agreements involving the use of vendor software. As of June 30, 2024, the City's SBITA liability in governmental activities for these payments totals \$115,252. The City has included in its governmental activities' capital assets a subscription asset in the amount of \$225,243 (\$106,373 in accumulated amortization).

Additional information pertaining to the Primary Government's long-term debt:

The City is subject to a legal debt margin requirement based on the Constitution of Virginia. Under the requirement, the City's bonds or other interest-bearing obligations shall not exceed ten percent of its total taxable assessed real property valuation. As of June 30, 2024, the debt limitation for the City is \$564.2 million of which \$339.6 million is available for use.

In June 2014, the City issued \$42.7 million in general obligation refunding bonds, of which \$2.7 million was issued on behalf of and loaned to the Harrisonburg Redevelopment and Housing Authority (Authority) to advance refund a previous bond issue that was originally issued for the purpose of renovating public housing units owned by the Authority. The Authority has agreed to reimburse the City for its share of the principal and interest payments as the debt service payments come due. The current fiscal year reimbursement for debt service payments associated with the bonds totaled \$217,100. As of June 30, 2024, the outstanding balance of the loan is \$1,630,000.

In August 2019, the City issued \$4.95 million in general obligation bonds, of which \$1.65 million was issued on behalf of and loaned to the Harrisonburg-Rockingham Community Services Board (Board) for the purpose of constructing a new facility. The Board has agreed to reimburse the City for its share of the principal and interest payments as the debt service payments come due. The current fiscal year reimbursement for debt service payments associated with the bonds totaled \$162,123. As of June 30, 2024, the outstanding balance of the loan is \$1,290,000.

In September 2021, the City issued \$157 million in general obligation public improvement and refunding bonds, of which \$2.6 million was issued on behalf of and loaned to the Harrisonburg Redevelopment and Housing Authority (Authority) to advance refund a previous bond issue that was originally issued for the purpose of renovating public housing units owned by the Authority. The Authority has agreed to reimburse the City for its share of the principal and interest payments as the debt service payments come due. The current fiscal year reimbursement for debt service payments associated with the bonds totaled \$399,750. As of June 30, 2024, the outstanding balance of the loan is \$2,050,000.

Note 8. Long-term Liabilities (continued)

Component Unit - School Board

The following is a summary of the debt service requirements for the long-term liabilities of the School Board as of June 30, 2024.

Year						Ota	
Ending	_	Le	ease	es	 Scho	ol I	Board
June 30,		Principal	_	Interest	 Principal	_	Interest
2025	\$	179,735	\$	32,725	\$ 179,735	\$	32,725
2026		133,624		29,782	133,624		29,782
2027		137,602		26,804	137,602		26,804
2028		142,309		23,729	142,309		23,729
2029		147,150		20,554	147,150		20,554
2030-2034		764,648		51,730	764,648		51,730
2035-2036	_	126,078	_	1,619	126,078		1,619
Total	\$	1,631,146	\$	186,943	\$ 1,631,146	\$	186,943

The following is a summary of the changes to the long-term liabilities of the School Board.

	_	Balance June 30, 2023		Additions	 Reductions	 Balance June 30, 2024	 Due Within One Year
Leases	\$	2,082,221	\$	210,798	\$ (661,873)	\$ 1,631,146	\$ 179,735
Compensated absences		2,079,608		676,350	(428,327)	2,327,631	482,551
Net OPEB liability		21,253,526		2,427,856	(5,241,599)	18,439,783	136,767
Net pension liability	_	49,594,703	_	30,191,105	 (25,886,106)	 53,899,702	 -
School Board long-term debt	\$_	75,010,058	\$	33,506,109	\$ (32,217,905)	\$ 76,298,262	\$ 799,053

Leases

The School Board, as a lessee, has entered into lease agreements involving the use of a fiber network, an office building, a mobile trailer unit and various office equipment. As of June 30, 2024, the School Board's lease liability for these payments totals \$1,631,146. The School Board has included in capital assets leased buildings in the amount of \$1,045,358 (\$199,116 in accumulated amortization) and lease equipment in the amount of \$1,065,548 (\$287,788 in accumulated amortization).

Component Unit – HEC

At June 30, 2024, HEC had \$5,332,930 in long-term liabilities outstanding. This long-term liability is comprised of \$665,832 in compensated absences, of which the entire amount is due within one year, \$9,568 in SBITA, of which \$7,579 is due within one year and \$1,989 is due in more than one year, and \$2,283,073 in net OPEB liabilities and \$2,374,457 in net pension liabilities, of which the entire amounts are due in more than one year.

Note 9. Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Costs

In accordance with state and federal laws and regulations, the City is required to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the City's closed landfill site for 30 years after the date of closure. The City closed its landfill in 1994. \$1,310,306 of the amount reported as landfill closure and postclosure care liability at June 30, 2024 represents the cumulative amount reported to date based on the use of 100 percent of the capacity of the landfill. Included in the total liability is an additional \$435,428 for groundwater remediation. These amounts are based on current year costs. Actual costs ultimately may differ due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations. The City plans to fund its landfill closure and postclosure care costs with available funds from the Sanitation Fund.

Note 10. Rockingham County Landfill Liability Agreement

Effective January 1, 2012, the City entered into a new agreement with Rockingham County (County) associated with solid waste activities of the two localities. As part of the agreement, the City will be considered a customer of the County landfill and will no longer make capital contributions for landfill expansion and other capital expenditures. The agreement also caps the City's recognized share of the County's closure and postclosure care costs as of the date of the agreement. Pursuant to the agreement, the City has recorded a \$1,798,643 contractual obligation to the County in the Sanitation Fund.

Note 11. Unearned Revenue

The following is a summary of unearned revenue at June 30, 2024 for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements and for the fund financial statements.

		(Component			
				Unit			
		General	Capital Projects		_	School	
	_	Fund	 Fund	_	Total		Board
Advance collection of parking leases	\$	50,670	\$ -	\$	50,670	\$	-
Golf course season passes		96,410	-		96,410		-
ARPA funds		13,082,619	-		13,082,619		-
State All-In funds		-	-		-		3,241,760
Construction reimbursement	_	-	 949,462	_	949,462		-
Total unearned revenue	\$_	13,229,699	\$ 949,462	\$_	14,179,161	\$	3,241,760

Unearned revenue for business-type activities in the amount of \$94,744 represents water and sewer connection application fees for which the services had not been provided as of year-end and prepaid rental revenue. This amount is comprised of \$60,344 in the Water Fund and \$34,400 in the Sewer Fund.

Note 12. Interfund Balances

The General Fund has due from other funds in the amount \$392,554. This amount is comprised of loans to the Community Development Block Grant Fund and Central Stores Fund in the amounts of \$160,581 and \$231,973, respectively. The purpose of the loans are to eliminate year-end cash and cash equivalents deficit balances and are anticipated to be repaid within the subsequent fiscal year. The Sewer Fund has an interfund loan receivable in the amount of \$1,456,000 while the Water Fund has an interfund loan payable in the amount of \$1,456,000 for funds loaned from the Sewer Fund to the Water Fund for the purchase of land by the Water Fund.

Note 13. Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers are generally used to subsidize the operations, programs and capital activities of certain funds. The following is a summary of interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2024.

	_	Transfer out														
	_		General F							Public						
		General		Capital		Water		Sewer	Т	ransportation	Sanitation		Stormwater			
Transfer in		Fund		Projects		Fund		Fund		Fund	Fund		Fund		Total	
General Fund	\$	-	\$	38,834	\$	1,573,500	\$	1,377,900	\$	204,308	134,800	\$	29,000	\$	3,358,342	
General Capital Projects		12,320,000		-		-		-		-	-		-		12,320,000	
Public Transportation		400,000		-		-		-		-	-		-		400,000	
Internal Service Funds	-	-		-		175,238		58,413		-			-		233,651	
Total	\$	12,720,000	\$	38,834	\$	1,748,738	\$	1,436,313	\$	204,308	134,800	\$	29,000	\$	16,311,993	

Note 14. Fund Balance

The following is a summary of amounts that are reported on the governmental funds balance sheet identified as nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned fund balance at June 30, 2024.

	_	General Fund	. <u>-</u>	General Capital Projects Fund	 School Bond Capital Projects Fund		Other Governmental Funds		Total
Nonspendable:									
Prepaid expenditures	\$	573,491	\$	-	\$ -	\$	3,763	\$	577,254
Loans receivable	_	296,039		-	 -		-	_	296,039
Total nonspendable fund balance	\$	869,530	\$	-	\$ -	\$	3,763	\$_	873,293
Restricted for:									
Public safety	\$	1,130,941	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	1,130,941
Public works		-		905,793	-		-		905,793
Education	_	-		-	 127,740		-	_	127,740
Total restricted fund balance	\$_	1,130,941	\$	905,793	\$ 127,740	\$	-	\$_	2,164,474
Committed to:									
General government administration	\$	-	\$	2,355,435	\$ -	\$	-	\$	2,355,435
Jail and judicial administration		-		185,207	-		-		185,207
Public safety		-		4,618,849	-		-		4,618,849
Public works		-		4,705,280	-		-		4,705,280
Health and human services		-		2,362,956	-		-		2,362,956
Education		-		-	-		2,422,966		2,422,966
Parks, recreation and cultural		-		525,000	-		-		525,000
Community development	_	-		-	 -		166,529	_	166,529
Total committed fund balance	\$_	-	\$	14,752,727	\$ -	\$	2,589,495	\$_	17,342,222
Assigned to:									
General government administration	\$	274,724	\$	-	\$ _	\$	-	\$	274,724
Public safety	·	4,576,164	·	_	_	Ċ	_	·	4,576,164
Public works		1,686,411		-	-		-		1,686,411
Education		-		-	-		1,292,089		1,292,089
Parks, recreation and cultural		308,140		-	-		-		308,140
Community development		79,834		-	-		76,800		156,634
Subsequent years' expenditures	_	7,170,000		-	 -		-	_	7,170,000
Total assigned fund balance	\$	14,095,273	\$	-	\$ -	\$	1,368,889	\$_	15,464,162

Note 15. Pension Plan - Agent Multiple-Employer

Plan Description. All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the City, the non-professional employees of the Harrisonburg City School Board (School Board) and the Harrisonburg Electric Commission (HEC) are automatically covered by the VRS Retirement Plan upon employment. This plan is an agent multiple-employer pension plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. The City and HEC employees participate in the same retirement plan. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer are paying contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria as defined in the *Code of Virginia*, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service. The *Code of Virginia*, as amended, assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the Virginia General Assembly.

Note 15. Pension Plan - Agent Multiple-Employer (continued)

Benefits Provided. VRS administers three different benefit structures for covered employees. Each benefit structure has different eligibility criteria.

Plan 1. Plan 1 is a defined benefit plan. Members hired before July 1, 2010 and who were vested as of January 1, 2013 are covered under Plan 1. Members become vested when they have at least five years of creditable service. Non-hazardous duty members are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit beginning at age 65 with at least five years of service credit or age 50 with at least 30 years of service credit. They may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 55 with at least five years of service credit or age 50 with at least 10 years of service credit.

Plan 2. Plan 2 is a defined benefit plan. Members hired between July 1, 2010 and December 31, 2013 or members hired before July 1, 2010 who were not vested as of January 1, 2013 are covered under Plan 2. Members become vested when they have at least five years of creditable service. Non-hazardous duty members are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit beginning at their normal Social Security retirement age with at least five years of service credit or when the sum of their age and service equals 90. They may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least five years of service credit.

Hybrid Plan. The Hybrid Plan combines features of a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Members hired after January 1, 2014 and Plan 1 and Plan 2 members who opted into the plan during a special election window are covered under the Hybrid Plan. Members become vested in the defined benefit portion of the Hybrid Plan when they have at least five years of creditable service and become 100 percent vested in employer contributions to the defined contribution portion of the Hybrid Plan after four years of creditable service. Members are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit from the defined benefit component beginning at their normal Social Security retirement age with at least five years of service credit or when the sum of their age and service equals 90. They may retire with a reduced benefit from the defined benefit component as early as age 60 with at least five years of service credit. Members are eligible to receive distributions from the defined contribution component upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.

Hazardous duty members. Under Plans 1 and 2, eligible hazardous duty members (police officers and firefighters) are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at age 60 with at least five years of service credit or age 50 with at least 25 years of service credit. They may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 50 with at least five years of service credit. All other provisions of the member's plan apply. Hazardous duty members are not eligible for the Hybrid Plan.

The VRS Basic Benefit is a lifetime monthly benefit based on a retirement multiplier as a percentage of the member's average final compensation (AFC) multiplied by the member's total service credit. Under Plan 1, AFC is the average of the member's 36 consecutive months of highest compensation. Under Plan 2 and the Hybrid Plan, AFC is the average of the member's 60 consecutive months of highest compensation. The defined benefit retirement multiplier is 1.7 percent for non-hazardous duty Plan 1 members, 1.65 percent for non-hazardous duty Plan 2 members (1.7 percent for service earned, purchased or granted prior to January 1, 2013), 1 percent for Hybrid Plan members and 1.85 percent for eligible hazardous duty members. In addition, eligible hazardous duty members receive a monthly benefit supplement if they retire prior to age 65. At retirement, members can elect the Basic Benefit, the Survivor Option, the Partial Lump-Sum Option Payment (PLOP) or the Advance Pension Option. A retirement reduction factor is applied to the Basic Benefit amount for members electing the Survivor Option, PLOP or Advance Pension Option or those retiring with a reduced benefit.

Members who retire with an unreduced benefit or a reduced benefit with at least 20 years of creditable service are eligible for an annual cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) effective July 1 after one full calendar year from the member's retirement date. Members who retire with a reduced benefit and who have less than 20 years of creditable service, the COLA is effective July 1 after one calendar year following the unreduced retirement eligibility date. Other exceptions also apply to the COLA effective date. Under Plan 1, the COLA matches the first three percent increase in the Consumer Price Index for all Urban Consumers (CPI-U) and half of any additional increase (up to four percent) for a maximum COLA of five percent. Under Plan 2 and the defined benefit component of the Hybrid

Note 15. Pension Plan - Agent Multiple-Employer (continued)

Plan, the COLA matches the first two percent increase in the CPI-U and half of any additional increase (up to two percent) for a maximum COLA of three percent.

The VRS also provides death and disability benefits to Plan 1 and Plan 2 members. Hybrid Plan members are covered by the Virginia Local Disability Program administered by VRS for disability benefits unless the local government provides an employer paid comparable program for its members. The City, School Board and HEC decided to provide an employer paid comparable program to its employees.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms. At June 30, 2022, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

		Component Units				
	Primary	School				
	Government	Board	HEC			
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	390	73	29			
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	475	97	36			
Active employees	555	96	42			
Total inactive and active employees	1,420	266	107			

Contributions. The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by Section 51.1-145 the *Code of Virginia*, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute five percent of their annual reported compensation toward their retirement. The City and HEC's contractually required contribution rate for the fiscal year ended 2024 was 14.71 percent of covered employee compensation. The School Board non-professional employees' contribution rate for the fiscal year ended 2024 was 4.47 percent of covered employee compensation. These rates were based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. These rates, when combined with employee contributions, were expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions from the City, the School Board and HEC to the pension plans were \$5,271,967, \$100,783 and \$491,718, respectively, for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Net Pension Liability. The net pension liability is calculated separately for each employer and represents that particular employer's total pension liability less that employer's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2022 and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023.

Actuarial Assumptions – General Employees. The total pension liability for general employees was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. The following assumptions were applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023.

Inflation 2.50 percent

Salary increases, including inflation 3.50 percent – 5.35 percent

Investment rate of return, including inflation 6.75 percent (net of pension plan investment expense)

Mortality rates:

All Others (Non 10 Largest) – Non-Hazardous Duty: 15% of deaths are assumed to be service related.

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward two years.

Note 15. Pension Plan - Agent Multiple-Employer (continued)

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward three years.

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set back three years; 90% of rates for females set back three years.

Beneficiary and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females set forward two years.

Mortality Improvement:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

All Others (Non 10 Largest): Updated mortality rates to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables and replaced mortality rates with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020; adjusted retirement rates to better fit experience for Plan 1, set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid and changed the final retirement age; adjusted withdrawal rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through nine years of service.

Actuarial Assumptions – Hazardous Duty Employees. The total pension liability for hazardous duty employees was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. The following assumptions were applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023.

Inflation 2.50 percent

Salary increases, including inflation 3.50 percent – 4.75 percent

Investment rate of return, including inflation 6.75 percent (net of pension plan investment expense*)

Mortality rates:

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Hazardous Duty: 45% of deaths are assumed to be service related.

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward two years.

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward three years.

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale; 95% of rates for males set back three years; 90% of rates for females set back three years.

Beneficiary and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale; 110% of rates for males and females set forward two years.

Mortality Improvement:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

All Others (Non 10 Largest) – Hazardous Duty: Updated mortality rates to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables, increased disability life expectancy and replaced mortality rates with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-

Note 15. Pension Plan - Agent Multiple-Employer (continued)

2020; adjusted retirement rates to better fit experience and changed the final retirement age from 65 to 70; adjusted withdrawal rates and changed from rates based on age and service to rates based on service only to better fit experience and to be more consistent with the 10 Largest – Hazardous Duty employers.

Long-term Expected Rate of Return. The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Target Allocation	Arithmetic Long-term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-term Expected Rate of Return
Public Equity	34.00%	6.14%	2.09%
Fixed Income	15.00%	2.56%	0.38%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	5.60%	0.78%
Real Assets	14.00%	5.02%	0.70%
Private Equity	16.00%	9.17%	1.47%
Multi-Asset Public Strategies (MAPS)	4.00%	4.50%	0.18%
Private Investment Partnersip (PIP)	2.00%	7.18%	0.14%
Cash	1.00%	1.20%	0.01%
Total	100.00%		5.75%
		Inflation	2.50%
	Expected arithmetic	nominal return*	8.25%

^{*}The above allocation provides a one-year return of 8.25%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the system, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. These results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 7.14%, including expected inflation of 2.5%. On June 15, 2023, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of 6.75%, which was roughly at the 45th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation at that time, providing a median return of 7.14%, including expected inflation of 2.5%.

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Political subdivisions were provided with an opportunity to use an alternate employer contribution rate. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the alternate rate was the employer contribution rate used in fiscal year 2012 or 100 percent of the actuarially determined employer contribution rate from the June 30, 2022, actuarial valuation, whichever was greater. From July 1, 2023 on, participating employers are assumed to continue to contribute 100 percent of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Note 15. Pension Plan - Agent Multiple-Employer (continued)

Changes in the Net Pension Liability (Asset). The following are the changes in net pension liability (asset) as of the measurement date of June 30, 2023:

Primary Government

	Increase (Decrease)							
		Total	Plan	Net				
		Pension	Fiduciary	Pension				
	_	Liability	Net Position	Liability				
Balances at June 30, 2022	\$	162,870,835	5 141,468,736 \$	21,402,099				
Changes for the year:	_							
Service cost		3,504,223	-	3,504,223				
Interest		10,951,876	-	10,951,876				
Differences between expected and actual experience		3,975,886	-	3,975,886				
Contributions-employer		-	4,418,428	(4,418,428)				
Contributions-employee		-	1,488,600	(1,488,600)				
Net investment income		-	9,121,981	(9,121,981)				
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(8,250,070)	(8,250,070)	-				
Administrative expense		-	(90,850)	90,850				
Other changes		3,931,706	3,369,829	561,877				
Net changes	-	14,113,621	10,057,918	4,055,703				
Balances at June 30, 2023	\$_	176,984,456	<u> 151,526,654</u> \$	25,457,802				

Component Unit – School Board

		Increase (Decrease)							
	_	Total		Plan		Net			
		Pension		Fiduciary		Pension			
	_	Liability	-	Net Position	-	Liability (Asset)			
Balances at June 30, 2022	\$	9,407,356	\$	10,217,849	\$	(810,493)			
Changes for the year:			-		•				
Service cost		229,576		-		229,576			
Interest		633,472		-		633,472			
Differences between expected and actual experience		134,809		-		134,809			
Contributions-employer		-		102,837		(102,837)			
Contributions-employee		-		137,141		(137,141)			
Net investment income		-		654,185		(654,185)			
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(504,316)		(504,316)		-			
Administrative expense		-		(6,595)		6,595			
Other changes		-		263		(263)			
Net changes	_	493,541	-	383,515	-	110,026			
Balances at June 30, 2023	\$_	9,900,897	\$_	10,601,364	\$	(700,467)			

Note 15. Pension Plan - Agent Multiple-Employer (continued)

Component Unit – HEC

	Increase (Decrease)						
		Total	Plan	Net			
		Pension	Fiduciary	Pension			
	_	Liability	Net Position	Liability			
Balances at June 30, 2022	\$	17,971,818 \$	15,610,225 \$	2,361,593			
Changes for the year:							
Service cost		386,670	-	386,670			
Interest		1,208,474	-	1,208,474			
Differences between expected and actual experience		438,715	-	438,715			
Contributions-employer		-	487,547	(487,547)			
Contributions-employee		-	164,258	(164,258)			
Net investment income		-	1,006,556	(1,006,556)			
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(910,346)	(910,346)	-			
Administrative expense		-	(10,025)	10,025			
Other changes		(2,587,938)	(2,215,279)	(372,659)			
Net changes	_	(1,464,425)	(1,477,289)	12,864			
Balances at June 30, 2023	\$_	16,507,393 \$	14,132,936 \$	2,374,457			

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the net pension liability (asset) using the discount rate of 6.75 percent, as well as what the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75 percent) or one percentage point higher (7.75 percent) than the current rate:

	_	1% Decrease (5.75%)	_	Current Discount Rate (6.75%)	_	1% Increase (7.75%)
Primary Government:						
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	50,071,541	\$	25,457,802	\$	5,399,043
Component Unit - School Board:						
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	366,185	\$	(700,467)	\$	(1,608,785)
Component Unit - HEC:						
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	4,670,188	\$	2,374,457	\$	503,570

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the City, the School Board and HEC recognized pension expense of \$5,370,240, \$151,500 and \$171,935, respectively. At June 30, 2024, the City, the School Board and HEC reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Note 15. Pension Plan - Agent Multiple-Employer (continued)

					Component Units															
		Primary	vernment	Scho	Board		HEC													
		Deferred		Deferred		Deferred		Deferred Outflows				Deferred		Deferred		Deferred Deferred		Deferred		Deferred
		Outflows		Inflows		Outflows						Inflows								
		of Resources	_	of Resources	-	of Resources	sources of Resources			of Resources		of Resources								
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	2,834,029	\$	863.097	\$	116,328	¢	_	¢	264.331	¢	80.501								
Changes in assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension	Ψ	1,141,803	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	106,496	Ψ	-								
plan investments Employer contributions subsequent	t	-		2,291,569		-		168,024		-		213,735								
to the measurement date		5,271,967	-			100,783				491,718										
Total	\$	9,247,799	\$	3,154,666	\$	217,111	\$	168,024	\$	862,545	\$	294,236								

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent fiscal year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

		_	Compo	nent	t Units			
	Primary	-	School		_			
Year Ending June 30,	Government	_	Board		HEC			
		_		_	_			
2025	\$ 107,631	\$	(24,284)	\$	10,039			
2026	(1,802,371)		(180, 266)		(168,108)			
2027	2,445,310		147,577		228,075			
2028	70,596		5,277		6,585			
2029	-		-		-			
Thereafter	-		_		-			

Pension Plan Data. Detailed information about the VRS Retirement Plan is available in the separately issued VRS 2023 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. A copy of this report may be downloaded from the VRS website at waretire.org/Pdf/Publications/2023-annual-report.pdf or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA 23218-2500.

Payable to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2024, the City and School Board reported a payable of \$647,800 and \$20,501, respectively, for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan required for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Note 16. Pension Plan - Teacher Cost-Sharing Pool

Plan Description. All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of the Harrisonburg City School Board (School Board) are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan upon employment. This plan is a cost-sharing multiple-employer pension plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia (Commonwealth). Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer are paying contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria as defined in the *Code of Virginia*, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service. The *Code of Virginia*, as amended, assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the Virginia General Assembly.

Note 16. Pension Plan - Teacher Cost-Sharing Pool (continued)

Benefits Provided. VRS administers three different benefit structures for covered employees. Each benefit structure has different eligibility criteria and are substantially the same as described in Note 15.

Contributions. The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by Section 51.1-145 of the *Code of Virginia*, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Members are required to contribute five percent of their annual reported compensation toward their retirement. The School Board's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2024 was 16.62 percent of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan were \$9,043,818 for the year ended June 30, 2024. In June 2023, the Commonwealth made a special contribution of approximately \$147.5 million to the VRS Teacher Employee Plan. The School Board's proportionate share of this special contribution totaled \$786,359.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

At June 30, 2024, the School Board reported a liability of \$53,899,702 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2022 and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023. The School Board's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the actuarially determined employer contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2023 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2023, the school division's proportion was 0.53328%.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the School Board recognized pension expense of \$6,808,611. Since there was a change in the proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the pension expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion and from differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of employer contributions.

At June 30, 2024, the School Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 ferred Outflows of Resources	_	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 4,630,030	\$	2,103,397
Changes in assumptions	2,443,462		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on			
pension plan investments	-		3,504,568
Changes in proportion and differences between employer			
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	2,753,378		-
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	 9,043,818	_	
Total	\$ 18,870,688	\$	5,607,965

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent fiscal year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Note 16. Pension Plan - Teacher Cost-Sharing Pool (continued)

	Deferred
	Amounts to be
Year Ending June 30,	 Recognized
2025	\$ 104,144
2026	(2,162,145)
2027	5,020,823
2028	1,256,083
2029	-
Thereafter	-

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, using the entry age normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023.

Inflation 2.50 percent

Salary increases, including inflation 3.50 percent – 5.95 percent

Investment rate of return, including inflation 6.75 percent (net of plan investment expense)

Mortality rates (teachers):

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Employee Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males.

Post-Retirement

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; males set forward one year; 105% of rates for females.

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Disabled Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females.

Beneficiary and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally.

Mortality Improvement:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020. Changes to the actuarial assumptions were substantially the same as described in Note 15.

Long-term Expected Rate of Return. The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments is substantially the same as described in Note 15.

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability is substantially the same as described in Note 15.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the School Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability using the discount rate of 6.75 percent, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75 percent) or one percentage point higher (7.75 percent) than the current rate:

	 1% Decrease (5.75%)		Current Discount Rate (6.75%)	_	1% Increase (7.75%)
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 95,544,946	\$	53,899,702	\$	19,663,885

Note 16. Pension Plan - Teacher Cost-Sharing Pool (continued)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued VRS 2023 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. A copy of this report may be downloaded from the VRS website at writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA 23218-2500.

Payables to the Pension Plan. At June 30, 2024, the School Board reported a payable of \$978,731 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan required for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Note 17. Other Postemployment Benefits

VRS Group Life Insurance Program

Plan Description. All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the City, the Harrisonburg City School Board (School Board) and the Harrisonburg Electric Commission (HEC) are automatically covered by the Group Life Insurance Program (GLI Program) upon employment. The GLI Program is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia and is considered other postemployment benefits (OPEB). The GLI Program provides a basic group life insurance benefit for participating employers. Title 51.1 of the *Code of Virginia* (1950), as amended, assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the Virginia General Assembly.

In addition to the GLI Program benefit, members are also eligible to elect additional coverage for themselves as well as a spouse or dependent children through the Optional Group Life Insurance Program. For members who elect the optional group life insurance coverage, the insurer bills employers directly for the premiums. Employers deduct these premiums from members' paychecks and pay the premiums to the insurer. Since this is a separate and fully insured program, it is not included as part of the GLI Program OPEB.

Benefits Provided. The benefits payable under the GLI Program have several components. A natural death benefit is equal to the employee's covered compensation rounded to the next highest thousand and then doubled and an accidental death benefit is double the natural death benefit. In addition to the natural and accidental death benefits, additional benefits are provided under specific circumstances such as accidental dismemberment and an accelerated death benefit option.

The benefit amounts provided to covered employees are subject to a reduction factor. The benefit amount reduces by 25 percent on January 1 following one calendar year of separation. The benefit amount reduces by an additional 25 percent on each subsequent January 1 until it reaches 25 percent of its original value. For covered employees with at least 30 years of creditable service, there is a minimum benefit payable of \$9,254 that is based on the VRS Plan 2 pension cost-of-living adjustment.

Contributions. The contribution requirement for the GLI Program is governed by Sections 51.1-506 and 51.1-508 of the *Code of Virginia*, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to state agencies and school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. The total rate for the GLI Program was 1.34 percent of covered employee compensation. This was allocated into an employee and an employer component using a 60/40 split. The employee component was 0.80 percent and the employer component was 0.54 percent. The contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2024 was 0.54 percent of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits payable during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions from the City, the School Board and HEC to the GLI Program were \$204,373, \$331,423 and \$18,958, respectively, for the year ended June 30, 2024. In June 2023, the Commonwealth made a special contribution of approximately \$10.1 million to the GLI Program. The City's, the School Board's and HEC's proportionate share of this special contribution totaled \$13,607, \$24,542 and \$1,490, respectively,

VRS Group Life Insurance Program (continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

At June 30, 2024, the City, the School Board and HEC reported a liability of \$1,643,853, \$2,900,899 and \$152,486, respectively, for their proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2023. The total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2022 and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023. The City, the School Board and HEC's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the actuarially determined employer contributions to the GLI Program for the year ended June 30, 2023 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At the June 30, 2023 measurement date, the City, the School Board and HEC's proportion was 0.13411%, 0.24188% and 0.01469%, respectively.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the City, the School Board and HEC recognized OPEB expense of \$107,394, \$210,501 and negative \$16,738, respectively. Since there was a change in the proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion.

At June 30, 2024, the City, the School Board and HEC reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the GLI Program from the following sources:

					Component Units							
		Primary	Go	vernment		Scho	Board		HEC			
		Deferred		Deferred		Deferred		Deferred		Deferred		Deferred
		Outflows		Inflows		Outflows		Inflows	Outflows		Inflows	
		of Resources		of Resources		of Resources o		of Resources		of Resources		of Resources
Diff.												
Differences between expected	•	404 400	Φ.	40.000	•	000 700	•	00.057	•	45.000	•	4.000
and actual experience	\$	164,180	\$	10,000	\$		\$,	\$	15,230	Ъ	•
Changes of assumptions		35,138		113,892		62,008		200,986		3,259		10,565
Net difference between projected												
and actual earnings on OPEB												
plan investments		-		66,059		-		116,575		-		6,128
Changes in proportionate share		16,438		40,973		184,752		3,366		1,525		3,801
Employer contributions subsequen	nt											
to the measurement date		204,373				331,423				18,958		
Total	\$	420,129	\$	270,823	\$	867,912	\$	408,984	\$	38,972	\$	25,123

The deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the subsequent fiscal year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

			_	Compo	t Units				
		Primary	_	School		_			
Year Ending June 30,		Government	_	Board	_	HEC			
	_		_		_				
2024	\$	(14,339)	\$	37,636	\$	(1,330)			
2025		(75,925)		(73,587)		(7,043)			
2026		19,565		89,043		1,814			
2027		(1,819)		35,614		(169)			
2028		17,451		38,799		1,619			
Thereafter		-		-		-			

VRS Group Life Insurance Program (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions. The total OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, using the entry age normal actuarial cost method and actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023. The actuarial assumptions used and changes to the assumptions are substantially the same as described in Note 15 and Note 16.

Long-term Expected Rate of Return. The long-term expected rate of return on VRS investments is substantially the same as the VRS pension plans described in Note 15.

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 6.75 percent and is substantially the same as described in Note 15.

Sensitivity of the Net OBEP Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the proportionate share of the net OPEB liability using the discount rate of 6.75 percent, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75 percent) or one percentage point higher (7.75 percent) than the current rate:

	_	1% Decrease (5.75%)	Current Discount Rate (6.75%)		_	1% Increase (7.75%)
Primary Government:						
Net OPEB Liability	\$	2,436,702	\$	1,643,853	\$	1,002,827
Component Unit - School Board:						
Net OPEB Liability	\$	4,300,039	\$	2,900,899	\$	1,769,685
Component Unit - HEC:						
Net OPEB Liability	\$	226,032	\$	152,486	\$	93,024

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the VRS GLI Program Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued VRS 2023 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. A copy of this report may be downloaded from the VRS website at waretire.org/Pdf/Publications/2023-annual-report.pdf or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA 23218-2500.

Payables to the OPEB Plan. At June 30, 2024, the City and the School Board reported a payable of \$46,204 and \$69,119, respectively, for the outstanding amount of contributions to the OPEB plan required for the year ended June 30, 2024.

VRS Health Insurance Credit Program – Teacher Cost-Sharing Pool

Plan Description. All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of the Harrisonburg City School Board (School Board) are automatically covered by the Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program (HIC Program) upon employment. The HIC Program is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia and is considered other postemployment benefits (OPEB). Members earn one month of service credit toward the benefit for each month they are employed and for which their employer pays contributions to VRS. The health insurance credit is a tax-free reimbursement in an amount set by the Virginia General Assembly for each year of service credit to be used towards qualified health insurance premiums that a retiree pays for single coverage, excluding any portion covering the spouse or dependents. The credit cannot exceed the amount of the premium and ends upon the retiree's death. Title 51.1 of the *Code of Virginia* (1950), as amended, assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the Virginia General Assembly.

VRS Health Insurance Credit Program – Teacher Cost-Sharing Pool (continued)

Benefits Provided. Eligible employees who have 15 or more years of creditable VRS service and are enrolled in a qualified health insurance plan may participate in the program. For employees who retire, the monthly benefit is \$4.00 per year of creditable service per month with no cap on the benefit amount. For employees who retire on disability or go on long-term disability under the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP), the monthly benefit is either (1) \$4.00 per month, multiplied by twice the amount of service credit, or (2) \$4.00 per month, multiplied by the amount of service earned had the employee been active until age 60, whichever is lower. The benefit cannot exceed the amount of the premium and ends upon the retiree's death.

Contributions. The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by Section 51.1-145(E) of the *Code of Virginia*, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. The School Board's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2024 was 1.21 percent of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The actuarially determined rate was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the HIC Program were \$703,002 for the year ended June 30, 2024. Employees are not required to contribute to the HIC Program. In June 2023, the Commonwealth made a special contribution of approximately \$4 million to the VRS Teacher Employee Plan. The School Board's proportionate share of this special contribution totaled \$21,614.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

At June 30, 2024, the School Board reported a liability of \$6,538,868 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2023. The total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2022 and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023. The School Board's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the actuarially determined employer contributions to the HIC Program for the year ended June 30, 2023 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2023, the school division's proportion was 0.53977%.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the School Board recognized OPEB expense of \$651,684. Since there was a change in the proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion.

At June 30, 2024, the School Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the HIC Program from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		_	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	287,808
Changes in assumptions		152,214		6,589
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on				
OPEB plan investments		3,281		-
Changes in proportionate share		485,705		218
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		703,002	_	<u>-</u>
Total	\$	1,344,202	\$_	294,615

The deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the subsequent fiscal year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

VRS Health Insurance Credit Program – Teacher Cost-Sharing Pool (continued)

	Deferred			
		Amounts to be		
Year Ending June 30,	_	Recognized		
2024	\$	104,399		
2025		75,150		
2026		76,688		
2027		45,149		
2028		30,721		
Thereafter		14,478		

Actuarial Assumptions. The total OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, using the entry age normal actuarial cost method and actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023. The actuarial assumptions used and changes to the assumptions are substantially the same as described in Note 15 and Note 16.

Long-term Expected Rate of Return. The long-term expected rate of return on VRS investments is substantially the same as described in Note 15.

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 6.75 percent and is substantially the same as described in Note 15.

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the School Board's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability using the discount rate of 6.75 percent, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75 percent) or one percentage point higher (7.75 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (5.75%)		_	Current Discount Rate (6.75%)	_	1% Increase (7.75%)
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	7,396,190	\$	6,538,868	\$	5,812,362

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the VRS HIC Program Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued VRS 2023 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. A copy of this report may be downloaded from the VRS website at varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2023-annual-report.pdf or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA 23218-2500.

Payables to the OPEB Plan. At June 30, 2024, the School Board reported a payable of \$59,056 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the OPEB plan required for the year ended June 30, 2024.

VRS Health Insurance Credit Program - Nonprofessional Employees

Plan Description. All full-time, salaried permanent (nonprofessional) employees of the Harrisonburg City School Board (School Board) are automatically covered by the Health Insurance Credit Program (HIC Program) upon employment. The HIC Program is an agent multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia and is considered other postemployment benefits (OPEB). Members earn one month of service credit toward the benefit for each month they are employed and for which their employer pays contributions to VRS. The health insurance

VRS Health Insurance Credit Program – Nonprofessional Employees (continued)

credit is a tax-free reimbursement in an amount set by the Virginia General Assembly for each year of service credit to be used towards qualified health insurance premiums that a retiree pays for single coverage, excluding any portion covering the spouse or dependents. The credit cannot exceed the amount of the premium and ends upon the retiree's death. Title 51.1 of the *Code of Virginia* (1950), as amended, assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the Virginia General Assembly.

Benefits Provided. Eligible employees who have 15 or more years of creditable VRS service and are enrolled in a qualified health insurance plan may participate in the program. For employees who retire, the monthly benefit is \$1.50 per year of creditable service per month with a maximum benefit of \$45 per month. For employees who retire on disability or go on long-term disability under the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP), the monthly benefit is \$45 per month. The benefit cannot exceed the amount of the premium and ends upon the retiree's death.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms. At June 30, 2022, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	12
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	21
Active employees	94
Total inactive and active employees	127

Contributions. The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by Section 51.1-145(E) of the *Code of Virginia*, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. The School Board's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2024 was 0.82 percent of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The actuarially determined rate was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the HIC Program were \$26,858 for the year ended June 30, 2024. Employees are not required to contribute to the HIC Program.

Net OPEB Liability. The net OPEB liability is calculated separately for each employer and represents that particular employer's total OPEB liability less that employer's fiduciary net position. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2023. The total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2022 and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023.

Actuarial Assumptions. The total OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, using the entry age normal actuarial cost method and actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023. The actuarial assumptions used and changes to the assumptions are substantially the same as described in Note 15.

Long-term Expected Rate of Return. The long-term expected rate of return on VRS investments is substantially the same as the VRS pension plans described in Note 15.

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 6.75 percent and is substantially the same as described in Note 15.

VRS Health Insurance Credit Program - Nonprofessional Employees (continued)

Changes in the Net OPEB Liability. The following are the changes in net OPEB liability as of the measurement date of June 30, 2023:

		Increase (Decrease)				
		Total	Net			
		OPEB	Fiduciary	OPEB		
	_	Liability	Net Position	Liability		
Balances at June 30, 2022	\$_	222,289 \$	31,791 \$	190,498		
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		2,206	-	2,206		
Interest		14,973	-	14,973		
Differences between expected and actual experience		(102,935)	-	(102,935)		
Contributions-employer		-	25,841	(25,841)		
Net investment income		-	2,893	(2,893)		
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(5,336)	(5,336)	-		
Administrative expense		-	(84)	84		
Net changes		(91,092)	23,314	(114,406)		
Balances at June 30, 2023	\$_	131,197 \$	55,105 \$	76,092		

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the School Board's net OPEB liability using the discount rate of 6.75 percent, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75 percent) or one percentage point higher (7.75 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	Decrease	Current D	iscount	1% Increase	
	(5.75%)	Rate (6.	.75%)	(7.75%)	_
Net OPEB Liability	\$	90,214	\$	76,092	\$ 64,057	

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the School Board recognized pension expense of negative \$4,834. At June 30, 2024, the School Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the HIC from the following sources:

	 rred Outflows Resources	_	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$	82,774
Changes in assumptions	5,903		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on			
pension plan investments	473		-
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	 26,858	_	
Total	\$ 33,234	\$_	82,774

The deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the subsequent fiscal year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

VRS Health Insurance Credit Program – Nonprofessional Employees (continued)

	Deferred
	Amounts to be
Year Ending June 30,	Recognized
2024	\$ (19,262)
2025	(19,316)
2026	(20,299)
2027	(17,521)
2028	-
Thereafter	-

HIC Program Data. Detailed information about the VRS HIC Program is available in the separately issued VRS 2023 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. A copy of this report may be downloaded from the VRS website at waretire.org/Pdf/Publications/2023-annual-report.pdf or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA 23218-2500.

Payables to the OPEB Plan. At June 30, 2024, the School Board reported a payable of \$2,275 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the OPEB plan required for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Local Health Insurance Program

Plan Description

City of Harrisonburg. The City provides certain healthcare benefits for retired employees through the City of Harrisonburg Postretirement Healthcare Benefit Plan (Plan). The plan is administered through a single-employer defined benefit plan and is considered other postemployment benefits (OPEB). The Plan provides for an option to eligible retirees and their eligible dependents to continue their coverage in the same health insurance program available to all City employees at the active employee rates. Eligible retirees must be 50 years of age and meet the Virginia Retirement System requirements for service or disability retirement. Retirees must have at least 15 years of consecutive eligible service with the City immediately prior to retirement. Also, retirees must have participated in the City's health insurance program for a minimum of five years immediately prior to retirement. The benefit ends upon the retiree's eligibility for Medicare coverage. There are no assets accumulated in a trust to pay the related benefits of this program. These benefit provisions are established and may be amended by the Harrisonburg City Council through the City's Human Resources Policy Manual. The Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

School Board. The Harrisonburg City School Board provides certain healthcare benefits for retired employees through the Harrisonburg City School Board Postretirement Healthcare Benefit Plan (Plan). The plan is administered through a single-employer defined benefit plan and is considered other postemployment benefits (OPEB). The Plan provides for an option to eligible retirees and their eligible dependents to continue their coverage in the same health insurance program available to all School Board employees at the active employee rates. Eligible retirees must be 50 years of age and meet the Virginia Retirement System requirements for service or disability retirement. Retirees must have at least ten years of cumulative eligible service with the School Board with a minimum of five years immediately prior to retirement. Depending on the number of years of eligible service, the retiree may remain on the plan for a maximum of fifteen years but in all instances the benefit ends upon the retiree's eligibility for Medicare coverage. There are no assets accumulated in a trust to pay the related benefits of this program. These benefit provisions are established and may be amended by the Harrisonburg City School Board through the School Board's Human Resources Policy Manual. The Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

Local Health Insurance Program (continued)

Benefits Provided

Inflation

City of Harrisonburg. The City contributes \$10 for each full year of service up to a maximum of \$350 towards the retiree's monthly premium. The retiree must contribute any remaining monthly premium amount based on the coverage that is selected.

School Board. The School Board contributes \$10 for each full year of service up to a maximum of \$350 towards the retiree's monthly premium. The retiree must contribute the remaining monthly premium amount.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms. At June 30, 2023, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	Primary Government	School Board
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits Active employees	51 608	56 1,023
Total inactive and active employees	659	1,079

Contributions. The contribution requirements of the City Plan are established and may be amended by the Harrisonburg City Council through the City's Human Resources Policy Manual. The contribution requirements of the School Board Plan are established and may be amended by the Harrisonburg City School Board through the School Board's Human Resources Policy Manual. The City and the School Board currently pay for these benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis.

Total OPEB Liability. The total OPEB liabilities of \$7,178,726 and \$8,923,924 for the City and School Board, respectively, were measured as of June 30, 2024 and were determined by actuarial valuations performed as of June 30, 2024.

Actuarial Assumptions. The total OPEB liabilities were based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2023, using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. The following assumptions were applied to all periods included in the measurement.

Not applicable

inilation	Not applicable
Salary increases	Not applicable
Investment rate of return	Not applicable
Healthcare cost trend rate	6.25 percent in 2023 and decreasing uniformly from 7 percent to
	5.6 percent over the following three years. Afterwards follows the
	Getzen model to an ultimate rate of 4.04 percent in the year 2075.

The mortality, retirement, withdrawal, and disability assumptions are substantially the same as the assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation of the Virginia Retirement System as described in Note 15.

Changes to the actuarial assumptions used for the June 30, 2023 actuarial valuation include updates to the discount rate, healthcare cost trend rate and to the withdrawal, retirement, mortality, and disability assumptions to be consistent with VRS's actuarial assumptions.

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the OPEB liabilities was 4.13 percent based on the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index as of June 30, 2023.

Local Health Insurance Program (continued)

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability. The following are the changes in the total OPEB liability as of the measurement date of June 30, 2024:

	Primary Government			School Board
Balances at June 30, 2023 Changes for the year:	\$_	10,936,362	\$	11,641,459
Service cost		349,418		719,693
Interest		235,640		253,964
Differences between expected and actual experience		(2,042,536)		(1,896,052)
Changes in assumptions		(1,823,557)		(1,083,703)
Benefit payments		(476,601)		(711,437)
Net changes		(3,757,636)		(2,717,535)
Balances at June 30, 2024	\$	7,178,726	\$	8,923,924

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the City and the School Board's total OPEB liability using the discount rate of 4.13 percent, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (3.13 percent) or one percentage point higher (5.13 percent) than the current rate:

	_	1% Decrease (3.13%)	_	Current Rate (4.13%)	_	1% Increase (5.13%)
Primary Government: Total OPEB liability	\$	7,814,714	\$	7,178,726	\$	6,610,165
School Board: Total OPEB liability	\$	9,761,955	\$	8,923,924	\$	8,178,230

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate. The following presents the City and the School Board's total OPEB liability using the current healthcare cost trend, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate:

	_	1% Decrease	_	Current Rate	_	1% Increase
Primary Government:						
Total OPEB liability	\$	6,573,020	\$	7,178,726	\$	7,885,417
School Board:						
Total OPEB liability	\$	8,081,505	\$	8,923,924	\$	9,924,159

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the City and the School Board recognized OPEB expense of \$91,843 and \$515,399, respectively. At June 30, 2024, the City and the School Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

Local Health Insurance Program (continued)

		Primary (Gov	rernment		School	Вс	oard
	_	Deferred		Deferred		Deferred		Deferred
		Outflows of		Inflows of		Outflows of		Inflows of
	_	Resources		Resources	_	Resources		Resources
Differences between expected and								
actual experience	\$	429,508	\$	2,524,706	\$	449,933 \$;	3,016,674
Changes in assumptions	_	194,235		1,588,553	_	220,569		1,114,930
Total	\$_	623,743	\$_	4,113,259	\$_	670,502 \$	<u> </u>	4,131,604

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

		Primary	School
Year Ending June 30,	_	Government	Board
2025	\$	(493,215)	\$ (458,258)
2026		(853,801)	(458,259)
2027		(853,803)	(599,880)
2028		(644,349)	(599,880)
2029		(644,348)	(599,884)
Thereafter		-	(744,941)

OPEB Aggregate Totals

The following is a summary of the aggregate totals for deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources and net/total OPEB liability at June 30, 2024 and OPEB expense for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024:

	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		Net/Total OPEB Liability	_	OPEB Expense
Primary Government: VRS Group Life Insurance Program Local Health Insurance Program	\$_	420,129 \$ 623,743	5	270,823 4,113,259	\$	1,643,853 7,178,726	\$_	107,394 91,843
Totals	\$_	1,043,872 \$	§	4,384,082	\$_	8,822,579	\$_	199,237
Component Unit - School Board: VRS Group Life Insurance Program VRS Health Insurance Credit Program VRS Health Insurance Credit Program Local Health Insurance Program	\$	867,912 \$ 1,344,202 33,234 670,502	\$ 	408,984 294,615 82,774 4,131,604	\$	2,900,899 6,538,868 76,092 8,923,924	\$	210,501 651,684 (4,834) 515,399
Totals	\$_	2,915,850 \$	<u> </u>	4,917,977	\$_	18,439,783	\$_	1,372,750
Component Unit - HEC: VRS Group Life Insurance Program Local Health Insurance Program	\$_	38,972 \$ 187,941	5	25,123 178,758	\$	152,486 2,130,587	\$	(16,738) 123,062
Totals	\$_	226,913 \$	§	203,881	\$_	2,283,073	\$_	106,324

Note 18. Joint Ventures

Harrisonburg-Rockingham Regional Sewer Authority. The City, Rockingham County, and the towns of Bridgewater, Dayton and Mt. Crawford have entered into an agreement with the Harrisonburg-Rockingham Regional Sewer Authority (Authority), whereby the Authority agrees to operate a sewage disposal system for the participating municipalities. The municipalities have an ongoing financial responsibility based on an agreement to make annual contributions to the Authority for operations and maintenance based on their respective usage of the system. The municipalities also agree to make contributions to the Authority for debt service. In fiscal year 2024, the City's contributions totaled \$7,341,575 of which \$3,800,953 was for operations, \$2,693,039 was for debt service and \$847,583 was for capital purposes. These contributions are made from the Sewer Fund. The City does not have an ongoing financial interest in the Authority since it does not have access to the Authority's resources or surpluses, nor is it liable for the Authority's debts or deficits. To obtain a copy of the audited financial statements, contact the Authority at P.O. Box 8, 856 North River Road, Mt. Crawford, Virginia 22841.

The Authority has \$48 million of total bonded debt outstanding at June 30, 2024. The City's share of the required principal and interest payments for the Authority's bond issues is projected as follows:

Fiscal Year	_	Principal	_	Interest	_	Total
2025	\$	2,099,322	\$	587,721	\$	2,687,043
2026	Ψ	2,159,451	•	527,592	*	2,687,043
2027		2,221,433		465,610		2,687,043
2028		2,285,329		401,714		2,687,043
2029		2,351,200		335,843		2,687,043
2030-2034		6,098,846		942,488		7,041,334
2035-2039		3,029,049		546,235		3,575,284
2040-2044		2,574,392		274,013		2,848,405
2045-2049		1,002,357		67,585		1,069,942
2050-2051	_	256,933	_	4,768	_	261,701
Total	\$_	24,078,312	\$_	4,153,569	\$_	28,231,881

The following information is a condensed statement of net position as of the end of the two most recent fiscal years for the Authority.

	June 30, 2024		June 30, 2023	_	Increase (Decrease)
Current assets Restricted assets Capital assets Other assets	\$ 10,860,371 3,337,128 89,128,362 855,903	\$	10,063,080 3,216,800 92,251,018 855,471	\$	797,291 120,328 (3,122,656) 432
Total assets	104,181,764	-	106,386,369	_	(2,204,605)
Deferred outflows of resources	522,836		289,106	_	233,730
Current liabilities Liabilities payable from restricted assets Long-term liabilities	3,834,976 2,072,857 44,473,030	-	3,734,663 1,993,362 48,574,521	_	100,313 79,495 (4,101,491)
Total liabilities	50,380,863		54,302,546	_	(3,921,683)
Deferred inflows of resources	213,615		336,341	_	(122,726)
Net position	\$ 54,110,122	\$	52,036,588	\$	2,073,534

Note 18. Joint Ventures (continued)

Harrisonburg-Rockingham Emergency Communications Center. The City and Rockingham County (County) entered into an agreement that created the Harrisonburg-Rockingham Emergency Communications Center (HRECC), whereby the HRECC operates a joint emergency operations center and a joint two-way radio communications system. The City and County have an ongoing financial responsibility in that the City and County have agreed to equally provide any necessary funding for the HRECC. In fiscal year 2024, the City's contributions totaled \$3,791,455. These contributions are made from the General Fund. The City and County have equal undivided interests in any property purchased or used by the HRECC. The HRECC currently operates using certain capital assets of the City and County; however, the HRECC is responsible for the maintenance of these assets. To obtain a copy of the audited financial statements, contact the City of Harrisonburg Department of Finance, 409 South Main Street, Harrisonburg, Virginia 22801.

The following information is a condensed statement of net position as of the end of the two most recent fiscal years for the HRECC.

	_	June 30, 2024	_	June 30, 2023	_	Increase (Decrease)
Current assets Capital assets	\$	10,182,351 8,275,636	\$	9,242,835 7,245,286	\$	939,516 1,030,350
Total assets	_	18,457,987	_	16,488,121	_	1,969,866
Deferred outflows of resources	-	639,677	-	651,307	-	(11,630)
Current liabilities Long-term liabilities	_	878,987 3,747,007	_	132,449 4,187,349	_	746,538 (440,342)
Total liabilities	-	4,625,994	_	4,319,798	_	306,196
Deferred inflows of resources	_	2,806,358	_	2,770,211	_	36,147
Net position	\$	11,665,312	\$_	10,049,419	\$	1,615,893

Note 19. Jointly Governed Organizations

Harrisonburg-Rockingham Social Services District (District). The District was established by the City and the County of Rockingham (County) to provide social services for the residents of the City and County. Both the City and County appoint one member each to the governing board. The District is a separate legal entity and is a discretely presented component unit of the County. The City contributed \$5,320,316 to the District in fiscal year 2024.

Shenandoah Valley Juvenile Center Commission (Commission). The Commission was established to provide a regional juvenile detention home. The Commission currently serves the Cities of Harrisonburg, Staunton, Waynesboro and Lexington, Virginia and the Counties of Augusta, Rockingham and Rockbridge, Virginia. The governing body is composed of one member appointed by each participating locality. The Commission is a separate legal entity with no participating locality having a voting majority. The Commission is perpetual and no participating locality has access to its resources or surpluses, nor is any participant liable for the Commission's debts or deficits. The City contributed \$225,248 to the Commission in fiscal year 2024.

Middle River Regional Jail Authority (Authority). The Authority was established to provide a regional inmate facility for the member jurisdictions. The Authority currently serves the Cities of Harrisonburg, Staunton and Waynesboro, Virginia and the Counties of Augusta and Rockingham, Virginia. The governing body is composed of three members appointed by each participating locality. The Authority is a separate legal entity with no participating

Note 19. Jointly Governed Organizations (continued)

locality having a voting majority. The Authority is perpetual, and no participating locality has access to its resources or surpluses, nor is any participant liable for the Authority's debts or deficits. In accordance with a service agreement, the Authority will divide its charges to member jurisdictions into an operating and debt service component which will be allocated annually based on the percentage of prisoners from each member jurisdiction over the previous three calendar years. The City and County's annual contribution percentage will be combined based on the total number of prisoners between the two jurisdictions with the City and County each responsible for 50 percent of the contribution. The City contributed \$1,859,364 to the Authority in fiscal year 2024 of which \$1,607,359 was for operations and \$252,005 was for debt service.

Note 20. Related Organization

The City created the Harrisonburg Redevelopment and Housing Authority (Authority) to provide low-income housing to the residents of the City. The Authority is a separate legal entity and is governed by five commissioners who are appointed solely by the City Council. The City does not have an ongoing financial interest or responsibility to the Authority.

Note 21. Commitments

The City has several contracts outstanding for the continued construction of eastern source waterline project. The contracts total \$19.6 million, of which \$249,000 had been expended as of June 30, 2024. The contracts are a commitment of the Water Fund and are being financed through bond proceeds and currently available funds.

The City has a contract outstanding for the construction of a new public works administration building. The contract totals \$8.3 million, of which \$5.9 million had been expended as of June 30, 2024. The contract is a commitment of the General Capital Projects Fund and is being financed through currently available funds.

The City has a contract outstanding for the construction of a homeless service center. The contract totals \$7.3 million, of which \$5.3 million had been expended as of June 30, 2024. The contract is a commitment of the General Capital Projects Fund and is being financed through federal ARPA funds and currently available funds.

The City has a contract outstanding for the construction of a new fire station. The contract totals \$6.4 million, of which \$217,000 had been expended as of June 30, 2024. The contract is a commitment of the General Capital Projects Fund and is being financed through federal ARPA funds and currently available funds.

The following is a summary of significant encumbrances at June 30, 2024.

			General		
			Capital	Other	
		General	Projects	Governmental	
	_	Fund	Fund	Funds	Total
Fire trucks	\$	3,713,586 \$	- (\$ - \$	3,713,586
Replacement vehicles		712,062	-	-	712,062
Street repaving		647,054	-	-	647,054
Safety barricades		460,150	-	-	460,150
Sidewalks, curbs and guttering replacements		217,655	-	-	217,655
Public Works administration building		-	2,327,353	-	2,327,353
Fire Station No. 5		-	2,191,803	-	2,191,803
Navigation Center		-	2,121,394	-	2,121,394
Replacement school buses		-	-	583,971	583,971
Other purposes	_	1,174,767	858,391	8,118	2,041,276
Total encumbrances	\$_	6,925,274 \$	7,498,941	\$ 592,089 \$	15,016,304

Note 22. Transactions with Component Units

In fiscal year 2024, the City's General Fund made contributions to the School Board, a component unit, totaling \$38,714,373 for the purpose of funding the School Board's operating budget.

In fiscal year 2024, the Harrisonburg Electric Commission, a component unit, made contributions to the City's General Fund totaling \$5,200,000 for the purpose of funding the General Fund budget.

Note 23. Conduit Debt

From time to time, the City has issued Harrisonburg Economic Development Authority (EDA) bonds and Harrisonburg Redevelopment and Housing Authority (HRHA) bonds that provide capital financing to private-sector entities for the acquisition and construction of industrial, commercial, and public and private facilities deemed to be in the public interest. The properties financed are pledged as collateral, and the bonds are payable solely from payments received from the private-sector entities on the underlying mortgage or promissory notes. In addition, no commitments beyond the collateral, the payments from the private-sector entities, and maintenance of the tax-exempt status of the conduit debt obligations were extended by the EDA or RHA for any of the bonds. The City, the State, nor any political subdivision thereof is obligated in any manner for the repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements. As of June 30, 2024, there were five series of HRHA bonds outstanding, with an aggregate principal amount of \$20.9 million.

Note 24. Middle River Regional Jail Buy-In Agreement

The City, along with Rockingham County (County), entered into a buy-in agreement with Augusta County, the City of Staunton and the City of Waynesboro in which the City and County have agreed to purchase from the existing member jurisdictions the right to use capacity in the jail and become member jurisdictions of the Authority for \$21,543,588 effective July 1, 2015. The City is responsible for \$10,771,794 or 50 percent of the purchase price. The terms of the agreement required a payment of ten percent of the purchase price prior to June 30, 2015 with the balance of the purchase price payable in ten annual installments of \$1,076,298 commencing December 15, 2015. At June 30, 2024, the City has recorded an intangible asset for the purchased capacity of the jail in the amount of \$7,540,256 (net of accumulated amortization) and a liability of \$1,053,439 in governmental activities on the government-wide statement of net position.

Note 25. Hotel and Conference Center

The City has entered into a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) and associated documents with the Harrison-burg Economic Development Authority (EDA), James Madison University (JMU), dpM Partners, LLC (Developer) and the James Madison University Foundation, Inc. (Foundation) for the construction of a hotel and conference center by the Developer on the campus of JMU. The Developer has financed and owns the hotel portion of the project while the Foundation financed the conference center portion of the project with the Developer retaining ownership of the conference center. The real estate occupied by the hotel and conference center will continue to be owned by JMU and leased to the Developer.

The City has entered into a support agreement with the EDA whereas the City has agreed to a non-binding moral obligation pledge to appropriate all tax and other revenue generated from the hotel and conference center to the EDA to the extent necessary to reimburse the Foundation for its annual debt payments and the EDA has a non-recourse note to pay to the Foundation such appropriated funds received from the City and generated by tax revenue from the hotel and conference center. The pledged tax revenue will be calculated every September 1. The agreement remains in force for a maximum of 21 years from the date of the Certificate of Occupancy. The City's obligation terminates upon the repayment of the Foundation's construction debt or if the hotel and conference center ceases operations for one year. The agreement does not legally obligate the City for any debt incurred by the Foundation. The conference center portion of the project cost an estimated \$11 million. For the year ended 2024, the City's reimbursement obligation to the EDA totaled \$1,184,858.

Note 26. Risk Management

The City is a member of the Virginia Risk Sharing Association (VRSA) for vehicles, property, inland marine, EDP, flood, general liability, line of duty, workman's compensation, cybersecurity and boiler and machinery. Each VRSA member jointly and severally agrees to assume, pay and discharge any liability. The City makes contributions and assessments into a designated cash reserve fund. This reserve fund is used to pay claims and awards, as well as, expenses incurred by VRSA. In the event of a loss deficit and depletion of all available excess reserves, VRSA may assess all members in the proportion which the premium of each bears to the total premiums of all members in the year in which such deficit occurs. However, since the inception of this insurance association, no additional assessments have been required. There has been no reduction in insurance coverage from coverage in the prior year. Insurance settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years. The City insures its transit buses through the Virginia Transit Liability Pool.

The City is self-insured for health insurance purposes and has retained Anthem Blue Cross and Blue Shield to administer the program. The City currently reports these activities in the Health Insurance Fund, which is an internal service fund. This fund serves the City, primary government; Harrisonburg School Board and Harrisonburg Electric Commission, component units. Other external agencies also participate in the health insurance including Harrisonburg-Rockingham Emergency Communications Center, Harrisonburg-Rockingham Community Services Board, Harrisonburg-Rockingham Regional Sewer Authority, Harrisonburg-Rockingham Alcohol Safety Action Program, Harrisonburg Redevelopment and Housing Authority and the Massanutten Regional Library. This fund accounts for the health insurance activities of the aforementioned entities but does not constitute a transfer of risk from the City. Significant claims, over \$300,000, are covered by commercial insurance.

The City records an estimated liability for indemnity health care claims. Claims liabilities are based on estimates of the ultimate cost of reported claims, related claim adjustment expenses and an estimate for claims incurred but not reported (IBNR) based on historical experience. The following represents the change in approximate aggregate liabilities for the fund from July 1, 2022 to June 30, 2024:

Fiscal Year	 Beginning Liability	_	Claims and Changes in Estimates	Claim Payments	_	Ending Liability
2024	\$ 1,008,517	\$	19,483,898	\$ 19,973,969	\$	518,446
2023	1,065,680		19,607,289	19,664,452		1,008,517

Note 27. Contingencies

All major federal programs and certain other programs in which the City participates were tested, by our auditors, for compliance with applicable grant requirements pursuant to the provisions of the U.S. Office of Management and Budget's Uniform Guidance. While no material matters of noncompliance were disclosed by the audit, the Federal Government may subject grant programs to additional compliance tests, which may result in disallowed expenditures. In the opinion of management, any future disallowance of current grant program expenditures, if any, would be immaterial.

The City may be subject to other legal proceedings and claims which arise in the ordinary course of business. In the opinion of management, the ultimate outcome of the claims and litigation, if any, will not have a material adverse effect on the City's financial position.

The City has certain debt instruments subject to arbitrage rebate calculations. In the opinion of management, there will be no material amounts required to be rebated.

Note 28. New Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Standards

The GASB issues new financial reporting standards on an ongoing basis. The following are summaries of new standards that may be applicable to the City. Management has not yet determined the effects, if any, these standards will have on the City's financial statements.

In June 2022, the GASB issued Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*. This Statement updates the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences and amends certain previously required disclosures. The provisions of this Statement are effective for fiscal year 2025.

In December 2023, the GASB issued Statement No. 102, *Certain Risk Disclosures*. This Statement defines and requires the disclosure of risks associated with the concentration of inflows and outflows of resources. The provisions of this Statement are effective for fiscal year 2025.

In April 2024, the GASB issued Statement No. 103, *Financial Reporting Model Improvements*. This Statement updates key components of the financial reporting model to enhance its effectiveness in providing information that is essential for decision making and assessing a government's accountability. The provisions of this Statement are effective for fiscal year 2026.

In September 2024, the GASB issued Statement No. 104, *Disclosure of Certain Capital Assets*. This Statement updates requirements that will provide users of government financial statements with essential information about certain types of capital assets. The provisions of this Statement are effective for fiscal year 2026.



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS PRIMARY GOVERNMENT AND HARRISONBURG ELECTRIC COMMISSION Last Ten Pian Years

					Plan	Plan Year				
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Total pension liability	000		7 70	7.00		707 700 0	000	000		0000
Service cost	4 3,890,893 4	3,507,119			3,004,555	4 2,927,437 4			2,906,016	2,799,358
Interest	12,160,350	11,742,651	10,718,735	10,204,291	9,842,472	9,390,900	9,266,705	8,791,188	8,375,607	7,980,324
Difference between expected and										
actual experience	4,414,601	(1,685,393)	(1,002,061)	3,398,610	307,442	399,173	(2,778,869)	1,637,704	173,707	•
Changes of assumptions			6,495,861		4,589,190	•	(1,001,160)		•	•
Benefit payments, including refunds of										
employee contributions	(9,160,416)	(8,600,383)	(8,156,295)	(7,624,250)	(7,217,461)	(6,175,039)	(6,597,062)	(5,552,156)	(5,214,037)	(4,954,890)
Other changes	1,343,768	1,120,220	411,266	(1,532,053)	173,692	503,292	(346,983)	(591,727)	(181,986)	44,008
Net change in total pension liability	12,649,196	6,084,214	11,869,286	7,900,273	10,699,890	7,045,763	1,565,092	7,311,960	6,059,307	5,868,800
Total pension liability - beginning	180,842,653	174,758,439 © 180,842,653	162,889,153	154,988,880	144,288,990	137,243,227	135,678,135	128,366,175	122,306,868	116,438,068
ו טלמו אפרואיטרו וומטווונץ - פרוטווינץ	11	11	624,007,47	102,003,133	000,000,	144,200,330	127,542,101	133,070,133	П	122,300,808
Plan fiduciary net position										
Contributions - employer	\$ 4,905,975 \$	3,915,983 \$	3,822,747 \$	3,400,953 \$	3,314,021	\$ 3,283,365 \$	3,208,670 \$	3,431,172 \$	3,421,755 \$	3,240,732
Contributions - employee	1,652,858	1,523,824	1,489,010	1,517,735	1,453,193	1,420,715	1,443,412	1,366,616	1,346,545	1,327,453
Net investment income	10,128,537	(159,023)	34,659,668	2,457,142	8,180,371	8,554,332	12,766,065	1,833,241	4,629,283	13,820,151
Benefit payments, including refunds of										
employee contributions	(9,160,416)	(8,600,383)	(8,156,295)	(7,624,250)	(7,217,461)	(6,175,039)	(6,597,062)	(5,552,156)	(5,214,037)	(4,954,890)
Administrative expense	(100,875)	(99,564)	(86,590)	(84,285)	(81,275)	(73,671)	(74,175)	(65,026)	(62,898)	(74,068)
Other changes	1,154,550	976,677	380,466	(1,201,380)	137,781	421,975	(304,054)	(460,018)	(149,841)	33,750
Net change in fiduciary net position	8,580,629	(2,442,486)	32,109,006	(1,534,085)	5,786,630	7,431,677	10,442,856	553,829	3,970,807	13,393,128
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	157,078,961		127,412,441	128,946,526	123,159,896	115,728,219	105,285,363	104,731,534	100,760,727	87,367,599
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	\$ 165,659,590 \$	157,078,961 \$	159,521,447 \$	127,412,441 \$	128,946,526	\$ 123,159,896 \$	115,728,219 \$	105,285,363 \$	104,731,534 \$	100,760,727
Change in net pension liability	\$ 4,068,567 \$	8,526,700 \$	(20,239,720)	9,434,358 \$	4,913,260	\$ (385,914) \$	(8,877,764)	6,758,131 \$	2,088,500 \$	(7,524,328)
Net pension liability - beginning	23,763,692	15,236,992	35,476,712	26,042,354	21,129,094	21,515,008	30,392,772	23,634,641	21,546,141	29,070,469
Net pension liability - ending	\$ 27,832,259 \$	23,763,692 \$	15,236,992 \$	35,476,712 \$	26,042,354	\$ 21,129,094 \$	21,515,008 \$	30,392,772 \$	23,634,641 \$	21,546,141
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage										
of the total pension liability	85.62%	%98.98	91.28%	78.22%	83.20%	85.36%	84.32%	%09'22	81.59%	82.38%
Covered payroll	\$ 34,909,049 \$	31,774,027 \$	30,883,351 \$	31,292,489 \$	30,041,564	\$ 28,492,059 \$	27,653,817 \$	27,055,004 \$	26,909,663 \$	25,811,638
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	79.73%	74.79%	49.34%	113.37%	86.69%	74.16%	77.80%	112.34%	87.83%	83.47%

The plan years above are reported in the financial statements in the fiscal year following the plan year. For example, plan year 2022 information was presented in the fiscal year 2023 financial statements.

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS PRIMARY GOVERNMENT AND HARRISONBURG ELECTRIC COMMISSION Last Ten Fiscal Years

						Fiscal Year	Year				
	I	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	↔	6,066,338 \$	\$ 6,066,338 \$ 5,135,122 \$	4,082,962 \$	3,968,511 \$	3,968,511 \$ 3,526,663 \$ 3,385,684	3,385,684 \$	\$ 3,350,666 \$ 3,252,089	3,252,089 \$	3,453,068 \$	3,432,558
contractually required contribution	ļ	6,066,338	5,135,1	4,082,962	3,968,511	3,526,663	3,385,684	3,350,666	3,252,089	3,453,068	3,432,558
Contribution deficiency (excess)	₩	φ '	ده " ا	٠ ا	'	·	ه ا	ن ا	9 "	9 " '	•
Covered payroll	()	\$ 41,239,549 \$ 34,909,049	34,909,049 \$		30,883,351 \$	31,292,489 \$	30,041,564 \$	31,774,027 \$ 30,883,351 \$ 31,292,489 \$ 30,041,564 \$ 28,492,059 \$ 27,653,817 \$ 27,055,004 \$ 26,909,663	27,653,817 \$	27,055,004 \$	26,909,663
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		14.71%	14.71%	12.85%	12.85%	11.27%	11.27%	11.76%	11.76%	12.76%	12.76%

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS SCHOOL BOARD NON-PROFESSIONAL EMPLOYEES Last Ten Pian Years

						Plan Year	ear				
		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Total pension liability Service cost	€	229,576 \$	211,603 \$	210,686 \$	220,684 \$	211,475 \$	201,048 \$	199,527 \$	204,651 \$	211,969 \$	215,283
Interest		633,472	601,872	547,983	523,147	501,885	486,490	479,180	470,931	452,999	431,841
Difference between expected and		134 809	160.306	33 696	35 135	39 455	(115 580)	(180 228)	(161 984)	6 161	
Changes of assumptions				290,157	5	199,487	(200)	(31,097)		5	•
Benefit payments, including refunds of											
employee contributions	Į	(504,316)	(542,899)	(448,629)	(373,425)	(370,087)	(333,991)	(391,895)	(399,639)	(430,270)	(259,447)
Net change in total pension liability		493,541	430,882	633,893	405,541	582,215	237,967	75,487	113,959	240,859	387,677
Total pension liability - beginning Total pension liability - ending	€.	9,407,356	8,976,474	8,342,581	7,937,040	7,354,825	7,116,858	7,041,371	6,927,412	6,686,553	6,298,876
) ∥	11		II	П	п	п	П	п	000000
Plan fiduciary net position											
Contributions - employer	↔	102,837 \$	78,311 \$		74,576 \$	76,225 \$	91,985 \$	84,555 \$	131,249 \$	132,185 \$	156,508
Contributions - employee		137,141	113,245	111,349	110,067	107,536	101,840	92,741	92,983	93,767	97,148
Net investment income		654,185	(660'6)	2,311,772	163,050	543,586	573,959	860,467	121,916	320,003	971,483
Benefit payments, including refunds of											
employee contributions		(504,316)	(542,899)	(448,629)	(373,425)	(370,087)	(333,991)	(391,895)	(389,639)	(430,270)	(259,447)
Administrative expense		(6,595)	(6,640)	(5,844)	(5,602)	(5,434)	(4,976)	(2,077)	(4,533)	(4,518)	(5,184)
Other changes		263	240	217	(192)	(342)	(210)	(761)	(52)	(69)	51
Net change in fiduciary net position		383,515	(366,842)	2,047,891	(31,526)	351,484	428,307	640,030	(58,076)	111,098	960,559
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	.	10,217,849	10,584,691	8,536,800	8,568,326	1	7,788,535	7,148,505	7,206,581	7,095,483	6,134,924
rian ilduciary net position - ending		Ш	- 11	4 10,504,031 4 	\$ 009,950,9	6,356,356	0,210,042 \$	¢ csc;007,7	11	II	7,095,465
Change in net pension liability	↔	110,026 \$	797,724 \$	Ξ	437,067 \$	230,731 \$	(190,340) \$	(564,543) \$	172,035 \$	129,761 \$	(572,882)
Net pension liability (asset) - beginning Net pension liability (asset) - ending	₩	(700,467)	(1,909,217)	\$ (1,608,217) \$	(194,219)	(631,286)	(862,017)	(671,677)	(107,134)	(279,169)	(408,930)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage								9			
of the total pension liability		107.07%	108.62%	117.92%	102.33%	107.95%	111.72%	109.44%	101.52%	104.03%	106.12%
Covered payroll	↔	3,151,369 \$	2,544,433 \$	2,448,251 \$	2,396,448 \$	2,319,940 \$	2,157,068 \$	1,956,491 \$	1,927,977 \$	1,921,153 \$	1,941,438
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		-22.23%	-31.85%	-65.69%	-8.10%	-27.21%	-39.96%	-34.33%	-5.56%	-14.53%	-21.06%

The plan years above are reported in the financial statements in the fiscal year following the plan year. For example, plan year 2022 information was presented in the fiscal year 2023 financial statements.

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS SCHOOL BOARD NON-PROFESSIONAL EMPLOYEES Last Ten Fiscal Years

						Fiscal Year	ear				
		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	↔	146,407 \$	140,866 \$	102,032 \$	98,175 \$	91,065 \$	88,158 \$	100,951 \$	91,564 \$	135,537 \$	135,057
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		146,407	140,866	102,032	98,175	91,065	88,158	100,951	91,564	135,537	135,057
Contribution deficiency (excess)	⇔	४	υ	υ	४	\$	४	\$	₩	₩ •	•
Covered payroll	€.	3 275 318 \$ 3 151 369 \$	3 151 369 \$	2 544 433 \$	2 448 251 \$	2 396 448 \$	2319940 \$	2 157 068 \$	1 956 491	1 927 977 \$	1 921 153
	>)) ; ;))) - - - - - - -)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		1
Contributions as a percentage of											
covered payroll		4.47%	4.47%	4.01%	4.01%	3.80%	3.80%	4.68%	4.68%	7.03%	7.03%

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY SCHOOL BOARD TEACHER COST-SHARING POOL Last Ten Plan Years

					Plan Year	ear				
1 1	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.53328%	0.52092%	0.50316%	0.49887%	0.49235%	0.48893%	0.47233%	0.45714%	0.44562%	0.44712%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability \$ 53,899,702 \$ 49,594,703	53,899,702 \$	49,594,703 \$	39,060,800 \$	39,060,800 \$ 72,598,687 \$	64,796,058 \$	57,498,000 \$	58,087,000 \$ 64,064,000 \$	64,064,000 \$	\$6,088,000 \$	54,033,000
Covered payroll \$	53,820,754 \$ 49,008,627	49,008,627 \$	44,809,249 \$	43,896,061 \$	41,532,512 \$	39,699,504 \$	37,191,094 \$	34,585,344 \$	33,237,754 \$	32,684,093
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	100.15%	101.20%	87.17%	165.39%	156.01%	144.83%	156.19%	185.23%	168.75%	165.32%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	82.45%	82.61%	85.46%	71.47%	73.51%	74.81%	72.92%	68.28%	70.68%	70.88%

The plan years above are reported in the financial statements in the fiscal year following the plan year. For example, plan year 2022 information was presented in the fiscal year 2023 financial statements.

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS SCHOOL BOARD TEACHER COST-SHARING POOL Last Ten Fiscal Years

						Fiscal Year	Year				
		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	↔	9,656,112 \$ 8,945,009	8,945,009 \$	8,145,234 \$	8,145,234 \$ 7,447,297 \$	6,882,902 \$	6,512,298 \$	6,478,959 \$	5,452,215 \$	4,862,700 \$	4,819,475
Contributions in relation to the		0 666 443	000 440	777 47 00	700 277 2	000 000	6 6 1 2 200	6 478 050	F 150 01E	4 962 700	4 040 475
contractually required contribution	ļ	3,000,112	0,945,009	0,143,234	1,441,291	0,002,902	0,512,230	0,470,939	0,402,210	4,002,700	4,019,470
Contribution deficiency (excess)	⇔	· ·	\$	·	\$	٠	٠	5	\$	\$	•
Covered payroll	↔	58,099,352 \$ 53,820,754 \$	53,820,754 \$	49,008,627 \$	44,809,249 \$	43,896,061 \$	49,008,627 \$ 44,809,249 \$ 43,896,061 \$ 41,532,512 \$ 39,699,504 \$ 37,191,094 \$ 34,585,344 \$	39,699,504 \$	37,191,094 \$	34,585,344 \$	33,237,754
:											
Contributions as a percentage of											
covered payroll		16.62%	16.62%	16.62%	16.62%	15.68%	15.68%	16.32%	14.66%	14.06%	14.50%

PRIMARY GOVERNMENT AND HARRISONBURG ELECTRIC COMMISSION VRS GROUP LIFE INSURANCE PROGRAM SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA Last Seven Plan Years

							Plan Year					
		2023		2022		2021	2020		2019	2018	2(2017
Proportion of the net OPEB liability		0.14880%		0.14713%		0.14993%	0.15215%		0.15365%	0.14999%	0.	0.14998%
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	↔	1,796,339 \$		1,783,963 \$		1,748,724 \$	2,515,130 \$		2,502,491 \$	2,286,723 \$		2,251,536
Covered payroll	↔	35,049,182	32	3,009,597	9	0,883,351 \$	31,292,489 \$	(+)	0,041,564 \$	35,049,182 \$ 32,009,597 \$ 30,883,351 \$ 31,292,489 \$ 30,041,564 \$ 28,492,059 \$ 27,653,817	27,6	53,817
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		5.13%		5.57%		2.66%	8.04%		8.33%	8.03%		8.14%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		69.30%		67.21%		67.45%	52.64%		52.00%	51.22%		48.86%

The plan years above are reported in the financial statements in the fiscal year following the plan year. For example, plan year 2022 information was presented in the fiscal year 2023 financial statements.

Current financial reporting standards require ten years of required supplementary information. However, fiscal year 2018 (plan year 2017) was the first year that information was available. Additional years will be included as they become available.

SCHEDULE OF OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS PRIMARY GOVERNMENT AND HARRISONBURG ELECTRIC COMMISSION VRS GROUP LIFE INSURANCE PROGRAM CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA Last Seven Fiscal Years

				Fiscal Year			
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Contractually required contribution S	223,331	\$ 189,265	\$ 171,572 8	\$ 165,828 \$	164,163 \$	157,904 \$	149,509
contractually required contribution Contribution deficiency (excess)	223,331	189,265	\$	165,828	164,163	157,904	149,509
Covered payroll	41,359,458	\$ 35,049,182	11,359,458 \$ 35,049,182 \$ 32,009,597 \$ 30,883,351 \$ 31,292,489 \$ 30,041,564 \$ 28,492,059	\$ 30,883,351 \$	31,292,489 \$	30,041,564 \$	28,492,059
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	0.54%	0.54%	0.54%	0.54%	0.52%	0.52%	0.52%

Current financial reporting standards require ten years of required supplementary information. However, fiscal year 2018 was the first year that information was available. Additional years will be included as they become available.

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY SCHOOL BOARD VRS GROUP LIFE INSURANCE PROGRAM Last Seven Plan Years

						Plan Year			
		2023	2022		2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Proportion of the net OPEB liability	J	0.24188%	0.23700%		0.22889%	0.22503%	0.22371%	0.22044%	0.21406%
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	8	2,900,899 \$	2,853,708 \$		2,664,900 \$	3,755,382 \$	3,640,357 \$	3,347,000 \$	3,221,000
Covered payroll	\$ 26	;972,123 \$	51,553,060	\$ 47	7,257,500 \$	46,312,246 \$	43,852,452	56,972,123 \$ 51,553,060 \$ 47,257,500 \$ 46,312,246 \$ 43,852,452 \$ 41,916,791 \$ 39,484,045	39,484,045
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		2.09%	5.54%		5.64%	8.11%	8.30%	7.98%	8.16%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		69.30%	67.21%		67.45%	52.64%	52.00%	51.22%	48.86%

The plan years above are reported in the financial statements in the fiscal year following the plan year. For example, plan year 2022 information was presented in the fiscal year 2023 financial statements.

Current financial reporting standards require ten years of required supplementary information. However, fiscal year 2018 (plan year 2017) was the first year that information was available. Additional years will be included as they become available.

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS SCHOOL BOARD VRS GROUP LIFE INSURANCE PROGRAM Last Seven Fiscal Years

					Fiscal Year				
	7	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020		2019	2018
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the	€	331,423 \$	307,670 \$	\$ 278,387 \$	255,191 \$		240,824 \$	228,033 \$	217,967
tion s)		331,423	307,670	278,387	255,191	240,824	824	228,033	217,967
Covered payroll	\$ 61,3	61,374,670 \$	56,972,123	56,972,123 \$ 51,553,060 \$ 47,257,500 \$ 46,312,246 \$ 43,852,452 \$ 41,916,791	47,257,500	, 46,312,	246 \$	43,852,452 \$	41,916,791
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		0.54%	0.54%	0.54%	0.54%	0	0.52%	0.52%	0.52%

Current financial reporting standards require ten years of required supplementary information. However, fiscal year 2018 was the first year that information was available. Additional years will be included as they become available.

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY SCHOOL BOARD TEACHER COST-SHARING VRS HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT PROGRAM Last Seven Plan Years

							Plan Year					
		2023	7	2022		2021	2020		2019	2018	2017	
Proportion of the net OPEB liability		0.53977%	Ö	0.52583%		0.50667%	0.50071%		0.49516%	0.49147%	0.47489%	%68
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	↔	6,538,868 \$		6,567,861 \$		6,503,460 \$	6,531,844 \$	↔	6,482,126 \$	6,240,000	6,025,000	000
Covered payroll	⇔	53,820,754 \$, 49,(008,627	& 4	4,809,249 \$	43,896,061	↔	53,820,754 \$ 49,008,627 \$ 44,809,249 \$ 43,896,061 \$ 41,532,512 \$ 39,747,031 \$ 37,191,094	39,747,031	37,191,	094
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		12.15%		13.40%		14.51%	14.88%		15.61%	15.70%	16.	16.20%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		17.90%		15.08%		13.15%	9.95%		8.97%	8.08%	7.	7.04%

The plan years above are reported in the financial statements in the fiscal year following the plan year. For example, plan year 2022 information was presented in the fiscal year 2023 financial statements.

Current financial reporting standards require ten years of required supplementary information. However, fiscal year 2018 (plan year 2017) was the first year that information was available. Additional years will be included as they become available.

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS SCHOOL BOARD TEACHER COST-SHARING VRS HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT PROGRAM Last Seven Fiscal Years

					Fiscal Year			
		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the	\(\text{\ti}}}}}}}} \end{\text{\tett{\text{\te}\tint{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\ti}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}	703,002 \$	651,231 \$	593,004 \$	542,192 \$	526,753	\$ 498,390 \$	488,888
contractually required contribution	€	703,002	651,231	593,004	542,192	526,753	498,390	488,888
Covered payroll	\$ 58,	099,352 \$	53,820,754 \$	49,008,627 \$	44,809,249 \$	43,896,061	58,099,352 \$ 53,820,754 \$ 49,008,627 \$ 44,809,249 \$ 43,896,061 \$ 41,532,512 \$ 39,747,031	39,747,031
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		1.21%	1.21%	1.21%	1.21%	1.20%	1.20%	1.23%

Current financial reporting standards require ten years of required supplementary information. However, fiscal year 2018 was the first year that information was available. Additional years will be included as they become available.

			Pla	n Ye	ear		
	_	2023	2022		2021		2020
Total OPEB liability							
Service cost	\$	2,206 \$	3,436	Ф	3,463	Ф	
Interest	Ψ	14,973	13,983	Ψ	12,416	Ψ	_
Difference between expected and actual experience		(102,935)	(2,029)		12,410		
Changes of assumptions		(102,933)	5,714		6,417		
Changes of assumptions Changes of benefit terms			3,714		0,417		183,944
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(5,336)	(5,055)		_		100,944
Net change in total OPEB liability	_	(91,092)	16,049	_	22,296	-	183,944
Total OPEB liability - beginning		222,289	206,240		183,944		100,944
Total OPEB liability - beginning Total OPEB liability - ending	<u>s</u> –	131,197 \$	222,289	\$	206,240	\$	183,944
Total of Eb liability offamig	Ψ=	Ψ	222,200	. Ψ=	200,240	·	100,011
Plan fiduciary net position							
Contributions - employer	\$	25,841 \$	17,812	\$	17,137	\$	-
Net investment income		2,893	(303)		2,337		-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(5,336)	(5,055)		-		-
Administrative expense		(84)	(61)		(76)		-
Net change in fiduciary net position		23,314	12,393	_	19,398	_	
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		31,791	19,398		-		-
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	\$	55,105 \$	31,791	\$	19,398	\$	_
	_			-		-	
Change in net OPEB liability	\$	(114,406) \$	3,656	\$	2,898	\$	183,944
Net OPEB liability (asset) - beginning		190,498	186,842		183,944		-
Net OPEB liability (asset) - ending	\$	76,092 \$	190,498	\$	186,842	\$	183,944
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		42.00%	14.30%		9.41%		0.00%
Covered payroll	\$	3,151,369 \$	2,544,433	\$	2,448,251	\$	2,396,448
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll		2.41%	7.49%		7.63%		7.68%

The plan years above are reported in the financial statements in the fiscal year following the plan year. For example, plan year 2022 information was presented in the fiscal year 2023 financial statements.

Current financial reporting standards require ten years of required supplementary information. However, fiscal year 2021 (plan year 2020) was the first year that this plan was available. Additional years will be included as they become available.

				Fisc	al Y	ear		
	_	2024	_	2023		2022	_	2021
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ _	26,858 26,858	\$	25,841 25,841 -	\$ \$	17,811 17,811 -	\$ \$	17,137 17,137 -
Covered payroll	\$	3,275,318	\$	3,151,369	\$	2,544,433	\$	2,448,251
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		0.82%		0.82%		0.70%		0.70%

Current financial reporting standards require ten years of required supplementary information. However, fiscal year 2021 was the first year that this plan was available. Additional years will be included as they become available.

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS PRIMARY GOVERNMENT LOCAL HEALTH INSURANCE PROGRAM Last Seven Plan Years

						Plan Year						
		2023	2022	2021		2020		2019	2018	8	2017	
Total OPEB liability												
Service cost	s	349,418 \$	335,850 \$		\$ 869,999	634,950	د م	604,714	3 417	417,069 \$	397,209	
Interest		235,640	233,326	341	341,291	317,734		235,404	263	263,792	253,632	
Difference between expected and actual experience		(2,042,536)	•	(1,645,184)	,184)	•		2,577,043			•	
Changes of assumptions		(1,823,557)	•	388	388,470	•		(413,527)			1	
Benefit payments		(476,601)	(561,585)	(528	(528,551)	(496,489)		(445,448)	(346	(346,085)	(323,444)	
Net change in total OPEB liability		(3,757,636)	7,591	<i>(777</i>	(777,276)	456,195		2,558,186	337	334,776	327,397	
Total OPEB liability - beginning	_	10,936,362	10,928,771	11,706,047	,047	11,249,852		8,691,666	8,356,890	9,890	8,029,493	
Total OPEB liability - ending	∽	7,178,726 \$	10,936,362	10,928,771	,771 \$	11,706,047	_	11,249,852	8,691,666	\$ 999'	8,356,890	
Osistad samplarea particol	θ.	31 448 000 &	28 400 478 ¢	77 533 GGE	д Д	3 008 870 8C	Č	\$ 024 KG 90		25 151 327 ¢	27 715 310	
Covered-eniployed payron)	_	, to, to, to	55,17	9	20,000,000	4	7 000,4 00,0			610,017,42	
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	_	22.83%	38.51%	39	39.69%	41.72%		41.86%	8	34.15%	33.81%	

The plan years above are reported in the financial statements in the fiscal year following the plan year. For example, plan year 2022 information was presented in the fiscal year 2023 financial statements.

Current financial reporting standards require ten years of required supplementary information. However, fiscal year 2018 (plan year 2017) was the first year that information was available. Additional years will be included as they become available.

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS SCHOOL BOARD LOCAL HEALTH INSURANCE PROGRAM Last Seven Plan Years

				Plan Year			
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Total OPEB liability							
Service cost \$	719,693	\$ 685,422	\$ 696,766 \$	\$ 950,447 \$	905,188	\$ 640,131 \$	609,649
Interest	253,964	248,369	371,777	345,273	288,277	324,811	318,768
Difference between expected and actual experience	(1,896,052)	1	(2,172,203)	•	1,574,768	1	•
Changes of assumptions	(1,083,703)	1	352,911	•	(583,415)		•
Benefit payments	(711,437)	(817,242)	(746,204)	(770,630)	(691,406)	(765,839)	(715,737)
Net change in total OPEB liability	(2,717,535)	116,549	(1,195,750)	525,090	1,493,412	199,103	212,680
Total OPEB liability - beginning	11,641,459	11,524,910	12,720,660	12,195,570	10,702,158	10,503,055	10,290,375
Total OPEB liability - ending	8,923,924	11,641,459	\$ 11,524,910	3 12,720,660 \$	12,195,570 \$	\$ 10,702,158	10,503,055
Covered-employee payroll	56,972,123	\$ 51,553,060	\$ 47,257,500 \$	3 46,292,509 \$	43,852,452 \$	\$ 41,856,572 \$	39,147,585
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	15.66%	22.58%	24.39%	27.48%	27.81%	25.57%	26.83%

The plan years above are reported in the financial statements in the fiscal year following the plan year. For example, plan year 2022 information was presented in the fiscal year 2023 financial statements.

Current financial reporting standards require ten years of required supplementary information. However, fiscal year 2018 (plan year 2017) was the first year that information was available. Additional years will be included as they become available.

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION June 30, 2024

Note 1. Pension Plans

The Harrisonburg Electric Commission (HEC), a component unit, participates in the City's pension plan. The amounts provided for the primary government includes both the City and HEC's combined pension information.

Changes of Benefit Terms. There have been no significant changes to the Virginia Retirement System (VRS) benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of Assumptions. The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-Hazardous Duty:

- Updated mortality table to PUB2010 public sector mortality rates. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
- Adjusted retirement rates for better fit experience for Plan 1, set separate retirement rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid, and changed final retirement from 75 to 80 for all plans
- Adjusted withdrawal rates at each year age and service through 9 years of service

All Others (Non 10 Largest) – Hazardous Duty:

- Updated mortality table to PUB2010 public sector mortality rates and increased disability life expectancy. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
- Adjusted retirement rates for better fit experience and changed final retirement from 65 to 70
- Adjusted withdrawal rates and changed from rates based on age and service to rates based on service only to better fit experience and to be more consistent with the Largest 10 Hazardous Duty

Teacher Cost-Sharing Pool:

- Updated mortality table to PUB2010 public sector mortality rates. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
- Adjusted retirement rates for better fit experience for Plan 1, set separate retirement rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid, and changed final retirement from 75 to 80 for all plans
- Adjusted withdrawal rates at each year age and service through 9 years of service

Note 2. Other Postemployment Benefit Plans

VRS Group Life Insurance Program

The Harrisonburg Electric Commission (HEC), a component unit, participates in the City's Group Life Insurance plan. The amounts provided for the primary government includes both the City and HEC's combined OPEB information.

Changes of Benefit Terms. There have been no significant changes to the Virginia Retirement System (VRS) benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of Assumptions. The changes in actuarial assumptions used are substantially the same as described in Note 1.

Note 2. Other Postemployment Benefit Plans (continued)

VRS Health Insurance Credit Program – Teacher Cost-Sharing Pool

Changes of Benefit Terms. There have been no significant changes to the Virginia Retirement System (VRS) benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of Assumptions. The changes in actuarial assumptions used are substantially the same as described in Note 1.

VRS Health Insurance Credit Program - Nonprofessional Employees

Changes of Benefit Terms. There have been no significant changes to the Virginia Retirement System (VRS) benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of Assumptions. The changes in actuarial assumptions used are substantially the same as described in Note 1.

Local Health Insurance Program

There are no assets accumulated in a trust to pay the related benefits of this program.

Changes of Benefit Terms. There have been no significant changes to the benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of Assumptions. The following changes were made to the actuarial assumptions and methods used in the June 30, 2023 actuarial valuation for the City and School Board:

- Increased the discount rate from 2.18% to 4.13% based on the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index.
- The assumed healthcare cost trend rate was changed from 6.25% grading uniformly to 5.75% over two years and following the Getzen model thereafter until reaching an ultimate rate of 4.04% in the year 2075 to 6.25% in 2023, and then decreased uniformly from 7% to 5.6% over the next three years to then follow the Getzen model to an ultimate rate of 4.04% in 2075.
- Mortality, retirement, withdrawal and disability assumptions were changed to be consistent with the most recent VRS report for GASB 68 issued in July 2022.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

Community Development Block Grant Fund - This fund accounts for the administration of the community development block grant funds received from the Federal Government.

School Transportation Fund - This fund accounts for the operations of the City's school bus system. Financing is provided by payments for services from the Harrisonburg City School Board. Funding is a committed revenue source and is used only for the operations of the school bus system.

Business Loan Program Fund - This fund accounts for the administration of the Harrisonburg Business Loan Program which is a revolving loan program. This program provides microloans to qualifying local businesses. Financing originally has been provided by the Federal Government along with additional funding from the City.

		Sp	ес	ial Revenue Fu	nds		
	•	Community			Business		Total
		Development		School	Loan		Nonmajor
		Block Grant	1	Fransportation	Program	(Governmental
	-	Fund		Fund	Fund		Funds
Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	3,246,009 \$	243,056	\$	3,489,065
Receivables		-		492	273		765
Due from component units		-		87,583	-		87,583
Due from other governments		191,643		570,330	-		761,973
Prepaid expenditures		-		3,763	-		3,763
Loans receivable	-				59,014		59,014
Total assets	\$	191,643	\$	3,908,177	302,343	\$	4,402,163
Liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$	30,634	\$	6,135	-	\$	36,769
Accrued payroll		428		181,401	-		181,829
Due to other funds		160,581		-	-		160,581
Due to component units	_	-		1,823		_	1,823
Total liabilities	-	191,643		189,359	-		381,002
Deferred Inflows of Resources							
Unavailable revenue		-		-	59,014		59,014
Total deferred inflows of resources	-	-		-	59,014	-	59,014
Fund Balances							
Nonspendable		-		3,763	_		3,763
Committed		-		2,422,966	166,529		2,589,495
Assigned		-		1,292,089	76,800		1,368,889
Total fund balances	-	-		3,718,818	243,329	-	3,962,147
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of							
resources and fund balances	\$	191,643	\$	3,908,177	302,343	\$	4,402,163

	S _I S	pecial Revenue Fun	ds	
	Community Development Block Grant	School	Business Loan Program	Total Nonmajor Governmental
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds
Revenues:		<u> </u>		
Use of money and property	\$ -	\$ 136,178 \$	11,898	\$ 148,076
Charges for services	-	5,619,432	-	5,619,432
Miscellaneous	-	1,932	29,922	31,854
Intergovernmental	661,952	570,330	-	1,232,282
Total revenues	661,952	6,327,872	41,820	7,031,644
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Education	-	5,427,497	-	5,427,497
Community development	661,952	-	25,000	686,952
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	-	1,169	-	1,169
Interest and fiscal charges		152	-	152
Total expenditures	661,952	5,428,818	25,000	6,115,770
Excess of revenues over expenditures	<u> </u>	899,054	16,820	915,874
Other financing sources:				
Long-term debt issued or incurred	<u>-</u> _	12,382	-	12,382
Total other financing sources		12,382	-	12,382
Net change in fund balances	-	911,436	16,820	928,256
Fund balances at beginning of year	<u> </u>	2,807,382	226,509	3,033,891
Fund balances at end of year	\$	\$ 3,718,818 \$	243,329	\$ 3,962,147

								ariance with inal Budget
	_	Budgete	d A	mounts				Positive
	_	Original		Final	_	Actual		(Negative)
Revenues:								
Use of money and property	\$	19,760	\$	19,760	\$	136,178	\$	116,418
Charges for services		5,621,963		5,621,963		5,619,432		(2,531)
Miscellaneous		15,000		15,000		1,932		(13,068)
Intergovernmental	_	-	_	570,330		570,330		
Total revenues	_	5,656,723	-	6,227,053	-	6,327,872	_	100,819
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Education		6,256,723		7,119,189		5,427,497		1,691,692
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		-		1,169		1,169		-
Interest and fiscal charges	_	-		152	_	152		
Total expenditures	_	6,256,723	-	7,120,510	-	5,428,818	_	1,691,692
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
(under) expenditures	-	(600,000)		(893,457)		899,054		1,792,511
Other financing sources:								
Long-term debt issued or incurred	_	-	_	-	_	12,382		12,382
Total other financing sources	-	-	_	-	_	12,382		12,382
Net change in fund balances	\$ <u>_</u>	(600,000)	\$	(893,457)	:	911,436	\$_	1,804,893
Fund balance at beginning of year					_	2,807,382		
Fund balance at end of year					\$_	3,718,818		

								Variance with Final Budget
	_	Budgete	ed Ar		•			Positive
	_	Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)
Revenues:								
Use of money and property	\$	-	\$	-	\$	11,898	\$	11,898
Miscellaneous		27,500		27,500		29,922		2,422
Total revenues	_	27,500	_	27,500	_	41,820		14,320
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Community development		100,000		100,000		25,000		75,000
Total expenditures	_	100,000		100,000	_	25,000		75,000
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
(under) expenditures	\$_	(72,500)	\$_	(72,500)		16,820	\$_	89,320
Fund balance at beginning of year					_	226,509	_	
Fund balance at end of year					\$_	243,329		



Internal Service Funds

Internal service funds are used to account for the financing of goods and services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the government and to other governmental units, on a cost reimbursement basis.

Central Garage Fund - This fund accounts for the operations of the City's central garage. Financing is provided by charges to other departments and agencies for services rendered and transfers from other funds for overhead costs.

Central Stores Fund - This fund accounts for the operations of the City's central stores. Financing is provided by charges to other departments and agencies for the sale of materials and supplies and transfers from other funds for overhead costs.

Health Insurance Fund - This fund accounts for the health insurance premium collections and claims payments related to the operation of the City's self-insured health insurance program. Financing is provided by premiums paid by departments, employees and organizations which participate in the insurance plan.

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION At June 30, 2024

	Central Garage Fund	Central Stores Fund	Health Insurance Fund	Total
Assets				
Current assets:		•	0 = 0 1 0 1 =	40.000.704
•	\$ 2,167,837 \$	- \$	8,724,947 \$	10,892,784
Receivables	5,851	-	1,278	7,129
Due from component units	13,078	-	-	13,078
Inventory	204,242	1,484,263	-	1,688,505
Prepaid expenses	823	- 4 404 000	0.700.005	823
Total current assets	2,391,831	1,484,263	8,726,225	12,602,319
Noncurrent assets:				
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	4,932,828	401,213	-	5,334,041
Total noncurrent assets	4,932,828	401,213	-	5,334,041
Total assets	7,324,659	1,885,476	8,726,225	17,936,360
Deferred outflows of resources				
Deferred OPEB outflows	16,706	2.615		10 221
Deferred pension outflows	210,650	2,615 20,917	-	19,321 231,567
Total deferred outflows of resources	227,356	23,532		250,888
Total deletted outflows of resources	221,330	23,332	<u> </u>	230,000
Liabilities				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	205,964	35,231	518,446	759,641
Accrued payroll	20,823	2,896	-	23,719
Due to other funds	-	231,973	-	231,973
Due to component units	2,985	300	-	3,285
Leases	1,021	-	-	1,021
Compensated absences	79,544	10,644	-	90,188
Net OPEB liability		300	-	300
Total current liabilities	310,337	281,344	518,446	1,110,127
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Leases	3,785	-	-	3,785
Compensated absences	26,060	-	-	26,060
Net OPEB liability	114,643	20,830	-	135,473
Net pension liability	579,888	57,580	-	637,468
Total noncurrent liabilities	724,376	78,410	-	802,786
Total liabilities	1,034,713	359,754	518,446	1,912,913
Deferred inflows of resources				
Deferred OPEB inflows	49,366	10,222	_	59,588
Deferred pension inflows	71,858	7,135	_	78,993
Total deferred inflows of resources	121,224	17,357	<u> </u>	138,581
Net as atten			<u></u>	
Net position	4 000 000	404.040		F 000 000
Net investment in capital assets	4,928,023	401,213	- 0.07.770	5,329,236
Unrestricted	1,468,055	1,130,684	8,207,779	10,806,518
Total net position	\$ 6,396,078 \$	1,531,897 \$	8,207,779 \$	16,135,754

		Central Garage Fund		Central Stores Fund	Health Insurance Fund	Total
Operating revenues:	_		_			
Charges for services	\$	5,598,255	\$	1,395,902 \$	21,948,498 \$	28,942,655
Total operating revenues	_	5,598,255	_	1,395,902	21,948,498	28,942,655
Operating expenses:						
Personal services		980,963		113,517	-	1,094,480
Fringe benefits		314,370		55,738	-	370,108
Purchased services		422,182		19,629	707,650	1,149,461
Internal services		4,419		2,119	-	6,538
Other charges		116,359		32,063	847,614	996,036
Materials and supplies		52,823		2,568	-	55,391
Depreciation and amortization		190,630		18,881	-	209,511
Cost of inventory issued		3,306,344		1,396,249	-	4,702,593
Claims related charges		-		-	19,483,898	19,483,898
Total operating expenses	_	5,388,090	_	1,640,764	21,039,162	28,068,016
Operating income (loss)	_	210,165	_	(244,862)	909,336	874,639
Nonoperating revenues:						
Miscellaneous revenue		3,936		26	-	3,962
Investment revenue		101,195		-	420,335	521,530
Interest expense		(65)		-	-	(65)
Loss on disposal of capital assets		(58,046)		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	(58,046)
Total nonoperating revenues	_	47,020	_	26	420,335	467,381
Income (loss) before transfers		257,185		(244,836)	1,329,671	1,342,020
Transfers in	_		_	233,651		233,651
Change in net position		257,185		(11,185)	1,329,671	1,575,671
Net position at beginning of year	_	6,138,893	_	1,543,082	6,878,108	14,560,083
Net position at end of year	\$_	6,396,078	\$_	1,531,897 \$	8,207,779 \$	16,135,754

	_	Central Garage Fund		Central Stores Fund	_	Health Insurance Fund	Total
Cash flows from operating activities:							
Receipts from customers	\$	5,596,552	\$	1,395,902	\$	-	\$ 6,992,454
Receipts from premiums		-		-		21,948,498	21,948,498
Receipts other sources		3,609		-		-	3,609
Payments to employees		(974,757)		(111,265)		-	(1,086,022)
Payments for fringe benefits		(374,626)		(52,016)		-	(426,642)
Payments to vendors		(4,011,656)		(1,386,959)		(1,555,264)	(6,953,879)
Payments for internal services		(4,419)		(2,119)		-	(6,538)
Payments for claims related charges	_		_		_	(19,973,969)	(19,973,969)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	_	234,703	_	(156,457)	_	419,265	497,511
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:							
Transfers in		-		233,651		-	233,651
Interfund loan	-	<u>-</u>	_	(77,194)	_		(77,194)
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	_	-	_	156,457	_	-	156,457
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:							
Principal paid on long-term debt		(500)		-		-	(500)
Interest paid on long-term debt		(65)		-		-	(65)
Purchase and construction of capital assets	-	(108,907)	_	-	_	-	(108,907)
Net cash used for noncapital financing activities	_	(109,472)	_	<u>-</u>	_		(109,472)
Cash flows from investing activities:							
Interest received	-	101,145	_		_	420,421	521,566
Net cash provided by investing activities	_	101,145	_		_	420,421	521,566
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		226,376		-		839,686	1,066,062
Cash and cash equivalents:							
Beginning	_	1,941,461	_	-	_	7,885,261	9,826,722
Ending	\$_	2,167,837	\$_	-	\$_	8,724,947	\$ 10,892,784

		Central Garage Fund		Central Stores Fund	Health Insurance Fund		Total
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash pro	ovided by		ope				
Operating income (loss)	\$	210,165	\$	(244,862) \$	909,336	\$	874,639
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to	•	,	•		•		·
net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:							
Depreciation		190,630		18,881	_		209,511
Miscellaneous revenue		3,936		26	_		3,962
Change in assets, deferred outflows of resources,		•					,
liabilities and deferred inflows of resources:							
(Increase) decrease in:							
Accounts receivable		(1,502)		-	-		(1,502)
Due from component units		(201)		25,600	-		25,399
Inventory		(63,857)		-	_		(63,857)
Prepaid expenses		(88)		-	-		(88)
Deferred outflows of resources		(26,496)		(8,248)	_		(34,744)
Increase (decrease) in:		, , ,					
Accounts payable		(69,148)		20,544	(490,071)		(538,675)
Accrued payroll		1,456		594	-		2,050
Due to component units		208		(71)	-		137
Compensated absences		5,209		1,834	-		7,043
Net OPEB liability		(79,224)		1,603	-		(77,621)
Net pension liability		96,615		22,210	-		118,825
Deferred inflows of resources		(33,000)	_	5,432		_	(27,568)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	234,703	\$_	(156,457) \$	419,265	\$_	497,511
Non - cash capital and related financing activities:							
Additions to capital assets:							
Lease	\$	5,306	\$	- \$	-	\$	5,306



Custodial Funds

Custodial funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, investment trust funds or private-purpose trust funds.

Economic Development Authority Fund - This fund accounts for assets held by the City for the Harrisonburg Economic Development Authority.

Emergency Communications Center Fund - This fund accounts for assets held by the City for the Harrisonburg-Rockingham Emergency Communications Center (HRECC). The City acts as the fiscal agent for the HRECC.

	Economic Emergency Development Communications Authority Fund Center Fund Tot	al
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 131,331 \$ 7,501,006 \$ 7,63	32,337
Receivables	1,105,782 275,342 1,38	31,124
Prepaid expenses	- 162,045 16	32,045
Total assets	1,237,113 7,938,393 9,17	75,506
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	1,105,762 812,580 1,91	8,342
Accrued payroll	- 66,407 6	6,407
Total liabilities	1,105,762 878,987 1,98	34,749
Net Position		
Restricted for other organizations	131,351	0,757
Total net position	\$ 131,351 \$ 7,059,406 \$ 7,19	0,757

	Economic Emergency Development Communications Authority Fund Center Fund Total
Additions:	
Funds received for benefit of other organizations	\$ 2,284,264 \$ 9,597,778 \$ 11,882,042
Total additions	2,284,264 9,597,778 11,882,042
Deductions:	
Funds disbursed for benefit of other organizations	2,277,703 9,284,419 11,562,122
Total deductions	2,277,703 9,284,419 11,562,122
Net increase in fiduciary net position	6,561 313,359 319,920
Net position at beginning of year	124,790 6,746,047 6,870,837
Net position at end of year	\$131,351_\$7,059,406_\$7,190,757_



Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board

General Fund

School Fund - This fund accounts for the operations of the School Board's elementary, middle and high schools not accounted for and reported in other funds.

Special Revenue Fund

Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specific purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

School Nutrition Fund - This fund accounts for the operations of the School Board's centralized cafeterias.

School Activity Fund - This fund accounts for the financial resources received from extracurricular school activities, such as from entertainment, athletic contests, club dues and from all school sponsored activities that involve school personnel, students or property.

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - SCHOOL BOARD GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET At June 30, 2024

Assets	_	School Fund		School Nutrition Fund		School Activity Fund	_	School Capital Projects Fund	. <u>-</u>	Totals
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	16,947,083	\$	3,605,494	\$	722,627	\$	3,684,906	\$	24,960,110
Receivables		328,116		558		-		-		328,674
Due from other governments		3,690,145		762,347		-		-		4,452,492
Inventory		-		123,507		-		-		123,507
Prepaid expenditures	-	479,432	-	16,295			_	-	-	495,727
Total assets	\$	21,444,776	\$_	4,508,201	\$_	722,627	\$_	3,684,906	\$	30,360,510
Liabilities and Fund Balances										
Liabilities:										
Accounts payable	\$	92,161	\$	1,396	\$	-	\$	-	\$	93,557
Accrued payroll		11,024,619		279,989		-		-		11,304,608
Due to primary government		96,355		-		-		-		96,355
Due to component units		143,314		-		-		-		143,314
Unearned revenue		3,241,760		-		-		-		3,241,760
Other liabilities	-	2,076,765	-	-		-	_	-	-	2,076,765
Total liabilities	-	16,674,974		281,385		-	_	-		16,956,359
Fund Balances:										
Nonspendable:										
Inventory		-		123,507		-		-		123,507
Prepaid expenditures		479,432		16,295		-		-		495,727
Committed to:										
Food services		-		3,455,008		-		-		3,455,008
Capital projects		-		-		-		3,684,906		3,684,906
Assigned to:										
Instruction		1,735,503		-		-		-		1,735,503
Administration, attendance and health		69,299		-		722,627		-		791,926
Pupil transportation		8,310		-		-		-		8,310
Operations and maintenance		530,260		-		-		-		530,260
Food services		-		632,006		-		-		632,006
Technology		763,538		-		-		-		763,538
Unassigned	-	1,183,460		-			_	-	-	1,183,460
Total fund balances	=	4,769,802		4,226,816		722,627	_	3,684,906		13,404,151
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	21,444,776	\$_	4,508,201	\$_	722,627	\$_	3,684,906	\$	30,360,510

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - SCHOOL BOARD RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION At June 30, 2024

Net position of governmental activities (Exhibit 1)

Exhibit D-2

17,001,251

Total fund balances of governmental funds (Exhibit D-1) 13,404,151 Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit 1) are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. 67,885,212 Net pension assets are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. 700,467 Long-term liabilities, and related accounts, are not payable from current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. (76,298,262)Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Deferred OPEB outflows 2,915,850 Deferred pension outflows 19,087,799 Deferred OPEB inflows (4,917,977)Deferred pension inflows (5,775,989)Net adjustment 11,309,683 11,309,683

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - SCHOOL BOARD GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

		School Fund		School Nutrition Fund		School Activity Fund		School Capital Projects Fund	_	Totals
Revenues:										
Use of money and property	\$	38,917	5	201,506	\$	- :	\$	-	\$	240,423
Charges for services		28,867		76,889		<u>-</u>		-		105,756
Miscellaneous		505,746		20,744		905,661		-		1,432,151
Payment from primary government		38,714,373		-		-		-		38,714,373
Intergovernmental		75,361,733		5,829,078			_		_	81,190,811
Total revenues	•	114,649,636	_	6,128,217		905,661	_		-	121,683,514
Expenditures:										
Current:										
Instruction		82,851,410		-		-		-		82,851,410
Administration, attendance and health		6,662,925		-		940,511		-		7,603,436
Pupil transportation		5,883,068		-		-		-		5,883,068
Operations and maintenance		8,347,529		-		-		-		8,347,529
Food services		-		6,124,372		-		-		6,124,372
Technology		5,958,999		1,102		-		-		5,960,101
Debt service:										
Principal retirement		210,608		-		-		-		210,608
Interest and fiscal charges		38,071		-		-		-		38,071
Capital projects		-		-		-		8,462,387		8,462,387
Total expenditures	•	109,952,610	_	6,125,474		940,511	_	8,462,387	-	125,480,982
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over										
(under) expenditures		4,697,026	_	2,743		(34,850)	_	(8,462,387)	_	(3,797,468)
Other financing sources (uses):										
Long-term debt issued or incurred		210,798		-		-		-		210,798
Transfers in		-		-		-		3,424,985		3,424,985
Transfers out		(3,424,985)		-		_		-		(3,424,985)
Total other financing sources (uses)	•	(3,214,187)		-		-	_	3,424,985	-	210,798
Net change in fund balances		1,482,839		2,743		(34,850)		(5,037,402)		(3,586,670)
Fund balances at beginning of year	•	3,286,963	_	4,224,073	_	757,477	_	8,722,308	-	16,990,821
Fund balances at end of year	\$	4,769,802	S =	4,226,816	\$_	722,627	\$_	3,684,906	\$	13,404,151

Total net change in fund balances of governmental funds (Exhibit D-3)

\$ (3,586,670)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit 2) are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation and amortization expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay expenditures exceeded depreciation and amortization expense.

This is the amount by which capital outlay expericitures exceeded depreciation and amortization expense.

Capital outlay expenditures \$ 10,418,155

Depreciation and amortization expense (3,936,861)

Net adjustment \$ 6,481,294 6,481,294

The transfer of capital assets between the primary government and the School Board affects only the statement of activities. These transfers do not have an effect on current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in governmental funds.

3,664,324

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt.

Long-term debt incurred \$ (210,798)
Principal payments 210,608

Net adjustment \$_____(190) (190)

The net effect of a lease modification involving capital assets and long-term debt increased net position on the statement of activities.

23,791

Certain expenses reported in the statement of activities that do not require the use of current financial resources are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. This amount is the net change in these expenses.

(248,023)

Governmental funds report employer OPEB and contributions as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of OPEB and pension benefits earned, net of employee contributions, are reported as OPEB and pension expense. This is the amount by which employer and nonemployer OPEB and pension contributions exceeded OPEB and pension expense.

Employer OPEB contributions	\$ 1,772,720
Employer pension contributions	9,144,601
Nonemployer OPEB contributions	46,156
Nonemployer pension contributions	786,359
OPEB expense	(1,372,750)
Pension expense	 (6,960,111)

Net adjustment \$ 3,416,975 3,416,975

Change in net position of governmental activities (Exhibit 2)

9,751,501

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

		Declarate					Variance with Final Budget
		Budgete Original	a A	mounts Final	-	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Revenues:	_	Original	-	Filiai		Actual	(Negative)
Use of money and property	\$	30,000	\$	30,000	\$	38,917 \$	8,917
Charges for services	•	7,500	,	7,500	,	28,867	21,367
Miscellaneous		441,042		441,042		505,746	64,704
Payment from primary government		42,267,782		41,713,910		38,714,373	(2,999,537)
Intergovernmental		71,622,769		76,482,201		75,361,733	(1,120,468)
Total revenues		114,369,093	_	118,674,653	_	114,649,636	(4,025,017)
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Instruction		84,840,879		87,753,197		82,851,410	4,901,787
Administration, attendance and health		6,385,932		6,979,943		6,662,925	317,018
Pupil transportation		5,938,229		6,489,721		5,883,068	606,653
Operations and maintenance		7,889,293		8,975,389		8,347,529	627,860
Technology		6,080,081		7,257,006		5,958,999	1,298,007
Debt service:							
Principal retirement		197,946		210,608		210,608	-
Interest and fiscal charges		36,733		38,071		38,071	-
Total expenditures		111,369,093	-	117,703,935	-	109,952,610	7,751,325
Excess of revenues over expenditures	_	3,000,000	-	970,718		4,697,026	3,726,308
Other financing sources (uses):							
Long-term debt issued or incurred		-		210,798		210,798	-
Transfers out	_	(3,000,000)		(3,424,985)	_	(3,424,985)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	(3,000,000)	-	(3,214,187)	-	(3,214,187)	<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balance	\$	-	\$_	(2,243,469)	•	1,482,839 \$	3,726,308
Fund balance at beginning of year					_	3,286,963	
Fund balance at end of year					\$_	4,769,802	

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - SCHOOL BOARD SCHOOL NUTRITION FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

								Variance with
		Budgete	d A	mounts				Final Budget Positive
	_	Original		Final		Actual	_	(Negative)
Revenues:								
Use of money and property	\$	75,000	\$	75,000	\$	201,506	\$	126,506
Charges for services		26,000		26,000		76,889		50,889
Miscellaneous		40,000		40,000		20,744		(19,256)
Intergovernmental	_	5,420,000	_	5,420,000	_	5,829,078	_	409,078
Total revenues	_	5,561,000	_	5,561,000	_	6,128,217	-	567,217
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Food services		5,969,426		5,969,426		6,124,372		(154,946)
Technology		30,000		30,000		1,102	_	28,898
Total expenditures	_	5,999,426	_	5,999,426	_	6,125,474		(126,048)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over	•	(100,100)	•	(400,400)		0.740	•	444.400
(under) expenditures	\$ =	(438,426)	\$ _	(438,426)	:	2,743	\$_	441,169
Fund balance at beginning of year					_	4,224,073	•	
Fund balance at end of year					\$_	4,226,816	;	



Other Supplementary Schedules

Schedule of Revenues – Budget to Actual - This schedule provides additional detailed final budget and actual revenue information for the City's governmental funds and discretely presented component unit – School Board.

Schedule of Expenditures – Budget to Actual - This schedule provides additional detailed final budget and actual expenditure information for the City's governmental funds and discretely presented component unit – School Board.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Primary Government: Seneral Fund: Senera	Ford Main and Mines Possess Courses		Final		Antoni		Variance Positive
General Fund: General property taxes \$ 53,320,000 \$ 53,448,541 \$ 128,541 Real and personal public service 628,800 666,471 37,671 Personal property taxes 10,900 15,342,288 548,688 Mobile home taxes 10,900 12,151 1,251 Machinery and tools taxes 2,932,300 2,850,506 (81,794) Penalites and interest 380,000 628,288 248,288 Total general property taxes 72,065,600 72,948,245 882,648 Coher local taxes 17,925,300 18,582,222 656,922 Consumer utility taxes 2,018,400 1,990,888 (27,542) Business license taxes 10,33,400 1,990,888 (27,542) Motor vehicle license taxes 1,033,400 1,946,827 14,552 Bank stock taxes 1,033,400 1,046,227 12,827 Taxes on recordation and wills 550,000 627,210 77,210 Tobacco taxes 420,800 404,550 (16,250 Admission and amusement taxes	Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Sources		Budget	_	Actual	_	(Negative)
General property taxes: Real property taxes \$ 53,320,000 \$ 53,448,541 \$ 128,541 Real and personal public service 628,800 666,471 37,671 Personal property taxes 628,800 165,342,288 548,688 Mobile home taxes 10,900 12,151 1,251 Machinery and tools taxes 2,932,300 2,850,506 (81,794) Penalities and interest 380,000 628,288 248,288 Total general property taxes 72,065,600 72,948,245 682,645 Other local taxes: 2 2,918,400 1,990,858 27,542,988 Total general property taxes 17,925,300 18,582,222 656,922 Local sales and use taxes 17,925,300 18,582,222 656,922 Consumer utility taxes 2,018,400 1,990,858 (27,542) Business license taxes 17,925,300 18,582,222 656,922 Business license taxes 1,034,400 1,990,858 (27,542) Business license taxes 1,034,400 1,946,227 12,827 Taxes on							
Real property taxes \$ 53,320,000 \$ 53,448,541 \$ 128,541 Real and personal public service 628,800 666,471 37,671 Personal property taxes 14,793,600 15,342,288 548,688 Mobile home taxes 10,900 12,151 1,251 Machinery and tools taxes 2,932,300 2,850,506 (81,794) Penalties and interest 380,000 628,288 246,288 Total general property taxes 72,085,600 72,948,245 882,645 Other local taxes: 1 1,925,300 18,582,222 656,922 Consumer utility taxes 2,018,400 1,990,858 (27,542) Business license taxes 8,605,900 8,617,396 11,495 Motor vehicle license taxes 1,033,400 1,046,227 12,827 Taxes on recordation and wills 550,000 627,210 77,210 Tobacco taxes 420,800 404,550 (16,250) Admission and amusement taxes 14,980 136,336 (13,464) Hotel and motel room taxes 3,767,000 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>							
Real and personal public service corporation property taxes 628,800 666,471 37,671 Personal property taxes 14,793,600 15,342,288 548,688 Mobile home taxes 10,900 12,151 1,251 Machinery and tools taxes 2,932,300 2,680,506 (81,794) Penalties and interest 380,000 628,288 248,288 Total general property taxes 72,065,600 72,948,245 882,645 Other local taxes: 80,000 18,582,222 656,922 Consumer utility taxes 2,018,400 1,990,858 (27,542) Business license taxes 8,605,900 8,617,396 11,496 Motor vehicle license taxes 1,033,400 1,046,227 12,827 Taxes on recordation and wills 550,000 627,210 77,210 Tobacco taxes 149,800 404,550 (16,250) Admission and amusement taxes 149,800 403,333 (13,464) Hotel and motel room taxes 3,767,000 4,033,338 266,138 Restaurant food taxes 11,040 1		c	F2 220 000	Φ.	F2 440 F44	Φ	400 544
corporation property taxes 628,800 666,471 37,671 Personal property taxes 14,793,600 15,342,288 548,688 Mobile home taxes 10,900 12,151 1,251 Machinery and tools taxes 2,932,300 2,850,506 (81,794) Penalties and interest 380,000 628,288 248,288 Total general property taxes 72,065,600 72,948,245 882,645 Other local taxes: Local sales and use taxes 17,925,300 18,582,222 656,922 Consumer utility taxes 2,018,400 1,990,858 (27,542) Business license taxes 8,605,900 8,817,396 11,452 Motor vehicle license taxes 1,033,400 1,046,227 12,827 Taxes on recordation and wills 550,000 627,210 77,210 Tobacco taxes 420,800 404,550 (16,250) Admission and amusement taxes 149,800 403,318 266,138 Restaurant food taxes 3,767,000 4,033,138 266,138 Restaurant food taxes <td></td> <td>Ф</td> <td>53,320,000</td> <td>Ф</td> <td>53,448,541</td> <td>Ф</td> <td>128,541</td>		Ф	53,320,000	Ф	53,448,541	Ф	128,541
Personal property taxes 14,793,600 15,342,288 548,688 Mobile home taxes 10,900 12,151 1,251 Machinery and tools taxes 2,932,300 2,850,506 (81,794) Penalties and interest 380,000 628,288 248,288 Total general property taxes 72,065,600 72,948,245 882,645 Other local taxes 380,000 18,582,222 656,922 Consumer utility taxes 2,018,400 1,990,858 (27,542) Business license taxes 8,605,900 8,617,396 11,496 Motor vehicle license taxes 1,033,400 1,046,227 12,827 Bank stock taxes 1,033,400 1,046,227 12,827 Taxes on recordation and wills 550,000 627,210 77,210 Tobacco taxes 420,800 404,550 (16,250) Admission and amusement taxes 149,800 136,336 (13,464) Hotel and motel room taxes 3,767,000 4,033,138 266,138 Restaurant food taxes 12,600 115,547 (10,653)			000 000		-		27.074
Mobile home taxes 10,900 12,151 1,251 Machinery and tools taxes 2,932,300 2,850,506 (81,794) Penalities and interest 380,000 628,288 248,288 Total general property taxes 72,065,600 72,948,245 882,645 Other local taxes: Local sales and use taxes 17,925,300 18,582,222 656,922 Consumer utility taxes 2,018,400 1,990,858 (27,542) 882,645 Motor vehicle license taxes 2,018,400 1,990,858 (27,542) 14,552							
Machinery and tools taxes 2,932,300 2,850,506 (81,794) Penalties and interest 380,000 628,288 248,288 Total general property taxes 72,065,600 72,948,245 882,645 Other local taxes: 882,645 882,645 Local sales and use taxes 11,925,300 18,582,222 656,922 Consumer utility taxes 2,018,400 1,990,858 (27,542) Business license taxes 8,605,900 8,617,396 11,455 Motor vehicle license taxes 1,033,400 1,046,227 12,827 Taxes on recordation and wills 550,000 627,210 77,210 Tobacco taxes 420,800 404,550 (16,250) Admission and amusement taxes 149,800 136,336 (13,464) Hotel and motel room taxes 3,767,000 4,93,138 266,138 Restaurant food taxes 110,400 124,002 13,602 Public right-of-way use fee 126,200 115,547 (10,653) Total other local taxes 573,950 675,573 101,623	• • •						
Penalties and interest 380,000 628,288 248,285 Total general property taxes 72,065,600 72,948,245 882,645 Other local taxes: 80,000 18,582,222 656,922 Consumer utility taxes 2,018,400 1,990,858 (27,542) Business license taxes 8,605,900 8,617,396 11,496 Motor vehicle license taxes 1,033,400 1,046,227 12,827 Taxes on recordation and wills 550,000 627,210 77,210 Tobacco taxes 420,800 404,550 (16,250) Admission and amusement taxes 14,980 136,336 (13,464) Hotel and motel room taxes 3,767,000 4,033,138 266,138 Restaurant food taxes 17,690,500 18,923,739 1,233,239 Short-term rental taxes 110,400 124,002 13,602 Public right-of-way use fee 126,200 1115,647 (10,653) Total other local taxes 573,950 675,573 101,623 Permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses: 2,000 9,7							
Total general property taxes 72,065,600 72,948,245 882,645 Other local taxes: Local sales and use taxes 17,925,300 18,582,222 656,922 Consumer utility taxes 2,018,400 1,990,858 (27,542) Business license taxes 8,605,900 8,617,396 11,496 Motor vehicle license taxes 1,034,000 1,046,227 12,827 Taxes on recordation and wills 550,000 627,210 77,210 Tobacco taxes 420,800 404,550 (16,250) Admission and amusement taxes 149,800 136,336 (13,464) Hotel and motel room taxes 3,767,000 4,033,138 266,138 Restaurant food taxes 17,690,500 18,923,739 1,233,239 Short-term rental taxes 110,400 124,002 13,602 Public right-of-way use fee 126,200 115,547 (10,653) Total other local taxes 52,397,700 54,615,777 2,218,077 Permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses 4,000 4,085 85 Permits and other lic	•						
Other local taxes: Local sales and use taxes 17,925,300 18,582,222 656,922 Consumer utility taxes 2,018,400 1,990,858 (27,542) Business license taxes 8,605,900 8,617,396 11,496 Motor vehicle license taxes - 14,552 14,552 Bank stock taxes 1,033,400 1,046,227 12,827 Taxes on recordation and wills 550,000 627,210 77,210 Tobacco taxes 420,800 404,550 (16,250) Admission and amusement taxes 149,800 136,336 (13,464) Hotel and motel room taxes 3,767,000 4,033,138 266,138 Restaurant food taxes 17,690,500 18,923,739 1,233,239 Short-term rental taxes 110,400 124,002 13,602 Public right-of-way use fee 126,200 115,547 (10,653) Total other local taxes 5,397,700 54,615,777 2,218,077 Permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses: 4,000 4,085 85 Permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses		_		_		_	
Local sales and use taxes 17,925,300 18,582,222 656,922 Consumer utility taxes 2,018,400 1,990,858 (27,542) Business license taxes 8,605,900 8,617,396 11,496 Motor vehicle license taxes 1,033,400 1,046,227 12,827 Taxes on recordation and wills 550,000 627,210 77,210 Tobacco taxes 420,800 404,550 (16,250) Admission and amusement taxes 149,800 136,336 (13,464) Hotel and motel room taxes 3,767,000 4,033,138 266,138 Restaurant food taxes 17,690,500 18,923,739 1,233,239 Short-term rental taxes 110,400 124,002 13,602 Public right-of-way use fee 126,200 1115,547 (10,653) Total other local taxes 52,397,700 54,615,777 2,218,077 Permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses: 4,000 4,085 85 Permits and other licenses 573,950 675,573 101,623 Total permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses	l otal general property taxes	_	72,065,600		72,948,245	_	882,645
Consumer utility taxes 2,018,400 1,990,858 (27,542) Business license taxes 8,605,900 8,617,396 11,496 Motor vehicle license taxes 1,033,400 1,046,227 14,552 Bank stock taxes 1,033,400 1,046,227 12,827 Taxes on recordation and wills 550,000 627,210 77,210 Tobacco taxes 420,800 404,550 (16,250) Admission and amusement taxes 149,800 136,336 (13,464) Hotel and motel room taxes 3,767,000 4,033,138 266,138 Restaurant food taxes 17,690,500 18,923,739 1,233,239 Short-term rental taxes 110,400 124,002 13,602 Public right-to-way use fee 126,200 115,547 (10,653) Total other local taxes 52,397,700 54,615,777 2,218,077 Permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses: Animal licenses 4,000 4,085 85 Permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses 573,950 675,573 101,623	Other local taxes:						
Business license taxes 8,605,900 8,617,396 11,496 Motor vehicle license taxes - 14,552 14,552 Bank stock taxes 1,033,400 1,046,227 12,827 Taxes on recordation and wills 550,000 627,210 77,210 Tobacco taxes 420,800 404,550 (16,250) Admission and amusement taxes 149,800 136,336 (13,464) Hotel and motel room taxes 3,767,000 4,033,138 266,138 Restaurant food taxes 17,690,500 18,923,739 1,233,239 Short-term rental taxes 110,400 124,002 13,602 Public right-of-way use fee 126,200 115,547 (10,653) Total other local taxes \$7,900 4,085 85 Permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses: 4,000 4,085 85 Permits and other licenses 573,950 675,573 101,623 Total permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses 577,950 679,658 101,708 Fines and forfeitures: 200,000 197,486	Local sales and use taxes		17,925,300		18,582,222		656,922
Motor vehicle license taxes - 14,552 14,552 Bank stock taxes 1,033,400 1,046,227 12,827 Taxes on recordation and wills 550,000 627,210 77,210 Tobacco taxes 420,800 404,550 (16,250) Admission and amusement taxes 149,800 136,336 (13,464) Hotel and motel room taxes 3,767,000 4,033,138 266,138 Restaurant food taxes 17,690,500 18,923,739 1,233,239 Short-term rental taxes 110,400 124,002 13,602 Public right-of-way use fee 126,200 115,547 (10,653) Total other local taxes 52,397,700 54,615,777 2,218,077 Permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses: 4,000 4,085 85 Permits and other licenses 573,950 675,573 101,623 Total permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses 577,950 679,658 101,708 Fines and forfeitures: 200,000 197,486 (2,514) Parking fines 45,000 43,567 <td>Consumer utility taxes</td> <td></td> <td>2,018,400</td> <td></td> <td>1,990,858</td> <td></td> <td>(27,542)</td>	Consumer utility taxes		2,018,400		1,990,858		(27,542)
Bank stock taxes 1,033,400 1,046,227 12,827 Taxes on recordation and wills 550,000 627,210 77,210 Tobacco taxes 420,800 404,550 (16,250) Admission and amusement taxes 149,800 136,336 (13,464) Hotel and motel room taxes 3,767,000 4,033,138 266,138 Restaurant food taxes 17,690,500 18,923,739 1,233,239 Short-term rental taxes 110,400 124,002 13,602 Public right-of-way use fee 126,200 115,547 (10,653) Total other local taxes 52,397,700 54,615,777 2,218,077 Permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses: 4,000 4,085 85 Permits and other licenses 573,950 675,573 101,623 Total permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses 577,950 679,658 101,708 Fines and forfeitures: 200,000 197,486 (2,514) Parking fines 200,000 197,486 (2,514) Parking fines 45,000 43,567	Business license taxes		8,605,900		8,617,396		11,496
Taxes on recordation and wills 550,000 627,210 77,210 Tobacco taxes 420,800 404,550 (16,250) Admission and amusement taxes 149,800 136,336 (13,464) Hotel and motel room taxes 3,767,000 4,033,138 266,138 Restaurant food taxes 17,690,500 18,923,739 1,233,239 Short-term rental taxes 110,400 124,002 13,602 Public right-of-way use fee 126,200 115,547 (10,653) Total other local taxes 52,397,700 54,615,777 2,218,077 Permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses: 4,000 4,085 85 Permits and other licenses 573,950 675,573 101,623 Total permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses 577,950 679,658 101,708 Fines and forfeitures: Court fines 200,000 197,486 (2,514) Parking fines 45,000 43,567 (1,433) E-summons fee 30,000 26,326 (3,674) Speed camera fines </td <td>Motor vehicle license taxes</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>14,552</td> <td></td> <td>14,552</td>	Motor vehicle license taxes		-		14,552		14,552
Tobacco taxes 420,800 404,550 (16,250) Admission and amusement taxes 149,800 136,336 (13,464) Hotel and motel room taxes 3,767,000 4,033,138 266,138 Restaurant food taxes 17,690,500 18,923,739 1,233,239 Short-term rental taxes 110,400 124,002 13,602 Public right-of-way use fee 126,200 115,547 (10,653) Total other local taxes 52,397,700 54,615,777 2,218,077 Permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses: 4,000 4,085 85 Permits and other licenses 573,950 675,573 101,623 Total permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses 577,950 679,658 101,708 Fines and forfeitures: 200,000 197,486 (2,514) Parking fines 200,000 197,486 (2,514) Parking fines 45,000 43,567 (1,433) E-summons fee 30,000 26,326 (3,674) Speed camera fines 1,566,000 2,112,037 546,03	Bank stock taxes		1,033,400		1,046,227		12,827
Admission and amusement taxes 149,800 136,336 (13,464) Hotel and motel room taxes 3,767,000 4,033,138 266,138 Restaurant food taxes 17,690,500 18,923,739 1,233,239 Short-term rental taxes 110,400 124,002 13,602 Public right-of-way use fee 126,200 115,547 (10,653) Total other local taxes 52,397,700 54,615,777 2,218,077 Permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses: 4,000 4,085 85 Permits and other licenses 573,950 675,573 101,623 Total permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses 577,950 679,658 101,708 Fines and forfeitures: 200,000 197,486 (2,514) Court fines 200,000 197,486 (2,514) Parking fines 45,000 43,567 (1,433) E-summons fee 30,000 26,326 (3,674) Speed camera fines 1,566,000 2,112,037 546,037 Asset forfeiture 15,181 15,181 Other fines and forfeitures 10,000 10,570 554,167	Taxes on recordation and wills		550,000		627,210		77,210
Hotel and motel room taxes 3,767,000 4,033,138 266,138 Restaurant food taxes 17,690,500 18,923,739 1,233,239 Short-term rental taxes 110,400 124,002 13,602 Public right-of-way use fee 126,200 115,547 (10,653) Total other local taxes 52,397,700 54,615,777 2,218,077	Tobacco taxes		420,800		404,550		(16,250)
Restaurant food taxes 17,690,500 18,923,739 1,233,239 Short-term rental taxes 110,400 124,002 13,602 Public right-of-way use fee 126,200 115,547 (10,653) Total other local taxes 52,397,700 54,615,777 2,218,077 Permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses: 4,000 4,085 85 Permits and other licenses 573,950 675,573 101,623 Total permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses 577,950 679,658 101,708 Fines and forfeitures: 200,000 197,486 (2,514) Parking fines 45,000 43,567 (1,433) E-summons fee 30,000 26,326 (3,674) Speed camera fines 1,566,000 2,112,037 546,037 Asset forfeiture - 15,181 15,181 Other fines and forfeitures 10,000 10,570 570 Total fines and forfeitures 1,851,000 2,405,167 554,167 Use of money and property: 5,905,000 6,142,684 237	Admission and amusement taxes		149,800		136,336		(13,464)
Short-term rental taxes 110,400 124,002 13,602 Public right-of-way use fee 126,200 115,547 (10,653) Total other local taxes 52,397,700 54,615,777 2,218,077 Permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses: Animal licenses 4,000 4,085 85 Permits and other licenses 573,950 675,573 101,623 Total permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses 577,950 679,658 101,708 Fines and forfeitures: Court fines 200,000 197,486 (2,514) Parking fines 45,000 43,567 (1,433) E-summons fee 30,000 26,326 (3,674) Speed camera fines 1,566,000 2,112,037 546,037 Asset forfeiture - 15,181 15,181 Other fines and forfeitures 10,000 10,570 570 Total fines and forfeitures 1,851,000 2,405,167 554,167 Use of money 5,905,000 6,142,684 237,684	Hotel and motel room taxes		3,767,000		4,033,138		266,138
Public right-of-way use fee 126,200 115,547 (10,653) Total other local taxes 52,397,700 54,615,777 2,218,077 Permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses: Animal licenses 4,000 4,085 85 Permits and other licenses 573,950 675,573 101,623 Total permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses 577,950 679,658 101,708 Fines and forfeitures: Court fines 200,000 197,486 (2,514) Parking fines 45,000 43,567 (1,433) E-summons fee 30,000 26,326 (3,674) Speed camera fines 1,566,000 2,112,037 546,037 Asset forfeiture - 15,181 15,181 Other fines and forfeitures 10,000 10,570 570 Total fines and forfeitures 1,851,000 2,405,167 554,167 Use of money and property: 5,905,000 6,142,684 237,684 Use of money 5,905,000 6,742,684 237,684	Restaurant food taxes		17,690,500		18,923,739		1,233,239
Total other local taxes 52,397,700 54,615,777 2,218,077 Permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses: 4,000 4,085 85 Permits and other licenses 573,950 675,573 101,623 Total permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses 577,950 679,658 101,708 Fines and forfeitures: Court fines 200,000 197,486 (2,514) Parking fines 45,000 43,567 (1,433) E-summons fee 30,000 26,326 (3,674) Speed camera fines 1,566,000 2,112,037 546,037 Asset forfeiture - 15,181 15,181 Other fines and forfeitures 10,000 10,570 570 Total fines and forfeitures 1,851,000 2,405,167 554,167 Use of money and property: 5,905,000 6,142,684 237,684 Use of property 15,000 75,380 60,380	Short-term rental taxes		110,400		124,002		13,602
Permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses: Animal licenses 4,000 4,085 85 Permits and other licenses 573,950 675,573 101,623 Total permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses 577,950 679,658 101,708 Fines and forfeitures: Court fines 200,000 197,486 (2,514) Parking fines 200,000 43,567 (1,433) E-summons fee 30,000 26,326 (3,674) Speed camera fines 1,566,000 2,112,037 546,037 Asset forfeiture - 15,181 15,181 Other fines and forfeitures 10,000 10,570 570 Total fines and forfeitures 1,851,000 2,405,167 554,167 Use of money and property: 5,905,000 6,142,684 237,684 Use of property 15,000 75,380 60,380	Public right-of-way use fee		126,200		115,547		(10,653)
Animal licenses 4,000 4,085 85 Permits and other licenses 573,950 675,573 101,623 Total permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses 577,950 679,658 101,708 Fines and forfeitures: Court fines 200,000 197,486 (2,514) Parking fines 45,000 43,567 (1,433) E-summons fee 30,000 26,326 (3,674) Speed camera fines 1,566,000 2,112,037 546,037 Asset forfeiture - 15,181 15,181 Other fines and forfeitures 10,000 10,570 570 Total fines and forfeitures 1,851,000 2,405,167 554,167 Use of money and property: 5,905,000 6,142,684 237,684 Use of property 15,000 75,380 60,380	Total other local taxes	_	52,397,700		54,615,777	_	2,218,077
Animal licenses 4,000 4,085 85 Permits and other licenses 573,950 675,573 101,623 Total permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses 577,950 679,658 101,708 Fines and forfeitures: Court fines 200,000 197,486 (2,514) Parking fines 45,000 43,567 (1,433) E-summons fee 30,000 26,326 (3,674) Speed camera fines 1,566,000 2,112,037 546,037 Asset forfeiture - 15,181 15,181 Other fines and forfeitures 10,000 10,570 570 Total fines and forfeitures 1,851,000 2,405,167 554,167 Use of money and property: 5,905,000 6,142,684 237,684 Use of property 15,000 75,380 60,380	Permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses:						
Permits and other licenses 573,950 675,573 101,623 Total permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses 577,950 679,658 101,708 Fines and forfeitures: Court fines 200,000 197,486 (2,514) Parking fines 45,000 43,567 (1,433) E-summons fee 30,000 26,326 (3,674) Speed camera fines 1,566,000 2,112,037 546,037 Asset forfeiture - 15,181 15,181 Other fines and forfeitures 10,000 10,570 570 Total fines and forfeitures 1,851,000 2,405,167 554,167 Use of money and property: 5,905,000 6,142,684 237,684 Use of property 15,000 75,380 60,380			4.000		4.085		85
Total permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses 577,950 679,658 101,708 Fines and forfeitures: Court fines 200,000 197,486 (2,514) Parking fines 45,000 43,567 (1,433) E-summons fee 30,000 26,326 (3,674) Speed camera fines 1,566,000 2,112,037 546,037 Asset forfeiture - 15,181 15,181 Other fines and forfeitures 10,000 10,570 570 Total fines and forfeitures 1,851,000 2,405,167 554,167 Use of money and property: 5,905,000 6,142,684 237,684 Use of property 15,000 75,380 60,380					•		
Court fines 200,000 197,486 (2,514) Parking fines 45,000 43,567 (1,433) E-summons fee 30,000 26,326 (3,674) Speed camera fines 1,566,000 2,112,037 546,037 Asset forfeiture - 15,181 15,181 Other fines and forfeitures 10,000 10,570 570 Total fines and forfeitures 1,851,000 2,405,167 554,167 Use of money and property: Use of money 5,905,000 6,142,684 237,684 Use of property 15,000 75,380 60,380		_		_		-	
Court fines 200,000 197,486 (2,514) Parking fines 45,000 43,567 (1,433) E-summons fee 30,000 26,326 (3,674) Speed camera fines 1,566,000 2,112,037 546,037 Asset forfeiture - 15,181 15,181 Other fines and forfeitures 10,000 10,570 570 Total fines and forfeitures 1,851,000 2,405,167 554,167 Use of money and property: Use of money 5,905,000 6,142,684 237,684 Use of property 15,000 75,380 60,380	Fines and forfaitures						
Parking fines 45,000 43,567 (1,433) E-summons fee 30,000 26,326 (3,674) Speed camera fines 1,566,000 2,112,037 546,037 Asset forfeiture - 15,181 15,181 Other fines and forfeitures 10,000 10,570 570 Total fines and forfeitures 1,851,000 2,405,167 554,167 Use of money and property: Use of money 5,905,000 6,142,684 237,684 Use of property 15,000 75,380 60,380			200 000		107 /06		(2.514)
E-summons fee 30,000 26,326 (3,674) Speed camera fines 1,566,000 2,112,037 546,037 Asset forfeiture - 15,181 15,181 Other fines and forfeitures 10,000 10,570 570 Total fines and forfeitures 1,851,000 2,405,167 554,167 Use of money and property: Use of money 5,905,000 6,142,684 237,684 Use of property 15,000 75,380 60,380							
Speed camera fines 1,566,000 2,112,037 546,037 Asset forfeiture - 15,181 15,181 Other fines and forfeitures 10,000 10,570 570 Total fines and forfeitures 1,851,000 2,405,167 554,167 Use of money and property: Use of money 5,905,000 6,142,684 237,684 Use of property 15,000 75,380 60,380							
Asset forfeiture - 15,181 15,181 Other fines and forfeitures 10,000 10,570 570 Total fines and forfeitures 1,851,000 2,405,167 554,167 Use of money and property: Use of money 5,905,000 6,142,684 237,684 Use of property 15,000 75,380 60,380							
Other fines and forfeitures 10,000 10,570 570 Total fines and forfeitures 1,851,000 2,405,167 554,167 Use of money and property: Use of money 5,905,000 6,142,684 237,684 Use of property 15,000 75,380 60,380	•		1,500,000				
Total fines and forfeitures 1,851,000 2,405,167 554,167 Use of money and property: Use of money 5,905,000 6,142,684 237,684 Use of property 15,000 75,380 60,380			10.000				
Use of money and property: Use of money 5,905,000 6,142,684 237,684 Use of property 15,000 75,380 60,380		_		_		_	
Use of money 5,905,000 6,142,684 237,684 Use of property 15,000 75,380 60,380	rotal lines and forreltures	_	1,851,000		2,405,167	_	554,167
Use of property 15,000 75,380 60,380	Use of money and property:						
	Use of money		5,905,000		6,142,684		237,684
Total use of money and property <u>5,920,000</u> <u>6,218,064</u> <u>298,064</u>	Use of property	_		_		_	
	Total use of money and property	_	5,920,000		6,218,064	_	298,064

Primary Government: (continued) Seneral Fund: (continu	Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Sources		Final Budget		Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)
Charges for law enforcement and traffic control \$ 65,000 \$ - \$ (65,000) Charges for law enforcement and traffic control 9,500 13,556 4,056 Charges for parking 125,000 139,540 14,540 Charges for parking 120,000 154,570 34,570 Charges for parking 409,900 468,327 58,427 Charges for parking and recreation 409,900 468,327 58,427 Charges for golf course 821,400 1,122,478 301,078 Total charges for services 1,550,800 1,898,471 347,671 Miscellaneous: Payments in lieu of taxes: 1 1,550,800 689,593 35,693 Electric plant and equipment 653,900 689,593 35,693 Service charge on tax exempt property 124,000 151,334 27,394 Debt service reimbursement from HRCSB 162,123 162,123 162,123 162,123 162,123 162,123 162,123 162,123 162,123 162,123 162,123 162,123 162,123 162,124	Primary Government: (continued)						
Charges for law enforcement and traffic control \$ 65,000 \$ - \$ (65,000) Charges for lire and rescue 9,500 13,556 4,056 Charges for parking 125,000 139,540 14,540 Charges for rescue services 120,000 154,570 34,570 Charges for parks and recreation 409,900 168,327 58,427 Charges for golf course 821,400 1,122,478 301,078 Total charges for services 821,400 1,898,471 347,671 Miscellaneous: 821,400 1,898,471 347,671 Miscellaneous: 82,1400 1,122,478 301,078 Service charge on tax exempt property 124,000 151,394 27,394 Service charge on tax exempt property 124,000 151,394 27,394 Debt service reimbursement from HRHA 616,850 616,850 - Det service reimbursement from HRCSB 162,123 162,123 - Det service reimbursement from HRCSB 162,213 94,393 (4,971) Other miscellaneous 600,375 954,516	General Fund: (continued)						
Charges for fire and rescue 9,500 13,556 4,056 Charges for parking 125,000 139,540 14,540 Charges for parking 120,000 154,570 34,570 Charges for parks and recreation 409,900 468,327 58,427 Charges for polf course 821,400 1,122,478 301,078 Total charges for services 1,550,800 1,898,471 347,671 Miscellaneous: Payments in lieu of taxes: Electric plant and equipment 653,900 689,593 35,693 Service charge on tax exempt property 124,000 151,394 27,394 Debt service reimbursement from HRHA 616,850 616,850 - Debt service reimbursement from HRCSB 162,123 162,123 - Donations JMU 275,000 300,185 25,185 Donations JMU 275,000 300,185 25,185 Total miscellaneous 600,375 954,516 354,141 Total miscellaneous 5,200,000 5,200,000 - Payment from Component units 8,00<	Charges for services:						
Charges for parking 125,000 139,540 14,540 Charges for rescue services 120,000 154,570 34,570 Charges for parks and recreation 409,000 468,327 56,427 Charges for golf course 821,400 1,122,478 301,078 Total charges for services 1,550,800 1,898,471 347,671 Miscellaneous: Payments in lieu of taxes: Electric plant and equipment 653,900 689,593 35,693 Service charge on tax exempt property 124,000 151,394 27,394 Debt service reimbursement from HRHA 616,850 616,850 -7,394 Debt service reimbursement from HRCSB 162,123 162,123 - Donations - JMU 275,000 300,185 25,185 Total miscellaneous 5,200,000 <td>Charges for law enforcement and traffic control</td> <td>\$</td> <td>65,000</td> <td>\$</td> <td>-</td> <td>\$</td> <td>(65,000)</td>	Charges for law enforcement and traffic control	\$	65,000	\$	-	\$	(65,000)
Charges for rescue services 120,000 154,570 34,570 Charges for parks and recreation 409,900 468,327 58,427 Charges for golf course 821,400 1,122,478 301,078 Total charges for services 1,550,800 1,898,471 347,671 Miscellaneous: Payments in lieu of taxes: Electric plant and equipment 653,900 689,593 35,693 Service charge on tax exempt property 124,000 151,394 27,394 Debt service reimbursement from HRCSB 162,123 162,123 - Debt service reimbursement from HRCSB 162,123 162,123 - Donations - JMU 275,000 300,185 25,185 Donations - JMO 275,000 300,185 25,185 Donations - JMO 99,364 94,393 (4,971) Other miscellaneous 2,531,612 2,969,054 437,442 Payment from Component units: Payment from Harrisonburg Electric Commission 5,200,000 5,200,000 - Revenue	Charges for fire and rescue		9,500		13,556		4,056
Charges for parks and recreation 409,900 468,327 58,427 Charges for golf course 821,400 1,122,478 301,078 Total charges for services 1,550,800 1,898,471 347,671 Miscellaneous: Payments in lieu of taxes: Service charge on tax exempt property 653,900 689,593 35,693 Service charge on tax exempt property 124,000 151,394 27,394 Debt service reimbursement from HRCSB 616,850 616,850 616,850 2-1 Debt service reimbursement from HRCSB 162,123 162,123 1-2 2-1 Donations - JMU 275,000 300,185 25,185 25,185 2-1 2-1 2-1 2-1 2-1 2-1 3-1 <td>Charges for parking</td> <td></td> <td>125,000</td> <td></td> <td>139,540</td> <td></td> <td>14,540</td>	Charges for parking		125,000		139,540		14,540
Charges for golf course 821,400 1,122,478 301,078 Total charges for services 1,550,800 1,898,471 347,671 Miscellaneous: Payments in lieu of taxes: Electric plant and equipment 653,900 689,593 35,693 Service charge on tax exempt property 124,000 151,394 27,394 Debt service reimbursement from HRCSB 168,850 616,850 - Debt service reimbursement from HRCSB 162,123 162,123 - Donations - JMU 275,000 300,185 25,185 Donations - JMU 275,000 300,185 25,185 Donations 99,364 94,393 (4,971) Other miscellaneous 2,531,612 2,969,054 437,442 Payments from component units: Payments from component units 5,200,000 5,200,000 - Total payments from component units 8,200,000 5,200,000 - Revenue from the Commonwealth: 8,200,000 5,200,000 - Reigror from the Commonwealth: 8,200,0	Charges for rescue services		120,000		154,570		34,570
Total charges for services 1,550,800 1,898,471 347,671 Miscellaneous: Payments in lieu of taxes: Service charge on tax exempt property 124,000 151,394 27,394 Electric plant and equipment 653,900 689,593 35,693 Service charge on tax exempt property 124,000 151,394 27,394 Debt service reimbursement from HRHA 616,850 616,850 - Debt service reimbursement from HRCSB 162,123 162,123 - Donations JMU 275,000 300,185 25,185 Donations 99,364 94,393 (4,971) Other miscellaneous 600,375 954,516 354,141 Total miscellaneous 2,531,612 2,969,054 437,442 Payments from component units: Payments from component units: 2,200,000 5,200,000 - Intergovernmental: 8 8 8,200,000 - - Revenue from the Commonwealth: Non-categorical aid: 8,100 18,935 2,935 Mobile home titting taxe	Charges for parks and recreation		409,900		468,327		58,427
Miscellaneous: Payments in lieu of taxes: Electric plant and equipment 653,900 689,593 35,693 Service charge on tax exempt property 124,000 151,394 27,394 Debt service reimbursement from HRHA 616,850 616,850 - Debt service reimbursement from HRCSB 162,123 162,123 - Donations - JMU 275,000 300,185 25,185 Donations 99,364 94,393 (4,971) Other miscellaneous 600,375 954,516 354,141 Total miscellaneous 2,531,612 2,969,054 437,442 Payment from component units: Payments from component units 5,200,000 5,200,000 - Total payments from component units 5,200,000 5,200,000 - Intergovernmental: Revenue from the Commonwealth: Non-categorical aid: 8 Non-categorical aid: 8 16,000 18,935 2,935 Mobile home titling taxes 3,000 2,190 (810) Personal property tax reimbursement 1,522,583 1,522,583 - <td>Charges for golf course</td> <td>_</td> <td>821,400</td> <td></td> <td>1,122,478</td> <td>_</td> <td>301,078</td>	Charges for golf course	_	821,400		1,122,478	_	301,078
Payments in lieu of taxes: Electric plant and equipment 653,900 689,593 35,693 35,693 35,093 35	Total charges for services	_	1,550,800		1,898,471	_	347,671
Electric plant and equipment 653,900 689,593 35,693 Service charge on tax exempt property 124,000 151,394 27,394 Debt service reimbursement from HRHAA 616,850 616,850 - Debt service reimbursement from HRCSB 162,123 162,123 - Donations - JMU 275,000 300,185 25,185 Donations 99,364 94,393 (4,971) Other miscellaneous 600,375 954,516 354,141 Total miscellaneous 2,531,612 2,969,054 437,442 Payments from component units: - - Payments from component units 5,200,000 5,200,000 - Total payments from component units 5,200,000 5,200,000 - Intergovernmental: Revenue from the Commonwealth: 8 8 Non-categorical aid: 16,000 18,935 2,935 Mobile horne titling stock taxes 16,000 18,935 2,935 Mobile horne titling taxes 3,000 2,190 (810) Personal	Miscellaneous:						
Service charge on tax exempt property 124,000 151,394 27,394 Debt service reimbursement from HRHA 616,850 616,850 - Debt service reimbursement from HRCSB 162,123 162,123 - Donations - JMU 275,000 300,185 25,185 Donations 99,364 94,393 (4,971) Other miscellaneous 600,375 954,516 354,141 Total miscellaneous 2,531,612 2,969,054 437,442 Payments from component units: Payment from Harrisonburg Electric Commission 5,200,000 5,200,000 - Total payments from component units 5,200,000 5,200,000 - Intergovernmental: Revenue from the Commonwealth: Non-categorical aid: Railroad rolling stock taxes 16,000 18,935 2,935 Mobile home titling taxes 3,000 2,190 (810) Personal property tax reimbursement 1,522,583 - Communication sales and use taxes 1,103,600 1,655,064	Payments in lieu of taxes:						
Debt service reimbursement from HRHA 616,850 616,850 - Debt service reimbursement from HRCSB 162,123 162,123 - Donations - JMU 275,000 300,185 25,185 Donations 99,364 94,393 (4,971) Other miscellaneous 600,375 954,516 354,141 Total miscellaneous 2,531,612 2,969,054 437,442 Payments from component units: Payments from component units 5,200,000 5,200,000 - Intergovernmental: Revenue from the Commonwealth: 5,200,000 5,200,000 - Railroad rolling stock taxes 16,000 18,935 2,935 Mobile home titling taxes 3,000 2,190 (810) Personal property tax reimbursement 1,522,583 1,522,583 - Communication sales and use taxes 1,103,600 1,055,064 (48,536) Auto rental taxes 445,800 417,029 (28,771) Animal friendly license plate 500 456 (44)	Electric plant and equipment		653,900		689,593		35,693
Debt service reimbursement from HRCSB 162,123 162,123 1 Donations - JMU 275,000 300,185 25,185 Donations 99,364 94,393 (4,971) Other miscellaneous 600,375 954,516 354,141 Total miscellaneous 2,531,612 2,969,054 437,442 Payments from component units: Payment from Harrisonburg Electric Commission 5,200,000 5,200,000 - Total payments from component units 5,200,000 5,200,000 - Intergovernmental: Revenue from the Commonwealth: 8,200,000 5,200,000 - Non-categorical aid: 8 8,935 2,935 Mobile home titling taxes 3,000 2,190 (810) Personal property tax reimbursement 1,522,583 1,522,583 - Communication sales and use taxes 1,103,600 1,055,064 (48,536) Auto rental taxes 445,800 417,029 (28,771) Animal friendly license plate 500 456 (44) </td <td>Service charge on tax exempt property</td> <td></td> <td>124,000</td> <td></td> <td>151,394</td> <td></td> <td>27,394</td>	Service charge on tax exempt property		124,000		151,394		27,394
Donations - JMU 275,000 300,185 25,185 Donations 99,364 94,393 (4,971) Other miscellaneous 600,375 954,516 354,141 Total miscellaneous 2,531,612 2,969,054 437,442 Payments from component units: Payment from Harrisonburg Electric Commission 5,200,000 5,200,000 - Intergovernmental: Revenue from the Commonwealth: Non-categorical aid: Railroad rolling stock taxes 16,000 18,935 2,935 Mobile home titling taxes 3,000 2,190 (810) Personal property tax reimbursement 1,522,583 1,522,583 - Communication sales and use taxes 1,103,600 1,055,064 (48,536) Auto rental taxes 445,800 417,029 (28,771) Animal friendly license plate 500 456 (44) Total non-categorical aid 3,091,483 3,016,257 (75,226) Categorical aid: Shared exp	Debt service reimbursement from HRHA		616,850		616,850		-
Donations 99,364 94,393 (4,971) Other miscellaneous 600,375 954,516 354,141 Total miscellaneous 2,531,612 2,969,054 437,442 Payments from component units: Payment from Harrisonburg Electric Commission 5,200,000 5,200,000 - Total payments from component units 5,200,000 5,200,000 - Intergovernmental: Revenue from the Commonwealth: Non-categorical aid: Railroad rolling stock taxes 16,000 18,935 2,935 Mobile home titling taxes 3,000 2,190 (810) Personal property tax reimbursement 1,522,583 1,522,583 - Communication sales and use taxes 1,103,600 1,055,064 (48,536) Auto rental taxes 445,800 417,029 (28,771) Animal friendly license plate 500 456 (44) Total non-categorical aid 3,091,483 3,016,257 (75,226) Categorical aid:	Debt service reimbursement from HRCSB		162,123		162,123		-
Other miscellaneous 600,375 954,516 354,141 Total miscellaneous 2,531,612 2,969,054 437,442 Payments from component units: Payment from Harrisonburg Electric Commission 5,200,000 5,200,000 - Total payments from component units 5,200,000 5,200,000 - Intergovernmental: Revenue from the Commonwealth: Non-categorical aid: 8 8 8 8 8 2,935 8 18,935 2,935 2,935 8 16,000 18,935 2,935 2,935 8 1,000 18,935 2,935 1,000 1,0	Donations - JMU		275,000		300,185		25,185
Total miscellaneous 2,531,612 2,969,054 437,442 Payments from component units:	Donations		99,364		94,393		(4,971)
Payments from component units: Payment from Harrisonburg Electric Commission 5,200,000 5,200,000 - Total payments from component units 5,200,000 5,200,000 - Intergovernmental: Revenue from the Commonwealth: Non-categorical aid: Railroad rolling stock taxes 16,000 18,935 2,935 Mobile home titling taxes 3,000 2,190 (810) Personal property tax reimbursement 1,522,583 1,522,583 - Communication sales and use taxes 1,103,600 1,055,064 (48,536) Auto rental taxes 445,800 417,029 (28,771) Animal friendly license plate 500 456 (44) Total non-categorical aid: 3,091,483 3,016,257 (75,226) Categorical aid: Shared expenses: Commissioner of the revenue 176,000 198,923 22,923 Treasurer 155,000 177,658 22,658 Registrar 81,000 89,523 8,523	Other miscellaneous		600,375		954,516	_	354,141
Payment from Harrisonburg Electric Commission 5,200,000 5,200,000 - Total payments from component units 5,200,000 5,200,000 - Intergovernmental: Revenue from the Commonwealth: Non-categorical aid: 8 16,000 18,935 2,935 Mobile home titling staxes 3,000 2,190 (810) Personal property tax reimbursement 1,522,583 1,522,583 - Communication sales and use taxes 1,103,600 1,055,064 (48,536) Auto rental taxes 445,800 417,029 (28,771) Animal friendly license plate 500 456 (44) Total non-categorical aid 3,091,483 3,016,257 (75,226) Categorical aid: Shared expenses: Commissioner of the revenue 176,000 198,923 22,923 Treasurer 155,000 177,658 22,658 Registrar 81,000 89,523 8,523	Total miscellaneous	_	2,531,612	_	2,969,054	_	437,442
Total payments from component units 5,200,000 5,200,000 - Intergovernmental: Revenue from the Commonwealth: Non-categorical aid: Railroad rolling stock taxes 16,000 18,935 2,935 Mobile home titling taxes 3,000 2,190 (810) Personal property tax reimbursement 1,522,583 - Communication sales and use taxes 1,103,600 1,055,064 (48,536) Auto rental taxes 445,800 417,029 (28,771) Animal friendly license plate 500 456 (44) Total non-categorical aid 3,091,483 3,016,257 (75,226) Categorical aid: Shared expenses: Commissioner of the revenue 176,000 198,923 22,923 Treasurer 155,000 177,658 22,658 Registrar 81,000 89,523 8,523	Payments from component units:						
Intergovernmental: Revenue from the Commonwealth: Non-categorical aid: Railroad rolling stock taxes 16,000 18,935 2,935 Mobile home titling taxes 3,000 2,190 (810) Personal property tax reimbursement 1,522,583 1,522,583 - Communication sales and use taxes 1,103,600 1,055,064 (48,536) Auto rental taxes 445,800 417,029 (28,771) Animal friendly license plate 500 456 (44) Total non-categorical aid 3,091,483 3,016,257 (75,226) Categorical aid: Shared expenses: 22,923 Commissioner of the revenue 176,000 198,923 22,923 Treasurer 155,000 177,658 22,658 Registrar 81,000 89,523 8,523	Payment from Harrisonburg Electric Commission		5,200,000		5,200,000		-
Revenue from the Commonwealth: Non-categorical aid: Railroad rolling stock taxes 16,000 18,935 2,935 Mobile home titling taxes 3,000 2,190 (810) Personal property tax reimbursement 1,522,583 1,522,583 - Communication sales and use taxes 1,103,600 1,055,064 (48,536) Auto rental taxes 445,800 417,029 (28,771) Animal friendly license plate 500 456 (44) Total non-categorical aid 3,091,483 3,016,257 (75,226) Categorical aid: Shared expenses: Commissioner of the revenue 176,000 198,923 22,923 Treasurer 155,000 177,658 22,658 Registrar 81,000 89,523 8,523	Total payments from component units	_	5,200,000		5,200,000	_	-
Non-categorical aid: Railroad rolling stock taxes 16,000 18,935 2,935 Mobile home titling taxes 3,000 2,190 (810) Personal property tax reimbursement 1,522,583 1,522,583 - Communication sales and use taxes 1,103,600 1,055,064 (48,536) Auto rental taxes 445,800 417,029 (28,771) Animal friendly license plate 500 456 (44) Total non-categorical aid 3,091,483 3,016,257 (75,226) Categorical aid: Shared expenses: Commissioner of the revenue 176,000 198,923 22,923 Treasurer 155,000 177,658 22,658 Registrar 81,000 89,523 8,523	Intergovernmental:						
Railroad rolling stock taxes 16,000 18,935 2,935 Mobile home titling taxes 3,000 2,190 (810) Personal property tax reimbursement 1,522,583 1,522,583 - Communication sales and use taxes 1,103,600 1,055,064 (48,536) Auto rental taxes 445,800 417,029 (28,771) Animal friendly license plate 500 456 (44) Total non-categorical aid 3,091,483 3,016,257 (75,226) Categorical aid: Shared expenses: 22,923 Commissioner of the revenue 176,000 198,923 22,923 Treasurer 155,000 177,658 22,658 Registrar 81,000 89,523 8,523	Revenue from the Commonwealth:						
Mobile home titling taxes 3,000 2,190 (810) Personal property tax reimbursement 1,522,583 1,522,583 - Communication sales and use taxes 1,103,600 1,055,064 (48,536) Auto rental taxes 445,800 417,029 (28,771) Animal friendly license plate 500 456 (44) Total non-categorical aid 3,091,483 3,016,257 (75,226) Categorical aid: Shared expenses: Commissioner of the revenue 176,000 198,923 22,923 Treasurer 155,000 177,658 22,658 Registrar 81,000 89,523 8,523	Non-categorical aid:						
Personal property tax reimbursement 1,522,583 1,522,583 - Communication sales and use taxes 1,103,600 1,055,064 (48,536) Auto rental taxes 445,800 417,029 (28,771) Animal friendly license plate 500 456 (44) Total non-categorical aid 3,091,483 3,016,257 (75,226) Categorical aid: Shared expenses: Commissioner of the revenue 176,000 198,923 22,923 Treasurer 155,000 177,658 22,658 Registrar 81,000 89,523 8,523	Railroad rolling stock taxes		16,000		18,935		2,935
Communication sales and use taxes 1,103,600 1,055,064 (48,536) Auto rental taxes 445,800 417,029 (28,771) Animal friendly license plate 500 456 (44) Total non-categorical aid 3,091,483 3,016,257 (75,226) Categorical aid: Shared expenses: Commissioner of the revenue 176,000 198,923 22,923 Treasurer 155,000 177,658 22,658 Registrar 81,000 89,523 8,523	Mobile home titling taxes		3,000		2,190		(810)
Auto rental taxes 445,800 417,029 (28,771) Animal friendly license plate 500 456 (44) Total non-categorical aid 3,091,483 3,016,257 (75,226) Categorical aid: Shared expenses: Commissioner of the revenue Treasurer 176,000 198,923 22,923 Treasurer 155,000 177,658 22,658 Registrar 81,000 89,523 8,523	Personal property tax reimbursement		1,522,583		1,522,583		-
Animal friendly license plate 500 456 (44) Total non-categorical aid 3,091,483 3,016,257 (75,226) Categorical aid: Shared expenses: Commissioner of the revenue 176,000 198,923 22,923 Treasurer 155,000 177,658 22,658 Registrar 81,000 89,523 8,523	Communication sales and use taxes		1,103,600		1,055,064		(48,536)
Total non-categorical aid 3,091,483 3,016,257 (75,226) Categorical aid: Shared expenses: Commissioner of the revenue 176,000 198,923 22,923 Treasurer 155,000 177,658 22,658 Registrar 81,000 89,523 8,523	Auto rental taxes		445,800		417,029		(28,771)
Categorical aid: Shared expenses: Commissioner of the revenue 176,000 198,923 22,923 Treasurer 155,000 177,658 22,658 Registrar 81,000 89,523 8,523	Animal friendly license plate		500		456		(44)
Shared expenses: Commissioner of the revenue 176,000 198,923 22,923 Treasurer 155,000 177,658 22,658 Registrar 81,000 89,523 8,523	Total non-categorical aid	_	3,091,483		3,016,257	_	(75,226)
Commissioner of the revenue 176,000 198,923 22,923 Treasurer 155,000 177,658 22,658 Registrar 81,000 89,523 8,523	Categorical aid:						
Treasurer 155,000 177,658 22,658 Registrar 81,000 89,523 8,523	Shared expenses:						
Treasurer 155,000 177,658 22,658 Registrar 81,000 89,523 8,523	Commissioner of the revenue		176,000		198,923		22,923
Registrar 81,000 89,523 8,523	Treasurer		155,000		177,658		22,658
	Registrar						
	Total shared expenses		412,000		466,104	_	54,104

		Final				Variance Positive
Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Sources		Budget	_	Actual		(Negative)
Primary Government: (continued)						
General Fund: (continued)						
Intergovernmental: (continued)						
Revenue from the Commonwealth: (continued)						
Other categorical aid:						
Fire programs fund	\$	208,000	\$	233,290	\$	25,290
Fire department grants		43,600		10,000		(33,600)
Police department grants		108,000		32,659		(75,341)
Litter control grant		9,000		20,032		11,032
State aid to localities, police		1,600,000		1,683,162		83,162
Street and highway maintenance		6,696,446		6,696,446		-
Other categorical aid		98,946		108,236		9,290
Total other categorical aid	_	8,763,992	_	8,783,825	_	19,833
Total categorical aid	_	9,175,992	_	9,249,929	_	73,937
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	_	12,267,475	_	12,266,186	_	(1,289)
Revenue from the Federal Government:						
Categorical aid:						
ARPA coronavirus state and local fiscal recovery funds		4,599,627		1,364,077		(3,235,550)
Fire department grants		605,284		399,430		(205,854)
Police department grants		102,135		89,214		(12,921)
Other categorical aid	_	12,247	_	5,430	_	(6,817)
Total revenue from the Federal Government	_	5,319,293	_	1,858,151	_	(3,461,142)
Total intergovernmental	_	17,586,768	_	14,124,337	_	(3,462,431)
Total General Fund	\$_	159,681,430	\$_	161,058,773	\$_	1,377,343
Special Revenue Funds:						
Community Development Block Grant Fund:						
Intergovernmental:						
Revenue from the Federal Government:						
Community Development Block Grant	\$_	1,187,043	\$_	661,952	\$_	(525,091)
Total revenue from the Federal Government	_	1,187,043	_	661,952	_	(525,091)
Total intergovernmental	_	1,187,043	_	661,952	_	(525,091)
Total Community Development Block Grant Fund	\$_	1,187,043	\$_	661,952	\$_	(525,091)

Found Main and Minner Bossess Courses		Final		Astrol		Variance Positive
Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Sources		Budget		Actual	_	(Negative)
Primary Government: (continued)						
Special Revenue Funds: (continued)						
School Transportation Fund:	Φ.	40.700	Φ.	400 470	Φ.	440 440
Use of money and property	\$	19,760	\$	136,178	\$	116,418
Charges for services		5,621,963		5,619,432		(2,531)
Miscellaneous		15,000		1,932		(13,068)
Intergovernmental:						
Revenue from the Commonwealth:						
DEQ grant		570,330	_	570,330	_	
Total School Transportation Fund	\$	6,227,053	\$	6,327,872	\$_	100,819
Business Loan Program Fund:						
Use of money and property	\$	-	\$	11,898	\$	11,898
Miscellaneous		27,500		29,922	_	2,422
Total Business Loan Program Fund	\$	27,500	\$	41,820	\$_	14,320
Total Special Revenue Funds	\$	7,441,596	\$_	7,031,644	\$_	(409,952)
Capital Projects Fund:						
General Capital Projects Fund:						
Use of money and property	\$	283,611	\$	123,119	\$	(160,492)
Miscellaneous	Ψ	164,228	Ψ	149,701	Ψ	(14,527)
Recovered costs		3,538,201		274,453		(3,263,748)
Intergovernmental:		3,330,201		274,400		(3,203,140)
Revenue from the Commonwealth:						
VDOT revenue sharing		6,654,379		980,190		(5,674,189)
						_
Total revenue from the Commonwealth		6,654,379	_	980,190	_	(5,674,189)
Revenue from the Federal Government:						
ARPA coronavirus state and local fiscal recovery funds		16,286,688		5,406,832		(10,879,856)
VDOT transportation alternatives program grant		1,173,967		203,810		(970,157)
VDOT smart scale grant		19,945,765		980,837	_	(18,964,928)
Total revenue from the Federal Government	_	37,406,420		6,591,479	_	(30,814,941)
Total intergovernmental		44,060,799		7,571,669	_	(36,489,130)
Total General Capital Projects Fund	\$	48,046,839	\$_	8,118,942	\$_	(39,927,897)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Sources		Final Budget		Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)
Primary Government: (continued)			_		_	(iii)
Capital Projects Fund: (continued)						
School Bond Capital Projects Fund:						
Use of money and property	\$	1,189,112	\$	96,720	\$_	(1,092,392)
Total School Bond Capital Projects Fund	\$	1,189,112	\$	96,720	\$_	(1,092,392)
Total Capital Projects Fund	\$_	49,235,951	\$_	8,215,662	\$_	(41,020,289)
Grand Total Revenues (Primary Government)	\$	216,358,977	\$	176,306,079	\$_	(40,052,898)
Component Unit - School Board: School Fund:						
Use of money and property	\$	30,000	\$	38,917	\$	8,917
Charges for services	Ψ	7,500	Ψ	28,867	Ψ	21,367
Miscellaneous		441,042		505,746		64,704
Payment from primary government		41,713,910		38,714,373		(2,999,537)
Intergovernmental:				, ,		, , ,
Revenue from the Commonwealth:						
Categorical aid:						
Share of state sales tax		7,863,827		8,551,424		687,597
Basic school aid		24,792,491		24,274,889		(517,602)
Other state funds	_	34,257,295		32,234,355	_	(2,022,940)
Total categorical aid	_	66,913,613	_	65,060,668	_	(1,852,945)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	_	66,913,613		65,060,668	_	(1,852,945)
Revenue from the Federal Government: Categorical aid:						
Title I		1,441,981		1,530,567		88,586
Special education		1,378,164		1,420,246		42,082
ESSER funds		5,906,927		6,517,029		610,102
Other federal funds	_	841,516		833,223	_	(8,293)
Total revenue from the Federal Government	_	9,568,588		10,301,065	_	732,477
Total intergovernmental	_	76,482,201	_	75,361,733	_	(1,120,468)
Total School Fund	\$_	118,674,653	\$_	114,649,636	\$_	(4,025,017)

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AND DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - SCHOOL BOARD SCHEDULE OF REVENUES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Sources		Final Budget		Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)
Component Unit - School Board: (continued)						_
School Nutrition Fund:						
Use of money and property	\$	75,000	\$	201,506	\$	126,506
Charges for services		26,000		76,889		50,889
Miscellaneous		40,000		20,744		(19,256)
Intergovernmental:						
Revenue from the Commonwealth:						
Categorical aid:						
School food program		185,000		188,993		3,993
Total categorical aid		185,000		188,993		3,993
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	_	185,000		188,993	_	3,993
Revenue from the Federal Government:						
Categorical aid:						
School food program		5,235,000		5,343,635		108,635
USDA donated food		-		296,450		296,450
0027. 40.1.404	_		_	200, 100	_	200, .00
Total revenue from the Federal Government		5,235,000	_	5,640,085	_	405,085
Total intergovernmental	_	5,420,000	_	5,829,078	_	409,078
Total School Nutrition Fund	\$_	5,561,000	\$_	6,128,217	\$_	567,217
School Activity Fund:						
Miscellaneous	\$_		\$_	905,661	\$_	905,661
Total School Activity Fund	\$ <u></u>		\$_	905,661	\$_	905,661
Grand Total Revenues (Component Unit - School Board)	\$ <u></u>	124,235,653	\$	121,683,514	\$	(2,552,139)

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AND DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - SCHOOL BOARD SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

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		Final				Variance Positive
Fund, Function, Activity and Elements		Budget		Actual	_	(Negative)
Primary Government:						
General Fund:						
General government administration:						
Legislative:	•	004 000	Φ	070 505	Φ	4.044
City Council	\$	381,229	\$	379,585	\$_	1,644
Total legislative		381,229		379,585	_	1,644
General and financial administration:						
City manager		899,357		794,797		104,560
City attorney		429,851		427,697		2,154
Human resources		845,881		725,521		120,360
Independent auditor		25,520		25,520		-
Commissioner of the revenue		676,980		665,347		11,633
Assessor		429,669		422,578		7,091
Equalization		3,300		3,276		24
Treasurer		884,880		844,367		40,513
Finance		757,181		713,393		43,788
Information technology		3,148,353		2,838,030		310,323
Purchasing agent		220,424		158,067		62,357
Reserve for contingencies		736,600		-		736,600
Total general and financial administration		9,057,996		7,618,593	_	1,439,403
•						
Board of elections:						
Registrar		498,650		449,135	_	49,515
Total board of elections		498,650		449,135	_	49,515
Total general government administration		9,937,875		8,447,313	_	1,490,562
Jail and judicial administration:						
Joint expenditures with Rockingham County		7,453,930		7,282,319		171,611
Middle River Regional Jail		2,935,662		2,935,662		-
			_	_,,,,,,,	_	
Total jail and judicial administration		10,389,592	_	10,217,981	_	171,611
Public safety:						
Law enforcement and traffic control:						
Administration		5,735,679		5,136,953		598,726
Operations		6,729,246		6,688,274		40,972
Criminal investigations		1,909,066		1,872,249		36,817
Special operations		1,687,963		1,611,454		76,509
Grants		567,466		457,813		109,653
Total law enforcement and traffic control		16,629,420		15,766,743	_	862,677
Fire and rescue services:						
Administration		1 250 475		1 000 644		20.064
		1,259,475		1,229,614		29,861 4,801,265
Suppression Prevention		14,382,532		9,581,267		
		937,415		844,855		92,560
Training Total fire and rescue services	-	360,765		325,013	_	35,752
rotal life and rescue services	-	16,940,187		11,980,749	_	4,959,438
						(continued)

Schedule 2

Page 2

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AND DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - SCHOOL BOARD SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Fund, Function, Activity and Elements		Final Budget		Actual	_	Variance Positive (Negative)
Primary Government: (continued)						
General Fund: (continued)						
Public safety: (continued)						
Correction and detention:						
Court appointed attorneys	\$	40,000	\$	28,527	\$	11,473
Shenandoah Valley Juvenile Center	_	233,639		225,248	_	8,391
Total correction and detention	_	273,639	_	253,775	_	19,864
Inspections:						
Building		1,114,843		1,099,043		15,800
Total inspections	_	1,114,843		1,099,043	_	15,800
Other protection:						
Animal control		178,119		173,803		4,316
Animal control - SPCA		432,532		432,532		-
Emergency management		723,425		453,237		270,188
Community paramedic		242,345		124,752		117,593
Public safety building		491,588		449,155		42,433
Harrisonburg-Rockingham ECC		3,791,455		3,791,455		-
Total other protection	_	5,859,464	_	5,424,934	_	434,530
Total public safety	_	40,817,553	_	34,525,244	_	6,292,309
Public works:						
Maintenance of highways, streets, bridges and sidewalks:						
General engineering		887,377		787,073		100,304
Administration		1,938,900		1,907,481		31,419
Highway and street maintenance		8,085,608		5,186,700		2,898,908
Street lights		576,063		572,722		3,341
Snow and ice removal		424,057		417,831		6,226
Traffic engineering		2,676,655		2,063,106		613,549
Highway and street beautification		746,037		707,913		38,124
Downtown parking maintenance		229,695		154,467	_	75,228
Total maintenance of highways,						
streets, bridges and sidewalks	_	15,564,392		11,797,293	-	3,767,099
Sanitation and waste removal:						
Street and road cleaning		424,392	_	386,549	_	37,843
Total sanitation and waste removal	_	424,392		386,549	_	37,843
Maintenance of general buildings and grounds:						
General properties		687,495		592,054		95,441
Navigation center	_	100,000	_	6,418	_	93,582
Total maintenance of general buildings and grounds	_	787,495	_	598,472	_	189,023

3,993,965

16,776,279

12,782,314

Total public works

	Final		Variance Positive
Fund, Function, Activity and Elements	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Primary Government: (continued)			
General Fund: (continued)			
Health and human services:			
Health:			
Local health department	\$ <u>313,410</u> \$	242,955	\$ 70,455
Total health	313,410	242,955	70,455
Mental health and mental retardation:			
Community services board	1,185,773	1,185,773	-
Total mental health and mental retardation	1,185,773	1,185,773	
Welfare/social services:			
Tax relief for the elderly and disabled veterans	275,000	274,790	210
Joint expenditures with Rockingham County	5,320,316	5,320,316	-
Total welfare/social services	5,595,316	5,595,106	210
Total health and human services	7,094,499	7,023,834	70,665
Education:			
Payment to Harrisonburg City School Board	41,713,910	38,714,373	2,999,537
Total education	41,713,910	38,714,373	2,999,537
Parks, recreation and cultural:			
Parks and recreation:			
Administration	863,561	842,356	21,205
Parks	1,762,482	1,679,636	82,846
Field maintenance	457,579	431,691	25,888
Recreation centers and playgrounds	490,163	445,532	44,631
Special events/programs	670,341	639,097	31,244
Simms continuing education center	522,073	479,538	42,535
Westover pool	811,657	804,097	7,560
Athletics	499,469	450,435	49,034
Golf course grounds management	659,199	604,245	54,954
Golf course clubhouse management	395,528	385,508	10,020
Total parks and recreation	7,132,052	6,762,135	369,917
Cultural:			
Massanutten Regional Library	618,663	618,663	
Total cultural	618,663	618,663	
Total parks, recreation and cultural	7,750,715	7,380,798	369,917

		Final				Variance Positive
Fund, Function, Activity and Elements		Budget		Actual	_	(Negative)
Primary Government: (continued)						
General Fund: (continued)						
Community development:						
Planning and community development:						
Planning	\$	406,895	\$	310,119	\$	96,776
Zoning administrator		317,639		288,535		29,104
Board of zoning appeals		5,761		1,474		4,287
Economic development		1,161,674		1,042,147		119,527
Tourism and visitors services		610,437		593,529		16,908
Blacks run greenway		118,981		115,181		3,800
Shenandoah Valley Conference Center		1,200,000		1,184,858		15,142
Total planning and community development	_	3,821,387	_	3,535,843		285,544
Contributions:						
Harrisonburg Downtown Renaissance		143,151		143,151		-
Shenandoah Valley Airport		103,733		103,733		_
Blue Ridge Community College		67,672		67,672		_
ARPA community assistance		996,000		147,540		848,460
ARPA housing assistance		2,000,000		665,000		1,335,000
Other contributions		565,749		555,005		10,744
Total contributions	_	3,876,305	_	1,682,101		2,194,204
Total community development		7,697,692	_	5,217,944	_	2,479,748
Debt service:						
Principal retirement		13,444,132		13,444,132		-
Interest and fiscal charges	_	7,132,993	_	7,130,702	_	2,291
Total debt service		20,577,125	_	20,574,834	_	2,291
Total General Fund	\$_	162,755,240	\$_	144,884,635	\$_	17,870,605
Special Revenue Funds:						
Community Development Block Grant Fund:						
Community development:						
Planning and community development:						
Community development block grant	\$	1,187,043	\$	661,952	\$_	525,091
Total planning and community development	_	1,187,043	_	661,952	_	525,091
Total community development		1,187,043	_	661,952	_	525,091
Total Community Development Block Grant Fund	\$	1,187,043	\$_	661,952	\$_	525,091

Fund, Function, Activity and Elements		Final Budget		Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)
Primary Government: (continued)		Daaget	_	Notadi	_	(Hogalivo)
School Transportation Fund:						
Education:						
School bus services	\$	6,219,766	\$	4,727,726	\$	1,492,040
Field trips and charters		221,663		161,562		60,101
Administration		677,760		538,209		139,551
Total education	_	7,119,189	_	5,427,497	_	1,691,692
Debt service:						
Principal retirement		1,169		1,169		_
Interest and fiscal charges		152		152		_
ŭ		_		_	_	
Total debt service		1,321		1,321	_	
Total School Transportation Fund	\$_	7,120,510	\$_	5,428,818	\$_	1,691,692
Business Loan Program Fund:						
Community development:						
Planning and community development:						
Revolving loan program	\$	100,000	\$	25,000	\$	75,000
Total planning and community development	* _	100,000	Ť-	25,000	Ť-	75,000
The part of the second	_		_		_	,
Total community development	_	100,000	_	25,000	_	75,000
Total Business Loan Program Fund	\$ <u></u>	100,000	\$_	25,000	\$_	75,000
Total Special Revenue Funds	\$_	8,407,553	\$_	6,115,770	\$_	2,291,783
Capital Projects Fund: General Capital Projects Fund:						
Capital projects	\$	78,316,359	\$	21,577,552	\$	56,738,807
Capital projects	* _	. 0,0 . 0,000	*-		Ť –	20,1.00,001
Total General Capital Projects Fund	\$_	78,316,359	\$_	21,577,552	\$_	56,738,807
School Bond Capital Projects Fund:						
Capital projects	\$	10,818,267	\$	5,659,906	\$	5,158,361
Total School Bond Capital Projects Fund	\$_	10,818,267	\$_	5,659,906	\$_	5,158,361
Total Capital Projects Fund	\$_	89,134,626	\$_	27,237,458	\$_	61,897,168
Grand Total Expenditures (Primary Government)	\$_	260,297,419	\$_	178,237,863	\$_	82,059,556

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AND DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - SCHOOL BOARD SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

Fund, Function, Activity and Elements		Final Budget		Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)
Component Unit - School Board:					_	
School Fund:						
Education:						
Instruction	\$	87,753,197	\$	82,851,410	\$	4,901,787
Administration, attendance and health		6,979,943		6,662,925		317,018
Pupil transportation		6,489,721		5,883,068		606,653
Operations and maintenance		8,975,389		8,347,529		627,860
Technology		7,257,006		5,958,999		1,298,007
Debt service:						
Principal retirement		210,608		210,608		-
Interest and fiscal charges	_	38,071	_	38,071	_	<u>-</u>
Total education	_	117,703,935	_	109,952,610	_	7,751,325
Total School Fund	\$_	117,703,935	\$_	109,952,610	\$_	7,751,325
School Nutrition Fund:						
Education:						
Food services	\$	5,969,426	\$	6,124,372	\$	(154,946)
Technology	_	30,000	_	1,102	_	28,898
Total education		5,999,426		6,125,474		(126,048)
Total School Nutrition Fund	\$	5,999,426	\$	6,125,474	\$	(126,048)
			=		=	<u> </u>
School Activity Fund:						
Education:			_		_	
Administration, attendance and health	\$_		\$_	940,511	\$_	(940,511)
Total School Activity Fund	\$_	-	\$_	940,511	\$_	(940,511)
School Capital Projects Fund:						
Capital projects	\$_	12,147,293	\$_	8,462,387	\$_	3,684,906
Total School Capital Projects Fund	\$_	12,147,293	\$_	8,462,387	\$_	3,684,906
	_ =		_		. =	
Grand Total Expenditures (Component Unit - School Board	\$_	135,850,654	\$_	125,480,982	\$_	10,369,672



STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City's annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, notes disclosures and other supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

Financial Trends. Tables 1 through 5 contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity. Tables 6 through 9 present information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the City's ability to generate property tax revenue which is the City's most significant local revenue source.

Debt Capacity. Tables 10 through 12 present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future. The City does not have any overlapping debt.

Demographic and Economic Information. Tables 13 and 14 offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons over time with other governments.

Operating Information. Tables 15 through 17 contain information about the City's operations and resources to help the reader understand how the City's financial information relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these tables is derived from the annual comprehensive financial reports for the relevant year.



CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA
NET POSITION BY COMPONENT
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(accrual basis of accounting)

							Fisca	Fiscal Year					
	2024	2023		2022		2021	2020	2019	2018		2017	2016	2015
Governmental activities													
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 181,235,66	\$ 181,235,663 \$ 160,847,568	G	152,848,662	\$ 15	2,753,329 \$	156,353,667	\$ 153,994,976	\$ 151,215,4	149 \$ 1	50,611,197	152,848,662 \$ 152,753,329 \$ 156,353,667 \$ 153,994,976 \$ 151,215,449 \$ 150,611,197 \$ 145,194,280 \$ 146,765,571	\$ 146,765,571
Restricted	1,907,865	1,291,461	161	633,166		715,006	574,269	529,665	621,577	277	552,092	461,736	450,639
Unrestricted	83,177,368	58 69,323,764	764	50,840,996	က	38,512,456	32,225,419	30,055,992	25,264,435	135	20,679,052	19,107,622	15,778,923
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 266,320,89	\$ 266,320,896 \$ 231,462,793 \$ 204,322,824 \$ 191,980,791	793 \$ 2	204,322,824	\$ 19	1,980,791	189,153,355	\$ 184,580,633	\$ 177,101,461		\$ 171,842,341	\$ 164,763,638	\$ 162,995,133
Business-type activities													
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 79,987,24	79,987,248 \$ 84,692,516	516 \$	\$ 659,929,		1,774,322 \$	81,774,322 \$ 74,718,260 \$ 72,830,573 \$ 74,517,218 \$	\$ 72,830,573	\$ 74,517,2	218 \$	74,997,991 \$	\$ 62,658,600 \$	\$ 61,417,998
Unrestricted	34,204,074	74 24,082,771	771	23,083,862	_	14,759,028	15,854,032	13,725,834	7,828,771	771	3,263,530	10,156,014	9,413,613
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 114,191,32	\$ 114,191,322 \$ 108,775,287 \$		102,760,521	\$	\$ 05:233,350	90,572,292	\$ 86,556,407	\$ 82,345,989	↔	78,261,521	\$ 72,814,614	\$ 70,831,611
Primary government	6		•	1	•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		1		•	000		
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 261,222,97	\$ 261,222,911 \$ 245,540,084	Ð	232,525,321	23	4,527,651 \$	231,071,927	\$ 226,825,549	\$ 225,732,6	2 \$ 790	25,609,188	232,525,321 \$ 234,527,651 \$ 231,071,927 \$ 226,825,549 \$ 225,737,667 \$ 225,609,188 \$ 207,852,880 \$ 208,183,569	\$ 208,183,569
Restricted	1,907,865	1,291,461	161	633,166		715,006	574,269	529,665	621,577	277	552,092	461,736	450,639
Unrestricted	117,381,442	12 93,406,535	535	73,924,858	2	53,271,484	48,079,451	43,781,826	33,093,206	506	23,942,582	29,263,636	25,192,536
Total primary government net position	\$ 380,512,2	\$ 380,512,218 \$ 340,238,080 \$ 307,083,345	\$ 080	307,083,345	\$ 28	\$ 288,514,141 \$	\$ 279,725,647	\$ 271,137,040	\$ 259,447,450	- 1	\$ 250,103,862	\$ 237,578,252	\$ 233,826,744

Notes: The City implemented GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions in fiscal year 2018. The City implemented GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements in fiscal year 2023. Prior year information has not been restated.

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA CHANGES IN NET POSITION Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

						Fiscal Year	ar				
		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Expenses:											
Governmental activities:											
General government administration	s	24,546,150 \$	24,077,940 \$	23,750,636 \$	21,661,494 \$	19,874,767 \$	19,001,711 \$	18,287,937	\$ 18,413,671 \$	18,543,556 \$	16,257,293
Jail and judicial administration		10,021,988	9,843,446	9,215,291	8,901,359	7,862,409	6,944,879	6,533,114	6,398,698	5,822,848	5,137,399
Public safety		35,061,120	30,723,448	29,463,781	29,906,040	27,899,118	25,954,253	23,971,425	23,583,838	22,969,794	21,525,960
Public works		20,166,775	17,725,094	14,876,514	18,224,718	15,225,728	15,338,219	14,989,905	14,407,248	14,709,122	15,158,769
Health and human services ^a		7,045,699	5,740,276	5,053,655	8,097,217	6,661,856	4,928,872	4,793,211	4,757,945	4,579,647	4,103,981
Education		48,817,948	45,215,499	45,893,475	41,403,674	44,874,482	43,763,915	42,928,333	38,328,364	36,565,819	37,481,649
Parks, recreation and cultural		8,220,755	7,602,457	6,579,662	6,823,509	6,799,136	6,932,596	6,188,413	6,494,875	6,671,939	5,952,441
Community development ^b		5,859,686	4,736,127	4,590,359	7,196,267	4,048,273	3,833,626	3,246,006	3,193,150	3,765,197	2,799,236
Interest on long-term debt		5,560,306	6,147,493	6,262,132	4,946,081	5,175,505	5,351,030	5,612,005	5,914,313	5,046,788	5,116,339
Business-type activities:											
Water		8,633,642	7,825,501	7,242,152	6,389,098	6,564,988	6,036,280	5,637,611	5,329,601	5,496,737	5,218,201
Sewer		11,640,314	11,120,097	10,307,390	10,797,106	10,561,152	10,232,327	9,534,683	9,850,111	9,702,160	9,526,208
Public transportation		9,029,203	8,049,071	7,318,114	7,135,184	6,674,720	6,469,580	6,252,571	6,365,032	6,348,417	6,327,540
Sanitation		3,158,807	3,198,926	3,247,807	2,982,866	2,845,875	2,285,700	3,110,955	3,319,439	4,208,851	7,185,575
Stormwater		861,315	864,069	487,171	570,987	357,121	334,676	454,261	414,677	255,371	•
Total expenses	₩	198,623,708 \$	182,869,444 \$	174,288,139 \$	175,035,600 \$	165,425,130 \$	157,407,664 \$	151,540,430	\$ 146,770,962 \$	144,686,246 \$	141,790,591
D Program revenues:											
Governmental activities:											
Charges for services:											
General government administration	ь	16.915.495	15.436.063 \$	15.160.696 \$	13.647.248 \$	15.197.693 \$	15,308,060 \$	15.254.826	\$ 14.033.150 \$	13.413.592 \$	12.092.994
Jail and judicial administration					312,002			691,717	553,894	515,404	549,825
Education		5,619,432	5,165,429	4,447,667	3,853,040	4,076,465	4,028,807	3,751,213	3,361,589	3,099,596	3,018,032
Parks, recreation and cultural		1,590,805	1,351,432	1,131,322	809,418	713,263	1,045,925	1,067,881	1,170,361	1,130,856	1,132,452
Other activities		3,207,105	1,042,926	905,584	808,362	1,086,967	1,087,725	1,117,096	1,377,659	848,873	891,990
Operating grants and contributions		10,405,955	9,841,467	8,841,196	8,750,337	7,639,056	8,037,308	7,599,076	7,499,993	8,071,894	7,733,498
Capital grants and contributions ^{d,e}		6,549,421	1,278,710	1,515,563	1,817,321	2,067,233	802,583	4,422,820	4,575,920	2,112,546	2,511,563
Business-type activities:											
Charges for services:											
Water		11,382,197	10,633,708	10,015,029	9,513,077	9,682,661	8,594,711	8,049,249	7,621,237	6,866,608	6,566,279
Sewer		13,590,781	12,654,929	12,146,229	11,396,745	11,519,472	11,016,661	10,692,114	10,580,345	10,249,003	10,135,852
Public transportation		2,267,108	2,257,427	1,839,157	1,941,875	1,939,257	1,944,618	1,960,187	1,820,130	1,810,732	1,897,980
Sanitation [©]		4,459,099	4,419,170	4,350,340	4,265,339	4,169,200	4,140,571	4,214,492	4,303,069	5,104,242	6,784,257
Stormwater		1,396,776	1,338,132	1,313,364	1,314,369	1,325,321	1,360,716	1,302,218	1,258,959	2,345,292	•
Operating grants and contributions		4,240,897	3,984,187	4,697,900	3,735,359	3,474,604	3,155,047	2,879,508	2,540,589	2,281,764	2,229,329
Capital grants and contributions		1,237,863	2,680,811	3,356,072	4,401,654	630,166	201,124	606,769	4,199,180	606,645	2,689,399
Total program revenues	↔	83,060,420 \$	72,314,870 \$	70,026,792 \$	66,566,146 \$	64,026,127 \$	61,291,058 \$	63,609,166 \$	64,896,075 \$	58,457,047 \$	58,233,450
Net (expense) revenue:											
Governmental activities	ઝ	$\overline{}$	\$ (117,465,274) \$	(113,376,804) \$	Ξ	9	9	(92,645,720)	\$ (88,919,536) \$	<u>®</u>	(85,602,713)
Business-type activities	ľ		6,910,700		8,693,177	5,736,825		4,714,456	7,044,649	3,252,750	2,045,572
l otal net (expense) revenue	∵	* (115,563,288) \$	\$ (110,554,574)	(104,261,347) \$	(108,469,454) \$	(101,399,003) \$	(96,116,606) \$	(87,931,264)	\$ (81,874,887) \$	(86,229,199)	(83,557,141)

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA CHANGES IN NET POSITION Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

					Fiscal Year	ear				
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
and too of any and a standard languages										
delleral revenues and ourer changes in the position.	MILOIII.									
Governmental activities:										
General revenues:										
Property taxes	\$ 73,028,090 \$	\$ 65,256,422 \$	57,858,874 \$	54,171,307 \$	51,447,886 \$	48,878,038 \$	47,490,931 \$	43,640,018 \$	39,574,723 \$	37,522,303
Sales and use taxes	18,582,222	18,304,951	17,692,891	15,756,075	13,971,040	14,336,901	13,609,547	13,207,791	12,994,784	12,532,757
Restaurant food taxes	18,923,739	18,044,533	16,439,222	13,266,178	12,628,014	14,225,678	13,623,551	12,257,672	11,914,152	11,026,410
Business license taxes	8,617,396	8,682,280	8,026,003	7,148,413	7,224,775	7,155,016	6,894,312	6,689,192	6,653,830	6,275,116
Other local taxes	8,492,420	8,675,113	9,365,736	8,034,724	8,020,291	8,644,605	8,296,309	7,083,413	7,119,400	6,798,376
Unrestricted grants and contributions ⁹	9,797,600	5,735,887	5,025,679	8,977,259	6,932,654	3,408,497	3,407,878	3,464,103	3,501,028	3,569,638
Unrestricted payment from component unitsh	5,200,000	7,600,000	5,200,000	6,700,000	5,200,000	5,999,506	5,000,000	5,000,000	5,000,000	4,900,000
Investment revenue	7,032,129	5,485,950	413,954	239,283	922,992	1,203,377	683,838	480,911	206,899	75,041
Other revenue	2,846,076	3,353,392	2,086,414	2,149,401	2,265,355	1,847,829	1,725,662	1,588,875	1,681,770	1,742,779
Transfers	3,153,159	3,584,522	3,610,064	3,547,427	3,095,543	2,951,216	1,556,037	2,586,264	2,603,868	2,527,927
Business-type activities:										
General revenues:										
Investment revenue	2,579,060	1,887,794	130,339	668'06	552,598	776,589	392,616	131,300	55,180	15,198
Other revenue	684,243	791,900	505,628	719,084	821,500	1,324,397	1,203,620	857,222	1,237,883	1,286,114
Gain on disposal of capital assets	54,451	8,894	85,811	5,325	202	5,763	49,966		41,058	2,550
Special item ^j	•		•	•	•	•			•	(1,916,812)
Transfers	(3,153,159)	(3,584,522)	(3,610,064)	(3,547,427)	(3,095,543)	(2,951,216)	(1,556,037)	(2,586,264)	(2,603,868)	(2,527,927)
Total general revenues and other										
changes in net position	\$ 155,837,426 \$	155,837,426 \$ 143,827,116 \$	122,830,551 \$	117,257,948 \$	109,987,610 \$	107,806,196	\$ 102,378,230 \$	94,400,497 \$	\$ 202,086,68	83,829,470
Change in net position:	\$ 34 858 103 6	\$ 977 776 \$	12 342 033 \$	2 827 436	4 572 722 &	7 479 172 \$	9 642 345 \$	\$ 2078 203	1 768 505 &	1 367 634
	5,416,035	6,014,766				4,210,418	4,804,621			(1,095,305)
sition	\$ 40,274,138	\$ 33,272,542 \$	18,569,204 \$	8,788,494 \$	8,588,607		14,446,966 \$	12,525,610 \$	3,751,508	272,329

Notes: The City implemented GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions in fiscal year 2018. The City implemented GASB Statement No. 87, Leases in fiscal year 2022. The City implemented GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements in fiscal year 2023. Prior year information has not been restated.

Por 2020 and 2021, the increase in the health and human services activity reflected contributions made to the Harrisonburg-Rockingham Community Services Board (HRCSB) for the City's share of a new HRCSB facility. For 2021, the increase in the community development activity reflected community and business assistance payments provided by the City from its federal CARES Act funding.

For 2016, the changes in sanitation activity expenses reflect the discontinued operations of the resource recovery facility.

For 2017, the increase in capital grants and contributions reflected increased state and federal funding for several capital projects including the Reservoir Street project.

For 2019, the decrease in capital grants and contributions reflected decreased state and federal funding for several completed capital projects including the Reservoir Street and MLK, Jr. Way projects.

For 2017 and 2021, the increase in capital grants and contributions reflected state and federal funding from the purchase of new transit buses and other public transportation projects.

^aFor 2020 and 2021, the increase in unrestricted grants and contributions reflected funding provided to the City through the federal CARES Act.

For 2023, the increase in unrestricted payments from component units reflected \$2.4 million provided by the School Board for debt service on Rocktown High School.

For 2023, the increase in investmet revenue reflected significantly increasing interest rates.

For 2015, the City recorded an additional impairment loss on the resource recovery facility for decommissioning costs.



CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA FUND BALANCES (GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS) (modified accrual basis of accounting) Last Ten Fiscal Years

							Fiscal Year	Year					
		2024		2023	2022	2021	2020	20	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
General Fund													
Nonspendable	↔	869,530	s	817,441 \$	776,998	\$ 701,622	\$ 681,708 \$	8	811,931 \$	835,475 \$	874,897 \$	745,877 \$	623,774
Restricted		1,130,941		830,316	633,166	715,006	574,269	25	543,135	624,155	552,091	461,736	450,639
Committed		•		63,402	63,402	63,402	63,402	v	63,402	63,402	63,402	63,402	63,402
Assigned ^a		14,095,273		10,459,156	10,504,545	5,183,948	1,515,092	3,71	3,718,174	3,707,702	980,493	649,393	1,629,279
Unassigned		66,374,744		63,065,854	53,108,748	45,459,532	36,632,322	30,56	30,561,724	31,239,773	30,226,183	28,435,301	24,214,042
Total general fund	∨	82,470,488	∨	\$ 75,236,169 \$	62,086,859	\$ 52,123,510 \$	\$ 39,466,793 \$	32,69	\$ 998,366 \$	36,470,507 \$	32,697,066 \$	30,355,709 \$	26,981,136
All other governmental funds													
Nonspendable	€	3,763	€	1,487 \$	24,013	\$ 42,826	· ·	(-)	36,341 \$	34,666 \$	50,508	16,652 \$	•
Restricted ^b		1,033,533		8,386,756	44,469,185	•	3,728,628			93,683	4,712,073	40,156,421	1,464,504
Committed		17,342,222		16,206,581	9,368,530	9,861,916	10,933,208	11,29	1,291,474	9,652,568	8,247,053	9,729,172	11,102,093
Assigned		1,368,889		965,957	953,399	535,161	199,310	16	169,000	142,000	204,500	134,000	38,897
Unassigned, reported in:		•											
Special revenue funds		•		•	•		•				(184)		
Total all other governmental funds	↔	19,748,407	₩	\$ 19,748,407 \$ 25,560,781 \$		54,815,127 \$ 10,439,903 \$ 14,861,146 \$ 11,496,815 \$	14,861,146	11,48	6,815 \$	9,922,917 \$	9,922,917 \$ 13,213,950 \$	50,036,245 \$ 12,605,494	12,605,494

Notes: Any significant increases or decreases for 2024 are explained in Management's Discussion and Analysis.

^aFor 2018, 2021 and 2022, the increases in general fund assigned fund balance was the result of approximately \$1.4 million, \$3 million and \$6.3 million, respectively, of fund balance used to balance the subsequent year's budget.

The increases and decreases in other governmental funds' restricted fund balance are the result of bond proceeds that are used for various capital project purposes.

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS)
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

					Fiscal Yea	l Year				
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Revenues:										
General property taxes	\$ 72,948,245	\$ 65,020,687 \$	57,570,297 \$	54,138,251 \$	51,574,257	\$ 48,977,152 \$	47,667,485 \$	43,233,944 \$	39,444,384 \$	37,481,440
Other local taxes	54,615,777	53,706,877	51,523,852	44,205,390	41,844,120	44,362,200	42,423,719	39,238,068	38,722,176	36,644,704
Permits, privilege fees and										
regulatory licenses	679,658	636,085	491,060	563,800	608,529	626,348	643,501	916,716	443,489	507,040
Fines and forfeitures	2,405,167	330,112	403,910	378,174	657,077	750,846	870,541	749,623	623,390	666,029
Use of money and property	6,585,979	5,172,102	458,503	266,542	853,812	1,128,111	701,781	540,939	262,328	187,061
Charges for services	7,517,903	6,824,069	5,896,276	4,840,848	5,116,462	5,351,861	5,117,290	4,797,424	4,556,674	4,427,549
Miscellaneous	3,150,609	3,337,815	2,575,289	2,667,488	2,599,620	2,192,919	2,001,736	2,084,949	1,871,712	1,938,839
Recovered costs	274,453	362,816	184,789	•	913,476	617,164	1,110,065	632,746	59,225	201,177
Payments from component units ^b	5,200,000	7,600,000	5,200,000	6,700,000	5,200,000	5,999,506	5,000,000	5,000,000	5,000,000	4,900,000
Intergovernmental ^c	22,928,288	16,462,016	15,141,617	20,054,840	18,499,297	13,179,815	15,955,862	15,672,199	13,563,043	13,613,522
Total revenues	1 1	\$ 159,452,579 \$	139,445,593	1 1	\$ 127,866,650	\$ 123,185,922 \$	121,491,980		↔	100,567,361
Expenditures:										
Current:										
General government administration	\$ 8,447,313	\$ 7,456,660 \$	\$ 6,919,980 \$	6,376,268 \$	6,528,256	\$ 5,499,582 \$	\$ 006,696,5	5,211,161 \$	4,974,666 \$	4,641,047
Jail and judicial administration	10,217,981	10,029,890	9,398,928	9,145,721	8,149,311	7,429,582	6,783,548	6,629,878	6,147,289	5,917,618
V Public safety	34,525,244	29,420,612	27,884,292	26,367,798	26,153,150	25,511,647	23,687,182	22,234,145	21,754,032	20,940,401
Public works ^d	12,782,314	12,231,952	9,320,915	10,754,405	9,341,442	10,968,921	9,920,031	9,699,316	10,243,873	11,386,544
Health and human services	7,023,834	5,718,411	5,031,654	5,202,298	5,063,287	4,907,007	4,771,346	4,736,080	4,557,782	4,082,115
Education	44,141,870	39,997,111	40,049,300	35,342,970	38,993,046	37,922,728	37,054,957	34,216,338	32,379,286	32,119,407
Parks, recreation and cultural	7,380,798	6,964,758	6,191,871	6,031,396	6,350,431	6,371,964	5,728,400	5,488,895	5,528,431	5,291,977
Community development	5,904,896	4,882,203	4,758,016	7,068,715	3,963,011	4,334,386	3,208,191	3,294,797	2,956,282	3,069,972
Debt service:										
Principal retirement	13,445,301	13,239,735	11,311,379	10,355,247	10,230,236	9,750,840	8,961,622	8,337,450	8,101,624	7,917,919
Interest and fiscal charges	7,130,854	7,737,228	6,102,042	5,347,806	5,767,384	5,731,121	6,073,912	5,869,531	5,105,619	4,371,146
Bond issuance costs		•	167,708	•	•	•			•	•
Capital projects	27,237,458	44,250,148	50,932,997	6,942,402	23,759,339	11,772,256	14,338,170	44,180,894	12,693,604	16,918,207
Total expenditures	\$ 178,237,863	\$ 181,928,708	\$ 178,069,082 \$	\$ 128,935,026 \$	\$ 144,298,893	\$ 130,200,034 \$	\$ 125,897,259 \$	\$ 149,898,485 \$	\$ 114,442,488 \$	\$ 116,656,353
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over (under) expenditures	\$ (1,931,784)	(1,931,784) \$ (22,476,129) \$	(38,623,489) \$		4,880,307 \$ (16,432,243) \$	\$ (7,014,112) \$	(4,405,279) \$	(4,405,279) \$ (37,031,877) \$	(9,896,067) \$ (16,088,992)	(16,088,992)

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS) (modified accrual basis of accounting) CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA Last Ten Fiscal Years

						Fiscal Year	ear				
		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Other financing sources (uses):											
Long-term debt issued or incurred	S	434,221 \$	104,258 \$	84,769,547 \$	\$	18,450,000 \$	4,540,000 \$	2,350,000 \$	\$	44,305,000 \$	
Refunding debt issued		•		33,440,000	1	•			•	•	•
Premium on long-term debt issued		•		14,295,403	1	1,066,864	506,435		•	3,995,417	•
Payment for current bond refunding		•		(39,865,944)		•			•	•	•
Sale of capital assets		•		•		•		•	125,215	•	•
Transfers in		15,678,342	13,184,058	4,044,637	3,355,167	9,447,465	8,349,690	6,310,560	5,251,256	3,828,083	5,836,294
Transfers out		(12,758,834)	(9,807,312)	(721,581)	•	(5,399,328)	(5,580,256)	(3,772,873)	(2,825,532)	(1,427,109)	(6,358,740)
Total other financing sources (uses)		3,353,729 \$	\$ 3,353,729 \$ 3,481,004 \$ 95,962,062	95,962,062 \$	3,355,167 \$	23,565,001 \$	7,815,869 \$	4,887,687 \$	2,550,939 \$	50,701,391 \$	(522,446)
Net change in fund balances	∨	1,421,945	\$ 1,421,945 \$ (18,995,125) \$ 57		338,573 \$ 8,235,474 \$	7,132,758 \$	801,757 \$	482,408 \$	482,408 \$ (34,480,938) \$ 40,805,324 \$ (16,611,438)	40,805,324 \$	(16,611,438)
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures		13.92%	15.52%	13.84%	12.55%	12.88%	13.25%	13.46%	13.53%	13.01%	12.79%

Prior year information has not been restated. Any significant increases or decreases for 2024 are explained in Management's Discussion and Analysis. Any significant increases or decreases in general property taxes Notes: The City implemented GASB Statement No. 87, Leases in fiscal year 2022. The City implemented GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements in fiscal year 2023. and other local taxes revenue are provided in Table 5. Any significant increases or decreases in long-term debt issued or incurred are provided in Table 10.

For 2023, the increase in use of money and property reflected significantly increasing interest rates.

Pror 2023, the increase in payments from component units reflected \$2.4 million provided by the School Board for debt service on Rocktown High School.

For 2020, the increase in intergovernmental revenues reflected funding provided to the City through the federal CARES Act.

^aFor 2023, the increase in public works expenditures was from an increase in street repaving and other infrastructure maintenance costs.

*For 2021, the increase in community development expenditures reflected community and business assistance payments provided by the City from its federal CARES Act funding.

(modified accrual basis of accounting) CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE Last Ten Fiscal Years

						Fiscal Year	Year				
	2024		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
General property taxes											
Real estate taxes ^a	\$ 53,448,54	₹	53,448,541 \$ 45,789,814 \$	40,799,049	\$ 38,261,010 \$	\$ 37,052,907	\$ 35,616,728 \$	34,459,758 \$	30,947,602 \$	28,256,207 \$, 26,712,101
Real and personal public service											
corporation property taxes	666,471	<u>-</u>	603,020	561,967	507,809	503,888	491,573	474,656	440,408	393,020	448,017
Personal property taxes	15,342,288	82	15,031,240	12,793,064	12,278,821	10,876,336	10,197,508	10,017,035	9,374,180	8,407,623	8,021,019
Mobile home taxes	12,151	.=	11,912	11,008	10,271	10,251	9,654	10,013	8,778	8,475	7,033
Machinery and tools taxes	2,850,506	90	2,966,117	3,013,026	2,782,109	2,772,933	2,341,959	2,307,341	2,187,479	2,130,697	2,027,504
Penalties and interest	628,288	ω ω	618,584	392,183	298,231	357,942	319,730	398,682	275,497	248,362	265,766
Total general property taxes	\$ 72,948,24	55 8	72,948,245 \$ 65,020,687 \$	57,570,297	\$ 54,138,251	\$ 51,574,257	\$ 48,977,152 \$	47,667,485 \$	3 43,233,944 \$	39,444,384 \$	37,481,440
Other local taxes											
Local sales and use taxes ^b	\$ 18,582,222	\$	18,304,951	\$ 17,692,891	\$ 15,756,075 \$	\$ 13,971,040	\$ 14,336,901 \$	13,609,547	\$ 13,207,791 \$	12,994,784 \$	12,532,757
Consumer utility taxes ^c	1,990,858	89	2,000,493	1,979,451	1,974,312	1,998,550	1,999,498	1,875,594	1,139,113	1,108,436	1,114,465
Business license taxes	8,617,396	96	8,682,280	8,026,003	7,148,413	7,224,775	7,155,016	6,894,312	6,689,192	6,653,830	6,275,116
Motor vehicle license taxes ^d	14,552	22	75,987	1,279,704	1,305,606	1,286,175	1,283,426	1,293,518	1,166,441	1,178,948	1,185,099
Bank stock taxes	1,046,227	7	1,062,445	917,972	836,616	989'599	836,191	787,205	761,882	757,086	580,676
Taxes on recordation and wills	627,210	0	756,529	707,464	578,628	489,922	492,631	444,493	442,184	408,096	603,848
Tobacco taxes	404,550	0	441,121	474,150	504,600	548,631	533,382	543,750	569,850	680,937	632,433
Admission and amusement taxes	136,336	9	145,801	129,922	21,481	116,113	171,011	190,133	175,755	181,678	172,616
Hotel and motel room taxes ^{b,e}	4,033,138	82	3,980,465	3,597,607	2,553,827	2,630,068	3,136,402	2,950,142	2,625,363	2,577,891	2,276,431
Restaurant food taxes ^{b,e}	18,923,739	6	18,044,533	16,439,222	13,266,178	12,628,014	14,225,678	13,623,551	12,257,672	11,937,309	11,050,508
Short-term rental taxes	124,002	2	105,944	105,554	113,074	136,392	104,274	100,731	109,110	119,579	115,248
Public right-of-way use fee	115,547	7	106,328	173,912	146,580	148,754	87,790	110,743	93,715	123,602	105,507
Total other local taxes	\$ 54,615,77	- -	54,615,777 \$ 53,706,877 \$	\$ 51,523,852	\$ 44,205,390	\$ 41,844,120	\$ 44,362,200 \$	42,423,719	\$ 39,238,068 \$	38,722,176 \$	36,644,704

Notes: Any significant increases or decreases for 2024 are explained in Management's Discussion and Analysis.

^aFor 2016, 2017, 2018, 2020, 2022 and 2023, the increases in real estate taxes were the result of an increase in the real estate tax rate.

^bFor 2020, the decrease in tax revenue was the result of negative economic effects of the COVID-19 pandemic. ^cFor 2018, the increase in consumer utility taxes was the result of an increase in the tax rates.

^dFor 2023, the decrease in motor vehicle license taxes was the result of the elimination of this tax.

^eFor 2018, the increases in hotel and motel room taxes and restaurant food taxes was the result of an increase in the tax rates.

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA ASSESSED VALUE AND ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Real Estate ¹			Personal Property	operty		Total	
Fiscal	I	Docional	Commercial/	Public Service	Personal Property ²	Machinery	Mobile Homos ¹	Public Service	Assessed	Total Direct
במפו		Nesidellilai	III da su la l	col pol ations	rioperty	alid	Collido	coi poi ations	values	l av Nate
2024	↔	3,608,930,931 \$	\$ 1,963,487,601 \$	69,286,445 \$	587,466,006 \$	134,529,171 \$	1,284,700 \$	3 40,830 \$	6,365,025,684	\$ 1.16
2023		3,169,133,064	1,734,399,851	64,662,119	612,182,205	138,732,710	1,259,200	52,778	5,720,421,927	1.15
2022		2,879,333,087	1,663,457,156	62,360,852	508,935,104	139,703,211	1,264,300	20,558	5,255,074,268	1.12
2021		2,782,886,650	1,649,108,907	58,944,000	500,829,435	135,804,213	1,223,000	25,440	4,616,187,953	1.08
2020		2,703,149,330	1,611,049,491	58,486,945	437,293,336	129,870,724	1,213,000	25,733	4,539,870,242	1.07
2019		2,639,449,190	1,552,749,097	57,558,115	408,242,550	109,866,156	1,196,200	66,550	4,430,664,309	1.05
2018		2,556,995,612	1,493,403,527	55,537,248	401,659,827	107,328,559	1,189,200	73,980	4,352,461,251	1.06
2017		2,521,144,415	1,470,670,436	55,740,297	388,479,303	102,466,936	1,207,900	160,955	4,334,808,802	0.99
2016		2,498,733,655	1,431,075,425	53,497,350	346,261,665	99,654,700	1,217,550	223,964	4,339,323,834	0.92
2015		2,463,332,515	1,407,562,622	52,607,250	332,061,200	95,391,700	1,042,700	463,264	4,388,533,563	0.89

Source: City of Harrisonburg Commissioner of the Revenue Property Tax Records.

Notes: ¹Assessed at 100% of fair market value. ²Vehicles assessed at average trade-in value, as of January 1, as determined by the National Automobile Dealers Association (NADA). Business equipment assessed values are based upon depreciation schedule, year of purchase and cost. ³Assessed values are based values are based upon depreciation schedule, year of purchase and cost.

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA
PROPERTY TAX RATES - PER \$100 OF ASSESSED VALUE
Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Œ	Real Estate							Pers	Personal Property	erty.					
Fiscal	'	:	نق	Commercial/	Pul	Public Service	I	Business		Machinery		Mobile	۱ ۱	Public Service	ce	;	l '	Total Direct
Year	Re	Residential		Industrial	ဒ	Corporations		Equipment		and Tools		Homes	_ ا	Corporations	SL	Other		Tax Rate
2024	↔	96.0	\$	96.0	↔	96.0	↔	2.12	\$	2.12	↔	96.0	↔	3.15	₩	3.15	\$	1.16
2023		0.93		0.93		0.93		2.12		2.12		0.93		3.15		3.15		1.15
2022		0.90		06.0		06.0		2.12		2.12		0.90		3.50		3.50		1.12
2021		98.0		0.86		98.0		2.12		2.12		0.86		3.50		3.50		1.08
2020		98.0		0.86		98.0		2.12		2.12		0.86		3.50		3.50		1.07
2019		0.85		0.85		0.85		2.12		2.12		0.85		3.50		3.50		1.06
2018		0.85		0.85		0.85		2.12		2.12		0.85		3.50		3.50		1.06
2017		0.78		0.78		0.78		2.12		2.12		0.78		3.50		3.50		0.99
2016		0.72		0.72		0.72		2.12		2.12		0.72		3.50		3.50		0.92
2015		69.0		69.0		69.0		2.12		2.12		0.69		3.50		3.50		0.89

Source: City of Harrisonburg Commissioner of the Revenue Property Tax Records.

Notes: The City does not set property tax rates by various components such as by operations and debt service and has not included this information in the above table. The City does not have overlapping governments and has not included this information in the above table. 10ther personal property includes business vehicles.

	_	Fisca	l Year 20	024	Fiscal	Year 2	015
	_			Percent			Percent
				of Total			of Total
		Property		Property	Property		Property
Property Taxpayer		Taxes	Rank	Taxes	Taxes	Rank	Taxes
George's Foods LLC	\$	847,295	1	1.14% \$	401,605	3	1.08%
Tenneco Inc		760,807	2	1.03%	606,321	1	1.63%
Packaging Corporation of America		754,363	3	1.02%	372,850	5	1.00%
Copper Beech Townhome Communities, LLC		672,697	4	0.91%	385,676	4	1.03%
Shenandoah Valley Organic LLC		580,256	5	0.78%	-		-
The Elevance Companies Inc		547,121	6	0.74%	-		-
1191 Devon Lane Group Owner LLC		492,188	7	0.66%	-		-
Sunchase Harrisonburg LLC		414,708	8	0.56%	-		-
Virginia Mennonite Retirement Community		409,510	9	0.55%	239,816	9	0.64%
Hotel Madison LLC		403,033	10	0.54%	-		-
American Campus Communities Inc		-		-	461,334	2	1.24%
Graham Packaging Company LP		-		-	347,675	6	0.93%
The Macerich Company		-		-	280,143	7	0.75%
RR Donnelley & Sons Company		-		-	256,214	8	0.69%
Ariake USA, Inc	_	-		<u> </u>	188,877	10	0.51%
Total	\$_	5,881,978	:	7.93% \$	3,540,511		9.50%

Source: City of Harrisonburg Commissioner of the Revenue Property Tax Records.

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Taxes Levied for the	5		Total	Collected within the Fiscal Year of the Levy	rmin the f the Levy	Collections in	Total Collections to Date	ions to Date
Fiscal	Fiscal Year			Adjusted		Percentage	Subsequent		Percentage
Year	(Original Levy)		Adjustments	Levy	Amount	of Levy	Years	Amount	of Levy
2024	\$ 74,140,700	\$	↔ '	74,140,700 \$	70,788,850	95.48% \$	٠	70,788,850	95.48%
2023	64,571,060	0	33,816	64,604,876	62,960,784	97.51%	1,081,554	64,042,338	99.13%
2022	57,484,253	3	73,394	57,557,647	56,312,485	%96'.26	606'686	57,252,394	99.47%
2021	54,116,941	_	133,663	54,250,604	53,013,472	%96'.26	871,807	53,885,279	99.33%
2020	51,411,484	4	80,550	51,492,034	50,377,781	65.26	928,228	51,306,009	99.64%
2019	48,793,283	3	49,248	48,842,531	47,934,023	98.24%	730,366	48,664,389	99.64%
2018	47,285,573	3	(47,771)	47,237,802	46,313,920	92.95%	712,231	47,026,151	99.55%
2017	43,406,093	3	16,726	43,422,819	42,331,311	97.52%	887,071	43,218,382	99.53%
2016	39,427,910	0	38,993	39,466,903	38,629,078	92.97%	686,889	39,315,977	99.62%
2015	37,288,334	4	(5,849)	37,282,485	36,588,785	98.12%	567,286	37,156,071	%99.66

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Fiscal Year	Year				
Type of debt	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Governmental activities: General obligation bonds ^{ab}	204 848 896	219 632 425	65	154 647 871	4 165 660 849	\$ 156 533 967	34 265 954 \$ 154 647 871 \$ 165 660 849 \$ 156 533 987 \$ 161 338 577 \$ 168 044 998 \$ 176 312 408 \$ 135 804 398	168 044 998	176 312 408	135 804 398
Leases	2,282,319)))	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
SBITA	115,252	70,014	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
Bank loans (prevously capital leases)	•	•	•	•	•	489,000	960,000	1,414,000	2,032,839	2,723,162
Middle River Regional Jail agreement	1,053,439	2,084,503	3,093,669	4,081,401	5,048,154	5,994,375	6,920,498	7,826,952	8,714,153	9,694,615
Equipment purchase agreement	213,000	447,701	682,403	889,565	•	1	•	1	•	•
Business-type activities: General obligation bonds [©] Leases	40,635,028 16,019	43,919,863	47,059,698	23,092,891	25,553,083	27,942,286	30,785,886	26,299,704	28,742,532	27,875,343
Total primary government \$		3 268,278,337	249,163,953 \$ 268,278,337 \$ 287,371,046 \$ 182,711,728 \$ 196,262,086	\$ 182,711,728	\$ 196,262,086	\$ 190,959,628	\$ 190,959,628 \$ 200,004,961 \$ 203,585,654	203,585,654	\$ 215,801,932 \$ 176,097,518	\$ 176,097,518
Percentage of personal income	8.22%	9:36%	10.83%	7.68%	9.34%	8.86%	%29'6	10.50%	10.99%	%09.6
Per capita¹	4,450	\$ 4,816	\$ 5,204 \$	3,329	\$ 3,788	3,471	\$ 3,639 \$	3,752	\$ 4,027	\$ 3,326

Notes: The City does not have overlapping governments and has not included this information in the above table. Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. The City implemented GASB Statement No. 87, Leases in fiscal year 2022. The City implemented GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Techology Agreements in fiscal year 2023. Prior year information has not been restated. ¹See Table 13 for personal income and population data. Personal income was adjusted on Table 13 for 2015-2023.

^aFor 2016, the City issued \$44.3 million in general obligation bonds primarily for school construction projects. ^bFor 2022, the City issued \$84.6 million in general obligation bonds for a school construction project.

For 2022, the City issued \$24.7 million in general obligation bonds for the construction of a water line (and related infrastructure) to the South Fork of the Shenandoah River.

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Fiscal Year	Year				
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
General obligation bonds ^{ab}	\$ 245,483,924	\$ 245,483,924 \$ 263,552,288 \$	\$ 281,325,652 \$	281,325,652 \$ 177,740,762 \$ 191,213,932 \$ 184,476,253 \$ 192,124,463 \$ 194,344,702 \$ 205,054,940 \$ 163,679,741	191,213,932	184,476,253 \$	192,124,463 \$	194,344,702	205,054,940 \$	163,679,741
Total	\$ 245,483,924	\$ 245,483,924 \$ 263,552,288 \$	\$ 281,325,652 \$	281,325,652 \$ 177,740,762 \$ 191,213,932 \$ 184,476,253 \$ 192,124,463 \$ 194,344,702 \$ 205,054,940 \$ 163,679,741	191,213,932	184,476,253 \$	192,124,463 \$	194,344,702	\$ 205,054,940 \$	163,679,741
Percentage of assessed real property value	4.35%	5.30%	6.11%	3.96%	4.37%	4.34%	4.68%	4.80%	5.15%	4.17%
Per capita²	\$ 4,384 \$	\$ 4,732	\$ 2,095 \$	3,238 \$	3,690 \$	3,353 \$	3,496 \$	3,582	3,827 \$	3,091

Notes: The City does not have overlapping governments and has not included this information in the above table. Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. There is no restricted net position for debt service available for the repayment of principal on bonded debt. 'See Table 6 for assessed real property data.

^aFor 2016, the City issued \$44.3 million in general obligation bonds primarily for school construction projects.

^bFor 2022, the City issued \$109.3 million in general obligation bonds for a school construction project and for the construction of a water line (and related infrastructure) to the South Fork of the Shenandoah River.

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION Last Ten Fiscal Years

						Fiscal Year	ar				
		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Debt limit	\$	564,170,498 \$ 496,819,503		\$ 460,515,110 \$ 449,093,956 \$ 437,268,577 \$ 424,975,640 \$ 410,593,639 \$ 404,755,515 \$ 398,330,643 \$ 392,350,239	449,093,956 \$	437,268,577	\$ 424,975,640 \$	\$ 410,593,639 \$, 404,755,515 \$	398,330,643	392,350,239
Total debt applicable to limit	1	224,599,305	241,673,236	258,430,269	172,837,868		186,527,487 181,550,575	190,438,565	193,377,886	204,952,793	168,768,444
Legal debt margin	↔	339,571,193 \$ 255,146,267		\$ 202,084,841 \$	276,256,088 \$	250,741,090	243,425,065	\$ 220,155,074 \$	202,084,841 \$ 276,256,088 \$ 250,741,090 \$ 243,425,065 \$ 220,155,074 \$ 211,377,629 \$ 193,377,850 \$ 223,581,795	193,377,850	223,581,795
Total debt applicable to the limit as percentage of debt limit		39.81%	48.64%	56.12%	38.49%	42.66%	42.72%	46.38%	47.78%	51.45%	43.01%

Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2024

Total assessed value of taxed real propert \$ 5,641,704,977

Debt limit (10% of total assessed value) \$ 564,170,498

Debt applicable to limit:
General obligation bonds
Middle River Regional Jail agreement 1,053,439

Legal debt margin \$ 339,571,193

Notes: Under the Constitution of Virginia, the City's bonds or other interest-bearing obligations shall not exceed ten percent of the total assessed value of taxed real property.

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Population ¹	(i	Personal Income n thousands)		Per Capita Personal Income ²	School Enrollment ³	Unemployment Rate Percentage⁴
2024	55,990	\$	3,029,467	\$	54,107	6,511	3.6
2023	55,700		2,866,656	·	51,466	6,379	3.5
2022	55,220		2,653,652		48,056	6,270	3.4
2021	54,892		2,379,513		43,349	6,141	5.5
2020	51,814		2,100,332		40,536	5,910	3.3
2019	55,011		2,154,451		39,164	5,793	3.9
2018	54,959		2,068,382		37,635	5,660	4.7
2017	54,263		1,938,763		35,729	5,423	4.7
2016	53,588		1,963,357		36,638	5,158	5.7
2015	52,946		1,834,473		34,648	4,956	6.4

Sources: ¹ University of Virginia Weldon Cooper Center for Public Service for 2015-2019 and 2021-2024. United States States Census Bureau for 2020. ² Bureau of Economic Analysis, United States Department of Commerce. Amounts for 2015-2023 have been adjusted based upon the latest available data. Data for 2024 has been estimated based on per capita personal income trends for the previous ten years. ³ City of Harrisonburg School Board. ⁴ Virginia Employment Commission. The unemployment rate is an annual average.

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS Current Year and Nine Years Ago

	Fis	cal Yea	r 2024	Fis	cal Yea	r 2015
	Approximate		Percent of Total City Emp-	Approximate		Percent of Total City Emp-
Employers	Employees	Rank	loyment	Employees	Rank	loyment
James Madison University	> 999	1	> 3.24%	>999	1	> 3.32%
Harrisonburg City Public Schools	> 999	2	> 3.24%	500 - 999	2	> 3.32%
Shenandoah Valley Organic LLC	500 - 999	3	1.62% - 3.24%	-	-	-
City of Harrisonburg	500 - 999	4	1.62% - 3.24%	500 - 999	4	1.66% - 3.32%
Aramark Campus LLC	500 - 999	5	1.62% - 3.24%	500 - 999	3	1.66% - 3.32%
George's Foods LLC	250 - 499	6	0.81% - 1.61%	500 - 999	7	1.66% - 3.32%
Tenneco Inc	250 - 499	7	0.81% - 1.61%	500 - 999	5	1.66% - 3.32%
Eastern Mennonite University	250 - 499	8	0.81% - 1.61%	250 - 499	8	0.83% - 1.65%
Virginia Mennonite Retirement Community	250 - 499	9	0.81% - 1.61%	250 - 499	9	0.83% - 1.65%
Walmart Stores Inc	250 - 499	10	0.81% - 1.61%	250 - 499	10	0.83% - 1.65%
Rosetta Stone Inc.	-	-	-	500 - 999	6	1.66% - 3.31%
Total City Employment	30,844			30,091		

Source: Virginia Employment Commission.

Notes: "n/a" means that the information is not available.

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Fiscal Year	Year				
Function	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
General government administration	65.1	63.9	0.09	58.6	56.1	55.2	53.6	51.0	48.6	48.6
Public safety:										
Police ^a	138.6	137.4	136.6	136.6	136.6	134.6	130.4	125.9	118.4	114.4
Fire ^a	87.7	87.7	87.2	86.4	85.4	84.0	83.7	82.9	81.9	81.8
Other	19.6	19.1	16.0	16.0	16.0	16.0	16.0	15.0	14.0	14.0
Public works	84.8	84.1	85.7	84.4	79.9	79.9	79.6	77.1	75.2	75.2
Education ^b	62.9	62.0	27.7	57.2	55.7	53.3	50.0	44.3	38.7	43.0
Parks, recreation and cultural	76.2	77.8	80.0	79.1	82.5	84.0	78.1	71.9	71.1	72.4
Planning and community development	14.6	14.4	13.5	13.7	14.4	13.6	16.7	16.7	16.2	17.0
Water	41.1	40.2	37.9	37.2	37.0	37.0	35.5	35.0	34.5	33.9
Sewer	29.8	28.9	28.3	28.1	28.1	28.1	28.7	26.0	24.5	24.6
Public transportation ^b	78.3	72.8	72.9	71.2	67.1	2.69	60.2	58.3	0.09	58.8
Sanitation	23.4	24.1	25.4	25.0	25.7	25.2	25.2	25.2	25.2	58.9
Stormwater	3.5	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7	1
Central garage	21.0	19.7	19.0	16.2	15.5	15.6	15.7	15.6	15.5	14.8
Central stores	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
Total =	751.6	737.8	725.9	715.4	705.7	701.9	679.1	650.5	629.5	659.4

Source: City of Harrisonburg Proposed Budget for the relevant year.

Notes: Full-time equivalent amounts are budgeted positions.

^aThe City has added additional police and fire department personnel over the past ten years as demand for services continue to increase.

^bThe City has added additional transportation personnel over the past ten years as demand for transit and school bus services continue to increase.

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Fisca	Fiscal Year				
Function	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Police										
Calls answered ^a	98,528	93,736	96,863	110,466	55,086	42,999	42,900	41,536	42,686	40,099
Traffic citations	4,747	5,430	11,135	10,000	8,940	10,089	6)369	8,280	8,442	7,648
Fire										
Calls answered	6,522	6,350	6,065	5,135	5,458	5,493	5,636	5,310	5,574	5,246
Inspections	2,900	2,100	2,250	2,038	2,300	3,488	3,593	4,041	2,987	1,351
Public works										
Streets repaved (total miles)	9.73	8.36	6.12	12.00	10.65	6.97	7.85	8.88	8.22	11.69
Parks and recreation										
Pool admissions	46,509	57,038	32,586	18,247	21,831	32,155	28,890	38,873	34,651	37,398
Rounds of golf played	31,110	27,614	24,326	21,168	19,142	24,708	27,248	29,819	30,001	29,488
Planning and community development										
Building permits issued	829	632	474	578	616	580	683	200	564	671
Water										
Daily consumption (millions of gallons)	6.94	09.9	6.42	5.89	5.90	5.63	5.95	5.88	5.74	5.61
New customer connections	61	107	36	54	99	26	103	100	44	61
Sewer										
Daily consumption (millions of gallons)	5.58	5.28	5.24	4.86	4.87	4.76	4.89	4.74	4.68	4.57
New customer connections	61	92	22	46	27	17	14	77	13	15
Public transportation										
Transit bus passengers ^b	1,877,126	1,522,746	1,360,066	503,759	1,872,845	2,120,458	2,116,785	2,572,937	2,807,730	2,820,419
Sanitation										
Solid waste collected (tons)	9,771	10,146	9,523	9,823	10,101	10,507	10,681	12,363	10,113	•

Source: Various City of Harrisonburg departments.

Notes: Operating indicators are not available for the general government function.

^aIn 2020, the Police Department transitioned to a new reporting system and the manner in which calls are received and data captured has changed. ^bIn 2020, the City significant decrease in transit bus passengers was due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Fiscal Year	Year				
Function	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Police										
Police stations	က	က	3	က	ဇ	က	က	3	က	3
Patrol units (including motorcycles)	84	77	9/	72	70	69	64	26	48	49
Fire										
Fire stations	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Fire trucks	12	12	12	13	14	13	12	12	12	12
Public works:										
Streets (centerline miles)	142.85	142.85	142.82	140.85	139.38	139.38	139.78	139.78	139.44	140.27
Parks, recreation and cultural										
Parks (including athletic facilities)	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Parks acreage	877	877	877	877	877	877	877	877	877	877
Golf course acreage ^a	193	193	193	193	193	193	193	193	193	204
Water:										
Water lines (linear feet) ^b	1,560,326	1,544,236	1,735,522	1,733,878	1,722,475	1,705,440	1,694,719	1,680,534	1,664,446	1,610,400
Storage capacity (millions of gallons)	28.50	28.50	28.50	28.50	28.50	28.50	25.25	25.25	25.25	25.25
Sewer:										
Sewer lines (linear feet) ^b	982,114	981,879	1,098,602	1,098,405	1,095,104	1,082,400	1,075,269	1,066,269	1,059,020	1,024,320
Public transportation:										
Transit buses	55	54	51	51	51	51	51	20	20	48
Sanitation:										
Refuse collection trucks	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	80
Recycling collection trucks	က	က	က	ဂ	ဂ	က	က	4	4	2

Source: Various City of Harrisonburg departments.

Notes: Capital assets indicators are not available for the general government function and the planning and community development function. "n/a" means that the information is not available. 1The methodology in the way the amount of water and sewer lines calculated

^aIn 2016, the City transferred approximately ten acres of golf course property to the Harrisonburg City School Board for the construction of a new elementary school.

^bIn 2023, the Public Utilities Department changed the manner in which the linear feet of water and sewer lines are calculated.

COMPLIANCE SECTION

This part of the City's annual comprehensive financial report is intended to demonstrate the City's compliance with various state and federal legal matters, as well as, compliance with federal grant funding requirements. It is prepared in conformity with the provisions of the U.S. Office of Management and Budget's Uniform Guidance.





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Members of City Council City of Harrisonburg, Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties*, *Cities, and Towns* and the *Specifications for Audits of Authorities, Boards, and Commissions*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Harrisonburg, Virginia (the "City"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 4, 2024.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests did not disclose any instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Brown, Edwards & Company, S. L. P.

Harrisonburg, Virginia December 4, 2024



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Honorable Members of City Council City of Harrisonburg, Virginia

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Harrisonburg, Virginia's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City of Harrisonburg, Virginia's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024. The City of Harrisonburg, Virginia's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the City of Harrisonburg, Virginia complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the City of Harrisonburg, Virginia and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City of Harrisonburg, Virginia's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the City of Harrisonburg, Virginia's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the City of Harrisonburg, Virginia's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the City of Harrisonburg, Virginia's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design
 and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a
 test basis, evidence regarding the City of Harrisonburg, Virginia's compliance with the
 compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we
 considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the City of Harrisonburg, Virginia's internal control over compliance
 relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances
 and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform
 Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of
 Harrisonburg, Virginia's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Brown, Edwards & Company, S. S. P.

Harrisonburg, Virginia December 4, 2024

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA

SUMMARY OF COMPLIANCE MATTERS June 30, 2024

As more fully described in the Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we performed tests of the City's compliance with certain provisions of the laws, regulations, contracts, and grants shown below.

STATE COMPLIANCE MATTERS

Code of Virginia
Budget and Appropriation Laws
Cash and Investment Laws
Conflicts of Interest Act
Local Retirement Systems
Debt Provisions
Procurement Laws
Governor's Opportunity Funds
Uniform Disposition of Unclaimed Property Act

State Agency Requirements
Education
Urban Highway Maintenance
Fire Programs Aid to Localities
Stormwater Management Program
Opioid Abatement Program

FEDERAL COMPLIANCE MATTERS

Compliance Supplement for Single Audits of State and Local Governments

Provisions and conditions of agreements related to federal programs selected for testing.

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS Year Ended June 30, 2024

A. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

- 1. The auditor's report expresses an **unmodified opinion** on the financial statements.
- 2. **No significant deficiencies and no material weaknesses** relating to the audit of the financial statements are reported in the Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.
- 3. **No instances of noncompliance** material to the financial statements were disclosed during the audit.
- 4. **No significant deficiencies and no material weaknesses** relating to the audit of the major federal award programs were reported in the Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance.
- 5. The auditor's report on compliance for the major federal award programs expresses an **unmodified opinion**.
- 6. The audit disclosed **no audit findings** relating to major programs.
- 7. The programs tested as major programs include:

Name of Program:	Assistance Listing #
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205
COVID-19 – Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027

- 8. The **threshold for** distinguishing Type A and B programs was \$750,000.
- 9. The City was determined to be a **low-risk auditee**.

B. FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

None.

C. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS – MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT

None.

D. FINDINGS – COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA

None.

Virginia Department of Education:	Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Assistance Listing Number	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Pass-through Payments to Subrecipients	Cluster Expenditures	Federal Expenditures
Child Nutrition Cluster:	Department of Agriculture:					
School Breakfast Program						
School Breekfast Program						
School Breakfast Program		40.550	00000011110011	•		•
School Breakfast Program	•			\$ -		\$
National School Lunch Program	<u> </u>			-		
National School Lunch Program	•			-		
National School Lunch Program 10.555 202424H11994H - 2.234; 104 National School Lunch Program 10.555 2023228180304H - 1.31; 208 National School Lunch Program 10.555 2023228180304H - 1.31; 308 131; 308 Summer Food Service Program for Children 10.559 202323H1994H - 1.31; 308 131; 308	•			_		
National School Lunch Program 10.555 202322N890341 . 1.425	S .			_		
National School Lunch Program 10.555 202232NB90341 - 131,908 Summer Food Service Program for Children 10.559 2022321N19941 - 38,447 Summer Food Service Program for Children 10.559 2022321160341 - 31,069 Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program 10.582 2022321160341 - 10.1910 Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program 10.582 2022321160341 - 10.1910 Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program 10.582 2022321160341 - 10.1910 Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program 10.582 2022321160341 - 10.1910 Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program 10.585 2022321160341 - 10.1910 Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program 10.585 2022321160341 - 10.295,967 Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program 10.558 2022331119941 - 10.295,967 Fresh Fruit and Adult Cluster Cond Program 10.558 2022331119941 - 10.295,967 - 10.295 Fresh Fruit and Adult Care Food Program 10.558 2022331119941 - 10.295 - 10.295 Fresh Fruit and Adult Care Food Program 10.558 202233119941 - 10.295 - 10.295 Fresh Fruit and Adult Care Food Program 10.558 2022331020041 - 10.295 - 10.295 Fresh Fruit and Adult Care Food Program 10.588 2022424N19941 - 10.295 - 10.295 Fresh Fruit Adult Care Food Program 10.588 2022338909941 - 10.295 - 10.295 Fresh Fruit Adult Care Food Program 10.588 2022338909941 - 10.295 - 10.295 Fresh Fruit Adult Care Food Program 10.295 2022338909941 - 10.295 - 10.295 Fresh Fruit Adult Care Food Program 10.295 2022338909941 - 10.295 - 10.295 Fresh Fruit Adult Care Food Program 10.295 2022338909941 - 10.295 - 10.295 Fresh Fruit Adult Care Food Program 10.295 - 10.295 Fresh Fruit Adult Care Food Program 10.295 - 10.295 Fresh Fruit Adult Care Food Program 10.295 - 10.295 Fresh Fruit Adult Care Food Program 10.295 - 10.295 Fresh Fruit Adult Care Food Program 10.295 - 10.295 Fresh Fruit Adult Care Food Program 10.295 - 10.295 Fresh Fruit Adult Care Food Program 10.295 - 10.295 Fresh Fruit Adult	_			_		
Summer Food Service Program for Children 10.559 202232N119941 . 48,447 . 31.069 . 10.569 202242N109814 . 31.069 . 10.169 . 10.569 . 202242N109814 . 31.069 . 10.169 .	_			_		
Summer Food Service Program for Children 10.559 20242AN109941				_		
Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program 10.582 202320.160341 - 9,794 Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program 10.582 202423.160341 - 10.1910 Virginia Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services: National School Lunch Program (donated commodities) 10.555 Not Provided - 295,967 Total Child Nutrition Cluster Virginia Department of Education: Child and Adult Care Food Program 10.558 202323N119941 - 2.23 Child and Adult Care Food Program 10.558 202424N119941 - 2.23 Child and Adult Care Food Program 10.558 202424N119941 - 2.23 Child and Adult Care Food Program 10.558 202424N119941 - 2.23 Child and Adult Care Food Program 10.558 202424N202041 - 2.23 Child and Adult Care Food Program 10.558 202424N202041 - 2.23 Child and Adult Care Food Program 10.558 202424N202041 - 2.23 Child and Adult Care Food Program 10.558 202424N202041 - 2.23 COVID-19 - Pandemic EBT Administrative Costs 10.649 2023238900941 - 2.23 COVID-19 - Pandemic EBT Administrative Costs 10.649 2023238900941 - 2.23 COVID-19 - Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants Cluster Direct payments: CDBG - Entitlement Grants Cluster Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants 14.218 234.612 583.257 COVID-19 - Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants 14.218 78.695 78.695 Total CDBG - Entitlement Grants Cluster Direct payments: Bulletprof Vest Partnership Program 16.607 Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program 16.738 16 Comprehensive Opioid, Stimulant, and other Substances Use Program 16.838 24-H3245VA21 - 9.2 Department of Transportation: Violence Against Women Formula Grants 16.598 23-H3245VA21 - 9.2 Department of Transportation: Direct payments: Virginia Department of Transportation: Violence Against Women Formula Grants 16.598 24-H3245VA21 - 9.2 Department of Transportation: Violence Against Women Formula Grants 16.598 24-H3245VA21 - 9.2 Department of Transportation: Violence Against Women Formula Grants 16.598 24-H3245VA21 - 9.2 Department of Transportation: Pederal Transit Cluster Federal Transit Cluster	<u>-</u>			_		
Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program 10.582 202423L160341 0 10.1910				_		
Virginia Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services: National School Lunch Program (donated commodities) 10.555 Not Provided 295,967 3,459		10.582	202423L160341	-		
National School Lunch Program (donated commodities) 10.555 Not Provided 295.967 7.545 7.54					,	
Total Child Nutrition Cluster		10.555	Not Provided	-	295,967	
Virginia Department of Education: Child and Adult Care Food Program 10.558 2023/23N119941 - - 2.3 2.5	,					5,459,518
Child and Adult Care Food Program	Virginia Department of Education:					
Child and Adult Care Food Program	Child and Adult Care Food Program	10.558	202323N119941	-	-	23,103
Child and Adult Care Food Program 10.558 202424N202041 - - 9 9 10.649 202323S900941 - - 9 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	Child and Adult Care Food Program	10.558	202424N119941	-	-	139,520
COVID-19 - Pandemic EBT Administrative Costs 10.649 202323\$900941 - - - 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	Child and Adult Care Food Program	10.558	202323N202041	-	-	1,604
Department of Housing and Urban Development:	Child and Adult Care Food Program	10.558	202424N202041	-	-	9,677
Direct payments: CDBG - Entitlement Grants Cluster: COmmunity Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants	COVID-19 - Pandemic EBT Administrative Costs	10.649	202323S900941	-	-	6,180
Direct payments:	Direct payments: CDBG - Entitlement Grants Cluster: Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants COVID-19 - Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grant			•		661,952
Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 16.607 99 Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program 16.738 16 Comprehensive Opioid, Stimulant, and other Substances Use Program 16.838 127 Pass-through payments 16.838 16.838 18.8345 18.838 18.	Department of Justice:					
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program 16.738 16.838 16.838 127	Direct payments:					
Comprehensive Opioid, Stimulant, and other Substances Use Program 16.838 127						9,928
Pass-through payments: Virginia Department of Criminal Justice Services: Violence Against Women Formula Grants 16.588 23-H3245VA21 -	,					16,860
Virginia Department of Criminal Justice Services: Violence Against Women Formula Grants 16.588 23-H3245VA21 - - 9 Violence Against Women Formula Grants 16.588 24-H3245VA22 - - 29 Department of Transportation: Direct payments: Federal Transit Cluster: Federal Transit Cluster - 2,539,483 - 2,539 - 2,539 - 2,539 - - 2,539,483 - - 2,539,483 - - 2,539,483 - - 2,539,483 - - 2,539,483 - - 2,539,483 - - 2,539,483 - - 2,539,483 - - 2,539,483 - - 2,539,483 - - 2,539,483 - - 2,539,483 - - 2,539,483 - - - 2,539 - - 2,539 - - - - - - -		16.838				127,757
Violence Against Women Formula Grants 16.588 23-H3245VA21 - - 9 Department of Transportation: Direct payments: Federal Transit Cluster: Federal Transit Cluster: Federal Transit Cluster - 2,539,483 Total Federal Transit Cluster - 2,539,483 Total Federal Transit Cluster - 2,539,483 Pass-through payments: Virginia Department of Transportation: Highway Planning and Construction 20.205 UPC 115139 - - - 92 Highway Planning and Construction 20.205 UPC 116860 - - - 184 Highway Planning and Construction 20.205 UPC 119645 - - 2 246 Highway Planning and Construction 20.205 UPC 119647 - - - 2 246 Highway Planning and Construction 20.205 UPC 119661 - -	- · ·					
Department of Transportation: 24-H3245VA22 - - 29 Direct payments: Federal Transit Cluster: Federal Transit Cluster: - 2,539,483 - 2,539,483 - - 2,539,483 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - <th< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></th<>						
Department of Transportation: Direct payments: Federal Transit Cluster: Federal Transit Formula Grants 20.507 - 2,539,483 Total Federal Transit Cluster - 2,539 Pass-through payments: Virginia Department of Transportation: Highway Planning and Construction 20.205 UPC 115139 - 92 Highway Planning and Construction 20.205 UPC 116860 - 184 Highway Planning and Construction 20.205 UPC 119645 - 2 Highway Planning and Construction 20.205 UPC 119647 - 246 Highway Planning and Construction 20.205 UPC 119652 - 2 - 20 Highway Planning and Construction 20.205 UPC 119652 - 2 - 2 Highway Planning and Construction 20.205 UPC 119661 - 2 - 2				-	-	9,956
Direct payments: Federal Transit Cluster: Federal Transit-Formula Grants 20.507 - 2,539,483 2,539 Total Federal Transit Cluster 2,539 Pass-through payments: Virginia Department of Transportation: Highway Planning and Construction 20.205 UPC 115139 92 92 Highway Planning and Construction 20.205 UPC 116860 184 184 Highway Planning and Construction 20.205 UPC 119645 246 123 Highway Planning and Construction 20.205 UPC 119647 246 246 Highway Planning and Construction 20.205 UPC 119652 3 3 Highway Planning and Construction 20.205 UPC 119661 3 3	Violence Against Women Formula Grants	16.588	24-H3245VA22	-	-	29,211
Federal Transit Cluster: Federal Transit-Formula Grants 20.507 - 2,539,483 2,539 Total Federal Transit Cluster 2,539 2,539 Pass-through payments: Virginia Department of Transportation: 92 Highway Planning and Construction 20.205 UPC 115139 92 Highway Planning and Construction 20.205 UPC 116860 184 Highway Planning and Construction 20.205 UPC 119645 2 123 Highway Planning and Construction 20.205 UPC 119647 2 246 Highway Planning and Construction 20.205 UPC 119652 2 103 Highway Planning and Construction 20.205 UPC 119661 3 3	·					
Federal Transit-Formula Grants 20.507 - 2,539,483 Total Federal Transit Cluster 2,539 Pass-through payments: Virginia Department of Transportation: Highway Planning and Construction 20.205 UPC 115139 92 Highway Planning and Construction 20.205 UPC 116860 184 Highway Planning and Construction 20.205 UPC 119645 2 123 Highway Planning and Construction 20.205 UPC 119647 2 246 Highway Planning and Construction 20.205 UPC 119652 3 103 Highway Planning and Construction 20.205 UPC 119661 3 3						
Total Federal Transit Cluster 2,539 Pass-through payments: Virginia Department of Transportation: Highway Planning and Construction 20.205 UPC 115139 - - 92 Highway Planning and Construction 20.205 UPC 116860 - - 184 Highway Planning and Construction 20.205 UPC 119645 - - 123 Highway Planning and Construction 20.205 UPC 119647 - - 246 Highway Planning and Construction 20.205 UPC 119652 - - 103 Highway Planning and Construction 20.205 UPC 119661 - - 3		20 507		_	2 539 483	
Pass-through payments: Virginia Department of Transportation: Highway Planning and Construction 20.205 UPC 115139 - - 92 Highway Planning and Construction 20.205 UPC 116860 - - 184 Highway Planning and Construction 20.205 UPC 119645 - - 123 Highway Planning and Construction 20.205 UPC 119647 - - 246 Highway Planning and Construction 20.205 UPC 119652 - - 103 Highway Planning and Construction 20.205 UPC 119661 - - 3		20.007			2,000,400	2,539,483
Virginia Department of Transportation: 20.205 UPC 115139 - - 92 Highway Planning and Construction 20.205 UPC 116860 - - 184 Highway Planning and Construction 20.205 UPC 119645 - - 123 Highway Planning and Construction 20.205 UPC 119647 - - 246 Highway Planning and Construction 20.205 UPC 119652 - - 103 Highway Planning and Construction 20.205 UPC 119661 - - 3						2,000,100
Highway Planning and Construction 20.205 UPC 115139 - - 92 Highway Planning and Construction 20.205 UPC 116860 - - 184 Highway Planning and Construction 20.205 UPC 119645 - - - 2246 Highway Planning and Construction 20.205 UPC 119652 - - 103 Highway Planning and Construction 20.205 UPC 119661 - - 3	· · ·					
Highway Planning and Construction 20.205 UPC 116860 - - 184 Highway Planning and Construction 20.205 UPC 119645 - - 123 Highway Planning and Construction 20.205 UPC 119647 - - 246 Highway Planning and Construction 20.205 UPC 119652 - - 103 Highway Planning and Construction 20.205 UPC 119661 - - 3		20.205	UPC 115139	_	_	92,346
Highway Planning and Construction 20.205 UPC 119645 - - 123 Highway Planning and Construction 20.205 UPC 119647 - - 246 Highway Planning and Construction 20.205 UPC 119652 - - - 103 Highway Planning and Construction 20.205 UPC 119661 - - 3				_	_	184,197
Highway Planning and Construction 20.205 UPC 119647 - - 246 Highway Planning and Construction 20.205 UPC 119652 - - - 103 Highway Planning and Construction 20.205 UPC 119661 - - 3				-	_	123,018
Highway Planning and Construction20.205UPC 119652103Highway Planning and Construction20.205UPC 1196613	<i>,</i> , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			-	-	246,051
Highway Planning and Construction 20.205 UPC 119661 3	• •			-	-	103,320
				-	-	3,810
	Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	UPC 119662	-	-	87,563
				-	-	1,672
		20.205	UPC 121207	-	-	4,032
Highway Planning and Construction 20.205 UPC 124006 111	Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	UPC 124006	-	-	111,271
Highway Planning and Construction 20.205 UPC 124008 69	Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	UPC 124008	-	-	69,907
Highway Planning and Construction 20.205 UPC 124203 143	Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	UPC 124203	-	-	143,552

	Assistance Listing	Pass-through Entity Identifying	Pass-through Payments to	Cluster	Federal
Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Number	Number	Subrecipients	Expenditures	Expenditures
Department of Transportation: (continued)					
Pass-through payments: (continued) Harrisonburg-Rockingham Metropolitan Planning Organization:					
Metropolitan Transportation Planning and State and					
Non-Metropolitan Planning and Research	20.505	46023-12	_	_	80,097
Virginia Department of Motor Vehicles:	20.000	10020 12			00,007
Highway Safety Cluster:					
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	BSC-2023-53391-23391	_	1,187	
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	BSC-2024-54313-24313	-	6,976	
National Priority Safety Programs	20.616	SFHLE-2023-53392-23392	-	768	
National Priority Safety Programs	20.616	SFHLE-2024-54331-24331	-	3,087	
Total Highway Safety Cluster					12,018
Alcohol Open Container Requirements	20.607	ENF_AL-2023-53283-23283	-	-	3,532
Alcohol Open Container Requirements	20.607	ENF_AL-2024-54330-24330	-	-	7,415
Department of the Treasury: Direct payments:					
COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027		754,655	-	6,464,345
Pass-through payments:					
Virginia Department of Criminal Justice Services:	04.007	50005			000 000
COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027	509205	-	-	290,209
Virginia Tourism Corporation:	21.027	Not Provided			2 205
COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.021	Not Flovided	-	-	2,205
Environmental Protection Agency:					
Pass-through payments:					
Virginia Department of Forestry:					
Geographic Programs - Chesapeake Bay Program Implementation,					
Regulatory/Accountability and Monitoring Grants	66.964	22VTCW41	-	-	5,430
Department of Education.					
Department of Education:					
Pass-through payments: Virginia Department of Education:					
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	S010A220046	_	_	295,631
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	S010A230046	_	_	1,234,936
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	V048A220046	_	_	1,128
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	V048A230046	_	_	120,744
English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365	S365A200046	_	_	95
English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365	S365A220046	-	_	164,312
English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365	S365A230046	-	-	149,558
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	S367A220044	-	-	75,388
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	S367A230044	-	-	132,449
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	S424A200048	-	-	2,900
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	S424A220048	-	-	28,841
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	S424A230048	-	-	56,995
COVID-19 - American Rescue Plan-Elementary and Secondary					
School Emergency Relief	84.425U	S425U210008	-	-	6,488,565
Special Education Cluster (IDEA):					
COVID-19 - Special Education-Grants to States	84.027	H027X210107	-	220,769	
Special Education-Grants to States	84.027	H027A210107	-	21,841	
Special Education-Grants to States	84.027	H027A220107	-	213,760	
Special Education-Grants to States	84.027	H027A230107	-	907,663	
COVID-19 - Special Education-Preschool Grants	84.173	H173X210112	-	24,076	
Special Education-Preschool Grants	84.173	H173A230112	-	32,137	
Total Special Education Cluster					1,420,246
State Council of Higher Education for Virginia:					
Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness for					
Undergraduate Programs	84.334	Not Provided	-	-	45,693
The College of William & Mary:					
COVID-19 - American Rescue Plan-Elementary and Secondary	04.405144	0.4051//0.400.40			00.404
School Emergency Relief - Homeless Children and Youth	84.425W	S425W210048	-	-	28,464

Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Assistance Listing Number	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Pass-through Payments to Subrecipients	Cluster Expenditures	Federal Expenditures
Department of Health and Human Services:					
Pass-through payments:					
Virginia Department of Education:					
COVID-19 - Child Care and Development Block Grant	93.575	Not Provided	-	-	14,150
Virginia Department of Behavorial Health and Developmental Services	:				
COVID-19 - Block Grants for Community Mental Health Services	93.958	0000119700	-	-	9,205
Department of Homeland Security:					
Pass-through payments:					
Virginia Department of Emergency Management:					
Emergency Management Performance Grants	97.042	EMP-2023-EP-00006-18	-	-	7,500
Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067	EMW-2021-SS-00034-83	-	-	40,783
Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067	EMW-2022-SS-00082-18	-	-	73,390
Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067	EMW-2022-SS-00082-81	82,558	-	82,558
Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067	EMW-2023-SS-00109-20	-	-	150,000
Department of Defense:					
Direct payments:					
JROTC Funds	12.VA 170853				46,038
Total expenditures of federal awards				:	\$ 27,740,308

The accompanying notes to schedule of expenditures of federal awards are an integral part of this schedule.

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS June 30, 2024

Note 1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of the City of Harrisonburg, Virginia and its component units, and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information contained in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of the U.S. Office of Management and Budget's Uniform Guidance. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the general-purpose financial statements.

Note 2. Indirect Cost Allocation Rate

The City of Harrisonburg has not elected to use the de minimis indirect cost allocation rate.

Note 3. Food Distribution

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed as determined by the U.S. Department of Agriculture. At June 30, 2024, the School Board, a component unit, had food commodities totaling \$8,738 in inventory.

Note 4. Loan Programs

Included in prior year schedules were loan proceeds obtained through the Virginia Water Supply Revolving Fund in the total amount of \$1,136,000. The following is the federal award program and the outstanding balance on the loan at June 30, 2024.

Program Title	Assistance Listing Number	Outstanding Loan Amount	<u>J</u>
Capitalization Grants for Drinking Water State Revolving Funds	66.468	\$ 605,866	;

