BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT CENTRE, INC. (A Component Unit of the City of Lynchburg, VA) (A Nonprofit Organization)

FINANCIAL REPORT

June 30, 2020

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of the Board of Directors Business Development Centre, Inc. Lynchburg, Virginia

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Business Development Centre, Inc. (the "Centre"), a component unit of the City of Lynchburg, Virginia, as of and for the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Centre's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Report on the Financial Statements (Continued)

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Centre, as of June 30, 2020 and 2019, and the changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Omission of this information does not have an impact on our opinion on the basic financial statements and is not a required component of the basic financial statements, themselves, or the related notes to the financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 24, 2020 on our consideration of the Centre's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Centre's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Brown, Edwards & Company, S. L. P.

Roanoke, Virginia September 24, 2020

STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION June 30, 2020 and 2019

	2020	2019
ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 767,023	\$ 629,236
Accounts receivable	822	1,374
Other assets	439	126
Total current assets	768,284	630,736
CAPITAL ASSETS		
Furniture and equipment	24,375	24,375
Accumulated depreciation	(23,938)	(23,500)
Total capital assets	437	875
NOTES RECEIVABLE (Note 2)	1,203,192	1,252,330
Total assets	1,971,913	1,883,941
LIABILITIES		
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	5,930	5,919
Accrued liabilities	24,822	14,823
Total current liabilities	30,752	20,742
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES		
Due to City of Lynchburg (Note 3)	125,000	125,000
Due to Economic Development Administration	495,000	495,000
Due to Lynchburg Economic Development Authority (Note 2)	776,060	776,060
Due to Virginia Enterprise Initiative	40,000	40,000
Security deposits	6,000	6,000
Total noncurrent liabilities	1,442,060	1,442,060
Total liabilities	1,472,812	1,462,802
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	437	875
Unrestricted	498,664	420,264
Total net position	\$ 499,101	\$ 421,139

STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

	2020	2019		
OPERATING REVENUES				
Rental income	\$ 244,223	\$ 180,966		
Services income	3,392	3,369		
Program income	52,099	56,063		
Miscellaneous	9,144	9,902		
Total operating revenue	308,858	250,300		
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Wages and salaries	110,089	103,032		
Payroll taxes	8,356	7,833		
Advertising	-	1,892		
Contracted services	388	2,220		
Depreciation	438	437		
Dues and memberships	485	85		
Meals and entertainment	307	429		
Miscellaneous	2,385	1,449		
Office expenses, including telephone	36,429	33,123		
Professional fees	7,052	6,726		
Repairs and maintenance	14,963	28,189		
Utilities	50,004	42,915		
Total operating expenses	230,896	228,330		
Operating income	77,962	21,970		
NONOPERATING REVENUES				
Donations and grants		3,000		
Total nonoperating revenues		3,000		
Change in net position	77,962	24,970		
NET POSITION AT JULY 1	421,139	396,169		
NET POSITION AT JUNE 30	\$ 499,101	\$ 421,139		

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

		2020	2019		
OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Cash received from tenants	\$	309,410	\$	250,705	
Cash paid for goods and services		(112,315)		(116,157)	
Cash paid to employees		(108,446)		(114,729)	
Principal repayments		269,138		295,679	
New loans disbursed		(220,000)		(563,000)	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		137,787		(247,502)	
NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Donations and grants				3,000	
CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES				_	
Repayment of amounts due to Lynchburg Area Development Corporation		_		(115,500)	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		137,787		(360,002)	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS					
Beginning at July 1		629,236		989,238	
Ending at June 30	\$	767,023	\$	629,236	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Operating income	\$	77,962	\$	21,970	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by	·	,		,	
(used in) operating activities:					
Depreciation		438		437	
Loan receivable programs transactions:					
Principal repayments		269,138		295,679	
New loans disbursed		(220,000)		(563,000)	
(Increase) decrease in:					
Accounts receivable		552		(345)	
Other assets		(313)		(29)	
Increase (decrease) in:					
Accounts payable		11		900	
Accrued liabilities		9,999		(3,864)	
Security deposits				750	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	137,787	\$	(247,502)	
SCHEDULE OF NON-CASH ACTIVITIES					
Adjustment to allowance for bad debts and amount due to					
Lynchburg Economic Development Authority	\$		\$	60,000	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 1. Organization and Significant Accounting Policies

Organization and purpose

Business Development Centre, Inc. (the "Centre"), a nonprofit organization, component unit of the City of Lynchburg, Virginia (the "City"), provides business advisory services to small businesses in the Central Virginia area; operates the Business Development Centre, a business incubator; and provides certain financing for qualifying businesses under the U.S. Department of Commerce Economic Development Administration's (EDA) revolving loan fund program. The Centre also administers other nonfederal loan programs. The City accounts for the Centre as a discretely presented component unit.

Measurement focus and basis of accounting

Despite being a nonprofit organization, due to the Centre's status as a component unit of the City, the Centre follows accounting guidance issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board for state and local governments.

The operations of the Centre are recorded on the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues from rental income and other revenues are recognized when earned, and expenses are recorded as liabilities when incurred, without regard to receipt or payment of cash.

The Centre distinguishes operating revenues and expense from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with the Centre's principal ongoing operations. Operating revenues are rental income from renting office and manufacturing space, charges for various utilities and shared office expenses, and program fees. Nonoperating revenues are donations and grants received. All other revenues and expenses are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand and highly liquid temporary investments with original maturities of three months or less from date of acquisition. The Centre maintains substantially all of its cash in a regional bank and at times balances exceed the threshold insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC).

Receivables

Accounts and notes receivable are valued at net realizable value. An allowance for doubtful accounts, if necessary, is recorded against the receivable account balance to reduce the balance to net realizable value. Notes receivable are written off when management believes, after considering economic conditions, business conditions, and collection efforts, that the collection is doubtful. At June 30, 2020 and 2019, an allowance of \$60,000 was recorded due to the status of one loan. In addition, the amount due to Lynchburg Economic Development Authority was written down by an equal amount due to the nature of the Centre's relationship with the EDA as a pass-through entity, as further discussed in Note 2.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 1. Organization and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Capital assets

Capital assets acquired are recorded at cost. Depreciation is computed on the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives which range from 3 to 15 years. Leasehold improvements, where applicable, are depreciated over the shorter of the useful life of the asset or the remaining term of the lease. Lease term includes all reasonably assured renewals. The Centre's capitalization threshold is \$2,500.

Compensated absences

The Centre's employees accumulate vacation time depending on their length of service. All outstanding vacation time is accrued as earned and is payable upon termination of employment. Sick leave accumulates based on length of service but does not vest to employees upon termination. Because of the timing of the use of the benefit is not estimable, all of the liability has been classified as current.

Income taxes

The Internal Revenue Service has ruled that the Centre is exempt from income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the *Internal Revenue Code*.

<u>Estimates</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Subsequent events

Subsequent events have been evaluated through September 24, 2020, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued. No transactions requiring disclosures have occurred through this date.

Note 2. Notes Receivable

All of the notes receivable consist of loans administrated by the Centre from (1) a loan pool jointly funded by the EDA and the City of Lynchburg and (2) other nonfederal loan programs. The notes are collateralized by collateral of the borrowers and require monthly payments of interest and principal. The repayment terms range from 6 to 120 months with interest rates from 5% to 8%, depending upon the loan program. The revolving EDA loan fund program is designed to provide loans to certain qualifying businesses based on guidelines from the EDA. The Virginia Enterprise Initiative Loan Program ("VEI") and the Centre Loan Program are designed to provide loans to eligible small business concerns. The Lynchburg Economic Development Authority ("LEDA") Loan Program and the Lynchburg Area Development Corporation ("LADC") Loan Program are designated to promote employment opportunities in the local area by offering businesses the opportunity to access capital through moderately priced loans.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 2. Notes Receivable (Continued)

When LEDA notes are impaired or written down due to estimates of uncollectability, such as was noted in the previous year, an offsetting write-down of the amount due to the LEDA is also recorded. This offsetting write-down is due to the nature of these loans as pass-through transactions for the Centre.

Activity in the loan programs during the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, was as follows:

	Revolving Loan Program	P	VEI Loan rogram]	Centre Loan Program	1	VEW Loan Program	LEDA Loan Program		Total
Balance, July 1, 2018 Principal repayments New loans disbursed Allowance for bad	\$ 389,276 (102,180) 343,500	\$	1,016 (1,016)	\$	37,078 (17,717)	\$	(565) 39,500	\$ 617,639 (174,201) 180,000	\$ 1	,045,009 (295,679) 563,000
debts	 -		-	_			-	 (60,000)		(60,000)
Balance, June 30, 2019 Principal repayments New loans disbursed	 630,596 (168,397) 165,000		- - -		19,361 (20,155) 55,000		38,935 (6,377)	 563,438 (74,209)	1	,252,330 (269,138) 220,000
Balance, June 30, 2020	\$ 627,199	\$		\$	54,206	\$	32,558	\$ 489,229	\$ 1	,203,192

Note 3. Related-Party Transactions

The Centre is party to several agreements with the City. Those agreements involve the Centre in the following:

- Leasing the Business Development Centre building at a nominal amount.
- Assuming the leases made between the City and tenants of the Business Development Centre building.
- Assuming the operations of the Centre.
- Administering the Revolving Loan Fund Program as a subgrantee of the City.
- Providing certain small business advisory services under subgrantee agreements with the City.

As part of the operating agreement, the City agrees to advance operating funds to the Centre to cover working capital needs. The City has agreed to provide local matching funds under the revolving loan fund program. The amounts due the City from the revolving loan fund was \$125,000 at June 30, 2020 and 2019.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 4. Leases

Lessor

The Centre is the lessor of office and manufacturing facilities in the Business Development Centre building under various operating lease agreements. The lease agreements have terms from one month to three years. At June 30, 2020, the future minimum lease payments due to the Centre under operating leases with initial or remaining noncancellable operating lease terms total \$134,693 for the year ending June 30, 2021 and \$1,400 for the year ending June 30, 2022. All leases expire on or before July 31, 2021.

Lessee

The Centre leases certain office equipment and a building under operating lease agreements. The building is leased from the City at a nominal amount. These lease agreements have terms from one month to three years. At June 30, 2020, future minimum lease payments due under operating leases with initial or remaining noncancellable operating lease terms in excess of one year are scheduled as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	
2021	\$ 2,004

The amount shown above does not include contingent rentals of up to \$1,500 per year for the building, to be paid in the form of repairs and maintenance on the building. The City pays for additional major repairs and maintenance above \$1,500. The City also provides insurance coverage for the Centre's building at no charge. There was no building rent expense for the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019.

Note 5. Retirement Plan

In April 1995, the Centre established an *Internal Revenue Code* Section 403(b) retirement plan for all eligible employees. The plan permits the Centre to make matching discretionary contributions. The investments for the plan are in a mutual fund. The Centre had no contributions to the plan for the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019.

Note 6. Credit Risk and Economic Dependency

At June 30, 2020 and 2019, the Centre's accounts and notes receivable were from small businesses located in the Central Virginia area.

The Centre derives substantially all of its revenues from donations and grants from state and local funding sources, federal grants, and charges for services to its tenants and clients who are located in the Central Virginia area. The Centre is also highly dependent upon the City for leased property and sources of grant funding.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 7. New Accounting Standards

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued the following Statement which is not yet effective. GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*, establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. This Statement was originally effective for the year ending June 30, 2021. The effective date for this standard has been delayed until the year ending June 30, 2022 due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

Note 8. COVID-19

In December 2019, a novel strain of coronavirus (COVID-19) was reported and the World Health Organization (WHO) declared the outbreak a "public health emergency of international concern" on January 30, 2020. The full impact of the COVID-19 outbreak continues to evolve as of the date of this report. As such, it is uncertain as to the full magnitude the pandemic will have on the Centre's financial condition, liquidity, and future results of operations. Management is actively monitoring the impact of the global situation, however, the outbreak has not had any significant impact on the Centre's financial condition, liquidity, or operations. The Centre has set up a new loan fund to help businesses that have been negatively impacted by the COVID-19 outbreak.





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Members of the Board of Directors Business Development Centre, Inc. Lynchburg, Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the Business Development Centre, Inc. (the "Centre"), a component unit of the City of Lynchburg, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Centre's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 24, 2020.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Centre's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Centre's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Centre's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Centre's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Centre's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Centre's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Brown, Edwards & Company, S. L. P.

Roanoke, Virginia September 24, 2020