FINANCIAL REPORT

June 30, 2021



TOWN COUNCIL

Oscar E. Parker, III, President

Dennis P. Mason

Brian K. Wills

Michael W. Kessinger

Darlean Whiting

H. Lane Chambers, III

TOWN OFFICIALS

Brian M. Laine, Mayor

Bonita Meyers, Clerk of Council

Robyn L. Croft, Treasurer

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Members of the Town Council Town of Wakefield, Virginia Wakefield, Virginia

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Wakefield, Virginia as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Wakefield, Virginia's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Wakefield, Virginia as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparisons, pension information and related notes be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers them to be essential parts of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Wakefield, Virginia's basic financial statements. The listing of Town Council members and officials and the statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The listing of Town Council members and officials and statistical section have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 5, 2021, on our consideration of Town of Wakefield, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town of Wakefield, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Brown, Edwards & Company, S. L. P.

Newport News, Virginia October 5, 2021

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS June 30, 2021

The Town of Wakefield, Virginia (Town) offers readers of the financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town of Wakefield, Virginia for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. Please read it in conjunction with the Town's financial statements following this section.

Overview of Financial Statements

Our discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Town's basic financial statements. As of the year ended June 30, 2021, the Town's financial statements present two types of statements, each with a different snapshot of the Town's finances. The focus is on both the Town as a whole (government-wide) and the fund financial statements. The government-wide financial statements provide both short-term and long-term information about the Town's overall financial status. The fund financials focus on the individual part of Town government, reporting the Town's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements, which present a longer-term view. Presentation of both perspectives provides the user a broader overview, enhances of the basis for comparisons, and better reflects the Town's accountability.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the *Statement of Net position* and the *Statement of Activities*. These statements provide information about the Town as a whole using the accrual basis of accounting, which is the method used by most private-sector enterprises. All current year revenues and expenses are reported in the Statement of Activities regardless of when cash is received or paid. These statements allow readers to answer the question, "Is the Town's position, as a whole, better or worse as a result of the year's activities?"

One of the main goals of these two statements is to report the Town's net position and changes that affected net position during the fiscal year. The change in the Town's net position, the difference between assets and deferred inflows of resources and liabilities and deferred outflows of resources, is one way to measure the Town's financial health, or financial position. Increases or decreases in net position are indicators of whether the Town's financial health is improving or deteriorating. Other nonfinancial factors, such as changes in the Town's property tax base and the condition of the Town's infrastructure should also be considered in assessing the overall financial health of the Town.

In the Statement of Net position and the Statement of Activities, the Town's activities are classified as follows:

Governmental Activities

Most of the Town's basic services are reported here, including general government, judicial administration, public safety, public works, health and welfare, and parks and recreation and cultural departments. Property taxes, other local taxes, and federal and state grants finance most of these activities.

Business-Type Activities

The Town's water, waste disposal and electrical services are reported here as the Town charges a fee to customers designed to cover all the cost of services it provides. Additionally, the Town's Airport Commission is reported here as the Town charges hangar rent to cover the cost of the Airport's operations.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS June 30, 2021

Component Unit

The Town includes a blended component unit in this report, the Airport Commission of the Town of Wakefield. Although legally separate, the component unit is included because the Town of Wakefield is financially accountable for it and governs its operations.

Fund Financial Statements

Traditional users of governmental financial statements will find the fund financial statement presentation more familiar. However, the focus is now on the Town's most significant funds rather than fund types. The fund financial statements begin on page 9 and provide detailed information about the most significant funds, not the Town as a whole. The Town has two types of funds:

Governmental Funds

Most of the Town's basic services are accounted for in the governmental funds. Fund-based statements for these funds focus on how resources flow into and out of those funds and the balances at year-end that are available for future spending. These funds are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting, which measures cash and other liquid assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental funds financial statements provide a detailed short-term overview that helps the reader determine the financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Town's programs. The differences between governmental activities as reported in the government-wide and funds financial statements are reconciled on pages 10 and 12.

Proprietary Funds

When the Town charges customers for services it provides, whether to outside customers or to other units of the Town, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds, like the government-wide statements, utilize the accrual basis of accounting, and their statements provide both short and long-term financial information.

The Town's proprietary fund financial statements provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows. The Town's proprietary funds are the Public Utilities and Airport Commission Funds.

Financial Highlights and Analysis

The staff includes six full-time employees and one part-time worker. Seasonal employees are also hired if needed for maintenance work or grass cutting. The Town owns its own electrical and water systems which serve approximately 650 residents. The Town owns a municipal airport and ballpark and owns the building that houses the Wakefield Volunteer Fire Department.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS June 30, 2021

Town of Wakefield, Virginia's Changes in Net Position

	Governme	ental Activities	Business-type Activities		Tot	als
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
Revenues:						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,490,654	\$ 1,517,588	\$ 1,490,654	\$ 1,517,588
Operating grants and						
contributions	144,868		4,010	312,457	148,878	312,457
Total program revenues	144,868	_	1,494,664	1,830,045	1,639,532	1,830,045
General revenues:						
General property taxes	79,723	77,330	-	=	79,723	77,330
Other local taxes	351,977	329,619	-	-	351,977	329,619
Other general revenues	25,886	28,665	-	=	25,886	28,665
Recovered costs	1,064	16,420	-	-	1,064	16,420
Miscellaneous	4,575	6,420	22,778	39,097	27,353	45,517
Intergovernmental		·	•	-		
Commonwealth of						
Virginia	65,327	62,965			65,327	62,965
Total general revenues	528,552	521,419	22,778	39,097	551,330	560,516
Total revenues	673,420	521,419	1,517,442	1,869,142	2,190,862	2,390,561
Expenses:						
General government						
administration	362,373	326,160	_	_	362,373	326,160
Public safety	125,256	129,857	_	_	125,256	129,857
Public works	66,885	77,468	_	_	66,885	77,468
Parks, recreation,	00,000	,,,,,,			,	,,,,,,
and cultural	19,248	25,500	_	-	19,248	25,500
Airport			148,052	151,070	148,052	151,070
Public utilities		<u>_</u>	1,218,813	1,312,254	1,218,813	1,312,254
Total expenses	573,762	558,985	1,366,865	1,463,324	1,940,627	2,022,309
Change in net position						
before transfers	99,658	(37,566)	150,577	405,818	250,235	368,252
Transfers	235,587	60,784	(235,587)	(60,784)		
Change in net position	335,245	23,218	(85,010)	345,034	250,235	368,252
Net position, beginning	, -	-, -	(,)	- ,	,	, - -
of year	1,682,521	1,659,303	2,866,489	2,521,455	4,549,010	4,180,758
Net position, end of year	\$ 2,017,766	\$ 1,682,521	\$ 2,781,479	\$ 2,866,489	<u>\$ 4,799,245</u>	<u>\$ 4,549,010</u>

Total revenues decreased from fiscal year 2020 to 2021 by \$199,699 primarily due to a decline in operating grant and contributions attributable to a grant-funded capital project at the Airport in the prior year.

Total expenses decreased by \$81,682. This is primarily because of a decrease in public utilities expenses as a result of lower amounts paid to the Virginia Municipal Electric Association due to the decrease in the electric fuel adjustment rate.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS June 30, 2021

Town of Wakefield, Virginia's Net Position

	Government	al Activities	Business-type Activities		Tot	Totals	
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$ 1,972,385 288,869	\$ 1,407,805 <u>280,071</u>	\$ 392,053 2,691,623	\$ 419,176 2,839,052	\$ 2,364,438 2,980,492	\$ 1,826,981 3,119,123	
Total assets	<u>\$ 2,261,254</u>	<u>\$ 1,687,876</u>	\$ 3,083,676	\$ 3,258,228	\$ 5,344,930	\$ 4,946,104	
Deferred outflows of resources	<u>\$ 203,552</u>	<u>\$ 41,576</u>	<u>\$ 14,557</u>	<u>\$ 20,020</u>	<u>\$ 218,109</u>	<u>\$ 61,596</u>	
Current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities	\$ 445,735 <u>891</u>	\$ 23,312 8,477	\$ 197,893 118,577	\$ 236,398 168,070	\$ 643,628 119,468	\$ 259,710 176,547	
Total liabilities	<u>\$ 446,626</u>	<u>\$ 31,789</u>	<u>\$ 316,470</u>	<u>\$ 404,468</u>	\$ 763,093	\$ 436,257	
Deferred inflows of resources	<u>\$ 414</u>	<u>\$ 15,142</u>	<u>\$ 284</u>	<u>\$ 7,291</u>	<u>\$ 698</u>	<u>\$ 22,433</u>	
Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 288,869 19,219 1,709,678	\$ 280,071 18,072 1,344,378	\$ 2,566,477 11,969 203,033	\$ 2,675,462 7,619 183,408	\$ 2,855,346 31,188 1,912,711	\$ 2,955,533 25,691 1,567,786	
Net position	<u>\$ 2,017,766</u>	<u>\$ 1,682,521</u>	<u>\$ 2,781,479</u>	\$ 2,866,489	<u>\$ 4,799,245</u>	<u>\$ 4,549,010</u>	

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the Town's financial position. At the close of the most recent fiscal year, the Town's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$4,799,245 compared to the previous year in which assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$4,549,010.

A large portion of the Town's net position represents unrestricted net position of \$1,912,711, which may be used to meet the Town's ongoing obligations. In the previous year, unrestricted net position totaled \$1,567,786.

Economic conditions

The Town operates under sound management. The Town continues to make every effort to keep the utility rates down for its customers.

Questions concerning this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the Mayor of the Town of Wakefield, Virginia.

Respectively submitted,

Brian Laine Mayor



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2021

	Primary Government					
A COPPERO	Governmental Activities		<i>y</i> •		Total	
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2) Taxes receivable, net (Note 3)	\$	1,923,702 30,149	\$	86,521	\$	2,010,223 30,149
Accounts receivable, net		-		187,752		187,752
Restricted cash (Note 2)		1,075		105,811		106,886
Net pension asset (Note 8)		17,459		11,969		29,428
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation (Note 4)		288,869		2,691,623		2,980,492
Total assets	\$	2,261,254	\$	3,083,676	\$	5,344,930
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Pension deferrals (Note 8)	\$	203,552	\$	14,557	\$	218,109
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	\$	16,684	\$	91,252	\$	107,936
Payable from restricted cash, deposits		1,075		105,811		106,886
Unearned revenue		427,976		830		428,806
Noncurrent liabilities: (Notes 6 and 7)		891		56 240		57.240
Due within one year Due in more than one year		091		56,349 62,228		57,240 62,228
Due in more than one year				02,220		02,220
Total liabilities	\$	446,626	\$	316,470	\$	763,096
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Pension deferrals (Note 8)	\$	414	\$	284	\$	698
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets	\$	288,869	\$	2,566,477	\$	2,855,346
Restricted for pension		17,459		11,969		29,428
Restricted for permanent fund		1,760		-		1,760
Unrestricted		1,709,678		203,033		1,912,711
Total net position	\$	2,017,766	\$	2,781,479	\$	4,799,245

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended June 30, 2021

Net Revenues (Expenses) and **Changes in Net Position Program Revenues** Operating **Primary Government** Charges Grants and Governmental **Business-Type Functions/Programs Expenses** For Services **Contributions** Activities Activities Total PRIMARY GOVERNMENT Governmental activities: General government administration 362,373 \$ \$ 144,868 (217.505)\$ (217,505)Public safety 124,506 (124,506)(124,506)Public works 67,635 (67,635)(67,635)(19,248)Parks, recreation and cultural 19,248 (19,248)Total governmental activities 573,762 144,868 (428,894)(428,894)Business-type activities: Public utility 1,218,813 1,417,084 198,271 198,271 Airport Commission 148,052 73,570 4,010 (70,472)(70,472)127,799 127,799 Total business-type activities 1,366,865 1,490,654 4,010 Total primary government 1,940,627 1,490,654 148,878 (428,894)127,799 (301,095)GENERAL REVENUES 79,723 General property taxes 79,723 Meals taxes 192,170 192,170 Other local taxes 159,807 159,807 Revenues from use of money and property 7,394 7,394 Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses 200 200 Fines and forfeitures 18,292 18,292 Recovered costs 1,064 1.064 Miscellaneous 4,575 22,778 27,353 Intergovernmental - Commonwealth of Virginia 65,327 65,327 (235,587)Transfers, net 235,587 Total general revenues and transfers 764,139 (212,809)551,330 (85,010)Change in net position 335,245 250,235 Net position, beginning of year 1,682,521 2,866,489 4,549,010 Net position, end of year 2,017,766 2,781,479 4,799,245

The Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.



BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2021

	General Fund				Total Governmental Funds		
ASSETS CURRENT ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2) Taxes receivable, net (Note 3) Restricted cash (Note 2)	\$	1,881,217 30,149 1,075	\$	42,485	\$	1,923,702 30,149 1,075	
Total assets	\$	1,912,441	\$	42,485	\$	1,954,926	
LIABILITIES CURRENT LIABILITIES Accounts payable and other current liabilities Unearned revenue (Note 10) Payable from restricted cash, deposits	\$	16,421 427,976 1,075	\$	263	\$	16,684 427,976 1,075	
Total current liabilities		445,472		263		445,735	
FUND BALANCES Restricted Committed Unassigned		- 1,466,969		1,760 40,462		1,760 40,462 1,466,969	
Total fund balances		1,466,969		42,222		1,509,191	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	1,912,441	\$	42,485	\$	1,954,926	

RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2021

Total fund balances, governmental funds	\$	1,509,191
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources		
and therefore are not reported in the funds, net of accumulated depreciation.		288,869
Some assets and deferred outflows of resources reported in the statement of net position do not provide current financial resources and therefore are not accrued as assets or deferred in the governmental funds.		
Net pension asset		17,459
Deferred pension outflows		203,552
		221,011
Some liabilities and deferred inflows of resources reported in the statement of net position do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not accrued as liabilities or deferred in the governmental funds.		
Compensated absences		(891)
Deferred pension inflows		(414)
Beterrea pension innows	-	(414)
		(1,305)
Net position of governmental activities	\$	2,017,766

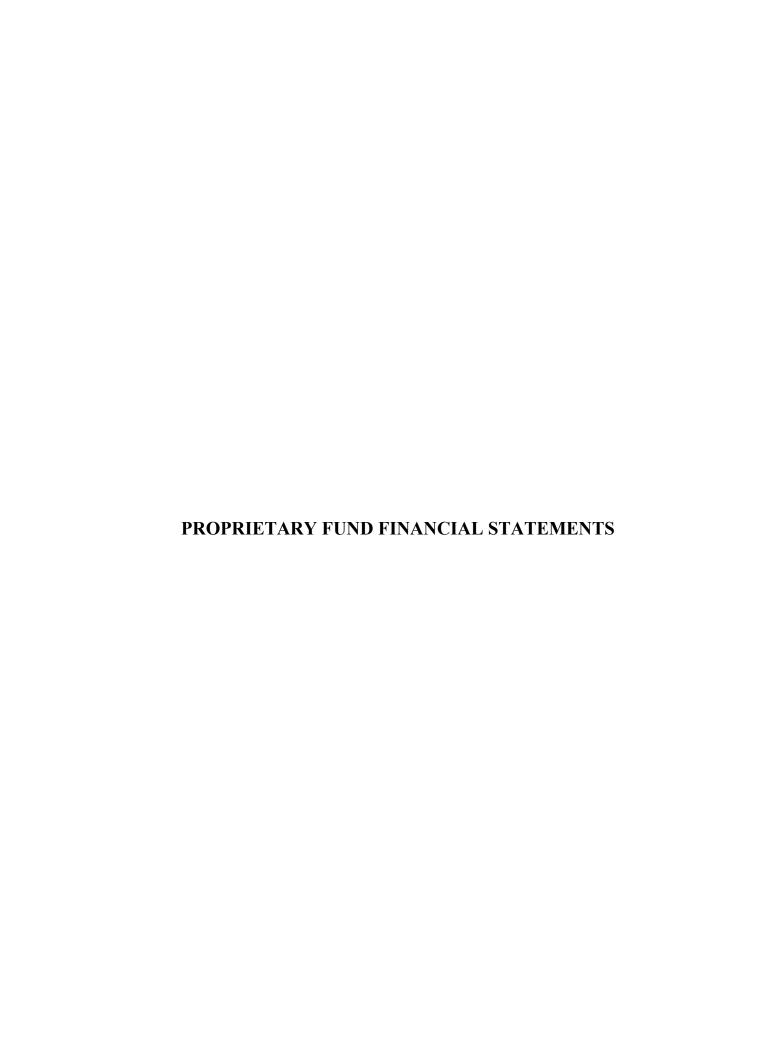
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2021

	General Fund			Non-Major Permanent Fund		Total vernmental Funds
OPERATING REVENUES						
General property taxes	\$	79,723	\$	_	\$	79,723
Other local taxes	Ψ	351,977	4	_	Ψ	351,977
Revenues from use of money and property		7,374		20		7,394
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses		200				200
Fines and forfeitures		18,292		_		18,292
Recovered costs		1,064		_		1,064
Miscellaneous		4,575		_		4,575
Intergovernmental - Commonwealth of Virginia		65,327		_		65,327
Intergovernmental - Federal (Note 10)		144,868				144,868
Total revenues		673,400		20		673,420
OPERATING EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government administration		526,362		-		526,362
Public safety		112,516		-		112,516
Public works		34,837		13,612		48,449
Parks, recreation and cultural		19,248		-		19,248
Capital projects		61,913				61,913
Total expenditures		754,876		13,612		768,488
Deficiency of revenue under expenditures		(81,476)		(13,592)		(95,068)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Operating transfers in		235,587		13,563		249,150
Operating transfers out		(13,563)		-		(13,563)
Note receivable repayments		7,349		-		7,349
Total other financing sources		229,373		13,563		242,936
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other financing sources		147 807		(20)		147 969
expenditures and other imancing sources		147,897		(29)		147,868
Fund balance, beginning of year		1,319,072		42,251		1,361,323
Fund balances, end of year	\$	1,466,969	\$	42,222	\$	1,509,191

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year Ended June 30, 2021

Net change in fund balances, total governmental funds	\$ 147,868
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Repayments on notes receivable to other entities are reported as revenues in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund	
balances. However, these are not reported on the Statement of Activities and are instead reported as receivable reduction on the Statement of Net Position.	(7,349)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated	
useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation.	 8,798
Some expenses and expense recoveries reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:	
Change in compensated absences	7,586
Change in pension and pension-related deferred amounts	178,342
	185,928
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 335,245



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2021

	Public Utilities		Airport ommission	 Total
ASSETS CURRENT ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2) Accounts receivable, net	\$	86,521 187,752	\$ - -	\$ 86,521 187,752
Total current assets		274,273	 	274,273
NONCURRENT ASSETS Restricted cash (Note 2) Net pension asset (Note 8) Capital assets, net of accumulated		105,811 11,969	-	105,811 11,969
depreciation (Note 4)		1,317,007	 1,374,616	2,691,623
Total noncurrent assets		1,434,787	1,374,616	2,809,403
Total assets	\$	1,709,060	\$ 1,374,616	\$ 3,083,676
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension deferrals	\$	14,557	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 14,557
LIABILITIES CURRENT LIABILITIES Accounts payable and other current liabilities Unearned revenue Notes payable, current portion (Notes 6 & 7) Compensated absences (Note 7)	\$	90,589 - 51,693 4,656	\$ 663 830 -	\$ 91,252 830 51,693 4,656
Total current liabilities		146,938	 1,493	148,431
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES Payable from restricted cash, deposits Notes payable, less current portion (Notes 6 & 7) Total noncurrent liabilities		105,811 62,228 168,039	 - - -	 105,811 62,228 168,039
Total liabilities	\$	314,977	\$ 1,493	\$ 316,470
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension deferrals (Note 8)	\$	284	\$ -	\$ 284
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Restricted for pension Unrestricted	\$	1,191,861 11,969 204,526	\$ 1,374,616 (1,493)	\$ 2,566,477 11,969 203,033
Total net position	3	1,408,356	\$ 1,373,123	\$ 2,781,479

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Public Utilities	Airport Commission	Total
OPERATING REVENUES			
Charges for services	\$ 1,417,084	\$ 73,570	\$ 1,490,654
OPERATING EXPENSES, other than depreciation:			
Purchase of electricity	786,542	-	786,542
Other contractual services	99,694	-	99,694
Salaries	107,179	8,942	116,121
Maintenance and repairs	26,498	7,156	33,654
Benefits	34,322	3,684	38,006
Materials and supplies	12,205	1,309	13,514
Office expense	5,255	4,842	10,097
Fuel	10,352	32,115	42,467
Dues	2,711	-	2,711
Utilities	2,254	7,857	10,111
Professional services	8,661	-	8,661
Rent	225		225
Total operating expenses, other than depreciation	1,095,898	65,905	1,161,803
Operating income before depreciation	321,186	7,665	328,851
Depreciation	(117,261)	(82,097)	(199,358)
Operating income (loss)	203,925	(74,432)	129,493
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)			
Penalty charges	18,147	-	18,147
Miscellaneous revenues	1,419	-	1,419
State consumption and regulatory tax, net	3,193	_	3,193
Capital grants	-	4,010	4,010
Miscellaneous expenses	-	(50)	(50)
Interest income	19	-	19
Interest expense	(5,654)		(5,654)
Total nonoperating revenues	17,124	3,960	21,084
Income (loss) before operating transfers	221,049	(70,472)	150,577
OPERATING TRANSFERS			
Transfers from other funds	-	17,663	17,663
Transfers to other funds	(253,250)		(253,250)
Change in net position	(32,201)	(52,809)	(85,010)
Net position, beginning of year	1,440,557	1,425,932	2,866,489
Net position, end of year	\$ 1,408,356	\$ 1,373,123	\$ 2,781,479

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Public Utilities	Airport Commission	Total
OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Received from customers and users	\$ 1,417,950	\$ 71,320	\$ 1,489,270
Payments to suppliers for goods and services	(996,240)	(108,196)	(1,104,436)
Payments to employees	(107,003)	(8,942)	(115,945)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	314,707	(45,818)	268,889
NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Transfers out to other funds	(253,250)	-	(253,250)
Transfers in from other funds		17,663	17,663
Net cash provided (used)			
by noncapital financing activities	(253,250)	17,663	(235,587)
CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(23,893)	(16,811)	(40,704)
Payments on long-term debt	(49,669)	-	(49,669)
Interest expense	(5,654)	-	(5,654)
State grants	-	45,016	45,016
Penalty charges	18,147	-	18,147
Miscellaneous revenues	1,419	-	1,419
Miscellaneous expenses	-	(50)	(50)
State consumption and regulatory tax, net	3,193		3,193
Net cash provided (used) by			
capital and related financing activities	(56,457)	28,155	(28,302)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Interest income	19		19
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	5,019	-	5,019
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS			
Beginning of year	187,313		187,313
End of year	\$ 192,332	\$ -	\$ 192,332
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENT	TS		
TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	¢ 07.521	¢	¢ 07.531
Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash	\$ 86,521 105,811	\$ -	\$ 86,521
Resultieu Casii	103,811		105,811
	\$ 192,332	\$ -	\$ 192,332

(Continued)

The Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Public Utilities		Airport Commission		Total	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET	CAS	SH				
PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Operating income (loss)	\$	203,925	\$	(74,432)	\$	129,493
Adjusting to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:						
Depreciation		117,261		82,097		199,358
Pension expense net of employer contributions		(5,894)		-		(5,894)
Change in current assets and liabilities:						
Accounts receivable		(4,514)		-		(4,514)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		(1,627)		(51,233)		(52,860)
Payable from restricted cash, deposits		5,380		_		5,380
Unearned revenue				(2,250)		(2,250)
Compensated absences		176		-		176
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	314,707	\$	(45,818)	\$	268,889
The cash provided (asea) by operating activities	Ψ	311,707	Ψ	(13,010)	Ψ	200,000
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES						
Cash paid for interest	\$	5,654	\$		\$	5,654
State grants included in accounts receivable at prior year end	\$	-	\$	41,006	\$	41,006
Capital asset purchases included in accounts payable						
at year end	\$	11,225	\$	_	\$	11,225

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting entity

Primary government

The Town of Wakefield, Virginia (Town) is a political subdivision of the Commonwealth of Virginia (Commonwealth) governed by a six-member elected Town Council. The accompanying financial statements for the primary government and its component unit are prepared in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) applicable to governmental units, as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments*, the basic financial statements are comprised of both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Fund balance

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions fund balances are classified as follows:

Nonspendable

Amounts that cannot be spent either because they are not in a spendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted

Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of the Town Charter, Town Code, state or federal laws, or externally imposed conditions by grantors or creditors.

Committed

Amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action by the Town Council ordinance or resolution.

Assigned

Amounts that are designated by the Mayor for a specific purpose but are not spendable until a budget ordinance is passed by the Town Council.

Unassigned

All amounts not included in other spendable classifications.

The details of the fund balances are included in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet (page 9). Restricted funds are used first as appropriate. Assigned Funds are reduced to the extent that expenditure Town has been budgeted by the Town Council or the Assignment has been changed by the Mayor. Decreases to fund balance first reduce Unassigned Fund balance; in the event that Unassigned Fund Balance becomes zero, the Assigned and Committed Fund Balances are used in that order.

General fund

The General Fund has Unassigned Fund Balance of \$1,466,969 at June 30, 2021.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Other major fund

The Permanent Fund has Restricted Funds of \$1,760 at June 30, 2021, consisting of funds donated by residents for the purpose of Cemetery repairs and maintenance. The Permanent Fund also has Committed Funds of \$40,462, which was set aside by the Council, and includes earnings which are to be similarly used for Cemetery repairs and maintenance.

Blended component unit

For financial reporting purposes, in conformance with GASB Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus an amendment of GASB Statement No. 14 and No. 34*, the Town includes all funds, agencies, boards, commissions and authorities for which the Town is financially accountable.

Financial accountability was determined on the basis of budget adoption, outstanding debt secured by revenues or general obligations of the Town, obligation of the Town to finance any deficits that may occur, or receipt of significant subsidies from the Town.

Based on the foregoing criteria, the Airport Commission is included in the accompanying financial statements. There are no other component units whose financial activities would appropriately be included in the accompanying financial statements.

Government-wide and fund financial statements

There are two basic government-wide statements, the statement of net position and the statement of activities, which report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Town and its component unit. These two statements report governmental activities, which are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, separately from business-type activities, which rely primarily on fees and charges for services. Fiduciary activities are not reported in the government-wide statements because the resources are not available to support government programs. In addition to separately presenting business-type activities and governmental activities, the government-wide financial statements present a consolidated total column for the primary government. The government-wide financial statements are consolidated; therefore, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses of a function and program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include a) fees, fines and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the function or segment and b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meet the operating or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

The fund financial statements are provided to separately present governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds (the latter being excluded from the government-wide financial statements). All individual governmental funds and the enterprise fund are reported separately in the fund financial statements.

Measurement focus, basis of accounting and financial statement presentation

The government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This measurement focus attempts to match revenues and related costs. The accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenues as they are earned and expenses are recognized when a liability is incurred.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Measurement focus, basis of accounting and financial statement presentation (Continued)

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. The current financial resources measurement focus does not attempt to match revenues and related costs; instead the focus is on increases and decreases in current financial resources. The modified accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenue when measurable and available. That is, revenues are recognized to the degree they are available to finance expenditures of the current fiscal period. Generally, revenues are considered available to be used to pay liabilities of the current period if they are collectible within the current period or within 45 days thereafter.

Accordingly, real and personal property taxes are recorded as revenues and receivables when billed and displayed at year end, net of an allowance for uncollectible amounts. Sales and utility taxes, which are collected by the Commonwealth or utilities and subsequently remitted to the Town, are recognized as revenues and receivables upon collection by the Commonwealth or utility, which is generally one month preceding receipt by the Town. Licenses, permits and fines are recorded as revenues when received by the Town. Intergovernmental revenues are recognized when received. Revenues from general purpose grants are recognized in the period to which the grant applies. Expenditures are recorded as the related fund liabilities are incurred.

With the fund financial statements, two reconciliations are provided to explain the difference between the fund financial statements and the government-wide financial statements caused by these differences in measurement focus and basis of accounting.

The Town reports the following governmental funds:

General fund

The General Fund accounts for all revenues and expenditures applicable to the general operations of the Town which are not accounted for in other funds. Revenues are derived from general property taxes, other local taxes, licenses and permits and intergovernmental revenues. Primary expenditures are for public safety, public works, recreation and cultural, and the general administration of the Town.

Permanent fund

The Permanent Fund accounts for assets held by a governmental unit in a trustee capacity or as an agent or custodian for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, or other funds. The Cemetery Fund, a nonexpendable permanent fund, accounts for monies derived from the sale of cemetery lots.

The Town reports the following proprietary fund:

Proprietary funds

Proprietary funds account for the financing of services to the general public where all or most of the operating expenses involved are recovered in the form of charges to users of such services. The Town's enterprise fund accounts for the activities of the Airport and the operations of water, waste disposal, and electrical services. Operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as grants, contributions, and investment earnings, result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary activities.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Budget and budgetary accounting

The Town's annual operating budgets for the General and Proprietary Funds are adopted by ordinances and resolutions passed by Town Council. The budgets are prepared on the basis of accounting utilized in each fund type. All appropriations lapse at year-end to the extent that they have not been fully expended. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments. Prior to July 1, the General Fund budget is legally enacted through passage of an appropriations resolution. All General Fund budget data presented in the accompanying financial statements represents the revised budget as of June 30, 2021. The Proprietary Fund budget is not legally adopted but is used as a management tool to track the results of operations.

Budgetary comparisons

The General Fund Schedules of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual presented in Required Supplementary Information (RSI) - compares budget and actual data for all governmental funds for which a budget is adopted. A review of the budgetary comparison presented herein will disclose how accurately the governing body was able to forecast the revenues and expenditures of the Town.

Cash and cash equivalents

The Town's cash and cash equivalents consist principally of demand deposits and certificates of deposit. The *Code of Virginia* (1950), as amended, considers all certificates of deposit to be cash. However, for the statement of cash flows, only demand deposits and certificates of deposit with an original maturity date at the time of purchase of three months or less are considered to be cash and cash equivalents.

Receivables

The Town recognizes receivables in its various funds based on the accounting basis required for that fund. Allowances are provided, as appropriate, for possible uncollectible accounts.

Compensated absences

Employees of the Town are granted vacation pay in varying amounts as services are provided. Town employees may accumulate, subject to certain limitations, unused vacation, and upon separation of employment from the Town, may be compensated for certain amounts. The Town's cost of accumulated vacation pay expected to be paid in the future is accounted for as a noncurrent liability in the statement of net position.

Interfund transactions

Transactions that constitute reimbursement to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made on behalf of another fund are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed. All other interfund transactions are recorded as operating transfers.

Credit risk

Financial instruments which potentially subject the Town to concentration of credit risk consist principally of temporary cash investments. The Town places its temporary cash investments with high credit quality financial institutions. At June 30, 2021, the Town's cash funds were located in two financial institutions. Concentrations of credit risk with respect to trade receivables are limited due to the large number of customers comprising the Town's customer base.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Allowance for uncollectible accounts

As a matter of policy, based on historical collection data and the relatively small sums involved, the Town establishes its allowance for uncollectible accounts based on delinquent real estate and personal property taxes receivable at June 30 of each year. The allowance was \$14,206 at June 30, 2021.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities for the reported periods. Actual results could differ from those estimates and assumptions.

Capital assets

Capital assets include land and land improvements and buildings and building improvements, equipment and vehicles. Any asset or group of assets acquired by the Town that has a useful life in excess of two years and an acquisition cost or fair market value (when received) of at least \$1,000 are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Such assets are recorded at historical, or estimated historical, cost if constructed or purchased. Donated capital assets are recorded at fair market value at the date of donation. Capital assets are depreciated over their estimated useful lives, ranging from 5 to 25 years, using the straight-line method as follows:

Land improvements	7 - 20 years
Equipment	5 - 25 years
Vehicles	5 - 15 years

When capital assets are disposed, the related costs and accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective accounts and any profit or loss on disposition is recognized in the current year's operations.

Maintenance and ordinary repairs are charged to expense as incurred. Expenditures which materially increase values, change capacities or extend useful lives are capitalized.

Certain capital items, including buildings, that would have been fully depreciated at the time the Town adopted GASB 34 are not being depreciated as described above (as they had no remaining book value at the time of adoption).

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Town's Retirement Plan and the additions to/deductions from the Town's Retirement Plan's net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications have been made to the beginning balances from the 2020 financial statements to conform to the 2021 financial statement presentation. Total net position and the change in net position are unchanged due to these reclassifications.

2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Deposits

Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act") Section 2.2-4400 et. seq. of the Code of Virginia. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of the amount insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board. Financial Institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in the amounts from 50% to 130% of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized.

At June 30, 2021, the carrying value of the Town's deposits with banks and savings institutions was \$2,117,109 and the bank balance was \$2,122,044. Cash and deposits consist of the following:

Total deposits	\$	2,117,009
Total cash on hand	<u> </u>	100
	\$	2 117 109

The Town has no formal investment policy.

3. Property Taxes Receivable

The Town levies real estate taxes on all real property and mobile homes on a calendar year basis at the rate enacted by Town Council. The rate is applied to the assessed value of property as determined by the appraised value established by Sussex County. The taxes are billed by the Town on an annual basis and are due February 5, of the following year. The tax rate for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, was \$0.093 per \$100 of assessed value. This rate also applied to public service corporations.

The Town levies personal property taxes on motor vehicles and tangible personal property used in a trade or business. Taxes are billed on an annual basis and are due February 5, of the following year. The tax rate for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, was \$0.86, for both personal property and machinery and tools, per \$100 of assessed value, as determined by Sussex County.

Assessed values used for the fiscal year were as follows:

Real estate	\$ 52,812,812
Personal property	\$ 5,237,923
Public service corporations	\$ 4,323,741

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

4. Capital Assets

Capital assets activity for the year was as follows:

	Beginning July 1 2020	Additions	Reductions	Ending June 30, 2021
Governmental activities				
Capital assets not subject to depreciation:				
Land	\$ 71,483	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 71,483</u>
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Land improvements	247,431	22,247	-	269,678
Equipment	206,315	39,666	-	245,981
Vehicles	426,969		_	426,969
Total capital assets being depreciated	880,715	61,913		942,628
Accumulated depreciation:				
Land improvements	(118,885)	(19,186)	-	(138,071)
Equipment	(145,088)	(21,940)	-	(167,028)
Vehicles	(408,154)	(11,989)	_	(420,143)
Total accumulated depreciation	(672,127)	(53,115)	_	(725,242)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	•	8,798		217,386
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 280,071	<u>\$ 8,798</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ 288,869
Business-type activities - Public Utility II Capital assets not subject to depreciation: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets	\$ 35,500	\$ - 11,225	\$ - -	\$ 35,500 11,225
not subject to depreciation	35,500	11,225	-	46,725
Capital assets being depreciated: Land improvements Vehicles Equipment Infrastructure	31,211 24,930 1,060,028 1,175,450	12,350 11,543	- - -	31,211 24,930 1,072,378 1,186,993
Total capital assets being depreciated Accumulated depreciation:	2,291,619	23,893	-	2,315,512
Land improvements Vehicles Equipment Infrastructure	(1,452) (22,626) (395,850) (508,041)	(1,384) - (47,813) (68,064)	- - - -	(2,836) (22,626) (443,663) (576,105)
Total accumulated depreciation	(927,969)	(117,261)	<u> </u>	(1,045,230)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	(93,368)		1,270,282
Public utilities fund capital assets, net	\$ 1,399,150	<u>\$ (82,143)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,317,007</u>

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

4. Capital Assets (Continued)

	Beginning July 1 2020	Additions	Reductions	Ending June 30, 2021
Business-type activities - Airport Comm				
Capital assets not subject to depreciation:				
Construction in progress	\$ 454,617	<u>\$ 5,013</u>	\$ (459,630)	<u>\$</u>
Capital assets being depreciated: Hangers and building				
improvements	1,478,335	471,428	-	1,949,763
Runway improvements	352,462	-	-	352,462
Equipment	70,959			70,959
Total capital assets being depreciated	1,901,756	471,428		2,373,184
Accumulated depreciation: Hangers and buildings				
improvements	(541,227)	(78,021)	_	(619,248)
Runway improvements	(318,346)	(986)	_	(319,332)
Equipment	(56,898)	(3,090)	_	(59,988)
Total accumulated depreciation	(916,471)	(82,097)		(998,568)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	985,285	389,331	_	1,374,616
Airport Commission capital assets, net	<u>\$ 1,439,902</u>	<u>\$ 394,344</u>	<u>\$ (459,630)</u>	<u>\$ 1,374,616</u>

In addition to the assets listed above, the Town owns several parcels of real estate, the original value of which is nominal and, as such, is not presented herein.

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the primary government as follows:

Government activities	
Public works	\$ 19,186
General government administration	21,939
Public safety	11,990
	<u>\$ 53,115</u>
Business-type activities	
Public utility	\$ 117,261
Airport Commission	82,097
	<u>\$ 199,358</u>

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

5. Note Receivable

During FY2011, the Town loaned \$104,000 to the Wakefield Volunteer Fire Department for the purpose of purchasing a new brush truck. The note was payable in ten annual installments of \$12,000, including interest at 2.0%. The note receivable was paid off during FY2021.

6. Note Payable

The Town obtained a \$250,000 loan from Farmer's Bank to fund an electrical line upgrade. The total loan amount was received in August 31, 2018, bears interest at a rate of 4%, and is due in monthly installments through August 2023.

Total annual principal maturity for the years subsequent to June 30, 2021, are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	
2022	\$
2023	
2024	
	\$ 1

7. Noncurrent Liabilities

	Beginning Balance July 1, 2020	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance June 30, 2021	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities Compensated absences	\$ 8,477	<u>\$ 951</u>	<u>\$ (8,537)</u>	<u>\$ 891</u>	<u>\$ 891</u>
Business-type Activities Note payable Compensated absences Total business-type	\$ 163,590 4,480	\$ - 4,966	\$ (49,669) (4,790)	\$ 113,921 4,656	\$ 51,693 4,656
activities	<u>\$ 168,070</u>	<u>\$ 4,966</u>	<u>\$ (54,459)</u>	<u>\$ 118,577</u>	<u>\$ 56,349</u>

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

8. Defined Benefit Pension Plan

The Town contributes to the Virginia Retirement System (VRS), an agent, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the VRS.

Plan description

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the Town, (the Political Subdivision) are automatically covered by the VRS Retirement Plan upon employment. This multi-employer agent plan is administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer pay contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria as defined in the *Code of Virginia*, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service.

The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees - Plan 1, Plan 2, and Hybrid. Each of these benefit structures has different eligibility criteria. The specific information for each plan and the eligibility for covered groups within each plan are available at

- https://www.varetire.org/members/benefits/defined-benefit/plan1.asp,
- https://www.varetire.org/members/benefits/defined-benefit/plan2.asp,
- https://www.varetirement.org/hybrid.html.

Employees covered by benefit terms

As of the June 30, 2019, actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the pension plan:

	<u>Number</u>
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	2
Inactive members:	
Vested	1
Non-vested	0
Active elsewhere in VRS	0
Total inactive members	1
Active members	2
	5

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the *Code of Virginia*, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

8. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Contributions (Continued)

The political subdivision's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2021, was 7.69% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employee during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the Town were \$200,334 for the year ended June 30, 2021, which includes \$182,317 in catch-up contributions related to underpayments in prior years.

Net pension asset

The net pension asset is calculated separately for each employer and represents that particular employer's total pension liability determined in in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, less that employer's fiduciary net position. The Town's net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2020. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2019, rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020.

Actuarial assumptions

The total pension liability for General Employees in the Town's Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020.

Inflation 2.5% Salary increases, including inflation 3.5% - 5.35%

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of pension plan investment expenses,

including inflation*

* Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 6.75%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 6.75% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 6.75% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

Mortality rates: General employees - 15 to 20% of deaths are assumed to be service related. Mortality is projected using the applicable RP-2014 Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with various setbacks or set forwards for both males and females.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012, through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

8. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Actuarial assumptions (Continued)

General Employees - Largest 10 - Non-Hazardous Duty and All Others (Non 10 Largest): Update mortality table; lowered retirement rates at older ages, changed final retirement from 70 to 75; adjusted withdrawal rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service; lowered disability rates, no change to salary scale, increased rate of line of duty disability from 14% to 20% (Largest 10) or 15% (All Others), and decreased discount rate from 7.00% to 6.75%.

Long-term expected rate of return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Target Allocation	Arithmetic Long-Term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Rate of Return
Public Equity	34.00%	4.65%	1.58%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.46%	0.07%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	5.38%	0.75%
Real Assets	14.00%	5.01%	0.70%
Private Equity	14.00%	8.34%	1.17%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies	6.00%	3.04%	0.18%
PIP - Private Investment Partnership	3.00%	6.49%	0.19%
	100.00%		4.64%
	Inflation		2.50%
	*Expected arithm	etic nominal return	7.14%

^{*}The above allocation provides a one-year return of 7.14%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the system, stochastic projects are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. The results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 7.11%, including expected inflation of 2.50%. On October 10, 2019, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of 6.75% which is roughly at the 40th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation. More recent capital market assumptions compiled for the FY2020 actuarial valuations, provide a median return of 6.81%.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

8. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Consistent with the phased-in funding provided by the General Assembly for state and teacher employer contributions; political subdivisions were also provided with an opportunity to use an alternate employer contribution rate. For the year ended June 30, 2020, the alternate rate was the employer contribution rate used in FY 2012 or 100% of the actuarially determined employer contribution rate from the June 30, 2017, actuarial valuations, whichever was greater. From July 1, 2020 on, participating employers are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability (asset).

Changes in net pension asset

	Total Pension Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net Pension Liability (Asset) (b) - (a)	
Balances at June 30, 2019	\$	496,700	\$	520,140	\$	(23,440)
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		12,973		-		12,973
Interest		32,578		-		32,578
Differences between expected and actual experience		8,209		-		8,209
Contributions, employer		-		30,680		(30,680)
Contributions, employee		-		19,016		(19,016)
Net investment income		-		10,371		(10,371)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee						
contributions		(28,112)		(28,112)		-
Administrative expense		-		(307)		307
Other changes		<u>-</u>		(12)		12
Net changes		25,648		31,636		(5,988)
Balances at June 30, 2020	<u>\$</u>	522,348	<u>\$</u>	551,776	\$	(29,428)

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

8. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Sensitivity of the net pension asset to changes in the discount rate

The following represents the net pension asset calculated using the stated discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the net pension asset (liability) would be if it were calculated using a stated discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

		Current Discount	
	1% Decrease <u>5.75%</u>	Rate 6.75%	1% Increase 7.75%
Net pension asset (liability)	<u>\$ (13,144)</u>	<u>\$ 29,428</u>	<u>\$ 66,448</u>

Pension benefit and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions

For the year ending June 30, 2021, the Town recognized pension benefit of \$9,248. At June 30, 2021, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Οι	Deferred atflows of esources	Infl	ferred lows of sources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	1,368	\$	698
Changes in assumptions		214		-
Employer contributions made subsequent to measurement date		200,334		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan				
investments		16,193		
	\$	218,109	\$	698

Deferred outflows of resources of \$200,334 represent the Town's contributions subsequent to the measurement date and will be recognized as an increase to the net pension asset in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources and deferred outflows of resources related to pensions as of June 30, 2021, will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	
2022	\$ 1,649
2023	4,991
2024	5,345
2025	5,092
	<u>\$ 17,077</u>

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

8. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Pension plan data

Information about the VRS Political Subdivision Retirement Plan is also available in the separately issued VRS 2020 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2020 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2020-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA 23218-2500.

9. Commitments

Law enforcement

The Town contracts with the County of Sussex to provide law enforcement services and equipment. The Town pays a monthly fee for all services and equipment; however, the agreement can be terminated upon 90 days written notice.

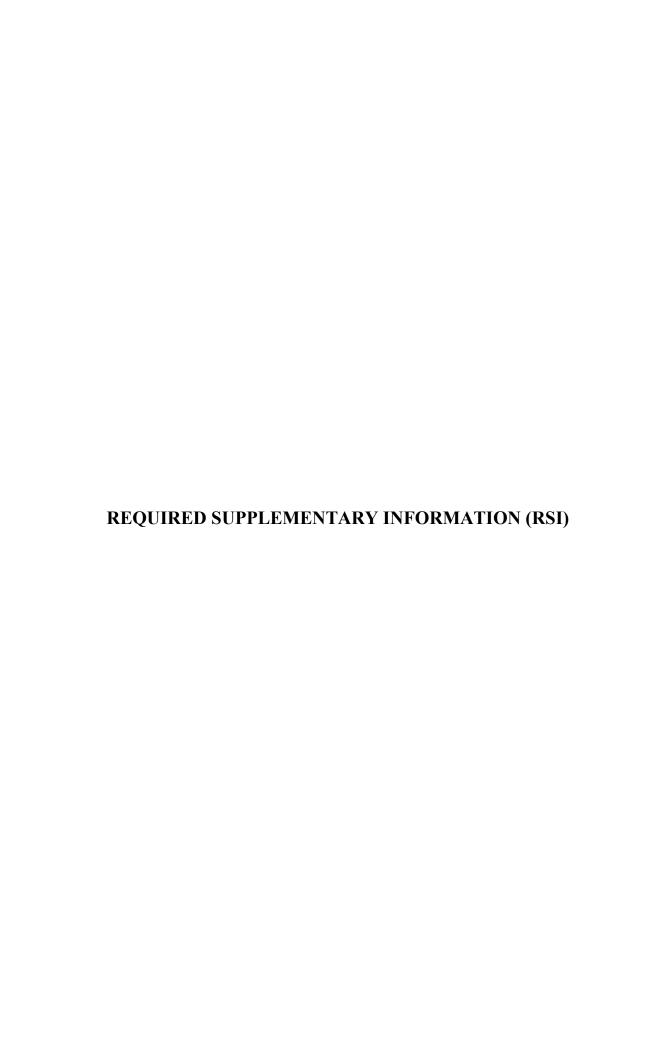
10. COVID-19 Impact

The full impact of the COVID-19 outbreak continues to evolve as of the date of this report. As such, it is uncertain as to the full magnitude the pandemic will have on the Town's financial condition, liquidity, and future results of operations. Management is actively monitoring the impact of the global situation on its financial condition, liquidity, operations, suppliers, industry, and workforce. Given the daily evolution of the COVID-19 outbreak and the global responses to curb its spread, the Town is not able to estimate the effects of the COVID-19 outbreak on its results of operations, financial condition, or liquidity for fiscal year 2021.

The Town's operations are heavily dependent on the ability to raise taxes, assess fees, and access the capital markets. Additionally, access to grants and contracts from federal and state governments may decrease or may not be available depending on appropriations. The outbreak will have a continued material adverse impact on economic and market conditions, triggering a period of global economic slowdown. This situation has depressed the tax bases and other areas in which the Town received revenue during fiscal year 2021. As such, the Town's financial condition and liquidity will be negatively impacted for fiscal year 2021.

In September 2020, the Town received an allocation from Sussex County of \$144,868 for its share of Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act funding from the federal government. These funds were to be used for expenditures that were: (1) necessary due to COVID-19, (2) not accounted for in the most recently approved budget as of March 27, 2020, and (3) incurred between March 1, 2020, and December 31, 2021. As of June 30, 2021, the Town had already incurred such expenses up to the full amount of the allocation. As such, revenue was recognized for fiscal year 2021 and is included in operating grants and contributions in the statement of activities.

In June 2021, the Town received an allocation from the State of \$427,976 under the Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund's Non-Entitlement Unit (NEU) distribution. These funds are to be used for certain eligible expenditures incurred between March 3, 2021, and December 31, 2024. As of June 30, 2021, the Town had not spent these funds and, as such, they are included in unearned revenue in the statement of net position. This allocation will be recognized as revenue as funds are expended in future fiscal years.



GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (CASH BASIS) Year Ended June 30, 2021

		Priginal Budget	 Final Budget	 Actual	 ariance
REVENUE FROM LOCAL SOURC	ES				
General property taxes:					
Personal property taxes	\$	28,000	\$ 28,000	\$ 21,849	\$ (6,151)
Real property taxes		49,700	49,700	49,709	9
Machinery and tools taxes		7,285	7,285	2,654	(4,631)
Public service corporations					
(real and personal property					
taxes)		4,000	4,000	3,946	(54)
Penalties		700	700	1,395	695
Mobile home taxes		120	 120	 145	 25
Total general property taxes		89,805	 89,805	 79,698	 (10,107)
Other local taxes:					
Meals taxes, net of 3%					
reimbursement		243,500	243,500	182,276	(61,224)
Local sales and use taxes		56,000	56,000	56,235	235
Franchise license taxes		30,000	30,000	37,580	7,580
Communication taxes		15,000	15,000	13,740	(1,260)
Motor vehicle licenses		7,830	7,830	9,149	1,319
Cigarette tax		32,832	32,832	36,183	 3,351
Total other local taxes		385,162	 385,162	335,163	(49,999)
Revenue from use of money and property:					
Revenue from use of money		8,400	8,400	1,472	(6,928)
Revenue from use of property		5,266	5,266	5,902	636
Total revenue from use					,
of money and property		13,666	 13,666	 7,374	 (6,292)
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses: Trailer permits and golf cart					
licenses		120	 120	 200	 80
Fines and forfeitures:					
Town fines		12,000	 12,000	18,292	 6,292

(Continued)

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (CASH BASIS) Year Ended June 30, 2021

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	<u>V</u>	ariance
Recovered costs:	¢.	1.500	¢	1.500	¢	1.064	ď	(426)
Insurance recoveries	\$	1,500	\$	1,500	\$	1,064	\$	(436)
Miscellaneous revenue:								
Other		2,751		2,751		4,575		1,824
Total revenue from								
local sources		505,004		505,004		446,366		(58,638)
REVENUE FROM THE								
COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA								
Categorical aid:								
Law enforcement grant		26,032		26,032		26,031		(1)
Fire program funds		10,000		10,000		15,000		5,000
Total categorical aid		36,032		36,032		41,031		4,999
Noncategorical aid:								
Personal Property Tax Relief Act		19,612		19,612		19,612		-
Rolling stock tax		4,800		4,800		4,684		(116)
Mobile home titling taxes		50		50				(50)
Total noncategorical aid		24,462		24,462		24,296		(166)
Total revenue from the								
Commonwealth of Virginia	60,494			60,494		65,327		4,833
	\$	565,498	\$	565,498	\$	511,693	\$	(53,805)

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (CASH BASIS) Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance		
GENERAL GOVERNMENT ADMIN	ISTRATION					
Legislative - Town Council	\$ 11,054	\$ 11,054	\$ 10,166	\$ 888		
General and financial administration:						
Salaries and fringe benefits	187,276	187,276	344,010	(156,734)		
Insurance and bonding	26,100	26,100	22,841	3,259		
Office operations and utilities	33,850	33,850	21,041	12,809		
Repairs and maintenance	18,000	18,000	18,778	(778)		
Independent auditor	23,000	23,000	25,725	(2,725)		
Legal services	10,000	10,000	3,384	6,616		
Dues and subscriptions	3,097	3,097	1,246	1,851		
Travel	1,420	1,420	690	730		
Advertising	1,000	1,000	263	737		
Miscellaneous	800	800	1,155	(355)		
CARES expenditures	-	_	79,468	(79,468)		
Total general and financial						
administration	304,543	304,543	518,601	(214,058)		
Total general government						
administration	315,597	315,597	528,767	(213,170)		
PUBLIC SAFETY						
Law enforcement and traffic control -						
police department	62,000	62,000	59,661	2,339		
Fire and rescue services - volunteer	- ,	,,,,,,		,		
fire and rescue squads	48,395	48,395	54,008	(5,613)		
Total public safety	110,395	110,395	113,669	(3,274)		
PUBLIC WORKS						
Maintenance of highways, streets,						
bridges and sidewalks:						
Highways, streets, bridges, and						
sidewalks	16,397	16,397	4,359	12,038		
Street lights	6,850	6,850	1,574	5,276		
Total maintenance of						
highways, streets, bridges						
and sidewalks	23,247	23,247	5,933	17,314		

(Continued)

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (CASH BASIS) Year Ended June 30, 2021

		Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual		Variance	
Maintenance of general buildings								
and grounds:	ф	41.652	ф	41.652	Ф	22.005	Φ	10.640
General properties General administration	\$	41,653	\$	41,653	\$	22,005	\$	19,648
Total maintenance of general		3,800		3,800		2,463		1,337
buildings and grounds		45,453		45,453		24,468		20,985
Total public works		68,700		68,700		30,401		38,299
PARKS, RECREATIONAL AND CU	LTU	RAL						
Library		7,200		7,200		7,200		-
Ball park		26,814		26,814		12,245		14,569
Total parks, recreation and								
cultural		34,014		34,014		19,445		14,569
CAPITAL OUTLAY								
Public works		10,000		10,000		_		10,000
General and financial administration		10,000		10,000		61,913		(61,913)
	-					01,510		(01,510)
Total capital outlay	10,000			10,000		61,913		(51,913)
	\$	538,706	\$	538,706	\$	754,195	\$	(215,489)

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) AND RELATED RATIOS

	Plan Year													
		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY														
Service cost	\$	12,973	\$	20,790	\$	21,167	\$	21,697	\$	20,780	\$	20,253	\$	18,924
Interest		32,578		33,388		30,990		29,121		27,217		25,347		23,901
Changes of asumptions Benefit payments, including refunds of		-		10,926		-		(723)		-		-		-
employee contributions		(28,112)		(19,648)		(19,538)		(22,710)		(22,682)		(22,321)		(21,999)
Difference between expected and actual experience		8,209		(35,558)		1,695		(2,272)		1,900		3,618		(21,777)
Net change in total pension liability		25,648		9,898		34,314		25,113		27,215		26,897		20,826
		ŕ		,		,				ŕ		,		,
Total pension liability, beginning		496,700		486,802		452,488		427,375		400,160		373,263		352,437
Total pension liability, ending (a)	\$	522,348	\$	496,700	\$	486,802	\$	452,488	\$	427,375	\$	400,160	\$	373,263
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION														
Contributions - employer	\$	30,680	\$	11,718	\$	14,522	\$	14,179	\$	13,485	\$	13,247	\$	8,839
Contributions - employee		19,016		6,797		7,290		7,118		6,994		6,871		6,747
Net investment income		10,371		32,889		33,559		49,465		7,011		17,639		53,056
Benefit payments		(28,112)		(19,648)		(19,538)		(22,710)		(22,682)		(22,321)		(21,999)
Administrative expenses Other changes		(307) (12)		(318) (21)		(282) (30)		(281) (44)		(247)		(240) (4)		(289)
	-					<u> </u>		()						
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		31,636		31,417		35,521		47,727		4,558		15,192		46,357
Plan fiduciary net position, beginning		520,140		488,723		453,202		405,475		400,917		385,725		339,368
Plan fiduciary net position, ending (b)	\$	551,776	\$	520,140	\$	488,723	\$	453,202	\$	405,475	\$	400,917	\$	385,725
Town's net pension liability (asset), ending (a) - (b)	\$	(29,428)	\$	(23,440)	\$	(1,921)	\$	(714)	\$	21,900	\$	(757)	\$	(12,462)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the														
total pension liability		105.6%		104.7%		100.4%		100.2%		94.9%	_	100.2%		103.3%
Covered payroll	\$	254,188	\$	135,928	\$	145,803	\$	142,359	\$	139,886	\$	137,417	\$	134,947
Net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of														
covered payroll		-11.6%		-17.2%		-1.3%		-0.5%		15.7%		-0.6%		-9.2%

The plan years noted above are reported in the Town's financial statements in the fiscal year following the plan year - i.e., plan year 2020 information was presented in the Town's fiscal year 2021 financial report.

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since fiscal year 2015 (plan year 2014) was the first year for the presentation, no earlier data is available. Additional years will be included as they become available.

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	R	tractually equired ttribution	in Ac De	tributions Relation to the tuarially termined htribution	Defic	ibution ciency cess)	Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2021	\$	18,017	\$	18,017	\$	_	\$ 234,291	7.69%
2020	\$	21,911	\$	21,911	\$	_	\$ 254,188	8.62%
2019	\$	11,717	\$	11,717	\$	-	\$ 135,928	8.62%
2018	\$	14,522	\$	14,522	\$	-	\$ 145,803	9.96%
2017	\$	14,179	\$	14,179	\$	-	\$ 142,359	9.96%
2016	\$	13,485	\$	13,485	\$	-	\$ 139,886	9.64%
2015	\$	13,247	\$	13,247	\$	-	\$ 137,417	9.64%
2014	\$	8,839	\$	8,839	\$	-	\$ 134,947	6.55%

The covered payroll amounts above are for the Town's fiscal year - i.e. the covered payroll on which required contributions were based for the same year.

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since fiscal year 2015 (plan year 2014) was the first year for the presentation, no earlier data is available. Additional years will be included as they become available.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION June 30, 2021

1. Budgetary Appropriations

The Town budget is prepared on a cash basis. The General Fund cash-basis expenditures exceeded budgeted appropriations by \$215,489.

2. Pension Plan

Changes of benefit terms

There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions:

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012, through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-Hazardous Duty:

- Update mortality table to RP-2014 projected to 2020
- Lowered rates of retirement at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
- Update withdrawal rates to better fit experience at each age and service year through 9 years of service
- Lowered disability rates
- No changes to salary rates
- Increased Line of Duty disability rate from 14% to 15%
- Decreased discount rate from 7.00% to 6.75%





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Members of the Town Council Town of Wakefield, Virginia Wakefield, Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Wakefield, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Wakefield, Virginia's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated October 5, 2021.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Town of Wakefield, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Wakefield, Virginia's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Wakefield, Virginia's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses and significant deficiencies.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses to be a material weakness in internal control over financial reporting (see 2021-001).

A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses to be a significant deficiency in internal control over financial reporting (see 2021-002).

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Town of Wakefield, Virginia's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Town of Wakefield, Virginia's Response to Findings

The Town of Wakefield, Virginia's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. The Town of Wakefield, Virginia's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of the testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purposes.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Brown, Edwards & Company, S. S. P.

Newport News, Virginia October 5, 2021

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES June 30, 2021

Finding 2021-001: Segregation of Duties (Material Weakness)

Criteria

Duties within the accounting system should be properly segregated.

Condition

A lack of segregation of duties within the accounting function was noted.

Cause

This is due to the limited number of office personnel employed by the Town.

Effect

This situation may result in defalcation or errors being undetected.

Recommendation

Due to the small size of the Town, we do not consider the hiring of additional employees to be cost effective. While complete segregation of duties is not practical, we recommend strong management supervision and review over the accounting system.

Management response

Management (Town Council and Town Officials) will continue to strongly supervise and review the accounting system through monthly review of detailed financial information.

Finding 2021-002: Audit Adjustments (Significant Deficiency)

Criteria

The Town does not prepare financial statements and footnotes in compliance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) and Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

Condition

As part of our audit, we proposed multiple significant adjustments related to pensions, capital assets, accounts payable, and accounts receivable. These are reviewed and approved by management; however, auditors feel that this review would only detect material misstatements, and that a misstatement that is more than inconsequential may not be prevented or detected.

Cause

Due to the small size of the Town, there is a limited accounting staff, which does not allow for the hiring of an accountant with the background needed to prepare GAAP financial statements and related disclosures.

Effect

Financial statements and related disclosures may be misstated by an amount that is more than inconsequential.

Recommendation

Management will meet regularly with the auditors to keep up to date on changes in GAAP and GASB and continue to review the draft GAAP and GASB financial statements and related disclosures prior to issuance.

Management response

Recommendations made by auditors will be implemented.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS June 30, 2021

2020-001: Segregation of Duties

Condition

A lack of segregation of duties within the accounting function was noted.

Recommendation

Due to the small size of the Town, we do not consider the hiring of additional employees to be cost effective. While complete segregation of duties is not practical, we recommend strong management supervision and review over the accounting system.

Current Status

See current year Finding 2021-001.

2020-002: Audit Adjustments

Condition

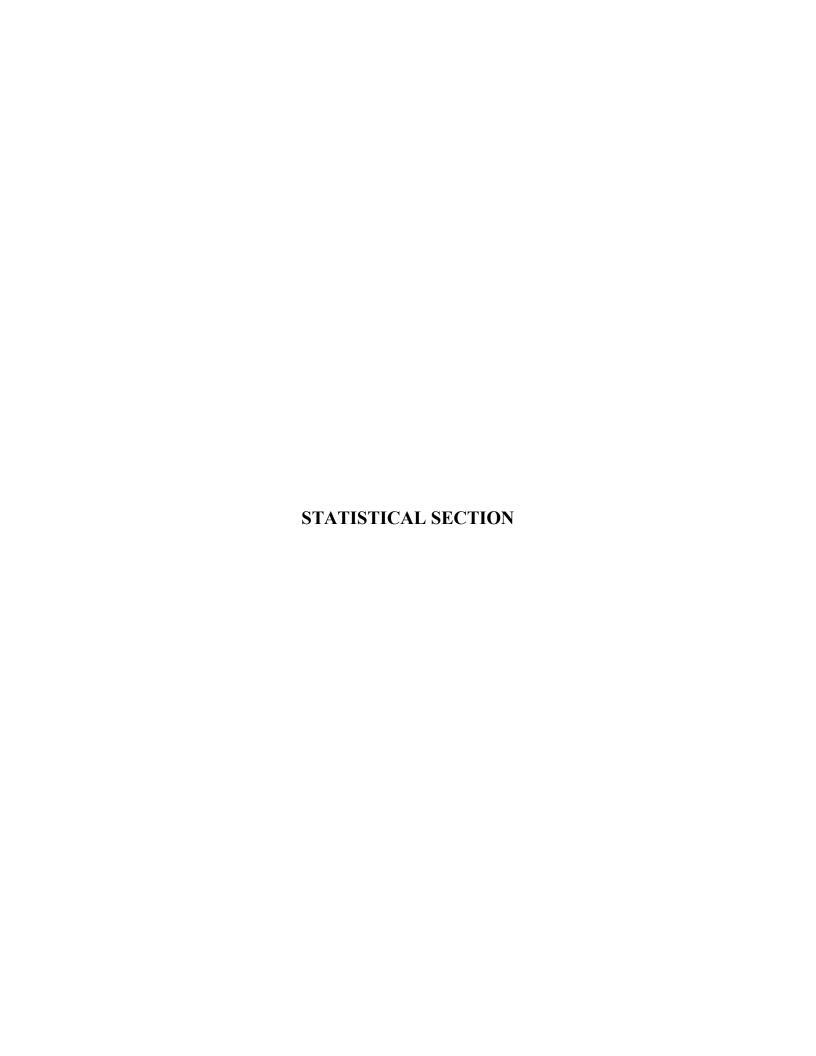
As part of our audit, we proposed multiple significant adjustments related to pensions, capital assets, accounts payable, and accounts receivable. These are reviewed and approved by management; however, auditors feel that this review would only detect material misstatements, and that a misstatement that is more than inconsequential may not be prevented or detected.

Recommendation

Management will meet regularly with the auditors to keep up to date on changes in GAAP and GASB and continue to review the draft GAAP and GASB financial statements and related disclosures prior to issuance.

Current Status

See current year Finding 2021-002.



NET POSITION BY COMPONENT - LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		Fiscal Year										
	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012		
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES												
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 288,869	\$ 280,071	\$ 324,333	\$ 270,909	\$ 193,628	\$ 225,577	\$ 226,040	\$ 270,094	\$ 311,563	\$ 323,278		
Restricted for permanent fund	1,760	2,251	42,143	41,884	41,302	41,921	41,876	42,023	42,003	42,003		
Restricted for pensions Unrestricted	17,459 1,709,678	15,821	1,516	1 205 001	1,123,448	586	11,042 1,099,404	874,513	849,799	751,867		
Offrestricted	1,709,078	1,384,378	1,291,311	1,295,001	1,123,448	1,221,506	1,099,404	6/4,313	649,799	/31,00/		
Total governmental												
activities net position	\$ 2,017,766	\$ 1,682,521	\$ 1,659,303	\$ 1,607,794	\$ 1,358,378	\$ 1,489,590	\$ 1,378,362	\$ 1,186,630	\$ 1,203,365	\$ 1,117,148		
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES												
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 2,566,477	\$ 2,675,462	\$ 2,297,763	\$ 2,106,108	\$ 2,136,580	\$ 1,870,693	\$ 1,388,348	\$ 1,347,998	\$ 1,236,985	\$ 1,242,375		
Restricted for pensions	11,969	7,619	405	-	-	171	1,420	-	- ·	-		
Unrestricted	203,033	183,408	223,287	194,210	184,687	207,107	145,083	62,339	149,216	133,513		
Total business-type												
activities net position	\$ 2,781,479	\$ 2,866,489	\$ 2,521,455	\$ 2,300,318	\$ 2,321,267	\$ 2,077,971	\$ 1,534,851	\$ 1,410,337	\$ 1,386,201	\$ 1,375,888		
activities het position	\$ 2,781,479	\$ 2,800,489	\$ 2,321,433	\$ 2,300,318	\$ 2,321,207	\$ 2,077,971	\$ 1,334,631	\$ 1,410,337	\$ 1,380,201	\$ 1,373,666		
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT												
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 2,855,346	\$ 2,955,533	\$ 2,622,096	\$ 2,377,017	\$ 2,330,208	\$ 2,096,270	\$ 1,614,388	\$ 1,618,092	\$ 1,548,548	\$ 1,565,653		
Restricted for permanent fund	1,760	2,251	42,143	41,884	41,302	41,921	41,876	42,023	42,003	42,003		
Restricted for pensions	29,428	23,440	1,921	-	-	757	12,462	-	-	-		
Unrestricted	1,912,711	1,567,786	1,514,598	1,489,211	1,308,135	1,428,613	1,244,487	936,852	999,015	885,380		
Total primary government												
net position	\$ 4,799,245	\$ 4,549,010	\$ 4,180,758	\$ 3,908,112	\$ 3,679,645	\$ 3,567,561	\$ 2,913,213	\$ 2,596,967	\$ 2,589,566	\$ 2,493,036		
•												

CHANGES IN NET POSITION - LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Fiscal Year										
	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	
EXPENSES											
Governmental activities: General government administration Public safety Public works Parks, recreation and cultural Community development	\$ 362,373 124,506 67,635 19,248	\$ 326,160 129,857 77,468 25,500	\$ 288,234 123,416 183,967 26,266	\$ 287,102 117,530 172,367 30,314	\$ 275,860 124,539 175,765 16,081	\$ 252,234 130,871 169,621 22,192 124,776	\$ 280,136 104,626 182,088 26,170	\$ 299,223 107,198 130,457 11,190 15,818	\$ 296,466 108,549 138,490 16,747 7,126	\$ 249,519 105,662 114,674 28,862	
Total governmental activities expenses	573,762	558,985	621,883	607,313	592,245	699,694	593,020	563,886	567,378	498,717	
Business-type activities: Public utility Airport Commission expenses Total business-type activities	1,218,813 148,052	1,312,254 151,070	1,333,911 172,711	1,260,827 198,148	1,289,260 277,501	1,233,896 166,660	1,394,066 207,804	1,323,717 174,207	1,277,649 121,081	1,230,369 109,899	
expenses	1,366,865	1,463,324	1,506,622	1,458,975	1,566,761	1,400,556	1,601,870	1,497,924	1,398,730	1,340,268	
Total primary government expenses	\$ 1,940,627	\$ 2,022,309	\$ 2,128,505	\$ 2,066,288	\$ 2,159,006	\$ 2,100,250	\$ 2,194,890	\$ 2,061,810	\$ 1,966,108	\$ 1,838,985	
PROGRAM REVENUES Governmental activities: Operating grants and contributions	\$ 144,868	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Business-type activities: Charges for services Operating grants and contributions	1,490,654 4,010	1,517,588 312,457	1,723,060 97,713	1,710,057	1,629,148 33,986	1,671,992 420,637	1,818,629 174,663	1,589,137 5,451	1,504,625 6,611	1,394,814	
Total business-type activities program revenues	1,494,664	1,830,045	1,820,773	1,710,057	1,663,134	2,092,629	1,993,292	1,594,588	1,511,236	1,394,814	
Total primary government program revenues	\$ 1,639,532	\$ 1,830,045	\$ 1,820,773	\$ 1,710,057	\$ 1,663,134	\$ 2,092,629	\$ 1,993,292	\$ 1,594,588	\$ 1,511,236	\$ 1,394,814	
NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE Governmental activities Business-type activities Total primary government	\$ (428,894) 127,799	\$ (558,985) 366,721	\$ (621,883) 314,151	\$ (607,313) 251,082	\$ (592,245) 96,373	\$ (699,694) 692,073	\$ (593,020) 391,422	\$ (563,886) 96,664	\$ (567,378) 112,506	\$ (498,717) 54,546	
net expense	\$ (301,095)	\$ (192,264)	\$ (307,732)	\$ (356,231)	\$ (495,872)	\$ (7,621)	\$ (201,598)	\$ (467,222)	\$ (454,872)	\$ (444,171)	

(Continued)

See Independent Auditor's Report.

CHANGES IN NET POSITION - LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

					Fiscal	l Year				
	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
GENERAL REVENUES AND OTHER CHANGES IN NET POSITION Governmental activities:										
General property taxes	\$ 79,723	\$ 77,330	\$ 84,243	\$ 81,548	\$ 84,724	\$ 84,301	\$ 81,945	\$ 83,582	\$ 78,603	\$ 80,516
Meals taxes	192,170	189,656	227,106	246,858	231,690	227,311	215,967	192,181	182,824	180,618
Other local taxes	159,807	139,963	134,712	143,799	98,543	95,623	98,849	80,080	87,379	99,081
Revenues from use of money and	ŕ	ŕ	ŕ			,	ŕ	ŕ	•	•
property	7,394	15,181	8,216	9,062	9,157	8,795	8,486	9,384	9,108	9,925
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory										
licenses	200	140	90	248	170	450	100	40	20	50
Fines and forfeitures	18,292	13,344	5,594	1,939	772	180	1,140	390	747	1,788
Recovered costs	1,064	16,420	4,033	3,695	16,968	8,834	11,662	10,942	17,465	22,245
Revenues from other sources	4,575	6,420	8,316	3,938	29,984	21,912	9,289	965	35,621	69,256
Intergovernmental -										
Commonwealth of Virginia	65,327	62,965	59,466	57,573	59,599	58,422	58,341	58,604	57,558	56,382
Transfers	235,587	60,784	141,616	308,069	(70,574)	305,094	298,973	122,563	184,270	72,742
Total governmental activities	764,139	582,203	673,392	856,729	461,033	810,922	784,752	558,731	653,595	592,603
Business-type activities:										
Revenues from other sources	22,778	39,097	39,562	32,547	38,211	31,365	32,065	35,706	74,951	34,817
Payments from (to) the Town	-	-	9,040	3,491	(11,862)	124,776	52,005	15,818	7,126	(10,637)
Transfers	(235,587)	(60,784)	(141,616)	(308,069)	70,574	(305,094)	(298,973)	(122,563)	(184,270)	(72,742)
	(===,==,)	(00),00)	(= ==,===)			(0.00,000.0)	(=> 0,> 10)	(===,===)	(===,=,=)	(, =,, , =)
Total business-type activities	(212,809)	(21,687)	(93,014)	(272,031)	96,923	(148,953)	(266,908)	(71,039)	(102,193)	(48,562)
Total primary government	\$ 551,330	\$ 560,516	\$ 580,378	\$ 584,698	\$ 557,956	\$ 661,969	\$ 517,844	\$ 487,692	\$ 551,402	\$ 544,041
CHANGE WATER BOOMSON										
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	Ф 225.245	Ф 22.210	Ф. 51 500	Ф. 2 40.416	Φ (121.212)	Ф. 111.220	Ф. 101.722	Φ (5.155)	Ф 06017	Ф 02.006
Governmental activities	\$ 335,245	\$ 23,218	\$ 51,509	\$ 249,416	\$ (131,212)	\$ 111,228	\$ 191,732	. ()	\$ 86,217	\$ 93,886
Business-type activities	(85,010)	345,034	221,137	(20,949)	193,296	543,120	124,514	25,625	10,313	5,984
Total primary government	\$ 250,235	\$ 368,252	\$ 272,646	\$ 228,467	\$ 62,084	\$ 654,348	\$ 316,246	\$ 20,470	\$ 96,530	\$ 99,870

FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Fiscal Year																			
		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014		2013		2012
GENERAL FUND	Φ.	1 466 060	φ.	1 210 072	Φ.	1 277 020	Ф 1	271 (00	Ф 1		Φ 1	174.602	Ф 1	054.070	Ф	010 207	Ф	770 501	ф	605.022
Unassigned	\$	1,466,969	\$.	1,319,072	\$.	1,277,030	\$.	1,271,688	\$.	1,090,629	\$	1,174,692	\$ 1	,054,079	\$	810,297	\$	769,581	2	685,933
Total general fund	\$ 1	1,466,969	\$	1,319,072	\$	1,277,030	\$ 1	,271,688	\$ 1	1,090,629	\$ 1	1,174,692	\$ 1	,054,079	\$	810,297	\$	769,581	\$	685,933
ALL OTHER GOVERNMENT Committed Restricted	NT F \$	UNDS 40,462 1,760	\$	40,000 2,251	\$	40,000 2,143	\$	40,000 1,884	\$	40,000 1,302	\$	40,000 1,921	\$	40,000 1,876	\$	40,000 1,973	\$	40,000 2,003	\$	40,000 2,003
Total all other governmental funds	\$	42,222	\$	42,251	\$	42,143	\$	41,884	\$	41,302	\$	41,921	\$	41,876	\$	41,973	\$	42,003	\$	42,003

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Fiscal Year																		
		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015	2014	$\overline{}$	2013		2012
REVENUES																			
General property taxes	\$	79,723	\$	77,330	\$	84,243	\$	81,548	\$	84,724	\$	84,301	\$	81,945	\$ 83,582	\$	78,603	\$	80,516
Other local taxes		351,977		329,619		361,818		390,657		330,233		322,934		314,816	272,261		270,203		279,699
Revenue from use of money																			
and property		7,394		15,181		8,216		9,062		9,157		8,795		8,486	9,384		9,108		9,925
Permits, privilege fees, and																			
regulatory licenses		200		140		90		248		170		450		100	40		20		50
Fines and forfeitures		18,292		13,344		5,594		1,939		772		180		1,140	390		747		1,788
Recovered costs		1,064		16,420		4,033		3,695		16,968		8,834		11,662	10,942		17,465		22,245
Miscellaneous		4,575		6,420		8,316		3,938		18,122		21,912		9,289	965		11,463		10,940
Intergovernmental -																			
Commonwealth of Virginia		65,327		62,965		59,466		57,573		59,599		58,422		58,341	58,604		57,558		56,382
Federal		144,868													 				
Total revenues		673,420		521,419		531,776		548,660		519,745		505,828		485,779	436,168		445,167		461,545
EXPENDITURES																			
General government administration		526,362		345,903		279,623		278,492		262,688		243,908		231,254	252,987		244,624		202,512
Public safety		112,516		107,454		95,419		91,807		101,093		107,425		104,626	107,198		108,549		105,662
Public works		48,449		59,937		166,239		157,086		164,246		156,744		184,416	133,717		138,490		114,674
Parks, recreation and cultural		19,248		25,500		26,266		30,314		16,081		22,318		26,284	11,350		16,747		28,862
Community development		_		-		· -		· -		_		124,776		-	_		-		_
Capital projects		61,913		12,876		111,631		128,551		12,548		45,818		5,000	7,280		40,353		38,144
Total expenditures		768,488		551,670		679,178		686,250		556,656		700,989		551,580	512,532		548,763		489,854
Deficiency of revenues																			
under expenditures		(95,068)		(30,251)		(147,402)		(137,590)		(36,911)		(195,161)		(65,801)	(76,364)		(103,596)		(28,309)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (US)	FS)																		
Operating transfers in		249,150		73,783		162,990		322,402		153,352		525,090		507,462	236,761		312,530		216,819
Operating transfers out		(13,563)		(12,999)		(21,374)		(14,333)		(212,064)		(219,996)		(208,489)	(114,198)		(135,386)		(133,440)
Note receivable repayments		7,349		11,617		11,387		11,162		10,941		10,725		10,513	10,305		10,100		9,901
Total other financing		7,5 .5		11,017		11,007		11,102		10,5 .1		10,720		10,010	 10,000		10,100		,,,,,,,,
sources (uses)		242,936		72,401		153,003		319,231		(47,771)		315,819		309,486	 132,868		187,244		93,280
Net change in fund balances	\$	147,868	\$	42,150	\$	5,601	\$	181,641	\$	(84,682)	\$	120,658	\$	243,685	\$ 56,504	\$	83,648	\$	64,971

ASSESSED VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY - LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,		Real Estate	Personal Property	Co	Public Service orporations	Total Taxable Assessed Value			
2021	\$	52,812,812	\$ 5,237,923	\$	4,323,741	\$	62,374,476		
2020	\$	52,641,112	\$ 5,858,660	\$	4,209,997	\$	62,709,769		
2019	\$	52,194,712	\$ 5,803,895	\$	4,313,933	\$	62,312,540		
2018	\$	49,054,871	\$ 6,271,633	\$	3,175,615	\$	58,502,119		
2017	\$	48,831,653	\$ 5,892,730	\$	4,373,220	\$	59,097,603		
2016	\$	49,163,113	\$ 6,402,419	\$	4,136,636	\$	59,702,168		
2015	\$	49,177,913	\$ 6,463,406	\$	3,741,551	\$	59,382,870		
2014	\$	48,321,013	\$ 6,086,074	\$	4,032,988	\$	58,440,075		
2013	\$	47,988,713	\$ 5,797,851	\$	3,763,689	\$	57,550,253		
2012	\$	47,730,201	\$ 6,003,296	\$	3,108,227	\$	56,841,724		

Source: Commissioner of Revenue, Sussex County

PROPERTY TAX RATES - LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (PER \$100 OF ASSESSED VALUES)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Real Estate		Personal Property		S	Public ervice rporations	chinery d Tools	Mobile Homes		
2021	\$	0.093	\$	0.860	\$	0.093	\$ 0.860	\$	0.093	
2020	\$	0.093	\$	0.860	\$	0.093	\$ 0.860	\$	0.093	
2019	\$	0.093	\$	0.860	\$	0.093	\$ 0.860	\$	0.093	
2018	\$	0.093	\$	0.860	\$	0.093	\$ 0.860	\$	0.093	
2017	\$	0.093	\$	0.860	\$	0.093	\$ 0.860	\$	0.093	
2016	\$	0.093	\$	0.860	\$	0.093	\$ 0.860	\$	0.093	
2015	\$	0.093	\$	0.860	\$	0.093	\$ 0.860	\$	0.093	
2014	\$	0.093	\$	0.860	\$	0.093	\$ 0.860	\$	0.093	
2013	\$	0.093	\$	0.860	\$	0.093	\$ 0.860	\$	0.093	
2012	\$	0.093	\$	0.860	\$	0.093	\$ 0.860	\$	0.093	

Source: Commissioner of Revenue, Sussex County

PRINCIPAL TAX PAYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

		2021			2012	
Taxpayer	Total Taxes Paid	Rank	Percentage of Total Town Tax Revenue	 Total Taxes Paid	Rank	Percentage of Total Town Tax Revenue
Virginia Diner	\$ 6,776	1	1.57%	\$ 12,179	1	3.38%
Wakefield Farm Service	5,429	2	1.26%	3,559	2	0.99%
Indmar Coatings/Wilmer Rowe	1,571	3	0.36%	520	10	0.14%
Norfolk & Western Railroad	1,227	4	0.28%	n/a	n/a	n/a
7-Eleven	1,036	6	0.24%	n/a	n/a	n/a
Virginia Electric & Power Co.	1,136	5	0.26%	n/a	n/a	n/a
Richard E. and Sandra P. Rickmond	867	7	0.20%	n/a	n/a	n/a
Charter Communications	867	8	0.20%	709	6	0.20%
Jenkins Properties	736	9	0.17%	n/a	n/a	n/a
Mac's / Uppy's	766	10	0.18%	913	5	0.25%
Golden Peanut	n/a	n/a	n/a	1,584	3	0.44%
Southland Corporation	n/a	n/a	n/a	1,135	4	0.32%
Bank of Southside Virginia	n/a	n/a	n/a	709	7	0.20%
Southside Investments	n/a	n/a	n/a	644	8	0.18%
James R. Stringfield	 n/a	n/a	n/a	 640	- 9 -	0.18%
	\$ 20,411	= =	4.73%	\$ 22,592	= =	6.28%

Source: Town of Wakefield Office

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS - LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Collected within the

				Fiscal Year	of the Levy		Total Collections to Date				
Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	1	tes Levied for the scal Year	Amount		Percentage of Levy	Collections in Subsequent Years (a)		Amount	Percentage of Levy		
2021	\$	77,251	\$	77,251	100.00%	-	\$	77,251	100.00%		
2020	\$	82,091	\$	82,091	100.00%	-	\$	82,091	100.00%		
2019	\$	83,103	\$	79,183	95.28%	-	\$	79,183	95.28%		
2018	\$	81,055	\$	76,736	94.67%	-	\$	76,736	94.67%		
2017	\$	83,889	\$	79,983	95.34%	-	\$	79,983	95.34%		
2016	\$	84,383	\$	81,243	96.28%	-	\$	81,243	96.28%		
2015	\$	82,962	\$	79,860	96.26%	-	\$	79,860	96.26%		
2014	\$	81,883	\$	80,489	98.30%	-	\$	80,489	98.30%		
2013	\$	78,749	\$	76,922	97.68%	-	\$	76,922	97.68%		
2012	\$	78,439	\$	77,024	98.20%	-	\$	77,024	98.20%		

Note (a): Town does not maintain detailed records of subsequent collections.

Source: Town of Wakefield Office

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM

Due to the small number of employees, such statistical data is not maintained by the Town.

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM

Due to the small size of the Town, such statistical numbers are not maintained, nor will they be maintained in the future due to the small amount of activity within the Town.

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM

See Note 4 to the Financial Statements. The Town also has assets that are not listed on the depreciation Schedule. However, these assets were considered during the GASB 34 conversion and were deemed fully depreciated.