

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

Year Ended June 30, 2023

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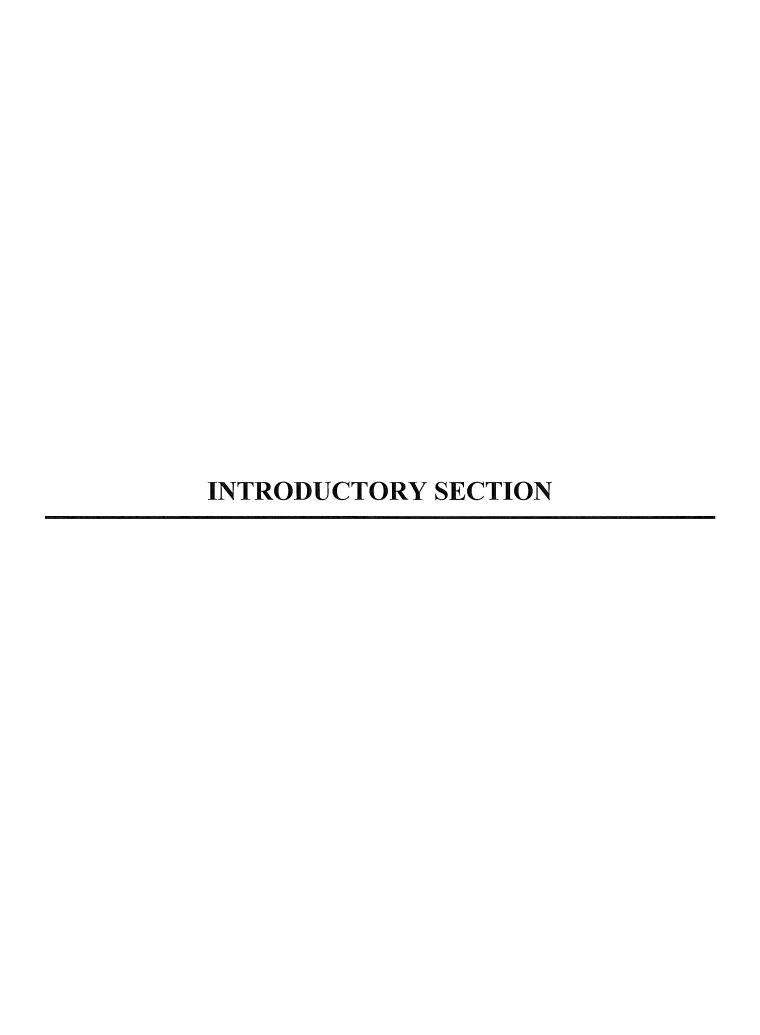
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CITY OF NORTON, VIRGINIA

DIRECTORY OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS June 30, 2023

CITY COUNCIL

Joseph Fawbush, Mayor Mark Caruso, Vice-Mayor Sarah Davis William Mays Robbie Fultz

OTHER OFFICIALS

| Fred L. Ramey City Manager Jeff Shupe Director of Finance James Lane Chief of Police Steve McElroy Director of Public Works Winfred Collins Building Official/Zoning Administrator Todd Lagow Fire Chief and Emergency Services Coordinator Andrew Greear Superintendent Water Treatment Plant Michele Knox Director of Parks & Recreation Barbara Muir Treasurer Judy Miller Commissioner of Revenue Carlos Noaks Sheriff William E. Bradshaw Attorney at Law |
|--|
| School Board |
| Cody McElroy |
| Mark Sturgill Dr. Gina Wohlford |
| Social Services Advisory Board |
| Abe Rutherford Director June Jones Vicki Stidham Sundy Adams Jen Boa Frank Gravely |



Management Discussion and Analysis (unaudited)

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council To the Citizens of the City of Norton

On behalf of the City Administration for the City of Norton, we offer the readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the City exceeded its liabilities at the end of the fiscal year by \$22,091,491 (net position).
- At June 30, 2023, the City reported combined ending fund balances of \$ 3,189,301 an increase of \$ 69,072 in comparison with the prior year.
- As of June 30, 2023, the General Fund had a total Fund Balance of \$ 2,695,119.
- The total debt outstanding as of June 30, 2023 was \$ 15,157,346 which includes the component units. As of June 30, 2023, the City's Legal Debt Margin was \$ 12,637,991.
- The Water/Sewer Proprietary Fund had a decrease in Net Position for the year of \$382,046

Overview of Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's financial statements are comprised of three components:

- Government wide financial statements
- Fund financial statements
- Notes to the financial statements

This report also includes other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide financial statements – The Government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances in a manner similar to a private sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases to net position may serve as a useful indicator as to whether the City's financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported for some items that will only result in cash flows in future periods, such as uncollected taxes.

The Government—wide financial statements include not only the City of Norton (primary government), but also its component units: the Norton City Schools and the Norton Industrial Development Authority (NIDA).

<u>Fund financial statements</u> – A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. All of the funds of the City of Norton can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Notes to the financial statements – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis - Primary Government

Summary Statement of Net Position – June 30, 2023

| Ž | Governmental | | Busir | ness Type | | |
|-----------------------------|--------------|------------|------------|------------|-----------|---------------|
| | Ac | tivities | Activities | | - | <u> Total</u> |
| Current & other assets | \$ | 9,560,213 | \$ | (14,259) | \$ | 9,545,954 |
| Capital and ROU assets | | 11,869,401 | - | 16,035,010 | | 27,904,411 |
| Total Assets | <u>\$</u> | 21,429,614 | \$ | 16,020,751 | <u>\$</u> | 37,450,365 |
| Current & other liabilities | \$ | 4,587,219 | \$ | 298,344 | \$ | 4,885,563 |
| Long-term liabilities | | 2,597,819 | | 6,761,690 | | 9,359,509 |
| Total Liabilities | <u>\$</u> | 7,185,038 | <u>\$</u> | 7,060,034 | <u>\$</u> | 14,245,072 |
| Deferred Inflows | \$ | 2,184,387 | \$ | 98,571 | \$ | 2,282,958 |
| Deferred Outflows | | 1,085,737 | | 83,419 | | 1,169,156 |
| Net Deference of Resources | \$ | 1,098,650 | <u>\$</u> | 15,152 | <u>\$</u> | 1,113,802 |
| Net Position: | | | | | | |
| Invested in Capital assets | \$ | 10,688,851 | \$ | 9,314,705 | \$ | 20,003,556 |
| Restricted | | 463,910 | | 68,586 | | 532,496 |
| Unrestricted | | 1,993,165 | | (437,726) | | 1,555,439 |
| Total Net Position | <u>\$</u> | 13,145,926 | <u>\$</u> | 8,945,565 | <u>\$</u> | 22,091,491 |

Net position serves as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The City's combined net position total is \$22,091,491 excluding discretely presented component units. By far, the largest portion of this represents investments in capital assets, such as land, buildings, machinery, and equipment. Capital assets net of related debt total \$20,003,556. The City of Norton uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; and thus these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate liabilities.

<u>Governmental Activities</u> – Governmental activities increased the City's net position by \$1,637,234 for 2023 and increased by \$262,571 for 2022. Key elements of this decrease are as follows:

Governmental Activities Year Ended June 30

| Program Revenues: | | 2023 | | 2022 |
|------------------------------------|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|
| Charges for Services | \$ | 477,566 | \$ | 436,918 |
| Operating Grants and Contributions | | 5,643,481 | | 4,996,369 |
| Capital Grants and Contributions | | 498,901 | | 111,385 |
| General Revenues: | | | | |
| Property Taxes | | 3,368,232 | | 3,161,558 |
| Other Local Taxes | | 6,517,547 | | 5,394,920 |
| Other | | 510,952 | | 377,049 |
| Total Revenues | <u>\$</u> | 17,016,679 | <u>\$</u> | 14,478,199 |
| Expenses: | | | | |
| General Government | \$ | 1,641,635 | \$ | 1,407,452 |
| Judicial Administration | | 488,956 | | 452,446 |
| Public Safety | | 3,647,261 | | 3,265,230 |
| Public Works | | 2,574,688 | | 2,527,576 |
| Health and Welfare | | 2,074,006 | | 1,815,621 |
| Education | | 2,943,090 | | 2,760,806 |
| Parks, Recreation, Culture | | 330,963 | | 587,517 |
| Community Development | | 1,647,478 | | 1,379,243 |
| Interest of Long Term Debt | | 31,368 | | 19,737 |
| Total Expenses | <u>\$</u> | 15,379,445 | \$ | 14,215,628 |
| Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets | <u>\$</u> | 1,637,234 | <u>\$</u> | 262,571 |

Included in the Total Expenses are non-cash items including depreciation. In addition, expenditures for capital assets are not included, while Grant Contributions (revenues) for some types of projects are. This means that under the full accrual method, the net position increased by \$1,637,234 for FY2023. A portion of the decrease is accounted for by the planned use of prior years' surplus to fund local match need to complete ongoing grant funded projects around the City, in particular the Downtown Revitalization Project.

Fund Financial Statements

Governmental Funds – The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. This information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the City's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. The City's governmental funds include the General Fund and the Special Revenue Funds.

Governmental Fund Highlights:

The largest sources of revenue in the General Fund for the year are as follows:

| | 2023 | 2022_ | 2021 | <u>2020</u> | 2019 |
|------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-------------|-----------|
| Real Property Tax | 2,283,479 | 1,995,596 | 1,978,724 | 2,107,104 | 1,977,083 |
| Local Sales and Use Tax | 2,142,163 | 1,918,095 | 1,726,064 | 1,664,033 | 1,639,810 |
| Restaurant Food Taxes | 1,910,094 | 1,663,751 | 1,515,515 | 1,479,388 | 1,496,570 |
| Street & Highway Maintenance | 1,059,663 | 912,947 | 896,920 | 870,897 | 870,286 |
| Business License Taxes | 947,829 | 981,872 | 690,659 | 801,979 | 789,539 |
| Personal Property Taxes | 738,808 | 591,759 | 615,296 | 614,014 | 640,982 |

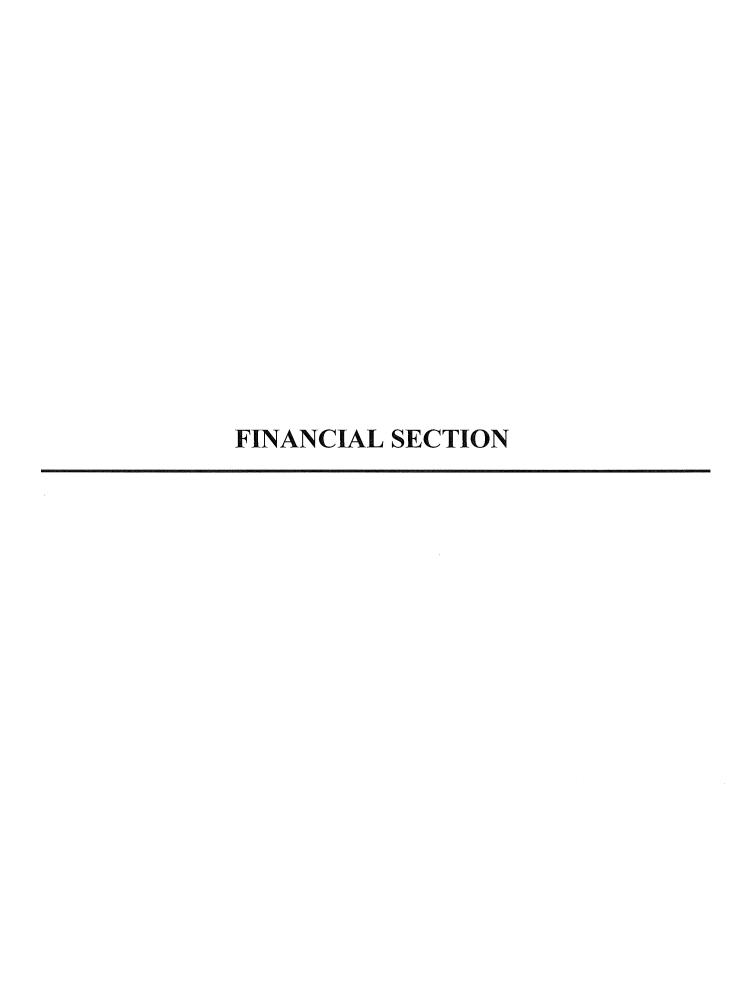
The City's assessed value of taxable property for the year was \$291,323,261. The real estate tax rate is \$.90 per \$100 of assessed value and the personal property tax rate is \$2.05 per \$100 of assessed value. For the year, the percent of levy collected was 107.70%. This includes collections of prior year's delinquencies in addition to current year assessments, but is calculated as a percentage of the current year tax base.

The City's business type activity is the Water/Sewer Proprietary Fund. During the year this fund had a decrease in net position of \$382,046. In addition, cash and cash equivalents increased by \$40,565 to \$358,017.

The City's General Fund Final Budget to Actual comparison for the year was as follows:

| | Final Budget | <u>Actual</u> | <u>Variance</u> Favorable (Unfavorable) | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Total Revenues Total Expenses | \$ 16,561,283 17,194,255 | \$ 17,602,860 17,533,788 | \$ 1,041,577 \$ (339,533) | | | | | |
| Excess of Revenues Over Expenses | 2.,-2.,-00 | \$ 69,072 | + (0=3,000) | | | | | |

Additional information may be obtained by contacting the City Manager, Mr. Jeff Shupe. or the Director of Finance, Mr. Treavor Calhoun at the City of Norton offices 276-679-1160.





Independent Auditors' Report

The Honorable Members of the City Council City of Norton Norton, Virginia 24273

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Norton, Virginia (the "City"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities and Towns* issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions

Emphasis-of-Matter

Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 1 to the financials statements, in 2023 the City adopted new accounting guidance, Government Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 96, SBITAs. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one

Listening Better, Trying Harder, Caring More. **That's Rodefer Moss.**

resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the budgetary comparison information, and required pension and other post-employment benefit schedules, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedule of expenditures of federal awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the directory of principal officials, statistical section and compliance sections but does not include the basis financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Kodeger Wass & Co, PLLC

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated September 17, 2024 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our test of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing on internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Norton, Virginia September 17, 2024



CITY OFNORTON, VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2023

| | | | | Compon | ent Units | | |
|---|----------------|---------------|----------------------|----------------------|---------------|--|--|
| | Primary C | Government | | | Industrial | | |
| | Governmental | Business-Type | • | | Development | | |
| | Activities | Activities | Totals | School Board | Authority | | |
| ASSETS | | | | · | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2) | \$ 871,795 | \$ 199,748 | \$ 1,071,543 | \$ 1,865,170 | \$ 2,045,505 | | |
| Restricted cash (Note 2) | 15,604 | 158,269 | 173,873 | 495,474 | 88,219 | | |
| Cash in custody of others | , | | .,0,0,0 | 391,500 | 00,219 | | |
| Investments | 3,931,855 | _ | 3,931,855 | - | _ | | |
| Receivables, net (Note 3) | 2,225,481 | 364,115 | 2,589,596 | - | 1,032,200 | | |
| Prepaids | -,, | - | -,, | _ | 26,383 | | |
| Leases receivable | _ | _ | - | _ | 998,569 | | |
| Due from other governments (Note 4) | 1,228,639 | 11,651 | 1,240,290 | 596,858 | , <u>-</u> | | |
| Due from primary government | , , , <u>-</u> | , <u>.</u> | , , <u>-</u> | 1,405,061 | - | | |
| Due from component units | 6,301 | | 6,301 | , , <u>-</u> | - | | |
| Internal balances (Note 5) | 816,628 | (816,628) | , - | - | - | | |
| Net pension asset (Note 12) | 463,910 | 68,586 | 532,496 | 758,098 | - | | |
| Capital assets: (Note 7) | | | • | • | | | |
| Nondepreciable | 2,899,535 | 1,356,467 | 4,256,002 | 1,559,913 | 7,704,267 | | |
| Depreciable, net | 8,946,481 | 14,678,543 | 23,625,024 | 9,875,895 | 5,144,524 | | |
| Right of-use assets, net (Note 7) | 23,385 | - | 23,385 | 125,664 | | | |
| Total assets | 21,429,614 | 16,020,751 | 37,450,365 | 17,073,633 | 17,039,667 | | |
| DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | | | | | | |
| Deferred charge on refunding | 36,918 | _ | 36,918 | _ | _ | | |
| Deferred outflows related to pensions (Note 12) | 553,897 | 81,890 | 635,787 | 1,897,700 | _ | | |
| Deferred outflows related to other postemployment | 555,657 | 01,070 | 055,707 | 1,057,700 | | | |
| benefits (Note 14) | 494,922 | 1,529 | 496,451 | 327,633 | - | | |
| Total deferred outflows of resources | 1,085,737 | 83,419 | 1,169,156 | 2,225,333 | _ | | |
| | 1,005,757 | 65,717 | 1,105,150 | 2,223,333 | | | |
| LIABILITIES | 185.084 | | 225.554 | | | | |
| Accounts payable and other current liabilities | 175,376 | 111,698 | 287,074 | 431,020 | 1,040,419 | | |
| Accrued payroll and related liabilities | 203,132 | 28,617 | 231,749 | 429,796 | - | | |
| Accrued interest | 2,699 | 20,711 | 23,410 | 27,028 | - | | |
| Customer security deposits | 401.010 | 137,318 | 137,318 | - | - | | |
| Due to other governmental units | 421,819 | - | 421,819 | | - | | |
| Due to primary government | 1 405 060 | - | 1 405 060 | 6,301 | - | | |
| Due to component unit | 1,405,062 | - | 1,405,062 | - | - | | |
| Unearned revenue - ARPA Funds | 2,379,131 | - | 2,379,131 | - | - | | |
| Noncurrent liabilities: | | | | 4.600.700 | | | |
| Net pension liability (Note 12) | - | - | - | 4,690,799 | - | | |
| Net other postemployment benefits/liabilities (Note 14) | 1,074,392 | 4 900 | 1 070 202 | 1 212 249 | | | |
| Due within one year (Note 9) | 288,259 | 4,890 | 1,079,282 576,033 | 1,212,248 816,436 | 22 500 | | |
| Due in more than one year (Note 9) | 1,235,168 | 287,774 | , | , | 23,509 | | |
| • , , | | 6,469,026 | 7,704,194 | 5,146,642 | 890,532 | | |
| Total liabilities | 7,185,038 | 7,060,034 | 14,245,072 | 12,760,270 | 1,954,460 | | |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | | | | | | |
| Property taxes | 1,090,420 | - | 1,090,420 | - | - | | |
| Deferred inflows - leases | - | - | | | 986,130 | | |
| Deferred inflows related to pensions (Note 12) | 661,535 | 97,804 | 759,339 | 1,138,379 | - | | |
| Deferred inflows related to other postemployment | | | | | | | |
| benefits (Note 14) | 432,432 | 767 | 433,199 | 188,651 | | | |
| Total deferred inflows of resources | 2,184,387 | 98,571 | 2,282,958 | 1,327,030 | 986,130 | | |
| NET POSITION | | | | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | 10,688,851 | 9,314,705 | 20,003,556 | 5,763,938 | 12,244,750 | | |
| Restricted | 463,910 | 68,586 | 532,496 | 758,098 | 77,563 | | |
| Unrestricted | 1,993,165 | (437,726) | 1,555,439 | (1,310,370) | 1,776,764 | | |
| Total net position | \$ 13,145,926 | \$ 8,945,565 | \$ 22,091,491 | \$ 5,211,666 | \$ 14,099,077 | | |

EXHIBIT 2

CITY OF NORTON, VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended June 30, 2023

| | | | | | Pro | gram Revenues | | | Net (Expens Changes in Primary | Net ! | Position | | | Compon | ent II | nits |
|---------------------------------------|----|----------------------|-------|-------------------------|-------|---|----|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------|----------|--------------|---------|---------------------------------------|
| Functions/Programs | | Expenses | | Charges for Services | | Operating Grants and Contributions | | Capital Grants and ontributions | Governmental Activities | GOVE | Business- Type Activities | Totals | Sc | thool Board | I De | Industrial evelopment Authority |
| Primary Government: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Governmental activities: | | | | | | | | | | BUILDANIS | | | 2775 | | | |
| General government | \$ | 1,641,635 | \$ | - | \$ | 1,742,598 | \$ | - | \$ 100,963 | | | \$ 100,963 | 12.55 | | | 100 C |
| Judicial administration Public safety | | 488,956 3,647,262 | | 56,335 | | 624 202 | | 10.619 | (488,956) | | | (488,956) | 1369 | | | |
| Public works | | 2,574,688 | | 401,351 | | 634,292 1,086,575 | | 19,618 | (2,937,017) (1,086,762) | | | (2,937,017) (1,086,762) | 6306 | | | 2 19 July 200 |
| Health and welfare | | 2,074,006 | | 401,331 | | 1,505,083 | | | (568,923 | | | (568,923) | | | | 0 = 3222 |
| Education | | 2,943,090 | | - | | 1,505,085 | | - | (2,943,090 | | | (2,943,090) | 500 | | | |
| Parks, recreation, and cultural | | 330,963 | | 19,880 | | 4,500 | | _ | (306,583) | | | (306,583) | 98 | | | 572375 |
| Community development | | 1,647,478 | | - | | 670,433 | | 479,283 | (497,762) | | | (497,762) | 160 | | | |
| Interest | | 31,368 | | - | | - | | - | (31,368 | | | (31,368) | | | | |
| Total governmental activities | | 15,379,445 | | 477,566 | | 5,643,481 | | 498,901 | (8,759,497 |) | | (8,759,497) | | | | |
| Business-type activities: | - | | | | | Anata yan da yan aran aran aran aran aran aran aran | | | | | | 1 | - | | | SCHOOL STATE |
| Water and sewer | | 3,458,750 | | 2,837,143 | | _ | | 239,561 | | \$ | (382,046) | (382,046) | 1703 | | | 1967 (\$1957) |
| Total business-type activities | | 3,458,750 | | 2,837,143 | | - | | 239,561 | | | (382,046) | (382,046) | (20) | | | STREET, STREET, |
| Total primary government | \$ | 18,838,195 | \$ | 3,314,709 | \$ | 5,643,481 | \$ | 738,462 | (8,759,497) |) | (382,046) | (9,141,543) | | | | all and |
| Discretely Presented Component Units: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| School Board | \$ | 10,405,985 | \$ | - | \$ | 11,292,832 | \$ | - | | | | | \$ | 886,847 | | |
| Industrial Development Authority | | 5,861,250 | | 354,237 | | _ | | 6,528,588 | | | | | | ,- | \$ | 1,021,575 |
| Total component units | \$ | 16,267,235 | \$ | 354,237 | \$ | 11,292,832 | \$ | 6,528,588 | | | | | \$ | (1,679,596) | \$ | 1,021,575 |
| | Ť | 10,201,200 | | | Ť | 11,272,002 | _ | 0,020,000 | | | | | <u> </u> | (1,075,050) | | 1,021,010 |
| | | | Gen | eral revenues: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | Property taxes | | | | | 3,368,232 | | - | 3,368,232 | | - | | - |
| | | | | Sales taxes | | | | | 2,142,163 | | - | 2,142,163 | | - | | - |
| | | | | Utility taxes | | | | | 123,339 | | - | 123,339 | | - | | - |
| | | | | Business license | taxes | s | | | 947,829 | | _ | 947,829 | | _ | | - |
| | | | | Communication | taxes | | | | 146,747 | | _ | 146,747 | | _ | | _ |
| | | | | Motor vehicle ta | | | | | 80,846 | | | 80,846 | | _ | | _ |
| | | | | Bank stock taxes | | | | | | | - | 47,175 | | - | | |
| | | | | | | | | | 47,175 | | - | , | | - | | - |
| | | | | Recordation taxe | | | | | 57,875 | | - | 57,875 | | - | | - |
| | | | | Hotel and motel | | | | | 129,034 | | - | 129,034 | | - | | - |
| | | |] | Restaurant food | taxes | ; | | | 1,910,094 | | - | 1,910,094 | | - | | - |
| | | | | Coal road impro | veme | nt taxes | | | 37,074 | | - | 37,074 | | - | | - |
| | | | | Cigarette tax | | | | | 161,115 | | - | 161,115 | | - | | - |
| | | | | Other local taxes | | | | | 734,256 | | - | 734,256 | | - | | - |
| | | | G | ain on sale of pr | opert | v | | | 4,861 | | - | 4,861 | | - | | - |
| | | | | liscellaneous | | , | | | 157,099 | | | 157,099 | | 864,790 | | _ |
| | | | | nrestricted inves | tman | t earnings | | | 204,549 | | | 204,549 | | 554,755 | | 80,060 |
| | | | | | umen | it carnings | | | | | - | | | - | | |
| | | | | ecovered Cost | | | | | 109,768 | | - | 109,768 | | - | | 89,648 |
| | | | | surance recoveri | es | | | | 34,675 | | - | 34,675 | | - | | - |
| | | | T | ransfers | | | | | | | | | | 2,933,866 | | |
| | | | | Total general | reven | nues | | | 10,396,731 | | | 10,396,731 | | 3,798,656 | | 169,708 |
| | | | | Change in net | posit | tion | | | 1,637,234 | | (382,046) | 1,255,188 | | 4,685,503 | | 1,191,283 |
| | | | NE | F POSITION A | T JU | LY 1 | | | 11,508,692 | | 9,327,611 | 20,836,303 | | 526,163 | | 12,907,794 |
| | | | NE | T POSITION A | n, T | UNE 30 | | | \$ 13,145,926 | - | 8,945,565 | \$ 22,091,491 | \$ | 5,211,666 | \$ | 14,099,077 |
| | | | 1 112 | | 0 | 01,1200 | | | 15,175,720 | - <u> </u> | 3,772,202 | 22,071,171 | | -,211,000 | | ,0//,0// |

CITY OF NORTON, VIRIGNIA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2023

| | General | | Virginia Public Assistance Fund | | Nonmajor vernmental Funds | Total Governmenta Funds | | |
|---|---------|-----------|--|---------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------|--|
| ASSETS | | | | | | | | |
| Cash and investments | \$ | 767,125 | \$ | 7,290 | \$ 97,380 | \$ | 871,795 | |
| Restricted cash | | 15,604 | | - | - | | 15,604 | |
| Investments | | 3,931,855 | | _ | _ | | 3,931,855 | |
| Taxes Receivable | | 1,365,278 | | _ | - | | 1,365,278 | |
| Accounts receivable | | 860,203 | | _ | - | | 860,203 | |
| Due from other funds | | 1,027,549 | | 18,301 | - | | 1,045,850 | |
| Inventory | | _ | | - | - | | - | |
| Prepaid | | - | | - | - | | - | |
| Due from component unit | | 6,301 | | _ | - | | 6,301 | |
| Due from other governmental units | | 804,915 | | 113,724 | 310,000 | | 1,228,639 | |
| Total assets | | 8,778,830 | | 139,315 | \$ 407,380 | \$ | 9,325,525 | |
| LIABILITIES | | | | | | | | |
| Accounts payable and other current liabilities | \$ | 173,426 | \$ | 1,950 | \$ - | \$ | 175,376 | |
| Accrued payroll and related liabilities | | 173,155 | | 29,977 | - | | 203,132 | |
| Unearned revenue - ARPA Funds | | 2,379,131 | | | | | 2,379,131 | |
| Due to other funds | | 208,636 | | 20,586 | _ | | 229,222 | |
| Due to component unit | | 1,405,062 | | - | - | | 1,405,062 | |
| Due to other governmental units | | 421,819 | | _ | _ | | 421,819 | |
| Total liabilities | | 4,761,229 | | 52,513 | - | | 4,813,742 | |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | | | | | | | |
| Unavailable/deferred taxes | | 1,322,482 | | - | - | | 1,322,482 | |
| Total deferred inflows of resources | | 1,322,482 | | - | - | | 1,322,482 | |
| FUND BALANCES (Note 6) | | | | | | | | |
| Nonspendable | | 815,247 | | - | - | | 815,247 | |
| Restricted | | - | | - | - | | - | |
| Committed | | - | | - | 407,380 | | 407,380 | |
| Assigned | | 464,579 | | 86,802 | - | | 551,381 | |
| Unassigned | | 1,415,293 | | - | - | | 1,415,293 | |
| Total fund balances | | 2,695,119 | | 86,802 | 407,380 | | 3,189,301 | |
| Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances | \$ | 8,778,830 | _\$ | 139,315 | \$ 407,380 | \$ | 9,325,525 | |

CITY OF NORTON, VIRGINIA RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION 6/30/2023

| Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds | | | \$ 3,189,301 |
|--|------|--|------------------|
| Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because: | | | |
| Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources, and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Nondepreciable Depreciable, net Right-of-use, net | \$ | 2,899,535 8,946,481 23,385 | 11,869,401 |
| Certain receivables are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds. | | | 232,062 |
| Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions and other postemploy benefits are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. | ment | | |
| Deferred outflows of resources - pensions Deferred outflows of resources - other postemployment benefits Deferred inflows of resources - pensions Deferred inflows of resources - other postemployment benefits Net pension (liability)asset Net other postemployment benefits liabilities | | 553,897 494,922 (661,535) (432,432) 463,910 (1,074,392) | (655,630) |
| Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Bonds payable, including unamortized premiums Deferred charge on refunding Compensated absences Finance Purchase notes payable Lease liabilities Accrued interest payable | | (1,157,274) 36,918 (342,877) - (23,276) (2,699) | (1,489,208) |
| Total Net Position - Governmental Activities | | | \$ 13,145,926 |

CITY OF NORTON, VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2023

| | | General | Virginia Public Assistance Fund | Nonmajor Governmental Funds | G(| Total overnmental Funds |
|---|-----|------------|--|-----------------------------------|----|-------------------------------|
| REVENUES | | | | | | |
| General property taxes | \$ | 3,582,626 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ | 3,582,626 |
| Other local taxes | | 5,783,291 | - | - | | 5,783,291 |
| Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses | | 8,949 | - | - | | 8,949 |
| Fines and forfeitures | | 390 | - | 56,027 | | 56,417 |
| Use of money and property | | 204,540 | - | 9 | | 204,549 |
| Charges for services | | 421,539 | - | - | | 421,539 |
| Miscellaneous | | 151,116 | 5,983 | - | | 157,099 |
| Recovered costs | | 109,768 | - | - | | 109,768 |
| Intergovernmental | | 5,377,702 | 1,505,083 | - | | 6,882,785 |
| Total revenues | , | 15,639,921 | 1,511,066 | 56,036 | | 17,207,023 |
| EXPENDITURES | | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | | |
| General government | | 1,701,524 | - | - | | 1,701,524 |
| Judicial administration | | 488,956 | - | - | | 488,956 |
| Public safety | | 3,609,449 | - | 7,426 | | 3,616,875 |
| Public works | | 2,447,310 | - | - | | 2,447,310 |
| Health and welfare | | 123,892 | 1,937,656 | - | | 2,061,548 |
| Education | | 2,943,090 | - | - | | 2,943,090 |
| Parks, recreation and cultural | | 876,033 | - | - | | 876,033 |
| Community development | | 2,807,850 | - | - | | 2,807,850 |
| Debt service: | | | | | | - |
| Principal retirement | | 202,281 | - | - | | 202,281 |
| Interest and fiscal charges | | 32,020 | | - | | 32,020 |
| Total expenditures | | 15,232,405 | 1,937,656 | - 7,426 | | 17,177,487 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures | | 407,516 | (426,590) | 48,610 | | 29,536 |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | | | | | |
| Sale of surplus | | 4,861 | - | | | 4,861 |
| Insurance recovories | | 34,675 | - | | | 34,675 |
| Loan proceeds | | - | - | • | | - |
| Transfers in | | - | 356,301 | - | | 356,301 |
| Transfers out | | (356,301) | - | | | (356,301) |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | | (316,765) | 356,301 | | | 39,536 |
| Net change in fund balances | | 90,751 | (70,289) | 48,610 | 1 | 69,072 |
| FUND BALANCES AT JULY 1 | | 2,604,368 | 157,091 | 358,770 | 1 | 3,120,229 |
| FUND BALANCES AT JUNE 30 | _\$ | 2,695,119 | \$ 86,802 | \$ 407,380 | \$ | 3,189,301 |

CITY OF NORTON, VIRIGNIA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended June 30, 2023

| Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds | | \$ 69,072 |
|---|---------------------------|-----------------|
| Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because: | | |
| Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; however, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Capital outlay and right-of-use-lease assets Depreciation and amortization expense | \$ 2,071,252 (642,814) | 1 429 429 |
| Governmental funds report proceeds from the sale of capital assets as an increase in financial resources while governmental activities report the gain or loss on the sale of capital assets. | | 1,428,438 |
| Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. | | (214,394) |
| The issuance of long-term debt (i.e. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. | | 196,025 |
| Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities, such as compensated do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Change in compensated absences | (28,584) | (28,584) |
| Governmental funds report employer pension contributions as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of pension benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as pension expense. | | 252,895 |
| Governmental funds report employer other postemployment benefit contributions as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of these benefits earned, net of employee contributions, is reported as other postemployment benefit expense. | | (57,640) |
| Governmental funds report the effect of bond premiums and discounts when debt is first issued; whereas, these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities. Interest is recognized as an expenditure in the governmental funds when it is due. In the Statement of Activities, interest expense is recognized as it accrues, regardless of when it is due. The net effect of those differences is as follows: Amortization of gain/loss from refundings Change in accrued interest payable | (9,230) 652 | |
| | | (8,578) |
| Change in Net Position - Governmental Activities | | \$ 1,637,234 |

CITY OF NORTON, VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2023

| | Water and Sewer | |
|--|--------------------|--|
| ASSETS | | |
| Current assets: | | |
| Cash and investments | \$ 199,748 | |
| Receivables, net | 364,115 | |
| Prepaids | - | |
| Due from other governments | 11,651 | |
| Due from other funds | 190,336 | |
| Total current assets | 765,850 | |
| Noncurrent assets: | | |
| Restricted cash | 158,269 | |
| Net pension asset | 68,586 | |
| Capital assets, net | 16,035,010 | |
| Total noncurrent assets | 16,261,865 | |
| Total assets | 17,027,715 | |
| DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | |
| Deferred outflows related to pensions | 81,890 | |
| Deferred outflows related to other postemployment benefits | 1,529 | |
| Total deferred outflows of resources | 83,419 | |
| LIABILITIES | | |
| Current liabilities: | | |
| Accounts payable | 111,698 | |
| Accrued payroll and related liabilities | 28,617 | |
| Accrued interest | 20,711 | |
| Due to other funds | 1,006,964 | |
| Customer security deposits | 137,318 | |
| Compensated absences | 10,949 | |
| Debt obligations, current | 276,825 | |
| Total current liabilities | 1,593,082 | |
| Noncurrent liabilities: | | |
| Compensated absences | 25,546 | |
| Net pension liability | - | |
| Net other postemployment benefit liabilities | 4,890 | |
| Debt obligations | 6,443,480 | |
| Total noncurrent liabilities | 6,473,916 | |
| Total liabilities | 8,066,998 | |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | |
| Deferred inflows related to pensions | 97,804 | |
| Deferred inflows related to other post employment beenfits | 767 | |
| Total deferred inflows of resources | 98,571 | |
| NET POSITION | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | 9,314,705 | |
| Restricted | 68,586 | |
| Unrestricted | (437,726) | |
| Total net position | \$ 8,945,565 | |

EXHIBIT 8

CITY OF NORTON, VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Year Ended June 30, 2023

| | Water and Sewer | |
|--|--------------------|--|
| OPERATING REVENUES | | |
| Charges for services | | |
| Water: | | |
| Local | \$ 886,554 | |
| Non-Local | 215,024 | |
| Sewer: | | |
| Local | 1,284,430 | |
| Non-Local | 367,419 | |
| Connection fees | 14,354 | |
| Penalties | 67,871 | |
| Miscellaneous | 1,491 | |
| Total operating revenues | 2,837,143 | |
| OPERATING EXPENSES | | |
| Personnel | 729,320 | |
| Fringe benefits | 261,089 | |
| Contractual services | 889,539 | |
| Other charges | 721,609 | |
| Water purchased for resale | 42,432 | |
| Depreciation and amortization | 669,866 | |
| Total operating expenses | 3,313,855 | |
| Operating loss | (476,712) | |
| NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) | | |
| Grant income | 239,561 | |
| Interest expense | (144,895) | |
| Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) | 94,666 | |
| Change in net position | (382,046) | |
| NET POSITION AT JULY 1 | 9,327,611 | |
| NET POSITION AT JUNE 30 | \$ 8,945,565 | |

CITY OF NORTON, VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2023

| | a | Water and Sewer | |
|--|----------|---|--|
| OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from customers and properties Receipts from other sources Payments to suppliers Payments to employees | \$ | 2,838,355 1,491 (2,097,244) (724,312) | |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | | 18,290 | |
| NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Interfund borrowing | | 573,712 | |
| Net cash used in noncapital financing activities | | 573,712 | |
| CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Purchases of capital assets and CIP Contributed Capital - grant revenue Proceeds from issuance of debt Principal paid Interest paid | | (640,389) 243,079 255,911 (262,545) (147,493) | |
| Net cash used in capital and related financing activities | | (551,437) | |
| Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents | | 40,565 | |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Beginning at July 1 | | 317,452 | |
| Ending at June 30 | \$ | 358,017 | |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR IS COMPRISED OF THE FOLLOWING: Cash and investments Restricted cash | \$ | 199,748 158,269 | |
| Total | <u></u> | 358,017 | |
| RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating loss Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to | \$ | (476,712) | |
| net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation and amortization Pension expense net of employer contributions Other post-employment benefit expense net of | | 669,866 (36,502) | |
| employer contributions Change in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in: | | (9,726) | |
| Receivables, net Prepaid expenses Increase (decrease) in: | | 2,703 | |
| Accounts payable and other current liabilities Accrued payroll and related liabilities Customer deposits Compensated absences | | (138,086) 373 1,739 4,635 | |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | \$ | 18,290 | |
| | <u> </u> | 10,20 | |

EXHIBIT 10

CITY OF NORTON, VIRGINIA AGENCY FUNDS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION June 30, 2023

| | V | Special Welfare Fund | |
|---|----|----------------------------|--|
| ASSETS | | | |
| Cash | \$ | 15,017 | |
| Total assets | 4 | 15,017 | |
| NET POSITION | | | |
| Amounts held for social service clients | | 15,017 | |
| Total net position | \$ | 15,017 | |

EXHIBIT 11

CITY OF NORTON, VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION Year Ended June 30, 2023

| | Special Welfare Fund | |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------|--------|
| ADDITIONS | | |
| Client Receipts | \$ | 25,897 |
| Total additions | | 25,897 |
| DEDUCTIONS | | |
| Payments for clients | | 24,615 |
| Total deductions | | 24,615 |
| Change in net position | | 1,282 |
| NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR | | 13,735 |
| NET POSITION - END OF YEAR | \$ | 15,017 |

CITY OF NORTON, VIRGINIA NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2023

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these financial statements present the City of Norton and its Component Units. The Component Units discussed in Note B are included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationship with the City.

B. Individual Component Disclosures

Discretely Presented Component Unit

Component Units are legally separate organizations for which the elected or appointed officials of the primary government are financially accountable. The primary government is financially accountable if it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and is able to impose its will on that organization.

Based on the foregoing criteria, the financial activities of the Norton Industrial Development Authority and the Norton City School Board are included in these financial statements as discretely presented Component Units. Included in the Norton City School Board Component Unit are the School Operating, School Cafeteria, Textbook, Health Insurance Premium Funds and the School Activity Funds. The Norton Industrial Development Authority's financial statements may be obtained by contacting the Authority at P.O. Box 303, Norton, Virginia 24273.

The financial activities of the following organization are excluded from the accompanying financial statements for the reasons indicated:

Norton Redevelopment and Housing Authority - The City Council appoints the Board of Commissioners; however, the City does not have responsibility for the fiscal matters of the Authority, including authorizations of budgetary appropriations, funding of operating deficiencies, control over or use of surplus funds, responsibility for debts and control over the collection and disbursement of funds.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

<u>Statement of Net Position</u> - The Statement of Net Position is designed to display the financial position of the primary government (governmental and business-type activities) and its discretely presented component units. Governments will report all capital assets in the government-wide Statement of Net Position and will report depreciation expense, the cost of "using up" capital assets, in the Statement of Activities. The net position of a government will be broken down into three categories - 1) net investment in capital asset; 2) restricted; and 3) unrestricted.

<u>Statement of Activities</u> - The government-wide Statement of Activities reports expenses and revenues in a format that focuses on the cost of each of the government's functions. The expense of individual functions is compared to the revenues generated directly by the function (for instance, through user charges or intergovernmental grants).

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include I) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - The *General Fund* accounts for all revenues and expenditures applicable to the general operations of the City, which are not accounted for in other funds.

<u>Virginia Public Assistance Fund</u> – The *Virginia Public Assistance Fund* accounts for the City's local Department of Social Services.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The City reports the following non-major governmental funds:

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - *Special Revenue Funds* account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than those derived from special assessments, expendable trusts or dedicated for major capital projects) requiring separate accounting because of legal or regulatory provisions or administrative action. Special Revenue Funds consist of the RBEG Revolving Loan Fund, Drug and Gambling Funds, and Flag Rock Lighting Fund.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The water and sewer operation fund provides drinking water, maintains the facilities necessary to provide this service, and provides maintenance to the sewer lines and pump stations. It's primary revenue source is user charges and fees.

Fiduciary Funds account for assets held by a governmental unit in a trustee capacity or as an agent or custodian for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, or other funds. These funds include Agency Funds.

D. Basis of Accounting

1. Governmental Funds

Governmental Funds utilize the modified accrual basis of accounting under which revenues and related assets are recorded when measurable and available to finance operations during the year. Accordingly, real and personal property taxes are recorded as revenues and receivables when billed, net of allowances for uncollectible amounts, except that property taxes not collected within 45 days after year-end are reflected as deferred revenues. Sales and utility taxes, which are collected by the State, or utilities, and subsequently remitted to the City, are recognized as revenues and receivables upon collection by the State or utility, which is generally in the month preceding receipt by the City. Licenses, permits, fines and rents are recorded as revenues when received. Intergovernmental revenues, consisting primarily of Federal, State and other grants for the purpose of funding specific expenditures, are recognized when earned or at the time of the specific expenditure. Revenues from general purpose grants are recognized in the period to which the grant applies.

Expenditures, other than interest on long-term debt, are recorded as the related fund liabilities are incurred. Interest on long-term debt is recognized when due except for interest due on July 1, which is accrued.

2. Proprietary Funds

The accrual basis of accounting is used for the Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund and the discretely presented component unit, Norton Industrial Development Authority. Under the accrual method, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they are earned, while expenses are recognized in the accounting period in which the related liability is incurred.

3. Fiduciary Funds

Agency Funds utilize the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

E. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The following procedures are used by the City in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to March 30, the City Manager submits to the City Council a proposed operating and capital budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments.
- 3. Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an Appropriations Resolution.
- 4. The Appropriations Resolution places legal restrictions on expenditures at the category level. The appropriations for each category can be revised only by the City Council. The City Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within governmental departments; however, the School Board is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within the school system's categories.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds (except for the School Fund). The School Fund is integrated only at the level of legal adoption.
- 6. All budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
- 7. For all City units, appropriations lapse on June 30.
- 8. All budget data presented in the accompanying financial statements is the revised budget as of June 30, 2023.

F. Encumbrances and Commitments

The City utilizes encumbrance accounting in its governmental funds. Encumbrances are recognized as a valid and proper charge against a budget appropriation in the year in which a purchase order, contract, or other commitment is issued. Generally, all unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end, except those for capital projects. Appropriations for capital projects are continued until completion of applicable projects, even when projects extend more than one fiscal year. Open encumbrances at fiscal year-end are included in restricted, committed, or assigned fund balance, as appropriate.

G. Deposits and Investments

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act").

Money market investments, participating interest-earning investment contracts (repurchase agreements) that have a remaining maturity at time of purchase of one year or less, nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts (nonnegotiable certificates of deposit (CDs) and external investment pools are measure at amortized cost. All other investments are reported at fair value.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

H. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, buildings, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statement. The government defines capital assets as assets with an initial cost of \$5,000. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available if purchased or constructed. Donated assets are valued at their estimated fair value on the date donated. Repairs and maintenance are recorded as expenditures; renewals and betterments are capitalized. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that does not add to the value of the asset or materially extend lives is not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as the projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. No interest was capitalized during the current year.

Depreciation for fixed assets has been provided over the following estimated useful lives using the Straight-Line Method:

| Buildings | 35 | years |
|--------------------------------------|---------|-------|
| Improvements other than bulidings | 20 - 35 | years |
| Infrastructure | 30 - 50 | years |
| Utility transmission lines and mains | 35 | years |
| Equipment | 3 - 18 | years |

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

I. Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts

The City calculates its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data and, in certain cases, specific account analysis. The allowance amounted to approximately \$544,762 at June 30, 2023, and is composed of the following:

| General Fund | | |
|--|--|---------|
| Allowance for uncollectable property taxes | \$ | 21,455 |
| Allowance for uncollectable garbage fees | | 57,871 |
| Total General Fund | | 79,326 |
| Water and Sewer Fund | | |
| Allowance for uncollectable water and sewer fee billings | | 465,436 |
| Total Water and Sewer Fund | The second secon | 465,436 |
| Total | \$ | 544,762 |

J. Interfund Receivables and Payables

Activity between the funds is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year and are referred to as "due to/from other funds". All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds". Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

K. Compensated Absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused compensated absences. For government-wide reporting, a liability is recorded for compensated absences when services are rendered and employees have earned the right to receive compensation for such services.

L. Pensions

The Virginia Retirement System (VRS) Political Subdivision Retirement Plan and Teacher Employee Retirement Plan is a multi-employer, agent plan. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources relating to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City of Norton's Retirement Plan and the additions to/deductions from the City's Retirement Plan's net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

M. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

Local Health

The City and School Board's local health insurance OPEB plan is a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the City and the School Board respectively. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria under the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 75.

Group Life Insurance

The VRS Group Life Insurance Program is a multiple employer, cost-sharing plan. It provided coverage to state employees, teacher, and employees of participating political subdivisions. The Group Life Insurance Program was established pursuant to §51.1-500 et seq. of the *Code of Virginia*, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. The Group Life Insurance Program is a defined benefit plan that provides a basic group life insurance benefit for employees of participating employers.

Line of Duty Act Program

The VRS Line of Duty Act Program (LODA) is a multiple employer, cost-sharing plan. The LODA Program was established pursuant to §9.1-400 et seq. of the *Code of Virginia*, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. The LODA Program provides death and health insurance benefits to eligible state employees and local government employees, including volunteers, who die or become disabled as a result of the performance of their duties as a public safety officer. In addition, health insurance benefits are provided to eligible survivors and family members.

Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program

The VRS Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing plan. The Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program was established pursuant to §51.1-1400 et. Seq. of the *Code of Virginia*, as amended, and which provided the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. The Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program is a defined benefit plan that provides a credit toward the cost of health insurance coverage for retired teachers.

Teacher Employee Virginia Local Disability Program

The VRS Teacher Employee Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP) is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing plan. For purposes of measuring the net Group Life Insurance Program, LODA Program, Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit, and VLDP Program OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources an deferred inflows of resources related to the Group Life Insurance, LODA, Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit, and VLPD Programs OPEB, and Group Life Insurance, LODA, Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit, and VLDP Programs OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the VRS Group Life Insurance, LODA, Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit, and VLDP programs OPEB and the additions to/deductions from VRS group Life Insurance, LODA,

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

M. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) (Continued)

Teacher Employee Virginia Local Disability Program (Continued)

Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit, and VLDP Program OPEB's net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by VRS. In addition, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

N. Long-term Debt

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the period incurred. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources, while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

O. Fund Balances

Fund balances, presented in the governmental fund financial statements, represent the difference between assets and liabilities reported in a governmental fund. Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The City of Norton, Virginia, evaluated its funds at June 30 and classified fund balance into the following five categories:

- Nonspendable: This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The City has classified prepaid Items as being nonspendable as these items are not expected to be converted to cash or are not expected to be converted to cash within the next year.
- Restricted: This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through a debt covenant), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

O. Fund Balances (Continued)

- Committed: This classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the City Council. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City Council removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance or resolution) that was employed when the funds were initially committed. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.
- Assigned: This classification includes amounts that are constrained by the City's intent to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. This intent can be expressed by the City Council or through the City Council delegating this responsibility to the City Manager through the budgetary process.
- Unassigned: This classification includes the residual fund balance for the General Fund. The unassigned classification amounts are available for any purpose. Positive unassigned amounts are reported in the General Fund only. The unassigned classification also includes negative residual fund balance of any other governmental fund that cannot be eliminated by offsetting of assigned fund balance amounts.

Reserve Flow Policy

The City would typically use restricted fund balances first, followed by committed resources, and then assigned resources, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively spend unassigned resources first to defer the use of these other classified funds.

P. Net Position

Net position is the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position is divided into three components:

- Net investment in capital assets consist of historical cost of capital assets, less
 accumulated depreciation and any outstanding debt related to the acquisition, construction
 or improvement of those assets.
- Restricted consist of assets that are restricted by the City's creditors (for example, through debt covenants), by the state enabling legislation (through restrictions on share revenues), by grantors (both federal and state), and by other contributors.
- Unrestricted all other net position is reported in this category.

Q. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

The City reports deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources on its statement of net position. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and is not recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until the applicable period. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until a future period.

Employer pension and other postemployment benefit (OPEB) contributions made after the net pension and OPEB liability measurement date of June 30, 2022 and prior to the reporting date of June 30, 2023, have been reported as deferred outflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position as of June 30, 2023. This will be applied to the net pension liability in the next fiscal year.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

R. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources (Continued)

Differences between the projected and actual pension and OPEB earnings as of the actuarial measurement date of June 30, 2022 have been reported as a deferred inflow of resources. This difference will be recognized in pension or OPEB expense over a closed five-year period.

The City additionally reports unavailable/unearned revenue from property taxes and other receivables not collected within 45 day of year-end and property taxes levied to fund future years. Unavailable/unearned revenue may also represent revenue that has been received, but the earnings process is not year complete. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period they become available.

The General Fund reports the deferred loss on debt refunding, net as a deferred outflow of resources presented on the Governmental Activities Statement of Net Position. The deferred loss on refunding results from the net difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and the reacquisition price of the refunding debt. This net difference amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded debt or the refunding debt. The City has reported a deferred loss on the refunding of debt of \$36,918 as a deferred outflow of resources on the Governmental Activities and Statement of Net Position as of June 30, 2023.

S. <u>Leases and subscription-based IT arrangements</u> -The City has various lease assets and subscription-based IT arrangements (SBITAs) requiring recognition. A lease is a contract that conveys control of the right to use another entity's nonfinancial asset. Lease recognition does not apply to short-term leases, contracts that transfer ownership, leases of assets that are investments, or certain regulated leases. A SBITA is defined as a contract that conveys control of the right to use another party's (a SBITA vendor's) information technology (IT) software, alone or in combination with tangible capital assets (the underlying IT assets), as specified in the contract for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction.

Lessee - The City recognizes lease liabilities and intangible right-to-use lease assets (lease asset) with the initial value of \$5,000, individually or in the aggregate in the government-wide financial statements. At the commencement of the lease, the lease liability is measured at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term (less any lease incentives). The lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of payments made. The lease asset is measured at the initial amount of the lease liability, plus any payments made to the lessor at or before the commencement of the lease term and certain direct costs. The lease asset is amortized over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the underlying asset.

Lessor - The City recognized leases receivable and deferred inflows in the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements. At commencement of the lease, the lease receivable is measured at the present value of lease payments expected to be received during the lease term, reduced by any provision for estimated uncollectible amounts. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is measured at the initial amount of the lease receivable, less lease payments received from the lessee at or before the commencement of the lease term (less any lease incentives).

Subscriptions - The City recognizes intangible right-to-use subscription assets (subscription assets) and corresponding subscription liabilities with an initial value of \$5,000, in individually or in the aggregate, in the government-wide financial statements. At the commencement of the subscription, the subscription liability is measured a the present value of payments expected to be made during

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

S. <u>Leases and subscription-based IT arrangements</u> (Continued)

the subscription liability term (less any contract incentives). The subscription liability is reduced by the principal portion of payments made. The subscription asset is measured at the initial amount of the subscription liability payments made to the SBITA vendor before commencement of the subscription term, and capitalizable implementation costs, less any incentives received from the SBITA vendor at or before commencement of the subscription term. The subscription asset is amortized over the shorter of the subscription term or the useful life of the underlying IT asset.

T. Date of Management Review

Management has evaluated events and transactions occurring subsequent to the statement of net position date for items that should potentially be recognized or disclosed in these financial statements. The evaluation was conducted through the date of the report, which is the date these financial statements were available to be issued.

Note 2. Deposits and Investments

Deposits

All cash of the City and its component units is maintained in accounts collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act, Section 2.2-4400 *et. seq.* of the *Code of Virginia*, or covered by federal depository insurance.

Investments

Investment Policy - In accordance with the Code of Virginia and other applicable laws, including regulations, the City permits investments in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, commercial paper, repurchase agreements which are collateralized with securities that are approved for direct investment, the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP), the Virginia Investment Pool (VMLN ACO Pool) and State Non-Arbitrage Program (SNAP). SNAP, VIP, and LGIP are not registered with the SEC but are overseen by the Treasurer of Virginia and the State Treasury Board. The fair value of the City's position in the pools is the same as the value of the pool shares.

Concentration of Credit Risk

Deposits and investments held by any single issuer that exceeded 5% are as follows:

| First Bank & Trust | 38% |
|--------------------------|-----|
| Virginia Investment Pool | 61% |

Custodial Credit Risk

As required by the *Code of Virginia*, all security holdings with maturities over 30 days may not be held in safekeeping with the "counterparty" to the investment transaction. As of June 30, all of the City's investments are held in the Treasurer's office in the City's name.

Fair Value Measurements

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The City has measured fair value of the investments below at the net asset value (NAV).

Note 2. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

The above items are reflected in the financial statements as follows:

| | Compone | nt Units |
|-----------------------|---|----------------------------|
| Primary Government | School | NIDA |
| | 1 | |
| \$ 950 | \$ - | \$ - |
| 1,244,466 | 2,752,144 | 2,133,724 |
| 3,931,855 | _ | - |
| \$ 5,177,271 | \$ 2,752,144 | \$2,133,724 |
| | | |
| \$ 1,071,543 | \$ 1,865,170 | \$ 2,045,505 |
| 3,931,855 | - | - |
| - | 391,500 | - |
| 173,873 | 495,474 | 88,219 |
| \$ 5,177,271 | \$ 2,752,144 | \$ 2,133,724 |
| | \$ 950 1,244,466 3,931,855 \$ 5,177,271 \$ 1,071,543 3,931,855 - 173,873 | Primary Government \$ 950 |

Restricted cash and cash equivalents consist primarily of certificates of deposits.

Note 3. Property Taxes Receivable

Property is assessed at its value on January 1. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are payable twice a year on May 15 and on October 15. The City of Norton bills and collects its own property taxes.

Note 4. Due From Other Governmental Units

| | | | Co | omponent Unit | | |
|--------------------------------|-----|-----------|-----|------------------|-------|-----------|
| |] | Primary | | • | | |
| | _Gc | overnment | Sch | ool Board | Total | |
| Commonwealth of Virginia | | | | | | |
| Local sales tax | \$ | 363,536 | \$ | - | \$ | 363,536 |
| Shared expenses | | 29,221 | | - | | 29,221 |
| Communication tax | | 23,529 | | - | | 23,529 |
| E-911 | | 8,523 | | - | | 8,523 |
| Other | | 330,021 | | _ | | 330,021 |
| School funds | | - | | 596,858 | | 596,858 |
| Welfare fund | | 113,724 | | _ | | 113,724 |
| Total Commonwealth of Virginia | \$ | 868,554 | \$ | 596,858 | \$ | 1,465,412 |

Note 4. Due From Other Governmental Units (Continued)

| Wise County | | | |
|---|--------------|------------|-------------|
| Coal haul road tax | 4,609 | - | 4,609 |
| Local revenue collections | 11,449 | - | 11,449 |
| Total Wise County | 16,058 | - | 16,058 |
| Southwest Regional Jail Authority | 36,601 | - | 36,601 |
| Norton Industrial Development Authority | 319,077 | | 319,077 |
| Total due from other Governmental Units | \$ 1,240,290 | \$ 596,858 | \$1,837,148 |

Note 5. Interfund Obligations

| | Primary C | Government | School Board Component Unit | | | |
|-------------------------------------|-----------|--------------|-----------------------------|--------|--|--|
| | Due From | Due To | Due From | Due To | | |
| General Fund: | | | | | | |
| School Operating Fund | \$ - | \$ 1,191,057 | - | - | | |
| School Capital Improvement | | 145,384 | - | - | | |
| School Textbook Fund | | 68,620 | - | - | | |
| Virginia Public Assistance Fund | 18,947 | 100.226 | - | - | | |
| Water and Sewer Fund | 1,006,964 | 190,336 | - | - | | |
| Special Revenue | | | - | _ | | |
| Total General Fund | 1,025,911 | 1,595,397 | _ | | | |
| School Operating Fund: | | | | | | |
| General Fund-City Operations | _ | _ | 1,191,057 | - | | |
| Cafeteria Fund | - | _ | 6,947 | _ | | |
| School Activity Fund | - | - | - | - | | |
| Textbook Fund | - | _ | 13,477 | | | |
| Total School Operating Funds | | | 1,211,481 | | | |
| School Textbook Fund | | | | | | |
| City Operations | _ | _ | 68,620 | _ | | |
| School Operating | _ | _ | - | 13,477 | | |
| Total School Textbook Fund | - | - | 68,620 | 13,477 | | |
| | | | | | | |
| School Capital Project Fund | | | | | | |
| City Operations | _ | | 145,384 | | | |
| Total Capital Project Fund | | - | 145,384 | | | |

Note 5. Interfund Obligations (Continued)

| | Primary G | overnment | School Board C | omponent Unit |
|--|--------------------|------------------------|----------------|---------------|
| | Due From | Due To | Due From | Due To |
| School Cafeteria Fund City Operations | _ | _ | - | 6,947 |
| Total Cafeteria Fund | | - | | 6,947 |
| School Activity Fund School Operating | | | | _ |
| Total School Activity Fund | | | | |
| Special Revenue Funds | | | | |
| General Fund Total Special Revenue Funds | | | | |
| Virginia Public Assistance Fund: | | 19.047 | | |
| General Fund Total Virginia Public Assistance Funds | | 18,947 18,947 | | |
| Water and Sewer Fund | | | | |
| General Fund Total Water and Sewer Funds | 190,336 190,336 | 1,006,964 1,006,964 | - | |
| Totals | \$ 1,216,247 | \$ 2,621,308 | \$ 1,425,485 | \$ 20,424 |

Amounts due to Water and Sewer Fund represent short-term inter-fund advances for operating and capital needs. This allows the City to utilize one primary bank account for payment of all invoices and costs before the respective revenues are received in the given fund or program.

Note 6. Fund Balance – Governmental Funds

As of June 30, 2023, fund balances are composed of the following:

| | General Fund | A | ignia Public Assistance Fund | Gov | on-major ernmental Funds | Total Governmental Funds | |
|--------------------------|----------------|----------|------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------|
| Nonspendable: | General T till | <u> </u> | Tuna |) | 1 dildo | | Tundo |
| Inventory Prepaid | \$ | - \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - |
| Intercompany receivables | 815,24 | 7 | - | | - | | 815,247 |
| Restricted: | | - | - | | - | | - |
| Committed: | | | | | | | |
| Law Enforcement | | - | - | | 90,312 | | 90,312 |
| Parks and Recreation | | - | - | | 2,369 | | 2,369 |
| Planning and Development | | - | - | | 314,699 | | 314,699 |
| Assigned: | | | | | | | |
| Parks and Recreation | 64,50 | 5 | - | | - | | 64,505 |
| Public Safety | 28,03 | 5 | - | | - | | 28,035 |
| Public Works | 371,33 | 1 | - | | - | | 371,331 |
| General Administration | 70 | 8 | - | | - | | 708 |
| Health and Welfare | | - | 86,802 | | - | | 86,802 |
| Unassigned | 1,415,29 | 3 | _ | Description | - | | 1,415,293 |
| Total fund balances | \$ 2,695,11 | 9 \$ | 86,802 | \$ | 407,380 | | 3,189,301 |

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available, the City considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned or unassigned fund balances are available, the City considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless City Council has provided otherwise in its commitments or assignment actions.

Note 7. Changes in Capital Assets

*As restated for GASB Statement No. 96

The following is a summary of changes in depreciable capital assets:

| | * Balance | | | Balance |
|---------------------------------------|---------------|--------------|-----------|---------------|
| Governmental Activities | July 1, 2022 | Additions | Deletions | June 30, 2023 |
| Buildings | 1,964,951 | 18,758 | - | 1,983,709 |
| Improvements other than buildings | 2,718,808 | 174,641 | - | 2,893,449 |
| Infrastructure Equipment | 15,425,142 | 210 122 | (50) 157) | 15,425,142 |
| • • | 5,463,581 | 318,133 | (59,157) | 5,722,557 |
| Equipment - special revenue | 192,305 | 511.500 | (50.157) | 192,305 |
| Total Capital assets, depreciable | 25,764,787 | 511,532 | (59,157) | 26,217,162 |
| Less accumulated depreciation for | | | | |
| Buildings | 1,613,714 | 27,768 | - | 1,641,482 |
| Improvements other than buildings | 1,543,795 | 86,838 | - | 1,630,633 |
| Infrastructure | 9,604,244 | 202,514 | <u>-</u> | 9,806,758 |
| Equipment | 3,817,778 | 303,274 | (59,157) | 4,061,895 |
| Equipment - special revenue | 120,963 | 8,950 | | 129,913 |
| Total accumulated depreciation | 16,700,494 | 629,344 | (59,157) | 17,270,681 |
| Governmental activities | | | | |
| Total capital assets, depreciable net | \$ 9,064,293 | \$ (117,812) | <u>\$</u> | \$ 8,946,481 |
| Right-of-use leased assets: | | | | |
| Equipment | 41,289 | 12,905 | - | 54,194 |
| Less accumulated amortization | (17,337) | (13,472) | - | (30,809) |
| Right-of-use leased assets, net | \$ 23,952 | \$ (567) | \$ - | \$ 23,385 |
| | | | | |
| D ' - T - A - A' ' ' ' ' | Balance | A 11'.' | D 1 4 | Balance |
| Business-Type Activities | July 1, 2021 | Additions | Deletions | June 30, 2022 |
| Buildings | 256,454 | - | - | 256,454 |
| Improvements other than buildings | 25,183,943 | - | - | 25,183,943 |
| Equipment | 1,651,446 | | - | 1,651,446 |
| Total Capital assets, depreciable | 27,091,843 | | | 27,091,843 |
| Less accumulated depreciation for | | | | |
| Buildings | 252,266 | 321 | - | 252,587 |
| Improvements other than buildings | 10,076,959 | 618,350 | - | 10,695,309 |
| Equipment | 1,414,209 | 51,195 | | 1,465,404 |
| Total accumulated depreciation | 11,743,434 | 669,866 | | 12,413,300 |
| Business-Type activities | | | | |
| Total capital assets, depreciable net | \$ 15,348,409 | \$ (669,866) | \$ - | \$ 14,678,543 |
| | | | | |

Note 7. Changes in Capital Assets (Continued)

| Component Unit - School Board | * Balance July 1, 2022 | Additions | Deletions | Balance June 30, 2023 |
|---|---------------------------|--------------------|------------|--------------------------|
| Buildings | 11,558,539 | 247,668 | _ | 11,806,207 |
| Improvements other than buildings | 4,917,991 | 67,813 | _ | 4,985,804 |
| Equipment | 1,677,159 | 353,942 | (8,350) | 2,022,751 |
| Total Capital assets, depreciable | 18,153,689 | 669,423 | (8,350) | 18,814,762 |
| Less accumulated depreciation for | | | | |
| Buildings | 5,046,247 | 216,301 | - | 5,262,548 |
| Improvements other than buildings | 2,178,030 | 311,516 | - | 2,489,546 |
| Equipment | 1,018,310 | 176,813 | (8,350) | 1,186,773 |
| Total accumulated depreciation | 8,242,587 | 704,630 | (8,350) | 8,938,867 |
| Component Unit - School Board | | | | |
| Total capital assets, depreciable net | \$ 9,911,102 | \$ (35,207) | \$ - | \$ 9,875,895 |
| Right-of-use assets (ROU): | | | | |
| ROU-Equipment | 35,601 | 26,054 | - | 61,655 |
| ROU Lease-Less accumulated amortization | (2,404) | (16,268) | _ | (18,672) |
| ROU-Lease Subscription (SBITA) | 39,852 | 61,222 | | 101,074 |
| ROU SBITA-Less accumulated amortization | _ | (18,393) | | (18,393) |
| Component Unit - School Board | | | | |
| Right-of-use assets, net | \$ 73,049 | \$ 52,615 | \$ - | \$ 125,664 |
| | | | | |
| | Balance | | | Balance |
| Component Unit - NIDA | July 1, 2022 | Additions | Deletions | June 30, 2023 |
| Buildings and improvements | 9,400,011 | 200,401 | (2,500) | 9,597,912 |
| Equipment | 406,353 | 10,276 | - | 416,629 |
| Less: Accumulated depreciation | (4,631,734) | (238,283) | | (4,870,017) |
| Component Unit - NIDA | | | | |
| Total Capital assets, depreciable net | \$ 5,174,630 | <u>\$ (27,606)</u> | \$ (2,500) | \$ 5,144,524 |

^{*}As restated for GASB Statement No. 96

Note 7. Changes in Capital Assets (Continued)

The following is a summary of changes in non-depreciable capital assets:

| | | Balance | | | | | Balance |
|---------------------------------------|----|-------------|-----------------|-----------|-------------|--------|-------------|
| Governmental Activities | Jı | ıly 1, 2022 | Additions | | Deletions | Ju | ne 30, 2023 |
| Land | \$ | 897,280 | \$ 70,567 | \$ | - | \$ | 967,847 |
| Construction in progress | | 460,304 | 1,471,384 | | _ | | 1,931,688 |
| Total capital assets, non-depreciable | \$ | 1,357,584 | \$ 1,541,951 | \$ | - | \$ | 2,899,535 |
| Component Unit - School Board | | | | | | | |
| Land | \$ | 65,901 | \$ - | \$ | - | \$ | 65,901 |
| Construction in progress | | 413,183 | 1,153,104 | | (72,275) | | 1,494,012 |
| Total capital assets, non-depreciable | \$ | 479,084 | \$ 1,153,104 | <u>\$</u> | (72,275) | \$ | 1,559,913 |
| Component Unit - NIDA | | | | | | | |
| Land | \$ | 3,716,672 | \$ 153,805 | \$ | (2,375,967) | \$ | 1,494,510 |
| Construction in progress | | 2,467,201 | 6,410,156 | - | (2,667,600) | | 6,209,757 |
| Total capital assets, non-depreciable | \$ | 6,183,873 | \$ 6,563,961 | \$ | (5,043,567) | \$ | 7,704,267 |
| Business Type Activities | | | | | | | |
| Land | \$ | 588,600 | \$ - | \$ | - | \$ | 588,600 |
| Construction in progress | | 127,478 | 640,389 | | | ****** | 767,867 |
| Total capital assets, non-depreciable | \$ | 716,078 | \$ 640,389 | \$ | - | \$ | 1,356,467 |

Note 8. Capital Asset Depreciation

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

| Governmental activities | |
|---|---------------|
| General government | \$ 14,800 |
| Public safety | 237,234 |
| Public works | 349,443 |
| Health and welfare | 12,458 |
| Parks, recreation and cultural | 27,011 |
| Community development | 1,870 |
| Total depreciation/amortization expense - governmental activities | \$ 642,816 |
| Business-type activities | \$ 669,866 |
| Component Units | |
| School Board - Education | \$ 739,291 |
| NIDA | \$ 238,283 |

| Note 9. | Long-term Debt |
|----------|----------------|
| 11010). | |

| Note 9. | LOII | g-term Debt | | | | Government | al Ac | ctivities | | | | |
|-----------------------------|------|----------------|--------|------------|--------|--------------------|-------|---------------|----|------------------|----------|------------------|
| | | | | D | Direct | Borrowing an | d Diı | ect Placement | s | | | |
| | | 2021C GO R | efund | ing Bond | | 2018 Rural I | Devel | opment | | 2019 Rural I | Develo | pment |
| Years Ending June 30, | | Principal | | Interest | | Principal Interest | | Interest | | Principal | Interest | |
| 2024 | \$ | 125,000 | \$ | 5,719 | \$ | 2,081 | \$ | 21 | \$ | 5,131 | \$ | 68 |
| 2025 | | 131,000 | | 4,119 | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| 2026 | | 132,000 | | 2,475 | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| 2027 | | 132,000 | | 825 | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| 2028 | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| 2029-2033 | _ | | | | | - | | | | - | | |
| Totals | \$ | 520,000 | \$ | 13,138 | \$ | 2,081 | \$ | 21 | \$ | 5,131 | \$ | 68 |
| | - | | | | - | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | Government | | | | | | |
| | - | Dl D | | | Direct | | | rect Placemen | ts | Rural De | walanr | m ont |
| Years | | Rural D | evelop | ment | | Rural De | velop | ment | | Kurai De | velopi | Hent |
| Ending | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| June 30, | | Principal | | Interest | | Principal | | Interest | | Principal | | Interest |
| 2024 2025 | \$ | 8,524 8,707 | \$ | 344 161 | \$ | 10,910 11,144 | \$ | 706 472 | \$ | 25,183 25,723 | \$ | 11,681 11,141 |
| 2026 | | 3,954 | | 11 | | 11,384 | | 232 | | 26,275 | | 10,589 |
| 2027 | | - | | - | | 8,903 | | 25 | | 26,839 | | 10,025 |
| 2028 | | - | | - | | - | | - | | 27,415 | | 9,449 |
| 2029-2033 | | - | | - | | - | | _ | | 146,155 | | 38,165 |
| 2034-2038 | | _ | | - | | - | | - | | 162,522 | | 21,798 |
| 2039-2043 | | | | | | _ | | | | 126,424 | | 4,544 |
| Totals | \$ | 21,185 | \$ | 516 | \$ | 42,341 | \$ | 1,435 | \$ | 566,536 | \$ | 117,392 |

GO -Direct Borrowing and Direct

| | Placements | | | | Lease Liabilities | | | | | |
|--------------|--------------------------|-------|------------------|-----------|-------------------|----------|-----------|--|--|--|
| | Te | otals | | | | | | | | |
| Years | Principal | | Interest | Principal | | Interest | | | | |
| 2024 2025 | \$ 176,829 176,574 | \$ | 18,539 15,893 | \$ | 8,567 8,647 | \$ | 172 92 | | | |
| 2026 | 173,613 | | 13,307 | | 4,130 | | 31 | | | |
| 2027 | 167,742 | | 10,875 | | 1,932 | | 5 | | | |
| 2028 | 27,415 | | 9,449 | | - | | - | | | |
| 2029-2033 | 146,155 | | 38,165 | | - | | - | | | |
| 2034-2038 | 162,522 | | 21,798 | | - | | - | | | |
| 2039-2043 | 126,424 | | 4,544 | | - | | _ | | | |
| Totals | \$ 1,157,274 | \$ | 132,570 | \$ | 23,276 | \$ | 300 | | | |

Note 9. Long-term Debt (Continued)

| | | | , | | Business-Ty | pe Ac | tivities | | | | | |
|--------------|----------|----------------|------------------|--------|------------------|---------------------|----------------|----|--|----------------------|----------|--|
| | | | Ι | Direct | Borrowing an | d Dir | ect Placement | S | | | | |
| | 2021A | GO Refu | nding Bond | | 2021B GO Re | fundi | ng Bond | | GO Water Fa | ater Facilities Bond | | |
| Years | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Ending | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| June 30, | Principa | al | Interest | | Principal | | Interest | | Principal | | Interest | |
| 2024 | \$ 56 | ,000 \$ | 27,254 | \$ | 48,000 | \$ | 33,178 | \$ | 44,593 | \$ | 43,535 | |
| 2025 | | ,000 | 26,112 | | 48,000 | | 32,070 | | 45,721 | | 42,407 | |
| 2026 | 55 | ,000 | 25,031 | | 48,000 | | 30,830 | | 46,877 | | 41,251 | |
| 2027 | 58 | ,000 | 23,908 | | 48,000 | | 29,592 | | 48,062 | | 40,066 | |
| 2028 | 60 | ,000 | 22,726 | | 48,000 | | 28,354 | | 49,278 | | 38,850 | |
| 2029-2033 | 448 | ,000 | 89,780 | | 362,000 | | 122,886 | | 265,724 | | 174,917 | |
| 2034-2038 | 500 | ,000 | 41,698 | | 567,000 | | 60,476 | | 301,064 | | 139,576 | |
| 2039-2043 | | 5,000 | 2,162 | | 117,000 | | 3,148 | | 341,107 | | 99,533 | |
| 2044-2048 | | _ | , <u>-</u> | | <u>-</u> | | ´ <u>-</u> | | 386,474 | | 54,166 | |
| 2049-2053 | | _ | _ | | _ | | _ | | 232,957 | | 8,239 | |
| 2054-2058 | | - | _ | | - | | _ | | | | - | |
| Totals | \$ 1,336 | 5,000 \$ | 258,671 | \$ | 1,286,000 | \$ | 340,534 | \$ | 1,761,857 | \$ | 682,540 | |
| | | | | | Business-Ty | pe Ac | ctivities | | | | | |
| | **** | | I | Direct | Borrowing ar | | | ts | 77 VIVI 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 | | | |
| | GO S | Sewer Faci | lities Bond | | | ter Facilities Bond | | | GO Sewer Bond | | | |
| Years | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Ending | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| June 30, | Princip | al | Interest | | Principal | | Interest | | Principal | | Interest | |
| 2024 | | 7,172 \$ | | \$ | 13,161 13,494 | \$ | 9,853 9,520 | \$ | 75,719 75,719 | \$ | - | |
| 2025 2026 | | 7,789 3,421 | 23,114 22,483 | | 13,744 | | 9,320 | | 75,719 | | _ | |
| 2027 | | 9,067 | 21,837 | | 14,090 | | 8,925 | | 75,719 | | _ | |
| 2028 | | 9,728 | 21,176 | | 14,444 | | 8,570 | | 75,719 | | - | |
| 2029-2033 | | 9,090 | 95,430 | | 77,858 | | 37,214 | | 151,434 | | - | |
| 2034-2038 | | 3,015 | 76,505 | | 88,155 | | 26,915 | | - | | - | |
| 2039-2043 | | 9,190 | 55,330 | | 99,815 | | 15,254 | | - | | - | |
| 2044-2048 | | 2,885 | 31,635 | | 70,524 | | 2,922 | | - | | - | |
| 2049-2053 | 165 | 5,748 | 6,553 | | - | | - | | - | | - | |
| 2054-2058 | | | - | - | | - | - | | - | | - | |
| Totals | \$ 1,067 | 7,105 \$ | 377,795 | \$ | 405,285 | \$ | 128,443 | \$ | 530,029 | \$ | _ | |

Note 9. Long-term Debt (Continued)

| | Business-Type Activities | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------|--|----------------|-------|----------------|----|------------------|-------|----------------|----|--------------------|------|--------------------|
| | Direct Borrowing and Direct Placements | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | GO Waterlir | ne Re | placement | | GO Wat | er Bo | ond | | To | tals | |
| Years | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Ending | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| June 30, | | Principal | | Interest | | Principal | | Interest | | Principal | | Interest |
| 2024 2025 | \$ | 1,954 2,003 | \$ | 1,940 1,891 | \$ | 10,226 10,493 | \$ | 2,788 2,674 | \$ | 276,825 276,219 | \$ | 142,280 137,788 |
| 2026 | | 2,054 | | 1,840 | | 10,768 | | 2,558 | | 280,583 | | 133,263 |
| 2027 | | 2,106 | | 1,789 | | 11,050 | | 2,441 | | 286,094 | | 128,558 |
| 2028 | | 2,159 | | 1,736 | | 11,339 | | 2,317 | | 290,667 | | 123,729 |
| 2029-2033 | | 11,635 | | 7,836 | | 61,306 | | 8,631 | | 1,537,047 | | 536,694 |
| 2034-2038 | | 13,173 | | 6,298 | | 69,757 | | 6,054 | | 1,717,164 | | 357,522 |
| 2039-2043 | | 14,915 | | 4,555 | | 66,131 | | 1,984 | | 944,158 | | 181,966 |
| 2044-2048 | | 16,890 | | 2,580 | | - | | - | | 696,773 | | 91,303 |
| 2049-2053 | | 16,070 | | 492 | | - | | - | | 414,775 | | 15,284 |
| 2054-2058 | _ | | | - | | | | | | _ | | - |
| Totals | <u>\$</u> | 82,959 | \$ | 30,957 | \$ | 251,070 | \$ | 29,447 | \$ | 6,720,305 | \$ | 1,848,387 |

The following is a summary of long-term obligations of the primary government for the year ended June 30, 2023:

| | * Balance July 1, 2022 | | Additions / Proceeds | | Payments / Reductions | | Balance June 30, 2023 | |
|--|---|-----------|----------------------|---------|-----------------------|-----------|-----------------------|-----------|
| Governmental Activities: | | | | | | | | |
| Direct Borrowings and Placements: | | | | | | | | |
| General obligation bonds | \$ | 1,327,681 | \$ | _ | \$ | (170,407) | \$ | 1,157,274 |
| Total Direct Borrowings and Placements | \$ | 1,327,681 | \$ | - | \$ | (170,407) | \$ | 1,157,274 |
| Notes payable | | 30,156 | | - | | (30,156) | | - |
| Lease liabilities | | 23,604 | | 12,905 | | (13,233) | | 23,276 |
| Accrued compensated absences | | 314,293 | | 28,584 | | - | | 342,877 |
| Total Governemental Activities | \$ | 1,695,734 | \$ | 41,489 | \$ | (213,796) | \$ | 1,523,427 |
| Business-Type Activities | | | | | | | | |
| Direct Borrowings and Placements: | | | | | | | | |
| General obligation bonds | \$ | 6,726,938 | \$ | 255,912 | \$ | (262,545) | \$ | 6,720,305 |
| Premium on bond | | _ | | - | | _ | | - |
| Total Direct Borrowings and Placements | \$ | 6,726,938 | \$ | 255,912 | \$ | (262,545) | \$ | 6,720,305 |
| Accrued compensated absences | *************************************** | 31,860 | | 4,635 | | | | 36,495 |
| Total Business-Type Activities | \$ | 6,758,798 | \$ | 260,547 | \$ | (262,545) | \$ | 6,756,800 |

^{*}As restated for GASB Statement No. 96.

Note 9.

Long-term Debt (Continued)

Details Long-Term Debt:

Direct Borrowings and Placements:

| | | Due within |
|---|--------------|------------|
| Governmental Type Activities: | Total Due | One year |
| \$3,000,000 General Obligation Taxable Line of Credit Note, through Powell Valley National Bank. The line of credit is accessible through maturity date. | \$ - | \$ - |
| \$749,000 General Obligation refunding Bond, Series 2021C, with interest rate of 1.25% over the life of the bond. Repayment of the principal began on August 1, 2021 and continues annually until paid in full. Interest is schedule to be paid semi-annually on August 1st and February 1st, beginning with the first principal payment. Final maturity is August 1, 2026. | 520,000 | 125,000 |
| \$29,000 Rural Development Loan, with interest of 3.25% over the life of the loan. Repayment of the loan began on December 1, 2018 and will continue annually until paid in full. Final maturity is November 1, 2023. | 2,081 | 2,081 |
| \$30,000 Rural Development Loan, with interest of 3.5% over the life of the loan. Repayment of the loan began on April 15, 2019 and will continue annually until paid in full. Final maturity is March 15, 2024 | 5,131 | 5,131 |
| \$42,000 Rural Development Community Facilities Loan, with interest of 2.125% over the life of the loan. Repayment of the loan began on November 26, 2020 and will continue annually until paid in full. Final maturity is October 26, 2025. | 21,185 | 8,524 |
| \$600,000Rural Development Community Facilities Loan, with interest of 2.125% over the life of the loan. Repayment of the loan began on November 17, 2021 and will continue annually until paid in full. Final maturity is November 17, 2041. | 566,536 | 25,183 |
| \$55,000 Rural Development Community Facilities Loan, with interest of 2.125% over the life of the loan. Repayment of the loan began on November 17, 2021 and will continue annually until paid in full. Final maturity is November 17, 2026. | 42,341 | 10,910 |
| Total General Obligation - Governmental Activities | \$ 1,157,274 | \$ 176,829 |

Note 9.

Long-term Debt (Continued)

Details Long-Term Debt (Continued):

Direct Borrowings and Placements (Continued):

| | | Due within |
|---|--------------|------------|
| Business-Type Activities: | Total Due | One year |
| \$1,429,000 General Obligation Refunding Bond, Series 2021A, with interest rate of 2.04% over the life of the bond. Repayment of the principal began on October 1, 2021 and continues annually until paid in full. Interest is schedule to be paid semi-annually on October 1st and April 1st, beginning with the first principal payment. Final maturity is August 1, 2039. | \$ 1,336,000 | \$ 56,000 |
| \$1,385,000 General Obligation Advance Refunding Bond, Series 2021B, with interest rate of 2.58% over the life of the bond. Repayment of the principal began on October 1, 2021 and continues annually until paid in full. Interest is schedule to be paid semi-annually on October 1st and April 1st, beginning with the first principal payment. Final maturity is August 1, 2039. | 1,286,000 | 48,000 |
| \$1,514,370 General Obligation Sewer Bond, is payable to Virginia Resource Authority, with interest at zero percent. Repayment of the principal is scheduled in 40 equal semi-annual installments of \$37,859 payable on June 1st and December 1st, beginning December 1, 2010. Final payment is due June 1, 2030. | 530,029 | 75,719 |
| \$2,160,000 General Obligation Water Facilities Bond series 2011 issued March 30, 2011 payable to United State of America, UDSA Rural Development, with interest at the rate of 2.75%. Interest only is payable on March 28, 2012 and March 28, 2013. Monthly installments of combined principal and interst of \$7,344 are payable beginning April 28, 2013 and continuing on the 28th of each month thereafter until paid in full. The final installment of unpaid principal and interest shall be due and payable in 38 years on march 28, 2051. | 1,761,857 | 44,593 |
| \$1,297,000 General Obligation Sewer Facilities Bond series 2011 issued 2011 payable to United States of America, USDA rural Development, with interest at the rate of 2.25%. Interest only was payable on December 15, 2012 and December 15, 2013 | 1,067,105 | 27,172 |
| \$483,695 General Obligation Water Facilities Bond, is payable to the Virginia Resource Authority, with interest at 2.5%. Repayment of the principal is scheduled in 30 equal semi-annual installments of \$11,793 payable on Febrary 1 and Augst 1, beginning 2016. Final payment is due in 2046. | 405,285 | 13,161 |
| \$42,000 Rural Development Community Facilities Loan, with interest of 2.125% over the life of the loan. Repayment of the loan began on November 26, 2020 and will continue annually until paid in full. Final maturity is October 26, 2025. | 82,959 | 1,954 |
| \$255,912 General Obligation Water Facilities Loan is payable to the Virginia Resource Authority, with interest of 1.100%. Repayment of the loan began on April 1, 2023 and will continue annually until paid in full with semi-annual installments of principal and interest of \$8,407. Final maturity is October 1, | 251,070 | 10,226 |
| 2042. Total General Obligation - Business Type Activities | | \$ 276,825 |
| Total General Obligation - Business-Type Activities | \$ 6,720,305 | \$ 270,023 |

Note 9. Long-term Debt (Continued)

Changes in Other Long-Term Debt (Continued):

The following is a summary of other long-term transactions of the City of Norton for the year ended June 30, 2023:

| | Comp | Compensated Absences | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Government | Proprietary Fund | | | | | |
| | Fund Types | Types | | | | | |
| Payable at July 1, 2022 Increases | \$ 314,293 28,584 | \$ 31,860 4,635 | | | | | |
| Decreases | | | | | | | |
| Payable at June 30, 2023 | \$ 342,877 | \$ 36,495 | | | | | |

Component Unit - School Board

The following is a summary of long-term obligations of the primary government for the year ended June 30, 2023:

| | * Balance July 1, 2022 | | lditions / roceeds | | ayments / eductions | Bala | ance June 30, 2023 |
|---|---------------------------|-----------|---------------------------|-----------|------------------------|------|-----------------------|
| Component Unit - School Board Direct Borrowings and Placements: | | | | | | | |
| General obligation bonds | \$ | 5,935,000 | \$ - | \$ | (655,000) | \$ | 5,280,000 |
| Premium on bonds | | 454,475 | • | | (45,447) | | 409,028 |
| Total Direct Borrowings and Placements | \$ | 6,389,475 | \$ - | \$ | (700,447) | \$ | 5,689,028 |
| Notes payable | | 1,982 | - | | (1,982) | | - |
| Lease liabilities | | 33,239 | 26,054 | | (15,424) | | 43,869 |
| Subscription liabilities | | 39,852 | 61,222 | | (36,437) | | 64,637 |
| Accrued compensated absences | | 162,401 | 3,143 | | <u>=</u> | | 165,544 |
| Total Component Unit - School Board | \$ | 6,626,949 | \$ 90,419 | <u>\$</u> | (754,290) | \$ | 5,963,078 |

^{*}As restated for GASB Statement No. 96

Annual requirements to amortize long-term loans/bonds and related interest are as follows:

| Component Unit - | Direct Borrow | ings and Direct | | | | | | |
|------------------|---------------|-----------------|-----------|----------|------------|--------------------------|--|--|
| School Board | Place | ments | | | | | | |
| Year Ending | General G | Obligation | Lease lia | bilities | Subscripti | Subscription liabilities | | |
| June 30, | Principal | Interest | Principal | Interest | Principal | Interest | | |
| 2024 | \$ 670,000 | \$ 95,385 | \$ 14,275 | \$ 1,101 | \$ 37,051 | \$ 1,565 | | |
| 2025 | 690,000 | 124,291 | 14,295 | 684 | 27,586 | 682 | | |
| 2026 | 705,000 | 107,210 | 14,725 | 254 | - | - | | |
| 2027 | 725,000 | 92,066 | 574 | 2 | - | - | | |
| 2028 | 885,000 | 62,369 | - | _ | - | - | | |
| 2029-2033 | 1,605,000 | 85,062 | - | - | | | | |
| Totals | \$ 5,280,000 | \$ 566,383 | \$ 43,869 | \$ 2,041 | \$ 64,637 | \$ 2,247 | | |

Note 9. Long-term Debt (Continued)

Component Unit – School Board (Continued):

Details of Long-Term Indebtedness:

| | | Due within |
|---|--------------|------------|
| Component Unit - School Board: | Total Due | One year |
| \$9,330,000 General Obligation School Bond issued November 15, 2012, payable in annual installments beginning July 15, 2015 and continuing until July 15, 2031. The bond has a variable interest rate and | | |
| is paid semiannually. | \$ 5,280,000 | \$ 670,000 |
| School Board -Total General Obligation Long-term Bonds | \$ 5,280,000 | \$ 670,000 |

On October 7, 2020 the City agreed to allow the Virginia Public School Authority (VPSA) to refinance its 2013 bond issuance. The refinance was performed at no cost to the City and provided savings of \$257,105 to be credited against interest payments from FY21 – FY32. Interest shown in the previous schedule is net of those savings credits.

LEASE LIABILITIES

The City has lease liabilities for various equipment. The lease terms related to the equipment range from 0.466 to 1.122%. Monthly payments related to these leases range from \$94 to \$812.

The School Board has lease liabilities for various equipment. The lease terms related to the equipment range from 0.593 to 3.022%. Monthly payments related to these leases range from \$364 to \$673.

SUBSCRIPTIONS

On June 30, 2023, Norton City Public Schools, VA entered into a 36-month subscription for the use of DebtBook Software. An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$20,443. As of June 30, 2023, the value of the subscription liability is \$14,443. Norton City Public Schools is required to make annual fixed payments of \$6,000. The subscription has an interest rate of 2.5033%.

On July 1, 2022, Norton City Public Schools, VA entered into a 36-month subscription of the use of Finalsite Communications Platform. An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$16,110. As of June 30, 2023, the value of the subscription liability is \$10,910. The Norton City Public Schools is required to make annual fixed payments of \$5,200 with an interest rate of 2.354%.

On July 1, 2022, Norton City Public Schools, VA entered into a 24-month subscription of the use of OpenRDA v4 Subscription. An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$23,742. As of June 30, 2023, the value of the subscription liability is \$11,742. The Norton City Public Schools is required to make annual fixed payments of \$12,000 with an interest rate of 2.194%.

On June 1, 2023, Norton City Public Schools, VA entered into a 36-month subscription of the use of Siemens Technology Industry. An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$40,779. As of June 30, 2023, the value of the subscription liability is \$27.542. The Norton City Public Schools is required to make annual fixed payments of \$13,237 with an interest rate of 2.5033%.

Note 9. Long-term Debt (Continued)

Component Unit- NIDA

Changes in Long-Term Debt:

The following is a summary of long-term debt transactions of the Industrial Development Authority of the City of Norton for the year ended June 30, 2023:

Details of Long-Term Indebtedness:

| Com | ponent | U | nit | |
|-------|--------|------------------|------|--|
| COIII | poment | $\mathbf{\circ}$ | 1111 | |

| NIDA | Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements | | | | | | | |
|-------------|---|----------|--|----------|---------|--|--|--|
| Year Ending | Notes Payable | | | | | | | |
| June 30, | P | rincipal | | Interest | | | | |
| 2024 | \$ | 23,509 | | \$ | 28,165 | | | |
| 2025 | | 24,650 | | | 27,023 | | | |
| 2026 | | 30,198 | | | 44,988 | | | |
| 2027 | | 47,543 | | | 27,643 | | | |
| 2028 | | 49,064 | | | 26,121 | | | |
| 2029-2033 | | 270,559 | | | 105,371 | | | |
| 2034-2038 | | 319,924 | | | 56,007 | | | |
| 2039-2043 | | 148,594 | | | 5,985 | | | |
| Totals | \$ | 914,041 | | \$ | 321,303 | | | |

| | 7 | Virginia | | | |
|---|----|------------|------|-------------|---------------|
| | Co | ommunity | | | |
| | Ca | pital Bank | City | y of Norton | Totals |
| July 1, 2022 | \$ | 626,042 | \$ | 310,000 | \$ 936,042 |
| Additions/Borrowings Deletions/Retirements | | (22,001) | | - - | (22,001) |
| June 30, 2023 | \$ | 604,041 | \$ | 310,000 | \$ 914,041 |

Note 10. Claims, Judgements and Compensated Absences

PRIMARY GOVERNMENT

The City has a policy to allow the accumulation and vesting of limited amounts of paid leave and sick leave until termination or retirement. Amounts of such absences are accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds when the amounts are due for payment.

City employees earn vacation and sick leave at various rates depending upon the number of years of service. No benefits or pay is received for unused sick leave upon termination. Only 15 days of unused vacation leave can be carried over to the next fiscal year. Employees earn vacation leave according to the following schedule:

- A. .4167 days per month of 5 days each year if the employee has been with the City less than 1 year.
- B. .833 days per month or 10 days each year if the employee has been with the City for as long as I year but Jess than 10 years.
- C. 1.25 days per month or 15 days each year if the employee has been with the City for 10 years or longer.

Employees of the Department of Social Services accumulate vacation and sick leave in accordance with the Virginia Department of Social Services Personnel Manual.

At June 30, 2023, the City had outstanding accrued vacation, sick and personal leave of \$342,877 in the Governmental Activities and outstanding accrued vacation leave of \$36,495 in the Water and Sewer Fund.

COMPONENT UNIT - SCHOOL BOARD

All twelve-month classified, certified, administrative, and supervisory employees of the School Board earn twelve (12) vacation leave days per year. Such vacation leave may be accumulated to a maximum of twenty-five (25) days.

All certified and administrative employees (professional staff) of the School Board earn three (3) days of personal leave per year. Unused personal leave days may be transferred to sick leave days.

All certified and administrative employees of the School Board may earn one sick leave day per month worked each year based on the number of contracted days. (180-200 day contract "' 10 days, September - June; 220 day contract = 11 days, August - June; 240-260 day contract = 12 days, July-June). Such personnel shall be able to accumulate an unlimited number of such days. Upon retirement from the Norton City Schools under the VRS, all professional, administrative and support staff (full-time employees) are eligible to receive sick leave funds as follows:

For accumulated days on June 30, 1998:

0-90 \$12.00/day 91-200 \$24.00/day

For additional days accumulated after June 30, 1998, the rate will be \$45.00/day. Most recent sick days accumulated must be used first.

At June 30, 2023, the School Board had outstanding accrued vacation, sick and personal leave of \$165,544.

Note 11. Deferred Tax Revenue

Governmental funds report deferred inflows of resources in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds and governmental activities also defer inflows for resources that have not yet been earned. At June 30, the components of deferred inflows of resources were as follows:

| | Go | vernment-wide Statements | | Balance Sheet |
|--|-------|-----------------------------|--------------|------------------|
| | Gover | nmental Activities | \mathbf{G} | eneral Fund |
| Unavailable property tax revenue representing uncollected property tax billings that are not available for the | | | | |
| funding of current expenditures | \$ | - | \$ | 232,062 |
| Tax assessments due after June 30 | | 1,090,420 | | 1,090,420 |
| Total | \$ | 1,090,420 | \$ | 1,322,482 |

Note 12. Pension Plan-Agent Multiple-Employer

Plan Description

The City and School Board Non-Professional Group contribute to an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the City are automatically covered by VRS Retirement Plan upon employment. This plan is administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer are paying contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria as defined in the Code of Virginia, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service.

The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees - Plan I, Plan 2, and, Hybrid. Each of these benefit structures has a different eligibility criteria. The specific information for each plan and the eligibility for covered groups within each plan are set out in the table below:

Note 12. Pension Plan-Agent Multiple-Employer (Continued)

| RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|
| | | HYBRID | | |
| PLAN 1 | PLAN 2 | RETIREMENT PLAN | | |
| About Plan1 | About Plan 2 | About the Hybrid Retirement | | |
| Plan 1 is a defined benefit plan. | Plan 2 is a defined benefit plan. | Plan | | |
| The retirement benefit is based on a | The retirement benefit is based on a | The Hybrid Retirement Plan | | |
| member's age, service credit and | member's age, service credit and | combines the features of a defined | | |
| average final compensation at | average final compensation at | benefit plan and a defined | | |
| retirement using a formula | retirement using a formula. | contribution plan. | | |
| | | • The defined benefit is based on | | |
| | | a member's age, service credit and average final compensation at | | |
| | | retirement using a formula | | |
| | | • The benefit from the defined | | |
| | | contribution component of the plan | | |
| | · | depends on the member and | | |
| | | employer contributions made to the | | |
| | | plan and the investment | | |
| | | performance of those contributions. | | |
| | | • In addition to the monthly | | |
| | | benefit payment payable from the | | |
| | | defined benefit plan at retirement, a | | |
| | | member may start receiving | | |
| | | distributions from the balance in | | |
| | | the defined contribution account, | | |
| | | reflecting the contributions, | | |
| | | investment gains or losses, and | | |
| Eli del Maria | Tale that the control of the control | required fees. | | |
| Eligible Members | Eligible Members | Eligible Members | | |
| Employees are in Plan 1 if their | Employees are in Plan 2 if their membership date is on or after July | Employees are in the Hybrid Retirement Plan if their | | |
| membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of | 1, 2010, or their membership date is | membership date is on or after | | |
| January 1, 2013. | before July 1, 2010, and they were | January 1, 2014. | | |
| January 1, 2013. | not vested as of January 1, 2013. | This includes: | | |
| Hybrid Opt-In Election | 1100 . 2010d at 01 variatily 1, 2013. | Political subdivision | | |
| VRS non-hazardous duty covered | Hybrid Opt-In Election | employees* | | |
| Plan 1 members were allowed to | Eligible Plan 2 members were | • Members in Plan 1 or Plan 2 | | |
| make an irrevocable decision to opt | allowed to make an irrevocable | who elected to opt into the plan | | |
| into the Hybrid Retirement Plan | decision to opt into the Hybrid | during the election window held | | |
| during a special election window | Retirement Plan during a special | January 1 – April 30, 2014; the | | |
| held January 1 through April 30, | election window held January 1 | plan's effective date for opt-in | | |
| 2014. | through April 30, 2014. | members was July 1, 2014. | | |
| The Hybrid Retirement Plan's | The Hybrid Retirement Plan's | | | |
| effective date for eligible Plan 1 | effective date for eligible Plan 2 | * Non-Eligible Members | | |
| members who opted in was July 1, | members who opted in was July 1, | Some employees are not eligible to | | |
| 2014. | 2014. | participate in the Hybrid | | |
| If eligible deferred members | If eligible deferred members | Retirement Plan. They include: | | |
| returned to work during the election | returned to work during the election | Political subdivision | | |
| window, they are also eligible to | window, they were also | | | |

Note 12. Pension Plan-Agent Multiple-Employer (Continued)

| opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan. | | employees who are covered by enhanced benefits for hazardous duty employees. |
|--|---|---|
| Members wo were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and had prior service under Plan 1 were | eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan. | Those employees eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) must elect the ORP plan of the |
| not eligible to elect the Hybrid | Members who were eligible for an | Hybrid Retirement Plan. If these |
| Retirement Plan and remain as Plan | optional retirement plan (ORP) and | members have prior service under |
| 1 or ORP. | have prior service under Plan 2 | Plan 1 or Plan 2, they are not |
| | were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as Plan | eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and must select |
| | 2 or ORP | Plan 1 or Plan 2 (as applicable) or |
| | 2 0. 0.4 | ORP. |
| Retirement Contributions | Retirement Contributions | Retirement Contributions |
| Employees contribute 5% of their | Employees contribute 5% of their | A member's retirement benefit is |
| compensation each month to their | compensations each month to their | funded through mandatory and |
| member contribution account | member contribution account | voluntary contributions made by |
| through a pre-tax salary reduction. | through a pre-tax salary reduction. | the member and the employer to |
| Some political subdivisions elected | | both the defined benefit and the |
| to phase in the required 5% member contribution but all employees will | | defined contribution components of the plan. Mandatory contributions |
| be paying the full 5% by July 1, | | are based on a percentage of the |
| 2016. Member contributions are | | employee's creditable |
| tax-deferred until they are | | compensation and are required |
| withdrawn as part of a retirement | | from both the member and the |
| benefit or as a refund. The | | employer. Additionally, members |
| employer makes a separate | | may choose to make voluntary |
| actuarially determined contribution | | contributions to the defined |
| to VRS for all covered employees. VRS invests both member and | | contribution component of the plan, |
| employer contributions to provide | | and the employer is required to match those voluntary |
| funding for the future benefit | | contributions according to |
| payment. | | specified percentages. |
| Service credit | Service credit | Service credit |
| Service credit includes active | Same as Plan 1. | Defined Benefit Component: |
| service. Members earn service | | Under the defined benefit |
| credit for each month they are | | component of the plan, service |
| employed in a covered position. It | | credit includes active service. |
| also may include credit for prior | | Members earn service credit for |
| service the member has purchased or additional service credit the | | each month they are employed in a |
| member was granted. A member's | | covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the |
| total service credit is one of the | | member has purchased or |
| factors used to determine their | | additional service credit the |
| eligibility for retirement and to | | member was granted. A member's |
| calculate their retirement benefit. It | | total service credit is one of the |
| also may count toward eligibility | | factors used to determine their |
| for the health insurance credit in | | eligibility for retirement and to |
| retirement, if the employer offers | | calculate their retirement benefit. It |

Note 12. Pension Plan-Agent Multiple-Employer (Continued)

| the health insurance credit. | · | also may count toward eligibility |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------------------|
| | | for the health insurance credit in |
| | | retirement, if the employer offers |
| | | the health insurance credit |
| | | Defined Contributions |
| | | Component: |
| | | Under the defined contributions |
| | | component, service credit is used to |
| | | determine vesting for the employer |
| | | contribution portion of the plan. |
| Vesting | Vesting | Vesting |
| Vesting is the minimum length of | Same as Plan 1. | Defined Benefit Component: |
| service a member needs to qualify | | Defined benefit vesting is the |
| for a future retirement benefit. | | minimum length of service a |
| Members become vested when they | | member needs to qualify for a |
| have at least five years (60 months) | | future retirement benefit. Members |
| of service credit. Vesting means | | are vested under the defined benefit |
| members are eligible to qualify for | | component of the Hybrid |
| retirement if they meet the age and | | Retirement Plan when they reach |
| service requirements for their plan. | | five years (60 months) of service |
| Members also must be vested to | | credit. Plan 1 or Plan 2 members |
| receive a full refund of their | | with at least five years (60 months) |
| member contribution account | | of service credit who opted into the |
| balance if they leave employment | | Hybrid Retirement Plan remain |
| and request a refund. Members are | | vested in the defined benefit |
| always 100% vested in the | | component. |
| contributions that they make. | | Defined Contributions |
| | | Component: |
| | | Defined contribution vesting refers |
| | | to the minimum length of service a |
| | | member needs to be eligible to |
| | | withdraw the employer |
| | | contributions from the defined |
| | | contributions component of the |
| | | plan. |
| | | |
| | | Members are always 100% vested |
| | | in the contributions that they make. |
| | | Upon retirement or leaving covered |
| | | employment, a member is eligible |
| | | to withdraw a percentage of |
| | | employer contributions to the |
| | | defined contribution component of |
| | | the plan, based on service. |
| | | • After two years, a member is |
| | | 50% vested and may withdraw |
| | | 50% of employer contributions. |
| | | • After three years, a member is |
| | | 75% vested and may withdraw |
| | | |

Note 12. Pension Plan-Agent Multiple-Employer (Continued)

| Calculating the Benefit The Basic Benefit is calculated based on a formula using the member's average final compensation, a retirement multiplier and total service credit at retirement. It is one of the benefit payout options available to a member at retirement. | Calculating the Benefit See definition under Plan 1. | 75% of employer contributions. After four or more years, a member is 100% vested and may withdraw 100% of employer contributions Distribution is not required by law until age 70½. Calculating the Benefit Defined Benefit Component: See definition under Plan 1. Defined Contribution Component: See definition under Plan 1. Defined Contribution Component: The benefit is based on contributions made by the member |
|--|---|---|
| An early retirement reduction factor is applied to the Basic Benefit if the member retires with a reduced retirement benefit or selects a benefit payout option other than the Basic Benefit. | | and any matching contributions made by the employer, plus net investment earnings on those contributions. |
| Average Final Compensation A member's average final compensation is the average of the 36 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee. | Average Final Compensation A member's average final compensation is the average of the 60 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee. | Average Final Compensation Same as Plan 2. It is used in the retirement formula for the defined benefit component of the plan. |
| Service Retirement Multiplier VRS: The retirement multiplier is a factor used in the formula to determine a final retirement benefit. The retirement multiplier for nonhazardous duty members is 1.70%. | Service Retirement Multiplier VRS: Same as Plan 1 for service earned, purchased or granted prior to January 1, 2013. For non-hazardous duty members the retirement multiplier is 1.65% for service credit earned, purchased or granted on or after January 1, 2013. | Service Retirement Multiplier Defined Benefit Component: VRS: The retirement multiplier for the defined benefit component is 1.00%. For members who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan from Plan |
| Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: The retirement multiplier for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.85% | Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: Same as Plan 1. Political subdivision hazardous | 1 or Plan 2, the applicable multipliers for those plans will be used to calculate the retirement benefit for service credited in those plans. |
| Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: The retirement multiplier of eligible political subdivision hazardous duty employees other than sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.70% or 1.85% as elected by the | duty employees: Same as Plan 1 | Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: Not applicable. Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: Not applicable. |

Note 12. Pension Plan-Agent Multiple-Employer (Continued)

| employer. | | Defined Contribution Component: Not applicable. |
|---|---|---|
| Normal Retirement Age VRS: Age 65 Political subdivisions hazardous | Normal Retirement Age VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age. | Normal Retirement Age <u>Defined</u> <u>Benefit Component:</u> VRS: Same as Plan 2. |
| duty employees: Age 60. | Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1. | Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable. |
| | | Defined Benefit Component: Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions. |
| Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Age 65 with at least five years (60 months) of service credit or at age 50 with at least 30 years of service credit. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Age 60 with at least five years of service credit or age 50 with at least 25 years of service credit. | Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age with at least five years (60 months) of service credit or when their age and service equal 90. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1. | Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility Defined Benefit Component: VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age and have at least five years (60 months) of service credit or when their age and service equal 90. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable. |
| Service credit. | | Defined Contribution Component: Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions. |
| Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Age 55 with at least five years (60 months) of service credit or age 50 with at least 10 years of service credit. Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: | Eligibility | Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility Defined Benefit Component: VRS: Age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of service credit. Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: Not applicable. |
| | | DefinedContributionComponent:Members are eligible to receivedistributionsupon leavingemployment, subject to restrictions. |
| Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement The Cost-of-Living Adjustment | Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement The Cost-of-Living Adjustment | Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement |

Note 12. Pension Plan-Agent Multiple-Employer (Continued)

| (COLA) matches the first 3% increase in the Consumer Price | (COLA) matches the first 2% increase in the Consumer Price | Defined Benefit Component: Same as Plan 2. |
|---|--|---|
| Index for all Urban Consumers (CPI-U) and half of any additional | Index for all Urban Consumers (CPI-U) and half of any additional | Defined Contribution |
| increase (up to 4%) up to a maximum COLA of 5%. | increase (up to 2%), for a maximum COLA of 3%. | Component: Not applicable |
| | | Eligibility: |
| Eligibility: Form members who retire with an | Eligibility: Same as Plan 1. | Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2. |
| unreduced benefit or with a reduced benefit with at least 20 years of | Exceptions to COLA Effective | Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: |
| service credit, the COLA will go | Dates: | Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2. |
| into effect on July 1 after one full calendar year from the retirement date. | Same as Plan 1. | |
| For members who retire with a | | |
| reduced benefit and who have less | | |
| than 20 years of service credit, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 | | |
| after one calendar year following the unreduced retirement eligibility | | |
| date. | | |
| Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: | | |
| The COLA is effective July 1 | | |
| following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) under | | |
| any of the following circumstances:The member is within five years | | |
| of qualifying of an unreduced retirement benefit as of January | | |
| 1, 2013. | | |
| • The member retires on disability. | | |
| • The member retires directly from short-term or long-term | | |
| disability under the Virginia | | |
| Sickness and Disability Program (VSDP). | | |
| • The member is involuntarily separated from employment for | | |
| causes other than job performance or misconduct and | | |
| is eligible to retire under the | | |
| Workforce Transition Act or the Transitional Benefits Program. | | |
| • The member dies in service and | | |

Note 12. Pension Plan-Agent Multiple-Employer (Continued)

| the member's survivor or beneficiary is eligible for a monthly death-in-service benefit. The COLA will go into effect on July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) from the date the monthly benefit begins. | | |
|---|--|--|
| Disability Coverage | Disability Coverage | Disability Coverage |
| Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.7% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted. | Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.65% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted. | Employees of political subdivisions (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 optins) participate in the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP) unless their local governing body provides an employer-paid comparable program for its members. |
| | | Hybrid members (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 opt-ins) covered under VLDP are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work related disability benefits. |
| Purchase of Prior Service | Purchase of Prior Service | Purchase of Prior Service |
| Members may be eligible to purchase service from pervious public employment, active duty military service, an eligible period of leave or VRS refunded service as a service credit in their plan. Prior | Same as Plan 1. | Defined Benefit Component: Same as Plan 1, with the following exceptions: • Hybrid Retirement Plan members are ineligible for ported service. |
| service credit counts toward | | Defined Contribution |
| vesting, eligibility for retirement | | Component: |
| and the health insurance credit. Only active members are eligible to | | Not applicable. |
| purchase prior service. When | | |
| buying service, members must | | |
| purchase their most recent period of service first. Members also may be | | |
| eligible to purchase periods of leave | | |
| without pay. | | |

Note 12. Pension Plan-Agent Multiple-Employer (Continued)

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the pension plan:

| | Primary Government | School Board Non- Professional Group |
|--|-----------------------|---|
| Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits | 71 | 31 |
| Inactive members Vested inactive members | 6 | 3 |
| Non-vested Inactive members | 26 | 7 |
| Active elsewhere in VRS | 29 | 6 |
| Total inactive members | 61 | 16 |
| Active members | 94 | 13 |
| Total covered employees | 226 | 60 |

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the *Code of Virginia*, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement.

The City's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2023 was 7.08 % for the general governmental and business-type covered employee compensation and 0.28% for the school board non-professional group. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the general government were \$392,839 and \$281,677

Note 12. Pension Plan-Agent Multiple-Employer (Continued)

for the years ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022, respectively and for the school board \$0 and \$0 for the years ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022, respectively.

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability (NPL) is calculated separately for each employer and represents that particular employer's total pension liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, less that employer's fiduciary net position. The City's net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2021 rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2022.

Actuarial Assumptions- General Employees

The total pension liability for Governmental and Business-Type Employees in the City's Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2022.

2.5 percent Inflation

Salary increases, including

inflation 3.5 percent - 5.35 percent

6.75 percent, net of pension plan Investment rate of return

investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates:

Largest 10 - Non-Hazardous Duty: 20% of deaths are assumed to be service related

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally, 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years.

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 110% of males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years.

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years.

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years.

Note 12. Pension Plan-Agent Multiple-Employer (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees (Continued)

Mortality Improvement:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates.

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-Non-Hazardous Duty: 15% of deaths are assumed to be service-related

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally, 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years.

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 110% of males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years.

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years.

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years.

Mortality Improvement:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July I, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Largest 10 – Non-Hazardous Duty:

| Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post-retirement | Update to PUB2010 public sector mortality |
|--|---|
| Healthy, and disabled) | tables. For future mortality improvements, |
| | replace load with a modified Mortality |
| | Improvement Scale MP-2020 |
| Retirement Rates | Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; |
| | set separate rates based on experience for Plan |
| | 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age |
| Withdrawal Rates | Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each |
| | year age and service through 9 years of service |
| Disability Rates | No change |
| Salary Scale | No change |
| Line of Duty Disability | No change |
| Discount Rate | No change |

Note 12. Pension Plan-Agent Multiple-Employer (Continued)

All Others (Non-10 Largest) - Non-Hazardous Duty:

| in others (ron to Eurgest) from mineral | |
|--|---|
| Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post-retirement | Update to PUB2010 public sector mortality |
| Healthy, and disabled) | tables. For future mortality improvements, |
| | replace load with a modified Mortality |
| | Improvement Scale MP-2020 |
| Retirement Rates | Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; |
| | set separate rates based on experience for Plan |
| | 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age |
| Withdrawal Rates | Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each |
| | year age and service through 9 years of service |
| Disability Rates | No change |
| Salary Scale | No change |
| Line of Duty Disability | No change |
| Discount Rate | No change |

Actuarial Assumptions - Public Safety Employees

The total pension liability for Public Safety employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits in the Political Subdivision Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2022.

Inflation 2.5 percent

Salary increases, including

inflation 3.5 percent - 4.75 percent

Investment rate of return 6.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates:

Largest 10 - Hazardous Duty: 70% of deaths are assumed service-related

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale: 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years.

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retirees Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years.

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years.

Note 12. Pension Plan-Agent Multiple-Employer (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - Public Safety Employees (Continued)

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years.

Mortality Improvement:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates.

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Hazardous Duty: 45% of deaths are assumed to be service-related Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale: 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years.

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retirees Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years.

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years.

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years.

Mortality Improvement:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board Action are as follows:

Largest 10 – Non-Hazardous Duty:

| Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post-retirement | Update to PUB2010 public sector mortality |
|--|---|
| healthy, and disabled) | tables. Increased disability life expectancy. For |
| | future mortality improvements, replace load with |
| | a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP- |
| | 2020 |
| Retirement Rates | Adjusted rates to better fit experience and |
| | changed final retirement age from 65-70 |
| Withdrawal Rates | Decrease rates |
| Disability Rates | No change |
| Salary Scale | No change |
| Line of Duty Disability | No change |
| Discount rate | No change |

Note 12. Pension Plan-Agent Multiple-Employer (Continued) All Others (Non-10 Largest) – Non-Hazardous Duty:

| Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post-retirement | Update to PUB2010 public sector mortality tables. |
|--|---|
| healthy, and disabled) | Increased disability life expectancy. For future |
| | mortality improvements, replace load with a modified |
| | Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020 |
| Retirement Rates | Adjusted rates to better fit experience and changed |
| | final retirement age from 65-70 |
| Withdrawal Rates | Decreased rates and changed from rates based on age |
| | of service to rates based on service only to better fit |
| | experience and to be more consistent with Locals |
| | Largest 10 Hazardous Duty |
| Disability Rates | No change |
| Salary Scale | No change |
| Line of Duty Disability | No change |
| Discount rate | No change |

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension system investments was determined using a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension system investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

| | | | Weighted Average |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------|----------------------|------------------|
| | | Arithmetic Long-Term | Long-Term |
| | Target | Expected Rate of | Expected Rate of |
| Asset Class (Strategy) | Allocation | Return | Return* |
| Public Equity | 34.00% | 5.71% | 1.94% |
| Fixed Income | 15.00% | 2.04% | 0.31% |
| Credit Strategies | 14.00% | 4.78% | 0.67% |
| Real Assets | 14.00% | 4.47% | 0.63% |
| Private Equity | 14.00% | 9.73% | 1.36% |
| MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies | 6.00% | 3.73% | 0.22% |
| PIP - Private Investment Partnership | 3.00% | 6.55% | 0.20% |
| | 100.00% | | 5.33% |
| | Inflation | | 2.50% |
| | * Expected arithm | netic nominal return | 7.83% |

^{*} The above allocation provides a one-year return of 7.83%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the system, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. These results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 6.72%, including expected inflation of 2.50%. **On October 10, 2019, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of 6.75% which is roughly at the 40th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation at the time, providing a median return of 7.11%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Note 12. Pension Plan-Agent Multiple-Employer (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Consistent with the phased-in funding provided by the General Assembly for state and teacher employer contributions; political subdivisions were also provided with an opportunity to use an alternate employer contribution rate. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the alternate rate was the employer contribution rate used in FY 2012 or 100% of the actuarially determined employer contribution rate from the June 30, 2021, actuarial valuations, whichever was greater. From July 1, 2022 on, participating employers are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore the Long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in Net Pension Liability

| · · | Increase (Decrease) | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|-----------------|----|-------------|
| | | | | | Net Pension |
| | Total Pensi | on I | Plan Fiduciary | | Liability |
| | Liability (a | .) <u>N</u> | et Position (b) | | (a) - (b) |
| Balance at June 30, 2021 | \$ 20,633,7 | 60 \$ | 22,449,852 | \$ | (1,816,092) |
| Changes for the year | | | | | |
| Service Cost | 476,6 | 17 | - | | 476,617 |
| Interest | 1,388,2 | .67 | - | | 1,388,267 |
| Changes in benefit terms | | - | - | | - |
| Changes in assumptions | | - | - | | - |
| Differences between expected | | | | | |
| and actual experience | (156,5 | 89) | - | | (156,589) |
| Contributions - employer | | - | 265,164 | | (265,164) |
| Contributions - employee | | - | 189,321 | | (189,321) |
| Net investment income | | - | (16,237) | | 16,237 |
| Benefit payments, including refunds | | | | | |
| of employee contributions | (1,086,9 | 06) | (1,086,906) | | - |
| Administrative expenses | | - | (14,061) | | 14,061 |
| Other changes | | | 512 | | (512) |
| Net changes | 621,3 | 89 | (662,207) | | 1,283,596 |
| Balance at June 30, 2022 | \$ 21,255,1 | <u>49</u> <u>\$</u> | 21,787,645 | \$ | (532,496) |

Note 12. Pension Plan-Agent Multiple-Employer (Continued)

Changes in Net Pension Liability (Continued)

| | Increase (Decrease) | | |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| | Total Pension Liability (a) | Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b) | Net Pension Liability (a) - (b) |
| Balance at June 30, 2021 | \$ 1,670,143 | \$ 2,546,388 | \$ (876,245) |
| Changes for the year | | | |
| Service Cost | 27,197 | - | 27,197 |
| Interest | 111,065 | - | 111,065 |
| Changes in benefit terms | - | - | - |
| Changes in assumptions | - | _ | - |
| Differences between expected | | | |
| and actual experience | (4,986) | - | (4,986) |
| Contributions - employer | - | - | - |
| Contributions - employee | - | 18,150 | (18,150) |
| Net investment income | - | (1,476) | 1,476 |
| Benefit payments, including refunds | | | |
| of employee contributions | (103,868) | (103,868) | - |
| Administrative expenses | - | (1,603) | 1,603 |
| Other changes | | 58 | (58) |
| Net changes | 29,408 | (88,739) | 118,147 |
| Balance at June 30, 2022 | \$ 1,699,551 | \$ 2,457,649 | \$ (758,098) |

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the political subdivision using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the political subdivision's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

| | 1% Decrease (5.75%) | Current Rate (6.75%) | 1% Increase (7.75%) |
|--|---------------------|----------------------|---------------------|
| Governmental & Business-Type Net Pension Liability | \$ 2,274,036 | \$ (532,496) | \$ (2,823,694) |
| School Board Non-Professional Group Net Pension Liability | \$ (567,911) | \$ (758,098) | \$ (916,085) |

Note 12. Pension Plan-Agent Multiple-Employer (Continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the City's general government recognized pension expense(benefit) of \$86.929. At June 30, 2023, the City's general government reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

| | Ι | Deferred | I | Deferred |
|--|----|-----------|----|-----------|
| | Ou | tflows of | Ir | ıflows of |
| | Re | esources | R | esources |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | \$ | 16,047 | \$ | 107,502 |
| Change in assumptions | | 226,901 | | - |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments | | - | | 651,837 |
| Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date | | 392,839 | | |
| Total | \$ | 635,787 | \$ | 759,339 |

\$392,839 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the City's general government contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

| Year ended June 30 | | |
|--------------------|----|-----------|
| 2024 | \$ | (111,167) |
| 2025 | | (261,142) |
| 2026 | | (446,043) |
| 2027 | | 301,961 |
| 2028 | | - |
| Thereafter | - | |
| | \$ | (516,391) |

Note 12. Pension Plan-Agent Multiple-Employer (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the School Board's Non-Professional group recognized pension expense (benefit) of \$(106,856). At June 30, 2023, the School Board's Non-Professional group reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

| | Defe Outflo Reso | | Inf | eferred lows of sources |
|--|------------------------|---|-----|-------------------------------|
| Differences between expected and actual experience | \$ | - | \$ | 1,617 |
| Change in assumptions | | - | | - |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments | | - | | 75,362 |
| Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date | | | | |
| Total | \$ | | \$ | 76,979 |

\$0 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the School Board's non-professional group contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

| Year ended June 30 | |
|--------------------|----------------|
| 2024 | \$ (30,459) |
| 2025 | (30,272) |
| 2026 | (50,332) |
| 2027 | 34,084 |
| 2028 | - |
| Thereafter | |
| | \$ (76,979) |

Pension Plan Data

Information about the VRS Political Subdivision Retirement Plan's is also available in the separately issued VRS 2022 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the 2022 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at https://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2022-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA 23218-2500.

Note 13. Pension Plan-Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer-School Board Teachers

Plan Description: The School Board Teachers contribute to a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by VRS Retirement Plan upon employment. This plan is administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer are paying contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria as defined in the *Code of Virginia*, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service.

The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees in the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan - Plan I, Plan 2, and, Hybrid. Each of these benefit structures has a different eligibility criteria. The specific information for each plan and the eligibility for covered groups within each plan are set out in the table below:

| RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS BY PLAN STRUCTURE | | | |
|--|--|--|--|
| About Plan 2 | About the Hybrid Retirement | | |
| Plan 2 is a defined benefit plan. | Plan | | |
| The retirement benefit is based | The Hybrid Retirement Plan | | |
| on a member's age, | combines the features of a defined | | |
| service credit and average final | benefit plan and a defined | | |
| compensation at retirement | contribution plan. | | |
| | The defined benefit is based on a member's age, service credit and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. The benefit from the defined contribution component of the plan depends on the member and employer contributions made to the plan and the investment | | |
| | performance of those contributions. | | |
| | • In addition to the monthly benefit payment payable from the defined benefit plan at retirement, a member may start receiving distributions from the balance in the defined contribution account, reflecting the contributions, investment gains or losses, and any required fees. | | |
| | About Plan 2 Plan 2 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, service credit and average final | | |

Note 13. Pension Plan-Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer-School Board Teachers (Continued)

| RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS BY PLAN STRUCTURE | | | |
|---|---|---|--|
| | Eligible Members | Eligible Members | |
| Membership date is before July 1, | Employees are in Plan 2 if their membership date is on | Employees are in the Hybrid Retirement Plan if their | |
| 2010, and they were vested as of | or after July 1, 2010, or their | membership | |
| January 1, 2013 and they have not | membership date is before July | date is on or after January 1, 2014. | |
| | 1, 2010, and they were | This includes: | |
| | not vested as of January 1, | • School division employees • | |
| ľ | 2013 | Members in Plan I or Plan 2 who | |
| | | | |
| | | 1 | |
| | | 1 - | |
| | | | |
| Websil Out In Florida | Habada Out In Floriday | was July 1, 2014 | |
| | | | |
| | • | | |
| 1 | | | |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | • | | |
| · | • | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | , | | |
| 1 - | The Hybrid Retirement Plan's | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | in was July 1, 2014. | | |
| If eligible deferred members | | | |
| returned to work during the | If eligible deferred members | | |
| · • | returned to work during the | | |
| | | | |
| 1 - | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| 1 2 | 1 2 | | |
| | | | |
| (| | _ | |
| | | 9 | |
| | salary reduction. | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | 1 - | |
| | | | |
| Hybrid Opt-In Election VRS Plan 1 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014. The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible VRS Plan 1 members who opted in was July 1, 2014. If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan. Retirement Contributions Employees contribution 5% of their compensation each month to their member contribution account through a pre-tax salary | Hybrid Opt-In Election Eligible Plan 2 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014. The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible Plan 2 members who opted in was July 1, 2014. If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan. Retirement Contributions Employees contribute 5% of their compensation each month to their member contribution account through a pre-tax salary reduction. | elected to opt into the plan during the election window held January I-April 20, 2014: the plan's effective date for opt-in member was July 1, 2014 Retirement Contributions A member's retirement benefit is funded through mandatory and voluntary contributions made by the member and the employer to both the defined contribution components of the plan. Mandatory contributions are based on a percentage of the employee's creditable compensation and are required | |

| RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS BY PLAN STRUCTURE | | | | |
|--|-----------------|---|--|--|
| contributions to provide funding for the future benefit payment. | | from both the member and the employer. Additionally, members may choose to make voluntary contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, and the employer is required to match those voluntary contributions according to specified percentages. | | |
| Service credit | Service credit | Service credit | | |
| Service credit includes active service. Members earn creditable service for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional service credit the member was granted. A member's total creditable service is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit. | Same as Plan 1. | Defined Benefit Component: Under the defined benefit component of the plan, creditable service includes active service. Members earn service credit for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member was purchased or additional creditable service the member was granted. A member's total creditable Service is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit. Defined Contributions Component: Under the defined contribution component, service credit is used to determine vesting for the employer contribution portion of the plan. | | |

| RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS BY PLAN STRUCTURE | | | | |
|--|-----------------|-----------------------------------|--|--|
| Vesting | Vesting | Vesting | | |
| Vesting is the minimum length | Same as Plan 1. | Defined Benefit Component: | | |
| of service a member needs to | | Defined benefit vesting is the | | |
| qualify for a future retirement | | Minimum length of service | | |
| benefit. Members become vested | | a member needs to qualify for a | | |
| when they have at least five years | | future retirement benefit. | | |
| (60 months) of service credit. | | Members are vested under | | |
| Vesting means members are | | the defined benefit component | | |
| eligible to qualify for retirement | | of the Hybrid Retirement Plan | | |
| if they meet the age and service | | when they reach five years | | |
| requirements for their plan. | | (60 months) of creditable | | |
| Members also must be vested | | Service. Plan 1 or Plan 2 | | |
| To receive a full refund of their | | members with at least five | | |
| member contribution account | | years (60 months) of creditable | | |
| balance if they leave employment | | service who opted into the | | |
| and request a refund. | | Hybrid Retirement Plan | | |
| | | Remain vested in the defined | | |
| Members are always 100% vested | | Benefit component. | | |
| in the contributions that they make | | | | |
| | | Defined Contributions | | |
| | | Component: | | |
| | | Defined contribution vesting | | |
| | | refers to the minimum length | | |
| | | of service a member needs to be | | |
| | | eligible to withdraw the employer | | |
| | | contributions from the defined | | |
| | | contribution component of | | |
| | | the plan. | | |
| | | Members are always 100% | | |
| | | vested in the contributions | | |
| | | that they make. | | |
| | | materies make. | | |
| | | Upon retirement or leaving | | |
| | | covered employment, a member | | |
| | | is eligible to withdraw a | | |
| | | percentage of employer | | |
| | | contributions to the defined | | |
| | | contribution component of the | | |
| | | plan, based on service. | | |
| | | • After two years, a member is | | |
| | | 50% vested and may withdraw | | |
| | | 50% of employer contributions. | | |

Note 13. Pension Plan-Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer-School Board Teachers (Continued)

| RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS BY PLAN STRUCTURE | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|
| Calculating the Benefit The Basic Benefit is calculated based on a formula using the member's average final compensation, a retirement multiplier and total service credit at retirement. It is one of the benefits payout options available to a member at retirement. An early retirement reduction factor is applied to the Basic Benefit if the member retires with a reduced retirement benefit or selects a benefit payout option other than the Basic Benefit. | Calculating the Benefit See definition under Plan 1. | • After three years, a member is 75% vested and may withdraw 75% of employer contributions. • After four or more years, a member is 100% vested and may withdraw 100% of employer contributions. Distribution is not required by law age 70½. Calculating the Benefit Defined Benefit Component: See definition under Plan 1 Defined Contribution Component: The benefit is based on contributions made by the member and any matching contributions made by the employer, plus net investment earnings on those contributions. | | |
| Average Final Compensation A member's average final compensation is the average of the 36 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee. Service Retirement Multiplier | Average Final Compensation A member's average final compensation is the average of their 60 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee. Service Retirement Multiplier | Average Final Compensation Same as Plan 2. It is used in the retirement formula for the defined benefit of the plan. Service Retirement Multiplier | | |
| The retirement multiplier is a factor used in the formula to determine a final retirement benefit. The retirement multiplier for non-hazardous duty members is 1.70%. | Same as Plan 1 for service earned, purchased or grated prior to January 1, 2013. For non-hazardous duty members the retirement multiplier is 1.65% for service credit earned, purchased or granted on or after January 1, 2013. | Defined Benefit Component: The retirement multiplier for the defined benefit component is 1.00%. For members that opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan from Plan 1 or Plan 2, the applicable multipliers for those plans will be used to calculate the | | |

| RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS BY PLAN STRUCTURE | | | |
|--|---------------------------------|--|--|
| | | retirement benefit for service Credited in those plans. | |
| | | Defined Contribution | |
| | | Component: | |
| | | Not applicable. | |
| Normal Retirement Age | Normal Datiroment Age | Normal Retirement Age | |
| _ | Normal Retirement Age | 1 | |
| Age 65 | Normal Social Security | Defined Benefit Component: Same as Plan 2. | |
| | retirement age. | Same as Plan 2. | |
| | | Defined Contribution | |
| | | Component: | |
| | | Members are eligible to receive | |
| | | distributions upon leaving | |
| | | employment, subject to | |
| | | restrictions. | |
| Earliest Unreduced Retirement | Farliest Unreduced Retiremen | tEarliest Unreduced Retirement | |
| Eligibility | Eligibility | Eligibility | |
| Age 65 with at least five years | Normal Social Security | Defined Benefit Component: | |
| (60 months) of service credit | Retirement age and have at | Normal Social Security | |
| or at age 50 with at least 30 years | least five years (60 months) | retirement age and have at least | |
| of service credit. | of service credit or when | five years (60 months) of | |
| or service credit. | their age and service equal 90. | service credit or when their | |
| | then age and service equal 70. | age and service equal 90. | |
| | | age and service equal 70. | |
| | | Defined Contribution | |
| | | Component: | |
| | | Members are eligible to receive | |
| | | distributions upon leaving | |
| | | employment, subject to | |
| | | restrictions. | |
| Earliest Reduced Retirement | Earliest Reduced Retirement | Earliest Unreduced Retirement | |
| Eligibility | Eligibility | Eligibility | |
| Age 55 with at least five years | Age 60 with at least five years | Defined Benefit Component: | |
| (60 months) of service credit | (60 months) of creditable | Age 60 with at least five years | |
| or age 50 with at least 10 years | Service. | (60 months) of service credit. | |
| of service credit. | Service. | (00 months) of service electr. | |
| or service ordan. | | Defined Contribution | |
| | | Component: | |
| | | Members are eligible to receive | |
| | | distributions upon leaving | |
| | | employment, subject to | |
| | | restrictions. | |
| | | resurencia. | |

| RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS BY PLAN STRUCTURE | | | | |
|---|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|--|--|
| Cost-of Living Adjustment Cost-of-Living Adjustment Cost-of-Living Adjustment | | | | |
| (COLA) in Retirement | | (COLA) in Retirement | | |
| The Cost-of-Living Adjustment | The Cost-of-Living Adjustment | Defined Benefit Component: | | |
| (COLA) matches the first 3% | (COLA) matches the first 2% | Same as Plan 2. | | |
| Increase in the Consumer Price | Increase in the CPI-U and half | | | |
| Index for all Urban Consumers | of any additional increase | Defined Contribution | | |
| (CPI-U) and half of any additional | (up to 2%), for a maximum | Component: | | |
| increase (up to 4%) up to a | COLA of 3%. | Not applicable. | | |
| maximum COLA of 5%. | | | | |
| Eligibility: | Eligibility: | Eligibility: | | |
| For members who retire with an | Same as Plan 1. | Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2. | | |
| unreduced benefit or with a | | | | |
| reduced benefit with at least | | | | |
| 20 years of service credit, | | | | |
| the COLA will go into effect | | | | |
| on July 1 after one full calendar | | | | |
| year from the retirement date. | | | | |
| | | | | |
| For members who retire with a | | | | |
| reduced benefit and who have | 1 | | | |
| less than 20 years of creditable | | | | |
| service, the COLA will go into | | | | |
| effect on July 1, after one | | | | |
| calendar year following the | | | | |
| unreduced retirement eligibility | | | | |
| date. | | | | |
| Exceptions to COLA Effective | Exceptions to COLA Effective | Exceptions to COLA Effective | | |
| Dates: | Dates: | Dates: | | |
| The COLA is effective July 1 | Same as Plan 1 | Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2. | | |
| following one full calendar year | | | | |
| (January 1 to December 31) under | | | | |
| any of the following circumstances: | | | | |
| •The member is within five years | | | | |
| of qualifying for an unreduced | | | | |
| retirement benefits as of | | | | |
| January 1, 2013. | | | | |
| •The member retires on disability. | | | | |
| •The member retires directly from | | | | |
| short-term or long-term disability | | | | |
| under the Virginia Sickness and | | | | |
| Disability Program (VSDP). | | | | |
| •The member is involuntarily | | | | |
| separated from employment for | | | | |

| RETIREMENT | PLAN PROVISIONS BY PLAN | N STRUCTURE |
|---|--|--|
| causes other than job performance or misconduct and is eligible to retire under the Workforce Transaction Act or the Transitional Benefits Program. • The member dies in service and the member's survivor or beneficiary is eligible for a monthly death-in-service benefit. The COLA will go into effect on July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) from the date the monthly benefit begins. Disability Coverage Members who are eligible to be | Disability Coverage Members who are eligible | Disability Coverage Employees of school divisions |
| Considered for disability Retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiples is 1.7% on all service regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted. | to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplies is 1.65% on all service regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted. | (including VRS Plan 1 and VRS Plan 2 opt-ins) participate in the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP) unless their local governing body provides and employer-paid comparable program for its members. Hybrid members (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 opt-ins) covered under VSDP or VLDP are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work related disability benefits. |
| Purchase of Prior Service Members may be eligible to purchase service from previous public employment, active duty military service, an eligible period of leave or refunded service as service credit in their plan. Prior service credit counts toward vesting, eligibility for retirement and the health insurance credit. Only active members are eligible to purchase prior service. When buying service, members must purchase | Purchase of Prior Service Same as Plan 1. | Purchase of Prior Service Defined Benefit Component: Same as Plan 1, with the following Exceptions: • Hybrid Retirement Plan Members are ineligible for ported service. Defined Contribution Component: Not applicable. |
| their most recent period of service first. Members also may be eligible to purchase periods of leave without pay. | | |

Note 13. Pension Plan-Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer-School Board Teachers (Continued)

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the *Code of Virginia*, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. Each school division's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2023 was 16.62% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employee during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contribution to the pension plan from the school division were \$817,497 and \$758,400 for the years ended June 30, 2023, and June 30, 2022 respectively.

In June 2022, the Commonwealth made a special contribution of approximately \$442.4 million to the VRS Teacher Employee Plan. This special payment was authorized by a budget amendment included in Chapter 1 of the 2022 Appropriation Act, and is classified as a non-employer contribution.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2023, the school division reported a liability of \$4,690,799 for its proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability. The Net Pension Liability was measured as of June 30, 2022 and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2022. The school division's proportion of the Net Pension liability was based on the school division's actuarially determined employer contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2022 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2022, the school division's proportion was 0.04927% as compared to 0.04472% at June 30, 2021.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the school division recognized pension expense (benefit) of \$252,618. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the pension expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion and from differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of employer contributions. Beginning June 30, 2022 measurement date, the difference between expected and actual contributions is included with the pension expense calculation.

Note 13. Pension Plan-Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer-School Board Teachers (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

At June 30, 2023, the school division reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

| | Outf | ferred lows of ources | Ir | Deferred nflows of esources |
|--|---|-----------------------------|-----------|-----------------------------|
| Differences between expected and actual experience | \$ | - | \$ | 611,582 |
| Change in assumptions | | 442,248 | | 126,369 |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments | | 637,955 | | 323,449 |
| Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date | *************************************** | 817,497 | | - |
| Total | <u>\$ 1</u> | ,897,700 | <u>\$</u> | 1,061,400 |

\$817,497 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the school division's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

| Year ended June 30 | |
|--------------------|----------------|
| 2024 | \$ (75,017) |
| 2025 | (52,755) |
| 2026 | (230,749) |
| 2027 | 377,324 |
| 2028 | - |
| Thereafter | |
| | \$ 18,803 |

Actuarial Assumptions - Teachers The total pension liability for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2022.

Note 13. Pension Plan-Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer-School Board Teachers (Continued)

Inflation 2.5 percent

Salary increases, including

inflation 3.5 percent - 5.95 percent

Investment rate of return 6.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates:

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Employee Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; males set forward 1 year; 105% of rates for females.

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Disables Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females.

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally.

Mortality Improvement:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2010 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

| Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post-retirement | Update to PUB2010 public sector mortality | | |
|--|---|--|--|
| Healthy, and disabled) | tables. For future mortality improvements, | | |
| | replace load with a modified Mortality | | |
| | Improvement Scale MP-2020 | | |
| Retirement Rates | Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; | | |
| | set separate rates bases on experience for | | |
| | Plan2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from | | |
| | 75 to 80 for all | | |
| Withdrawal Rates | Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each | | |
| | year age and service through 9 years of service | | |
| Disability Rates | No change | | |
| Salary Scale | No change | | |
| Discount Rate | No change | | |

Note 13. Pension Plan-Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer-School Board Teachers (Continued)

Net Pension Liability The net pension liability (NPL) is calculated separately for each system and represents that particular system's total pension system's total pension liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, less that system's fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2022, NPL amounts for the VRS Teacher Employee Retirement Plan is as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

| | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | <u>Plan</u> |
|--|---------------------------------------|-------------|
| Total Pension Liability | \$ | 54,732,329 |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position | | 45,211,731 |
| Employers' Net Pension Liability (Asset) | \$ | 9,520,598 |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability | | 82.61% |

The total pension liability is calculated by the System's actuary on each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net pension liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 67 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension system investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Note 13. Pension Plan-Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer-School Board Teachers (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return (Continued)

| | | | Weighted Average |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------|----------------------|------------------|
| | | Arithmetic Long-Term | Long-Term |
| | Target | Expected Rate of | Expected Rate of |
| Asset Class (Strategy) | Allocation | Return | Return* |
| Public Equity | 34.00% | 5.71% | 1.94% |
| Fixed Income | 15.00% | 2.04% | 0.31% |
| Credit Strategies | 14.00% | 4.78% | 0.67% |
| Real Assets | 14.00% | 4.47% | 0.63% |
| Private Equity | 14.00% | 9.73% | 1.36% |
| MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies | 6.00% | 3.73% | 0.22% |
| PIP - Private Investment Partnership | 3.00% | 6.55% | 0.20% |
| | 100.00% | | 5.33% |
| | Inflation | | 2.50% |
| | * Expected arithm | netic nominal return | 7.83% |

^{*} The above allocation provides a one-year return of 7.83%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the system, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. The results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 6.72%, including expected inflation of 2.50%. **On October 10, 2019, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of 6.75% which is roughly at the 40th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation at that time, providing a median return of 7.11%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022, the rate contributed by the school division for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly which was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2022 on, school divisions are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

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Note 13. Pension Plan-Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer-School Board Teachers (Continued)

Sensitivity of the School Division's Proportionate Share Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the school division's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

| | 1% Decrease (5.75%) | Current Rate (6.75%) | 1% Increase (7.75%) |
|--|---------------------|----------------------|---------------------|
| School division's proportionate share of the VRS | | | |
| Teacher Employee Retirement Plan | | | |
| Net Pension Liability | \$ 8,378,126 | \$ 4,690,799 | \$ 1,688,504 |

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Information about the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan's Fiduciary Net Position is also available in the separately issued VRS 2022 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the 2022 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2022-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA 23218-2500.

Payables to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2023, the School Division reported a payable of \$0 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan required for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Note 14. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)-Local Health Insurance

Plan Description

The Primary Government and School Board provide postemployment medical coverage for retired employees through a single-employer defined benefit plan. The Primary Government and School Board may change, add or delete coverage as they deem appropriate and with the approval of the Board of Supervisors and School Board. The plan does not grant retirees vested health benefits. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75.

A retiree eligible for post-retirement medical coverage is defined as a full-time employee who retires directly from the City or Schools and is eligible to receive an early or regular retirement benefit from the VRS. Employees applying for early or regular retirement are eligible to continue participation in the Retiree Health Plans sponsored by the City and Schools. Employees at the City are allowed to stay on the plan until death of the employee and employees at the School Board are allowed to stay on the plan until death of the employee or eligibility for Medicare coverage. Generally, the employee pays 100% of the required premium. A closed group of retirees are receiving a direct subsidy for single coverage from the School Board. The School Board pays the balance of the premium less the amount of VRS Health Insurance. The School Board will also pay up to four percent of the increase in premiums on an annual basis; premium increase in excess of four percent will be paid by the retiree. This direct subsidy ends at age 65.

GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension and GASB Statement No. 85, Omnibus 2017 establish new accounting and financial reporting requirements for OPEB plans and standardize the valuation methodology. The cost of postemployment healthcare benefits should be associated with the periods in which the cost occurs, rather than in the future years when it will be paid.

The City's Primary Government meets the requirements use the alternative measurement method but has elected to not to do so.

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Note 14. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)-Local Health Insurance (Continued)

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

| | Primary Government | Component Unit School Board |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------|
| Active participants | 95 | 108 |
| Retired participants | 1 | 3 |
| Total covered employees | 96 | 111 |

Funding Policy and Contributions

The Primary Government and School Board currently fund postemployment health care benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis. The Primary Government and School Board do not accumulate assets in a trust. During fiscal year 2023, the Primary Government and School Board made OPEB benefit payments of \$(9,601) and \$(22,627), respectively.

Total OPEB Liability

The City's total OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2023. The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of July 1, 2021.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Primary Government

In the actuarial valuation for the year ended June 30, 2023, the cost method used to determine OPEB liability was individual entry age normal level percent of salary. All active and former employees who are potentially eligible to receive healthcare benefits as a retiree were included in the calculations.

All assumptions attempt to represent the best estimate of anticipated experience under the plan. Employer future premium contribution is assumed to remain a level percentage of the total cost over time. Mortality rates are the RP2010 Mortality Table for Males and Females Projected 10 years; this assumption does not include a margin for future improvements in longevity. Turnover rates are derived from data maintained by the U.S. Office of Personnel Management regarding the most recent experience of the employee group covered by the Federal Employees Retirement System. It is assumed that 25% of eligible retirees will elect to receive coverage upon retirement. Other assumptions are as follows:

| Discount rate | 3.65 percent |
|------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Average retirement age | 65 years |
| Salary increases | Graded scale based on service |
| Amortization period | 20 years |

Note 14. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)-Local Health Insurance (Continued)

School Board

In the actuarial valuation for the year ended June 30, 2023, the cost method used to determine OPEB liability was individual entry age normal level percent of salary. All active and former employees who are potentially eligible to receive healthcare benefits as a retiree were included in the calculations.

All assumptions attempt to represent the best estimate of anticipated experience under the plan. Retirement, mortality, and termination rates are the rates used for the June 30, 2022 Actuarial Valuation of the Virginia Retirement System. No disability rates were assumed. Per capita claims costs include medical, dental, and prescription drug coverages and are based on the 2021 healthcare premiums provided by the School Board.

It is assumed that 25% of eligible retirees will elect to receive coverage upon retirement. There is a closed group of retirees who are receiving a direct subsidy until age 65. It is assumed that 80% of active participants will select spouse coverage at retirement. Female spouses are assumed to be 3 years younger than their husbands. Other assumptions are as follows:

Discount rate 3.65 percent

Medical trend rate 4.9 percent - 4.10 percent over 52 years

Salary growth rate 2.0 percent

Funding Status and Funding Progress

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and healthcare cost trends. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Discount Rate and Municipal Bond Rate

Pursuant to GASB 75, the discount rate for unfunded plans should be a yield or index rate for 20-year, tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher (or equivalent quality on another rating scale). The Bond Buyer's 20 bond index is often cited as an appropriate benchmark. A discount rate of 3.65% and 3.65% was used for the City and School valuations, respectively.

Note 14. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)-Local Health Insurance (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability using the discount rate, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate:

| | 1.00% Decrease (2.65%) | Current Discount Rate (3.65%) | 1.00% Increase (4.65%) |
|---|---------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Primary Government Total OPEB Liability | \$ 166,905 | \$ 154,285 | \$ 142,679 |
| | 1.00% Decrease (2.65%) | Current Discount Rate (3.65%) | 1.00% Increase (4.65%) |
| School Board Total OPEB Liability | \$ 335,829 | \$ 302,105 | \$ 272,115 |

Changes in Total OPEB Liability

| | Primary Government | | Component Unit School Board | |
|---|-----------------------|---------|-----------------------------|----------|
| Balances at June 30, 2022 | \$ | 148,812 | \$ | 305,087 |
| Changes for the year | | | | |
| Service cost | | 5,587 | | 17,140 |
| Interest | | 5,298 | | 11,010 |
| Effect of plan changes | | - | | - |
| Effect of econocmic/demographics gains or losses | | - | | - |
| Effect of assumptions chnages or inputs | | 4,189 | | (8,505) |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions | | (9,601) | | (22,627) |
| Net changes | Market . | 5,473 | | (2,982) |
| Balances at June 30, 2023 | \$ | 154,285 | \$ | 302,105 |

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB liability to Changes in the Healthcare Trend Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability using the current healthcare trend rate, which varies by year, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate:

| | Decrease end Rate | Cur | rent Trend Rate | % Increase Γrend Rate |
|---|-----------------------|-----|--------------------|------------------------------|
| Primary Government Total OPEB Liability | \$ 136,453 | \$ | 154,285 | \$ 175,765 |
| School Board Total OPEB Liability | \$ 258,461 | \$ | 302,105 | \$ 356,127 |

Note 14. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)-Local Health Insurance (Continued)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB - Health Insurance

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the Primary Government recognized OPEB - Health Insurance expense of \$19,308. At June 30, 2023, the City reported \$51,543 deferred outflows of resources and \$(11,957) deferred inflows of resources for changes in assumptions related to OPEB - Health Insurance. Amounts currently reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in expense as follows:

| Year ended June 30 | |
|--------------------|--------------|
| 2024 | \$ 8,423 |
| 2025 | 8,423 |
| 2026 | 8,423 |
| 2027 | 8,423 |
| 2028 | 5,894 |
| Thereafter | |
| | \$ 39,586 |

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the School Board recognized OPEB - Health Insurance expense of \$39,361. At June 30, 2022, the School Board reported \$69,921 deferred outflows of resources and \$(57,881) deferred inflows of resources for changes in assumptions related to OPEB - Health Insurance. Amounts currently reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in expense as follows:

| \$ 5,907 |
|---------------|
| 5,244 |
| 5,244 |
| (1,154) |
| (7,606) |
| (9,890) |
| \$ (2,255) |
| \$ |

Note 15. Other Post-Employment Benefits Liability-Virginia Retirement System Plans

In addition to their participation in the pension plans offered through the Virginia Retirement System (VRS), the City of Norton and Norton City School Board also participates in various cost-sharing and agent multi-employer other postemployment benefit plans, described as follows:

Plan Descriptions

Group Life Insurance Program

All full-time, teachers and employees of political subdivisions are automatically covered by the VRS Group Life Insurance (GLI) Program upon employment.

In addition to the Basic Group Life Insurance Benefit, members are also eligible to elect additional coverage for themselves as well as a spouse or dependent children through the Optional Group Life Insurance Program. For members who elect the optional group life insurance coverage, the insurer bills employers directly for the premiums. Employers deduct these premiums from members' paychecks and pay the premiums to the insurer. Since this is a separate and fully insured program, it is not included as part of the GLI Program OPEB.

Note 15. Other Post-Employment Benefits Liability-Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

Plan Descriptions (Continued)

Group Life Insurance Program (Continued)

Specific information for the GLI is available at https://www.varetire.org/members/benefits/life-insurance/basic-group-life-insurance.asp

Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program

All full time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Program. Members earn one month of service credit toward the benefit for each month they are employed and for which their employer pays contributions to VRS. The health insurance credit is a tax-free reimbursement in an amount set by the General Assembly for each year of service credit against qualified health insurance premiums retirees pay for single coverage, excluding any portion covering the spouse or dependents. The credit cannot exceed the amount of the premiums and ends upon the retiree's death.

Specific information about the Teacher HIC is available at https://www.varetire.org/retirees/insurance/healthinscredit/index.asp

Teacher Employee Virginia Local Disability Program

All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions who are in the VRS Hybrid Retirement Plan benefit structure and whose employer has not elected to opt out of the VRS-sponsored program are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Employee Virginia Local Disability Program. This plan is administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pension and other OPEB plans, for eligible public employer groups in the commonwealth of Virginia. School divisions are required by Title 51.1 of the Code of Virginia, as amended to provided short-term and long-term disability benefits for their Hybrid employees either through a local plan or through the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP).

Specific information about the Teacher VLDP is available at: https://www.varetirement.org/hybrid/benefits/disability/virginia-local-disability-program.html

The GLI, Teacher HIC, and Teacher VLDP are administered by the VRS along with pensions and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. These plans are considered multiple employer, cost sharing plans.

Note 15. Other Post-Employment Benefits Liability-Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

Line of Duty Act Program

All paid employees and volunteers in hazardous duty positions in Virginia localities and hazardous duty employees who are covered under the VRS are automatically covered by the Line of Duty Act Program (LODA). As required by statute, the VRS is responsible for managing the assets of the program. Participating employers made contributions to the program beginning in 2012. The employer contributions are determined by the VRS actuary using anticipated program costs and the number of covered individuals associated with all participating employers. The LODA is considered a multiple employer, cost sharing plan.

Specific information about the LODA is available at https://www.valoda.org/

Contributions

Contributions to the VRS OPEB programs were based on actuarially determined rates from actuarial valuations as of June 30, 2021. The actuarially determined rates were expected to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to fund any unfunded accrued liability. Specific details related to the contributions for the VRS OPEB programs are as follows:

| Group : | Lite . | Insurance | Pro | gram |
|---------|--------|-----------|-----|------|
| | | | | |

| Governed by: | Code of Virginia 51.1-506 and 51.1-508, as amended but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to school divisions and governmental agencies by the Virginia General Assembly |
|----------------------------|---|
| Total rate: | 1.34 % of covered employee compensation. Rate allocated 60/40; 0.80% employee and 0.54% employer. Employers may elect to pay all or part of the employee contribution. |
| June 30, 2023 Contribution | \$ 23,312-City General Employees \$ 2,452-School Board-Non-Professionals \$ 26,561-School Board-Professionals |
| June 30, 2022 Contribution | \$ 21,484-City General Employees \$ 2,195-Schoo\ Board-Non-Professionals \$ 24,641-School Board-Professionals |

In June 2022, the Commonwealth made a special contribution of approximately \$30.4 million to the Group Life Insurance plan. This special contribution was authorized by a Budget Amendment included in Chapter 1 of the 2022 Appropriation Act.

Note 15. Other Post-Employment Benefits Liability-Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

Teacher Health Insurance Credit Program

| Governed by: | Code of Virginia 51.1-1401(E), as amended |
|----------------------------|--|
| | but may be impacted as a result of funding |
| | provided to school divisions by the Virginia |
| | General Assembly. |
| Total rate: | 1.21% of covered employee compensation. |
| June 30, 2023 Contribution | \$ 59,517 |
| June 30, 2022 Contribution | \$ 55,214 |

Teacher Employee Virginia Local Disability Program

| Governed by: | Code of Virginia 51.1-1178(C) and may be impacted as a result of funding provided to school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. |
|----------------------------|---|
| Total rate: | 0.47 % of covered employee compensation. |
| June 30, 2023 Contribution | \$ 8,049 |
| June 30, 2022 Contribution | \$ 8,023 |

Line of Duty Act Program

| Ellie of Duty Met 1 Togram | |
|----------------------------|---|
| Governed by: | Code of Virginia 9-1-400.1 and may be impacted as a result of funding provided to governmental agencies by the Virginia General Assembly. |
| Total rate: | \$681.84 per covered full-time-equivalent employee. Based on pay-as-you-go funding rate. |
| June 30, 2023 Contribution | \$ 25,740 |
| June 30, 2022 Contribution | \$ 25,470 |

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense and Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2022 and the total OPEB liabilities used to calculate the net OPEB liabilities were determined by actuarial valuations performed as of June 30, 2021, and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2022. The covered employer's proportion of the net OPEB liabilities, except for LODA, were based on the covered employer's actuarially determined employer contributions for the year ended June 30, 2022 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. LODA proportion was determined based on pay-as-you-go employer contributions instead of actuarially determined contributions.

Note 15. Other Post-Employment Benefits Liability-Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

Group Life Insurance Program

| Group Ene matrice Fregram | |
|--|--|
| June 30, 2022 proportionate share of liability | \$220,229-City General Employees \$ 22,517-School Board-Non-Professionals \$252,619-School Board-Professionals |
| June 30, 2022 proportion | 0.01829%-City General Employees 0.00187%-School Board-Non-Professionals 0.02098%-School Board-Professionals |
| June 30, 2021 proportion | 0.01766%-City General Employees 0.00153%-School Board-Non-Professionals 0.01913%-School Board-Professionals |
| June 30, 2022 expense | \$ 9,047-City General Employees \$ 2,529-School Board-Non-Professionals \$ 8,269-School Board Professionals |

Teacher Health Insurance Credit Program

| June 30, 2022 proportionate share of liability | \$611,533 |
|--|-----------|
| | |
| June 30, 2022 proportion | 0.04896% |
| June 30, 2021 proportion | 0.04467% |
| June 30, 2022 expense | \$47,824 |

Teacher Employee Virginia Local Disability Program

| June 30, 2022 proportionate share of | |
|--------------------------------------|----------|
| liability(asset) | \$(238) |
| June 30, 2022 proportion | 0.21209% |
| June 30, 2021 proportion | 0.22348% |
| June 30, 2022 expense | \$6,083 |

Line of Duty Act Program

| Bille of Buty Het Hogium | |
|--|-----------|
| June 30, 2022 proportionate share of liability | \$699,878 |
| June 30, 2022 proportion | 0.18493% |
| June 30, 2021 proportion | 0.18105% |
| June 30, 2022 expense | \$80,314 |

Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the OPEB expense above was related to deferred amount from changes in proportion.

Note 15. Other Post-Employment Benefits Liability-Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

At June 30, 2023, the City of Norton reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources.

Group Life Insurance Program-City General Employees

| | Deferred | | | eferred |
|---|---|----------|-----------|----------|
| | Outflows of | | In | flows of |
| | Re | esources | Resources | |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | \$ | 17,439 | \$ | 8,835 |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings OPEB plan investments | | - | | 13,761 |
| Changes in assumptions | | 8,214 | | 21,451 |
| Changes in proportion and differences between Employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions | | 16,629 | | 2,710 |
| Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date | *************************************** | 23,312 | | - |
| Total | \$ | 65,594 | \$ | 46,757 |

Group Life Insurance Program-School Board-Non-Professionals

| | | eferred flows of sources | Deferred Inflows of Resources | |
|---|----------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------|
| Differences between expected and actual experience | \$ 1,783 | | \$ | 903 |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings OPEB program investments | | - | | 1,407 |
| Changes in assumptions | | 840 | | 2,193 |
| Changes in proportion and differences between Employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions | | 7,442 | | 5 |
| Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date | | 2,452 | | |
| Total | \$ | 12,517 | \$ | 4,508 |

Note 15. Other Post-Employment Benefits Liability-Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

Group Life Insurance Program-School Board-Professionals

| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | Deferred Outflows of Resources | | Deferred Inflows of Resources | |
|---|--------------------------------|--------|-------------------------------------|--------|
| Differences between expected and actual experience | \$ | 20,004 | \$ | 10,134 |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings OPEB program investments | \ | - | | 15,785 |
| Changes in assumptions | | 9,422 | | 24,606 |
| Changes in proportion and differences between Employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions | | 33,787 | | 12,353 |
| Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date | | 26,561 | | - |
| Total | \$ | 89,774 | \$ | 62,878 |

Teacher Health Insurance Credit Program

| | Deferred Outflows of Resources | | Deferred Inflows of Resources | |
|---|--------------------------------|---------|-------------------------------------|--------|
| Differences between expected and actual experience | \$ | - | \$ | 24,927 |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings OPEB program investments | | - | | 614 |
| Changes in assumptions | | 17,866 | | 1,562 |
| Changes in proportion and differences between Employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions | | 73,777 | | 35,917 |
| Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date | | 59,517 | | |
| Total | \$ | 151,160 | \$ | 63,020 |

Note 15. Other Post-Employment Benefits Liability-Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

Teacher Employee Virginia Local Disability Program

| | Deferred | | De | ferred |
|---|-----------------------|--------|----------------------|--------|
| | Outflows of Resources | | Inflows of Resources | |
| | | | | |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | \$ | 2,812 | \$ | 724 |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings OPEB program investments | | - | | 66 |
| Changes in assumptions | | 711 | | - |
| Changes in proportion and differences between Employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions | | 264 | | - |
| Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date | | 8,049 | | - |
| Total | \$ | 11,836 | \$ | 790 |

Line of Duty Act Program

| | Deferred | | - | Deferred |
|---|-------------|---------|------------|----------|
| | Outflows of | | Inflows of | |
| | Resources | | Resources | |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | \$ | 53,770 | \$ | 130,806 |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings OPEB program investments | | - | | 2,993 |
| Changes in assumptions | | 195,176 | | 172,622 |
| Changes in proportion and differences between Employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions | | 101,649 | | 67,297 |
| Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date | | - | | _ |
| Total | \$ | 350,595 | \$ | 373,718 |
| | | | | |

Note 15. Other Post-Employment Benefits Liability-Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

The deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from the City of Norton and Norton City School's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

| Group | Life | Insurance | Prog | gram |
|-------|------|-----------|------|------|
| | | | | |

| | Increase (Reduction) to OPEB Expense | | | | | | |
|--------------------|--------------------------------------|---------|-----------------------------|--------|-------------------------------|---------|--|
| | - | | S | school | | | |
| Year ended June 30 | City General Employees | | Board Non- Professionals | | School Board Professionals | | |
| 2024 | \$ | (1,601) | \$ | 1,415 | \$ | (4,408) | |
| 2025 | | (602) | | 1,426 | | (609) | |
| 2026 | | (7,427) | | 493 | | (6,023) | |
| 2027 | | 5,343 | | 1,606 | | 8,974 | |
| 2028 | | (188) | | 617 | | 2,401 | |
| Thereafter | | | | | | | |
| | \$ | (4,475) | _\$ | 5,557 | _\$ | 335 | |

Teacher Health Insurance Credit Program

| Year ended June 30 | (Red | luction) to B Expense |
|--------------------|------|--------------------------|
| 2024 | \$ | (2,915) |
| 2025 | | (1,342) |
| 2026 | | 3,700 |
| 2027 | | 11,100 |
| 2028 | | 10,526 |
| Thereafter | | 7,554 |
| | \$ | 28,623 |
| | | |

Line of Duty Act Program

| Year ended June 30 | | | Increase (Reduction) to OPEB Expense | | | | |
|--------------------|---|----|--|--|--|--|--|
| 2024 | | \$ | 8,609 | | | | |
| 2025 | | | 8,673 | | | | |
| 2026 | | | 8,741 | | | | |
| 2027 | | | 5,307 | | | | |
| 2028 | | | (2,902) | | | | |
| Thereafter | _ | | (51,551) | | | | |
| | | \$ | (23,123) | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |

Note 15. Other Post-Employment Benefits Liability-Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability was determined using the following assumptions based on an actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2021, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2022:

| Inflation | 2.5% |
|--|------------------------------------|
| Salary increases, including inflation: | 3.5 - 5.35% |
| Locality-general employeesLocality - hazardous duty employees | 3.5 – 3.55% |
| • Teachers | 3.5 - 5.95% |
| Healthcare cost trend rates: | |
| Under age 65 | 7.75 - 5.75% |
| • Age 65 and older | 5.75 – 3.75% |
| Investment rate of return, net of expenses, Including inflation | GLI, HIC, & VLDP 6.75%; LODA 3.69% |

Mortality rates used for the various VRS OPEB plans are the same as those used for the actuarial valuations of the VRS pension plans. The mortality rates are discussed in detail at Note 12.

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Note 15. Other Post-Employment Benefits Liability-Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

Net OPEB Liabilities

The net OPEB liabilities represent each program's total OPEB liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, less the associated fiduciary net position. As of the measurement date of June 30, 2022, net OPEB liability amounts for the various VRS OPEB programs are as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

| | Group Life | | Teacher | | | Teacher | Line of | | |
|-----------------------------|------------|-----------|---------|-----------|----|----------|---------|----------|--|
| | | Insurance | | Employee | | Employee | | Duty Act | |
| | | Program | | HIC | | VLDP | | Program | |
| Total OPEB Liability | \$ | 3,672,085 | \$ | 1,470,891 | \$ | 7,207 | \$ | 385,669 | |
| Plan fiduciary net position | | 2,467,989 | | 221,845 | | 7,320 | | 7,214 | |
| Employers' net OPEB | | | | | | | | | |
| liability (asset) | \$ | 1,204,096 | \$ | 1,249,046 | \$ | (113) | \$ | 378,455 | |
| Plan fiduciary net position | | | | | | | | | |
| as a percentage of total | | | | | | | | | |
| OPEB liability | | 67.21% | | 15.08% | | 101,57% | | 1.87% | |

The total liability is calculated by the VRS actuary and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the VRS financial statements. The net OPEB liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 74 in the VRS notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

Group Life Insurance Program

The long-term expected rate of return on VRS investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Note 15. Other Post-Employment Benefits Liability-Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return (Continued

Group Life Insurance Program (Continued)

| | | | Weighted |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------|---------------|---------------|
| | | Arithmetic | Average Long- |
| | | Long-Term | Term Expected |
| | Target | Expected Rate | Rate of |
| Asset Class (Strategy) | Allocation | of Return | Return* |
| | | | |
| Public Equity | 34.00% | 5.71% | 1.94% |
| Fixed Income | 15.00% | 2.04% | 0.31% |
| Credit Strategies | 14.00% | 4.78% | 0.67% |
| Real Assets | 14.00% | 4.47% | 0.63% |
| Private Equity | 14.00% | 9.73% | 1.36% |
| MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies | 6.00% | 3.73% | 0.22% |
| PIP - Private Investment Partnership | 3.00% | 6.55% | 0.20% |
| | 100.00% | | 5.33% |
| | Inflation | | 2.50% |
| | * Expected arithm | 7.83% | |

^{*} The above allocation provides for a one-year return of 7.83%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected rate of return for the system, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. The results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 6.72%, including expected inflation of 2.50%. **On October 10, 2019, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of 6.75% which is roughly at the 40th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation at the time. Providing a median return of 7.11%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Line of Duty Act Program

The long-term expected rate of return on the LODA Program's investments was set at 3.69% for this valuation. Since LODA is funded on a current-disbursement basis, it is not able to use the VRS pooled investments 6.75% assumption noted above. Instead, the assumed annual rate of return of 3.69% was used since it approximates the risk-free rate of return. The Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) is the applicable municipal bond index rate based on the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index as of the measurement date of June 30, 2022.

Note 15. Other Post-Employment Benefits Liability-Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the GLI, HIC, and VLDP OPEB liabilities was 6.75%. The discount rate used to measure the LODA OPEB liability was 3.69% The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System member contributions will be made per the VRS Guidance and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022, the rate contributed by the employer for the OPEB liabilities will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly. From July 1, 2022 on, participating employers are assumed to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plans' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liabilities of the City of Norton, as well as what the City's net OPEB liabilities would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75% GLI; HIC; VLDP/2.69% LODA) or one percentage point higher (7.75% GLI; HIC; VLDP /4.69% LODA) than the current discount rate:

| | 1% Decrease (5.75%) | | rrent Rate (6.75%) | 1% Increase (7.75%) | | |
|--|------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------|------------------------------|--|
| GLI Net OPEB Liability City - General Employee School Board - Non-Professionals School Board - Professionals | \$ | 320,459 32,764 367,591 | \$ 220,229 22,517 252,619 | \$ | 139,230 14,235 159,707 | |
| Teacher HIC Net OPEB Liability | \$ | 689,205 | \$ 611,533 | \$ | 545,693 | |
| Teacher VLDP Net OPEB Liability | \$ | 1,728 | \$ (238) | \$ | (1,939) | |
| | | Decrease 2.69%) | rrent Rate (3.69%) | | % Increase (4.69%) | |
| LODA Net OPEB Liability | \$ | 798,904 | \$ 699,878 | \$ | 618,863 | |

Note 15. Other Post-Employment Benefits Liability-Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

Sensitivity of the LODA Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

Because the Line of Duty Act Program (LODA) contains provisions for the payment of health insurance premiums, the liabilities are also impacted by the health care trend rates. The following presents the LODA net OPEB liability of the City of Norton using health care trend rate of 7.00% decreasing to 4.75%, as well as what the City's LODA net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower (6.00% decreasing to 3.75%) or one percentage point higher (8.00% decreasing to 5.75%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

| | 1.00% Decrease (6.00% decreasing to 3.75%) | | Ra dec | rent Trend te (7.00% creasing to 4.75%) | 1.00% Increase (8.00% decreasing to 5.75%) | |
|--|---|---------|-----------|--|---|---------|
| Covered employers proportionate share of the | | _ | | | | |
| LODA Net OPEB Liability | \$ | 589,799 | \$ | 699,878 | \$ | 838,043 |

The remainder of this page intentionally left blank.

Note 16. Summary of Pension and Other Postemployment Benefit Elements

| | | overnmental Business-Type Total Prim Activities Activities Governmental | | • • | | ** | | - | • | |
|---|-----------|---|----|--------|----|---------|-----------|-----------|---|--|
| Net pension asset | | | | | | | | | | |
| VRS-Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Schools-Non-Professionals) | \$ | 463,910 | \$ | 68,586 | \$ | 532,496 | \$ | 758,098 | | |
| Total net pension asset | \$ | 463,910 | \$ | 68,586 | \$ | 532,496 | \$ | 758,098 | | |
| Deferred outflows of resources - Related to Pensions | | | | | | | | | | |
| Changes in assumptions | | | | | | | | | | |
| VRS-Defined Benefit Pension Plan-General Employees | \$ | 211,656 | \$ | 31,292 | | 242,948 | \$ | - | | |
| VRS-Defined Benefit Pension Plan-School Board Teachers | | - | | - | | - | | 1,080,203 | | |
| VRS-Defined Benefit Pension Plan-School Board Non-Prof | | | | | | - | | - | | |
| Change in proportion and difference between Employer | | | | | | | | | | |
| Difference in projected and actual expenses: | | | | | | | | | | |
| VRS-Defined Benefit Pension Plan-School Board Teachers | | - | | - | | - | | - | | |
| Employer Contributions after the measurement date: | | | | | | | | | | |
| VRS-Defined Benefit Pension Plan-General Employees | | 342,241 | | 50,598 | | 392,839 | | - | | |
| VRS-Defined Benefit Pension Plan-School Board Teachers | | | | | | - | | 817,497 | | |
| VRS-Defined Benefit Pension Plan-School Board Non-Prof | | - | | - | | - | | - | | |
| Total deferred outflow of resources - Pensions | \$ | 553,897 | \$ | 81,890 | \$ | 635,787 | \$ | 1,897,700 | | |
| Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB | | | | | | | | | | |
| Deferred outflow-Differences in expected/actual and assumptions | | | | | | | | | | |
| VRS-LODA | \$ | 350,595 | \$ | _ | \$ | 350,595 | \$ | - | | |
| VRS-GLI-General Employees | • | 42,282 | • | 552 | • | 42,834 | | - | | |
| HIC-Schools-Teachers | | , - | | _ | | · - | | 91,643 | | |
| HIC-Schools-Non-Professionals | | - | | _ | | - | | 1,038 | | |
| VRS-GLI-Schools-non-Professionals | | _ | | - | | _ | | 10,065 | | |
| VRS-GLI-Schools-Professionals | | - | | _ | | | | 62,213 | | |
| Local Health | | 52,993 | | 673 | | 53,666 | | 69,921 | | |
| Deferred outflow-Contributions after the measurement date | | , | | | | , | | , | | |
| VRS-LODA | | 25,740 | | _ | | 25,740 | | - | | |
| VRS-GLI-General Employees | | 23,312 | | 304 | | 23,616 | | - | | |
| HIC-Schools-Teachers | | , | | | | | | 59,517 | | |
| HIC-Schools-Non-Professionals | | | | | | - | | 4,223 | | |
| VLDP-Schools-Teachers | | | | | | _ | | - | | |
| VRS-GLI-Schools-non-Professionals | | | | | | _ | | 2,452 | | |
| VRS-GLI-Schools-Professionals | | - | | - | | - | | 26,561 | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total deferred outflow of resources - OPEB | \$ | 494,922 | \$ | 1,529 | \$ | 496,451 | <u>\$</u> | 327,633 | | |
| Net pension liability | | | | | | | | | | |
| VRS-Defined Benefit Pension Plan | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | | |
| VRS-Cost Sharing-Multiple Employer-School Board Teachers | | - | | | | | | 4,690,799 | | |
| Total net pension liability | <u>\$</u> | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 4,690,799 | | |

Note 16. Summary of Pension and Other Postemployment Benefit Elements (Continued)

| | Governmental Activities | | Business-Type Activities | | Total Primary Government | | Component Unit (School Board) | |
|---|-------------------------|-----------|--------------------------|--------|--------------------------|-----------|-------------------------------|-----------|
| Net OPEB liability | | | | | | | | |
| Local Health | \$ | 154,285 | \$ | 2,014 | \$ | 156,299 | \$ | 305,087 |
| VRS-LODA | | 699,878 | | - | | 699,878 | | - |
| VRS-GLI-General Employees | | 220,229 | | 2,876 | | 223,105 | | |
| HIC-Schools-Teachers | | - | | - | | - | | 611,533 |
| HIC-Schools-Non-Professionals | | - | | - | | - | | 25,196 |
| VLDP-Schools-Teachers VRS-GLI-Schools-non-Professionals | | - | | - | | - | | 17,813 |
| | | - | | - | | - | | |
| VRS-GLI-Schools-Professionals | _ | | | - | | | | 252,619 |
| Total net OPEB liability | \$ | 1,074,392 | <u>\$</u> | 4,890 | \$ | 1,079,282 | \$ | 1,212,248 |
| Deferred inflows of resources - Related to Pensions | | | | | | | | |
| Deferred inflow-Differences in expected/ actual and assumptions | | | | | | | | |
| VRS-Defined Benefit Pension Plan-General Employees | \$ | 661,535 | \$ | 97,804 | | 759,339 | \$ | - |
| VRS-Defined Benefit Pension Plan-School Board Teachers | | | | | | _ | | - |
| VRS-Defined Benefit Pension Plan-School Board Non-Prof | | | | | | - | | 76,979 |
| Changes in Assumptions | | | | | | | | |
| VRS-Defined Benefit Pension Plan-General Employees | | | | | | - | | - |
| VRS-Defined Benefit Pension Plan-School Board Teachers | | | | | | - | | 1,061,400 |
| VRS-Defined Benefit Pension Plan-School Board Non-Prof | | | | | | - | | - |
| Change in proportion and difference between Employer | | | | | | | | |
| Contributions and proportionat share of contributions: | | | | | | | | |
| VRS-Defined Benefit Pension Plan-School Board Teachers | | - | | - | | _ | | - |
| Total deferred inflow of resources - Pensions | \$ | 661,535 | \$ | 97,804 | \$ | 759,339 | \$ | 1,138,379 |
| Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB | | | | | | | | |
| Deferred inflow-Differences in expected/actual and assumptions | | | | | | | | |
| Local Health | \$ | 11,957 | \$ | 156 | | 12,113 | \$ | 57,881 |
| VRS-LODA | * | 373,718 | • | | | 373,718 | • | - |
| VRS-GLI-General Employees | | 46,757 | | 611 | | 47,368 | | - |
| HIC-Schools-Teachers | | | | | | - | | 63,020 |
| HIC-Schools-Non-Prof | | | | | | - | | 364 |
| VRS-GLI-Schools-non-Professionals | | | | | | - | | 4,508 |
| VRS-GLI-Schools-Professionals | | | | _ | | <u>-</u> | | 62,878 |
| Total deferred inflow of resources - OPEB | \$ | 432,432 | \$ | 767 | \$ | 433,199 | \$ | 188,651 |

Note 17. Commitments and Contingencies

Litigation- In regard to litigation involving the City of Norton, Virginia, we are not aware of any material contingent liabilities that could affect the financial statements.

Note 18. Risk Management

The City maintains general liability, auto and workers' compensation insurance coverage through the Virginia Municipal Liability Pool. Other insurance coverage (including fire, equipment, police liability, public officials liability and workers' compensation and accidental death on volunteer fireman) is maintained through commercial insurance companies.

Note 19. Surety Bonds

| Amount | |
|---|---------------|
| National Grange Mutual Insurance Company - Surety | |
| *Barbara Muir, Treasurer | \$ 200,000 |
| Kristy Wells, Deputy Treasurer | 100,000 |
| National Grange Mutual Insurance Company - Surety | |
| Fred Ramey, City Manager | 200,000 |
| Jeffery Shupe, Director of Finance | 100,000 |
| Mayor and City Council | \$ 10,000 |
| All City employees – blanket bond | 10,000 |
| Virginia Association of Counties Self Insurance Risk Pool (VaCorp): | |
| Norton City School Employees – blanket bond | 250,000 |
| Selective Insurance Company of America: | |
| Abe Rutherford, Director (Social Services) | 100,000 |
| Elizabeth Fleming, Office Manager | 100,000 |
| All social workers | 100,000 |
| All employees other than Director, Office Manager, and social workers | 90,000 |

^{*}The coverage in respect to the Treasurer of the City does not apply to pecuniary loss sustained by the City by reason or in consequence of the failure of the Treasurer to faithfully and fully discharge according to law the duties pertaining to said position.

Note 20. Encumbrances Outstanding

Outstanding encumbrances of the proprietary fund types are not reflected in the accompanying financial statements as a reservation of retained earnings, in keeping with the fund type's measurement focus. However, encumbrances accounting is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration for the City's governmental type funds. At June 30, 2022, certain amounts which were restricted, committed, or assigned for specific purposes have been encumbered in the governmental funds. Encumbrances included in governmental fund balances are as follows:

PRIMARY GOVERNMENT

Encumbrances Included In:

| | F | Restricted Fund | Committed Fund | | | | Assigned Fund |
|---------------------------------|----|--------------------|-------------------|---------|---|----|------------------|
| | | Balance | | Balance | | | Balance |
| General Fund for Capital Assets | \$ | - | \$ | - | | \$ | 449,258 |
| General Fund for Other Purposes | | - | | - | - | | 15,321 |
| Total Encumbrances | \$ | - | \$ | - | - | \$ | 464,579 |

COMPONENT UNIT-SCHOOL BOARD

Encumbrances Included In:

| | | Restricted | Committed | Assigned |
|--------------------------------|----|------------|-----------|----------|
| | | Fund | Fund | Fund |
| | | Balance | Balance | Balance |
| School Fund for Capital Assets | \$ | 1,477,343 | \$ | \$ |
| School Fund for Other Purposes | | 400,933 | | |
| Total Encumbrances | \$ | 1,878,276 | \$ | \$ |

Note 21. Deficit Unrestricted Net Position

The Water and Sewer Fund had a deficit unrestricted net position of \$(437,726) at June 30, 2023; however, when considering the net investment in capital assets, while excluding restricted amounts, it has a positive overall net position of \$8,945,565.

Note 22. Restatement of Prior Financial Statements:

The City implemented provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board No., *Subscription-Based IT Arrangements (SBITAs)*. during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. The implementation had no material effect on prior financials.

Note 23. Adoption of new accounting principle:

Effective July 1, 2022, the City adopted Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based IT Arrangements (SBITAs). The following discussion provides the City's accounting policy regarding lease statements. During the year of implementation of GASB 96, SBITAs have been recognized and measured using the facts and circumstances that existed at the beginning of the year of implementation (i.e., as of July 1, 2022). GASB Statement No. 96, SBITAs requires recognition of certain subscription assets and liabilities for certain contracts that convey control of the right to use another party's (a SBITA vendor's) information technology (IT) software, alone or in combination with tangible capital assets (the underlying IT assets), as specified in the contract for a period of time in an exchanges or exchange-like transaction. No restatement of prior year net position was required as a result of this implementation.

Note 24. Future Accounting Pronouncements

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued the following Statements which are not yet effective. The effective dates below are updated based on **Statement No. 95**, *Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance* due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

In June 2022, the GASB issued **Statement No. 100**, *Accounting Changes and Error Corrections*. This Statement requires disclosure in notes to financial statements of descriptive information about accounting changes and error corrections, such as their nature. In addition, information about the quantitative effects on beginning balances of each accounting change and error correction should be disclosed by reporting unit in a tabular format to reconcile beginning balances as previously reported to beginning balances as restated. The requirements of this Statement are effective for accounting changes and error corrections made in fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter. Earlier application is encouraged.

In June 2022, the GASB issued **Statement No. 101**, *Compensated Absences*. This statement updates the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences and amends certain previously required disclosures. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2023.

Management has not determined the effects these new GASB Statements may have on prospective financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Year Ended June 30, 2023

| | | | | | iance with | |
|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|------------|------------|--|
| | Budgeted | Amounts | | | Positive | |
| | Original | Final | Actual | (Negative) | | |
| Revenues | | | | | | |
| General property taxes | \$ 3,132,900 | \$ 3,132,900 | \$ 3,582,626 | \$ | 449,726 | |
| Other local taxes | 5,078,000 | 5,078,000 | 5,783,291 | | 705,291 | |
| Permits, privelage fees and regulatory licenses | 5,850 | 5,850 | 8,949 | | 3,099 | |
| Fines and forfeitures | 20,750 | 20,750 | 390 | | (20,360) | |
| Revenue from use of money and property | 47,500 | 47,500 | 204,540 | | 157,040 | |
| Chares for services | 419,500 | 429,700 | 421,539 | | (8,161) | |
| Miscellaneous | 24,650 | 102,350 | 151,116 | | 48,766 | |
| Recovered costs | 153,950 | 183,950 | 109,768 | | (74,182) | |
| Intergovernmental | 1,877,491 | 5,878,816 | 5,377,702 | | (501,114) | |
| Total revenue | \$ 10,760,591 | \$ 14,879,816 | \$ 15,639,921 | \$ | 760,105 | |
| Expenditures | | | | | | |
| General government and administration | \$ 1,919,827 | \$ 2,127,827 | \$ 2,190,480 | \$ | (62,653) | |
| Public safety | 2,969,565 | 3,262,978 | 3,609,449 | | (346,471) | |
| Public works | 1,863,800 | 2,423,300 | 2,447,310 | | (24,010) | |
| Health and welfare | 107,755 | 142,755 | 123,892 | | 18,863 | |
| Education | 2,925,988 | 2,980,597 | 2,943,090 | | 37,507 | |
| Parks, recreation and cultural | 554,334 | 941,009 | 876,033 | | 64,976 | |
| Community development | 162,647 | 2,903,147 | 2,807,850 | | 95,297 | |
| Debt service | 232,675 | 232,675 | 234,301 | | (1,626) | |
| Total expenditures | 10,736,591 | 15,014,288 | 15,232,405 | | (218,117) | |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | | | | | |
| Sale of property | 6,000 | 6,000 | 4,861 | | (1,139) | |
| Insurance recovories | 10,000 | 35,000 | 34,675 | | (325) | |
| Loan proceeds | - | - | - | | - | |
| Prior year surplus | 200,000 | 632,972 | - | | (632,972) | |
| Transfers in (out) | (240,000) | (539,500) | (356,301) | | 183,199 | |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | (24,000) | 134,472 | (316,765) | | (451,237) | |
| Net change in fund balance | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 90,751 | \$ | 90,751 | |

Note:

Budgetary Basis Reporting - For financial statement reporting (GAAP-basis), fringe benefits are allocated to each function in the general fund. For budgetary basis reporting, all fringe benefits are reported in the general government function.

CITY OF NORTON, VIRGINIA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS (Unaudited) – PRIMARY GOVERNMENT June 30, 2023

Primary Government

| | Plan Year | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--------------|----------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--|--|
| | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | | |
| Total Pension Liability | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Service cost | 476,817 | 414,806 | 380,177 | 358,254 | 369,381 | 371,245 | 373,792 | 358,130 | 344,218 | | |
| Interest on total pension liability | 1,388,267 | 1,268,651 | 1,215,091 | 1,203,575 | 1,169,169 | 1,154,900 | 1,087,779 | 1,045,595 | 998,021 | | |
| Changes of assumptions | - | 581,435 | - | 534,098 | - | (36,556) | - | - | - | | |
| Difference between expected and actual experience | (156,589) | 27,128 | 42,691 | (459,633) | (242,689) | (584,750) | 226,076 | (54,102) | - | | |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions | (1,086,906) | (906,175) | (782,794) | (874,946) | (733,748) | (668,241) | (789,304) | (704,688) | (620,524) | | |
| Net change in total pension liability | 621,589 | 1,385,845 | 855,165 | 761,348 | 562,113 | 236,598 | 898,343 | 644,935 | 721,715 | | |
| Total pension liability - beginning | 20,633,760 | 19,247,915 | 18,392,750 | 17,631,402 | 17,069,289 | 16,832,691 | 15,934,348 | 15,289,413 | 14,567,698 | | |
| Total pension liability - ending | 21,255,349 | 20,633,760 | 19,247,915 | 18,392,750 | 17,631,402 | 17,069,289 | 16,832,691 | 15,934,348 | 15,289,413 | | |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Contributions - employer | 265,164 | 250,084 | 240,700 | 231,118 | 292,792 | 291,335 | 342,434 | 350,650 | 381,975 | | |
| Contributions - employee | 189,321 | 177,724 | 168,996 | 162,026 | 158,958 | 158,036 | 159,362 | 163,425 | 156,164 | | |
| Net investment income | (16,237) | 4,894,887 | 344,251 | 1,148,328 | 1,215,065 | 1,812,550 | 255,995 | 661,092 | 1,986,618 | | |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions | (1,086,906) | (906,175) | (782,794) | (874,946) | (733,748) | (668,241) | (789,304) | (704,688) | (620,524) | | |
| Administrative expenses | (14,061) | (12,305) | (11,797) | (11,537) | (10,503) | (10,466) | (9,317) | (9,107) | (10,842) | | |
| Other | 512 | 461 | (407) | (722) | (1,082) | (1,614) | (109) | (141) | 278_ | | |
| Net change in plan fiduciary net position | (662,207) | 4,404,676 | (41,051) | 654,267 | 921,482 | 1,581,600 | (40,939) | 461,231 | 1,893,669 | | |
| Plan fiduciary net position - beginning | 22,449,852 | 18,045,176 | 18,086,227 | 17,431,960 | 16,510,478 | 14,928,878 | 14,969,817 | 14,508,586 | 12,614,917 | | |
| Plan fiduciary net position - ending | 21,787,645 | 22,449,852 | 18,045,176 | 18,086,227 | 17,431,960 | 16,510,478 | 14,928,878 | 14,969,817 | 14,508,586 | | |
| Net pension liability - ending | \$ (532,296) | \$ (1,816,092) | \$ 1,202,739 | \$ 306,523 | \$ 199,442 | \$ 558,811 | \$ 1,903,813 | \$ 964,531 | \$ 780,827 | | |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability | 103% | 109% | 94% | 98% | 99% | 97% | 89% | 94% | 95% | | |
| Covered payroll | \$ 3,978,485 | \$ 3,681,822 | \$ 3,470,385 | \$ 3,321,537 | \$ 3,240,720 | \$ 3,307,908 | \$ 3,188,054 | \$ 3,141,999 | \$ 3,283,494 | | |
| Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll | -13% | -49% | 35% | 9% | 6% | 17% | 60% | 31% | 24% | | |

The plan years above are reported in the entity's financial statements in the fiscal year following the plan year - i.e., plan year 2022 information was presented in the entity's fiscal year 2023 financial report.

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since fiscal year 2015 (plan year 2014) was the first year for this presentation, no earlier data is available. Additional years will be included as they become available.

CITY OF NORTON, VIRGINIA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS (Unaudited) June 30, 2023

Schools - Non-Professional

| | Plan Year | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|--|--|
| | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | | |
| Total Pension Liability | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Service cost | \$ 27,197 | \$ 25,812 | \$ 23,949 | \$ 20,611 | \$ 23,095 | \$ 24,382 | \$ 26,225 | \$ 25,750 | \$ 25,638 | | |
| Interest on total pension liability | 111,065 | 111,814 | 117,880 | 117,881 | 127,099 | 126,215 | 124,818 | 125,981 | 123,727 | | |
| Changes of assumptions | - | 49,653 | - | 41,046 | - | (3,718) | - | - | - | | |
| Difference between expected and actual experience | (4,986) | (123,347) | (130,843) | (13,492) | (173,190) | (14,830) | (3,385) | (42,696) | - | | |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions | (103,868) | (100,576) | (101,152) | (106,206) | (111,185) | (127,660) | (127,735) | (123,556) | (110,787) | | |
| Net change in total pension liability | 29,408 | (36,644) | (90,166) | 59,840 | (134,181) | 4,389 | 19,923 | (14,521) | 38,578 | | |
| Total pension liability - beginning | 1,670,143 | 1,706,787 | 1,796,953 | 1,737,113 | 1,871,294 | 1,866,905 | 1,846,982 | 1,861,503 | 1,822,925 | | |
| Total pension liability - ending | 1,699,551 | 1,670,143 | 1,706,787 | 1,796,953 | 1,737,113 | 1,871,294 | 1,866,905 | 1,846,982 | 1,861,503 | | |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Contributions - employer | - | - | 498 | 543 | 4,214 | 4,714 | 17,138 | 18,142 | 9,616 | | |
| Contributions - employee | 18,150 | 14,460 | 12,333 | 11,597 | 10,562 | 11,619 | 12,385 | 13,127 | 12,521 | | |
| Net investment income | (1,476) | 559,165 | 40,105 | 135,517 | 148,249 | 226,795 | 32,002 | 88,847 | 278,238 | | |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions | (103,868) | (100,576) | (101,152) | (106,206) | (111,185) | (127,660) | (127,735) | (123,556) | (110,787) | | |
| Administrative expenses | (1,603) | (1,437) | (1,418) | (1,409) | (1,334) | (1,389) | (1,277) | (1,292) | (1,561) | | |
| Other | 58_ | 52 | (1,416) | (85) | (129) | (199) | (14) | (21) | 15 | | |
| Net change in plan fiduciary net position | (88,739) | 471,664 | (51,050) | 39,957 | 50,377 | 113,880 | (67,501) | (4,753) | 188,042 | | |
| Plan fiduciary net position - beginning | 2,546,388 | 2,074,724 | 2,125,774 | 2,085,817 | 2,035,440 | 1,921,560 | 1,989,061 | 1,993,814 | 1,805,772 | | |
| Plan fiduciary net position - ending | 2,457,649 | 2,546,388 | 2,074,724 | 2,125,774 | 2,085,817 | 2,035,440 | 1,921,560 | 1,989,061 | 1,993,814 | | |
| Net pension (asset) liability - ending | \$ (758,098) | \$ (876,245) | \$ (367,937) | \$ (328,821) | \$ (348,704) | \$ (164,146) | \$ (54,655) | \$ (142,079) | \$ (132,311) | | |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability | 145% | 152% | 122% | 118% | 120% | 109% | 103% | 108% | 107% | | |
| Covered payroll | \$ 406,501 | \$ 263,849 | \$ 263,849 | \$ 241,479 | \$ 215,981 | \$ 228,781 | \$ 233,281 | \$ 262,533 | \$ 262,540 | | |
| Net pension (asset) liability as a percentage of covered payroll | -186.49% | -332.10% | -139.45% | -136.17% | -161.45% | -71.75% | -23.43% | -54.12% | -50.40% | | |

The plan years above are reported in the entity's financial statements in the fiscal year following the plan year - i.e., plan year 2022 information was presented in the entity's fiscal year 2023 financial report.

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since fiscal year 2015 (plan year 2014) was the first year for this presentation, no earlier data is available. Additional years will be included as they become available.

CITY OF NORTON, VIRGINIA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS (Unaudited) June 30, 2023

| Entity Fiscal Actuarially Year Ended Determined June 30 Contribution | | Contributions in Relation to Actuarially Determined Contribution | | Contribution Deficiency (Excess) | | Covered Payroll | Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll |
|--|--------------------|--|---------|----------------------------------|---|--------------------|--|
| Primary Govern | ıment | | | | | | |
| 2023 | \$ 392,839 | \$ | 392,839 | \$ | - | \$ 4,345,561 | 9.04% |
| 2022 | 281,677 | | 281,677 | | - | 3,978,485 | 7.08% |
| 2021 | 260,673 | | 260,673 | | - | 3,681,822 | 7.08% |
| 2020 | 247,785 | | 247,785 | | - | 3,470,385 | 7.14% |
| 2019 | 237,331 | | 237,331 | | - | 3,321,537 | 7.15% |
| 2018 | 292,754 | | 292,754 | | - | 3,240,720 | 9.03% |
| 2017 | 291,699 | | 291,699 | | - | 3,307,908 | 8.82% |
| 2016 | 342,434 | | 342,434 | | - | 3,188,054 | 10.74% |
| 2015 | 346,292 | | 346,292 | | - | 3,141,999 | 11.02% |
| 2014 | 417,419 | | 417,419 | | - | 3,238,494 | 12.89% |
| Schools - Nonpr | ofessional Employe | es | | | | | |
| 2023 | - | | - | | - | 454,094 | 0.00% |
| 2022 | - | | - | | - | 406,501 | 0.00% |
| 2021 | - | | - | | - | 311,855 | 0.00% |
| 2020 | 739 | | 739 | | - | 263,849 | 0.28% |
| 2019 | 2,190 | | 2,190 | | - | 241,479 | 0.91% |
| 2018 | 4,246 | | 4,246 | | - | 215,981 | 1.97% |
| 2017 | 4,714 | | 4,714 | | - | 228,781 | 2.06% |
| 2016 | 16,791 | | 16,791 | | - | 233,281 | 7.20% |
| 2015 | 18,142 | | 18,142 | | - | 262,533 | 6.91% |
| 2014 | 15,506 | | 15,506 | | - | 262,540 | 5.91% |

The covered payroll amounts above are for the entity's fiscal year - i.e. the covered payroll on which required contributions were based for the same year.

CITY OF NORTON, VIRGINIA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY (Unaudited) VRS TEACHER RETIREMENT PLAN June 30, 2023

| * Year Ended June 30 | Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) | Propor the | mployer's tionate Share of Net Pension Liability | Cov | ered Payroll | Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll | Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability |
|-------------------------|--|---------------|---|-----|--------------|--|--|
| 2023 | 0.04927% | \$ | 4,690,799 | \$ | 4,563,176 | 102.80% | 82.61% |
| 2022 | 0.04472% | | 3,471,657 | | 3,950,387 | 87.88% | 85.46% |
| 2021 | 0.04244% | | 6,176,134 | | 3,710,600 | 166.45% | 71.47% |
| 2020 | 0.04203% | | 5,531,387 | | 3,505,048 | 157.81% | 73.51% |
| 2019 | 0.04179% | | 5,218,000 | | 3,571,615 | 146.10% | 74.81% |
| 2018 | 0.04792% | | 5,893,000 | | 3,773,626 | 156.16% | 72.92% |
| 2017 | 0.04998% | | 7,004,000 | | 3,807,613 | 183.95% | 68.28% |
| 2016 | 0.04765% | | 5,997,000 | | 3,542,739 | 169.28% | 70.68% |
| 2015 | 0.50360% | | 6,086,000 | | 4,073,289 | 149.41% | 70.88% |

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2015 was the first year for this presentation, only nine years of data is available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

^{*} The covered payroll amounts above are for the measurement period, which is the twelve months prior to the school division's fiscal year.

CITY OF NORTON, VIRGINIA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS (Unaudited) VRS TEACHER RETIREMENT PLAN June 30, 2023

| Entity Fiscal Year Ended June 30 | De | ctuarially etermined ntribution | to A | tions in Relation Actuarially led Contribution | De | ntribution eficiency Excess) | Cov | vered Payroll | Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll |
|--|----|---------------------------------------|------|--|----|------------------------------------|-----|---------------|--|
| 2023 | \$ | 817,497 | \$ | 817,497 | \$ | - | \$ | 4,918,755 | 16.62% |
| 2022 | | 758,400 | | 758,400 | | - | | 4,563,176 | 16.62% |
| 2021 | | 656,554 | | 656,554 | | - | | 3,950,387 | 16.62% |
| 2020 | | 581,822 | | 581,822 | | - | | 3,710,600 | 15.68% |
| 2019 | | 545,978 | | 545,978 | | - | | 3,505,048 | 15.58% |
| 2018 | | 574,369 | | 574,369 | | - | | 3,571,615 | 16.08% |
| 2017 | | 544,525 | | 544,525 | | - | | 3,773,626 | 14.43% |
| 2016 | | 530,304 | | 530,304 | | - | | 3,807,613 | 13.93% |
| 2015 | | 511,134 | | 511,134 | | _ | | 3,542,739 | 14.43% |

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2015 was the first year for this presentation, only nine years of data is available. Additional years will be included as they become available.

The covered payroll amounts above are for the entity's fiscal year - i.e. the covered payroll on which required contributions were based for the same year.

CITY OF NORTON, VIRGINIA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS (Unaudited) – LOCAL PLANS

June 30, 2023

| | | | | | Primary G | ove | rnment | | | | |
|---|-----------------|----|-----------|-----|-------------|------|-----------|------|-----------|----|-----------|
| | | | | | |] | Plan Year | | | | |
| | 2023 | | 2022 | | 2021 | | 2020 | | 2019 | | 2018 |
| Total OPEB Liability | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Service cost | \$ 5,587 | \$ | 7,171 | \$ | 51,713 | \$ | 51,713 | \$ | 51,713 | \$ | 51,713 |
| Interest on total pension liability | 5,298 | | 2,141 | | 1,706 | | 2,138 | | 2,138 | | 18,666 |
| Changes of assumptions | 4,189 | | (17,045) | | 2,118 | | 36 | | 36 | | (191) |
| Difference between expected and actual experience | - | | 68,553 | | 31,129 | | (63,457) | | (54,667) | | (68,394) |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions | (9,601) | | (7,891) | | | | | | | | |
| Net change in total OPEB liability | 5,473 | | 52,929 | | 86,666 | | (9,570) | | (780) | | 1,794 |
| Total OPEB liability - beginning | 148,812 | | 95,883 | _ | 9,217 | | 18,787 | | 19,567 | | 17,773 |
| Total OPEB liability - ending | 154,285 | | 148,812 | | 95,883 | | 9,217 | | 18,787 | | 19,567 |
| Covered payroll | 5,936,591 | \$ | 5,936,591 | _\$ | 3,444,338 | \$ | 3,278,705 | _\$_ | 3,278,705 | \$ | 3,240,720 |
| Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll | 2.60% | | 2.51% | | 2.78% | | 0.28% | | 0.57% | | 0.60% |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | Sch Plan | | | | | | |
| | 2023 | | 2022 | | 2021 | 1 ea | 2020 | | 2019 | | 2018 |
| Total OPEB Liability | | _ | | _ | | | | | | | |
| Service cost | \$ 17,140 | \$ | 24,623 | \$ | 21,062 | \$ | 16,662 | \$ | 12,712 | \$ | 13,303 |
| Interest on total pension liability | 11,010 | | 7,783 | | 8,165 | | 11,576 | | 15,262 | | 17,099 |
| Changes of assumptions | (8,505) | | (63,346) | | 1,674 | | 31,861 | | 10,124 | | (7,872) |
| Difference between expected and actual experience | - | | 9,884 | | - | | 62,613 | | - | | - |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions | (22,627) | | (19,065) | | (67,865) | _ | (108,309) | | (102,991) | | (107,441) |
| Net change in total OPEB liability | (2,982) | | (40,121) | | (36,964) | | 14,403 | | (64,893) | | (84,911) |
| Total OPEB liability - beginning | 305,087 | | 345,208 | | 382,172 | | 367,769 | | 432,662 | | 517,573 |
| Total OPEB liability - ending | 302,105 | _ | 305,087 | _ | 345,208 | _ | 382,172 | _ | 367,769 | _ | 432,662 |
| Covered payroll | \$ 4,966,062 | \$ | 4,966,062 | _\$ | 4,071,821 | _\$_ | 4,071,821 | \$ | 3,863,551 | \$ | 3,863,551 |
| Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll | 6.08% | | 6.14% | | 8.48% | | 9.39% | | 9.52% | | 11.20% |

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since fiscal year 2018 was the first year for this presentation, no earlier data is available. Additional years will be included as they become available.

CITY OF NORTON, VIRGINIA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS (Unaudited) LOCAL PLANS June 30, 2023

| | | | PRIMARY | GOVERN | IMENT | | | |
|-----------------------------|---------------------|----------|--|--------|-------------------|-----|--------------|-------------------------------------|
| Entity Fiscal Year Ended | uarially ermined | Relation | ibutions in to Actuarially ermined | | ibution ciency | | | Contributions as a Percentage of |
| June 30 | tribution | | tribution | | cess) | Cov | ered Payroll | Covered Payroll |
| 2023 | \$ 9,601 | \$ | 9,601 | \$ | - | \$ | 5,936,591 | 0.16% |
| 2022 | 7,891 | | 7,891 | | - | | 5,936,591 | 0.13% |
| 2021 | - | | - | | - | | 3,444,338 | 0.00% |
| 2020 | - | | - | | - | | 3,278,705 | 0.00% |
| 2019 | - | | - | | - | | 3,278,705 | 0.00% |
| 2018 | - | | - | | - | | 3,240,720 | 0.00% |

SCHOOL BOARD

| Entity Fiscal Year Ended June 30 | De | tuarially termined ntribution | Relatio D | tributions in n to Actuarially etermined ontribution | Def | ribution iciency xcess) | Cov | ered Payroll | Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll |
|--|----|-------------------------------------|--------------|---|-----|-------------------------------|-----|--------------|--|
| 2023 | \$ | 22,627 | \$ | 22,627 | \$ | - | \$ | 4,966,062 | 0.46% |
| 2022 | | 19,065 | | 19,065 | | - | | 4,966,062 | 0.38% |
| 2021 | | 67,865 | | 67,865 | | - | | 4,071,821 | 1.67% |
| 2020 | | 108,309 | | 108,309 | | - | | 4,071,821 | 2.66% |
| 2019 | | 102,991 | | 102,991 | | - | | 3,863,551 | 2.67% |
| 2018 | | 107,441 | | 107,441 | | - | | 3,863,551 | 2.78% |

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2018 was the first year for this presentation, only six years of data is available. Additional years will be included as they become available.

The covered payroll amounts above are for the entity's fiscal year - i.e. the covered payroll on which required contributions were based for the same year.

CITY OF NORTON, VIRGINIA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S SHARE OF NET OPEB LIABILITY (Unaudited) June 30, 2023

| *Entity Fiscal Year Ended June 30 | Year Ended Net OPEB | | Employer's oportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability (Asset) | Employer's Covered Payroll | Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) as % of its Covered Payroll | Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a % of the Total OPEB Liability |
|---|----------------------|-----|---|-------------------------------|--|--|
| | | | VRS-Group Life In | surance-General Emp | nlovees | |
| 2023 | 0.01829% | -\$ | 220,229 | 3,978,446 | 5.54% | 67.21% |
| 2022 | 0.01766% | | 205,610 | 3,646,524 | 5.64% | 67.45% |
| 2021 | 0.01674% | | 279,363 | 3,444,338 | 8.11% | 52.64% |
| 2020 | 0.01672% | | 272,079 | 3,278,705 | 8.30% | 52.00% |
| 2019 2018 | 0.01688% 0.01731% | | 257,000 260,000 | 3,210,080 3,193,228 | 8.01% 8.14% | 51.22% 48.86% |
| | | | VRS-Line o | f Duty Act (LODA) | | |
| 2023 | 0.18493% | \$ | 699,878 | 1,041,766 | 67.18% | 1.87% |
| 2022 | 0.18105% | | 798,415 | 927,331 | 86.10% | 1.68% |
| 2021 | 0.18826% | | 788,462 | 905,054 | 87.12% | 1.02% |
| 2020 | 0.16565% | | 594,329 | 906,426 | 65.57% | 0.79% |
| 2019 | 0.19177% | | 601,000 | 869,874 | 69.09% | 0.60% |
| 2018 | 0.15782% | | 415,000 | 858,463 | 48.34% | 1.30% |
| | | | VRS-Group Life Inst | ırace-School Board-T | eachers | |
| 2023 | 0.02098% | \$ | 252,619 | 4,563,176 | 5.54% | 67.21% |
| 2022 | 0.01913% | | 222,725 | 3,950,387 | 5.64% | 67.45% |
| 2021 | 0.01803% | | 300,891 | 3,710,600 | 8.11% | 52.64% |
| 2020 | 0.01788% | | 290,656 | 3,505,048 | 8.29% | 52.00% |
| 2019 | 0.01878% | | 286,000 | 3,571,612 | 8.01% | 51.22% |
| 2018 | 0.02046% | | 308,000 | 3,773,626 | 8.16% | 48.86% |
| | | VRS | -Group Life Insurance | e-School Board-Gener | ral Employees | |
| 2023 | 0.00187% | \$ | 22,517 | 406,501 | 5.54% | 67.21% |
| 2022 | 0.00153% | | 17,813 | 316,194 | 5.63% | 67.45% |
| 2021 | 0.00128% | | 21,361 | 263,849 | 8.10% | 52.64% |
| 2020 | 0.00123% | | 20,015 | 241,479 | 8.29% | 52.00% |
| 2019 | 0.00113% | | 17,000 | 214,450 | 7.93% | 51.22% |
| 2018 | 0.00126% | | 19,000 | 233,281 | 8.14% | 48.86% |
| | | | | th Credit-Teachers | | |
| 2023 | 0.04896% | \$ | 611,533 | 4,563,176 | 13.40% | 15.08% |
| 2022 | 0.04467% | | 573,370 | 3,950,387 | 14.51% | 13.15% |
| 2021 | 0.04233% | | 552,202 | 3,710,600 | 14.88% | 9.95% |
| 2020 | 0.04179% | | 547,072 | 3,505,048 | 15.61% | 8.97% |
| 2019 | 0.04412% | | 560,000 | 3,569,234 | 15.69% | 8.06% |
| 2018 | 0.04782% | | 607,000 | 3,773,992 | 16.08% | 7.04% |
| | | | | chool Board-Teacher | | |
| 2023 | 0.21209% | \$ | (238) | 706,591 | -0.03% | 101.57% |
| 2022 2021 | 0.22348% 0.20176% | | (1,973) 1,618 | 1,503,877 1,193,351 | -0.13% 0.14% | 114.46% 78.28% |
| 2020 | 0.17222% | | 1,018 | 825,926 | 0.14% | 49.21% |
| 2019 | 0.16569% | | 1,000 | 617,806 | 0.16% | 46.18% |
| 2018 | 0.21792% | | 1,000 | 614,962 | 0.16% | 31.96% |

^{*}The amounts presented have a measurement date of the previous fiscal year end.

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2018 was the first year for this presentation, only six years of data is available. Additional years will be included as they become available.

The covered payroll amounts above are for the measurement period, which is twelve months prior to the entity's fiscal year end.

CITY OF NORTON, VIRGINIA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS (Unaudited) June 30, 2023

| Entity Fiscal Year Ended June 30 | Re | tractually equired tribution | Contributions Related to Contractually Required Contribution | Contribution Deficiency (Excess) | Employer's Covered Employee Payroll | Contributions as a % of Covered Employee Payroll |
|--|----|------------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|--|--|
| | | | VRS-Group Life Insura | ance-General Emplo | yees | |
| 2023 | \$ | 23,312 | 23,312 | - | 4,317,077 | 0.54% |
| 2022 | | 21,484 | 21,484 | - | 3,978,446 | 0.54% |
| 2021 | | 19,691 | 19,691 | - | 3,646,524 | 0.54% |
| 2020 | | 17,911 | 17,911 | - | 3,444,338 | 0.52% |
| 2019 | | 17,049 | 17,049 | - | 3,278,705 | 0.52% |
| 2018 | | 16,692 | 16,692 | - | 3,210,080 | 0.52% |
| | | | VRS-Line of D | uty Act (LODA) | | |
| 2023 | \$ | 25,740 | \$ 25,740 | - | 1,093,172 | 2.35% |
| 2022 | | 25,470 | 25,470 | - | 1,041,766 | 2.44% |
| 2021 | | 24,926 | 24,926 | - | 927,331 | 2.69% |
| 2020 | | 25,584 | 25,584 | - | 905,054 | 2.83% |
| 2019 | | 22,232 | 22,232 | - | 906,426 | 2.45% |
| 2018 | | 20,426 | 20,426 | - | 869,874 | 2.35% |
| | | | VRS-Group Life Insura | ce-School Board-Tea | nchers | |
| 2023 | \$ | 26,561 | \$ 26,561 | - | 4,918,755 | 0.54% |
| 2022 | - | 24,641 | 24,641 | | 4,563,176 | 0.54% |
| 2021 | | 21,332 | 21,332 | - | 3,950,387 | 0.54% |
| 2020 | | 19,295 | 19,295 | - | 3,710,600 | 0.52% |
| 2019 | | 18,226 | 18,226 | - | 3,505,048 | 0.52% |
| 2018 | | 18,591 | 18,591 | - | 3,571,615 | 0.52% |
| | | | RS-Group Life Insurance-So | chool Board-Genera | l Employees | |
| 2023 | \$ | 2,452 | \$ 2,452 | - | 454,094 | 0.54% |
| 2022 | • | 2,195 | 2,195 | | 406,501 | 0.54% |
| 2021 | | 1,707 | 1,707 | - | 316,194 | 0.54% |
| 2020 | | 1,372 | 1,372 | _ | 263,849 | 0.52% |
| 2019 | | 1,256 | 1,256 | - | 241,479 | 0.52% |
| 2018 | | 1,115 | 1,115 | - | 214,450 | 0.52% |
| | | | VRS-Health (| Credit-Teachers | | |
| 2023 | \$ | 59,517 | \$ 59,517 | - | 4,918,755 | 1.21% |
| 2022 | Ψ | 55,214 | 55,214 | | 4,563,176 | 1.21% |
| 2021 | | 47,800 | 47,800 | - | 3,950,387 | 1.21% |
| 2020 | | 44,527 | 44,527 | | 3,710,600 | 1.20% |
| 2019 | | 42,061 | 42,061 | | 3,505,048 | 1.20% |
| 2018 | | 43,889 | 43,889 | - | 3,569,234 | 1.23% |
| | | | VPS_VI DP_Sch | ool Board-Teachers | | |
| 2023 | S | 8,049 | \$ 8,049 | o. Doniu-Teachers | 1,717,490 | 0.47% |
| 2023 | Φ | 8,023 | 8,023 | _ | 706,951 | 1.13% |
| 2021 | | 7,068 | 7,068 | _ | 1,503,877 | 0.47% |
| 2020 | | 4,893 | 4,893 | _ | 1,193,351 | 0.41% |
| 2019 | | 3,386 | 3,386 | _ | 825,926 | 0.41% |
| 2018 | | 1,915 | 1,915 | - | 617,806 | 0.31% |

^{*}The amounts presented have a measurement date of the previous fiscal year end.

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2018 was the first year for this presentation, only five years of data is available. Additional years will be included as they become available.

The covered payroll amounts above are for the measurement period, which is twelve months prior to the entity's fiscal year end.

CITY OF NORTON, VIRGINIA NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION June 30, 2023

Note 1. Changes of Benefit Terms

Pension - There have been no actuarially material changes to the Virginia Retirement System (System) benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Note 2. Changes of Assumptions

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016, through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Largest 10 – Non-Hazardous Duty:

- Mortality rates Update to PUB2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
- Retirement Rates Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1: set separate rates based on experience for Plan2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
- Withdrawal rates -Adjusted rate to better fit experience at each year age and service decrement through 9 years of service
- Disability rates No change
- No changes to salary scale
- Line of Duty Disability No change
- Discount Rate No change
- Applicable to: Pension, GLI OPEB, and HIC OPEB

Largest 10 -Hazardous Duty/Public Safety Employees:

- Mortality rates Update to PUB2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
- Retirement Rates Adjusted rates to better fit experience and changed final retirement age from 65 to 70
- Withdrawal rates Decreased rates
- Disability rates No change
- No changes to salary scale
- Line of Duty Disability No change
- Discount Rate No change
- Applicable to: Pension, GLI OPEB, and LODA OPEB

All Others (Non 10 Largest) – Non-Hazardous Duty:

- Mortality rates Update to PUB2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
- Retirement Rates Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1: set separate rates based on experience for Plan2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
- Withdrawal rates -Adjusted rate to better fit experience at each year age and service decrement through 9 years of service
- Disability rates No change
- No changes to salary scale
- Line of Duty Disability No change
- Discount Rate No change
- Applicable to: Pension and GLI OPEB

CITY OF NORTON, VIRGINIA NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION June 30, 2022

Note 2. Changes of Assumptions (Continued)

All Others (Non 10 Largest) – Hazardous Duty/Public Safety Employees:

- Mortality rates Update to PUB2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
- Retirement Rates Adjusted rates to better fit experience and changed final retirement age from 65 to 70
- Withdrawal rates Decreased rates
- Disability rates No change
- No changes to salary scale
- Line of Duty Disability No change
- Discount Rate No change
- Applicable to: Pension, GLI OPEB, and LODA OPEB

Teacher cost-sharing pool

- Mortality rates Update to PUB2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
- Retirement Rates Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1: set separate rates based on experience for Plan2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
- Withdrawal rates -Adjusted rate to better fit experience at each year age and service decrement through
 9 years of service
- Disability rates No change
- No changes to salary scale
- Line of Duty Disability No change
- Discount Rate No change

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CITY OF NORTON, VIRIGNIA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2023

| | | RBEG evolving Loan Fund | Drug and Gambling Fund | | Flag Rock Lighting Fund | | Gov | Total Other ernmental Funds |
|---|----------|----------------------------------|------------------------------|----------|-------------------------------|-------|----------|--------------------------------------|
| ASSETS | | | | | | | | |
| Cash and investments | \$ | 4,699 | \$ | 90,312 | \$ | 2,369 | \$ | 97,380 |
| Restricted cash | | - | | - | | _ | | - |
| Investments | | = | | - | | - | | - |
| Taxes Receivable | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Accounts receivable Due from other funds | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| | | 210.000 | | - | | - | | 210.000 |
| Due from other governmental units Total assets | | 310,000 | \$ | 00.212 | | 2 260 | \$ | 310,000 |
| Total assets | <u> </u> | 314,699 | <u> </u> | 90,312 | <u> </u> | 2,369 | <u> </u> | 407,380 |
| LIABILITIES | | | | | | | | |
| Accounts payable and other current liabilities | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - |
| Accrued payroll and related liabilities | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Due to other funds | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Due to component unit | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Due to other governmental units | | | | - | | | | _ |
| Total liabilities | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | | | | | | | |
| Unavailable/deferred taxes | | _ | | _ | | _ | | _ |
| Total deferred inflows of resources | | - | | _ | | - | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| FUND BALANCES (Note 6) | | | | | | | | |
| Nonspendable | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Restricted | | <u>-</u> | | <u>-</u> | | - | | <u>-</u> |
| Committed | | 314,699 | | 90,312 | | 2,369 | | 407,380 |
| Assigned | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Unassigned | - | - | | - | | - | | |
| Total fund balances | | 314,699 | | 90,312 | | 2,369 | | 407,380 |
| Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances | \$ | 314,699 | \$ | 90,312 | \$ | 2,369 | \$ | 407,380 |

CITY OF NORTON COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Year Ended June 30, 2023

| | RBEG Revolving Loan Fund | | Drug and Gambling Fund | Flag Rock Lighting Fund | Total Other Governmental Funds | |
|---|-----------------------------------|----------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|---|---------|
| REVENUES | | | | | | |
| General property taxes | \$ | - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ | - |
| Other local taxes | | - | - | - | | - |
| Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses | | - | - | - | | - |
| Fines and forfeitures | | - | 56,027 | - | | 56,027 |
| Charges for services | | - | - | - | | - |
| Use of money and property | | 9 | - | - | | 9 |
| Miscellaneous | | - | - | - | | - |
| Reimbursement from School Board | | - | - | - | | - |
| Intergovernmental | | | - | - | | |
| Total revenues | | 9 | 56,027 | - | | 56,036 |
| EXPENDITURES | | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | | |
| General government | | - | - | - | | - |
| Judicial administration | | - | - | - | | - |
| Public safety | | - | 7,426 | - | | 7,426 |
| Public works | | - | - | - | | - |
| Health and welfare | | - | - | - | | - |
| Parks, recreation, and cultural | | - | - | - | | - |
| Community development | | - | - | - | | - |
| Education | | - | - | - | | - |
| Human services | | - | - | - | | - |
| Nondepartmental | | - | - | - | | - |
| Debt service: Principal retirement | | | | | | - |
| Interest and fiscal charges | | - | - | - | | - |
| Capital outlays | | - | _ | _ | | _ |
| Total expenditures | | | 7,426 | - | | 7,426 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures | | 9 | 48,601 | - | | 48,610 |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | <u> </u> | 10,001 | | • | 10,010 |
| Transfers in | | _ | _ | _ | | _ |
| Transfers out | | _ | - | _ | | _ |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | | - | - | - | | _ |
| Net change in fund balances | | 9 | 48,601 | - | | 48,610 |
| FUND BALANCES AT JULY 1 | 314,6 | 590 | 41,711 | 2,369 | | 358,770 |
| FUND BALANCES AT JUNE 30 | \$ 314,6 | | \$ 90,312 | \$ 2,369 | \$ | 407,380 |
| TUMD DALANCES AT JUME 30 | \$ 314,0 | 177 | φ 90,312 | φ 2,309 | = | 407,300 |

Year Ended June 30, 2022

| | Budgeted Amounts | | | | | Variance with Final Budget Positive | |
|---|------------------|------------|--------|-----------|-----------------|---|-----------|
| | | Original | Aillot | Final | Actual | | vegative) |
| PRIMARY GOVERNMENT | | Original | | Tillai | Actual | | (egative) |
| GENERAL FUND: | | | | | | | |
| Revenue from local sources: | | | | | | | |
| General property taxes: | | | | | | | |
| Real property | \$ | 2,100,000 | \$ | 2,100,000 | \$ 2,283,479 | \$ | 183,479 |
| Real and personal public service | | | | | | | |
| corporation property | | 250,000 | | 250,000 | 297,772 | | 47,772 |
| Personal property | | 595,400 | | 595,400 | 738,808 | | 143,408 |
| Machinery and tools taxes | | 107,500 | | 107,500 | 93,168 | | (14,332) |
| Penalties and interest | | 80,000 | | 80,000 | 169,399 | | 89,399 |
| Total general property taxes | | 3,132,900 | | 3,132,900 | 3,582,626 | | 449,726 |
| Other local taxes: | | | | | | | |
| Local sales and use taxes | | 1,850,000 | | 1,850,000 | 2,142,163 | | 292,163 |
| Utility taxes | | 125,000 | | 125,000 | 123,339 | | (1,661) |
| Business license taxes | | 848,000 | | 848,000 | 947,829 | | 99,829 |
| Communication taxes | | 200,000 | | 200,000 | 146,747 | | (53,253) |
| Motor vehicle lenses | | 80,000 | | 80,000 | 80,846 | | 846 |
| Bank stock taxes | | 40,000 | | 40,000 | 47,175 | | 7,175 |
| Recordation taxes | | 20,000 | | 20,000 | 57,875 | | 37,875 |
| Hotel and motel room taxes | | 75,000 | | 75,000 | 129,034 | | 54,034 |
| Restaurant food taxes | | 1,650,000 | | 1,650,000 | 1,910,094 | | 260,094 |
| Coal road improvement taxes | | 30,000 | | 30,000 | 37,074 | | 7,074 |
| Cigarette tax | | 160,000 | | 160,000 | 161,115 | | 1,115 |
| Total other local taxes | • | 5,078,000 | | 5,078,000 | 5,783,291 | | 705,291 |
| Permits, fees, and licenses: | | | | | | | |
| Animal licenses | | 500 | | 500 | 205 | | (295) |
| Permits and other licenses | | 5,350 | | 5,350 | 8,744 | | 3,394 |
| Total permits, fees, and licenses | | 5,850 | | 5,850 | 8,949 | | 3,099 |
| Fines and forfeitures | | 20,750 | | 20,750 | 390 | | (20,360) |
| Revenue from use of money and property | | | | | | | |
| Revenue from use of money | | 35,000 | | 35,000 | 187,370 | | 152,370 |
| Revenue from use of property | | 12,500 | | 12,500 | 17,170 | | 4,670 |
| Total use of money and property | | 47,500 | | 47,500 | 204,540 | | 157,040 |
| Charges for services: | | | | | | | |
| Sheriff's fees | | 1,000 | | 1,000 | 308 | | (692) |
| Charges for sanitation and waste removal | | 411,500 | | 411,500 | 401,351 | | (10,149) |
| Charges for parks and recreation | | 7,000 | | 17,200 | 19,880 | | 2,680 |
| Total charges for services | | 419,500 | | 429,700 | 421,539 | | (8,161) |
| Miscellaneous | | 24,650 | | 102,350 | 151,116 | | 48,766 |
| Recovered costs: | | | | | | | |
| Recovered cost - School Board | | 35,000 | | 35,000 | 2,863 | | (32,137) |
| Recovered Cost - Police | | , | | 30,000 | 28,053 | | (1,947) |
| Recovered Cost - NIDA | | 55,000 | | 55,000 | 32,666 | | (22,334) |
| Recovered Cost - Regional Jail | | , <u> </u> | | - | 36,601 | | 36,601 |
| Recovered Cost - Street | | 50,000 | | 50,000 | 285 | | (49,715) |
| Cost allocation plan - Water and Sewer Fund | | 13,950 | | 13,950 | 9,300 | | (4,650) |
| Total Recovered Costs | | 153,950 | | 183,950 | 109,768 | | (74,182) |
| Total revenue from local sources | | 8,883,100 | | 9,001,000 | 10,262,219 | | 1,261,219 |

| | Budgeted Amounts | | | Variance with Final Budget Positive | |
|---|------------------|-----------------|-----------------|---|--|
| | | Final | Actual | | |
| GENERAL FUND (Continued) | Original | rinai | Actual | (Negative) | |
| Intergovernmental: | | | | | |
| Revenue from the Commonwealth | | | | | |
| Non-categorical aid: | | | | | |
| Motor vehicle carriers' taxes | \$ 50,000 | \$ 50,000 | \$ 67,335 | \$ 17,335 | |
| Litter grant | 5,000 | 10,000 | 9,570 | (430) | |
| Mobile home tilling taxes | 5,000 | 5,000 | 255 | (4,745) | |
| Casino Tax Revenue | - | - | 625,470 | 625,470 | |
| Rolling stock taxes | 20,000 | 20,000 | 22,287 | 2,287 | |
| Total non-categorical aid | 80,000 | 85,000 | 724,917 | 639,917 | |
| Categorical aid: | | | | | |
| Shared Expenses: | | | | | |
| Sheriff | 174,995 | 174,995 | 176,153 | 1,158 | |
| Commissioner of the revenue | 76,998 | 76,998 | 93,991 | 16,993 | |
| Treasurer | 76,998 | 76,998 | 75,718 | (1,280) | |
| Registrar/electoral board | 50,000 | 50,000 | 58,109 | 8,109 | |
| Total shared expenses | 378,991 | 378,991 | 403,971 | 24,980 | |
| Other Categorical Aid: | | | | | |
| Law enforcement grant | 240,000 | 240,000 | 282,742 | 42,742 | |
| School recource officer | 62,000 | 62,000 | - | (62,000) | |
| Emergency medical services | 3,000 | 12,300 | 15,394 | 3,094 | |
| DMV grant | 15,000 | 15,000 | 2,298 | (12,702) | |
| Street and highway maintenance | 915,000 | 915,000 | 1,059,663 | 144,663 | |
| Financial assistance to the arts | 5,000 45,000 | 5,000 45,000 | 4,500 47,705 | (500) 2,705 | |
| E-911 funding Drug task force | 17,000 | 17,000 | 19,851 | 2,703 | |
| DMV Sales tax | 17,000 | 17,000 | 757 | 757 | |
| VDOT | _ | 100,000 | 26,912 | (73,088) | |
| VML risk management grant | 4,000 | 4,000 | 20,712 | (4,000) | |
| Rescue squad assistance | 25,000 | 25,000 | _ | (25,000) | |
| State Board of election | ,,,,,, | , | 92 | 92 | |
| Games of Skill | - | - | _ | - | |
| Fire funds | 55,000 | 92.000 | 92,336 | 336 | |
| Total other categorical aid | 1,386,000 | 1,532,300 | 1,552,250 | 19,950 | |
| Total revenue from the Commonwealth | 1,844,991 | 1,996,291 | 2,681,138 | 684,847 | |
| Revenue from federal government | | | | | |
| Payment in lieu of property taxes | 25,000 | 25,000 | _ | (25,000) | |
| Emergency management | 7,500 | 7,500 | 12,450 | 4,950 | |
| ARC Funding | -,,500 | 600,000 | 479,283 | (120,717) | |
| Byrne Justice Assistance Grant | - | 3,000 | | (3,000) | |
| USDA community facilities gran | - | 6,000 | 19,618 | 13,618 | |
| Community development block gran | - | 750,000 | 670,433 | (79,567) | |
| DHCD - Regional SBRA CRF | - | | - | - | |
| American Rescue Plan Act - CSLFRF | - | 2,491,025 | 1,514,780 | (976,245) | |
| Total revenue from the federal government | 32,500 | 3,882,525 | 2,696,564 | (1,185,961) | |
| Other financing sources | | | | | |
| Insurance recoveries | 10,000 | 35,000 | 34,675 | (325) | |
| Loan proceeds | - | - | - | - | |
| Sale of surplus | 6,000 | 6,000 | 4,861 | (1,139) | |
| Total other financing sources | 16,000 | 41,000 | 39,536 | (1,464) | |
| TOTAL GENERAL FUND | 10,776,591 | 14,920,816 | 15,679,457 | 758,641 | |

| | Budgeted Amounts | | | Variance with Final Budget Positive |
|---|--|---------------------|------------|---|
| | Original | Final | Actual | (Negative) |
| SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS: Virginia Public Assistance Func | | | | |
| Revenue from the Commonwealth Categorical Aid: | | | | |
| Welfare: | \$ 61.457 | ¢ (1.457 | \$ 89,813 | \$ 28,356 |
| Aid to dependent children Foster care | \$ 61,457 11,753 | \$ 61,457 11,753 | 50,633 | 38,880 |
| General adminssion for financial assistatnce | 527,646 | 527,646 | 276,409 | (251,237) |
| Supplemental income assistance for the aged, blind and disabled | 50,898 | 50,898 | 59,604 | 8,706 |
| Employment services | 143,379 | 143,379 | 194,443 | 51,064 |
| Day care | 2,225 | 2,225 | | (2,225) |
| Total Categorical Aid | 797,358 | 797,358 | 670,902 | (126,456) |
| Total Revenue from the Commonwealth | 797,358 | 797,358 | 670,902 | (126,456) |
| | P TOTAL CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY | | | |
| Revenue from the Federal Government Categorical Aid: Welfare: | | | | |
| Aid to dependent children | 84,738 | 84,738 | 80,841 | (3,897) |
| Foster care | 11,807 | 11,807 | 65,567 | 53,760 |
| General adminssion for financial assistatuce | 320,370 | 320,370 | 665,615 | 345,245 |
| Employment services | 13,593 | 13,593 | 10,309 | (3,284) |
| Emergency services | - | | 11,849 | 11,849 |
| Day care | 1,275 | 1,275 | | (1,275) |
| Total Revenue from the Federal Government | 431,783 | 431,783 | 834,181 | 402,398 |
| Total To College Holls and Total and Solver Holls | | | | |
| Miscellaneous | - | | 5,983 | 5,983 |
| Other financing sources | | | | |
| Transfers from general fund | 341,326 | 341,326 | 356,301 | 14,975 |
| Total othe financing sources | 341,326 | 341,326 | 356,301 | 14,975 |
| Total Virginia Public Assistance Fund | 1,570,467 | 1,570,467 | 1,867,367 | 296,900 |
| Drug and Gambling Investigative Funds | | | | |
| Revenue from Local Sources: | | | | |
| Restitution to law enforcement | 70,000 | 70,000 | 56,027 | (13,973) |
| Total Revenue from Local Sources | 70,000 | 70,000 | 56,027 | (13,973) |
| Total Revenue Drug and Gambling Investigative Fund | 70,000 | 70,000 | 56,027 | (13,973) |
| Flag Rock fund: Revenue from local sources: | | | | |
| Miscellaneous | | | | |
| Total Revenue from Local Sources | - | | - | · |
| | | | - | |
| Total Flag Rock Fund | - | | - | |
| Revolving loan fund Revenue from local sources: | | | | |
| Revenue from use of money and property | - | | 9 | 9 |
| Total Revenue from Local Sources | - | | 9 | 9 |
| Total Revolving Loan Fund | _ | | 9 | 9 |
| TOTAL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS | 1,640,467 | 1,640,467 | 1,923,403 | 282,936 |
| GRAND TOTALS - REVENUES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS | 12,417,058 | 16,561,283 | 17,602,860 | 1,041,577 |
| GO VERMINEM LAT LONDS | 12,417,030 | 10,501,205 | 17,002,800 | 1,041,577 |

| | Budgeted Amounts | | | | Variance with Final Budget Positive | | | |
|---|-------------------|-------------------|------|-------------------|---|-----------|----|-----------------|
| | | Original | Amot | Final | | Actual | | egative) |
| PRIMARY GOVERNMENT General Fund: | | original | - | Finai | | Actual | | cgative) |
| General Governmental Administration Legistrative: | | | | | | | | |
| City Council | \$ | 62,797 | \$ | 62,797 | \$ | 61,860 | | 937 |
| General and Financial Administration | | | | | | | | |
| City Manager | | 178,500 | | 179,500 | | 218,007 | | (38,507) |
| Office personnel | | 116,500 | | 118,500 | | 120,719 | | (2,219) |
| Legal and professional | | 55,000 | | 130,000 | | 124,921 | | 5,079 |
| Independent auditor | | 40,000 | | 50,000 | | 49,850 | | 150 |
| Commissioner of the Revenue Assessor | | 173,850 | | 175,850 | | 174,062 | | 1,788 |
| Treasurer | | 20,000 184,600 | | 20,000 186,600 | | 187,160 | | 20,000 (560) |
| Director of finance | | 276,650 | | 278,650 | | 252,284 | | 26,366 |
| Data processing | | 87,500 | | 192,500 | | 156,846 | | 35,654 |
| Automotive/motor pool | | 155,000 | | 157,000 | | 211,923 | | (54,923) |
| Total General and Financial Administration | | 1,287,600 | - | 1,488,600 | | 1,495,772 | | (7,172) |
| | • | 1,287,000 | | 1,488,000 | | 1,493,772 | | (7,172) |
| Board of Election: | | 20.700 | | 20.700 | | 12 (21 | | 7.070 |
| Electoral board and officials | | 20,700 | | 20,700 | | 13,621 | | 7,079 |
| Registrar | | 121,900 | | 123,900 | | 130,271 | | (6,371) |
| Total Board of Elections | | 142,600 | | 144,600 | | 143,892 | | 708 |
| Total General Government Administration | Brender, children | 1,492,997 | | 1,695,997 | | 1,701,524 | | (5,527) |
| Judicial Administration Courts: | | | | | | | | |
| Circuit court | | 60,000 | | 60,000 | | 79,929 | | (19,929) |
| General district court | | 1,500 | | 1,500 | | 3,197 | | (1,697) |
| Clerk of circuit court | | 40,000 | | 40,000 | | 39,288 | | 712 |
| Sherriff | | 252,830 | | 257,830 | | 286,885 | | (29,055) |
| County courthouse | | 35,000 | | 35,000 | | 32,873 | | 2,127 |
| Total Courts | | 389,330 | | 394,330 | | 442,172 | | (47,842) |
| Commonwealth's attorney | | 37,500 | | 37,500 | | 46,784 | | (9,284) |
| Total Judicial Administration | | 426,830 | | 431,830 | | 488,956 | | (57,126) |
| Public Safety: | | | | | | | | |
| Law Enforcement and Traffic Control Police department | | 1,485,450 | | 1,652,580 | | 680,795 | | 971,785 |
| Traffic control | | 32,500 | | 32,500 | | 7,300 | | 25,200 |
| E-911 | | 640,500 | | 641,500 | | 1,675,244 | | (1,033,744) |
| Emergency management funds | | 9,500 | | 9,500 | | 31,443 | | (21,943) |
| Total Law Enforcement and Traffic Control | | 2,167,950 | | 2,336,080 | | 2,394,782 | | (58,702) |
| | A | 2,107,930 | | 2,330,000 | | 2,334,762 | | (30,702) |
| Fire and Rescue Services: Volunteer fire department | | 269,350 | | 381,233 | | 450,108 | | (68,875) |
| • | | | | - | | - | | |
| Ambulance and rescue services | - | 30,000 | | 30,000 | | 58,163 | | (28,163) |
| Total Fire and Rescue Services | - | 299,350 | | 411,233 | | 508,271 | | (97,038) |
| Correction and Detention Purchase of service from Wise County | \$ | 85,000 | \$ | 85,000 | \$ | 219,748 | \$ | (134,748) |
| Juvenille detention | Ψ | 64,756 | Ψ | 64,756 | Ψ | 64,756 | ų. | (151,710) |
| Contribution to regional jail | | 153,109 | | 153,109 | | 187,170 | | (34,061) |
| Total Correction and Detention | | 302,865 | | 302,865 | | 471,674 | | (168,809) |
| | | 302,003 | | 302,003 | | 471,074 | | (100,005) |
| Inspections: | | | | | | | | |
| Building | - | 121,600 | | 122,600 | | 136,659 | | (14,059) |
| Other Protection: Animal control | | 76 200 | | 70 100 | | 05 962 | | (17.662) |
| | | 76,200 1,600 | | 78,200 12,000 | | 95,863 | | (17,663) |
| Emergency medical services | | 77,800 | | 12,000 | | 2,200 | | 9,800 |
| Total Other Protection | | //,800 | | 90,200 | | 98,063 | | (7,863) |
| Total Public Saety | | 2,969,565 | | 3,262,978 | | 3,609,449 | | (346,471) |

Year Ended June 30, 2023

| | Budgeted Amounts | | | Fin | iance with al Budget Positive | |
|--|---|------------------|---------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------|
| | | riginal | Final | Actual | (N | legative) |
| GENERAL FUND (Continued): Public Works: | | | | | | |
| Maintenance of Highways, Streets, Bridges and Sidewalks: | | | | | | |
| General engineering/administration | | 30,000 | 45,000 | 62,054 | | (17,054) |
| Highways, streets, bridges and sidewalks | | 866,000 | 1,384,000 | 1,346,857 1,136 | | 37,143 3,864 |
| Storm drainage Street lights | | 5,000 125,000 | 5,000 125,000 | 1,130 | | 15,943 |
| Snow and ice removal | | 45,000 | 45,000 | 14,505 | | 30,495 |
| Curbs and guttering | | 3,000 | 3,000 | - | | 3,000 |
| Total Maintenance of Highways, Streets, Bridges and Sidewalks | | 1,074,000 | 1,607,000 | 1,533,609 | | 73,391 |
| Sanitation and Waste Removal | | | | | | |
| Street and road cleaning | | 8,500 | 8,500 | 10,257 | | (1,757) |
| Refuse collection | | 395,900 | 400,900 | 484,873 | | (83,973) |
| Refuse disposal | | 175,000 | 175,000 | 162,451 | | 12,549 |
| Total Sanitation and Waste Removal | | 579,400 | 584,400 | 657,581 | | (73,181) |
| Maintenance of General Buildings and Grounds: | | | | | | |
| General properties | | 210,400 | 231,900 | 256,120 | | (24,220) |
| Total Public Works | | 1,863,800 | 2,423,300 | 2,447,310 | | (24,010) |
| Health and Welfare | | | | | | |
| Health: | | | 25.000 | | | 25.000 |
| Opioid Abatement Expenses Local health department | | 64,566 | 35,000 64,566 | 60,118 | | 35,000 4,448 |
| | | | | | | |
| Mental Health and Mental Retardation: | | | | | | |
| Chapter 10 board | | 26,689 | 26,689 | 26,689 | | - |
| Welfare/Social Services: | | | | | | |
| Area agency on aging | | 10,000 | 10,000 | 10,000 | | - |
| Property tax relief for elderly | | • | - | 20,585 | | (20,585) |
| Contribution to Office on Youth | | 1,500 | 1,500 | 1,500 | | - |
| Contribution to Ram Project | | - | - | - | | - |
| Contribution to Food Bank | | - - | 5.000 | 5.000 | | - |
| Contribution - Family Crisis | - | 5,000 | 5,000 | 5,000 | | (20,505) |
| Total Welfare/Social Services | | 16,500 | 16,500 | 37,085 | | (20,585) |
| Total Heath and Wefare | - | 107,755 | 142,755 | 123,892 | | 18,863 |
| Education: | | | | | | |
| Contribution to Mountain Empire Community College | \$ | 9,224 | \$ 9,224 | \$ 9,224 | \$ | - |
| Payment to school board | | 2,916,764 | 2,971,373 | 2,933,866 | | 37,507 |
| Total Education | *************************************** | 2,925,988 | 2,980,597 | 2,943,090 | | 37,507 |
| Parks, Recreation and Cultural: | | | | | | |
| Parks and Recreation: | | | | | | |
| Maintenance | | 293,500 | 610,225 | 558,625 | | 51,600 |
| Recreation centers and playgrounds | | 200,799 | 265,749 | 235,032 | | 30,717 |
| Total Parks and Recreation | | 494,299 | 875,974 | 793,657 | | 82,317 |
| Cultural Enrichment: | | | | | | |
| Pro-Art | | 6,100 | 6,100 | 6,100 | | |
| Other events | | 12,650 | 17,650 | 38,391 | | (20,741) |
| Friends and farmers market | | 10,000 | 10,000 | 6,902 | | 3,098 |
| Employee picnic and Christmas party Total Cultural Enrichment | · | 1,000 29,750 | 1,000 34,750 | 52,091 | | (17,341) |
| i otai Cuiturai Enrichinent | **** | 29,130 | 34,730 | 32,091 | | (17,341) |

| | Budgeted | l Amounts | | Variance with Final Budget Positive |
|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|---|
| | Original | Final | Actual | (Negative) |
| GDND A FIND (G. A. I.) | | | | |
| GENERAL FUND (Continued): | | | | • |
| Library: | 30,285 | 30,285 | 30,285 | |
| Payments to regional library | 554,334 | 941,009 | 876,033 | 64,976 |
| Total Parks, Recreation and Cultural | 334,334 | 941,009 | 870,033 | 04,970 |
| Community Development: | | | | |
| Planning and Community Development: | | | | |
| Planning | 143,700 | 235,200 | 528,803 | (293,603) |
| Planning-contribution to Lenowisco | 8,123 | 8,123 | 8,123 | - |
| Community access channel | 6,000 | 6,000 | 1,686 | 4,314 |
| Contribution to Chamber of Commerce | 1,979 | 1,979 | 1,979 | • |
| Contribution to Black Diamond Development | 200 | 200 | 200 | - |
| Contribution to Airport Commission | 2,645 | 2,645 | 2,645 | - |
| Capital outlay | _, | 2,649,000 | 2,264,414 | 384,586 |
| Total Planning and Community Development | 162,647 | 2,903,147 | 2,807,850 | 95,297 |
| Total Training and Community Development | 102,047 | 2,703,147 | 2,807,830 | 75,271 |
| Debt Service: | | | | |
| Principal | 200,655 | 200,655 | 202,281 | (1,626) |
| Interest | 32,020 | 32,020 | 32,020 | - |
| Total Debt Service | 232,675 | 232,675 | 234,301 | (1,626) |
| | | | | |
| Other Financing Uses: | | | | 200 500 |
| Transfer to water/sewer fund | - | 299,500 | - | 299,500 |
| Transfer to welfare fund | 240,000 | 240,000 | 356,301 | (116,301) |
| Total Financing Sources | 240,000 | 539,500 | 356,301 | 183,199 |
| TOTAL GENERAL FUND | 10,976,591 | 15,553,788 | 15,588,706 | (34,918) |
| Special Revenue Funds: | | | | |
| Virginia Public Assistance Fund: | | | | |
| Health and Welfare: | | | | |
| Welfare/Social Services: | | | | |
| Welfare/food stamp administration | \$ 1,570,467 | \$ 1,570,467 | \$ 1,937,656 | \$ (367,189) |
| Total Welfare/Social Services | 1,570,467 | 1,570,467 | 1,937,656 | (367,189) |
| Total Worldon Social Services | 1,510,101 | 1,570,107 | 1,551,656 | (887,183) |
| Total Health and Welfare | 1,570,467 | 1,570,467 | 1,937,656 | (367,189) |
| Total Virginia Public Assistance Fund | 1,570,467 | 1,570,467 | 1,937,656 | (367,189) |
| Revolving Loan Fund: | | | | |
| Community Development: | | | | |
| Planning and Community Development: | | | | |
| Contribution to componet unit - NIDA | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Total Welfare/Social Services | | - | - | - |
| Total Community Development | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Total Confindinty Development | | | | |
| Total Revolving Loan Fund | | | - | |
| Drug and Gambling Investigative Funds: | | | | |
| Public safety | 70,000 | 70,000 | 7,426 | 62,574 |
| Total Drug and Gambling Investigative Funds | 70,000 | 70,000 | 7,426 | 62,574 |
| TOTAL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS | 1,640,467 | 1,640,467 | 1,945,082 | (304,615) |
| GRAND TOTAL - EXPENDITURES - PRIMARY | | | | |
| GOVERNMENT FUNDS | \$ 12,617,058 | \$ 17,194,255 | \$ 17,533,788 | \$ (339,533) |
| | | | | |

| | | Budgeted | l Amo | unts | | Variance with Final Budget Positive |
|--|----|-----------|-------|-------------------|--------------|---|
| | | Original | | Final | Actual | (Negative) |
| Excess of revenue and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses - budget basis | \$ | (200,000) | \$ | (632,972) | \$ 69,072 | |
| Net appropriations from fund balance | | 200.000 | | 545 700 | | |
| Prior year surplus Prior year encumbrances | A | 200,000 | | 545,709 87,263 | | |
| Budget - excess of revnue, other financing sources and appropriations from fund balance over expenditures and other financing uses | | | | | | |

CITY OF NORTON, VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION BY DEPARTMENT PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2023

BUSINESS TYPE ACTIVITES PROPRIETARY FUND

| | P | ND | | | |
|--|----------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|--|--|
| | Water | Sewer | Water and | | |
| | Operation | Operation | Sewer Operation | | |
| ASSETS | | | | | |
| Current assets: | r 70.014 | f 110.024 | ¢ 100.749 | | |
| Cash and investments Receivables, net | \$ 79,914 161,254 | \$ 119,834 202,861 | \$ 199,748 364,115 | | |
| Prepaids | 101,234 | 202,801 | 504,115 | | |
| Due from other governments | 11,651 | - | 11,651 | | |
| Due from other funds | 125,621 | 64,715 | 190,336 | | |
| Total current assets | 378,440 | 387,410 | 765,850 | | |
| Noncurrent assets: | | | | | |
| Restricted cash | 63,320 | 94,949 | 158,269 | | |
| Net pension asset | 45,267 | 23,319 | 68,586 | | |
| Capital assets, net | 10,099,335 | 5,935,675 | 16,035,010 | | |
| Total noncurrent assets | 10,207,922 | 6,053,943 | 16,261,865 | | |
| Total assets | 10,586,362 | 6,441,353 | 17,027,715 | | |
| DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | | | | |
| Deferred outflows related to pensions | 54,048 | 27,842 | 81,890 | | |
| Deferred outflows related to other postemployment benefits | 1,009 | 520 | 1,529 | | |
| Total deferred outflows of resources | 55,057 | 28,362 | 83,419 | | |
| LIABILITIES | | | | | |
| Current liabilities: | | | | | |
| | 20.500 | 01 120 | 111 600 | | |
| Accounts payable | 30,569 | 81,129 | 111,698 | | |
| Accrued payroll and related liabilities | 18,887 | 9,730 | 28,617 | | |
| Accrued interest | 15,910 | 4,801 | 20,711 | | |
| Due to other funds | 664,593 | 342,371 | 1,006,964 | | |
| Customer security deposits | 54,938 | 82,380 | 137,318 | | |
| Compensated absences | 7,226 | 3,723 | 10,949 | | |
| Debt obligations, current | 173,394 | 103,431 | 276,825 | | |
| Total current liabilities | 965,517 | 627,565 | 1,593,082 | | |
| Noncurrent liabilities: | | | | | |
| Compensated absences | 16,860 | 8,686 | 25,546 | | |
| Net pension liability | - | - | - | | |
| Net other postemployment benefit liabilities | 3,227 | 1,663 | 4,890 | | |
| Debt obligations | 4,949,777 | 1,493,703 | 6,443,480 | | |
| Total noncurrent liabilities | 4,969,864 | 1,504,052 | 6,473,916 | | |
| Total liabilities | 5,935,381 | 2,131,617 | 8,066,998 | | |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | | | | |
| Deferred inflows related to pensions | 64,550 | 33,254 | 97,804 | | |
| Deferred inflows related to other post employment beenfits | 506 | 261 | 767 | | |
| Total deferred inflows of resources | 65,056 | 33,515 | 98,571 | | |
| NET BOSITION | | | | | |
| NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets | 4,976,164 | 4,338,541 | 9,314,705 | | |
| Net investment in capital assets Restricted | | | 68,586 | | |
| | 45,267 | 23,319 | | | |
| Unrestricted Total not position | (380,449) | (57,277) \$ 4,304,593 | \$ 8,945,565 | | |
| Total net position | \$ 4,640,982 | \$ 4,304,583 | \$ 8,945,565 | | |

CITY OF NORTON, VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2023

BUSINESS TYPE ACTIVITES

| | PROPRIETARY FUND | | | | | | | | |
|--|------------------|-----------|----|-----------|--------------|--------------|--|--|--|
| | | Water | | Sewer | | | | | |
| | <u>Operation</u> | | | peration | Sewe | er Operation | | | |
| OPERATING REVENUES | | | | | | | | | |
| Charges for services | | | | | | | | | |
| Water: | | | | | | | | | |
| Local | \$ | 886,554 | \$ | - | \$ | 886,554 | | | |
| Non-Local | | 215,024 | | - | | 215,024 | | | |
| Sewer: | | | | | | | | | |
| Local | | - | | 1,284,430 | | 1,284,430 | | | |
| Non-Local | | - | | 367,419 | | 367,419 | | | |
| Connection fees | | 13,304 | | 1,050 | | 14,354 | | | |
| Penalties | | 27,154 | | 40,717 | | 67,871 | | | |
| Miscellaneous | | 41 | | 1,450 | 1,491 | | | | |
| Total operating revenues | | 1,142,077 | | 1,695,066 | | 2,837,143 | | | |
| OPERATING EXPENSES | | | | | | | | | |
| Personnel | | 481,492 | | 247,828 | | 729,320 | | | |
| Fringe benefits | | 172,175 | | 88,914 | | 261,089 | | | |
| Contractual services | | 9,310 | | 880,229 | | 889,539 | | | |
| Other charges | | 428,014 | | 293,595 | | 721,609 | | | |
| Water purchased for resale | | 42,432 | | - | | 42,432 | | | |
| Depreciation and amortization | | 262,174 | | 407,692 | | 669,866 | | | |
| Total operating expenses | | 1,395,597 | | 1,918,258 | | 3,313,855 | | | |
| Operating income | | (253,520) | | (223,192) | | (476,712) | | | |
| NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) | | | | | | | | | |
| Grant income | | 217,354 | | 22,207 | | 239,561 | | | |
| Interest expense | | (44,841) | | (100,054) | | (144,895) | | | |
| Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) | | 172,513 | | (77,847) | | 94,666 | | | |
| Change in net position | | (81,007) | | (301,039) | | (382,046) | | | |
| NET POSITION AT JULY 1 | _ | 4,721,989 | | 4,605,622 | | 9,327,611 | | | |
| NET POSITION AT JUNE 30 | \$ | 4,640,982 | \$ | 4,304,583 | \$ 8,945,565 | | | | |

CITY OF NORTON, VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2023

| BUSINESS TYPE ACTIVITES |
|-------------------------|
| PROPRIETARY FUND |

| | PROPRIETARY FUND | | | | | | |
|--|----------------------|--|------|--|------------------------------|---|--|
| | | Water Operation | | Sewer Operation | Water and Sewer Operation | | |
| OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from customers and properties Receipts from other sources Payments to suppliers Payments to employees | \$ | 1,138,009 41 (728,648) (479,388) | \$ | 1,700,346 1,450 (1,368,596) (244,924) | \$ | 2,838,355 1,491 (2,097,244) (724,312) | |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | _\$ | (69,986) | \$ | 88,276 | \$ | 18,290 | |
| NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Interfund borrowing | \$ | 241,070 | \$ | 332,642 | \$ | 573,712 | |
| Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities | \$ | 241,070 | | 332,642 | | 573,712 | |
| CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Purchases of capital assets Contributed Capital - grant revenue Proceeds from issuance of debt Principal paid Interest paid | \$ | (424,633) 220,872 255,911 (160,258) (46,837) | \$ | (215,756) 22,207 - (102,287) (100,656) | \$ | (640,389) 243,079 255,911 (262,545) (147,493) | |
| Net cash used in capital and related financing activities | _\$ | (154,945) | _\$_ | (396,492) | \$ | (551,437) | |
| Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents | _\$ | 16,139 | \$ | 24,426 | | 40,565 | |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Beginning at July 1 | _\$_ | 127,095 | _\$_ | 190,357 | \$ | 317,452 | |
| Ending at June 30 | \$ | 143,234 | _\$_ | 214,783 | \$ | 358,017 | |
| RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation and amortization Pension expense net of employer contributions | \$ | (253,520) 262,174 (15,339) | \$ | (223,192) 407,692 (21,163) | \$ | (476,712) 669,866 (36,502) | |
| Other post-employment benefit expense net of employer contributions Change in assets and liabilities: | | (4,087) | | (5,639) | | (9,726) | |
| (Increase) decrease in: Receivables, net Due from other governments Increase (decrease) in: | | (4,027) | | 6,730 | | 2,703 | |
| Accounts payable and other current liabilities Accrued payroll and related liabilities Customer deposits Compensated absences | Mad September 2 VIII | (58,023) 157 731 1,948 | | (80,063) 216 1,008 2,687 | | (138,086) 373 1,739 4,635 | |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | \$ | (69,986) | \$ | 88,276 | \$ | 18,290 | |

CITY OF NORTON, VIRGINIA DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - SCHOOL BOARD BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUND June 30, 2023

| | C | School Operating Fund | | School Textbook Fund | Healt | School th Retirement Fund | Cap | School ital Project Fund | School Activity Fund | School afeteria Fund | Total School Board |
|---|--|---|---------------|----------------------------|-------|---------------------------------|-----|--------------------------------|----------------------------|---|---|
| ASSETS | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Cash and investments | \$ | 636,615 | \$ | | \$ | - | \$ | 1,228,555 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 1,865,170 |
| Cash - restricted Cash in custody of others | | - | | 208,607 | | 12,351 | | - | 391,500 | 274,516 | 495,474 391,500 |
| Prepaids | | - | | - | | - | | - | - | - | - |
| Due from other funds | | 20,425 | | - | | - | | | - | - | 20,425 |
| Due from primary government Due from other governments | | 1,191,057 546,858 | | 68,620 | | - | | 145,384 | - | 50,000 | 1,405,061 596,858 |
| Total assets | \$ | 2,394,955 | \$ | 277,227 | \$ | 12,351 | \$ | 1,373,939 | \$ 391,500 | \$ 324,516 | \$ 4,774,488 |
| LIABILITIES | | 2,374,755 | | 277,227 | Ψ | 12,331 | - | 1,373,737 | 371,300 | 321,310 | -,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, |
| Accounts Payable | \$ | 80,582 | \$ | _ | \$ | _ | \$ | 327,700 | \$ _ | \$ 22,739 | \$ 431,021 |
| Accrued Liabilities | | 429,796 | | - | | - | | - | - | | 429,796 |
| Due to other funds | | 6,301 | | 13,477 | | - | | - | - | 6,947 | 20,424 6,301 |
| Due to primary government | | | | 12 477 | | | | 327,700 | | 29,686 | 887,542 |
| Total liabilities | _ | 516,679 | | 13,477 | | | | 327,700 | <u>-</u> | 29,080 | 007,342 |
| FUND BALANCE Nonspendable | | | | _ | | _ | | _ | _ | | _ |
| Restricted | | 1,878,276 | | | | - | | | - | - | 1,878,276 |
| Committed | | | | 263,750 | | 12,351 | | 1,046,239 | 391,500 | 294,830 | 2,008,670 |
| Total fund balance | | 1,878,276 | | 263,750 | | 12,351 | | 1,046,239 | 391,500 | 294,830 | 3,886,946 |
| Total liabilities and fund balance | \$ | 2,394,955 | \$ | 277,227 | \$ | 12,351 | \$ | 1,373,939 | \$ 391,500 | \$ 324,516 | \$ 4,774,488 |
| Amounts reported for the School Board's gov Net Position are different because: Long-term assets used in governmental act resources and, therfore, are not reported in Net pension asset Capital assets used in governmental activit financial resources and, therefore, are not r governmental funds. Nondepreciable Depreciable, net Right-of-use, net Deferred outflows and inflows of resources benefits are applicable to future periods an Deferred outflows related to: | ivities the go les are eporte | are not current vernmental fun not current d in the | financ ds. | ial | ment | | | | | 1,559,913 9,875,895 125,664 | 758,098 11,561,472 |
| Pensions Other postemployment benefits Deferred inflows related to: Pensions | | | | | | | | | | 1,897,700 327,633 (1,138,379) | |
| Other postemployment benefits Net pension liability Net other postemployment benefits liabil | ity | | | | | | | | | (188,651) (4,690,799) (1,212,248) | (5,004,744) |
| Long-term liabilities are not due and payal period and, therefore, are not reported as li governmental funds. | abiliti | es in the | | | | | | | | | (5,689,028) |
| Bonds payable, including unamortized pr Finance Purchase notes payable | emiun | 18 | | | | | | | | | (3,007,020) |
| Lease liabilities | | | | | | | | | | | (43,869) |
| Subscription (SBITA) liabilities | | | | | | | | | | | (64,637) (27,028) |
| Accrued interest Compensated absences | | | | | | | | | | | (165,544) |
| Total Net Position - School Board C | overr | ımental Activi | ties | | | | | | | | \$ 5,211,666 |

CITY OF NORTON, VIRGINIA DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - SCHOOL BOARD SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUND Year Ended June 30, 2023

| | School Operating Fund | School Textbook Fund | School Health Retirement Fund | School Capital Project Fund | School Activity Fund | School Cafeteria Fund | Total School Board |
|---|--|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| REVENUES | | | | | | | |
| REVERGES Revenue from use of money and property Miscellaneous Intergovernmental | \$ 840 328,551 | \$ 1,053 | \$ 37 29,848 | \$ 345 | \$ - 481,621 | \$ 22,495 | \$ 2,275 862,515 |
| Primary government Commonwealth of Virginia Federal government | 2,933,866 7,479,499 3,110,680 | - | - - | | - | 8,710 693,943 | 2,933,866 7,488,209 3,804,623 |
| Total revenue | 13,853,436 | 1,053 | 29,885 | 345 | 481,621 | 725,148 | 15,091,488 |
| EXPENDITURES Current | 10.001.025 | | 26.610 | 227 700 | 457 420 | (05.259 | 12 400 020 |
| Education Debt Service: Principal | 10,901,925 656,982 | | 26,619 | 327,700 | 457,428 | 695,358 | 12,409,030 656,982 |
| Interest | 78,635 | | _ | - | | _ | 78,635 |
| Total expenditures | 11,637,542 | | 26,619 | 327,700 | 457,428 | 695,358 | 13,144,647 |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | | | | | | |
| Issuance of leases liabilities | 26,054 | - | - | - | - | - | 26,054 |
| Issuance of subsctiption liabilities Transfer in | 61,222 | - | - | 1,228,210 | - | - | 61,222 1,228,210 |
| Transfers out | (1,228,210) | _ | - | 1,220,210 | - | - | (1,228,210) |
| Net change in fund balance | 1,074,960 | 1,053 | 3,266 | 900,855 | 24,193 | 29,790 | 2,034,117 |
| Fund balances - beginning, as restated | 803,316 | 262,697 | 9,085 | 145,384 | 367,307 | 265,040 | 1,852,829 |
| Fund balances - ending | \$ 1,878,276 | \$ 263,750 | \$ 12,351 | \$ 1,046,239 | \$ 391,500 | \$ 294,830 | \$ 3,886,946 |
| Net Change in Fund Balance - School Board Governmental funds report capital outlays a Statement of Activities, the cost of those as useful lives and reported as depreciation ex | as expenditures; l sets are allocated | | ated | | | 1 824 424 | \$ 2,034,117 |
| Capital outlay and right-of-use-lease assets Depreciation and amortization expense | | | | | | 1,834,434 (736,197) | 1,098,237 |
| Governmental funds report the issuance of while governmental activities report the de | bt liability. | | sources | | | | (87,276) |
| Governmental funds report employer pensi However, in the Statement of Activities the of employee contributions is reported as pe | cost of pension | | net | | | | 863,171 |
| The repayment of the principal of long-tem resources of governmental funds. However position. | | | | | | | 754,290 |
| Governmental funds report employer other as expenditures. However, in the Statement postemployment benefits earned net of empostemployment benefit expense. | of Activities the | cost of other | | | | | 50,627 |
| Some expenses reported in the Statement o the use of current financial resources and, t expenditures in the governmental funds. Accrued interest payable | | | | | | | (24,520) |
| Compensated absences | | | | | | | (3,143) |
| Change in Net Position - School Boa | ard Government | al Activities | | | | | \$ 4,685,503 |

CITY OF NORTON, VIRGINIA DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - SCHOOL BOARD SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - SCHOOL OPERATING FUND Year Ended June 30, 2023

| | | riginal udget | Final Budget | | Actual | Fir | riance With nal Budget ve (Negative) |
|---|----|------------------|-------------------|------|-------------|-----|--|
| REVENUES | | | | | | | |
| Revenue from local use of money and property | \$ | 600 | \$ 600 | \$ | 840 | \$ | 240 |
| Miscellaneous | | 202,977 | 202,977 | | 328,551 | | 125,574 |
| Intergovernmental: | | | | | | | |
| Primary government | 2 | 2,889,700 | 2,934,309 | | 2,933,866 | | (443) |
| Commonwealth of Virginia | 7 | 7,190,290 | 9,083,825 | | 7,479,499 | | (1,604,326) |
| Federal government | | 521,449 | 1,835,511 | | 3,110,680 | | 1,275,169 |
| Total revenues | 10 | 0,805,016 | 14,057,222 | | 13,853,436 | | (203,786) |
| EXPENDITURES | | | | | | | |
| Current: | 1/ | 0.077.252 | 14 527 922 | | 10.014.640 | | 2 722 174 |
| Education Debt Service: | 10 | 0,067,353 | 14,537,823 | | 10,814,649 | | 3,723,174 |
| Principal | | 572,110 | 572,110 | | 656,982 | | (84,872) |
| Interest | | 165,553 | 165,553 | | 78,635 | | 86,918 |
| Total expenditures | 10 | 0,805,016 | 15,275,486 | | 11,550,266 | | 3,725,220 |
| Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures | \$ | - | \$ (1,218,264) | \$ | 2,303,170 | \$ | 3,521,434 |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | | | | | | |
| Operating transfers out | \$ | _ | \$ (153,420) | \$ | (1,228,210) | \$ | (1,074,790) |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | | - | (153,420) | | (1,228,210) | | (1,074,790) |
| Excess of revenue and other financing sources over | | | | | | | |
| expenditures and other financing uses - budget basis | | - | (1,371,684) | | 1,074,960 | | 4,596,224 |
| Net approprations from fund balance | | | | | | | |
| Prior year encumbrances | | - | 1,371,684 | | | | |
| Budget-excess of revenue, other financing sources and appropriations from fund balance over expenditures and other financing uses | | <u>-</u> | - | | | | |
| Fund Balance - June 30, 2022 | | | | _\$_ | 803,316 | | |
| Fund Balance - June 30, 2023 | | | | \$ | 1,878,276 | | |

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

| Contents | <u>Table</u> |
|--|--------------|
| Financial Trends These tables contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time. | 1-4 |
| Revenue Capacity These tables contain information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the City's ability to generate its property taxes and utility revenues. | 5-11 |
| Debt Capacity These tables present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future. | 12-13 |
| Demographic and Economic Information These tables offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place and to help make comparison over time and with other governments. | 14-15 |
| Operating Information These schedules contain information about the City's operations and resources to help the reader understand how the City's financial information relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs. | 16-17 |

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports for the relevant year.

Notes

The City implemented GASB Statement 68 and restated beginning net position for 2015. The restatement is not included in the prior year data.

The City implemented GASB Statement 75 and restated beginning net position for 2018. The restatement is not included in the prior year data.

CITY OF NORTON, VIRGINIA NET POSITION BY COMPONENT (UNAUDITED) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

| | | 2023 | | 2022 | 2021 | | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 |
|---|------|------------------------------------|------|------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----|------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Governmental activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted | \$ | 10,688,851 463,910 1,993,165 | \$ | 9,040,436 - 2,468,256 | \$ 8,655,962 - 2,352,268 | \$ | 8,542,222 - 2,842,279 | \$ 8,560,781 - 2,821,064 | \$ 8,207,586 - 1,976,543 | \$ 8,519,840 - 870,666 | \$ 8,336,774 - 763,727 | \$ 8,014,749 - 232,010 | \$ 5,586,395 - 1,397,414 |
| Total governmental activities net position | _\$_ | 13,145,926 | _\$_ | 11,508,692 | \$ 11,008,230 | _\$ | 11,384,501 | \$11,381,845 | \$ 10,184,129 | \$ 9,390,506 | \$ 9,100,501 | \$ 8,246,759 | \$ 6,983,809 |
| Business-type activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted | \$ | 9,314,705 68,586 (437,726) | \$ | 9,337,549 - (9,938) | \$ 9,614,810 - 74,598 | \$ | 9,958,801 - 84,537 | \$ 9,920,024 - (313,313) | \$ 9,965,531 - (412,570) | \$ 10,369,190 - (499,430) | \$ 10,688,937 - (573,330) | \$ 10,806,022 - (607,646) | \$ 10,739,857 112,741 (428,312) |
| Total business-type activities net position | _\$_ | 8,945,565 | \$ | 9,327,611 | \$ 9,689,408 | \$ | 10,043,338 | \$ 9,606,711 | \$ 9,552,961 | \$ 9,869,760 | \$ 10,115,607 | \$ 10,198,376 | \$ 10,424,286 |
| Primary government Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted | \$ | 20,003,556 532,496 1,555,439 | \$ | 18,377,985 - 2,458,318 | \$ 18,270,772 - 2,426,866 | \$ | 18,501,023 - 2,926,816 | \$ 18,480,805 - 2,507,751 | \$ 18,173,117 - 1,563,973 | \$ 18,889,030 - 371,236 | \$ 19,025,711 - 190,397 | \$ 18,820,771 - (375,636) | \$ 16,326,252 112,741 969,102 |
| Total primary government net position | \$_ | 22,091,491 | \$ | 20,836,303 | \$ 20,697,638 | \$ | 21,427,839 | \$ 20,988,556 | \$ 19,737,090 | \$ 19,260,266 | \$ 19,216,108 | \$ 18,445,135 | \$ 17,408,095 |

Notes:

Accounting standards require net position be reported in three categories in the financial statements: net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted. Net position is considered restricted when 1) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or 2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

CITY OF NORTON, VIRGINIA CHANGES IN NET POSITION (UNAUDITED) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

| | 2023 | | 2022 | | 2021 | | 2020 | | 2019 | 2018 | _ | 2017 | | 2016 | | 2015 | | 2014 |
|--|--------------------------------------|------|---|----|---|------|---------------------------------------|----|---------------------------------------|---|----|---|----|--|----|-------------------------------------|----|---------------------------------------|
| Expenses | | | | | | | | | - | | | | | | | | | |
| Governmental activities | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| General government | \$ 1,641,63 | 5 \$ | 1,407,452 | \$ | 1,422,481 | \$ | 1,412,791 | \$ | 1,538,251 | \$ 1,100,244 | \$ | 1,479,453 | \$ | 1,525,411 | \$ | 1,516,160 | \$ | 1,576,458 |
| Judicial administration | 488,9 | 6 | 452,446 | | 448,140 | | 415,276 | | 2,717,698 | 2,873,422 | | 2,717,864 | | 2,564,543 | | 2,491,800 | | 2,579,286 |
| Public safety | 3,647,2 | 51 | 3,265,231 | | 3,161,237 | | 2,819,987 | | 2,134,947 | 2,308,395 | | 2,225,978 | | 2,086,952 | | 1,989,571 | | 2,062,845 |
| Public works | 2,574,6 | 8 | 2,527,576 | | 2,209,334 | | 2,531,163 | | 1,307,516 | 1,270,418 | | 1,408,130 | | 1,388,345 | | 1,128,562 | | 1,256,593 |
| Health and welfare | 2,074,0 |)6 | 1,815,621 | | 1,752,950 | | 1,409,848 | | 2,407,067 | 2,167,754 | | 2,506,829 | | 2,326,948 | | 2,268,173 | | 2,416,648 |
| Education | 2,943,0 | 0 | 2,760,806 | | 2,600,645 | | 2,505,966 | | 511,651 | 407,173 | | 461,053 | | 474,541 | | 445,581 | | 444,729 |
| Parks, recreation, and cultural | 330,9 | 3 | 587,517 | | 583,825 | | 81,357 | | 38,483 | 45,218 | | 78,828 | | 329,286 | | 561,290 | | 514,158 |
| Community development | 1,647,4 | 8 | 1,379,243 | | 2,627,350 | | 1,411,696 | | 39,010 | 39,432 | | 45,291 | | 48,915 | | 109,767 | | 67,234 |
| Interest | 31,30 | 8 | 19,736 | | 40,221 | | 37,756 | | - | - | | - | | | | | | |
| Total governmental activities | 15,379,4 | 5 | 14,215,628 | | 14,846,183 | 1 | 12,625,840 | | 10,694,623 | 10,212,056 | | 10,923,426 | | 10,744,941 | | 10,510,904 | | 10,917,951 |
| Business-type activities | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Water and Wastewater | 3,458,7 | 0 | 3,340,717 | | 3,178,492 | | 2,975,950 | | 2,841,008 | 2,895,886 | | 2,981,468 | | 2,795,034 | | 2,840,888 | | 2,929,215 |
| Total business-type activities expenses | 3,458,7 | 0 | 3,340,717 | | 3,178,492 | | 2,975,950 | | 2,841,008 | 2,895,886 | | 2,981,468 | | 2,795,034 | | 2,840,888 | | 2,929,215 |
| Total primary government expenses | 18,838,1 |)5 | 17,556,345 | | 18,024,675 | 1 | 15,601,790 | | 13,535,631 | 13,107,942 | | 13,904,894 | | 13,539,975 | | 13,351,792 | | 13,847,166 |
| Program revenues | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Governmental activities | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Charges for services | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Public safety | \$ 56,33 | 5 \$ | 12,052 | \$ | 11,428 | \$ | 14,679 | \$ | 104,630 | \$ 87,094 | \$ | 98,525 | \$ | 101,979 | \$ | 60,564 | \$ | 736 |
| Public works | 401,3 | 1 | 404,851 | | 407,722 | | 410,676 | | 411,018 | 413,874 | | 415,282 | | 416,703 | | 417,474 | | 354,338 |
| Health and welfare | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | - | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Parks, recreation and culture | 19,88 | 0 | 20,015 | | 16,782 | | 17,400 | | 22,062 | 18,273 | | 11,807 | | 8,773 | | 11,896 | | 7,885 |
| Operating grants and contributions | 5,643,48 | 1 | 4,996,369 | | 5,813,650 | | 3,777,142 | | 3,223,571 | 2,723,370 | | 2,878,329 | | 2,574,389 | | 2,302,105 | | 2,297,908 |
| Capital grants and contributions | 498,90 | | 111,385 | | 102,062 | | - | | | - | | - | | 453,008 | | 2,702,148 | | 1,722,056 |
| Total governmental activities program revenues | 6,619,9 | 8 | 5,544,672 | | 6,351,644 | | 4,219,897 | | 3,761,281 | 3,242,611 | | 3,403,943 | | 3,554,852 | | 5,494,187 | | 4,382,923 |
| Business-type activities | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Charges for services | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Water and Wastewater | 2,837,14 | .3 | 2,719,995 | | 2,672,146 | | 2,754,849 | | 2,778,976 | 2,492,506 | | 2,489,776 | | 2,402,922 | | 2,314,041 | | 2,211,146 |
| Operating grants and contributions | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | - | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Capital grants and contributions | 239,56 | | 247,079 | | 152,416 | | 487,660 | | 285,850 | 16,100 | | 95,845 | | 309,343 | | 536,587 | | 1,139,788 |
| Total business-type activities program revenues | 3,076,70 | | 2,967,074 | | 2,824,562 | | 3,242,509 | | 3,064,826 | 2,508,606 | | 2,585,621 | | 2,712,265 | | 2,850,628 | | 3,350,934 |
| Total primary government program revenues | 9,696,63 | 2 | 8,511,746 | | 9,176,206 | | 7,462,406 | | 6,826,107 | 5,751,217 | | 5,989,564 | | 6,267,117 | | 8,344,815 | | 7,733,857 |
| No. (constant of the constant | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Net (expense) revenue | e (9.750.40 | a\ ^ | (0.670.055) | • | (0.404.520) | | (0.405.043) | ø | (6.022.240) | (6,060,445) | ø | (7.510.402) | ¢. | (7.100.000) | e | (5.016.717) | • | (6 525 028) |
| Governmental activities | \$ (8,759,49 | , | . , . , . , | \$ | (8,494,539) | \$ (| (8,405,943) | \$ | (6,933,342) | \$ (6,969,445) | \$ | (7,519,483) | \$ | | \$ | (5,016,717) | \$ | |
| | \$ (8,759,49 (382,04 (9,141,54 | 6) | (8,670,956) (373,643) (9,044,599) | \$ | (8,494,539) (353,930) (8,848,469) | | (8,405,943) 266,559 (8,139,384) | | (6,933,342) 223,818 (6,709,524) | (6,969,445) (387,280) (7,356,725) | | (7,519,483) (395,847) (7,915,330) | \$ | (7,190,089) (82,769) (7,272,858) | | (5,016,717) 9,740 (5,006,977) | | (6,535,028) 421,719 (6,113,309) |

CITY OF NORTON, VIRGINIA CHANGES IN NET POSITION (UNAUDITED) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

| | 2023 | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 |
|---|------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| General Revenues and Other Changes in Net | | | | | | | | | | |
| Position | | | | | | | | | | |
| Governmental activities: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Taxes | | | | | | | | | | |
| General property taxes | 3,368,232 | 3,161,558 | 3,171,973 | 3,128,984 | 3,156,805 | 3,091,045 | 3,127,830 | 3,034,838 | 2,632,023 | 2,881,300 |
| Local sales and use | 2,142,163 | 1,918,095 | 1,726,064 | 1,664,033 | 1,639,810 | 1,518,284 | 1,541,644 | 1,609,549 | 1,613,223 | 1,606,815 |
| Utility tax | 123,339 | 123,852 | 125,047 | 125,415 | 127,413 | 128,898 | 129,066 | 129,032 | 131,322 | 131,006 |
| Business license tax | 947,829 | 981,872 | 690,659 | 801,979 | 789,539 | 779,120 | 750,765 | 842,303 | 812,125 | 887,396 |
| Communication tax | 146,747 | 150,854 | 155,422 | 174,981 | 194,619 | 193,631 | 199,570 | 204,591 | 211,659 | 211,979 |
| Motor vehicle tax | 80,846 | 79,431 | 79,289 | 80,937 | 85,205 | 81,767 | 85,648 | 81,661 | 71,174 | 63,629 |
| Bank stock tax | 47,175 | 62,361 | 54,166 | 40,193 | 50,778 | 51,591 | 42,171 | 47,105 | 61,913 | 72,678 |
| Recordation tax | 57,875 | 23,426 | 29,897 | 16,012 | 17,026 | 21,376 | 37,040 | 34,009 | 22,158 | 44,876 |
| Tobacco tax | - | - | - | - | - | - | 30 | 40 | 110 | 41 |
| Hotel and motel room tax | 129,034 | 123,993 | 77,946 | 104,019 | 158,331 | 141,171 | 161,925 | 159,594 | 206,815 | 133,561 |
| Restaurant food tax | 1,910,094 | 1,663,751 | 1,515,515 | 1,479,388 | 1,496,570 | 1,388,390 | 1,401,747 | 1,395,556 | 1,360,014 | 1,357,112 |
| Coal road improvement tax | 37,074 | 25,711 | 67,216 | 31,997 | 39,774 | 25,533 | 24,366 | 32,928 | 56,308 | 79,353 |
| Cigarette tax | 161,115 | 150,125 | 157,460 | 157,455 | 168,425 | 159,197 | 186,815 | 173,067 | 88,640 | 92,965 |
| Other local taxes | 734,256 | 91,449 | 79,457 | 87,222 | 121,520 | 84,265 | 88,004 | 89,177 | 70,125 | 107,557 |
| Unrestricted miscellaneous revenue | 157,099 | 68,914 | 46,416 | 75,883 | 26,208 | 41,497 | 33,780 | 68,352 | 99,086 | 104,627 |
| Unrestricted investment earnings | 204,549 | 31,579 | 16,596 | 53,134 | 67,717 | 33,899 | 26,359 | 29,758 | 28,480 | 28,255 |
| Gain on sale of capital assets | 4,861 | 13,571 | 19,808 | 3,004 | 2,060 | 16,475 | - | - | - | - |
| Insurance recovories | 109,768 | 8,346 | 14,319 | 21,706 | 7,692 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Recovered costs | 34,675 | 254,639 | 91,018 | 125,791 | 218,032 | 121,275 | 122,728.00 | 112,271 | 39,085 | 37,494 |
| Transfers - primary government | | | | | | | (150,000) | | - | |
| Total governmental activities | 10,396,731 | 8,933,527 | 8,118,268 | 8,172,133 | 8,367,524 | 7,877,414 | 7,809,488 | 8,043,831 | 7,504,260 | 7,840,644 |
| Business-type activities: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Other | - | - | - | | | - | 150,000 | - | - | - |
| Total business-type activities | | | | | | - | 150,000 | - | | - |
| Total primary government | 10,396,731 | 8,933,527 | 8,118,268 | 8,172,133 | 8,367,524 | 7,877,414 | 7,959,488 | 8,043,831 | 7,504,260 | 7,840,644 |
| Changes in Net Position | | | | | | | | | | |
| Governmental activities | 1,637,234 | 262,571 | (376,271) | (233,810) | 1,434,182 | 907,969 | 290,005 | 853,742 | 2,487,543 | 1,305,616 |
| Business-type activities | (382,046) | (373,643) | (353,930) | 266,559 | 223,818 | (387,280) | (245,847) | (82,769) | 9,740 | 421,719 |
| Total primary government | 1,255,188 | (111,072) | (730,201) | 32,749 | 1,658,000 | 520,689 | 44,158 | 770,973 | 2,497,283 | 1,727,335 |

CITY OF NORTON, VIRGINIA FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (UNAUDITED) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

| | 2023 | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 |
|------------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Post-GASB 54 implementation: | | | | | | | | | | |
| General Fund | | | | | | | | | | |
| Reserved | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - |
| Unreserved | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Nonspendable | 815,247 | 237,884 | 189,876 | 355,486 | 490,562 | 497,058 | 490,329 | 574,892 | - | - |
| Restricted | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Committed | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Assigned | 464,579 | 640,541 | 87,263 | 50,454 | 82,295 | 48,502 | 9,504 | - | 372,893 | 347,416 |
| Unassigned | 1,415,293 | 1,725,943 | 2,392,483 | 2,750,949 | 2,794,565 | 2,227,802 | 1,408,777 | - | 1,210,736 | 1,332,585 |
| Total general fund | \$ 2,695,119 | \$ 2,604,368 | \$ 2,669,622 | \$ 3,156,889 | \$ 3,367,422 | \$ 2,773,362 | \$ 1,908,610 | \$ 574,892 | \$ 1,583,629 | \$ 1,680,001 |
| All Other Governmental Funds | | | | | | | | | | |
| Reserved | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - |
| Unreserved, reported in: | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Special Revenue fund | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Nonspendable | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Restricted | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Committed | 407,380 | 358,770 | 408,647 | 413,444 | 432,120 | 373,108 | 361,062 | 357,780 | 344,627 | 343,830 |
| Assigned | 86,802 | 157,091 | 180,008 | 231,123 | 230,008 | 272,560 | 153,340 | 14,205 | - | - |
| Unassigned | - | - | - | - | - | - | | - | (55,870) | (120,700) |
| Total all other governmental funds | \$ 494,182 | \$ 515,861 | \$ 588,655 | \$ 644,567 | \$ 662,128 | \$ 645,668 | \$ 514,402 | \$ 371,985 | \$ 288,757 | \$ 223,130 |

¹⁾ GASB 54 was enacted for the year ended June 30, 2011 which changed the method of reporting fund balance.

CITY OF NORTON, VIRGINIA CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (UNAUDITED) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

| | | 2023 | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 |
|--------------------------------------|----|------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Revenues | - | | | | | | | | | | |
| General property taxes | \$ | 3,582,626 | \$ 3,154,639 | \$ 3,026,350 | \$ 3,155,065 | \$ 2,990,029 | \$ 3,027,691 | \$ 3,144,820 | \$ 3,020,812 | \$ 2,679,834 | \$ 2,915,376 |
| Other local taxes | | 5,783,291 | 5,303,471 | 4,678,681 | 4,676,409 | 4,767,490 | 4,488,958 | 4,560,787 | 4,709,435 | 4,635,461 | 4,681,411 |
| Permits, fees, and licenses | | 8,949 | 9,327 | 2,382 | 12,391 | 16,258 | 2,177 | 2,608 | 2,547 | 11,133 | 7,131 |
| Fines and forfeitures | | 56,417 | 12,592 | 11,303 | 13,978 | 103,929 | 18,995 | 26,178 | 17,698 | 26,425 | 28,687 |
| Use of money and property | | 204,549 | 31,579 | 16,596 | 53,134 | 65,846 | 33,899 | 26,359 | 29,758 | 27,843 | 28,255 |
| Charges for services | | 421,539 | 425,264 | 425,206 | 428,777 | 435,653 | 500,246 | 499,436 | 489,628 | 479,458 | 378,774 |
| Other revenues | | 157,099 | 68,914 | 46,417 | 75,883 | 26,208 | 32,153 | 25,328 | 89,595 | 75,415 | 104,627 |
| Recovered cost | | 109,768 | 254,639 | 91,018 | 125,791 | 129,682 | 121,275 | 122,728 | 112,271 | 20,706 | 18,761 |
| Intergovernmental | | 6,882,785 | 5,203,243 | 5,992,209 | 3,851,973 | 3,328,833 | 2,805,458 | 2,963,728 | 3,099,574 | 5,074,378 | 4,105,808 |
| Total revenues | | 17,207,023 | 14,463,668 | 14,290,162 | 12,393,401 | 11,863,928 | 11,030,852 | 11,371,972 | 11,571,318 | 13,030,653 | 12,268,830 |
| Expenditures | | | | | | | | | | | |
| General government | | 1,701,524 | 1,475,971 | 1,401,679 | 1,419,446 | 1,208,856 | 1,134,746 | 1,129,015 | 1,182,299 | 1,150,354 | 1,130,587 |
| Judicial administration | | 488,956 | 452,446 | 448,140 | 417,257 | 395,899 | 386,605 | 365,591 | 377,549 | 389,285 | 412,859 |
| Public safety | | 3,616,875 | 4,196,116 | 3,119,513 | 2,746,657 | 3,085,191 | 2,473,435 | 2,610,351 | 2,644,107 | 2,423,506 | 2,497,672 |
| Public works | | 2,447,310 | 2,263,113 | 2,422,419 | 2,372,797 | 2,227,861 | 1,952,299 | 2,296,650 | 1,843,175 | 1,776,800 | 1,742,342 |
| Health and welfare | | 2,061,548 | 1,814,010 | 1,739,081 | 1,434,345 | 1,372,350 | 1,274,952 | 1,367,288 | 1,423,325 | 1,159,055 | 1,233,314 |
| Education and transfer to school | | 2,943,090 | 2,760,806 | 2,600,645 | 2,505,966 | 2,407,067 | 2,167,754 | 2,506,829 | 2,326,948 | 2,268,173 | 2,401,810 |
| Parks, recreation, and cultural | | 876,033 | 640,592 | 568,165 | 497,794 | 547,053 | 480,446 | 468,394 | 472,460 | 427,708 | 438,256 |
| Community development | | 2,807,850 | 1,483,065 | 2,422,390 | 1,060,832 | 38,502 | 44,710 | 90,905 | 867,911 | 3,342,994 | 2,229,763 |
| Debt service: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Principal retirement | | 202,281 | 174,092 | 897,749 | 181,439 | 151,154 | 614,823 | 137,359 | 124,861 | 1,182,821 | 121,031 |
| Interest and fiscal charges | | 32,020 | 18,422 | 38,687 | 30,472 | 31,667 | 31,443 | 37,630 | 41,808 | 167,718 | 66,662 |
| Total expenditures | | 17,177,487 | 15,278,633 | 15,658,468 | 12,667,005 | 11,465,600 | 10,561,213 | 11,010,012 | 11,304,443 | 14,288,414 | 12,274,296 |
| Excess of revenues over (under) | | | | | | | | | | | |
| expenditures | | 29,536 | (814,965) | (1,368,306) | (273,604) | 398,328 | 469,639 | 361,960 | 266,875 | (1,257,761) | (5,466) |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses) | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Proceeds from borrowing | | - | 655,000 | 791,000 | 20,800 | 203,000 | 500,000 | - | 50,000 | 1,208,000 | - |
| Insurance recoveries | | 34,675 | 8,346 | 14,319 | 21,706 | 7,692 | - | 2,859 | 8,761 | 18,379 | 18,733 |
| Proceeds from sale of capital assets | | 4,861 | 13,571 | 19,808 | 3,004 | 2,060 | 25,819 | 5,593 | 4,578 | 637 | - |
| Transfers | | - | - | - | - | - | - | (150,000) | - | - | _ |
| Total other financing | | | | | | | | | | | |
| sources (uses) | | 39,536 | 676,917 | 825,127 | 45,510 | 212,752 | 525,819 | (141,548) | 63,339 | 1,227,016 | 18,733 |
| Net change in fund balances | \$ | 69,072 | \$ (138,048) | \$ (543,179) | \$ (228,094) | \$ 611,080 | \$ 995,458 | \$ 220,412 | \$ 330,214 | \$ (30,745) | \$ 13,267 |
| Debt service as a percentage of | | | | | | | | | | | |
| noncapital expenditures: | | 1.55% | 1.37% | 6.19% | 1.75% | 1.62% | 6.52% | 1.62% | 1.50% | 10.44% | 1.55% |

CITY OF NORTON, VIRGINIA ASSESSED VALUE AND ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

| | | | | Public Utilities | | | | | T | otal Taxable | Total Direct | |
|----------|-------------------|------------------|-----------------|------------------|------------|----|---------|-----------|----|--------------|---------------------|--|
| Calendar | Real | Personal | Machinery | | Real | | rsonal | Mobile | | Assessed | Tax Rate | |
| Year | Estate | Property | and Tools | | Estate | Pr | operty | Homes | | Value | Per \$100 | |
| 2023 | \$ 227,897,850 | \$ 28,069,483 | \$ 4,105,909 | \$ | 30,057,852 | | - | 1,192,167 | \$ | 291,323,261 | 1.230 | |
| 2022 | 227,441,200 | 31,472,230 | 4,690,290 | | 32,879,310 | | - | 1,192,367 | | 297,675,397 | 1.060 | |
| 2021 | 226,170,000 | 29,414,974 | 5,696,467 | | 30,884,551 | | - | 1,700,838 | | 293,866,830 | 1.073 | |
| 2020 | 229,302,650 | 29,986,495 | 5,553,055 | | 28,781,153 | | - | 1,480,815 | | 295,104,168 | 1.069 | |
| 2019 | 233,839,000 | 29,357,644 | 5,381,430 | | 26,890,950 | | - | 1,565,287 | | 297,034,311 | 1.007 | |
| 2018 | 235,369,600 | 28,122,426 | 5,024,584 | | 25,735,238 | | - | 1,422,747 | | 295,674,595 | 1.024 | |
| 2017 | 235,070,000 | 29,234,452 | 5,486,284 | | 25,650,081 | | - | 1,379,667 | | 296,820,484 | 1.060 | |
| 2016 | 225,828,836 | 29,049,973 | 5,087,058 | | 24,698,933 | | - | 1,601,097 | | 286,265,897 | 1.055 | |
| 2015 | 218,737,522 | 29,431,057 | 5,185,961 | | 26,192,424 | | 124,975 | 1,541,202 | | 281,213,141 | 0.953 | |
| 2014 | 219,165,572 | 30,450,311 | 5,373,264 | | 26,983,560 | | 131,432 | 1,631,722 | | 283,735,861 | 1.027 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |

¹⁾ Property is assessed at actual value therefore the assessed values are equal to actual value.

CITY OF NORTON, VIRGINIA DIRECT PROPERTY TAX RATES (UNAUDITED) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

| | | | | | Public V | Utilities |
|------|--------|----------|-----------|--------|----------|-----------|
| | Real | Personal | Machinery | Mobile | Real | Personal |
| Year | Estate | Property | and Tools | Homes | Estate | Property |
| | | | | | | |
| 2023 | 0.90 | 2.05 | 2.05 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 2.05 |
| 2022 | 0.90 | 2.05 | 2.05 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 2.05 |
| 2021 | 0.90 | 2.05 | 2.05 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 2.05 |
| 2020 | 0.90 | 2.05 | 2.05 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 2.05 |
| 2019 | 0.90 | 2.05 | 2.05 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 2.05 |
| 2018 | 0.90 | 1.85 | 1.85 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 1.85 |
| 2017 | 0.90 | 1.85 | 1.85 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 1.85 |
| 2016 | 0.90 | 1.85 | 1.85 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 1.85 |
| 2015 | 0.80 | 1.85 | 1.85 | 0.80 | 0.80 | 1.85 |
| 2014 | 0.80 | 1.85 | 1.85 | 0.80 | 0.80 | 1.85 |

Notes: 1) Rates are presented per \$100 assessed value

CITY OF NORTON, VIRGINIA PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS (UNAUDITED) CURRENT YEAR AND TEN YEARS AGO

June 30, 2023

| Wal-Mart Real Estate Trust Commercial Retail/ Grocery 15,314,800 6.72% Norton Community Hospital Health Care 7,331,600 3.22% Norton (Norton) SRX LLC Shops/Maurices/Hibbitts 6,216,600 2.73% Norton Host Hotel 4,308,100 1.89% 601 Commonwealth LLC Shops/Glass Slipper/Pizza Hut 3,716,600 1.63% Wellmont Health System Health Care 3,168,300 1.39% Canada Inc Shopping Center/HWY 58 3,143,500 1.38% | | | | Percent of Real |
|--|------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------|-----------------|
| Norton Community Hospital Health Care 7,331,600 3.22% Norton (Norton) SRX LLC Shops/Maurices/Hibbitts 6,216,600 2.73% Norton Host Hotel 4,308,100 1.89% 601 Commonwealth LLC Shops/Glass Slipper/Pizza Hut 3,716,600 1.63% Wellmont Health System Health Care 3,168,300 1.39% Canada Inc Shopping Center/HWY 58 3,143,500 1.38% | Taxpayer | Nature of Business | Assessed Value | Estate Levy |
| Norton (Norton) SRX LLC Shops/Maurices/Hibbitts 6,216,600 2.73% Norton Host Hotel 4,308,100 1.89% 601 Commonwealth LLC Shops/Glass Slipper/Pizza Hut 3,716,600 1.63% Wellmont Health System Health Care 3,168,300 1.39% Canada Inc Shopping Center/HWY 58 3,143,500 1.38% | Wal-Mart Real Estate Trust | Commercial Retail/ Grocery | 15,314,800 | 6.72% |
| Norton Host Hotel 4,308,100 1.89% 601 Commonwealth LLC Shops/Glass Slipper/Pizza Hut 3,716,600 1.63% Wellmont Health System Health Care 3,168,300 1.39% Canada Inc Shopping Center/HWY 58 3,143,500 1.38% | Norton Community Hospital | Health Care | 7,331,600 | 3.22% |
| 601 Commonwealth LLC Shops/Glass Slipper/Pizza Hut 3,716,600 1.63% Wellmont Health System Health Care 3,168,300 1.39% Canada Inc Shopping Center/HWY 58 3,143,500 1.38% | Norton (Norton) SRX LLC | Shops/Maurices/Hibbitts | 6,216,600 | 2.73% |
| Wellmont Health System Health Care 3,168,300 1.39% Canada Inc Shopping Center/HWY 58 3,143,500 1.38% | Norton Host | Hotel | 4,308,100 | 1.89% |
| Canada Inc Shopping Center/HWY 58 3,143,500 1.38% | 601 Commonwealth LLC | Shops/Glass Slipper/Pizza Hut | 3,716,600 | 1.63% |
| | Wellmont Health System | Health Care | 3,168,300 | 1.39% |
| K4K LLC Land Near Burke's Shopping Center 2.517.000 1.10% | Canada Inc | Shopping Center/HWY 58 | 3,143,500 | 1.38% |
| | K4K LLC | Land Near Burke's Shopping Center | 2,517,000 | 1.10% |
| AJM LLC Retail/Eq. Sales/Repair 2,322,000 1.02% | AJM LLC | Retail/Eq. Sales/Repair | 2,322,000 | 1.02% |
| Frontier Health (R.E. Green) Medical/Health 2,029,600 0.89% | Frontier Health (R.E. Green) | Medical/Health | 2,029,600 | 0.89% |

June 30, 2013

| | | | Percent of Real |
|------------------------------|---|----------------|-----------------|
| Taxpayer | Nature of Business | Assessed Value | Estate Levy |
| Wal-Mart Real Estate Trust | Shopping Center | 14,370,100 | 6.52% |
| Super Intermediate Co., LLC | Commercial Retailer/Grocer | 9,324,100 | 4.23% |
| Commonwealth Norton Partners | Shopping Center | 6,612,300 | 3.00% |
| Norton SRX LLC | Hotel | 6,060,600 | 2.75% |
| Wellmont Health System | Hotel/Restaurant | 5,192,700 | 2.36% |
| Norton Community Hospital | Health Care | 4,712,300 | 2.14% |
| Norton Host | Hotel | 4,254,600 | 1.93% |
| Nordan, Inc | Health Care | 3,854,000 | 1.75% |
| W.P. Amristead | Commercial and Residental Rental Property | 2,455,800 | 1.12% |
| AARMP Hospitality (Days Inn) | Hotel | 1,606,200 | 0.73% |

CITY OF NORTON, VIRGINIA PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS (UNAUDITED) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

| Fiscal Years Ended June 30 | exes Levied for the ear (1) (2) | Current Tax Collections | | Tax of I | | Tax | | Total Tax Collections (3) | | Percent of Total Tax Collections | | Outstanding Delinquent Taxes | | Percent of Delinquent of Levy |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------|----------|-------|-----|---------|---------------------------|-----------|--|---------|------------------------------------|---------|-------------------------------|
| 2023 | \$ 3,150,022 | \$ | 3,023,724 | 9 | 5.99% | \$ | 368,806 | \$ | 3,392,530 | | 107.70% | \$ | 242,382 | 7.69% |
| 2022 | 3,129,410 | | 2,927,206 | 9 | 3.54% | | 128,448 | | 3,055,654 | | 97.64% | | 485,502 | 15.51% |
| 2021 | 3,221,949 | | 2,940,393 | 9 | 1.26% | | 38,709 | | 2,979,102 | | 92.46% | | 438,565 | 13.61% |
| 2020 | 3,158,804 | | 3,091,469 | 9 | 7.87% | | 12,517 | | 3,103,986 | | 98.26% | | 397,967 | 12.60% |
| 2019 | 3,136,438 | | 2,840,119 | 9 | 0.55% | | 85,936 | | 2,926,055 | | 93.29% | | 470,303 | 14.99% |
| 2018 | 3,108,516 | | 2,879,431 | 9 | 2.63% | | 85,045 | | 2,964,476 | | 95.37% | | 336,115 | 10.81% |
| 2017 | 3,166,319 | | 2,925,590 | 9 | 2.40% | | 142,234 | | 3,067,824 | | 96.89% | | 346,570 | 10.95% |
| 2016 | 3,106,353 | | 2,780,558 | 8 | 9.51% | | 140,006 | | 2,920,564 | | 94.02% | | 369,906 | 11.91% |
| 2015 | 2,731,203 | | 2,545,590 | 9 | 3.20% | | 56,280 | | 2,601,870 | | 95.26% | | 320,961 | 11.75% |
| 2014 | 2,800,408 | | 2,559,728 | 9 | 1.41% | | 247,834 | | 2,807,562 | | 100.26% | | 257,050 | 9.18% |

Exclusive of penalties and interest.
 Does not include land redemptions
 Commonwealth reimbursement for auto tax included in total collections.

CITY OF NORTON, VIRGINIA RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

| Fiscal Vears | Fiscal Governmental Activities Years General Finance | | | | | | | Component | | | |
|-----------------|--|------------|----|---------|--|----|-----------|--------------|------------|------------------------|--------|
| Ended | | Obligation | | urchase | | | | | Total | Percentage of Personal | Per |
| June 30 | | Bonds | | Leases | | | Bonds | Bonds | Debt | Income | Capita |
| 2023 | \$ | 1,157,274 | \$ | - | | \$ | 6,720,305 | \$ 5,280,000 | 13,157,579 | 7.90% | 3,617 |
| 2022 | | 1,327,681 | | 30,156 | | | 6,726,938 | 5,935,000 | 14,019,775 | 8.29% | 3,802 |
| 2021 | | 817,147 | | 59,782 | | | 6,975,676 | 6,560,000 | 14,412,605 | 8.10% | 3,695 |
| 2020 | | 895,712 | | 88,347 | | | 7,087,832 | 7,150,000 | 15,221,891 | 9.10% | 3,897 |
| 2019 | | 1,028,630 | | 116,068 | | | 7,362,643 | 7,710,000 | 16,217,341 | 10.29% | 4,152 |
| 2018 | | 1,093,377 | | - | | | 7,629,457 | 8,250,000 | 16,972,834 | 11.80% | 4,343 |
| 2017 | | 1,208,200 | | - | | | 7,893,350 | 8,765,000 | 17,866,550 | 14.07% | 4,632 |
| 2016 | | 1,316,121 | | 29,438 | | | 8,143,884 | 9,260,000 | 18,749,443 | 13.54% | 4,752 |
| 2015 | | 1,363,000 | | 58,141 | | | 8,139,139 | 9,784,434 | 19,344,714 | 12.98% | 4,821 |
| 2014 | | 1,285,000 | | 110,961 | | | 7,804,349 | 10,341,185 | 19,541,495 | 12.65% | 4,817 |

Notes:

- 1) Center for Public Service at the University of Virginia.
- 2) Includes all general long-term debt obligations.

TABLE 10

CITY OF NORTON, VIRGINIA RATIO OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING (UNAUDITED) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

| Fiscal Years Ended June 30 | General Bonded Debt Outstanding General Bonded Obligation Bonds | Percentage of Actual Taxable Value of Property | Per Capita |
|-------------------------------------|---|---|---------------|
| | | | |
| 2023 | 13,157,579 | 4.52% | 3,617 |
| 2022 | 13,989,619 | 4.80% | 3,794 |
| 2021 | 14,352,823 | 4.88% | 3,679 |
| 2020 | 14,943,164 | 5.06% | 3,826 |
| 2019 | 15,902,240 | 5.35% | 4,152 |
| 2018 | 16,765,144 | 5.67% | 4,343 |
| 2017 | 17,650,210 | 5.95% | 4,632 |
| 2016 | 18,495,011 | 6.46% | 4,752 |
| 2015 | 18,697,886 | 6.65% | 4,821 |
| 2014 | 18,327,250 | 6.46% | 4,817 |

¹⁾ Details regarding the city's oustanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements

CITY OF NORTON, VIRGINIA LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION (UNAUDITED) LAST TEN FISCAL EYARS

| | 2023 | | 2022 | 2021 | | 2020 | | 2019 | 2018 | | 2017 | | <u>2016</u> | _ | <u>2015</u> | | 2014 |
|---|-------------------|------|-------------|-------------------|-------|-----------|------|------------|-------------------|------|-------------|------|-------------|-------|-------------|------|-------------|
| Assessed valuations | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Assessed value of taxed real property | \$ 257,955,702 | _\$_ | 260,320,510 | \$ 257,054,551 | \$ 25 | 8,083,803 | \$ 2 | 60,729,950 | \$ 261,104,838 | \$ 2 | 260,720,081 | \$ 2 | 50,527,769 | \$ 2 | 44,929,946 | \$ 2 | 246,149,132 |
| Legal debt margin Debt limit - 10 percent of total assessed value | 25,795,570 | | 26,032,051 | 25,705,455 | 2 | 5,808,380 | | 26,072,995 | 26,110,484 | | 26,072,008 | | 25,052,777 | | 24,492,995 | | 24,614,913 |
| Debt applicable to limitation Total bonded debt | 13,157,579 | | 14,019,775 | 14,412,605 | 1. | 5,221,891 | | 16,217,341 | 16,972,834 | | 17,866,550 | | 18,749,443 | | 19,344,714 | | 19,541,495 |
| Less - Business-Type | | | _ | | | (190,380) | | (199,033) | (207,686) | | (216,340) | | (224,994) | | (588,689) | | (1,103,284) |
| Total amount of debt applicable to debt limitation | 13,157,579 | | 14,019,775 | 14,412,605 | 1: | 5,031,511 | | 16,018,308 | 16,765,148 | | 17,650,210 | | 18,524,449 | · Ata | 18,756,025 | | 18,438,211 |
| Legal debt margin | \$ 12,637,991 | \$ | 12,012,276 | \$ 11,292,850 | \$ 1 | 0,776,869 | \$ | 10,054,687 | \$ 9,345,336 | \$ | 8,421,798 | \$ | 6,528,328 | \$ | 5,736,970 | \$ | 6,176,702 |
| Total net debt as applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit | 51.01% | | 53.86% | 56.07% | | 58.24% | | 61.44% | 64.21% | | 67.70% | | 73.94% | | 76.58% | | 74.91% |

CITY OF NORTON, VIRGINIA PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE (UNAUDITED) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

| Fiscal Years Ended June 30 | Utility Service Charges | Less: Operating Expenses | Net vailable Revenue | Principal | Interest | Total | Coverage |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------|----------|-----------|----------|
| 2023 | \$ 2,837,143 | \$ 2,643,989 | \$ 193,154 | 262,545 | 144,895 | 407,440 | 0.47 |
| 2022 | 2,719,995 | 2,503,600 | 216,395 | 252,692 | 166,978 | 419,670 | 0.52 |
| 2021 | 2,672,146 | 2,304,693 | 367,453 | 269,528 | 183,711 | 453,239 | 0.81 |
| 2020 | 2,754,849 | 2,110,916 | 643,933 | 266,158 | 174,248 | 440,406 | 1.46 |
| 2019 | 2,778,976 | 1,970,728 | 808,248 | 258,161 | 182,746 | 440,907 | 1.83 |
| 2018 | 2,492,506 | 2,001,767 | 490,739 | 255,243 | 197,630 | 452,873 | 1.08 |
| 2017 | 2,489,776 | 2,077,298 | 412,478 | 241,878 | 207,405 | 449,283 | 0.92 |
| 2016 | 2,402,922 | 1,960,348 | 442,574 | 229,906 | 180,693 | 410,599 | 1.08 |
| 2015 | 2,314,041 | 2,107,896 | 206,145 | 158,950 | 120,455 | 279,405 | 0.74 |
| 2014 | 2,211,146 | 2,132,102 | 79,044 | 1,022,913 | 195,404 | 1,218,317 | 0.06 |

¹⁾ Details regarding the city's oustanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. Operating expenses do not include interest, depreciation, or amortization expense.

CITY OF NORTON, VIRGINIA DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS (UNAUDITED) LAST TEN YEARS

| Fiscal Year | Population | Personal Income (in thousands) | Per Capita Median Income | Median Age | School Enrollment | Unemployment Rate |
|----------------|------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| 2023 | 3,638 | 166,474,880 | 45,760 | 41.2 | 764 | 4.00% |
| 2022 | 3,687 | 169,100,568 | 45,864 | 39.5 | 794 | 3.80% |
| 2021 | 3,901 | 177,901,204 | 45,604 | 39.8 | 810 | 5.30% |
| 2020 | 3,906 | 167,364,288 | 42,848 | 39.8 | 776 | 9.80% |
| 2019 | 3,906 | 157,614,912 | 40,352 | 39.8 | 784 | 3.90% |
| 2018 | 3,908 | 143,876,928 | 36,816 | 40.0 | 767 | 5.60% |
| 2017 | 3,857 | 126,957,012 | 32,916 | 40.0 | 764 | 5.90% |
| 2016 | 3,946 | 138,504,600 | 35,100 | 39.0 | 814 | 6.50% |
| 2015 | 4,013 | 148,994,664 | 37,128 | 38.0 | 820 | 7.80% |
| 2014 | 4,057 | 154,425,648 | 38,064 | 38.0 | 828 | 8.20% |

Sources:

Weldon Cooper Center for Information, Bureau of Economic Analysis, Viriginia Employment Commission, and Norton City School Board

CITY OF NORTON, VIRGINIA PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS (UNAUDITED) CUURENT YEAR AND TEN YEARS AGO

| June 30, 2023 | | Total |
|--|----------------------------|-------------------------|
| Employer | Product or Service | Estimated Employment |
| Ballad Health-Bristol Regional Health System | Health Care | 250 +/- |
| Wal Mart | Commercial Retailer/Grocer | 250 +/- |
| Norton City School Board | Public Agency | 175 +/- |
| City of Norton | Municipal Government | 100 +/- |
| Norton Community Physicians Service LLC | Health Care | 100 +/- |

| June 30, 2013 | | Total |
|--------------------------------|----------------------------|------------|
| | | Estimated |
| Employer | Product or Service | Employment |
| Norton Community Hospital | Health Care | 500 +/- |
| Wal Mart | Commercial Retailer/Grocer | 250 +/- |
| Mountain View Regional Medical | Health Care | 200 +/- |
| Norton City School Board | Public Agency | 151 +/- |
| City of Norton | Public Agency | 114 +/- |

Source: Virginia Employment Commission - Community Profile

CITY OF NORTON, VIRGINIA
FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION (UNAUDITED)
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

| | 2023 | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 |
|----------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Function | | | | | | | | | | |
| General government | | | | | | | | | | |
| Management services | 3 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.5 |
| Finance | 5 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| Planning | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 |
| Other | 5.5 | 6.5 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6.5 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 |
| Public safety | | | | | | | | | | |
| Officers | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 |
| Dispatchers/Clerks | 10 | 9.5 | 8.5 | 8.5 | 8.5 | 8.5 | 8.5 | 8.5 | 8.5 | 8.5 |
| Sheriff's Office | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Animal Control | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Building | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Emergency Management | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 |
| Fire | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Public works | | | | | | | | | | |
| Engineering | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Streets | 10.5 | 10.5 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 10 |
| Refuse Collections | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 |
| General Properties | 3 | 4 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 4.5 | 4 | 3.5 | 5 | 5 | 5 |
| Parks and recreation | | | | | | | | | | |
| Maintenance | 6.5 | 6.5 | 6.5 | 6.5 | 6.5 | 5.5 | 5.5 | 4 | 4.5 | 4.5 |
| Other | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Water operatings | | | | | | | | | | |
| Administration | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Plan Operatins | 7.5 | 7.5 | 7.5 | 7.5 | 7.5 | 7.5 | 7 | 6 | 6 | 6 |
| Maintenance | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 |
| Social Services | | | | | | | | | | |
| Administrative | 7 | 7 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 4.5 | 4.5 |
| Eligibility | 8.5 | 7.5 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 |
| Social Worker | 4 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |

Source: City of Norton's Finance Deparatment

CITY OF NORTON, VIRGINIA OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION (UNAUDITED) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

| | 2023 | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 |
|--|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| Function | 2023 | <u> 2022</u> | 2021 | 2020 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2010 | 2013 | 2014 |
| Public Safety | | | | | | | | | | |
| Citations issued | 466 | 345 | 476 | 741 | 743 | 629 | 1,009 | 830 | 1,051 | 1,139 |
| Parking Tickets issued | 6 | 2 | 1 | 4 | 16 | 23 | 40 | 32 | 31 | 83 |
| Crime/Arrest/Incident reports filed | 717 | 657 | 695 | 700 | 635 | 513 | 468 | 579 | 647 | 690 |
| 911 Calls dispatched | 4,956 | 4,937 | 5,876 | 4,761 | 4,570 | 4,500 | 3,614 | 3,722 | 3,402 | 4,075 |
| Public Works | | | | | | | | | | |
| Number of citizen requests for services | 920 | 749 | 734 | 758 | 734 | 668 | 783 | 685 | 651 | 726 |
| Water operations | | | | | | | | | | |
| Number of service connections | 2,180 | 2,183 | 2,204 | 2,157 | 2,187 | 2,202 | 2,188 | 2,199 | 2,222 | 2,240 |
| Number of citizen requests for services | 2,391 | 2,544 | 2,389 | 2,482 | 3,114 | 3,548 | 3,539 | 3,939 | 2,052 | 2,251 |
| Average daily plant output in gallons | .609 Million | .697 Million | .759 Million | .709 Million | .769 Million | .785 Million | .658 Million | .658 Million | .497 Million | .420 Million |
| Maximum daily capacity of plant in gallons | 1.44 Million |
| Wastewater operations | | | | | | | | | | |
| Number of service connections | 1,945 | 1,939 | 1,955 | 1,916 | 1,947 | 2,030 | 2,018 | 2,023 | 2,169 | 2,067 |

CITY OF NORTON, VIRGINIA CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION (UNAUDITED) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

| | 2023 | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 |
|--------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Function | _ | | | | | | | | | |
| Public Safety | | | | | | | | | | |
| Police stations | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Fire stations | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Number of patrol units | 25 | 25 | 25 | 25 | 25 | 25 | 25 | 24 | 22 | 16 |
| Public Works | | | | | | | | | | |
| Streets (lane miles) | 82.73 | 82.73 | 82.73 | 82.73 | 82.73 | 82.73 | 82.73 | 82.73 | 82.73 | 82.73 |
| Streetlights | 479 | 479 | 479 | 479 | 479 | 479 | 479 | 479 | 440 | 440 |
| Traffic signals | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 |
| Water operations | | | | | | | | | | |
| Miles of water main | 55.31 | 55.31 | 55.31 | 55.31 | 55,31 | 55.31 | 55.31 | 55.31 | 55,31 | 55.31 |
| Number of fire hydrants | 257 | 257 | 257 | 257 | 255 | 255 | 255 | 255 | 255 | 255 |
| Wastewater operations | | | | | | | | | | |
| Miles of sinitary sewers | 41.16 | 41.16 | 41.16 | 41.16 | 41.16 | 41.16 | 41.16 | 41.16 | 41.16 | 41.16 |
| Miles of storm sewers | 9.2 | 9.2 | 9.2 | 9.2 | 9.2 | 9.2 | 9.2 | 9.2 | 9.2 | 9.2 |

COMPLIANCE SECTION



Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

The Honorable Members of the City Council City of Norton Norton, Virginia 24273

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Norton, Virginia (the "City"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 17, 2024.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the City's financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in the internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants agreements noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of the City of Norton, Virginia in a separate letter dated September 17, 2024

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Norton, Virginia

September 17, 2024

Hodezer Wass & Co, PLLC



Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

The Honorable Members of the City Council City of Norton Norton, Virginia 24273

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Norton, Virginia's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. The City's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the compliance for each of the City's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal* Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination on the City of Norton, Virginia's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the City of Norton is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Norton, Virginia's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Norton, Virginia September 17, 2024

Kodezer Wass & Co, PLLC



Report on Compliance with Commonwealth of Virginia Laws, Regulations, Contracts and Grants

The Honorable Members of the City Council City of Norton Norton, Virginia 24273

We have audited the financial statements of the City of Norton, Virginia (the "City") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and have issued our report thereon dated September 17, 2024

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards and specifications require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the general purpose financial statements are free of material misstatement.

Compliance with Commonwealth of Virginia laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to the City is the responsibility of management of the City. As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the general purpose financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of the City's compliance with certain provisions of the Commonwealth of Virginia's laws, regulations, contracts and grants. However, our objective was not to provide an opinion on overall compliance with such provisions. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Following is a summary of the Commonwealth of Virginia's laws, regulations, contracts and grants (as specified in Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities and Towns, Chapter Three) for which we performed tests of compliance.

Code of Virginia

- * Budget and Appropriation Laws
- * Cash and Investment Laws
- * Conflicts Retirement Systems
- * Local Retirement Systems
- * Personal Property Tax Relief Act
- State Agency Requirements
- * Education
- * Highway Maintenance Funds
- * Social Services

- * Debt Provisions
- * Procurement Laws
- * Uniform Disposition of Unclaimed Property Act

The results of our tests disclosed no instances of non-compliance with the provisions referred to in the preceding paragraph. With respect to items not tested, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that the City had not complied, in all material respects, with those provisions.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the City Council, management, the Auditor of Public Accounts and applicable state agencies, and is not intended to be, and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Norton, Virginia September 17, 2024

Rodeger Wass & Co, PLLC

CITY OF NORTON SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

| | Federal | | |
|---|-------------------|------------------------------|-------------------|
| | Assistance | | |
| | Listing | | |
| | Number | Pass-through Identifying | Total Federal |
| | (ALN) | Number | Expenditures |
| DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE: Pass-Through Payments: | | | |
| Community Facilities Grants | 10.766 | 55-022-618341747 | 19,618 |
| | | | |
| Child Nutrition Discretionary Grants Limited Availabity Child Nutrition Cluster: | 10.579 | | 50,000 |
| School Lunch Program | 10.555 | | 643,943 |
| School Breakfast Program | 10.553 | | 10,664 |
| Summer Food Service Program for Children (Note D) | 10.559 | | 25,178 |
| State Department of Social Services: Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program-SNAP Cluster | 10.561 | | 221,433 |
| EPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES: | | | |
| Pass-Through Payments: | | | |
| State Department of Social Services: Guardianship Assistance | 93.090 | | 4: |
| Prevention Program - Title IV-E | 93.472 | | 1,864 |
| Foster Care - Title IV-E | 93.658 | | 117,87 |
| Social Services Block Grant | 93.667 | | 98,073 |
| Adoption Assistance | 93,659 | | 88,129 |
| Medical assistance program-Medicaid Cluster Low Income Home Energy Assistance | 93.778 93.568 | | 110,993 22,184 |
| Safe and Stable Families | 93.556 | | 29,77 |
| Refugee and Entrant Assistance | 93.566 | | 420 |
| Elder Abuse Prevention Interventions Program | 93.747 | | 6,36 |
| Children's Health Insurance Program | 93.767 | | 94 |
| Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program | 93.645 | | 19: |
| Chafee Foster Care Independence Program | 93.674 | | 3,710 |
| Chafee Education and Training Vouchers Program 477 Cluster: | 93.599 | | 406 |
| TANF -Temporary Assistance for Needy Families | 93.558 | | 112,41 |
| Child Care Mandatory Match | 93.596 | | 25,300 |
| EPARTMENT OF EDUCATION: | | | |
| Pass-Through Payments: State Department of Education: | | | |
| Rural Education | 84.358 | | 28,718 |
| Title I Grants | 84.010 | | 378,68 |
| Title II-Part A Grants | 84.367 | | 39,28 |
| Title IV-Part A Grants | 84.424 | | 13,329 |
| ESSER | 84.425 84.425W | | 570,149 |
| Education Stabiliation Fund -ARP II Homeless Title VI-B: | 64.423 W | | 889 |
| Special Education Cluster (IDEA): Special Education-Grants to States | 84.027 | | 178,16 |
| Special Education-Grants to States Special Education-Preschool Grants | 84.173 | | 6,86 |
| Special Projects: | 04.173 | | 0,00 |
| State Grants for Strengthening the Skills of Teachers and | | | |
| Instruction in Mathematics, Foreign Languages and Computer | | | |
| Vocational Education - Basic Grants to States | 84.048 | | 20,310 |
| Federal Communications Commission | 22 000 | | |
| Emergency Connectivity Fund Program | 32.009 | | 49,97 |
| PEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT Community Development Block Grants | 14.228 | | 790,583 |
| | 14.220 | | 770,30 |
| DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY Local Emergency Management Performance Grant | 97.042 | | 10,500 |
| | 97.042 | | 10,500 |
| DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant | 16.738 | | 6,030 |
| J.S. OFFICE OF NATIONAL DRUG CONTROL POLICY | | | |
| High Intesnity Drug Trafficking Areas Program | 95.001 | G22AP0001A | 7,93 |
| High Intesnity Drug Trafficking Areas Program | 95.001 | G23AP0001A | 11,92 |
| PPALACHIAN REGIONAL COMMISSION Appalachian Area Development | 23.002 | PW-18728-IM-B-2017 | 497,34 |
| | 25.002 | 1 W-10/20-ENI-D-2017 | 77,340 |
| DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION Alachal Ones Container Paguisments | 20.407 | | 2.20 |
| Alcohol Open Container Requirements Highway Planning and Construction Cluster | 20.607 | | 2,29 |
| · · · | 20.205 | FI 10 146 121 | 21.52 |
| Highway Planning and Construction Highway Planning and Construction | 20.205 20.205 | FL18-146-131 FL18-146-126 | 31,53 9,45 |
| | | | , |
| DEPARTMET OF THE TREASURY Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery (SLERE) | 21.027 | 20-1082 0 1 907 | 1 516 02 |
| Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery (SLFRF) Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery (SLFRF) | 21.027 21.027 | 20-1982-0-1-807 | 1,516,02 92,06 |
| Colonia and Double I is an incorrecty (ODI ICI) | 21.027 | | 72,00 |
| TOTAL | | | \$ 5,851,585 |
| | | | - 5,551,50 |

CITY OF NORTON NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURE OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE A - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) included the federal award activity of the City of Norton under programs of the federal government of the year ended June 30, 2023. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the City of Norton, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of the City of Norton.

NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance and/or OMB Circular A-87, Cost Principles for State, Local, and Indian Tribal Governments, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

NOTE C - INDIRECT COST RATE

The City of Norton did not elect to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE D - FOOD DONATION:

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the Schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed.

NOTE E - SUBRECIPIENTS

No awards were passed through to subrecipients.

CITY OF NORTON SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS Year Ended June 30, 2023

A) SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

- The auditors' report expresses an unmodified opinion on whether the financial statements of the City of Norton, Virginia were prepared in accordance with GAAP.
- 2) No significant deficiencies relating to the audit of the financial statements of the City of Norton, Virginia, are reported in the Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards. No material weakness is reported.
- 3) No instances of non-compliance material to the financial statements of the City of Norton, Virginia, which would be required to be reported in accordance with Government Auditing Standards, were disclosed during the audit.
- 4) No significant deficiencies relating to the audit of the major federal award programs are reported in the Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable for each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance in Accordance Required by the Uniform Guidance. No material weaknesses are reported.
- 5) The Auditors' report on Compliance for the Major Federal Award Programs for the City of Norton, Virginia, expresses an unmodified opinion on all major federal programs.
- 6) Audit findings that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR section 200.516(a) are reported in this Schedule.
- 7) The programs tested as major programs were:

 ALN 23.002- Appalachian Area Development

 ALN 21.027 Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds

 ALN 14.228 Community Development Block Grants
- 8) The threshold for distinguishing types A & B programs was \$750,000.
- 9) The City of Norton, Virginia, was determined not to be not be a low risk auditee.

B) FINDINGS - GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDIT

NONE

C) FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT

NONE

CITY OF NORTON SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS Year Ended June 30, 2023

FINDINGS - GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDIT

There were no prior year findings.

FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT

There were no prior year findings.