## County of Northumberland, Virginia

### **ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT**

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### **Board of Supervisors**

#### Ronald L. Jett, Chairperson

Richard F. Haynie Thomas H. Tomlin Arthur J. Self, Sr. James M. Long

#### School Board

#### Betty Christopher, Chairperson

Mary Hooper Dana O'Bier Gerald Howard Gayle Sterrett

#### Board of Social Services

#### Thomas Tomlin, Chairperson

Sharon Fisher

Nancy Vanlandingham

#### Other Officials

Judge of the Circuit Court	R, Micahel McKenney
Clerk of the Circuit Court	Deborah T. Bingham
Judge of General District Court	John S. Martin
Clerk of General District Court	Angela W. Tadlock
Commonwealth's Attorney	
Treasurer	Ellen Kirby
Sheriff	James R. Lyons
Superintendent of Schools	Dr. Holly Wargo
Director of Social Services	Jackie Clayton
Commissioner of the Revenue	Todd E. Thomas
County Administrator	E. Luttrell Tadlock

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### ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

#### Independent Auditors' Report

To The Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Northumberland Northumberland, Virginia

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of County of Northumberland, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns,* issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of County of Northumberland, Virginia, as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note 22 to the financial statements, in 2018, the County adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement Nos. 75 *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions* and 85 *Omnibus 2017*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Restatement of Beginning Balances

As described in Note 23 to the financial statements, in 2018, the County restated beginning balances to reflect the requirements of GASB Statement No. 75. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and schedules related to pension and OPEB funding on pages 4-10, 115, and 116-135 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance. The budgetary comparison information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

#### Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise County of Northumberland, Virginia's basic financial statements. The other supplementary information and statistical information are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U. S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

#### Supplementary and Other Information (Continued)

The other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The statistical information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 27, 2018, on our consideration of County of Northumberland, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Northumberland, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering County of Northumberland, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Richmond, Virginia November 27, 2018

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#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors To the Citizens of Northumberland County County of Northumberland, Virginia

As management of the County of Northumberland, Virginia we offer readers of the County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. Please read it in conjunction with the County's basic financial statements, which follow this section.

#### Financial Highlights

#### Government-wide Financial Statements

< The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the County exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$13,848,347 (net position).

#### Fund Financial Statements

The Governmental Funds, on a current financial resource basis, reported revenue and other sources in excess of expenditures and other financing uses of \$1,490,608 (Exhibit 5) after making contributions totaling \$11,751,052 to the School Board.

- < As of the close of the current fiscal year; the County's funds reported ending fund balances of \$7,314,002, an increase of \$1,490,608 in comparison with the prior year.
- < At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$6,214,885, or 23% of total general fund expenditures and other uses.
- The combined long-term obligations decreased \$1,725,324 during the current fiscal year.

#### Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements comprise three components:

- 1. Government-wide financial statements,
- 2. Fund financial statements, and
- 3. Notes to the financial statements.

This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

<u>Government-wide financial statements</u> - The Government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the County's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the County's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in the statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the County include general government, courts, police protection, sanitation, social services, education, cultural events, and recreation.

The Government-wide financial statements include not only the County of Northumberland, Virginia itself (known as the primary government), but also a legally separate school district for which the County of Northumberland, Virginia is financially accountable. Financial information for the component unit is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

<u>Fund financial statements</u> - A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County of Northumberland, Virginia, like other local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

#### Overview of the Financial Statements (Continued)

<u>Governmental funds</u> - Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions or services reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Whereas the government-wide financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting, the governmental fund financial statements are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The focus of modified accrual reporting is on near-term inflows and outflows of financial resources and the balance of financial resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Since the governmental funds focus is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements a reconciliation between the two methods is provided at the bottom of the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances. The County has two major governmental funds - the General Fund and the County Capital Projects Fund.

Proprietary funds - Proprietary funds consist of enterprise funds. Enterprise funds are established to account for the delivery of goods and services to the general public and use the accrual basis of accounting, similar to private sector business.

The Sanitary District Fund provides a centralized source for water/sewer services to County residents.

<u>Fiduciary funds</u> - The County is the trustee, or fiduciary, for the County's agency funds. It is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the County's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position. The County excludes these activities from the County's government-wide financial statements because the County cannot use these assets to finance its operations. Agency funds are County custodial funds used to provide accountability of client monies for which the County is custodian.

<u>Notes to the financial statements</u> - The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other information - In addition to the basic financial statement and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information for budgetary comparison schedules and presentation of combining financial statements for the discretely presented component unit - School Board. The School Board does not issue separate financial statements.

#### **Government-wide Financial Analysis**

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a County's financial position. In the case of the County, assets exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$13,848,347 at the close of the most recent fiscal year. The following table summarizes the County's Statement of Net Position:

County of Northumberland, Virginia's Net Position

		Governmental Activities				Business-	type	Activities		Totals				
	_	2018	_	2017		2018	_	2017	_	2018	_	2017		
Current and other assets	\$	9,407,621	\$	7,742,608	\$	125,974	\$	109,171	\$	9,533,595	\$	7,851,779		
Capital assets	_	36,188,715		37,099,468		5,310,116	_	5,587,116	_	41,498,831		42,686,584		
Total assets	\$_	45,596,336	\$_	44,842,076	\$_	5,436,090	\$_	5,696,287	\$_	51,032,426	\$_	50,538,363		
Deferred outflows														
of resources	\$_	898,902	. \$ _	1,000,336	\$_	22,192	\$_	31,981	\$_	921,094	. \$ _	1,032,317		
Current liabilities Long-term liabilities	\$	1,668,627	\$	1,683,629	\$	44,182	\$	55,926	\$	1,712,809	\$	1,739,555		
outstanding	_	33,247,056	_	34,470,179		2,435,669	_	2,524,153	_	35,682,725	_	36,994,332		
Total liabilities	\$_	34,915,683	\$_	36,153,808	\$_	2,479,851	\$_	2,580,079	\$_	37,395,534	\$_	38,733,887		
Deferred inflows														
of resources	\$_	682,664	\$_	236,915	\$_	26,975	\$_	7,556	\$_	709,639	\$_	244,471		
Net position:														
Net investment in														
capital assets	\$	5,436,987	\$	5,286,070	\$	2,977,116	\$	3,146,116	\$	8,414,103	\$	8,432,186		
Restricted		1,099,117		277,078				-		1,099,117		277,078		
Unrestricted	_	4,360,787		3,888,541		(25,660)	_	(5,483)	_	4,335,127	_	3,883,058		
Total net position	\$	10,896,891	Ś	9,451,689	Ś	2,951,456	Ś	3,140,633	Ś	13,848,347	Ś	12,592,322		

<sup>\*</sup>Restatement of Total net position for 2017 not reflected in this table. Please see Note 22.

#### **Government-wide Financial Analysis (Continued)**

The County's net position increased by \$1,646,056 during the current fiscal year. The following table summarizes the County's Statement of Activities:

County of Northumberland, Virginia's Changes in Net Position

		Governmental Activities				Business-type	Activities	Total	s
		2018		2017		2018	2017	2018	2017
Revenues:			_		_				
Program revenues:									
Charges for services	\$	553,259	\$	305,363	\$	491,154 \$	414,475 \$	1,044,413 \$	719,838
Operating grants and									
contributions		3,270,979		3,140,722		-	-	3,270,979	3,140,722
Capital grants and									
contributions		-		-		-	-	-	-
General revenues:									
General property taxes		19,516,880		18,905,618		-	-	19,516,880	18,905,618
Other local taxes		1,905,317		1,860,367		-	-	1,905,317	1,860,367
Grants and other contri-									
butions not restricted		1,457,415		1,454,303		-	-	1,457,415	1,454,303
Other general revenues		291,692		265,482		30,568	66,024	322,260	331,506
Transfers	_	(337,257)	_	(434,826)		337,257	434,826	<u> </u>	-
Total revenues	\$	26,658,285	\$	25,497,029	\$_	858,979 \$	915,325 \$	27,517,264 \$	26,412,354
Expenses:									
General government									
administration	\$	1,573,195	\$	1,553,729	\$	- \$	- \$	1,573,195 \$	1,553,729
Judicial administration		914,671		963,843		-	-	914,671	963,843
Public safety		4,275,981		4,306,715		-	-	4,275,981	4,306,715
Public works		1,478,033		1,480,539		-	-	1,478,033	1,480,539
Health and welfare		2,393,486		2,373,831		-	-	2,393,486	2,373,831
Education		12,723,019		11,771,380		-	-	12,723,019	11,771,380
Parks, recreation, and									
cultural		232,225		191,995		-	-	232,225	191,995
Community development		334,174		368,178		-	-	334,174	368,178
Interest and other fiscal									
charges		944,956		1,101,641		-	-	944,956	1,101,641
Utilities	_	-		-	_	1,001,468	1,096,077	1,001,468	1,096,077
Total expenses	\$_	24,869,740	\$_	24,111,851	\$_	1,001,468 \$	1,096,077 \$	25,871,208 \$	25,207,928
Change in net position	\$	1,788,545	\$	1,385,178	\$	(142,489) \$	(180,752) \$	1,646,056 \$	1,204,426
Net position, beginning of year, as restated		9,108,346		8,066,511		3,093,945	3,321,385	12,202,291	11,387,896
Net position, end of year	\$	10,896,891	\$	9,451,689	\$ <b>-</b>	2,951,456 \$	3,140,633 \$	13,848,347 \$	12,592,322

<sup>\*2018</sup> Net position, beginning differs from 2017 Net position, ending, due to a restatement of net position from an accounting change. Please see Note 22.

#### Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

As noted earlier, the County used fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

<u>Governmental Funds</u> - The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of available resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a County's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported fund balances of \$7,314,002 an increase of \$1,490,608 in comparison with the prior year. Of this total, 85% constitutes unassigned General Fund balance, which is available for spending at the County's discretion.

<u>Proprietary Funds</u> - The County's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. Unrestricted net position at the end of the year amounted to (\$25,660). The total decrease in net position was \$142,489. Other factors concerning the finances of this fund have already been addressed in the discussion of the County's business-type activities.

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

During the year, revenues and other sources were more than budgetary estimates by \$1,331,918. Expenditures and other uses were more than budgetary estimates by \$486,452, resulting in a positive variance of \$845,466.

#### Capital Asset and Debt Administration

< <u>Capital assets</u> - The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental operations as of June 30, 2018 amounts to \$36,188,715 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and system, and machinery and equipment.

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in the notes of this report.

<u>Long-term debt</u> - At the end of the current fiscal year, the County had total debt outstanding of \$30,963,000 (excludes bond premium). Of this amount, \$28,630,000 comprises debt backed by the full faith and credit of the County. The County's remaining debt represents bonds secured solely by specified revenue sources (i.e. revenue bonds).

The County's total debt outstanding decreased by \$1,058,000 during the current fiscal year.

Additional information on the County of Northumberland, Virginia's long-term debt can be found in Note 7 of this report.

#### Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

< Inflationary trends in the region compare to national indexes.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the County's budget for the 2018 fiscal year.

The fiscal year 2019 budget increased approximately 4%. All tax rates remained the same.

#### Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County of Northumberland, Virginia's finances for all those with an interest in the County's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the County Administrator, 72 Monument Place, Heathsville, Virginia 22473.

#### County of Northumberland, Virginia Statement of Net Position June 30, 2018

		Component							
	Governmental			usiness-type			Unit		
		<u>Activities</u>		<u>Activities</u>		<u>Total</u>	S	chool Board	
ASSETS									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,421,218	\$	43,135	\$	2,464,353	\$	162,267	
Cash in custody of others		-		-		-		169,755	
Investments		5,561,489		-		5,561,489		-	
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):									
Taxes receivable		857,560		-		857,560		-	
Accounts receivable		67,616		82,063		149,679		48,701	
Notes receivable		10,345		-		10,345		-	
Net OPEB Asset		4,633		776		5,409		-	
Due from other governmental units		484,760		-		484,760		1,371,376	
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):									
Land and land improvements		894,628		98,924		993,552		23,929	
Buildings and improvements		34,138,070		5,211,192		39,349,262		6,414,112	
Machinery and equipment		1,142,517		-		1,142,517		530,508	
Construction in progress		13,500		-		13,500		· -	
Total assets	\$	45,596,336	\$	5,436,090	\$	51,032,426	\$	8,720,648	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Deferred amount on refunding	\$	284,281	\$	_	\$	284,281	ς	_	
Pension related items	7	574,840	7	20,634	7	595,474	7	2,057,336	
OPEB related items		39,781		1,558		41,339		167,174	
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	898,902	\$	22,192	\$	921,094	\$	2,224,510	
LIABILITIES									
Accounts payable	\$	108,097	¢	44,182	¢	152,279	¢	136,275	
Accrued liabilities	Ļ	1,640	Ţ	77,102	۲	1,640	٠	1,389,884	
Accrued traditities  Accrued interest payable		483,050		_		483,050		1,307,004	
Due to other governmental units		1,075,840		_		1,075,840		-	
Long-term liabilities:		1,075,640		-		1,075,040		-	
		1 022 674		112,000		1 125 474		40.204	
Due within one year		1,023,674		*		1,135,674 34,547,051		40,306	
Due in more than one year Total liabilities	Ċ	32,223,382 34,915,683	Ċ	2,323,669	Ċ	37,395,534	ċ	15,838,524 17,404,989	
Total liabilities		34,913,003	\$	2,479,851	\$	37,393,334	\$	17,404,909	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Deferred revenue - property taxes	\$	240,713	\$	-	\$	240,713	\$	-	
Pension related items		398,672		24,319		422,991		1,630,672	
OPEB related items		43,279		2,656		45,935		102,400	
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	682,664	\$	26,975	\$	709,639	\$	1,733,072	
NET POSITION									
Net investment in capital assets	\$	5,436,987	\$	2,977,116	\$	8,414,103	\$	6,968,549	
Restricted	<b>T</b>	1,099,117	•	-	•	1,099,117	•	-	
Unrestricted (deficit)		4,360,787		(25,660)		4,335,127		(15,161,452)	
Total net position	\$	10,896,891	\$	2,951,456		13,848,347	Ś	(8,192,903)	
i		-,,	•	, , , , , , , , ,	•	-,- :-,- :-	•	(-, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -	

		I	Prog	ram Revenue	S	
			(	Operating	(	Capital
		Charges for	C	Grants and	Gr	ants and
<u>Functions/Programs</u>	Expenses	Services		ntributions	Con	tributions
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:						
Governmental activities:						
General government administration	\$ 1,573,195	\$ -	\$	246,004	\$	-
Judicial administration	914,671	26,013		605,355		-
Public safety	4,275,981	167,375		1,050,116		-
Public works	1,478,033	=		=		-
Health and welfare	2,393,486	-		1,367,481		-
Education	12,723,019	-		=		-
Parks, recreation, and cultural	232,225	=		=		-
Community development	334,174	359,871		2,023		-
Interest on long-term debt	944,956	=		=		-
Total governmental activities	\$ 24,869,740	\$ 553,259	\$	3,270,979	\$	-
Business-type activities:						
Sanitary District	\$ 1,001,468	\$ 491,154	\$	-	\$	-
Total business-type activities	\$ 1,001,468	\$ 491,154	\$	=	\$	-
Total primary government	\$ 25,871,208	\$ 1,044,413	\$	3,270,979	\$	-
COMPONENT UNIT:						
School Board	\$ 17,515,911	\$ 93,923	\$	5,684,636	\$	-
Total component unit	\$ 17,515,911	\$ 93,923	\$	5,684,636	\$	-

#### General revenues:

General property taxes

Other local taxes:

Local sales and use taxes

Motor vehicle licenses

Taxes on recordation and wills

Consumer's utility taxes

Bank stock taxes

Other local taxes

Unrestricted revenues from use of money and property

Miscellaneous

Contributions from Northumberland County

Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net position

Net position - beginning, as restated

Net position - ending

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

	P	rimary Governme		Component Unit	
G	overnmental	Business-type			
	<u>Activities</u>	<u>Activities</u>		<u>Total</u>	School Board
ċ	(4. 227. 404)		\$	(4. 227. 404)	
\$	(1,327,191)		Ş	(1,327,191)	
	(283,303) (3,058,490)			(283,303)	
	, , , , ,			(3,058,490)	
	(1,478,033)			(1,478,033)	
	(1,026,005)			(1,026,005)	
	(12,723,019)			(12,723,019)	
	(232,225)			(232,225)	
	27,720			27,720	
_	(944,956)		_	(944,956)	
\$	(21,045,502)		\$	(21,045,502)	
		\$ (510,314	) \$	(510,314)	
	•	\$ (510,314		(510,314)	
	•	<del>\$</del> (3.0,31.1	\$	(21,555,816)	
			Ť	(=1,000,010)	
					\$ (11,737,352)
					\$ (11,737,352)
				•	
\$	19,516,880	\$ -	\$	19,516,880	\$ -
	710 225			710 225	
	718,325	-		718,325	-
	370,984	-		370,984	-
	164,322	-		164,322	-
	343,974	-		343,974	-
	250,428	-		250,428	-
	57,284	-		57,284	2 (54
	165,219	20.540		165,219	2,654
	126,473	30,568		157,041	5,043
	- 457 445	-		- 457 445	11,715,357
	1,457,415	-		1,457,415	-
	(337,257)	337,257			- 44 722 0F 1
\$	22,834,047	\$ 367,825	\$	23,201,872	\$ 11,723,054
\$	1,788,545	\$ (142,489	) \$	1,646,056	\$ (14,298)
<u>_</u>	9,108,346	3,093,945		12,202,291	(8,178,605)
\$	10,896,891	\$ 2,951,456	\$	13,848,347	\$ (8,192,903)

# County of Northumberland, Virginia Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2018

		General <u>Fund</u>		County Capital Projects <u>Fund</u>	Go	Other vernmental <u>Funds</u>	<u>Total</u>
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,333,511	\$	841,654	\$	246,053	\$ 2,421,218
Cash in custody of others							-
Investments		5,561,489		-		-	5,561,489
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):							
Taxes receivable		857,560		-		-	857,560
Accounts receivable		66,551		-		1,065	67,616
Notes receivable		-		-		10,345	10,345
Due from other governmental units		484,760		-		-	484,760
Total assets	\$	8,303,871	\$	841,654	\$	257,463	\$ 9,402,988
LIABILITIES  Accounts payable  Accrued liabilities  Due to other governmental units  Total liabilities	\$	108,097 1,640 1,075,840 1,185,577	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$ 108,097 1,640 1,075,840 1,185,577
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	\$	903,409	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 903,409
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	903,409	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 903,409
FUND BALANCES Restricted	\$	-	\$	841,654	\$	257,463	1,099,117
Unassigned	•	6,214,885	-	-	-	-	6,214,885
Total fund balances	\$	6,214,885	\$	841,654	\$	257,463	\$ 7,314,002
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	8,303,871	\$	841,654	\$	257,463	9,402,988

# County of Northumberland, Virginia Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2018

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Total fund balances per Exhibit 3 - Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds \$	7,314,002
,	.,,
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment:  Capital assets, cost  Accumulated depreciation  \$ 50,601,781 (14,413,066)	36,188,715
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and,	
therefore, are deferred in the funds:	
Unavailable property taxes \$ 662,696	
Net OPEB asset 4,633	
Deferred charges on refunding 284,281	951,610
Deferred outflows of resources are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	
Pension related items \$ 574,840	
OPEB related items 39,781	614,621
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment:  Lease revenue bond \$ (28,630,000)  Bond premium (2,406,009)  Net OPEB liabilities (531,333)  Accrued interest payable (483,050)  Net pension liability (1,442,973)  Compensated absences (236,741)	(33,730,106)
Deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore,	
are not reported in the funds.	
Pension related items \$ (398,672)	
OPEB related items (43,279)	(441,951)
Net position of governmental activities \$	10,896,891

# County of Northumberland, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

				County Capital		Other		
		General		Projects	G	overnmental		
		<u>Fund</u>		<u>Fund</u>		<u>Funds</u>		<u>Total</u>
REVENUES								
General property taxes	\$	19,536,736	\$	-	\$	-	\$	19,536,736
Other local taxes		1,905,317		-		-		1,905,317
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses		128,861		-		-		128,861
Fines and forfeitures		35,607		-		-		35,607
Revenue from the use of money and property		165,204		-		15		165,219
Charges for services		375,233		-		13,558		388,791
Miscellaneous		126,473		-		-		126,473
Recovered costs		435,855		-		-		435,855
Intergovernmental:								
Commonwealth		3,929,656		-		-		3,929,656
Federal		798,738		-		-		798,738
Total revenues	\$	27,437,680	\$	-	\$	13,573	\$	27,451,253
EVDENDITUDES								
EXPENDITURES Current:								
General government administration	\$	1,590,404	\$		\$		\$	1,590,404
Judicial administration	Ş	860,773	Ş	-	Ş	-	Ş	860,773
		4,671,309		-		12,296		4,683,605
Public safety Public works				-		12,290		
Health and welfare		1,491,756		-		-		1,491,756
		2,458,919		-		-		2,458,919
Education		11,773,019		-		-		11,773,019
Parks, recreation, and cultural		193,263		-		-		193,263
Control projects		337,495		-		-		337,495
Capital projects		205,539		-		-		205,539
Debt service:		950,000						950,000
Principal retirement Interest and other fiscal charges		1,078,615		-		-		1,078,615
Total expenditures	Ċ	25,611,092	\$	-	\$	12,296	Ś	25,623,388
rotat expenditures	<del>ر</del>	25,011,092	٠,		٠	12,290	ڔ	23,023,300
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
(under) expenditures	\$	1,826,588	\$	-	\$	1,277	\$	1,827,865
	-					·		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in	\$	-	\$	820,762	\$	-	\$	820,762
Transfers out		(1,158,019)		-		-		(1,158,019)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	(1,158,019)	\$	820,762	\$	-	\$	(337,257)
			_	<b></b>				
Net change in fund balances	\$	668,569	\$	820,762	\$	1,277	\$	1,490,608
Fund balances - beginning		5,546,316		20,892		256,186		5,823,394
Fund balances - ending	\$	6,214,885	\$	841,654	\$	257,463	\$	7,314,002

# County of Northumberland, Virginia Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds			\$ 1,490,608
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which the depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment:	•	(24.400	
Capital outlay	\$	634,100	
Depreciation expense	(	(1,580,548)	(040.753)
Transfer of joint tenancy assets to Component Unit from Primary Government		35,695	(910,753)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.			
Increase(decrease) in unavailable property taxes			(19,856)
The issuance of long-term obligations (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term obligations consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment:  Principal retired on school obligations  Amortization of bond premium on lease revenue bond	\$	950,000 126,632	1,076,632
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment:  (Increase) decrease in compensated absences (Increase) decrease in accrued interest payable Amortization of deferred charges on refunding Pension expense  OPEB expense	\$	(20,656) 21,989 (14,962) 161,549 3,994	151,914
Change in net position of governmental activities		-	\$ 1,788,545
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			

#### County of Northumberland, Virginia Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2018

		Enterprise Fund Sanitary	
		<u>District</u>	
ACCETC			
ASSETS			
Current assets:  Cash and cash equivalents	\$	43,135	
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for uncollectibles	· ·	82,063	
Total current assets	\$	125,198	
Noncurrent assets:	<del>,</del>	123,170	
Other assets:			
Net OPEB asset	\$	776	
Capital assets:		770	
Land	\$	98,924	
Utility plant in service	7	8,636,484	
Machinery and equipment		389,994	
Accumulated depreciation		(3,815,286)	
Total capital assets	\$	5,310,116	
Total noncurrent assets	\$	5,310,892	
		-,,,,,,,	
Total assets	\$	5,436,090	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension related items	\$	20,634	
OPEB related items		1,558	
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	22,192	
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$	44,182	
Bonds payable - current portion		112,000	
Total current liabilities	\$	156,182	
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Bonds payable - net of current portion	\$	2,221,000	
Net pension liability		55,388	
Net OPEB liabilities	<del></del>	47,281	
Total noncurrent liabilities	\$	2,323,669	
Total liabilities	\$	2,479,851	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension related items	\$	24,319	
OPEB related items		2,656	
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	26,975	
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	\$	2,977,116	
Unrestricted		(25,660)	
Total net position	\$	2,951,456	
	<del></del>	<u> </u>	

# County of Northumberland, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds

#### For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

		Enterprise Fund Sanitary District	
OPERATING REVENUES			
Charges for services:			
Sanitary district fees	\$	491,154	
Miscellaneous		8,668	
Total operating revenues	\$	499,822	
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Personal services	\$	167,454	
Fringe benefits	Ş	54,062	
Other supplies and expenses		421,911	
Depreciation		277,000	
Total operating expenses	\$	920,427	
rotat operating expenses		720, 127	
Operating income (loss)	\$	(420,605)	
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)			
Connection fees	\$	21,900	
Interest expense	·	(81,041)	
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	\$	(59,141)	
Income (loss) before transfers	\$	(479,746)	
Transfers in	\$	337,257	
Change in net position	\$	(142,489)	
	4	(2, .37)	
Total net position - beginning, as restated		3,093,945	
Total net position - ending	\$	2,951,456	
	<u> </u>		

#### County of Northumberland, Virginia Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

		nterprise Fund Sanitary District
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES  Receipts from customers and users	\$	469,929
Payments to suppliers	Ţ	(433,655)
Payments to and for employees		(220,256)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	(183,982)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Connection fees	\$	21,900
Transfers from other funds		337,257
Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital financing activities	\$	359,157
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Principal payments on bonds	\$	(108,000)
Interest expense		(81,041)
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities	\$	(189,041)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$	(13,866)
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning		57,001
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$	43,135
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash		
provided by (used for) operating activities:		
Operating income (loss)	\$	(420,605)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash		
provided by (used for) operating activities:		
Depreciation	\$	277,000
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(29,893)
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of recources		10,612
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(11,744)
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability		(27,765)
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB liability (Asset)		(1,006)
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources		19,419
Total adjustments	\$	236,623
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	<u>\$</u>	(183,982)

#### County of Northumberland, Virginia Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2018

	Agency <u>Funds</u>
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 149,894
Total assets	\$ 149,894
LIABILITIES	
Amounts held for others	\$ 71,901
Amounts held for social services clients	77,993
Total liabilities	\$ 149,894

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2018

#### Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

The County of Northumberland, Virginia (the "County") is governed by an elected five member Board of Supervisors. The County provides a full range of services for its citizens. These services include police and fire protection, recreational activities, cultural events, education, and social services.

The financial statements of the County of Northumberland, Virginia have been prepared in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States as specified by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and the specifications promulgated by the Auditor of Public Accounts (APA) of the Commonwealth of Virginia. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

<u>Management's Discussion and Analysis</u> - GASB Statement No. 34 requires the financial statements be accompanied by a narrative introduction and analytical overview of the government's financial activities in the form of "Management's Discussion and Analysis" (MD&A).

#### Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

<u>Government-wide financial statements</u> - The reporting model includes financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all of the government's activities. This approach includes not just current assets and liabilities but also capital assets and long-term liabilities (such as buildings and general obligation debt).

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component unit. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

<u>Statement of Net Position</u> - The Statement of Net Position is designed to display financial position of the primary government (governmental and business-type activities) and its discretely presented component unit. Governments will report all capital assets in the government-wide Statement of Net Position and will report depreciation expense - the cost of "using up" capital assets - in the Statement of Activities. The net position of a government will be broken down into three categories - 1) net investment in capital assets; 2) restricted; and 3) unrestricted.

Notes to Financial Statements *(Continued)* June 30, 2018 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

<u>Statement of Activities</u> - The government-wide statement of activities reports expenses and revenues in a format that focuses on the cost of each of the government's functions. The expense of individual functions is compared to the revenues generated directly by the function (for instance, through user charges or intergovernmental grants).

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

<u>Budgetary Comparison Schedules</u> - Demonstrating compliance with the adopted budget is an important component of a government's accountability to the public. Many citizens participate in one way or another in the process of establishing the annual operating budgets of state and local governments, and have a keen interest in following the actual financial progress of their governments over the course of the year. Many governments revise their original budgets over the course of the year for a variety of reasons. Under the GASB 34 reporting model, governments provide budgetary comparison information in their annual reports, a requirement to report the government's original budget with the comparison of final budget and actual results.

#### A. Financial Reporting Entity

The basic criterion for determining whether a governmental department, agency, institution, commission, public authority, or other governmental organization should be included in a primary governmental unit's reporting entity for the basic financial statements is financial accountability. Financial accountability includes the appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body and the ability of the primary government to impose its will on the organization or if there is a financial benefit/burden relationship. In addition, an organization which is fiscally dependent on the primary government should be included in its reporting entity. These financial statements present the County of Northumberland (the primary government) and its component unit. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. Each discretely presented component unit, on the other hand, is reported in a separate column in the combined financial statements to emphasize it is legally separate from the government.

Notes to Financial Statements *(Continued)* June 30, 2018 (Continued)

#### Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

#### B. Individual Component Unit Disclosures

Blended Component Unit. The County has no blended component units at June 30, 2018.

Discretely Presented Component Units. The School Board members are elected by the citizens of Northumberland County. The School Board is responsible for the operations of the County's School System within the County boundaries. The School Board is fiscally dependent on the County. The County has the ability to approve its budget and any amendments. The primary funding is from the General Fund of the County. The School Fund does not issue a separate financial report. The financial statements of the School Board are presented as a discrete presentation of the County financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

#### C. Other Related Organizations

Included in the County's Financial Report

None

Excluded from the County's Annual Financial Report

#### Northern Neck Regional Jail Authority

The Northern Neck Regional Jail Authority is an intergovernmental (joint) venture, and therefore, its operations are not included in the County's financial statements. The participating jurisdictions' provide the financial support for the Authority and appoints its governing Board. The governing board has the ability to execute contracts and to budget and expend funds. No one locality contributes more than 50% of the Board's funding or has oversight responsibility over its operations.

#### D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The accompanying financial statements are prepared in accordance with pronouncements issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The principles prescribed by GASB represent generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental units.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Notes to Financial Statements *(Continued)* June 30, 2018 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

#### D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

The government-wide statement of activities reflect both the gross and net cost per functional category (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) which are otherwise being supported by general government revenues, (property, sales and use taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, fines, permits and charges, etc.) The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants, and contributions. The program revenues must be directly associated with the function (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) or a business-type activity.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. This is the manner in which these funds are normally budgeted. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

The County's fiduciary funds are presented in the fund financial statements by type. Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the government, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide statements.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Accordingly, real and personal property taxes are recorded as revenues and receivables when billed, net of allowances for uncollectible amounts. Property taxes not collected within 60 days after year-end are reflected as unavailable revenues. Sales and utility taxes, which are collected by the state or utilities and subsequently remitted to the County, are recognized as revenues and receivables upon collection by the state or utility, which is generally within two months preceding receipt by the County.

Licenses, permits, fines and rents are recorded as revenues when received. Intergovernmental revenues, consisting primarily of federal, state and other grants for the purpose of funding specific expenditures, are recognized when earned or at the time of the specific expenditure. Revenues from general purpose grants are recognized in the period to which the grant applies. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

In the fund financial statements, financial transactions and accounts of the County are organized on the basis of funds. The operation of each fund is considered to be an independent fiscal and separate accounting entity, with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and/or other financial resources together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations.

Notes to Financial Statements *(Continued)* June 30, 2018 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

#### D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

#### 1. Governmental Funds

Governmental Funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. The government reports the following governmental funds:

#### a. General Fund

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the County. This fund is used to account for and report all financial resources except those required to be accounted for and reported in another fund. Revenues are derived primarily from property and other local taxes, state and federal distributions, licenses, permits, charges for service, and interest income. A significant part of the General Fund's revenues is used principally to finance the operations of the Component Unit School Board.

#### b. Capital Projects Funds

Capital Projects Fund accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, except for those financed by proprietary funds or for assets held in trust for individuals, private organizations, or other governments. The County Capital Projects Fund is considered a major fund.

#### c. Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The Law Library, Forfeited Assets, Economic Development and Courthouse Security Funds are nonmajor special revenue funds.

#### 2. Proprietary Funds

Proprietary Funds account for operations that are financed in a manner similar to those found in private business enterprises. The measurement focus is upon determination of net income, financial position, and changes in financial position. Proprietary Funds consist of Enterprise Funds.

#### **Enterprise Funds**

Enterprise funds account for the financing of services to the general public where all or most of the operating expenses involved are recorded in the form of charges to users of such services. Enterprise Funds consist of the Sanitary District Fund.

Notes to Financial Statements *(Continued)* June 30, 2018 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

#### D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

#### 3. Fiduciary Funds (Trust and Agency Funds)

Fiduciary Funds account for assets held by the County unit in a trustee capacity or as an agent or custodian for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, or other funds. These funds include Agency Funds and Private Purpose Trust Funds. These funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting described in the Governmental Fund Presentation. Fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide financial statements. Agency funds consist of the following funds: Special Welfare, Road Improvement Bond, 350<sup>th</sup> Anniversary, Tornado Relief, Fallen Heroes, Project Life Save, Animal Shelter, and Sheriff's Investigative Funds.

#### E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include amounts in demand deposits as well as short-term investments with a maturity date within three months of the date acquired by the government.

#### F. Investments

Money market investments, participating interest-earning investment contracts (repurchase agreements) that have a remaining maturity at time of purchase of one year or less, nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts (nonnegotiable certificates of deposit (CDs)) and external investment pools are measured at amortized cost. All other investments are reported at fair value.

State statutes authorize the government to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, commercial paper, corporate bonds and repurchase agreements.

#### G. Receivables and payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e. the current portions of the interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the noncurrent portion of the interfund loans).

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. The County calculates its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data and, in certain cases, specific account analysis. The allowance amounted to approximately \$122,264 at June 30, 2018 and is comprised solely of property taxes.

#### Real and Personal Property Tax Data:

The tax calendars for real and personal property taxes are summarized below.

	Real Property	Personal Property
Levy	January 1	January 1
Due Date	December 5	December 5
Lien Date	January 1	January 1

The County bills and collects its own property taxes.

Notes to Financial Statements *(Continued)* June 30, 2018 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

#### H. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the County as land, buildings, and equipment with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. The County does not have any infrastructure in its capital assets since roads, streets, bridges and similar assets within its boundaries are the property of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. No interest was capitalized for the fiscal year ending 2018.

Property, plant and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component unit, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives.

Assets	Years
Buildings	40
Building Improvements	40
Plant, equipment, and systems	35-45
Motor vehicles	5-10
Machinery and equipment	2-15

#### I. Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. Amounts of vested or accumulated vacation leave that are not expected be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported as an expense in the Statement of Activities and a long-term obligation in the Statement of Net Position. In accordance with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards No. 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences, no liability is recorded for nonvesting accumulated rights to be received for sick pay benefits. However, a liability is recognized for that portion of accumulating sick leave benefits that is estimated will be taken as "terminal leave" prior to retirement.

Notes to Financial Statements *(Continued)* June 30, 2018 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

#### J. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### K. Net Position

Net position is the difference between a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and (b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets represents capital assets, less accumulated depreciation, less any outstanding debt related to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are also included in this component of net position.

#### L. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g. restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted - net position and unrestricted - net position in the financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the County policy to consider restricted - net position to have been depleted before unrestricted - net position is applied.

#### M. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The County has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. One item is the deferred charge on refunding reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The other item is comprised of certain items related to the measurement of the net pension liability and net OPEB asset/liabilities. For more detailed information on these items, reference the related notes.

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Notes to Financial Statements *(Continued)* June 30, 2018 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

#### M. <u>Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources (Continued)</u>

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has two types of items that qualify for reporting in this category. Under a modified accrual basis of accounting, unavailable revenue representing property taxes receivable is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. This amount is comprised of uncollected property taxes due prior to June 30, 2nd half installments levied during the fiscal year but due after June 30th, and amounts prepaid on the 2nd half installments and is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available. Under the accrual basis, 2nd half installments levied during the fiscal year but due after June 30th and amounts prepaid on the 2nd half installments are reported as deferred inflows of resources. In addition, certain items related to the measurement of the net pension liability and net OPEB asset/liabilities are reported as deferred inflows of resources. For more detailed information on these items, reference the related notes.

#### N. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County's and School Board's Retirement Plan and the additions to/deductions from the County's and School Board's Retirement Plan's net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### O. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

#### Group Life Insurance

The Virginia Retirement System (VRS) Group Life Insurance (GLI) Program provides coverage to state employees, teachers, and employees of participating political subdivisions. The GLI Program was established pursuant to \$51.1-500 et seq. of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. The GLI Program is a defined benefit plan that provides a basic group life insurance benefit for employees of participating employers. For purposes of measuring the net GLI Program OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB, and GLI OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the VRS GLI Program OPEB and the additions to/deductions from the VRS GLI OPEB's net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by VRS. In addition, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2018 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

### O. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) (Continued)

## Political Subdivision and Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program

The County and Virginia Retirement System (VRS) Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Programs were established pursuant to §51.1-1400 et seq. of the Code of Virginia, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. The Teacher Employee HIC Program is a defined benefit plan that provides a credit toward the cost of health insurance coverage for retired teachers. For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liabilities, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Programs' OPEB, and the related OPEB expenses, information about the fiduciary net position of the County and VRS Teacher Employee HIC Programs; and the additions to/deductions from the County and VRS Teacher Employee HIC Programs' net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by VRS. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

### Medical and Dental Pay-As-You Go

For purposes of measuring the medical and dental pay-as-you go liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Plan's OPEB, and the related OPEB expenses, information about the fiduciary net position of the County's and School Board's Medical and Dental Pay-As-You go Plan and the additions to/deductions from the County and School Board's OPEB Plan's net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by the County's and School Board's actuary. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

### P. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued and premiums on issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses.

Notes to Financial Statements *(Continued)* June 30, 2018 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

### Q. Fund Equity

The County reports fund balance in accordance with GASB Statement 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

- Nonspendable fund balance amounts that are not in spendable form (such as inventory and prepaids)
  or are required to be maintained intact (corpus of a permanent fund);
- Restricted fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation;
- Committed fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by a government itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint;
- Assigned fund balance amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority;
- Unassigned fund balance amounts that are available for any purpose; positive amounts are only reported in the general fund.

When fund balance resources are available for a specific purpose in more than one classification, it is the County's policy to use the most restrictive funds first in the following order: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned as they are needed.

Board of Supervisors establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of a resolution. This is typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. A fund balance commitment is further indicated in the budget document as a designation or commitment of the fund (such as for special incentives). Assigned fund balance is established by Board of Supervisors through adoption or amendment of the budget as intended for specific purpose (such as the purchase of capital assets, construction, debt service, or for other purposes).

Notes to Financial Statements *(Continued)* June 30, 2018 (Continued)

## Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

### Q. Fund Equity (Continued)

	General <u>Fund</u>	County Capital Projects Fund	Go	Other overnmental <u>Funds</u>	Total
Fund balances:					
Restricted:					
Construction	\$ -	\$ 841,654	\$	-	\$ 841,654
Law library	-	-		776	776
Forfeited assets	-	-		98,695	98,695
Economic development	-	-		24,810	24,810
Courthouse security	-	-		133,182	133,182
Total Restricted	\$ -	\$ 841,654	\$	257,463	\$ 1,099,117
Unassigned	\$ 6,214,885	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 6,214,885
Total fund balances	\$ 6,214,885	\$ 841,654	\$	257,463	\$ 7,314,002

### Note 2—Stewardship, Compliance, and Accounting:

The following procedures are used by the County in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. On or before March 30<sup>th</sup>, the County Administrator submits to the Board of Supervisors a proposed operating and capital budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating and capital budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments.
- 3. Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an Appropriations Resolution.
- 4. The Appropriations Resolution places legal restrictions on expenditures at the fund level. The appropriation for each department or category can be revised only by the Board of Supervisors. The Board of Supervisors is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within general government departments; however, the School Board is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within the school system's categories.
- 5. All budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
- 6. Appropriations lapse on June 30, for all County units.

#### **Expenditures and Appropriations**

Expenditures exceeded appropriations in the following funds for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018:

Notes to Financial Statements *(Continued)* June 30, 2018 (Continued)

### Note 3—Deposits and Investments:

#### **Deposits**

Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act") Section 2.2-4400 et. Seq. of the Code of Virginia. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of amount insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board. Financial Institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in the amounts from 50% to 130% of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized.

### Investments

Statutes authorize the County to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper and certain corporate notes, banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP).

### **Credit Risk of Debt Securities**

The County's rated debt investments as of June 30, 2018 were rated by Standard & Poor's and the ratings are presented below using Standard & Poor's rating scale. The County's investment policy has an emphasis on high credit quality and known marketability. Holdings of commercial paper are not allowed to exceed thirty-five percent of the investment portfolio.

County's Rated Debt Investments' Values						
Rated Debt Investments	Fair Quality Ratings					
Local Government Investment Pool	AAAm \$ 2,560,457					
U.S. Government Money Market Fund	3,001,032					
Total	\$ 5,561,489					

Notes to Financial Statements *(Continued)* June 30, 2018 (Continued)

Note 3—Deposits and Investments: (Continued)

### **Interest Rate Risk**

According to the County's investment policy, at no time shall the maturity or duration of an investment exceed five years.

### Investment Maturities (in years)

Investment Type	Fair Value	Less Than 1 Year
Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) U.S. Government Money Market Fund	\$ 2,560,457 3,001,032	\$ 2,560,457 3,001,032
Total	\$ 5,561,489	\$ 5,561,489

### **External Investment Pool**

The fair value of the positions in the external investment pool (Local Government Investment Pool) is the same as the value of the pool shares. As the LGIP is not SEC registered, regulatory oversight of the pool rests with the Virginia State Treasury. LGIP is an amortized cost basis portfolio under the provisions of GASB Statement No. 79. There are no withdrawal limitations or restrictions imposed on participants.

Notes to Financial Statements *(Continued)* June 30, 2018 (Continued)

## Note 4—Due to/from Other Governments:

At June 30, 2018, the County has amounts due from other governments as follows:

	Primary Government	
Other Local Governments:		
County of Northumberland	\$ -	\$ 1,075,840
Commonwealth of Virginia:		
Local sales tax	137,422	-
Welfare	35,978	-
Comprehensive services	37,861	-
Rolling stock tax	10	-
State Sales Tax	-	174,253
Constitutional officer reimbursements	123,793	-
DMV license agent	2,895	-
Recordation tax	14,594	-
Mobile home titling tax	4,069	-
Wireless grant	6,928	-
Postage	137	-
Communications tax	56,147	-
Federal Government:		
School fund grants	-	121,283
Welfare	64,926	<u>-</u>
Total due from other governments	\$ 484,760	\$ 1,371,376

At June 30, 2018, amounts due to other local governments are as follows:

		Component
	Primary	Unit
	Government	School Board
Other Local Governments:		
Northumberland County School Board	\$ 1,075,840	\$ -

Notes to Financial Statements *(Continued)* June 30, 2018 (Continued)

## Note 5—Capital Assets:

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018:

	Balance July 1, 2017	Increases Decreases		Balance June 30, 2018
Primary Government:				
Governmental Activities:				
Capital assets not subject to depreciation:				
Land and land improvements	\$ 894,628	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 894,628
Contruction in progress		13,500	-	13,500
Total capital assets not subject to depreciation	\$ 894,628	\$ 13,500	\$ -	\$ 908,128
Capital assets subject to depreciation:				
Buildings and improvements	\$ 6,575,556	\$ 182,434	\$ -	\$ 6,757,990
Machinery and equipment	3,166,674	438,166	67,967	3,536,873
Jointly owned assets	39,351,304		(47,486)	39,398,790
Total capital assets subject to depreciation	\$49,093,534	\$ 620,600	\$ 20,481	\$ 49,693,653
Accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings and improvements	\$ 1,019,930	\$ 229,990	\$ -	\$ 1,249,920
Machinery and equipment	2,097,460	364,863	67,967	2,394,356
Jointly owned assets	9,771,304	985,695	(11,791)	10,768,790
Total accumulated depreciation	\$12,888,694	\$ 1,580,548	\$ 56,176	\$ 14,413,066
Total capital assets subject to depreciation, net	\$36,204,840	\$ (959,948)	\$ (35,695)	\$ 35,280,587
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$37,099,468	\$ (946,448)	\$ (35,695)	\$ 36,188,715

Notes to Financial Statements *(Continued)* June 30, 2018 (Continued)

# Note 5—Capital Assets: (Continued)

The following is a summary of changes in proprietary capital assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018:

	Balance July 1, 2017 Increases				Balance ne 30, 2018			
Business-type Activities:  Capital assets not subject to depreciation:  Land and land improvements	ς	98,924	\$	_	\$	_	Ś	98,924
*	<del>-</del>	70,724	<del>-</del>		<del></del>		<del>-</del>	70,724
Capital assets subject to depreciation: Utility plant in service	\$	8,636,484	\$	-	\$	-	\$	8,636,484
Machinery and equipment		389,994				-		389,994
Total capital assets subject to depreciation	\$	9,026,478	\$	-	\$		\$	9,026,478
Accumulated depreciation:								
Utility plant in service	\$	3,148,292	\$	277,000	\$	-	\$	3,425,292
Machinery and equipment		389,994		-		-		389,994
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	3,538,286	\$	277,000	\$	-	\$	3,815,286
Total capital assets subject to depreciation, net	\$	5,488,192	\$	(277,000)	\$		\$	5,211,192
Business-type capital assets, net	\$	5,587,116	\$	(277,000)	\$	-	\$	5,310,116

Notes to Financial Statements *(Continued)* June 30, 2018 (Continued)

# Note 5—Capital Assets: (Continued)

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018:

	Balance July 1, 2017	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2018
Component Unit-School Board:				<u> </u>
Capital assets not subject to depreciation:				
Land and land improvements	\$ 23,929	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 23,929
Capital assets subject to depreciation:				
Machinery and equipment	\$ 2,758,230	\$ 91,936	\$ -	\$ 2,850,166
Jointly owned assets	8,874,178		47,486	8,826,692
Total capital assets subject to depreciation	\$11,632,408	\$ 91,936	\$ 47,486	\$ 11,676,858
Accumulated depreciation:				
Machinery and equipment	\$ 2,167,285	\$ 152,373	\$ -	\$ 2,319,658
Jointly owned assets	2,203,541	220,830	11,791	2,412,580
Total accumulated depreciation	\$ 4,370,826	\$ 373,203	\$ 11,791	\$ 4,732,238
Total capital assets subject to depreciation, net	\$ 7,261,582	\$ (281,267)	\$ 35,695	\$ 6,944,620
Component unit school board capital assets, net	\$ 7,285,511	\$(281,267)	\$ 35,695	\$ 6,968,549

# Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs as follows:

Primary Government:	
Governmental activities:	
General government administration	\$ 41,386
Judicial administration	126,497
Public safety	400,152
Public works	6,273
Health and welfare	18,112
Education	985,695
Community development	 2,433
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 1,580,548
Business type activities:	
Sanitary District	\$ 277,000
Total depreciation expense - primary government	\$ 1,857,548
Component Unit School Board:	 
Depreciation expense	\$ 373,203

Notes to Financial Statements *(Continued)* June 30, 2018 (Continued)

### Note 6—Interfund Transfers:

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2018, consisted of the following:

Fund	Transfers In		Tr	Transfers Out		
Primary Government:						
General	\$	-	\$	1,158,019		
County Capital Projects		820,762		-		
Sanitary District		337,257		-		
Total Primary Government	\$	1,158,019	\$	1,158,019		
Component Unit-School Board: School Operating	\$	53,091	\$	_		
School Cafeteria	<del></del>	-		53,091		
Total Component Unit - School Board	\$	53,091	\$	53,091		

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgeting authorization.

The following is a summary of due to/from other funds at June 30, 2018:

Fund		Interfund Receivables		Interfund Payables	
Component Unit-School Board: School Operating	Ś	119,045	\$	-	
School Cafeteria		-		119,045	
Total Component Unit - School Board	\$	119,045	\$	119,045	

Notes to Financial Statements *(Continued)* June 30, 2018 (Continued)

## Note 7—Long Term Obligations:

## **Primary Government:**

The following is a summary of changes in long-term obligations for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018:

	Restated Balance at July 1, 2017	Issuances/ Increases	Retirements/ Balance at Decreases June 30, 2018		Amounts Due Within One Year
Primary Government Obligations:					
Governmental Activities Obligations:					
Incurred by County:					
Compensated absences	\$ 216,085	\$ 42,264	\$ 21,608	\$ 236,741	\$ 23,674
Net pension liability					
(Payable by General Fund)	1,950,604	1,860,766	2,368,397	1,442,973	-
Net OPEB liabilities					
(Payable by General Fund)	556,753	49,195	74,615	531,333	
Total incurred by County	\$ 2,723,442	\$ 1,952,225	\$ 2,464,620	\$ 2,211,047	\$ 23,674
Incurred by School Board:	*				
Refunding general obligation bond	\$29,580,000	\$ -	\$ 950,000	\$28,630,000	\$ 1,000,000
Bond premium	2,532,641		126,632	2,406,009	
Total incurred by School Board	\$32,112,641	\$ -	\$ 1,076,632	\$31,036,009	\$ 1,000,000
Total Communicated Activities					
Total Governmental Activities Obligations	\$34,836,083	\$ 1,952,225	\$ 3,541,252	\$33,247,056	\$ 1,023,674
		<del></del>			<del>-</del>
Business-type Activities Obligations:					
Revenue bond	\$ 2,441,000	\$ -	\$ 108,000	\$ 2,333,000	\$ 112,000
Net pension liability	83,153	71,119	98,884	55,388	-
Net OPEB liabilities	47,813	4,888	5,420	47,281	-
Total Business-type Activities					
Obligations	\$ 2,571,966	\$ 76,007	\$ 212,304	\$ 2,435,669	\$ 112,000
Total Primary Government	<b>407</b> 400 0 15	<b>.</b>	A 0 ==0 == :	ADE (00 EC-	<b>A</b> 4 45= 4= 4
Obligations	\$37,408,049	\$ 2,028,232	\$ 3,753,556	\$35,682,725	\$ 1,135,674

Notes to Financial Statements *(Continued)* June 30, 2018 (Continued)

Note 7—Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

# Primary Government: (continued)

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

	Governmental Activities			
Year Ending		General Obl	igatio	n Bond
June 30		Principal		Interest
2019 2020 2021	\$	1,000,000 1,050,000 1,105,000	\$	1,028,678 976,915 922,501
2022		1,160,000		865,310
2023		1,220,000		805,215
2024		1,285,000		741,964
2025		1,350,000		675,430
2026		1,420,000		605,487
2027		1,490,000		532,010
2028		1,550,000		478,500
2029		1,585,000		438,441
2030		1,630,000		395,525
2031		1,670,000		351,312
2032		1,720,000		303,915
2033		1,770,000		254,993
2034		1,825,000		202,450
2035		1,875,000		148,306
2036		1,935,000		90,204
2037		1,990,000		30,348
Total	\$	28,630,000	\$	9,847,504

Notes to Financial Statements *(Continued)* June 30, 2018 (Continued)

Note 7—Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

# Primary Government: (continued)

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows: (Continued)

	Business-type Activities			
Year Ending		Revenue	e Bond	ds
June 30		Principal		Interest
2019	\$	112,000	\$	77,456
2020		117,000		73,737
2021		119,000		69,853
2022		125,000		65,902
2023		127,000		61,752
2024		132,000		57,536
2025		136,000		53,153
2026		142,000		48,638
2027		248,000		43,924
2028		256,000		35,690
2029		264,000		27,191
2030		273,000		18,426
2031		282,000		9,362
Total	\$	2,333,000	\$	642,620

Notes to Financial Statements *(Continued)* June 30, 2018 (Continued)

Note 7—Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

## **Primary Government: (Continued)**

Details of long-term indebtedness are as follows:

	Total Amount
Governmental Activities:	
Incurred by County:	
Net OPEB liabilities (payable by General Fund)	\$ 531,333
Net pension liability (payble by General Fund)	\$ 1,442,973
Compensated absences (payable by General Fund)	\$ 236,741
Total Incurred by County	\$ 2,211,047
Incurred by School Board:  General Obligation Bond: \$29,580,000 General Obligation Refunding Bond payable annually in various	
amounts through July 15, 2036, interest payable semi-annually at coupon rates from 2.05% to 5.05%. Face amount of bonds outstanding, \$28,630,000 plus	
unamortized issuance premium of \$2,406,009.	\$ 31,036,009
Total incurred by School Board	\$ 31,036,009
Total Long-Term Obligations, Governmental Activities	\$ 33,247,056

Notes to Financial Statements *(Continued)* June 30, 2018 (Continued)

Note 7—Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

## **Primary Government: (Continued)**

Details of long-term indebtedness are as follows: (Continued)

	Total Amount
Business-type Activities:	 
<u>Revenue Bond:</u> \$3,030,000 Revenue Bond issued February 16, 2012, principal due in varying annual installments each July 1, interest due semi-annually through January, 2027 at 3.32%, interest rate may reset on January 1, 2031.	\$ 2,333,000
Total Revenue Bond	\$ 2,333,000
Net OPEB liabilities	\$ 47,281
Net pension liability	\$ 55,388
Total Long-Term Obligations, Business-type Activities	\$ 2,435,669
Total Long-Term Obligations, Primary Government	\$ 35,682,725

## Component Unit - School Board:

The following is a summary of changes in long-term obligation transactions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018:

	Restated Balance at July 1, 2017	Increases	Decreases	Balance at June 30, 2018	Amounts Due Within One Year
	July 1, 2017	- Increases	Decreases	Julie 30, 2010	One rear
Component Unit-School Board:					
Compensated absences	\$ 417,095	\$ 27,678	\$ 41,710	\$ 403,063	\$ 40,306
Net pension liability	14,718,188	2,810,589	4,524,674	13,004,103	-
Net OPEB liabilities	2,571,465	178,756	278,557	2,471,664	-
Total Component Unit-School Board	\$17,706,748	\$ 3,017,023	\$ 4,844,941	\$15,878,830	\$ 40,306

Notes to Financial Statements *(Continued)* June 30, 2018 (Continued)

### Note 8—Unearned and Deferred/Unavailable Revenue:

Unearned and Unavailable revenue represents amounts for which asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, such amounts are measurable, but not available. Under the accrual basis of accounting, assessments for future periods are deferred. The County reports unavailable revenue totaling \$903,409 and deferred revenue totaling \$240,713 which is comprised of the following:

	Go	overnment-wide	Balance
		Statements	Sheet
		Governmental	Governmental
		Activities	 Funds
Deferred/Unavailable revenue:			
Unavailable property tax revenue representing uncollected property tax billins that are not available for the funding of current expenditures	\$	-	\$ 662,696
Prepaid property taxes due after June 30 but paid in advance by taxpayers		240,713	 240,713
Total deferred/unavailable revenue	\$	240,713	\$ 903,409

### Note 9—Contingent Liabilities:

Federal programs in which the County and discretely presented component unit participate were audited in accordance with the provisions of Title 2 U. S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*. Pursuant to the provisions of this guidance all major programs and certain other programs were tested for compliance with applicable grant requirements.

While no matters of noncompliance were disclosed by audit, the Federal Government may subject grant programs to additional compliance tests which may result in disallowed expenditures. In the opinion of management, any future disallowance of current grant program expenditures, if any, would be immaterial.

### *Note 10—Litigation:*

At June 30, 2018, there were no matters of litigation involving the County or which would materially affect the County's financial position should any court decisions on pending matters not be favorable to the County.

Notes to Financial Statements *(Continued)* June 30, 2018 (Continued)

### Note 11—Risk Management:

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the government carries insurance.

The County is a member of the Virginia Municipal Group Self Insurance Association for workers' compensation and public officials' liability coverage with the Virginia Association of Counties Group Self Insurance Risk Pool. This program is administered by a servicing contractor, which furnishes claims review and processing.

Each Association member jointly and severally agrees to assume, pay and discharge any liability. The County pays Virginia Municipal Group contributions and assessments based upon classifications and rates into a designated cash reserve fund out of which expenses of the Association and claims and awards are to be paid. In the event of a loss deficit and depletion of all available excess insurance, the Association may assess all members in the proportion which the premium of each bears to the total premiums of all members in the year in which such deficit occurs.

The County continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of losses. During the last three fiscal years, settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial coverage.

Notes to Financial Statements *(Continued)* June 30, 2018 (Continued)

#### Note 12-Pension Plan:

### **Plan Description**

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the County and (nonprofessional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by a VRS Retirement Plan upon employment. This is an agent multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer pay contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria as defined in the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service.

The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees - Plan 1, Plan 2, and Hybrid. Each of these benefit structures has different eligibility criteria. The specific information for each plan and the eligibility for covered groups within each plan are set out in the table below:

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS			
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN	
About Plan 1 Plan 1 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula.	About Plan 2 Plan 2 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula.	About the Hybrid Retirement Plan The Hybrid Retirement Plan combines the features of a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan.  • The defined benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula.  • The benefit from the defined contribution component of the plan depends on the member and employer contributions made to the plan and the investment performance of those contributions.	

Notes to Financial Statements *(Continued)* June 30, 2018 (Continued)

# Note 12-Pension Plan: (Continued)

	TREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTI	·
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
About Plan 1 (Cont.)	About Plan 2 (Cont.)	About the Hybrid Retirement Plan (Cont.)  • In addition to the monthly benefit payment payable from the defined benefit plan at retirement, a member may start receiving distributions from the balance in the defined contribution account, reflecting the contributions, investment gains or losses, and any required fees.
Eligible Members Employees are in Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of January 1, 2013, and they have not taken a refund.  Hybrid Opt-In Election VRS non-hazardous duty covered Plan 1 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014.	Eligible Members Employees are in Plan 2 if their membership date is on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013.  Hybrid Opt-In Election Eligible Plan 2 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014.	Eligible Members Employees are in the Hybrid Retirement Plan if their membership date is on or after January 1, 2014. This includes: • Political subdivision employees* • School division employees • Members in Plan 1 or Plan 2 who elected to opt into the plan during the election window held January 1-April 30, 2014; the plan's effective date for opt-in members was July 1, 2014.
The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible Plan 1 members who opted in was July 1, 2014.  If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan.	The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible Plan 2 members who opted in was July 1, 2014.  If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan.	*Non-Eligible Members Some employees are not eligible to participate in the Hybrid Retirement Plan. They include: • Political subdivision employee who are covered by enhanced benefits for hazardous duty employees.

Notes to Financial Statements *(Continued)* June 30, 2018 (Continued)

# Note 12-Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)			
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN	
Hybrid Opt-In Election (Cont.) Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and had prior service under Plan 1 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as Plan 1 or ORP.	Hybrid Opt-In Election (Cont.) Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and have prior service under Plan 2 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as Plan 2 or ORP.	*Non-Eligible Members (Cont.) Those employees eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) must elect the ORP plan or the Hybrid Retirement Plan. If these members have prior service under Plan 1 or Plan 2, they are not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and must select Plan 1 or Plan 2 (as applicable) or ORP.	
Retirement Contributions Employees contribute 5% of their compensation each month to their member contribution account through a pre-tax salary reduction. Member contributions are tax-deferred until they are withdrawn as part of a retirement benefit or as a refund. The employer makes a separate actuarially determined contribution to VRS for all covered employees. VRS invests both member and employer contributions to provide funding for the future benefit payment.	Retirement Contributions Employees contribute 5% of their compensation each month to their member contribution account through a pre-tax salary reduction.	Retirement Contributions A member's retirement benefit is funded through mandatory and voluntary contributions made by the member and the employer to both the defined benefit and the defined contribution components of the plan. Mandatory contributions are based on a percentage of the employee's creditable compensation and are required from both the member and the employer. Additionally, members may choose to make voluntary contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, and the employer is required to match those voluntary contributions according to specified percentages.	

Notes to Financial Statements *(Continued)* June 30, 2018 (Continued)

# Note 12-Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)			
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN	
Creditable Service includes active service. Members earn creditable service for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional creditable service the member was granted. A member's total creditable service is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit.	Creditable Service Same as Plan 1.	Creditable Service  Defined Benefit Component:  Under the defined benefit component of the plan, creditable service includes active service.  Members earn creditable service for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional creditable service the member was granted. A member's total creditable service is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit.  Defined Contribution Component: Under the defined contribution component, creditable service is used to determine vesting for the employer contribution portion of the plan.	

Notes to Financial Statements *(Continued)* June 30, 2018 (Continued)

# Note 12-Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)			
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN	
Vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members become vested when they have at least five years (60 months) of creditable service. Vesting means members are eligible to qualify for retirement if they meet the age and service requirements for their plan. Members also must be vested to receive a full refund of their member contribution account balance if they leave employment and request a refund.  Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make.	Vesting Same as Plan 1.	Vesting  Defined Benefit Component:  Defined benefit vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit.  Members are vested under the defined benefit component of the Hybrid Retirement Plan when they reach five years (60 months) of creditable service.  Plan 1 or Plan 2 members with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan remain vested in the defined benefit component.  Defined Contribution Component: Defined contribution vesting refers to the minimum length of service a member needs to be eligible to withdraw the employer contributions from the defined contribution component of the plan.  Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make.  Upon retirement or leaving covered employment, a member is eligible to withdraw a percentage of employer contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, based on service.  • After two years, a member is 50% vested and may withdraw 50% of employer contributions.	

Notes to Financial Statements *(Continued)* June 30, 2018 (Continued)

# Note 12-Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)			
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN	
Vesting (Cont.)	Vesting (Cont.)	Vesting (Cont.)  Defined Contribution Component: (Cont.)  • After three years, a member is 75% vested and may withdraw 75% of employer contributions.  • After four or more years, a member is 100% vested and may withdraw 100% of employer contributions.  Distribution is not required by law until age 70½.	
Calculating the Benefit The Basic Benefit is calculated based on a formula using the member's average final compensation, a retirement multiplier and total service credit at retirement. It is one of the benefit payout options available to a member at retirement.	Calculating the Benefit See definition under Plan 1.	Calculating the Benefit  Defined Benefit Component: See definition under Plan 1.	
An early retirement reduction factor is applied to the Basic Benefit if the member retires with a reduced retirement benefit or selects a benefit payout option other than the Basic Benefit.		The benefit is based on contributions made by the member and any matching contributions made by the employer, plus net investment earnings on those contributions.	
Average Final Compensation A member's average final compensation is the average of the 36 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.	Average Final Compensation A member's average final compensation is the average of their 60 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.	Average Final Compensation Same as Plan 2. It is used in the retirement formula for the defined benefit component of the plan.	

Notes to Financial Statements *(Continued)* June 30, 2018 (Continued)

# Note 12-Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)					
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN			
Service Retirement Multiplier VRS: The retirement multiplier is a factor used in the formula to determine a final retirement benefit. The retirement multiplier for non-hazardous duty members is 1.70%.  Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: The retirement multiplier for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.85%.  Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: The retirement multiplier of eligible political subdivision hazardous duty employees other than sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.70% or 1.85% as elected by the employer.	Service Retirement Multiplier VRS: Same as Plan 1 for service earned, purchased or granted prior to January 1, 2013. For non-hazardous duty members the retirement multiplier is 1.65% for creditable service earned, purchased or granted on or after January 1, 2013.  Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: Same as Plan 1.  Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Service Retirement Multiplier  Defined Benefit Component:  VRS: The retirement multiplier for the defined benefit component is 1.00%.  For members who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan from Plan 1 or Plan 2, the applicable multipliers for those plans will be used to calculate the retirement benefit for service credited in those plans.  Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: Not applicable.  Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: Not applicable.  Defined Contribution Component: Not applicable.			
Normal Retirement Age VRS: Age 65.  Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Age 60.	Normal Retirement Age VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age.  Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Normal Retirement Age  Defined Benefit Component: VRS: Same as Plan 2.  Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable.  Defined Contribution Component: Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.			

Notes to Financial Statements *(Continued)* June 30, 2018 (Continued)

# Note 12-Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)				
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN		
Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Age 65 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or at age 50 with at least 30 years of creditable service.  Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Age 60 with at least five years of creditable service or age 50 with at least 25 years of creditable service.	Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or when their age and service equal 90.  Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility Defined Benefit Component: VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age and have at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or when their age and service equal 90.  Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable.  Defined Contribution Component: Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.		
Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Age 55 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or age 50 with at least 10 years of creditable service.	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service.	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility Defined Benefit Component: VRS: Age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service.		
Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: 50 with at least five years of creditable service.	Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable.  Defined Contribution Component: Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.		

Notes to Financial Statements *(Continued)* June 30, 2018 (Continued)

# Note 12-Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)					
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN			
Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 3% increase in the Consumer Price Index for all Urban Consumers (CPI-U) and half of any additional increase (up to 4%) up to a maximum COLA of 5%.  Eligibility: For members who retire with an unreduced benefit or with a reduced benefit with at least 20 years of creditable service, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one full calendar year from the retirement date.	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 2% increase in the CPI-U and half of any additional increase (up to 2%), for a maximum COLA of 3%.  Eligibility: Same as Plan 1.	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement  Defined Benefit Component: Same as Plan 2.  Defined Contribution Component: Not applicable.  Eligibility: Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2.			
For members who retire with a reduced benefit and who have less than 20 years of creditable service, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one calendar year following the unreduced retirement eligibility date.					
Exceptions to COLA Effective  Dates: The COLA is effective July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) under any of the following circumstances:  • The member is within five years of qualifying for an unreduced retirement benefit as of January 1, 2013.  • The member retires on disability.	Exceptions to COLA Effective  Dates: Same as Plan 1.	Exceptions to COLA Effective  Dates: Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2.			

Notes to Financial Statements *(Continued)* June 30, 2018 (Continued)

# Note 12-Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)					
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN			
Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement (Cont.)  Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: (Cont.)  The member retires directly from short-term or longterm disability under the Virginia Sickness and Disability Program (VSDP).  The member is involuntarily separated from employment for causes other than job performance or misconduct and is eligible to retire under the Workforce Transition Act or the Transitional Benefits Program.  The member dies in service and the member's survivor or beneficiary is eligible for a monthly death-in-service benefit. The COLA will go into effect on July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) from the date the monthly benefit begins.	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement (Cont.)  Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: (Cont.)  Same as Plan 1.	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement (Cont.)  Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: (Cont.)  Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2.			
Disability Coverage Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.7% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted.	Disability Coverage Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.65% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted.	Disability Coverage Employees of political subdivisions and School divisions (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 opt-ins) participate in the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP) unless their local governing body provides an employer-paid comparable program for its members.			

Notes to Financial Statements *(Continued)* June 30, 2018 (Continued)

## Note 12-Pension Plan: (Continued)

## Plan Description (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)					
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN			
Disability Coverage (Cont.)	Disability Coverage (Cont.)	Disability Coverage (Cont.) Hybrid members (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 opt-ins) covered under VLDP are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work-related disability benefits.			
Purchase of Prior Service Members may be eligible to purchase service from previous public employment, active duty military service, an eligible period of leave or VRS refunded service as creditable service in their plan. Prior creditable service counts toward vesting, eligibility for retirement and the health insurance credit. Only active members are eligible to purchase prior service. Members also may be eligible to purchase periods of leave without pay.	Purchase of Prior Service Same as Plan 1.	Purchase of Prior Service  Defined Benefit Component:  Same as Plan 1, with the following exceptions:  • Hybrid Retirement Plan members are ineligible for ported service.  Defined Contribution Component: Not applicable.			

### Pension Plan Data

Information about the VRS Political Subdivision Retirement Plan is also available in the separately issued VRS 2017 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the 2017 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at <a href="http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2017-annual-report.pdf">http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2017-annual-report.pdf</a>, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA 23218-2500.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2018 (Continued)

### Note 12-Pension Plan: (Continued)

### Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2016 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the pension plan:

	Primary Government	Component Unit School Board Nonprofessional
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	51	28
Inactive members: Vested inactive members	9	3
Non-vested inactive members	18	9
Inactive members active elsewhere in VRS	34	3
Total inactive members	61	15
Active members	88	22
Total covered employees	200	65

#### **Contributions**

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. Prior to July 1, 2012, all or part of the 5.00% member contribution may have been assumed by the employer. Beginning July 1, 2012, new employees were required to pay the 5% member contribution. In addition, for existing employees, employers were required to begin making the employee pay the 5.00% member contribution. This could be phased in over a period of up to 5 years and the employer is required to provide a salary increase equal to the amount of the increase in the employee-paid member contribution.

The County's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2018 was 8.59% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the County were \$354,445 and \$352,087 for the years ended June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017, respectively.

The Component Unit School Board's contractually required employer contribution rate for nonprofessional employees for the year ended June 30, 2018 was 13.25% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015.

Notes to Financial Statements *(Continued)* June 30, 2018 (Continued)

### Note 12-Pension Plan: (Continued)

### **Contributions (Continued)**

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the Component Unit School Board's nonprofessional employees were \$94,352 and \$93,795 for the years ended June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017, respectively.

### Net Pension Liability (Asset)

The County's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) net pension liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2017. The total pension liabilities used to calculate the net pension liabilities were determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2016, using updated actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2017.

## Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees

The total pension liability for General Employees in the County's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2017.

Inflation 2.5%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.5% - 5.35%

Investment rate of return 7.0%, net of pension plan investment

expenses, including inflation\*

\* Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

#### Mortality rates:

Largest 10 - Non-Hazardous Duty: 20% of deaths are assumed to be service related

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 95% of rates; females 105% of rates.

### Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 3 years; females 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90.

#### Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years, 110% of rates; females 125% of rates.

Notes to Financial Statements *(Continued)* June 30, 2018 (Continued)

### Note 12-Pension Plan: (Continued)

### Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees (Continued)

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-Hazardous Duty: 15% of deaths are assumed to be service related Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 95% of rates; females 105% of rates.

#### Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 3 years; females 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90.

#### Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years, 110% of rates; females 125% of rates.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

### Largest 10 - Non-Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post- Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014

retirement healthy, and disabled) projected to 2020

Retirement Rates Lowered rates at older ages and changed final

retirement from 70 to 75

Withdrawal Rates Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year

age and service through 9 years of service

Disability Rates Lowered rates
Salary Scale No change

Line of Duty Disability Increased rate from 14% to 20%

### All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post- Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014

retirement healthy, and disabled) projected to 2020

Retirement Rates Lowered rates at older ages and changed final

retirement from 70 to 75

Withdrawal Rates Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year

age and service through 9 years of service

Disability Rates Lowered rates
Salary Scale No change

Line of Duty Disability Increased rate from 14% to 15%

Notes to Financial Statements *(Continued)* June 30, 2018 (Continued)

### Note 12-Pension Plan: (Continued)

### Actuarial Assumptions - Public Safety Employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits

The total pension liability for Public Safety employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits in the County's Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2017.

Inflation 2.5%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.5% - 4.75%

Investment rate of return 7.0%, net of pension plan investment

expenses, including inflation $^{\ast}$ 

\* Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

#### Mortality rates:

Largest 10 - Hazardous Duty: 70% of deaths are assumed to be service related

#### Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 90% of rates; females set forward 1 year.

#### Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year, 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set forward 3 years.

#### Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years; unisex using 100% male.

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Hazardous Duty: 45% of deaths are assumed to be service related Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 90% of rates; females set forward 1 year.

#### Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year, 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set forward 3 years.

#### Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years; unisex using 100% male.

Notes to Financial Statements *(Continued)* June 30, 2018 (Continued)

### Note 12-Pension Plan: (Continued)

### Actuarial Assumptions - Public Safety Employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Largest 10 - Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post- Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014

retirement healthy, and disabled) projected to 2020

Retirement Rates Lowered rates at older ages

Withdrawal Rates Adjusted rates to better fit experience

Disability Rates Increased rates
Salary Scale No change

Line of Duty Disability Increased rate from 60% to 70%

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post- Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014

retirement healthy, and disabled) projected to 2020

Increased age 50 rates, and lowered rates at older

Retirement Rates ages

Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year

Withdrawal Rates age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates Adjusted rates to better fit experience

Salary Scale No change

Line of Duty Disability Decreased rate from 60% to 45%

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2018 (Continued)

### Note 12—Pension Plan: (Continued)

## Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

			Weighted
		Arithmetic	Average
		Long-term	Long-term
	Target	Expected	Expected
Asset Class (Strategy)	Allocation	Rate of Return	Rate of Return
Public Equity	40.00%	4.54%	1.82%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.69%	0.10%
Credit Strategies	15.00%	3.96%	0.59%
Real Assets	15.00%	5.76%	0.86%
Private Equity	15.00%	9.53%	1.43%
Total	100.00%		4.80%
		Inflation	2.50%
*Expe	cted arithmet	ic nominal return	7.30%

<sup>\*</sup> The above allocation provides a one-year return of 7.30%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the system, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. The results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 6.83%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019, the rate contributed by the employer for the County and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) Retirement Plans will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly. From July 1, 2019 on, participating employers are assumed to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Notes to Financial Statements *(Continued)* June 30, 2018 (Continued)

# Note 12-Pension Plan: (Continued)

# Changes in Net Pension Liability

		Primary Government			
		Increase (Decrease)			
	_	Total Pension Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)
Balances at June 30, 2016	\$	16,857,068	\$_	14,823,311 \$	2,033,757
Changes for the year:					
Service cost	\$	440,974	\$	- \$	440,974
Interest		1,149,231		-	1,149,231
Assumption changes		(123,405)		-	(123,405)
Differences between expected					
and actual experience		321,626		-	321,626
Contributions - employer		-		343,327	(343,327)
Contributions - employee		-		198,437	(198,437)
Net investment income		-		1,794,139	(1,794,139)
Benefit payments, including refun	ds				
Refunds of employee contributio	ns	(878,971)		(878,971)	-
Administrative expenses		-		(10,491)	10,491
Other changes		-		(1,590)	1,590
Net changes	\$	909,455	\$_	1,444,851 \$	(535,396)
Balances at June 30, 2017	\$	17,766,523	\$_	16,268,162 \$	1,498,361

Notes to Financial Statements *(Continued)* June 30, 2018 (Continued)

### Note 12-Pension Plan: (Continued)

## Changes in Net Pension Liability

Component School Board (nonprofessional) Increase (Decrease) Total Plan Net Pension **Fiduciary** Pension Liability **Net Position** Liability (a) - (b) (a) (b) Balances at June 30, 2016 4,308,986 \$ 3,385,798 \$ 923,188 Changes for the year: Service cost \$ 72,261 \$ Ś 72,261 293,570 293,570 Interest Assumption changes (25, 266)(25, 266)Differences between expected and actual experience (21,072)(21,072)Contributions - employer 92,456 (92,456)34,330 Contributions - employee (34, 330)406,550 Net investment income (406,550)Benefit payments, including refunds Refunds of employee contributions (230, 250)(230, 250)Administrative expenses (2,398)2,398 Other changes 360 (360)300,328 \$ Net changes 89,243 S (211,085)Balances at June 30, 2017 4,398,229 \$ 3,686,126 \$ 712,103

### Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability (asset) of the County and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the County's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

		Rate			
	_	1% Increase	Current Discount	1% Decrease	
	_	(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)	
County's Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	3,759,604	\$ 1,498,361	\$ (375,173)	
Component Unit School Board's (nonprofess Net Pension Liability	ional) \$	1,175,153	\$ 712,103	\$ 316,880	

Notes to Financial Statements *(Continued)* June 30, 2018 (Continued)

# Note 12—Pension Plan: (Continued)

# Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the County and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) recognized pension expense of \$192,275 and \$42,239, respectively. At June 30, 2018, the County and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

						Component	U	nit School	
		Primary Government				Board (nonprofessional)			
	•	Deferred		Deferred	_	Deferred		Deferred	
		Outflows of		Inflows of		Outflows of		Inflows of	
		Resources		Resources	_	Resources		Resources	
Differences between expected and actual									
experience	\$	230,255	\$	93,163	\$	- 3	\$	10,099	
Changes in assumptions		-		88,347		-		11,898	
Changes in proportionate share of net									
position liability		10,774		10,774		-		-	
Net difference between projected and acti	ual								
earnings on pension plan investments		-		230,707		-		50,675	
Employer contributions subsequent to the									
measurement date		354,445		-	_	94,352	_	-	
Total	\$	595,474	\$	422,991	\$	94,352	\$_	72,672	

# Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

\$354,445 and \$94,352 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the County's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) contributions, respectively, subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year ended June 30		Primary Government	Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)			
2019	Ś	(170,529)	Ś	(57,304)		
2020	*	111,077	•	17,991		
2021		31,238		1,295		
2022		(153,748)		(34,654)		
2023		-		-		
Thereafter		-		-		

Notes to Financial Statements *(Continued)* June 30, 2018 (Continued)

## Note 12-Pension Plan: (Continued)

# Component Unit School Board (professional)

## **Plan Description**

All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan upon employment. This is a cost-sharing multiple employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the system). Additional information regarding the plan description can be found in the first section of this note.

#### **Contributions**

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement.

Each School Division's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2018 was 16.32% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015 and reflects the transfer in June 2017 of \$192,884,000 as an accelerated payback of the deferred contribution in the 2010-12 biennium. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the school division were \$1,334,984 and \$1,154,604 for the years ended June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017, respectively.

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2018, the school division reported a liability of \$12,292,000 for its proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability. The Net Pension Liability was measured as of June 30, 2017 and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The school division's proportion of the Net Pension Liability was based on the school division's actuarially determined employer contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2017 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2017, the school division's proportion was 0.09995% as compared to 0.09844% at June 30, 2016.

Notes to Financial Statements *(Continued)* June 30, 2018 (Continued)

# Note 12—Pension Plan: (Continued)

## Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the school division recognized pension expense of \$1,055,000. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the pension expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion and from differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of employer contributions.

At June 30, 2018, the school division reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	_	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experiences	-	\$	869,000
Change in assumptions	179,000		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-		447,000
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	449,000		242,000
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	1,334,984		<u>-</u>
Total	1,962,984	<b>\$</b>	1,558,000

\$1,334,984 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the school division's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year ended June 30	<u>)</u>	
2019	\$	(335,000)
2020		29,000
2021		(194,000)
2022		(408,000)
2023		(22,000)
Thereafter		-

Notes to Financial Statements *(Continued)* June 30, 2018 (Continued)

# Note 12-Pension Plan: (Continued)

# Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

# **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2017.

Inflation 2.5%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.5% - 5.95%

Investment rate of return 7.0%, net of pension plan investment

expenses, including inflation\*

## Mortality rates:

#### Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 White Collar Employee Rates to age 80, White Collar Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020.

#### Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 White Collar Employee Rates to age 49, White Collar Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 1% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set back 3 years with 1.5% increase compounded from ages 65 to 70 and 2.0% increase compounded from ages 75 to 90.

#### Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with Scale BB to 2020; 115% of rates for males and females.

<sup>\*</sup> Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

Notes to Financial Statements *(Continued)* June 30, 2018 (Continued)

# Note 12-Pension Plan: (Continued)

# Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

# Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, postretirement healthy, and disabled)

Retirement Rates

Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014
projected to 2020
Lowered rates at older ages and changed final
retirement from 70 to 75
Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year

Withdrawal Rates age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates Adjusted rates to better match experience

Salary Scale No change

# **Net Pension Liability**

The net pension liability (NPL) is calculated separately for each system and represents that particular system's total pension liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, less that system's fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2017, NPL amounts for the VRS Teacher Employee Retirement Plan is as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	_	Teacher Employee Retirement Plan
Total Pension Liability Plan Fiduciary Net Position Employers' Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ \$	45,417,520 33,119,545 12,297,975
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	-	72.92%

The total pension liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net pension liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 67 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

Notes to Financial Statements *(Continued)* June 30, 2018 (Continued)

# Note 12—Pension Plan: (Continued)

# Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

# Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

			Weighted
		Arithmetic	Average
		Long-term	Long-term
	Target	Expected	Expected
Asset Class (Strategy)	Allocation	Rate of Return	Rate of Return
Public Equity	40.00%	4.54%	1.82%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.69%	0.10%
Credit Strategies	15.00%	3.96%	0.59%
Real Asests	15.00%	5.76%	0.86%
Private Equity	15.00%	9.53%	1.43%
Total	100.00%		4.80%
		Inflation	2.50%
*Expe	7.30%		

<sup>\*</sup> The above allocation provides a one-year return of 7.30%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each one of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the system, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. The results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 6.83%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Notes to Financial Statements *(Continued)* June 30, 2018 (Continued)

# Note 12-Pension Plan: (Continued)

# Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

## **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019, the rate contributed by the school division for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly. From July 1, 2019 on, school divisions are assumed to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

# Sensitivity of the School Division's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	Rate							
	 1% Decrease		Current Discount		1% Increase			
	(6.00%)		(7.00%)	_	(8.00%)			
School Board's proportionate share of the VRS Teacher Employee Retirement Plan Net Pension Liability	\$ 18,356,000	\$	12,292,000	\$	7,276,000			

## **Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position**

Detailed information about the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2017 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the 2017 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at <a href="http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2017-annual-report.pdf">http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2017-annual-report.pdf</a>, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2018 (Continued)

# Note 13—Group Life Insurance (GLI) Program (OPEB Plan):

# **Plan Description**

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the state agencies, teachers, and employees of participating political subdivisions are automatically covered by the VRS Group Life Insurance Program upon employment. This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pensions and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia.

In addition to the Basic Group Life Insurance benefit, members are also eligible to elect additional coverage for themselves as well as a spouse or dependent children through the Optional Group Life Insurance Program. For members who elect the optional group life insurance coverage, the insurer bills employers directly for the premiums. Employers deduct these premiums from members' paychecks and pay the premiums to the insurer. Since this is a separate and fully insured program, it is not included as part of the Group Life Insurance Program OPEB.

The specific information for Group Life Insurance Program OPEB, including eligibility, coverage and benefits is set out in the table below:

## **GROUP LIFE INSURANCE PROGRAM PLAN PROVISIONS**

# Eligible Employees

The Group Life Insurance Program was established July 1, 1960, for state employees, teachers and employees of political subdivisions that elect the program, including the following employers that do not participate in VRS for retirement:

- City of Richmond
- · City of Portsmouth
- City of Roanoke
- · City of Norfolk
- Roanoke City School Board

Basic group life insurance coverage is automatic upon employment. Coverage ends for employees who leave their position before retirement eligibility or who take a refund of their member contributions and accrued interest.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2018 (Continued)

# Note 13—Group Life Insurance (GLI) Program (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

# Plan Description (Continued)

## GROUP LIFE INSURANCE PROGRAM PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)

#### **Benefit Amounts**

The benefits payable under the Group Life Insurance Program have several components.

- <u>Natural Death Benefit</u> The natural death benefit is equal to the employee's covered compensation rounded to the next highest thousand and then doubled.
- Accidental Death Benefit The accidental death benefit is double the natural death benefit.
- Other Benefit Provisions In addition to the basic natural and accidental death benefits, the program provides additional benefits provided under specific circumstances. These include:
  - Accidental dismemberment benefit
  - Safety belt benefit
  - Repatriation benefit
  - Felonious assault benefit
  - Accelerated death benefit option

#### Reduction in Benefit Amounts

The benefit amounts provided to members covered under the Group Life Insurance Program are subject to a reduction factor. The benefit amount reduces by 25% on January 1 following one calendar year of separation. The benefit amount reduces by an additional 25% on each subsequent January 1 until it reaches 25% of its original value.

## Minimum Benefit Amount and Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA)

For covered members with at least 30 years of creditable service, there is a minimum benefit payable under the Group Life Insurance Program. The minimum benefit was set at \$8,000 by statute. The amount is increased annually based on the VRS Plan 2 cost-of-living adjustment and is currently \$8,111.

#### **Contributions**

The contribution requirements for the Group Life Insurance Program are governed by \$51.1-506 and \$51.1-508 of the Code of Virginia, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to state agencies and school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. The total rate for the Group Life Insurance Program was 1.31% of covered employee compensation. This was allocated into an employee and an employer component using a 60/40 split. The employee component was 0.79% (1.31% x 60%) and the employer component was 0.52% (1.31% x 40%). Employers may elect to pay all or part of the employee contribution; however, the employer must pay all of the employer contribution. Each employer's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2018 was 0.52% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits payable during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the Group Life Insurance Program from the County were \$22,119 and \$21,369 for the years ended June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017, respectively.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2018 (Continued)

# Note 13—Group Life Insurance (GLI) Program (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

# **Contributions (Continued)**

Contributions to the Group Life Insurance Program from the Component Unit School Board professional group were \$43,245 and \$40,789 for the years ended June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017, respectively. Contributions to the Group Life Insurance Program from the Component Unit School Board nonprofessional group were \$3,778 and \$3,681 for the years ended June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017, respectively.

# GLI OPEB Liabilities, GLI OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the Group Life Insurance Program OPEB

At June 30, 2018, the County reported a liability of \$336,000 for its proportionate share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability. The Component Unit School Board professional and nonprofessional groups reported liabilities of \$640,000 and \$58,000, respectively, for its proportionate share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability. The Net GLI OPEB Liability was measured as of June 30, 2017 and the total GLI OPEB liability used to calculate the Net GLI OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The covered employer's proportion of the Net GLI OPEB Liability was based on the covered employer's actuarially determined employer contributions to the Group Life Insurance Program for the year ended June 30, 2017 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2017, the County's proportion was .02228% as compared to .02094% at June 30, 2016. At June 30, 2017, the Component Unit School Board professional and nonprofessional groups' proportion was .04253% and .04200%, respectively as compared to .00384% and .00367% respectively at June 30, 2016.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the County recognized GLI OPEB expense of \$8,000. For the year ended June 30, 2018, the Component Unit School Board professional group recognized GLI OPEB expense of \$8,000. For the year ended June 30, 2018, the Component Unit School Board nonprofessional group recognized GLI OPEB expense of \$4,000. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the GLI OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion.

At June 30, 2018, the employer reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB from the following sources:

	Primary Go	οv	ernment		-	School Board essional)		Component School Board (nonprofessional)				
	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows f Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$	7,000	\$	- \$	14,000	\$	- \$	;	1,000		
Net difference between projected an actual earnings on GLI OPEB program investment	_		13,000		-	24,000		-		2,000		
Change in assumptions	-		17,000		-	33,000		-		3,000		
Changes in proportion	19,000		-		8,000	-		-		-		
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	22,119		-		43,245		_	3,778		-		
Total	\$ 41,119	\$	37,000	\$_	51,245	71,000	\$	3,778 \$	i	6,000		

# Note 13—Group Life Insurance (GLI) Program (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

# GLI OPEB Liabilities, GLI OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the Group Life Insurance Program OPEB (Continued)

\$22,119, \$43,245, and \$3,778, respectively, reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB resulting from the County, Component Unit School Board professional and nonprofessional group's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net GLI OPEB Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB will be recognized in the GLI OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

			Component Unit	Component Unit
		Primary	School Board	School Board
		Government	(professional)	(nonprofessional)
Year Ended				
June 30				
	_			
2019	\$	(4,000) \$	(14,000) \$	(1,000)
2020		(4,000)	(14,000)	(1,000)
2021		(4,000)	(14,000)	(1,000)
2022		(4,000)	(14,000)	(1,000)
2023		(2,000)	(7,000)	(1,000)
Thereafter		-	-	(1,000)

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total GLI OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2017.

Inflation	2.5%
Salary increases, including inflation:	
General state employees	3.5% - 5.35%
Teachers	3.5%-5.95%
SPORS employees	3.5%-4.75%
VaLORS employees	3.5%-4.75%
JRS employees	4.5%
Locality - General employees	3.5%-5.35%
Locality - Hazardous Duty employees	3.5%-4.75%
Investment rate of return	7.0%, net of investment expenses, including inflation*

<sup>\*</sup>Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of OPEB liabilities.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2018 (Continued)

## Note 13—Group Life Insurance (GLI) Program (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

# **Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)**

Mortality Rates - General State Employees

#### Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates to 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set back 1 year, 85% of rates; females set back 1 year.

#### Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year; females set back 1 year with 1.5% increase compounded from ages 70 to 85.

#### Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; males 115% of rates; females 130% of rates.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post- Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-

retirement healthy, and disabled) 2014 projected to 2020

Retirement Rates Lowered rates at older ages and changed final

retirement from 70 to 75

Withdrawal Rates Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year

age and service through 9 years of service

Disability Rates Adjusted rates to better match experience

Salary Scale No change

Line of Duty Disability Increased rate from 14% to 25%

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2018 (Continued)

# Note 13—Group Life Insurance (GLI) Program (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

# Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

## Mortality Rates - Teachers

#### Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 White Collar Employee Rates to age 80, White Collar Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020.

#### Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 White Collar Employee Rates to age 49, White Collar Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 1% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set back 3 years with 1.5% increase compounded from ages 65 to 70 and 2.0% increase compounded from ages 75 to 90.

#### Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; 115% of rates for males and females.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post- Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-

retirement healthy, and disabled) 2014 projected to 2020

Retirement Rates Lowered rates at older ages and changed final

retirement from 70 to 75

Withdrawal Rates Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year

age and service through 9 years of service

Disability Rates Adjusted rates to better match experience

Salary Scale No change

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2018 (Continued)

## Note 13—Group Life Insurance (GLI) Program (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

# **Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)**

Mortality Rates - SPORS Employees

#### Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates to 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 90% of rates; females set forward 1 year.

#### Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year with 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set forward 3 years.

#### Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years; unisex using 100% male.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-

retirement healthy, and disabled)

Retirement Rates Withdrawal Rates

Disability Rates

Salary Scale

Line of Duty Disability

Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020 and reduced margin for future

improvement in accordance with experience

Increased age 50 rates and lowered rates at older ages

Adjusted rates to better fit experience

Adjusted rates to better match experience

No change

Increased rate from 60% to 85%

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2018 (Continued)

## Note 13—Group Life Insurance (GLI) Program (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

# Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

Mortality Rates - VaLORS Employees

#### Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates to 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 90% of rates; females set forward 1 year.

#### Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year with 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set forward 3 years.

#### Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years; unisex using 100% male.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-

retirement healthy, and disabled)

Retirement Rates

Withdrawal Rates

**Disability Rates** Salary Scale

Line of Duty Disability

Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020 and reduced margin for future

improvement in accordance with experience

Increased age 50 rates and lowered rates at older ages

Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year

age and service through 9 years of service

Adjusted rates to better match experience

No change

Decreased rate from 50% to 35%

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2018 (Continued)

## Note 13—Group Life Insurance (GLI) Program (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

# **Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)**

## Mortality Rates - JRS Employees

#### Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates to 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set back 1 year, 85% of rates; females set back 1 year.

## Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year; females set back 1 year with 1.5% compounding increase from ages 70 to 85.

#### Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; males 115% of rates; females 130% of rates.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post- Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-

retirement healthy, and disabled) 2014 projected to 2020

Retirement Rates Decreased rates at first retirement eligibility

Withdrawal Rates No change

Disability Rates Removed disability rates

Salary Scale No change

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2018 (Continued)

## Note 13—Group Life Insurance (GLI) Program (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

# Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

Mortality Rates - Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

#### Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates to 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 95% of rates; females 105% of rates.

## Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 3 years; females 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90.

#### Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years, 110% of rates; females 125% of rates.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post- Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-

retirement healthy, and disabled) 2014 projected to 2020

Retirement Rates Lowered retirement rates at older ages and

extended final retirement age from 70 to 75

Withdrawal Rates Adjusted termination rates to better fit

experience at each age and service year

Disability Rates Lowered disability rates

Salary Scale No change

Line of Duty Disability Increased rate from 14% to 20%

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2018 (Continued)

# Note 13—Group Life Insurance (GLI) Program (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

## Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

#### Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates to 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 95% of rates; females 105% of rates.

## Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 3 years; females 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90.

#### Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years, 110% of rates; females 125% of rates.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post- Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-

retirement healthy, and disabled) 2014 projected to 2020

Retirement Rates Lowered retirement rates at older ages and

extended final retirement age from 70 to 75

Withdrawal Rates Adjusted termination rates to better fit

experience at each age and service year

Disability Rates Lowered disability rates

Salary Scale No change

Line of Duty Disability Increased rate from 14% to 15%

## Mortality Rates - Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

#### Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates to 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 90% of rates; females set forward 1 year.

#### Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year with 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set forward 3 years.

#### Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years; unisex using 100% male.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2018 (Continued)

## Note 13—Group Life Insurance (GLI) Program (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

# **Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)**

Mortality Rates - Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees: (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post- Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-

retirement healthy, and disabled) 2014 projected to 2020

Retirement Rates Lowered retirement rates at older ages

Adjusted termination rates to better fit

experience at each age and service year

Disability Rates Increased disability rates

Salary Scale No change

Line of Duty Disability Increased rate from 60% to 70%

# Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

#### Pre-Retirement:

Withdrawal Rates

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates to 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 90% of rates; females set forward 1 year.

#### Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year with 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set forward 3 years.

#### Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years; unisex using 100% male.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2018 (Continued)

# Note 13—Group Life Insurance (GLI) Program (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

# Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees: (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014

post-retirement healthy, and projected to 2020

Retirement Rates Increased age 50 rates and lowered rates at older ages

Withdrawal Rates Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at

each age and service year

Disability Rates Adjusted rates to better match experience

Salary Scale No change

Line of Duty Disability Decreased rate from 60% to 45%

### **NET GLI OPEB Liability**

The net OPEB liability (NOL) for the Group Life Insurance Program represents the program's total OPEB liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, less the associated fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2017, NOL amounts for the Group Life Insurance Program is as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

		Group Life
		Insurance OPEB
	_	Program
Total GLI OPEB Liability	\$	2,942,426
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		1,437,586
Employers' Net GLI OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$_	1,504,840
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage	_	
of the Total GLI OPEB Liability		48.86%

The total GLI OPEB liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net GLI OPEB liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 74 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

## Note 13—Group Life Insurance (GLI) Program (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

# Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on the System's investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of System's investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Target Allocation	Arithmetic Long-term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-term Expected Rate of Return
Public Equity	40.00%	4.54%	1.82%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.69%	0.10%
Credit Strategies	15.00%	3.96%	0.59%
Real Assets	15.00%	5.76%	0.86%
Private Equity	15.00%	9.53%	1.43%
Total	100.00%		4.80%
		Inflation	2.50%
*Expe	7.30%		

<sup>\*</sup>The above allocation provides a one-year return of 7.30%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the system, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. The results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 6.83%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total GLI OPEB liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made per the VRS guidance and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019, the rate contributed by the entity for the GLI OPEB will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly. From July 1, 2019 on, employers are assumed to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the GLI OPEB's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of eligible employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total GLI OPEB liability.

# Note 13—Group Life Insurance (GLI) Program (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

# Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the employer's proportionate share of the net GLI OPEB liability using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the employer's proportionate share of the net GLI OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

		Rate					
		1% Decrease		Current Discount		1% Increase	
County's proportionate share of the Group Life Insurance Program Net OPEB Liability \$		(6.00%)		(7.00%)		(8.00%)	
		434,000	\$	336,000	\$	256,000	
Component School Board (professional)'s proportionate share of the Group Life Insurance Program							
Net OPEB Liability	\$	828,000	\$	640,000	\$	488,000	
Component School Board (nonprofessional)'s proportional share of the Group Life Insurance Program	ate						
Net OPEB Liability	\$	75,000	\$	58,000	\$	44,000	

## Group Life Insurance Program Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the Group Life Insurance Program's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2017 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the 2017 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at <a href="http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2017-annual-report.pdf">http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2017-annual-report.pdf</a>, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

# Note 14—Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Program:

## Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of participating political subdivisions are automatically covered by the VRS Political Subdivision Health Insurance Credit Program upon employment. This is an agent multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pension and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit toward the benefit for each month they are employed and for which their employer pays contributions to VRS. The health insurance credit is a tax-free reimbursement in an amount set by the General Assembly for each year of service credit against qualified health insurance premiums retirees pay for single coverage, excluding any portion covering the spouse or dependents. The credit cannot exceed the amount of the premiums and ends upon the retiree's death.

The specific information about the Political Subdivision Health Insurance Credit Program OPEB, including eligibility, coverage and benefits is set out in the table below:

## POLITICAL SUBDIVISION HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT PROGRAM PLAN PROVISIONS

# **Eligible Employees**

The Political Subdivision Retiree Health Insurance Credit Program was established July 1, 1993 for retired political subdivision employees of employers who elect the benefit and who retire with at least 15 years of service credit.

Eligible employees of participating employers are enrolled automatically upon employment. They include:

• Full-time permanent salaried employees of the participating political subdivision who are covered under the VRS pension plan.

#### **Benefit Amounts**

The political subdivision's Retiree Health Insurance Credit Program provides the following benefits for eligible employees:

- <u>At Retirement</u> For employees who retire, the monthly benefit is \$1.50 per year of service per month with a maximum benefit of \$45.00 per month.
- <u>Disability Retirement</u>- For employees who retire on disability or go on long-term disability under the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP), the monthly benefit is \$45.00 per month.

## Health Insurance Credit Program Notes:

- The monthly Health Insurance Credit benefit cannot exceed the individual premium amount.
- No health insurance credit for premiums paid and qualified under LODA; however, the employee may receive the credit for premiums paid for other qualified health plans.
- Employees who retire after being on long-term disability under VLDP must have at least 15 years of service credit to qualify for the health insurance credit as a retiree.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2018 (Continued)

# Note 14—Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Program: (Continued)

## Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2016 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the HIC OPEB plan:

	Number
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	5
Inactive members: Vested inactive members	2
Total inactive members	7
Active members	22
Total covered employees	29

#### **Contributions**

The contribution requirements for active employees is governed by \$51.1-1402(E) of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. The County's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2018 was .02% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015. The actuarially determined rate was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions from the County to the Health Insurance Credit Program were \$220 and \$212 for the years ended June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017, respectively.

## Net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset)

The County's net Health Insurance Credit OPEB liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2017. The total Health Insurance Credit OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2016, using updated actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2017.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2018 (Continued)

## Note 14—Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Program: (Continued)

## **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total HIC OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2017.

Inflation 2.5%

Salary increases, including inflation:

Locality - General employees 3.5%-5.35% Locality - Hazardous Duty employees 3.5%-4.75%

Investment rate of return 7.0%, net of investment

expenses, including inflation\*

# Mortality Rates - Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

## Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates to 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 95% of rates; females 105% of rates.

#### Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 3 years; females 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90.

#### Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Life Mortality Table projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years, 110% of rates; females 125% of rates.

<sup>\*</sup>Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of the OPEB liabilities.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2018 (Continued)

## Note 14—Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Program: (Continued)

## Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

Mortality Rates - Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post- Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-

retirement healthy, and disabled) 2014 projected to 2020

Retirement Rates Lowered retirement rates at older ages and

extended final retirement age from 70 to 75

Withdrawal Rates Adjusted termination rates to better fit

experience at each age and service year

Disability Rates Lowered disability rates

Salary Scale No change

Line of Duty Disability Increased rate from 14% to 20%

## Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

#### Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates to 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 95% of rates; females 105% of rates.

#### Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 3 years; females 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90.

## Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Life Mortality Table projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years, 110% of rates; females 125% of rates.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post- Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-

retirement healthy, and disabled) 2014 projected to 2020

Retirement Rates Lowered retirement rates at older ages and

extended final retirement age from  $70\ \text{to}\ 75$ 

Withdrawal Rates Adjusted termination rates to better fit

experience at each age and service year

Disability Rates Lowered disability rates

Salary Scale No change

Line of Duty Disability Increased rate from 14% to 15%

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2018 (Continued)

## Note 14—Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Program: (Continued)

# Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

Mortality Rates - Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

#### Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates to 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 90% of rates; females set forward 1 year.

#### Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year with 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set forward 3 years.

#### Post-Disablement:

Withdrawal Rates

RP-2014 Disability Life Mortality Table projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years; unisex using 100% male.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post- Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-

retirement healthy, and disabled) 2014 projected to 2020

Retirement Rates Lowered retirement rates at older ages

Adjusted termination rates to better fit

experience at each age and service year

Disability Rates Increased disability rates

Salary Scale No change

Line of Duty Disability Increased rate from 60% to 70%

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2018 (Continued)

## Note 14—Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Program: (Continued)

# Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

#### Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates to 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 90% of rates; females set forward 1 year.

#### Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year with 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set forward 3 years.

#### Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Life Mortality Table projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years; unisex using 100% male.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post- Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-

retirement healthy, and disabled) 2014 projected to 2020

Retirement Rates Increased age 50 rates and lowered rates at older

ages

Withdrawal Rates Adjusted termination rates to better fit

experience at each age and service year

Disability Rates Adjusted rates to better match experience

Salary Scale No change

Line of Duty Disability Decreased rate from 60% to 45%

# Note 14—Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Program: (Continued)

# Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on the System's investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of System's investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Target Allocation	Arithmetic Long-term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-term Expected Rate of Return
Public Equity	40.00%	4.54%	1.82%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.69%	0.10%
Credit Strategies	15.00%	3.96%	0.59%
Real Assets	15.00%	5.76%	0.86%
Private Equity	15.00%	9.53%	1.43%
Total	100.00%		4.80%
		Inflation	2.50%
*Expected arithmetic nominal return			7.30%

<sup>\*</sup>The above allocation provides a one-year return of 7.30%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the system, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. The results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 6.83%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

## **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total HIC OPEB liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019, the rate contributed by the entity for the HIC OPEB will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly. From July 1, 2019 on, employers are assumed to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the HIC OPEB's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of eligible employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total HIC OPEB liability.

# Note 14-Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Program: (Continued)

# Changes in Net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset)

		Increase (Decrease)				
		Total	Plan	Net HIC OPEB		
		HIC OPEB	Fiduciary			
		Liability	Net Position	Liability (Asset)		
	_	(a)	(b)	(a) - (b)		
Balances at June 30, 2016	\$_	41,435 \$	43,540	(2,105)		
Changes for the year:						
Service cost	\$	1,170 \$	- 9	1,170		
Interest		2,857	-	2,857		
Assumption changes		(1,959)	-	(1,959)		
Contributions - employer		-	212	(212)		
Net investment income		-	4,984	(4,984)		
Benefit payments		(1,215)	(1,215)	-		
Administrative expenses		-	(80)	80		
Other changes		-	256	(256)		
Net changes	\$	853 \$	4,157	(3,304)		
Balances at June 30, 2017	\$	42,288 \$	47,697	(5,409)		

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2018 (Continued)

# Note 14—Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Program: (Continued)

# Sensitivity of the County's Health Insurance Credit Net OPEB Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the County's Health Insurance Credit Program net HIC OPEB liability (asset) using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the County's net HIC OPEB liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	Rate			
-	1% Decrease	Current Discount	1% Increase	
-	(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)	
County's				
Net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset) \$	(894) \$	(5,409) \$	(9,218)	

Health Insurance Credit Program OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Health Insurance Credit Program OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the County recognized Health Insurance Credit Program OPEB expense of \$153. At June 30, 2018, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the County's Health Insurance Credit Program from the following sources:

	 ed Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on HIC OPEB plan investments	\$ - 5	5 1,572	
Change in assumptions	-	1,673	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	 220		
Total	\$ 220	3,245	

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2018 (Continued)

# Note 14-Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Program: (Continued)

Health Insurance Credit Program OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Health Insurance Credit Program OPEB: (Continued)

\$220 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the HIC OPEB resulting from the County's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net HIC OPEB Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the HIC OPEB will be recognized in the HIC OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

# Year Ended June 30

2019	\$ (679)
2020	(679)
2021	(679)
2022	(679)
2023	(286)
Thereafter	(243)

## Health Insurance Credit Program Plan Data

Information about the VRS Political Subdivision Health Insurance Credit Program is available in the separately issued VRS 2017 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the 2017 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at <a href="http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2017-annual-report.pdf">http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2017-annual-report.pdf</a>, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2018 (Continued)

# Note 15—Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Program (OPEB Plan):

## **Plan Description**

All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program. This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pension and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit toward the benefit for each month they are employed and for which their employer pays contributions to VRS. The health insurance credit is a tax-free reimbursement in an amount set by the General Assembly for each year of service credit against qualified health insurance premiums retirees pay for single coverage, excluding any portion covering the spouse or dependents. The credit cannot exceed the amount of the premiums and ends upon the retiree's death.

The specific information for the Teacher Health Insurance Credit Program OPEB, including eligibility, coverage, and benefits is set out in the table below:

## TEACHER EMPLOYEE HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT PROGRAM PLAN PROVISIONS

## **Eligible Employees**

The Teacher Employee Retiree Health Insurance Credit Program was established July 1, 1993 for retired Teacher Employees covered under VRS who retire with at least 15 years of service credit.

Eligible employees are enrolled automatically upon employment. They include:

• Full-time permanent (professional) salaried employees of public school divisions covered under VRS.

#### **Benefit Amounts**

The Teacher Employee Retiree Health Insurance Credit Program provides the following benefits for eligible employees:

- <u>At Retirement</u> For Teacher and other professional school employees who retire, the monthly benefit is \$4.00 per year of service per month with no cap on the benefit amount.
- <u>Disability Retirement</u> For Teacher and other professional school employees who retire on disability or go on long-term disability under the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP), the monthly benefit is either:
  - o \$4.00 per month, multiplied by twice the amount of service credit, or
  - o \$4.00 per month, multiplied by the amount of service earned had the employee been active until age 60, whichever is lower.

## Health Insurance Credit Program Notes:

- The monthly Health Insurance Credit benefit cannot exceed the individual premium amount.
- Employees who retire after being on long-term disability under VLDP must have at least 15 years of service credit to qualify for the health insurance credit as a retiree.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2018 (Continued)

## Note 15—Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Program (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

#### **Contributions**

The contribution requirements for active employees is governed by §51.1-1401(E) of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Each school division's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2018 was 1.23% of covered employee compensation for employees in the VRS Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015. The actuarially determined rate was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions from the school division to the VRS Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program were \$102,151 and \$96,483 for the years ended June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017, respectively.

Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program OPEB Liabilities, Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program OPEB

At June 30, 2018, the school division reported a liability of \$1,260,000 for its proportionate share of the VRS Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program Net OPEB Liability. The Net VRS Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program OPEB Liability was measured as of June 30, 2017 and the total VRS Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program OPEB liability used to calculate the Net VRS Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The school division's proportion of the Net VRS Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program OPEB Liability was based on the school division's actuarially determined employer contributions to the VRS Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program OPEB plan for the year ended June 30, 2017 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2017, the school division's proportion of the VRS Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program was .09939% as compared to .09844% at June 30, 2016.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the school division recognized VRS Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program OPEB expense of \$105,000. Since there was a change in proportionate share between June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2017, a portion of the VRS Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program Net OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2018 (Continued)

# Note 15—Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Program (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program OPEB Liabilities, Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program OPEB: (Continued)

At June 30, 2018, the school division reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the VRS Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on Teacher HIC OPEB plan investments	\$	- 9	\$ 2,000	
Change in assumptions		-	13,000	
Change in proportion		10,000	-	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		102,151		
Total	\$	112,151	\$15,000	

\$102,151 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB resulting from the school division's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB will be recognized in the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year Ended June 30	_	
2019	\$	(1,000)
2020		(1,000)
2021		(1,000)
2022		(1,000)
2023		(1,000)
Thereafter		=

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2018 (Continued)

# Note 15—Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Program (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

## **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability for the VRS Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2017.

Inflation 2.5%

Salary increases, including inflation:

Teacher employees 3.5%-5.95%

Investment rate of return 7.0%, net of investment expenses, including inflation\*

\*Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of OPEB liabilities.

## Mortality Rates - Teachers

#### Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 White Collar Employee Rates to age 80, White Collar Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020.

## Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 White Collar Employee Rates to age 49, White Collar Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 1% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set back 3 years with 1.5% increase compounded from ages 65 to 70 and 2.0% increase compounded from ages 75 to 90.

#### Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; 115% of rates for males and females.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2018 (Continued)

### Note 15—Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Program (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

Mortality Rates - Teachers: (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP- 2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change

### Net Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability

The net OPEB liability (NOL) for the Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program represents the program's total OPEB liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, less the associated fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2017, NOL amounts for the VRS Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program is as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	_	Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Plan
Total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability Plan Fiduciary Net Position Teacher Employee not HIC OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ 	1,364,702 96,091
Teacher Employee net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset)  Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability	\$ <u>=</u> v	1,268,611 7.04%

The total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and the plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 74 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2018 (Continued)

### Note 15—Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Program (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

### Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on the VRS System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of VRS System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

			Weighted
		Arithmetic	Average
		Long-term	Long-term
	Target	Expected	Expected
Asset Class (Strategy)	Allocation	Rate of Return	Rate of Return
Public Equity	40.00%	4.54%	1.82%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.69%	0.10%
Credit Strategies	15.00%	3.96%	0.59%
Real Assets	15.00%	5.76%	0.86%
Private Equity	15.00%	9.53%	1.43%
Total	100.00%		4.80%
		Inflation	2.50%
*Exped	ted arithmet	ic nominal return	7.30%

\*The above allocation provides a one-year return of 7.30%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the system, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. The results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 6.83%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy and at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees. Through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019, the rate contributed by each school division for the VRS Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly. From July 1, 2019 on, all agencies are assumed to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2018 (Continued)

### Note 15—Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Program (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

### Sensitivity of the School Division's Proportionate Share of the Teacher Employee HIC Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the school division's proportionate share of the VRS Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program net HIC OPEB liability using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the school division's proportionate share of the net HIC OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	Rate								
	 1% Decrease		Current Discount		1% Increase				
	(6.00%)		(7.00%)		(8.00%)				
School division's proportionate									
share of the VRS Teacher									
Employee HIC OPEB Plan									
Net HIC OPEB Liability	\$ 1,407,000	\$	1,260,000	\$	1,136,000				

### Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the VRS Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2017 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the 2017 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at <a href="http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2017-annual-report.pdf">http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2017-annual-report.pdf</a>, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2018 (Continued)

### Note 16—Medical and Dental Pay-As-You-Go (OPEB Plan):

### County and School Board

### **Plan Description**

In addition to the pension benefits described in Note 12, the group life benefits described in Note 13, and the HIC benefits described in Note 14, the County administers a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan, The County of Northumberland Postretirement Benefits Plan. The plan provides postemployment health care benefits to all eligible permanent employees who meet the requirements under the County's pension plans. The plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

In addition to the pension benefits described in Note 12, the group life benefits described in Note 13, and the HIC benefits described in Note 15, the Component Unit School Board administers a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan, The Northumberland County Public Schools Postretirement Benefits Plan. The plan provides postemployment health care benefits to all eligible permanent employees who meet the requirements under the School Board's pension plans. The plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

### **Benefits Provided**

Postemployment benefits that are provided to eligible County retirees and their eligible spouses or dependents. Benefits include medical, dental, and vision coverage. Benefits end at the earlier of the retiree's age 65 or the retiree's death. The monthly premiums below are effective for the year beginning July 1, 2017.

Postemployment benefits that are provided to eligible School Board retirees include medical, dental, and vision coverage for the retirees, eligible spouses, and eligible dependents. Retirees are eligible to choose either the Key Advantage 250 or Key Advantage 1000 medical options. Both are available with either comprehensive or preventative dental coverage. Benefits end at the earlier of the retiree's age 65 or death.

### Plan Membership

At June 30, 2018 (measurement date), the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	Primary Government	Board			
Total active employees with coverage	100	200			
Total retirees with coverage	4	10			
Total	104	210			

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2018 (Continued)

### Note 16—Medical and Dental Pay-As-You-Go (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

### County and School Board: (Continued)

#### **Contributions**

The County nor the School Board pre-funds benefits; therefore, no assets are accumulated in a trust fund. The current funding policy is to pay benefits directly from general assets on a pay-as-you-go basis. The funding requirements are established and may be amended by the County or School Board. The amount paid by the County and the School Board for OPEB as the benefits came due during the year ended June 30, 2018 was \$16,271 and \$41,035

### **Total OPEB Liability**

The County and School Board's total OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2018. The total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that January 1, 2018.

### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total OPEB liability in the January 1, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

2.50% per year as of June 30, 2017; 2.50% per year as of

Inflation June 30, 2018

The salary increase rate starts at 5.35% salary increase for 1

Salary Increases vear of service and gradually declines to 3.50% salary

increase for 20 or more years of service

Discount Rate 3.5% as of June 30, 2017; 3.87% as of June 30, 2018

Mortality rates for the County were based on the following actuarial assumptions:

Pre-Retirement: RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males setback 1 year, 85% of rates; females setback 1 year. 25% of deaths are assumed to be service related.

Post-Retirement: RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year; females setback 1 year with 1.5% increase compounded from ages 70 to 85.

Post-Disablement: RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Rates projected with Scale BB to 2020; males 115% of rates; females 130% of rates.

These mortality assumptions were chosen to match the mortality assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation of the Virginia Retirement System.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2018 (Continued)

### Note 16—Medical and Dental Pay-As-You-Go (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

### **County and School Board: (Continued)**

### Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Mortality rates for the School Board were based on the following actuarial assumptions:

Pre-Retirement: RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males setback 1 year, 85% of rates; females setback 1 year. 25% of deaths are assumed to be service related.

Post-Retirement: RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year; females setback 1 year with 1.5% increase compounded from ages 70 to 85.

Post-Disablement: RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Rates projected with Scale BB to 2020; males 115% of rates; females 130% of rates.

These mortality assumptions were chosen to match the mortality assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation of the Virginia Retirement System.

### Discount Rate

The discount rate used when OPEB plan investments are insufficient to pay for future benefit payments is based on the Bond Buyer 20-Year Bond GO Index as of June 30, 2018.

### Changes in Total OPEB Liability

		Primary	Component Unit			
		Government	School Board			
		Total OPEB	Total OPEB			
		Liability	Liability			
Balances at June 30, 2017	\$	238,566	\$ 523,465			
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		18,372	25,263			
Interest		8,711	18,493			
Changes in assumptions		(6,764)	(12,522)			
Benefit payments		(16,271)	(41,035)			
Net changes	\$	4,048	\$ (9,801)			
Balances at June 30, 2018	\$_	242,614	\$ 513,664			
	_					

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2018 (Continued)

### Note 16—Medical and Dental Pay-As-You-Go (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

### County and School Board: (Continued)

### Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following amounts present the total OPEB liability of the County and School Board, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (2.87%) or one percentage point higher (4.87%) than the current discount rate:

	Rate						
	 1% Decrease		Current Discount		1% Increase		
	 (2.87%)		Rate (3.87%)	_	(4.87%)		
Primary Government: Total OPEB liability	\$ 261,429	\$	242,614	\$	225,498		
Component Unit School Board:							
Total OPEB liability	\$ 547,914	\$	513,664	\$	480,954		

### Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower (6.50%) or one percentage point higher (8.50%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Rates						
		Healthcare Cost						
	_	1% Decrease (6.50%)	Trend (7.50%)	1% Increase (8.50%)				
Primary Government: Total OPEB liability	\$	217,477 \$	242,614 \$	272,583				

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2018 (Continued)

### Note 16—Medical and Dental Pay-As-You-Go (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

### County and School Board: (Continued)

### Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates (Continued)

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the School Board, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower (6.60%) or one percentage point higher (8.60%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

				Rates				
		Healthcare Cost						
	_	1% Decrease (6.60%)		Trend (7.60%)		1% Increase (8.60%)		
Component Unit School Board:								
Total OPEB liability	\$	463,912	\$	513,664	\$	571,556		

### OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the County and the School Board recognized OPEB expense in the amount of \$26,009 and \$41,634. At June 30, 2018, the County and the School Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Primary G	ov	ernment		Component Un	it	School Board	
	Deferred Outflows Deferred Inflo			-	<b>Deferred Outflows</b>		Deferred Inflows	
	of Resouces	_	of Resources		of Resouces		of Resources	
		_		-				
Changes in assumptions	\$ -	\$	5,690	\$	-	\$	10,400	
Total	\$ -	\$	5,690		-	\$	10,400	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflow of resources will be recognized in OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year Ended June 30	Primary Government	Component Unit School Board
2020	(1,074)	(2,122)
2022	(1,074)	(2,122)
2023	(1,074)	(1,912)
Thereafter	(320)	-

Additional disclosures on changes in net OPEB liability and related ratios can be found in the required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements *(Continued)* June 30, 2018 (Continued)

### *Note 17–Surety Bonds:*

	ı	Amount
Division of Risk Management Surety Bond:		
Commonwealth Funds		
Deborah T. Bingham, Clerk of the Circuit Court	\$	103,000
Ellen Kirby, Treasurer		400,000
Todd E. Thomas, Commissioner of the Revenue		3,000
James R. Lyons, Sheriff		30,000
Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland - Surety:		
Board of Supervisors and County Administrator		1,000
Association of Counties Group Self Insurance Risk Pool:		
Public Officials Liability	;	2,000,000
Employee Dishonesty Policy		250,000

### Note 18-Commitments:

The County of Northumberland entered into a financing lease agreement dated June 29, 2000 with the Counties of Westmoreland and Richmond to lease a portion of the two counties interest in the Northern Neck Regional Jail located in the Town of Warsaw, Virginia. Annual rental payments of \$345,838 are to be made through December 15, 2018 with 64% payable to the Northern Neck Regional Jail Board and 36% payable to Richmond County. Annual rental payments are subject to appropriation. After all scheduled lease payments are made, Northumberland County will hold an ownership interest in the Regional Jail Facility of 25%.

### Note 19— Fair Value Measurements:

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The County categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. The County maximizes the use of observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs. Observable inputs are inputs that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability based on market data obtained from independent sources. Unobservable inputs reflect assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability based on the best information available in the circumstances. The fair value hierarchy categorizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three levels as follows:

- Level 1. Quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that a
  government can access at a measurement date
- Level 2. Directly or indirectly observable inputs for the asset or liability other than quoted prices
- Level 3. Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity for the asset or liability

Inputs are used in applying the various valuation techniques and broadly refer to the assumptions that market participants use to make valuation decisions, including assumptions about risk.

Notes to Financial Statements *(Continued)* June 30, 2018 (Continued)

### Note 19— Fair Value Measurements: (Continued)

The County has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2018:

		Fair Value Measurement Using				
		Quoted Prices in	Significant	Significant		
		Active Markets	Other Observable	Unobservable		
	Balance	for Identical Assets	Inputs	Inputs		
Investment type	June 30, 2018	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)		
Primary Government						
Debt Securities:						
U.S. Government Money Market Fund	\$ 5,561,489	\$ 5,561,489	\$ -	\$ -		

### Note 20 - Line of Duty Act (LODA) (OPEB Benefits):

The Line of Duty Act (LODA) provides death and healthcare benefits to certain law enforcement and rescue personnel, and their beneficiaries, who were disabled or killed in the line of duty. Benefit provisions and eligibility requirements are established by title 9.1 Chapter 4 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>. Funding of LODA benefits is provided by employers in one of two ways: (a) participation in the Line of Duty and Health Benefits Trust Fund (LODA Fund), administered by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS) or (b) self-funding by the employer or through an insurance company.

The County has elected to provide LODA benefits through an insurance company. The obligation for the payment of benefits has been effectively transferred from the County to VACORP. VACORP assumes all liability for the County's LODA claims that are approved by VRS. The pool purchases reinsurance to protect the pool from extreme claims costs.

The current-year OPEB expense/expenditure for the insured benefits is defined as the amount of premiums or other payments required for the insured benefits for the reporting period in accordance with the agreement with the insurance company for LODA and a change in liability to the insurer equal to the difference between amounts recognized as OPEB expense and amounts paid by the employer to the insurer. The County's LODA coverage is fully covered or "insured" through VACORP. This is built into the LODA coverage cost presented in the annual renewals. The County's LODA premium for the year ended June 30, 2018 was \$32,858.

### *Note 21—Upcoming Pronouncements:*

Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations, addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain asset retirement obligations (AROs). An ARO is a legally enforceable liability associated with the retirement of a tangible capital asset. A government that has legal obligations to perform future asset retirement activities related to its tangible capital assets should recognize a liability based on the guidance in this Statement. This Statement establishes criteria for determining the timing and pattern of recognition of a liability and a corresponding deferred outflow of resources for AROs. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2018.

Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments. The focus of the criteria generally is on (1) whether a government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity and (2) the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. Separate criteria are included to identify fiduciary component units and postemployment benefit arrangements that are

Notes to Financial Statements *(Continued)* June 30, 2018 (Continued)

### Note 21—Upcoming Pronouncements: (Continued)

fiduciary activities. This Statement describes four fiduciary funds that should be reported, if applicable: (1) pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, (2) investment trust funds, (3) private-purpose trust funds, and (4) custodial funds. This Statement also provides for recognition of a liability to the beneficiaries in a fiduciary fund when an event has occurred that compels the government to disburse fiduciary resources. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018.

Statement No. 87, *Leases*, increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019.

Statement No. 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, Including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements, clarifies which liabilities governments should include when disclosing information related to debt. It defines debt for purposes of disclosure in notes to financial statements as a liability that arises from a contractual obligation to pay cash (or other assets that may be used in lieu of cash) in one or more payments to settle an amount that is fixed at the date the contractual obligation is established. The Statement requires that additional essential information related to debt be disclosed in notes to financial statements, including unused lines of credit; assets pledged as collateral for the debt; and terms specified in debt agreements related to significant events of default with finance-related consequences, significant termination events with finance-related consequences, and significant subjective acceleration clauses. For notes to financial statements related to debt, it requires that existing and additional information be provided for direct borrowings and direct placements of debt separately from other debt. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2018.

Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred Before the End of a Construction Period, enhances the relevance and comparability of information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period and simplifies accounting for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. Such interest cost includes all interest that previously was accounted for in accordance with the requirements of paragraphs 5-22 of Statement No. 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements, which are superseded by this Statement. This Statement requires that interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period be recognized as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred for financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. As a result, interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period will not be included in the historical cost of a capital asset reported in a business-type activity or enterprise fund. This Statement also reiterates that in financial statements prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus, interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period should be recognized as an expenditure on a basis consistent with governmental fund accounting principles. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019.

Management is currently evaluating the impact these standards will have on the financial statements when adopted.

Notes to Financial Statements *(Continued)* June 30, 2018 (Continued)

### Note 22 - Adoption of Accounting Principles:

The County implemented the financial reporting provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. This Statement establishes standards for measuring and recognizing liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expense/expenditures related to postemployment benefits other than pensions (other postemployment benefits or OPEB). Note disclosure and required supplementary information requirements about OPEB are also addressed. The requirements of this Statement will improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for OPEB. In addition, the County implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 85, Omnibus 2017 during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. This Statement addresses practice issues identified during implementation and application of certain GASB statements for a variety of topics including issues related to blending component units, goodwill, fair value measurement and application, and postemployment benefits (pensions and other postemployment benefits (OPEB)). The implementation of these Statements resulted in the following restatement of net position:

Component

		Govern- mental Activities	Business- Type Activities	Component Unit - School Board
Net position, July 1, 2017, as previously stated	\$	9,451,689 \$	3,140,633 \$	(6,008,196)
Implementation of GASB 75: Adjustment to record OPEB GLI liability as reported by VRS at the beginning of the year		(352,421)	(13,579)	(799,000)
Adjustment to record deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB GLI liability at the beginning of the year		20,576	793	44,470
Adjustment to record OPEB HIC liability (asset) as reported by VRS at the beginning of the year		1,803	302	(1,249,000)
Adjustment to record deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB HIC liability (asset) at the beginning of the year		182	30	96,483
Adjustment to remove OPEB healthcare obligation as reported under GASB 45		190,849	-	260,103
Adjustment to record OPEB healthcare insurance liability as reported under GASB 75	_	(204,332)	(34,234)	(523,465)
Net position, July 1, 2017, as restated	\$_	9,108,346 \$	3,093,945 \$	(8,178,605)

### County of Northumberland, Virginia General Fund

### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

		Budgeted	l An	nounts		Actual		riance with al Budget - Positive
		<u>Original</u>		Final		Actual	(	Negative)
REVENUES		<u> </u>		<u>u.</u>		<u></u>	د	<u>,</u>
General property taxes	\$	19,090,376	\$	19,090,376	\$	19,536,736	\$	446,360
Other local taxes		1,751,000		1,751,000		1,905,317		154,317
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses		84,400		84,400		128,861		44,461
Fines and forfeitures		20,000		20,000		35,607		15,607
Revenue from the use of money and property		108,000		108,000		165,204		57,204
Charges for services		64,589		64,589		375,233		310,644
Miscellaneous		169,650		169,650		126,473		(43,177)
Recovered costs		73,729		73,729		435,855		362,126
Intergovernmental:								
Commonwealth		4,398,180		4,398,180		3,929,656		(468,524)
Federal		-		-		798,738		798,738
Total revenues	\$	25,759,924	\$	25,759,924	\$	27,437,680	\$	1,677,756
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government administration	\$	1,757,384	\$	1,758,893	\$	1,590,404	\$	168,489
Judicial administration	~	864,766	~	872,077	~	860,773	•	11,304
Public safety		4,644,791		4,750,174		4,671,309		78,865
Public works		1,299,735		1,326,335		1,491,756		(165,421)
Health and welfare		2,635,191		2,635,191		2,458,919		176,272
Education		11,636,437		11,636,437		11,773,019		(136,582)
Parks, recreation, and cultural		193,263		193,263		193,263		-
Community development		369,854		369,853		337,495		32,358
Capital projects		140,000		292,500		205,539		86,961
Debt service:		,		,		,		,
Principal retirement		950,000		950,000		950,000		-
Interest and other fiscal charges		1,077,915		1,077,915		1,078,615		(700)
Total expenditures	\$	25,569,336	\$	25,862,638	\$	25,611,092	\$	251,546
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures	\$	190,588	\$	(102,714)	ς	1,826,588	\$	1,929,302
experiares		170,300		(102,711)		1,020,300		1,727,302
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in	\$	345,838	\$	345,838	\$	-	\$	(345,838)
Transfers out	,	(572,521)		(572,521)		(1,158,019)	•	(585,498)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	(226,683)		(226,683)		(1,158,019)	\$	(931,336)
Not change in fund balances	۲	(3/ 005)	¢	(220.207)	٠	//O E/O	¢	007 0//
Net change in fund balances	\$	(36,095)	þ	(329,397)	\$	668,569	\$	997,966
Fund balances - beginning	<u> </u>	6,452,500	Ċ	6,452,500	,	5,546,316	Ċ	(906,184)
Fund balances - ending	\$	6,416,405	\$	6,123,103	\$	6,214,885	\$	91,782

### County of Northumberland, Virginia Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Primary Government

For the Years Ended June 30, 2015 through June 30, 2018

	2017	2016	2015	2014
Total pension liability				
Service cost	\$ 440,974 \$	413,402 \$	383,185 \$	379,392
Interest	1,149,231	1,110,893	1,084,417	1,031,873
Differences between expected and actual experience	321,626	(71,832)	(282,284)	-
Changes in assumptions	(123,405)	-	-	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(878,971)	(930,594)	(683,580)	(637,699)
Net change in total pension liability	\$ 909,455 \$	521,869 \$	501,738 \$	773,566
Total pension liability - beginning	16,857,068	16,335,199	15,833,461	15,059,895
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 17,766,523 \$	16,857,068 \$	16,335,199 \$	15,833,461
Plan fiduciary net position				
Contributions - employer	\$ 343,327 \$	428,319 \$	408,319 \$	439,811
Contributions - employee	198,437	184,084	176,948	168,381
Net investment income	1,794,139	252,892	658,638	1,965,945
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(878,971)	(930,594)	(683,580)	(637,699)
Administrative expense	(10,491)	(9,367)	(8,983)	(10,518)
Other	(1,590)	(109)	(137)	104
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$ 1,444,851 \$	(74,775) \$	551,205 \$	1,926,024
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	14,823,311	14,898,086	14,346,881	12,420,857
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 16,268,162 \$	14,823,311 \$	14,898,086 \$	14,346,881
County's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 1,498,361 \$	2,033,757 \$	1,437,113 \$	1,486,580
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total				
pension liability	91.57%	87.94%	91.20%	90.61%
Covered payroll	\$ 4,098,796 \$	3,763,252 \$	3,565,027 \$	3,367,620
County's net pension liability as a percentage of	27.579	F 4 O 40′	40.24%	44.4.407
covered payroll	36.56%	54.04%	40.31%	44.14%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2014 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

### County of Northumberland, Virginia Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)

For the Years Ended June 30, 2015 through June 30, 2018

	2017		2016		2015	2014
Total pension liability		_		_		
Service cost	\$ 72,261	\$	70,447	\$	69,172	\$ 66,406
Interest	293,570		285,665		273,641	268,066
Differences between expected and actual experience	(21,072)		(11,964)		84,598	-
Changes in assumptions	(25,266)		-		-	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(230,250)		(232,167)		(279,140)	(230,511)
Net change in total pension liability	\$ 89,243	\$	111,981	\$	148,271	\$ 103,961
Total pension liability - beginning	4,308,986		4,197,005		4,048,734	3,944,773
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 4,398,229	\$	4,308,986	\$	4,197,005	\$ 4,048,734
Plan fiduciary net position						
Contributions - employer	\$ 92,456	\$	86,287	\$	83,473	\$ 70,655
Contributions - employee	34,330		32,341		31,292	31,088
Net investment income	406,550		57,310		152,762	479,575
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(230,250)		(232,167)		(279,140)	(230,511)
Administrative expense	(2,398)		(2,173)		(2,217)	(2,674)
Other	(360)		(25)		(32)	25
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$ 300,328	\$	(58,427)	\$	(13,862)	\$ 348,158
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	3,385,798		3,444,225		3,458,087	3,109,929
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 3,686,126	\$	3,385,798	\$	3,444,225	\$ 3,458,087
School Division's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 712,103	\$	923,188	\$	752,780	\$ 590,647
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	83.81%		78.58%		82.06%	85.41%
Covered payroll	\$ 707,889	\$	659,462	\$	637,904	\$ 636,555
School Division's net pension liability as a percentage of						
covered payroll	100.60%		139.99%		118.01%	92.79%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2014 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

### County of Northumberland, Virginia Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability VRS Teacher Retirement Plan For the Years Ended June 30, 2015 through June 30, 2018

	_	2017	2016	2015	2014
Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)		0.09995%	0.09844%	0.10121%	0.10127%
Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	12,292,000 \$	13,795,000 \$	12,739,000 \$	12,238,000
Employer's Covered Payroll		8,183,043	8,498,329	7,260,159	7,383,190
Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		150.21%	162.33%	175.46%	165.75%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		72.92%	68.28%	70.68%	70.88%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2014 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

### County of Northumberland, Virginia Schedule of Employer Contributions - Pension Plan For the Years Ended June 30, 2009 through June 30, 2018

Date Court	<del></del>	Contractually Required Contribution (1)	-	Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (2)	_	Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)	_	Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll (5)
Primary Gove		254 445	ċ	254 445	¢		ċ	4 252 505	0 220/
2018 2017	\$	354,445	\$	354,445	\$	-	\$	4,253,585	8.33% 8.59%
2017		352,087 432,398		352,087 432,398		-		4,098,796 3,763,252	11.49%
2015		432,396		432,396		-		3,565,027	11.49%
2013		439,811		439,811		_		3,367,620	13.06%
2014		430,566		430,566		_		3,296,831	13.06%
2013		311,840		311,840		_		3,096,728	10.07%
2012		305,393		305,393		_		3,032,696	10.07%
2010		223,440		223,440		_		3,060,823	7.30%
2009		220,178		220,178		<u>-</u>		3,016,132	7.30%
Component U 2018 2017 2016 2015 2014	Init Scho \$	94,352 93,795 86,917 84,076 72,313	ofes \$	94,352 93,795 86,917 84,076 72,313	\$	- - - -	\$	726,516 707,889 659,462 637,904 636,555	12.99% 13.25% 13.18% 13.18% 11.36%
2013		74,653		74,653		-		657,157	11.36%
2012		56,158		56,158		-		607,765	9.24%
2011		58,877		58,877		-		637,193	9.24%
2010		67,782		67,782		-		661,936	10.24%
2009		70,626		70,626		-		689,704	10.24%
Component U	nit Scho	ool Board (profes	sion	nal)					
2018	\$	1,334,984	\$	1,334,984	\$	-	\$	8,314,729	16.32%
2017		1,154,604		1,154,604		-		8,183,043	14.66%
2016		1,194,865		1,194,865		-		8,498,329	14.06%
2015		1,052,723		1,052,723		-		7,260,159	14.50%
2014		860,880		860,880		-		7,383,190	11.66%
2013		782,648		782,648		-		6,712,247	11.66%
2012		757,010		757,010		-		6,681,465	11.33%
2011		592,578		592,578		-		6,635,812	8.93%
2010		958,268		958,268		-		6,938,943	13.81%
2009		898,696		898,696		-		6,507,574	13.81%

### County of Northumberland, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information - Pension Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Changes of benefit terms - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation. The 2014 valuation includes Hybrid Retirement Plan members for the first time. The hybrid plan applies to most new employees hired on or after January 1, 2014 and not covered by enhanced hazardous duty benefits. Because this is a fairly new benefit and the number of participants was relatively small, the impact on the liabilities as of the measurement date of June 30, 2017 is not material.

Changes of assumptions - The following changes in actuarial assumptions were made effective June 30, 2016 based on the most recent experience study of the System for the four-year period ending June 30, 2016:

### Largest 10 - Non-Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Lowered rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14% to 20%

### Largest 10 - Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected
retirement healthy, and disabled)	to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience
Disability Rates	Increased rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 60% to 70%

### All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Lowered rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14% to 15%

### County of Northumberland, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information - Pension Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

### All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Increased age 50 rates, and lowered rates at older ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Decreased rate from 60% to 45%

### Component Unit School Board - Professional Employees

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change

### County of Northumberland, Virginia Schedule of County's Share of Net OPEB Liability Group Life Insurance Program For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

		Employer's			Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB	
	Employer's	Proportionate			Liability	Plan Fiduciary
	Proportion of the Net GLI OPEB	Share of the Net GLI OPEB		Employer's Covered	as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	Net Position as a Percentage of Total
Date	Liability	Liability		Payroll	(3)/(4)	GLI OPEB Liability
(1)	(2)	(3)		(4)	(5)	(6)
Primary Gov	vernment:					
2017	0.02228% \$	366,000	\$	4,109,386	8.91%	48.86%
Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional):						
2017	0.00384% \$	58,000	\$	707,889	8.19%	48.86%
Component Unit School Board (professional):						
2017	0.04253% \$	640,000	\$	7,844,121	8.16%	48.86%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2017 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

### County of Northumberland, Virginia Schedule of Employer Contributions Group Life Insurance Program

For the Years Ended June 30, 2009 through June 30, 2018

Date Primary Co		Contractually Required Contribution (1)	_	Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (2)		Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)		Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll (5)
Primary Go 2018	veri \$	22,119	ċ	22,119	Ċ		\$	4,253,586	0.52%
2017	Ş	21,369	Ç	21,369	Ç	-	Ç	4,109,386	0.52%
2017		18,064		18,064		_		3,763,252	0.48%
2015		17,152		17,152		-		3,573,335	0.48%
2013		16,165		16,165		_		3,367,620	0.48%
2014		15,825		15,825				3,296,831	0.48%
2013		8,682		8,682		_		3,100,671	0.28%
2012		8,536		8,536		_		3,048,688	0.28%
2010		6,200		6,200		_		2,296,468	0.27%
2009		8,144		8,144		_		3,016,132	0.27%
2007		0,111		0,111				3,010,132	0.27/0
Componen	t Uni	it School Board	(no	onprofessional)					
2018	\$	3,778	\$	3,778	\$	-	\$	726,516	0.52%
2017		3,681		3,681		-		707,889	0.52%
2016		3,165		3,165		-		659,462	0.48%
2015		3,073		3,073		-		640,217	0.48%
2014		3,055		3,055		-		636,555	0.48%
2013		3,154		3,154		-		657,157	0.48%
2012		1,702		1,702		-		607,765	0.28%
2011		1,784		1,784		-		637,193	0.28%
2010		1,342		1,342		-		496,965	0.27%
2009		1,862		1,862		-		689,704	0.27%
Componen	t Uni	it School Board	(nr	nfessional)					
2018	\$	43,245	••	43,245	\$	_	\$	8,316,322	0.52%
2017	~	40,789	~	40,789	~	_	~	7,844,121	0.52%
2016		36,233		36,233		_		7,548,590	0.48%
2015		36,197		36,197		_		7,541,035	0.48%
2014		35,548		35,548		_		7,405,916	0.48%
2013		32,374		32,374		-		6,744,618	0.48%
2012		19,135		19,135		-		6,833,846	0.28%
2011		18,580		18,580		-		6,635,809	0.28%
2010		14,069		14,069		-		5,210,697	0.27%
2009		19,165		19,165		-		7,098,163	0.27%
		.,		.,				,,	

## County of Northumberland, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information Group Life Insurance Program For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Changes of benefit terms - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions - The following changes in actuarial assumptions were made effective June 30, 2016 based on the most recent experience study of the System for the four-year period ending June 30, 2016:

### **General State Employees**

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14% to 25%

### **Teachers**

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change

### **SPORS Employees**

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020 and reduced margin for future improvement in accordance with experience
Retirement Rates	Increased age 50 rates and lowered rates at older ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 60% to 85%

### **VaLORS Employees**

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020 and reduced margin for future improvement in accordance with experience
Retirement Rates	Increased age 50 rates and lowered rates at older ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Decreased rate from 50% to 35%

## County of Northumberland, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information Group Life Insurance Program For the Year Ended June 30, 2018 (Continued)

JF	SS	Em	pla	OV	ees
٠.	••		ν.	~ , ,	-

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Decreased rates at first retirement eligibility
Withdrawal Rates	No change
Disability Rates	Removed disability rates
Salary Scale	No change

### Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

,
Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Lowered retirement rates at older ages and extended final retirement age from 70 to 75
Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
Lowered disability rates
No change
Increased rate from 14% to 20%

### Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered retirement rates at older ages and extended final retirement age from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
Disability Rates	Lowered disability rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14% to 15%

### Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

Hadatada a sana a sana a salah tahir DD 2044 a salah d
Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected
to 2020
Lowered retirement rates at older ages
Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
Increased disability rates
No change
Increased rate from 60% to 70%
1

### Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

Tanger in Leganty Linguister in Land	dode 2 dily 2p.oyees
Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected
retirement healthy, and disabled)	to 2020
Retirement Rates	Increased age 50 rates and lowered rates at older ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Decreased rate from 60% to 45%

## County of Northumberland, Virginia Schedule of Changes in the County's Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Health Insurance Credit Program (HIC) Primary Government

### For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	2017
Total HIC OPEB Liability	
Service cost	\$ 1,170
Interest	2,857
Changes in assumptions	(1,959)
Benefit payments	(1,215)
Net change in total HIC OPEB liability	\$ 853
Total HIC OPEB Liability - beginning	41,435
Total HIC OPEB Liability - ending (a)	\$ 42,288
Plan fiduciary net position	
Contributions - employer	\$ 212
Net investment income	4,984
Benefit payments	(1,215)
Administrative expense	(80)
Other	256
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$ 4,157
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	43,540
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 47,697
County's net HIC OPEB liability (asset) - ending (a) - (b)	\$ (5,409)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total HIC OPEB liability (asset)	112.79%
Covered payroll	\$ 1,058,674
County's net HIC OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of covered payroll	-0.51%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2017 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

## County of Northumberland, Virginia Schedule of Employer Contributions Health Insurance Credit Program (HIC) For the Years Ended June 30, 2009 through June 30, 2018

		(	Contributions in				
			Relation to				Contributions
	Contractually		Contractually		Contribution	Employer's	as a % of
	Required		Required		Deficiency	Covered	Covered
	Contribution		Contribution		(Excess)	Payroll	Payroll
Date	 (1)	_	(2)	_	(3)	 (4)	(5)
2018	\$ 220	\$	220	\$	-	\$ 1,100,266	0.02%
2017	212		212		-	1,058,674	0.02%
2016	166		166		-	827,898	0.02%
2015	140		140		-	698,781	0.02%
2014	67		67		-	665,561	0.01%
2013	330		330		-	3,295,534	0.01%
2012	619		619		-	3,094,890	0.02%
2011	607		607		-	3,032,696	0.02%
2010	1,836		1,836		-	3,060,553	0.06%
2009	1,810		1,810		-	3,016,132	0.06%

## County of Northumberland, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information Health Insurance Credit Program (HIC) For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Changes of benefit terms - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions - The following changes in actuarial assumptions were made effective June 30, 2016 based on the most recent experience study of the System for the four-year period ending June 30, 2016:

### Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

3 1 3	
Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014
healthy, and disabled)	projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered retirement rates at older ages and extended final retirement age from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
Disability Rates	Lowered disability rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14% to 20%

### Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

ion Largest For Locality Employers Content Em	,p.0,500
Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered retirement rates at older ages and extended final retirement age from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
Disability Rates	Lowered disability rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14% to 15%

### Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014
healthy, and disabled)	projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered retirement rates at older ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each
	age and service year
Disability Rates	Increased disability rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 60% to 70%

### Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014
healthy, and disabled)	projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Increased age 50 rates and lowered rates at older ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Decreased rate from 60% to 45%

## County of Northumberland, Virginia Schedule of County School Board's Share of Net OPEB Liability Teacher Health Insurance Credit Program (HIC) For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

				Employer's	
				Proportionate Share	
		Employer's		of the Net HIC OPEB	
	Employer's	Proportionate		Liability (Asset)	Plan Fiduciary
	Proportion of the	Share of the	Employer's	as a Percentage of	Net Position as a
	Net HIC OPEB	Net HIC OPEB	Covered	Covered Payroll	Percentage of Total
Date	Liability (Asset)	Liability (Asset)	Payroll	(3)/(4)	HIC OPEB Liability
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
2017	0.09939% \$	1,260,000	\$ 7,844,121	16.06%	7.04%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2017 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

# County of Northumberland, Virginia Schedule of Employer Contributions Teacher Health Insurance Credit Program (HIC) For the Years Ended June 30, 2009 through June 30, 2018

	Contributions in							
	Relation to						Contributions	
		Contractually		Contractually		Contribution	Employer's	as a % of
		Required		Required		Deficiency	Covered	Covered
		Contribution		Contribution		(Excess)	Payroll	Payroll
Date		(1)		(2)		(3)	(4)	(5)
2018	\$	102,151	\$	102,151	\$	-	\$ 8,304,933	1.23%
2017		87,070		87,070		-	7,844,121	1.11%
2016		79,562		79,562		-	7,505,844	1.06%
2015		79,762		79,762		-	7,524,739	1.06%
2014		82,206		82,206		-	7,405,916	1.11%
2013		73,766		73,766		-	6,645,594	1.11%
2012		40,089		40,089		-	6,681,464	0.60%
2011		39,815		39,815		-	6,635,809	0.60%
2010		54,191		54,191		-	5,210,697	1.04%
2009		76,660		76,660		-	7,098,163	1.08%

## County of Northumberland, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information Teacher Health Insurance Credit Program (HIC) For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Changes of benefit terms - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions - The following changes in actuarial assumptions were made effective June 30, 2016 based on the most recent experience study of the System for the four-year period ending June 30, 2016:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change

## County of Northumberland, Virginia Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios Primary Government

### For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	 2018
Total OPEB liability	
Service cost	\$ 18,372
Interest	8,711
Changes in assumptions	(6,764)
Benefit payments	(16,271)
Net change in total OPEB liability	\$ 4,048
Total OPEB liability - beginning	238,566
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$ 242,614
Covered payroll	\$ 4,158,383
County's total OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of	
covered payroll	5.83%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be included as they become available.

## County of Northumberland, Virginia Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios Compenent Unit School Board

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	 2018
Total OPEB liability	
Service cost	\$ 25,263
Interest	18,493
Changes in assumptions	(12,522)
Benefit payments	(41,035)
Net change in total OPEB liability	\$ (9,801)
Total OPEB liability - beginning	523,465
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$ 513,664
Covered payroll	\$ 8,903,525
School's total OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of	
covered payroll	5.77%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be included as they become available.

## County of Northumberland, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information - County OPEB For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Valuation Date: 1/1/2018 Measurement Date: 6/30/2018

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in GASB 75 to pay related benefits.

### Methods and assumptions used to determine OPEB liability:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age normal, level % of salary
Discount Rate	3.50% as of June 30, 2017; 3.87% as of June 30, 2018
Inflation	2.50%
Healthcare Trend Rate	The healthcare trend rate assumption starts at 3.60% in 2018, increases to 7.60% in 2019, then gradually declines to 4.30% by the year 2084
Salary Increase Rates	The salary increase rate starts at 5.35% salary increase for 1 year of service and gradually declines to 3.50% salary increase for 20 or more years of service
Mortality Rates	Pre-Retirement: RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males setback 1 year, 85% of rates; females setback 1 year. 25% of deaths are assumed to be service related. Post-Retirement: RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year; females setback 1 year with 1.5% increase compounded from ages 70 to 85. Post-Disablement: RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Rates projected with Scale BB to 2020; males 115% of rates; females 130% of rates.

### County of Northumberland, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information - Component Unit School Board OPEB For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Valuation Date: 1/1/2018 Measurement Date: 6/30/2018

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in GASB 75 to pay related benefits.

### ${\it Methods \ and \ assumptions \ used \ to \ determine \ OPEB \ liability:}$

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age normal, level % of salary
Discount Rate	3.50% as of June 30, 2017; 3.87% as of June 30, 2018
Inflation	2.50%
Healthcare Trend Rate	The healthcare trend rate assumption starts at 3.60% in 2018, increases to 7.60% in 2019, then gradually declines to 4.30% by the year 2084
Salary Increase Rates	The salary increase rate starts at 5.35% salary increase for 1 year of service and gradually declines to 3.50% salary increase for 20 or more years of service
Mortality Rates	Pre-Retirement: RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males setback 1 year, 85% of rates; females setback 1 year. 25% of deaths are assumed to be service related. Post-Retirement: RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year; females setback 1 year with 1.5% increase compounded from ages 70 to 85. Post-Disablement: RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Rates projected with Scale BB to 2020; males 115% of rates; females 130% of rates.

# County of Northumberland, Virginia County Capital Projects Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Budgeted Amounts							_	ariance with nal Budget -	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>				Actual <u>Amounts</u>		Positive (Negative)	
Transfers in	\$	-	\$		-	\$	820,762	\$	820,762	
Net change in fund balances Fund balances - beginning	\$	-	\$		-	\$	820,762 20,892	\$	820,762 20,892	
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$		-	\$	841,654	\$	841,654	

### County of Northumberland, Virginia Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2018

	Lik	Law Library <u>Fund</u>		Forfeited Assets Fund	conomic velopment <u>Fund</u>	•	ourthouse Security <u>Fund</u>	<u>Total</u>
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	776	\$	98,695	\$ 14,465	\$	132,117	\$ 246,053
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectible	les):							
Accounts receivable		-		-	-		1,065	1,065
Notes receivable		-		-	10,345		-	10,345
Total assets	\$	776	\$	98,695	\$ 24,810	\$	133,182	\$ 257,463
FUND BALANCES								
Restricted	\$	776	\$	98,695	\$ 24,810	\$	133,182	\$ 257,463
Total fund balances	\$	776	\$	98,695	\$ 24,810	\$	133,182	\$ 257,463

## County of Northumberland, Virginia Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Law Library <u>Fund</u>		Forfeited Assets <u>Fund</u>		Economic Development <u>Fund</u>		Courthouse Security <u>Fund</u>		<u>Total</u>
REVENUES									
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	-	\$	=	\$	15	\$	=	\$ 15
Charges for services		-		-		-		13,558	13,558
Total revenues	\$	-	\$	-	\$	15	\$	13,558	\$ 13,573
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
Public safety	\$	-	\$	12,296	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 12,296
Total expenditures	\$	-	\$	12,296	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 12,296
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)									
expenditures	\$	-	\$	(12,296)	\$	15	\$	13,558	\$ 1,277
Net change in fund balances	\$	-	\$	(12,296)	\$	15	\$	13,558	\$ 1,277
Fund balances - beginning		776		110,991		24,795		119,624	256,186
Fund balances - ending	\$	776	\$	98,695	\$	24,810	\$	133,182	\$ 257,463

	Law Library Fund							Forfeited Assets F					Fund			
	Bud	geted	Amo	ounts			Fii	/ariance with nal Budget Positive	Bu	ıdgeted	Am	ounts			Fir	ariance with nal Budget Positive
	Orig	inal	F	inal	A	ctual	<u>(</u>	Negative)	<u>Or</u>	iginal	F	-inal		<u>Actual</u>	(1)	Negative)
REVENUES								·			_					
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Charges for services		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total revenues	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
EXPENDITURES																
Current:																
Public safety	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	12,296	\$	(12,296)
Total expenditures	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	12,296	\$	(12,296)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)																
expenditures	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(12,296)	\$	(12,296)
Net change in fund balances	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(12,296)	\$	(12,296)
Fund balances - beginning		-		-		776		776		-		-		110,991		110,991
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	776	\$	776	\$	-	\$	-	\$	98,695	\$	98,695

		Ecc	onomic D	)eve	elop	ment Fund					Courth	ous	se Se	ecurity Fund	
Budgete	ed	Am			-	A-4I	Fii	Variance with nal Budget Positive	Budgete	d A			-	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
<u>Original</u>			<u>Final</u>			<u>Actual</u>	<u>(I</u>	<u>Negative)</u>	<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>			<u>Actual</u>	(Negative)
\$	_	\$		-	\$	15	\$	15	\$ _	\$		_	\$	-	\$
	-			-		-	•	-	-			-	-	13,558	13,558
\$	-	\$		-	\$	15	\$	15	\$ -	\$		-	\$	13,558	\$ 13,558
\$	_	\$		-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$		_	\$	-	\$
\$	-	\$		-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$		-	\$	-	\$
\$	-	\$		-	\$	15	\$	15	\$ -	\$		-	\$	13,558	\$ 13,558
\$	-	\$		-	\$	15 24,795	\$	15 24,795	\$ -	\$		-	\$	13,558 119,624	\$ 13,55 119,62
\$	-	\$		-	\$	24,810	Ś	24,810	\$ -	\$		_	\$	133,182	\$ 133,182

	Agency Funds											
		Special <u>Welfare</u>	Road Improvement <u>Bond</u>			350th <u>Anniversary</u>		Tornado <u>Relief</u>				
ASSETS												
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	77,993	\$	51,386	\$	104	\$	10,137				
Total assets	\$	77,993	\$	51,386	\$	104	\$	10,137				
LIABILITIES												
Amounts held for others	\$	-	\$	51,386	\$	104	\$	10,137				
Amounts held for social services clients		77,993		-		-		-				
Total liabilities	\$	77,993	\$	51,386	\$	104	\$	10,137				

	Agency	/ Fu	nds				
Fallen <u>Heroes</u>	Animal <u>Shelter</u>		Project <u>Life Saver</u>	lı	Sheriff's nvestigative <u>Funds</u>		<u>Total</u>
\$ 173	\$ 8,356	\$	1,206	\$	539	\$	149,894
\$ 173	\$ 8,356	\$	1,206	\$	539	\$	149,894
\$ 173 -	\$ 8,356 -	\$	1,206 -	\$	539 -	\$ \$	71,901 77,993
\$ 173	\$ 8,356	\$	1,206	\$	539	\$	149,894

## County of Northumberland, Virginia Combined Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities - Agency Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

		Balance Beginning of Year		Additions		Deductions		Balance End of Year
Special Welfare:	=		_				_	
Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ _	47,970	\$ _	73,973	\$	43,950	\$ _	77,993
Liabilities:								
Amounts held for social services clients	\$	47,970	\$	73,973	\$	43,950	\$ _	77,993
Road Improvement Bond:								
Assets:					_			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ -	30,239	\$ <b>=</b>	21,147	\$	-	\$ <b>=</b>	51,386
Liabilities:								
Amounts held for others	\$	30,239	\$	21,147	\$	-	\$ <b>=</b>	51,386
350th Anniversary:								
Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$_	104	\$_	-	\$	-	\$ _	104
Liabilities:								
Amounts held for others	\$	104	\$	-	\$	-	\$_	104
Tornado Relief:								
Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	10,137	\$	-	\$	-	\$_	10,137
Liabilities:								
Amounts held for others	\$	10,137	\$	-	\$	-	\$	10,137
Fallen Heroes:								
Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ _	173	\$	-	\$		\$_	173
Liabilities:								
Amounts held for others	\$	173	\$_	-	\$	-	\$_	173

## County of Northumberland, Virginia Combined Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities - Agency Funds (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

I.	oi the real	Ended June	, 50,	2010				
Animal Shelter:								
Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	245,901	\$	16,681	\$	254,226	\$ _	8,356
Liabilities:								
Amounts held for others	\$ <u></u>	245,901	\$_	16,681	\$	254,226	\$ _	8,356
Project Life Saver								
Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ <u> </u>	1,175	\$	200	-	169	\$	1,206
Liabilities:								
Amounts held for others	\$	1,175	\$	200	-	169	\$	1,206
Sheriff's Investigative Fund: Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$_	539	\$	-	\$	-	\$	539
Liabilities:								
Amounts held for others	\$ <u></u>	539	\$	-	\$	-	\$	539
Totals All Agency Funds								
Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	336,238	\$	112,001	\$	298,345	\$	149,894
Total assets	\$	336,238	\$	112,001	\$	298,345	\$	149,894
Liabilities:								
Amounts held for others	\$	288,268	\$	38,028	\$	254,395	\$	71,901
Amounts held for social services clients		47,970		73,973		43,950		77,993
Total liabilities	\$	336,238	\$	112,001	\$	298,345	\$	149,894

#### County of Northumberland, Virginia Combining Balance Sheet

#### Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board - Governmental Funds June 30, 2018

	Health School Insurance							
	(	School Operating <u>Fund</u>		nsurance Recovery <u>Fund</u>		School Cafeteria <u>Fund</u>	Go	Total overnmental <u>Funds</u>
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,000	\$	160,267	\$	-	\$	162,267
Cash in custody of others		-		-		169,755		169,755
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):		40.704						40.704
Accounts receivable  Due from other funds		48,701		-		-		48,701
Due from other governmental units		119,045 1,358,413		-		12,963		119,045 1,371,376
Total assets	\$	1,528,159	\$	160,267	\$	182,718	\$	1,871,144
LIABILITIES		, ,	•	,	•	,	•	, ,
Accounts payable	\$	136,275	\$	_	\$	_	\$	136,275
Accrued liabilities	7	1,389,884	7	_	7	_	7	1,389,884
Due to other funds		-		-		119,045		119,045
Total liabilities	\$	1,526,159	\$	-	\$	119,045	\$	1,645,204
FUND BALANCES								
Committed:								
School Operating Fund	\$	2,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,000
School Cafeteria Fund		-		-		63,673		63,673
Assigned								
Health Insurance Recovery Fund		2 000		160,267		- (2 (72		160,267
Total fund balances  Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ \$	2,000 1,528,159	\$ \$	160,267 160,267	\$	63,673 182,718	\$ \$	225,940 1,871,144
				-			_	1,071,111
	tatomont	of net position	on (E)	khibit 1) are (	diffe	rent hecause:		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the st	tatement	or rice positio	(=-	,		Terre because.		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the si Total fund balances per above	tatement	or net position	(	,		rent because.	\$	225,940
Total fund balances per above  Capital assets used in governmental activities are not	financial	resources and	d, the	erefore,				225,940
Total fund balances per above  Capital assets used in governmental activities are not are not reported in the funds. The following is a second contract of the s	financial	resources and	d, the	erefore,	nent	::		225,940
Total fund balances per above  Capital assets used in governmental activities are not are not reported in the funds. The following is a second capital assets, cost	financial	resources and	d, the	erefore,		:: 11,700,787		
Total fund balances per above  Capital assets used in governmental activities are not are not reported in the funds. The following is a second capital assets, cost  Accumulated depreciation	financial summary	resources and of items supp	d, the	erefore, g this adjustr	nent	::		225,940 6,968,549
Total fund balances per above  Capital assets used in governmental activities are not are not reported in the funds. The following is a second capital assets, cost Accumulated depreciation  Deferred outflows of resources are not available to page	financial summary	resources and of items supp	d, the	erefore, g this adjustr	nent	:: 11,700,787		
Total fund balances per above  Capital assets used in governmental activities are not are not reported in the funds. The following is a second capital assets, cost Accumulated depreciation  Deferred outflows of resources are not available to patherefore, are not reported in the funds.	financial summary	resources and of items supp	d, the	erefore, g this adjustr	ment	:: 11,700,787 (4,732,238)		
Total fund balances per above  Capital assets used in governmental activities are not are not reported in the funds. The following is a second capital assets, cost Accumulated depreciation  Deferred outflows of resources are not available to patherefore, are not reported in the funds.  Pension related items	financial summary	resources and of items supp	d, the	erefore, g this adjustr	nent	:: 11,700,787 (4,732,238) 2,057,336		6,968,549
Total fund balances per above  Capital assets used in governmental activities are not are not reported in the funds. The following is a second capital assets, cost Accumulated depreciation  Deferred outflows of resources are not available to patherefore, are not reported in the funds.  Pension related items  OPEB related items	financial summary (	resources and of items supp	d, the orting	erefore, g this adjustr ditures and,	s \$	:: 11,700,787 (4,732,238)		6,968,549
Total fund balances per above  Capital assets used in governmental activities are not are not reported in the funds. The following is a second capital assets, cost Accumulated depreciation  Deferred outflows of resources are not available to partherefore, are not reported in the funds.  Pension related items  OPEB related items  Long-term liabilities, including compensated absences	financial summary y for curr s, are not	resources and of items supp	d, the orting	erefore, g this adjustr ditures and,	s \$	:: 11,700,787 (4,732,238) 2,057,336		6,968,549
Total fund balances per above  Capital assets used in governmental activities are not are not reported in the funds. The following is a second capital assets, cost accumulated depreciation  Deferred outflows of resources are not available to partherefore, are not reported in the funds.  Pension related items  OPEB related items  Long-term liabilities, including compensated absences period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	financial summary y for curr s, are not	resources and of items supp	d, the orting	erefore, g this adjustr ditures and,	\$ \$	:: 11,700,787 (4,732,238) 2,057,336 167,174		6,968,549
Total fund balances per above  Capital assets used in governmental activities are not are not reported in the funds. The following is a second capital assets, cost Accumulated depreciation  Deferred outflows of resources are not available to partherefore, are not reported in the funds.  Pension related items  OPEB related items  Long-term liabilities, including compensated absences period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	financial summary y for curr s, are not	resources and of items supp	d, the orting	erefore, g this adjustr ditures and,	s \$	11,700,787 (4,732,238) 2,057,336 167,174 (403,063)		6,968,549
Total fund balances per above  Capital assets used in governmental activities are not are not reported in the funds. The following is a second capital assets, cost accumulated depreciation  Deferred outflows of resources are not available to partherefore, are not reported in the funds.  Pension related items  OPEB related items  Long-term liabilities, including compensated absences period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	financial summary y for curr s, are not	resources and of items supp	d, the orting	erefore, g this adjustr ditures and,	\$ \$	11,700,787 (4,732,238) 2,057,336 167,174 (403,063) (13,004,103)		6,968,549 2,224,510
Total fund balances per above  Capital assets used in governmental activities are not are not reported in the funds. The following is a second capital assets, cost Accumulated depreciation  Deferred outflows of resources are not available to partherefore, are not reported in the funds.  Pension related items  OPEB related items  Long-term liabilities, including compensated absences period and, therefore, are not reported in the function compensated absences  Net pension liability  Net OPEB liabilities	financial summary of the summary of	resources and of items supplement-period extends and paya	d, the orting opence	erefore, g this adjustr ditures and, n the current	\$ \$	11,700,787 (4,732,238) 2,057,336 167,174 (403,063)		6,968,549 2,224,510
Total fund balances per above  Capital assets used in governmental activities are not are not reported in the funds. The following is a second capital assets, cost Accumulated depreciation  Deferred outflows of resources are not available to partherefore, are not reported in the funds.  Pension related items  OPEB related items  Long-term liabilities, including compensated absences period and, therefore, are not reported in the function Compensated absences  Net pension liability  Net OPEB liabilities  Deferred inflows of resources are not due and payables	financial summary of the summary of	resources and of items supplement-period extends and paya	d, the orting opence	erefore, g this adjustr ditures and, n the current	\$ \$	11,700,787 (4,732,238) 2,057,336 167,174 (403,063) (13,004,103)		6,968,549 2,224,510
Total fund balances per above  Capital assets used in governmental activities are not are not reported in the funds. The following is a second capital assets, cost Accumulated depreciation  Deferred outflows of resources are not available to partherefore, are not reported in the funds.  Pension related items  OPEB related items  Long-term liabilities, including compensated absences period and, therefore, are not reported in the function Compensated absences  Net pension liability  Net OPEB liabilities  Deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable are not reported in the funds.	financial summary of the summary of	resources and of items supplement-period extends and paya	d, the orting opence	erefore, g this adjustr ditures and, n the current	\$ \$ \$	:: 11,700,787 (4,732,238) 2,057,336 167,174 (403,063) (13,004,103) (2,471,664)		6,968,549 2,224,510
Total fund balances per above  Capital assets used in governmental activities are not are not reported in the funds. The following is a second capital assets, cost Accumulated depreciation  Deferred outflows of resources are not available to partherefore, are not reported in the funds.  Pension related items  OPEB related items  Long-term liabilities, including compensated absences period and, therefore, are not reported in the function Compensated absences  Net pension liability  Net OPEB liabilities  Deferred inflows of resources are not due and payables	financial summary of the summary of	resources and of items supplement-period extends and paya	d, the orting opence	erefore, g this adjustr ditures and, n the current	\$ \$	11,700,787 (4,732,238) 2,057,336 167,174 (403,063) (13,004,103)		

# County of Northumberland, Virginia Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

		School Operating <u>Fund</u>	Ir	Health nsurance Pecovery Fund		School Cafeteria <u>Fund</u>	Go	Total overnmental <u>Funds</u>
REVENUES	•	0.500						0.454
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	2,599	\$	-	\$	55	\$	2,654
Charges for services		- 2 220		-		93,923		93,923
Miscellaneous		3,228		-		1,815		5,043
Recovered costs		378,702		-		-		378,702
Intergovernmental:		11 751 052						11 7E1 0E2
Local government Commonwealth		11,751,052		-		5,578		11,751,052
Federal		4,091,390		-		422,590		4,096,968
Total revenues	\$	1,165,078 17,392,049	\$	<u> </u>	\$	523,961	Ś	1,587,668
EXPENDITURES		.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	020,701	<u> </u>	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Current:								
Education	\$	17,400,943	Ś	-	\$	519,015	\$	17,919,958
Capital projects	•	44,197	•	-	•	-	•	44,197
Total expenditures	\$	17,445,140	\$	-	\$	519,015	\$	17,964,155
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures	\$	(53,091)	\$	-	\$	4,946	\$	(48,145)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		, , ,					-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Transfers in	\$	53,091	\$	_	\$		\$	53,091
Fransfers out	Ş	55,091	Ş	-	Ş	(53,091)	Ş	(53,091)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	53,091	\$	-	\$	(53,091)	\$	(33,071)
Net change in fund balances	\$	<u> </u>	\$	_	\$	(48,145)		(48,145)
Fund balances - beginning	Ţ	2,000	Ţ	160,267	Ţ	111,818	Y	274,085
Fund balances - ending	\$	2,000	\$	160,267	\$	63,673	\$	225,940
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the st		•						,
Net change in fund balances - total governmental func				,			\$	(48,145)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expendit activities the cost of those assets is allocated ove as depreciation expense. This is the amount by w capital outlays in the current period. The following adjustment:	cures. How r their est which the c	wever, in the st imated useful l depreciation ex	ives a ceede	nd reported d			Ť	(13,1.13)
Capital outlay Depreciation expense Transfer of joint tenancy assets to Componen	nt Unit fro	m Primary Gove	ernme	nt	\$	91,936 (373,203) (35,695)		(316,962)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities financial resources and, therefore are not reported Decrease (increase) in compensated absences Pension expense  OPEB expense	ed as expe	•			\$	14,032 313,155 23,622		350,809
						-,	Ċ	
Change in net position of governmental activities							\$	(14,298)

# County of Northumberland, Virginia Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

				School Ope	rati	ng Fund			
								riance with	
		D					Fi	nal Budget	
		Budgeted Original	ı An	Final	•	<u>Actual</u>	Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES		<u>Original</u>		<u>rillal</u>		Actual	7	<u>(Negative)</u>	
General property taxes	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	
Other local taxes	7	_	7	_	7	-	7	_	
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses		_		-		-		=	
Fines and forfeitures		_		-		-		-	
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	8,500	\$	8,500	\$	2,599	\$	(5,901)	
Charges for services		, -		-		-		-	
Miscellaneous		47,550		89,443		3,228		(86,215)	
Recovered costs		340,000		340,000		378,702		38,702	
Intergovernmental:									
Local government		11,614,470		11,614,470		11,751,052		136,582	
Commonwealth		4,289,640		4,289,640		4,091,390		(198,250)	
Federal		951,755		951,755		1,165,078		213,323	
Total revenues	\$	17,251,915	\$	17,293,808	\$	17,392,049	\$	98,241	
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
Education	\$	17,204,915	\$	17,246,808	\$	17,400,943	\$	(154,135)	
Capital projects		47,000		47,000		44,197		2,803	
Total expenditures	\$	17,251,915	\$	17,293,808	\$	17,445,140	\$	(151,332)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)									
expenditures	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(53,091)	\$	(53,091)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers in	\$	-	\$	-	\$	53,091	\$	53,091	
Net change in fund balances	\$	-	\$	_	\$	_	\$	<u>-</u>	
Fund balances - beginning	7	-	¥	_	Y	2,000	Ţ	2,000	
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,000	\$	2,000	

# County of Northumberland, Virginia Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Special Revenue Fund - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

							riance with nal Budget
		Budgeted	Am	ounts			Positive
	<u>(</u>	<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>(</u>	<u>Vegative)</u>
REVENUES							
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	40	\$	40	\$ 55	\$	15
Charges for services		130,632		130,632	93,923		(36,709)
Miscellaneous		16,475		16,475	1,815		(14,660)
Intergovernmental:							
Commonwealth		5,600		5,600	5,578		(22)
Federal		395,832		395,832	422,590		26,758
Total revenues	\$	548,579	\$	548,579	\$ 523,961	\$	(24,618)
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Education	\$	574,214	\$	574,214	\$ 519,015	\$	55,199
Total expenditures	\$	574,214	\$	574,214	\$ 519,015	\$	55,199
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)							
expenditures	\$	(25,635)	\$	(25,635)	\$ 4,946	\$	30,581
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers out	\$	-	\$	-	\$ (53,091)	\$	(53,091)
Net change in fund balances	\$	(25,635)	\$	(25,635)	\$ (48,145)	\$	(22,510)
Fund balances - beginning		25,635		25,635	111,818		86,183
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 63,673	\$	63,673

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>		/ariance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund:							
Revenue from local sources:							
General property taxes:							
Real property taxes	\$	15,822,576	\$ 15,822,576	\$	15,935,590	\$	113,014
Real and personal public service corporation taxes		215,000	215,000		297,679		82,679
Personal property taxes		2,190,000	2,190,000		2,328,307		138,307
Custom house boat taxes		442,800	442,800		475,138		32,338
Mobile home taxes		25,000	25,000		29,064		4,064
Machinery and tools taxes		185,000	185,000		189,599		4,599
Merchant's capital taxes		45,000	45,000		49,884		4,884
Penalties		105,000	105,000		127,473		22,473
Interest		60,000	60,000		104,002		44,002
Total general property taxes	\$	19,090,376	\$ 19,090,376	\$	19,536,736	\$	446,360
Other local taxes:							
Local sales and use taxes	\$	680,000	\$ 680,000	\$	718,325	\$	38,325
Consumers' utility taxes		340,000	340,000		343,974		3,974
Consumption tax		46,000	46,000		57,284		11,284
Motor vehicle licenses		360,000	360,000		370,984		10,984
Bank stock taxes		175,000	175,000		250,428		75,428
Taxes on recordation and wills		150,000	150,000		164,322		14,322
Total other local taxes	\$	1,751,000	\$ 1,751,000	\$	1,905,317	\$	154,317
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses:							
Animal licenses	\$	17,000	\$ 17,000	\$	15,229	\$	(1,771)
Land use application fees		1,500	1,500	·	19,100	·	17,600
Transfer fees		1,000	1,000		866		(134)
Permits and other licenses		64,900	64,900		93,666		28,766
Total permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses	\$	84,400	\$ 84,400	\$	128,861	\$	44,461
Fines and forfeitures:							
Court fines and forfeitures	\$	20,000	\$ 20,000	\$	35,607	\$	15,607
Revenue from use of money and property:							
Revenue from use of money	\$	38,000	\$ 38,000	\$	97,456	\$	59,456
Revenue from use of property		70,000	70,000		67,748		(2,252)
Total revenue from use of money and property	\$	108,000	\$ 108,000	\$	165,204	\$	57,204
Charges for services:							
Sheriff's fees	\$	539	\$ 539	\$	539	\$	-
Court costs	•	1,500	1,500		8,793		7,293
Courthouses maintenance fees		2,000	2,000		2,488		488
Charges for Commonwealth's Attorney		900	900		1,174		274
Charges for correction and detention		11,000	11,000		2,368		(8,632)
Charges for other protection		650	650		-		(650)
Charges for EMS		48,000	48,000		359,871		311,871
Total charges for services	\$	64,589	\$ 64,589	\$	375,233	\$	310,644

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund: (Continued)				
Revenue from local sources: (Continued)				
Miscellaneous:				
Miscellaneous	\$ 169,650	\$ 169,650	\$ 126,473	\$ (43,177)
Recovered costs:				
Judge reimbursement	\$ 49,729	\$ 49,729	\$ 49,927	\$ 198
Health department	-	-	31,533	31,533
Game reimbursements	-	-	4,839	4,839
DMV License Agent fee	24,000	24,000	29,865	5,865
Animal shelter	-	-	289,891	289,891
School resource officer	-	-	25,000	25,000
Other	-	-	4,800	4,800
Total recovered costs	\$ 73,729	\$ 73,729	\$ 435,855	\$ 362,126
Total revenue from local sources	\$ 21,361,744	\$ 21,361,744	\$ 22,709,286	\$ 1,347,542
Intergovernmental:				
Revenue from the Commonwealth:				
Noncategorical aid:				
Communications tax	\$ 380,000	\$ 380,000	\$ 349,637	\$ (30,363)
Motor vehicle carriers' tax	-	-	54	54
Mobile home titling tax	10,000	10,000	10,116	116
Recordation and grantors tax	57,000	57,000	52,350	(4,650)
Personal property tax relief funds	930,000	930,000	991,895	61,895
Additional tax on deeds	-	-	53,363	53,363
Total noncategorical aid	\$ 1,377,000	\$ 1,377,000	\$ 1,457,415	\$ 80,415
Categorical aid:				
Shared expenses:				
Commonwealth's attorney	\$ 218,275	\$ 218,275	\$ 218,077	\$ (198)
Sheriff	752,695	752,695	761,905	9,210
Commissioner of revenue	92,203	92,203	92,173	(30)
Treasurer	116,317	116,317	116,264	(53)
Registrar/electoral board	36,000	36,000	37,399	1,399
Clerk of the Circuit Court	235,535	235,535	252,052	16,517
Total shared expenses	\$ 1,451,025	\$ 1,451,025	\$ 1,477,870	\$ 26,845
Other categorical aid:				
Public assistance and welfare administration	\$ 1,294,359	\$ 1,294,359	\$ 366,459	\$ (927,900)
Animal friendly plates	-	-	168	168
Victim witness program	44,711	44,711	10,646	(34,065)
EMS - Four for life	12,000	12,000	-	(12,000)
Comprehensive services act	-	-	243,323	243,323
Fire programs fund	40,000	40,000	41,221	1,221
E911 wireless grant	-	-	44,343	44,343
Emergency services grant	138,285	138,285	138,211	(74)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>		ariance with in a line in
General Fund: (Continued)								
Intergovernmental: (Continued)								
Revenue from the Commonwealth: (Continued)								
Categorical aid: (Continued)								
Other categorical aid: (Continued)								
DMV grant	\$	6,000	\$	6,000	\$	-	\$	(6,000)
Sheriff's grant		-		-		150,000		150,000
Other grants		34,800		34,800		-		(34,800)
Total other categorical aid	\$	1,570,155	\$	1,570,155	\$	994,371	\$	(575,784)
Total categorical aid	\$	3,021,180	\$	3,021,180	\$	2,472,241	\$	(548,939)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	4,398,180	\$	4,398,180	\$	3,929,656	\$	(468,524)
Revenue from the federal government:								
Categorical aid:								
Public assistance and welfare administration	\$	_	\$	_	\$	757,699	\$	757,699
Ground transportation	7	-	7	_	7	2,023	~	2,023
Byrne Justice Assistance Grant		_		_		7,076		7,076
Victim witness program		_		_		31,940		31,940
Total categorical aid	\$	-	\$		\$	798,738	\$	798,738
Total calegorical aid			٠,		٠,	770,730	7	770,730
Total revenue from the federal government	\$	-	\$	-	\$	798,738	\$	798,738
Total General Fund	\$	25,759,924	\$	25,759,924	\$	27,437,680	\$	1,677,756
Special Revenue Funds:								
Economic Development Fund:								
Revenue from local sources:								
Revenue from use of money and property:								
Revenue from the use of money	\$	-	\$	-	\$	15	Ş	15
Total Economic Development Fund	\$	-	\$	-	\$	15	\$	15
Courthouse Security Fund:								
Revenue from local sources:								
Charges for services:								
Courthouse security fees	\$	-	\$	-	\$	13,558	\$	13,558
Total Courthouse Security Fund	\$	-	\$	-	\$	13,558	\$	13,558
Total Primary Government	\$	25,759,924	\$	25,759,924	\$	27,451,253	\$	1,691,329

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board:								
School Operating Fund:								
Revenue from local sources:								
Revenue from use of money and property:								
Revenue from the use of property	\$	8,500	\$	8,500	\$	2,599	\$	(5,901)
Total revenue from use of money and property	\$	8,500	\$	8,500	\$	2,599	\$	(5,901)
Miscellaneous:								
Miscellaneous	\$	47,550	\$	89,443	\$	3,228	\$	(86,215)
Recovered costs:								
Medicaid reimbursements	\$	20,000	\$	20,000	\$	24,689	\$	4,689
E-rate reimbursements		120,000	·	120,000		128,579	·	8,579
Northern Neck Regional Special Education		200,000		200,000		200,000		-
Other recovered costs						25,434		25,434
Total recovered costs	\$	340,000	\$	340,000	\$	378,702	\$	38,702
Total revenue from local sources	\$	396,050	\$	437,943	\$	384,529	\$	(53,414)
Intergovernmental:								
Revenues from local governments:								
Contribution from County of Northumberland, Virginia	\$	11,614,470	\$	11,614,470	\$	11,751,052	\$	136,582
Categorical aid:								
Share of state sales tax	\$	1,483,957	\$	1,483,957	\$	1,397,846	\$	(86,111)
Basic school aid		1,545,326		1,545,326		1,447,966		(97,360)
At risk 4 year olds		91,875		91,875		91,875		·
At risk payments		86,005		86,005		83,738		(2,267)
Career Technical Education		3,180		3,180		-		(3,180)
Early reading intervention		7,223		7,223		6,566		(657)
English as a second language		6,604		6,604		6,329		(275)
GED funding		7,859		7,859		8,294		435
Gifted and talented		15,102		15,102		14,366		(736)
Homebound		2,083		2,083		2,805		722
Mentor teacher program		842		842		2,689		1,847
Positive behavior intervention		25,000		25,000		25,000		-
Primary class size		85,571		85,571		81,357		(4,214)
Project Graduation		3,340		3,340		3,340		-
Remedial education		69,532		69,532		66,142		(3,390)
Remedial summer education		21,058		21,058		21,058		-
Salary supplement		-		-		14,500		14,500
School fringes		307,702		307,702		292,700		(15,002)
Security grant		402.444		-		7,400		7,400
Special education		183,111		183,111		174,183		(8,928)
Supplemental lottery funds Race to GED		86,245		86,245		82,114		(4,131)
		24,611 8,117		24,611 8,117		8,117		(24,611)
Standards of Learning algebra readiness Textbook payment		34,539		34,539		32,855		(1,684)
Technology VPSA		128,000		128,000		128,000		(1,004)
Vocational education		47,508		47,508		45,192		(2,316)
Vocational education  Vocational education - equipment		.,,500		.,,500		5,624		5,624
Regional programs		-		-		39,328		39,328
Other grants		15,250		15,250		2,006		(13,244)
Total categorical aid	\$	4,289,640	\$	4,289,640	\$	4,091,390	\$	(198,250)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	ċ	4 200 640	\$	4 290 440	ċ	4 004 200	ċ	(100 250)
Total revenue Hom the Commonwealth	\$	4,289,640	Ç	4,289,640	Ş	4,091,390	\$	(198,250)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final Budget	<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Revenue from the federal government:				
Categorical aid:				
Title I	\$ 467,244	\$ 467,244	\$ 680,159	\$ 212,915
Vocational education	31,592	31,592	30,553	(1,039)
Title VIB	286,133	286,133	298,772	12,639
Title II Part A	72,893	72,893	61,898	(10,995)
JROTC grant	67,700	67,700	75,986	8,286
Title VI - rural education	26,193	26,193	17,710	(8,483)
Total categorical aid	\$ 951,755	\$ 951,755	\$ 1,165,078	\$ 213,323
Total revenue from the federal government	\$ 951,755	\$ 951,755	\$ 1,165,078	\$ 213,323
Total School Operating Fund	\$ 17,251,915	\$ 17,293,808	\$ 17,392,049	\$ 98,241
Special Revenue Fund: School Cafeteria Fund: Revenue from local sources: Revenue from use of money and property:				
Revenue from the use of money	\$ 40	\$ 40	\$ 55	\$ 15
Total revenue from use of money and property	\$ 40	\$ 40	\$ 55	\$ 15
Charges for services:				
Cafeteria sales	\$ 130,632	\$ 130,632	\$ 93,923	\$ (36,709)
Miscellaneous:				
Miscellaneous	\$ 16,475	\$ 16,475	\$ 1,815	\$ (14,660)
Recovered costs:				
Other recovered costs	\$ 1,000	\$ 1,000	\$ -	\$ (1,000)
Total revenue from local sources	\$ 148,147	\$ 148,147	\$ 95,793	\$ (52,354)
Revenue from the Commonwealth:  Categorical aid:				
School food program	\$ 5,600	\$ 5,600	\$ 5,578	\$ (22)
Revenue from the federal government:  Categorical aid:				
Commodities	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 30,722	\$ 30,722
School nutrition program	 395,832	 395,832	 391,868	(3,964)
Total categorical aid	\$ 395,832	\$ 395,832	\$ 422,590	\$ 26,758
Total revenue from the federal government	\$ 395,832	\$ 395,832	\$ 422,590	\$ 26,758
Total School Cafeteria Fund	\$ 549,579	\$ 549,579	\$ 523,961	\$ (25,618)
Total Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board	\$ 17,801,494	\$ 17,843,387	\$ 17,916,010	\$ 72,623

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fir	riance with nal Budget - Positive Negative)
General Fund:								
General government administration:								
Legislative:								
Board of supervisors	\$	250,999	\$	250,999	\$	239,529	\$	11,470
General and financial administration:	_							_
County administrator	\$	282,049	\$	282,047	\$	282,130	Ś	(83)
Information Technology	,	230,922	•	230,922	•	197,450	,	33,472
Legal services		15,000		15,000		15,000		-
Commissioner of revenue		317,104		317,103		294,821		22,282
Legislative audit		56,811		56,811		51,225		5,586
Treasurer		358,391		358,391		376,206		(17,815)
Reassessment		100,000		100,000		852		99,148
Total general and financial administration	\$	1,360,277	\$	1,360,274	\$	1,217,684	\$	142,590
Board of elections:								
Electoral board and officials	\$	50,351	\$	51,863	\$	42,137	¢	9,726
Registrar	¥	95,757	Ţ	95,757	7	91,054	Ţ	4,703
Total board of elections	\$	146,108	\$	147,620	\$	133,191	\$	14,429
	\$					•		
Total general government administration	<del>-</del>	1,757,384	\$	1,758,893	\$	1,590,404	\$	168,489
Judicial administration:								
Courts:								
Circuit court	\$	74,593	\$	74,594	\$	80,345	\$	(5,751)
General district court		4,172		4,172		3,551		621
Victim witness protection program		49,182		49,181		48,550		631
Juvenile and domestic relations district court		66,813		66,813		64,303		2,510
Clerk of the circuit court		347,401		354,711		346,701		8,010
Total courts	\$	542,161	\$	549,471	\$	543,450	\$	6,021
Commonwealth's attorney:								
Commonwealth's attorney	\$	322,605	\$	322,606	\$	317,323	\$	5,283
Total judicial administration	\$	864,766	\$	872,077	\$	860,773	\$	11,304
Public safety:								_
Law enforcement and traffic control:								
Sheriff	\$	2,508,293	ς	2,540,704	\$	2,393,250	ς	147,454
Sicini		2,300,273	~	2,3 10,70 1	· ·	2,373,230	~	1 17, 13 1
Fire and rescue services:								
Fire department	\$	466,668	\$	466,668	\$	467,717	\$	(1,049)
Ambulance and rescue services		885,080		1,157,973		963,492		194,481
Total fire and rescue services	\$	1,351,748	\$	1,624,641	\$	1,431,209	\$	193,432
Correction and detention:								
Payments to Regional Jail	\$	247,894	ς	_	\$	247,894	\$	(247,894)
r dyments to negional suit		217,077	٠,		٠,	217,074	~	(217,077)
Inspections:								
Building	\$	214,167	\$	214,165	\$	211,158	\$	3,007

Fund, Function, Activity and Element	Original <u>Budget</u>			Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
General Fund: (Continued)									
Public safety: (Continued)									
Other protection:									
Animal control	\$	172,961	\$	220,936	\$	219,017	\$	1,919	
Emergency services		149,378		149,378		166,186		(16,808)	
Medical examiner	_	350	<u>,</u>	350	÷	2,595	<u>,</u>	(2,245)	
Total other protection	\$	322,689	\$	370,664	\$	387,798	\$	(17,134)	
Total public safety	\$	4,644,791	\$	4,750,174	\$	4,671,309	\$	78,865	
Public works:									
Maintenance of highways, streets, bridges and sidewalks:									
Streetlights	\$	18,360	\$	18,360	\$	17,774	\$	586	
Sanitation and waste removal:									
Refuse disposal	\$	10,000	Ś	10,000	\$	9,245	Ś	755	
Refuse collection	•	1,021,755	•	1,048,355	•	1,191,490	•	(143,135)	
Total sanitation and waste removal	\$	1,031,755	\$	1,058,355	\$	1,200,735	\$	(142,380)	
Maintenance of general buildings and grounds:	<u>,</u>	2.40.420	,	240 (20	,	272 247	÷	(22.427)	
General properties	\$	249,620	\$	249,620	\$	273,247	\$	(23,627)	
Total public works	\$	1,299,735	\$	1,326,335	\$	1,491,756	\$	(165,421)	
Health and welfare:									
Health:									
Supplement of local health department	\$	177,160	\$	177,160	\$	177,160	\$		
Mental health and mental retardation:									
Community services board	\$	46,196	\$	46,196	\$	50,015	\$	(3,819)	
Walfarra									
Welfare: Public assistance and welfare administration	\$	2 012 924	ċ	2 012 924	\$	1 610 720	\$	402 106	
Comprehensive services act	Ş	2,012,826 208,860	\$	2,012,826 208,860	Ş	1,610,720 434,695	þ	402,106 (225,835)	
Other Social Services		190,149		190,149		186,329		3,820	
Total welfare	\$	2,411,835	\$	2,411,835	\$	2,231,744	\$	180,091	
. Coult mortal o	<del>-</del>	2, , , , , ,	<u> </u>	2, , e s s		_,,		,	
Total health and welfare	\$	2,635,191	\$	2,635,191	\$	2,458,919	\$	176,272	
Education:									
Other instructional costs:									
Contributions to Community College	\$	17,500	\$	17,500	\$	17,500	\$	-	
Adult education		4,467		4,467		4,467		-	
Contribution to County School Board		11,614,470		11,614,470		11,751,052		(136,582)	
Total education	\$	11,636,437	\$	11,636,437	\$	11,773,019	\$	(136,582)	
Parks, recreation, and cultural:									
Parks and recreation:									
Supervision of parks and recreation	\$	50,000	\$	50,000	\$	50,000	\$	-	

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original Budget	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Fir	riance with nal Budget - Positive Negative)
General Fund: (Continued)						
Parks, recreation, and cultural: (Continued) Library:						
Contribution to county library	\$	143,263	\$ 143,263	\$ 143,263	\$	-
Total parks, recreation, and cultural	\$	193,263	\$ 193,263	\$ 193,263	\$	-
Community development:						
Planning and community development:						
Planning and zoning	\$	220,553	\$ 220,552	\$ 211,887	\$	8,665
Economic development		36,000	36,000	36,448		(448)
Planning district commission		14,500	14,500	12,183		2,317
Total planning and community development	\$	271,053	\$ 271,052	\$ 260,518	\$	10,534
Environmental management:						
Contribution to soil and water conservation district	\$	15,000	\$ 15,000	\$ 15,000	\$	-
Wetlands		18,889	18,889	16,970		1,919
Forestry		5,243	 5,243	 5,243		
Total environmental management	\$	39,132	\$ 39,132	\$ 37,213	\$	1,919
Cooperative extension program:						
Extension office	\$	59,669	\$ 59,669	\$ 39,764	\$	19,905
Total community development	\$	369,854	\$ 369,853	\$ 337,495	\$	32,358
Capital projects:						
County owned facilities	\$	75,000	\$ 75,000	\$ 1,260	\$	73,740
Public landings		40,000	40,000	38,962		1,038
Fleeton/Callao Sewer project		25,000	25,000	10,660		14,340
Purchase of property		-	 152,500	 154,657		(2,157)
Total capital projects	\$	140,000	\$ 292,500	\$ 205,539	\$	86,961
Debt service:						
Principal retirement	\$	950,000	\$ 950,000	\$	\$	-
Interest and other fiscal charges		1,077,915	1,077,915	1,078,615		(700)
Total debt service	\$	2,027,915	\$ 2,027,915	\$ 2,028,615	\$	(700)
Total General Fund	\$	25,569,336	\$ 25,862,638	\$ 25,611,092	\$	251,546
Special Revenue Funds:						
Forfeited Assets Fund:						
Public safety:						
Sheriff:						
Forfeited assets	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 4,802	\$	(4,802)
Commonwealth Attorney:						
Forfeited assets	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 7,494	\$	(7,494)
Total Forfeited Assets Fund	\$	<u> </u>	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 12,296	\$	(12,296)
Total Primary Government	\$	25,569,336	\$ 25,862,638	\$ 25,623,388	\$	239,250
	_					

Fund, Function, Activity and Element	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Fi	ariance with nal Budget - Positive (Negative)
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board:					
School Operating Fund:					
Education:					
Administration, health, and attendance	\$ 892,079	\$ 892,079	\$ 875,594	\$	16,485
Instruction costs	12,766,160	12,766,160	12,512,209		253,951
Pupil transportation	1,062,293	1,062,294	1,290,695		(228,401)
Operation and maintenance of school plant	1,748,733	1,790,625	1,872,394		(81,769)
Technology	 735,650	 735,650	 850,051		(114,401)
Other operating costs	\$ 17,204,915	\$ 17,246,808	\$ 17,400,943	\$	(154,135)
Total education	\$ 17,204,915	\$ 17,246,808	\$ 17,400,943	\$	(154,135)
Capital projects:					
Capital Outlay	\$ 47,000	\$ 47,000	\$ 44,197	\$	2,803
Total School Operating Fund	\$ 17,251,915	\$ 17,293,808	\$ 17,445,140	\$	(151,332)
Special Revenue Fund:					
School Cafeteria Fund:					
Education:					
School food services:					
School food	\$ 574,214	\$ 574,214	\$ 519,015	\$	55,199
Total School Cafeteria Fund	\$ 574,214	\$ 574,214	\$ 519,015	\$	55,199
Total Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board	\$ 17,826,129	\$ 17,868,022	\$ 17,964,155	\$	(96,133)

County of Northumberland, Virginia Government-Wide Expenses by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total	787,029 \$ 20,954,388	19,391,652	23,021,245	22,011,149	24,136,845	25,743,209	23,329,267	27,674,825	25,207,928	25,871,208
Sanitary District	\$ 787,029	799,163	804,516	805,077	836,447	780,519	912,461	1,065,484	1,096,077	1,001,468
Interest on Long- Term Debt	\$ 1,860,565 \$	1,805,133	1,747,492	1,681,962	1,608,524	1,565,816	1,509,002	1,542,994	1,101,641	944,956
Community Development	\$ 433,527		356,559	866,569	754,292	632,469	392,796	359,072	368,178	334,174
Parks, Recreation, Community and Cultural Development	\$ 89,228 \$	160,000	160,000	160,000	161,418	160,216	234,380	193,173	191,995	232,225
Education	9,552,038 \$	7,882,786	10,152,027	9,613,564	11,598,124	13,264,282	10,703,493	14,239,193	11,771,380	12,723,019
Health and Welfare	\$ 1,962,122 \$	1,965,340	2,113,100	2,108,697	1,991,739	2,034,759	2,254,600	2,381,542	2,373,831	2,393,486
Public Works	\$ 1,206,586	1,165,665	1,239,359	1,197,769	1,209,904	1,341,207	1,261,806	1,373,510	1,480,539	1,478,033
Public Safety	841,269 \$ 2,909,507	3,153,464	3,112,797	3,192,554	3,340,665	3,489,876	3,638,800	4,167,123	4,306,715	4,275,981
Judicial dministration	841,269	925,689	1,885,783	809,001	748,238	729,034	668,958	787,486	963,843	914,671
General Government Judicial Administration Administration	1,312,517 \$	1,284,916	1,449,612	1,575,956	1,887,494	1,745,031	1,752,971	1,565,248	1,553,729	1,573,195
Fiscal ( Year Ac	\$ 60-800	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18

County of Northumberland, Virginia Government-Wide Revenues Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Total	22,056,759	22,039,821	22,380,376	22,634,759	23,211,525	23,242,637	24,224,830	24,293,768	26,412,354	27,517,264
	Grants and Contributions Not Restricted to Specific	Programs	341,443 \$ 1,089,447 \$	1,394,902	1,430,443	1,379,120	1,440,348	1,430,889	1,430,436	1,431,224	1,454,303	1,457,415
S	<b>5</b> 2	Miscellaneous	5 341,443	346,648	245,832	170,499	233,532	139,608	59,502	176,920	186,909	157,041
GENERAL REVENUES	Unrestricted Investment	Earnings /	\$ 486,072 !	234,120	232,707	182,448	170,617	157,150	148,763	135,194	144,597	165,219
GEN	Other Local	Taxes	\$ 14,409,617 \$ 2,188,526 \$	1,756,737	1,693,183	1,731,687	1,749,597	1,787,209	1,853,559	1,812,625	1,860,367	1,905,317
	General Property	Taxes	\$ 14,409,617	15,020,712	15,295,156	15,443,129	16,199,114	16,291,941	17,085,338	17,109,646	18,905,618	19,516,880
10	Capital Grants and	Contributions	\$ 66,934	•	•	560,885	298,775	138,084	137,940	1	•	•
PROGRAM REVENUES	Operating Grants and	Contributions Contributions	\$ 2,945,673 \$	2,759,311	2,948,734	2,605,285	2,507,321	2,707,605	2,926,608	3,107,559	3,140,722	3,270,979
PROC	Charges	Services	529,047 \$	527,391	534,321	561,706	612,221	590,151	582,684	520,600	719,838	1,044,413
	Fiscal	Year	\$ 60-800	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18

County of Northumberland, Virginia General Governmental Expenditures by Function (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total	28,157,071	26,883,349	27,153,439	27,653,490	28,468,288	28,417,634	29,411,726	30,588,756	29,439,540	31,586,755
Debt Service	\$ 2,998,457 \$	2,965,494	2,945,797	2,918,399	2,716,454	2,701,296	2,384,030	2,332,679	1,727,528	2,028,615
Parks, Recreation, Community and Cultural Development	\$ 432,735	366,703	365,561	399,377	434,021	398,097	370,274	355,043	367,975	337,495
Parks, Recreation, and Cultural	\$ 160,000	160,000	160,000	160,000	160,000	160,000	233,132	193,263	193,263	193,263
Education (2)	16,087,829	15,133,600	14,929,147	15,549,789	15,803,625	15,929,537	16,346,444	16,923,056	16,649,355	17,941,925
Health and Welfare E	1,939,676 \$	1,949,423	2,110,973	2,094,948	2,026,063	2,041,404	2,245,848	2,396,073	2,459,477	2,458,919
Public Works	\$ 1,213,509 \$	1,178,666	1,258,125	1,212,832	1,209,452	1,343,060	1,278,360	1,379,597	1,487,091	1,491,756
Public Safety	3,318,605 \$	∞	3,183,692	3,214,223	3,761,020	3,592,050	4,384,453	4,565,904	4,172,472	4,683,605
Judicial Iministration	758,759 \$	831,469	750,685	799,970	746,282	726,972	703,337	742,368	841,441	860,773
General Government Judicial Administration Administration	2008-09 \$ 1,247,501 \$	1,227,526	1,449,459	1,303,952	1,611,371	1,525,218	1,465,848	1,700,773	1,540,938	1,590,404
Fiscal Year A	\$ 60-800	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18

(1) Includes General and Special Revenue funds of the Primary Government and its Discretely Presented Component Unit. (2) Excludes contribution from Primary Government to Discretely Presented Component Unit.

County of Northumberland, Virginia General Governmental Revenues by Source (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total	28,342,481 27,835,111	27,896,376	27,470,499	27,772,525	28,040,937	29,995,346	30,085,846	31,758,660	33,616,211
Inter- governmental (2)	9,903,162 \$	9,935,375	9,293,353	8,904,032	9,100,199	10,167,053	9,939,582	10,132,755	10,413,030
	101,770 \$	436	261	265	111,246	422	060	239,059	557
Recovered Costs	<b>\$</b>	115,436	102,261	102,	111,	124,422	393,090	239,	814,557
Miscellaneous	588,022	353,815	276,157	359,880	353,604	291,499	312,655	138,069	131,516
Mis	٠٠ • • • •				~!	_	_		_
Charges for Services	233,143	251,972	215,937	197,537	149,392	162,050	187,144	298,605	482,714
	\$ 9	0	6	3	7	_	2	2	3
Revenue from the Use of Money and Property	252,556	232,690	182,269	169,793	156,447	154,421	142,032	147,492	167,873
	\$ 0 3	_	က	_	9	2	_	7	7
Fines and Forfeitures	5 15,480 3	23,95	30,603	27,61	28,47	27,67	20,87	33,81	35,60
Permits, Privilege Fees, Regulatory Licenses	180,070	138,534	134,362	127,195	107,766	112,582	102,714	105,581	128,861
Priv Re	s								
Other Local Taxes	2,188,526	1,693,183	1,731,687	1,749,597	1,787,209	1,853,559	1,812,625	1,860,367	1,905,317
	<i>د</i>	_	_		~				
General Property Taxes	2008-09 \$ 14,879,752 \$ 2009-10 14,896,149	15,151,420	15,503,870	16,134,615	16,246,598	17,102,08	17,175,13	18,802,915	19,536,736
	& 0 0	_	2	3	4	2	9	7	∞
Fiscal	2008-09	2010-1	2011-12	2012-1	2013-1	2014-1	2015-1	2016-1	2017-18

(1) Includes General and Special Revenue funds of the Primary Government and its Discretely Presented Component Unit.

<sup>(2)</sup> Excludes contribution from Primary Government to Discretely Presented Component Unit.

#### County of Northumberland, Virginia Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Total Tax Levy (1)	Current Tax Collections (1)	Percent of Levy Collected	Delinquent Tax Collections (1)	Total Tax Collections	Percent of Total Tax Collections to Tax Levy	Outstanding Delinquent Taxes (1,2)	Percent of Delinquent Taxes to Tax Levy
2008-09	\$ 15,889,738	\$ 15,528,432	97.73%	\$ 196,546	\$ 15,724,978	98.96%	\$ 399,253	2.51%
2009-10	15,769,623	15,429,741	97.84%	242,026	15,671,767	99.38%	508,662	3.23%
2010-11	16,041,437	15,693,936	97.83%	256,693	15,950,629	99.43%	560,820	3.50%
2011-12	16,275,738	15,971,392	98.13%	294,244	16,265,636	99.94%	561,257	3.45%
2012-13	16,995,677	16,679,439	98.14%	203,352	16,882,791	99.34%	647,572	3.81%
2013-14	17,106,506	16,736,919	97.84%	261,762	16,998,681	99.37%	710,759	4.15%
2014-15	17,840,566	17,569,040	98.48%	273,210	17,842,250	100.01%	685,239	3.84%
2015-16	17,941,860	17,621,608	98.22%	281,548	17,903,156	99.78%	647,344	3.61%
2016-17	19,591,804	19,169,559	97.84%	401,482	19,571,041	99.89%	610,191	3.11%
2017-18	20,239,412	19,933,512	98.49%	363,644	20,297,156	100.29%	725,861	3.59%

<sup>(1)</sup> Exclusive of penalties and interest.

<sup>(2)</sup> Includes three most current delinquent tax years.

#### County of Northumberland, Virginia Assessed Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Personal Property Real and Mobile Estate (1) Homes (1)		Machinery and Tools		Merchant's Capital		Public Utility (2)			Total		
2008-09	Ś	2,961,160,227	\$	111,854,782	Ś	2,530,695	\$	4,645,795	Ś	28,020,738	\$	3,108,212,237
2009-10	Ļ	3,011,546,185	Ţ	102,709,252	Ţ	2,318,911	Y	4,641,003	Ţ	32,584,722	Ţ	3,153,800,073
2010-11		3,047,497,890		106,808,354		2,688,648		5,243,876		36,317,490		3,198,556,258
2011-12		3,080,451,758		106,163,570		5,161,162		4,939,229		45,441,422		3,242,157,141
2011-12		3,091,570,771		105,462,100		4,893,424		4,567,724		41,926,278		3,248,420,297
2012-13		3,120,026,152		105,379,492		5,828,476		4,685,002		45,044,045		3,280,963,167
2013-14		2,805,775,428		106,938,812		5,468,822		4,821,578		45,154,586		2,968,159,226
2014-13		2,810,608,837		100,930,012		, ,		, ,		47,412,637		
		, , ,		, ,		5,349,593		5,015,304		, ,		2,975,725,472
2016-17		2,831,421,491		109,539,932		5,763,066		4,889,664		50,513,573		3,002,127,726
2017-18		2,845,060,107		111,077,054		5,269,889		4,971,022		53,156,984		3,019,535,056

<sup>(1)</sup> Real estate and personal property is assessed at 100% of fair market value.

<sup>(2)</sup> Assessed values are established by the State Corporation Commission.

Table 7 County of Northumberland, Virginia

## Property Tax Rates (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Real Estate		Mobile Homes		Personal Property		Merchant's Capital	Machinery and Tools		
2008-09	\$	0.40	\$	0.40	\$	3.60	\$	1.00	\$	3.60
2009-10		0.40		0.40		3.60		1.00		3.60
2010-11		0.40		0.40		3.60		1.00		3.60
2011-12		0.40		0.40		3.60		1.00		3.60
2012-13		0.40		0.40		3.60		1.00		3.60
2013-14		0.42		0.42		3.60		1.00		3.60
2014-15		0.49		0.49		3.60		1.00		3.60
2015-16		0.49		0.49		3.60		1.00		3.60
2016-17		0.54		0.54		3.60		1.00		3.60
2017-18		0.56		0.56		3.60		1.00		3.60

<sup>(1)</sup> Per \$100 of assessed value.

# County of Northumberland, Virginia Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Population (1)	Assessed Value (2)	В	Gross onded ebt (3)	Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Assessed Value	Net Bonded Debt per Capita
2007-08	12,259 \$	3,050,217,867	\$	2,036,268	0.07%	\$ 166
2008-09	12,259	3,108,212,237		1,693,657	0.05%	138
2009-10	12,330	3,153,800,073		1,353,874	0.04%	110
2010-11	12,330	3,198,556,258		1,006,775	0.03%	82
2011-12	12,330	3,242,157,141		615,000	0.02%	50
2012-13	12,330	3,248,420,297		310,000	0.01%	25
2013-14	12,330	3,280,963,167		-	0.00%	-
2014-15	12,330	2,968,159,226		-	0.00%	-
2015-16	12,330	2,975,725,472		29,580,000	0.99%	2,399
2016-17	12,330	3,002,127,726		29,580,000	0.99%	2,399
2017-18	12,330	3,019,535,056		28,630,000	0.95%	2,322

<sup>(1)</sup> Center for Public Service at the University of Virginia.

<sup>(2)</sup> Real property assessed at 100% of fair market value.

<sup>(3)</sup> Includes all long-term general obligation bonded debt, bonded anticipation notes, and literary fund loans. Excludes revenue bonds, landfill closure/postclosure care liability, capital leases, and compensated absences.

### ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* 

To The Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Northumberland Northumberland, Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of County of Northumberland Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County of Northumberland, Virginia's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 27, 2018.

#### Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered County of Northumberland Virginia's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Northumberland, Virginia's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Northumberland, Virginia's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether County of Northumberland, Virginia's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Richmond, Virginia November 27, 2018

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### ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

### Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance For Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

To The Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Northumberland Northumberland, Virginia

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited County of Northumberland, Virginia's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of County of Northumberland, Virginia's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2018. County of Northumberland, Virginia's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of County of Northumberland, Virginia's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U. S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards.* Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about County of Northumberland, Virginia's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of County of Northumberland, Virginia's compliance.

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, County of Northumberland, Virginia complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2018.

#### Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of County of Northumberland, Virginia is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered County of Northumberland, Virginia's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Northumberland, Virginia's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Richmond, Virginia November 27, 2018

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#### County of Northumberland, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Federal Grantor/State Pass - Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number		Federal Expenditures		
Department of Health and Human Services:						
Pass Through Payments:						
Department of Social Services:						
Promoting Safe and Stable Families	93.556	0950117/0950118	\$	15,781		
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.558	0400117/0400118		103,742		
Refugee and Entrant Assistance - State Administered Programs	93.566	0500117/0500118		175		
Low-income Home Energy Assistance	93.568	0600417/00600418		13,792		
Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds of the Child Care						
and Development Fund	93.596	0760117/0760118		16,765		
Adoption Incentive Payments	93.603	1150117/11501118		2,400		
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program	93.645	0900117/090118		312		
Foster Care - Title IV-E	93.658	1100117/1100118		76,271		
Adoption Assistance	93.659	1150117/11501118		100,201		
Social Services Block Grant	93.667	1000117/1000118		78,977		
Chafee Foster Care Independence Program	93.674	9150117/9150118		656		
Children's Health Insurance Program	93.767	0540117/0540118		6,909		
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	1200117/1200118	-	172,642		
Total Department of Health and Human Services			\$	588,623		
Department of Justice:						
Pass Through Payments:						
Department of Criminal Justice:						
Crime Victims Assistance	16.575	390001-CJS86015	\$	31,940		
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.738	390001-CJS81015/022		7,076		
Total Department of Justice - pass-through			\$	39,016		
Total Department of Justice			\$	39,016		
Department of Defense:						
Direct payments:	12 00	N/4		75.007		
Jr ROTC	12.u00	N/A	\$	75,986		
Department of Transportation:						
Pass Through Payments:						
Department of Motor Vehicles:						
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	60507-50159/59255	\$	2,023		
Department of Agriculture:						
Pass Through Payments:						
Child Nutrition Cluster:						
Department of Agriculture:						
Food Distribution - Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	unavailable \$ 53	39			
Department of Health:						
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	unavailable 24,86	51 \$	25,400		
Department of Agriculture:						
Food Distribution - National School Lunch Program	10.555	17901-45707 \$ 30,18	32			
Department of Education:						
National School Lunch Program	10.555	17901-40623 271,0	14	301,196		
School Breakfast Program	10.553	17901-40591		95,994		

#### County of Northumberland, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Federal Grantor/State Pass - Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal penditures
Department of Agriculture: (Continued)			
Pass Through Payments: (Continued)			
Department of Social Services:			
State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition			
Assistance Program	10.561	0010115/0010116	 169,076
Total Department of Agriculture			\$ 591,666
Department of Education:			
Pass Through Payments:			
Department of Education:			
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	17901-42901	\$ 680,159
Special Education - Grants to States	84.027	17901-43071	298,772
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	17901-61095	30,553
Rural Education	84.358	17901-43481	17,710
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant	84.367	17901-61480	 61,898
Total Department of Education			\$ 1,089,092
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 2,386,406

See accompanying notes to schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

## County of Northumberland, Virginia Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

#### Note 1 - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the County of Northumberland, Virginia under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2018. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the County of Northumberland, Virginia, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the County of Northumberland, Virginia.

#### Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

- (1) Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.
- (2) Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

#### Note 3 - Food Donation

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received or disbursed.

#### Note 4 - Relationship to Financial Statements

Federal expenditures, revenues and capital contributions are reported in the County's basic financial statements as follows:

Intergovernmental federal revenues per the basic financial statements:

Primary government:	
General Fund	\$ 798,738
Component Unit School Board:	
School Operating Fund	\$ 1,165,078
School Cafeteria Fund	422,590
Total component unit School Board	\$ 1,587,668
Total expenditures of federal awards per basic financial statements	\$ 2,386,406
Total expenditures of federal awards per the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	\$ 2,386,406

#### Note 5 - Subrecipients

No awards were passed through to subrecipients.

#### Note 6 - De Minimis Cost Rate

The County did not elect to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under Uniform Guidance.

#### Not 7 - Loan Balances

The County has no loans or loan guarantees which are subject to reporting requirements for the current year.

#### County of Northumberland, Virginia Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

### Section I-Summary of Auditors' Results

<u>Financial Statements</u>				
Type of auditors' report issued:			unmodifi	ed
Internal control over financial reporting:				
Material weakness(es) identified?		yes		no
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?		yes	✓	none reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted	<b>!</b> ?	yes		no
<u>Federal Awards</u>				
Internal control over major programs:				
Material weakness(es) identified?		yes	<b>√</b>	no
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?		yes	✓	none reported
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance				
for major programs:			unmodifi	<u>ed</u>
Any findings disclosed that are required to be				
reported in accordance with 2 CFR				
section 200.516(a)?		yes	✓	no
Identification of major programs:				
CFDA Number(s)	Naı	me of Federal Pr	ogram or (	<u>Cluster</u>
84.010	Title I,	Grants to Local	Educationa	al Agencies
10.553/10.555/10.559		Child Nutriti	on Cluster	
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A				
and type B programs:		\$750,	000	
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		ye:	s	no
Section II-Financial Statement Findings				
None				
Section III-Federal Award Findings and Questioned C	<u>Costs</u>			
None				

#### County of Northumberland, Virginia Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

There were no prior audit findings.