Comprehensive Annual Financial Report
June 30, 2010

(With Independent Auditors' Report Thereon)

Prepared by the Department of Financial and Management Services
James City County, Virginia

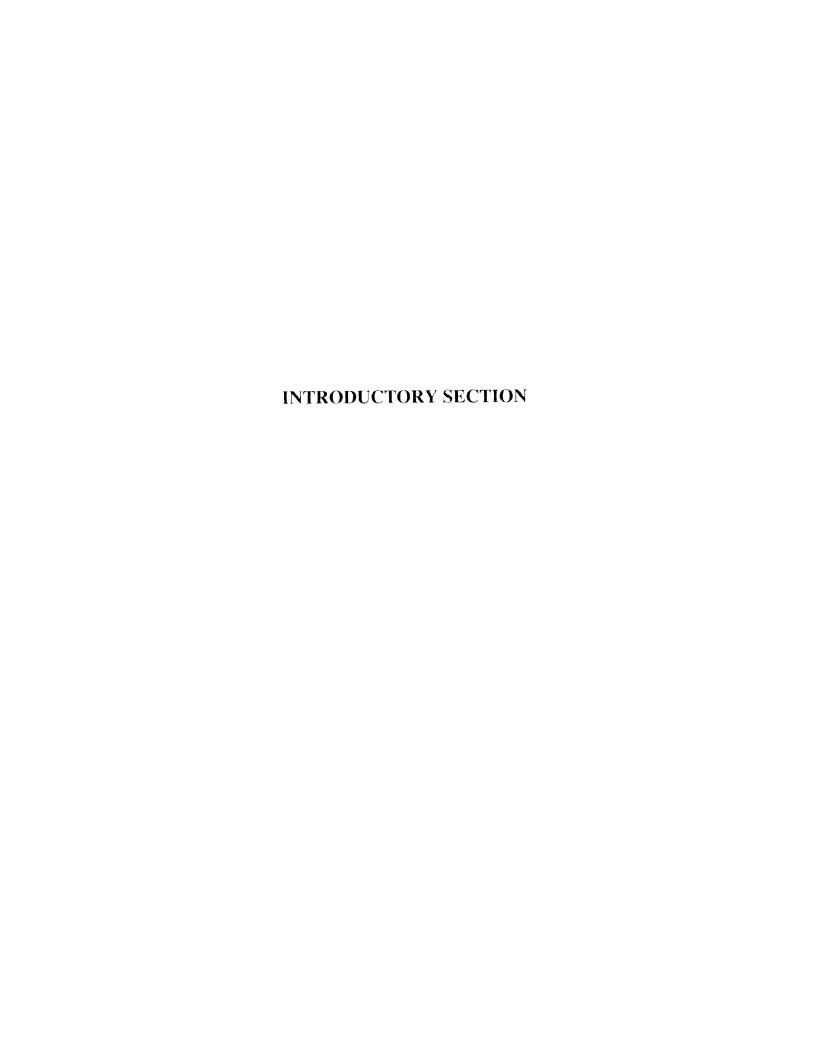


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Comprehensive Annual Financial Report County Officials Year ended June 30, 2010

Board of Supervisors

James G. Kennedy, Stonehouse District Chair

Mary K. Jones, Berkeley District Vice Chair

Bruce C. Goodson, Roberts District

James O. Icenhour, Jr., Powhatan District

John J. McGlennon, Jamestown District

Sanford B. Wanner Clerk

Officials

Samuel T. Powell, III Judge of the Circuit Court

Thomas B. Hoover Judge of the Circuit Court

Betsy B. Woolridge Clerk of the Circuit Court

Nathan R. Green Commonwealth's Attorney

Richard W. Bradshaw Commissioner of the Revenue

M. Ann Davis

Colleen K. Killilea Judge of the General District Court

George C. Fairbanks, IV Judge of the Juvenile and Domestic Relations Court

Robert J. Deeds Sheriff

Emmett H. Harmon Chief of Police

Dr. Gary S. Matthews Superintendent of Schools

Sanford B. Wanner County Administrator

Leo P. Rogers County Attorney

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report County Officials

Year ended June 30, 2010

Board of Directors, James City Service Authority

Bruce C. Goodson Chair

John J. McGlennon Vice Chair

James O. Icenhour, Jr.

Mary K. Jones

James G. Kennedy

Sanford B. Wanner Secretary

Robert H. Smith Treasurer

Larry M. Foster General Manager

School Board, Williamsburg-James City County Public Schools

James Nickols Chair

Ruth Larson Vice Chair

Dr. John Alewynse

Elise Emanuel

Joe Fuentes

James Kelly

Denise Koch

Board Members, Economic Development Authority

Thomas G. Tingle Chair

Douglas M. Gebhardt Vice Chair

Brien R. Craft

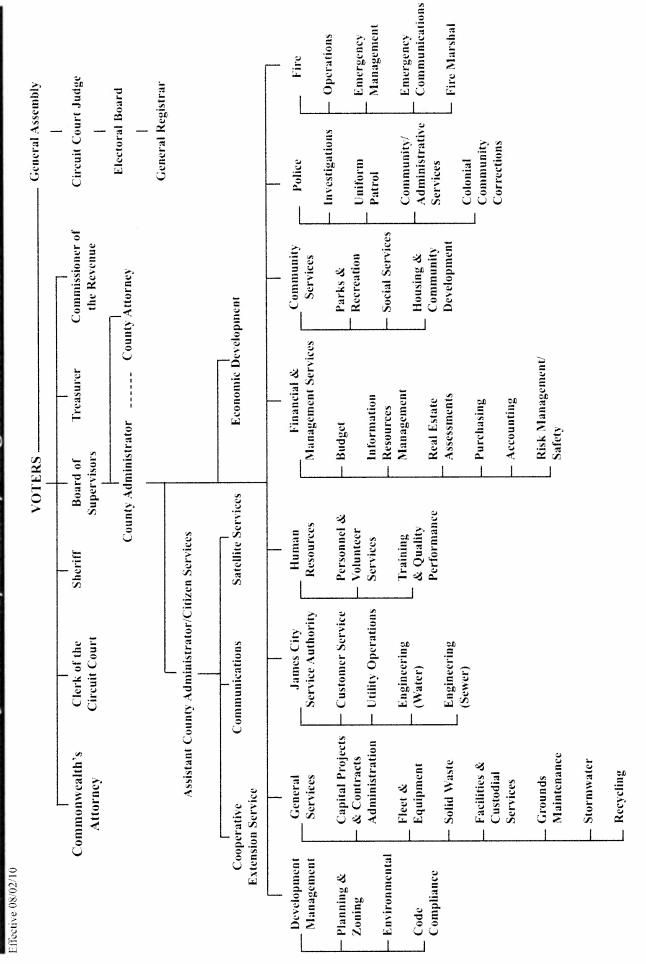
Leanne DuBois

Paul W. Gerhardt

Larry B. Pulley

Marshall N. Warner

lames City County Organization Chart



Financial and Management Services

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Accounting P: 757-253-6636 F: 757-253-6619

Budget/Finance P: 757-253-6630 F: 757-253-6619 **Purchasing** P: 757-253-6646 F: 757-253-6753

Real Estate Assessments P: 757-253-6650 F: 757-253-6601

Risk Management P: 757-259-4033 F: 757-253-6840

November 18, 2010

The Members of the Board of Supervisors and the Citizens of James City County:

We are pleased to submit to you the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of James City County, Virginia (the County), for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010, as required by the Code of Virginia. The Department of Financial and Management Services has prepared this report in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) and the standards of financial reporting prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and specifications of the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Section 15.1-67 of the Code of Virginia (1950, as amended) requires the County to have an annual audit of the books of account, financial records, and the transactions of the County. Goodman & Company, L.L.P. was selected to perform the required audit. The unqualified report of Goodman & Company L.L.P., the highest possible result of the audit process, accompanies the financial statements in this report.

Responsibility for both the accuracy of the presented data and the fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the County. We believe the data, as presented, is accurate in all material respects; that it is presented in a manner designed to fairly set forth the financial position and the results of operations of the various funds of the County; and that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain maximum understanding of the County's financial activity have been included.

The County government is required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the provisions of the Single Audit Act of 1996, as amended, and U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations. Information related to this single audit, including the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, the schedule of findings and questioned costs, and the auditors' reports on internal control and compliance with applicable laws and regulations, are included in the compliance section of this report.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The County's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors on pages 3-13 of this report.

Profile of the Government

The County is located in southeastern Virginia and partially surrounds the City of Williamsburg. Although much of the County's 144 square miles consists of developed suburban areas, it has retained a considerable amount of undeveloped agricultural and forest land. There are no incorporated towns within the County. The County is empowered to levy a property tax on both real and personal properties located within its boundaries.

The County is organized under the County Administrator form of government (as defined under Virginia Law). Under this form of government, the Board of Supervisors appoints a County Administrator to serve as the Chief Executive Officer of the County. The Administrator serves at the pleasure of the Board of Supervisors, implements its policies, appoints department heads, and directs business and administrative procedures.

The Board of Supervisors is a five-member body, elected by the voters of the Electoral Districts in which they live to staggered terms. The Chairman of the Board is elected annually by its members. Each member serves a four-year term. This body enacts ordinances, appropriates funds, sets tax rates, and establishes policies for the administration of the County's public services.

The County provides a full range of services, including law enforcement, fire protection, and recreational activities. Water and sewer services are provided through the legally separate James City Service Authority (JCSA). The Board of Supervisors of James City County serves as the board of directors of the JCSA. The financial activity of the JCSA is included as an integral part of the County's financial statements. The County is also financially accountable for the legally separate Williamsburg-James City County (WJCC) School Board and the legally separate James City County Economic Development Authority, both of which are reported separately as discretely presented component units within the County's financial statements. Additional information on each of these legally separate entities can be found in note 1(a) in the notes to the basic financial statements.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the County's financial planning and control. In the spring of each year, departments and agencies of the County are required to submit requests for appropriation to the County Administrator. The County Administrator then submits to the Board of Supervisors a proposed operating and capital budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating budget and capital budget include proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments.

Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an Appropriations Resolution. The Appropriations Resolution places legal restrictions on expenditures at the fund and function level. The appropriation for each fund and function can be revised only by the Board of Supervisors; however, the County Administrator may amend the budget within functions. Budget to actual comparisons are provided in this report for each individual governmental fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted. For the general fund, this comparison is presented on pages 70-74 as part of the required supplementary information other than management's discussion and analysis. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, with appropriated budgets, these comparisons are presented in the other supplementary information subsection of this report which starts on page 77.

Economic Condition and Outlook

James City County has continued to see a slowdown in the economy during the current fiscal year. Overall, revenues decreased less than 1% from last year. Revenues are expected to have a modest decrease of 2.2% during fiscal year 2011. The real estate tax revenue is expected to decline during the next fiscal year due to a reduction in assessments. The Board of Supervisors changed the assessment date from annual to biennial and the next scheduled reassessment will be January 1, 2012.

In April 2010, Fitch and Moody's Investors Service recalibrated its long-term U.S. municipal bond ratings to its global market scale. As a result, the County was recalibrated and upgraded by Fitch from AA+ to AAA and by Moody's from Aa2 to Aa1. In October 2010, the County was upgraded by Standard & Poor's to a AAA rating. These bond ratings are based on analysts' recommendations after a review of economic and fiscal performance, fiscal policies and practices, current debt outstanding and evidence of financial planning to meet future capital needs. These ratings are excellent for a community the size of James City County and give the County additional leverage in the bond market for potential bond buyers and investors.

Major Initiatives

In fiscal year 2010, the County continued to utilize its Strategic Management Plan as a framework for planning and accountability and continued to seek out new partnerships to help achieve its goals.

The County continues to manage finances wisely and encourage a balanced economy. This year the County received its first AAA rating, the highest rating a bond can get. High bond ratings result in lower borrowing costs on future loans. In planning for the next two years' budgets, citizens attended five town hall meetings held in each voting district. The County Administrator solicited and received feedback from citizens on potential revenue alternatives and expenditure reductions. Federal, state and local grants totaled more than \$5.0 million helping to offset the County's costs for public safety and housing assistance.

The County improves the lives of citizens and fosters a sense of community. The newest County park, My Place, was completed and includes all the features of a traditional playground such as slides, swings and climbing equipment, but was constructed to allow those with disabilities to access every aspect of the facility. The playground was built in partnership with the Leadership Historic Triangle Class of 2009. Thomas Nelson Community College celebrated the grand opening of the Historic Triangle Campus. The new facility sits on nearly 74 acres of land donated by the County near Warhill High School.

It is essential for the County to plan responsibly for the needs of a growing, diverse community. The County's Comprehensive Plan, Historic Past, Sustainable Future, was approved by the Board of Supervisors. To improve energy efficiencies, windows and doors were replaced in County offices on Palmer Lane, HVAC and lighting systems were upgraded at the Emergency Operations Center, and lighting systems were upgraded at the James City/Williamsburg Community Center. These capital maintenance activities will result in long term energy savings for the County.

As stewards of the natural environment and historic heritage, the final James City Green Building Design Roundtable Report was completed by the group of 26 members from the private sector, the County and the schools. The report describes green building and design, reviews other local governments' green efforts, covers the County's existing policies and presents the Roundtable's recommendations for the future. In addition, the County completed the Oakland Estates drainage improvements and Yarmouth Creek stream stabilization project.

The County also provided outstanding customer service by developing a new JCC Alert initiative, which gives citizens quick access to emergency alerts, notifications and updates from the County delivered by

text message or email to any cellular device or computer. The County's CaseTrak program received the Outstanding Achievement in Local Government Innovation Award from the Alliance for Innovation. With CaseTrak, citizens can check on the status of development proposals, learn about projects close to their house or favorite landmarks, view comment letters from County agencies online in real time and find out about upcoming public hearing dates. In a continued effort to reduce paper use and printing and distributing costs, two County publications, e-FYI and Destination Recreation became available exclusively online. In addition to saving money and helping the environment, online publications use links to additional information including videos and websites.

Economic Development

Owens-Illinois invested an additional \$20 million in their Toano plant. The investment funds additional machinery and tools to produce a diversified product mix of glass containers and new carton and packing capabilities. These improvements are in addition to the \$20 million in improvements announced in 2008 and will add at least 20 new jobs to the 180 person staff and \$10 million payroll.

The County's part-time Business Facilitator helped 22 businesses navigate through government processes such as obtaining business licenses, applying for special use permits and submitting site plan reviews.

Capital Improvement Program

Capital expenditures totaled \$44,005,939 (including transfer) in fiscal year 2010. The largest capital expenditures this year were related to the construction costs for the two new schools, both a new elementary school and a new middle school were co-located on the same site, and the public safety building.

James City County will continue to face challenges over the next several years. Several years of population growth have produced demands for public services and facilities. The six-year Capital Improvement Program totals \$46,785,926 and focuses on a wide variety of needs. An indication of anticipated impacts can be seen in the adopted budget and capital improvements program for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2010.

In fiscal year 2011, funding is included for HVAC and renovation costs for D.J. Montague Elementary and Berkeley Middle Schools. Funding is also provided for replacement of a 13 year old fire pumper. Also included are funds for replacing the HVAC control systems in building F of the government center, continuing renovations at the James City/Williamsburg Community Center and exterior work on windows and doors to improve energy efficiency of government center buildings A and B. Future planning includes rebuilding and expanding a fire station, park improvements, government center building D renovations, fire pumper replacements and recreational improvements at the Warhill Sports Complex.

James City Service Authority

The financial statements of the JCSA are included in this report in accordance with GAAP. The JCSA, for legal and management purposes, issues its own comprehensive annual financial report which is audited and available from the Department of Financial and Management Services.

The Board of Directors has authorized water and sewer operations for the JCSA within the Primary Service Area (PSA) in the County. The JCSA also provides water and/or sewer service to limited sections of York County and the City of Williamsburg with the concurrence of the appropriate governing bodies. The JCSA's operating funds are self-supporting, and the JCSA receives no share of any local or property tax levies.

The JCSA's water system includes the central water system with 10 water production facilities, and 6 independent water production facilities that are located outside the PSA. There are approximately 344 miles of water transmission and distribution lines throughout the entire system. The water system facilities supply approximately 5 million gallons of water per day to 19,368 water customers.

The JCSA's sewer system includes 76 pump stations with approximately 382 miles of sewer collection lines. The sewer system facilities collect and move approximately 5.7 million gallons of sewage per day for 18,860 sewer customers. The JCSA has no sewage treatment facilities. Sewage treatment for areas served by the JCSA, as well as for other Hampton Roads communities, is provided by the Hampton Roads Sanitation District.

The JCSA currently has groundwater permits for its central system to withdraw 8.9 million gallons per day to support the residential and commercial customers. In March 2008, the JCSA entered into an agreement with Newport News to purchase 4-6.5 million gallons of water per day depending on drought conditions to meet the County's water needs through 2040. The JCSA is also working on conversion of its water disinfection system from chlorine to chloramines to accommodate water from Newport News. Improvements to the Ironbound Road water storage facility and Stonehouse water production facility are planned. In addition, water distribution system upgrades for College Creek were completed this year and improvements to Ironbound Road will begin soon.

In November 2009, the JCSA Board approved the design and construction of a new operations center on Tewning Road. This effort evolved into a plan to relocate the existing convenience center on Tewning Road where a 12,500 square foot building is under construction. The new center will house the JCSA field operating forces and engineering staff. Also, in May 2010, the JCSA Board approved the construction of Longhill Connector Road water main extension. The project includes 4,300 feet of 16-inch water main from The Mews to Ironbound Road, which will improve water system hydraulics to the northwestern part of the County.

Treasury Management

A conservative cash management system is carried out by the County Treasurer. Temporary idle funds are automatically invested overnight in repurchase agreements that are secured or collateralized by government securities as required by the Code of Virginia. Funds that are available for a longer period of time are part of a comprehensive investment strategy that maximizes short and medium term interest rate.

Risk Management

In our opinion, the County maintains a practical insurance program through a variety of vendors which affords adequate protection against loss and includes comprehensive public liability insurance for bodily injury and property damage.

Awards of Achievement

The Government Finance Officers' Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to James City County for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009. This was the twenty-fifth year that the County has received this prestigious award.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the County must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report, whose contents conform to program standards. Such reports must satisfy both accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current report continues to conform to Certificate of Achievement Program requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Acknowledgments

The County has established and continues to maintain a strong and stable financial position through progressive management of financial operations and through sound accounting and financial reporting practices. Appreciation is expressed to the Members of the James City County Board of Supervisors and all of the Constitutional Officers for their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the County in a responsible and progressive manner.

The preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the extensive effort and efficient services of the staff of Financial and Management Services. We would like to express our appreciation to each employee of the Department who assisted with the annual audit and preparation of the financial statements.

Respectfully submitted,

Robert C. Middaugh County Administrator

John E. McDonald

Manager of Financial and Management Services

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

James City County Virginia

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended
June 30, 2009

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

President

Executive Director







Certified Public Accountants Specialized Services Business Solutions

Report of Independent Auditors

Board of Supervisors *County of James City, Virginia*

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the *County of James City, Virginia* as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the *County of James City, Virginia's* basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the *County of James City, Virginia's* management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards and specifications require that we plan and perform our audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial positions of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the *County of James City, Virginia* as of June 30, 2010, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated November 18, 2010, on our consideration of the County of James City, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

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Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 13 and the required supplementary information included in Exhibits 10 and 11 and related notes on pages 69 through 76 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers them to be an essential parts of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County of James City, Virginia's financial statements as a whole. The introductory section, supplementary information, and statistical section, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U. S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, and is also not a required part of the financial statements. The supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole. The introductory section, supplementary information and statistical section have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Newport News, Virginia November 18, 2010

Soochnon & Company, LLP

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A)

Management's Discussion and Analysis
June 30, 2010

As management of James City County (County), we offer readers of the County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal at the front of this report and the County's financial statements, which follow this analysis.

Financial Highlights

- The County's total net assets decreased by approximately \$16.7 million over the course of this year's operations, which represents a 4.3% decrease from fiscal year 2009. The decrease is primarily a result of a decrease in construction in progress related to Warhill site improvements that became a State asset rather than County. There was also a decrease in land because the County transferred land to the schools for the Matoaka Elementary School site.
- Net assets were restated as of June 30, 2009 due to a reduction in the other governmental funds of \$377,332 for the Williamsburg Area Transit Authority. Effective July 1, 2009, Williamsburg Area Transit Authority became financially independent from the County. Therefore, separate financial statements will be issued beginning this year, and they are now presented as an agency fund in the County's statements.
- Net assets were also restated as of June 30, 2009 for the landfill postclosure liability. This restatement reduced net assets by \$1,833,218 due to a corrective action required by the Department of Environmental Quality, which indicated that the County is not able to close the landfill as quickly as planned.
- The assets of the County exceeded its liabilities as of June 30, 2010 by approximately \$371.3 million. Of this amount, approximately \$226.1 million, or 60.9%, is the net investment in capital assets.
- The County's total long-term liabilities for governmental activities at June 30, 2010 was \$228,283,958.
- Actual General Fund revenues received were 0.3%, or \$538,533 less than what had been budgeted and showed a 0.7% decrease, or \$1,234,134 from fiscal year 2009.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The County's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report consists of four sections: introductory, financial, statistical and compliance. The financial section consists of three primary components – government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements report information about the County as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net assets includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide financial statements report the County's net assets and how they have changed. Net assets – the difference between the County's assets and liabilities – is one way to measure the County's financial health, or position.

• Over time, increases or decreases in the County's net assets are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.

Management's Discussion and Analysis
June 30, 2010

- To assess the overall health of the County, you need to consider additional nonfinancial factors, such as changes in the County's property tax base.
- The government-wide financial statements of the County are divided into three categories:
 - Governmental activities Most of the County's basic services are included here, such as the police, fire, parks and recreation, and general administration. Property taxes and state and federal funding finance most of these activities.
 - Business-type activities Activities that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fee charges to external parties for goods or services are included here.
 - Component units The County includes two other entities in its report The Public Schools and the Economic Development Authority. Although legally separate, these "component units" are important because of the County's financial accountability for them.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the County's most significant funds, not the County as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the County uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes. Some funds are required by state law and by bond covenants. Other funds are established to control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that the County is properly using certain taxes and grants. The County has three kinds of funds:

- Governmental funds Most of the County's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets can be readily converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances remaining at year end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the County's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, we provide additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statement, or on the subsequent page, that explains the relationship (or differences) between them.
- Proprietary funds Services that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees are generally reported in the proprietary fund. Proprietary funds, like the government-wide statements, provide both long and short-term financing information. The County's enterprise fund (one type of proprietary fund) is the same as its business-type activity, but provides more detail and additional information, such as cash flows.
- Fiduciary funds The County is responsible for assets of various agency funds. It is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the County's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net assets and a statement of changes in fiduciary net assets. We exclude these activities from the County's government-wide financial statements because the County cannot use their assets to finance its operations.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes to the basic financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis
June 30, 2010

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the County's General Fund budget and progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. The combining statements for nonmajor governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information on the General Fund budget and defined benefit pension plans.

Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The County's assets exceeded liabilities by \$371,268,460 at the close of the most recent fiscal year. This represents a 4.3% decrease from last year.

Condensed Summary of Net Assets

June 30, 2010

	Governmental activities	Business-type activity	Total	unit – public schools
Assets:				22 (52 542
Current and other assets	\$ 121,005,810	43,596,801	164,602,611	22,650,649
Capital assets	312,905,448	171,021,858	483,927,306	37,866,251
Total assets	\$ 433,911,258	214,618,659	648,529,917	60,516,900
Liabilities:				
Long-term liabilities	\$ 228,283,958	34,667,258	262,951,216	2,453,780
Other liabilities	10,471,114	3,839,127	14,310,241	17,345,971
Total liabilities	\$ 238,755,072	38,506,385	277,261,457	19,799,751
Net assets:				
Invested in capital assets,				
net of related debt	\$ 91,045,788	135,071,435	226,117,223	37,866,251
Restricted net assets:				
Capital projects	41,296,767	4,610,218	45,906,985	
Inventory	276,083		276,083	
Loans	137,301		137,301	
Prepaid items	400,301		400,301	
Unrestricted net assets	61,999,946	36,430,621	98,430,567	2,850,898
Total net assets	\$ 195,156,186	176,112,274	371,268,460	40,717,149

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Management's Discussion and Analysis
June 30, 2010

Condensed Summary of Net Assets June 30, 2009

	Governmental activities	Business-type activity	Total	Component unit – public schools
Assets:				
Current and other assets	145,380,444	43,558,891	188,939,335	19,465,415
Capital assets	306,182,744	171,700,876	477,883,620	32,421,545
Total assets	451,563,188	215,259,767	666,822,955	51,886,960
Liabilities:				•
Long-term liabilities	229,068,906	37,835,590	266,904,496	1,689,806
Other liabilities	10,133,114	1,843,922	11,977,036	14,835,642
Total liabilities	3 239,202,020	39,679,512	278,881,532	16,525,448
Net assets:				
Invested in capital assets,				
net of related debt	5 155,643,755	134,314,330	289,958,085	32,421,545
Restricted net assets:				
Capital projects	15,716,245	4,674,837	20,391,082	
Inventory	264,969		264,969	
Loans	129,862	****	129,862	
Unrestricted net assets	40,606,337	36,591,088	77,197,425	2,939,967
Total net assets	212,361,168	175,580,255	387,941,423	35,361,512

The largest portion of the County's net assets at June 30, 2010 (60.9%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The unrestricted portion of net assets (26.5%) may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. The remaining portion of net assets (12.6%) is restricted for specific purposes.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the County was able to report positive balances in all three categories of net assets, both for the primary government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities.

The Public Schools' net assets increased 15.1% to approximately \$40.7 million. Of the balance, approximately \$2.9 million of net assets are unrestricted, but designated for specific purposes. The increase in net assets is primarily attributable to the ongoing and completed capital projects.

6 (Continued)

Component

Management's Discussion and Analysis
June 30, 2010

Summary of Changes in Net Assets

Year ended June 30, 2010

	Governmental activities	Business-type activity	Total	Component unit – public schools
Revenues:				
Program revenues:				
S	5 13.814,706	15,575,143	29,389,849	2,504,799
Operating grants and contributions	23,161,669	2,756	23,164,425	18,623,895
Capital grants and contributions	423,581	3,427,510	3,851,091	
General revenues:				
Property taxes	109,159,897		109,159,897	
Other taxes and permits, fees and licenses Grants and contributions not	25,027,203		25,027,203	- Annual Santa
restricted to specific programs				105,639,757
Interest and investment earnings	673.668	956,056	1,629,724	6.021
Miscellaneous	1,390,966	644,620	2,035,586	75,690
Wiscenaneous	1,570,700	011,020	2,033,300	
Total revenues	173,651,690	20,606,085	194,257,775	126,850,162
Expenses:				
General government administration	23,962,622		23,962,622	Anthonorage
Judicial administration	5,321,244		5,321,244	_
Public safety	22,477,094		22,477,094	
Public works	19,240,014		19,240,014	
Health and welfare	7,332,607	_	7,332,607	
Education	81,441,066		81,441,066	121,494,525
Parks, recreation and cultural	8,938,509		8,938,509	
Community development	11,472,198	_	11,472,198	
Interest on long-term debt	10,671,318	-	10,671,318	
Service Authority		20,074,066	20,074,066	
Total expenses	190,856,672	20,074,066	210,930,738	121,494,525
Change in net assets	(17,204,982)	532,019	(16,672,963)	5,355,637
Net assets at beginning of year, as restated	212,361,168	175,580,255	387,941,423	35,361,512
Net assets at end of year	\$ 195,156,186	176,112,274	371,268,460	40,717,149

Management's Discussion and Analysis
June 30, 2010

Summary of Changes in Net Assets

Year ended June 30, 2009

		Governmental activities	Business-type activities	Total	Component unit – public schools
Revenues:					
Program revenues:					
Charges for services	\$	14,777,315	14,809,074	29,586,389	2,350,994
Operating grants and contributions		22.257,873		22,257,873	15,480,234
Capital grants and contributions		804,605	4,563,025	5,367,630	
General revenues:					
Property taxes		106,494,452	_	106,494,452	
Other taxes and permits, fees and licenses		26,289,873		26,289,873	
Grants and contributions not					
restricted to specific programs		anner spire			109,692,959
Interest and investment earnings		2,351,497	3,669,266	6,020,763	41,697
Miscellaneous		6.829,141	596,739	7,425,880	42,351
Total revenues		179,804,756	23,638,104	203,442,860	127,608,235
Expenses:					
General government administration		21,839,478	one contracts	21,839,478	
Judicial administration		5,515,309		5,515,309	
Public safety		23,267,505		23,267,505	
Public works		5,925,566		5,925,566	
Health and welfare		7,171,131	energen.	7,171,131	
Education		83,021,945		83,021,945	123,608,146
Parks, recreation and cultural		10,302,398	_	10,302,398	
Community development		9,705,587		9,705,587	
Interest on long-term debt		10,582,404		10,582,404	
Service Authority			18,742,699	18,742,699	
Stormwater Utility			1,466,080	1,466,080	
Total expenses	-	177,331,323	20,208,779	197,540,102	123,608,146
Change in net assets		2,473,433	3,429,325	5,902,758	4,000,089
Net assets at beginning of year	_	209,887,735	172,150,930	382,038,665	35,361,512
Net assets at end of year	\$	212,361,168	175,580,255	387,941,423	39,361,601

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Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2010

Governmental Activities

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010, revenues from governmental activities totaled \$173,651,690. Of this amount, \$46,136,726, or 26.6%, is received from sources other than local tax revenue. Real estate tax revenues, the County's largest single revenue source, totaled \$85,433,230. The County's assessed real property tax base for fiscal year 2010 was \$11,155,493,300, which was an increase of 1.4% over fiscal year 2009. Overall, the net assets decreased by \$16,672,963 from last year.

In fiscal year 2010, the County reported current year collections of \$14,581,909 in personal property taxes, and received reimbursement from the Commonwealth of Virginia of \$9,770,137. Under the provisions of the Personal Property Tax Relief Act (PPTRA), the state's share of local personal property tax was approximately 63% of most taxpayer's payments.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010, expenses for governmental activities totaled \$190,856,672, including payments of \$110,868,783 to Public Schools. Expenses increased by \$13,525,349 over fiscal year 2009. This was primarily due to an increase in expenses for the Warhill site improvements that became a State asset rather than County.

Business-Type Activity

The business-type activity increased the County's net assets by \$532,019. The majority of the increase is attributed to the contribution of water and sewer systems. Overall, the expenses decreased from last year by 0.7%, which is primarily a result of the Board of Supervisors eliminating the Stormwater Utility as of July 1, 2008. The primary source of revenue consists of charges for water and sewer services, which totaled \$12,314,268 and increased by 0.3% over last year. There was also an increase in facility charges collected for new connections.

Component Unit - Public Schools

The Schools received \$110,868,783 from the County during fiscal year 2010. This money supported the operating and capital activities for the Schools. Expenses decreased by 1.7% from fiscal year 2009. This is primarily a result of a decrease in spending during the year. Revenues also decreased by 0.6% from the previous fiscal year. This is primarily due to a reduction in funding received from the County, City of Williamsburg and the Commonwealth of Virginia.

Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

The County's General Fund experienced an overall increase in fund balance of \$2,300,997. This was mostly due to decreased spending during economic uncertainty. The portion of the unreserved fund balance designated for fiscal liquidity totaled \$20,254,346, which was 10.2% of the total general governmental expenditures (from table 11A on page 110), including the County's share of the Public Schools' operating expenditures, and within the goal of 8% to 12%.

Management's Discussion and Analysis
June 30, 2010

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The overall difference between the original budget and the final amended budget for revenues decreased by \$701,212, which was primarily a result of reductions in state funding for sales tax for education, HB 599 payments, and constitutional offices. Actual General Fund revenues received were 0.3%, or \$538,533 less than what had been projected in the amended budget and showed a 0.7% decrease, or \$1,234,134 from fiscal year 2009.

The largest increase in revenues from fiscal year 2009 to fiscal year 2010 occurred in machinery and tools tax revenues totaling \$598,764 as a result of an increase to the tax base. Real estate tax revenues, both current and delinquent, are the County's largest revenue source and for fiscal year 2010 totaled \$85,433,230 and was \$464,727 more than the amended budget. Personal property taxes, another large source of local tax funding, had combined collections from the state and local taxpayers of \$24,352,046. State revenues, not including the personal property tax reimbursement, were \$91,688 less than budgeted. State revenues, not including the personal property tax reimbursement, increased \$298,421 in fiscal year 2010 from fiscal year 2009 levels. This increase is primarily due receiving more in state sales tax, which increased \$468,373 from fiscal year 2009.

General Fund budgeted expenditures were 2.9% below the final budget, or \$3,966,668, which was primarily due to holding positions vacant and reduced spending. Of this amount, \$932,917 is reserved in the fund balance for encumbered commitments.

Proprietary Fund

The County operates one proprietary fund, James City Service Authority (JCSA or the Authority), which provides water and sewer service to County residents. The proprietary funds had an increase of \$532,019 in net assets during the fiscal year primarily due to the acceptance of contributed capital assets.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

At the end of fiscal year 2010, the County's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities totaled \$483,927,306 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, construction in progress, land improvements, buildings and improvements, water and sewer systems, infrastructure, equipment, and vehicles. The County does not own its roads and they are therefore not included in the capital assets. In addition, the Public Schools own all school buildings and the related debt is County debt. The value associated with the purchase and/or construction of the Public Schools' buildings is reported as capital assets in the governmental activities of the County to properly match with the associated debt, as allowed by Virginia state law. In fiscal year 2010, the net value of school buildings reflected in the governmental activities of the County equals \$151,258,544, and the associated current year's depreciation expense of \$3,762,703 is reflected in the educational expense line of the County's governmental activities in the statement of net assets.

Management's Discussion and Analysis
June 30, 2010

Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation and Amortization

June 30, 2010 and 2009

		2010		
	Governmental activities	Business-type activity	Total	2009 Total
Land Land and land rights – utility plant Land and land improvements Construction in progress Water and sewer systems Buildings and improvements Improvements other than buildings Equipment and vehicles Infrastructure Intangible assets – easements Intangible assets – water rights Total	\$	1,750,391 962,695 13,183 4,284,901 137,603,360 1,348,824 — 820,805 — 4,570 24,233,129 171,021,858	1,750,391 962,695 25,438,400 61,248,917 137,603,360 190,199,202 18,693,620 15,901,484 5,487,875 2,408,233 24,233,129 483,927,306	1,819,156 946,738 26,911,865 38,061,238 138,031,325 194,565,555 19,568,018 25,497,692 5,361,911 2,273,496 24,846,626

Additional information about the County's capital assets can be found in note 7 to the financial statements.

Capital Projects Fund

The Capital Projects Fund is used by the County to account for the financing sources used to acquire and construct major capital projects for the general government. A major source of funding for the capital projects is transfers from the General Fund.

For fiscal year 2010, \$647,300 was transferred to the Capital Projects Fund from the General Fund. During the year, capital project expenditures of \$44,005,939 (including transfer) included the following:

- Transfers to schools for construction costs for the two new schools
- Construction costs for the new public safety building
- Renovations to the James City/Williamsburg Community Center
- Costs associated with water quality improvements

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2010

Long-Term Debt

At June 30, 2010 and 2009, the County had total outstanding debt of \$257,810,082 and \$260,126,184, respectively. Compensated absences, OPEB obligation and landfill postclosure care costs of \$6,424,298 and \$6,329,268 at June 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively, are not included in these amounts.

Summary of Long-Term Debt

June 30, 2010 and 2009

	_		2010		
	-	Governmental activities	Business-type activity	Total	2009 Total
General obligation bonds Revenue bonds Capital lease – radio system Other capital leases	\$	101,414,765 110,275,000 9,877,000 292,895	35,950,422	101,414,765 146,225,422 9,877,000 292,895	109,974,105 138,981,546 10,740,000 430,533
Total	\$ =	221,859,660	35,950,422	257,810,082	260,126,184

In September 2009, the County issued \$14,935,000 in taxable lease revenue bonds to finance the construction and equipping of the public safety building and renovations to the law enforcement center for use by the fire department. These bonds are Build America Bonds, which qualify for a subsidy credit from the Internal Revenue Service for interest payments.

Additional information about the County's long-term debt can be found in note 10 to the financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2010

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Tax Rates

The County has a two-year budget cycle. The first year of a two-year cycle is adopted and appropriated and the second year is adopted for planning purposes. Fiscal year 2011 is the first year of the next two-year cycle. The fiscal year 2011 approved budget for the General Fund is \$159,799,342.

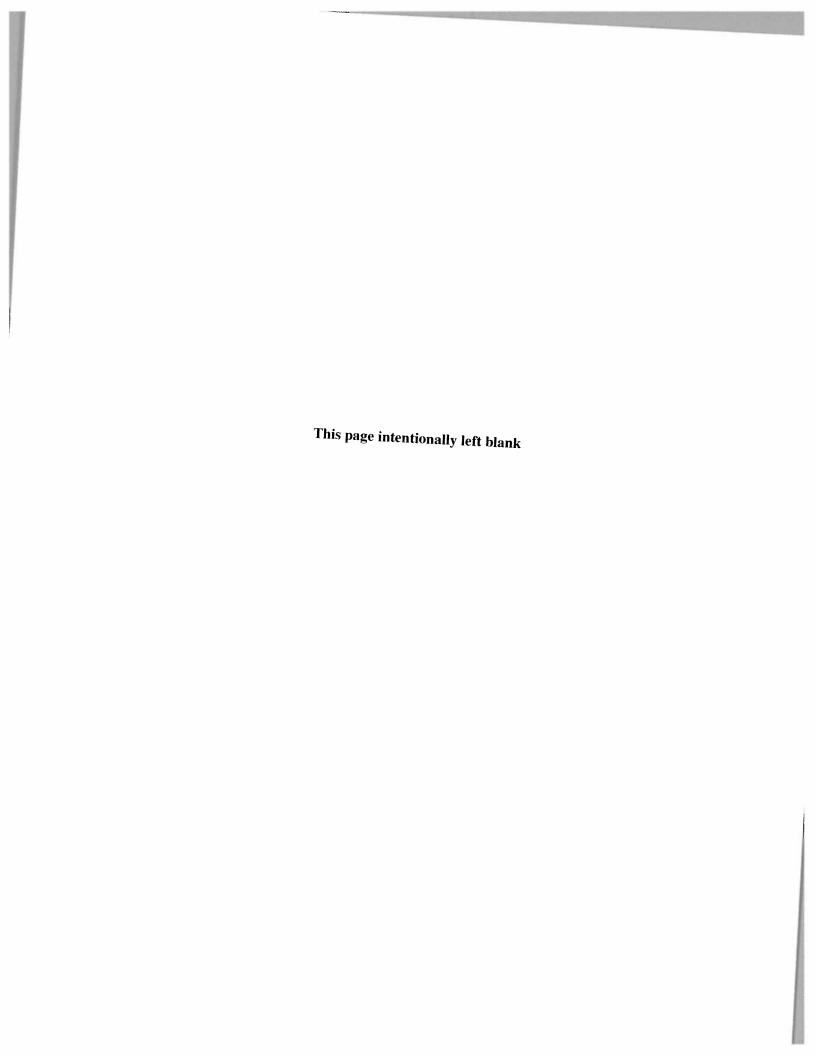
This amended budget, adopted on May 11, 2010, reflects a \$3,527,640, or a 2.2% decrease over the amended fiscal year 2010 budget. This reduction is primarily a result of a decline in revenues due to the difficult economic climate.

During fiscal year 2011, real estate revenues, the largest source of general fund revenue, are projected to decrease 0.7% over last year due to a reduction in assessments. Other areas of lower revenue estimates from fiscal year 2010 include revenues associated with the local economy, such as local sales tax and occupancy tax. Personal property taxes are projected to increase by 2% from fiscal year 2010. State revenues are expected to be about \$1.2 million less than last year's budget. Recordation tax distributions are based on figures from the State and have been reduced overall funding by over 30 percent. State support for constitutional offices and the General Registrar continue to decline.

Expenditures were reduced in order to balance the budget including the elimination of 30.5 general fund positions. The County's general fund contribution to the Williamsburg-James City County School Board will be \$73,800,000, which is a 0.1% or \$72,300 increase from fiscal year 2010.

Contacting the County's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the County's finances and to demonstrate the County's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the Department of Financial and Management Services, 101-F Mounts Bay Road, P.O. Box 8784, Williamsburg, Virginia 23187-8784.



BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement of Net Assets
June 30, 2010

			Primary governm	ent		y presented nent units
Assets		Governmental activities	Business-type activity	Total	Public schools	Economic Developmen Authority
Cash and cash equivalents (note 2) Investments (note 2)	\$	7,419,160	831,247	8,250,407		
Cash and each aminutes at the		33,478,251	33,309,609	66,787,860	16,152,387	2,088,028
Cash and cash equivalents and investments -				00,787,800		_
restricted (notes 2 and 3)		39,489,564	4,610,218	44,099,782		
Receivables, net of allowance for			.,010,210	44,099,762		*****
uncollectibles:						
Taxes, including penalties		24,670,064		21.670.064		
Accounts		-Manage	3,108,058	24,670,064	_	_
Interest		17,441	138,477	3,108,058		64
Loans		137,301	130,477	155,918		
Notes			653,047	137,301	_	-
Miscellaneous		4,668,255	117,912	653,047		201,364
Internal balances (note 5)		598,154	(598,154)	4,786,167	257,472	
Due from primary government (note 8)						_
Due from other governments, net (note 6)		7,823,826	_		4.290,033	108,417
Due from other funds		476,074		7.823,826	1,910,982	
Inventory		276,083	764 400	476,074	TOTAL MARKET	
Prepaid and other assets		1,951,637	764,499	1,040,582	39,775	
Capital assets (note 7):		1,751,057	661,888	2.613,525		
Land and ford inve						
Land and land improvements		25,425,217	2,726,269	28,151,486	0.422	
Construction in progress (note 17)		56,964,016	4,284,901	61,248,917	8,435,126	2.483,106
Buildings, improvements and equipment		309,549,315	222,728,218	532,277,533	1,763,305	166,510
Intangible assets		2,403,663	25,004,570		46,208,692	_
Less accumulated depreciation		, , , , , ,	23,004,370	27,408,233	-	_
and amortization		(81,436,763)	(83,722,100)	(166,150,000)		
Net capital assets	_	312,905,448		(165,158,863)	(18,540,872)	
Total assets	s –	433,911,258	171,021,858	483,927,306	37,866,251	2,649,616
Liabilities and Net Assets	" =	433,911,238	214.618,659	648.529.917	60,516,900	5.047,489
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable (note 4)	\$	1.639,009	650,348	2,289,357	4.751.400	
Accrued liabilities (note 4)		2,141,246	744,759	2,886,005	4,751,498	3,702
Liabilities payable from restricted assets		847,423		847,423	12,032,265	Produce a _r
Due to component units (note 8)		4,398,450	_	4,398,450		_
Due to other funds		476,075		476,075	_	_
Advances for construction (note 17)			135,302			_
Amounts held for others			41,243	135,302		
Unearned revenue (note 9)		968,911	500,000	41,243	_	_
Long-term liabilities (notes 10, 11 and 13):		. ,	500,000	1,468,911	168,270	
Due within one year		17.566,780	1,767,475	10.224.255		
Due in more than one year		210,717,178	34.667,258	19,334,255	393,938	
Total liabilities				245,384,436	2,453,780	
et assets:	_	238,755,072	38,506,385	<u>277,261,457</u>	19,799,751	3,702
						3,702
Invested in capital assets, net of						
related debt		91,045,788	135,071,435	226 117 222		
Restricted net assets:			-00,071,700	226,117,223	37,866,251	2,649,616
Capital projects		41,296,767	4,610,218	15 000 005		
Inventory		276,083	1,010,210	45,906,985		
Loans		137,301	_	276,083	_	
Prepaid items		400,301		137,301	_	
Unrestricted net assets		61,999,946	36,430,621	400,301	_	_
789 A			JU, TJU, U4 I	98,430,567	2,850,898	2,394,171
Total net assets	1	95 156 186	176 110 074	A = 1		
Total liabilities and net assets		95,156,186 33,911,258	176,112,274 214,618,659	371,268,460 648,529,917	40,717,149	5,043,787

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

Statement of Activities Year ended June 30, 2010

		Program revenues	ies	
	Expenses	Charges for	Operating grants and	Capital grants and
			contributions	contributions
\$	23.962.622 5.321.244 22.477.094 19.240,014 7,332,607	6,594,623 1,753,575 2,704,770 213,976	14,469,555 936,113 2,143,910 11,649 3,972,752	1,000 268,054 154,527
	81,441,066 8,938,509 11,472,198 10,671,318	2,547,762 —	11,243 1,616,447	
	190,856,672	13.814,706	23,161,669	423,581
<u> </u>	210.930.739	15,575,143	2.756	3.427.510
—	210,930,738	29,389,849	23,164,425	3,851,091
\$	455,945 121,494,525	110,270 2,504,799	808,875 18.623 895	
\$	121,950,470	2,615,069	19,432,770	
	\$ \$ -	5.321,244 22,477,094 19,240,014 7,332,607 81,441,066 8,938,509 11,472,198 10,671,318 190,856,672 20,074,066 \$ 210,930,738 \$ 455,945 121,494,525	\$ 23.962,622 6.594,623 5.321,244 1.753,575 22.477,094 2.704,770 19,240,014 213,976 7,332,607 81,441,066 8,938,509 11,472,198 10,671,318 190,856,672 13.814,706 20.074,066 15.575,143 \$ 210,930,738 29,389,849 \$ 455,945 121,494,525 2.504,799	Expenses Charges for services grants and contributions \$ 23.962,622 6.594,623 14,469,555 5.321,244 1,753,575 936,113 22,477,094 2,704,770 2,143,910 19,240,014 213,976 11,649 7,332,607 3,972,752 81,441,066 8,938,509 2,547,762 11,243 11,472,198 10,671,318 1,616,447 190,856,672 13,814,706 23,161,669 20,074,066 15,575,143 2,756 \$ 210,930,738 29,389,849 23,164,425 \$ 455,945 110,270 808,875 121,494,525 2,504,799 18,623,895 \$ 121,950,470 2,615,632 18,623,895

General revenues:

Taxes:

Property taxes, levied for general purposes

Local sales and use taxes

Franchise license tax

Taxes on recordation and wills

Hotel and motel room taxes

Restaurant food taxes

Deeds of conveyance

Penalties and interest

Permits, fees and licenses

Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs Interest and investment earnings

Miscellaneous

Total general revenues

Change in net assets

Net assets – beginning, as restated (note 18)

Net assets - ending

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

Exhibit 2

	- .	1.64	Discrete	ly presented
Caraman	Primary governm	ent	compo	nent units
Governmental activities	Business-type activity	Total	Public schools	Economic Developmen Authority
(2,897,444)		(2,897,444)		
(2,363,502)	-	(2,363,502)		
(17,473,887)		(17,473,887)		
(19,014,389)		(19,014,389)		
(3,359,855)		(3,359,855)	-	
(81,441,066)				
(6,379,504)		(81,441,066)		_
(9,855,751)	_	(6,379,504)		
(10,671,318)		(9,855,751)	-	
(153,456,716)		(10,671,318)		
(155, 156, 716)		(153,456,716)	-	
	(1,068,657)	(1,068,657)		
(153,456,716)	(1,068,657)	(154,525,373)		
		(134,323,373)		_
_				162.200
			(100,365,831)	463,200
			(100,365,831)	463,200
109,159,897		109,159,897		
8,421,956		8,421,956	-	
444,015	~	444,015		-
1,100,442		1,100,442		
2,553,820	_	2,553,820	~	-
5,535,946		5,535,946	~_	-
281,771	-	281,771		
17,117		17,117		
6,672,136		6,672,136		
673,668		-	105,639,757	-
1,390,966	956,056	1,629,724	6,021	21.217
	644,620	2,035,586	75,690	21,217 10,322
136,251,734	1.600,676	137,852,410	105,721,468	
(17,204,982)	532,019	(16,672,963)	5,355,637	31,539 494,739
212,361,168	175,580,255	387,941,423	35,361,512	4,549,048
195,156,186				

Balance Sheet

Governmental Funds

June 30, 2010

Assets		General	Capital projects	Debt service	Other governmental	Total governmenta
Cash and cash equivalents and investments	\$	4,145,666			funds	funds
Investments		13,159,979	20,318,272		3,273,494	7,419,160
Cash and cash equivalents and		, , ,	20,510,272			33,478,251
investments – restricted (note 3)		803,492	36,797,894			
Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectibles:		,	30,737.034		1,888,178	39,489,564
Interest		24,668,919	1,145			
Loans		17,031				24,670,064
Miscellaneous (note 4)					410	17,441
Due from other funds (note 5)		4,479,412	70,000		137,301	137,301
Due from other governments, net (note 6)		627,833	433,299		118,843	4,668,255
Inventory		7,185,669	6,228		13,096	1,074,228
Prepaid items		276,083			631,929	7,823,826
•	-	400,301			_	276,083
Total assets	\$	55,764,385	57,626,838			400,301
Liabilities and Fund Balances	=		37,020,030		6,063,251	119,454,474
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable (note 4)	\$	909,852				
Accrued liabilities (note 4)	Ψ	246,235	560,277		168,880	1,639,009
Liabilities payable from restricted assets		818,688	192,926		23,138	462,299
Due to other funds (note 5)		10,168			28,735	847,423
Due to component units (note 8)		122,131	1 245 704		465,907	476,075
Deferred revenue (note 9)		18,223,600	4,245,794	_	30,525	4,398,450
Total liabilities	_		1,145		891,624	19,116,369
Fund balances:		20,330,674	5,000,142		1,608,809	26,939,625
Reserved for:						
Encumbrances						
Inventory		932,917	11,329,929			10.040.044
Loans		276,083				12,262,846
Prepaid items		100 201	_		137,301	276,083
Unreserved:		400,301		_	157.501	137,301
Designated:						400,301
Subsequent years' expenditures,						
reported in special revenue funds						
Potential insurance losses		300,000	_	_	3,497,933	3,497,933
Capital projects		300,000	41.004.545			300.000
Fiscal liquidity		20,254,346	41,296,767			41,296,767
Health insurance		861,093	Annua .	-		20,254,346
Capital reserve fund		12,408,971	_			861,093
Undesignated, reported in:		· ··· (OO, 2 / 1	_		-	12,408,971
Special revenue funds			_		910 200	
Total fund balances		35,433,711	52,626,696		819,208	819,208
Total liabilities and fund balances \$		55,764,385	57,626,838		4,454,442	92,514,849
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			21,020,038		6,063,251	119,454,474

Exhibit 3

COUNTY OF JAMES CITY, VIRGINIA

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds

June 30, 2010

Reconciliation of the balance sheet for governmental funds to the government-wide statement of net assets:		
Ending fund balance – governmental funds Amounts reported for governmental activities in the balance sheet are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	\$	92,514,849
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.		312,905,448
Governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs when the debt is issued. These costs are deferred in the government-wide statement of net assets.		18,147,458
Obligation for OPEB is not due and payable in the current period and is not recorded as a liability in the governmental funds.		1,551,336
Unmatured interest payable reported in governmental activities will not be paid with current financial resources and therefore is not reported in the funds.		(708,962)
Long-term liabilities, including notes and bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.		(1,678,947)
Net assets of governmental activities	\$ =	(227,574,996) 195,156,186
	=	

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Governmental Funds
Year ended June 30, 2010

Revenues:	General	Capital projects	Debt service	Other governmental funds	Total governmental
General property taxes		<u> </u>		idilus	funds
Other local taxes	\$ 107,695,813				
Permits privilege 6	18,355,067				107,695,813
Permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses Fines and forfeitures	6,672,136				18,355,067
Revenue from was a form	296,866		_		6,672,136
Revenue from use of money and property Charges for services	479,461		172 506		296,866
Miscellaneous	4,857,836		173,586	20,621	673,668
Intergovernmental: Local	250,675	231,166	389,700	488,862	4,857,836 1,360,403
Commonwealth				2440	
Federal	24,569,760	6,228		264,867	264,867
	142,336	1,000		3,089,733	27,665,721
Total revenues	163,319,950			4,172,543	4.315,879
Expenditures: Current:	103,319,930	238,394	563,286	8,036,626	172,158,256
General government administration					
Judicial administration	8,300,893			**	
Public safety	4,074,299			22,670	8,323,563
Public works	22,216,507		_	1.227,980	5,302,279
Health and welfare	5.638,923			770,512	22,987,019
Education	1,551,248			11,649	5,650,572
Parks, recreation and cultural	73,757,904			5,781,359	7,332,607
Community development	9,387,646				73,757,904
Nondepartmental	7,866,774		698,874	121,790	9,509,436
Debt service:	556,381			2,520,586	11,086,234
Principal retirement				-	556,381
Interest, other fiscal charges and early retirement			15,077,900	_	15,077,900
Capital outlay - governmental activities			10,365,470		
Capital outlay – school activities		5,864,856	10,303,470		10,365,470
		37,141,083			5,864,856
Total expenditures	133,350,575				37,141,083
Excess (deficiency) of revenues		43,005,939	26,142,244	10,456,546	212,955,304
over (under) expenditures					
when Garages	29,969,375	(42,767,545)	(25.578,958)	(2.410.020)	
ther financing sources (uses): Sale of land				(2,419,920)	(40,797,048)
		29,350			
Proceeds from issuance of debt		14,935,000			29,350
Premium on bond issuance Transfers in (note 5)		12,809			14,935,000
Underwrite de 1'		1,072,909	<u> </u>		12,809
Underwriter's discount		1,072,909	25,680,625	2,340,453	29,093,987
Transfers out (note 5)	(27,668,378)	(1,000,000)	(101,667)		(101,667)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(27,668,378)	15,050,068	75 579 050	(425,609)	(29,093,987)
Net change in fund balances	2,300,997		25,578,958	1,914,844	14,875,492
nd balances at beginning of year, as restated (note 18)	33,132,714	(27,717,477) 80,344,173		(505,076)	(25,921,556)
nd balances at end of year \$	35,433,711		 -	4,959,518	118,436,405
	シンパナル ルイエイ	52,626,696		4,454,442	92,514,849

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Governmental Funds

Year ended June 30, 2010

Year ended June 30, 2010			
Reconciliation of the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances of governmental funds to the statement of activities: Net change in fund balances – total governmental funds		\$	(25,921,556)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because: Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; however, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This amount represents the difference between depreciation expense and capital outlay expenditures. The details of this difference are as follows: Depreciation expense	∢ ^	Ť	(40.021,030)
Capital outlay expenditures Cost of assets sold	\$ (9.832,724) 25,679,574 (9,124,146)		
Because some revenues will not be collected for several months after the County's fiscal year end, they are not considered "available" revenues and are deferred in the governmental funds. Deferred revenue decreased by this amount this year.			6,722,704
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, refunding costs, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related accounts. The details of this difference are as follows: Issuance of debt			1,464,085
Premium on debt issuance Cost of issuance Underwriter's discount Amortization of issuance costs Principal payments Deferred costs OPEB obligation	(14,935,000) (12,809) 160,486 101,667 (109,801) 15,077,900 648,220 (231,000)		
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. This difference includes the decrease in vested compensated absences of \$145,188, increase in landfill postclosure care cost of \$9,218 and increase in accrued interest of \$305,848.			699,663
Change in net assets of governmental activities			(169,878)
		\$	(17,204,982)

Balance Sheet

Proprietary Fund

June 30, 2010

Current courts	James City Service —Authority
Current assets:	Authority
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	¢ 02121
Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectibles:	\$ 831,247
Accounts	33,309,609
Interest	3,108,058
Notes	138,477
Miscellaneous	653,047
Inventory	117,912
•	764,499
Total current assets	
Noncurrent assets:	38,922,849
Capital assets (notes 7, 10 and 16):	
Land	
Land – utility plant	1,750,391
Land improvements	962,695
Construction in progress	13,183
Water and sewer systems – utility plant	4,284,901
Buildings and improvements	217.344,865
Office fixtures and equipment	2,260,462
Automotive equipment	1,023,103
Intangible assets	2,099,788
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	25,004,570
Net capital assets	(83,722,100)
Investments restricted for future use (note 2)	171,021.858
Bond issuance costs, net	4,610,218
Total noncurrent assets	661,888
Total assets	176,293,964
T : 1 max	\$ 215,216,813
Liabilities and Net Assets	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	
Accrued salaries	\$ 650.348
Compensated absences, current portion	55 0,5 10
a surpensated absences, current portion	15,385
Due to other funds (note 5)	
Due to other funds (note 5)	286,351
Due to other funds (note 5) Deposits	286,351 598,154
Due to other funds (note 5) Deposits Interest payable	286,351 598,154 41,243
Due to other funds (note 5) Deposits Interest payable Deferred liability	286,351 598,154 41,243 729,374
Due to other funds (note 5) Deposits Interest payable Deferred liability Current portion of bonds payable (note 10)	286,351 598,154 41,243 729,374 500,000
Due to other funds (note 5) Deposits Interest payable Deferred liability Current portion of bonds payable (note 10) Total current liabilities	286,351 598,154 41,243 729,374 500,000 1,481,124
Due to other funds (note 5) Deposits Interest payable Deferred liability Current portion of bonds payable (note 10) Total current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities:	286,351 598,154 41,243 729,374 500,000
Due to other funds (note 5) Deposits Interest payable Deferred liability Current portion of bonds payable (note 10) Total current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities: Advances for construction (note 16)	286,351 598,154 41,243 729,374 500,000 1,481,124
Due to other funds (note 5) Deposits Interest payable Deferred liability Current portion of bonds payable (note 10) Total current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities: Advances for construction (note 16) OPEB liability	286,351 598,154 41,243 729,374 500,000 1,481,124 4,301,979
Due to other funds (note 5) Deposits Interest payable Deferred liability Current portion of bonds payable (note 10) Total current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities: Advances for construction (note 16) OPEB liability Bonds payable, net of current portion (note 10)	286,351 598,154 41,243 729,374 500,000 1,481,124 4,301,979 135,302 102,509
Due to other funds (note 5) Deposits Interest payable Deferred liability Current portion of bonds payable (note 10) Total current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities: Advances for construction (note 16) OPEB liability Bonds payable, net of current portion (note 10)	286,351 598,154 41,243 729,374 500,000 1,481,124 4,301,979
Due to other funds (note 5) Deposits Interest payable Deferred liability Current portion of bonds payable (note 10) Total current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities: Advances for construction (note 16) OPEB liability Bonds payable, net of current portion (note 10) Compensated absences, net of current portion	286,351 598,154 41,243 729,374 500,000 1,481,124 4,301,979 135,302 102,509
Due to other funds (note 5) Deposits Interest payable Deferred liability Current portion of bonds payable (note 10) Total current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities: Advances for construction (note 16) OPEB liability Bonds payable, net of current portion (note 10) Compensated absences, net of current portion Total noncurrent liabilities	286,351 598,154 41,243 729,374 500,000 1,481,124 4,301,979 135,302 102,509 34,469,299
Due to other funds (note 5) Deposits Interest payable Deferred liability Current portion of bonds payable (note 10) Total current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities: Advances for construction (note 16) OPEB liability Bonds payable, net of current portion (note 10) Compensated absences, net of current portion Total noncurrent liabilities Total liabilities	286,351 598,154 41,243 729,374 500,000 1,481,124 4,301,979 135,302 102,509 34,469,299 95,450 34,802,560
Due to other funds (note 5) Deposits Interest payable Deferred liability Current portion of bonds payable (note 10) Total current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities: Advances for construction (note 16) OPEB liability Bonds payable, net of current portion (note 10) Compensated absences, net of current portion Total noncurrent liabilities Total liabilities tassets:	286,351 598,154 41,243 729,374 500,000 1,481,124 4,301,979 135,302 102,509 34,469,299 95,450
Due to other funds (note 5) Deposits Interest payable Deferred liability Current portion of bonds payable (note 10) Total current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities: Advances for construction (note 16) OPEB liability Bonds payable, net of current portion (note 10) Compensated absences, net of current portion Total noncurrent liabilities Total liabilities t assets: Invested in capital assets, net of related deby	286,351 598,154 41,243 729,374 500,000 1,481,124 4,301,979 135,302 102,509 34,469,299 95,450 34,802,560 39,104,539
Due to other funds (note 5) Deposits Interest payable Deferred liability Current portion of bonds payable (note 10) Total current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities: Advances for construction (note 16) OPEB liability Bonds payable, net of current portion (note 10) Compensated absences, net of current portion Total noncurrent liabilities Total liabilities t assets: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for capital projects	286,351 598,154 41,243 729,374 500,000 1,481,124 4,301,979 135,302 102,509 34,469,299 95,450 34,802,560 39,104,539
Due to other funds (note 5) Deposits Interest payable Deferred liability Current portion of bonds payable (note 10) Total current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities: Advances for construction (note 16) OPEB liability Bonds payable, net of current portion (note 10) Compensated absences, net of current portion Total noncurrent liabilities Total liabilities t assets: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for capital projects Unrestricted net assets	286,351 598,154 41,243 729,374 500,000 1,481,124 4,301,979 135,302 102,509 34,469,299 95,450 34,802,560 39,104,539 135,071,435 4,610,218
Due to other funds (note 5) Deposits Interest payable Deferred liability Current portion of bonds payable (note 10) Total current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities: Advances for construction (note 16) OPEB liability Bonds payable, net of current portion (note 10) Compensated absences, net of current portion Total noncurrent liabilities Total liabilities t assets: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for capital projects Unrestricted net assets Total net assets	286,351 598,154 41,243 729,374 500,000 1,481,124 4,301,979 135,302 102,509 34,469,299 95,450 34,802,560 39,104,539 135,071,435 4,610,218 36,430,621
Due to other funds (note 5) Deposits Interest payable Deferred liability Current portion of bonds payable (note 10) Total current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities: Advances for construction (note 16) OPEB liability Bonds payable, net of current portion (note 10) Compensated absences, net of current portion Total noncurrent liabilities Total liabilities t assets: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for capital projects Unrestricted net assets	286,351 598,154 41,243 729,374 500,000 1,481,124 4,301,979 135,302 102,509 34,469,299 95,450 34,802,560 39,104,539 135,071,435 4,610,218

Exhibit 6

COUNTY OF JAMES CITY, VIRGINIA

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets

Proprietary Fund

Year ended June 30, 2010

Operating revenues:	_	James City Service Authority
Water and sewer services Water supply proffers Rental income Miscellaneous	\$	12,314,268 52,908 144,441 450,027
Total operating revenues Operating expenses: Salaries	_	12,961,644
Fringe benefits Operating supplies Maintenance of buildings and equipment Utilities Contractual fees Depreciation and amortization Other		4,133,261 1,570,514 866,624 1,969,116 771,544 889,869 7,087,224
Total operating expenses Operating loss		784,305 18,072,457
Nonoperating revenues (expenses): Facility charges Investment income Loss on disposal of capital assets Interest expense, net		(5,110,813) 3,260,875 956,056 (251,710)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses), net		(1,749,899) 2,215,322
Income before contributions Capital contributions	•	(2,895,491)
Increase in net assets		3,427,510
Total fund net assets at beginning of year Total fund net assets at end of year		532,019 75,580,255 76,112,274

Statement of Cash Flows

Proprietary Fund

Year ended June 30, 2010

Cash flows from operating activities:		James City Service Authority
Cash receipts from customers Other operating cash receipts	\$	12,386,926
Cash payments to suppliers of goods and services		533,142
Cash payments to employees for services		(9,603,927)
Facility charges		(1,440,723) 3,260,875
Net cash provided by operating activities	-	5,136,293
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Payment of debt	•	
Interest paid		(1,395,000) (1,639,743)
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(3,274,362)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		75,950
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	_	(6,233,155)
Cash flows from investing activities: Purchases of investments		
Sales of investments		(49,529,567)
Interest received		49,994,692
		1,004,816
Net cash provided by investing activities		1,469,941
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		373,079
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		458,168
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	831,247
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities Operating loss	es:	
	\$	(5,110,813)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:		(),010)
Depreciation and amortization Facility charges		7.087,224
Changes in assets and liabilities:		3,260,875
Accounts receivable		- , , - , - , -
Accounts receivable, miscellaneous		101,019
Notes receivable		38,813
Inventory		(153,047)
Accounts payable		(94,565)
Accrued salaries		127,911
Due to other funds		(13,833)
Deposits		(104,930) (28,361)
OPEB liability		26,000
Net cash provided by operating activities		5,136,293
Supplemental schedule – noncash capital and investing activities: Capital asset contributions		
)	3,427,510
Unrealized gain from change in fair value of investments		

Exhibit 8

COUNTY OF JAMES CITY, VIRGINIA

Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2010

Assets	1	Pension trust fund	Agency funds
Cash and cash equivalents (note 2) Restricted cash and cash equivalents and investments with fiscal agent/trustee (notes 2 and 12):	\$		1,681,886
Money market funds Bond mutual funds Debt and equities U.S. stock funds International stock funds Accounts receivable Prepaid item		3,794,445 573,677 4,688,963 5,377,657 620,022	7,517,442
Total assets	\$ 1	5,054,764	5,889
Liabilities and Net Assets			12,304,790
Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Amounts held for others	\$		853,451
Total liabilities			11,451,345
Net assets: Held in trust for employees' retirement Total liabilities and net assets		5,054,764 5,054,764	12,304,796

Exhibit 9

COUNTY OF JAMES CITY, VIRGINIA

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets

Fiduciary Funds

Year ended June 30, 2010

	_	Pension trust fund
Additions:	_	
Revenue from use of money and property	\$	1,363,374
Contributions	-	2,047,498
Total additions		3,410,872
Deductions:		
Distributions to employees		526,251
Change in net assets held in trust for employees' retirement	_	2,884,621
Net assets at beginning of year	_	12,170,143
Net assets at end of year	\$ _	15,054,764

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2010

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The County of James City (the County or the primary government) operates under the County Administrator form of government (as defined under Virginia Law). The elected five-member Board of Supervisors appoints a County Administrator to serve as the Chief Executive Officer of the County.

The accompanying financial statements of the County of James City, Virginia conform to U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applicable to government units promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The following is a summary of the County's more significant accounting policies:

(a) The Financial Reporting Entity

As defined by U.S. GAAP established by GASB, the financial reporting entity consists of the primary government and its component units, which are legally separate organizations for which the Board of Supervisors of the County is financially accountable. Financial accountability is defined as appointment of a voting majority of the component unit's board, and either (a) the ability to impose will by the primary government, or (b) the possibility that the component unit will provide a financial benefit or impose a financial burden on the primary government.

These financial statements present the County and its component units. The component units discussed below are included in the County's reporting entity because of the significance of the operational or financial relationships with the County.

Blended Component Units

1. James City Service Authority

The James City Service Authority (the Authority) was established on June 30, 1969, by resolution of the Board of Supervisors of James City County, Virginia and was chartered by the Commonwealth of Virginia State Corporation Commission in July 1969 to provide water and sewer service to County residents as permitted under the *Code of Virginia*, 1950, as amended (the Enabling Act).

The Authority's governing body is appointed by the James City County Board of Supervisors, although the Authority is legally separate. The James City County Board of Supervisors is the appointed Board of Directors of the Authority.

The County can impose its will over the Authority, significantly influencing the programs, projects, activities, or level of service. Although a financial benefit or burden relationship may not exist, the County is financially accountable. The Authority is accounted for as a proprietary fund and its financial statements have been blended with the County's financial statements for reporting purposes.

The Authority's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010 may be obtained from the Department of Financial and Management Services, 101-F Mounts Bay Road, P.O. Box 8784, Williamsburg, Virginia 23187-8784.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2010

2. Williamsburg Area Transit Authority

The Williamsburg Area Transport Company (the Company) was originally incorporated on October 15, 1980. The Company provided transportation systems to James City County, the City of Williamsburg and the Bruton District of York County. Although the Company was legally separate, the James City County Board of Supervisors was the appointed Board of Directors of the Company. The County could impose its will over the Company and was financially accountable for the Company. On August 28, 2008, the Company was reorganized as the Williamsburg Area Transit Authority (the Transit Authority) with its own Board of Directors. However, its operations and the financial relationship remained unchanged through June 30, 2009. Effective July 1, 2009, the Transit Authority became financially independent from the County. Separately issued financial statements were prepared, and the County accounts for the Transit Authority as an agency fund since it continues to serve as its fiscal agent. More information on this can be found on page 31 and the restatement of net assets in note 18 on page 67 of the notes to basic financial statements.

Discretely Presented Component Units

1. Williamsburg-James City County Public Schools

The Williamsburg-James City County Public Schools (the Public Schools), pursuant to an agreement dated January 14, 1954, as amended, is responsible for educating the school-age population of the City of Williamsburg, Virginia (the City) and the County. Two members of the School Board are appointed by the City Council of the City. Five members of the School Board represent James City County and are elected by the citizens of James City County.

Although the Public Schools are legally separate, the County is financially accountable due to the significance of the fiscal dependency relationship with the Public Schools.

Local costs related to operations of the Public Schools are apportioned between the participating localities in accordance with the agreement, as amended. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010, the apportionment of the Public Schools' operating costs to the City and County was \$6,910,712 and 8.57% and \$73,727,700 and 91.43%, respectively. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010, the contributions for the Public Schools' capital project costs from the City and County were \$1,508,858 and 3.9% and \$37,141,083 and 96.1%, respectively.

The Public Schools' financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010 may be obtained from the Finance Department, 101-D Mounts Bay Road, Williamsburg, Virginia 23185.

2. James City County Economic Development Authority

The James City County Economic Development Authority (the Development Authority) is responsible for industrial and commercial development in the County. The Development Authority makes recommendations to the James City County board of supervisors. The Development Authority consists of seven members appointed by the James City County board of supervisors. Although the Development Authority is a legally separate entity, the County is

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2010

financially accountable due to the significance of the fiscal dependency relationship with the Development Authority.

From time to time, the Development Authority has issued Industrial Revenue Bonds (the Bonds) to provide financial assistance to private-sector entities for the acquisition and construction of industrial and commercial facilities deemed to be in the public interest. The Bonds are secured by the property financed and are payable solely from payments received on the underlying mortgage loans. Upon repayment of the Bonds, ownership of the acquired facilities transfers to the private-sector entity served by the bond issuance. Neither the County, the state, nor any political subdivision thereof is obligated in any manner for repayment of the Bonds. Accordingly, the Bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements. As of June 30, 2010, there were 17 series of Industrial Revenue Bonds outstanding, with an aggregate principal amount payable of approximately \$361 million.

The Development Authority's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010 may be obtained from the Director of Economic Development, 5308 Discovery Park Boulevard, Suite 203, Williamsburg, Virginia 23188.

Other Related Organizations and Joint Ventures

Separate financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010, for all other related organizations and joint ventures discussed below except the Colonial Community Corrections Program, Inc., the Virginia Peninsulas Public Service Authority, and the Williamsburg Regional Library, may be obtained from the Director of Accounting of James City County, 101-F Mounts Bay Road, P.O. Box 8784, Williamsburg, Virginia 23187-8784.

1. Williamsburg Area Medical Assistance Corporation

The Williamsburg Area Medical Assistance Corporation (the Corporation) was incorporated on February 19, 1993. The Corporation provides a primary medical care clinic to economically disadvantaged persons in the Counties of James City and York and the City of Williamsburg. The County appoints one board member to the Corporation. The Corporation is a legally separate organization, and the County cannot impose its will on the Corporation. The program is fiscally independent, and there is no financial benefit or burden relationship with the County. The County is fiscal agent for the Corporation, and as a result, the Corporation's financial transactions are included as an agency fund in the County's financial statements.

2. Colonial Community Corrections Program

The Colonial Community Corrections Program (the Program) serves the Counties of James City, New Kent, York and Charles City, and the City of Williamsburg. Each jurisdiction appoints one member to the Board. The Program is fiscally independent, and there is no financial benefit or burden relationship with the County. The County is the fiscal and administrative agent and the Program is included as a special revenue fund in the County's financial statements.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2010

3. Virginia Peninsulas Public Service Authority

The Virginia Peninsulas Public Service Authority (the Public Service Authority), was created pursuant to the *Code of Virginia*, 1950, as amended, between the Cities of Hampton, Newport News, Poquoson and Williamsburg, and the Counties of Essex, Gloucester, James City, King and Queen, King William, Mathews, Middlesex and York. The Public Service Authority's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010 may be obtained from the Public Service Authority, 300 McLaws Circle, Suite 200, Williamsburg, Virginia 23185-5676.

Each jurisdiction appoints one board member. The Public Service Authority is a legally separate organization, and the County cannot impose its will on the Public Service Authority. The Public Service Authority is fiscally independent, and there is no financial benefit or burden relationship with the County; therefore, it is not included in the County's financial statements.

4. Williamsburg Regional Library

Pursuant to an agreement dated May 26, 1977, as amended, the Williamsburg Regional Library (the Library) provides library services to the City and the County. The Library is operated by a board of trustees. Each jurisdiction appoints four trustees. The Library is a legally separate organization, and the County cannot impose its will on the trustees. The Library is fiscally independent, and there is no financial benefit or burden relationship with the County; therefore, it is not included in the County's financial statements. The Library's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010 may be obtained from the Library, 7770 Croaker Road, Williamsburg, Virginia 23188.

5. Virginia Peninsula Regional Jail Authority

The Virginia Peninsula Regional Jail Authority (the Jail Authority) was organized and exists pursuant to resolutions adopted in 1993 by and between the Cities of Williamsburg and Poquoson and the Counties of James City and York. The Jail Authority is operated by a board. Each member jurisdiction appoints one member. The Jail Authority is a legally separate organization, and the County cannot impose its will on the Jail Authority.

The Jail Authority is fiscally independent, and there is no financial benefit or burden relationship with the County. The County is charged user fees based on inmate population in order to cover direct and indirect costs of the Jail Authority. The County is fiscal agent for the Jail Authority, and as such, the Jail Authority's financial transactions are included as an agency fund in the County's financial statements.

6. Middle Peninsula Juvenile Detention Commission

The Middle Peninsula Juvenile Detention Commission (the Commission) was created as a political subdivision of the Commonwealth of Virginia by resolutions adopted in 1993. The member jurisdictions are as follows: Caroline County, Charles City County, Essex County, Gloucester County, Hanover County, James City County, King and Queen County, King William County, Lancaster County, Mathews County, Middlesex County, New Kent County,

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2010

Northumberland County, City of Poquoson, Richmond County, Westmoreland County, City of Williamsburg and York County. The Commission is operated by a board.

Each member jurisdiction appoints one member. The Commission is a legally separate organization, and the County cannot impose its will on the Commission. The Commission is fiscally independent, and there is no financial benefit or burden relationship with the County. The County is charged user fees based on juvenile population in order to cover direct and indirect costs of the Commission. The County is fiscal agent for the Commission, and as such, the Commission's financial statements are included as an agency fund in the County's financial statements.

7. Williamsburg Area Transit Authority

The Williamsburg Area Transport Company (the Company) was originally incorporated on October 15, 1980. The Company provided transportation systems to James City County, the City of Williamsburg and the Bruton District of York County. Although the Company was legally separate, the James City County Board of Supervisors was the appointed Board of Directors of the Company. The County could impose its will over the Company and was financially accountable for the Company. On August 28, 2008, the Company was reorganized as the Williamsburg Area Transit Authority (the Transit Authority) with its own Board of Directors. However, its operations and the financial relationship remained unchanged through June 30, 2009. Effective July 1, 2009, the Transit Authority became financially independent from the County. Separately issued financial statements were prepared, and the County accounts for the Transit Authority as an agency fund since it continues to serve as its fiscal agent.

(b) The Financial Reporting Model

In June 1999, GASB issued Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments. This statement, known as the "Reporting Model" statement, affects the way the County prepares and presents financial information. State and local governments, including other governmental entities such as the County, traditionally have used a financial reporting model substantially different from the one used to prepare private-sector financial reports.

GASB Statement No. 34 establishes requirements and a new reporting model for the annual financial reports of state and local governments, including other governmental entities. The statement was developed to make annual reports easier to understand and more useful to the people who use governmental financial information to make decisions and includes:

Management's Discussion and Analysis – GASB Statement No. 34 requires that financial statements be accompanied by a narrative introduction and analytical overview of the government's financial activities in the form of "management's discussion and analysis" (MD&A). This analysis is similar to analysis the private sector provides in their annual reports.

Government-Wide Financial Statements – The reporting model includes financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all of the government's activities. This approach includes not just current assets and liabilities (such as cash and accounts payable) but also capital assets and

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2010

long-term liabilities (such as buildings and debt). Accrual accounting also reports all of the revenues and cost of providing services each year, not just those received or paid in the current year or soon thereafter.

Statement of Net Assets – The government-wide statement of net assets is designed to display the financial position of the County. Governments report all capital assets, including infrastructure, in the government-wide statement of net assets and report depreciation expense – the cost of "using up" capital assets – in the statement of activities. The net assets of a government are broken down into three categories – 1) invested in capital assets, net of related debt; 2) restricted; and 3) unrestricted.

Statement of Activities – The government-wide statement of activities reports expenses and revenues in a format that focuses on the cost of each of the government's functions. The expense of individual functions is compared to the revenues generated directly by the function (for instance, through user charges or intergovernmental grants).

Fund Financial Statements – These statements are, in substance, very similar to the financial statements presented in the previous financial reporting model. Emphasis here is on major funds.

(c) Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The accompanying basic financial statements include both government-wide (based on the County as a whole) and fund financial statements. While the previous reporting model emphasized fund types (the total of all funds of a particular type), in the new reporting model, the focus is on either the County as a whole or major individual funds (within the fund financial statements). Both the government-wide and fund financial statements (within the basic financial statements) categorize primary activities as either governmental or business type. In the government-wide statement of net assets, the governmental and business-type activities columns (a) are presented on a consolidated basis by column, and (b) are reflected, on a full accrual basis of accounting and economic resources measurement focus, which incorporates long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The County generally first uses restricted assets for expenses incurred for which both restricted and unrestricted assets are available. The County may defer the use of restricted assets based on a review of the specific transaction.

The government-wide statement of activities reflects both the gross and net cost per functional category that are otherwise being supported by general government revenues. The statement of activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants and contributions. The program revenues must be directly associated with the function or a business-type activity. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operation or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues. Administrative overhead charges are allocated to the programs and included in direct expenses. The operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants.

In the fund financial statements, financial transactions and accounts of the County are organized on the basis of funds. The operation of each fund is considered to be an independent fiscal and separate

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2010

accounting entity, with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and/or other financial resources together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations. The governmental fund statements are presented on a current financial resources measurement focus and modified accrual basis of accounting. Since the governmental fund statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide statements' governmental activities column, a reconciliation is presented which explains the adjustments necessary to reconcile the fund financial statements to the governmental activities column of the government-wide financial statements. The County's fiduciary funds are presented in the fund financial statements. Since, by definition, these assets are being held for the benefit of third parties and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the County, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide statements.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – The General Fund is the general operating fund of the County. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in other funds. A significant part of the General Fund's revenues is contributed to the joint-school operations of the City and County or is transferred to other funds principally to fund debt service, capital projects and social services requirements.

Capital Projects Fund – The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by the proprietary fund.

Debt Service Fund – The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of principal, interest and related costs on long-term debt of governmental funds.

The County reports the following major proprietary funds:

James City Service Authority – The James City Service Authority accounts for the operation of the County's water and sewer services.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types:

Nonmajor Governmental Funds – Nonmajor Governmental Funds include special revenue funds which account for revenue derived from specific sources that are restricted by legal and regulatory provisions to finance specific activities of the County.

Nonmajor Fiduciary Funds – Nonmajor Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by the County in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units and/or other funds. The Fiduciary Funds of the County are the Pension Trust Fund, which is the Deferred Compensation Plan and is accounted for in essentially the same manner as proprietary funds. Also included are the Agency Funds, which consist of Special Welfare, Williamsburg Area Medical Assistance Corporation, Regional Jail, Juvenile Detention, Williamsburg Area Transit Authority and School Activity Funds.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
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(d) Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds are accounted for using the current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet in the funds statements. Long-term assets and long-term liabilities are included in the government-wide statements. Operating statements of the governmental funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

The accompanying fund financial statements of the governmental funds are maintained and reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting using the current financial resources measurement focus. Under this method of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they become measurable and available to finance operations during the year. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 45 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures, other than interest on long-term debt, are recorded when the fund liability is incurred. Interest on long-term debt is recorded when due.

In applying the modified accrual concept to intergovernmental revenues, the legal and contractual requirements of the numerous individual programs are used as guidance. There are, however, essentially two types of those revenues. In one, monies must be expended for the specific purpose or project before any amounts will be paid to the County, which is usually within 45 days; therefore, revenues are recognized based upon the expenditures recorded. In the other, monies are virtually unrestricted as to purpose of expenditure and are usually revocable only for failure to comply with prescribed compliance requirements. These resources are reflected as revenues at the time of receipt or earlier if the susceptible to accrual criteria are met.

Real estate and personal property taxes are recorded as revenues and receivables when levied and billed, net of allowances for uncollectible amounts. Property taxes levied but not collected within 45 days after year end are reflected as deferred revenue. Sales taxes, which are collected by the state and subsequently remitted to the County, are recognized as revenues and receivables upon execution of the sale, which is generally two months preceding receipt by the County.

License and permits, fines and rents are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded at fair value as earned since they are measurable and available.

The government-wide and the proprietary fund financial statements are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these activities are included on the statement of net assets. The proprietary fund-type operating statement presents increases (e.g., revenues) and decreases (e.g., expenses) in net total assets.

The statement of net assets, statement of activities and financial statements of the proprietary fund are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when liabilities are incurred without regard to

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2010

receipt or disbursement of cash. The proprietary fund distinguishes operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the County's proprietary fund are charges to customers for services. Operating expenses for the proprietary fund include the cost of services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 20, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities that use Proprietary Fund Accounting, proprietary fund types follow all applicable GASB pronouncements as well as all Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements and predecessor Accounting Principles Board Opinions and Accounting Research Bulletins (ARB) issued on or before November 30, 1989. Under paragraph 7 of GASB Statement No. 20, the County has elected not to apply FASB pronouncements issued after November 30, 1989.

(e) Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash equivalents are defined as short-term, highly liquid investments that are both (a) readily convertible to known amounts of cash, and (b) so near the maturity that they present insignificant risk of changes in value because of changes in interest rates. Generally, the County considers investments with original maturities of 90 days or less to be cash equivalents.

(f) Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts

The County calculates its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data and specific account analysis. The allowance for uncollectible accounts relating solely to property taxes was \$98,097 in the General Fund at June 30, 2010. Additionally, the County recorded an allowance for uncollectible accounts of \$23,209 related to business, professional and occupational license taxes and \$295,259 for the Advance Life Support/Basic Life Support (ALS/BLS) fees.

The Authority has few uncollectible receivables and does not use allowance accounts. State law permits filing of liens against real property for unpaid utility charges. The write-off of bad debts only occurs when the property is sold prior to the lien process being instituted.

(g) Investments

All investments of the County are stated at fair value as of June 30, 2010, in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools.

(h) Inventory

All inventories, which consist of materials and supplies, are valued at cost using the average-cost method. Reported inventories are accounted for under the consumption method (i.e., recorded as expenditures when used) in the governmental and proprietary funds. The cost is recorded as an expenditure at the time individual inventory items are consumed. Quantities on hand at year end are

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2010

recorded at cost on the balance sheet with an offsetting reserve to fund balance which indicates that they do not constitute available spendable resources.

(i) Capital Assets

Capital outlays are recorded as expenditures of the General and Special Revenue Funds and as assets in the accompanying government-wide financial statements to the extent the County's capitalization threshold of \$5,000 is met. Depreciation is recorded on capital assets on a government-wide basis. Capital outlays of the proprietary funds are recorded as capital assets and depreciated over their estimated useful lives on a straight-line basis on both the funds basis and the government-wide basis. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual cost was not available. Contributed capital assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date donated.

Maintenance, repairs and minor equipment are charged to operations when incurred. Expenditures that materially change capacities or extend useful lives are capitalized. Upon sale or retirement of capital assets, the cost and related accumulated depreciation, if applicable, are eliminated from the respective accounts and any resulting gain or loss is included in the results of operations.

Depreciation of capital assets is calculated on the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings and improvements	10 to 50 years
Improvements other than buildings	6 to 40 years
Equipment and vehicles	3 to 20 years
Infrastructure	20 to 40 years

(j) Compensated Absences

County employees are granted sick and vacation leave in varying amounts based on length of service. They may accumulate, subject to certain limitations, unused sick and vacation leave, and upon retirement, termination, or death, may be compensated for certain amounts at their then current rates of pay. The accumulated annual sick and vacation leave estimated to be payable upon separation are recorded in the accompanying government-wide financial statements.

(k) Unbilled Revenue

The Authority records the amount of earned but unbilled service charges revenue by prorating actual subsequent billings. Amounts accrued but unbilled were approximately \$1,059,000 at June 30, 2010.

(l) Property Taxes

Real property taxes are recognized as receivables when levied. Real property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property automatically. Taxes are levied no later than October 1 and are due by December 5 and June 5.

Property taxes levied in the current and prior year have been recorded in governmental activities as receivables as of the date the County has the legal right to receive payments thereon. Personal property taxes create a lien on the assessed property. The receivables collected during the fiscal year

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2010

and during the first 45 days of the succeeding fiscal year are recognized in the General Fund as revenues in the current fiscal year.

A penalty of 10% of the tax is assessed on December 6 and June 6 on taxes outstanding as of those dates and interest at 10% per annum is added.

(m) Risk Management

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Property and liability coverages are provided through third-party insurance. The County's retention is through deductibles on a per-claim basis. Deductibles and coverage limits at June 30, 2010 are as follows:

		Deductibles
Property	\$ _	10,000
Flood		25,000
Earthquake		25,000
General liability and law enforcement		100,000
Automobile:		
Liability		100,000
Comprehensive		1,000
Collision		1,000
Crime		250
Worker's Compensation		None

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2010

	_	Coverage limits
Property insurance:		
Valuation at functional replacement	\$	17,394,893
Flood (outside 100 year flood plain)		17,394,893
Business interruption/extra expense		3,000,000
Property in transit		5,000,000
Increased cost of construction/ordinance		
demolition		20,000,000
Back-up of sewers and drains		1,000,000
Debris removal		20,000,000
Pollutant clean-up and removal		500,000
Off premises power failure		1,000,000
Media reproduction		100,000
Newly acquired locations for up to 120 days		10,000,000
General liability and law enforcement		9,000,000
Automobile liability		9,000,000
Public officials		9,000,000
Crime		500,000
Workers' compensation	9	Statutory limits

There have been no reductions in insurance coverages from the prior year, and settled claims have not exceeded the amount of insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

(n) Bond Premiums, Discounts and Issuance Costs

In the accompanying government-wide financial statements, bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the terms of the related issues on a straight-line basis, which approximates the effective interest method.

In the accompanying fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

(o) Interfund Transactions

Interfund transactions are reflected as either loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers. Loans are reported as receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between governmental or proprietary funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide presentation.

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Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2010

(p) Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, in which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriations, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the General, Special Revenue and Capital Projects Funds. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are reported as reservations of fund balances since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities under GAAP.

(q) Fund Balances

Fund balances have been reserved for those portions of fund balances that are not available for expenditures or are legally segregated for a specific use.

- Reserved for encumbrances Represents funds appropriated and encumbered for outstanding purchase orders, contracts and other commitments.
- Reserved for inventory Represents funds invested in inventory and not available for future use.
- Reserved for loans Represents mortgage loans and security deposits as part of the Homeless Intervention Program.
- Reserved for prepaid items Represents outstanding paid for items related to the next fiscal year.
- Unreserved-designated for subsequent years' expenditures Designated for future expenditures of individual funds.
- Unreserved-designated for potential insurance losses Designated for future multiple insurance claims that would exceed deductible amounts.
- Unreserved-designated for capital projects Designated for capital improvements projects.
- Unreserved-designated for fiscal liquidity Fund balance targeted between 8% and 12% of total operating budget (General Fund plus the County's share of the Component Unit Public Schools).
- *Unreserved-designated for health insurance* Designated for future insurance increases.
- Unreserved-designated for capital reserve fund Designated for future debt payments.
- *Unreserved-undesignated* Fund balance that has not been designated for specific purposes.

(r) Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Such estimates also affect the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates and assumptions.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2010

(s) New Accounting Principles

Effective with the financial report for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2010, the County has adopted the following statement of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB): GASB 51, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Intangible Assets. This statement establishes standards for reporting intangible assets. The County has easements that are considered intangible assets.

(t) Subsequent Events

In preparing these financial statements, the County has evaluated events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through November 18, 2010, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

(2) Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments

Primary Government

(a) Deposits

At year end, the carrying value of the deposits with banks and savings and loans was \$10,504,364, and the bank balance was \$12,008,882. The difference between the carrying value of bank deposits and the bank balance is primarily due to outstanding checks and deposits in transit. The entire bank balance was covered by federal depository insurance or collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the Act). These deposits do not include \$820,812 of cash in the School Activity Fund, an agency fund of the County.

Under the Act, banks holding public deposits in excess of the amounts insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) must pledge collateral in the amount of 50% of excess deposits to a collateral pool in the name of the State Treasury Board. Savings and loan institutions are required to collateralize 100% of deposits in excess of FDIC limits. If any member financial institution fails, the entire collateral becomes available to satisfy the claims of the County. If the value of the pool's collateral is inadequate to cover a loss, additional amounts would be assessed on a pro rata basis to the members (banks and savings and loans) of the pool; therefore, these deposits are considered collateralized and as a result are considered insured. The State Treasury Board is responsible for monitoring compliance with the collateralization and reporting requirements of the Act and for notifying local governments of compliance by banks and savings and loans.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2010

(b) Investments

As of June 30, 2010, the primary government had the following investments and maturities:

			Original in	vestment maturity	y (in years)
	-	Fair value	Less than 1	1-2	2-4
Commonwealth of Virginia					
LGIP	\$	25,652,510	25,652,510		
Money market funds		39,893,323	39,893,323		vicementore
Federal agency bonds/notes		30,458,214	650,000	5,838,489	23,969,725
Corporate notes		5,616,643			5,616,643
U.S. Treasury notes	_	7,012,995		7,012,995	
	\$_	108,633,685	66,195,833	12,851,484	29,586,368

(c) Summary of Deposits

A reconciliation of the carrying value of deposits and investments reported above to amounts reported in the statement of net assets is as follows:

Deposits	\$	10,504,364
Investments		108,633,685
	\$ =	119,138,049
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$	8,250,407 66,787,860
Cash and cash equivalents and investments - restricted	_	44,099,782
	\$ _	119,138,049

(d) Investment Policy

In accordance with the Code of Virginia and other applicable law, including regulations, the County's Investment Policy (the Policy) permits investments in U.S. government obligations, municipal obligations, prime quality commercial paper, and certain corporate notes, bankers' acceptances, repurchase agreements, negotiable certificates of deposit, bank deposit notes, mutual funds that invest exclusively in securities specifically permitted under the Policy, and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (the Virginia LGIP, a 2a-7 like pool).

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2010

The Policy establishes limitations on the holdings of non-U.S. government obligations. The maximum percentage of the portfolio (book value at the date of acquisition) permitted in each security is as follows:

Registered money market mutual funds	100% maximum
Commonwealth of Virginia LGIP	100% maximum
Repurchase agreements	50% maximum
Bankers' acceptances	40% maximum
Commercial paper	35% maximum
Negotiable certificates of deposit/bank notes	20% maximum
Municipal obligations	20% maximum
Corporate notes	15% maximum
Bank deposits	25% maximum

(e) Credit Risk

As required by state statute, the Policy requires that commercial paper have a short-term debt rating of no less than "A-1" (or its equivalent) from at least two of the following; Moody's Investors Service, Standard & Poor's, Fitch Investor's Service, and Duff and Phelps. Corporate notes must have a minimum of "Aa" long-term debt rating by Moody's Investors Service and a minimum of "AA" long-term debt rating by Standard & Poor's. Negotiable Certificates of Deposit and bank deposit notes maturing in less than one year must have a short-term debt rating of at least "A-1" by Standard & Poor's and "P-1" by Moody's Investors Service. Notes having a maturity of greater than one year must be rated "AA" by Standard & Poor's and "Aa" by Moody's Investors Service.

Although state statute does not impose credit standards on repurchase agreement counterparties, bankers' acceptances or money market mutual funds, the County has established stringent credit standards for these investments to minimize portfolio risk.

The County's investments as of June 30, 2010 were rated by Standard & Poor's, Moody's and Fitch and/or an equivalent national rating organization and the ratings are presented on the following page:

	_		In	vestment rating	s		
	_	AAA	AA+	AA	AA-	Unrated	Total
Commonwealth of							
Virginia LGIP	\$	25,652,510					25,652,510
Money market funds						39,893,323	39,893,323
Corporate notes		2,892,636	516,096	1,588,488	619,423		5,616,643
Federal agency							
bonds/notes		30,458,214					30,458,214
U.S. Treasury notes	_					7,012,995	7,012,995
Total	\$_	59,003,360	516,096	1,588,488	619,423	46,906,318	108,633,685

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Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2010

(f) Concentration of Credit Risk

The Policy establishes limitations on portfolio composition by issuer in order to control concentration of credit risk. No more than 5% of the County's portfolio will be invested in the securities of any single issuer with the following exceptions:

U.S. Treasury	100% maximum
Each money market mutual fund	50% maximum
Each federal agency	35% maximum
Each repurchase agreement	
counterparty	25% maximum

As of June 30, 2010, the portions of the County's portfolio (excluding the blended component units), excluding U.S. Treasury notes, that exceed 5% of the total portfolio are as follows:

Issuer	% of portfolio
Federal Home Loan Bank	34.8%
Federal National Mortgage	167
Association	16.7

(g) Interest Rate Risk

As a means of limiting exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the County's Policy limits the investment of short-term operating funds to an average weighted maturity of no more than 180 days, with a portion of the portfolio continuously invested in readily available funds. The operating fund core portfolio will be invested in permitted investments with a stated maturity of no more than five years from the date of purchase. To control the volatility of the core portfolio, the Treasurer will determine a duration target, not to exceed three years.

Proceeds from the sale of bonds must be invested in compliance with the specific requirements of the bond covenants and may be invested in securities with longer maturities, so long as the maturity does not exceed the expected disbursement date of those funds.

(h) Custodial Credit Risk

The Policy requires that all investment securities purchased by the County or held as collateral on deposits or investments shall be held by the County or by a third-party custodial agent who may not otherwise be a counterparty to the investment transaction. As of June 30, 2010, all of the County's investments are held in a bank's trust department in the name of James City County.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2010

(i) Component Unit - Public Schools

Cash and cash equivalents:
Bank deposits (including School
Activity Funds) \$ 16,610,853
Certificates of deposit
Money market funds
Investment in LGIP \$ 16,973,199

At year end, the carrying value of the Public Schools' deposits with banks and savings institutions in the General Fund and the Special Revenue Fund was \$16,973,199 (including \$820,812 of the School Activity Funds) and the bank balance was \$18,867,197. The difference between the carrying value of bank deposits and the bank balance is primarily due to outstanding checks and deposits in transit. The bank balance is fully covered by federal depository insurance or collateralized in accordance with the Act.

(j) Component Unit - Economic Development Authority - Deposits

Cash and cash equivalents: Bank deposits Investment in LGIP	\$	282,865 55,163 1,750,000
Certificates of deposits	\$ <u> </u>	2,088,028

At year end, the carrying value and bank balance of the Development Authority's deposits with banks and savings institutions was \$282,865. The bank balance, which may differ from the carrying value of deposits primarily due to outstanding checks and deposits in transit, is fully covered by federal depository insurance (FDIC) or collateralized in accordance with the Act.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2010

(3) Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments

Restricted cash and cash equivalents and investments of the County's governmental activities at June 30, 2010, are detailed as follows:

Fund	Purpose		Amount
Capital projects Capital projects Grants and special projects General Community development	Lease bonds General obligation bond Grants and special projects Subdivision escrow Community rehabilitation	\$	34,081,146 2,716,748 1,229,949 803,492 658,229
, .		\$_	39,489,564

(4) Receivables and Payables

Amounts due from miscellaneous sources in the General Fund at June 30, 2010, are detailed as follows:

Sales tax	\$ 1,486,378
Emergency medical services	1,346,719
Meals tax	579,940
Other	486,134
Williamsburg Regional Library	209,359
Recordation tax	126,657
Business license	85,137
Charges for services	71,389
Deeds of conveyance	38,859
Utility consumption fee	26,130
Fines and forfeitures	 22,710
	\$ 4,479,412

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities at June 30, 2010, are comprised of the following:

		Accounts payable	Accrued liabilities	Total
General Capital projects Other governmental funds	\$	909,852 560,277 168,880	246,235 192,926 23,138	1,156,087 .753,203 192,018
Governmental funds		1,639,009	462,299	2,101,308
Accrued interest			1,678,947	1,678,947
Governmental activities	\$ _	1,639,009	2,141,246	3,780,255

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2010

(5) Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

Interfund receivable and payable balances are considered short-term in nature. All other balances resulted from the time-lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made. At June 30, 2010, the balances are as follows:

		Due from other funds			
		General	Capital projects	Nonmajor governmental funds	Total
Due to other funds: General fund	\$			10,168	10,168
Nonmajor governmental funds Service Authority		29,679 598,154	433,299	2,928	465,906 598,154
Total	\$ _	627,833	433,299	13,096	1,074,228

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2010, consisted of the following:

	-	Transfers to Other Funds	Transfers from Other Funds
General fund Capital projects Debt service Nonmajor governmental funds	\$	27,668,378 1,000,000 — 425,609	1,072,909 25,680,625 2,340,453
Total	\$	29,093,987	29,093,987

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due, and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2010

(6) Due from Other Governments

Details of amounts due from other governments as of June 30, 2010 are as follows:

Governmental activities:

	General fund	Capital projects fund	Nonmajor governmental funds	Total governmental activities
Local governments:		***************************************		
City of Williamsburg	\$ 72,043		-	72,043
Other	16,848			16,848
Commonwealth of Virginia:				
Recordation taxes	126,608			126,608
Rolling stock tax	50,514			50,514
Communications sales and				
use tax	301,258			301,258
State sales taxes	1,534,149			1,534,149
Personal property tax relief	4,836,856			4,836,856
Virginia Department of				
Transportation		6,228		6,228
Virginia Department of				
Social Services			141,234	141,234
Other	241,627		19,515	261,142
Federal government:				
Department of Interior	5,766	-	-	5,766
Other			471,180	471,180
Total	\$ 7,185,669	6,228	631,929	7,823,826

Component Unit - Public Schools:

Federal government	\$ 1,159,907
City of Williamsburg	554,304
Commonwealth of Virginia	196,771
Total	\$ 1,910,982

All amounts due from other governments are expected to be collected within one year.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2010

(7) Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010:

Governmental Activities

Governmental Activities					Dalamass
		Balances		Deamagas	Balances June 30, 2010
		July 1, 2009	Increases	Decreases	Julie 30, 2010
Garital assets not being depreciated:					
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land and land improvements	\$	26,898,682		1,473,465	25,425,217
Construction in progress	Ψ	34,013,139	38,284,760	15,333,883	56,964,016
Intangible assets - easements		2,273,496	130,167		2,403,663
intangible assets - casements	•				
Total capital assets not				4 6 00 7 2 40	04 702 906
being depreciated		63,185,317	38,414,927	16,807,348	84,792,896
Other capital assets:		240,921,489	741,070	111,707	241,550,852
Buildings and improvements		22,768,326	131,464	69,902	22,829,888
Improvements other than buildings		48,909,475	1,313,345	12,799,453	37,423,367
Equipment and vehicles Infrastructure		7,332,556	412,652		7,745,208
infrastructure		7,002,000			200 540 215
Total other capital assets		319,931,846	2,598,531	12,981,062	309,549,315
Less accumulated depreciation for:		47,576,902	5,152,456	28,884	52,700,474
Buildings and improvements		3,200,308	963,037	27,077	4,136,268
Improvements other than buildings		24,186,564	3,430,544	5,274,419	22,342,689
Equipment and vehicles		1,970,645	286,687		2,257,332
Infrastructure		1,970,043	200,007		
Total accumulated					
depreciation		76,934,419	9,832,724	5,330,380	81,436,763
Other capital assets, net		242,997,427	(7,234,193)	7,650,682	228,112,552
1	\$	306,182,744	31,180,734	24,458,030	312,905,448
Depreciation was charged to governm	nen	tal functions as	follows:		
Depreciation was enarged to go version					20.045
General government administration				•	29,045 55,752
Judicial administration					55,753
Public safety					21,689 00,557
Public works					99,557
Parks, recreation and cultural					79,008 41,222
Community development					,
Education		62,703 43,747			
Nondepartmental					
Total depreciation expense – governmental activities \$ 9,832,724					
1					

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2010

Business-Type Activity

	-	Balances July 1, 2009	Increases	Decreases	Balances June 30, 2010
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$	1,750,391			1,750,391
Land – utility plant		968,695		6,000	962,695
Land improvements		13,183			13,183
Construction in progress		4,048,099	6,387,591	6,150,789	4,284,901
Intangible assets - easements		46,808		42,238	4,570
Total capital assets not					
being depreciated		6,827,176	6,387,591	6,199,027	7,015,740
Other capital assets:					
Water and sewer systems –					
utility plant		211,715,610	5,985,311	356,056	217,344,865
Buildings and improvements		2,070,494	189,968		2,260,462
Office fixtures and equipment		1,002,604	39,499	19,000	1,023,103
Automotive equipment		2,077,106	250,293	227,611	2,099,788
Intangible assets – water rights	-	25,000,000			25,000,000
Total other capital assets		241,865,814	6,465,071	602,667	247,728,218
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization for: Water and sewer systems –					
utility plant		73,684,285	6,138,762	81,542	79,741,505
Buildings and improvements		849,526	62,112		911,638
Office fixtures and equipment		664,928	61,607	14,091	712,444
Automotive equipment		1,640,001	177,252	227,611	1,589,642
Intangible assets – water rights		153,374	613,497		766,871
Total accumulated depreciation and		77,000,114	7.052.220	222.244	92 722 100
amortization		76,992,114	7,053,230	323,244	83,722,100
Other capital assets, net		164,873,700	(588,159)	279,423	164,006,118
	\$	171,700,876	5,799,432	6,478,450	171,021,858

Depreciation and amortization of \$7,087,224 was charged to water and sewer operations as follows:

Water \$ 4,425,217 Sewer 2,628,013 \$ 7,053,230

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2010

Component Unit - Public Schools

	Balances July 1, 2009	Increases	Decreases	Balances June 30, 2010
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
•	\$ 8,249,163	185,963		8,435,126
Construction in progress	3,163,254	5,230,733	6,630,682	1,763,305
Total capital assets not				
being depreciated	11,412,417	5,416,696	6,630,682	10,198,431
Other capital assets:				
Buildings and improvements	22,479,868	6,006,622		28,486,490
Furniture and equipment	15,024,432	2,718,181	20,411	17,722,202
Total other capital assets	37,504,300	8,724,803	20,411	46,208,692
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	6,500,717	1,011,129		7,511,846
Furniture and equipment	9,994,455	1,035,379	808	11,029,026
Total accumulated				
depreciation	16,495,172	2,046,508	808	18,540,872
Other capital assets, net	21,009,128	6,678,295	19,603	27,667,820
	\$ 32,421,545	12,094,991	6,650,285	37,866,251

Depreciation of \$2,046,508 was charged to the Public Schools' governmental functions.

The total construction in progress for the Public Schools is \$53,967,569. Capital outlay expenditures totaling \$52,204 264 are presented in the County's construction in progress balance in order to match the corresponding debt.

Component Unit - Economic Development Authority

		Balance at July 1, 2009	Increases	Decreases	Balance at June 30, 2010
Land Construction in progress	\$	2,483,106 166,510			2,483,106 166,510
	\$_	2,649,616			2,649,616

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2010

(8) Due to Component Units

The County funds its construction costs for new schools through the Capital Projects Fund for the component unit – Public Schools. At June 30, 2010, the County owed the Public Schools \$4,290,034, which primarily represents construction incurred by the Public Schools. Additionally, the County owed the Development Authority \$108,416, which primarily represents payments for Development Authority grants.

(9) Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue represents amounts for which asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, such amounts are measurable, but not available. Details of unearned revenue as of June 30, 2010 follow:

	سعيد	General fund	Capital projects	Other governmental funds	Total
Prepaid property taxes	\$	66,727			66,727
Prepaid rent		10,560			10,560
Unexpended grants				891,624	891,624
Governmental activities		77,287		891,624	968,911
Property taxes not collected within					
45 days		18,146,313	1,145		18,147,458
Governmental funds	\$	18,223,600	1,145	891,624	19,116,369

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2010

(10) Long-Term Debt

Primary Government

A summary of the County's long-term liability activity for governmental activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010, is presented below:

	Amounts payable at July 1, 2009	Additions	Retirements and reductions	Amounts payable at June 30, 2010	Amounts due within one year
Governmental activities:				02.022.015	7.706.524
General obligation bonds \$	100,845,177	and the second s	7,822,262	93,022,915	7,706,524
Deferred amounts:					
Add bond premium	9,551,028	12,809	661,605	8,902,232	
Deduct underwriter's discount	(422,100)	(101,667)	(13,385)	(510,382)	
Total general		100 0 70	0.470.400	101 414 765	7 706 524
obligation bonds	109,974,105	(88,858)	8,470,482	101,414,765	7,706,524
Caritat tanaa Dadia					
Capital lease – Radio	10,740,000		863,000	9,877,000	904,000
System Other against lease	430,533		137,638	292.895	143,511
Other capital lease	101,595,000	14,935,000	6,255,000	110,275,000	6,220,000
Lease revenue bonds	477,962	231,000	0.233.000	708.962	
OPEB obligation		2,871,643	3,016,831	3,389,300	2,541,975
Compensated absences	3,534,488		3,010,031	2,326,036	50,770
Landfill postclosure care cost	2,316,818	9,218		2,320,030	30,770
Governmental					
activities long-					
-	229,068,906	17,958,003	18,742,951	228,283,958	17,566,780
term liabilities \$	229,000,900	17,730,003	10,772,731		

The General Fund or the Special Revenue Fund where the employees' salaries are charged generally liquidates compensated absences.

In September 2009, the County issued \$14,935,000 in taxable lease revenue bonds to finance the construction and equipping of the public safety building and renovations to the law enforcement center for use by the fire department. These bonds are Build America Bonds, which qualify for a subsidy credit from the Internal Revenue Service for interest payments.

The County entered into a capital lease agreement with SunTrust Bank during fiscal year 2004 to lease radio system equipment for the County 911 facility. Included in capital assets are \$12,099,132 related to this lease arrangement, and depreciation expense incurred on the capital asset totaled \$1,187,497 for fiscal year 2010.

During fiscal year 2006, the County executed a regional lease purchase agreement with York County totaling \$922,454 to purchase Customer Premise Equipment to provide enhanced 911 service in each respective jurisdiction's Dispatch Center and to be compatible with current technology and telephone systems. At June 30, 2010, \$922,454 was included in capital assets, and \$132,140 depreciation expense was incurred during fiscal year 2010.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2010

The present value of future minimum capital lease payments of the County as of June 30, 2010, is as follows:

Fiscal year ending June 30:		
2011	\$	1,530,390
2012		1,530,269
2013		1,375,840
2014		1,375,474
2015		1,375,866
2016-2019		5,501,349
Total minimum lease payments		12,689,188
Less amount representing interest	<u></u>	(2,519,293)
Present value of minimum		
capital lease payments	\$_	10,169,895

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2010

(a) Governmental Activities

Governmental Activities	
Details of long-term bonded indebtedness: \$750,000 School Bonds, 1997-I, Refunding, issued November 20, 1997, maturing in various annual installments through December 15, 2010,	
with interest payable semiannually at 6.35% \$2,350,959 School Bonds, 1992 GO, issued November 12, 1992, maturing in various annual installments through July 15, 2012, with interest	\$ 145,000
payable semiannually at 6.35% \$23,610,000 School Bonds, 1997-I, Refunding, issued November 20, 1997, maturing in various annual installments through December 15, 2011,	367,615
with interest payable semiannually at 6.63% \$18,800,000 School Bonds, issued May 1, 1997, maturing in various annual installments through January 15, 2018, with interest payable	750,000
semiannually at 5.475% \$19,220,000 School Bonds, Series 1999A, issued May 13, 1999,	10,060,000
maturing in various annual installments through July 15, 2019, with interest payable semiannually at 4.475% \$1,250,000 School Bonds, Series 1999B, issued August 17, 1999,	11,795,000
maturing in various annual installments through July 15, 2019, with interest payable semiannually at 5.60% \$3,180,200 General Obligation Public Improvement Refunding Bond,	600,000
Series 2002B, issued December 17, 2002, maturing in various installments through December 15, 2015, with interest payable semiannually at 3.75%	3,031,300
\$4,280,000 General Obligation Public Improvement Refunding Bond, Series 2002, issued November 20, 2002, maturing in various installments through December 15, 2014, with interest payable	2 420 000
semiannually at 3.59% \$21,510,000 General Obligation Public Improvement Refunding Bond, Series 2003, issued June 26, 2003, maturing in various	2,439,000
installments through December 15, 2014, with interest payable semiannually at 2.50% \$39,820,000 General Obligation School Bonds, Series 2005, issued	11,870,000
June 8, 2005, maturing in various installments through December 15, 2029, with interest payable semiannually at 3.50% \$21,000,000 General Obligation Bonds, Series 2006, issued	35,165,000
December 28, 2006, maturing in annual installments of \$1,050,000 through June 15, 2026, with interest payable semiannually at 4.00%	 16,800,000
	93,022,915
Add premiums Deduct underwriter's discount	 8,902,232 (510,382)
Total general obligation bonds	101,414,765

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2010

Capital lease obligations:		
\$14,500,000 entered into on November 7, 2003, due in various		
installments through March 1, 2019, with interest paid		
semiannually at 4.77%		9,877,000
\$922,454 entered into during fiscal year 2006, due in various annual		
installments through December 31, 2011, with interest paid		
semiannually at 4.28%		292,895
Lease revenue bonds:		
\$22,570,000 issued August 24, 2005, due in various installments		
through July 25, 2025, with interest paid semiannually at 3.50%		19,350,000
\$95,775,000 issued December 28, 2006, due in various installments		
through June 15, 2026, with interest paid semiannually at 5.00%		76,615,000
\$14,935,000 issued September 23, 2009, due in various installments		
through January 15, 2030, with interest paid semiannually at 0.75%		14,310,000
OPEB obligation		708,962
Compensated absences		3,389,300
Landfill postclosure care costs		2,326,036
Total governmental activities	\$ _	228,283,958

(b) Business-Type Activity

A summary of the County's long-term liability activity for the business-type activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010, is presented below:

		Amounts payable at July 1, 2009	Additions	Retirements and reductions	Amounts payable at June 30, 2010	Amounts due within one year
Business-type activity:						
Revenue bonds	\$	37,025,000		1,395,000	35,630,000	1,440,000
Add bond premium		361,546		41,124	320,422	41,124
OPEB obligation		76,509	26,000		102,509	
Compensated absences		372,535	446,258	436,991	381,802	286,351
Total	\$_	37,835,590	472,258	1,873,115	36,434,733	1,767,475

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2010

Details of long-term bonded indebtedness:		
\$14,650,000 Revenue Bonds, Series 2003 issued April, 2003,		
maturing in various annual installments through 2018		
with interest payable semiannually at 3.25%	\$	8,970,000
\$27,120,000 Revenue Bonds, Series 2008 issued August, 2008,		
maturing in various annual installments through 2040		
with interest payable semiannually at 3.50%		26,660,000
Add premium		320,422
Total	\$ _	35,950,422

Future maturities of the County's various debt obligations together with scheduled interest payments are as follows:

	Governmental activities					
	General oblig	gation bonds		evenue nds	Business-type activity revenue bonds	
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
Fiscal year endin	g					
2011 \$	7,706,524	4,172,512	6.220,000	5,305,826	1,440,000	1,590,562
2012	7,499,906	3,864,075	6,255,000	5,024,421	1,490,000	1,537,750
2013	7,488,385	3,537,572	6,300,000	4,735,509	1,545,000	1,483,100
2014	7,656,300	3,184,250	6,350,000	4,442,715	1,605,000	1,423,850
2015	7,962,400	2,822,617	6,395,000	4,145,234	1,680,000	1,350,125
2016-2020	26,879,400	9,599,731	32,955,000	16,008,120	6,795,000	5,586,450
2021-2025	14,720,000	5,079,475	34,930,000	7,714,497	3,690,000	4,536,144
2026-2030	13,110,000	1,487,656	10,870,000	1,005,500	3,565,000	3,669,444
2031-2035					3,110,000	2,843,088
2036-2040					10,710,000	2,128,800
\$	93,022,915	33,747,888	110,275,000	48,381,822	35,630,000	26,149,313

Future maturities of compensated absences and landfill postclosure care costs are not determinable (see note 11).

(c) Component Unit – Public Schools

		Amounts payable at July 1, 2009	Additions	Retirements and reductions	Amounts payable at June 30, 2010	Amounts due within one year
OPEB obligation Compensated absences	\$	1,239,300 819,102	998,000 848,855	265,000 792,539	1,972,300 875,418	393,938
Component Unit – Public Schools long-term liabilitie	:s \$	2.058,402	1,846,855	1,057,539	2,847,718	393,938

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Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2010

(d) Component Unit – Economic Development Authority

In August 1999, the Development Authority exercised an option to purchase 217 acres of real property known as the Mainland Farm. The acquisition was partially funded by incurring a \$1,200,000 promissory note pursuant to the option contract from an unrelated third party. Principal and interest are payable annually, and interest accrues at 5.89%. This note was paid in full in August 2009.

The following is a summary of the note payable activity for the year ended June 30, 2010.

Amount payable at			Amount payable at	Amounts due within
July 1, 2009	Additions	Reductions	June 30, 2010	one year
\$ 660,000		660,000		

(11) Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Cost

The County closed its landfill during fiscal year 1994 and contracted with a third party to provide solid waste disposal services to its residents. This third party operates the site, collects fees based upon the source of the waste, and pays the associated expenditures. The County was responsible for construction of the transfer station and all major maintenance and repairs to it.

State and federal laws and regulations require the County to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for 10 to 30 years after closure. The \$2,326,036 reported as landfill postclosure liability at June 30, 2010, represents the liability estimated to monitor the landfill for an average monitoring period of 24 years plus the cost of a corrective action plan. This amount is based on what it would cost to perform all closure and postclosure care in 2010. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, technology changes, or regulation changes. The County intends to fund these costs from the net revenues collected from the above contract and from any funds accumulated for this purpose in the County General Fund.

(12) Pension Plan

(a) Plan Description

The County, the Authority and the Public Schools contribute to the Virginia Retirement System (VRS or the System), an agent multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plan administered by the VRS. All full-time, salaried permanent employees of participating employers must participate in the VRS. Benefits vest after five years of service. Employees are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit at age 65 with five years of service (age 60 for participating law enforcement officers and firefighters) and at age 50 with at least 30 years of service for participating employees (age 50 with 25 years for participating law enforcement officers and firefighters) payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 1.7% of their average final compensation (AFC) for each year of credited service. In addition, retirees qualify for annual cost-of-living increases limited to 5% per year beginning in their second year of retirement. AFC is defined as the highest consecutive 36 months of reported compensation. Benefits are actuarially reduced for retirees who retire prior to becoming eligible for full retirement benefits. The VRS also provides death and disability benefits. Participating law

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2010

enforcement officers and firefighters may receive a monthly benefit supplement if they retire prior to age 65. Title 51.1 of the Code of Virginia (1950), as amended, assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the General Assembly of Virginia. The System issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for VRS. A copy of that report may be obtained by writing to the System at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, Virginia 23218-2500.

(b) Funding Policy

Plan members are required by Title 51.1 of the Code of Virginia (1950), as amended, to contribute 5% of their annual salary to the VRS. This 5% member contribution has been assumed by the employers. In addition, the County, the Authority and the Public Schools are required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to fund their participation in the VRS using the actuarial basis specified by the statute and approved by the VRS board of trustees. The employer contribution rates for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010 were 12.76%, 9.09% and 6.61% of annual covered payroll for the County, the Authority and the Public Schools, respectively.

(c) Annual Pension Cost

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010, the annual pension cost of \$4,555,954, \$350,878, \$568,724 and \$7,270,320 for the County, Authority, Public Schools (non-professional) and Public Schools required contribution to the teacher cost sharing pool, respectively, was equal to the annual required and actual contributions. The required contribution was determined as part of the June 30, 2009 actuarial valuation using the entry-age-normal-actuarial-cost method amortizing the unfunded actuarial accrued liability over 20 years using the level percent, open method. The actuarial assumptions included (a) 7.5% investment rate of return, (b) projected salary increases between 3.75% and 5.60%, and (c) 2.5% per year cost-of-living adjustments. Both (a) and (b) included an inflation component of 2.5%. The actuarial value of the respective entities' assets is equal to the modified market value of assets. This method uses techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of assets over a 5 year period. The Schools' unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities have been amortized as a level percentage of payroll on an open basis within a period of four years or less.

The trend information for each entity's employees is as follows:

Governmental activities:

TI CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY	hree-ye	ear trend informa	auon	
Fiscal year ending		Annual pension cost (APC)	Percentage of APC contributed	Net pension obligation
June 30, 2010 June 30, 2009 June 30, 2008	\$	4,555,954 4,621,707 4,276,382	100% 100 100	None None None

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2010

Business-type activity:

Three-year trend information

Fiscal year ending	 Annual pension cost (APC)	Percentage of APC contributed	Net pension obligation
June 30, 2010	\$ 350,878	100%	None
June 30, 2009	362,769	100	None
June 30, 2008	397,774	100	None

Component Unit - Public Schools (non-professional):

Three-year trend information

Fiscal year ending	J.	Annual pension cost (APC)	Percentage of APC contributed	Net pension obligation
June 30, 2010	\$	568,724	100%	None
June 30, 2009		556,172	100	None
June 30, 2008		580,324	100	None

Public Schools Required Contribution to the Teacher Cost Sharing Pool:

Three-vear trend information

Fiscal year ending	Annual pension cost (APC)	Percentage of APC contributed	Net pension obligation
June 30, 2010	\$ 7,270,320	100%	None
June 30, 2009	8,975,082	100	None
June 30, 2008	9,441,954	100	None

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2010

(d) Funded Status and Funding Progress

The most recent actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2009 indicated the following with respect to the plan's funded status and funding progress:

Governmental activities:

Actuarial value of assets	\$ 98,175,234
Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	112,735,283
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	14,560,049
Funded ratio	87.08%
Covered payroll	\$ 36,393,488
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	40.01%

Business-type activity:

Actuarial value of assets	\$ 9,259,271
Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	9,773,570
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	514,299
Funded ratio	94.74%
Covered payroll	\$ 3,995,122
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	12.87%

Component Unit - Public Schools (non-professional):

Actuarial value of assets	\$ 11,767,848
Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	12,381,835
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	613,987
Funded ratio	95.04%
Covered payroll	\$ 4,819,099
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	12.74%

Immediately following the notes to basic financial statements in the Required Supplementary Information is a schedule of funding progress for the County, Authority and its Component Unit-Public Schools' defined benefit pension plan, which presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits over time.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2010

(13) Postretirement Benefits Other Than Pensions

The County, Authority and Public Schools adopted GASB Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. The Statement establishes standards for reporting the liability for the County's nonpension postemployment benefit, the health care plan for retirees.

A valuation report was prepared for the County by Bolton Partners, Inc. The report may be obtained from the James City County Department of Financial and Management Services, 101-F Mounts Bay Road, P.O. Box 8784, Williamsburg, Virginia 23187-8784.

(a) Plan Provisions

In addition to providing the pension benefits described in footnote 12, the County, Authority and Public Schools provide postemployment health care (OPEB) for qualifying retired employees who are not yet eligible for Medicare through single-employer defined benefit plans. The benefits, benefit levels, employee contributions and employer contributions are governed by the County and Public Schools and can be amended through their personnel manuals.

(b) Funding Policy

The County, Authority and Public Schools do not intend to establish a trust to prefund this liability. The anticipated growth in the net OPEB obligation is based on contributions to the benefit plan on a pay-as-you-go cost basis. The data has been projected into the future based on the assumption the current active population remains constant. Also, the estimated contributions are based on the implicit rate subsidy payments made during the year by the retirees.

(c) Plan Description

Currently, covered full-time active employees who retire directly from the County or Authority and are at least 50 years of age with 15 years of service are eligible to receive postretirement health care benefits. Each year, retirees participating in the County or Authority's sponsored plans will be given the opportunity to change plans or drop coverage during an open enrollment period. The pre-Medicare retirees have a choice of three plans: Optima, Healthkeepers and KeyCare. The majority of the participants are in Healthkeepers. Dental plans are available at the retiree's cost, and therefore, have no GASB 45 liability. There is no coverage for post-Medicare retirees. There were 327 County and 74 Authority participants at the time of the actuarial study. Since the retirees contribute towards their health insurance premiums based on a blended rate, the County and Authority has an implicit liability.

The Public Schools provides a single-employer defined benefit medical plan and a retiree health insurance premium contribution plan that covers retirees until they reach 65 years of age. There is no coverage for retirees or their spouses once they reach the age of 65 and are eligible for Medicare. Both plans were established under the authority of the Williamsburg-James City County School Board and any amendments to the plans must be approved by the School Board. The Schools' retiree health insurance premium contribution plan allows eligible retirees to receive a \$75 contribution monthly toward their health insurance premium. The retiring employee must have a minimum of twelve continuous years of service with Williamsburg-James City County Public Schools. The Public Schools' current membership is 45.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2010

(d) Annual OPEB Costs and Net OPEB Obligation

The net OPEB obligation as of June 30, 2010 was calculated as follows:

Governmental activities:

Annual required contribution	\$	231,000
Interest on net OPEB obligation		
Actuarial adjustments		
Annual OPEB cost		231,000
Contributions made		
Increase in net OPEB obligation		231,000
Net OPEB obligation, beginning of year		477,962
Net OPEB obligation, end of year	\$_	708,962

Business-type activity:

Annual required contribution	\$ 26,000
Interest on net OPEB obligation	
Actuarial adjustments	
Annual OPEB cost	 26,000
Contributions made	
Increase in net OPEB obligation	 26,000
Net OPEB obligation, beginning of year	76,509
Net OPEB obligation, end of year	\$ 102,509

Component Unit - Public Schools:

Annual required contribution	\$	992,000
Interest on net OPEB obligation		50,000
Actuarial adjustments	_	(44,000)
Annual OPEB cost		998,000
Contributions made		(265,000)
Increase in net OPEB obligation		733,000
Net OPEB obligation, beginning of year		1,239,300
Net OPEB obligation, end of year	\$_	1,972,300

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2010

(e) Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Valuation Methods

The projected unit credit actuarial cost method was used to calculate all of the expense amounts and the funded status of the plan. The calculations were performed in accordance with the methodologies set forth in GASB Statement No. 45. Under the methods, benefits provided by the substantive plans (the plans as understood by the employers and the members of the plans) at the time of the actuarial study are projected and their present value is determined. The present value is divided into equal parts which are earned over the period from date of hire to the full eligibility date.

Employees Included in the Calculations

All active employees who are expected to meet the plan's eligibility requirements on or before the ultimate assumed retirement age are included in the calculations. Retirees, spouses and spouse survivors who are entitled to a benefit under the provisions of the plan are also included.

Actuarial Assumptions

In the July 1, 2009 actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included calculations based on a discount rate of 4% for the unfunded liability and amortization of the initial unfunded actuarial liability over a closed 29 year period based on a level percent of payroll method. The actuarial accrued liability was \$2,009,000, \$225,000 and \$7,231,000 for the County, Authority and Public Schools, respectively. Future increases for the cost of medical benefits were assumed to range from 5% to 9% with the larger increases in the early years and gradually decreasing to 5% thereafter. It should be noted actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective and, therefore, actuarially determined amounts are subject to revision as results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

(f) Schedule of Funding Progress

Governmental activities:

Actuarial valuation date July 1,	Actuarial value of assets	Actuarial accrued liability (AAL) project unit credit	Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	Funding ratio	Covered payroll	UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll
2007	\$	5,468,818	5,468,818		\$ 34,244,502	16.0%
2009	*******	2,009,000	2.009.000		,	

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2010

Business-type activity:

		Actuarial				
Actuarial valuation date July 1,	Actuarial value of assets	accrued liability (AAL) project unit credit	Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	Funding ratio	Covered payroll	UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll
2007		628,267	628,267	\$	1,043,947	60.2%
2009	Sandriage .	225,000	225,000	-		**************************************

Component Unit - Public Schools:

		Actuarial accrued	Unfunded			
Actuarial valuation date	Actuarial value of	liability (AAL) project	actuarial accrued liability	Funding	Covered	UAAL as a percentage of covered
<u>July 1,</u>	assets	unit credit	(UAAL)	ratio	payroll	payroll
2007 \$		14,841,033	14,841,033		71,828,743	20.7%
2009		7,231,000	7,231,000		72,061,802	10.0

(g) Schedule of Funding Progress

Governmental activities:

Year		Annual re quire d				
		Employer contributions	contribution (ARC)	Funding ratio		
2009	\$	117,987	595,949	19.8%		
2010			231,000	********		

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2010

Business-type activity:

Year		Annual require d	
ended June 30,	Employer contributions	contribution (ARC)	Funding ratio
2009	\$ 4,374	80,883	5.4%
2010	British Among	26,000	-

Component Unit - Public Schools:

			Annual		
Year			re quire d		
ended June 30,	PJ		contribution (ARC)	Funding ratio	
2009	\$	490,000	1,729,300	28.3%	
2010		265,000	992,000	26.7%	

(14) Deferred Compensation Plan

The County offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457. The plan, available to permanent part-time and full-time County and Authority employees, permits them to defer 25% of their gross income up to the maximum allowable by the IRC (\$16,500 in 2010). The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or an unforeseeable emergency.

All amounts of compensation deferred under the plan, all property and rights purchased with those amounts, and all income attributable to those amounts, property, or rights are held in trust for the participants. The County acts as trustee for the plan with the choice of investment options being made by the participants. The activity of the plan is accounted for in the Deferred Compensation Plan trust fund in the accompanying basic financial statements in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 32, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans.

(15) Related-Party Transactions

Certain financial management, accounting, legal and other services are provided to the Authority by the County. The charge for these services amounted to \$741,214 for the year ended June 30, 2010. In addition, the County rents space in the Authority administration building under a lease agreement. This is a 25-year noncancelable operating lease agreement, which expires in 2014. The yearly rate was \$85,537 for 2010, and continues through 2014. The rental charge includes the following: utilities, insurance, maintenance, housekeeping supplies and custodian services.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2010

In September 2009, the County entered into an agreement with the Schools for maintenance and custodial services. The agreement is in place for one year, which may be renewed or amended by November 1 each year. The County paid the Schools \$71,999 for the year ended June 30, 2010 for these services.

(16) Risk Management

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees and natural disasters. Property, liability and worker's compensation coverage are provided through the Virginia Association of Counties Group Self Insurance Risk Pool. The County reports all of its risk management expenditures in the General Fund.

The County maintains surety coverage for principal officials through the Virginia Association of Counties Self Insurance Risk Pool. Surety coverage is provided under the general liability coverage with a limit of \$9,000,000. All elected officials, appointed officials, members of all appointed governing bodies, employees and volunteers are covered while acting within the scope of their duties with the County.

(17) Commitments and Contingencies

Primary Government

Construction in Progress – Governmental Activities

At June 30, 2010, the County had several major projects under construction which are presented in the accompanying financial statements as construction in progress. Presented below is a list of major projects, by budget, expenditures to date, balance of contract and budget balance.

Budget	Expenditures to date	Balance of contract	Budget balance
\$ 15,686,188	2,466,174	10,422,946	2,797,068
14,532,611	108,112	* * *	14,388,380
115,965,592	52,204,264	*	
3,666,557	824,515		2,310,441
13,431,624	1,360,951	· ·	11,750,638
225	· ,		225
\$ 163,282,797	56,964,016	75,072,029	31,246,752
	\$ 15,686,188 14,532,611 115,965,592 3,666,557 13,431,624 225	Budget to date \$ 15,686,188 2,466,174 14,532,611 108,112 115,965,592 52,204,264 3,666,557 824,515 13,431,624 1,360,951 225 —	Budget to date contract \$ 15,686,188 2,466,174 10,422,946 14,532,611 108,112 36,119 115,965,592 52,204,264 63,761,328 3,666,557 824,515 531,601 13,431,624 1,360,951 320,035 225 — —

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2010

Construction in Progress - Business-Type Activity

At June 30, 2010, the Authority had several major projects under construction which are presented in the accompanying financial statements as construction in progress. Presented below is a list of major projects, by budget, expenditures to date, balance of contract and budget balance.

Project		Budget	Expenditures to date	Balance of contract	Budget balance
Sewer improvements	\$	4,968,044	1,568,714	248,143	3,151,187
Water supply		9,032,100	1,495,738	649,898	6,886,464
Water distribution		62,935	37,056	4,344	21,535
Water transmission		1,322,656	364,794	544,414	413,448
Water system acquisition		730,030	14,380		715,650
Other		2,754,334	804,219	1,921,225	28,890
	\$_	18,870,099	4,284,901	3,368,024	11,217,174

Advances for Construction

The Authority records advances for construction representing two separate agreement types. The first one represents funds advanced by developers for the construction of specific facilities. These agreements call for rebates, up to the amount advanced, and have no expiration date. Secondly, developers can also construct a facility, dedicate it to the Authority and receive rebates, up to the cost of the facility, for up to 10 years. The Authority no longer enters into these types of agreements. At June 30, 2010, the Authority had \$135,302 outstanding in advances for construction.

Component Unit - Public Schools

The Public Schools had commitments under operating leases with initial terms in excess of one year as follows:

	1	Lease payments due
Year ending June 30:		
2011	\$	294,545
2012		172,238
2013		61,347
	\$	528,130

Other

The County and the Public Schools participate in a number of federal awards. Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2010

the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the County expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The County, the Public Schools and the Development Authority are currently not involved in any litigation which management feels could have a significant impact on the County's, the Public Schools', or the Development Authority's financial condition.

It is possible the County will have an arbitrage liability with the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) on the \$95,775,000 lease revenue bonds issued on December 28, 2006. Any such liability would be payable to the IRS by December 2011. There is a potential liability because of the delay in beginning construction on the new elementary and middle schools (two of the four bond projects) to be funded with the proceeds from these bonds. In the interim, the proceeds have been invested in interest bearing accounts. Construction began in December 2008, and the schools opened in August 2010. At June 30, 2010, the amount of such liability is unknown, but management does not believe it will be material.

(18) Restated Beginning Net Assets

It is necessary to restate beginning net assets to properly reflect the following activity:

	_	Primary government - governmental activities
Net assets at June 30, 2009, as previously reported Reduction for elimination of Williamsburg Area Transit	\$	214,571,718
Authority		(377,332)
Reduction to reflect proper landfill liability	_	(1,833,218)
Net assets at June 30, 2009, as restated	\$ _	212,361,168

(19) Subsequent Events

On August 25, 2010, the County issued a certificate of deposit with SunTrust Bank in the amount of \$500,000 to act as collateral for Williamsburg Area Transit Authority to establish credit history and open a line of credit to support its operations. The County is the fiscal agent for the Williamsburg Area Transit Authority. The certificate of deposit is a one year certificate at an interest rate of 0.440%.

On October 20, 2010, the County issued refunding bonds in the amount of \$4,820,000 with a true interest cost of 1.294%. This resulted in a net present value savings of \$357,773.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION OTHER THAN MD&A

General Fund

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the County, which is used to account for all of the financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Revenues are derived primarily from general property taxes, other local taxes, licenses, permits and fees and intergovernmental revenues. Primary expenditures are for public safety, public works, health and welfare, parks, recreation and culture, education and the general administration of the County.

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Unaudited) General Fund

Year ended June 30, 2010

Fund, major and minor revenue source		Original budget	Final budget	Actual	Variance positive (negative)
Revenue from local sources:					
General property taxes:					
Real property taxes	\$	84,968,503	84,968,503	85,433,230	464,727
Real and personal public service					,
corporation property taxes		1,490,000	1,490,000	1,515,199	25,199
Personal property taxes Machinery and tools taxes		14,698,074	14,698,074	14,581,909	(116,165)
Penalties		5,000,000	5,000,000	5,509,137	509,137
Interest		475,000 150,000	475,000 150,000	494,640	19,640
Total general property taxes	_	106,781,577		161,698	11,698
,	_	100,781,377	106,781,577	107,695,813	914,236
Other local taxes:					
Local sales and use taxes		8,550,000	8,550,000	8,421,956	(128,044)
Franchise license taxes Taxes on recordation and wills		325,000	325,000	444,015	119,015
Hotel and motel room taxes		1,000,000	1,000,000	1,100,442	100,442
Restaurant food taxes		2,800,000	2,800,000	2,553,820	(246,180)
Deeds of conveyance		5,530,000	5,530,000	5,535,946	5,946
Penalties		275,000	275,000	281.771	6,771
Interest				12,096 5,021	12,096 5,021
Total other local taxes	_	18,480,000	18,480,000	18,355,067	(124,933)
Permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses:					(121,700)
Animal licenses		38,000	38,000	43,827	5,827
Business licenses		5,860,000	5,860,000	5,277,760	(582,240)
Motor vehicle licenses		125,000	125,000	132,720	7,720
Building permits		705,500	705,500	681,675	(23,825)
Permits and other licenses		637,250	637,250	536,154	(101,096)
Total permits, privilege fees and					
regulatory licenses	_	7,365,750	7,365,750	6,672,136	(693,614)
Fines and forfeitures	_	350,000	350,000	296,866	(53,134)
Revenue from use of money and property:					
Revenue from use of money		500,000	500,000	203,515	(296,485)
Revenue from use of property		280,000	280,000	275,946	(4,054)
Total revenue from use of money and				,	
property	_	780,000	780,000	479,461	(300,539)
Charges for services:					
Excess fees of the clerk		187,500	187,500	173,866	(13,634)
Charges for Commonwealth's attorney		2,000	2,000	2,494	494
Charges for law enforcement and traffic control		105.000			
		185,000	185,000	160,653	(24,347)
Charges for emergency medical services Charges for parks and recreation		1,605,000	1,605,000	1.685,895	80,895
Landfill user fees		2.649,675	2,649,675	2,547,762	(101,913)
Other fees		293,000 104,000	293,000	213,976	(79,024)
Total charges for services	_		104,000	73,190	(30,810)
		5,026,175	5,026,175	4,857,836	(168,339)
Miscellaneous revenue:					
Sale of property Miscellaneous		25,000	25,000	63,664	38,664
iviiscenaneous		175,472	258,199	187,011	(71,188)
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
Total miscellaneous revenue Total revenue from local sources	_	200,472 138,983,974	283,199 139,066,701	250,675	(32,524)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Unaudited)

General Fund

Year ended June 30, 2010

Fund, major and minor revenue source		Original budget	Final budget	Actual	Variance positive (negative)
Revenue from the Commonwealth:					
Noncategorical aid:					
Mobile home titling taxes	\$	40,000	40,000	41,161	1,161
Tax on deeds		439,052	439,052	489,332	50,280
Railroad rolling stock taxes Personal property tax relief		53.698	53.698	50,514	(3,184)
Car rental tax		9,770,137	9,770,137	9,770,137	
	-	70,000	70,000	71.222	1,222
Total noncategorical aid	_	10,372,887	10,372,887	10,422,366	49,479
Categorical aid:					
Shared expenses:					
Commonwealth's attorney		555,193	518,734	502,559	(16,175)
Sheriff		736,939	712,538	653,868	(58,670)
Commissioner of the revenue		198,141	184,213	175,054	(9,159)
Treasurer		206,678	193,327	182,457	(10,870)
Medical examiner		300	300		(300)
Registrar/electoral board		60,268	57,255	53,142	(4,113)
Clerk of the circuit court	_	473,137	438,415	420,788	(17,627)
Total shared expenses	_	2,230,656	2,104,782	1,987,868	(116,914)
Other categorical aid:					
Wireless Board		140,135	140.135	180,702	40.567
Commission of the arts		5,000	5,000	5,000	10,507
HB 599 payments		1,510,948	1,406,239	1,389,263	(16,976)
Share of state sales tax		9,146,161	8,479,161	8,728.300	249,139
Communications sales and use tax		2,000,000	2,000,000	1,784,775	(215,225)
Victim's assistance		18,582	25,244	25,244	
Other	_	48,000	128,000	46,242	(81,758)
Total other categorical aid	_	12,868,826	12,183,779	12,159,526	(24,253)
Total categorical aid	_	15,099,482	14,288,561	14,147,394	(141,167)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	_	25,472,369	24,661,448	24,569,760	(91,688)
Revenue from the federal government:					
Victim's assistance		97,484	124,466	100,099	(24,367)
Shared expenses - sheriff			-	35,258	35,258
Payments in lieu of taxes		5,868	5,868	6,979	1,111
Total revenue from the federal					
government	_	103,352	130,334	142,336	12,002
Total revenues	_	164,559,695	163,858,483	163,319,950	(538,533)
	_				

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Unaudited) General Fund

Year ended June 30, 2010

Fund, major and minor expenditure source		Original budget	Final budget	Actual	Variance positive (negative)
General government administration: Legislative:					<u> </u>
Board of supervisors	\$	201,909	230,591	210,845	19,746
General and financial administration:				, +	13,710
County administrator		387,171	387,200	356,272	20.020
County attorney		434,527	434,642	400,229	30,928
Human resources		482,856	505,175	404,209	34,413
TQP		267,030	270,064		100.966
Legal services		8,975	8,975	251,061	19,003
Commissioner of the revenue		709,826	699,987	2,928	6,047
Real estate assessments		797,784	797,792	698,774	1,213
Treasurer		1,095,465		753,373	44,419
Financial management		893,084	1,082,135	1,051,985	30,150
Accounting		169,942	893,378	818,511	74,867
Publications management			172,111	76,239	95,872
Purchasing		190,014	190,090	179,318	10,772
Records management		261,037	261,026	255,989	5,037
Telecommunications		264,550	280,336	243,501	36,835
Information technology		199,742	212,791	192,988	19,803
Fleet maintenance		1,372,189	1,440,305	1,397,911	42,394
	_	714,534	770,154	743,504	26,650
Total general and financial administration	_	8,248,726	8,406,161	7,826,792	579,369
Board of elections:					
Electoral board and officials		114,601	114,601	90,774	32 937
Registrar		180,545	178,029	172,482	23,827
Total board of elections		295,146	292,630	263,256	<u>5,547</u> 29,374
Total general government administration	_	8,745,781	8,929,382	8,300,893	
Judicial administration:			0,723,302	0,300,893	628,489
Courts:					
Circuit court and judicial services		457,691	458,142	150 (77	
General district court		45,676		452,677	5,465
Juvenile and domestic relations district court		24,739	47,261	43,599	3,662
Clerk of the circuit court		727,247	24,739	15,547	9,192
Sheriff			693,550	691,279	2,271
9th judicial district		1,258,577	1,234,956	1,164,501	70,455
Court services and juvenile detention		8,774	8,774	6,813	1,961
Courthouse		405,550	405,550	386,588	18,962
Victim and witness assistance		419,565	450,390	385,696	64,694
Total courts		156,038	222,846	150,087	72,759
· · · ·		3,503,857	3,546,208	3,296,787	249,421
Commonwealth's attorney	_	789,932	782,781	777,512	5,269
Total judicial administration		4,293,789	4,328,989	4,074,299	254,690
Public safety:					
Law enforcement and traffic control:					
Police department		8,005,670	8,067,011	7,628,733	438,278
Emergency communications		2,526,436	2.526,436	2,309,688	216,748
Total law enforcement and traffic control		10,532,106	10,593,447	9,938,421	655,026
Fire and rescue services:					,020
Fire department		6,970,845	7,107,167	7.000 545	77 (22
Emergency medical services		2,207,518		7,029,545	77,622
			2,076,293	1,975,893	100,400
Total fire and rescue services		9,178,363	9,183,460	9,005,438	178,022
					

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Unaudited) General Fund

Year ended June 30, 2010

Fund, major and minor expenditure source	Original budget	Final budget	Actual	Variance positive (negative)
Correction and detention: Regional jail	\$ 1,986,352	1,986,352	1,969,511	16,841
Inspections: Code compliance	1,041,957	1,042,067	933,418	108,649
Other protection: Animal control Emergency management	182,176 255,223	182,176 259,155	163,438 206,281	18,738
Total other protection	437,399	441,331	369,719	52,874 71,612
Total public safety	23,176,177	23,246,657	22,216,507	1,030,150
Public works: Sanitation and waste removal: Grounds maintenance Refuse disposal	1,115,433 1.655,469	1,114,613 1,708,537	1.007,413 1.604,874	107,200 103,663
Total sanitation and waste removal	2,770,902	2,823,150	2,612,287	210,863
Maintenance of general buildings and grounds: Facilities management	3,215,469	3,232,174	3,026,636	205,538
Total public works	5,986,371	6,055,324	5,638,923	416,401
Health and welfare: Local health department Mental health and mental retardation	697,323 854,795	697,323 854,795	696,453 854,795	870
Total health and welfare	1,552,118	1,552,118	1,551,248	870
Education: School board administration	74,425,526	73,758,526	73,757,904	
Parks, recreation and cultural: Parks and recreation: Administration Community centers Park operations Recreation services	788,755 1,424,165 1,128,774 2,370,308	789,954 1,453,283 1,083,190	663,579 1,348,016 1,036,422	126,375 105,267 46,768
Total parks and recreation	5,712,002	<u>2,402,953</u> 5,729,380	2,071,795	331,158
Library: Regional library	4,492,457	4,267,834	5.119,812 4,267,834	609,568
Total parks, recreation and cultural	10,204,459	9,997,214	9,387,646	600.569
Community development: Planning and community development:	10,204,407	2,771,414	9,387,040	609,568
Planning Development management Communications Neighborhood connections Community services office Economic development Satellite office Contributions – other Regional transportation	1,375,114 237,884 451,677 205,403 332,985 382,346 192,234 2,933,282 481,158	1,377,650 246,389 457,427 206,433 333,053 391,863 192,234 2,933,282 481,158	1,230,758 212,570 439,727 180,938 220,306 350,971 188,734 2,929,322 481,158	146,892 33,819 17,700 25,495 112,747 40,892 3,500 3,960
Total planning and community development	6,592,083	6,619,489	6,234,484	385,005

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Unaudited) General Fund

Year ended June 30, 2010

Fund, major and minor expenditure source		Original budget	Final budget	Actual	Variance positive (negative)
Environmental management: Environmental services Stormwater management	\$	1,052,353 748,668	1,052,393 800,659	983,282 595,648	69,111 205,011
Total environmental management	_	1,801,021	1.853,052	1,578,930	274,122
Cooperative extension program: Community development	_	61,687	61,687	53,360	8,327
Total community development	_	8,454,791	8,534,228	7,866,774	667,454
Nondepartmental: Miscellaneous	_	481,674	914,805	556,381	358,424
Total expenditures	_	137,320,686	137,317,243	133,350,575	3,966,668
Excess of revenues over expenditures		27,239,009	26,541,240	29,969,375	3,428,135
Other financing uses: Operating transfers out		(27,239,009)	(27,286,309)	(27,668,378)	(382,069)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures and other uses		-11	(745,069)	2,300,997	3,046,066
Fund balance at beginning of year			745,069	33,132,714	32,146,514
Fund balance at end of year	\$_			35,433,711	35,192,580

Unaudited - see accompanying independent auditors' report.

See accompanying note to required supplementary information.

Schedules of Funding Progress - VRS

Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited)

June 30, 2010

County employees:

Actuarial valuation date	 Actuarial value of assets	Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	Funded ratio	Covered payroll	UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll
June 30, 2005	\$ 64,064,815	75,431,060	11,366,245	84.93% \$	28.121.125	40.42%
June 30, 2006	70,571,572	82,689,433	12,117,861	85.35	30.932,350	39.18
June 30, 2007	82,716,140	92,545,110	9,828,970	89.38	33.380,299	29.45
June 30, 2008	93,426,419	103,829,642	10,403,223	89.98	35.800,046	29.06
June 30, 2009	98,175,234	112,735,283	14,560,049	87.08	36.393.488	40.01

James City Service Authority employees:

Actuarial valuation date	Actuarial value of assets	Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	Unfunded actuarial accrued liability / (funding excess) (UAAL)	Funded ratio	Covered payroll	UAAL / excess funding as a percentage of covered payroll
June 30, 2005	5,799,844	6,394,435	594,591	90.70% \$	3,005,418	19.78%
June 30, 2006	6,349,198	6,466,131	116,933	98.19	3,405,987	3.43
June 30, 2007	7,577,511	7,464,623	(112,888)	101.51	3,633,388	(3.11)
June 30, 2008	8,716,528	8,860,331	143,803	98.38	3,762,899	3.82
June 30, 2009	9,259,271	9,773,570	514,299	94.74	3,995,122	12.87

Public Schools' - non-professional:

Actuarial valuation date	Actuarial value of assets	Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	Unfunded actuarial accrued liability / (UAAL)	Funded ratio	Covered payroll	UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll
June 30, 2005 \$ June 30, 2006 June 30, 2007 June 30, 2008 June 30, 2009	8.010,605	9,429,289	1,418,684	84.95% \$	3,427,652	41.39%
	8,591,996	9,646,268	1,054,272	89.07	3,712,031	28.40
	9,953,121	10,491,400	538,279	94.87	3,911,323	13.76
	11,280,529	11,431,652	151,123	98.70	4,500,204	3.40
	11,767,848	12,381,835	613,987	95.04	4,819,099	12.74

Unaudited - see accompanying independent auditors' report.

Note to Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited)
June 30, 2010

(1) Budgeting and Budgetary Accounting

The following procedures are used by the County in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

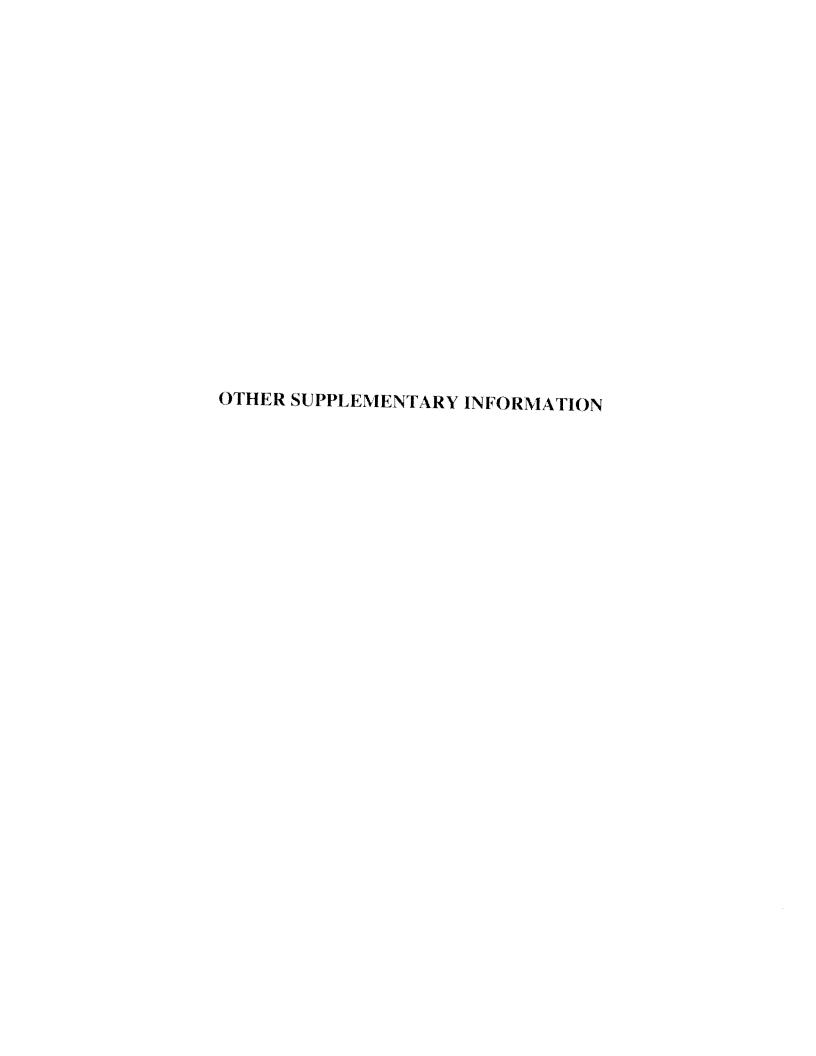
Prior to April 1, the County Administrator submits to the Board of Supervisors a proposed operating and capital budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating budget and capital budget include proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. Public hearings are then conducted to obtain citizen comments.

Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an Appropriations Resolution. The Appropriations Resolution places legal restrictions on expenditures at the fund and function level. The appropriation for each fund and function can be revised only by the Board of Supervisors; however, the County Administrator may amend the budget within functions. Supplemental appropriations in addition to the appropriated budget were necessary during the year.

Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for those funds with legally adopted annual budgets which are the General Fund, Special Revenue Fund – Virginia Public Assistance, and Debt Service Fund, and these funds are integrated only at the level of legal adoption. Program and project budgets are utilized in the Capital Projects; Colonial Community Corrections; Community Development; Route 5, Phase II; Transportation District and Revolving Loan Funds where appropriations remain open and carry over to the succeeding year.

All budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP. The budget was reduced by \$768,020 in supplemental appropriations during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010. This net reduction was a result of reductions in state funding for sales tax for education, HB 599 payments and constitutional offices. All appropriations lapse on June 30 for all County funds, except the funds referenced above. All budget data presented in the accompanying basic financial statements represents the appropriated budget as of June 30, 2010, as adopted and amended by supplemental appropriations.

Unaudited – see accompanying independent auditors' report.



Debt Service Fund

Debt Service Fund – accounts for the accumulation of resou	rces for, and the payment of principal, interest and
related costs on long-term debt of governmental funds.	1 7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual Debt Service Fund

Year ended June 30, 2010

	_	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance positive (negative)
Revenues:					
Revenue from use of money and property Miscellaneous	\$ _	150,000 201,000	150,000 201,000	173,586 389,700	23,586 188,700
Total revenues		351,000	351,000	563,286	212,286
Expenditures: Community development Principal retirement Interest, other fiscal charges and	_	698,874 15,162,900	698,874 15,247,900	698,874 15,077,900	170,000
early retirement	_	10,967,160	10,780,492	10,365,470	415.022
Total expenditures		26,828,934	26,727,266	26,142,244	585,022
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures		(26,477,934)	(26,376,266)	(25,578,958)	797.308
Other financing sources (uses): Operating transfers in Underwriter's discount		26,667,170	26,667,170 (101,668)	25,680,625 (101,667)	(986,545)
Total other financing sources		26,667,170	26,565,502	25,578,958	(986,544)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures	_	189,236	189,236		(189,236)
Fund balance at beginning of year		(189,236)	(189,236)		
Fund balance at end of year	\$		(107,230)		189,236

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

The County reports the following nonmajor governmental funds:

Virginia Public Assistance Fund – accounts for funds received from the federal and state governments and transfers from the General Fund that are utilized for Social Service programs.

Colonial Community Corrections Fund – accounts for the revenues and expenditures, under the Virginia Community Corrections Act, for providing the judicial system with sentencing alternatives for certain nonviolent offenders requiring less than institutional custody, but more than probation supervision.

Community Development Fund – accounts for the revenues that are utilized to improve targeted areas within the County.

Revolving Loan Fund – accounts for revenues and expenditures that provide housing rehabilitation to qualified recipients.

Trust Fund – accounts for monies and donations held to celebrate historical events and various special purposes.

Grants and Special Projects Fund - accounts for monies held for use for grants and special projects.

COUNTY OF JAMES CITY, VIRGINIA

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds

June 30, 2010

Total	3,273,494	000	1,000,170	410	137,301	13,096	631.929	6,063,251			168 880	23,138	28 735	465,907	30,525	891,624	1,608,809			137,301		3,497,933	819,208	4,454,442		6.063.251
Grants and Special Projects Fund		1 220 040	104.164		1	2,913	283.689	1.620,715	***************************************		31.395	1,873	-	7,899	30,330	747,300	818,797					801,918		801,918		1,620,715
Trust Fund	916.863	1		179	-	4,106	-	921,148			14.293	1		425,609	1		439,902			1		481,246		481,246		921,148
Revolving Loan Fund	379,249		-	69	1	1		379,318			-	1	1	3,000			3,000			***		;	376,318	376,318		379,318
Community Development Fund	1,049,500	966 859		162	137,301	15	2,500	1,847,707			6,714		28.735	20,963	1	123,725	180,137		137 301	100,701		1,530,269		1,667.570		1.847,707
Colonial Community Corrections Fund	132,541		14,679	1	1	-		147,220			29,166	19,563	***************************************	8,421	70	20,599	77,819			İ		1 3	09,401	69,401		147.220
Virginia Public Assistance Fund	\$ 795,341	‡	****	-	1	6,062	345,740	\$ 1.147.143			\$ 87,312	1,702	1	15	125		89,154		-			684,500	3/3,409	1,057,989		\$ 1.147,143
Assets	Cash and cash equivalents	Cash and cash equivalents, restricted	Accounts receivable	Interest receivable	Loans receivable	Due from other funds	Due moin other governments	Total assets	Liabilities and Fund Balances	Liabilities:	Accounts payable	Accrued liabilities Liabilities payable from restricted	assets	Due to other funds	Due to component unit	Deferred revenue	Total liabilities	Fund balances:	reserved: Loans	Unreserved:	Designated for subsequent years'	expenditures Undesignated	Chicagenatica	Total fund balances	Total liabilities and	fund balances

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

COUNTY OF JAMES CITY, VIRGINIA

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Year ended June 30, 2010

	Virginia Public Assistance Fund	Colonial Community Corrections	Community Development Fund	Revolving Loan Fund	Trust	Grants and Special	Ę.
Revenues: Revenue from use of money and property Miscellaneous Intergovernmental:	<u> </u>	75,078	15,992 59,300	1,529	3,100	131.744	20,621 488,862
Local Commonwealth Federal	1,483,033	70,234 746,941	212,476 1,312,896	1 1	195,034 27.594	194,633 452,249 550,170	264.867 3.089.733 4,172,543
i otal revenues	3,764,916	892,253	1,600,664	76.157	373,840	1,328,796	8,036,626
Expenditures: Current: General government administration	l	1:	l		-	22,670	22,670
Public Safety	1	874,637	1	-	2,862 171,010	350,481 599,502	1,227,980 770.512
Fublic Works Health and malfans	1 3	-	I	ľ		11,649	11,649
Parks, recreation and cultural	5,140,341	***************************************	1	ľ		635,018	5,781,359
Community development			2,198,343	71,867	115,547	6,243 249,876	121,790 2.520.586
Total expenditures	5,146,341	874,637	2,198,343	71.867	289,919	1,875,439	10,456,546
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,381,425)	17,616	(597,679)	4,290	83,921	(546,643)	(2,419,920)
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in Transfers out	1,416,288	34,470	532,340	1 1	(425,609)	357,355	2,340,453 (425,609)
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,416,288	34,470	532,340	77	(425,609)	357,355	1,914,844
Net change in fund balances	34,863	52,086	(65,339)	4,290	(341,688)	(189,288)	(505,076)
Fund balances at beginning of year	1,023,126	17,315	1,732,909	372,028	822,934	991,206	4,959,518
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 1,057,989	69,401	1,667,570	376,318	481,246	816,108	4,454,442

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual Virginia Public Assistance Fund Year ended June 30, 2010

		Budget	Actual	Variance positive
Revenues:	-	Dauget	Actual	(negative)
Intergovernmental:				
Commonwealth	\$		1,483,033	1,483,033
Federal		4,401,123	2,281,883	(2,119,240)
Total intergovernmental revenues	-	4,401,123	3,764,916	(636,207)
Expenditures:				,
Current:				
Health and welfare		6,265,275	5,146,341	1,118,934
Deficiency of revenues	-			
under expenditures		(1,864,152)	(1,381,425)	482,727
Other financing sources:				
Operating transfers in		1,466,288	1,416,288	(50,000)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over (under)				
expenditures		(397,864)	34,863	(432,727)
Fund balance at beginning of year	_	397,864	1,023,126	(625,262)
Fund balance at end of year	\$ _		1,057,989	(1,057,989)

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

Agency Funds

Trust and Agency funds account for money received and held by the County in the capacity of trustee, custodian, or agent for individuals, other governmental agencies and private organizations. The County reports the following Trust and Agency funds:

Pension Trust Fund

Deferred Compensation Plan – accounts for wages of employees participating in the deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457.

Agency Funds

Special Welfare - accounts for the transfer of funds provided by the Virginia Public Assistance Fund for aid to dependent children.

WAMAC - accounts for the fiscal agent funds held for the Williamsburg Area Medical Assistance Corporation.

Regional Jail - accounts for the fiscal agency funds held for the Virginia Peninsula Regional Jail Authority.

Juvenile Detention - accounts for fiscal agency funds held for the Middle Peninsula Juvenile Detention Commission.

Williamsburg Area Transit - accounts for the fiscal agency funds held for the Williamsburg Area Transit Authority.

School Activity Fund - accounts for fiscal agency funds held for the Public Schools.

COUNTY OF JAMES CITY, VIRGINIA

Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets

Agency Funds June 30, 2010

	Regional WAMAC Jail	Juvenile Detention	Williamsburg Area Transit Authority	Totals – Primary Government	Component Unit - Public Schools - School Activity Funds
amits	 _	582,223	165,471	1,681,886	820,812
es		83,670	27,283	7,517,442 350,559	
ss 3.444 4.444,903 85 3.444 4.401.867		-	1.054.251	5,889	237 975
\$ 43,036 3,444 4,401,867	 	665.893	1.247,005	12,304,796	1,058,735
3,444 4,401,867					
/44/1,86/		118,416	567,405	853,451	54,426
0000000	1	547.477	679,600	11,451,345	1,004,309
3,444 4,444,903	4,444,903 5,943,551	665,893	1,247.005	12,304,796	1.058,735

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities

Agency Funds

Year ended June 30, 2010

		Balances beginning of year	Additions	Reductions	Balances end of year
Special Welfare Fund: Assets:		*			, , , ,
Cash	\$ _	3,119	6,896	6.571	3,444
Liabilities: Amounts held for others	\$_	3,119	6,896	6,571	3,444
WAMAC Fund: Assets:					
Cash Restricted cash Accounts receivable	\$	627,961 3,544,482 274,901	2,771,999 213,302 199,012	2.857,803 — 328,951	542,157 3,757,784
Total assets	s -	4,447,344	3,184,313	3,186,754	4,444,903
Liabilities:	* =		3,104,313	3,160,734	4,444,903
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Amounts held for others	\$	40,352 4,406,992	2,933,815 2,547,391	2,931,131 2,552,516	43,036 4,401,867
Total liabilities	\$	4,447,344	5,481,206	5,483,647	4,444,903
Regional Jail Fund:					
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash and cash equivalents and	\$	832,566	11,812,188	12,256,163	388,591
investments with fiscal agent/trustee Accounts receivable		4,575,152 138,927	2,251,320 94,286	3,066,814 138,569	3,759,658 94,644
Prepaid item Due from other governmental units		1,481,013	5,889 1,694,769	1,481,013	5,889 1,694,769
Total assets	\$	7,027,658	15,858,452	16,942,559	5,943,551
Liabilities:	==				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Amounts held for others	\$ _	232,245 6,795,413	11,065,631 17,005,351	11,173,282 17,981,807	124,594 5,818,957
Total liabilities	\$	7,027,658	28,070,982	29,155,089	5,943,551
Juvenile Detention Fund: Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents and investments Accounts receivable	\$	583,721 80,494	3,300,932 83,670	3,302,430 80,494	582,223 83,670
Total assets	\$	664,215	3,384,602	3,382,924	665,893
Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Amounts held for others	\$	150,147 514,068	3,780,530 3,778,123	3,812,261 3,744,714	118,416 547,477
Total liabilities	\$	664,215	7,558,653	7,556,975	665,893
Williamsburg Area Transit Authority Fund: Assets:					000,000
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Due from other governmental units	\$		5,783,381 28,343 1,495,678	5,617,910 1,060 441,427	165,471 27,283 1,054,251
Total assets	\$		7,307,402	6,060,397	1,247,005
Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$		6,439,931	5,872,526	567,405
Amounts held for others Total liabilities			29,267,728	28,588,128	679,600
Total liabilities	\$		35,707,659	34,460,654	1,247,005

Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities

Agency Funds

Year ended June 30, 2010

	_	Balances beginning of year	Additions	Reductions	Balances end of year
Totals – primary government:					
Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents and investments Restricted cash and cash equivalents and	\$	2,047,367	23,675,396	24,040,877	1,681,886
investments with fiscal agent/trustee		8,119,634	2,464,622	3,066,814	7,517,442
Accounts receivable		494,322	405,311	549,074	350,559
Prepaid item		***************************************	5,889		5,889
Due from other governmental units		1,481,013	3,190,447	1,922,440	2,749,020
Total assets	\$ _	12,142,336	29,741,665	29,579,205	12,304,796
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	422,744	24,219,907	23,789,200	853,451
Amounts held for others		11,719,592	52.605,489	52,873,736	11,451,345
Total liabilities	\$ =	12,142,336	76,825,396	76,662,936	12,304,796
Discretely Presented Component Unit – Public Schools – School Activity Fund: Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	973.812	2,407,894	2,560,894	820.812
Due from other governmental units	· _		237,923		237,923
Total assets	\$ _	973,812	2,645,817	2,560,894	1,058,735
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	50,975	1.656,965	1.653.514	54.426
Amounts held for others		922,837	1.746.238	1,664,766	1,004,309
Total liabilities	\$	973,812	3,403,203	3,318,280	1,058,735

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

Discretely Presented Component Units

The County reports the following discretely presented component units:

Public Schools – responsible for educating the school-age population of the City of Williamsburg, Virginia and the County.

Economic Development Authority - responsible for industrial and commercial development in the County.

Balance Sheet

$\label{eq:continuous} \mbox{Discretely Presented Component Unit-Public Schools-Governmental Funds} \\ \mbox{June 30, 2010}$

Assets		General	Grants	Schools' food services	Capital projects	Total governmental funds
Cash and temporary investments	\$	15,674,055	203,600	274,732		16.152.387
Receivables		243,694	10,887	2,891		257,472
Due from other funds Due from federal government		1,228,469		*****		1,228,469
Due from Commonwealth of Virginia		217,879	586,009	293,365	62,654	1,159,907
Due from the City of Williamsburg		165,409	31,362			196,771
and James City County		85,549			1 750 700	
Inventory				39,775	4,758,788	4,844,337
Total assets	\$	17,615,055	831.858	610.763	4,821,442	<u>39,775</u> 23,879,118
Liabilities and Fund Balances	=			010,700	7,021,442	23,079,110
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	1,075,703	01.000	(0.00		
Accrued payroll	Φ	6,527,276	81,000 350,333	69,696	3,525,099	4,751,498
Accrued benefits		4,713,486	232,255	129,577 79.338		7,007,186
Due to other funds			232,233	79,338	1,228,469	5,025,079
Total liabilities	_	12,316,465	663,588	278,611		1,228,469
Fund balances:	_	12,310,403	003,388	278,011	4,753,568	18,012,232
Reserved for:						
Capital projects		2,569,449			67 DA 4	
Encumbrances		960,195			67,874	2,637,323
Grants			168.270		Water	960,195
Inventory				39.775		168,270 39,775
New facility start up expenses		768,946				768,946
Unreserved:						700,240
Designated:						
Compensation study		100,000				100,000
Technology projects Undesignated, reported in:		500,000				500,000
General fund		400,000				
Schools' food services fund		400,000		202.277		400,000
Total fund balances		5 200 500	1.00.000	292,377		292,377
		5,298,590	168,270	332,152	67,874	5,866,886
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	17,615,055	831,858	610,763	4,821,442	
Adjustments for the statement of net assets: Capital assets used in governmental activities are financial resources and therefore are not repor	e not c	urrent				
governmental funds.						37,866,251
Unearned revenue is not reported as a liability in the governmental funds.						
Long-term liabilities are not reported as liabilitie	. i1.	_				(168,270)
governmental funds.	s in th	e				
Compensated absences			(875,418)			
Other post employment benefits			(8/5,418) (1,972,300)			(2 947 719)
Net assets of governmental activities			(1,772,500)			(2,847,718)
					\$	40,717,149

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Discretely Presented Component Unit – Public Schools – Governmental Funds Year ended June 30, 2010

	General	Grants	Schools' food services	Capital projects	Total governmental funds
Revenues: Intergovernmental:					
From City of Williamsburg and James City County From Commonwealth of Virginia From federal government	\$ 80,638,412 27,505,936 2,604,812	868,480 4,655,271	48,322 1,714,114	5,354,042 — 62,654	85,992,454 28,422,738 9,036,851
Total intergovernmental	110,749,160	5,523,751	1,762,436	5,416,696	123,452,043
Charges for services Interest Miscellaneous	560,903 4,155 	20,977 899,992	1,922,919 1,866		2,504,799 6,021 975,682
Total revenues	_111,389,908	6,444,720	3,687,221	5,416,696	126,938,545
Expenditures:					
General and administrative	2,172,101		-		2,172,101
Instruction Attendance and health services	81,117,920	4,810,904			85,928,824
Pupil transportation	3,440,973 6,232,341	922,733		-	4,363,706
Operations and maintenance	9,880,780		-		6,232,341
Technology	5,919,907	456,633			9,880,780
Food services	5,515,501	142,074	3,542,733		6,376,540 3,684,807
Capital outlay	2,070,127	23,994		5,416,696	7,510,817
Total expenditures	110,834,149	6,356,338	3,542,733	5,416,696	126,149,916
Excess of revenues over expenditures	555,759	88,382	144,488		788,629
Fund balances at beginning of year	4,742,831	79,888	187,664	67,874	5,078,257
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 5,298,590	168,270	332,152	67,874	5,866,886

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Discretely Presented Component Unit – Public Schools – Governmental Funds

Year ended June 30, 2010

Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	\$ 788,629
Adjustments for the statement of activities: Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while governmental activities report depreciation expense to allocate those expenditures over the life of the assets. This is the amount by which new capital assets exceeded depreciation expense in the current period:	
Capital outlay Depreciation expense	7,510,817 (2,046,508)
Depreciation expense	 5,464,309
In the statement of activities, the loss on the sale of equipment is reported, whereas in the governmental funds, only the proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net assets differs from the change in fund balances by the cost of the equipment sold.	(19,603)
Expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.	
Change in compensated absences liability	(56,316) (733,000)
Change in net OPEB obligation	 (789,316)
Governmental funds recognize revenues when they are both measurable and available, that is collected during the period or within two months after year end. However, they are recognized in full for the period they are earned in the statement of	
activities.	 (88,382)
Change in net assets	\$ 5,355,637

Balance Sheet

Discretely Presented Component Unit – Economic Development Authority June 30, 2010

Assets

Current assets: Cash and short-term investments (note 2) Accounts receivable Due from James City County	\$	2,088,028 64 108,417
Total current assets		2,196,509
Notes receivable		201,364
Capital assets (note 7): Land Construction in progress		2,483,106 166,510
Total capital assets		2,649,616
Total assets	\$ _	5,047,489
Liabilities and Net Assets		
Liabilities: Current liabilities -		
Accounts payable	\$ _	3,702
Net assets: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Unrestricted	_	2,649,616 2,394,171
Total net assets		5,043,787
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ _	5,047,489

Exhibit D-4

COUNTY OF JAMES CITY, VIRGINIA

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets Discretely Presented Component Unit – Economic Development Authority Year ended June 30, 2010

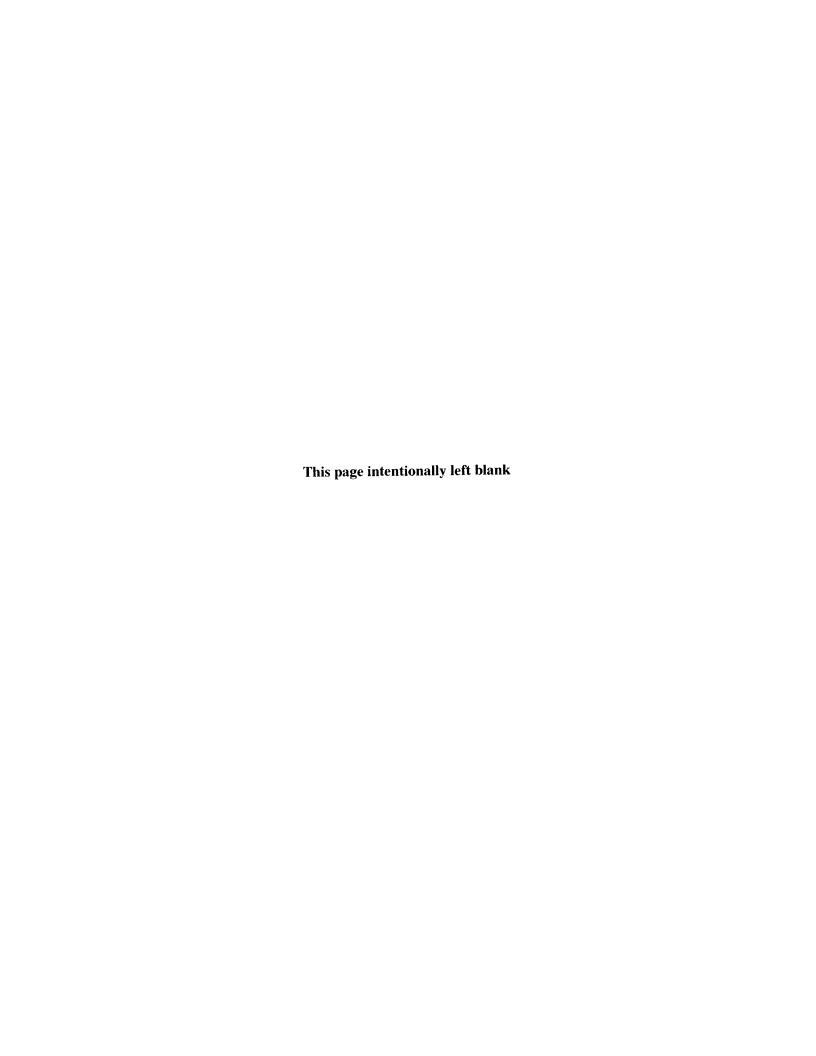
Operating revenues:	¢	000 075
County contribution	\$	808,875
Bond fees		10,322
Lease income		110,270
Total operating revenues		929,467
Operating expenses:		
Community development		366,224
Advertising		9,048
Professional fees		11,656
Note forgiveness		23,820
Travel and training		1,056
Other expenses		5,267
Other expenses		417.071
Total operating expenses	********	417,071
Operating income		512,396
Nonoperating revenue (expense):		
Interest income		21,217
Interest expense		(38,874)
interest expense		
Net nonoperating expense		(17,657)
Change in net assets		494,739
Net assets at beginning of year		4,549,048
Net assets at end of year	\$	5,043,787

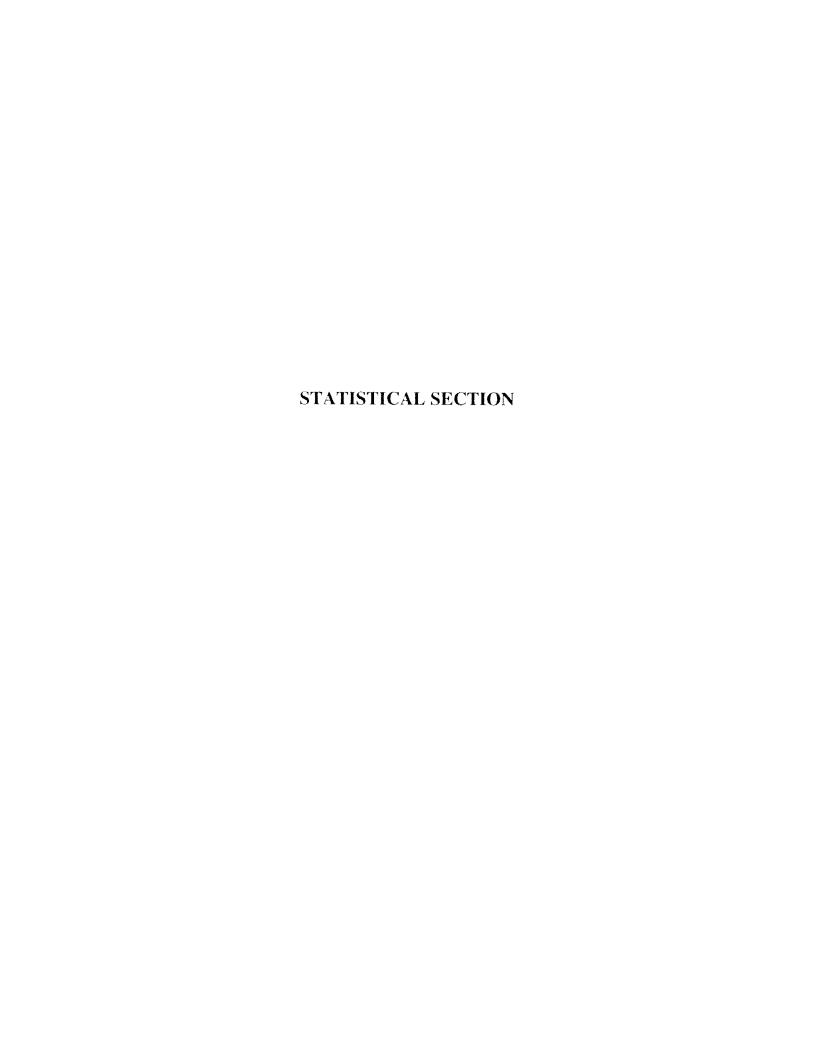
Statement of Cash Flows

Discretely Presented Component Unit - Economic Development Authority

Year ended June 30, 2010

Cash flows from operating activities: Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers	\$	929,466 (352,063)
Net cash provided by operating activities		577,403
Cash flows from capital and capital related financing activities: Principal payments of note payable Interest paid on note payable		(660,000) (38,874)
Net cash used in capital and capital related financing activities		(698,874)
Cash flows from investing activities - Interest received		21,217
Net increase in cash and short-term investments		(100,254)
Cash and short-term investments at beginning of year	*****	2,188,282
Cash and short-term investments at end of year	\$ _	2,088,028
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided operating activities: Operating income	\$	512,396
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to cash provided by operating activities: Note forgiveness		23,820
Changes in assets and liabilities: Accounts receivable Due from James City County Accounts payable		83 53,267 (12,163)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ _	577,403
Cash and short term investments at June 30, 2010 are comprised of the following amounts:		
Cash and short-term investments	\$ _	2,088,028





Statistical Section Overview

This part of the James City County's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures and required supplementary information says about the County's overall financial health.

CONTENTS

Financial Trends Tables 1 - 4

These tables contain trend information to help the reader understand how the County's financial performance and well-being has changed over time.

Revenue Capacity Tables 5 - 9

These tables contain information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the County's ability to generate its property taxes.

Debt Capacity Tables 10 - 12

These tables present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the County's current levels of outstanding debt and its ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic & Economic Information

Tables 13 - 14

These tables offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the County's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons over time and with other governments.

Operation Information Tables 15 - 18

These tables contain information about the County's operations and resources to help the reader understand how the County's financial information relates to the services the County provides and the activities it performs.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these tables is derived from the comprehensive annual financial report for the relevant year. The County implemented GASB Statement 34 in fiscal year 2003; tables presenting information relating to GASB Statement 34 include information beginning in that year.

COUNTY OF JAMES CITY, VIRGINIA

Net Assets by Component (1)

Last Eight Fiscal Years

		:			Fiscal year	year			
	1	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Governmental activities: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Pacersed:	√	66.576,674	72,906,650	47,458,012	57,943,767	25,413,961	160,168,505	155,643,755	91,045,788
Capital Capital Debi service		107 703	U65 96	43,794,137	41,541,322	124,329,355	6,498,734	15,716,245	41,296,767
Other purposes Unrestricted		1,350,042	1,587,781	1,741,595	14,148,422	6,214,172 37.081,001	433,272	394,831 42,816,887	813,685
Total governmental activities net assets	∨)	\$ 125,822,615	133,288,929	148,182,004	160,747,751	193,038,489	211,410,214	214,571,718	195,156,186
Business-type activity: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	∨	88,966,049	104,781,826	112,013,177	123,710,597	132,145,149	134,569,730	134,314,330	135,071,435
neset veu. Capital projects Unrestricted	i	15,048,381 19,899,685	3,155,428 23,422,019	696,483 27,135,809	703,494	709,584	1,305,775	4,674,837 36,591,088	4,610,218
Total business-type activity net assets	₩	\$ 123,914,115	131,359,273	139,845,469	154,041,839	166,006,288	172,150,930	175,580,255	176,112,274
Primary government: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Reserved:	⋻	\$ 155,542,723	177,688,476	159,471,189	181,654,364	157,559,110	294,738,235	289,958,085	226,117,223
Capital projects		15,048,381	3,155,428	44,490,620	42,244,816	125,038,939	7,804,509	20,391,082	45,906,985
Other purposes Unrestricted		1,350,042	96,590 1,587,781 82,119,927	05,774 1,741,595 82,238,295	14,148,422 76,741,988	6,214,172	433,272 80,585,128	394,831	813,685 98,430,567
Total primary government net assets	- →	\$ 249,736,730	264,648,202	288,027,473	314,789,590	359,044,777	383.561,144	390,151,973	371,268,460

(1) Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, Baxic Financial Statements—and Management's Discussion and Analysis—for State and Local Governments, which requires government-wide financial statements that provide the above financial information was adopted by the County as of July 1, 2002. Hence, the financial information for fiscal years prior to 2003 is not available.

Government-Wide Expenses and Program Revenues by Function Last Eight Fiscal Years

Proper						Fiscal	vear			
Content accomment accomment 1,919,786 7,219,786 1,151,986 1,151,987		_	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Content accomment accomment 1,919,786 7,219,786 1,151,986 1,151,987	Expenses:									
	Governmental activities:					* ****	14 025 022	10.022.401	21 242 020	22.062.622
Partic sactivy 1,199,202 1,195,207 1,045,107 1,041,107		\$								
Poster service										
1.0.1 1.0.						2,674,311	3,361,025	5,990,017	5,925,566	
Post			5,774,531							
Commonity development 10.120.125 18.11.644 11.035.353 12.002.070 12.002						77,265,247			83,021,945	
March Marc						8,720,218 12,662,469				
Process of things ferm of the Non-department of Non-department o			10,129,123			12,002,407		-	-	
Post			4.179,994	4.197,067	4,328,942			11,198,606	10.582,404	10,671,318
Part		_	829,715	1,643,125	1,975,709	5,161,844				
Somewhater 1,745,260 12,945,141 1,731,260 12,945,151 1,444,218 17,882,38 16,51,100 16,450,000 1,465,000	Total governmental activities expenses	-	110,339,871	123,298,467	125,521,940	143,254,932	148,757,573	172,082,789	180,710,064	190,856,672
Total primary government expenses \$1,00.045/015 138.20.0853 138.20.0853 157.040.150 160.446.161 189.516.146 30.918.043 210.939.738	Service Authority	_	10.505,144	11,731.280	12,804,913	14,149,218	17,688,528			20,074,066
Postum revenues	Total business-type expenses		10,505,144	11,731,280	12,804,913	14,149,218	17,688,528	17,433,357	20,208,779	20,074,066
Polymer informatic	Total primary government expenses	\$	120,845,015	135,029,747	138,326,853	157,404,150	166,446,101	189,516,146	200,918,843	210,930,738
Charges for services:		•								
Central governments administration 1,843,03 1,888,430 1,926,125 2,998,886 3,362,971 7,996,663 7,342,025 1,525,375 1,52										
December	Charges for services:	\$	4 00 4 202	6 126 216	6.607.016	6 660 600	9 242 071	7 006 663	7 312 625	6 504 673
Public safety Parks, recreasing and cultural 2.43.975					1 026 242					
Parks, recreation and cultural								2,950,693	2,714,769	
Total charges for services 11.60.08.75 13.91.09.79 31.91.09.75 2.1473.16 16.91.05 16.371.794 15.002.025 31.814.706 16.701.794 15.002.025 31.814.706 16.701.794 16.701.794 17.001.795					2,530,099	2,638,777	2.565,177		2,493,973	2,547,762
Operating grants and contributions		_	1,463,335	1,977,719	2,129,972	2,473,163	691,062			
Capital grants and contributions	Total charges for services	_	11,630,870	13,049,029	13,819,822	15,335,524	15,768,525	16.371,794	15.302,252	13,814,706
Program revenues 1,7,712,460 2,4,96,655 3,841,622 34,911,394 43,256,096 44,052,701 41,278,719 37,399,953 16,092,817 14,771,946 15,575,143 14,092,817			6,081,590							
Property revenues 17.712.460 27.496.655 35.841.622 34.911.394 43.256.096 44.052.701 41.278.719 37.399.956		-								
Charges for services 11.801.581 12.942.503 15.149.124 15.805.640 17.899.873 16.928.117 14.97.906 17.290 17.29	program revenues	-	17,712,460	27,496,655	35,841,622	34,911,394	43,256,096	44.052,701	41.278,719	37,399,956
Capital grants and contributions	Charges for services		11.801,581		15,149,124	16,805,640	17,899,853	16.928.117		
Program revenues 17,498,156 18,547,802 20,132,514 26,883,016 25,826,309 20,082,275 19,372,099 19,095,409			5,696,575		4.983,390	10,077,376	7,926,456	3,154,158		3,427,510
Total primary government program revenues S S S S S S S S S			17,498,156	18,547,802	20,132,514	26,883,016	25,826,309	20,082,275	19,372,099	19,005,409
Property taxes, levied for general purposes \$ 6,5470.09	, -	•								
Superimental activities		\$.	35,210,616	46,044,457	55.974.136	61,794.410	69,082,405	64,134,976	60,650,818	56,405,365
Business-type activities Total primary government net expense (85,634,399) (88,985,290) (88,985,290) (82,352,717) (95,699,740) (97,363,696) (125,381,170) (140,268,025) (140,268,025) (154,525,373) (140,268,025) (154,525,373) (154,525,373) (154,525,373) (154,525,373) (154,525,373) (160,680) (1008,657) (160,680) (1008,657) (160,680) (1008,657) (160,680) (1008,657) (160,680) (1008,657) (160,680) (1008,657) (160,680) (160,680) (1608,687) (160,680) (1608,687) (160,680) (1608,687) (160,680) (1608,687) (160,680) (1608,687) (160,680) (1608,687) (160,680) (1608,687) (160,680) (1608,687) (160,680) (1608,687) (160,680) (1608,687) (160,680) (1608,687) (1					.00 200 210	100 242 520	1105 501 177	(120 020 000°	(120 421 245)	(152.154.714)
Total primary government net expense \$ (85,634,399) (88,985,290) (82,352,717) (95,609,740) (97,363,696) (125,381,170) (140,268,025) (154,525,373) (140,268,025) (154,525,373) (140,268,025) (154,525,373) (140,268,025) (154,525,373) (140,268,025) (154,525,373) (154,525,3		\$								
Taxes	**	\$		(88,985,290)	(82,352,717)	(95,609,740)	(97,363,696)	(125,381,170)	(140,268,025)	(154,525,373)
Taxes	General revenues and other changes in net assets:	,								
Property taxes, levied for general purposes \$ 65,470,090 68,374,743 74,480,869 86,204,347 94,855,055 109,559,323 106,494,452 119,159,897 Other local taxes \$ 14,948,074 15,297,039 17,955,400 20,366,684 121,273,019 20,486,124 18,869,282 18,355,067 Permits, fees and licenses 6,481,619 15,463,455 7,746,142 8,877,130 9,255,185 82,88,580 7,420,591 66,721,136 Interest on investment earnings 880,626 563,216 849,860 3,407,722 7,306,357 5,105,721 2,351,497 673,668 Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs 11,696,289 2,947,631 2,520,331 — 233,809 (93,129) (53,727) — 223,203 — 233,203 — 233,809 (93,129) (53,727) — 223,203 — 4,936,444 — 4,9	Governmental activities:									
Other local taxes 14,948,074 15,297,039 17,955,400 20,366,681 21,273,019 20,486,124 18,869,282 18,355,067 Permits, fees and licenses 6,481,619 15,463,455 7,746,142 8,877,130 9,255,185 8,288,580 7,405,991 6,672,136 Interest on investment earnings 880,626 563,216 849,860 3,407,722 7,306,357 5,105,721 2,351,497 673,668 Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs 11,696,289 2,947,631 2,520,331 — — — 2,232,003 — Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets 23,809 (93,129) (53,727) — — — 223,203 — Miscellaneous — 715,171 1,074,518 2,053,405 5,102,599 2,962,156 2,297,380 1,390,966 Total governmental activities 99,500,507 103,268,126 104,573,393 120,909,285 137,792,215 146,401,813 142,592,849 136,251,734 Business-type activities: 1 1,842,13 506,939		S	65,470,090	68,374,743	74,480,869	86,204,347	94.855.055			
Interest on investment earnings R80,626 S63,216 849,860 3,407,722 7,306,357 S,105,721 2,351,497 673,668			14,948,074			20,366,681				
Grain dost on restricted to specific programs Gain (boss) on sale of capital assets 23.809 (93.129) (93.129) (93.127)										
specific programs 11,696,289 2,947,631 2,520,331 — — — 232,203 — Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets 23,809 (93,129) (53,727) — — 232,203 — Sale of land — — 715,171 1,074,518 2,053,405 5,102,599 2,962,156 2,297,380 1,390,966 Total governmental activities 99,500,507 103,268,126 104,573,393 120,909,285 137,792,215 146,401,813 142,592,849 136,251,734 Business-type activities: Interest on investment carnings 302,872 184,213 506,939 935,971 1,503,939 2,004,957 3,669,266 956,056 Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets (117,874) 1,869 24,124 — 181,615 74,226 — Miscellaneous 286,296 442,554 627,532 526,601 1,378,725 1,309,152 522,513 644,620 Total primary government \$ 99,971,801 103,896,762 105,731,988 122,371,857 140,674,879			880,626	363,216	849.860	3,407,722	7.300.337	3.103,721	3,331,477	0753806
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets 23,809 (93,129) (53,727) — — — 232,203 — Sale of land — 715,171 1,074,518 2,053,405 5,102,599 2,962,156 2,297,380 1,390,966 Total governmental activities 99,500,507 103,268,126 104,573,393 120,909,285 137,792,215 146,401,813 142,592,849 136,251,734 Business-type activities: Interest on investment earnings 302,872 184,213 506,939 935,971 1,503,939 2,004,957 3,669,266 956,056 Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets (117,874) 1,869 24,124 — — 181,615 74,226 — Miscellaneous 386,296 442,554 627,532 526,601 1,378,725 1,309,152 522,513 644,620 Total business-type activities 471,294 628,636 1,158,595 1,462,572 2,882,664 3,495,724 4,266,005 1,600,676 Change in net assets: 5 9,9971,801			11.696.289	2.947.631	2,520,331		*****	_		
Sale of land Miscellaneous — 715,171 1,074,518 2,053,405 5,102,599 2,962,156 2,297,380 1,390,966 Total governmental activities 99,500,507 103,268,126 104,573,393 120,909,285 137,792,215 146,401,813 142,592,849 136,251,734 Business-type activities: Interest on investment carnings Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets 302,872 184,213 506,939 935,971 1,503,939 2,004,957 3,669,266 956,056 Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets (117,874) 1,869 24,124 — 181,615 74,226 — Miscellaneous 286,296 442,554 627,532 526,601 1,378,725 13,09,152 522,513 644,620 Total business-type activities 471,294 628,636 1,158,595 1,462,572 2,882,664 3,495,724 4,266,005 1,600,676 Total primary government \$ 99,971,801 103,896,762 105,731,988 122,371,887 140,674,879 149,897,537 146,858,854 137,852,410 Change in net assets: Governmental activities				(93,129)	(53,727)	****				-
Total governmental activities 99,500,507 103,268,126 104,573,393 120,909,285 137,792,215 146,401,813 142,592,849 136,251,734	Sale of land					2052 105		2062156		1 200 066
Business-type activities:										
Interest on investment earnings 302.872 184.213 506.939 935.971 1.503.939 2.004.957 3.669.266 956.056 Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets (117.874) 1.869 24.124 181.615 74.226 Miscellaneous 286.296 442.554 627.532 526.601 1.378.725 1.309.152 522.513 644.620 Total business-type activities 471.294 628.636 1.158.595 1.462.572 2.882.664 3.495.724 4.266.005 1.600.676 Total primary government \$ 99.971.801 103.896.762 105.731.988 122.371.857 140.674.879 149.897.537 146.858.854 137.852.410 Change in net assets: Governmental activities \$ 6.873.096 7.466.314 14.893.075 12.565.747 32.290.738 18.371.725 3.161.504 (17.204.982) Business-type activities 7.464.306 7.445.158 8.486.196 14.196.370 11.020.445 6.144.642 3.429.325 532.019	Total governmental activities		99,500,507	103,268,126	104,573,393	120,909,285	137,792,215	146,401,813	142,592,849	136.231./34
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets (117.874) 1.869 24,124 — HI.615 74,226 — 42256 — Miscellaneous 1.378.725 1.309.152 522.513 644.620 644.620 644.620 644.620 1.462.572 2.882.664 3.495.724 4.266.005 1.600.676 644.620 1.402.712	Business-type activities:						1 500 000	2.004.057	3.770.377	057.057
Miscellaneous 286,296 442,554 627,532 \$26,601 1,378,725 1,309,152 \$22,513 644,620 Total business-type activities 471,294 628,636 1,158,595 1,462,572 2,882,664 3,495,724 4,266,005 1,600,676 Total primary government \$ 99,971,801 103,896,762 105,731,988 122,371,857 140,674,879 149,897,537 146,858,854 137,852,410 Change in net assets: Governmental activities \$ 6,873,096 7,466,314 14,893,075 12,565,747 32,290,738 18,371,725 3,161,504 (17,204,982) Business-type activities 7,464,306 7,445,158 8,486,196 14,196,370 11,020,445 6,144,642 3,429,325 532,019						935.971	1,503,939			950,056
Total business-type activities 471.294 628.636 1.158.595 1.462.572 2.882.664 3.495.724 4.266.005 1.600.676 Total primary government \$ 99,971,801 103.896.762 105.731.988 122.371.857 140.674.879 149.897.537 146.858.854 137.852.410 Change in net assets: Governmental activities \$ 6.873.096 7.466.314 14.893.075 12.565.747 32.290.738 18.371.725 3.161.504 (17.204.982) Business-type activities 7.464.306 7.445.158 8.486.196 14.196.370 11.020.445 6.144.642 3.429.325 532.019	Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets					526,601	1.378.725			644,620
Total primary government \$ 99,971,801 103,896,762 105,731,988 122,371.857 140,674,879 149,897,537 146,858.854 137.852,410 Change in net assets: Governmental activities \$ 6,873,096 7,466,314 14,893,075 12,565,747 32,290,738 18,371,725 3,161,504 (17,204,982) Business-type activities 7,464,306 7,445,158 8,486,196 14,196,370 11,020,445 6,144,642 3,429,325 532,019										
Change in net assets: Governmental activities \$ 6.873.096										
Governmental activities \$ 6,873,096 7,466,314 14,893,075 12,565,747 32,290,738 18,371,725 3,161,504 (17,204,982) Business-type activities 7,464,306 7,445,158 8,486,196 14,196,370 11,020,445 6,144,642 3,429,325 532,019		\$,	99,971,801	103,896,762	105,731,988	122,3/1,83/	140,074,879	147,031,231	140,020,024	137,032,410
Business-type activities 7,464,306 7,445,158 8,486,196 14,196,370 11,020,445 6,144,642 3,429,325 532,019		\$	6.873 096	7,466.314	14,893.075	12,565,747	32,290,738	18,371,725	3,161,504	(17,204,982)
27.70.17										
	**	\$	14,337,402	14,911,472	23,379,271	26,762,117	43,311,183	24.516,367	6,590,829	(16,672,963)

Reflects expenses from Exhibit 2.
 Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments, which requires government-wide financial statements that provide the above financial information was adopted by the Country as of July 1, 2002. Hence, the financial information for fiscal years prior to 2003 is not available.

COUNTY OF JAMES CITY, VIRGINIA Fund Balances, Governmental Funds

		2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	5009	2010
General fund: Reserved for: Encumbrances Inventory	s _A	305,056 232,432	1,107,476 254,027	742,722 233,165	1,209,242 234,894	1,488,484	2,454,283 245,959	1,999,517	1,675,181	862,619 264,969	932,917 276,083
Prepaid items Unreserved for: Designated: Potential insurance losses		300,000	300,000	300,000	300,000	300,000	300,000	300,000	300,000	300,000	300,000
Capital projects Fiscal liquidity	7 🗔	4,004,000	3,988,000 12,267,484	1,178.076 13,127,031	1,465,000 13,864,878 182,971	2,165,522 14,879,793 165,203	2,000,000 17,485,691 157,287	2,612,000 20,404,910 152,420	1,038,689 20,424,202 107,496	20,449,053	20,254,346 861,093
realth insurance Capital reserve fund Undesignated – general fund	0 (1	6,105,182 2,886,828	5,551,321	5,977,368	7,438,531	9,273,289 2,454,283	12,056,476 1,466,461	12,056,476	12,691,137	11,118,329	12,408,971
Total general fund	\$	25,269,303	23.614,225	21.713,919	24,695,516	30,979,685	36.166,157	39,316,687	36,525,439	33,132,714	35,433,711
All other government funds: Reserved for: Loans	6 9-	123,636	133,646	150,142	143,645	158,438	147,168	170,886	144,538	129,862	137,301
Other purposes Encumbrances Unreserved, reported in:			4444	***************************************	was also		25,362 11,448,180	3,752,405	1,088,948	1.556,207	11,329,929
Subsequent years' expenditures reported in special revenue funds		1,215,277	1,170,076	2,303,451	2,672,797	2,580,531	2,297,482	1,490,811	2,175,688	2,875,972	3,497,933
Capital projects funds Debt service	=	18,295,542 130,628	19,726,753 120,254	15,578,329 107,703	20,826,056 96,590	54,962,288 6,134	40,359,822	109,660,879	93,990,918	18,787,900	/9/,067,14 —
Undesignated special revenue funds		1,375,680	1,953,719	2,625,949	2,647,236	1,738,708	1,339,526	1,389,718	2,073,050	2,331,016	819,208
Total all other governmental funds		\$ 21,140,763	23,104,448	20,765,574	26,386,324	59,446,099	55,617,540	116,464,699	99,479,142	85,681,023	57.081.138

Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds

Last Eight Fiscal Years

				Fiscal year				
	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Revenues:			6	000	631.010.020	132 632 501	107 015 703	107 605 813
General property taxes	\$ 64,994,207	68,756,419	17.055.187	30.280,660	97,049,123	20,486,124	18.869.282	18,355,067
Other local taxes	14,940,0/4	7333545	004,006,71 CLI 347.7	8 877 130	9.255.185	8 288 580	7.420.591	6,672,136
Licenses, permits, and fees Gines and forfaitures	0,241,200	788.221	301.204	290.714	321,443	366,606	348.846	296.866
like of money and property	880,626	563.216	849,860	3,407,723	7.306,357	5,105.721	2,351,497	673,668
Charges for services	3,471,380	3,846,636	4,007,722	4,335.505	4,124,072	5,519,603	5.504,494	4.857,836
Intergovernmental	24,804,534	34,539,339	31,833,900	30,285,175	38,810,581	38,166,492	35,425,379	32,245,254
Miscellaneous	1,132,835	715.171	3,293,645	7,053,402	3,102,399	2.902,130	120,164,1	1,390,700
Total revenues	116,713,275	131,239,586	139,721,060	154,896,990	183,242,409	186,564,046	184,392,839	172.187.606
Expenditures:			6		21.9 //1			
Storm costs	1 3	8.239.127	50,124	10	100.340	1 2 2 2 0	C10 75E 8	2 2 2 2 5 6 3
General government	6.833,152	7,202,889	7,101,022	1/681,3/1	10,363,474	5 267 359	5,720,912	5 307 279
Judicial administration	3,795,286	3,747,921	5,925,755	4,188,180	4,637,033	5.885.77	5 878 5	5 650 572
Public works	5,437,085	187,146,0	4,218,031	4,494,973	5.101.021	7116.193	7 171 131	7 332 607
Health and Welfare	40.410.0	52 556 412	55.459.098	60 797 314	64.498.554	74,228,490	74,724,304	73,757,904
Darke regressives and outpurst	7 667 379	7 886 872	8 338 914	9,010,847	9.825.513	10.045.603	10,100,822	9,509,436
Fairs, Iteleation, and Cultural Dublic cafety	14 939 911	15.176.064	17.526.762	18,791,965	22.416,276	23,382,553	23,159,401	22,987,019
Community development	9.377.193	9,333,332	14,770,525	13,048,650	17,191,954	16,332,072	14,520,010	11.086,234
Nondepartmental	1.105,541	720,813	997,581	1,267,388	1,473,817	2,492,546	1.502.034	556.381
Debt service (2):					t co		360 676 11	000 220 31
Principal	5,859,041	5,414,782	6.411,051	7,215,460	14,488,702	14,245,257	14,363,935	13,077,900
Interest	4,256,959	3,886,121	4,27,082	1,962,301	+7C*/C0%		0.0,0.0,01	21.505.51
Debt issuance cost	3 06.171)			i 1	-	1	i
Additional payments made to bond escrow agent	507.795		139 659	125.640	192,900	-	1	101,667
Capital outlay (1)	9,619,982	13,469,974	12,611,144	37.898.518	76,594,343	26.526,776	25,458,348	43.005,939
Total expenditures	125,547,985	137,137,239	142,117,896	177,323,203	243,849,861	206,340.851	201,583,683	213,056,971
Dynamic definition of revenues								
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(8.834,710)	(5,897,653)	(2,396,836)	(22,426,213)	(60,607,452)	(19,776,805)	(17,190,844)	(40,869,365)
Other financing sources:	080/019/81	863 860 31	15 338 857	73 559 107	12 695 840	33 046 784	30.904.124	29,093,987
Transfers in Essuance of debt	28,970,200	-	39,820,000	23,492,454	116.775.000			14,935,000
Proceeds from capital lease		14,500,000	1	}	1	!	1	1
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	(27,135,000)	i	OSC C	000	7 830 141	1	1 1	10× C1
Premiums on bonds issued Transfers out	(18,612,049)	(15,023,528)	(15.338,857)	(23.559.107)	(32,695.840)	(33.046.784)	(30,904,124)	(29,093,987)
Total other financing sources	3,324,779	14,500,000	41,740,780	23,784,126	124,605,141			14,947,809
Net change in fund balances	\$ (5,509,931)	8,602,347	39,343,944	1.357,913	63,997,689	(19,776,805)	(17,190.844)	(25.921.556)
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures (3)	8.85%	7.56%	8.43%	9.33%	15.62%	14.48%	13.92%	13.58%

including operating transfers to capital projects.
 Excludes costs associated with refunding of debt in 2003 of \$3,115.526.
 Noncapital expenditures equals total expenditures less amounts for capitalized assets on the government-wide statement of net assets.

COUNTY OF JAMES CITY, VIRGINIA

Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Direct tax	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00
Total assessed	5,320,435,931	5,745,453,131	6,225,817,244	6,731,381,328	7,489,353,710	9,049,255,396	10,704,264,557	11,610,152,643	11,941,060,226	12,092,979,169
Public	150,801,630	163,054,266	165,415,976	163,577,218	154,833,875	165,476,326	152,475,702	176,428,097	184,750,991	196,289,584
Total Personal	583,751,601	599,119,465	602,841,268	614,647,310	639,376,935	693,850,170	730,150,755	761,010,321	750,654,235	741,196,285
Mobile	nomes 12,284,054	11,682,476	10,850,870	11,363,983	12,354,517	12,350,825	12,675,461	12,537,160	11,641,959	10,994,266
Machinery	and tools 127,068,048	131,353,797	131,460,371	126,907,184	124,695,633	123,471,704	122,197,566	125,136,293	128,696,107	132,052,632
General personal	property 444,399,499	456,083,192	460,530,027	476,376,143	502,326,785	558,027,641	595,277,728	623,336,868	610,316,169	598,149,387
Direct tax	•									
	s 4.585.882.700									
Fiscal	year 2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2003	2010

Source: Real Estate Assessments and Commissioner of the Revenue, James City County.

(1) Tax rate is real estate tax rate.

(2) Tax rate is personal property tax rate.

Note: Tax Rates are per \$100 of Assessed Value.

Table 6

Direct Tax Rates

Fiscal vear		Real estate tax (1)	Personal property tax (1)	Room tax	Meal tax	Retail sales tax (2)
2001		0.870	4.00	5.00	4.00	1.00
2002		0.870	4.00	5.00	4.00	1.00
2003		0.870	4.00	5.00	4.00	1.00
2004		0.870	4.00	5.00	4.00	1.00
2005		0.825	4.00	5.00	4.00	1.00
2006		0.785	4.00	5.00	4.00	1.00
2007		0.770	4.00	5.00	4.00	1.00
2008		0.770	4.00	5.00	4.00	1.00
2009		0.770	4.00	5.00	4.00	1.00
2010		0.770	4.00	5.00	4.00	1.00

⁽¹⁾ Per \$100 assessed value

⁽²⁾ Collected by the State and remitted to the County monthly

COUNTY OF JAMES CITY, VIRGINIA

Principal Property Tax Payers

Current Year and Nine Years Ago

			2010			2001	
	1	Property		Percentage of	Property taxes		Percentage of County
		assessed	Rank	total	assessed	Rank	total
Anhenser-Busch Inc	₩	4.803.588		4.10% \$	4,669,034	1	7.23%
Wal-Mart Inc		1,117,135	2	1.01		ļ	I
Rusch Entertainment Corp		1,079,476	3	0.92	1,296,851	2	2.01
Powhatan Plantation Owners Association		1,017.822	4	0.87	543,337	9	0.84
Busch Properties Inc		754,840	S	0.64	678,495	4	1.05
Virginia Flectric & Power Company		747,107	9	0.64	578,252	S	0.00
Williamshurg I and ing Inc		735,066	7	0.63	444,275	6	69.0
Ball Metal Container		666,737	∞	0.57	810,669	3	1.08
Williamshurg Plantation Owners Association		654,407	6	0.56			
Manor Houses Associates		596,756	10	0.51			
Owens - Brockway					446,733	∞	69:0
Williamshurg Outlete 11 C		ļ		I	467,282	7	0.72
Greenspring Associates					383,711	10	0.59
Total	∽	\$ 12,172,934		10.45% \$	10,206,988		15.80%

Source: Commissioner of the Revenue

COUNTY OF JAMES CITY, VIRGINIA

Principal Personal Property Tax Payers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

	Percentage of County total	*	*	*	* ·	*	**	*	* *	* *	*	%—
2001 (1)	Rank											
	Property taxes assessed	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	* *	
	Percentage of County total	12.54% \$	16.1	1.89	1.89	1.52	1.17	1.16	0.91	0.58	0.46	24.03% \$
2010	Rank	_	. 2	· &	4	v	9	<u>,</u>	8	6	01	
	Property taxes assessed	3 717 360	1.117.135	1.079.476	1,017,822	754,840	747 107	735.066	666,737	654.407	596,756	11,086,706
	i	¹ <i>⊕</i>)									່ ເ
		A D D	Allicusci-Duscii, iiic. Dusck Entertainment Corn (2)	Buscii Entertraninium Corp (2) Rall Metal Container	Seaworld Parks 11 C (2)	Drintnock Inc	Finishach, nic.	Wal-Matt, file. Owens - Brockway	Isok I Massie Contracting Inc.	Toyota Motor Credit	Busch Properties, Inc.	Total

Source: Commissioner of the Revenue

(1) This is the first year we are presenting this information, so information for 2001 is not available. (2) These are related to Busch Gardens, now owned by Seaworld Parks, LLC.

COUNTY OF JAMES CITY, VIRGINIA

Principal Real Estate Tax Payers

Current Year and Nine Years Ago

[(1)	Percentage of	County	nk total	* *	**	* *	**	*	*	**	**	**	*	
700			Rank											
	Property	taxes	assessed	*	*	* *	*	* *	* *	*	* *	*	*	
	Percentage of	County	total	1 24% \$	÷ %::-	0.95	0.85	0.77	0.74	0.71	99.0	0.64	0.59	8.30% \$
2010			Rank		• (1 cc	4	v.	9	7	∞	6	10	
	Property	taxes	assessed	1 086 228	1,006,16	830,210	747.107	675,738	650.274	619,448	580.068	558.051	511,801	7,265,768
	l			l ∳)									⊌
				A = b = 100 P Incole Inco	Allieusel-Dusch, Inc.	FOWINGIAL FIGURATION OWNERS ASSOCIATION	Wai-Mait, IIIC. Virginia Flectric & Power Company	Williamshura I anding Inc	Williamshuro Plantation Owners Association	Busch Properties Inc	Manor Houses Associates	Williamshura Outlets 11 C	Busch Entertainment Corp	Total

Source: Commissioner of the Revenue

(1) This is the first year we are presenting this information, so information for 2001 is not available.

COUNTY OF JAMES CITY, VIRGINIA

Property Tax Levies and Collections (1)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Percentage of delinquent taxes to tax levy										
Outstanding delinquent taxes	1,743,337	2,249,006	1,830,312	3,008,851	2,899,317	1,521,274	1,500,383	1.764,041	2,137,026	2,786,718
Percentage of total tax collections to tax levy	8.01%	101.20	101.14	06.66	99.55	101.27	105.05	104.55	105.93	104.16
Total tax collections	,									
(2) (3) Delinquent tax collections										
Percentage of levy collected	95.06%	98.32	97.62	96.81	69'96	64.76	103.04	102.21	103.87	102.10
(1) Current tax collections	61 581 853	65 456 146	71.037.857	75 152 542	79.820.882	94.002,341	110,001,687	118,483,255	120,710,632	120,553,815
Total	110 587 787	66 574 122	221,F12,CC	77.632.358	82 556 220	95.154.222	106 752 648	115,926,317	116213.618	118,074,835
Ricool veer	2001	2000	2002	2002	2005	9002	2002	2008	5000	2010

Source: Treasurer, James City County

Collections include PPTRA
 Exclusive of penalties and interest
 Does not include land redemptions

COUNTY OF JAMES CITY, VIRGINIA

Property Tax Levies and Collections (2)

Last Five Fiscal Years

	Collections in Total collections to date	subsequent	years Amount of levy	%1 068 358 702 06 358	30,336,02	0.352.011 112,140,193 105.05	-		6 166 489 123,108,777 105,93		7,717,426 122,992,410 104.10	
	Collect	sapse	ye	C 7 C	7,4,7	20.3	. 4	6,4	1 91	1,01	7,7	
Collected within the fiscal	vear of the levy (1)	Percentage	of levy	משב שב	/2./0%	85.98		80.08	00 00	74.04	97.63	
Collected wit	vear of th		Amount	7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	72,091,634	91 788 182		100,176,704	106 040 305	100,947,793	115,274,984	
	Taxes levied	for the fiscal	vear		95.154.222	106 752 648	100,172,010	115.567.237	11/010/10	110,213,018	118,074,835	
					(P)							
			Fiscal vear		2006	2007	7007	2008	0001	5003	2010	

(1) Current second half personal property taxes not collectable in year of levy.

(2) Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 44, Economic Condition Reporting: The Statistical Section, was adopted by the County as of July 1, 2005. Hence, the information for fiscal years prior to 2006 is not available.

Source: Treasurer, James City County

COUNTY OF JAMES CITY, VIRGINIA

Taxable Sales by Category Last Ten Fiscal Years

2010		12,949,521	42,771,225	89,306,904 109,487,554	21,986,380 95,560,600 39,984,592 25,930,390	163,456,030 777,319,142
2009		14,567,840	31,817,138	67,796,606 136,126,199	34,053,707 91,584,624 47,796,238 26,130,061	182,317,205 800,140,357
2008		10,626,082	48,814,343	61,733,750 131,331,534	40,492,354 100,039,981 55,764,241 27,416,608	212,079,549 828,946,907
2007	129,014,904	9,958,680	70,536,701	64,500,250 121,052,401	39,426,034 89,788,633 58,643,553 23,256,354	205,937,385 812,114,895
2006	106,280,148	9,532,774	80,881,233	50,262,980 93,670,198	38,502,745 55,149,333 51,474,891 42,378,637	175,126,243 703,259,182
2005	97,321,446	9,728,269	95,792,695	116,938,094 106,657,961	25,363,301 18,483,634 41,654,420 68,466,514	137,539,091
2004	81,257,571	8,546,791	76,748,086	100,640,302 106,942,175	21,940,341 17,129,785 51,125,828 65,996,384	122,429,498 652,756,761
2003	77,812,731	6,945,804	66,570,828	101,962,933 108,456,499	22,143,579 53,143,646 62,193,694 20,419,881	121,411,709 641,061,304
2002	80,764,148	5,849,993	60,997,150	104,350,008 110,549,708	20,675,656 54,388,821 66,098,507 17,894,132	104,778,164
2001	88,606,176	5,697,959	74,228,168	92,296,506 104,586,677	21,800,519 61,235,785 65,758,937 17,155,187	2 9
	Apparel stores \$	Automotive dealers, supplies and repair	Building materials, machinery and equipment	Eating and drinking establishments Food stores	Furniture, home furnishings and household equipment General merchandise Lodging	ores, dealers, services

Source: Weldon Cooper Center

Note: Some data is not categorized to protect confidentiality of the business.

COUNTY OF JAMES CITY, VIRGINIA

Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Source: U.S. Census Bureau

Notes:

⁽¹⁾ Based on personal income from Table 13(2) Calendar year basis** Population and income statistics not yet available

COUNTY OF JAMES CITY, VIRGINIA

Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita

Last Ten Fiscal Years

,	Net	ponded	debt per	capita	1,602	1,459	1,355	1,222	1,749	1,578	1,680	1,518	1,346	1,197
Ratio of net general				1	9		1.14	0.97	1.30	1.03	96'0	08.0	0.71	0.63
		Net	ponded	debt	78,893,952	74,208,314	70,851,461	65,946,856	98,779,575	92,913,248	102,244,334	92,870,543	84,985,160	76,189,512
(5) Less	debt	service	monies	available	9,791,477	9,573,068	9,686,080	9,300,903	10,686,133	13,178,021	24,346,226	25,499,192	24,988,945	25,225,253
	(3) (4)	Gross	ponded	debt	88,685,429	83,781,382	80,537,541	75.247.759	109,465,708	106,091,269	126.590.560	118,369,735	109,974,105	101,414,765
		(2)	Assessed	valu	5,320,43	5.745.45	5.225.81	6.731.38	7.489.35	9,049,25	0.704.26	1.610.15	1.941.06	12,092,979,169
			(1)	Population	49.256	50.858	52,303	53,952	56,463	58,893	60.867	61.195	63,135	63,675
			iscal	ar	8	202	03	\$Q.	905	90	207	.08	600	2010
			Fis	Ve	, 	Š	Õ	ŝ	Ĉ	200	ŝ	2 5	2 2	2 2

Planning Division

From Table 5 Includes all long-term general obligation bonded debt, Bond Anticipation notes, and Literary Fund loans Includes General Obligation Debt payable from enterprise revenues From Table 11A <u>=66646</u>

Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for General Bonded Debt (1) to Total General Government Expenditures

Fiscal year		(1) Principal	(2) Interest	(4) Total debt service	(3) Total general governmental expenditures	Ratio of debt service to general total governmental expenditures
2001	 \$ -	4,829,277	4,962,200	9,791,477	110,168,556	8.89%
2002		4,904,047	4,669,021	9,573,068	126,110,078	7.59
2003		5,442,903	4,243,177	9.686,080	133,771,807	7.24
2004		5,414,782	3.886,121	9,300,903	142,379,879	6.53
2005		6,411,051	4.275,082	10,686,133	154,634,945	6.91
2005		7,215,460	5,962,561	13,178,021	171,917,860	7.67
2007		14.488.702	9,857,524	24,346,226	199,622,475	12.20
		14,245,257	11.253,935	25,499,192	212,383,260	12.01
2008		- '- '	10,625,010	24.988,945	208,510,363	11.98
2009 2010		14,363,935 15,077,900	10,147,353	25,225,253	198,552,653	12.70

- (1) General obligation bonds reported in the enterprise funds and special assessment debt with government commitment have been excluded.
- (2) Excludes bond issuance and other costs.
- (3) Reflects recurring expenditures included in the General Fund, Debt Service Fund, all Special Revenue funds, operating transfers to Capital Projects and the County's percentage of discretely presented Component Unit – Public Schools Operating Fund.

 (4) The County has no overlapping debt.

Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for General Bonded Debt (1) to Total General Government Revenues

Fiscal year		Principal	(2) Interest	(4) Total debt service	(3) Total general governmental revenues	Ratio of debt service to general total governmental revenues
2001	— _{\$} -	4,829,277	4,962,200	9,791,477	115,811,197	8.45%
2002	*	4,904,047	4.669.021	9,573,068	126,579,049	7.56
2003		5.442.903	4,243,177	9,686,080	131,552,134	7.36
2004		5,414,782	3,886,121	9,300,903	146,620,455	6.34
2005		6.411.051	4.275.082	10,686,133	159,351,967	6.71
2006		7,215,460	5,962,561	13,178,021	177,521,975	7.42
2007		14.488,702	9.857.524	24,346,226	204,284,050	11.92
2008		14.245.257	11,253,935	25,499,192	219,920,086	11.59
2009		14.363.935	10,625,010	24,988,945	216,835,334	11.52
2010		15,077,900	10,147,353	25,225,253	200,014,429	12.61

- (1) General obligation bonds reported in the enterprise funds and special assessment debt with government commitment have been excluded.
- Excludes bond issuance and other costs. **(2)**
- (3) Reflects recurring revenues included in the General Fund, Debt Service Fund, all Special Revenue funds, and the County's percentage of discretely presented Component Unit –
 Public Schools Operating Fund.

 (4) The County has no overlapping debt.

COUNTY OF JAMES CITY, VIRGINIA

Pledged Revenue Coverage

James City Service Authority

		Contonous	Coverage	1	-	11.70	5.21	6.20	7.22	8.21	5.71	2.67	2.04
	S	1.4	I Otal			495,969	1,307,695	1,381,881	1,382,981	1,383,631	1,384,431	3,032,050	3,030,562
(2)	Debt service requirement	,	Interest		the state of the s	696'09	482,695	541,881	522,981	503,631	479,431	1,637,050	1,590,562
	Debt	,	Principal			435,000	825,000	840,000	860.000	880,000	905,000	1,395,000	1,440,000
	Net revenue	available for	debt service	6,368,007	4,996,097	5.803.098	6.814.055	8.564.354	9.984.501	11.362.199	7.910.272	8.081.193	6,193,342
	(1)	Operating	expenses	5,679,512	7.394.450	6 587 651	7 128 622	7 743 365	8.283.711	9 420 318	10.205.599	10.953,522	10,985,233
		Gross	revenue	\$12,047,519	12.390.547	12 390 749	13 942 677	912,247,51	18,567,715	202,52	18.115.871	19 034 715	17.178.575
		Fiscal	vear	2001	2002	2002	2007	2005 2005	2002	2007	2008	2002	2010

⁽¹⁾ Total operating expenses exclusive of depreciation.(2) The Authority has no debt margin nor overlapping debt.

Demographic and Economic Statistics

Last Ten Calendar Years

Calendar year	Population (1)	Personal income (2)	Per capita personal income (2)	Unemployment percentage (1)
2001	49,256	\$ 2,289,963,000	37,242	2.1%
2002	50,858	2,393,678,000	38,021	2.4
2003	52,303	2,515,632,000	38,906	2.5
2004	53,952	2,793,123,000	41,731	3.2
2005	56,463	2,952,937,000	42,713	2.9
2006	58,893	3,289,020,000	45,778	2.6
2007	60,867	3,546,329,000	48,135	2.5
2008	61,195	3,706,388,000	49,520	3.2
2009	63,135	**	**	5.3
2010	63,675	**	**	**

- (1) Planning Division, supplemented by data from Virginia Employment Commission
- (2) Data from the Bureau of Economic Analysis, and has combined data for James City County and the City of Williamsburg
- ** Statistics not yet available

Demographic and Economic Statistics

Households and Population

(Sources: Social Services Department and Planning Division)

	Food stamp households	Total households	Percentage of food stamp households
Year:			2.2
2001	650	19,495	3.3
2002	666	20,553	3.2
2003	696	21,160	3.3
2004	773	22,095	3.5
2005	881	24,624	3.6
2006	974	25,659	3.8
2007	927	26,507	3.5
2007	965	27,217	3.5
	1,224	27,567	4.4
2009 2010	1,638	27,961	5.9

Population

(Source: U.S. Census)

	Population number	Percentage increase
1940	4,907	26.5%
1950	6,317	28.7
1960	11,539	82.7
1970	17,853	54.7
1980	22,763	27.5
	34,859	53.1
1990 2000	48,102	38.0

Age Distribution

1960	%	1970	<u></u> %	1980	%	1990	%	2000	<u>%</u>
			20.2	5,000	22.0	7 211	20.7	0.254	19.2
- /-				- ,					5.9
897	7.8					,		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	3.7
1,496	13.0	2,915	16.3	3,870	17.0	5,330	15.3		1.5.4
_		_	_			***************************************		7,484	15.6
2 559	22.2	3,172	17.8	4,780	21.0	8,901	25.5		
								7,866	16.4
2 263	19.6	3 53 1	19.8	5,235	23.0	7,255	20.8	12,563	26.1
	6.3	1,561	8.7	1,594	7.0_	4,015_	11.5	8,097	16.8
11,539	100.0	17,853	100.0	22,763	100.0	34,859	100.0	48,102	100.0
	3,594 897 1,496 — 2,559 — 2,263 730	3,594 31.1 897 7.8 1,496 13.0 	3,594 31.1 5,226 897 7.8 1,448 1,496 13.0 2,915 	3,594 31.1 5,226 29.3 897 7.8 1,448 8.1 1,496 13.0 2,915 16.3 2,559 22.2 3,172 17.8 2,263 19.6 3,531 19.8 730 6.3 1,561 8.7	3,594 31.1 5,226 29.3 5,008 897 7.8 1,448 8.1 2,276 1,496 13.0 2,915 16.3 3,870 2,559 22.2 3,172 17.8 4,780 2,263 19.6 3,531 19.8 5,235 730 6.3 1,561 8.7 1,594	3,594 31.1 5,226 29.3 5,008 22.0 897 7.8 1,448 8.1 2,276 10.0 1,496 13.0 2,915 16.3 3,870 17.0 2,559 22.2 3,172 17.8 4,780 21.0 2,263 19.6 3,531 19.8 5,235 23.0 730 6.3 1,561 8.7 1,594 7.0	3,594 31.1 5,226 29.3 5,008 22.0 7,211 897 7.8 1,448 8.1 2,276 10.0 2,147 1,496 13.0 2,915 16.3 3,870 17.0 5,330 2,559 22.2 3,172 17.8 4,780 21.0 8,901 2,263 19.6 3,531 19.8 5,235 23.0 7,255 730 6.3 1,561 8.7 1,594 7.0 4,015	3,594 31.1 5,226 29.3 5,008 22.0 7,211 20.7 897 7.8 1,448 8.1 2,276 10.0 2,147 6.2 1,496 13.0 2,915 16.3 3,870 17.0 5,330 15.3 2,559 22.2 3,172 17.8 4,780 21.0 8,901 25.5 2,263 19.6 3,531 19.8 5,235 23.0 7,255 20.8 730 6.3 1,561 8.7 1,594 7.0 4,015 11.5 1,000 2,010 3,015 11.5 1,000 2,015 1,000	3,594 31.1 5,226 29.3 5,008 22.0 7,211 20.7 9,254 897 7.8 1,448 8.1 2,276 10.0 2,147 6.2 2,838 1,496 13.0 2,915 16.3 3,870 17.0 5,330 15.3 — 2,559 22.2 3,172 17.8 4,780 21.0 8,901 25.5 — 2,263 19.6 3,531 19.8 5,235 23.0 7,255 20.8 12,866 730 6.3 1,561 8.7 1,594 7.0 4,015 11.5 8.097

^{*} New categories, as defined by U.S. Census Source: U.S. Census

Demographic and Economic Statistics

Households and Population

(Source: Planning Division)

	Number of households	Total households population*	Persons per household
Year:			0.45
2001	19,495	48,153	2.47
2002	20,553	50,716	2.47
2003	21,160	52,266	2.47
2004	22,095	54,573	2.47
2005	24,624	56,463	2.29
2006	25,659	57,991	2.26
2007	26,507	59,905	2.26
2008	27,217	61,511	2.26
2009	27,567	62,301	2.47
2010	27,961	63,989	2.47

Unemployment Rate and Labor Force *

(Source: Planning Division supplemented by data from Virginia Employment Commission)

	Labor force	Employed	Unemployed	Unemployment percentage
Year:				
2000	25,410	25,103	307	1.2
2001	25,562	25,015	547	2.1
2002	28,453	27,759	694	2.4
2003	29,189	28,462	727	2.5
2004	26,419	25,580	839	3.2
2005	28,056	27,248	808	2.9
2005	29,348	28,573	775	2.6
2007	30,852	30,078	774	2.5
2008	31,715	30,694	1,021	3.2
2009	32,373	30,657	1,716	5.3

^{*} Household population is total population less population of institutions, such as Eastern State Hospital, a state mental facility, Middle Peninsula Juvenile Detention Center and the Virginia Peninsula Regional Jail.

Demographic and Economic Statistics

Median Household Income

	James City County	Commonwealth of Virginia	United States
Year:			
1999	56,302	44,848	40,696
2000	58,342	46,789	41,990
2001	57,352	48,130	42,228
2002	59,483	48,224	42,409
2003	62,326	50,028	43,318
2004	66,180	51,103	44,334
2005	65,681	54,207	46,242
2006	67,054	56,297	48,451
2007	70,487	59,575	50,740
2008	76,705	61,210	52,029

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Small Area Income and Poverty Estimates

COUNTY OF JAMES CITY, VIRGINIA

Table 14

Principal Employers in James City County

Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2010			2001	
			Percentage of total County			Percentage of total County
	Employees	Rank	employment	Employees	Rank	employment
Employment:						
Principal Public/Private Employers:						E C
Busch Gardens*	5,500	_	17.94%	4,300	_	17.19%
Williamsburg-James City County						
Public Schools	1,818	2	5.93	1,230	7	4.92
Eastern State Hospital	1,000	E	3.26	008	4	3.20
Lumber Liquidators	934	4	3.05	-		Lann
Busch Properties, Inc.	825	5	2.69	059	5	2.60
James City County	720	9	2.35	570	9	2.28
Anhenser-Rusch, Inc.	700	7	2.28	1,100	3	4.40
Wal-Mart Distribution Center	692	8	2.26	230	7	0.92
Avid Medical	492	6	1.60			1
Jamestown-Yorktown Foundation	389	01	1.27		-	-
Ball Metal	l	ļ	l	200	∞	0.80
Owens-Brockway		ļ	ļ	091	6	0.64
Printpack	ļ	l	ļ	130	10	0.52
Total	13,070		42.63%	9,370		37.47%

Source: Economic Development, James City County and Virginia Employment Commission * Seasonal employer

COUNTY OF JAMES CITY, VIRGINIA

Full-time County Government Employees by Function/Program

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/program	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Administrative:	9		-	1.0	0 1	0.1	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Board of supervisors	0.1	0.7) · c); «	, c	5.0	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5
County administration	d.	5.5	 		9 6	9	0,0	30	3.0	3.0
Satellite services	2.0	0.7	2.0	0.7	0.4 £) /	o c	0.5	5.0	5.0
County attorney	4.5	C.4	.	,	7	î	2	:		
Elections:	7.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
General registrar	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2	9				
Human resources:	i.	4	6	9	9	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	4.0
Human resources	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	9.0	. r	7.5	6.5	6.5
Communications	3.5	5.5	4. C.	5.0	0.0	0.0	. c		3.0	3.0
TQP	3.5	4.0	2.0	0.7	7.0	5.0	3.0	0.0	9	
Financial administration:					,	6	Ó	0	c	0.8
Accounting	0.6	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.0
Commissioner of the revenue	0 =	0 11	11.0	11.0	11.0	0.11	13.0	13.0	13.0	12.0
Commissioner of the tevenue	9. 4	0.4	2.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0
Financial and management services	0.0	0.0	0.4	9.0	9.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
Purchasing	3.0	5.0	0.0	0,0	0,01	0	0.61	130	13.0	0.11
Real estate assessments	0.6	10.0	0.11	0.11	0.5	11.0	2.0	13.0	13.0	130
Treasurer	12.0	12.0	15.0	13.0	13.0	13.0	0.51	2.51	2	
General services:				4	0	9	0	001	001	081
Facilities maintenance	0.61	20.0	20.0	20.0	70.0	19.0	18.0	0.0	0.01	0,1
Fleet maintenance	7.0	7.0	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.8	8.0	8.0	0.0	0.7
Gaparal convices	Ì		1		2.5	3.5	6.5	6.5	0.5 0.5	0.0
Conclude mointaness	08	0 6	0 =	11.0	15.0	13.0	0.91	21.0	21.0	20.0
Olouins maintenance	0.0	0.4	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0
Solid Waste management	0.0	0.0	9	5	; 1			0.6	8.5	6.5
Stormwater										
Information resources management:				9	0 0 1	0.00	000	21.0	016	21.0
Information resources management	18.0	18.0	19.0	0.61	19.0	70.0	20.0	?)
Development management:						9		ć	0.01	0.51
Code compliance	16.0	15.0	15.0	16.0	17.0	18.0	20.0	0.12	0.61 4.0	2.0
Development management	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	6.4	5.5	4. u	96	0.4
Economic development	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	5.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
Environmental services	7.0	0.6	0.6	10.0	11.0	12.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	0.41
Mosquito control		1.0	0.1	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	1
Mosquito Collico	14.5	14.5	14.5	15.5	16.5	18.5	17.5	19.5	19.5	17.5
Indining and coung										•
Junicial.	0,0	0.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
Couns/Judicial	0 0	9 0	o c	oi c	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
Courthouse	0.0	0.4	0.1.0	i <u>c</u>	i c	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0
Clerk of the circuit court	17.0	12.0	0.71	0.71	0.10	0 0	o i o	0 6	0 6	0.6
Commonwealth's attorney	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	0.8	0.0	9.0	7.0	2	2
Public safety:					,		ć	ć	7.0	90
Animal control	2.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	5.0	3.0	0.0	3.0 0.70	0.17
Emergency communications	19.0	0.61	22.0	24.0	25.0	26.0	7.7.0	0.12	0.72	0.74
Emergency management	1.0	0.1	1.0	1.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.7	0.7	0.2.5
Emargency medical services	0.81	18.0	18.0	18.0	18.0	24.0	24.0	25.0	0.62	0.62
Eiro	70.0	70.0	71.0	74.0	77.0	77.0	80.0	83.0	0.98	0.08
Bolica	089	0.69	72.0	73.0	74.0	78.0	87.0	94.0	0.79	0.86
Police De de la constante de l	0.00	0 -	0	0		1		ì		1.
Kadio maintenance	0.1	0.4	0:-0:-	081	081	0.83	18.0	18.0	18.0	18.0
Sheriff	10.0	10.0	0.0		5					

COUNTY OF JAMES CITY, VIRGINIA

Table 15

Full-time County Government Employees by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

2010	3.0 2.0 53.0 	563.0	8.5 90.0 52.5 11.0 2.0 727.0
2009	3.0 2.0 54.0 4.0	584.0	9.5 91.0 57.5 11.0 2.0 755.0
2008	4.0 2.0 56.0 - - - - -	586.5	9.5 88.0 57.5 13.0 2.0 756.5
2007	4.0 2.0 52.0 - 4.0	548.5	9.5 87.0 53.5 13.0 1.0
2006	5.0 2.0 45.0 1.0 3.0	512.5	8.5 85.0 53.5 13.0 3.0 675.5
2005	5.0 2.0 43.0 3.0	492.5	8.5 81.0 52.5 13.0 3.0
2004	5.0 2.0 43.0 3.0	480.0	8.5 78.0 52.5 12.0
2003	8.0 3.0 42.0 3.5	474.0	8.5 76.0 50.5 11.0 620.0
2002	6.0 3.0 33.0 1.5 2.5	452.5	8.5 74.0 46.5 11.0
2001	5.0 3.0 29.0 1.5	438.5	8.5 71.0 46.5 11.0 — 575.5
Function/program	Community services: Community services Cooperative extension service Parks and recreation Volunteer services Neighborhood connections	Total general fund	Other services: Community development JCSA Social services Social services Colonial community corrections Special projects/grants Grand total all funds

Source: Financial and Management Services

COUNTY OF JAMES CITY, VIRGINIA

Operating Indicators by Function/Program

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/program	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Police: Calls for service	15.970	17.678	17,574	18.433	18,574	20.641	21,897	21.320	21,694	21,762
Major crimes reported (1)	1.624	1.642	1,600	992	688	6 1 0.1	971	1.007	1,000	396
Major crimes cleared (2)	642	845	651	320	306	301	155	040	COC	N.C
Fire:	1 977	2 389	2.307	3,001	2.411	2,822	3.064	3.575	2,969	2,922
rife/utiler responses	793	673	769	894	1.574	1.798	1,486	2.334	1,156	2.037
EMS responses	3,971	4,158	4,227	4,642	4,688	4,869	5,219	4.851	5.276	52/3
Refuse collection:		* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	NI/A	VIV	\$0 8	92 01	11 83	9.25	7.68	8.06
Refuse collected (tons per day)	K :	K/X	Y/Y	(N	0.20	80.	1.43	1.25	1.12	80°T
Recyclables collected (tons per day)	K/Z	Z/Z	K/A	V/V	1	1.00				
Parks and recreation:	241.048	783.457	284.448	321656	349.107	333,299	315,480	409,706	353,862	394,757
Community center admissions Dork offendages	040,142 A/N	(A/Z	Y/A	848,750	1,021,620	1,100,051	1,151,574	1,236,968	1.368,462	1,349,550
Falk attendance Participants in programs offered	Z/X	K/Z	N/N	Z/Z	A/A	228.504	250,042	408,905	422,009	384,650
Water:	316	289	785	606	1.068	880	694	351	263	385
New connections Water mains breaks	80 80	62	88	62	59	51	42	57	37	40
Wastewater: New connections	655	553	603	770	930	884	693	389	569	380

Starting FY04 – major crimes and major crimes reported no longer included simple assaults, which were counted in previous years.
 Major crimes cleared includes administrative and pending warrant clearances.
 N/A: This information is not available.

COUNTY OF JAMES CITY, VIRGINIA

Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/program	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Police stations	_	-	_	_	_		_		_	_
Fire stations	4	5	5	S	5	5	5	S	S	5
Parks and recreation:										
Acreage	245	245	245	181	333	1,547	1,749	1,622	1,622	1,622
Playgrounds	3	4	4	5	9	7	∞	01	01	11
Ball fields maintained	43	43	43	54	58	17	23	30	30	58
Tennis courts maintained	12	12	12	61	61	æ	9	9	9	5
Community centers	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Water:										
Water lines (miles)	265	274	282	294	305	319	329	332	339	344
Water customers	13,460	14,158	14,761	15,657	16,531	17,552	18,283	18,770	19,085	19,368
Storage tanks (greater than										
250,000 gallons)	9	9	8	∞	8	7	7	∞	∞	э о
Average ERCs (2)	17,121	16,631	15,600	16,800	18,800	19,200	20,400	20,350	25,753	20,200
Wastewater:										
Sewer lines (miles)	322	329	339	346	352	360	370	375	379	382
Gallons collected (millions)	1,466	1,639	1,509	1,471	1,469	1,606	1,680	1,727	1,956	2,116
Sewer customers	14,538	15,249	15,902	16,605	17,357	17,982	18,426	18,590	18,702	18.860

(1) Equivalent Residential Connections (ERCs) are determined based upon the rated capacity of a water meter (e.g., the average amount of water which can flow through such meter on a continuous basis) as compared to the rated capacity for a typical 5/8" residential water meter.

Miscellaneous Statistics

Retail Sales

Last 10 Years

(Source: Treasurer, James City County)

	Taxable retail sales	Percentage change
Year:		
2001	673,000,700	4.5
2002	660,603,800	(1.8)
2003	678,016,200	2.6
2004	679,508,600	0.2
2005	763,697,400	12.4
2006	832,202,000	9.0
2007	882,593,500	6.1
2008	892,444,900	1.1
2009	861,852,500	(3.4)
2010	842,195,600	(2.3)

Business Licenses Issued

Last 10 Years

(Source: Commissioner of the Revenue, James City County)

	Business licenses issued	Percentage change
Year:		
2001	3,783	5.9
2002	3,954	4.5
2003	4,099	3.7
2004	4,696	14.5
2005	4,967	5.8
2006	5,088	2.4
2007	5,983	17.6
2008	5,800	(3.1)
2009	6,446	11.1
2010	6,109	(5.2)

Miscellaneous Statistics

Construction Information

Last Ten Fiscal Years

2010

Construction Total Commercial/Industrial Residential Number of Number of Number of **Fiscal** Value permits permits permits Value year Value 135,265,141 1,032 \$ 188,384,464 911 53,119,323 2001 121 199,672,402 1,249 1.095 170,128,299 29,544,103 2002 154 180,586,390 969 219,404,178 898 71 38,817,788 2003 215,960,174 1,093 245,438,676 1,012 81 29,478,502 2004 248,603,791 144,545,638 1,261 104,058,153 1,177 84 2005 278,570,129 188,993,942 1,362 1,249 2006 113 89,576,187 1,528 361,556,567 111,021,564 1,297 250,535,003 231 2007 1,199 194,398,219 129,967,874 970 229 64,430,345 2008 959 177,733,103 2009 169 91,878,634 790 85,854,469

905

24,594,420

98,851,955

1,032

123,446,375

Source: Code Compliance Department

127

Miscellaneous Statistics

Williamsburg-James City County Public Schools

Staffing Analysis

	Classroom		Pupil-teacher
	teachers	Pupils	<u>ratio</u>
School year:			
2009-10	668.98	10,503	15.7
2008-09	643.00	10,248	15.9
2007-08	625.00	10,137	16.2
2006-07	612.00	10,105	16.5
2005-06	596.68	9,820	16.5
2004-05	574.68	9,402	16.4
2003-04	550.50	8.959	16.3
2002-03	546.46	8,553	15.7

Source: Williamsburg-James City County Public Schools

Projected Enrollment (1)

2010-11 2011-12 2012-13 2013-14	(2)	10,549 10,705 10,806 10,953
2014-15		11,211

- (1) Based on enrollment projections (low version) provided by DeJong-Healy, October 2010.
- (2) September 30, 2010 enrollment provided by Williamsburg-James City County Public Schools.



Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards – Primary Government and

Discretely Presented Component Unit - Public Schools

Year ended June 30, 2010

Federal Grantor/State Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title		Federal catalog number	Expenditures
Primary Government:			
Department of Agriculture:			
Virginia Department of Social Services:			
State Administrative Matching Grants - Supplemental Nutrition			
Assistance Program		10.561 \$	442,718
ARRA - State Administrative Matching Grants - Supplemental			
Nutrition Assistance Program	ARRA -	10.561	19.808
Total Department of Agriculture			462,526
Department of Health and Human Services:			
Virginia Department of Housing and Community Development -			
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families		93.558	19,597
Virginia Department of Social Services:			
Promoting Safe and Stable Families		93.556	3,952
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families		93.558	316,381
Refugee and Entrant Assistance - State Administered Programs		93.566	2,838
Low-Income Home Energy Assistance		93.568	18,174
Chafee Education and Training Vouchers Program		93.599	8,321
Child Welfare Services		93.645	965
Foster Care – Title IV-E		93.658	246,500
Adoption Assistance		93.659	134,373
Social Services Block Grant		93.667	140,278
Chafee Foster Care Independent Living		93.674	5,355
State Children's Insurance Program		93.767	18,251
Medical Assistance Program		93.778	264,769
Administration for Children and Families:			
ARRA - Foster Care – Title IV-E	ARRA -	93.658	5,802
ARRA - Adoption Assistance	ARRA -	93.659	13,991
Child Care and Development Cluster:			
Virginia Department of Social Services:		00.575	150 550
Child Care and Development Block Grant		93.575	450,720
Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds of the		00.507	221.205
Child Care and Development Fund		93.596	231,295
Administration for Children and Families:	4 B B 4	02.712	126 101
ARRA - Child Care and Development Block Grant	ARRA -	93.713	126,101
Total Child Care and Development Cluster			808,116
Total Department of Health and Human Services			2,007,663
Federal Emergency Management Agency:			
Virginia Department of Emergency Management -		07.040	
Hazard Mitigation Grant		97.039	71,671
Total Federal Emergency Management Agency			71,671

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards - Primary Government and

Discretely Presented Component Unit - Public Schools

Year ended June 30, 2010

Federal Grantor/State Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title		Federal catalog number	Expenditures
Primary Government, continued:			
Department of Homeland Security:			
Port Security Grant Program Cluster:			
Port Security Grant Program		07.056	ф <u>00.011</u>
ARRA - Port Security Grant Program	ARRA -		\$ 89,011
Total Port Security Grant Program Cluster		97.116	39,207
Homeland Security Grant Program Cluster:			128,218
Virginia Department of Emergency Management:		07.074	0.047
Law Enforcement Terrorism Prevention Program		97.074	8,847
State Homeland Security Program		97.073	50,216
Homeland Security Grant Program		97.067	22,272
Virginia Department of Criminal Justice Services -		07.004	40.000
Law Enforcement Terrorism Prevention Program		97.004	121,335
Total Homeland Security Grant Program Cluster			121,333
Virginia Department of Emergency Management -		97.042	6,028
Emergency Management Performance Grants		97.042	
Total Department of Homeland Security			255,581
Department of Housing and Community Development:			
Virginia Department of Housing and Community Development:			
Indoor Plumbing Rehabilitation		14.000	74,654
Housing Counselor Grant		14.169	187
Community Development Block Grants		14.228	25,000
ARRA-Homelessness Prevention and Rapid Re-Housing Assistance	ARRA -	14.257	74,354
Section 8 Housing Choice Vouchers		14.871	1,192,138
Total Department of Housing and Community Development			1,366,333
Department of Interior:			
Direct Payment -			
Bureau of Cash Management Payment in lieu of taxes		15.000	6,979
National Park Service -			
American Battlefield Protection		15.926	21,906
Total Department of Interior			28,885
Department of Labor -			
Employee Benefits Security Administration -			
ARRA - COBRA premium assistance	ARRA -	17.151	10,855
•	-		
Total Department of Labor			10,855

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards – Primary Government and

Discretely Presented Component Unit - Public Schools

Year ended June 30, 2010

Federal Grantor/State Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title		Federal catalog number	 Expenditures
Primary Government, continued:			
Department of Transportation: Federal Highway Administration - Highway Planning and Construction -			
ARRA - Federal Aid Highway Program, Federal Lands Program	ARRA -	20.205	\$ 763
Virginia Department of Transportation - Transportation Enhancement Programs Fund National Highway Traffic Safety Administration:		20.205	1,000
Alcohol Impaired Driving Countermeasures Incentive Grants		20.601	7,379
Alcohol Open Container Requirements		20.607	25,558
Total Department of Transportation			34,700
Department of Justice: Bureau of Justice Administration -			
BJA - Bulletproof Vests Partnerships Office of Justice Programs:		16.607	9,265
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program		16.738	104,248
ARRA - JAG Grants to States and Territories	ARRA -		35,258
ARRA - JAG Grants to Units of Local Government Virginia Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control -	ARRA -	16.804	54,022
Enforcing Underage Drinking Laws		16.727	2.783
Total Department of Justice Department of Criminal Justice Services: Virginia Department of Criminal Justice Services:			205,576
Violence Against Women Formula Grants		16.588	16,868
Crime Victim Assistance		16.575	75,732
Total Department of Criminial Justice Services			92,600
Environmental Protection Agency - Office of Air and Radiation -			
Climate Showcase Communities Grant Program		66.041	3,424
Total Environmental Protection Agency			3,424
Total federal awards, primary government			4,539,814

Federal

COUNTY OF JAMES CITY, VIRGINIA

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards – Primary Government and

Discretely Presented Component Unit - Public Schools

Year ended June 30, 2010

	reuerar		
		catalog	
Federal Grantor/State Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title		number	Expenditures
Component Unit – Public Schools:			
Department of Agriculture:			
Child Nutrition Cluster:			
Virginia Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services -			
Food Commodities		10.555	\$ 182,770
Virginia Department of Education:			
School Breakfast Program		10.553	285,802
National School Lunch Program		10.555	1,154,595
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			1,623,167
Virginia Department of Education -			
Fresh Fruit and Vegetable		10.582	30,762
			1,653,929
Total Department of Agriculture			1,033,727
Department of Education:			
Direct Payment -		84.041	1,993
Impact Aid		04.041	1,773
Virginia Department of Education:		84.002	43,855
Adult Education – State Grant Program		84.002	46,664
Title I, Part D, Neglected and Delinquent Children		84.377	65,282
Title I, State Set Aside	ARRA -		2,563,885
ARRA - State Fiscal Stabilization Fund	AKKA -		2,303,883
Title V, Part A, Innovative Programs		84.298	24
Title IV, Part A, Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities -		04.107	21.470
State Grants		84.186	21,679
Vocational Education – Basic Grants to States		84.048	114,738
Title II, Part A, Improving Teacher Quality State Grants		84.367	281,654
Title III, Part A, English Language Acquisition Grants		84.365	42,771
Title I, Part A Cluster:			
Virginia Department of Education:		04.010	1.047.570
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies		84.010	1,047,578
ARRA - Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	ARRA -	84.389	277,033
Total Title I, Part A Cluster			1,324,611
Special Education Cluster:			
Virginia Department of Education:			1 455 222
Special Education – Grants to States		84.027	1,655,323
ARRA - Special Education – Grants to States	ARRA -		910,873
Special Education – Preschool Grants		84.173	25,738
ARRA - Special Education – Preschool Grants	ARRA -	84.392	35,453
Total Special Education Cluster			2,627,387
Title II, Part D Cluster:			
Virginia Department of Education:			
Title II, Part D, Enhancing Education Through Technology Program		84.318	13,738
ARRA - Title II, D	ARRA -	84.386	29,122
Total Title II, Part D Cluster			42,860

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards – Primary Government and Discretely Presented Component Unit – Public Schools

Year ended June 30, 2010

Federal Grantor/State Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title		Federal catalog number	Expenditures
Component Unit - Public Schools, continued: Department of Education, continued:			
Virginia Department of Education:			
College of William and Mary - Project HOPE		84.387	21,628
Total Department of Education			7,199,031
Department of Health and Human Services - Head Start Program Cluster:			
Williamsburg-James City County Community Action Agency - Head Start		93.600	60,185
Child Development Resource:		,0.000	
ARRA - Early Head Start	ARRA -	93.709	62,654
Total Department of Health and Human Services			122,839
Department of Labor -			
City of Newport News -			22.077
ARRA - WIA Youth Activities	ARRA -	17.259	22,977
Total Department of Labor			22,977
Total federal awards, Component Unit - Public Schools			8,998,776
Total federal awards, reporting entity			\$13,538,590

See accompanying notes to schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Year ended June 30, 2010

(1) General

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of the County of James City, Virginia (the County) and its component unit, Williamsburg-James City County Public Schools, and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is described in note 1 to the County's basic financial statements. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

(2) Relationship to Basic Financial Statements

Federal expenditures in the basic financial statements are summarized as follows:

General Fund	\$	145,692
Capital Projects Fund		1,000
Special Revenue Funds		4,393,122
Component Unit – Public Schools	_	8,998,776
	\$	13,538,590



Certified Public Accountants Specialized Services Business Solutions

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To The Honorable Members of Board of Supervisors County of James City, Virginia

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the *County of James City*, *Virginia*, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the *County of James City*, *Virginia's* basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 18, 2010. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia; and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the *County of James City, Virginia's* internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the *County of James City, Virginia's* internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

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Compliance and Other Matters

Stoochnon & Company, LLP

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the *County of James City, Virginia's* financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain other matters that we reported to management of *County of James City, Virginia* in a separate letter dated November 18, 2010.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Board of Supervisors, others within the entity, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Newport News, Virginia

November 18, 2010



Certified Public Accountants Specialized Services Business Solutions

Report on Compliance with Requirements That Could Have A Direct and Material Effect on Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133

To The Honorable Members of Board of Supervisors County of James City, Virginia

Compliance

We have audited *County of James City, Virginia's* compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 *Compliance Supplement* that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2010. The *County of James City, Virginia's* major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements referred to above is the responsibility of the *County of James City, Virginia's* management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the *County of James City, Virginia's* compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program identified in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the *County of James City, Virginia's* compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the *County of James City, Virginia's* compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the *County of James City, Virginia* complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal programs identified in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs for the year ended June 30, 2010.

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Internal Control over Compliance

The management of the *County of James City, Virginia* is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the compliance requirements of referred to above. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the *County of James City, Virginia's* internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the *County's* internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the *County of James City, Virginia's* internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses in internal control over compliance. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Board of Supervisors, others within the entity and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Newport News, Virginia

Stoochnon & Company, LLP

November 18, 2010



Certified Public Accountants Specialized Services Business Solutions

Report of Independent Auditors on Compliance with Commonwealth of Virginia Laws, Regulations, Contracts and Grants

To The Honorable Members of Board of Supervisors County of James City, Virginia

We have audited the financial statements of the *County of James City, Virginia*, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, and have issued our report thereon dated November 18, 2010.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards and specifications require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the general-purpose financial statements are free of material misstatement.

County of James City, Virginia, is the responsibility of the County of James City, Virginia's management. As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of the County of James City, Virginia's compliance with certain provisions of the Commonwealth of Virginia's laws, regulations, contracts, and grants. However, the objective of our audit of the financial statements was not to provide an opinion on overall compliance with such provisions. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

Following is a summary of the Commonwealth of Virginia's laws, regulations, contracts and grants for which we performed tests of compliance:

Code of Virginia

- Budget and Appropriation Laws
- Cash and Investments
- Conflicts of Interest
- Debt Provisions
- Retirement Systems
- Procurement
- Unclaimed Property

State Agency Requirements

- Education
- Comprehensive Services Act Funds
- Social Services

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The results of our tests disclosed one instance of noncompliance with the provisions referred to in the preceding paragraph. This instance is discussed in the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as Finding 10-01. With respect to items not tested, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that the County of James City, Virginia had not complied, in all material respects, with those provisions.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the County of James City, Virginia's Board of Supervisors, management, and the Auditor of Public Accounts and all applicable state agencies and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Newport News, Virginia November 18, 2010

Soochnone & Company, LLP

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

Year ended June 30, 2010

(1) Summary of Auditors' Results

- (a) The type of report issued on the financial statements: unqualified opinion
- (b) Significant deficiencies in internal control disclosed by the audit of the financial statements: **none noted**Material weaknesses: **no**
- (c) Noncompliance which is material to the financial statements: **no**
- (d) Significant deficiencies in internal control over major programs: no
- (e) The type of report issued on compliance for major programs: unqualified opinion
- (f) Any audit findings which are required to be reported under Section 510(a) of OMB Circular A-133: **no**
- (g) Major programs:
 - Child Care and Development Fund Cluster (CFDA Numbers 93.575, 93.596, and ARRA-93.713), Foster Care-Tile IV-E (CFDA Number 93.658 and ARRA-93.658), Adoption Assistance Title IV-E (CFDA Number 93.659), Title I, Part A Cluster (CFDA Numbers 84.010 and ARRA-84.389), Special Education Cluster (CFDA Numbers 84.027, 84.173, ARRA-84.391, and ARRA-84.392), State Fiscal Stabilization Fund (CFDA Number ARRA-84.394) State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (CFDA Number 10.561 and ARRA-10.561).
- (h) Dollar threshold used to determine Type A programs: \$406,158
- (i) Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee under Section 530 of OMB Circular A-133: yes
- (2) Findings Relating to the Financial Statements Reported in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*: none noted
- (3) Findings and Questioned Costs Relating to Federal Awards: none noted
- (4) State Compliance Findings:

Finding 10-1

Condition: The State and Local Government Conflict of Interest Act contained in Chapter 31 of title 22 of the Code of Virginia requires local government officials to file a statement of economic interests with the clerk of the governing body by January 15 of each year.

Criteria: Three statements of economic interests were not filed timely with the clerk of the governing body.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

Year ended June 30, 2008

Effect: The County is not in compliance with the State and Local Government Conflict of Interest Act.

Recommendation: The County should take steps to ensure that each local official files the statement of economic interests in a timely manner.

Management's Response: The County agrees with the finding, and will take steps to ensure that all required forms are filed by the deadline.

(5) Summary Schedule of Prior Federal Audit Findings: no uncorrected prior federal audit findings