FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



CITY OF GALAX, VIRGINIA

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

CITY OF GALAX, VIRGINIA

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Prepared By: Galax City Finance Department

CITY OF GALAX, VIRGINIA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

TABLE OF CONTENTS

List of Elected and Appointed Officials	INTRODUCTORY SECTION		
Independent Auditors' Report Exhibit Page	List of Elected and Appointed Officials		Page 1
Basic Financial Statements: Government-Wide Financial Statements: Statement of Net Position	FINANCIAL SECTION		
Basic Financial Statements: Government-Wide Financial Statements: Statement of Net Position	Independent Auditors' Report		2-4
Government-Wide Financial Statements: Statement of Net Position		<u>Exhibit</u>	<u>Page</u>
Statement of Net Position	Basic Financial Statements:		
Statement of Activities			
Fund Financial Statements: Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	Statement of Net Position		5
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds 3 7 Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position 4 8 Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds 5 9 Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities 6 10 Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds 7 11 Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position - Proprietary Funds 8 12 Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds 9 13 Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds 10 14 Notes to the Financial Statements 15-73 Required Supplementary Information: Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual: General Fund 11 74 Schedules of OPEB Funding 12 75 Schedule of the Employer's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Component Unit - School Board (nonprofessional) 14 77 Schedule of Employer Contributions 15 78		2	6
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position			
of Net Position		3	7
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds			
Governmental Funds 5 9 Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities 6 10 Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds 7 11 Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position - Proprietary Funds 8 12 Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds 9 13 Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds 10 14 Notes to the Financial Statements 15-73 Required Supplementary Information: Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual: General Fund 11 74 Schedules of OPEB Funding 12 75 Schedule of the Employer's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability 13 76 Schedule of Components of and Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Component Unit - School Board (nonprofessional) 14 77 Schedule of Employer Contributions 15 78		4	8
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities 6 10 Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds 7 11 Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position - Proprietary Funds 8 12 Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds 9 13 Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds 10 14 Notes to the Financial Statements 15-73 Required Supplementary Information: Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual: General Fund 11 74 Schedules of OPEB Funding 12 75 Schedule of the Employer's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability 13 76 Schedule of Components of and Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Component Unit - School Board (nonprofessional) 14 77 Schedule of Employer Contributions 15 78			
in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities 6 10 Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds 7 11 Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position - Proprietary Funds 8 12 Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds 9 13 Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds 10 14 Notes to the Financial Statements 15-73 Required Supplementary Information: Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual: General Fund 11 74 Schedules of OPEB Funding 12 75 Schedule of the Employer's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability 13 76 Schedule of Components of and Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Component Unit - School Board (nonprofessional) 14 77 Schedule of Employer Contributions 15 78		5	9
Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds			
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position - Proprietary Funds 8 12 Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds 9 13 Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds 10 14 Notes to the Financial Statements 15-73 Required Supplementary Information: Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual: General Fund 11 74 Schedules of OPEB Funding 12 75 Schedule of the Employer's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability 13 76 Schedule of Components of and Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Component Unit - School Board (nonprofessional) 14 77 Schedule of Employer Contributions 15 78			
Proprietary Funds 8 12 Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds 9 13 Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds 10 14 Notes to the Financial Statements 15-73 Required Supplementary Information: Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual: General Fund 11 74 Schedules of OPEB Funding 12 75 Schedule of the Employer's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability 13 76 Schedule of Components of and Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Component Unit - School Board (nonprofessional) 14 77 Schedule of Employer Contributions 15 78		7	11
Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds 9 13 Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds 10 14 Notes to the Financial Statements 15-73 Required Supplementary Information: Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual: General Fund 11 74 Schedules of OPEB Funding 12 75 Schedule of the Employer's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability 13 76 Schedule of Components of and Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Component Unit - School Board (nonprofessional) 14 77 Schedule of Employer Contributions 15 78		_	
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds			
Notes to the Financial Statements			
Required Supplementary Information: Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual: General Fund			
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual: General Fund	Notes to the Financial Statements		15-73
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual: General Fund	Poquired Supplementary Information:		
Budget and Actual: General Fund			
General Fund			
Schedules of OPEB Funding		11	7.1
Schedule of the Employer's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability			
Schedule of Components of and Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Component Unit - School Board (nonprofessional)	O Company of the comp		
Component Unit - School Board (nonprofessional)		13	70
Schedule of Employer Contributions		1/	77
	Notes to Required Supplementary Information		70 79

CITY OF GALAX, VIRGINIA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Table of Contents (Continued)		
Other Supplementary Information:	<u>thibit</u>	<u>Page</u>
Chief Cappionientally innormation.		
Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules:		
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board:		
Balance Sheet	17	80
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds	18	81
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -	40	00
Budget and Actual Discretely Presented Component Unit - Industrial Development Authority:	19	82
Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Fund	20	83
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position -		
Proprietary Fund	21 22	84 85
Statement of Gasiffiows - Froprictary Fund	22	03
	<u>edule</u>	<u>Page</u>
Supporting Schedules:		
	1	86-90
Supporting Schedules: Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual - Governmental Funds		86-90 91-94
Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual - Governmental Funds		
Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual - Governmental Funds		
Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual - Governmental Funds	2 <u>Fable</u>	91-94 Page
Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual - Governmental Funds	2	91-94
Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual - Governmental Funds Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual - Governmental Funds STATISTICAL INFORMATION Government-Wide Expenses by Function Government-Wide Revenues Governmental Expenditures by Function	2 <u> </u>	91-94 Page 95 96 97
Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual - Governmental Funds Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual - Governmental Funds STATISTICAL INFORMATION Government-Wide Expenses by Function Government-Wide Revenues Governmental Expenditures by Function Governmental Revenues by Source	2 Fable 1 2 3 4	91-94 Page 95 96 97 98
Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual - Governmental Funds Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual - Governmental Funds STATISTICAL INFORMATION Government-Wide Expenses by Function Government-Wide Revenues. Governmental Expenditures by Function Governmental Revenues by Source. Property Tax Levies and Collections	2 Fable 1 2 3 4 5	91-94 Page 95 96 97 98 99
Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual - Governmental Funds Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual - Governmental Funds STATISTICAL INFORMATION Government-Wide Expenses by Function Government-Wide Revenues Governmental Expenditures by Function Governmental Revenues by Source Property Tax Levies and Collections Assessed Value of Taxable Property	2 Fable 1 2 3 4 5 6	91-94 Page 95 96 97 98 99 100
Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual - Governmental Funds Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual - Governmental Funds STATISTICAL INFORMATION Government-Wide Expenses by Function Government-Wide Revenues. Governmental Expenditures by Function Governmental Revenues by Source. Property Tax Levies and Collections	2 Fable 1 2 3 4 5	91-94 Page 95 96 97 98 99
Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual - Governmental Funds Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual - Governmental Funds STATISTICAL INFORMATION Government-Wide Expenses by Function Government-Wide Revenues Governmental Expenditures by Function Governmental Revenues by Source Property Tax Levies and Collections Assessed Value of Taxable Property Property Tax Rates Ratios of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt per Capita.	2 Fable 1 2 3 4 5 6	91-94 Page 95 96 97 98 99 100
Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual - Governmental Funds Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual - Governmental Funds STATISTICAL INFORMATION Government-Wide Expenses by Function Government-Wide Revenues. Governmental Expenditures by Function Governmental Revenues by Source. Property Tax Levies and Collections Assessed Value of Taxable Property Property Tax Rates Ratios of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net	2 Fable 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	91-94 Page 95 96 97 98 99 100 101

CITY OF GALAX, VIRGINIA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

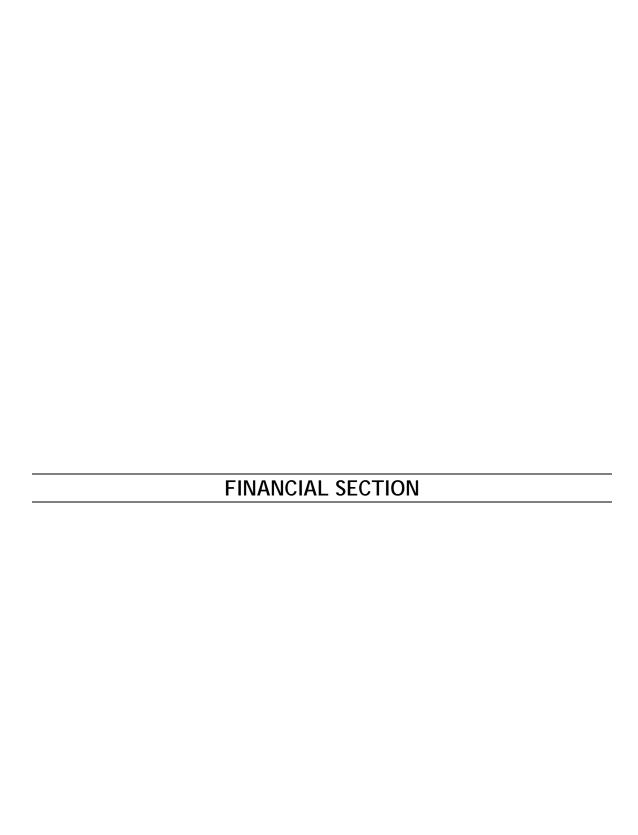
TABLE OF CONTENTS (CONTINUED)

COMPLIANCE SECTION	
	<u>Page</u>
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial	
Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an	
Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with	404.405
Government Auditing Standards	104-105
Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major	
Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required	
by Uniform Guidance	106-107
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	108-109
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	110



CITY OF GALAX, VIRGINIA

	CITY COUNCIL	
Willie Greene, Vice Mayor William Davis, Jr. Ches Helmick	C. M. Mitchell, Mayor Margo Crou John Garr Sharon Plich	ner
	CITY SCHOOL BOARD	
Dr. James Adams, Vice-Chair Stewart Merdian	Raymond Kohl, Chair Helen K Larry Spang	
CIT	TY SOCIAL SERVICES BOARD	
Keith Barker C.M. Mitchell	Dr. Eugenia Larro Dr. Art Pembert Regina Snow	
	OTHER OFFICIALS	
Director of Finance	Keith Bark Judy Taylor-Gallimo David Hank Bill Sturg Susan Cla James Cornw Rick Cla	ore ey gill ark ell



ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Honorable Members of the City Council of the City of Galax, Virginia

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Galax, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

*Opinion*s

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Galax, Virginia, as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note 20 to the financial statements, in 2016, the City adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement Nos. 79 Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants and 82 Pension Issues – and amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information and schedules related to pension and OPEB funding on pages 74 and 75-79 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance. The budgetary comparison information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Management has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Galax, Virginia's basic financial statements. The introductory section, other supplementary information, and statistical information, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Other Information (continued)

The other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section and statistical information have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 24, 2016, on our consideration of the City of Galax, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Galax, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Blackshurg Virginia

Robinson, Fainer, Cx associates

Blacksburg, Virginia October 24, 2016



City of Galax, Virginia Statement of Net Position June 30, 2016

				ry Governme	ent			Compone	nt U	nits
	G	overnmental Activities		isiness-type <u>Activities</u>		<u>Total</u>	<u>Sc</u>	chool Board		<u>IDA</u>
ASSETS										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,952,316	\$	_	\$	1,952,316	\$	2,297,185	\$	89,184
Taxes receivable		219,174		-		219,174		-		-
Accounts receivable		673,714		625,442		1,299,156		14,458		-
Internal balances		123,464		(123,464)		-		-		-
Due from component unit		9,750		-		9,750		-		-
Due from other governmental units		862,242		10,000		872,242		758,582		-
Inventories		-		-		-		30,607		-
Loans receivable		99,779		-		99,779		-		-
Prepaid items		14,249		-		14,249		103,644		-
Restricted assets:										
Cash and cash equivalents		78,864		70,799		149,663		208,537		-
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):										
Land		2,051,349		149,374		2,200,723		439,368		-
Buildings and improvements		12,715,091		1,323,323		14,038,414		3,995,648		-
Machinery and equipment		1,356,935		272,131		1,629,066		511,720		-
Infrastructure		3,828,251		2,693,663		6,521,914		-		-
Construction in progress		3,500		41,126		44,626		-		-
Total assets	\$	23,988,678	\$	5,062,394	\$	29,051,072	\$	8,359,749	\$	89,184
DEFENDED OUTELOWS OF DESOURCES										
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		40.007			φ.	40.007				
Deferred charge on refunding	\$	40,296	\$	-	\$	40,296	\$	- 07.000	\$	-
Changes in proportionate share of pension liability Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date		425.070		-		-		97,000		-
Total deferred outflows of resources	ф.	435,060 475,356	\$	115,390 115,390	\$	550,450 590,746	\$	1,031,059 1,128,059	\$	
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	470,300	Þ	110,390	Ф	590,740	Φ	1,120,039	Ф	
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable	\$	303,041	\$	39,835	\$	342,876	\$	64,459	\$	-
Wages and withholdings payable		265,781		56,342		322,123		-		-
Due to other governments		543,140		-		543,140		823,523		-
Customers' deposits		-		70,799		70,799		-		-
Accrued interest payable		89,085		-		89,085		-		-
Due to primary government		-		-		-		-		9,750
Long-term liabilities:										
Due within one year		804,811		169,836		974,647		138,844		-
Due in more than one year		9,490,715		1,904,791		11,395,506		12,199,881		-
Total liabilities	\$	11,496,573	\$	2,241,603	\$	13,738,176	\$	13,226,707	\$	9,750
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
	¢	11 522	ф		\$	11 522	\$		\$	
Property taxes paid in advance Items related to measurement of net pension liability	\$	11,532 400,815	Ф	- 109,141	Ф	11,532 509,956	Ф	- 004 050	Ф	-
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	412,347	\$	109,141	\$	521,488	\$	986,850 986,850	\$	<u>-</u>
Total deferred filliows of resources	Φ	412,347	Φ	107,141	φ	321,400	φ	700,030	φ	
NET POSITION										
Net investment in capital assets	\$	13,048,753	\$	3,092,117	\$	16,140,870	\$	4,946,736	\$	-
Restricted										
Anthem stock proceeds		51,861		-		51,861		-		-
Blue Ridge Post book fund		14,519		-		14,519		-		-
Capital project funds		12,484		-		12,484		-		-
Cafeteria operations		-		-		-		208,537		-
Unrestricted		(572,503)		(265,077)		(837,580)		(9,881,022)		79,434
Total net position	\$	12,555,114	\$	2,827,040	\$	15,382,154	\$	(4,725,749)	\$	79,434

City of Galax, Virginia Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

		А	Program Revenues				Net CP	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	enue and osition		
			Operating	Capital		Primar	Primary Government	t		Component Units	nits
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for <u>Services</u>	Grants and Contributions	Grants and Contributions	9	Governmental Bu <u>Activities</u>	Business-type <u>Activities</u>	Total	Sch	School Board	IDA
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT: Governmental activities:											
General government administration	\$ 1,593,969 \$		\$ 89,742	- - -	↔	(1,483,955) \$		\$ (1,483,955)	⇔	٠	
Judicial administration Bublic cefety	550,420	135,077	- 1			(415,343)	ı	(415,343)			ı
Public salety Public works	2,968,540	275 902	0.01,428	- 070		(2,360,232)		(2,300,232)			
rubiic wolns Health and welfare	1,490,699	200,002	1,049,314			96,001		96,601			
Februarion	1,021,437		1,202,711			(4 027 300)		(4 027 300)			
Parks recreation and cultural	7 084 825	330 345	2 000	1 024 350		(716,130)		(4,027,330)			
Community development	558 833	0 '	130,148			190 428		190 428			
Interest on long-term debt	177,870		0			(177,870)		(177,870)		,	
Total governmental activities	\$ 16,082,115 \$	927,376	\$ 3,828,543	\$ 2,013,847	\$	(9,312,349) \$	1	\$ (9,312,349)	\$	\$	1
Business-type activities: Water and sewer	\$ 2.511.724 \$	2.519.732		38 911	€5	€	46,919	\$ 46.919	€.	٠	
Total primary government	18,593,839	3,44	\$ 3,828,543	\$ 2,0	- 6	(9,312,349) \$	46,919	(6)	- ←	-	
COMPONENT UNITS: School Board	\$ 14,123,936 \$	473,252	\$ 10,102,467		↔	·		·	€	(3,548,217) \$	
Industrial Development Authority	1,037,733			•				1			(1,037,733)
Total component units	\$ 15,161,669 \$	473,252	\$ 10,102,467	\$	\$	-		\$	\$	(3,548,217) \$	(1,037,733)
	General revenues:										
	General property taxes Other local taxes:	taxes			⇔	5,185,806 \$		\$ 5,185,806	↔	⇔	
	Local sales and use taxes	use taxes				2,244,446		2,244,446		,	
	Consumers' utility taxes	ty taxes				178,790	1	178,790		1	ı
	Business license taxes	taxes				985,208	•	985,208		•	•
	Motor vehicle taxes	ixes				115,610	•	115,610		•	1
	Restaurant rood taxes	taxes				7,075,561	ı	2,075,561			ı
	Rank stock taxes	v				143,393		143,793			
	Other local taxes	SS				43,145	,	43,145		•	
	Unrestricted reve	nues from the us	Unrestricted revenues from the use of money and property	roperty		29,315	•	29,315		570	,
	Miscellaneous					222,549	1	222,549		29,077	ı
	Grants and contri	butions not restr	Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs	orograms		505,191	1 .	505,191		3,756,823	1
	Total gangral ray	found found			6		32,670	- 11 000 010	6		
	Change in net position	endes and transi- tion	2 10		A 4	7 537 991 \$	32,670	\$ 11,883,010	A 4	3,780,470 \$	(1 037 733)
	Net position - beginning, as	nning, as restated	p)	10,017,123	2,747,451	12,764,574)	_	1,117,167
	Net position - ending	_ bu			\$	12,555,114 \$	2,827,040	\$ 15,382,154	\$	(4,725,749) \$	79,434

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

City of Galax, Virginia Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2016

	<u>General</u>
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,031,180
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):	
Taxes receivable	219,174
Accounts receivable	673,714
Due from other funds	123,464
Due from component unit	9,750
Due from other governmental units	862,242
Loan receivable	99,779
Prepaid items	14,249
Total assets	\$ 4,033,552
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	\$ 303,041
Wages and withholdings payable	265,781
Due to other governments	543,140
Total liabilities	\$ 1,111,962
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	\$ 201,888
Unavailable revenue - meals tax	35,837
Property taxes paid in advance	11,532
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$ 249,257
Fund balance: Nonspendable	
Prepaid items	\$ 14,249
Loans receivable	99,779
Restricted	78,864
Committed	54,175
Unassigned	2,425,266
Total fund balances	\$ 2,672,333
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balance	\$ 4,033,552

\$ 12,555,114

City of Galax, Virginia Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2016

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

·		
Total fund balances per Exhibit 3 - Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds		\$ 2,672,333
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore,		
are not reported in the funds.		
Land	\$ 2,051,349	
Buildings and improvements	12,715,091	
Infrastructure	3,828,251	
Machinery and equipment	1,356,935	10 055 107
Construction in progress	3,500	19,955,126
Other lang term excets are not available to pay for aurent period aurenditures and		
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and,		
therefore, are deferred in the funds. The assets consist of unavailable taxes.	φ 007.705	
Unavailable revenue	\$ 237,725	
Items related to measurement of net pension liability:		
Differences between expected and actual experience	(31,940)	
Difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	(368,875)	(163,090)
Pension contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be a reduction to		
the net pension liability in the next fiscal year and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		435,060
Long term liabilities, including hands navable, are not due and navable in the current		
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current		
period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	ф // OA/ //O	
Bonds, notes, and loans	\$ (6,946,669)	
Less: Unamortized charge on advance refunding	40,296	
Accrued interest payable	(89,085)	
Accrued landfill closure/postclosure monitoring liability	(708,458)	
Compensated absences	(388,280)	
Net OPEB obligation	(217,240)	
Net pension liability	(2,034,879)	(10,344,315)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Net position of governmental activities

City of Galax, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

DEVENUES		<u>General</u>
REVENUES Conoral property toyog	\$	E 242 024
General property taxes Other local taxes	ф	5,243,024
		5,964,380
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses		30,007
Fines and forfeitures		135,077
Revenue from the use of money and property		29,315
Charges for services		762,292
Miscellaneous		222,549
Recovered costs		174,056
Intergovernmental	_	5,323,231
Total revenues	\$	17,883,931
EXPENDITURES		
Current:		
General government administration	\$	1,503,411
Judicial administration	•	550,420
Public safety		3,031,605
Public works		2,380,453
Health and welfare		1,663,352
Education		3,769,847
Parks, recreation, and cultural		1,914,822
Community development		552,197
Nondepartmental		114,271
Capital projects		1,929,535
Debt service:		1,727,000
Principal retirement		562,637
Interest and other fiscal charges		177,772
Total expenditures	\$	18,150,322
Total experiatures	Ψ	10,130,322
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over		
(under) expenditures	\$	(266,391)
Net change in fund balances	\$	(266,391)
Fund balances - beginning	_	2,938,724
Fund balances - ending	\$	2,672,333

City of Galax, Virginia Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	(266,391)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded the depreciation in the current period. Capital outlays Depreciation expense	\$ 2,082 (902	2,163 2,007)	1,180,156
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (I.e., sales, trade-ins, and donations) is to decrease net position. Disposal of assets Transfer of assets (net) to business-type activities Transfer of assets (net) from Component-Unit IDA	(32),550) 2,670) 1,350	951,130
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Property taxes Meals tax Change in deferred inflows related to the measurement of the net pension liability	(24	7,218) 1,231) 1,998	363,549
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. Debt issued or incurred:			
Change in accrued landfill closure/postclosure liability Principal repayments:	\$ (6	5,319)	
Bonds, notes, and loan agreements	562	2,637	556,318
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Change in compensated absences Change in accrued interest payable Amortization of bond premium Change in net OPEB obligation Change in net pension liability	(2) (3) (21)	2,456) 2,205 2,303) 5,690) 0,114)	
Change in deferred outflows related to pension payments subsequent to the measurement date	11	,587	(246,771)
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$	2,537,991

City of Galax, Virginia Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2016

June 30, 2016		Enterprise Fund
	<u>:</u>	Water and Sewer
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Accounts receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles)	\$	625,442
Due from other governmental units		10,000
Total current assets	\$	635,442
Noncurrent assets:	Φ.	70 700
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	\$	70,799
Capital assets:		140 274
Land		149,374
Utility plant in service Machinery and equipment		18,038,224 778,291
Buildings and improvements		1,823,395
Construction in progress		41,126
Accumulated depreciation		(16,350,793)
Total net capital assets	\$	4,479,617
Total noncurrent assets	\$	4,550,416
Total assets	\$	5,185,858
Total assets	Ψ	0,100,000
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$	115,390
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$	39,835
Accrued payroll and related liabilities		56,342
Due to other funds		123,464
Customers' deposits		70,799
Compensated absences - current portion		77,336
Bonds payable - current portion		92,500
Total current liabilities	\$	460,276
Noncurrent liabilities:	ф	10.224
Compensated absences - net of current portion	\$	19,334
Bonds payable - net of current portion		1,295,000
Net OPEB obligation		36,364
Net pension liability Total noncurrent liabilities	<u>¢</u>	554,093
Total liabilities	<u>\$</u> \$	1,904,791 2,365,067
Total liabilities	Ψ	2,303,007
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Items related to measurement of net pension liability	\$	109,141
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	\$	3,092,117
Unrestricted		(265,077)
Total net position	\$	2,827,040

City of Galax, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Water and SewerOPERATING REVENUESCharges for services:* 1,223,797Water revenues pledged as security for revenue bonds\$ 1,223,797Sewer revenues pledged as security for revenue bonds\$ 1,162,856Tap fees\$ 17,500Penalties and interest\$ 13,322Other revenue\$ 2,519,732Total operating revenues\$ 2,519,732OPERATING EXPENSESPersonnel services\$ 1,432,172Utilities and telecommunication309,173Materials and supplies273,512Repairs and maintenance190,008Contractual services16,091Depreciation287,715Total operating expenses\$ 2,506,671Operating income (loss)\$ 11,061NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)Interest expense\$ (3,053)Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)\$ (3,053)Income before contributions and transfers\$ 8,008Capital contributions and construction grants38,911Transfers in32,670Change in net position\$ 79,589Total net position - beginning2,747,451Total net position - ending2,2747,451		Enterprise Fund
Charges for services: Water revenues pledged as security for revenue bonds Sewer revenues pledged as security for revenue bonds Tap fees 17,500 Penalties and interest 13,3322 Other revenue 102,257 Total operating revenues OPERATING EXPENSES Personnel services Personnel services 11,432,172 Utilities and telecommunication Materials and supplies 273,512 Repairs and maintenance 190,008 Contractual services 16,091 Depreciation 287,715 Total operating expenses Operating income (loss) Income before contributions and transfers Capital contributions and construction grants Transfers in Change in net position Total net position - beginning 2,747,451		Water and Sewer
Water revenues pledged as security for revenue bonds \$ 1,223,797 Sewer revenues pledged as security for revenue bonds \$ 1,162,856 Tap fees \$ 17,500 Penalties and interest \$ 13,322 Other revenue \$ 102,257 Total operating revenues \$ 2,519,732 OPERATING EXPENSES Personnel services \$ 1,432,172 Utilities and telecommunication \$ 309,173 Materials and supplies \$ 273,512 Repairs and maintenance \$ 190,008 Contractual services \$ 16,091 Depreciation \$ 287,715 Total operating expenses \$ 2,508,671 Operating income (loss) \$ 11,061 NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Interest expense \$ (3,053) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) \$ (3,053) Income before contributions and transfers \$ 8,008 Capital contributions and construction grants \$ 38,911 Transfers in \$ 2,670 Change in net position \$ 79,589 Total net position - beginning \$ 2,747,451	OPERATING REVENUES	
Sewer revenues pledged as security for revenue bonds 1,162,856 Tap fees 17,500 Penalties and interest 13,322 Other revenue 102,257 Total operating revenues \$ 2,519,732 OPERATING EXPENSES Personnel services \$ 1,432,172 Utilities and telecommunication 309,173 Materials and supplies 273,512 Repairs and maintenance 190,008 Contractual services 16,091 Depreciation 287,715 Total operating expenses \$ 2,508,671 Operating income (loss) \$ 11,061 NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) \$ (3,053) Interest expense \$ (3,053) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) \$ (3,053) Income before contributions and transfers \$ 8,008 Capital contributions and construction grants 38,911 Transfers in 32,670 Change in net position - beginning 2,747,451		
Tap fees 17,500 Penalties and interest 13,322 Other revenue 102,257 Total operating revenues \$ 2,519,732 OPERATING EXPENSES Personnel services \$ 1,432,172 Utilities and telecommunication 309,173 Materials and supplies 273,512 Repairs and maintenance 190,008 Contractual services 16,091 Depreciation 287,715 Total operating expenses \$ 2,508,671 Operating income (loss) \$ 11,061 NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) \$ (3,053) Interest expense \$ (3,053) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) \$ (3,053) Income before contributions and transfers \$ 8,008 Capital contributions and construction grants 38,911 Transfers in 32,670 Change in net position - beginning 2,747,451		
Penalties and interest 13,322 Other revenue 102,257 Total operating revenues \$ 2,519,732 OPERATING EXPENSES Personnel services \$ 1,432,172 Utilities and telecommunication 309,173 Materials and supplies 273,512 Repairs and maintenance 190,008 Contractual services 16,091 Depreciation 287,715 Total operating expenses \$ 2,508,671 Operating income (loss) \$ 11,061 NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) \$ (3,053) Interest expense \$ (3,053) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) \$ (3,053) Income before contributions and transfers \$ 8,008 Capital contributions and construction grants 38,911 Transfers in 32,670 Change in net position \$ 79,589 Total net position - beginning 2,747,451	, ,	
Other revenue 102,257 Total operating revenues \$ 2,519,732 OPERATING EXPENSES Personnel services \$ 1,432,172 Utilities and telecommunication 309,173 Materials and supplies 273,512 Repairs and maintenance 190,008 Contractual services 16,091 Depreciation 287,715 Total operating expenses \$ 2,508,671 Operating income (loss) \$ 11,061 NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) \$ (3,053) Interest expense \$ (3,053) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) \$ (3,053) Income before contributions and transfers \$ 8,008 Capital contributions and construction grants 38,911 Transfers in 32,670 Change in net position \$ 79,589 Total net position - beginning 2,747,451	·	
Total operating revenues OPERATING EXPENSES Personnel services Staterials and telecommunication Materials and supplies Contractual services Contractual services Depreciation Poperating expenses Total operating expenses Poperating income (loss) NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Interest expense Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) Income before contributions and transfers Capital contributions and construction grants Transfers in Change in net position State 1,432,172 16,901 287,715 16,091 287,715 16,091 287,715 16,091 287,715 16,091 287,715 16,091 287,715 16,091 287,715 16,091 287,715 32,508,671 32,670 Change in net position State 2,519,732 2,747,451		
OPERATING EXPENSES Personnel services \$ 1,432,172 Utilities and telecommunication 309,173 Materials and supplies 273,512 Repairs and maintenance 190,008 Contractual services 16,091 Depreciation 287,715 Total operating expenses \$ 2,508,671 Operating income (loss) \$ 11,061 NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Interest expense \$ (3,053) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) \$ (3,053) Income before contributions and transfers \$ 8,008 Capital contributions and construction grants Transfers in 32,670 Change in net position \$ 79,589 Total net position - beginning 2,747,451		
Personnel services \$ 1,432,172 Utilities and telecommunication 309,173 Materials and supplies 273,512 Repairs and maintenance 190,008 Contractual services 16,091 Depreciation 287,715 Total operating expenses \$ 2,508,671 Operating income (loss) \$ 11,061 NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Interest expense \$ (3,053) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) \$ (3,053) Income before contributions and transfers \$ 8,008 Capital contributions and construction grants 38,911 Transfers in 32,670 Change in net position - beginning 2,747,451	Total operating revenues	\$ 2,519,732
Utilities and telecommunication309,173Materials and supplies273,512Repairs and maintenance190,008Contractual services16,091Depreciation287,715Total operating expenses\$ 2,508,671Operating income (loss)\$ 11,061NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)\$ (3,053)Interest expense\$ (3,053)Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)\$ (3,053)Income before contributions and transfers\$ 8,008Capital contributions and construction grants38,911Transfers in32,670Change in net position\$ 79,589Total net position - beginning2,747,451	OPERATING EXPENSES	
Materials and supplies273,512Repairs and maintenance190,008Contractual services16,091Depreciation287,715Total operating expenses\$ 2,508,671NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)Interest expense\$ (3,053)Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)\$ (3,053)Income before contributions and transfers\$ 8,008Capital contributions and construction grants38,911Transfers in32,670Change in net position\$ 79,589Total net position - beginning2,747,451	Personnel services	\$ 1,432,172
Repairs and maintenance190,008Contractual services16,091Depreciation287,715Total operating expenses\$ 2,508,671Operating income (loss)\$ 11,061NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)Interest expense\$ (3,053)Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)\$ (3,053)Income before contributions and transfers\$ 8,008Capital contributions and construction grants38,911Transfers in32,670Change in net position\$ 79,589Total net position - beginning2,747,451	Utilities and telecommunication	309,173
Contractual services16,091Depreciation287,715Total operating expenses\$ 2,508,671Operating income (loss)\$ 11,061NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)Interest expense\$ (3,053)Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)\$ (3,053)Income before contributions and transfers\$ 8,008Capital contributions and construction grants38,911Transfers in32,670Change in net position\$ 79,589Total net position - beginning2,747,451	• •	
Depreciation 287,715 Total operating expenses \$2,508,671 Operating income (loss) \$11,061 NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Interest expense \$(3,053) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) \$(3,053) Income before contributions and transfers \$8,008 Capital contributions and construction grants 38,911 Transfers in 32,670 Change in net position \$79,589 Total net position - beginning 2,747,451	·	
Total operating expenses \$ 2,508,671 Operating income (loss) \$ 11,061 NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Interest expense \$ (3,053) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) \$ (3,053) Income before contributions and transfers \$ 8,008 Capital contributions and construction grants Transfers in \$ 32,670 Change in net position \$ 79,589 Total net position - beginning \$ 2,747,451		
Operating income (loss) \$ 11,061 NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Interest expense \$ (3,053) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) \$ (3,053) Income before contributions and transfers \$ 8,008 Capital contributions and construction grants Transfers in 32,670 Change in net position \$ 79,589 Total net position - beginning \$ 2,747,451	·	
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Interest expense \$ (3,053) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) \$ (3,053) Income before contributions and transfers \$ 8,008 Capital contributions and construction grants 38,911 Transfers in 32,670 Change in net position \$ 79,589 Total net position - beginning 2,747,451	Total operating expenses	\$ 2,508,671
Interest expense \$ (3,053) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) \$ (3,053) Income before contributions and transfers \$ 8,008 Capital contributions and construction grants 38,911 Transfers in 32,670 Change in net position \$ 79,589 Total net position - beginning 2,747,451	Operating income (loss)	\$ 11,061
Interest expense \$ (3,053) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) \$ (3,053) Income before contributions and transfers \$ 8,008 Capital contributions and construction grants 38,911 Transfers in 32,670 Change in net position \$ 79,589 Total net position - beginning 2,747,451	NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	
Income before contributions and transfers \$8,008 Capital contributions and construction grants 38,911 Transfers in 32,670 Change in net position \$79,589 Total net position - beginning 2,747,451		\$ (3,053
Capital contributions and construction grants Transfers in Change in net position Total net position - beginning 38,911 32,670 \$79,589	Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	\$ (3,053
Transfers in 32,670 Change in net position \$ 79,589 Total net position - beginning 2,747,451	Income before contributions and transfers	\$ 8,008
Transfers in 32,670 Change in net position \$ 79,589 Total net position - beginning 2,747,451	Capital contributions and construction grants	38,911
Total net position - beginning2,747,451_	•	
	Change in net position	\$ 79,589
	Total net position - beginning	2,747,451
	, o	

City of Galax, Virginia Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

		Enterprise Fund Water and Sewer
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from customers and users Payments to suppliers Payments to employees Other operating revenues	\$	2,494,344 (805,191) (1,482,407) 48,949
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	255,695
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Additions to utility plant Principal payments on bonds Contributions in aid of construction Interest expense	\$	(81,139) (197,500) 32,163 (5,356)
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities	\$	(251,832)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,863
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning (including restricted of \$66,936) Cash and cash equivalents - ending (including restricted of \$70,799)	\$	66,936 70,799
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:	\$	11,061
Depreciation expense (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable (Increase) decrease in prepaid items (Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources Increase (decrease) in customer deposits Increase (decrease) in accrued payroll and related liabilities Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase (decrease) in due to primary government Increase (decrease) in compensated absences Increase (decrease) in net OPEB obligation Increase (decrease) in net pension liability Total adjustments Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$ \$	287,715 (29,251) 2,548 (79) (121,172) 3,863 8,322 (18,955) 48,949 (328) 5,809 57,213 244,634 255,695
Schedule of non-cash capital activities Contribution of capital assets (at net book value) from the General Fund	\$	32,670

City of Galax, Virginia Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2016

	Agency Funds		
		pecial Velfare	
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	22,228	
Total assets	\$	22,228	
LIABILITIES			
Amounts held for social services clients	\$	22,228	
Total liabilities	\$	22,228	

CITY OF GALAX, VIRGINIA

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

The financial statements of the City of Galax, Virginia ("the City") conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applicable to governmental units promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The City of Galax, Virginia (government) is a political subdivision of the Commonwealth of Virginia governed by an elected seven-member City Council. The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements (see note below for description) to emphasize that it is legally separate from the government.

Blended component units - None

Discretely Presented Component Units - The component unit columns in the financial statements include the financial data of the City's discretely presented component units.

The Galax City School Board ("the School Board") operates the elementary and secondary public schools in the City. School Board members are appointed by City Council. The School Board is fiscally dependent upon the City because the City approves all debt issuances of the School Board and provides significant funding to operate the public schools since the School Board does not have separate taxing powers. The School Board is presented as a governmental fund type. The School Board does not issue separate financial statements.

The Galax City <u>Industrial Development Authority</u> ("the IDA") encourages and provides financing for industrial development in the City. The IDA directors are appointed by the City Council. The IDA is fiscally dependent upon the City because the City provides significant funding and approves all debt issuances. In addition, the IDA does not have separate taxing powers. The IDA is authorized to acquire, own, lease, and dispose of properties to the extent that such activities foster and stimulate industrial development. The IDA is presented as an enterprise fund type and does not issue separate financial statements.

Jointly Governed Organizations - The following entities are excluded from the accompanying financial statements:

The Galax-Carroll Regional Library was created by the City and the County of Carroll. The governing body of this organization is appointed by the respective governing bodies of the participating jurisdictions. The City contributed \$226,716 to the Library for the current year. The City provides accounting services (payroll services) for this organization.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
JUNE 30, 2014

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

A. Financial Reporting Entity (Continued)

The City and the Counties of Carroll and Grayson participate in the Twin County E-911 Commission. The governing body of this organization is appointed by the respective governing bodies of the participating jurisdictions. The City contributed \$94,585 to the Commission for the current year. The City provides accounting services (payroll services) for this organization.

The City and the County of Grayson participate in supporting the Galax-Grayson Ambulance Service. The governing body of this organization is appointed by the respective governing bodies of the participating jurisdictions. The organization's activities are primarily supported by user charges; however the City provided a contribution of \$55,910 during the fiscal year. The City provides accounting services (payroll services) for this organization.

The City and the Counties of Carroll and Grayson participate in the Regional Solid Waste Authority. The governing body of this organization is appointed by the respective governing bodies of the participating jurisdictions. Each jurisdiction provides collection of solid waste and recyclables from within its jurisdiction and delivers the collected materials to the Waste Authority. Operations are financed by tipping fees and the individual jurisdictions are required to fund any annual deficit(s). The City paid \$104,630 in tipping fees during the current year.

The City and the Counties of Carroll and Grayson participate in The Wired Road Authority. The governing body of this organization is appointed by the respective governing bodies of the participating jurisdictions. The primary purpose of the Authority is to develop and construct broadband infrastructure in the participating localities and then lease that infrastructure to third parties. The organization's activities are to be primarily supported by lease revenue.

The City and Counties of Carroll and Grayson participate in The Twin County Airport Commission. The governing body of this organization is appointed by the respective governing bodies of the participating jurisdictions. The Commission is charged with operating the Twin County Regional Airport. During the current year the City contributed \$59,179 to the Commission. The City has also entered into an agreement with The Twin County Airport Commission to be responsible for a one-third share of their debt service for hangar construction. The commitment could be reduced based on potential revenue from hangar rentals.

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Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

A. Financial Reporting Entity (Continued)

Blue Ridge Crossroads Economic Development Authority (BRCEDA) is the regional industrial facilities authority that represents the City and the Counties of Carroll and Grayson. Each jurisdiction appoints two members and an alternate member. A moral obligation for debt service is currently in place for a regional project known as Wildwood. Contributions to BRCEDA during the current year were \$161,148. It is the hope of BRCEDA that this park project will be a catalyst for economic development in the region.

B. Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from certain legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of net position is designed to display the financial position of the primary government (governmental and business-type activities) and its discretely presented component units. Governments will report all capital assets in the government-wide statement of net position and will report depreciation expense - the cost of "using up" capital assets - in the Statement of Activities. The net position of a government will be broken down into three categories - 1) net investment in capital assets; 2) restricted; and 3) unrestricted.

The government-wide statement of activities reports expenses and revenues in a format that focuses on the cost of each of the government's functions. The expense of individual functions is compared to the revenues generated directly by the function (for instance, through user charges or intergovernmental grants).

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds, if any, are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements, which the exception of agency funds (discussed below). Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Agency funds use the accrual basis of accounting, but have no measurement focus as they do not report equity.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Accordingly, real and personal property taxes are recorded as revenues and receivables when billed, net of allowances for uncollectible amounts. Property taxes not collected within 60 days after year-end are reflected as unavailable revenues.

Sales and utility taxes, which are collected by the state or utilities and subsequently remitted to the City, are recognized as revenues and receivables upon collection by the state or utility, which is generally in the month preceding receipt by the City.

Licenses, permits, fines and rents are recorded as revenues when received. Intergovernmental revenues, consisting primarily of federal, state and other grants for the purpose of funding specific expenditures, are recognized when earned or at the time of the specific expenditure. Revenues from general-purpose grants are recognized in the period to which the grant applies. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when the government receives cash.

The government reports the following major governmental fund:

The *General Fund* is the government's primary operating fund. It is used to account for and report for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for and reported in other funds.

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation (Continued)

The government reports the following major proprietary funds:

The *Water and Sewer* Fund accounts for the activities of the City's water and sewer system, which includes water distribution and sewage collections systems throughout the City.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

Fiduciary funds account for and report assets held by the government in a trustee capacity or as agent or custodian for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, or other funds. Agency funds include *Special Welfare*.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are other charges between the government's water and sewer function and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise fund are charges to customers for sales and services. The City also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expense, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

- D. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources and net position/fund balance
 - 1. Cash and cash equivalents

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

D. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources and net position/fund balance (Continued)

2. Prepaid items

Certain payments to vendors represent costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

3. Receivables and payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

4. Inventories

All inventories are valued at cost using the first in/first out (FIFO) method. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when purchased.

5. Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. No interest was capitalized during the fiscal year.

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

D. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources and net position/fund balance (Continued)

5. Capital assets (Continued)

Property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure of the primary government, as well as the component units, is depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Infrastructure	20-50
Buildings and improvements	20-40
Machinery and equipment	4-15

6. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets consist of cash and cash equivalents that are legally restricted for use by enabling state legislation.

7. Investments

Money market investments, participating interest-earning investment contracts (repurchase agreements) that have a remaining maturity at time of purchase of one year or less, nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts (nonnegotiable certificates of deposit (CDs) and external investment pools are measured at amortized cost. All other investments are reported at fair value.

8. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. One item is the deferred charge on refunding reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The other item is comprised of certain items related to the measurement of the net pension liability. These include differences between expected and actual experience, change in assumptions, the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments, changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions, and contributions to the pension plan made during the current year and subsequent to the net pension liability measurement date, which will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability next fiscal year. For more detailed information on these items, reference the pension note.

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

D. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources and net position/fund balance (Continued)

8. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources (Continued)

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has two types of items that qualify for reporting in this category. Under a modified accrual basis of accounting, unavailable revenue representing property taxes and meals tax receivables are reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. These amounts are comprised of uncollected property taxes and meals tax due prior to June 30 and prepaid taxes, which are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. Under the accrual basis, amounts prepaid are reported as deferred inflows of resources. In addition, certain items related to the measurement of the net pension liability are reported as deferred inflows of resources. These include differences between expected and actual experience, change in assumptions, and the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments. For more detailed information on these items, reference the pension note.

9. Property Taxes

Property is assessed at its value on January 1. Real estate taxes are payable on December 5th. Personal property taxes are due and collectible annually on December 5th. Liens may be placed on property taxes that are uncollected after the due date, December 5th. The City bills and collects its own property taxes.

10. Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts

The City calculates its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data and, in certain cases, specific account analysis. The allowance amounted to approximately \$627,952 at June 30, 2016. The allowance consists of delinquent taxes in the amount of \$441,458; delinquent meals tax of \$47,104; and delinquent water, sewer, and garbage bills of \$46,143.

11. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

D. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources and net position/fund balance (Continued)

12. Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. Amounts of vested or accumulated vacation leave that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported as an expense in the Statement of Activities and a long-term obligation in the Statement of Net Position. In accordance with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards No. 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences, no liability is recorded for nonvesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits. However, a liability is recognized for that portion of accumulating sick leave benefits that it is estimated will be taken as "terminal leave" prior to retirement.

13. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's Retirement Plan and the additions to/deductions from the City's Retirement Plan's net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

14. Long-term obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses.

15. Fund equity

The City reports funds in accordance with GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

<u>Nonspendable fund balance</u> - amounts that are not in spendable form (such as inventory and prepaids) or are required to be maintained intact (corpus of a permanent fund);

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

D. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources and net position/fund balance (Continued)

15. Fund equity (Continued)

<u>Restricted fund balance</u> - amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation;

<u>Committed fund balance</u> - amounts constrained to specific purposes by a government itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint;

<u>Assigned fund balance</u> - amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority;

<u>Unassigned fund balance</u> - amounts that are available for any purpose; positive amounts are only reported in the general fund.

When fund balance resources are available for a specific purpose in more than one classification, it is the City's policy to use the most restrictive funds first in the following order: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned as they are needed.

16. Net Position

Net position is the difference between a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and (b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets represents capital assets, less accumulated depreciation, less any outstanding debt related to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are also included in this component of net position.

17. Net position flow assumption

Sometimes the City will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted - net position and unrestricted - net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the City's policy to consider restricted - net position to have been depleted before unrestricted - net position is applied.

Note 2-Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability:

A. Budgetary information

The following procedures are used by the City in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to March 30, the City Manager submits to the City Council a proposed operating and capital budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating and capital budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. The following funds have legally adopted budgets: General Fund, Enterprise Fund and the School Operating Fund
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments.
- 3. Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an Appropriations Resolution.
- 4. The Appropriations Resolution places legal restrictions on expenditures at the fund level. Only the City Council can revise the appropriation for each fund. The City Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within general government functions; however, the School Board is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within the school fund.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund. The School Fund is integrated only at the level of legal adoption.
- 6. All budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
- 7. Appropriations lapse on June 30 for all City units.
- 8. Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to commit that portion of the applicable appropriations, is not part of the City's accounting system.
- A. Excess of expenditures over appropriations

Expenditures did not exceed appropriations in any funds.

B. Deficit fund equity

At June 30, 2016, there were no funds with negative equity.

Note 3-Deposits and Investments:

<u>Deposits</u>: Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act"), Section 2.2-4400 et. Seq. of the Code of Virginia. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of the amount insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board. Financial Institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in the amounts from 50% to 130% of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized.

<u>Investments</u>: Statutes authorize local governments and other public bodies to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper and certain corporate notes, banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements, and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP).

The Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) is not SEC registered, regulatory oversight of the pools rests with the Virginia State Treasury. The fair value of the positions in the external investment pools (Local Government Investment Pool) is the same as the value of the pool shares. As LGIP is not SEC registered, regulatory oversight of the pool rests with the Virginia State Treasury. LGIP is an amortized cost basis portfolio under the provisions of GASB Statement No. 79. There are no withdrawal limitations or restrictions imposed on participants.

Interest Rate Risk

The City has not adopted an investment policy for interest rate risk. Investments subject to interest rate risk are presented below along with their corresponding maturities.

Investment Maturities (in years)

Investment Type	 Fair Value		1 Year	•	1-5 Years
Local Government Investment Pool	\$ 12,484	\$	12,484	\$	-
Totals	\$ 12,484	\$	12,484	\$	_

Custodial Credit Risk

At year end, the City was not exposed to any custodial credit risk for deposits or investments. The City limits deposits to those banks fully collateralized under the Commonwealth's Security for Public Deposits Act. The City policy in regards to investments requires that all investments be held in the City's name.

Note 3-Deposits and Investments: (Continued)

Credit Risk of Debt Securities

The City's rated debt investments as of June 30, 2016 were rated by Standard and Poor's and/or an equivalent national rating organization and the ratings are presented below using the Standard and Poor's rating scale.

City's Rated Debt Investments' Values

Rated Debt Investments	Fair Qua	lity Ratings
	AAAm	
LGIP	\$	12,484

Note 4-Due from Other Governmental Units:

The following amounts represent amounts due from other governments at year-end:

	Primary Government						
	Governmental Activities		Busi	Business-type		Component Unit-	
			Activities		School Board		
Due from other local government agencies	\$ -		\$	10,000	\$	1,198	
Commonwealth of Virginia:							
Local sales tax		369,335		-		-	
Categorical aid-State sales tax		-		-		205,809	
Categorical aid-Shared expenses		4,902		-		-	
Categorical aid-Other		25,578		-		128,000	
Non-categorical aid		56,755		-		-	
Categorical aid-Virginia Public Assistance		27,382		-		-	
Categorical aid-Comprehensive Services Act		89,963		-		-	
Federal Government:							
Categorical aid-Virginia Public Assistance		44,058		-		-	
Categorical aid-Other		244,269		-		423,575	
Totals	\$	862,242	\$	10,000	\$	758,582	

Note 5-Component-Unit Contribution and Obligations:

Primary government contributions to component units for the year ended June 30, 2016, consisted of payments to School Board of \$3,756,823.

Component unit contributions to the primary government for the year ended June 30, 2016, consisted of transfer of assets from the IDA at net book value of \$1,024,350.

Fund	Due to Primary Government/ Component Unit		Due from Primary Government/ Component Unit	
Tana			- component onit	
Primary Government: General Fund	\$	-	\$	9,750
Component Unit IDA	\$	9,750	\$	_
IDA	Ψ	7,730	Ψ	
Totals	\$	9,750	\$	9,750

At year end, the Component-Unit IDA carries a liability to the Primary Government for funds due to the City under an agreement between the IDA and City for the IDA to match a portion of a grant the City received.

Note 6-Interfund Transfers and Balance:

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgeting authorization. During the fiscal year, the City (Governmental type activities) transferred an asset with a net book value of \$32,670 to the Water and Sewer Fund.

	Due From			Due To	
General Fund	\$	123.464	\$	_	
Water and Sewer Fund	Ψ	-	Ψ	123,464	
Total	\$	123,464	\$	123,464	

Cash transfers to the Water and Sewer Fund have been necessary in the past to cover customer deposits in the Fund. Amounts due will be returned to the General Fund as resources are available.

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Note 7-Long-Term Obligations:

Primary Government - Governmental Activities Obligations:

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions of the City for the year ended June 30, 2016.

	J	Balance uly 1, 2015	ncreases/ Issuances	ecreases/ etirements	Balance June 30, 2016
General Obligation Bonds	\$	3,302,250	\$ -	\$ (130,000)	\$ 3,172,250
Note Payable		51,536	-	(51,536)	-
Literary Fund Loans		4,155,520	-	(381,101)	3,774,419
Landfill closure/postclosure liability		702,139	6,319	-	708,458
Compensated absences		375,824	294,324	(281,868)	388,280
Net OPEB obligation		181,550	41,122	(5,432)	217,240
Net pension liability		1,824,765	1,491,096	(1,280,982)	2,034,879
Total	\$	10,593,584	\$ 1,832,861	\$ (2,130,919)	\$ 10,295,526

For governmental activities, compensated absences and the landfill closure/postclosure liability are generally liquidated in the General Fund.

Annual requirements to amortize long-term debt and related interest are as follows:

Year Ending	General Obligation Bonds				Literary Fund Loans			
June 30,		Principal		Interest		Principal		nterest
2017	\$	132,500	\$	84,057	\$	381,101	\$	80,733
2018		194,000		80,469		381,101		71,800
2019		198,750		75,838		381,101		62,867
2020		203,500		71,085		381,101		53,933
2021		208,500		66,206		250,000		45,000
2022-2027		747,500		266,617		1,250,000		150,000
2028-2031		859,250		155,233		750,015		30,000
2032-2035		628,250		34,347				-
			-		-			
Totals	\$	3,172,250	\$	833,852	\$	3,774,419	\$	494,333

Note 7-Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

<u>Primary Government - Governmental Activities Obligations</u>: (Continued)

Details of long-term obligations:

Project Rates Date Issue Activities One Year General Obligation Bonds: VML/VACO Loan 2.35% December-12 Duly-14 2034 \$ 2,136,000 \$ 1,758,250 \$ 132,500 VML/VACO Loan 3.25% July-14 2034 1,414,000 1,414,000 - Total General Obligation Bonds July-14 2034 1,414,000 1,414,000 - Literary Fund Loans: State Literacy Loan 3.00% April-98 2019 2,622,035 \$ 524,419 \$ 131,101 State Literacy Loan 2.00% May-08 2028 5,000,000 3,250,000 250,000 Total Literary Fund Loans Total Literary Fund Loans S 3,774,419 \$ 381,101 Other Obligations: Landfill closure/post-closure liability n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a 388,280 291,210 Net OPEB Obligation n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a 2,034,879 - Total Other Obligations Total Other Obligations <t< th=""><th>3</th><th></th><th></th><th>Final</th><th>Amount of</th><th>Balance</th><th>Amount</th></t<>	3			Final	Amount of	Balance	Amount
General Obligation Bonds: VML/VACO Loan 2.35% December-12 2034 \$ 2,136,000 \$ 1,758,250 \$ 132,500 VML/VACO Loan 3.25% July-14 2034 1,414,000 1,414,000 - Total General Obligation Bonds 3.25% July-14 2034 1,414,000 1,414,000 - Literary Fund Loans: State Literacy Loan 3.00% April-98 2019 2,622,035 \$ 524,419 \$ 131,101 State Literacy Loan 2.00% May-08 2028 5,000,000 3,250,000 250,000 Total Literary Fund Loans Total Closure/post-closure/post-closure/post-closure liability n/a n/a n/a n/a 388,280 291,210 Net OPEB Obligation n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a 217,240 - Net Pension Liability n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a 2,034,879 - Total Other Obligations 1 1 1 1 2,034,879 -	Type/	Interest	Issue	Maturity	Original	Governmental	Due Within
VML/VACO Loan 2.35% VML/VACO Loan December-12 July-14 2034 2034 \$ 2,136,000 1,414,000 \$ 1,758,250 \$ 132,500 Total General Obligation Bonds July-14 2034 1,414,000 1,414,000 - Literary Fund Loans: State Literacy Loan 3.00% April-98 2019 2,622,035 \$ 524,419 \$ 131,101 State Literacy Loan 2.00% May-08 2028 5,000,000 3,250,000 250,000 Total Literary Fund Loans Total Literacy Fund Loans Total Closure Fund Loans <td< td=""><td>Project</td><td>Rates</td><td>Date</td><td>Date</td><td>Issue</td><td>Activities</td><td>One Year</td></td<>	Project	Rates	Date	Date	Issue	Activities	One Year
VML/VACO Loan 3.25% July-14 2034 1,414,000 1,414,000 - Total General Obligation Bonds 3.25% July-14 2034 1,414,000 - - Literary Fund Loans: State Literacy Loan 3.00% April-98 2019 2,622,035 \$ 524,419 \$ 131,101 State Literacy Loan 2.00% May-08 2028 5,000,000 3,250,000 250,000 Total Literary Fund Loans 3.374,419 \$ 381,101 Other Obligations: Landfill closure/post-closure liability n/a n/a n/a n/a 388,280 291,210 Net OPEB Obligation n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a 217,240 - Net Pension Liability n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a 2,034,879 - Total Other Obligations 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	General Obligation Bonds:						
Total General Obligation Bonds \$ 3,172,250 \$ 132,500	VML/VACO Loan	2.35%	December-12	2034	\$ 2,136,000	\$ 1,758,250	\$ 132,500
Literary Fund Loans: State Literacy Loan 3.00% April-98 2019 2,622,035 \$524,419 \$131,101 State Literacy Loan 2.00% May-08 2028 5,000,000 3,250,000 250,000 Total Literary Fund Loans \$3,774,419 \$381,101 Other Obligations: Landfill closure/post- Closure liability n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a 388,280 291,210 Net OPEB Obligation n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a 217,240 -	VML/VACO Loan	3.25%	July-14	2034	1,414,000	1,414,000	=
State Literacy Loan 3.00% April-98 2019 2,622,035 \$ 524,419 \$ 131,101 State Literacy Loan 2.00% May-08 2028 5,000,000 3,250,000 250,000 Total Literary Fund Loans Other Obligations: Landfill closure/post-closure liability n/a n/a n/a n/a 388,280 291,210 Net OPEB Obligation n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a 217,240 - Net Pension Liability n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a 2,034,879 - Total Other Obligations \$ 3,348,857 \$ 291,210	Total General Obligation Bonds					\$ 3,172,250	\$ 132,500
State Literacy Loan 3.00% April-98 2019 2,622,035 \$ 524,419 \$ 131,101 State Literacy Loan 2.00% May-08 2028 5,000,000 3,250,000 250,000 Total Literary Fund Loans Other Obligations: Landfill closure/post-closure liability n/a n/a n/a n/a 388,280 291,210 Net OPEB Obligation n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a 217,240 - Net Pension Liability n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a 2,034,879 - Total Other Obligations \$ 3,348,857 \$ 291,210							
State Literacy Loan 2.00% May-08 2028 5,000,000 3,250,000 250,000 Total Literary Fund Loans \$ 3,774,419 \$ 381,101 Other Obligations: Landfill closure/post-closure liability n/a n/a n/a \$ 708,458 \$ - Compensated Absences n/a n/a n/a n/a 388,280 291,210 Net OPEB Obligation n/a n/a n/a n/a 2,034,879 - Total Other Obligations \$ 3,348,857 \$ 291,210	Literary Fund Loans:						
Total Literary Fund Loans \$ 3,774,419 \$ 381,101 Other Obligations: Landfill closure/post-closure liability n/a n/a n/a \$ 708,458 \$ - Compensated Absences n/a n/a n/a 388,280 291,210 Net OPEB Obligation n/a n/a n/a 217,240 - Net Pension Liability n/a n/a n/a 2,034,879 - Total Other Obligations \$ 3,348,857 \$ 291,210	State Literacy Loan	3.00%	April-98	2019	2,622,035	\$ 524,419	\$ 131,101
Other Obligations: Landfill closure/post-closure liability n/a n/a n/a \$ 708,458 \$ - Compensated Absences n/a n/a n/a n/a 388,280 291,210 Net OPEB Obligation n/a n/a n/a 217,240 - Net Pension Liability n/a n/a n/a 2,034,879 - Total Other Obligations \$ 3,348,857 \$ 291,210	State Literacy Loan	2.00%	May-08	2028	5,000,000	3,250,000	250,000
Landfill closure/post-closure liability n/a n/a n/a n/a \$ 708,458 \$ - Compensated Absences n/a n/a n/a n/a 388,280 291,210 Net OPEB Obligation n/a n/a n/a 217,240 - Net Pension Liability n/a n/a n/a 2,034,879 - Total Other Obligations \$ 3,348,857 \$ 291,210	Total Literary Fund Loans					\$ 3,774,419	\$ 381,101
Landfill closure/post-closure liability n/a n/a n/a n/a \$ 708,458 \$ - Compensated Absences n/a n/a n/a n/a 388,280 291,210 Net OPEB Obligation n/a n/a n/a 217,240 - Net Pension Liability n/a n/a n/a 2,034,879 - Total Other Obligations \$ 3,348,857 \$ 291,210							
closure liability n/a n/a n/a n/a \$ 708,458 \$ - Compensated Absences n/a n/a n/a 388,280 291,210 Net OPEB Obligation n/a n/a n/a 217,240 - Net Pension Liability n/a n/a n/a 2,034,879 - Total Other Obligations \$ 3,348,857 \$ 291,210	Other Obligations:						
Compensated Absences n/a n/a n/a 388,280 291,210 Net OPEB Obligation n/a n/a n/a 217,240 - Net Pension Liability n/a n/a n/a 2,034,879 - Total Other Obligations \$ 3,348,857 \$ 291,210	Landfill closure/post-						
Net OPEB Obligation n/a n/a n/a n/a 217,240 - Net Pension Liability n/a n/a n/a 2,034,879 - Total Other Obligations \$3,348,857 \$291,210	closure liability	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	\$ 708,458	\$ -
Net Pension Liability n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a 2,034,879 - Total Other Obligations \$\frac{1}{3},348,857\$ \frac{2}{3},291,210\$	Compensated Absences	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	388,280	291,210
Total Other Obligations \$ 3,348,857 \$ 291,210	Net OPEB Obligation	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	217,240	-
	Net Pension Liability	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	2,034,879	=
Total Long-term obligations \$ 10,295,526 \$ 804,811	Total Other Obligations					\$ 3,348,857	\$ 291,210
Total Long-term obligations \$ 10,295,526 \$ 804,811							
<u> </u>	Total Long-term obligations					\$ 10,295,526	\$ 804,811

<u>Primary Government - Business-type Activities Obligations:</u>

The following is a summary of long-term obligations transactions of the Enterprise Fund for the year ended June 30, 2016.

	Balance July 1, 2015	Increases/ Issuances	Decreases/ Retirements	Balance June 30, 2016	
Revenue bonds	\$ 1,585,000	\$ -	\$ (197,500)	\$ 1,387,500	
Umamortized bond premium	963	-	(963)	-	
Compensated absences	96,998	77,270	(77,598)	96,670	
Net OPEB obligation	30,555	6,693	(884)	36,364	
Net pension liability	496,880	406,021	(348,808)	554,093	
Total	\$ 2,210,396	\$ 489,984	\$ (625,753)	\$ 2,074,627	

Note 7-Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

Primary Government - Business-type Activities Obligations: (Continued)

For business-type activities, compensated absences are generally liquidated in the Proprietary Fund. Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and the related interest are as follows:

Year Ending	Revenue Bonds				
June 30,	F	Principal	In	terest	
		_			
2017	\$	92,500	\$	-	
2018		92,500		-	
2019		92,500		-	
2020		92,500		-	
2021		92,500		-	
2022-2026		462,500		-	
2027-2031		462,500		-	
Totals	\$	1,387,500	\$	-	

<u>Details of long-term obligations</u>:

	Interest Rates	Issue Date	Final Maturity Date	Amount of Original Issue	Balance Business-type Activities	Amount Due Within One Year
Revenue Bonds: VRA Bond	0.00%	December-09	2031	\$ 1,850,000	\$ 1,387,500	\$ 92,500
Other Obligations:						
Compensated Absences	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	96,670	77,336
Net OBEP Obligation	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	36,364	-
Net Pension Liability	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	554,093	-
Total Other Obligations					\$ 687,127	\$ 77,336
Total Long-term obligations					\$ 2,074,627	\$ 169,836

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Note 8-Long-Term Obligations-Component Units:

<u>Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board Obligations:</u>

The following is a summary of long-term obligations transactions of the Component Unit-School Board for the year ended June 30, 2016.

	Balance July 1, 2015	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2016
Net OPEB obligation Compensated absences Net Pension liability	\$ 218,874 175,186 11,492,494	\$ 64,490 138,518 2,824,950	\$ (18,720) (140,149) (2,416,918)	\$ 264,644 173,555 11,900,526
Total	\$ 11,886,554	\$ 3,027,958	\$ (2,575,787)	\$ 12,338,725

<u>Details of long-term obligations</u>:

	Interest Rates	Issue Date	Final Maturity Date	Amount of Original Issue	Gove	Balance ernmental ctivities	Amount Due Within One Year
Other Obligations:							
Net OPEB Obligation	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	\$	264,644	\$ -
Compensated Absences	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		173,555	138,844
Net Pension Liability	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	1	1,900,526	-
Total long-term obligations					\$ 12	2,338,725	\$ 138,844

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Note 9-Pension Plan:

Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the City and (nonprofessional) employees of the public school divisions are automatically covered by the VRS Retirement Plan upon employment. This is an agent multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonweal of Virginia. However, several entities whose financial information is not included in the primary government report, participate in the VRS plan through the City of Galax and the participating entities report their proportionate information on the basis of a cost-sharing plan.

All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan upon employment. This is a cost-sharing multiple employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the system).

Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer pay contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria as defined in the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service.

The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees - Plan 1, Plan 2, and, Hybrid. Each of these benefit structures has different eligibility criteria. The specific information for each plan and the eligibility for covered groups within each plan are set out in the table below:

	RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS						
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN					
About Plan 1 Plan 1 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. Employees are eligible for Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of January 1, 2013.	About Plan 2 Plan 2 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. Employees are eligible for Plan 2 if their membership date is on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013.	About the Hybrid Retirement Plan The Hybrid Retirement Plan combines the features of a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Most members hired on or after January 1, 2014 are in this plan, as well as Plan 1 and Plan 2 members who were eligible and opted into the plan during a special election window. (see "Eligible Members") • The defined benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula.					

Note 9-Pension Plan: (Continued)

RET	TREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONT	TINUED)		
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN		
About Plan 1 (Cont.)	About Plan 2 (Cont.)	About the Hybrid Retirement Plan (Cont.) • The benefit from the defined contribution component of the plan depends on the member and employer contributions made to the plan and the investment performance of those contributions. • In addition to the monthly benefit payment payable from the defined benefit plan at retirement, a member may start receiving distributions from the balance in the defined contribution account, reflecting the contributions, investment gains or losses, and any required fees.		
Eligible Members Employees are in Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of January 1, 2013. Hybrid Opt-In Election VRS non-hazardous duty covered Plan 1 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014.	Eligible Members Employees are in Plan 2 if their membership date is on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013. Hybrid Opt-In Election Eligible Plan 2 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014.	Eligible Members Employees are in the Hybrid Retirement Plan if their membership date is on or after January 1, 2014. This includes: • Political subdivision employees* • School division employees • Members in Plan 1 or Plan 2 who elected to opt into the plan during the election window held January 1-April 30, 2014; the plan's effective date for opt-in members was July 1, 2014.		

Note 9-Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)					
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN			
Hybrid Opt-In Election (Cont.) The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible Plan 1 members who opted in was July 1, 2014.	Hybrid Opt-In Election (Cont.) The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible Plan 2 members who opted in was July 1, 2014.	*Non-Eligible Members Some employees are not eligible to participate in the Hybrid Retirement Plan.They include: • Political subdivision employees who are covered			
If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan. Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and had prior service under Plan 1 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as Plan 1 or ORP.	If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan. Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and have prior service under Plan 2 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as Plan 2 or ORP.	by enhanced benefits for hazardous duty employees. Those employees eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) must elect the ORP plan or the Hybrid Retirement Plan. If these members have prior service under Plan 1 or Plan 2, they are not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and must select Plan 1 or Plan 2 (as applicable) or ORP.			
Retirement Contributions Employees contribute 5% of their compensation each month to their member contribution account through a pre-tax salary reduction. Some political subdivisions and school divisions elected to phase in the required 5% member contribution but all employees will be paying the full 5% by July 1, 2016. Member contributions are tax-deferred until they are withdrawn as part of a retirement benefit or as a refund. The employer makes a separate actuarially determined contribution to VRS for all covered employees. VRS invests both member and employer contributions to provide funding for the future benefit payment.	Retirement Contributions Employees contribute 5% of their compensation each month to their member contribution account through a pre-tax salary reduction. Some political subdivisions and school divisions elected to phase in the required 5% member contribution but all employees will be paying the full 5% by July 1, 2016.	Retirement Contributions A member's retirement benefit is funded through mandatory and voluntary contributions made by the member and the employer to both the defined benefit and the defined contribution components of the plan. Mandatory contributions are based on a percentage of the employee's creditable compensation and are required from both the member and the employer. Additionally, members may choose to make voluntary contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, and the employer is required to match those voluntary contributions according to specified percentages.			

Note 9-Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)						
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN				
Creditable Service includes active service. Members earn creditable service for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional creditable service the member was granted. A member's total creditable service is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit.	Creditable Service Same as Plan 1.	Creditable Service Defined Benefit Component: Under the defined benefit component of the plan, creditable service includes active service. Members earn creditable service for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional creditable service the member was granted. A member's total creditable service is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit. Defined Contributions Component: Under the defined contribution component, creditable service is used to determine vesting for the employer contribution portion of the plan.				

Note 9-Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)			
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN	
Vesting Vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members become vested when they have at least five years (60 months) of creditable service. Vesting means members are eligible to qualify for retirement if they meet the age and service requirements for their plan. Members also must be vested to receive a full refund of their member contribution account balance if they leave employment and request a refund. Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make.	Vesting Same as Plan 1.	Vesting Defined Benefit Component: Defined benefit vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members are vested under the defined benefit component of the Hybrid Retirement Plan when they reach five years (60 months) of creditable service. Plan 1 or Plan 2 members with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan remain vested in the defined benefit component. Defined Contributions Component: Defined contribution vesting refers to the minimum length of service a member needs to be eligible to withdraw the employer contributions from the defined contribution component of the plan. Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make.	

Note 9-Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)			
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN	
Vesting (Cont.)	Vesting (Cont.)	Vesting (Cont.) Defined Contributions Component: (Cont.) Upon retirement or leaving covered employment, a member is eligible to withdraw a percentage of employer contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, based on service. • After two years, a member is 50% vested and may withdraw 50% of employer contributions. • After three years, a member is 75% vested and may withdraw 75% of employer contributions. • After four or more years, a member is 100% vested and may withdraw 100% of employer contributions. Distribution is not required by law until age 70½.	
Calculating the Benefit The Basic Benefit is calculated based on a formula using the member's average final compensation, a retirement multiplier and total service credit at retirement. It is one of the benefit payout options available to a member at retirement.	Calculating the Benefit See definition under Plan 1.	Calculating the Benefit Defined Benefit Component: See definition under Plan 1	

Note 9-Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)			
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN	
Calculating the Benefit (Cont.) An early retirement reduction factor is applied to the Basic Benefit if the member retires with a reduced retirement benefit or selects a benefit payout option other than the Basic Benefit.	Calculating the Benefit (Cont.)	Calculating the Benefit (Cont.) Defined Contribution Component: The benefit is based on contributions made by the member and any matching contributions made by the employer, plus net investment earnings on those contributions.	
Average Final Compensation A member's average final compensation is the average of the 36 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.	Average Final Compensation A member's average final compensation is the average of their 60 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.	Average Final Compensation Same as Plan 2. It is used in the retirement formula for the defined benefit component of the plan.	
Service Retirement Multiplier VRS: The retirement multiplier is a factor used in the formula to determine a final retirement benefit. The retirement multiplier for non-hazardous duty members is 1.70%. Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: The retirement multiplier for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.85%.	Service Retirement Multiplier VRS: Same as Plan 1 for service earned, purchased or granted prior to January 1, 2013. For non-hazardous duty members the retirement multiplier is 1.65% for creditable service earned, purchased or granted on or after January 1, 2013. Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: Same as Plan 1.	Service Retirement Multiplier Defined Benefit Component: VRS: The retirement multiplier for the defined benefit component is 1.00%. For members who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan from Plan 1 or Plan 2, the applicable multipliers for those plans will be used to calculate the retirement benefit for service credited in those plans.	
Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: The retirement multiplier of eligible political subdivision hazardous duty employees other than sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.70% or 1.85% as elected by the employer.	Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: Not applicable. Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: Not applicable. Defined Contribution Component: Not applicable.	

Note 9-Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)			
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN	
Normal Retirement Age VRS: Age 65. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Age 60.	Normal Retirement Age VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Normal Retirement Age <u>Defined Benefit Component:</u> VRS: Same as Plan 2. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable. <u>Defined Contribution Component:</u> Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.	
Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Age 65 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or at age 50 with at least 30 years of creditable service. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Age 60 with at least five years of creditable service or age 50 with at least 25 years of creditable service.	Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or when their age and service equal 90. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility Defined Benefit Component: VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age and have at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or when their age and service equal 90. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable. Defined Contribution Component: Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.	
Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Age 55 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or age 50 with at least 10 years of creditable service.	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service.	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility Defined Benefit Component: VRS: Members may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service.	

Note 9-Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)			
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN	
Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility (Cont.)	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility (Cont.)	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility (Cont.)	
Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: 50 with at least five years of creditable service.	Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable. Defined Contribution Component: Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.	
Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 3% increase in the Consumer Price Index for all Urban Consumers (CPI-U) and half of any additional increase (up to 4%) up to a maximum COLA of 5%. Eligibility: For members who retire with an unreduced benefit or with a reduced benefit with at least 20 years of creditable service, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one full calendar year from the retirement date. For members who retire with a reduced benefit and who have less than 20 years of creditable service, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one calendar year following the unreduced retirement eligibility date.	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 2% increase in the CPI-U and half of any additional increase (up to 2%), for a maximum COLA of 3%. Eligibility: Same as Plan 1	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement Defined Benefit Component: Same as Plan 2. Defined Contribution Component: Not applicable. Eligibility: Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2.	

Note 9-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Note 9-Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)			
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN	
Disability Coverage Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.7% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted. VSDP members are subject to a one-year waiting period before	Disability Coverage Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.65% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted. VSDP members are subject to a service was regardless of the force of the control of	Disability Coverage Employees of political subdivisions and School divisions (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 optins) participate in the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP) unless their local governing body provides an employer-paid comparable program for its members.	
becoming eligible for non-work- related disability benefits.	one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work related disability benefits.	Hybrid members (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 opt-ins) covered under VLDP are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work-related disability benefits.	
Purchase of Prior Service Members may be eligible to purchase service from previous public employment, active duty military service, an eligible period of leave or VRS refunded service as creditable service in their plan. Prior creditable service counts toward vesting, eligibility for retirement and the health insurance credit. Only active members are eligible to purchase prior service. When buying service, members must purchase their most recent period of service first. Members also may be eligible to purchase periods of leave without pay.	Purchase of Prior Service Same as Plan 1.	Purchase of Prior Service Defined Benefit Component: Same as Plan 1, with the following exceptions: •Hybrid Retirement Plan members are ineligible for ported service. •The cost for purchasing refunded service is the higher of 4% of creditable compensation or average final compensation. •Plan members have one year from their date of hire or return from leave to purchase all but refunded prior service at approximate normal cost. After that one-year period, the rate for most categories of service will change to actuarial cost. Defined Contribution	
		Component: Not applicable.	

Note 9-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

The system issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plans administered by VRS. A copy of recent report be obtained from **VRS** website the most may the http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2015-annual-report-pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA 23218-2500.

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. Prior to July 1, 2012, all or part of the 5.00% member contribution may have been assumed by the employer. Beginning July 1, 2012, new employees were required to pay the 5% member contribution. In addition, for existing employees, employers were required to begin making the employee pay the 5.00% member contribution. This could be phased in over a period of up to 5 years and the employer is required to provide a salary increase equal to the amount of the increase in the employee-paid member contribution.

The City's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2016 was 11.52% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the City were \$550,450 and \$538,783 for the years ended June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015, respectively.

Net Pension Liability

At June 30, 2016, the City reported a liability of \$2,588,972 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The City's net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2014, using updated actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2015. In order to allocate the net pension liability to all the employers included in the plan, the City is required to determine its proportionate share of the net pension. Contributions as of June 30, 2015 was used as a basis for allocation to determine the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability. At June 30, 2016 and 2015, the City's proportion was 78.62%.

Note 9-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees

The total pension liability for General Employees in the City of Galax Retirement Plan and the Galax City Schools Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2015.

Inflation 2.5%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.5% - 5.35%

Investment rate of return 7.0%, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation*

Mortality rates: 14% of deaths are assumed to be service related

Largest 10 - Non-LEOS:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 4 years and females set back 2 years

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year

Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 4 years and females set back 2 years

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year

Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement

^{*} Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

Note 9-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Largest 10 - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

Actuarial Assumptions - Public Safety Employees

The total pension liability for Public Safety employees in the City of Galax Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2015.

Inflation 2.5%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.5% - 4.75%

Investment rate of return 7.0%, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation*

^{*} Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

CITY OF GALAX, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2016

Note 9-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - Public Safety Employees (Continued)

Mortality rates: 60% of deaths are assumed to be service related

Largest 10 - Non-LEOS:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 2 years and females set back 2 years

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year

Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 2 years and females set back 2 years

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year

Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Largest 10 - LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in male rates of disability

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to rates of service retirement for females
- Increase in rates of withdrawal
- Decrease in male and female rates of disability

Note 9-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

			Weighted
		Arithmetic	Average
		Long-Term	Long-Term
	Target	Expected	Expected
Asset Class (Strategy)	Allocation	Rate of Return	Rate of Return
U.S. Equity	19.50%	6.46%	1.26%
Developed Non U.S. Equity	16.50%	6.28%	1.04%
Emerging Market Equity	6.00%	10.00%	0.60%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.09%	0.01%
Emerging Debt	3.00%	3.51%	0.11%
Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	3.51%	0.16%
Non Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	5.00%	0.23%
Convertibles	3.00%	4.81%	0.14%
Public Real Estate	2.25%	6.12%	0.14%
Private Real Estate	12.75%	7.10%	0.91%
Private Equity	12.00%	10.41%	1.25%
Cash	1.00%	-1.50%	-0.02%
Total	100.00%		5.83%
		Inflation	2.50%
,	*Expected arithme	tic nominal return	8.33%

^{*} Using stochastic projection results provides an expected range of real rates of return over various time horizons. Looking at one year results produces an expected real return of 8.33% but also has a high standard deviation, which means there is high volatility. Over larger time horizons the volatility declines significantly and provides a median return of 7.44%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Note 9-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018, the rate contributed by the employer for the City of Galax Retirement Plan, Galax City Schools Retirement Plan, and the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly. From July 1, 2018 on, participating employers are assumed to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	Rate		
	(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)
City's proportionate share of the City Retirement Plan			
Net Pension Liability	5,257,871	2,588,972	363,971

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Note 9-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the City recognized pension expense of \$239,941. At June 30, 2016, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Primary Government	
	_	Deferred	Deferred
		Outflows of	Inflows of
	_	Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	- \$	40,637
Change in assumptions		-	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-	469,319
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	550,450	
Total	\$_	550,450 \$	509,956

\$550,450 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

		Primary
Year ended June 30	_	Government
2017	\$	(196,575)
2018		(196,575)
2019		(201,249)
2020		84,443
Thereafter		_

Note 9-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)

Plan Description

Additional information related to the plan description, plan contribution requirements, actuarial assumptions, long-term expected rate of return, and discount rate is included in the first section of this note.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2014 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the pension plan:

	Component Unit School Board Nonprofessional
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	16
Inactive members: Vested inactive members	-
Non-vested inactive members	4
Inactive members active elsewhere in VRS	3
Total inactive members	7
Active members	29
Total covered employees	52

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CITY OF GALAX, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2016

Note 9-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) (Continued)

Contributions

The Component Unit School Board's contractually required contribution rate for nonprofessional employees for the year ended June 30, 2016 was 10.30% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the Component Unit School Board's nonprofessional employees were \$51,508 and \$56,560 for the years ended June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015, respectively.

Net Pension Liability

The Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2014, using updated actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2015.

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Note 9-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) (Continued)

Changes in Net Pension Liability

		Component School Board (nonprofessional)					
	_	Total Pension Liability (a)	<u> </u>	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)) 	Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)	
Balances at June 30, 2014	\$	2,134,097	\$_	1,777,603	\$	356,494	
Changes for the year:							
Service cost	\$	52,788	\$	-	\$	52,788	
Interest		146,030		-		146,030	
Differences between expected							
and actual experience		(92,264)		-		(92,264)	
Contributions - employer		-		56,560		(56,560)	
Contributions - employee		-		27,173		(27,173)	
Net investment income		-		81,921		(81,921)	
Benefit payments, including refunds							
of employee contributions		(95,913)		(95,913)		-	
Administrative expenses		-		(1,116)		1,116	
Other changes		-		(16)		16	
Net changes	\$	10,641	\$	68,609	\$	(57,968)	
Balances at June 30, 2015	\$	2,144,738	\$	1,846,212	\$	298,526	

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	Rate		
	(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)
Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) Net Pension Liability	551,589	298,526	83,666

Note 9-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) (Continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) recognized pension expense of \$7,214. At June 30, 2016, the Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)			
		Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	69,313	
Change in assumptions		-		-	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		47,537	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	-	51,508			
Total	\$	51,508	\$	116,850	

\$51,508 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

	Component Unit School Board			
Year ended June 30	_	(nonprofessional)		
2017	\$	(41,600)		
2018		(41,600)		
2019		(42,059)		
2020		8,409		
Thereafter		-		

Note 9-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional)

Plan Description

Additional information related to the plan description, plan contribution requirements, System long-term expected rate of return, and discount rate is included in the first section of this note.

Contributions

Each School Division's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2016 was 14.06% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013 adjusted for the transfer in June 2015 of \$192,884,000 as an accelerated payback of the deferred contribution in the 2010-12 biennium. The actuarial rate for the Teacher Retirement Plan was 18.20%, however, it was reduced to 17.64% as a result of the transfer. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Based on the provisions of §51.1-145 of the Code of Virginia, as amended the contributions were funded at 79.69% of the actuarial rate for the year ended June 30, 2016. Contributions to the pension plan from the School Board were \$979,551 and \$991,404 for the years ended June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015, respectively.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2016, the school division reported a liability of \$11,602,000 for its proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability. The Net Pension Liability was measured as of June 30, 2015 and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The school division's proportion of the Net Pension Liability was based on the school division's actuarially determined employer contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2015 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2015, the school division's proportion was 0.09218% as compared to 0.09215% at June 30, 2014.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the school division recognized pension expense of \$876,787. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the pension expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion and from differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of employer contributions.

Note 9-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

At June 30, 2016, the school division reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Component Unit School Board (professional)			
	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	160,000	
Change in assumptions		-		-	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		710,000	
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		97,000		-	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	979,551	. <u>.</u>		
Total	\$	1,076,551	\$	870,000	

\$979,551 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the school division's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

	Component Unit School Board				
Year ended June 30	_	(professional)			
	_				
2017	\$	(290,000)			
2018		(290,000)			
2019		(290,000)			
2020		113,000			
Thereafter		(16,000)			

Note 9-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2015.

Inflation 2.5%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.5% - 5.95%

Investment rate of return 7.0%, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation*

Mortality rates:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 3 years and females set back 5 years

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 2 years and females set back 3 years

Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 1 year and no provision for future mortality improvement

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to the rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of withdrawals for 3 through 9 years of service
- Decrease in rates of disability
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

^{*} Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

Note 9-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Target Allocation	Arithmetic Long-Term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Rate of Return
U.S. Equity	19.50%	6.46%	1.26%
Developed Non U.S. Equity	16.50%	6.28%	1.04%
Emerging Market Equity	6.00%	10.00%	0.60%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.09%	0.01%
Emerging Debt	3.00%	3.51%	0.11%
Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	3.51%	0.16%
Non Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	5.00%	0.23%
Convertibles	3.00%	4.81%	0.14%
Public Real Estate	2.25%	6.12%	0.14%
Private Real Estate	12.75%	7.10%	0.91%
Private Equity	12.00%	10.41%	1.25%
Cash	1.00%	-1.50%	-0.02%
Total	100.00%		5.83%
		Inflation	2.50%
	*Expected arithme	tic nominal return	8.33%

^{*} Using stochastic projection results provides an expected range of real rates of return over various time horizons. Looking at one year results produces an expected real return of 8.33% but also has a high standard deviation, which means there is high volatility. Over larger time horizons the volatility declines significantly and provides a median return of 7.44%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Note 9-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

Sensitivity of the School Division's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	Rate					
	(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)			
School division's proportionate share of the VRS Teacher Employee Retirement Plan Net Pension Liability	16,979,000	11,602,000	7,176,000			

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2015 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the 2015 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2015-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

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Note 10-Other Postemployment Benefits - City Health Insurance:

A. Plan Description

The City provides health care benefits for retired employees and their beneficiaries through a single-employer healthcare plan ("the Plan"). The Plan provides for participation by eligible retirees of the City in the health insurance programs available to City employees. The Plan will provide retiring employees the option to continue health insurance offered by the City. An eligible City retiree may receive this benefit until the retiree is eligible to receive Medicare. To be eligible for this benefit a retiree must have 15 years of service with the City. The benefits, employee contributions and the employer contributions are governed by the City and can be amended through City Council action. The Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

B. Funding Policy

The City currently pays for post-retirement health care benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis. The City currently has 141 employees that are eligible for the program. In addition, for retirees of the City, 100 percent of premiums are the responsibility of the retiree. The rates (monthly premiums) were as follows at July 1, 2014:

Participants		Single			Employee/Spouse		
Employee	\$		620	\$	1,260		

C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The City is required to contribute the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal costs each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years.

For 2016, the City's annual OPEB cost (expense) was \$47,815 and the ARC was \$47,990. The obligation calculation is as follows:

Annual required contribution	\$ 47,990
Interest on net OPEB obligation	8,484
Adjustment to annual required contribution	(8,659)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	\$ 47,815
Contributions made	6,316
Increase in net OPEB obligation	\$ 41,499
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year	212,105
Net OPEB obligation - ending of year	\$ 253,604

Note 10-Other Postemployment Benefits - City Health Insurance: (Continued)

C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation (Continued)

The City's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2016 and the two preceding years were as follows:

			Percentage of							
	Fiscal	1	Annual	Ν	let OPEB					
	Year Ended	OF	PEB Cost	Contributed	Obligation					
-										
	6/30/2016	\$	47,815	13%	\$	253,603				
	6/30/2015		47,848	14%		212,105				
	6/30/2014		34,831	19%		170,817				

D. Funded Status and Funding Progress

The funded status of the Plan as of July 1, 2014 (the most recent valuation date), was as follows:

Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$ 428,204
Actuarial value of plan assets	\$ -
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	\$ 428,204
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/AAL)	0.00%
Covered payroll (active plan members)	\$ 5,216,393
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	8.21%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far in the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, will present multiyear trend information, as it becomes available, about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

E. Actuarial methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

Note 10-Other Postemployment Benefits - City Health Insurance: (Continued)

E. Actuarial methods and Assumptions (Continued)

In the July 1, 2014, most recent actuarial valuation, the unit credit cost method was used. Under this method, stable employer contributions are produced in amounts that increase at the same rate as the employer's payroll. The actuarial assumptions included: discount rate at 4%, salary increases (inflation) of 2.5%/year and medical trend rate at 6.5%/year. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage over the remaining amortization period, which at July 1, 2014, was 30 years.

Note 11-Other Postemployment Benefits - School Board Health Insurance:

A. Plan Description

The School Board provides health care benefits for retired employees and their beneficiaries through a single-employer healthcare plan ("the Plan"). The Plan provides for participation by eligible retirees of the School Board in the health insurance programs available to School Board employees. The Plan will provide retiring employees the option to continue health insurance offered by the School Board. An eligible School Board retiree may receive this benefit until the retiree is eligible to receive Medicare. To be eligible for this benefit a retiree must have 10 years of service with the School Board. The benefits, employee contributions and the employer contributions are governed by the School Board and can be amended through School Board action. The Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

B. Funding Policy

The School Board currently pays for post-retirement health care benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis. The School Board currently has 187 employees that are eligible for the program. In addition, for retirees of the School Board, 100 percent of premiums are the responsibility of the retiree. The rates (monthly premiums) were as follows at July 1, 2014:

Participants	Single Employee/Spo		yee/Spouse		
Employee	\$		693	\$	1,281

C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The School Board is required to contribute the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal costs each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years.

Note 11-Other Postemployment Benefits - School Board Health Insurance: (Continued)

C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation (Continued)

For 2015, the School Board's annual OPEB cost (expense) was \$64,490 and the ARC was \$64,670. The obligation calculation is as follows:

Annual required contribution	\$ 64,670
Interest on net OPEB obligation	8,755
Adjustment to annual required contribution	(8,935)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	\$ 64,490
Contributions made	18,720
Increase in net OPEB obligation	\$ 45,770
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year	218,874
Net OPEB obligation - ending of year	\$ 264,644

The School Board's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2016 and the two preceding years were as follows:

			Percentage of		
Fiscal	1	Annual	Annual OPEB Cost	١	let OPEB
Year Ended	OF	PEB Cost	Contributed	0	bligation
6/30/2016	\$	64,490	29%	\$	264,644
6/30/2015		64,528	29%		218,874
6/30/2014		47,920	44%		173,066

D. Funded Status and Funding Progress

The funded status of the Plan as of July 1, 2014 (the most recent valuation date), was as follows:

Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$ 563,375
Actuarial value of plan assets	\$ -
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	\$ 563,375
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/AAL)	0.00%
Covered payroll (active plan members)	\$ 6,695,000
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	8.41%

Note 11-Other Postemployment Benefits - School Board Health Insurance: (Continued)

D. Funded Status and Funding Progress (Continued)

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far in the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, will present multiyear trend information, as it becomes available, about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

E. Actuarial methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the July 1, 2014, most recent actuarial valuation, the unit credit cost method was used. Under this method, stable employer contributions are produced in amounts that increase at the same rate as the employer's payroll. The actuarial assumptions included: discount rate at 4%, salary increases (inflation) of 2.5%/year and a medical trend rate at 6.5%/year. Mortality rates are based on the 1994 GAM. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage over the remaining amortization period, which at July 1, 2014, was 30 years.

Note 12-Other Post-Employment Benefits - VRS Health Insurance Credit:

Professional Employees - Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board:

A. Plan Description

The School Board participates in the Health Insurance Credit Program, a plan designed to assist retirees with the cost of health insurance coverage. This program is a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). The Virginia General Assembly establishes the dollar amount of the health insurance credit for each year of creditable service.

A teacher, who retires under VRS with at least 15 years of total creditable service under the System and is enrolled in a health insurance plan, is eligible to receive a monthly health insurance credit of \$4 per year of creditable service. However, such credit shall not exceed the health insurance premium for the retiree. Disabled retirees automatically receive a monthly health insurance credit of \$4 multiplied by the smaller of (i) twice the amount of their creditable service or (ii) the amount of creditable service they would have completed at age 60 if they had remained in service to that age.

Note 12-Other Post-Employment Benefits - VRS Health Insurance Credit: (Continued)

B. Funding Policy

The School Board is required to contribute, at an actuarially determined rate, the entire amount necessary to fund participation in the program. The current rate is 1.06% of annual covered payroll. The School Board's contributions to VRS for the year ended June 30, 2016, 2015, and 2014 were \$74,267, \$72,649, and \$74,805, respectively, and equaled the required contributions.

Note 13-Unearned and Deferred/Unavailable Revenue:

Unearned and unavailable revenue represents amounts for which asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, such amounts are measurable, but not available.

Primary Government:

<u>Unavailable Property Tax Revenue</u> - Unavailable revenue representing uncollected tax billings not available for funding of current expenditures totaled \$201,888 at June 30, 2016.

<u>Unavailable Meals Tax Revenue</u> - Unavailable revenue representing uncollected meals tax not available for funding of current expenditures totaled \$35,837 at June 30, 2016.

<u>Prepaid Property Taxes</u> - Property taxes due subsequent to June 30, 2016 but paid in advance by the taxpayers totaled \$11,532. Property taxes paid on advance of an enforceable legal claim by the City are considered deferred inflows under the full and modified accrual basis of accounting and are treated accordingly in the statement of net position and balance sheet.

Note 14-Capital Assets:

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2016 was as follows:

Primary Government:

	Beginning Balance			lu ana ana a	Ending		
0		Balance		Increases	 Decreases		Balance
Governmental Activities:							
Capital assets, not being depreciated:							
Land	\$	1,786,536	\$	264,813	\$ -	\$	2,051,349
Construction in progress		2,865,022		1,794,124	(4,655,646)		3,500
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$	4,651,558	\$	2,058,937	\$ (4,655,646)	\$	2,054,849
Capital assets, being depreciated:							
Infrastructure	\$	1,787,269	\$	3,310,830	\$ (40,550)	\$	5,057,549
Buildings and improvements		16,028,197		2,318,549	-		18,346,746
Machinery and equipment		4,882,098		220,459	(95,240)		5,007,317
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$	22,697,564	\$	5,849,838	\$ (135,790)	\$	28,411,612
Accumulated depreciation:							
Infrastructure	\$	(545,941)	\$	(683,357)	\$ -	\$	(1,229,298)
Buildings and improvements		(5,531,321)		(100,334)	-		(5,631,655)
Machinery and equipment		(3,448,020)		(264,932)	62,570		(3,650,382)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	(9,525,282)	\$	(1,048,623)	\$ 62,570	\$	(10,511,335)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$	13,172,282	\$	4,801,215	\$ (73,220)	\$	17,900,277
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	17,823,840	\$	6,860,152	\$ (4,728,866)	\$	19,955,126

Current year increases for assets and accumulated depreciation include the transfer of a hydraulic hammer at a value of \$16,400 net of accumulated depreciation of \$16,400 from Business-type activities.

Current year increases for assets and accumulated depreciation include the transfer of land and a building at a value of \$1,154,566 net of accumulated depreciation of \$130,216 from Component-unit IDA.

Current year decreases for assets and accumulated depreciation include the transfer of a backhoe and air compressor at a value of \$79,340 net of accumulated depreciation of \$46,670 to Business-type activities.

Note 14-Capital Assets: (Continued)

Primary Government: (Continued)

	Beginning Balance			Increases Decreases			Ending Balance		
Business-type Activities:		_							
Capital assets, not being depreciated:									
Land	\$	149,374	\$	-	\$	-	\$	149,374	
Construction in progress		71,489		31,205		(61,568)		41,126	
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$	220,863	\$	31,205	\$	(61,568)	\$	190,500	
Capital assets, being depreciated:									
Infrastructure	\$	17,976,656	\$	61,568	\$	-	\$	18,038,224	
Building and improvements		1,823,395		-		-		1,823,395	
Machinery and equipment		665,417		129,274		(16,400)		778,291	
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$	20,465,468	\$	190,842	\$	(16,400)	\$	20,639,910	
Accumulated depreciation:									
Infrastructure	\$	(15,183,629)	\$	(160,932)	\$	-	\$	(15,344,561)	
Building and improvements		(411,199)		(88,873)		-		(500,072)	
Machinery and equipment		(437,980)		(84,580)		16,400		(506,160)	
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	(16,032,808)	\$	(334,385)	\$	16,400	\$	(16,350,793)	
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$	4,432,660	\$	(143,543)	\$		\$	4,289,117	
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	4,653,523	\$	(112,338)	\$	(61,568)	\$	4,479,617	

Current year increases for assets and accumulated depreciation include the transfer of a backhoe and air compressor at a value of \$79,340 net of accumulated depreciation of \$46,670 from Governmental activities.

Current year decreases for assets and accumulated depreciation include the transfer of a hydraulic hammer at a value of \$16,400 net of accumulated depreciation of \$16,400 to Governmental activities.

Note 14-Capital Assets: (Continued)

Primary Government: (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government administration	\$ 15,357
Public safety	199,040
Public works	203,211
Health and welfare	815
Education	257,453
Parks, recreation, and culture	226,131
Total depreciation expense-governmental activities	\$ 902,007
Business-type activities:	
Water and sewer	\$ 287,715

Capital asset activity for the School Board for the year ended June 30, 2016 was as follows:

Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land	\$ 439,368	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 439,368
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$ 439,368	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 439,368
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	\$ 9,018,027	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 9,018,027
Machinery and equipment	1,673,502	143,399	-	1,816,901
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$ 10,691,529	\$ 143,399	\$ -	\$ 10,834,928
Accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings and improvements	\$ (4,823,287)	\$ (199,092)	\$ -	\$ (5,022,379)
Machinery and equipment	(1,222,644)	(82,537)	-	(1,305,181)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$ (6,045,931)	\$ (281,629)	\$ -	\$ (6,327,560)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$ 4,645,598	\$ (138,230)	\$ -	\$ 4,507,368
School Board capital assets, net	\$ 5,084,966	\$ (138,230)	\$ -	\$ 4,946,736

Note 14-Capital Assets: (Continued)

Capital asset activity for the IDA for the year ended June 30, 2016 was as follows:

Discretely Presented Component Unit - IDA:

	l	Beginning Balance	Inc	reases	ecreases	Ending Balance	
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land	\$	231,219	\$	-	\$ (231,219)	\$	-
Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings	\$	923,347	\$	-	\$ (923,347)	\$	-
Accumulated depreciation: Buildings	\$	(130,216)	\$	-	\$ 130,216	\$	-
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$	793,131	\$	-	\$ (793,131)	\$	<u>-</u>
IDA capital assets, net	\$	1,024,350	\$	-	\$ (1,024,350)	\$	-

Current year decreases for assets and accumulated depreciation include the transfer of land and a building at a value of \$1,154,566 net of accumulated depreciation of \$130,216 to Governmental activities.

Note 15-Risk Management:

The City and its component unit - School Board are exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters.

The City participates with other localities in a public entity risk pool for its coverage of workers compensation, crime coverage, boiler and machinery, property insurance, automobile coverage, general liability, and public official's liability insurance with the Virginia Municipal Group. Each member of this risk pool jointly and severally agrees to assume, pay and discharge any liability. The City pays the Virginia Municipal Group contributions and assessments based upon classifications and rates into a designated cash reserve fund out of which expenses of the pool, claims and awards are to be paid. In the event of a loss deficit or depletion of all available excess insurance, the pool may assess all members in the year in which such deficit occurs.

The Component-unit School Board participates with other divisions in a public entity risk pool for its coverage of workers compensation, crime coverage, boiler and machinery, property insurance, automobile coverage, general liability, and public official's liability insurance with the Virginia School Board Association Property and Casualty Pool. Each member of this risk pool jointly and severally agrees to assume, pay and discharge any liability. The School Board pays the Pool contributions and assessments based upon classifications and rates into a designated cash reserve fund out of which expenses of the pool, claims and awards are to be paid. In the event of a loss deficit or depletion of all available excess insurance, the pool may assess all members in the year in which such deficit occurs.

Note 15-Risk Management: (Continued)

The City and its component unit - School Board continue to carry commercial insurance for all other risk of loss. Settle claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Note 16-Contingent Liabilities:

Federal programs in which the City and its component units participate were audited in accordance with the provisions of Title 2 U.S Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards. Pursuant to the provisions of this circular all major programs and certain other programs were tested for compliance with applicable grant requirements. While no matters of noncompliance were disclosed by audit, the Federal Government may subject grant programs to additional compliance tests, which may result in disallowed expenditures. In the opinion of management, any future disallowances of current grant program expenditures, if any, would be immaterial.

Note 17-Landfill Closure and Post-closure Care Cost:

The City closed its former landfill site in 1994. In accordance with federal and state laws, the City placed a final cover on this site and was required to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions for a minimum of ten years after closure.

The presence of certain contaminants has been detected in the groundwater, which thereby extends the monitoring period in excess of the initial requirement. The estimated liability is based on the Virginia Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ) accepting the active remedy proposed by the City as discussed below. If the DEQ does not accept the active remedy, the actual costs may increase. Also, actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, changes in regulations, or other unforeseen circumstances. The cumulative amount of estimated postclosure care and corrective costs to date for this site, less cash paid for such costs to date, totals \$708,458. This amount is included in the long-term liabilities in the primary government.

The City's current plan of remediation is monitored natural attenuation. This remedy consists of monitoring wells on the site for what is expected to be approximately thirty years beginning in the year 2010. It is the City and its external engineer's belief that during thirty years, the groundwater contaminants will decrease to an acceptable level and the City will be released by the DEQ from all other monitoring requirements.

The City uses the financial test method of demonstrating assurance for postclosure care and corrective action costs.

The City demonstrated financial assurance requirements for closure, post-closure care, and corrective action costs through the submission of a Local Government Financial Test to the Virginia Department of Environmental Quality in accordance with Section 9VA C20-70 of the Virginia Administrative Code.

Note 18-Commitments and Contingencies:

Construction Commitments

The City was involved in several construction projects during the fiscal year, as presented below:

				act Amount anding at
Project	Contra	act Amount	June	30, 2016
Shaw Street Storm Drainage Improvements Project	\$	37,400	\$	17,150
Route 58 Construction		45,000		7,535
Route 58 Construction		26,000		25,325
Route 58 Construction		1,102,279		849,227
Blue Ridge Crossroads Commerce Park		4,000		2,800
Shaw Street Storm Drainage Improvements Project Route 58 Construction Route 58 Construction Route 58 Construction	. —	37,400 45,000 26,000 1,102,279		17,150 7,535 25,325 849,227

Wired Road Authority

During 2009, the Wired Road Authority entered a lease agreement and received a loan in the amount of \$260,000 to complete a broadband infrastructure project. The Authority is responsible for the debt service on the lease. The City has a non-binding commitment to make the debt service payments for the Authority. The balance remaining on the lease at the end of the year is \$88,272. At year end, the City reports an amount of \$63,316 for the reimbursement of amounts paid by the City on the Authority's behalf.

Shared Service Fees

The City shares services with Carroll County and Grayson County for costs incurred for the localities courts and sheriff offices. Due to the nature of these services the final amount due to each County is not known until after the financial statement audit has been completed. It is management's policy to record a liability and expenditure during the current period that is equal to the amount paid during the prior year to account for unbilled shared service fees. Any difference caused during the true-up after year end is recorded in the year the bill is paid. During the current year, the shared service liability due to Carroll County and Grayson County is estimated at \$543,140. The true-up amount recorded during the current year for 2015 actual cost was (\$35,782).

Note 19-Restricted and Committed Funds and Restricted Net Position:

			Component Unit			
Governmental Activities/Funds:	General Fund			School Fund		
Restricted: Anthem stock proceeds	\$	51,861	\$	-		
Blue Ridge Post book fund		14,519		-		
Capital Project funds		12,484		-		
Cafeteria funds		-		208,537		
Total restricted balances	\$	78,864	\$	208,537		
Governmental Funds: Committed funds:						
Police narcotics	\$	9,667	\$	-		
Police DARE		6,147		-		
Fire Department grants		38,361		-		
Total committed funds	\$	54,175	\$			

Note 20-Adoption of Accounting Principles:

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 79, Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants

The Authority implemented the provisions of the above Statement during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. This Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain external investment pools and pool participants. Specifically, it establishes criteria for an external investment pool to qualify for making the election to measure all of its investments at amortized cost for financial reporting purposes. An external investment pool qualifies for that reporting if it meets all of the applicable criteria established in this Statement. There was no material impact on the Authority's financial statement as a result of the implementation of Statement No. 79. All required disclosures are located in Note 2.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 82 *Pension Issues - an amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73*

The Authority implemented provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 82 during the fiscal year. The objective of this Statement is to address certain issues that have been raised with respect to Statements. No. 67, *Financial Reporting for Pension Plans*, No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*, and No. 73, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets that Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68.* Specifically, this Statement addresses issues regarding (1) the presentation of payroll-related measures in required supplementary information, (2) the selection of assumptions and the treatment of deviations from guidance in an Actuarial Standard of Practice for financial reporting purposes, and (3) the classification of payments made by employers to satisfy employee (plan member) contribution requirements. No restatement was required as a result of this implementation.

Note 21-Upcoming Pronouncements:

Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, improves the usefulness of information about postemployment benefits other than pensions (other postemployment benefits or OPEB) included in the general purpose external financial reports of state and local governmental OPEB plans for making decisions and assessing accountability. This Statement replaces Statements No. 43, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, as amended, and No. 57, OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple Employer Plans. It also includes requirements for defined contribution OPEB plans that replace the requirements for those OPEB plans in Statement No. 25, Financial Reporting for Defined Benefit Pension Plans and Note Disclosures for Defined Contribution Plans, as amended, Statement 43, and Statement No. 50, Pension Disclosures. This Statement is effective for financial statements for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2016.

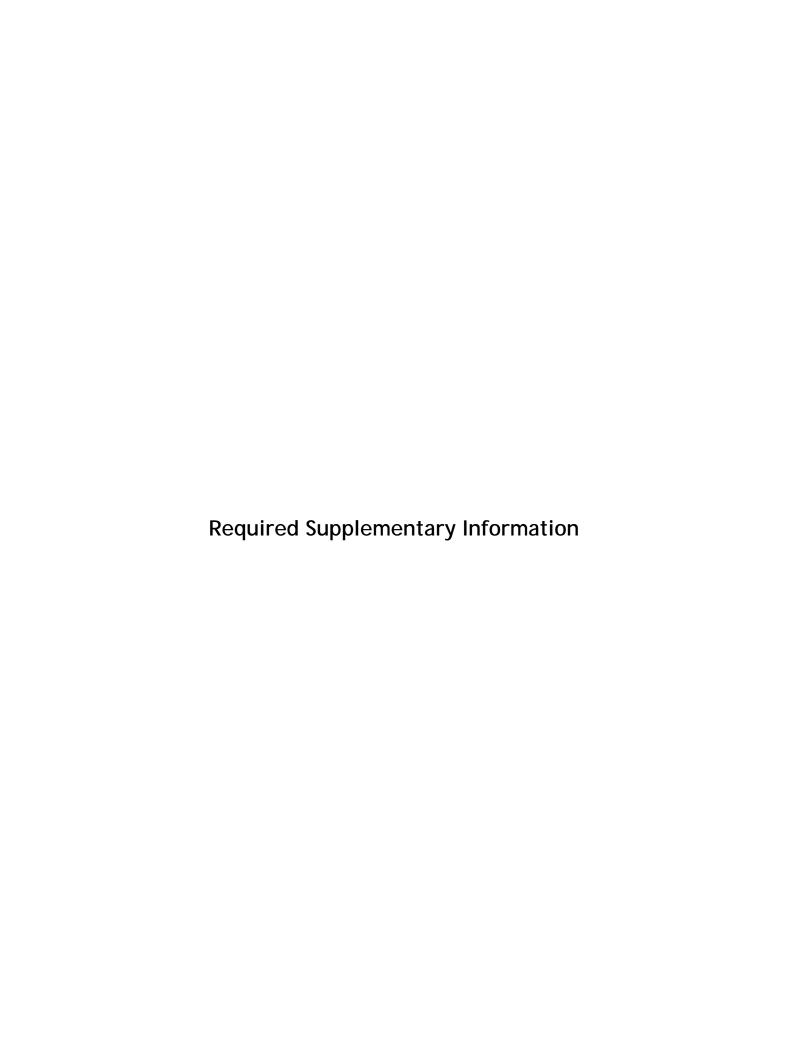
Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension, improves accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for postemployment benefits other than pensions (other postemployment benefits or OPEB). This Statement replaces the requirements of Statements No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, as amended, and No. 57, OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple Employer Plans, for OPEB. Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, establishes new accounting and financial reporting requirements for OPEB plans. This Statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017.

Statement No. 78, Pensions Provided through Certain Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plans, addresses a practice issue regarding the scope and applicability of Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions. This issue is associated with pensions provided through certain multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans and to state or local governmental employers whose employees are provided with such pensions. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2015.

Management is currently evaluating the impact these standards will have on the financial statements when adopted.

Note 22 - Subsequent Events:

Subsequent to year end, City Council authorized the issuance of a bond anticipation note and a revenue anticipation note in the amounts of \$1,500,000 and \$600,000, respectively. Amounts are expected to be repaid with future tax revenues and bond proceeds.



City of Galax, Virginia General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

		Budgeted	l An	nounts	-	Actual		Variance with Final Budget - Positive
DEVENUE		<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>		Actual Amounts		(Negative)
REVENUES General property taxes	\$	5.048.900	\$	5,048,900	\$	5,243,024	\$	194,124
Other local taxes	Ψ	5,812,000	Ψ	5,812,000	Ψ	5,964,380	Ψ	152,380
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses		20,500		20,500		30,007		9,507
Fines and forfeitures		130,500		130,500		135,077		4,577
Revenue from the use of money and property		48,580		48,580		29,315		(19,265)
Charges for services		776,200		776,200		762,292		(13,908)
Miscellaneous		81,700		190,214		222,549		32,335
Recovered costs		499,833		499,833		174,056		(325,777)
Intergovernmental:		6,045,752		6,448,955		5,323,231		(1,125,724)
Total revenues	\$	18,463,965	\$	18,975,682	\$	17,883,931	\$	(1,091,751)
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government administration	\$	1,568,444	\$	1,557,736	\$	1,503,411	\$	54,325
Judicial administration		610,950		610,950		550,420		60,530
Public safety		2,943,721		3,182,870		3,031,605		151,265
Public works		2,495,220		2,475,377		2,380,453		94,924
Health and welfare		1,778,062		1,778,062		1,663,352		114,710
Education		4,079,846		4,032,346		3,769,847		262,499
Parks, recreation, and cultural		1,929,776		1,950,279		1,914,822		35,457
Community development		667,322		713,827		552,197		161,630
Nondepartmental		231,115		209,465		114,271		95,194
Capital projects		2,152,140		2,919,876		1,929,535		990,341
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		590,000		590,000		562,637		27,363
Interest and other fiscal charges	_	177,869		177,869		177,772		97
Total expenditures		19,224,465	\$	20,198,657	\$	18,150,322	\$	2,048,335
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures	\$	(760,500)	\$	(1,222,975)	\$	(266,391)	\$	956,584
Net change in fund balances	\$	(760,500)	\$	(1,222,975)	\$	(266,391)	\$	956,584
Fund balances - beginning	,	760,500		1,222,975		2,938,724		1,715,749
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,672,333	\$	2,672,333

Note 1: GAAP serves as the budgetary basis of accounting

City of Galax, Virginia Schedule of OPEB Funding For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Primary Government:

City Health Care Plan

Actuarial Valuation as of	Val	uarial ue of sets	Α	ctuarial Accrued Bility (AAL)	AA	nfunded LL (UAAL) (3) - (2)	Funded Rat of AAL (2)/(Covered Payroll	UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll (4)/(6)
(1)		(2)	<u>, </u>	(3)		(4)	(5)	 (6)	(7)
July 1, 2014 July 1, 2012 July 1, 2010	\$	- - -	\$	428,204 336,490 295,788	\$	428,204 336,490 295,788	0.00% 0.00% 0.00%	\$ 5,216,393 4,549,428 4,713,716	8.21% 7.40% 6.28%

Discretely Presented Component Unit:

School Board Healthcare Plan

Actuarial Valuation as of (1)	Valu Ass	iarial ue of sets 2)	f Accrued		Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (3) - (2) (4)		Funded Ratio of AAL (2)/(3 (5)	Covered Payroll (6)	UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll (4)/(6) (7)
July 1, 2014 July 1, 2012 July 1, 2010	\$	-	\$	563,375 435,711 486,866	\$	563,375 435,711 486,866	0.00% 0.00% 0.00%	\$ 6,695,000 5,800,144 6,219,691	8.41% 7.51% 7.83%

City of Galax, Virginia Schedule of Employer's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Actuarial Valuation Date	Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (NPL)		portionate e of the NPL		Covered Payroll	Proportionate Share of the NPL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (3)/(4)	Pension Plan's Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability				
(1)	(2)		(3)		(4)	(5)	(6)				
Primary Gover	nment - City Reti	ireme	nt Plan								
2015	78.62%	\$	2,588,972	\$	4,692,751	55.17%	87.59%				
2014	78.62%		2,321,645		4,588,421	50.60%	88.34%				
Component Ur	Component Unit School Board (professional)										
2015	0.09218%	\$	11,602,000	\$	6,853,703	169.28%	70.68%				
2014	0.09215%		11,136,000		6,740,206	165.22%	70.88%				

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2014 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

City of Galax, Virginia Schedule of Components of and Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

		2015		2014
Total pension liability			•	
Service cost	\$	52,788	\$	59,100
Interest		146,030		138,221
Changes of benefit terms		-		-
Differences between expected and actual experience		(92,264)		-
Changes in assumptions		-		-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(95,913)		(75,607)
Net change in total pension liability	\$	10,641	\$	121,714
Total pension liability - beginning		2,134,097		2,012,383
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	2,144,738	\$	2,134,097
Plan fiduciary net position Contributions - employer Contributions - employee Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Administrative expense Other Net change in plan fiduciary net position Plan fiduciary net position - beginning Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ \$ \$	56,560 27,173 81,921 (95,913) (1,116) (16) 68,609 1,777,603 1,846,212	\$ \$ \$	58,635 27,537 242,426 (75,607) (1,285) 13 251,719 1,525,884 1,777,603
School Division's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	298,526	\$	356,494
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		86.08%		83.30%
Covered payroll	\$	554,534	\$	552,382
School Division's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		53.83%		64.54%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2014 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

City of Galax, Virginia Schedule of Employer Contributions For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Date	_	Contractually Required Contribution (1)	_	Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (2)	_	Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)		Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll (5)
Primary	Gov	vernment							
2016	\$	550,450	\$	550,450	\$	_	\$	4,768,294	11.54%
2015	·	538,784	•	538,784	•	-	•	4,692,751	11.48%
Compone	ent	Unit School Bo	ard	l (nonprofessiona	al)				
2016	\$	51,508	\$	51,508	\$	-	\$	507,791	10.14%
2015		56,560		56,560		-		554,534	10.20%
2014		58,635		58,635		-		552,382	10.61%
2013		59,223		59,223		-		557,134	10.63%
2012		46,062		46,062		-		518,711	8.88%
2011		44,814		44,814		-		504,659	8.88%
2010		43,050		43,050		-		502,916	8.56%
2009		41,852		41,852		-		488,930	8.56%
2008		23,360		23,360		-		442,422	5.28%
2007		23,984		23,984		-		454,249	5.28%
Compone	ent	Unit School Bo	ard	l (professional)					
2016	\$	979,551	\$	979,551	\$	-	\$	7,006,311	13.98%
2015		991,404		991,404		-		6,853,703	14.47%
2014		785,908		785,908		-		6,740,206	11.66%
2013		762,537		762,537		-		6,539,768	11.66%

Current year contributions are from City and School Board records and prior year contributions are from the VRS actuarial valuation performed each year.

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Prior to 2015 the City information reported in the City's reported included participants that are not reported in the City's report. Therefore, no additional data is currently available for the City. Data prior to 2013 for the Component Unit School Board professional was not available. Additional years will be included as they become available.

City of Galax, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

In 2015, Covered Employee Payroll (as defined by GASB 68) included the total payroll for employees covered under the pension plan whether that payroll is subject to pension coverage or not. This definition was modified in GASB Statement No. 82 and now is the payroll on which contributions to a pension plan are based. The ratios presented use the same measure.

Changes of benefit terms - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation. The 2014 valuation includes Hybrid Retirement Plan members for the first time. The hybrid plan applies to most new employees hired on or after January 1, 2014 and not covered by enhanced hazardous duty benefits. Because this was a new benefit and the number of participants was relatively small, the impact on the liabilities as of the measurement date of June 30, 2015 is not material.

Changes of assumptions - The following changes in actuarial assumptions were made effective June 30, 2013 based on the most recent experience study of the System for the four-year period ending June 30, 2012:

Largest 10 - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

Largest 10 - LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in male rates of disability

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to rates of service retirement for females
- Increase in rates of withdrawal
- Decrease in male and female rates of disability

Component Unit School Board - Professional Employees

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to the rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of withdrawals for 3 through 9 years of service
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year



DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - SCHOOL BOARD

MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUND

<u>School Operating Fund</u> - The School Operating Fund accounts for and reports the operations of the City's school system. Financing is provided by the State and Federal governments as well as contributions from the City's General Fund.

City of Galax, Virginia Balance Sheet Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board June 30, 2016

			(School Operating <u>Fund</u>
ASSETS			Φ.	2 505 722
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):			\$	2,505,722
Accounts receivable				14,458
Due from other governmental units				758,582
Inventories Prepaid items				30,607 103,644
Total assets			\$	3,413,013
LIADULTUC AND CUND DALANCES				
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:				
Accounts payable			\$	64,459
Salaries payable				823,523
Total liabilities			\$	887,982
Fund balances:				
Nonspendable				
Prepaid and inventory			\$	134,251
Restricted School cafeterias				208,537
Unassigned				2,182,243
Total fund balances			\$	2,525,031
Total liabilities and fund balances			\$	3,413,013
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit 1) are different because:				
Total fund balances per above			\$	2,525,031
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore,				
are not reported in the funds.				
Land	\$	439,368		
Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment		3,995,648 511,720		4,946,736
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		,		.,,
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and,				
therefore, are deferred in the funds. Items related to measurement of net pension liability				
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	(229,313)		
Difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		(757,537)		(986,850)
Pension contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be a reduction to				
the net pension liability in the next fiscal year and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.				1,031,059
Long-term liabilities, including compensated absences, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.				
Compensated absences	\$	(173,555)		
Net OPEB obligation	•	(264,644)		
Net pension liability	(11,900,526)		(10 041 705)
Adjustments for changes in proportionate share of net pension liability		97,000	. ((12,241,725)
Net position of governmental activities			\$	(4,725,749)

City of Galax, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

			Go	Total overnmental <u>Funds</u>
REVENUES Revenue from the use of money and property Charges for services Miscellaneous Recovered costs			\$	570 473,252 29,077 3,398
Intergovernmental Total revenues			\$	13,859,290 14,365,587
EXPENDITURES Current: Education Total expenditures			\$	14,272,406 14,272,406
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures			\$	93,181
Net change in fund balances			\$	93,181
Fund balances - beginning Fund balances - ending			\$	2,431,850 2,525,031
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit 2) are different because	use:			
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds - per above			\$	93,181
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which the depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period.				
Capital outlays Depreciation expense	\$	143,399 (281,629)		(138,230)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.				
Change in deferred inflows related to the measurement of the net pension liability				774,381
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Change in compensated absences Change in net OPEB obligation Change in net pension liability	\$	1,631 (45,770) (408,032)		
Change in deferred outflows related to pensions		(38,908)		(491,079)
Change in net position of governmental activities			\$	238,253

City of Galax, Virginia Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	School Operating Fund												
								riance with					
		5					Fi	nal Budget					
		Budgeted	,	Positive									
DEVENIUE		<u>Original</u>	7	<u>Negative)</u>									
REVENUES	Φ.	F00	φ.	F00	Φ.	F.70	Φ.	70					
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	500	\$	500	\$	570	\$	70					
Charges for services		280,305		305,050		473,252		168,202					
Miscellaneous		20,180		20,180		29,077		8,897					
Recovered costs		1,500		1,500		3,398		1,898					
Intergovernmental	ф.	13,908,791	φ	13,920,767	φ	13,859,290	\$	(61,477)					
Total revenues		14,211,276	\$	14,247,997	\$	14,365,587	>	117,590					
EXPENDITURES													
Current:													
Education	\$	14,212,276	\$	14,248,997	\$	14,272,406	\$	(23,409)					
Total expenditures	\$	14,212,276	\$	14,248,997	\$	14,272,406	\$	(23,409)					
Total experiental es		11/212/270	Ψ	11/210////	Ψ	11/2/2/100	Ψ	(20/107)					
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)													
expenditures	\$	(1,000)	\$	(1,000)	\$	93,181	\$	94,181					
•		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		•		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)													
Sale of capital assets	\$	1,000	\$	1,000	\$	-	\$	(1,000)					
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	1,000	\$	1,000	\$	-	\$	(1,000)					
Net change in fund balances	\$	-	\$	-	\$	93,181	\$	93,181					
Fund balances - beginning		-		-		2,431,850		2,431,850					
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,525,031	\$	2,525,031					

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY

MAJOR ENTERPRISE FUND

<u>Industrial Development Authority (IDA)</u> - The IDA operating fund account is an enterprise fund that accounts for operations of the City's Component-unit IDA.

City of Galax, Virginia Discretely Presented Component Unit City of Galax, Virginia - Industrial Development Authority Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Fund June 30, 2016

	terprise Fund
ASSETS	 _
Current assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 89,184
Total assets	\$ 89,184
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Due to primary government	\$ 9,750
Total liabilities	\$ 9,750
Net Position	
Unrestricted	\$ 79,434
Total net position	\$ 79,434

City of Galax, Virginia

Discretely Presented Component Unit

City of Galax, Virginia - Industrial Development Authority Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position - Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Enterprise Fund
OPERATING EXPENSES Miscellaneous Total operating expenses	\$ 13,383 \$ 13,383
Operating income (loss)	\$ (13,383)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Contribution to primary government Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	\$ (1,024,350) \$ (1,024,350)
Change in net position	\$ (1,037,733)
Total net position - beginning Total net position - ending	1,117,167 \$ 79,434

City of Galax, Virginia Discretely Presented Component Unit City of Galax, Virginia - Industrial Development Authority Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	E	Enterprise Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Receipts from customers and users	\$	30,000
Payments to suppliers		(60,185)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	(30,185)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$	(30,185)
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning		119,369
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$	89,184
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	\$	(13,383)
(Increase) decrease in intergovernmental receivables		30,000
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(26,568)
Increase (decrease) in due to primary government		(20,234)
Total adjustments	\$	(16,802)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	(30,185)
Schedule of non-cash capital activities:		
Contribution of capital assets (at net book value) to primary government	\$	(1,024,350)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
General Fund:									
Revenue from local sources:									
General property taxes:									
Real property taxes	\$	3,235,000	\$	3,235,000	\$	3,383,476	\$	148,476	
Real and personal public service corporation taxes		110,000		110,000		110,672		672	
Personal property taxes		535,000		535,000		516,633		(18,367)	
Furniture and fixtures		335,000		335,000		341,421		6,421	
Machinery and tools taxes		785,000		785,000		790,168		5,168	
Delinquent administrative fee		1,900		1,900		4,125		2,225	
Penalties		17,000		17,000		49,056		32,056	
Interest		30,000		30,000		47,473		17,473	
Total general property taxes	\$	5,048,900	\$	5,048,900	\$	5,243,024	\$	194,124	
Other local taxes:									
Local sales and use taxes	\$	2,230,000	\$	2,230,000	\$	2,244,446	\$	14,446	
Consumers' utility taxes		180,000		180,000		178,790		(1,210)	
Local consumption tax		50,000		50,000		47,002		(2,998)	
Local admissions tax		17,000		17,000		20,374		3,374	
Business license taxes		1,100,000		1,100,000		985,208		(114,792)	
Motor vehicle licenses		115,000		115,000		115,610		610	
Bank stock taxes		130,000		130,000		143,393		13,393	
Hotel and motel room taxes		140,000		140,000		153,996		13,996	
Restaurant food taxes		1,850,000		1,850,000		2,075,561		225,561	
Total other local taxes	\$	5,812,000	\$	5,812,000	\$	5,964,380	\$	152,380	
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses:									
Animal licenses	\$	4,500	\$	4,500	\$	3,866	\$	(634)	
Building permits and other licenses		16,000		16,000		26,141		10,141	
Total permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses	\$	20,500	\$	20,500	\$	30,007	\$	9,507	
Fines and forfeitures:									
Court fines and forfeitures	\$	130,000	\$	130,000	\$	134,842	\$	4,842	
Parking fines		500		500		235		(265)	
Total fines and forfeitures	\$	130,500	\$	130,500	\$	135,077	\$	4,577	
Revenue from use of money and property:									
Revenue from use of money	\$	80	\$	80	\$	1,756	\$	1,676	
Revenue from use of property		48,500		48,500		27,559		(20,941)	
Total revenue from use of money and property	\$	48,580	\$	48,580	\$	29,315	\$	(19,265)	
Charges for services:									
Charges for animal adoptions	\$	5,900	\$	5,900	\$	7,009	\$	1,109	
Charges for courthouse maintenance		5,500		5,500		4,511		(989)	
Charges for parking spaces		2,000		2,000		1,692		(308)	
Charges for courtroom security		18,000		18,000		19,864		1,864	
Other charges for services		22,500		22,500		20,272		(2,228)	
Sheriff's fees		100		100				(100)	
Charges for sanitation and waste removal		378,500		378,500		369,599		(8,901)	
Charges for parks and recreation		343,700		343,700		339,345		(4,355)	
Total charges for services	\$	776,200	\$	776,200	\$	762,292	\$	(13,908)	

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
General Fund: (Continued)						
Revenue from local sources: (Continued)						
Miscellaneous:						
Miscellaneous	\$ 43,200	\$	43,200	\$ 54,248	\$	11,048
Sale of surplus	6,000		6,000	959		(5,041)
Sale of cemetery lots	8,000		8,000	11,425		3,425
Donations and contributions	21,500		130,014	154,283		24,269
Asset forfeiture funds	3,000		3,000	1,634		(1,366)
Total miscellaneous	\$ 81,700	\$	190,214	\$ 222,549	\$	32,335
Recovered costs:						
Wired Road	\$ 31,658	\$	31,658	\$ -	\$	(31,658)
Juvenile probation	30,000		30,000	23,511		(6,489)
Animal Shelter	72,206		72,206	56,160		(16,046)
IDA	268,369		268,369	9,750		(258,619)
Sanitation recovered costs	2,500		2,500	2,579		79
Police recovered costs	52,000		52,000	56,163		4,163
Bottom Area project	11,000		11,000	16,835		5,835
Other recovered costs	32,100		32,100	9,058		(23,042)
Total recovered costs	\$ 499,833	\$	499,833	\$ 174,056	\$	(325,777)
Total revenue from local sources	\$ 12,418,213	\$	12,526,727	\$ 12,560,700	\$	33,973
Intergovernmental:						
Revenue from the Commonwealth:						
Noncategorical aid:						
Communications sales and use taxes	\$ 238,000	\$	238,000	\$ 226,050	\$	(11,950)
Recordation tax	10,000		10,000	13,451		3,451
Motor vehicle carriers' tax	28,000		28,000	30,658		2,658
Mobile home titling tax	2,000		2,000	5,020		3,020
Personal property tax relief funds	230,000		230,000	230,012		12
Total noncategorical aid	\$ 508,000	\$	508,000	\$ 505,191	\$	(2,809)
Categorical aid:						
Shared expenses:						
Commissioner of the revenue	\$ 57,000	\$	57,000	\$ 58,337	\$	1,337
Registrar/electoral board	 27,000		27,000	31,405		4,405
Total shared expenses	\$ 84,000	\$	84,000	\$ 89,742	\$	5,742
Other categorical aid:						
599 Funds (Police funding)	\$ 313,000	\$	313,000	\$ 313,500	\$	500
Comprehensive services act	286,380		286,380	269,956		(16,424)
Street and highway funds	1,765,000		1,841,604	1,842,887		1,283
Litter control	6,000		6,000	6,427		427
Virginia Commission for the Arts	5,000		5,000	5,000		-
Public assistance and welfare administration	351,721		351,721	331,550		(20,171)
VTC Marketing Leveraging Grant	5,000		5,000	17,175		12,175
EMS 4 for Life Funding	-		-	6,063		6,063
Highway planning and construction grants	1,030,000		1,030,000	295,526		(734,474)
Asset forfeiture funds	6,500		6,500	6,085		(415)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>			Fii	oriance with nal Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund: (Continued) Intergovernmental: (Continued)								
Revenue from the Commonwealth: (Continued)								
Other categorical aid: (Continued)								
Brownfields assistance grant	\$	-	\$	20,000	\$	20,000	\$	-
Other categorical aid Total other categorical aid	-\$	69,533 3,838,134	\$	79,533 3,944,738	\$	16,847 3,131,016	\$	(62,686)
Total other categorical aid	<u> </u>	3,030,134	Þ	3,744,730	Ф	3,131,010	Þ	(813,722)
Total categorical aid	\$	3,922,134	\$	4,028,738	\$	3,220,758	\$	(807,980)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	4,430,134	\$	4,536,738	\$	3,725,949	\$	(810,789)
Revenue from the federal government: Categorical aid:								
Public assistance and welfare administration	\$	637,993	\$	637,993	\$	601,405	\$	(36,588)
Community development block grants		420,570		420,570		435,819		15,249
Public safety grants		30,500		124,999		138,379		13,380
Community improvement grants		100,000		100,000		183,294		83,294
FEMA safer grant		65,207		65,207		64,344		(863)
DMV grants		25,000		25,000				(25,000)
Highway planning and construction grants		283,848		392,848		74,858		(317,990)
Rural Development grants		52,500		52,500		- (7.072		(52,500)
RBEG grant High intensity drug trafficking grant		-		74,700 12,000		67,973 3,560		(6,727) (8,440)
Building entrepreneurial economics grant		-		3,750		25,000		21,250
Cooperative forestry assistance grant		_		2,650		2,650		21,230
Total categorical aid	\$	1,615,618	\$	1,912,217	\$	1,597,282	\$	(314,935)
3								
Total revenue from the federal government	\$	1,615,618	\$	1,912,217	\$	1,597,282	\$	(314,935)
Total General Fund	\$	18,463,965	\$	18,975,682	\$	17,883,931	\$	(1,091,751)
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: School Operating Fund: Revenue from local sources: Revenue from use of money and property:								
Revenue from the use of property	\$	500	\$	500	\$	570	\$	70
Charges for services:								
Cafeteria sales	\$	-	\$	-	\$	158,508	\$	158,508
Transportation of pupils		50		50		-		(50)
Payments from other divisions		275,255		300,000		308,692		8,692
Tuition and payments from other divisions		5,000		5,000		6,052		1,052
Total charges for services	\$	280,305	\$	305,050	\$	473,252	\$	168,202
Miscellaneous:								
Donations	\$	-	\$	-	\$	8,191	\$	8,191
E-rate		19,680		19,680		19,680		-
Other miscellaneous		500		500		1,206		706
Total miscellaneous	\$	20,180	\$	20,180	\$	29,077	\$	8,897

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Fin	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: (Continued School Operating Fund: (Continued) Revenue from local sources: (Continued)	d)						
Recovered costs: Other recovered costs	\$	1,500	\$ 1,500	\$ 3,398	\$	1,898	
Total revenue from local sources	\$	302,485	\$ 327,230	\$ 506,297	\$	179,067	
Intergovernmental:							
Revenues from local governments:							
Contribution from the City of Galax, Virginia	\$	4,066,823	\$ 3,966,823	\$ 3,756,823	\$	(210,000)	
Total revenues from local governments	\$	4,066,823	\$ 3,966,823	\$ 3,756,823	\$	(210,000)	
Revenue from the Commonwealth:							
Categorical aid:							
Share of state sales tax	\$	1,100,000	\$ 1,105,000	\$ 1,147,449	\$	42,449	
Basic school aid		4,165,249	4,165,568	4,168,592		3,024	
Remedial summer education		45,247	56,120	56,121		1	
Regular foster care		-		2,620		2,620	
Adult secondary education		7,859	7,859	12,843		4,984	
Gifted and talented		44,541	44,576	44,541		(35)	
Remedial education		228,394	228,569	228,392		(177)	
Virginia preschool initiative		126,359	126,359	126,359		- (010)	
Textbook payment		91,187	91,396	91,186		(210)	
Vocational SOQ payments		102,351	102,429	102,350		(79)	
Social security fringe benefits		264,406	264,608	264,404		(204)	
Retirement fringe benefits		522,178	522,578	522,174		(404)	
Group life insurance benefits		17,058	17,072	17,058		(14)	
Early reading intervention		29,933	27,631	27,631		-	
Homebound education		7,653	9,748	9,748		(2.40)	
Special education		449,206	449,550	449,202		(348)	
Regional program tuition		125,000	106,718	103,545		(3,173)	
Vocation equipment		21,469	21,469	3,866		(17,603)	
Vocational occupational preparedness		4,043	3,866	23,044		19,178 (372)	
At risk payments		286,919	287,291	286,919		٠, ,	
Mentor teacher program Primary class size		1,581 298,214	1,581 299,601	1,050 299,601		(531)	
Technology		128,000	128,000	128,000		-	
Standards of Learning algebra readiness		35,464	28,441	28,441		-	
School Food		9,185	11,478	11,580		102	
Other State revenue		38,678	38,678	43,069		4,391	
English as a second language		146,525	143,369	143,369		4,371	
Compensation supplement		73,301	73,314	73,259		(55)	
Early reading specialist		22,295	22,295	22,295		(33)	
Other state funds		5,036	7,079	7,079		-	
Total categorical aid	\$	8,397,331	\$ 8,392,243	\$ 8,445,787	\$	53,544	
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	8,397,331	\$ 8,392,243	\$ 8,445,787	\$	53,544	

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Fin	iance with al Budget - Positive legative)
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: (Continued	I)					
School Operating Fund: (Continued)						
Intergovernmental: (Continued)						
Revenue from the federal government:						
Categorical aid:						
School breakfast program	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 133,038	\$	133,038
School lunch program		544,000	560,802	468,341		(92,461)
Title I		482,600	494,591	504,962		10,371
Title VI-B, Special education flow-through		246,941	241,668	238,691		(2,977)
Vocational education		29,775	30,782	30,782		-
Title VI-B, Special education pre-school		12,791	14,034	14,034		-
Rural and low income schools		25,530	23,683	23,683		-
English lanquage acquisition grant		22,053	21,231	31,734		10,503
Advanced placement program		999	999	-		(999)
Improving teacher quality		64,520	64,520	62,591		(1,929)
Twenty-first century community learning centers		-	94,000	133,396		39,396
Other federal funds		15,428	15,391	15,428		37
Total categorical aid	\$	1,444,637	\$ 1,561,701	\$ 1,656,680	\$	94,979
Total revenue from the federal government	\$	1,444,637	\$ 1,561,701	\$ 1,656,680	\$	94,979
Total School Operating Fund	\$	14,211,276	\$ 14,247,997	\$ 14,365,587	\$	117,590
Total Discretely Presented Component Unit -						
School Board	\$	14,211,276	\$ 14,247,997	\$ 14,365,587	\$	117,590

Fund, Function, Activity and Element	Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
General Fund:								
General government administration:								
Legislative:								
Mayor and Council	\$	39,055	\$	36,055	\$	32,986	\$	3,069
General and financial administration:								
City Manager	\$	472,951	\$	467,451	\$	473,027	\$	(5,576)
City Attorney		75,000		65,000		60,002		4,998
Marketing		161,055		155,033		170,236		(15,203)
Commissioner of revenue		192,412		198,512		197,796		716
Finance department		555,504		546,504		483,528		62,976
Total general and financial administration	\$	1,456,922	\$	1,432,500	\$	1,384,589	\$	47,911
Board of elections:								
Electoral Board	\$	25,241	\$	34,091	\$	23,271	\$	10,820
Registrar		47,226		55,090		62,565		(7,475)
Total board of elections	\$	72,467	\$	89,181	\$	85,836	\$	3,345
Total general government administration	\$	1,568,444	\$	1,557,736	\$	1,503,411	\$	54,325
Judicial administration:								
Courts:								
General district court	\$	44,750	\$	44,750	\$	43,158	\$	1,592
Magistrate		1,200		1,200		710		490
Shared services		565,000		565,000		506,552		58,448
Total courts	\$	610,950	\$	610,950	\$	550,420	\$	60,530
Total judicial administration	\$	610,950	\$	610,950	\$	550,420	\$	60,530
Public safety:								
Law enforcement and traffic control:								
Police department	\$	2,086,933	\$	2,088,835	\$	1,997,508	\$	91,327
Narcotics		6,500		28,598		24,396		4,202
Community policing		6,500		6,500		5,202		1,298
COPS grant		49,618		49,618		51,444		(1,826)
Total law enforcement and traffic control	\$	2,149,551	\$	2,173,551	\$	2,078,550	\$	95,001
Fire and rescue services:								
Fire programs	\$	274,850	\$	285,000	\$	267,303	\$	17,697
E911 programs		113,470		163,469		162,042		1,427
Ambulance and rescue services		155,207		155,207		118,821		36,386
Total fire and rescue services	\$	543,527	\$	603,676	\$	548,166	\$	55,510
Correction and detention:								
Juvenile probation	\$	93,419	\$	228,419	\$	235,016	\$	(6,597)
Correction and probation		4,475		4,475		3,941		534
Total correction and detention	\$	97,894	\$	232,894	\$	238,957	\$	(6,063)

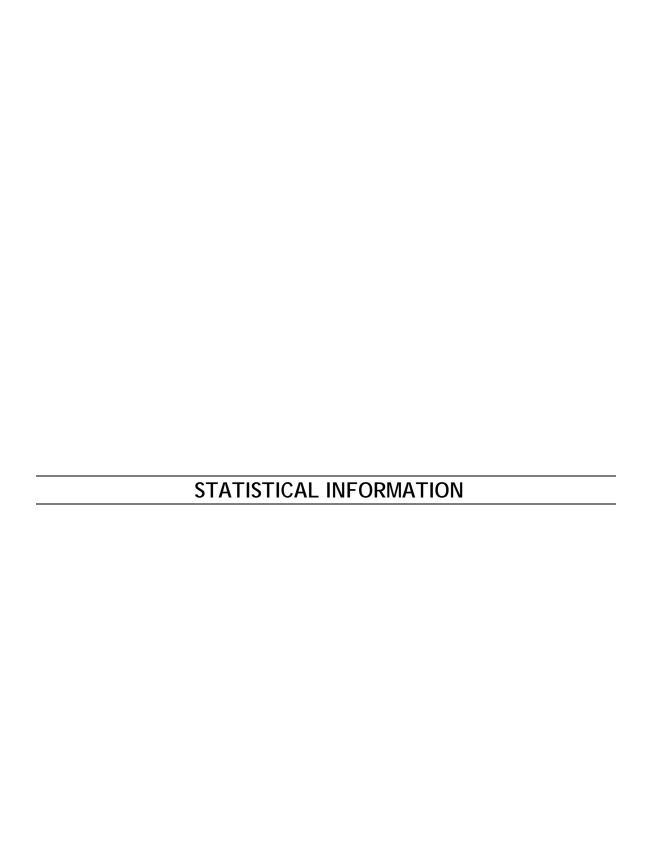
Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budqet</u>	Final <u>Budqet</u>		<u>Actual</u>		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
General Fund: (Continued)								
Public safety: (Continued)								
Other protection:		00 /05		00 /05		04.745	_	(7.4.40)
Animal control	\$	29,605	\$	29,605	\$	36,745	\$	(7,140)
Medical examiner Animal shelter		200 107,868		200 107,868		80 89,432		120 18,436
Safe routes to schools		15,076		35,076		39,675		(4,599)
Total other protection	\$	152,749	\$	172,749	\$	165,932	\$	6,817
rotal other protection		132,747	Ψ	1/2,/4/	Ψ	103,732	Ψ	0,017
Total public safety	\$	2,943,721	\$	3,182,870	\$	3,031,605	\$	151,265
Public works:								
Engineering:								
Engineering	\$	170,526	\$	170,526	\$	174,637	\$	(4,111)
Maintenance of highways, streets and bridges:								
Highways, streets, bridges and sidewalks	\$	1,517,299	\$	1,532,696	\$	1,458,810	\$	73,886
Street lighting		73,000		73,000		71,292		1,708
Traffic signals		27,600		27,600		23,006		4,594
Total maint. of highways, streets and bridges	\$	1,617,899	\$	1,633,296	\$	1,553,108	\$	80,188
Sanitation and waste removal:		0.40.004	_	057.007		054 000	_	, 507
Refuse collection and disposal	\$	262,926	\$	257,926	\$	251,329	\$	6,597
Landfill Total sanitation and waste removal	\$	52,000 314,926	\$	39,500 297,426	\$	27,394 278,723	\$	12,106 18,703
Total salitation and waste removal	Ψ	314,720	Ψ	277,420	Ψ	270,723	Ψ	10,703
Maintenance of general buildings and grounds:								
Building maintenance	\$	257,006	\$	260,666	\$	276,082	\$	(15,416)
Property maintenance		134,863		113,463		97,903		15,560
Total maintenance of general buildings and grounds	\$	391,869	\$	374,129	\$	373,985	\$	144
Total public works	\$	2,495,220	\$	2,475,377	\$	2,380,453	\$	94,924
Health and welfare:								
Health:								
Supplement of local health department	\$	112,958	\$	112,958	\$	112,958	\$	-
Mental health and mental retardation:								
Mental health contribution	\$	34,983	\$	34,983	\$	34,983	\$	
Welfare:								
Welfare administration and programs	\$	1,588,719	\$	1,588,719	\$	1,474,009	\$	114,710
Contributions to welfare agencies		41,402		41,402		41,402		-
Total welfare	\$	1,630,121	\$	1,630,121	\$	1,515,411	\$	114,710
Total health and welfare	\$	1,778,062	\$	1,778,062	\$	1,663,352	\$	114,710
Education:								
Other instructional costs:								
Contributions to Community Colleges	\$	13,023	\$	13,023	\$	13,024	\$	(1)
Contribution to the City School Board		4,066,823		4,019,323		3,756,823		262,500
Total education	\$	4,079,846	\$	4,032,346	\$	3,769,847	\$	262,499

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
General Fund: (Continued)									
Parks, recreation, and cultural:									
Parks and recreation:									
Parks	\$	59,700	\$	59,700	\$	56,150	\$	3,550	
Recreation		1,202,649		1,200,949		1,193,484		7,465	
Rosewald Felts		1,000		1,000		2,074		(1,074)	
Rex Theater		30,200		22,345		22,222		123	
Golf Course		216,556		215,514		177,637		37,877	
Farmer's Market		3,750		3,750		2,950		800	
Total parks and recreation	\$	1,513,855	\$	1,503,258	\$	1,454,517	\$	48,741	
Cultural enrichment:									
Museum	\$	31,745	\$	31,745	\$	44,325	\$	(12,580)	
Chestnut Creek School of the Arts		140,000		140,000		140,000		-	
Art programs and contributions		18,000		3,000		3,000		-	
CCSA woodkworking ship		-		46,100		45,984		116	
Total cultural enrichment	\$	189,745	\$	220,845	\$	233,309	\$	(12,464)	
Library:									
Regional library	\$	226,176	\$	226,176	\$	226,996	\$	(820)	
Total parks, recreation, and cultural	\$	1,929,776	\$	1,950,279	\$	1,914,822	\$	35,457	
Community dayslanment.									
Community development:									
Planning and community development: Planning and development	\$	139,381	\$	171,086	\$	163,848	\$	7,238	
Broadband	Ф	31,658	Ф	31,658	Ф	103,040	Ф	31,658	
Bottom area project		333,200		348,000		227,201		120,799	
BRCEDA		163,083		163,083		161,148		1,935	
Total planning and community development	\$	667,322	\$	713,827	\$	552,197	\$	161,630	
	<u>.</u>		φ.		φ.		φ.	<u> </u>	
Total community development		667,322	\$	713,827	\$	552,197	\$	161,630	
Nondepartmental:									
Nondepartmental	\$	231,115	\$	209,465	\$	114,271	\$	95,194	
Capital projects:									
Capital projects	\$	2,152,140	\$	2,919,876	\$	1,929,535	\$	990,341	
Debt service:									
Principal retirement	\$	590,000	\$	590,000	\$	562,637	\$	27,363	
Interest and other fiscal charges		177,869		177,869		177,772		97	
Total debt service	\$	767,869	\$	767,869	\$	740,409	\$	27,460	
Total General Fund	\$	19,224,465	\$	20,198,657	\$	18,150,322	\$	2,048,335	
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board School Operating Fund: Education: Administration of schools: Administration and health services	\$	778,275	\$	773,475	\$	675,304	\$	98,171	

Fund, Function, Activity and Element Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board (Continued) School Operating Fund: (Continued) Education: (Continued)	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Fin	riance with al Budget - Positive <u>Negative)</u>
Instruction costs: Instructional costs	\$ 10,226,525	\$ 10,265,307	\$ 10,183,615	\$	81,692
Operating costs: Pupil transportation Operation and maintenance of school plant School food service Facilities Technology Total operating costs	\$ 468,263 1,394,899 570,797 - 647,565 3,081,524	\$ 470,569 1,290,794 587,819 - 735,370 3,084,552	\$	\$	(85,216) 57,587 (191,871) (37,850) (71,585) (328,935)
Debt service:					
Debt service	\$ 125,952	\$ 125,663	\$ -	\$	125,663
Total School Operating Fund	\$ 14,212,276	\$ 14,248,997	\$ 14,272,406	\$	(23,409)
Total Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board	\$ 14,212,276	\$ 14,248,997	\$ 14,272,406	\$	(23,409)

Note: Appropriations are enforced at the fund level only.

School Expenditures include disbursements of the decentralized cafeterias, which are not subject to appropriation.



City of Galax, Virginia Government-Wide Expenses by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total	\$ 18,593,839	18,177,464	18,894,398	18,458,839	18,929,281	16,692,308	16,937,868	16,788,610	16,391,443	15,136,797
Water and Sewer	\$ 2,511,724	2,562,104	2,949,673	2,725,663	2,572,434	2,423,328	2,436,820	2,539,619	2,587,485	2,424,384
Interest on Long- Term Debt	\$ 177,870	198,755	157,580	230,446	235,567	249,393	278,631	279,653	325,285	229,297
Community Development	\$ 558,833	560,934	728,676	399,464	2,004,859	648,415	1,041,925	922,152	570,362	201,354
Parks, Recreation, and Cultural	\$ 2,084,825	2,023,767	2,016,590	2,040,066	1,749,789	1,537,985	1,728,558	1,838,667	1,460,945	1,449,683
Education	\$ 4,027,300		3,879,492	4,269,959	3,700,277	3,395,746	3,878,868	1,498,542	2,804,597	3,651,186
Health and Welfare	\$ 1,621,459	1,425,069	1,423,738	1,508,926	1,664,552	1,601,606	1,730,389	1,683,602	1,878,593	1,557,938
Public Works	\$ 2,498,899	2,441,402	2,594,079	2,556,297	2,084,134	2,142,439	1,399,049	3,671,499	2,913,678	2,199,901
Public Safety	\$ 2,968,540	2,796,916	2,990,921	2,790,642	2,803,284	2,764,659	2,572,717	2,523,114	2,380,854	1,622,046
Judicial Aministration	\$ 550,420	665,677	601,213	394, 278	618,300	525, 130	516,416	421,172	252,958	19,150
General Government Judicial Administration Administration	\$ 1,593,969	1,574,606	1,552,436	1,543,098	1,496,085	1,403,607	1,354,495	1,410,590	1,216,686	1,781,858
Fiscal Year	2015-16	2014-15	2013-14	2012-13	2011-12	2010-11	2009-10	2008-09	2007-08	2006-07

City of Galax, Virginia Government-Wide Revenues Last Ten Fiscal Years

!	PR	PROGRAM REVENUES	JES		GE	GENERAL REVENUES	IUES			
•		Operating	Capital					Grants and Contributions		
	Charges	Grants	Grants	General	Other	Unrestricted		Not Restricted		
Fiscal	for	and	and	Property	Local	Investment		to Specific		
Year	Services	Contributions Contributi	Contributions	Taxes	Taxes	Earnings	Miscellaneous	Programs		Total
	\$ 3,447,108	\$ 3,828,543	\$ 2,052,758	\$ 5,185,806	\$ 5,940,149	\$ 29,315	\$ 222,549	\$ 505,191	\$	21,211,419
			2,085,511	5,008,653	5,802,799	38,320	190,713	504,695	(1	20,693,959
2013-14	• •	3,935,728	694,719	4,890,742	5,571,854	39,350	93,493	505,750	_	19,142,933
2012-13	3,288,734	3,766,099	151,082	4,725,836	5,564,801	43,230	131,054	516,143	_	18,186,979
2011-12	3,786,646	4,881,858	269,036	4,107,727	4,737,461	118	127,348	465,184	_	18,375,378
2010-11	4,246,388	3,955,984	396,163	3,870,781	4,652,947	25,654	22,744	472,432	_	17,643,093
2009-10	3,380,558	3,458,555	1,618,233	3,922,184	4,630,039	1,238	72,478	481,486	_	7,564,771
2008-09	3,090,007	3,807,358	1,687,649	3,582,227	4,292,452	28,292	48,352	443,907	_	16,980,244
2007-08	2,994,718	3,696,593	483,792	3,834,008	4,533,937	394,984	31,333	492,427	_	16,461,792
2006-07	2,924,540	3,672,182	1	3,890,380	4,759,332	342,730	132,585	274,273	_	5,996,022

City of Galax, Virginia Governmental Expenditures by Function (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Totals	28,665,905	29,139,736	26,690,085	26,141,062	29,501,140	27,207,272	29,221,393	29,248,617	34,654,818	21,241,751
Capital Projects	1,929,535 \$	2,327,615	676,722	322,753	•	•	•	2,331,368	5,916,422	220,054
Debt Service	740,409 \$	786,543	775,335	785,988	757,000	768,050	792,798	501,901	5,607,283	474,784
Non- epartmental	114,271	373,928	253,793	276,414						İ
Community Non- Development Departmental	552,197 \$	437,928	616,302	369,643	2,004,859	648,415	1,041,925	249'668	703,970	200,323
Parks, Recreation & Cultural	1,914,822 \$	1,856,206	1,884,408	1,851,395	1,796,614	1,483,293	1,910,866	2,267,225	1,421,845	1,452,742
Education (2)	14,285,430 \$	14,457,429	13,536,865	13,631,180	16,316,471	15,838,839	17,213,809	13,179,538	12,534,267	11,512,602
Health and Welfare E	1,663,352 \$	1,455,978	1,418,426	1,512,532	1,654,794	1,575,688	1,723,290	1,677,544	1,857,486	1,542,713
Public Works	\$ 2,380,453 \$	2,485,768	2,562,375	2,788,217	2,050,229	2,170,537	2,091,801	3,787,262	2,563,386	2,341,894
Public Safety	3,031,605	2,926,728	2,985,642	2,762,814	2,849,754	2,839,033	2,602,251	2,537,988	2,590,060	2,116,872
Judicial Administration	550,420	665,677	601,213	537,064	615,081	521,213	516,030	421,062	252,753	175,625
General Administration A	1,503,411 \$	1,365,936	1,379,004	1,303,062	1,456,338	1,362,204	1,328,623	1,645,052	1,207,346	1,204,142
Fiscal Year A	2015-16 \$	2014-15	2013-14	2012-13	2011-12	2010-11	2009-10	2008-09	2007-08	2006-07

Note: (1) Includes General Fund of the Primary Government and Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board. (2) Excludes contribution from Primary Government to Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board.

City of Galax, Virginia Governmental Revenues by Source (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total	\$ 28,492,695 29,080,492 26,423,157 25,734,065 25,332,425 24,257,041 25,027,883 25,027,883 25,043,545 23,968,727 23,145,167	
Inter- governmental (2)	\$ 15,425,698 16,351,303 14,381,023 13,547,049 14,296,633 13,078,590 14,371,445 15,331,075 12,558,189	
Recovered Costs	\$ 177,454 226,067 217,555 182,339 942 181 3,601 1,299 453 27,058	
vliscellaneous	251,626 236,417 130,179 385,226 144,811 170,396 282,077 116,451 195,078	
Charges for Services Mi	; 1,235,544 \$ 1,232,726 1,130,665 1,194,579 1,768,475 2,203,561 1,741,837 1,550,100 1,627,701 1,216,582	
Revenue from use of Money and Property	\$ 29,885 \$ 39,017 39,800 43,230 112,220 127,190 130,041 68,520 520,585 525,018	
Fines and Forfeitures	\$ 135,077 119,843 112,962 142,786 104,879 114,770 103,750 89,124 153,381	
Permits Privilege Fees and Regulatory Licenses	\$ 30,007 21,470 18,839 26,096 19,390 16,353 18,849 20,162 24,176 31,418	
Other Local Taxes	\$ 5,964,380 5,785,608 5,574,405 5,570,787 4,798,066 4,675,312 4,560,283 4,296,653 4,529,736 4,759,332	
General Property Taxes	5,243,024 5,068,041 4,817,729 4,641,973 4,087,009 3,870,688 3,816,000 3,570,161 3,692,282 3,763,326	
Fiscal Year	2015-16 \$ 2014-15 2013-14 2012-13 2011-12 2010-11 2009-10 2008-09 2007-08	

Note: (1) Includes General Fund of the Primary Government and includes Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board. (2) Excludes contribution from Primary Government to Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board.

City of Galax, Virginia Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

ns to Date	Percent	of Levy	%96`.26	98.63%	98.70%	%19.86	%66`86	99.50%	99.23%	98.85%	98.85%	94.82%
Total Collections to Date		Amount	5,012,946	4,842,102	4,786,310	4,581,851	3,958,972	3,710,148	3,886,358	3,877,972	3,945,250	3,993,923
			↔									
Collections in	Subsequent	Years	ı	83,147	131,319	153,504	127,428	121,830	110,004	178,037	149,303	170,370
00	Su		↔									
hin the evy	Percent	of Levy	%96'.26	96.94%	95.99%	95.37%	95.80%	96.23%	96.42%	94.31%	95.11%	90.78%
Collected within the Year of Levy		Amount	5,012,946	4,758,955	4,654,991	4,428,347	3,831,544	3,588,318	3,776,354	3,699,935	3,795,947	3,823,553
			↔									
	urrent Tax	Levy	5,117,544	4,909,132	4,849,276	4,643,429	3,999,533	3,728,831	3,916,477	3,923,267	3,991,116	4,212,069
	Ö		↔									
	Fiscal	Year	2015-16	2014-15	2013-14	2012-13	2011-12	2010-11	2009-10	2008-09	2007-08	2006-07

(1) Exclusive of penalties and interest.

City of Galax, Virginia Assessed Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Real Estate (1)	ļ	Personal Property (1)	ublic Service ompanies (2)	Total
				-	
2015-16	\$ 458,384,400	\$	111,389,059	\$ 14,751,447	\$ 584,524,906
2014-15	457,205,000		110,616,317	15,688,304	583,509,621
2013-14	452,108,700		108,178,991	14,644,537	574,932,228
2012-13	449,458,875		102,868,300	13,364,028	565,691,203
2011-12	443,963,100		99,871,993	14,483,951	558,319,044
2010-11	444,067,400		96,562,916	13,770,881	554,401,197
2009-10	442,517,089		82,983,895	13,567,565	539,068,549
2008-09	441,047,000		102,287,271	13,938,302	557,272,573
2007-08	358,067,015		98,479,264	13,145,695	469,691,974
2006-07	356,511,315		116,885,023	12,232,851	485,629,189

⁽¹⁾ Assessed at 100% of fair market value.

⁽²⁾ Assessed by the State Corporation Commission.

Fiscal Year	Real Esta	ate	Mobile Homes	 sonal perty	chinery and Tools
2015-16	\$ 0	.73	\$ 0.73	\$ 2.25	\$ 1.50
2014-15	0	.69	0.69	2.25	1.50
2013-14	0	.69	0.69	2.25	1.50
2012-13	0	.67	0.67	2.25	1.50
2011-12	0	.62	0.62	1.68	1.42
2010-11	0	.57	0.70	1.68	1.42
2009-10	0	.57	0.70	1.68	1.42
2008-09	0	.55	0.55	1.42	1.42
2007-08	0	.50	0.50	1.42	1.42
2006-07	0	.70	0.70	1.42	1.42

⁽¹⁾ Per \$100 of assessed value.

City of Galax, Virginia Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Population (1)	Assessed Value (in thousands) (2)	Gross Bonded Debt (3)	Net Bonded Debt	Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Assessed Value	Net Bonded Debt per Capita
2015-16	7,034	5,845,249	\$ 6,946,669	6,946,669	1.19%	988
2014-15	7,034	5,835,096	7,509,306	7,509,306	1.29%	1,068
2013-14	7,035	5,749,322	6,690,956	6,690,956	1.16%	951
2012-13	6,928	5,656,912	7,275,989	7,275,989	1.29%	1,050
2011-12	6,877	5,583,190	7,402,698	7,402,698	1.33%	1,076
2010-11	7,077	5,544,012	7,873,915	7,873,915	1.42%	1,113
2009-10	6,880	5,390,685	8,348,105	8,348,105	1.55%	1,213
2008-09	6,823	5,572,726	8,822,196	8,822,196	1.58%	1,293
2007-08	6,796	4,696,920	9,435,220	9,435,220	2.01%	1,388
2006-07	6,796	4,856,292	9,418,978	9,418,978	1.94%	1,386

⁽¹⁾ Source: United States Census Bureau

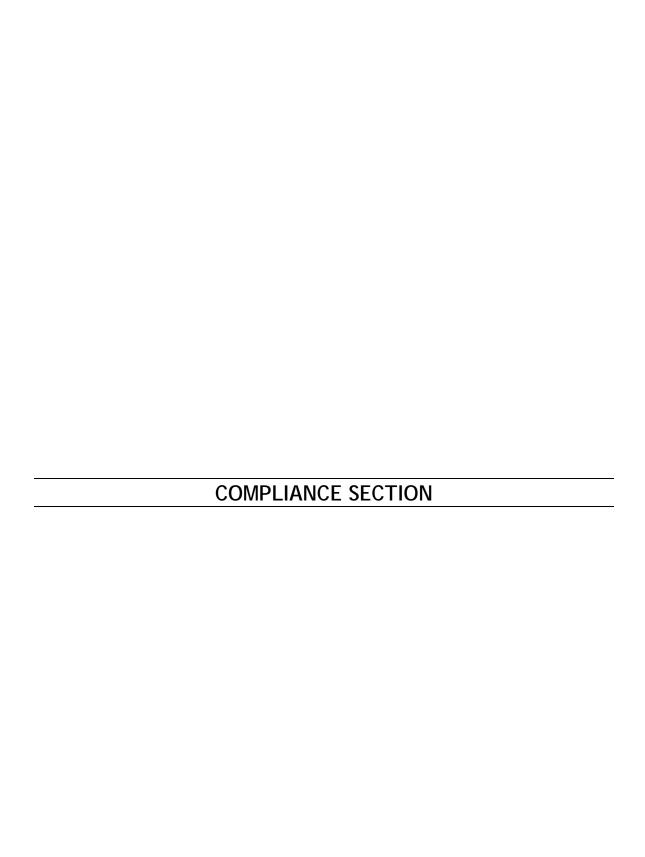
⁽²⁾ Real property assessed at 100% of fair market value.

⁽³⁾ Includes all long-term general obligation bonded debt, bonded anticipation notes, and literary fund loans. Excludes revenue bonds, landfill closure/post-closure care liability, capital leases, and compensated absences.

City of Galax, Virginia Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for General Bonded Debt to Total General Governmental Expenditures (1) Last ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year		Principal		Interest		Total Debt Service		Total General overnmental xpenditures	Ratio of Debt Service to General Governmental Expenditures
2015-16	\$	562,637	\$	177,772	\$	740,409	\$	28,665,905	2.58%
2014-15	•	595,650	•	190,893	•	786,543	•	29,139,736	2.70%
2013-14		607,493		167,842		775,335		26,690,085	2.90%
2012-13		555,677		230,311		785,988		26,141,062	3.01%
2011-12		526,929		230,071		757,000		29,501,140	2.57%
2010-11		517,681		250,369		768,050		27,207,272	2.82%
2009-10		516,911		275,887		792,798		29,221,393	2.71%
2008-09		300,835		201,066		501,901		29,248,617	1.72%
2007-08		5,261,321		345,962		5,607,283		34,654,818	16.18%
2006-07		293,452		181,332		474,784		21,241,751	2.24%

⁽¹⁾ Includes General Fund of the Primary Government and Operating funds of the Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board.



ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

To the Honorable Members of the City Council of the City of Galax, Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Galax, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Galax, Virginia's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 24, 2016.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Galax, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Galax, Virginia's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Galax, Virginia's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Galax, Virginia's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Blacksburg, Virginia October 24, 2016

Robinson, James, Cx associates

ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance For Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

To the Honorable Members of the City Council of the City of Galax, Virginia

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Galax, Virginia's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City of Galax, Virginia's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016. City of Galax, Virginia's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the City of Galax, Virginia's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City of Galax, Virginia's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City of Galax, Virginia's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the City of Galax, Virginia complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the City of Galax, Virginia is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City of Galax, Virginia's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Galax, Virginia's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Blacksburg, Virginia

Robinson, James, Cx associates

October 24, 2016

CITY OF GALAX, VIRGINIA

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

		Pass-through			
Federal Grantor/	Federal	Entity			
Pass-Through Grantor/	CFDA	Identifying		Federal	Expenditures to
Program or Cluster Title	Number	Number		Expenditures	Suprecipients
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE:					
Pass through payments from:					
Department of Social Services:					
State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition					
Assistance Program	10.561	0010110/0040110/0040111		\$ 111,638	
Department of Education:					
Child Nutrition Cluster:	10 552	40E01	¢122 020		
School Breakfast Program	10.553 10.555	40591 40623	\$133,038		
National School Lunch Program State Department of Agriculture:	10.555	40023	\$413,401		
Food Distribution-Schools (Note C)	10.555	Unknown	54,940 468,341		
Summer Food Service Prgram for Children (Note C)	10.559	Unknown	15,428		
Total Child Nutrition Cluster	10.557	GIRIOWII	13,420	616,807	
Cooperative Forestry Assitance	10.664	Unknown		2,650	
Technical Assistance and Training Grants	10.761	Unknown		25,000	
Rural Business Enterprise Grants	10.769	Unknown		67,973	
Total Department of Agriculture				\$ 824,068	-
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					-
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES:					
Pass through payments from:					
Department of Social Services:					
Promoting Safe and Stable Families	93.556	0950110/0950111		\$ 11,589	
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.558	0400111		118,114	
Refugee and Entrant Assistance - State Administered Programs	93.566	0500110/0500111		111	
Low Income Home Energy Assistance	93.568	0600410/0600411		13,705	
Social Services Block Grant	93.667	1000110/1000111		81,032	
Chafee Foster Care Independence Program	93.674	9150110/9150111		625	
Children's Health Insurance Program	93.767	0540110/0540111		4,557	
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	1200110/1200111		138,254	
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program	93.645	0900110/0900111		451	
Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds of the Child Care and					
Development Fund	93.596	0760110/0760111		21,340	
Foster Care - Title IV E	93.658	1100110/1100111		52,001	
Adoption Assistance	93.659	1120110/1120111		47,988	_
Total Department of Health and Human Services				\$ 489,767	_
DEDARTMENT OF WATER					
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE:					
Pass through payments from:	1/ 720	University		¢ 24.10F	
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.738	Unknown		\$ 34,195	-
Total Department of Justice				\$ 34,195	-
DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY:					
Direct payments:					
Staffing for Adequate Fire and Emergency Response (SAFER)	97.083	NA		\$ 64,344	
Pass through payments from:	77.003	INA		Ψ 04,544	
Department of Emergency Management:					
Emergency Management Performance Grants	97.042	158		7,500	
State Homeland Security Grant Program	97.073	52709		73,926	
Total Department of Homeland Security	77.075	32707		\$ 145,770	-
rotal popul tillone of riomolana occurry				+ 1.10/1.10	-
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION:					
Pass through payments from:					
Department of Motor Vehicles:					
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	Unknown		\$ 74,858	
Alcohol Impaired Driving Countermeasurers Incentive Grants I	20.601	Unknown		22,758	
Total Department of Transportation				\$ 97,616	-
·					-
EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT:					
Direct payments:					
High Intensity Drug Trafficking Areas Porgram	95.001	Unknown		\$ 3,560	
Total Executive Office of the President				\$ 3,560	-
APPALACHIAN REGIONAL COMMISSION					
Pass through payments from:					
Department of Housing and Community Development:					
Appalachian Area Development	23.002	Unknown		\$ 183,294	_
Total Appalachian Regional Commission				\$ 183,294	_

CITY OF GALAX, VIRGINIA

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures	Expenditures to Suprecipients
DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT: Pass through payments from: Department of Housing and Community Development: Community Development Block Grants/ State's Program and Non-Entitlement Grants in Hawaii Total Department of Housing and Urban Development	14.228	50790	\$ 435,819 \$ 435,819	
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION: Pass through payments from: Department of Education: Career and Technical Education Basic Grants to States Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant English Language Acquisition State Grants Rural Education Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers	84.048 84.367 84.365 84.358 84.010 84.287	61095 61480 unknown 43481 42901 unknown	\$ 30,782 62,591 31,734 23,683 504,962 133,396	\$ 9,820
Special Education Cluster (IDEA) Special Education - Grants to States Special Education - Preschool Grants Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA) Total Department of Education	84.027 84.173	73071 62521	\$238,691 	\$ 9,820
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 3,253,962	\$ 9,820

Note to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Note A--Basis of Presentation:

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal grant activity of the City of Galax, Virginia under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2016. The information in the Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of the Office of Management and Budgets Uniform Guidance. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the City of Galax, Virginia, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the City of Galax, Virginia.

Note B--Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

- (1) Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in OMB Circular A-87, Cost Principles for State, Local, and Indian Tribal Governments, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowed or are limited as to reimbursement.
- (2) Pass-through entity indentifying number are presented where available.

Note C--Food Distribution

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed

Note D--Relationship to the Financial Statements:

Federal expenditures, revenues and capital contributions are reported in the City's basic financial statements as follows:

Primary government:	
General Fund-Intergovernmental	\$ 5,323,231
Less: Revenue from the Commonwealth	(3,725,949)
Component Unit School Board:	
School Operating Fund-Intergovernmental	13,859,290
Less: Revenue from Local Governments	(3,756,823)
Less: Revenue from the Commonwealth	(8,445,787)
Total federal expenditures per the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	\$ 3.253.962

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditors' report issued:

Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified? No Significant deficiency(ies) identified? No

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

None reported

Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs:

Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR section, 200.516 (a)?

00.516 (a)?

Identification of major programs:

CFDA # Name of Federal Program or Cluster

10.553/10.555/10.559 Child Nutrition Cluster
84.010 Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs

\$750,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

Yes

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

None reported

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

There are no federal award findings and questioned costs to report.

Section IV - Status of Prior Audit Findings

There were no prior audit findings related to federal awards.