Town of Abingdon Annual Financial Report

June 30, 2024



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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

TOWN OFFICIALS

TOWN COUNCIL

Amanda Pillion	Mayor
Dwayne Anderson	
Derek Webb	•
Donna Quetsch	
Wayne Austin	

TOWN OFFICERS

Mike Cochran	Town Manager
	. Assistant Town Manager & Director of Community Development
	Treasurer
Kim Kingsley	
Steve Trotman	
Tonya Triplett	Director of Economic Development/Tourism
Jon Holbrook	Police Chief
Tim Estes, Sr	Fire Department Chief
Mike Surrett	
Kyle Pollard	Director of Recreation
C.J. McGlothlin	Director of Information Technology
Katie Garrett	
Rick Statzer	Building Official

TOWN LEGAL COUNSEL

Cameron Bell, Counsel

FINANCIAL SECTION



Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable Members of the Town Council Town of Abingdon, Virginia Abingdon, Virginia

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Abingdon, Virginia (the "Town") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town, as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns* issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Town and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
 to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in
 the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

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We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management, and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited proce dures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

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Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 20, 2024 on our consideration of the Town's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Brown, Edwards & Company, S. L. P.

Bristol, Tennessee November 20, 2024

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2024

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 3)	\$ 15,668,587	\$ 1,852,013	\$ 17,520,600
Receivables: (Note 4)			
Taxes, net	1,462,929	-	1,462,929
Accounts, net	256,874	915,817	1,172,691
Other	566,889	-	566,889
Prepaid expenses	97,778	-	97,778
Due from other governmental units (Note 5)	256,381	-	256,381
Internal balances (Note 6)	36,614	(36,614)	-
Inventory	4,905	-	4,905
Restricted assets:			
Cash (Note 3)	108,848	338,378	447,226
Capital assets, non-depreciable (Note 8)	11,740,049	1,013,221	12,753,270
Capital assets, depreciable, net (Note 8)	32,408,819	9,503,424	41,912,243
Right-of-use asset, net (Note 8)	319,007	-	319,007
Subscription right-of-use asset, net (Note 8)	228,405		228,405
Total assets	63,156,085	13,586,239	76,742,324
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred outflows related to pensions (Note 14)	636,296	21,237	657,533
Deferred outflows related to other			
postemployment benefits (Note 14)	459,234	7,479	466,713
Total deferred outflows of resources	1,095,530	28,716	1,124,246
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	522,391	50,777	573,168
Accrued liabilities and wages	344,409	9,289	353,698
Construction bond deposit	11,050	-	11,050
Unearned revenue	3,808,866	=	3,808,866
Payable from restricted assets:			
Deposits	-	338,250	338,250
Police seizure deposits	2,308	-	2,308
Accrued interest	191,657	4,514	196,171
Long-term liabilities:			
Net pension liability (Note 14)	1,305,715	43,580	1,349,295
Net other postemployment benefit liability (Note 14)	1,608,445	34,435	1,642,880
Due within one year (Note 9)	1,104,887	734,433	1,839,320
Due in more than one year (Note 9)	13,406,351	2,153,811	15,560,162
Total liabilities	22,306,079	3,369,089	25,675,168
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Property taxes (Note 4)	1,209,407	_	1,209,407
Deferred inflows related to pension (Note 14)	1,031,857	34,439	1,066,296
Deferred inflows related to other	1,051,057	31,137	1,000,270
postemployment benefits (Note 14)	801,819	18,524	820,343
Total deferred inflows of resources	3,043,083	52,963	3,096,046
NET POSITION	20 721 007	7 (21 972	20.262.060
Net investment in capital assets	30,731,997	7,631,872	38,363,869
Restricted Unrestricted	167,211 8,003,245	2,561,031	167,211 10,564,276
Total net position	\$ 38,902,453	\$ 10,192,903	\$ 49,095,356

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended June 30, 2024

			Program Revenues			Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets								
							•	Primary Government						
			(Charges for	Ope	erating Grants	Ca	apital Grants	G	overnmental	Bı	usiness-Type		
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Services	and	Contributions	and	Contributions		Activities		Activities		Total
Primary Government:										<u>.</u>				
Governmental activities:														
General government	\$	3,605,909	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(3,605,909)	\$	-	\$	(3,605,909)
Public safety		3,794,414		3,452		593,973		-		(3,196,989)		-		(3,196,989)
Public works		5,418,889		1,216,308		2,311,155		2,147,810		256,384		-		256,384
Health and welfare		1,764		-		-		-		(1,764)		-		(1,764)
Parks, recreation, and cultural		1,321,996		461,756		67,077		11,485		(781,678)		-		(781,678)
Community development		1,741,850		792		22,224		-		(1,718,834)		-		(1,718,834)
Interest on long-term debt		375,342		-		-		-		(375,342)		-		(375,342)
Non-departmental		250,879		10,847				-		(240,032)		-		(240,032)
Total governmental activities		16,511,043		1,693,155		2,994,429		2,159,295		(9,664,164)				(9,664,164)
Business-type activities:														
Sewer		3,796,476		4,293,288								496,812		496,812
Total business-type activities		3,796,476		4,293,288		-		-		-		496,812		496,812
Total primary government	\$	20,307,519	\$	5,986,443	\$	2,994,429	\$	2,159,295		(9,664,164)		496,812		(9,167,352)
	•		General	revenues:							'			
			Curr	ent property taxes						2,584,030		-		2,584,030
			Othe	er property taxes						908,622		-		908,622
			Loca	al sales and use tax						740,764		-		740,764
			Utili	ty tax						83,773		-		83,773
			Busi	ness license tax						1,132,287		-		1,132,287
			Fran	chise license tax						50,926		-		50,926
			Con	munication taxes						78,985		-		78,985
			Mote	or vehicle license						161,056		-		161,056
			Banl	k stock tax						789,437		-		789,437
			Ciga	rette tax						226,947		-		226,947
				el and motel room ta	ax					1,427,102		-		1,427,102
				aurant food tax						4,507,070		-		4,507,070
			Unre	estricted investment	earnings					801,165		81,656		882,821
			Othe							1,707,966				1,707,966
				Total general	revenues					15,200,130		81,656		15,281,786
				Change in net	position					5,535,966		578,468		6,114,434
			Net pos	ition – July 1						33,366,487		9,614,435		42,980,922
			Net pos	ition – June 30					\$	38,902,453	\$	10,192,903	\$	49,095,356

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2024

 General Fund	R	escue Plan		Capital Projects Fund		•		Total
\$ 11,663,725	\$	4,004,862	\$	-	\$	-	\$	15,668,587
1,462,929		-		-		-		1,462,929
256,874		-		-		-		256,874
566,889		-		-		-		566,889
97,778		-		-		-		97,778
36,614		=		-		-		36,614
256,381		-		-		-		256,381
4,905		-		-		-		4,905
 106,293		-		-		2,555		108,848
\$ 14,452,388	\$	4,004,862	\$	-	\$	2,555	\$	18,459,805
\$ 420,233	\$	87,427	\$	-	\$	14,731	\$	522,391
344,409		-		-		-		344,409
11,050		-		-		-		11,050
-		3,808,866		-		-		3,808,866
 2,308				-				2,308
 778,000		3,896,293		-		14,731		4,689,024
 1,431,002				-		-		1,431,002
 1,431,002		-		-		-		1,431,002
102,683		-		-		-		102,683
179,387		=		-		(12,176)		167,211
1,000,000		108,569		-		-		1,108,569
 10,961,316				-				10,961,316
 12,243,386		108,569		-		(12,176)		12,339,779
\$ 14 452 388	\$	4 004 862	\$	_	ç	2 555	2	18,459,805
\$	\$ 11,663,725 1,462,929 256,874 566,889 97,778 36,614 256,381 4,905 106,293 \$ 14,452,388 \$ 420,233 344,409 11,050 - 2,308 778,000 1,431,002 1,431,002 102,683 179,387 1,000,000 10,961,316 12,243,386	\$ 11,663,725 \$ 1,462,929 256,874 566,889 97,778 36,614 256,381 4,905 106,293 \$ 14,452,388 \$ \$ 420,233 344,409 11,050 - 2,308 778,000 1,431,002 1,431,002 102,683 179,387 1,000,000 10,961,316 12,243,386	Fund Act Fund \$ 11,663,725 \$ 4,004,862 1,462,929 - 256,874 - 566,889 - 97,778 - 36,614 - 256,381 - 4,905 - 106,293 - \$ 14,452,388 \$ 4,004,862 \$ 420,233 \$ 87,427 344,409 - 11,050 - 3,808,866 - 2,308 - 778,000 3,896,293 1,431,002 - 1,431,002 - 1,2,683 - 1,900,000 108,569 10,961,316 - 12,243,386 108,569	General Fund Rescue Plan Act Fund \$ 11,663,725 \$ 4,004,862 \$ 1,462,929 - - 256,874 - - 566,889 - - 97,778 - - 36,614 - - 256,381 - - 4,905 - - 106,293 - - \$ 14,452,388 \$ 4,004,862 \$ \$ 420,233 \$ 87,427 \$ 344,409 - - - 3,808,866 - 2,308 - - 778,000 3,896,293 1,431,002 - - 1,431,002 - - 1,9683 - - 1,900,000 108,569 - 10,961,316 - - 12,243,386 108,569	General Fund Rescue Plan Act Fund Projects Fund \$ 11,663,725 \$ 4,004,862 \$ - 1,462,929 - - 256,874 - - 566,889 - - 97,778 - - 36,614 - - 256,381 - - 4,905 - - 106,293 - - \$ 14,452,388 \$ 4,004,862 \$ - \$ 420,233 \$ 87,427 \$ - 11,050 - - - 3,808,866 - 2,308 - - 778,000 3,896,293 - 1,431,002 - - 1,431,002 - - 1,000,000 108,569 - 10,961,316 - - 12,243,386 108,569 - 12,243,386 108,569 -	General Fund Rescue Plan Act Fund Projects Fund \$ 11,663,725 \$ 4,004,862 \$ - \$ \$ 1,462,929 - - - - 256,874 - <td>General Fund Rescue Plan Act Fund Projects Fund Cemetery Fund \$ 11,663,725 \$ 4,004,862 \$ - \$ - 1,462,929 - - - 256,874 - - - 566,889 - - - 97,778 - - - 36,614 - - - 256,381 - - - 4,905 - - - 106,293 - - 2,555 \$ 14,452,388 \$ 4,004,862 \$ - \$ 2,555 \$ 420,233 \$ 87,427 \$ - \$ 14,731 344,409 - - - - 3,808,866 - - 2,308 - - - 778,000 3,896,293 - 14,731 1,431,002 - - - 1,9387 - - - 1,900,000 108,569 - -</td> <td>General Fund Rescue Plan Act Fund Projects Fund Cemetery Fund \$ 11,663,725 \$ 4,004,862 \$ - \$ - \$ \$ 1,462,929 -</td>	General Fund Rescue Plan Act Fund Projects Fund Cemetery Fund \$ 11,663,725 \$ 4,004,862 \$ - \$ - 1,462,929 - - - 256,874 - - - 566,889 - - - 97,778 - - - 36,614 - - - 256,381 - - - 4,905 - - - 106,293 - - 2,555 \$ 14,452,388 \$ 4,004,862 \$ - \$ 2,555 \$ 420,233 \$ 87,427 \$ - \$ 14,731 344,409 - - - - 3,808,866 - - 2,308 - - - 778,000 3,896,293 - 14,731 1,431,002 - - - 1,9387 - - - 1,900,000 108,569 - -	General Fund Rescue Plan Act Fund Projects Fund Cemetery Fund \$ 11,663,725 \$ 4,004,862 \$ - \$ - \$ \$ 1,462,929 -

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2024

Total fund balances – governmental funds	\$ 12,339,779
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	44,696,280
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.	221,595
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	
Bonds and notes payable, net of premiums and discounts	(13,964,283)
Accrued interest payable	(191,657)
Compensated absences	(546,955)
Financial statement elements related to other postemployment benefits are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	
Deferred outflows of resources for employer contributions	70,327
Other deferred outflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits	388,907
Deferred inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits	(801,819)
Net other postemployment benefit liability	(1,608,445)
Financial statement elements related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	
Deferred outflows of resources for employer contributions	571,400
Other deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	64,896
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	(1,031,857)
Net pension liability	(1,305,715)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 38,902,453

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Year Ended June 30, 2024

	General Fund	American Rescue Plan Act Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Nonmajor Cemetery Fund	Total
REVENUES					
General property taxes	\$ 2,573,300	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,573,300
Other local taxes	10,106,969	-	-	-	10,106,969
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses	187,163	-	-	-	187,163
Fines and forfeitures	114,786	-	-	-	114,786
Revenue from use of money and property	529,186	271,946	-	33	801,165
Charges for services	1,693,155	-	-	-	1,693,155
Miscellaneous	311,336	-	-	-	311,336
Intergovernmental	3,397,477	1,756,247			5,153,724
Total revenues	18,913,372	2,028,193		33	20,941,598
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General government administration	4,075,651	-	-	-	4,075,651
Public safety	3,820,181	-	-	-	3,820,181
Public works	6,187,241	187,919	-	-	6,375,160
Health and welfare	1,764	1.560.220	-	-	1,764
Parks, recreation, and cultural	1,916,163	1,568,328	626,213	-	4,110,704
Community development	479,268	-	-	-	479,268
Non-departmental Debt service:	250,879	-	-	-	250,879
Principal	1,151,169	_	_	_	1,151,169
Interest	448,283				448,283
Total expenditures	18,330,599	1,756,247	626,213	_	20,713,059
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	582,773	271,946	(626,213)	33	228,539
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	<u> </u>				<u> </u>
Sale of property	5,486				5,486
Insurance recoveries	1,054,795	-	-	-	1,054,795
Issuance of debt	517,292	_	_	_	517,292
Non-governmental grants	34,400		_	_	34,400
Transfers in (out) (Note 6)	(236,800)	(365,000)	626,213	(24,413)	54,400
Transfers in (out) (Note 0)	(230,800)	(303,000)	020,213	(24,413)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,375,173	(365,000)	626,213	(24,413)	1,611,973
Net change in fund balance	1,957,946	(93,054)		(24,380)	1,840,512
FUND BALANCE – JULY 1	10,285,440	201,623		12,204	10,499,267
FUND BALANCE – JUNE 30	\$ 12,243,386	\$ 108,569	\$ -	\$ (12,176)	\$ 12,339,779

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended June 30, 2024

Net change in fund balance – total governmental funds		\$ 1,840,512
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation		
expense. Capital outlay, right-of-use lease, and right-of-use subscription assets Depreciation and amortization expense	4,520,239 (2,121,378)	
		 2,398,861
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		10,730
The issuance of long-term debt (i.e. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities.		
Amortization of premiums	56,195	
Principal repayments:		
General obligation debt, lease, and SBITA Proceeds from debt, lease, and SBITA activity	1,151,169 (517,292)	 690,072
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Accrued interest Compensated absences	16,746 (65,360)	(48,614)
Governmental funds report other post-employment benefits contributions as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of other post-employment benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as other post-employment benefits expense.		
Employer other post-employment benefits contributions Other post-employment benefits expense	70,327 (89,560)	(19,233)
Governmental funds report pension contributions as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of pension benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as pension expense.		
Employer pension contributions	571,400	
Pension expense	92,238	 663,638
Total change in net position – governmental activities		\$ 5,535,966

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND Year Ended June 30, 2024

		Dudgeted					Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive	
		Budgeted Original	Am	Final		Actual	(Negative)		
DEVENILEG		Original		1 11141		71ctuui		reguire	
REVENUES	Ф	2 (72 040	Ф	2 (72 040	Ф	2 572 200	Φ	(100.540)	
General property taxes	\$	2,673,840	\$	2,673,840	\$	2,573,300	\$	(100,540)	
Other local taxes		9,485,200		9,485,200		10,106,969		621,769	
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses Fines and forfeitures		88,000		88,000		187,163		99,163	
		96,750		96,750		114,786		18,036	
Revenue from use of money and property		426,611		426,611		529,186		102,575	
Charges for services		1,461,030		1,461,030		1,693,155		232,125	
Miscellaneous		230,400		240,400		311,336		70,936	
Intergovernmental		4,248,371		4,264,220		3,397,477		(866,743)	
Total revenues		18,710,202		18,736,051		18,913,372		177,321	
EXPENDITURES									
General government:									
Legislative		74,575		74,575		42,798		31,777	
General and financial administration		3,676,123		3,706,471		4,032,853		(326,382)	
Total general government		3,750,698		3,781,046		4,075,651		(294,605)	
Public safety:									
Police		2,934,909		2,964,053		2,946,431		17,622	
Fire		745,907		1,764,764		705,114		1,059,650	
Building inspections		184,437		186,542		168,636		17,906	
Total public safety		3,865,253		4,915,359		3,820,181		1,095,178	
Public works:									
Maintenance of highways, streets,									
bridges, and sidewalks		5,284,176		5,307,546		4,337,019		970,527	
Sanitation and waste removal		510,283		512,442		420,558		91,884	
Maintenance of general buildings									
and grounds		1,532,741		1,580,107		1,429,664		150,443	
Total public works		7,327,200		7,400,095		6,187,241		1,212,854	

(Continued)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Rudgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive			
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)			
EXPENDITURES (Continued)							
Health and welfare	\$ 5,600	\$ 5,600	\$ 1,764	\$ 3,836			
Parks, recreation, and cultural	1,966,673	2,144,134	1,916,163	227,971			
Community development	564,059	569,348	479,268	90,080			
Non-departmental	151,524	257,373	250,879	6,494			
Debt service:							
Principal	1,151,169	1,151,169	1,151,169	-			
Interest	333,061	333,061	448,283	(115,222)			
Total debt service	1,484,230	1,484,230	1,599,452	(115,222)			
Total expenditures	19,115,237	20,557,185	18,330,599	2,226,586			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Sale of property	10,000	10,000	5,486	(4,514)			
Insurance recoveries	-	1,000,000	1,054,795	54,795			
Issuance of debt	-	-	517,292	517,292			
Premium on debt proceeds	204,000	-	-	-			
Non-governmental grants	-	14,000	34,400	20,400			
Transfers in	1,349,115	1,955,214	389,413	(1,565,801)			
Transfers out	(1,158,080)	(1,158,080)	(626,213)	531,867			
Total other financing sources (uses)	405,035	1,821,134	1,375,173	(445,961)			
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,957,946	\$ 1,957,946			

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – PROPRIETARY FUND June 30, 2024

	Sewer Fund
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,852,013
Receivables, net:	
Accounts	915,817
Restricted assets:	220 270
Cash Capital assets, non-depreciable	338,378 1,013,221
Capital assets, depreciable, net	9,503,424
Total assets	13,622,853
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred outflows related to pensions	21,237
Deferred outflows related to other postemployment benefits	7,479
Total deferred outflows of resources	28,716
LIABILITIES	
CURRENT LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	50,777
Accrued wages and liabilities	9,289
Payable from restricted assets:	
Customer deposits	338,250
Accrued interest	4,514
Due to other funds	36,614
Long-term liabilities due within one year	734,433
Total current liabilities	1,173,877
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES	
Net pension liability	43,580
Net other postemployment benefit liability	34,435
Long-term liabilities due in more than one year	2,153,811
Total noncurrent liabilities	2,231,826
Total liabilities	3,405,703
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred inflows related to pensions	34,439
Deferred inflows related to other postemployment benefits	18,524
Total deferred inflows of resources	52,963
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	7,631,872
Unrestricted	2,561,031
Total net position	\$ 10,192,903

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION – PROPRIETARY FUND Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Sewer Fund
OPERATING REVENUES	
Sewer service charges	\$ 3,926,726
Solid waste charges	131,822
Sewer connection charges	77,432
Miscellaneous	157,308
Total operating revenues	4,293,288
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Personnel and contractual services	3,068,936
Other charges	230,274
Depreciation	495,281
Total operating expenses	3,794,491
Operating income	498,797
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	
Interest income	81,656
Interest expense	(1,985)
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	79,671
Change in net position	578,468
NET POSITION – JULY 1	9,614,435
NET POSITION – JUNE 30	\$ 10,192,903

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TOWN OF ABINGDON, VIRGINIA

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS – PROPRIETARY FUND Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Sewer Fund
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Cash received from customers	\$ 4,086,208
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	(3,119,261)
Cash payments to employees for services	(160,693)
Receipts of customer deposits	7,250
Other operating receipts	87,808
Net cash provided by operating activities	901,312
CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Capital assets purchases	(577,527)
Interfund borrowings, net	(161,318)
Principal paid on long-term liabilities	(737,712)
Interest paid on long-term liabilities	(11,270)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	(1,487,827)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Interest and dividends on investments	81,684
Decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(504,831)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	
Beginning	2,695,222
Ending	\$ 2,190,391
RECONCILIATION TO EXHIBIT 8	
Cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted	\$ 1,852,013
Restricted assets:	
Cash	338,378
	\$ 2,190,391
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH	
PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Operating income	\$ 498,797
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to	
net cash provided by operating activities:	10.5.504
Depreciation	495,281
Pension and OPEB expense net of employer contributions Change in assets and liabilities	17,730
(Increase) decrease in:	
Receivables, net	(119,271)
(Decrease) increase in:	(,,-)
Accounts payable	(3,295)
Customer deposits	7,250
Accrued wages and liabilities	4,061
Compensated absences	759
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 901,312
NONCASH INVESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVITES	
Capital assets purchases included in accounts payable	241,009
Total concash investing and financing activities	\$ 241,009
Total concast investing and financing activities	ψ 271,009

The Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2024

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting entity

The Town of Abingdon, Virginia (the "Town") is a municipality governed by an elected five-member council. The accompanying financial statements present all activities of the Town; the Town has determined that it has no component units. The Town is the primary government of the reporting entity.

Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type* activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and the major individual enterprise fund are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement* focus and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within 45 days of the end of the current fiscal period.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2024

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation (Continued)

Property taxes, franchise taxes, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Accordingly, real and personal property taxes are recorded as receivables when billed, net of allowances for uncollectible amounts. Property taxes not collected within 45 days after year-end are reflected as unavailable revenues. Sales and utility taxes, which are collected by the state or utilities and subsequently remitted to the Town, are recognized as revenues and receivables upon collection by the state or utility, which is generally in the month preceding receipt by the Town.

Licenses, permits, fines, and rents are recorded as revenues when received. Intergovernmental revenues, consisting primarily of federal, state, and other grants for the purpose of funding specific expenditures, are recognized when earned or at the time of the specific expenditures. Revenues from general purpose grants are recognized in the period to which the grant applies. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

- General Fund is the Town's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- Capital Projects Fund accounts for the construction of capital assets, which are financed from various sources other than special assessment debt.
- American Rescue Plan Act Fund is used to account for funds received under the American Rescue Plan Act.

The Town reports the following major proprietary fund:

• Sewer Fund – accounts for activities related to a sewer treatment system and derives the majority of its revenue through user charges and fees.

Additionally, the Town reports the following fund types and individual nonmajor funds:

• *Permanent Funds* – account for resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, not principal may be used for purposes that support specific programs.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the government's sewer function and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2024

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation (Continued)

Amounts reported as *program revenues* included 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Sewer Fund are charges to customers for sales and services. The Sewer Fund also recognizes operating revenue for the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expense, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Town's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Change in accounting principle

During 2024, the Town adopted GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (GASB 96), which requires recognition of certain right-of-use assets and liabilities for subscription arrangements, using the full retrospective approach. The adoption did not have an impact to net position as of July 1, 2023. The adoption of GASB 96 resulted in additional disclosures (Note 8 and 9).

Deposits and investments

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Interfund receivables and payables

Activity between the funds are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year and are referred to as "advances to/from other funds." All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

<u>Inventory</u>

Inventory is valued at cost and accounted for under the consumption method. Cost is recorded as an expense at the time the inventory item is used. Inventory in the General Fund consists of fuel.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2024

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Property taxes

Property is assessed at its value on January 1st. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1st. Real estate taxes are payable in two installments, one in May and one in November. Personal property taxes are due and collectible annually in November. The Town bills and collects its own taxes.

Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, buildings, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statement. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 for machinery and equipment, \$25,000 for land, and \$100,000 for buildings, and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that does not add to the value of the asset or materially extend lives is not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as the projects are constructed.

Depreciation for fixed assets has been provided over the following estimated useful lives using the straight-line method:

Buildings and improvements	40 years
Infrastructure and improvements	40 years
Vehicles	5-10 years
Furniture and equipment	5-10 years

Lease assets are amortized over the shorter of the lease term or useful life of the underlying asset. In leases where a purchase option is reasonably certain of being exercised, the asset is amortized over the useful life, unless the underlying asset is non-depreciable in which the leased asset is not amortized.

Subscription-based information technology arrangements assets are amortized over the subscription term, which includes renewal periods that are reasonably certain to be exercised.

Compensated absences

The Town has a policy to allow the accumulation and vesting of limited amounts of paid leave and sick leave until termination or retirement. Amounts for leaves are accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds when the amounts are due for payment.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2024

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Long-term debt

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt, and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the period incurred. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources, while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Fund balances

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Town is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

- Non-spendable includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The Town has classified prepaid items and inventory as being nonspendable as these items are not expected to be converted to cash within the next year. The Town also includes the long-term amount of interfund loans, if applicable.
- Restricted includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through a debt covenant), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Committed includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Town Council. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Town Council removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance or resolution) that was employed when the funds were initially committed. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.
- Assigned includes amounts that are constrained by the Town's intent to be used for a specific
 purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. This intent can be expressed by the Town Council
 or through the Town Council delegating this responsibility to the Town's Finance Director as
 approved by this fund balance policy.
- *Unassigned* includes the residual fund balance for the general fund. The unassigned classification amounts are available for any purpose. Positive unassigned amounts are reported in the general fund only. The unassigned classification also includes negative residual fund balance of any other governmental fund that cannot be eliminated by offsetting of assigned fund balance amounts.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2024

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Minimum unassigned fund balance policy

The Town will maintain a minimum unassigned fund balance at the close of each fiscal year equal to the greater of \$5,000,000 or 35% of general governmental revenue (excluding intergovernmental revenues).

Resource flow policy

The Town would typically use restricted fund balances first, followed by committed resources, and then assigned resources, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively spend unassigned resources first to defer the use of these other classified funds.

Encumbrances and commitments

The Town utilizes encumbrance accounting in its governmental funds. Encumbrances are recognized as a valid and proper charge against a budget appropriation in the year in which a purchase order, contract, or other commitment is issued. Generally, all unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end, except those for capital projects. Appropriations for capital projects are continued until completion of applicable projects, even when projects extend more than one fiscal year. Open encumbrances at fiscal year-end are included in restricted, committed, or assigned fund balance, as appropriate.

Net position

Net position is the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources. Net position is divided into three components:

- Net investment in capital assets consists of historical cost of capital assets, less accumulated depreciation and any outstanding debt related to the acquisition, constructions, or improvement of those assets.
- Restricted consists of assets that are restricted by the Town's creditors (for example, through debt covenants), by the state enabling legislation (through restrictions on share revenues), by grantors (both federal and state), and by other contributors.
- Unrestricted all other net position is reported in this category.

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

The Town reports deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and is not recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until the applicable period. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until a future period.

Employer pension and other postemployment benefit (OPEB) contributions made after the liability measurement date of June 30, 2023, and prior to the reporting date of June 30, 2024, have been reported as deferred outflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position as of June 30, 2024. This will be applied to the net pension and OPEB liabilities in the next fiscal year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2024

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources (Continued)

Differences between the projected and actual pension and OPEB earnings as of the actuarial measurement date of June 30, 2023, have been reported as a deferred inflow/outflow of resources. This difference will be recognized in pension and OPEB expense over a closed five-year period.

Differences between expected and actual experience for economic/demographic factors, as well as changes in actuarial assumptions in the measurement of the total pension or OPEB liability. This difference will be recognized in pension or OPEB expense over the expected average remaining service life of all employees provided with benefits in the plan and may be reported as a deferred inflow or outflow as appropriate.

Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of employer contributions in the Virginia Retirement System's or OPEB cost-sharing pool plans. This difference is deferred and recognized in expense over the average remaining service life of the employees who are subject to the plan, and may be reported as a deferred outflow or inflow as appropriate.

The Town additionally reports unavailable/unearned revenue from property taxes and other receivables not collected within 45 days of year-end and property taxes levied to fund future years. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period they are earned.

Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue represents amounts for which asset recognition criteria have been met but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. Unearned consists of unspent federal awards.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Pensions

The Virginia Retirement System (VRS) Political Subdivision Retirement Plan is a multi-employer, agent plan. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Town's Retirement Plan and the additions to/deductions from the Town's Retirement Plan's net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by the VRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2024

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Other postemployment benefits (OPEB)

Local health

The Town's local health insurance OPEB plan is a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the Town. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria under the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 75.

Health insurance credit program

The VRS Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Program is a multiple-employer, agent-defined benefit plan that provides a credit toward the cost of health insurance coverage for retired political subdivision employees of participating employers. The HIC Program was established pursuant to §51.1-1400 et. seq. of the *Code of Virginia*, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended.

Group life insurance program

The VRS Group Life Insurance (GLI) Program is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing plan. It provides coverage to state employees, teacher, and employees of participating political subdivisions. The GLI Program was established pursuant to §51.1-500 et. seq. of the *Code of Virginia*, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. The GLI Program is a defined benefit plan that provides a basic group life insurance benefit for employees of participating employers.

Line of duty act program

The VRS Line of Duty Act (LODA) Program is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing plan. The LODA Program was established pursuant to §9.1-400 et. seq. of the *Code of Virginia*, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. The LODA Program provides death and health insurance benefits to eligible state employees and local government employees, including volunteers, who die or become disabled as a result of the performance of their duties as a public safety officer. In addition, health insurance benefits are provided to eligible survivors and family members.

For purposes of measuring the net HIC, GLI Program and LODA Program OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the HIC, GLI and LODA Programs OPEB, and HIC, Group Life Insurance and LODA Programs OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the HIC, VRS GLI and LODA programs OPEB and the additions to/deductions from VRS HIC, GLI and LODA Programs OPEB's net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by VRS. In addition, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2024

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Leases

Key estimates and judgments include how the Town determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease receipts and/or payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease receipts and/or payments.

- The Town uses an estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for the lease.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable periods of the lease. Lease receipts and payments
 are included in the measurement of the lease receivable or liability, respectively, and are
 composed of fixed payments.
- The Town monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its leases, and will remeasure if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease receivable or liability.

Right-of-use lease asset and related lease liability

The Town is a lessee for noncancellable leases of buildings and equipment. The Town recognized an intangible right-to-use asset (lease asset) and a related lease liability on the financial statements. At the commencement of a lease, the Town initially measures a lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease period. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain direct costs. Subsequent to the initial measurement and recognition, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life.

Lease assets are reported separately and lease liabilities are reported with long-term debt in the statement of net position.

Subscription Arrangements

The Town enters into subscription-based information technology arrangements to access software and technology services over defined service periods ranging from 17 to 60 months. These arrangements involve payments made to vendors for access to software applications, cloud computing services, and other technology resources.

The Town recognizes an intangible asset and a corresponding subscription liability when a subscription-based information technology arrangement meets the criteria for a right-to-use subscription asset. Initial measurement includes the upfront payments, implementation costs, and any directly attributable costs necessary to make the asset ready for use. The intangible asset is amortized over the subscription term, which includes renewal periods that are reasonably certain to be exercised.

The Town monitors for events or changes in circumstances that require a reassessment of its subscription arrangements. When a reassessment results in the remeasurement of a subscription liability, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the corresponding right-of-use subscription asset.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2024

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Prepaid Items

Prepaid items consist primarily of membership dues incurred for periods in a subsequent fiscal year. Prepaid items are accounted for using the consumption method.

The payments are recorded as expenditures in the fiscal year related to the coverage period.

Note 2. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

Budgetary information

The following procedures are used by the Town in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to March 30, the Town Manager submits to the Town Council, a proposed operating and capital budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating and capital budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments.
- 3. Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an Appropriations Resolution.
- 4. Appropriations are funded in the aggregate and not limited by department or category. The appropriations for each category can be revised only by the Town Council. The Town Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within governmental departments.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds.
- 6. All budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP.
- 7. Appropriations lapse on June 30 for all the Town units except for the Capital Projects Funds, which carry unexpended balances into the following year on a continuing appropriation basis.
- 8. All budget data presented in the accompanying financial statements is the revised budget as of June 30, 2024.

Note 3. Deposits and Investments

Deposits

All cash of the Town is maintained in accounts collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act, Section 2.2-4400 et. seq. of the *Code of Virginia*, and covered by Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of the amount insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board. Financial institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in the amounts from 50% to 130% of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2024

Note 3. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Investments

Investment policy

In accordance with the Code of Virginia and other applicable law, including regulations, the Town's investment policy permits investments in U.S. Government obligations, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, prime quality commercial paper, and certain corporate notes, bankers' acceptances, repurchase agreements, negotiable certificates of deposit, bank deposit notes, mutual funds that invest exclusively in securities specifically permitted under the Policy, the State Treasurer's State Non-Arbitrage Program (SNAP, a pooled investment fund), the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (the Virginia LGIP), the Virginia Investment Pool (VIP), and the Virginia Municipal League's Stable Net Asset Value pool. These funds are not registered with the SEC but are overseen by the Treasurer of Virginia and the State Treasury Board. The carrying value of the Town's position in the pools is the same as the value of the pool shares and is reported within the guidelines of GASB Statement 79.

Credit risk

As required by state statute, the Town requires that commercial paper have a short-term debt rating of no less than "A-1" (or equivalent) from a nationally recognized statistical rating organization.

Concentration of credit risk

Deposits and investments held by any single issuer that exceeded 5% are as follows:

First Bank & Trust	29.19%
VIP	70.79%

Custodial credit risk

As required by the *Code of Virginia*, all security holdings with maturities over 30 days may not be held in safekeeping with the "counterparty" to the investment transaction. As of June 30, 2024, all of the Town's investments are held in a bank's trust department in the Town's name.

Deposits and investments consist of the following:

Cash on hand Deposits VIP	\$ 2,788 5,245,434 12,719,604
	\$ 17,967,826
The above items are reflected in the Statement of Net Position as follows:	
Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash and cash equivalents	\$ 17,520,600 447,226
	\$ 17,967,826

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2024

Note 4. Receivables

Receivables at June 30 are as follows:

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities	
Receivables: Taxes Accounts Other	\$	1,608,731 281,040 566,889	\$	- 977,994 -
Gross receivables Less:		2,456,660		977,994
Allowance for uncollectibles		(169,968)		(62,177)
Net total receivables	\$	2,286,692	\$	915,817

The Town calculates its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data and, in certain cases, specific account analysis. The allowance amounted to \$232,145 at June 30, 2024, and is composed of the following:

General Fund: Allowance for uncollectible property taxes Allowance for uncollectible garbage fees	\$	145,802 24,166
	\$	169,968
Sewer Fund: Allowance for uncollectible sewer fee billings	<u>\$</u>	62,177

Governmental funds report deferred inflows of resources in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds and governmental activities also defer inflows for resources that have not yet been earned. At June 30, the components of deferred inflows of resources were as follows:

		General Fund		Governmental Activities	
Property taxes receivable	\$	1,431,002	\$	1,209,407	
	<u>\$</u>	1,431,002	\$	1,209,407	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2024

Note 5. Due from Other Governmental Units

Due from other governments consists of the following:

Commonwealth of Virginia:	
Virginia Department of Transportation	\$ 172,570
Local sales tax	64,413
Department of Motor Vehicles	 16,912
Total Commonwealth of Virginia	253,895
County and Other:	
Court Fines-County	 2,486
Total due from other governmental units	\$ 256,381

Note 6. Interfund Obligations

Interfund balances consist of the following:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount			
General Fund	Sewer Fund	\$	36,614 (36,614)		
		\$			

Interfund obligations from the Sewer Fund to the General Fund represent contributions to support the Town's operations. The General Fund and Sewer Fund maintain independent operating bank accounts.

Interfund transfers consist of the following:

Transfer In	Transfer Out	Amount			
Capital Project Fund	General Fund	\$	626,213 (626,213)		
General Fund	ARPA Fund Cemetery Fund		389,413 (365,000) (24,413)		
		\$	-		

Transfer was made from the General Fund to the Capital Project Fund to provide funding for capital projects. Transfer was made from the ARPA Fund to the General Fund to provide funding for the purchase of three police vehicles and a recirculation tank for the splash pad at the meadows sports complex. Transfer was made from the Cemetery Fund to the General Fund to provide funding for the roof replacement of the historic cabin located in Sinking Spring Cemetery.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2024

Note 7. Capital Asset Depreciation

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:		
General government	\$	185,131
Public safety		386,615
Public works		477,970
Parks, recreation, and cultural		958,324
Community development		113,338
Total depreciation expense – governmental activities	\$	2,121,378
Total depreciation expense—governmental activities	Ψ	2,121,376
Business-type activities:		
Sewer	\$	495,281

Note 8. Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets:

~	Beginning		_	Ending
Governmental Activities	Balance*	Increases	Decreases	Balance
Capital assets, non-depreciable:				
Land	\$ 9,403,323	\$ 120,592	s -	\$ 9,523,915
Construction in progress	994,346	1,588,045	366,257	2,216,134
Construction in progress	771,510	1,500,015	300,237	2,210,131
Total capital assets,				
non-depreciable	10,397,669	1,708,637	366,257	11,740,049
1				
Capital assets, depreciable:				
Buildings and improvements	15,163,713	133,101	-	15,296,814
Infrastructure/improvements	22,465,409	1,038,282	-	23,503,691
Vehicles	4,245,765	421,739	26,288	4,641,216
Furniture and equipment	6,457,111	1,062,359	17,050	7,502,420
Total capital assets, depreciable	48,331,998	2,655,481	43,338	50,944,141
Less: accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings and improvements	7,038,144	,	-	7,430,805
Infrastructure/improvements	3,411,602	,	-	4,136,293
Vehicles	3,112,419		26,288	3,333,875
Furniture and equipment	3,112,879	538,520	17,050	3,634,349
m . 1 1	16 655 044	1 002 (1)	42.220	10.525.222
Total accumulated depreciation	16,675,044	1,903,616	43,338	18,535,322
Total comital assets				
Total capital assets,	21 656 054	751,865		22 409 910
depreciable, net	31,656,954	/31,803		32,408,819
Right-of-use lease assets:				
Equipment	513,196	232,527	97,730	647,993
Less: accumulated amortization	(270,400)		(97,730)	(328,986)
Less. accumulated amortization	(270,400)	(130,310)	(77,730)	(320,700)
Lease assets, net	242,796	76,211	_	319,007
Deade abbets, not	212,770			317,007

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2024

Note 8. Capital Assets (Continued)

Governmental Activities	Beginning Balance*	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Subscription right-of-use asset: Software – general administration	-	289,851	6,631	283,220
Less: accumulated amortization		(61,446)	(6,631)	(54,815)
Subscription assets, net		228,405		228,405
Net capital assets	\$ 42,297,419	\$ 2,765,118	\$ 366,257	\$ 44,696,280

^{*} Certain beginning balances were reclassified between categories with no change to overall grand total.

Business-Type Activities	Beginning Balance			Ending Balance	
Capital assets, non-depreciable:					
Land	\$ 25,010	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 25,010	
Construction in progress	684,971	303,240	-	988,211	
Total capital assets,					
non-depreciable	709,981	303,240	<u> </u>	1,013,221	
Capital assets, depreciable:					
Buildings and improvements	173,928	-	-	173,928	
Plant	23,220,736	60,000	-	23,280,736	
Distribution and collection lines	6,817,140	91,278	-	6,908,418	
Vehicles	1,002,442	-	-	1,002,442	
Furniture and equipment	2,100,119	123,009	. <u>-</u>	2,223,128	
Total capital assets, depreciable	33,314,365	274,287	<u>-</u>	33,588,652	
Less: accumulated depreciation:					
Buildings and improvements	121,597	3,480	-	125,077	
Plant	16,754,910	259,925	-	17,014,835	
Distribution and collection lines	4,123,799	102,802	-	4,226,601	
Vehicles	972,064	21,481	-	993,545	
Furniture and equipment	1,617,577	107,593	. <u>-</u>	1,725,170	
Total accumulated depreciation	23,589,947	495,281		24,085,228	
Total capital assets,					
depreciable, net	9,724,418	(220,994)	·	9,503,424	
Net capital assets	\$ 10,434,399	\$ 82,246	\$ -	\$ 10,516,645	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2024

Note 9. Long-Term Debt

Changes in long-term liabilities consist of the following:

	Beginning Balance*				Ending Balance		Due Within One Year		
Governmental Activities									
General obligation bonds	\$	13,319,414	\$	-	\$ 843,900	\$	12,475,514	\$	709,650
Bond premiums		948,952		-	56,195		892,757		=
Notes payable		157,686		-	96,605		61,081		61,081
Lease liabilities		228,303		232,791	147,552		313,542		107,528
Subscription liabilities		-		284,501	63,112		221,389		62,541
Compensated absences		481,595		431,276	 365,916		546,955		164,087
	\$	15,135,950	\$	948,568	\$ 1,573,280	\$	14,511,238	\$	1,104,887
Business-Type Activities									
General obligation bonds	\$	3,585,161	\$	-	\$ 719,050	\$	2,866,111	\$	712,300
Bond premiums		8,636		-	8,636		-		-
Notes payable		37,324		-	18,662		18,662		18,662
Compensated absences	_	2,712	_	6,626	 5,867	_	3,471		3,471
	\$	3,633,833	\$	6,626	\$ 752,215	\$	2,888,244	\$	734,433

^{*} Certain beginning balances were reclassified between categories with no change to overall grand total.

Governmental activities

General obligation bonds

The Town issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities of the primary government. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the Town. The outstanding balance at year-end is a reflection of the total amount drawn as of June 30, 2024.

General Obligation Bonds	-	Original Issue Amount	Interest Rate	_	Annual Principal Requirements	_	Total Outstanding
General Obligation Refunding Bonds 2019 General Obligation Refunding Bonds 2020	\$	7,500,000 7,620,000	2.89 % 3.00-5.00	\$	282,000 – 485,000 167,125 – 425,975	\$	6,928,000 5,547,514
						\$	12,475,514

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2024

Note 9. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Governmental activities (Continued)

Notes payable – direct borrowings

The Town entered into a collateralized loan agreement with First Bank and Trust Company on January 28, 2020. The note was for technology upgrades and is collateralized by funds held in account at First Bank and Trust. Principal installments of \$37,681 are due annually until maturity at January 2024. The interest rate on the loan is 1.40% and interest payments are due semi-annually beginning July 2020 for the life of the loan.

The Town entered into a loan agreement with Republic First National on July 23, 2014. The note was to purchase a 2014 Pierce PUC Pumper. Principal and interest installments are due annually beginning July 15, 2014, and continuing until maturity on July 15, 2024.

The Town entered into a collateralized loan agreement with Community First National Bank on September 1, 2021. The note was to purchase Rescue Tools (Cutter, Spreader, & Ram) and is collateralized by same. Principal and interest installments are due annually beginning September 1, 2021, and continuing until maturity on September 1, 2024.

The Town purchases various types of equipment and facilities under other financing agreements. Following is the detail of these for the governmental activities:

Other Financing	iginal Issue Amount	Interest Rate	Annual Principal Requirements	Total Outstanding
Fire Truck	\$ 558,827	3.50%	\$ 41,184 – 54,655	\$ 54,655
Fire Rescue Tools	25,207	4.19%	6,695 – 5,919	6,426
				\$ 61,081

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2024

Note 9. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Governmental activities (Continued)

Lease liabilities

Lease Date	Description	Lease Term (Months)	Annual Payments	Interest Rate	Lease Liability	ROU Asset	ROU Accumulated Amortization	*Net ROU Asset
	Canon Prograf							
7/5/2022	Plotter	36	\$ 3,852	2.0400%	\$ 3,809	\$ 11,216	\$ (7,436)	\$ 3,780
7/1/2021	Lexmark M5255	44	840	0.8930	555	3,015	(2,437)	578
	Various Xerox							
5/17/2022	& Lexmark	60	22 472	1 0000	(4.612	111 010	(47.4(1)	64.259
3/1//2022	Printers/Copiers Xerox AltaLink	60	23,472	1.9800	64,612	111,819	(47,461)	64,358
7/1/2021	C8045	31	3,288	0.7270	_	_	_	_
// 1/2021	Xerox C405 &	31	3,200	0.7270				
7/1/2021	Xerox C605	42	2,568	0.8930	1,281	8,852	(7,498)	1,354
	Xerox		_,,-		-,	-,	(1,123)	-,
	C8045 & Xerox							
7/1/2021	C405	38	6,384	0.7270	1,062	19,973	(18,872)	1,101
	Xerox							
7/1/2021	C8045	37	3,108	0.7270	774	9,489	(9,022)	467
= /1 /2 0 2 1	Xerox		2.500	0.0020	4.605	15.551	(11.100)	4.600
7/1/2021	C8145	51	3,780	0.8930	4,697	15,771	(11,133)	4,638
7/1/2021	Xerox Versalink C505	48	1,284	0.8930	1 272	5.022	(2.725)	1 207
//1/2021	Xerox Versalink	40	1,284	0.8930	1,272	5,022	(3,725)	1,297
7/1/2021	C505	30	840	0.7270	_	_	_	_
77 172021	Xerox Versalink	50	010	0.7270				
7/1/2021	C605	33	1,668	0.7270	-	-	-	-
	Xerox Versalink		,					
7/1/2021	C605	33	1,548	0.7270	-	-	-	-
	2021 John Deere							
	-Z950M Ztrak							
8/10/2021	Mower	36	2,788	0.00	-	8,363	(8,061)	302
= /1 /0.001	2021 John Deere	2.5	2 220	0.5050				
7/1/2021	2920 M Gas	35	2,320	0.7270	-	-	-	-
	2023 Toro Z Master 5000 60"							
8/1/2023	Mower	36	3,828	2.6600	7,741	11,038	(3,373)	7,665
0/1/2023	2023 Toro Z	30	3,020	2.0000	7,771	11,030	(3,373)	7,003
	Master 5000 60"							
8/1/2023	Mower	36	3,828	2.6600	7,741	11,038	(3,373)	7,665
	2022 Toro		,		,	,	() /	,
	Grandstand 48"							
8/17/2022	Mower	36	2,897	1.8900	2,843	8,529	(5,323)	3,206
	2022 Toro Z 60"							
2/14/2022	Mowers	36	5,857	1.7780	-	23,123	(18,348)	4,775
7/1/2021	2018 Chevy	2.4	477	0.5140				
7/1/2021	Silverado	24	477	0.5140	-	_	-	_

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2024

Note 9. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Governmental activities (Continued)

Lease liabilities (Continued)

Lease Date	Description	Lease Term (Months)	Annual Payments	Interest Rate	Lease Liability	ROU Asset	ROU Accumulated Amortization	*Net ROU Asset
	2018 Chevy Silverado 3500							
7/1/2021	HD 2018 Ford	24	6,504	0.5140	-	-	-	-
7/1/2021	F350 2019 Ford	24	6,048	0.5140	-	-	-	-
7/1/2021	F250 2019 Ford	26	3,684	0.5140	-	-	-	-
7/1/2021	F250	39	4,308	0.7270	1,077	13,846	(12,555)	1,291
7/1/2021	2019 Ford F350	26	4,452	0.5140	-	-	-	-
7/1/2021	2019 Ford F350	27	4,476	0.5140	-	-	-	-
7/1/2021	2019 Ford F350	27	4,476	0.5140	-	-	-	-
7/1/2021	2019 Ford F350	39	4,860	0.7270	1,213	15,596	(14,060)	1,536
7/1/2021	2019 Ford F350	39	4,860	0.7270	1,213	15,596	(14,060)	1,536
7/1/2021	2019 Ford F350	39	4,860	0.7270	1,213	15,596	(14,060)	1,536
7/1/2021	2019 Ford F350	39	4,860	0.7270	1,213	15,596	(14,060)	1,536
7/1/2021	2019 Ford F350	39	4,860	0.7270	1,213	15,596	(14,060)	1,536
7/1/2021	2019 Nissan Frontier	43	3,756	0.8930	2,183	13,242	(11,061)	2,181
7/1/2021	2019 Ram 1500 Classic	37	3,312	0.7270	275	10,082	(9,619)	463
7/1/2021	2019 Ram 1500 Classic	37	3,312	0.7270	275	10,085	(9,760)	325
7/1/2021	2019 Ram 1500 Classic	41	3,528	0.7270	1,470	11,928	(10,448)	1,480
7/1/2021	2020 Ford F150	51	576	0.8930	715	2,399	(1,662)	737
7/1/2021	2020 Ford F150 2021 Ram	51	576	0.8930	721	2,420	(1,676)	744
7/1/2021	ProMaster 2500	54	5,832	1.0590	8,670	25,609	(16,854)	8,755
12/2/2021	2021 Dodge Durango	60	2,520	1.1770	5,988	12,215	(6,304)	5,911

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2024

Note 9. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Governmental activities (Continued)

Lease liabilities (Continued)

Lease Date	Description	Lease Term (Months)	Annual Payments	Interest Rate	Lease Liability	ROU Asset	ROU Accumulated Amortization	*Net ROU Asset
	2022 Ram							
	Classic 274							
8/10/2023	VMX	60	7,584	2.6600	30,189	36,323	(6,403)	29,920
	2023							
	Chevrolet							
1/11/2023	Equinox	60	2,256	2.5800	7,700	10,486	(3,054)	7,432
	2023 Ford							
10/6/2023	F250 XL	60	3,624	3.4500	14,588	16,907	(2,455)	14,452
	2023 Ford							
	Transit							
9/20/2023	Connect	60	5,748	2.6600	23,080	27,103	(4,205)	22,898
	2024 Chevy							
11/0/2022	Silverado	60	0.060	0.000	40.010	45.050	(5.020)	40.013
11/9/2023	2500 HD	60	9,060	0.000	40,019	45,850	(5,838)	40,012
	2024 Chevy							
11/9/2023	Silverado 2500 HD	60	0.060	3.4500	27.070	42 125	(5.265)	26 770
11/9/2023	2024 Chevy	00	9,060	3.4300	37,070	42,135	(5,365)	36,770
	Silverado							
11/9/2023	2500 HD	60	9,060	3.4500	37,070	42,135	(5,365)	36,770
11/9/2023	2300 HD	00	9,000	3.4300	37,070	42,133	(3,303)	30,770
					\$313,542	\$ 647,993	\$ (328,986)	\$319,007

^{*}Items with a zero balances were completed as of June 30, 2024.

Subscription liabilities

SBITA Date	Description	SBITA Term (Months)	Annual Payments	Interest Rate	SBITA Liability	ROU Asset	ROU Accumulated Amortization	Net ROU Asset
7/1/2023	DebtBook	36	\$ 11,000	2.8500%	\$ 23,957	\$ 34,957	\$ (11,652)	\$ 23,305
5/1/2022	Edmunds	26	2.500	2.0500	6.710	10.710	(2.571)	5 1 4 1
7/1/2023	Viewpoint Motorola	36	3,500	2.8500	6,712	10,712	(3,571)	7,141
	Body Cams &							
9/1/2023	Cloud Service	60	50,156	2.6600	190,720	237,551	(39,592)	197,959
					\$ 221,389	\$ 283,220	\$ (54,815)	\$ 228,405

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2024

Note 9. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Governmental activities (Continued)

The annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

Year	Governmental Activities																
Ending		General Obligation Bonds				Notes			Lease Liabilities				5	Subscription Liabilities			
June 30,		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		Principal	_	Interest		Principal	I	nterest	
2025	\$	709,650	\$	401,199	\$	61,081	\$	2,238	\$	107,528	\$	5,815	\$	62,541	\$	3,115	
2026		731,975		376,132		-		-		80,227		3,949		62,400		4,256	
2027		645,475		350,261		-		_		65,382		2,256		47,591		2,565	
2028		674,575		327,949		-		_		44,491		967		48,857		1,300	
2029		502,125		304,585		-		_		15,914		84		-		-	
2030-2034		2,752,350		1,277,759		-		-		_		-		-		-	
2035-2039		3,188,925		848,311		-		-		-		-		-		-	
2040-2044		2,684,150		352,488		-		-		-		-		-		-	
2045-2049		586,289		31,405	- —		. <u>-</u>						- —				
	\$	12,475,514	\$	4,270,089	\$	61,081	\$	2,238	\$	313,542	\$	13,071	\$	221,389	\$	11,236	

Business-type activities

General obligation bonds

The Town issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities of the primary government. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the Town. The outstanding balance at year-end is a reflection of the total amount drawn as of June 30, 2024.

General Obligation Bonds	0	riginal Issue Amount	Interest Rate	Annual Principal Requirements	0	Total utstanding
General Obligation Refunding Bonds 2020 2004 VRA Bond	\$	7,620,000 9,798,168	3.00-5.00% 0.00	7,875 – 26,100 597,530	\$	257,486 816,035
2011 VRA Bond		1,908,392	0.00	95,420		1,792,590
					\$	2,866,111

Notes payable-direct borrowings

The Town entered into a loan agreement with First Bank and Trust Company on October 21, 2019. The note was for sewer equipment and is collateralized with the equipment (2020 Kenworth). Principal installments of \$18,662 are due annually beginning August 2020 until maturity at August 21, 2024. The interest rate on the loan is 2.75% and interest payments are due semi-annually for the life of the loan.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2024

Note 9. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Business-type activities (Continued)

The annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

Year Ending		N	otes		General Obligation Bonds					
June 30,	1	Principal		Interest		Principal	Interest			
2025 2026	\$	18,662	\$	261	\$	712,300 712,975	\$	9,470 8,696		
2027		-		-		708,475		7,895		
2028 2029		-		-		111,845 103,295		7,274 6,617		
2030-2034		-		-		382,585		28,650		
2035-2039 2040-2044		-		-		51,075 59,850		21,584 12,722		
2045-2049		<u>-</u>		-		23,711		5,395		
	\$	18,662	\$	261	\$	2,866,111	\$	108,303		

Note 10. Fund Balances – Governmental Funds

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the Town is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The constraints are presented below:

	G	eneral Fund	-	American Rescue Plan Act Fund	P	Capital rojects Fund	 NonMajor Cemetery Fund	G	Total Sovernmental Funds
Nonspendable:									
Prepaids	\$	97,778	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	97,778
Inventory		4,905	_	-			 =	_	4,905
Total non-spendable		102,683	_				 _		102,683
Restricted:									
Public works		160,372		_		-	_		1,160,372
Parks, recreation, and		,							, ,
cultural		11,051		_		-	(12,176)		(1,125)
Public safety	_	7,964	_	-	_	-	 -	_	7,964
Total restricted		179,387	_				(12,176)		1,167,211
Assigned		1,000,000	_	108,569			 		108,569
Unassigned		10,961,316	_	_			 <u>-</u>		10,961,316
	\$	12,243,386	\$	108,569	\$	-	\$ (12,176)	\$	12,339,779

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2024

Note 10. Fund Balances – Governmental Funds (Continued)

At June 30, 2024, the Cemetery Fund had a deficit in fund balance of \$12,176. This deficit is anticipated to be recovered through future transfers of funds from the Town general fund.

Note 11. Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Plan description

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the Town are automatically covered by VRS Retirement Plan upon employment. This plan is administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the "System") along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer pay contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria as defined in the *Code of Virginia*, as amended. Eligible-prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service.

The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees – Plan 1, Plan 2, and Hybrid Retirement Plan. Each of these benefit structures has a different eligibility criteria. The specific information for each plan and the eligibility for covered groups within each plan are available at:

- https://www.varetire.org/members/benefits/defined-benefit/plan1.asp,
- https://www.varetire.org/members/benefits/defined-benefit/plan2.asp,
- https://www.varetirement.org/hybrid.html.

Employees covered by benefit terms

As of the June 30, 2022, actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the pension plan:

	<u>Number</u>
Retirees and Beneficiaries	89
Inactive members:	
Vested	39
Non-vested	58
Active elsewhere in VRS	52
Total inactive members	149
Active members	90
Total covered employees	328

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2024

Note 11. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the *Code of Virginia*, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to Political Subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement.

The Town's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2024, was 11.35% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the Town were \$590,471 and \$509,745 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively.

Net pension liability

The Town's net pension liability (NPL) is calculated separately for each employer and represents that particular employer's total pension liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, less that employer's fiduciary net position. For the Town, the net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2022, rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023.

Actuarial assumptions – general employees

The total pension liability for general employees and public safety employees with hazardous duty benefits in the Town's retirement plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023.

Inflation	2.50%
General employees-salary increases, including inflation	3.50% - 5.35%
Public safety employees with hazardous duty benefits- salary increases, including inflation	3.50% - 4.75%
Investment rate of return	6.75%, net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation

Mortality rates: General employees – 15 to 20% of deaths are assumed to be service-related. Public Safety Employees – 45% to 70% of deaths are assumed to be service-related. Mortality is projected using the applicable Pub-2010 Mortality Table with various setbacks or set forwards for both males and females.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2024

Note 11. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Actuarial assumptions – general employees (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016, through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

General Employees – Largest 10 – Non-Hazardous Duty and All Others (Non 10 Largest): Updated mortality table; adjusted retirement rates; adjusted withdrawal rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service; no change to disability rates; no change to salary scale; no change to line of duty disability; and no change to discount rate.

Public Safety Employees – Largest 10 – Hazardous Duty and All Others (Non 10 Largest): Updated mortality table; adjusted retirement rate to better fit experience and increased final retirement age to 70; decreased rates of withdrawal; no change to disability rates; no changes to salary scale; no change to line of duty disability; and no change to discount rate.

Long-term expected rate of return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension system investments was determined using a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension system investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Target Allocation	Arithmetic Long-Term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-Term
Public Equity	34.00%	6.14%	2.09%
Fixed Income	15.00	2.56	0.38
Credit Strategies	14.00	5.60	0.78
Real Assets	14.00	5.02	0.70
Private Equity	16.00	9.17	1.47
MAPS – Multi-Asset Public Strategies	4.00	4.50	0.18
PIP – Private Investment Partnership	2.00	7.18	0.14
Cash	1.00	1.20	0.01
Total	100.00%		5.75%
Inflation			2.50%
*Expected arithmetic nominal return			8.25%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2024

Note 11. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Long-term expected rate of return (Continued)

* The above allocation provides a one-year return of 8.25%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the System, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. The results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 7.14%, including expected inflation of 2.50%. On June 15, 2023, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of 6.75% which is roughly at the 45th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation at that time, providing a median return of 7.14%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that system member contributions will be made per the VRS statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Consistent with the phased-in funding provided by the General Assembly for state and teacher employer contributions; Political Subdivisions were also provided with an opportunity to use an alternate employer contribution rate. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the alternate rate was the employer contribution rate used in fiscal year 2012 or 100% of the actuarially determined employer contribution rate from June 30, 2022, actuarial valuations, whichever was greater. From July 1, 2023, on, participating employers are assumed to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2024

Note 11. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Changes in net pension liability

	Increase (Decrease)								
		Total Pension Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net Pension Liability (a) – (b)			
Balances at June 30, 2022	\$	26,022,020	\$	24,003,507	\$	2,018,513			
Changes for the year:									
Service cost		450,046		-		450,046			
Interest		1,740,786		-		1,740,786			
Changes of assumptions		_		-		_			
Differences between expected									
and actual experience		(629,787)		-		(629,787)			
Contributions – employer		-		509,745		(509,745)			
Contributions – employee		-		202,862		(202,862)			
Net investment income (loss)		-		1,532,499		(1,532,499)			
Benefit payments, including refunds									
of employee contributions		(1,365,294)		(1,365,294)		-			
Administrative expenses		-		(15,459)		15,459			
Other changes			_	616		(616)			
Net changes		195,751		864,969		(669,218)			
Balances at June 30, 2023	\$	26,217,771	\$	24,868,476	\$	1,349,295			

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the Town using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the Town's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	 1.00% Decrease (5.75%)	R	Current Discount ate (6.75%)	 1.00% Increase (7.75%)
Plan's net pension liability (asset)	\$ 4,977,280	\$	1,349,295	\$ (1,430,481)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2024

Note 11. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Pension expense and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the Town recognized pension income of \$69,424. At June 30, 2024, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	0	Deferred utflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	2,159	\$	676,073	
Change in assumptions		64,903		-	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		390,223	
Employer contributions subsequent to measurement date		590,471			
	\$	657,533	\$	1,066,296	

The \$590,471 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the Town's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Effect on Pension Expense			
2025	\$	(784,080)		
2026		(573,830)		
2027		345,635		
2028		13,041		
2029		-		
Thereafter				
Total	\$	(999,234)		

Pension plan data

Information about the VRS Political Subdivision Retirement Plan's is also available in the separately issued VRS 2023 *Annual Comprehensive Financial Report* (Annual Report). A copy of the 2023 VRS ACFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2023-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA 23218-2500.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2024

Note 11. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Payables to the pension plan

At June 30, 2024, approximately \$68,577 was payable to the Virginia Retirement System for the legally required contributions related to June 2024 payroll.

Note 12. Other Post-Employment Benefits Liability (OPEB)-Locality Plan

Plan description

The Town provides post-employment medical coverage for retired employees through a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. The Town may change, add, or delete coverage as they deem appropriate with the approval of the Town Council. The plan does not grant retirees vested health benefits. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75.

Benefits provided

The Town provides post-employment medical coverage benefits for retired employees who are eligible for retirement benefits and meet one of the following requirements:

- Attain the age of 50 with at least 10 years of service with the Town.
- Attain the age of 55 with at least 5 year of service with the Town.

In addition, employees must meet one of the following VRS retirement eligibility requirements in order to be eligible for benefits:

General Employees Plan 1

Plan 1 includes all members vested as of January 1, 2013.

- Attain age 50 with at least 10 years of service with VRS for reduced pension benefit, or
- Attain age 55 with at least 5 years of service with VRS for a reduced pension benefit, or
- Attain age 65 with at least 5 years of service with VRS for an unreduced pension benefit, or
- Attain age 50 with at least 30 years of service with VRS for an unreduced pension benefit.

General Employees Plan 2 and Hybrid Plan

Plan 2 includes all members not vested as of January 1, 2013, and members hired on or after July 1, 2010. The Hybrid Plan includes members hired on or after January 1, 2014, or by member election.

- Attain age 60 with at least 5 years of service with VRS for a reduced pension benefit, or
- Attain 90 points (age plus service) with VRS for an unreduced pension benefit, or
- Attain Social Security Normal Retirement Age with at least 5 years of service with VRS for an unreduced pension benefit.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2024

Note 12. Other Post-Employment Benefits Liability (OPEB)-Locality Plan (Continued)

Public Safety Employees Plan 1 and Plan 2

Plan 1 includes members hired prior to January 1, 2014, while Plan 2 includes members hired on or after January 1, 2014. There is no Hybrid Plan for Virginia Law Officers.

- Attain age 50 with at least 5 years of service with VRS for reduced pension benefits, or
- Attain age 60 with at least 5 years of service with VRS for an unreduced pension benefit, or
- Attain age 50 with at least 25 years of service with VRS for an unreduced pension benefit.

Employees covered by benefit terms

At July 1, 2022, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	Number
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	
Total inactive members	-
Active members	92
Total covered employees	92

Total OPEB liability

The Town's Total OPEB Liability of \$678,850 was measured as of June 30, 2024, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2022.

Actuarial assumptions and other inputs

The total OPEB liability in the July 1, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Discount rate

Inflation

Salary increases

Healthcare cost trend rates

Healthcare cost trend rates

Retirees' share of benefit-related costs

Actuarial cost method

3.93%

2.50%

3.50 – 5.35%

4.90% in 2020, then graded to 4.10% through fiscal year 2073

100% of projected health insurance premiums for retirees

Entry Age Normal

The discount rate was based on the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Index.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2024

Note 12. Other Post-Employment Benefits Liability (OPEB)-Locality Plan (Continued)

Actuarial assumptions and other inputs (Continued)

Mortality rates:

Pre-Retirement: RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and

older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males 85% of rates; females set

forward 1 year. 25% of deaths are assumed to be service-related.

Post-Retirement: RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and

older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year with 1.5%

increase compounded from ages 70 to 85; females set back 1 year.

Post-Disablement: RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Rates projected with Scale BB to 2020; males

115% of rates; females 130% of rates.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2022 valuation are predominantly consistent with those used in the June 30, 2024 valuation of the Virginia Retirement System (General Employees Assumptions, Plan 1, Plan 2, and Hybrid Plan).

Changes in total OPEB liability

	Total OPEB Liability		
Balance at June 30, 2023	\$ 606,813		
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	73,066		
Interest	24,707		
Changes of benefit terms	-		
Differences between expected			
and actual experience	-		
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	(19,731)		
Benefit payments	(6,005)		
Net changes	72,037		
Balance at June 30, 2024	\$ 678,850		

Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.65% in 2023 to 3.93% in 2024.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2024

Note 12. Other Post-Employment Benefits Liability (OPEB)-Locality Plan (Continued)

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rates

The following presents the Town's total OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.93%. It also presents what the Town's OPEB liability would be if it were calculated used a discount rate on percentage point lower (2.93%) and one percentage point higher (4.93%) than the current rate:

			Current			
	1.00%		Discount		1.00%	
	Decrease (2.93%)		Rate (3.93%)		Increase (4.93%)	
Total OPEB liability	\$ 752,279	\$	678,850	\$	613,399	

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates

The following presents the Town's total OPEB liability using the current healthcare cost trend rates. It also presents what the Town's Total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rates:

	1.00% Decrease in Current Trend Rate Trend Rate			1.00% Increase in Trend Rate	
Total OPEB liability	\$ 576,336	\$	678,850	\$	802,918

OPEB expense and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the Town recognized OPEB expense of \$15,971. At June 30, 2024, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Oı	Deferred of esources	1	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	355,872
Changes in assumptions		40,575		83,961
	\$	40,575	\$	439,833

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2024

Note 12. Other Post-Employment Benefits Liability (OPEB)-Locality Plan (Continued)

OPEB expense and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions (Continued)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Reduction to Pension Expense
2025	\$ (77,072)
2026	(77,072)
2027	(94,526)
2028	(94,526)
2029	(56,062)
Thereafter	
	\$ (399,258)

Note 13. Other Post-Employment Benefits Liability – Virginia Retirement System Plans

In addition to their participation in the pension plans offered through the VRS, the Town of Abingdon also participates in various cost-sharing and agent multi-employer other postemployment benefit plans, described as follows:

Plan descriptions

Group Life Insurance Program

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of political subdivisions are automatically covered by the VRS Group Life Insurance (GLI) Program upon employment.

In addition to the Basic Group Life Insurance Benefit, members are also eligible to elect additional coverage for themselves, as well as a spouse or dependent children through the Optional Group Life Insurance Program. For members who elect the optional group life insurance coverage, the insurer bills employers directly for the premiums. Employers deduct these premiums from members' paychecks and pay the premiums to the insurer. Since this is a separate and fully-insured program, it is not included as part of the GLI Program OPEB.

Specific information for the GLI is available at https://www.varetire.org/members/benefits/life-insurance/basic-group-life-insurance.asp

The GLI is administered by the VRS along with pensions and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. This plan is considered a multiple-employer, cost-sharing plan.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2024

Note 13. Other Post-Employment Benefits Liability – Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

Plan descriptions (Continued)

General Employee Health Insurance Credit Program

The General Employee Health Insurance Credit Program (HIC) is available for all full-time, salaried employees of local government entities other than Teachers. Members earn one month of service credit toward the benefit for each month they are employed and for which their employer pays contributions to VRS. The health insurance credit is a tax-free reimbursement in an amount set by the General Assembly for each year of service credit against qualified health insurance premiums retirees pay for single coverage, excluding any portion covering the spouse or dependents. The credit cannot exceed the amount of the premiums and ends upon the retiree's death. The General Employee HIC OPEB plan is considered a multi-employer agent-defined benefit plan.

Specific information about the HIC OPEB plan is available at https://www.varetire.org/retirees/ insurance/healthinscredit/index.

As of the June 30, 2023, actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the HIC OPEB plan:

	Number
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	22
Inactive members:	
Vested	7
Non-vested	-
Active elsewhere in VRS	52
Total inactive members	59
Active members	90
Total covered employees	171

Line of Duty Act Program

All paid employees and volunteers in hazardous duty positions in Virginia localities and hazardous duty employees who are covered under the VRS are automatically covered by the Line of Duty Act Program (LODA). As required by statute, the VRS is responsible for managing the assets of the program. Participating employers made contributions to the program beginning in fiscal year 2012. The employer contributions are determined by the VRS actuary using anticipated program costs and the number of covered individuals associated with all participating employers. The LODA is considered a multiple-employer, cost-sharing plan.

Specific information about the LODA is available at https://www.valoda.org/.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2024

Note 13. Other Post-Employment Benefits Liability – Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

Contributions

Contributions to the VRS OPEB programs were based on actuarially determined rates from actuarial valuations as of June 30, 2021. The actuarially determined rates were expected to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to fund any unfunded accrued liability. Specific details related to the contributions for the VRS OPEB programs are as follows:

Group Life Insurance Program

Governed by:	Code of Virginia 51.1-506 and 51.1-508 and may be impacted as a result of funding provided to school divisions and governmental agencies by the Virginia General Assembly.
Total rate:	1.34% of covered employee compensation. Rate allocated 60/40; 0.80% employee and 0.54% employer. Employers may elect to pay all or part of the employee contribution.
June 30, 2024 Contribution	\$ 28,165
June 30, 2023 Contribution	\$ 23,985

In June 2023, the Commonwealth made a special contribution of approximately \$10.1 million to the Group Life Insurance plan. This special payment was authorized by Chapter 2 of the Acts of Assembly of 2022, Special Session I, as amended by Chapter 769, 2023 Acts of Assembly Reconvened Session, and is classified as a special employer contribution.

General Employee Health Insurance Credit Program

Governed by:	Code of Virginia 51.1-1400 and may be impacted
	as a result of funding provided to political
	subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly.
Total rate:	1.12% of covered employee compensation.
June 30, 2024 Contribution	\$ 23,925
June 30, 2023 Contribution	\$ 20,432

Line of Duty Act Program

Governed by:	Code of Virginia 9-1-400.1 and may be impacted as
·	a result of funding provided to governmental
	agencies by the Virginia General Assembly.
Total rate:	\$830 per covered full-time-equivalent employee.
	Based on pay-as-you-go funding rate.
June 30, 2024 Contribution	\$ 19,920
June 30, 2023 Contribution	\$ 19,092

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2024

Note 13. Other Post-Employment Benefits Liability – Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

OPEB liabilities, OPEB expense and deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to OPEB

The net OPEB liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total OPEB liabilities used to calculate the net OPEB liabilities were determined by actuarial valuations performed as of June 30, 2022, and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023. The covered employer's proportion of the net OPEB liabilities, except for LODA, were based on the covered employer's actuarially determined employer contributions for the year ended June 30, 2023, relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. LODA proportion was determined based on pay-as-you-go employer contributions instead of actuarially determined contributions.

Group Life Insurance Program

June 30, 2024 proportionate share of liability June 30, 2023 proportion June 30, 2022 proportion June 30, 2024 harefit	\$ 226,191 0.01886% 0.01953%
June 30, 2024 benefit Line of Duty Act Program	\$ (16,839)
June 30, 2024 proportionate share of liability June 30, 2023 proportion June 30, 2022 proportion	\$ 576,734 0.14386% 0.14165%
June 30, 2024 expense	\$ 80,738

Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the OPEB expense above was related to deferred amount from changes in proportion.

General Employee Health Insurance Credit

Changes in net OPEB liability of the General Health Insurance Credit Program were as follows:

			Increa	ase (Decreas	se)				
	·	Total OPEB Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary et Position (b)		Net OPEB Liability (a) – (b)			
Balances at June 30, 2022	\$	237,711	\$	27,528	\$	210,183			
Changes for the year:									
Service cost		2,445		-		2,445			
Interest Differences between expected		15,853		-		15,853			
and actual experience		(44,984)		-		(44,984)			

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2024

Note 13. Other Post-Employment Benefits Liability – Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

General Employee Health Insurance Credit (Continued)

	Increase (Decrease)						
	_	Total OPEB Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary et Position (b)		Net OPEB Liability (a) – (b)	
Contributions – employer	\$	-	\$	20,432	\$	(20,432)	
Contributions – employee Net investment income		-		1,555		(1,555)	
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(10,599)		(10,599)		-	
Administrative expenses		-		(31)		31	
Changes in assumptions		-		-		-	
Other changes				436		(436)	
Net changes		(37,285)		11,793		(49,078)	
Balances at June 30, 2023	\$	200,426	\$	39,321	\$	161,105	

In addition, for the year ended June 30, 2024, the Town recognized OPEB expense of \$33,277 related to General Employee Health Insurance Credit Program.

At June 30, 2024, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources.

Group Life Insurance Program

	O	Deferred utflows of esources	Iı	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	22,591	\$	6,866		
Change in assumptions		4,835		15,671		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings						
on OPEB plan investments		-		9,090		
Changes in proportion		-		66,697		
Employer contributions subsequent to the						
measurement date		28,165		_		
	\$	55,591	\$	98,324		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2024

Note 13. Other Post-Employment Benefits Liability – Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

General Employee Health Insurance Credit (Continued)

General Employee Health Insurance Credit Program

	0	Deferred utflows of Resources	I	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Change in assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings	\$	107,311 3,078	\$	34,547 824
on OPEB plan investments Employer contributions subsequent to the		1,037		-
measurement date		23,925		
	\$	135,351	\$	35,371
Line of Duty Act Program				
	0	Deferred utflows of	I	Deferred Inflows of

	0	Deterred Outflows of Resources	Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	30,764	\$	108,598
Change in assumptions		128,099		118,926
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on OPEB plan investments		-		1,687
Changes in proportion		56,413		17,604
Employer contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date		19,920		-
	\$	235,196	\$	246,815
				_

The deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from the Town's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2024

Note 13. Other Post-Employment Benefits Liability – Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

General Employee Health Insurance Credit (Continued)

Group Life Insurance Program

Year Ending June 30,	Effect on OPEB Expense			
2025	\$	(23,772)		
2026		(27,537)		
2027		(11,304)		
2028		(9,122)		
2029		837		
Thereafter				
	\$	(70,898)		

General Employee Health Insurance Credit Program

Year Ending June 30,	Effect n OPEB Expense
2025	\$ 17,596
2026	17,574
2027	17,782
2028	18,444
2029	4,659
Thereafter	
	\$ 76,055

Line of Duty Act Program

Year Ending June 30,	Effect on OPEB Expense
2025	\$ 585
2026	638
2027	1,837
2028	(212)
2029	(4,943)
Thereafter	 (29,444)
	\$ (31,539)
	\$

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2024

Note 13. Other Post-Employment Benefits Liability – Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

Actuarial assumptions and other inputs

The total OPEB liability was determined using the following assumptions based on an actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2022, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023:

Inflation	2.50%
 Salary increases, including inflation: Locality – general employees Locality – hazardous duty employees 	3.50 - 5.35% 3.50 - 4.75%
Healthcare cost trend rates: • Under age 65 • Ages 65 and older	7.00 - 4.75% $5.25 - 4.75%$
Investment rate of return, net of expenses, including inflation*	GLI & HIC 6.75%; LODA 3.86%

^{*} Since LODA is funded on a current-disbursement basis, the assumed annual rate of return of 3.86% was used since it approximates the risk-free rate of return.

Mortality rates used for the various VRS OPEB plans are the same as those used for the actuarial valuations of the VRS pension plans. The mortality rates are discussed in detail at Note 11.

Net OPEB liabilities

The net OPEB liabilities represent each program's total OPEB liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, less the associated fiduciary net position. As of the measurement date of June 30, 2023, net OPEB liability amounts for the various VRS OPEB programs are as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	 Group Life Insurance Program	ine of Duty ct Program
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 3,907,052	\$ 406,211
Plan fiduciary net position	2,707,739	5,311
Employers' net OPEB liability Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of	1,199,313	400,900
total OPEB liability	69.30%	1.31%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2024

Note 13. Other Post-Employment Benefits Liability – Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

Net OPEB liabilities (Continued)

The total liability is calculated by the VRS actuary and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the VRS financial statements. The net OPEB liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 74 in the VRS notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

Long-term expected rate of return

Group Life Insurance and Health Insurance Credit Program

The long-term expected rate of return on VRS investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Target Allocation	Arithmetic Long-Term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-Term
Public Equity	34.00%	6.14%	2.09%
Fixed Income	15.00	2.56	0.38
Credit Strategies	14.00	5.60	0.78
Real Assets	14.00	5.02	0.70
Private Equity	16.00	9.17	1.47
MAPS – Multi-Asset Public Strategies	4.00	4.50	0.18
PIP – Private Investment Partnership	2.00	7.18	0.14
Cash	1.00	1.20	0.01
	100.00%		5.75%
Inflation			2.50%
*Expected arithmetic nominal return			8.25%

^{*}The above allocation provides a one-year return of 8.25%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the System, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. The results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 7.14%, including expected inflation of 2.50%. On June 15, 2023, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of 6.75% which is roughly at the 45th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation at that time, providing a median return of 7.14%, including inflation of 2.50%.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2024

Note 13. Other Post-Employment Benefits Liability – Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

Long-term expected rate of return (Continued)

Line of Duty Act Program

The long-term expected rate of return on LODA Program OPEB investments was set at 3.86% for this valuation. Since LODA is funded on a current-disbursement basis, it is not able to use the VRS pooled investments 6.75% assumption noted above. Instead, the assumed annual rate of return of 3.86% was used since it approximates the risk-free rate of return. This Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) is the applicable municipal bond index rate based on the Fidelity Fixed Income General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index as of the measurement date of June 30, 2023.

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the GLI and HIC OPEB liabilities was 6.75%. The discount rate used to measure the LODA OPEB liability was 3.86%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System member contributions will be made per the VRS Guidance and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023, the rate contributed by the employer for the OPEB liabilities will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the VA General Assembly which was 113% of the actuarially determined contribution rate for GLI and 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rate for all other OPEB plans. From July 1, 2023, on, participating employers are assumed to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plans' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of eligible employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the net GLI OPEB liabilities using the discount rate (6.75% GLI & HIC/3.86% LODA), as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net OPEB liabilities would be if it was calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75% GLI & HIC/2.86% LODA) or one percentage point higher (7.75% GLI & HIC/4.86% LODA) than the current rate:

	 1.00% Decrease (5.75%)	 Current Discount Rate (6.75%)	 1.00% Increase (7.75%)
GLI Net OPEB liability	\$ 335,285	\$ 226,191	\$ 137,987
HIC Net OPEB liability	\$ 185,500	\$ 161,105	\$ 140,780
	 (2.86%)	(3.86%)	 (4.86%)
LODA Net OPEB liability	\$ 646,656	\$ 576,734	\$ 517,581

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2024

Note 13. Other Post-Employment Benefits Liability – Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

Sensitivity of the LODA net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates

Because the Line of Duty Act (LODA) Program contains provisions for the payment of health insurance premiums, the liabilities are also impacted by the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the LODA net OPEB liability of the Town using health care trend rate of 7.00% decreasing to 4.75%, as well as what the Town's LODA net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower (6.00% decreasing to 3.75%) or one percentage point higher (8.00% decreasing to 5.75%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1.00% Decrease (6.00% Decreasing to 3.75%)	Current Healthcare Cost Trend Rates (7.00% Decreasing to 4.75%)	1.00% Increase (8.00% Decreasing to 5.75%)
LODA Net OPEB liability	\$ 489,090	\$ 576,734	\$ 685,338

OPEB plan fiduciary net position

Information about the various VRS OPEB plan fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued VRS 2023 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR). A copy of the 2023 VRS ACFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2023-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Payables to the OPEB Plan

At June 30, 2024, the following amounts were payable to the Virginia Retirement System for the legally required contributions related to June 2024 payroll.

Group Life Insurance	\$ 5,811
General Employee HIC	1,995

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2024

Note 14. Summary of Pension and Other Postemployment Benefit Elements

A summary of pension and other postemployment benefit (OPEB) related financial statement elements is as follows:

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total Primary Government	
Deferred outflows of resources – related to pensions Deferred outflow – differences in expected/actual experience and change in assumptions VRS – defined benefit pension plan	\$	64 906	\$	2 166	\$	67.062
Deferred outflow – contributions after the measurement date VRS – defined benefit pension plan	.	64,896 571,400	D	2,166	.	67,062 590,471
Total deferred outflow of resources – pensions	\$	636,296	\$	21,237	\$	657,533
Deferred outflows of resources – OPEB Deferred outflow – differences in expected/actual experience and assumptions, change in proportion, and difference in projected and actual investment earnings						
VRS – LODA VRS – HIC – OPEB Program VRS – GLI – OPEB Program Local Health – Single Agent –	\$	215,276 107,827 26,540	\$	3,599 886	\$	215,276 111,426 27,426
defined benefit Deferred outflow – contributions after the measurement date		39,264		1,311		40,575
VRS – LODA – OPEB Program VRS – HIC – OPEB Program VRS – GLI – OPEB Program		19,920 23,152 27,255		773 910		19,920 23,925 28,165
Total deferred outflow of resources – OPEB	\$	459,234	\$	7,479	\$	466,713
Net pension liability VRS – defined benefit pension plan	\$	1,305,715	\$	43,580	\$	1,349,295
Total net pension liability	\$	1,305,715	\$	43,580	\$	1,349,295

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2024

Note 14. Summary of Pension and Other Postemployment Benefit Elements (Continued)

	G	Activities	Business-Type Activities		Total Primary Government	
Net OPEB liability						
Local health	\$	656,924	\$	21,926	\$	678,850
VRS – LODA		576,734		-		576,734
VRS – HIC – OPEB Program		155,902		5,203		161,105
VRS – GLI		218,885		7,306		226,191
Total net OPEB liability	\$	1,608,445	\$	34,435	\$	1,642,880
Deferred inflows of resources – related to pensions Deferred inflow – differences in expected/actual experience and difference in projected and actual earnings on investments VRS – defined benefit pension plan	<u>\$</u>	1,031,857	<u>\$</u>	34,439	<u>\$</u>	1,066,296
Deferred inflows of resources – OPEB Deferred inflows – differences in expected/actual experience, change in assumptions, changes in proportion, and difference in projected and actual earnings on investments VRS – LODA – Cost-Sharing-						
Multiple-Employer	\$	246,815	\$	_	\$	246,815
VRS – HIC - OPEB Program	Ψ	34,229	Ψ	1,142	Ψ	35,371
VRS – GLI – Cost-Sharing- Multiple-Employer Deferred inflow – differences in expected/actual experience and change in assumptions		95,148		3,176		98,324
Local Health – Single Agent- Defined benefit		425,627		14,206		439,833
Total deferred inflow of						
resources – OPEB	\$	801,819	\$	18,524	\$	820,343

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2024

Note 15. Tax Abatements

The Town has two programs through which it currently provides tax abatements:

Historic District Tax Abatement: The Town finds that the continued development and success of its Old and Historic District requires incentives, and determines that the most appropriate method of offering incentives for the area described is to create a tax credit/abatement program in that area, as authorized by the *Code of Virginia* 1950, §58.1-3220, as amended. The intent of council is to provide property tax credit and/or abatements that encourage maintenance, restoration, preservation, and rehabilitation by providing for such a tax credit of \$2,500 to town property taxes for every \$2,500 of work performed and documented on the structures located within the Old and Historic District of the Town. The council of the Town believes that the establishment of such tax credits and/or abatement incentives will improve the economic and visual conditions of the geographic area of the Town, which could, in turn, benefit the welfare of the citizens of the Town.

Rehabilitation Tax Exemption: Under the *Code of Virginia* 1950, §58.1-3221, as amended, the governing body of any county, city, or town may, by ordinance, provide for the partial exemption from taxation of real estate on which any structure or other improvement no less than twenty years of age, or fifteen years of age if the structure is located in an area designate as an enterprise zone by the Commonwealth, has undergone substantial rehabilitation, renovation, or replacement for commercial or industrial use, subject to such conditions as the ordinance may provide. The partial exemption provided by the local governing body may not exceed an amount equal to the increase in assessed value resulting from the rehabilitation, renovation or replacement of the commercial or industrial structure as determined by the commissioner of the revenue or other local assessing officer or an amount up to fifty percent of the cost of the rehabilitation, renovation or replacement as determined by ordinance. The Town currently has one qualified partial rehabilitation tax exemption.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the Town abated taxes as follows:

Tax Abatement Program	Amo	ount Abated
Rehabilitation Tax Exemption Historic District Tax Abatement	\$	31,137 14.610

Note 16. Commitments and Contingencies

Litigation

The Town is contingently liable with respect to lawsuits and other claims, which arise in the ordinary course of operations. It is the opinion of the Town management and the Town Attorney that any losses not covered by insurance, which may ultimately be incurred as a result of the suits and claims, will not be material to the financial position of the Town.

Federal programs in which the City participates were audited in accordance with provisions of the *Uniform Guidance*. Pursuant to the provisions of this document, all major programs were tested for compliance with applicable grant requirements. While no matters of material noncompliance were disclosed by audit, the Federal government may subject grant programs to additional compliance tests, which may result in disallowed expenditures. In the opinion of management, any future disallowances of current grant program expenditures, if any, would be immaterial.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2024

Note 17. Risk Management

The Town's comprehensive insurance coverage is through a self-insurance risk pool provided by Vacorp. Coverage includes, but is not limited to, building property, general liability, worker's compensation, public officials' liability, cyber liability, inland marine, and automobiles.

Note 18. Outsourced Operations Agreement

In September 2021, the Town entered into an operations and maintenance agreement with a private entity for the Town's wastewater treatment and collection system. The commencement date of the contract was January 1, 2022, and will run for a period of five years. The Town paid \$2,770,201 under this agreement during 2024.

Note 19. Subsequent Events

Subsequent events have been evaluated through November 20, 2024, the date that the financial statements were available to be issued. On August 30, 2024, the Town moved \$5,374,569.04 from the VIP Stable NAV account to the VIP 1-3 Year High Quality Bond Fund in order to segregate GF "reserve" funds into a long-term bond fund. On October 16, 2024, the Town entered into a funding and financing agreement with VRA for \$8,372,945.98 to upgrade the wastewater collection system. Terms are 0% interest, 30 years, and \$3,125,000 loan forgiveness from DEQ.

Note 20. New Accounting Standards

In June 2022, the GASB issued **Statement No. 101**, *Compensated Absences*. This statement updates the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences and amends certain previously required disclosures. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2023.

In December 2023, the GASB issued **Statement No. 102**, Certain Risk Disclosures. This statement defines and requires governments to disclose the risks related to concentrations of inflows or outflows of resources. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2024.

In April 2024, the GASB issued **Statement No. 103**, Financial Reporting Model Improvements. This statement improves key components of the financial reporting model to enhance its effectiveness in providing information that is essential for decision-making and assessing a government's accountability as well as addresses certain application issues. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2025.

Management has not determined the effects these new GASB Statements may have on prospective financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS – PRIMARY GOVERNMENT June 30, 2024

					Plan Year				
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Total pension liability									
Service cost	\$ 450,046	\$ 511,745	\$ 490,976	\$ 540,470	\$ 519,871	\$ 562,833	\$ 498,793	\$ 485,771	\$ 487,115
Interest	1,740,786	1,744,923	1,587,159	1,512,795	1,527,101	1,317,996	1,308,047	1,249,531	1,244,997
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-	-	-	1,686,531	-	-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	(629,787)	(914,266)	32,990	207,364	(1,072,292)	459,568	(423,509)	(85,461)	(935,088)
Changes in assumptions	-	-	992,110	-	689,034	-	(284,406)	-	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of	(1.265.204)	(1.210.602)	(1.227.702)	(1.001.007)	(1.054.247)	(1.005.177)	(000 422)	(720.205)	(725.110)
employee contributions	(1,365,294)	(1,318,683)	(1,236,792)	(1,081,087)	(1,054,247)	(1,025,177)	(888,423)	(739,385)	(725,110)
Net change in total pension liability	195,751	23,719	1,866,443	1,179,542	609,467	3,001,751	210,502	910,456	71,914
Total pension liability – beginning	26,022,020	25,998,301	24,131,858	22,952,316	22,342,849	19,341,098	19,130,596	18,220,140	18,148,226
Total pension liability – ending	26,217,771	26,022,020	25,998,301	24,131,858	22,952,316	22,342,849	19,341,098	19,130,596	18,220,140
Plan fiduciary net position									
Contributions – employer	509,745	395,851	445,205	509,937	512,773	415,580	345,847	446,529	436,232
Contributions – employee	202,862	198,628	224,647	243,365	245,438	208,601	271,557	280,345	260,646
Net investment income (loss)	1,532,499	(16,653)	5,403,553	377,613	1,260,226	1,324,041	1,983,557	283,492	708,070
Benefit payments, including refunds of									
employee contributions	(1,365,294)	(1,318,683)	(1,236,792)	(1,081,087)	(1,054,247)	(1,025,177)	(888,423)	(739,385)	(725,110)
Administrative expense	(15,459)	(15,540)	(13,628)	(12,898)	(12,459)	(11,494)	(11,494)	(9,853)	(9,567)
Other	616	564	508	(449)	(794)	(1,176)	(1,763)	(119)	(152)
Net change in total pension liability	864,969	(755,833)	4,823,493	36,481	950,937	910,375	1,699,281	261,009	670,119
Total pension liability – beginning	24,003,507	24,759,340	19,935,847	19,899,366	18,948,429	18,038,054	16,338,773	16,077,764	15,407,645
Total pension liability – ending	24,868,476	24,003,507	24,759,340	19,935,847	19,899,366	18,948,429	18,038,054	16,338,773	16,077,764
Net pension liability – ending	\$ 1,349,295	\$ 2,018,513	\$ 1,238,961	\$ 4,196,011	\$ 3,052,950	\$ 3,394,420	\$ 1,303,044	\$ 2,791,823	\$ 2,142,376
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total									
pension liability	94.85%	92.24%	95.23%	82.61%	86.70%	84.81%	93.26%	85.41%	88.24%
Covered payroll	\$ 4,441,684	\$ 4,223,245	\$ 4,719,818	\$ 5,132,041	\$ 5,134,606	\$ 5,147,591	\$ 5,397,697	\$ 5,467,229	\$ 5,154,890
Net pension liability as a percentage of					·				
covered payroll	30.38%	47.80%	26.25%	81.76%	59.46%	65.94%	24.14%	51.06%	41.56%

The plan years above are reported in the entity's financial statements in the fiscal year following the plan year – i.e., plan year 2015 information was presented in the entity's fiscal year 2016 financial report.

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since the 2016 fiscal year (plan year 2015) was the first year for this presentation, no earlier data is available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

The Notes to Required Supplementary Information are an integral part of this schedule.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS June 30, 2024

•	Entity Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	De	etuarially termined ntribution	in to A De	tributions Relation Actuarially termined ntribution	Defi	ribution ciency xcess)	Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
	2024	\$	590,471	\$	590,471	\$	_	\$ 5,201,091	11.35 %
	2023		509,745		509,745		_	4,441,684	11.48
	2022		395,851		395,851		-	4,223,245	9.37
	2021		445,205		445,205		-	4,719,818	9.43
	2020		510,099		510,099		-	5,132,041	9.94
	2019		513,474		513,474		-	5,134,606	10.00
	2018		500,449		500,449		-	5,147,591	9.72
	2017		344,652		344,652		-	5,397,697	6.39
	2016		392,213		392,213		-	5,467,229	7.17
	2015		437,062		437,062		-	5,154,890	8.48
	2014		484,889		484,889		-	5,207,804	9.31

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS – LOCAL PLAN June 30, 2024

Fiscal Year													
	2024		2023		2022		2021		2020		2019		
\$	73,066	\$	73,813	\$	90,464	\$	87,138	\$	60,102	\$	53,882		
	24,707		32,874		20,643		23,296		30,017		37,808		
	-		-		-		-		-		(217,060)		
	-		(358,870)		-		(194,054)		-		(8,072)		
	(19,731)		5,169		(113,592)		(1,395)		101,871		31,280		
	(6,005)		(1,956)		(13,926)		(19,404)		(25,590)		(37,168)		
	72,037		(248,970)		(16,411)		(104,419)		166,400		(139,330)		
	606,813		855,783		872,194		976,613		810,213		949,543		
\$	678,850	\$	606,813	\$	855,783	\$	872,194	\$	976,613	\$	810,213		
\$	4,367,358	\$	4,367,358	\$	4,789,053	\$	4,789,053	\$	5,273,134	\$	5,273,134		
	15.54%		13.89%		17.87%		18.21%		18.52%		15.36%		
	\$	\$ 73,066 24,707 - (19,731) (6,005) 72,037 606,813 \$ 678,850 \$ 4,367,358	\$ 73,066 \$ 24,707 - (19,731) (6,005) 72,037 606,813 \$ 678,850 \$ \$ 4,367,358 \$ \$	\$ 73,066 \$ 73,813 24,707 32,874 - (358,870) (19,731) 5,169 (6,005) (1,956) 72,037 (248,970) 606,813 855,783 \$ 678,850 \$ 606,813 \$ 4,367,358 \$ 4,367,358	\$ 73,066 \$ 73,813 \$ 24,707 32,874 (358,870) (19,731) 5,169 (6,005) (1,956) 72,037 (248,970) 606,813 855,783 \$ 678,850 \$ 606,813 \$ \$ 4,367,358 \$ \$ 4,367,358 \$ \$	\$ 73,066 \$ 73,813 \$ 90,464 24,707 32,874 20,643 	2024 2023 2022 \$ 73,066 \$ 73,813 \$ 90,464 \$ 24,707 \$ 32,874 20,643 -	2024 2023 2022 2021 \$ 73,066 \$ 73,813 \$ 90,464 \$ 87,138 24,707 32,874 20,643 23,296 - - - - - - - (194,054) (19,731) 5,169 (113,592) (1,395) (6,005) (1,956) (13,926) (19,404) 72,037 (248,970) (16,411) (104,419) 606,813 855,783 872,194 976,613 \$ 678,850 \$ 606,813 \$ 855,783 \$ 872,194 \$ 4,367,358 \$ 4,367,358 \$ 4,789,053 \$ 4,789,053	2024 2023 2022 2021 \$ 73,066 \$ 73,813 \$ 90,464 \$ 87,138 \$ 24,707 \$ 32,874 20,643 23,296 - - - - - - - - - - - (194,054) (19,731) 5,169 (113,592) (1,395) (6,005) (1,956) (13,926) (19,404) - 72,037 (248,970) (16,411) (104,419) 606,813 855,783 872,194 976,613 \$ 678,850 \$ 606,813 \$ 855,783 \$ 872,194 \$ \$ 4,367,358 \$ 4,367,358 \$ 4,789,053 \$ 4,789,053 \$	2024 2023 2022 2021 2020 \$ 73,066 \$ 73,813 \$ 90,464 \$ 87,138 \$ 60,102 24,707 32,874 20,643 23,296 30,017 - - - - - - (19,731) 5,169 (113,592) (1,395) 101,871 (6,005) (1,956) (13,926) (19,404) (25,590) 72,037 (248,970) (16,411) (104,419) 166,400 606,813 855,783 872,194 976,613 810,213 \$ 678,850 \$ 606,813 \$ 855,783 \$ 872,194 976,613 \$ 4,367,358 \$ 4,367,358 \$ 4,789,053 \$ 5,273,134	2024 2023 2022 2021 2020 \$ 73,066 \$ 73,813 \$ 90,464 \$ 87,138 \$ 60,102 \$ 24,707 \$ 32,874 20,643 23,296 30,017		

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2018 was the first year for this presentation, no earlier data is available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

The assets in the above schedule are not administered through a trust.

Notes to Schedule:

Changes to assumptions – *Local Plan:* Changes to assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate each period. The following are the discount rates used in each period:

2024	3.930%
2023	3.650%
2022	3.540%
2021	2.160%
2020	2.210%
2019	3.500%
2018	3.870%
2017	3.500%

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS – VRS PLAN June 30, 2024

	VRS Health Insurance Credit												
					F	iscal Year							
		2024		2023		2022		2021					
Total HIC OPEB liability													
Service cost	\$	2,445	\$	5,589	\$	4,047	\$	4,868					
Interest		15,853		15,379		13,231		6,795					
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-		-					
Differences between expected													
and actual experience		(44,984)		2,192		19,269		96,256					
Changes in assumptions		-		(1,174)		2,478		-					
Benefit payments		(10,599)		(13,058)		(12,526)		(12,600)					
Net change in total HIC OPEB liability		(37,285)		8,928		26,499		95,319					
Total HIC OPEB liability – beginning		237,711		228,783		202,284		106,965					
Total HIC OPEB liability – ending		200,426		237,711		228,783		202,284					
Plan fiduciary net position													
Contributions – employer		20,432		19,427		21,711		13,339					
Net investment income (loss)		1,555		(134)		1,516		27					
Benefit payments		(10,599)		(13,058)		(12,526)		(12,600)					
Administrative expense		(31)		(46)		(47)		(4)					
Other		436		8,173		-							
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		11,793		14,362		10,654		762					
Plan fiduciary net position liability – beginning		27,528		13,166		2,512		1,750					
Plan fiduciary net position – ending	\$	39,321	\$	27,528	\$	13,166	\$	2,512					
Net HIC OPEB liability - ending	\$	161,105	\$	210,183	\$	215,617	\$	199,772					
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the													
total HIC OPEB liability		19.62%		11.58%	_	5.75%		1.24%					
Covered payroll	\$	4,746,539	\$	4,536,612	\$	4,698,636	\$	5,132,041					
Net HIC OPEB liability as a percentage of													
covered payroll		3.39%		4.63%		4.59%		3.89%					

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2020 was the first year for this presentation, no earlier data is available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS – VRS PLAN June 30, 2024

Entity Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	R Con	tractually equired	Ei Cor	Actual mployer ntribution	Def	ribution iciency xcess)	mployer's Covered Payroll	Contributio as a Percenta of Covered Payroll	age
VRS Health Insu	rance (Credit – Gei	neral I	Employees					
2024	\$	23,925	\$	23,925	\$	-	\$ 5,201,091	0.46	%
2023		20,432		20,432		-	4,746,539	0.43	
2022		19,427		19,427		-	4,536,612	0.43	
2021		21,711		21,711		-	4,698,636	0.46	
2020		13,343		13,343		-	5,132,041	0.26	

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2019 was the first year for this presentation, no earlier data is available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

The covered payroll amounts above are for the entity's fiscal year - i.e., the covered payroll on which required contributions were based for the same year.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S SHARE OF NET OPEB LIABILITY – VRS PLAN June 30, 2024

Group Life Insurance – General Employees 2024 0.01886 % \$ 226,191 \$ 4,441,684 5.09 % 69.30 % 2023 0.01953 235,160 4,536,612 5.18 67.21 2022 0.02304 268,248 4,698,636 5.71 67.45 2021 0.02494 416,208 5,132,041 8.11 52.00 2020 0.02621 427,000 5,138,216 8.31 52.00 2019 0.02707 411,000 5,147,591 7.98 51.22 2018 0.02963 446,000 5,465,642 8.16 48.86 Line of Duty Act (LODA) 2024 0.14386 % \$ 576,734 \$ 1,479,076 38.99 % 1.31 % 2023 0.14165 536,082 1,309,767 40.93 1.87 2022 0.13546 597,367 1,242,708 48.07 1.68 2021 0.12464 522,012 1,201,461 43.45	Entity Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Employer's Portion of the Net OPEB Liability	Pro Sh N	mployer's oportionate hare of the let OPEB	mployer's Covered Payroll	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability
2023 0.01953 235,160 4,536,612 5.18 67.21 2022 0.02304 268,248 4,698,636 5.71 67.45 2021 0.02494 416,208 5,132,041 8.11 52.00 2020 0.02621 427,000 5,138,216 8.31 52.00 2019 0.02707 411,000 5,147,591 7.98 51.22 2018 0.02963 446,000 5,465,642 8.16 48.86 Line of Duty Act (LODA) 2024 0.14386 % \$ 576,734 \$ 1,479,076 38.99 % 1.31 % 2023 0.14165 536,082 1,309,767 40.93 1.87 2022 0.13546 597,367 1,242,708 48.07 1.68 2021 0.12464 522,012 1,201,461 43.45 1.02 2020 0.12464 471,696 1,220,250 38.66 0.79 2019 0.13317 417,000 1,287,698 32.38 0.60 <th>Group Life Inst</th> <th>urance – General En</th> <th>ıploy</th> <th>ees</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>	Group Life Inst	urance – General En	ıploy	ees			
2022 0.02304 268,248 4,698,636 5.71 67.45 2021 0.02494 416,208 5,132,041 8.11 52.00 2020 0.02621 427,000 5,138,216 8.31 52.00 2019 0.02707 411,000 5,147,591 7.98 51.22 2018 0.02963 446,000 5,465,642 8.16 48.86 Line of Duty Act (LODA) 2024 0.14386 \$ 576,734 \$ 1,479,076 38.99 % 1.31 % 2023 0.14165 536,082 1,309,767 40.93 1.87 2022 0.13546 597,367 1,242,708 48.07 1.68 2021 0.12464 522,012 1,201,461 43.45 1.02 2020 0.12464 471,696 1,220,250 38.66 0.79 2019 0.13317 417,000 1,287,698 32.38 0.60	2024	0.01886 %	\$	226,191	\$ 4,441,684	5.09 %	69.30 %
2021 0.02494 416,208 5,132,041 8.11 52.00 2020 0.02621 427,000 5,138,216 8.31 52.00 2019 0.02707 411,000 5,147,591 7.98 51.22 2018 0.02963 446,000 5,465,642 8.16 48.86 Line of Duty Act (LODA) 2024 0.14386 % \$ 576,734 \$ 1,479,076 38.99 % 1.31 % 2023 0.14165 536,082 1,309,767 40.93 1.87 2022 0.13546 597,367 1,242,708 48.07 1.68 2021 0.12464 522,012 1,201,461 43.45 1.02 2020 0.12464 471,696 1,220,250 38.66 0.79 2019 0.13317 417,000 1,287,698 32.38 0.60	2023	0.01953		235,160	4,536,612	5.18	67.21
2020 0.02621 427,000 5,138,216 8.31 52.00 2019 0.02707 411,000 5,147,591 7.98 51.22 2018 0.02963 446,000 5,465,642 8.16 48.86 Line of Duty Act (LODA) 2024 0.14386 % \$ 576,734 \$ 1,479,076 38.99 % 1.31 % 2023 0.14165 536,082 1,309,767 40.93 1.87 2022 0.13546 597,367 1,242,708 48.07 1.68 2021 0.12464 522,012 1,201,461 43.45 1.02 2020 0.12464 471,696 1,220,250 38.66 0.79 2019 0.13317 417,000 1,287,698 32.38 0.60	2022	0.02304		268,248	4,698,636	5.71	67.45
2019 0.02707 411,000 5,147,591 7.98 51.22 2018 0.02963 446,000 5,465,642 8.16 48.86 Line of Duty Act (LODA) 2024 0.14386 % \$ 576,734 \$ 1,479,076 38.99 % 1.31 % 2023 0.14165 536,082 1,309,767 40.93 1.87 2022 0.13546 597,367 1,242,708 48.07 1.68 2021 0.12464 522,012 1,201,461 43.45 1.02 2020 0.12464 471,696 1,220,250 38.66 0.79 2019 0.13317 417,000 1,287,698 32.38 0.60	2021	0.02494		416,208	5,132,041	8.11	52.00
2018 0.02963 446,000 5,465,642 8.16 48.86 Line of Duty Act (LODA) 2024 0.14386 % \$ 576,734 \$ 1,479,076 38.99 % 1.31 % 2023 0.14165 536,082 1,309,767 40.93 1.87 2022 0.13546 597,367 1,242,708 48.07 1.68 2021 0.12464 522,012 1,201,461 43.45 1.02 2020 0.12464 471,696 1,220,250 38.66 0.79 2019 0.13317 417,000 1,287,698 32.38 0.60	2020	0.02621		427,000	5,138,216	8.31	52.00
Line of Duty Act (LODA) 2024 0.14386 % \$ 576,734 \$ 1,479,076 38.99 % 1.31 % 2023 0.14165 536,082 1,309,767 40.93 1.87 2022 0.13546 597,367 1,242,708 48.07 1.68 2021 0.12464 522,012 1,201,461 43.45 1.02 2020 0.12464 471,696 1,220,250 38.66 0.79 2019 0.13317 417,000 1,287,698 32.38 0.60	2019	0.02707		411,000	5,147,591	7.98	51.22
2024 0.14386 % \$ 576,734 \$ 1,479,076 38.99 % 1.31 % 2023 0.14165 536,082 1,309,767 40.93 1.87 2022 0.13546 597,367 1,242,708 48.07 1.68 2021 0.12464 522,012 1,201,461 43.45 1.02 2020 0.12464 471,696 1,220,250 38.66 0.79 2019 0.13317 417,000 1,287,698 32.38 0.60	2018	0.02963		446,000	5,465,642	8.16	48.86
2023 0.14165 536,082 1,309,767 40.93 1.87 2022 0.13546 597,367 1,242,708 48.07 1.68 2021 0.12464 522,012 1,201,461 43.45 1.02 2020 0.12464 471,696 1,220,250 38.66 0.79 2019 0.13317 417,000 1,287,698 32.38 0.60	Line of Duty Ac	et (LODA)					
2022 0.13546 597,367 1,242,708 48.07 1.68 2021 0.12464 522,012 1,201,461 43.45 1.02 2020 0.12464 471,696 1,220,250 38.66 0.79 2019 0.13317 417,000 1,287,698 32.38 0.60	2024	0.14386 %	\$	576,734	\$ 1,479,076	38.99 %	1.31 %
2021 0.12464 522,012 1,201,461 43.45 1.02 2020 0.12464 471,696 1,220,250 38.66 0.79 2019 0.13317 417,000 1,287,698 32.38 0.60	2023	0.14165		536,082	1,309,767	40.93	1.87
2020 0.12464 471,696 1,220,250 38.66 0.79 2019 0.13317 417,000 1,287,698 32.38 0.60	2022	0.13546		597,367	1,242,708	48.07	1.68
2019 0.13317 417,000 1,287,698 32.38 0.60	2021	0.12464		522,012	1,201,461	43.45	1.02
	2020	0.12464		471,696	1,220,250	38.66	0.79
2018 0.13678 359,000 1,335,385 26.88 1.30	2019	0.13317		417,000	1,287,698	32.38	0.60
	2018	0.13678		359,000	1,335,385	26.88	1.30

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2018 was the first year for this presentation, no earlier data is available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

The covered payroll amounts above are for the measurement period, which is the twelve months prior to the entity's fiscal year.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS – VRS PLAN June 30, 2024

Entity Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	R	tractually equired atribution	Ro Con R	tributions elated to tractually equired htribution	Defi	ribution iciency xcess)	Employer's Covered Employee Payroll	Contributio as a Percenta of Covered Employee Payroll	age 1
Group Life Insur	ance –	General En	nploye	es					
2024	\$	28,165	\$	28,165	\$	-	\$ 5,215,678	0.54	%
2023		23,985		23,985		-	4,441,684	0.54	
2022		22,937		22,937		-	4,536,612	0.51	
2021		25,697		25,697		-	4,698,636	0.55	
2020		26,687		26,687		-	5,132,041	0.52	
2019		26,719		26,719		-	5,138,216	0.52	
Line of Duty Act	(LODA	A)							
2024	\$	19,920	\$	19,920	\$	-	\$ 1,676,983	1.19	%
2023		19,092		19,092		-	1,479,076	1.29	
2022		19,509		19,509		-	1,309,767	1.49	
2021		18,650		18,650		-	1,242,708	1.50	
2020		16,938		16,938		-	1,201,461	1.41	
2019		17,644		17,644		-	1,220,250	1.45	

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2018 was the first year for this presentation, no earlier data is available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

The covered payroll amounts above are for the entity's fiscal year - i.e., the covered payroll on which required contributions were based for the same year.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION June 30, 2024

Note 1. Changes of Benefit Terms

Pension

There have been no actuarially material changes to the Virginia Retirement System (System) benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

There have been no actuarially material changes to the System of benefit provisions since the prior year actuarial valuation.

Note 2. Changes of Assumptions

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016, through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Largest 10 – Non-Hazardous Duty:

- Update mortality table to PUB2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020.
- Adjusted retirement rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all.
- Adjusted withdrawal rates to better fit experience at each age and service through 9 years of service.
- Applicable to: Pension, GLI OPEB, and HIC OPEB.

Largest 10 – Hazardous Duty/Public Safety Employees:

- Update mortality table to PUB2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Scale MP-2020.
- Adjusted retirement rates to better fit experience and changed final retirement age from 65 to 70
- Decreased withdrawal rates.
- Applicable to: Pension, GLI OPEB, HIC OPEB, and LODA OPEB.

All Others (Non 10 Largest) – Non-Hazardous Duty:

- Update mortality table to PUB2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Scale MP-2020.
- Adjusted retirement rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all.
- Adjusted withdrawal rates to better fit experience at each age and service through 9 years of service.
- Applicable to: Pension, GLI OPEB, and HIC OPEB.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION June 30, 2024

Note 2. Changes of Assumptions (Continued)

All Others (Non 10 Largest) – Hazardous Duty/Public Safety Employees:

- Update mortality table to PUB2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Scale MP-2020.
- Adjusted retirement rates to better fit experience and changed final retirement age from 65 to
- Decreased withdrawal rates and changed from rates based on age and service to rates based on service only to better fit experience and to be more consistent with Locals Largest 10 Hazardous Duty.
- Applicable to: Pension, GLI OPEB, HIC OPEB, and LODA OPEB.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS Year Ended June 30, 2024

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Assistance Listing Number	Pass- Through Entity Identifying Number	Amounts Passed Through to Sub- Recipients	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of the Interior				
Passed-Through Virginia Department of Historic Resources				
Historic Preservation Fund Grants-In-Aid	15.904	N/A	N/A	\$ 1,788
Historic Preservation Fund Grants-In-Aid	15.904	N/A	N/A	14,189
				15,977
Total U.S. Department of the Interior				15,977
U.S Department of Justice				
Passed through Virginia Department of Criminal Justice Services				
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.738	N/A	N/A	1,838
Total U.S Department of Justice				1,838
U.S Department of Transportation				
Passed through Virginia Department of Transportation				
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	N/A	N/A	140,638
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	N/A	N/A	161,106
Total Highway Planning and Construction				301,744
Passed through Virginia Department of Motor Vehicles				
Highway Safety Cluster				
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	N/A	N/A	9,516
Total Highway Safety Cluster				9,516
Total U.S. Department of Transportation				311,260
U.S. Department of Treasury				
Direct payments				
COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund	21.027	N/A	N/A	1,756,247
Passed through Virginia Department of Criminal Justice Services				
COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund - Law Enforcement	21.027	N/A	N/A	85,653
Total U.S. Department of Treasury				1,841,900
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards				\$ 2,170,975

Note 1 - Basis of Presentation:

The accompanying Schedule of Federal Expenditures includes the activity of all federally assisted programs of the Town and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting, as described in Note 1 to the Town's basic financial statements. All federal awards received directly from federal agencies, as well as federal awards passed through other government agencies, are included on this schedule.

Note 2 - Indirect Costs:

The Town did not elect to use the 10% de minimus indirect cost rate.

Note 3 - Outstanding Loan Balances:

At June 30, 2024, the Town had no outstanding loan balances requiring continuing disclosure.

STATISTICAL SECTION

The information in this section is not audited, but is presented as supplemental data for the benefit of the readers of the comprehensive annual financial report. The objectives of statistical section information are to provide financial statement users with additional historical perspective, context, and detail to assist in using the information in the financial statements, notes to financial statements, and required supplementary information to understand and assess a government's economic condition.

ONTENTS <u>Tables</u>
nancial Trends1-4
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the Town's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.
evenue Capacity 5-8
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader assess the Town's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.
ebt Capacity9-12
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the Town's current levels of outstanding debt and the Town's ability to issue additional debt in the future.
conomic and Demographic Information
These schedules offer economic and demographic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the Town's financial activities take place.
perating Information
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the Town's financial report relates to the services the Town provides and the activities it performs.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

Fiscal Year 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 **Governmental activities** Net investment in capital assets \$ 15,813,168 \$ 19,563,963 \$ 19,320,316 \$ 20,451,727 \$ 22,466,371 \$ 23,189,118 \$ 22,949,378 \$ 26,189,463 \$ 27,643,064 \$ 30,731,997 Restricted 139,425 138,673 641,272 115,315 112,233 47,130 147,233 167,211 Unrestricted 4,218,991 1,888,123 1,968,338 1,481,553 749,399 981,112 3,210,182 4,060,490 5,576,190 8,003,245 Total governmental activities net position 20,032,159 21,452,086 21,428,079 22,071,953 23,857,042 24,285,545 26,271,793 30,297,083 33,366,487 38,902,453 **Business-type activities** 3,498,859 3,920,784 Net investment in capital assets 2,517,019 3,130,624 3,296,488 4,466,716 5,417,896 5,887,563 6,803,278 7,631,872 Unrestricted 2,242,548 2,885,392 3,078,233 2,902,656 2,912,773 3,205,423 2,175,998 2,813,342 2,811,157 2,561,031 6,823,440 Total business-type activities 4,759,567 6,016,016 6,501,911 6,577,092 7,379,489 7,593,894 8,700,905 9,614,435 10,192,903 Primary government Net investment in capital assets 18,330,187 22,694,587 22,616,804 23,950,586 26,387,155 27,655,834 28,367,274 32,077,026 34,446,342 38,363,869 Restricted 139,425 138,673 641,272 115,315 112,233 47,130 167,211 147,233 Unrestricted 6,461,539 4,773,515 5,173,761 4,559,786 3,652,055 3,893,885 5,386,180 6,873,832 8,387,347 10,564,276 Total primary government net position 27,929,990 28,649,045 30,680,482 38,997,988 24,791,726 27,468,102 \$ 31,665,034 33,865,687

⁽¹⁾ Accounting standards require net position be reported in three categories in the financial statements: invested in capital assets, net of related debt; restricted; and unrestricted. Net position is considered restricted when 1) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

Fiscal Year

					Fiscal	Year	•						
	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019		2020	2021	2022		2023	_	2024
Expenses													
Governmental Activities:													
General government	\$ 1,583,573	\$ 2,541,643	\$ 2,437,414	\$ 2,278,330	\$ 2,434,231	\$	2,265,651	\$ 3,007,482	\$ 2,325,969	\$	2,473,673	\$	3,605,909
Public safety	2,728,805	2,667,792	2,920,360	2,809,797	4,123,159		2,910,228	2,395,271	3,235,848		3,585,115		3,794,414
Public works	3,715,968	2,868,606	2,737,484	2,661,221	3,467,788		3,259,368	3,274,223	3,705,593		3,330,662		5,418,889
Health and welfare	264,880	65,636	37,519	38,928	35,947		27,193	1,244	2,172		-		1,764
Parks, recreation, and culture	2,219,947	3,182,023	3,058,604	2,896,160	3,426,901		2,860,715	1,834,270	2,324,507		2,913,265		1,321,996
Community development	2,220,759	1,482,812	1,298,975	1,112,417	1,019,371		1,114,551	1,119,696	1,186,482		1,980,993		1,741,850
Interest on long-term debt	116,242	104,489	94,281	98,028	123,726		237,614	463,017	471,541		414,595		375,342
Non-departmental	 258,510	135,187	74,874	83,017	 73,813		27,790	 66,423	47,850		41,305		250,879
Total government activities expense	 13,108,684	13,048,188	12,659,511	11,977,898	14,704,936	_	12,703,110	 12,161,626	13,299,962	_	14,739,608	_	16,511,043
Business-Type Activities:													
Wastewater	 2,663,324	2,523,852	2,661,341	2,796,247	 3,091,420		2,745,828	 3,048,537	2,619,862		3,044,859		3,796,476
Total business-type activities expenses	 2,663,324	 2,523,852	 2,661,341	2,796,247	3,091,420		2,745,828	3,048,537	 2,619,862		3,044,859	_	3,796,476
Total primary government expenses	\$ 15,772,008	\$ 15,572,040	\$ 15,320,852	\$ 14,774,145	\$ 17,796,356	\$	15,448,938	\$ 15,210,163	\$ 15,919,824	\$	17,784,467	\$	20,307,519
Program Revenues													
Governmental Activities:													
Charges for services													
Public safety	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 28,505	\$ 24,848	\$ 9,727	\$	8,429	\$ 78,678	\$ 99,741	\$	1,532	\$	3,452
Public works	369,912	346,394	361,054	408,613	419,277		419,189	432,872	471,146		699,350		1,216,308
Parks, recreation, and culture	436,640	441,508	442,265	457,433	465,227		326,457	139,422	430,448		484,274		461,756
Community development	14,390	16,163	13,864	12,240	9,537		11,718	10,009	7,870		1,281		792
Non-departmental	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-		-		10,847
Operating grants and contributions	2,460,379	1,829,418	1,916,785	1,966,946	3,161,727		2,044,384	2,907,667	2,515,182		2,485,031		2,994,429
Capital grants and contributions	 696,721	330,061	 142,465	 1,091,684	 2,270,745		689,764	 399,048	1,950,819		786,359		2,159,295
Total governmental activities program revenues	 3,978,042	 2,963,544	 2,904,938	 3,961,764	6,336,240	_	3,499,941	 3,967,696	 5,475,206	_	4,457,827	_	6,846,879

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CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

						Fiscal	Year							
		2015	2016	2017	2018	2019		2020	2021	2022	_	2023	_	2024
Program Revenues (Continued)														
Business-Type Activities:														
Charges for services														
Wastewater	\$	2,966,165	\$ 3,161,540	\$ 3,135,579	\$ 3,041,260	\$ 3,299,129	\$	3,270,050	\$ 3,247,886	\$ 3,721,438	\$	3,911,941	\$	4,293,288
Capital grants and contributions			100,000		-	-				 			_	
Total business-type activities program revenues		2,966,165	3,261,540	 3,135,579	 3,041,260	3,299,129		3,270,050	 3,247,886	 3,721,438	_	3,911,941		4,293,288
Total primary government program revenues	\$	6,944,207	\$ 6,225,084	\$ 6,040,517	\$ 7,003,024	\$ 9,635,369	\$	6,769,991	\$ 7,215,582	\$ 9,196,644	\$	8,369,768	\$	11,140,167
Net (Expense)/Revenue														
Governmental Activities	\$	(9,130,642)	\$ (10,084,644)	\$ (9,754,573)	\$ (8,016,134)	\$ (8,368,696)	\$	(9,203,169)	\$ (8,193,930)	\$ (7,824,756)	\$	(10,281,781)	\$	(9,664,164)
Business-Type Activities		302,841	737,688	 474,238	 245,013	207,709		524,222	199,349	 1,101,576		867,082	_	496,812
Total primary government net (expense)/revenue	\$	(8,827,801)	\$ (9,346,956)	\$ (9,280,335)	\$ (7,771,121)	\$ (8,160,987)	\$	(8,678,947)	\$ (7,994,581)	\$ (6,723,180)	\$	(9,414,699)	\$	(9,167,352)
General Revenues and other Changes in Net Posit	tion													
Governmental Activities:														
Taxes	\$	8,854,836	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
Current property taxes		-	2,747,145	2,657,010	2,802,195	2,899,882		2,874,852	3,122,505	3,172,700		3,350,367		2,584,030
Other property taxes		-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-		-		908,622
Local sales & use tax		-	461,012	492,287	494,985	488,092		517,472	574,619	625,761		688,073		740,764
Utility tax		-	81,420	82,728	84,375	84,167		83,572	83,682	83,048		83,887		83,773
Business license tax		-	943,751	877,549	839,908	838,602		872,946	912,463	957,533		1,049,253		1,132,287
Franchise license tax		-	66,535	63,036	77,917	60,555		57,917	51,531	51,903		51,913		50,926
Communication tax		-	117,391	114,150	110,756	102,749		100,406	89,183	86,562		84,050		78,985
Motor vehicle license		-	123,503	158,206	145,434	158,944		155,419	149,584	157,071		182,448		161,056
Bank stock tax		-	543,899	565,666	565,205	618,639		583,927	664,201	692,257		737,509		789,437
Cigarette tax		-	107,913	239,579	276,615	256,458		198,608	213,239	207,298		261,900		226,947
Hotel and motel room tax		-	812,441	832,691	856,812	896,562		731,585	706,960	1,107,105		1,358,219		1,427,102
Restaurant food tax		-	2,993,280	2,953,594	3,026,101	3,038,690		2,842,245	3,126,506	3,796,797		4,178,614		4,507,070
Unrestricted intergovernmental revenue		56,435	61,376	65,291	68,533	66,870		69,074	92,992	87,146		91,633		-
Unrestricted investment earnings		42,940	33,300	36,580	39,828	76,662		84,064	38,691	37,886		434,161		801,165

CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

Fiscal Year 2018 2019 2022 2015 2016 2017 2020 2021 2023 2024 (Continued) General Revenues and other Changes in Net Position (Continued) Governmental Activities: (Continued) \$ Rental of Town property 5,821 \$ 3,600 \$ 3,600 \$ 4,825 1,594 Recovered cost 31,894 Gain(loss) on sale of capital assets 8,452 (2,560)58,064 (13,535)Other 300,021 2,910,734 577,147 355,854 502,430 354,022 473,120 280,387 799,158 1,707,966 12,009,521 9,727,566 9,777,452 10,153,785 9,631,672 11,343,454 13,351,185 Total governmental activities 9,254,232 10,180,178 15,200,130 Business-Type Activities: 3,553 6,031 11,657 19,710 38,639 31,827 12,773 5,435 Unrestricted investment earnings 46,448 81,656 Other 2,283 Total business-type activities 3,553 6,031 11,657 19,710 38,639 31,827 15,056 5,435 46,448 81,656 12,015,552 9,739,223 10,192,424 10,195,234 11,348,889 Total primary government 9,257,785 9,797,162 9,663,499 13,397,633 15,281,786 **Change in Net Position** Governmental Activities \$ 123,590 1,924,877 (27,007)1,761,318 1,785,089 428,503 1,986,248 3,518,698 3,069,404 5,535,966 Business-Type Activities 306,394 743,719 485,895 264,723 246,348 556,049 214,405 1,107,011 913,530 578,468 Total primary government 429,984 2,668,596 458,888 2,026,041 2,031,437 984,552 2,200,653 4,625,709 3,982,934 6,114,434

⁽¹⁾ Trend data is only available for the last TEN fiscal years due to implementation of GASB 34.

FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

Fiscal Year

					Fisca	al Year				
	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
General Fund										
Nonspendable	\$ 101,045	\$ 111,657	\$ 4,006	\$ 5,858	\$ 5,253	\$ 3,213	\$ 99,776	\$ 167,826	\$ 203,635	\$ 102,683
Restricted	-	-	72,214	70,777	572,289	2,226,252	41,728	34,965	135,029	179,387
Assigned	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unassigned	5,769,280	4,957,351	4,926,546	5,093,732	5,095,439	5,381,729	7,509,213	8,544,788	9,946,776	10,961,316
Total general fund	\$ 5,870,325	\$ 5,069,008	\$ 5,002,766	\$ 5,170,367	\$ 5,672,981	\$ 7,611,194	\$ 7,650,717	\$ 8,747,579	\$ 10,285,440	\$ 11,243,386
All Other Governmental Funds										
Restricted	\$ 965,255	\$ 66,831	\$ 67,211	\$ 67,896	\$ 68,983	\$ 70,192	\$ 4,296,044	\$ 12,165	\$ 12,204	\$ (12,176)
Assigned	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,119	201,623	108,569
Unassigned	(52,902)	(63,539)	(77,942)	(93,914)				(6,517)		
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 912,353	\$ 3,292	\$ (10,731)	\$ (26,018)	\$ 68,983	\$ 70,192	\$ 4,296,044	\$ 12,767	\$ 213,827	\$ 96,393

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

Fiscal Year 2019 2015 2016 2017 2018 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 Revenues \$ 2,862,820 General property taxes \$ 2,584,556 \$ 2,693,882 \$ 2,699,105 \$ 2,790,671 \$ 2,906,767 \$ 3,020,303 \$ 3,286,313 \$ 3.379,042 \$ 2,573,300 Other local taxes 6,229,713 6,251,145 6,379,486 6,478,108 6,543,458 6,144,097 6,571,968 7,765,335 8,675,866 10,106,969 Permits and licenses 187,163 14,238 29,348 18,650 15,322 50,076 40,256 27,278 34,395 96,789 Fines and forfeitures 17,946 42,139 31,051 33,959 28,112 19,398 12,623 22,875 28,991 114,786 42,940 39,121 40,180 43,428 81,487 38,691 801,165 Investment earnings 84,064 37,886 434,161 Charges for services 820,942 804,065 903,768 765,793 660,981 1,693,155 845,688 903,134 1,014,306 1,186,437 Other revenues 27,584 2,568,021 293,099 268,987 394,038 319,841 223,291 222,732 518,164 311,336 Recovered cost 216,060 158,196 175,088 31.894 1,594 Intergovernmental 3,213,533 2,220,855 3,127,163 5,499,342 2,803,222 3,399,707 3,363,023 5,153,724 2,124,541 4,586,142 Total revenues 13,191,705 14,795,684 12,609,796 13,686,819 16,354,529 13,083,438 13,954,842 16,969,984 17,682,473 20,941,598 **Expenditures** General government 1,592,285 2,603,469 2,462,276 2,544,461 2,297,229 2,307,179 2,873,360 2,166,406 2,437,107 4,075,651 Public safety 3,253,764 2,562,188 2,830,596 2,856,972 3,726,692 2,717,149 2,923,689 2,842,821 3,427,819 3,820,181 Public works 3,567,118 2,962,420 2,674,970 2,839,549 3,235,037 3,038,454 3,106,221 3,831,042 4,411,349 6,375,160 Health and welfare 37,519 35,947 27,193 6,285 65,636 38,928 1,244 2,172 _ 1,764 Parks, recreation, and culture 2,291,793 3,288,799 3,018,181 2,745,573 2,612,269 2,681,332 5,383,617 9,621,733 3,128,070 4,110,704 Community development 2,099,266 1,434,039 1,243,488 1,227,791 1,266,510 1,174,349 1,109,361 479,268 1,121,258 1,319,892 Contingencies 258,510 83,017 73,813 27,790 48,866 47,850 250,879 143,458 74,874 41,305 Capital projects 1,824,652 2,289,700 123,356 2,793,659 4,431,161 2,160,980

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

	Fiscal Year											
	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024		
Expenditures (Continued) Debt service												
Principal	\$ 568,136	\$ 569,563	\$ 545,535	\$ 462,664	\$ 588,699	\$ 7,987,790	\$ 3,091,535	\$ 584,689	\$ 996,586	\$ 1,151,169		
Interest		110,969	97,631	97,020	122,074	100,513	406,771	482,124	465,897	448,283		
Total expenditures	15,461,809	16,030,241	13,108,426	15,689,634	18,389,431	22,222,729	18,956,561	20,688,198	16,228,025	20,713,059		
Excess (deficit) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(2,270,104)	(1,234,557)	(498,630)	(2,002,815)	(2,034,902)	(9,139,291)	(5,001,719)	(3,718,214)	1,454,448	228,539		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)												
Proceeds from sale of assets	-	7,234	7,037	14,240	189,160	41,065	14,318	506,592	9,989	5,486		
Proceeds from borrowing	691,827	78,300	70,133	29,189	40,374	10,944,023	9,780,839	25,207	129,259	517,292		
Non-governmental grants	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	34,400		
Premium on debt issues	-	-	-	-	-	-	999,951	-	-	-		
Payment of refunded debt	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,908,692)	-	-	-		
Insurance recoveries		116,884	341,195	2,111,700	2,402,983	93,625	58,945		145,225	1,054,795		
Total other financing sources	691,827	202,418	418,365	2,155,129	2,632,517	11,078,713	8,945,361	531,799	284,473	1,611,973		
Net change in fund balance	\$ (1,578,277)	\$ (1,032,139)	\$ (80,265)	\$ 152,314	\$ 597,615	\$ 1,939,422	\$ 3,943,642	\$ (3,186,415)	\$ 1,738,921	\$ 1,840,512		
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	3.81%	4.43%	5.16%	4.54%	5.37%	67.55%	22.63%	5.44%	9.90%	8.37%		

ASSESSED VALUE AND ACTUAL VALUE OF ALL PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

Public Utilities

				 Public	Utiliti	es			
Fiscal Year	 Real Estate	Personal Property	Machinery and Tools	 Real Estate		ersonal Property	 Mobile Homes	Total Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate Per \$100
2024	\$ 862,370,764	\$ 111,532,583	\$ 5,607,488	\$ 39,997,636	\$	19,979	\$ 1,140,884	\$ 1,020,669,334	0.252
2023	863,862,512	121,313,542	5,153,130	28,739,932		50,164	925,895	1,020,045,175	0.331
2022	855,185,600	106,955,598	5,012,035	33,445,685		47,354	898,271	1,001,544,543	0.328
2021	849,221,200	95,012,351	4,904,180	30,054,458		50,593	1,091,218	980,334,000	0.308
2020	775,072,400	93,360,078	5,151,285	27,948,565		49,628	950,588	902,532,544	0.322
2019	766,949,200	88,263,597	3,734,135	28,395,255		73,657	895,799	888,311,643	0.322
2018	766,009,000	84,475,328	3,532,855	25,338,387		87,847	886,601	880,330,018	0.317
2017	770,852,000	87,360,615	3,762,980	23,936,753		93,948	827,012	886,833,308	0.304
2016	743,344,400	91,104,836	3,808,370	23,829,224		9,415	729,889	862,826,134	0.312
2015	743,196,200	93,673,085	-	23,163,478		88,963	824,487	860,946,213	0.300

⁽¹⁾ Property is assessed at actual value, therefore, the assessed values are equal to actual value.

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

														Overlapp	ing Rat	es
										Public	Utilities			Washingto	on Cour	ıty
Fiscal	I	Real	Per	rsonal	Mac	chinery	M	obile]	Real	Per	rsonal	I	Real	Pe	rsonal
Year	E	state	Pro	operty	and	l Tools	H	omes	E	state	Pre	operty	<u>E</u>	state	Pro	perty
2024	\$	0.28	\$	0.76	\$	0.76	\$	0.28	\$	0.28	\$	0.76	\$	0.60	\$	1.70
2023		0.28		0.76		0.76		0.28		0.28		0.76		0.60		1.70
2022		0.28		0.76		0.76		0.28		0.28		0.76		0.60		1.70
2021		0.28		0.76		0.76		0.28		0.28		0.76		0.60		1.70
2020		0.28		0.76		0.76		0.28		0.28		0.76		0.63		1.70
2019		0.28		0.76		0.76		0.28		0.28		0.76		0.63		1.70
2018		0.28		0.76		0.76		0.28		0.28		0.76		0.63		1.70
2017		0.28		0.55		0.55		0.28		0.28		0.55		0.63		1.70
2016		0.28		0.55		0.55		0.28		0.28		0.55		0.63		1.70
2015		0.28		0.55		0.55		0.28		0.28		0.55		0.63		1.70

⁽¹⁾ Rates are presented per \$100 assessed value.

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS CURRENT YEAR AND FIVE YEARS AGO (UNAUDITED)

			2024			2019	
		Total Assessed		Percent of Real Estate	Total Assessed		Percent of Real Estate
Name	Nature of Business	Value	Rank	Levy	Value	Rank	Levy
K-VA-T Food Stores, Inc	Retail	\$ 18,623,100	1	24.80%	\$ 18,590,300	1	27.85%
WRPL 256 LLC (formerly) DMD LLC	Rental Real Estate-Apartments	12,079,700	2	16.08%	11,677,900	2	17.50%
Marathon Realty Corp	Retail	10,980,600	3	14.61%	-	-	0.00%
Atlantic Host, LLC	Hotel	5,860,400	4	7.80%	-	-	0.00%
Falcon Hospitality, LLC	Hotel	5,399,300	5	7.19%	-	-	0.00%
Abingdon VA Propco, LLC	Nursing Home	4,875,900	6	6.50%	-	-	0.00%
Buckhead Abingdon Inc	Hotel	4,847,600	7	6.45%	5,159,700	4	7.73%
New Concepts Hospitality LLC	Hotel	4,268,700	8	5.68%	4,263,600	5	6.39%
Double K. Properties LLC	Retail	4,230,900	9	5.63%	3,667,200	8	5.49%
Town Centre of Abingdon, LLC	Retail	3,969,400	10	5.28%	8,054,000	3	12.06%
Abingdon Professional Centre LLC	Professional Offices	-	-	0.00%	3,600,000	9	5.39%
Frizzell, Ben M. Jr.	Retail	-	-	0.00%	4,191,900	6	6.28%
Geneva C. Hargroves, SM LLC	Professional Offices	-	-	0.00%	4,052,500	7	6.07%
Southern Hospitality	Hotel		-	0.00%	3,504,700	10	5.25%
		\$ 75,135,600		100.00%	\$ 66,761,800		100.00%

⁽¹⁾ Schedule is ranked by the largest real estate tax assessed value.

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

Fiscal Year	Total Tax Levy (1)(2)	Current Tax Collections	Percent of Levy Collected	Delinquent Tax Collections	Total Tax Collections (3)	Percent of Total Tax Collections to Tax Levy	Outstanding Delinquent Taxes	Percent of Delinquent Taxes to Levy
2024	\$ 3,308,098	\$ 3,199,983	96.73 %	\$ 103,597	\$ 3,303,580	99.86 %	\$ 173,840	5.25 %
2023	3,272,907	3,045,426	93.05	142,021	3,187,447	97.39	161,444	4.93
2022	3,253,841	3,117,277	95.80	94,615	3,211,892	98.71	68,147	2.09
2021	3,153,320	2,888,638	91.61	72,930	2,961,568	93.92	112,893	3.58
2020	2,948,905	2,798,447	94.90	58,306	2,856,753	96.88	113,147	3.84
2019	2,891,272	2,757,847	95.39	56,625	2,814,472	97.34	114,385	3.96
2018	2,826,689	2,720,874	96.26	30,979	2,751,853	97.35	121,116	4.28
2017	2,681,396	2,609,612	97.32	38,733	2,648,345	98.77	112,486	4.20
2016	2,624,784	2,576,140	98.15	63,074	2,639,214	100.55	140,793	5.36
2015	2,754,504	2,662,560	96.66	69,757	2,732,317	99.19	-	-

⁽¹⁾ Exclusive of penalties and interest.

⁽²⁾ Does not include land redemptions.

⁽³⁾ Commonwealth reimbursement for auto tax included in total collections.

RATIO OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

Governmental Business-Type
Activities Activities

			F	Acuviues				- A	Activities				
_	Fiscal Year	 Debt Dutstanding	<u>I</u>	Lease liabilities	bscription iabilities	0	Debt outstanding	I	Lease Liabilities	ubscription Liabilities	<u> </u>	Total Primary Sovernment	Per Capita
	2024	\$ 12,536,595	\$	313,542	\$ 221,389	\$	2,884,773	\$	-	\$ -	\$	15,956,299	1,912
	2023	13,477,100		228,303	-		3,622,485		-	-		17,327,888	2,079
	2022	14,320,807		251,923	-		4,384,978		6,434	-		18,964,142	2,414
	2021	15,672,754		207,486	-		5,028,130		-	-		20,908,370	2,496
	2020	9,823,482		276,195	-		5,904,110		-	-		16,003,787	1,990
	2019	6,801,098		342,346	-		6,684,706		-	-		13,828,150	1,737
	2018	4,957,788		371,373	-		7,419,643		-	-		12,748,804	1,565
	2017	3,240,109		440,015	-		8,276,643		_	-		11,956,767	1,479
	2016	3,286,557		597,907	-		9,066,253		62,478	-		13,013,195	1,603
	2015	3,479,290		896,437	-		9,935,052		122,821	-		14,433,600	1,762

- (1) Center for Public Service at the University of Virginia and Abingdon town staff estimates.
- (2) Includes all general long-term debt obligations.
- (3) Data only available for last ten years.

During fiscal year 2024 the Town adopted GASB Statement No. 96 Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements. This standard required recognition of right-of-use subscription assets and corresponding subscription liabilities.

RATIO OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

Fiscal Year	 Debt Outstanding	Percentage of Actual Taxable Value of Property	Per Capita
2024	\$ 12,536,595	1.23 %	1,502
2023	13,477,100	1.32	1,617
2022	14,320,807	1.43	1,823
2021	15,672,754	1.60	1,871
2020	9,823,482	1.09	1,221
2019	6,801,098	0.77	854
2018	4,957,788	0.56	609
2017	3,240,109	0.37	401
2016	3,286,557	0.38	405
2015	3,479,290	0.40	425

⁽¹⁾ Details regarding the Town's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION (UNAUDITED) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

	Fiscal Year										
	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	
Assessed valuations Assessed value of taxed real property	\$ 743,196,200	\$ 743,344,400	\$ 770,852,000	\$ 766,009,000	\$ 766,949,200	\$ 775,072,400	\$ 849,221,200	\$ 855,185,600	\$ 863,862,512	\$ 111,532,583	
Legal debt margin Debt limit – 10 percent of total assessed value	\$ 74,319,620	\$ 74,334,440	\$ 77,085,200	\$ 76,600,900	\$ 76,694,920	\$ 77,507,240	\$ 84,922,120	\$ 85,518,560	\$ 86,386,251	\$ 11,153,258	
Debt applicable to limitation: Total bonded debt	14,433,600	13,013,195	11,956,767	12,748,804	13,828,150	16,003,787	20,908,370	20,559,305	17,327,888	1,912	
Less – wastewater revenue bonds and capital leases	(10,954,310)	(9,726,638)	(8,716,658)	(7,791,016)	(7,027,052)	(6,180,305)	(5,235,616)	(4,568,517)	(3,622,485)	(2,884,773)	
Total amount of debt applicable to debt limitation	3,479,290	3,286,557	3,240,109	4,957,788	6,801,098	9,823,482	15,672,754	15,990,788	13,705,403	(2,882,861)	
Legal debt margin	\$ 70,840,330	\$ 71,047,883	\$ 73,845,091	\$ 71,643,112	\$ 69,893,822	\$ 67,683,758	\$ 69,249,366	\$ 69,527,772	\$ 72,680,848	\$ 14,036,119	
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	4.68%	4.42%	4.20%	6.47%	8.87%	12.67%	18.46%	18.70%	15.87%	-25.85%	

PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

Water Revenue Bonds

					• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		rie (en de 2011					
Fiscal	Utility Service	(Less: Net Operating Available			Debt Service						
Year	 Charges	E	xpenses (2)		Revenue]	Principal	1	nterest		Total	Coverage
2024	\$ 4,293,288	\$	3,299,210	\$	994,078	\$	737,712	\$	1,985	\$	739,697	1.34
2023	3,911,941		2,573,402		1,338,539		762,493		3,805		766,298	1.75
2022	3,721,438		2,125,233		1,596,205		767,558		11,740		779,298	2.05
2021	3,247,886		2,563,314		684,572		1,097,411		13,446		1,110,857	0.62
2020	3,270,050		2,260,262		1,009,788		873,906		15,405		889,311	1.14
2019	3,295,533		2,450,518		845,015		892,592		18,136		910,728	0.93
2018	3,041,260		2,124,622		916,638		857,000		19,059		876,059	1.05
2017	3,109,116		1,969,670		1,139,446		873,512		25,531		899,043	1.27
2016	3,064,648		1,823,155		1,241,493		868,799		30,567		899,366	1.38
2015	2,963,387		1,907,625		1,055,762		865,033		36,998		902,031	1.17

⁽¹⁾ Details regarding the Town's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

⁽²⁾ Operating expenses do not include interest, depreciation, or amortization expense.

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

Fiscal Year	Population(1)	Personal Income (1)	N	r Capita Aedian come (1)	Median Age (2)	School Enrollment	Unemployment Rate
2024	8,346	N/A	\$	46,106	46.4	N/A	3.50 %
2023	8,336	N/A		36,815	45.0	N/A	4.60
2022	7,856	N/A		38,526	42.6	N/A	4.60
2021	8,376	3,039,568		38,742	45.2	1,956	4.60
2020	8,044	2,899,980		38,529	45.7	1,961	5.30
2019	7,963	N/A		38,338	45.9	1,994	3.40
2018	8,146	N/A		39,405	45.0	2,039	4.60
2017	8,083	N/A		39,405	42.6	2,050	4.60
2016	8,119	N/A		48,529	42.5	N/A	4.60
2015	8,191	N/A		48,214	39.0	2,690	5.80

⁽¹⁾ Source: census data, Sperling's Best Places, Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEARFACTS).

⁽¹⁾ Data only available for last ten years.

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT YEAR AND FIVE YEARS AGO (UNAUDITED)

		2024		2019	
		Total		Total	
		Estimated		Estimated	
Employer	Product or Service	Employment (1)	Rank	Employment (1)	Rank
V VAT/Food City	Gracery Distribution	1000+	1	500-750	3
K-VAT/Food City	Grocery Distribution		1		3
Washington County Schools	Public Agency	1000+	2	1000+	1
Wal-Mart*	Retail	500-999	3	150-200	6
Mountain States Health Alliance (Formerly JMH)	Health Care	500-999	4	500-749	2
Paramont Manufacturing*	Truck Manufacturing	500-999	5	-	-
Utility Trailer Manufacturing*	Trailer Manufacturing	500-999	6	-	_
Washington County Government	Public Agency	250-499	7	150-249	4
Emory & Henry College*	Higher Education	250-499	8	-	-
Kearney National, Inc.	Manufacturing	250-499	9	-	-
Virginia Highlands Community College	Higher Education	250-499	10	-	-
People Inc.	Community Org.	250-499	11	-	-
Columbus McKinnon Corp.	Manufacturing	100-249	12	-	-
SWVA Regional Jail	Public Agency	100-249	13	-	-
Town of Abingdon	Public Agency	100-249	14	-	-
McDonalds	Food Services	100-249	15	-	-
Barter Theatre	Entertainment	-	-	150-200	5
Lowes	Retail	-	-	100-150	7

Source: Virginia Works - Economic Information and Analytics Division

^{*} Located in Washington County.

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT TOWN GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

Fiscal Year 2020 2021 2022 2024 2023 **Function** General government Management services 2.0 2.0 2.0 3.0 4.0 Legal Human resources 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 Finance 8.0 8.0 8.0 8.0 8.0 Business incubator Information technology 3.0 3.5 3.0 4.0 4.0 3.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 **Building** Planning and Zoning 3.0 3.0 6.0 5.0 5.0 Public safety Police 31.0 31.0 29.0 26.0 28.0 Fire 8.5 1.0 8.5 11.5 14.5 Public works Administration 7.0 5.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 Refuse collection 3.0 3.0 1.5 2.5 3.0 Streets 18.0 19.0 14.0 15.0 15.0 5.0 2.0 3.0 2.0 Other 4.0 Parks, recreation, and cultural Parks 10.0 15.0 9.0 10.5 10.0 Recreation 29.0 32.5 36.5 14.0 17.5 **Tourism** 2.0 4.5 5.5 6.5 6.5 1.0 Other 2.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 Wastewater operations 13.0 10.0 Collection Disposal 10.0 10.0 Other 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0

⁽¹⁾ Source: Town's finance department.

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

Fiscal Year

	riscai i cai									
	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Function										
Public safety										
Incident reports	4,229	4,129	4,207	2,932	3,039	3,672	3,683	3,703	3,889	3,570
Number of traffic crashes	334	382	331	222	184	256	255	335	279	294
Number of arrests	364	316	368	324	313	312	241	297	407	364
Citations written	1,161	891	1,022	772	654	666	702	974	930	984
Fire and rescue										
Number of calls answered	522	411	533	554	624	598	615	604	675	627
Building inspections										
Permits issued	263	187	178	135	257	336	301	352	375	221
Parks and Recreation										
Youth Program Participants	4,512	4,920	5,403	10,389	16,024	15,739	688	22,409	24,140	37,545
Wastewater operations										
Number of service connections	4,940	4,977	5,039	4,747	5,068	5,830	5,711	5,625	5,869	5,865
Average daily treatment in gallons	2,320,000	1,970,000	2,157,742	2,159,000	2,690,000	2,840,000	2,850,000	2,870,000	2,110,000	2,047,644
Maximum daily capacity of plant			, ,							, ,
in gallons	4,950,000	4,950,000	4,950,000	4,950,000	4,950,000	4,950,000	4,950,000	4,950,000	4,950,000	4,950,000

⁽¹⁾ Source: Town's finance department.

⁽²⁾ Youth Program Participants decreased in fiscal year 2021 due to COVID-19.

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

Fiscal Year

	Fiscal Year									
	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Function										
Public safety										
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Number of patrol units	18	18	18	18	18	18	13	18	20	20
Number of sworn officers	25	25	24	23	24	25	26	27	24	24
Number of non-sworn	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	2
Public works										
Streets (miles)	75.00	75.00	75.00	75.00	75.17	75.17	75.17	75.20	77.35	77.35
Streets (miles on VDOT										
maint inventory)	54.79	54.32	54.32	54.32	54.38	54.38	54.38	54.38	56.53	56.53
Streetlights	1,213	1,218	1,218	1,218	1,241	1,241	1,241	1,262	13	1,262
Traffic signals	18	18	17	17	18	18	18	18	18	18
Wastewater operations										
Miles of sanitary sewers	111	111	111	111	111	111	111	111	111	111
Miles of storm sewers	22.3	22.3	22.3	22.3	22.3	22.3	22.3	22.5	22.5	22.5
Number of treatment plants	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Number of pumping stations	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6

COMPLIANCE SECTION



Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Honorable Members of the Town Council Town of Abingdon, Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Abingdon, Virginia (the "Town"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 20, 2024.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Brown, Edwards & Company, S. L. P.

Bristol, Tennessee November 20, 2024

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Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

To the Honorable Members of the Town Council Town of Abingdon, Virginia

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Compliance for Each Major Program

We have audited the Town of Abingdon, Virginia's (the "Town") compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Town's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024. The Town's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

In our opinion, the Town complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the Town and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements related to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal documentation of the Town's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the Town's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the Town's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the Town's compliance the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risk of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design
 and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on
 a test basis, evidence regarding the Town's compliance with the compliance requirements
 referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the
 circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the Town's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in
 order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report
 on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the
 purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control over
 compliance Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

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Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that have not been identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Brown, Edwards & Company, S. S. P.

Bristol, Tennessee November 20, 2024

Town of Abingdon, Virginia Summary of Compliance Matters June 30, 2024

As more fully described in the Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we performed tests of the Town's compliance with certain provisions of the laws, regulations, contracts, and grants shown below.

State Compliance Matters

Code of Virginia

Budget and Appropriation Laws
Cash and Investment Laws
Conflicts of Interest Act
Local Retirement Systems
Debt Provisions
Procurement Laws
Uniform Disposition of Unclaimed Property Act

State Agency Requirements
Urban Highway Maintenance
Fire Programs Aid to Localities

Federal Compliance Matters

Compliance Supplement for Single Audits of State and Local Governments

Provisions and conditions of agreements related to federal program selected for testing.

Town of Abingdon, Virginia Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

June 30, 2024

A – Summary of Auditor's Results

- 1. The auditor's report expresses an **unmodified opinion** on the financial statements.
- No significant deficiencies and no material weaknesses relating to the audit of the financial statements were reported in the Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards.
- 3. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements were disclosed.
- 4. **No significant deficiencies and no material weaknesses** relating to the audit of the major federal award programs were reported in the Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance.
- 5. The auditor's report on compliance for the major federal award programs expresses an unmodified opinion.
- 6. The audit disclosed **no audit findings relating to the major programs**.
- 7. The program tested as major was:

Name of Program	Assistance Listing Number
COVID-19 – Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund	21.027
the left few distinguishing Time A and Dangerson and \$750,000	

- 8. The threshold for distinguishing Type A and B programs was \$750,000.
- 9. The Town was determined to be a **low-risk auditee**.

B – Findings –	Financial	Statemen	t Audit		
None.					

C – Findings and Questioned Costs – Major Federal Award Program Audit

None.

D - Findings - Commonwealth of Virginia

None.

Town of Abingdon, Virginia Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings

June 30, 2024

None.

B - Findings and Questioned Costs - Major Federal Award Program Audit

None.

C – Findings – Commonwealth of Virginia

2023-001: Weldon Cooper Report

Condition

The Weldon Cooper Center survey report submitted during fiscal year 2023 for fiscal year 2022 activity contained errors in the reported amounts relating to valuation of bonds outstanding, police department expenditures, and property tax receipts.

Recommendation

The Town should ensure reports are reviewed for accuracy prior to submission.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Action

Management concurs with this recommendation.

Current Status

Not applicable in the current year.