# County of Northampton, Virginia



Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

#### **About The Cover**

# JUVENILE & DOMESTIC RELATIONS COURT SERVICES BUILDING

This facility, while initially planned to be incorporated in the new courthouse construction, was eliminated as a cost-cutting measure when the courthouse was constructed in 2005. The governing body then determined that a stand-alone building was in the best interest of the citizens of the County and located the court services building to the south of, and adjacent to, the new courthouse. The 2,800 square foot building was initially bid in April of 2010 but when bids were received far in excess of the budget, the project was scaled back and re-bid in November 2010. Armada-Hoffler of Virginia Beach, Virginia, was the successful bidder and was awarded the bid in January 2011 in an amount of \$487,435.00. The facility was completed less than a year later with a final construction cost of \$470,203.31. The building contains six offices, waiting area, file storage room and conference room.

# COUNTY OF NORTHAMPTON, VIRGINIA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

Prepared By:

Leslie Lewis, CPA Director of Finance



#### FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

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# COUNTY OF NORTHAMPTON, VIRGINIA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FISCAL YEAR 2012

(July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2012)

#### **BOARD OF SUPERVISORS**

Oliver H Bennett, Chairman Willie C. Randall, Vice Chairman Richard L. Hubbard Larry E.LeMond Laurence J. Trala

#### **COUNTY OFFICIALS**

Katherine H. Nunez, County Administrator
Leslie M. Lewis, Director of Finance
Bruce D. Jones, Jr., County/Commonwealth Attorney
Cynthia S. Bradford, Treasurer
Anne G. Sayers, Commissioner of Revenue
Traci W. Johnson, Clerk of Court
David L. Doughty, Jr., Sheriff
Theresa A. Wiser, Registrar

#### **BOND COUNSEL**

McGuire Woods LLP One James Center 901 East Cary Street Richmond, Virginia 23219

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR

Robinson, Farmer, Cox Associates 401 Southlake Boulevard, Suite C-1 Richmond, Virginia 23236

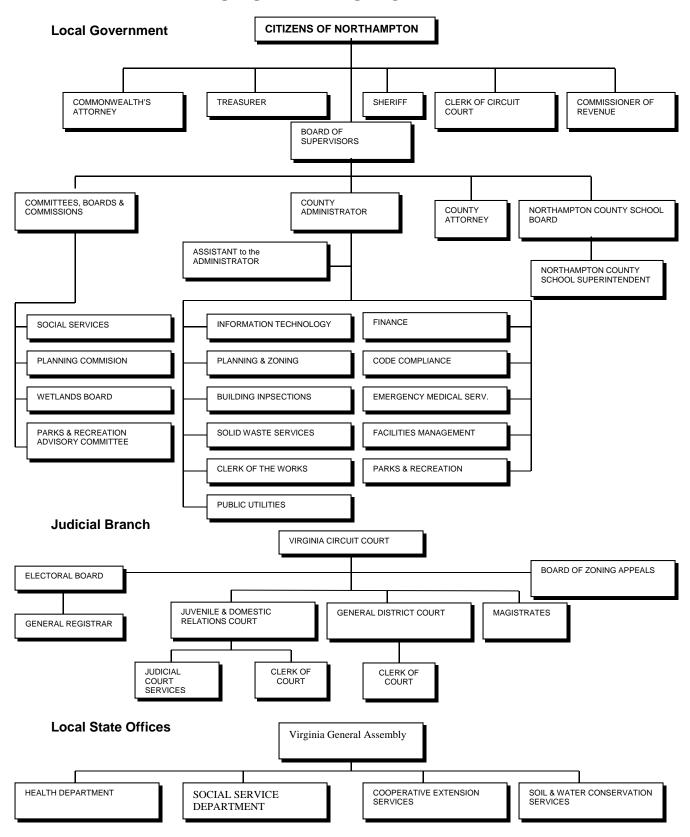
#### **COUNTY OF NORTHAMPTON**

(Physical address)
16404 Courthouse Road, Eastville, VA 23405
(Mailing address)
P.O. Box 66, Eastville, VA 23347
757-678-0440

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#### **ORGANIZATION CHART**







### County of Northampton

P.O. Box 66 16404 Courthouse Rd. Eastville, VA 23347

Phone: 757-678-0440 Fax: 757-678-0483

December 11, 2012

To the Board of Supervisors and the Citizens of Northampton County:

The Code of Virginia (§ 15.2-2511) requires that all localities publish within six months of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of audited financial statements. This report is published to fulfill that requirement for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information presented in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, Northampton County's framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement.

Robinson, Farmer, Cox Associates, a firm of licensed certified public accountants, has audited and issued an unqualified "clean" opinion on the financial statements of Northampton County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012. The Independent Auditors' report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

Generally accepted accounting principles require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. Northampton County's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

#### **Profile of the Government**

Northampton County comprises the southernmost portion of the Eastern Shore of Virginia, bordered on the north by Accomack County, Virginia, on the west by the Chesapeake Bay, and on the east by the Atlantic Ocean. At the southern end of the County is the Chesapeake Bay Bridge-Tunnel, connecting the County to the Hampton Roads area of Virginia. The County encompasses a land area of approximately 355 square miles. The County's population was 12,389 according to the 2010 census. The County is a full-service County and provides a variety of services to its citizens as authorized by the laws of the Commonwealth of Virginia. The County is authorized to issue general obligation bonds, generally subject to voter referendum.

Northampton County was formed as an independent county in 1634 and is organized under the traditional county form of



government. The Board of Supervisors, which establishes policies for the administration of the County, is the governing body of the County. The Board is composed of five members, one member elected from each of five election districts. A member must be a resident of the district in which he or she serves. Members are elected for four-year staggered terms, with three members' terms expiring every two years. Each year the Board elects a Chairman and Vice Chairman from among its members. In addition to the County Board, other elected County officials include the Commonwealth's Attorney, Commissioner of the Revenue, Treasurer, Sheriff, and Clerk of the Circuit Court.



The Board appoints a County Administrator to serve as the chief executive officer of the County. The County Administrator serves at the pleasure of the Board, implements its policies, directs business and administrative procedures, and recommends officials to be appointed by the Board. The County Administrator is currently assisted by eleven staff departments and offices including Finance; Information Technology; Planning and Zoning; Code Compliance; Clerk of the Works; Facilities Management; Building Inspections; Solid Waste Services; Public Utilities; Emergency Medical Services; and Parks and Recreation.

Northampton County is also financially accountable for a legally separate school system which is reported as a discretely presented component unit in the audited financial statements. The Northampton County public

schools are governed by the Northampton County School Board, which is composed of eight members who are appointed by the County Board of Supervisors. A Superintendent is appointed by the School Board to administer the operations of the County's public schools. The School Board functions independently of the County Board but is required to prepare and submit an annual budget to the County Board of Supervisors for its consideration. Because the School Board can neither levy taxes nor incur indebtedness under Virginia law, the local costs of the school system are in large part provided by appropriation from the County's General Fund. The costs of constructing school facilities are generally provided by capital appropriations from the County's General Fund, through State Literary Fund loans, Qualified Zone Academy Bonds (QZAB), and through the Virginia Public School Authority.

In Virginia, cities and counties are not overlapping units of government. However, there are no incorporated cities within the boundaries of the County. There are six incorporated towns all or partly located in Northampton County, the largest of which are the Town of Exmore with a population of 1,458 and the Town of Cape Charles with a population of 1,008, and the others of which are the Towns of Cheriton, Eastville, Nassawadox and Belle Haven. These towns are underlying units of government within the County, and the ordinances and regulations of the County are, with certain limitations prescribed by State law, generally effective in them. Property in these towns is subject to County taxation and the County provides certain services to their residents. These towns may also incur general obligation indebtedness without the prior approval of the County.



The County operates under an annual operating budget adopted in accordance with the provisions of the Code of Virginia. The budget is the legal basis of the budgetary accounting system and the standard by which proposed expenditures are measured. The balanced budget must be adopted prior to the beginning of the fiscal year. The budget is subject to public inspection and a public hearing prior to its adoption. The budget is considered balanced when net revenue equals appropriations.



The operating budget is adopted on a departmental basis and is prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting for all funds. Departmental appropriations that have not been expended by the end of the fiscal year are returned to the County's fund balance. Funds that are subject to carryover include unspent grant revenue or awards which must be presented to the Board for "re-appropriation."

Department Heads and Constitutional Officers may approve transfers within their own operating budgets with the exception of transfers affecting salaries and related accounts. The County Administrator is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments, but any revisions that alter total expenditures must be approved by the Board of Supervisors through legislative action. All supplemental appropriations

must be reported in a public meeting of the Board of Supervisors and made a matter of record in the minutes.

Appropriations designated for capital projects do not lapse at the end of the fiscal year but remain appropriations until the completion of the project or until the Board of Supervisors, by appropriate resolution, amends or eliminates the appropriation. Upon completion of a capital project, staff is authorized to close out the project and transfer to the funding source any remaining balances.

#### **Demographic Factors and Local Economy**

From Colonial times to the present, agriculture has been the mainstay of the Eastern Shore economy. Early farmers grew tobacco and later turned to livestock, some of which freely grazed on the seaside barrier islands. Eventually



these farms raised grain crops and produce. Agriculture is still estimated to represent approximately 18% of the local economy. During the 1880s, the arrival of the railroad stimulated the local economy and literally changed the face of the Eastern Shore. Built down the spine of the peninsula, towns and villages sprang up along the line.

Watermen have been active on the shore for generations. Once abundant,

oysters were a mainstay of the seafood industry along with the famed blue crab, clams and scallops. Waterfront villages and

towns enjoyed a healthy economy as watermen brought in their catch and seafood packing, oyster shucking and crab picking houses stayed busy. Though oysters are not as abundant today due to over-harvesting and disease, blue crabs from the Eastern Shore are still a sought after commodity. Clam aquaculture or water farming is a multi-million dollar industry with operations in Willis Wharf, Chincoteague and Cherrystone Creek.



#### Unemployment

The following table presents the County's and other jurisdictions unemployment rates over the last ten years.

#### **Average Annual Unemployment Rates**

	Commonwealth	
Northampton County	of Virginia	United States
5.7	3.6	5.4
4.3	3.7	5.5
4.9	3.5	5.1
4.4	3.0	4.6
4.1	3.8	4.6
5.5	4.0	5.8
7.8	6.9	9.3
7.6	6.9	9.6
8.0	6.2	8.9
7.5	5.4	7.5
	5.7 4.3 4.9 4.4 4.1 5.5 7.8 7.6 8.0	Northampton County         of Virginia           5.7         3.6           4.3         3.7           4.9         3.5           4.4         3.0           4.1         3.8           5.5         4.0           7.8         6.9           7.6         6.9           8.0         6.2

Source: Virginia Employment Commission

#### INCOME

Per capita personal income for Northampton County in 2011 was \$36,011, the latest year for which data was available. Selected per capita personal income data for Northampton County and other jurisdictions is as follows:

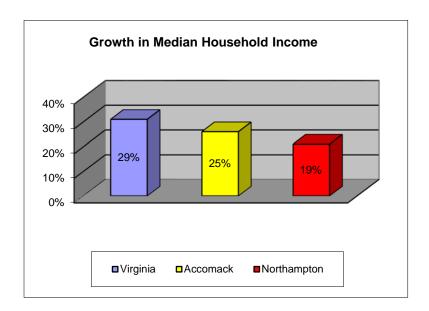
#### Per Capita Personal Income Selected Years

	Northampton	Commonwealth	<u>United</u>
<u>Year</u>	<u>County</u>	<u>of Virginia</u>	<u>States</u>
2002	23,001	33,018	30,814
2003	24,057	33,993	31,487
2004	24,660	36,175	33,041
2005	25,502	37,503	34,471
2006	26,481	39,540	36,714
2007	32,413	43,158	39,392
2008	33,514	44,075	40,166
2009	34,996	42,929	38,637
2010	34,898	44,134	39,791
2011	36,011	46,107	41,560

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

Since 2000, Northampton County's median household income has been growing at a slower rate than that of Accomack County or the State of Virginia as evidenced below.

	<u>2000</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>% increase</u>
Virginia	46,789	60,665	29%
Accomack	29,809	37,312	25%
Northampton	28,405	35,308	19%



The following chart reflects the number of households by income levels on the Eastern Shore of Virginia. The area's growing popularity with retirees and those seeking vacation homes has clearly had a dramatic affect on this indicator.

	<u>1990</u>	<u>2000</u>	<u>% Change</u>
< \$25,000	10,799	8,730	-19%
\$25,000 to \$49,999	5,113	6,802	+33%
\$50,000 to \$74,999	1,222	2,958	+142%
\$75,000 to \$99,999	325	1,062	+227%
\$100,000 or more	275	1,037	+277%

#### **Employment**

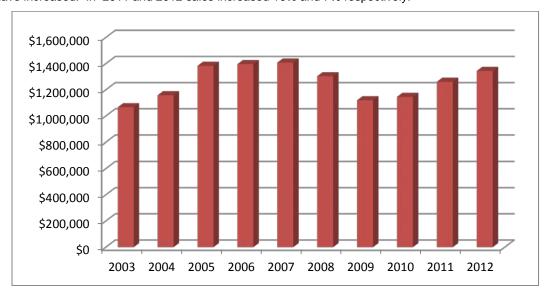
The following table reflects the breakdown of employment by industry in Northampton County for the quarter ending June 30, 2012. Source: Labor Market Statistics, Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages Program

Industry	Employment	Percentage
Health Care & Social Assistance	1,029	21.73%
Local Government	874	18.45%
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing & Hunting	748	15.89%
Retail Trade	453	9.55%
Accommodation and Food Services	413	8.72%
Manufacturing	385	8.13%
Other Service (except Public Administration)	161	3.40%
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	147	3.10%
Education Services	80	1.68%
State Government	78	1.64%
Finance and Insurance	76	1.60%
Construction	69	1.45%
Professional, Scientific and Technical Services	50	1.05%
Wholesale Trade	48	1.01%
Federal Government	32	0.67%
Administrative and Support and Waste Management	31	0.65%
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	26	0.54%
Transportation and Warehousing	25	0.52%
Information	10	0.22%
Total	4,735	100.00%

Source: Virginia Employment Commission

#### **Taxable Sales Revenue**

Northampton County has experienced a fluctuation in taxable sales over the ten years, For the past three years, sales have increased. In 2011 and 2012 sales increased 10% and 7% respectively.



#### Housing

According to the 2011 U.S. Census, there were 7,268 total housing units (including rental apartments) located in the County of Northampton, Of those occupied units, the following table presents data regarding their respective types of occupancy.

#### HOUSING UNITS BY OCCUPANCY

	<u>2011</u>
Owner Occupied	5,167
Renter Occupied	<u>2,100</u>
Total:	7,268

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Census Bureau, 2011 Census



The County's dependence on property tax revenue continues to increase. For FY12, property tax revenue is expected to generate 67.9% of General Fund revenues compared to 50% in FY04. Residential real estate is the fastest growing portion of the tax base. The residential portion of current year real estate tax revenue was 80% of the total real estate tax base for the 2011 tax year. By comparison, in 2000, it was only 64%. For FY11, current year real estate tax revenues are expected to increase by only .66% over FY10. Overall property tax revenue is expected to increase by .5%.

#### **Travel and Tourism**

Tourism remains one of the County's primary industries due to its location between the Atlantic Ocean and the Chesapeake Bay. According to the Virginia Division of Tourism, preliminary figures indicate that travel expenditures in the County exceeded \$66,573,821 in 2011 and approximately 736 tourism-related jobs are located in the County. Travel expenditures increased by 5.24% over 2010, while the number of tourism related jobs fell by 1.36%. Major tourism spots on the Eastern Shore of Virginia include the Assateague Island National Seashore, the Chincoteague National Wildlife Refuge, Kiptopeke State Park, the



Eastern Shore National Wildlife Refuge and the NASA/Wallops Island Visitor Center.



Northampton County's tourism program is directed by the Eastern Shore of Virginia Tourism Commission, a joint commission created by the Boards of Supervisors of Accomack and Northampton Counties in 1984. The Commission's mission is to advertise, promote, and market the two counties as a vacation destination and is funded jointly by each County. Additional funding is provided by local businesses in the form of tax-deductible patronships. Beginning in FY08, Northampton County raised the transient occupancy tax on lodging from 2% to 5% and dedicated the additional 3% to fund tourism programs within the County. A portion of the additional funding is ear-marked for capital projects related to tourism within the County. Since FY09, a portion of these funds have been released as part of a local competitive grant program. The Eastern Shore Tourism

Commission has recently adopted a strategy for tourism on the Eastern Shore of Virginia. The stated vision includes transforming Virginia's Eastern Shore into a well-known brand used to market everything from the tourism experience to farm produce and shellfish. The vision would also promote the Eastern Shore of Virginia as an environmental beacon, where family farms and historic villages co-exist with a teeming fishery, rich oyster and clam beds, and a vast wilderness of marsh and barrier islands of global ecological significance. The Tourism Commission intends to promote the development of a high dollar-low impact tourism industry which plays to the natural strengths of the

shore, including its uniqueness. The Tourism Commission would encourage a vibrant tourist industry including ecotourism, agri-tourism, and historical tourism to generate economic opportunities that capitalize on the special qualities of the shore.

#### **Long-Term Financial Planning and Major Initiatives**

On August 27, 2012, the Northampton Board of Supervisors adopted a 5 year strategic plan.

#### **BACKGROUND:**

Strategic planning in local government involves a structured, analytical approach to setting goals, defining objectives and strategically pursuing actions in furtherance of a shared community vision. Strategic planning extends beyond arbitrary administrative boundaries and traditional thinking. Strategic planning is often defined as "a disciplined effort to produce fundamental decisions and actions that shape and guide what an organization is, what it does and why it does it." The intent of a strategic retreat composed of the elected leadership of the community and the appointed department heads was to establish long-range goals, annual objectives and detailed strategies to address issues relating to performance, productivity and general improvement of the well-being of the community and work force.

#### **PROCESS:**

The Northampton County Board of Supervisors conducted a strategic retreat at the County's Emergency Operations Center on Saturday, March 10, 2012, facilitated by Eddie Swain, Dean of Workforce Development at the Eastern Shore Community College. The session focused on the following:

- Review of the existing Vision and Mission Statement
- Identify the Strengths, Weaknesses, Opportunities & Threats of the County
- Development of 4 Major Strategic Goals to achieve the vision and mission statement of the County.

The department heads and constitutional officers participated with the Board in the review of the Vision and Mission Statement and the Strengths, Weaknesses, Opportunities & Threats Assessment.

With the establishment of the 4 major strategic goals, the Board directed the County Administrator to develop 3 to 4 major objectives to bring the strategic goal to fruition and to develop specific strategies & tasks for each major objective that are Specific, Measurable, Attainable, Reach (just out of), and Time bound (SMART) to serve as the plan to move the goal into reality.

#### **VISION and MISSION STATEMENT**

The mission of the Northampton County Government is to provide the necessary services to protect the health, safety, welfare, environment and quality of life of our citizens consistent with the communities' values and priorities. This mission is accomplished by encouraging citizen involvement, by preserving the County's fiscal stability, traditional values and unity of our people through the implementation of effective and efficient government programs; consensus building; managing the County's natural, cultural, and historic resources; planning for the future; and representing citizen needs and desires to other levels of government.

#### **STRATEGIC GOALS**

- EDUCATION Facilitate the development of a quality educational environment that provides for highquality educational and job readiness skills all County residents
- II. ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT Create an environment where businesses are welcome and services are available to help them be prosperous.
- III. INFRASTRUCTURE Develop an infrastructure system that improves our quality of life.
- IV. HEALTH CARE Provide and support adequate health care facilities, services and coverage for all citizens of the County, to the extent possible.

#### **GOAL #1 - EDUCATION**

Facilitate the development of a quality educational environment that provides for high-quality educational and job readiness skills for all County residents

#### OBJECTIVE #1: Develop mutually agreeable goals with the School Board by June 30, 2014.

- A. Support prevention and early intervention programs for children and youth most at risk.
- B. Implement universal pre-K program.
- C. Increase graduation rates across demographic categories.
- D. Obtain accreditation for each school within the School District.
- Secure agreements between the School Board and the County to share costs and responsibilities where practical and when county cost savings can be realized. The range of programs and services amenable to possible collaboration include the purchase of supplies and equipment, vehicle procurement & maintenance, maintenance of physical plant and building grounds, financial management, personnel systems, insurance, audit services, and information technology services.

#### OBJECTIVE #2: Develop a funding strategy for mutually-agreeable school capital improvement plan by June 30, 2013,

- A. Work with School Board in developing a feasibility study regarding the high school facility, including options for middle school location.
- Develop a comprehensive cost estimate through the feasibility study for the high school and update the existing capital plan for the two elementary schools.
- C. Utilize services of the county's financial advisor to provide funding options and timelines to achieve implementation of the school capital improvement plan.

#### OBJECTIVE #3: Continue funding at or above current per-student levels on an annual basis.

#### Maintain funding at or above current per-student levels, using the Fiscal Year 2013 budget as base. Examine the impact of the Composite Index re-calculation in spring 2013 for impact on Fiscal B. Year 2014 and Fiscal Year 2015 budgets.

- C. Develop a memorandum of understanding with the School Board that stipulates the county's
- financial commitment to public education, on a fiscal year basis, that the School Board can rely upon when developing the school budget.

STRATEGIES

STRATEGIES

STRATEGIES

#### GOAL #2 - ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Create an environment where businesses are welcome and services are available to help them be prosperous.

OBJECTIVE #1: Review and revise the zoning ordinance to promote business development by June 30, 2013.

### STRATEGIE S

- A. Complete the Comprehensive Plan Update.
- B. Review the zoning ordinance for consistency and compliance with the updated Comprehensive Plan.

#### OBJECTIVE #2: Develop an Industrial Park by June 30, 2017

# STRATEGIES

- A. Develop list of available properties that meet the criteria developed by the Board of Supervisors for an industrial park.
- B. Evaluate and refine the list by ranking properties that are most suitable for development into an industrial park.
- C. Engage discussions with landowners for acquisition of property.
- D. Seek and apply for federal and state funds to develop property for industrial park purposes.

#### OBJECTIVE #3: Hire an Economic Development Director by December 31, 2012

# STRATEGIES

- A. Include funding in the Fiscal Year 2013 for an Economic Development Director and an operating budget to support said position.
- B. Conduct personnel search for qualified candidates for Economic Development Director.
- C. Select and engage an individual to serve in the position of Economic Development Director.

### OBJECTIVE #4: Develop Business Incentives that can be provided by the County to stimulate business recruitment, selection, location and development by June 30, 2013.

## TEGIES

- A. Develop and propose a Technology Zone for the County which would identify qualifying properties and provide incentives for the location of technology specific businesses within that zone.
- B. Develop and propose a Tourism Zone for the County would identify qualifying properties and provide incentives for the location of tourism specific businesses within that zone.
- C. Review and recommend additional incentives for the Enterprise Zone, relative to permit review and local taxation.
- D. Annually review the County's tax structure and analyze its effectiveness and competitiveness with other similarly sized Virginia localities.

#### **GOAL #3 – INFRASTRUCTURE**

Develop an infrastructure system that improves our quality of life.

OBJECTIVE #1: Promote broadband availability for business and residential use by June 30, 2017.

STRATEGIES

- A. Engage the Eastern Shore of Virginia Broadband Authority in developing marketing materials that detail the location of high-speed broadband and the pricing of service.
- B. Partner with the Virginia Economic Development Partnership in marketing the availability of broadband in the County.
- C. Work with local internet service providers in removing any barriers (zoning or otherwise) that may impede the offering of broadband to our businesses and residents.

OBJECTIVE #2: Provide water and sewer to Northern and Southern Nodes of the County in a financially responsible way by June 30, 2017.

# STRATEGIES

- A. Support the Public Service Authority with staffing assistance.
- B. Assist the Public Service Authority in seeking grant funding opportunities for water and sewer system development and construction.
- C. Examine feasibility of special tax districts to assist in the development of water and sewer infrastructure.
- D. Participate in outreach to the County residents, businesses and incorporated towns regarding the need, impact and cost of proposed water and sewer systems.

#### **GOAL #4 – HEALTH CARE**

Provide and support adequate health care facilities, services and coverage for all citizens of the County, to the extent possible.

#### MAJOR OBJECTIVES & Key Strategies/Tasks

OBJECTIVE # 1: Ensure the County has a 24/7 Emergency care facility located in the County by June 30, 2017.

STRATEGIES

- A. Ascertain final plans from Riverside as to what remaining medical services and facilities will continue to be provided at the Nassawadox campus.
- B. Partner with Eastern Shore Health District and the Accomack-Northampton Planning District to determine what health services need to be solicited to adequately service Northampton County for emergency care.

OBJECTIVE #2: Strongly support EMS services by June 30, 2017.

STRATEGIES

- A. Review and implement the state Fire and EMS Study, commissioned in 2011, as it relates to EMS service.
- B. Complete feasibility study for renovation of former Middle School property as new location for the Northampton EMS Department.
- C. Review and evaluate the effectiveness of the County-operated ambulance in relation to the volunteer ambulance coverage.

OBJECTIVE #3: Partner with Riverside Shore Memorial Hospital for a redevelopment plan for its present facilities by June 30, 2014.

STRATEGIES

- A. Engage the Riverside Shore Memorial Hospital Board of Directors and Executive Management of Riverside in discussions to determine the scope of the medical services and facilities that will remain in Nassawadox.
- B. Work with the Riverside Shore Memorial Hospital Board of Directors, the Executive Management of Riverside and the Nassawadox Town Council in identifying re-use possibilities for the property and any facilities that will not have a continued purpose for delivery of medical services.

#### **Relevant Financial Policies**

The Fund Balance Policy establishes the minimum level of acceptable unassigned general fund balance at 8% of the combined budgeted expenditures of General Fund, Social Services Fund, Eastern Shore Regional Jail Fund and the School Operating Fund (net of interfund transfers). At June 30, 2012, the unassigned general fund balance was \$6,598,399 or 18.22%. If at any time the unassigned fund balance falls below the minimum acceptable amount, appropriate action will be taken by the Board to either increase revenues or reduce expenditures in the current fiscal year in order to bring the next year's fund balance amount to an acceptable level. The adopted Debt Service Policy established a limit of 4% for debt as a percentage of assessed value of real estate. The ratio of debt service expenditures as a percent of governmental fund expenditures is similarly limited to 12%.

#### **Awards & Acknowledgements**

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the County of Northampton for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010. This was the eighth consecutive year the County has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

This report reflects the results of the Board of Supervisors' strong financial policies. The Board's support and cooperation in planning and conducting the financial operations of the County is acknowledged and appreciated.

We also acknowledge and extend special recognition to the staffs of the Finance and Treasurer's departments for their efficient and dedicated service to the County. Their efforts to maintain the accounting and financial reporting system of the County have led to the high quality of information being reported to the Board of Supervisors and citizens of the County, as well as present and potential investors.

Respectfully submitted,

Katherine N. Mun

Katherine H. Nunez County Administrator Leslie M. Lewis, CPA Director of Finance

Leslie M. Lewis

### ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

#### To The Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Northampton Northampton, Virginia

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Northampton, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the County of Northampton, Virginia's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns* issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Northampton, Virginia, as of June 30, 2012, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 11, 2012, on our consideration of the County of Northampton, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the budgetary comparison information, the Schedule of Pension Funding Progress, and the Schedule of Funding Progress for Retiree Health Insurance Plan be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the management's discussion and analysis and schedules of funding progress in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the management's discussion and analysis and schedules of funding progress because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance. The budgetary comparison information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County of Northampton, Virginia's financial statements as a whole. The introductory section, other supplementary information, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, and is also not a required part of the financial statements. The other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole. The introductory section and statistical section have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Robinson, Farma, Cox assocites

Richmond, Virginia December 11, 2012

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the County of Northampton (the County), we offer readers of the County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages viii through xix of this report.

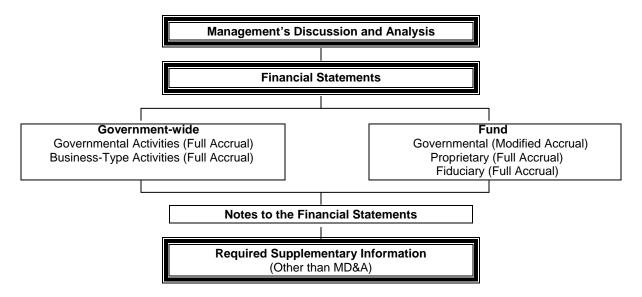
#### **Financial Highlights**

- The assets of the County of Northampton (primary government) exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$24,876,545 (*net assets*). The County's investment in capital assets, net of related debt increased from \$11,723,703 to \$13,813,629. Unrestricted net assets increased by \$1,573,196.
- At June 30, 2012, the unassigned General Fund balance was \$6,598,399 or 27.18% of actual operating expenditures as defined by the County's fund balance policy. Total general fund balance increased by \$1,072,173 from FY2011.
- On a government-wide basis for governmental activities the County had expenses net of program revenues of \$16,071,308 which were \$3,977,050 less than the general revenues of \$20,048,358.
- On a government-wide basis for business-type activities the County had expenses net of program revenues of \$95,162.
- During fiscal year 2012, the County entered into a \$183,606 capital lease agreement as lessee for financing the acquisition of three new sheriff's vehicles, one animal control patrol vehicle, one reassessment truck, EMS quick response vehicle, computer server and digital video recorder. The School Board also entered into a \$352,016 capital lease for the acquisition of 3 school buses and classroom technology equipment.
- The County received another \$3,444,581 in additional reimbursement from the state for the construction of the regional jail during FY12. Which was the remaining construction reimbursement owed as a result of required changes to design by state agencies.

#### **Using the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report**

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report consists of four sections: introductory, financial, statistical, and compliance. As illustrated in the chart below, the financial section of this report has three components: management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information.

#### **Components of the Financial Section**



The County's financial statements present two different kinds of statements (government-wide and fund), with two different approaches and views of the County's finances. The government-wide statements provide information on the overall financial status of the County. This method is more comparable to the method used in private industry. The fund financial statements focus on the individual funds of the County government, reporting the operations in more detail than the government-wide statements. When presented in a single report, both perspectives allow the user to address relevant questions, broaden the basis for comparison, and enhance the County's accountability.

#### **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide statements report information about the County as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual method of accounting. All of the year's revenue and expenses are taken into account regardless of when the cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements, the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, report the County's net assets and changes in them. The County's net assets can be thought of as the difference between assets and liabilities, which is one way to measure the County's financial position. Over time, increases and decreases in net assets can be one indicator that the County's financial health is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Net Assets presents information on all the County's assets and liabilities. As discussed earlier, the difference between assets and liabilities is reported as net assets. Net assets are presented in three categories: invested in capital assets-net of related debt, restricted, and unrestricted. To accurately use changes as an indicator of the County's financial health, the factors that contribute to the increases and decreases must be analyzed. Other factors such as the County's tax rate, changes in the property tax base, and the condition of fixed assets must also be considered when using the Statement of Net Assets as a financial indicator.

The Statement of Activities provides information on how the net assets changed during the year. Since the government-wide financial statements use the accrual method of accounting, changes in net assets are recognized when an event occurs, regardless of the timing of cash. This will result in revenues and expenses being reported in this statement for some items that will not impact cash flow until a later time in another fiscal period.

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities are divided into the following types of activities:

- Governmental Activities: These activities are supported primarily by property taxes and report the County's basic services such as general and judicial administration, public safety, parks and recreation, and community development.
- <u>Business-Type Activities</u>: These activities charge fees to customers to help cover the costs of the service. The County's Public Utilities Fund is its only business-type activity at the current time.
- <u>Component Units</u>: The Northampton County Public School Board is a component unit of the County. Component units are legally separate entities, but are reported in the County's financial statements because the County is financially accountable and provides operating and capital funding.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

Fund financial statements are the traditional governmental financial statements. They focus on the most significant funds instead of the County as a whole. Northampton County operates three types of funds.

- Governmental Funds: The governmental funds report most of the County's basic services. The governmental funds serve essentially the same function as the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. The governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term cash flows and the amount of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. It provides the reader a short-term view of the financial position. Since the information provides a narrow focus, the government-wide statements will provide additional information. Reconciliation from the fund statements is provided to facilitate this comparison.
- <u>Proprietary Funds</u>: There are two types of proprietary funds: Enterprise
  Funds and Internal Service Funds. Enterprise funds report the same
  functions as the business-type activities in the government-wide
  financial statements. Internal service funds account for the goods and
  services provided by one department or agency to other departments or
  agencies of the County. The County of Northampton currently has one
  Enterprise Fund and no Internal Service Funds.
- Fiduciary Funds: Fiduciary funds are used to report assets held in trustee or agency capacity for others and cannot be used to support the government's own programs. The County is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purpose. The County's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net assets and a statement of changes in fiduciary net assets. Assets for several scholarships, the Northampton 911 Commission, Tourism Commission, and Special Welfare are held in fiduciary funds. These fiduciary activities are excluded from the County's government-wide financial statements because the County cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 24-60 of this report.

#### Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning Northampton County's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found on page 61 of this report.

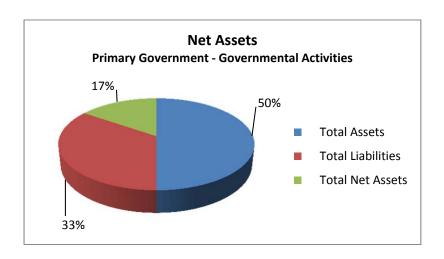
The combining statements in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information on pensions. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 65-87 of this report.

#### **Government-wide Financial Analysis**

The following table presents the condensed Statement of Net Assets:

#### Northampton County, VA Summary Statement of Net Assets

	Primary Government						Component Unit					
	Governmental Activities Business-		Business-ty	ss-type Activities			School Board					
		2011		2012		2011	2	2012		2011		2012
Current and Other Assets Capital Assets (net)	\$	15,332,481 53,992,089	\$	16,852,474 53,754,841	\$	- 7,136	\$	-	\$	2,650,658 2,542,192	\$	2,645,653 3,137,748
Total Assets	\$	69,324,570	\$	70,607,315	\$	7,136	\$	<u> </u>	\$	5,192,850	\$	5,783,401
Long-term Liabilities	\$	46,306,858	\$	44,281,612	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,845,569	\$	,- ,
Other Liabilities		2,091,081		1,422,022		131,380		27,136		1,951,433		1,647,926
Total Liabilities	\$	48,397,939	\$	45,703,634	\$	131,380	\$	27,136	\$	3,797,002	\$	3,321,946
Net Assets: Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	\$	11,716,567	\$	13,813,629	\$	7,136	\$	-	\$	1,533,351	\$	2,170,630
Restricted		2,279,410		2,690,446		-		-		-		-
Unrestricted		6,930,654		8,399,606	(	(131,380)		(27,136)		(137,503)		290,825
Total Net Assets	\$	20,926,631	\$	24,903,681	\$ (	124,244)	\$	(27,136)	\$	1,395,848	\$	2,461,455



The Primary Government's governmental combined net assets increased by \$3,977,050 to \$24,903,681 from \$20,926,631. The Primary Government's governmental unrestricted net assets increased from \$6,930,654 to \$8,399,606. The reduction of outstanding debt and revenues in excess of expenses for the year resulting in an addition to net assets. A large portion of this increase was due to the reimbursement from the state for the Regional Jail Capital Construction of \$3,444,581. Due to delays in the implementation of a portion of planned operations, the proprietary fund ended the year with liabilities in excess of its assets by \$27,136. The component unit's net assets totaled \$2,461,455, which was primarily invested in capital assets.

### Northampton County, VA Summary Statement of Changes in Net Assets

**Primary Government** Component Unit **Governmental Activities** School Board **Business-type Activities** 2011 2012 2011 2012 2011 2012 Revenues: **Program Revenues** Charges for Service 868,299 1,011,689 315,464 319,968 54.241 Operating Grants & Contributions 7,542,861 6,586,173 11,951,301 13,175,095 Capital Grants & Contributions 150,000 139,418 General Revenues Real Estate & Personal Property Taxes 15,457,110 15,640,011 Other Taxes 2,366,329 2,492,889 Unrestricted Revenue from use of money and property 79,445 128,069 Grants and Contributions not restricted to specific programs 1,794,768 1,796,331 Miscellaneous 76,049 190,464 (7,136)476,716 373,461 **Transfers** 436,301 (199,406)199,406 7,605,274 7,182,100 **Total Revenues** \$ 28,771,162 \$ 27,785,638 \$ 54,241 \$ 192,270 \$ 20,348,755 \$ 21,050,624 Expenses: General Administration \$ 1,880,236 \$ 2,421,964 \$ \$ \$ Judicial Administration 755.107 791,212 **Public Safety** 7,220,089 3,875,834 Public Works 3,046,144 2,171,427 **Public Utilities** 171,219 95,162 Health & Welfare 3,352,694 3,182,812 Education 8,807,476 8,009,717 19,865,211 20,188,017 Parks. Recreation, and Cultural 352,034 343,025 Community Development 1,849,353 1,414,090 Interest on long-term debt 1,630,403 1,598,507 **Total Expenses** \$ 28,893,536 \$ 23,808,588 \$ 171,219 \$ 95,162 \$ 19,865,211 \$ 20,188,017 Change in Net Assets (122,374)\$ 3,977,050 \$(116,978) 97,108 483,544 \$ 862,607 Net Assets, Beginning, As Adjusted 1,598,848 \* 21,049,005 20,926,631 (7,266)(124,244)912,304 Net Assets, Ending \$ 20,926,631 \$ 24,903,681 \$(124,244) \$ (27,136) \$ 1,395,848 2,461,455

<sup>\*</sup>See page 60, Note 18 - Adjustment to Beginning Net Assets and Fund Balance

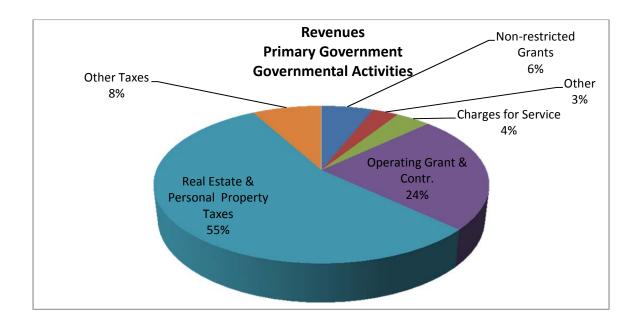
#### Revenues

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, revenues generated by the Primary Government's governmental activities totaled \$28,258,267. General property taxes, the County's largest revenue source, were \$15,640,011. Included in this total are real and personal property levies, which are due on December 5<sup>th</sup> each year. The real estate tax rate for FY12 was \$0.49 per \$100 of assessed value, same rate as FY11. Eight cents of the real estate tax rate has been earmarked for debt service on the 2002 bond issue and the 2005, 2006 and 2007 bank-qualified financings.

FY12 continues to reflect the changes in the Personal Property Tax Relief Act (PPTRA) that were approved by the General Assembly in 2005. This legislation capped the amount localities receive from the state. The new legislation established a fixed amount to be provided to localities for funding tax relief for vehicles valued at less than \$20,000. The new PPTRA became effective with the 2006 tax year and is based on the amount collected for 2004 taxes through December 2005. The total amount Northampton County receives under the new program is \$1,421,967. This amount enabled the County to provide car tax relief of 58% up to the first \$20,000 in value for FY12.

The other local tax category includes sales tax, consumer utilities tax, occupancy tax, recordation tax, and food and beverage tax. This category of income reflects an overall increase of \$126,560 from the previous year which was \$526,381 lower than FY10. This increase was due largely to the \$112,958 increase in Sales and Use Taxes compared to previous fiscal year FY11. Motor Vehicle License, Transient Occupancy Taxes and Food and Beverage Taxes also showed a combined increase of \$25,822 as compared to the previous fiscal year, FY11. Recordation Taxes showed a decrease of \$17,807 as compared to FY11. Business License Tax remain steady when compared to FY12.

Program revenues are derived from the program itself and reduce the cost of the function to the County. Total program revenues for governmental activities were \$7,737,280. Program revenues in the governmental funds include a "charges for services" category that totaled \$1,011,689 and includes charges for waste disposal, recreation programs, and building permits. This category increased by \$143,390 from the previous fiscal year. This increase resulted from a two dollar increase in the tipping fee for solid waste from \$61 to \$63 per ton.



#### **Expenses**

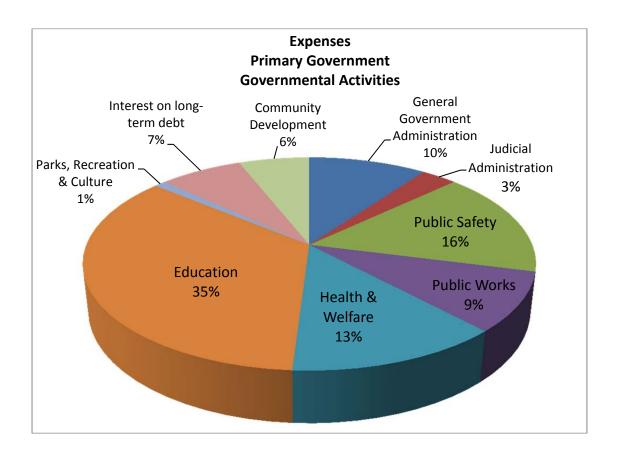
For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, expenses for governmental activities totaled \$23,808,588, a decrease of \$5,084,948 from FY11. Expenses include the cost of employee compensation, contributions to the school board, and interest on governmental debt and were reduced in almost every category. Public Safety had the largest decrease. The main reason for the large decrease in Public Safety expenses is due to an interest bearing note paid off by the county in FY 11 for the construction of the regional jail.

Personnel expenses for FY12 included no salary adjustments due to budget constraints. These compensation changes do not include employees of the School System, Social Services or the 911 Commission employees which are determined by those respective Boards. Retirement contributions remained at 12.86% of the employees' salary. Group life insurance coverage also remain the same as FY11 at .28 %.

General Administration expenses increased by \$541,728 in FY12 compare to FY11. A large portion of this increase was caused by FY 12 being a real estate reassessment year. An additional \$237,909 expenses occurred due to the additional administrative expenses including salary, wages and travel necessary to complete the annual reassessment.

Judicial Administration was the only other category besides General Administration to reflect an increase in expenses for FY12 and it was less than five percent. The County's expenses for Education decreased by a total of \$797,759 compared to FY11.

The County's Proprietary Fund reflects a total of \$95,162 in expenses for its fifth year of operation.



#### Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the County of Northampton uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

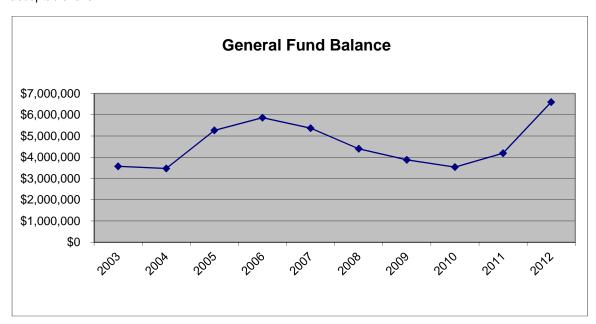
For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, the County's governmental funds reflect a combined fund balance of \$13,499,156, most of which is restricted or committed for specific purposes such as capital outlay and debt service. This is an increase of \$1,991,328 from FY11 which is due to the use to the reimbursement from the state for the Regional Jail capital expenditures. Fund balance in the General Fund increased by \$1,072,173 mainly due efforts on the part of County departments and the School Board to limit expenditures as much as possible in light of the ongoing recession and projected revenue shortfalls.

When fund balance is used, it can be identified under two categories: one-time, capital items and operational budget funding. Historically, fund balance has not been utilized to support the operational departmental budgets; however, the Board of Supervisors determined that the use of fund balance for FY12 to assist in the budget development was in keeping with their financial policies and goals to maintain a reasonable tax structure while staying within the guidelines of its adopted policy.

The Social Service and School Funds have not historically accumulated a separate fund balance (except for a small amount designated for scholarships, etc.); therefore general fund balance must be sufficient to cover unexpected cash flow needs and lagging revenue collections in those funds when necessary. For fiscal years FY07 through FY09, the Board took action to allow the School Operating Fund to accumulate a reserved fund balance with unspent appropriations for the purpose of funding projects included in their approved capital improvement plan. At the end of FY10, there was a balance of \$604,694 available for this purpose which resulted from operational savings achieved during FY09. Although the School Operating Fund ended the year with revenues in excess of expenditures of \$531,573, the Board of Supervisors chose not to reserve the funds due to the heavy usage of fund balance for the past several years. This amount was transferred back to the General Fund and is part of the \$710,957 addition to fund balance for the year.

Fund Balances in the capital project funds fluctuated with the issuance of new debt and the on-going project expenses of each fund.

In the General Fund, the unassigned fund balance is \$6,598,399 compared to \$4,191,411 for 2011. The Board of Supervisors has established a fund balance policy which sets the minimum level of acceptable unreserved General Fund balance at 8% of the combined actual operating expenditures of the General Fund, Virginia Public Assistance Fund, Eastern Shore Regional Jail Fund and School Operating Funds (net of interfund transfers). At June 30, 2012, the unassigned General Fund balance was 27.18% of actual operating expenditures as defined in the policy. If at any time the unassigned fund balance falls below the minimum acceptable amount, appropriate action will be taken by the Board to either increase revenues or reduce expenses in the current fiscal year in order to bring the next year's fund balance amount to an acceptable level.



#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

Differences between the original operating budget and the final operating budget resulted in a net increase of \$323,870 in additional appropriations. Highlights of the budget amendments are as follows:

 \$135,147 additional appropriation due to 4 additional grants received for public safety as well as the additional funding received from the State Compensation board to be allocated to fill vacant positions in the Sheriff Department.

#### **Capital Assets**

The County of Northampton's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2012, amounts to \$53,754,841 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, construction in progress, buildings and systems, improvements, machinery and equipment, harbor, and park facilities.

Northampton County, VA Primary Government Change in Capital Assets

	Restated Balance June 30, 2011	Net Increase/ (Decrease)	Balance June 30, 2012
Governmental Activities:			
Non-Depreciable Assets:			
Land and Land Improvements	\$ 2,168,574	\$ 72,300	\$ 2,240,874
Construction in Progress	3,322,130	(3,027,416)	294,714
Jointly Owned Land	134,600	-	134,600
Other Capital Assets:			
Buildings	42,939,858	4,857,492	47,797,350
Furniture and Other Equipment	1,000,587	85,085	1,085,672
Improvements other than buildings	3,990,055	( 91,886)	3,898,169
Jointly Owned Improvements	14,084,421	137,169	14,221,590
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(13,648,136)	(2,269,992)	(15,918,128)
Business-type Activities:			
Furniture and Other Equipment	13,702	(13,702)	-
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(6,566)	6,566	-
Net Capital Assets	\$ 53,999,225	\$ (244,384)	\$ 53,754,841

School Board capital assets are jointly owned by the County (Primary Government) and the Component Unit School Board for as long as the County owes general obligation debt on such assets. The County reports depreciation on these assets as an element of its share of the costs of the public school system. Readers desiring more detailed information on capital asset activity should refer to Note 6 on pages 36-38 in the notes to the financial statements.

#### **Long-Term Debt**

The County operates debt service funds for debt associated with the school system and other general debt including the County Complex, Regional Jail, Landfill Closure and Transfer Station. Funding for the repayment of school debt comes directly from the County's General Fund. For the remaining debt, debt service is funded in accordance with a plan developed by the County's financial advisors. The County is currently contributing to a debt service fund which is designed to cover all current and future debt service anticipated as part of the County's Capital Improvement Plan. For FY12, in accordance with the plan, eight cents of the property tax levy was transferred to this fund to adequately cover the required debt service. Revenues in the General Debt Service Fund are generated through a combination of the special tax levy, growth in the existing tax base; savings achieved through the bond program and rent payments from the department of Social Services for their new building.

The County occasionally uses short-term lease-purchase financing (capital leases) to acquire large equipment items as approved in the annual operating budget process. During fiscal year 2012, the County entered into a \$183,606 capital lease agreement as lessee for financing the acquisition of three new sheriff's vehicles, one animal control vehicle, one EMS quick response vehicle, one reassessment pickup, IT server and Regional Jail DVR. The School Board also entered into a \$352,016 capital lease for the acquisition of 3 school buses.

The Constitution of Virginia, Article VII, Section 10, and the Public Finance Act provide the authority for a County to issue General Obligation (GO) Debt with no limit on the amount of GO Debt that a County may issue. The Northampton County Board of Supervisors adopted a local policy during FY05 which states that the ratio of debt service expenditures as a percentage of governmental fund expenditures should not exceed 12%. For FY12, this ratio was approximately 13.6 %. The policy also set a limit for total outstanding debt at no more than 4% of the assessed value of real estate. For FY12, this ratio was approximately 1.5%.

All debt secured by the general obligation of the County must be approved by the Board of Supervisors and a public referendum, with the exception of Virginia Public School Authority (VPSA) Bonds and State Literary Fund Loans which do not need approval by referendum.

The Primary Government's outstanding debt at July 1, 2012 is as follows:

2002 Lease Revenue Bonds	\$ 8,374,330
2005 Bank-Qualified Financing	7,830,000
2006 Bank-Qualified Financing	8,611,000
2007 Bank-Qualified Financing	7,775,616
1992 Bonds	611,728
1999, 2001, 2003 and 2006 Qualified Zone Academy Bonds	4,775,655
Literary Loan Anticipation Note	1,390,000
Literary Loans	121,306
Capital Leases	451,577
Landfill closure and post closure care liability	3,284,920
Net OPEB Obligation	214,000
Compensated Absences	 677,033
Grand Total	\$ 44,117,165

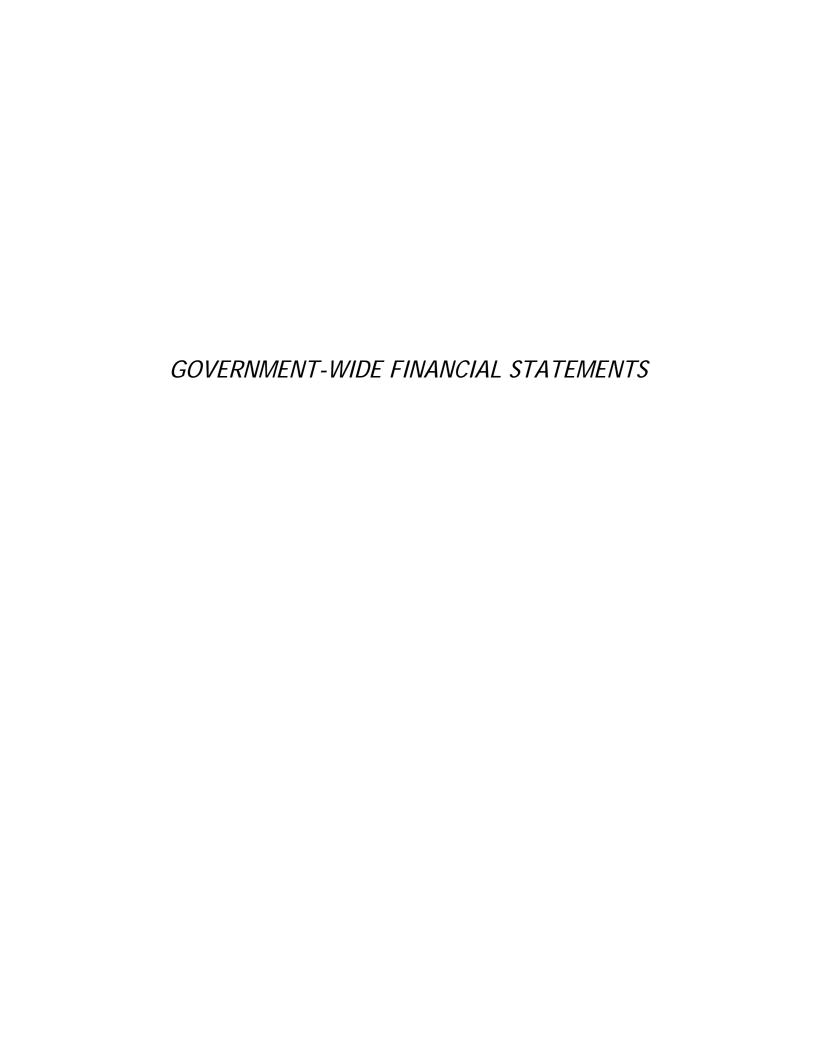
Additional information on the County's long-term debt can be found in Note 8 on pages 39-48 of this report.

#### Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the County's finances and to demonstrate the County's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning this report or requests for additional information should be directed to Leslie Lewis, Director of Finance. PO Box 66, Eastville,VA 23347, telephone 757-678-0444, e-mail llewis@co.northampton.va.us or visit the County's web site at www.co.northampton.va.us.









Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2012

	Primary Government							Component Unit		
	(	Governmental	E	Business-type				School		
	_	Activities	_	Activities	_	Total	_	Board		
ASSETS										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	10,689,753	\$	-	\$	10,689,753	\$	1,480,535		
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):										
Taxes receivable		2,243,969		-		2,243,969		-		
Accounts receivable		173,322		-		173,322		15,850		
Due from other governmental units		862,312		-		862,312		1,089,136		
Prepaid expenses		-		-		-		60,132		
Restricted assets:										
Temporarily restricted:  Cash and cash equivalents (in										
custody of others)		2,568,542		_		2,568,542		_		
Other assets:		2,000,042				2,000,042				
Unamortized bond issue costs		314,576		-		314,576		-		
Capital assets (net of accumulated		,				•				
depreciation):										
Land		2,375,474		-		2,375,474		130,505		
Buildings and improvements		48,871,173		-		48,871,173		177,584		
Improvements other than buildings		870,090		-		870,090		636,570		
Machinery and equipment		1,343,390		-		1,343,390		2,193,089		
Construction in progress  Total assets	φ_	294,714		-	<sub>Ф</sub> —	294,714	_ _	F 702 404		
Total assets	\$_	70,607,315	-Φ_	<u> </u>	\$_	70,607,315	Φ_	5,783,401		
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable	\$	418,911	\$	3,876	\$	422,787	\$	287,281		
Accrued liabilities		653,717		3,225		656,942		1,381,579		
Accrued interest payable		309,596		-		309,596				
Unearned revenue		39,798		6,323		46,121		5,160		
Reconciled overdraft payable Long-term liabilities:		-		13,712		13,712		-		
Due within one year		4,111,911		_		4,111,911		462,754		
Due in more than one year		40,005,254		-		40,005,254		1,185,172		
Total liabilities	\$	45,703,634	\$	27,136	\$	45,730,770	\$	3,321,946		
NET ACCETO						_				
NET ASSETS										
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$	13,813,629	Φ.	_	\$	13,813,629	φ	2,170,630		
Restricted for:	Ψ	13,013,029	Ψ	_	Ψ	13,013,029	Ψ	2,170,030		
Forfeited assets		23,617		_		23,617		_		
HMGP home eleveation projects		4,614		_		4,614		_		
CDBG projects		69,236		_		69,236		-		
Purchase of development rights		24,041		-		24,041		-		
Debt service and bond covenants		2,568,542		-		2,568,542		-		
Jail operations		396		-		396		-		
Unrestricted (deficit)		8,399,606		(27,136)		8,372,470	_	290,825		
Total net assets	\$_	24,903,681	<b>\$_</b>	(27,136)	<sup>δ</sup> =	24,876,545	<b>»</b> _	2,461,455		

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

		Program Revenues			
	F	Charges for	Operating Grants and	Capital Grants and	
_	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	
\$	2,421,964 \$	- \$	209,892 \$	-	
	791,212	309,943	407,615	-	
	3,875,834	182,244	3,142,874	_	
	2,171,427	448,334	21,984	-	
	3,182,812	-	2,271,357	-	
	8,009,717	-	-	-	
	343,025	71,060	-	-	
	1,414,090	108	532,451	139,418	
	1,598,507	-			
\$	23,808,588 \$	1,011,689	6,586,173 \$	139,418	
\$	95,162 \$	- \$	- \$	-	
\$	95,162 \$	- \$	- \$	-	
\$	23,903,750 \$	1,011,689	6,586,173 \$	139,418	
\$	20,188,017 \$	319,968 \$	13,175,095 \$	_	
\$ _	20,188,017 \$				
	\$	791,212 3,875,834 2,171,427 3,182,812 8,009,717 343,025 1,414,090 1,598,507 \$ 23,808,588 \$  \$ 95,162 \$ \$ 95,162 \$ \$ 23,903,750 \$  \$ 20,188,017 \$	Expenses       Charges for Services         \$ 2,421,964 \$ 791,212 309,943 3,875,834 182,244 2,171,427 448,334 3,182,812 - 8,009,717 - 343,025 71,060 1,414,090 108 1,598,507 - 23,808,588 \$ 1,011,689 \$         \$ 95,162 \$ - \$ 95,162 \$ - \$ 95,162 \$ - \$ \$ 95,162 \$ - \$ \$ 23,903,750 \$ 1,011,689 \$         \$ 20,188,017 \$ 319,968 \$	Expenses         Charges for Services         Operating Grants and Contributions           \$ 2,421,964 \$ - \$ 209,892 \$ 791,212 309,943 407,615 3,875,834 182,244 3,142,874 2,171,427 448,334 21,984 3,182,812 - 2,271,357 8,009,717 343,025 71,060 - 1,414,090 108 532,451 1,598,507 \$ 23,808,588 \$ 1,011,689 \$ 6,586,173 \$           \$ 95,162 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ \$ 95,162 \$ - \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ 23,903,750 \$ 1,011,689 \$ 6,586,173 \$           \$ 20,188,017 \$ 319,968 \$ 13,175,095 \$	

General revenues:

General property taxes

Local sales and use tax

Consumer utility tax

Motor vehicle licenses

Restaurant food taxes

Other local taxes

Unrestricted revenues from use of money and property

Miscellaneous

Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs

Payment from Northampton County

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net assets

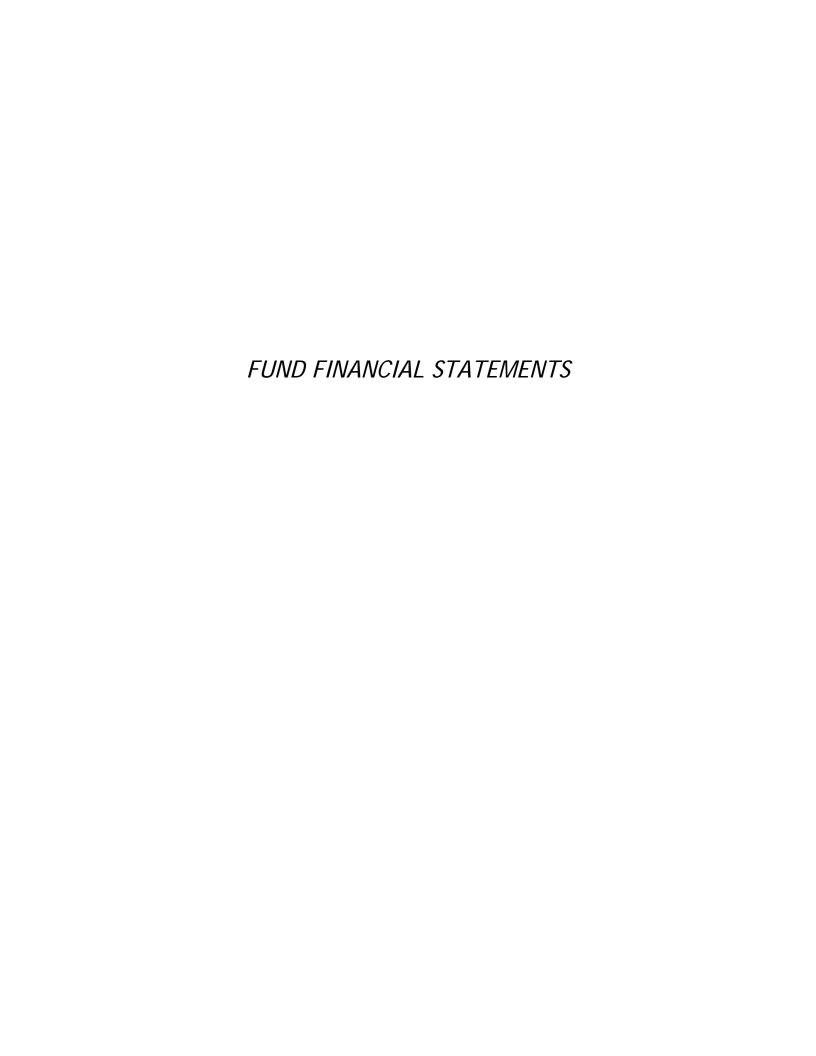
Net assets - beginning, as restated

Net assets - ending

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets

		rimary Governme	ent			Component Unit
	Governmental	Business-type				School
	Activities	Activities	_	Total		Board
						_
\$	(2,212,072) \$	-	\$	(2,212,072)	\$	-
·	(73,654)	-	•	(73,654)		-
	(550,716)	-		(550,716)		-
	(1,701,109)	-		(1,701,109)		-
	(911,455)	-		(911,455)		-
	(8,009,717)	-		(8,009,717)		-
	(271,965)	-		(271,965)		-
	(742,113)	-		(742,113)		-
	(1,598,507)	-		(1,598,507)		-
\$	(16,071,308) \$	-	\$	(16,071,308)	\$	-
			-			
\$	- \$	(95,162)	\$	(95,162)	\$	-
\$	· - \$			(95,162)		-
\$	(16,071,308) \$			(16,166,470)		-
				<u> </u>	1	
\$	- \$	;	\$	_	\$	(6,692,954)
\$	<del></del> \$	-	\$ \$	-	\$	(6,692,954)
			: =			,
\$	15,640,011 \$		\$	15,640,011	\$	
Ψ	1,177,340	_	Ψ	1,177,340	Ψ	
	313,641	_		313,641		
	303,939	_		303,939		_
	265,688	-		265,688		_
	432,281	-		432,281		<u>-</u>
	128,069	-		128,069		<u>-</u>
	190,464	(7,136)		183,328		373,461
	1,796,331	-		1,796,331		-
	(199,406)	199,406		-		7,182,100
\$	20,048,358 \$		\$	20,240,628	\$	7,555,561
\$	3,977,050 \$			4,074,158		862,607
	20,926,631	(124,244)		20,802,387		1,598,848
\$	24,903,681 \$	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$	24,876,545	\$	2,461,455
			=		- 1	







Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2012

	_	General	_	Eastern Shore Regional Jail		Debt Service		Capital Projects	G	Other covernmental Funds	Total
ASSETS											
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):	\$	6,115,244	\$	103,103	\$	2,033,404	\$	2,337,044	\$	164,447 \$	10,753,242
Taxes receivable		2,243,969		-		-		-		-	2,243,969
Accounts receivable		164,906		396		-		-		-	165,302
Due from other funds		8,020		-		-		-		-	8,020
Due from other governmental units Restricted assets: Temporarily restricted:		510,235		204,862		-		11,941		135,274	862,312
Cash and cash equivalents		_		_		2,568,542		-		-	2,568,542
Total assets	\$	9,042,374	\$ _	308,361	\$	4,601,946	\$	2,348,985	\$	299,721 \$	16,601,387
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANC	ES										
Liabilities:											
Accounts payable	\$	334,662	\$	61,495	\$	-	\$	3,867	\$	18,887 \$	418,911
Accrued liabilities		388,508		165,608		-		-		99,601	653,717
Reconciled overdraft payable		<u>-</u>		-		-		-		227,936	227,936
Deferred revenue		1,720,805	_	80,862		-		-		<u> </u>	1,801,667
Total liabilities	\$_	2,443,975	<b>5</b> _	307,965	\$_	-	\$	3,867	\$	346,424 \$	3,102,231
Fund balances:											
Restricted	\$	- 9	\$	396	\$	2,568,542	\$	-	\$	121,508 \$	2,690,446
Committed		-		-		2,033,404		2,345,118		-	4,378,522
Unassigned	_	6,598,399			_	-	-	-		(168,211)	6,430,188
Total fund balances	\$_	6,598,399	\$_	396	\$_	4,601,946	\$	2,345,118		(46,703) \$	13,499,156
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$_	9,042,374	\$_	308,361	\$_	4,601,946	\$	2,348,985	\$	299,721 \$	16,601,387

24,903,681

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2012

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:

Total fund balances per Exhibit 3 - Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds			\$ 13,499,156
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.			
Capital assets, cost Less: accumulated depreciation	\$_	69,672,969 (15,918,128)	53,754,841
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.			1,761,869
Issuance costs are recorded as other assets and amortized over the life of the debt, and, therefore, are not reported in the funds			314,576
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.			
Bonds and loans payable Interest payable Other post employment benefits obligation Capital lease obligations Landfill post-closure liability Compensated absences	\$ _	(39,489,635) (309,596) (214,000) (451,577) (3,284,920) (677,033)	(44,426,761)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Net assets of governmental activities

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

		General		Eastern Shore Regional Jail	Debt Service		Capital Projects	Other Governmental Funds	Total
REVENUES	_		-		0011100				
General property taxes	\$	15,691,764	\$	- \$	-	\$	- \$	- \$	15,691,764
Other local taxes		2,492,889		-	-		-	-	2,492,889
Permits, privilege fees,									
and regulatory licenses		134,793		-	-		-	-	134,793
Fines and forfeitures		162,917		-	-		-	-	162,917
Revenue from the use of									
money and property		85,129		-	42,596		344	-	128,069
Charges for services		695,843		18,136	-		-	-	713,979
Miscellaneous		88,880		200	2 605 720		-	20,522	109,602
Recovered costs Intergovernmental revenues:		112,553		1,590	3,605,720		-	-	3,719,863
Local government		_		_	_		472,629	_	472,629
Commonwealth		3,346,655		2,142,570	_		-12,029	791,297	6,280,522
Federal		308,726		-	_		53,995	1,878,679	2,241,400
Total revenues	\$	23,120,149	\$	2,162,496 \$	3,648,316	\$	526,968		32,148,427
	· –		-	*					
EXPENDITURES									
Current: General government administration	\$	1,934,342	Ф	- \$		\$	- \$	5 - \$	1,934,342
Judicial administration	φ	584,726	φ	<b>-</b> φ	-	φ	- 1	- φ -	584,726
Public safety		3,374,462		3,171,569			_		6,546,031
Public works		1,847,921		5,171,505	_		_	_	1,847,921
Health and welfare		516,974		_	_		_	2,612,679	3,129,653
Education		7,675,452		-	_		_	-,0:-,0:0	7,675,452
Parks, recreation, and cultural		281,966		-	-		-	-	281,966
Community development		982,211		-	-		-	383,561	1,365,772
Capital projects		-		-	-		2,638,238	16,606	2,654,844
Debt service:									
Principal retirement		116,965		-	2,413,715		-	-	2,530,680
Interest and other fiscal charges	_	4,158		<u> </u>	1,585,753				1,589,911
Total expenditures	\$_	17,319,177	\$_	3,171,569 \$	3,999,468	_\$_	2,638,238	3,012,846 \$	30,141,298
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over									
(under) expenditures	\$	5,800,972	\$	(1,009,073) \$	(351,152)	\$	(2,111,270) \$	(322,348) \$	2,007,129
	_		Τ_	(1,000,010)	(001,102)	- * -	(=,:::,=::)	(0==,0.10) +	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USE									
Transfers in	\$	473,144	\$	1,248,939 \$	3,384,275	\$	46,300 \$		5,659,288
Transfers out		(5,385,549)		(333,545)	-		-	(139,600)	(5,858,694)
Issuance of capital lease	_	183,606	_	- 045.004.	0.004.077		- 40.000		183,606
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$_	(4,728,799)	Φ_	915,394 \$	3,384,275	<u>\$</u>	46,300 \$	367,030 \$	(15,800)
Net change in fund balances	\$	1,072,173	\$	(93,679) \$	3,033,123	\$	(2,064,970) \$	44,682 \$	1,991,329
Fund balances - beginning	_	5,526,226	_	94,075	1,568,823		4,410,088	(91,385)	11,507,827
Fund balances - ending	\$_	6,598,399	\$_	396 \$	4,601,946	\$_	2,345,118	(46,703) \$	13,499,156

Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because: \$ Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds 1,991,329 Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which the capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period. Capital asset additions \$ 2.797.095 Depreciation expense (3,034,343)(237,248)Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Increase (decrease) in property taxes receivable \$ (51,753)Increase (decrease) in deferred telephone commissions revenue 80,862 29,109 The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. \$ Issuance of long-term debt (183,606)Principal payments 2,530,680 Increase in landfill post-closure liability (53,553)Bond issuance cost amortization (31,847)Premium amortization (12,764)2,248,910 Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment: (Increase) decrease in accrued leave \$ (29,065)(Increase) decrease in other post employment benefit payable (62,000)(increase) decrease in interest payable 36,015 (55,050)Change in net assets of governmental activities 3,977,050

Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Fund June 30, 2012

	_	Enterprise Fund Public Utilities Fund	
ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$		
Total current assets	\$		
Total assets	\$		
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$	3,876	
Accrued liabilities		3,225	
Unearned revenue		6,323	
Reconciled overdraft payable		13,712	
Total current liabilities	\$	27,136	
Total liabilities	\$	27,136	
NET ASSETS			
Unrestricted	\$	(27,136)	
Total net assets	\$ <u></u>	(27,136)	

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	_	Enterprise Fund Public Utilities Fund
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Personnel	\$	38,361
Fringe benefits		13,360
Contractual services		34,957
Other charges		8,484
Total operating expenses	\$	95,162
Operating income (loss)	\$	(95,162)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
Loss on disposal of equipment	\$	(7,136)
Income before contributions and transfers	\$	(102,298)
Capital contributions, construction grants, and transfers		
Transfers in		199,406
Change in net assets	\$	97,108
Total net assets - beginning		(124,244)
Total net assets - ending	\$	(27,136)

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	_	Enterprise Fund Public Utilities Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Payments to suppliers	\$	(44,971)
Payments to employees		(51,413)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	(96,384)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Transfers from other funds	\$	199,406
Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital financing activities	\$	199,406
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$	103,022
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning		(103,022)
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$	-
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash		
provided by (used for) operating activities:		
Operating income (loss)	\$	(95,162)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash		
provided by (used for) operating activities:		
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	(14,934)
Cash overdraft	_	13,712
Total adjustments	\$	(1,222)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$ <u></u>	(96,384)

Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2012

	_	Agency Funds
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	378,642
Accounts receivables		101,487
Total assets	\$	480,129
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	\$	19,795
Accrued liabilities		39,600
Due to other funds		8,020
Amounts held for social services clients		137,545
Amounts held for others		283,394
Due to external parties		(8,225)
Total liabilities	\$	480,129

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2012

### NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

The County of Northampton, Virginia (the "County") is governed by an elected five member Board of Supervisors. The County provides a full range of services for its citizens. These services include police and volunteer fire protection and rescue services, sanitation services, recreational activities, cultural events, education, and social services.

The financial statements of the County of Northampton, Virginia have been prepared in conformity with the specifications promulgated by the Auditor of Public Accounts (APA) of the Commonwealth of Virginia, and the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States as specified by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

### **Financial Statement Presentation**

The County's financial report is prepared in accordance with GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments.

<u>Management's Discussion and Analysis</u> - GASB Statement No. 34 requires the financial statements be accompanied by a narrative introduction and analytical overview of the government's financial activities in the form of "management's discussion and analysis" (MD&A). This analysis is included herein as required.

#### Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

<u>Government-wide financial statements</u> - The reporting model includes financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all of the government's activities. This approach includes not just current assets and liabilities but also capital assets and long-term liabilities (such as buildings and general obligation debt).

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. The exception to this general rule are charges between the government's water and sewer function and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

<u>Statement of Net Assets</u> - The Statement of Net Assets is designed to display financial position of the primary government (government and business-type activities) and its discretely presented component unit. Governments will report all capital assets in the government-wide Statement of Net Assets and will report depreciation expense - the cost of "using up" capital assets - in the Statement of Activities. The net assets of a government will be broken down into three categories - 1) invested in capital assets, net of related debt; 2) restricted; and 3) unrestricted.

<u>Statement of Activities</u> - The government-wide statement of activities reports expenses and revenues in a format that focuses on the cost of each of the government's functions. The expense of individual functions is compared to the revenues generated directly by the function (for instance, through user charges or intergovernmental grants).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2012 (CONTINUED)

## NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

<u>Budgetary comparison schedules</u> - Demonstrating compliance with the adopted budget is an important component of a government's accountability to the public. Many citizens participate in one way or another in the process of establishing the annual operating budgets of state and local governments, and have a keen interest in following the actual financial progress of their governments over the course of the year. Many governments revise their original budgets over the course of the year for a variety of reasons. Under the GASB 34 reporting model, governments provide budgetary comparison information in their annual reports including the original budget, final budget and actual results.

## A. Financial Reporting Entity

The basic criterion for determining whether a governmental department, agency, institution, commission, public authority, or other governmental organization should be included in a primary governmental unit's reporting entity for the basic financial statements is financial accountability. Financial accountability includes the appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body and the ability of the primary government to impose its will on the organization or if there is a financial benefit/burden relationship. In addition, an organization which is fiscally dependent on the primary government should be included in its reporting entity. These financial statements present the County of Northampton (the primary government) and its component unit. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. Each discretely presented component unit, on the other hand, is reported in a separate column in the combined financial statements to emphasize it is legally separate from the government.

### **B.** Individual Component Unit Disclosures

Blended Component Unit. The County has no blended component units to be included for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012.

Discretely Presented Component Units. The Eight School Board members are appointed by the County's Board of Supervisors. The School Board is responsible for the operations of the County's School System within the County boundaries. The School Board is fiscally dependent on the County. The County has the ability to approve its budget and any amendments. The School Board does not issue a separate financial report. The financial statements of the School Board are presented as a discrete presentation in the County financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2012 (CONTINUED)

## NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

## C. Other Related Organizations Included in the County's Financial Report

None

### D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The accompanying financial statements are prepared in accordance with pronouncements issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The principles prescribed by GASB represent generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental units.

The County applies all GASB pronouncements as well as the Financial Accounting Standards Board pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989 unless these pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The government-wide statement of activities reflects both the gross and net cost per functional category (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) which are otherwise being supported by general government revenues (property, sales and use taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, fines, permits and charges, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants, and contributions. The program revenues must be directly associated with the function (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) or a business-type activity.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. This is the manner in which these funds are normally budgeted. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 45 days of the end of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

The County's fiduciary funds are presented in the fund financial statements by type. Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the government, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2012 (CONTINUED)

## NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

### D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation: (Continued)

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Accordingly, real and personal property taxes are recorded as revenues and receivables when billed, net of allowances for uncollectible amounts. Property taxes not collected within 45 days after year-end are reflected as deferred revenues. Sales and utility taxes, which are collected by the state or utilities and subsequently remitted to the County, are recognized as revenues and receivables upon collection by the state or utility, which is generally within two months preceding receipt by the County.

Licenses, permits, fines and rents are recorded as revenues when received. Intergovernmental revenues, consisting primarily of federal, state and other grants for the purpose of funding specific expenditures, are recognized when earned or at the time other specific expenditures. Revenues from general purpose grants are recognized in the period to which the grant applies. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

In the fund financial statements, financial transactions and accounts of the County are organized on the basis of funds. The operation of each fund is considered to be an independent fiscal and separate accounting entity, with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and/or other financial resources together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations.

1. <u>Governmental Funds</u> – are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. The County reports the General Fund, Eastern Shore Regional Jail Fund, Debt Service Fund and Capital Projects Fund as major governmental funds.

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the County. This fund is used to account for and report all financial transactions and resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Revenues are derived primarily from property and other local taxes, state and federal distributions, licenses, permits, charges for service, and interest income. A significant part of the General Fund's revenues is used principally to finance the operations of the Component Unit School Board.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> – account for the proceeds of special revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specific purposes other than debt service or capital projects requiring separate accounting because of legal or regulatory provisions or administrative action. The County reports the Eastern Shore Regional Jail Fund as a Special Revenue Fund.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> – accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest. Payment of principal and interest on the County and School System's general long-term debt is provided by appropriations from the General Fund.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> – accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays except for those financed by proprietary funds or for assets held in trust for individuals, private organizations or other governments.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2012 (CONTINUED)

## NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

### D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation: (Continued)

The County reports the following non-major governmental funds:

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> – The County reports the following nonmajor Special Revenue Funds: Forfeited Asset Sharing, Purchase of Development Rights, CDBG Projects, HMGP Home Elevation Project, Virginia Public Assistance and Parks and Recreation Project.

- 2. <u>Fiduciary Funds (Trust and Agency Funds)</u> account for assets held by the County in a trustee capacity or as an agent or custodian for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, or other funds. These funds include Private Purpose Trust and Agency Funds. Private Purpose Trust and Agency Funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide financial statements. The County's Agency Funds include amounts held for others in a fiduciary capacity, which include social services clients, tourism commission, E-911 programs and IDA funds.
- 3. <u>Proprietary Funds</u> account for operations that are financed in a manner similar to private business enterprises. The Proprietary Fund measurement focus is upon determination of net income, financial position, and changes in financial position. Proprietary Funds consist of Enterprise Funds.

<u>Enterprise Funds</u> – Enterprise funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses. The County's Enterprise Fund consists of the Public Utilities Fund, which accounts for the operations of sewage pumping stations and collection systems, and the water distribution system.

### E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include amounts in demand deposits as well as short-term investments with a maturity date within three months of the date acquired by the government.

State statutes authorize the government to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, commercial paper, corporate bonds and repurchase agreements.

Investments for the government, as well as for its component unit, are reported at fair value. The State Treasurer's Local Investment Pool operates in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations. The reported value of the pool is the same as the fair value of the pool shares.

#### F. Investments

Investments are stated at fair value which approximates market; no investments are valued at cost. Certificates of deposit and short-term repurchase agreements are reported in the accompanying financial statements as cash and cash equivalents.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2012 (CONTINUED)

### NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

## G. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e. the current portions of the interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the noncurrent portion of the interfund loans).

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. The County calculates its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data and, in certain cases, specific account analysis. The allowance amounted to approximately \$402,954 at June 30, 2012 and is comprised solely of property taxes.

## Real and Personal Property Tax Data:

The tax calendars for real and personal property taxes are summarized below.

	Real Property	Personal Property
Levy	January 1	January 1
Due Date	December 5	December 5
Lien Date	January 1	January 1

The County bills and collects its own property taxes.

### H. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental columns in the government-wide financial statements for both the County and the Component Unit School Board. Capital assets are defined by the County as land, buildings, and equipment with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. The County does not have any infrastructure in its capital assets since roads, streets, bridges and similar assets within its boundaries are the property of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset life are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of assets constructed.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2012 (CONTINUED)

## NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

### H. Capital Assets (Continued)

Property, plant and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component units, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives.

Assets	<u>Years</u>
Buildings and improvements	50
Improvements other than buildings	20
Machinery and equipment	5-15

## I. Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation leave is reported in governmental funds only if it has matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. Amounts of vested or accumulated vacation leave that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported as an expense in the statement of activities and a long-term obligation in the Statement of Net Assets. In accordance with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards No. 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences, no liability is recorded for nonvesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits. However, a liability is recognized for that portion of accumulating sick leave benefits that is estimated will be taken as "terminal leave" prior to retirement.

## J. Retirement Plan

Retirement plan contributions are actuarially determined and consist of current service costs and amortization of prior service cost over a 30-year period. The County's policy is to fund pension cost as it accrues.

## K. <u>Use of Estimates</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### L. Net Assets

Net assets are the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets represent capital assets, less accumulated depreciation less any outstanding debt related to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2012 (CONTINUED)

## NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

## M. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the bonds outstanding method, which approximates the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

### N. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applied to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and the fund financial statements. Prepaid items are accounted for using the consumption method and are valued at cost. Prepaid expenditures in governmental funds are reported as non-spendable fund balance.

### O. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets of \$1,849,219 represent amounts set aside in a sinking fund for debt service at June 30, 2012. In addition, restricted assets of \$719,323 are held at U.S. Bank to fund a required debt service reserve fund. Total restricted assets at June 30, 2012 are \$2,568,542.

#### P. Fund Equity

Beginning with fiscal year 2011, the County implemented GASB Statement 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. This Statement provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balance more transparent. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

- Nonspendable fund balance amounts that are not in spendable form (such as inventory and prepaids)
  or are required to be maintained intact (corpus of a permanent fund);
- Restricted fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation;
- Committed fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by a government itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint;

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2012 (CONTINUED)

## NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

## P. Fund Equity (Continued)

- Assigned fund balance amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority;
- Unassigned fund balance amounts that are available for any purpose; positive amounts are only reported in the general fund.

When fund balance resources are available for a specific purpose in more than one classification, it is the County's policy to use the most restrictive funds first in the following order: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned as they are needed.

The Board of Supervisors establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of a resolution. This is typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. A fund balance commitment is further indicated in the budget document as a designation or commitment of the fund (such as for special incentives). Assigned fund balance is established by the County Administrator, who has been given the delegated authority to assign amounts by the Board of Supervisors.

In the general fund, the County strives to maintain an unassigned fund balance to be used for unforeseen emergencies of an amount equal to 8% of the combined budgeted expenditures of the General Fund, VPA Fund, Eastern Shore Regional Jail Fund and the School Operating Fund (net of interfund transfers).

The details of governmental fund balances, as presented in aggregate on Exhibit 3, are as follows:

Fund Balances:	_	General Fund	_	Shore Regional Jail Fund	_	Debt Service Fund		Capital Projects Fund	(	Other Governmental Funds	T	otal
Restricted for:	•		•		•		•		•	•		
Debt service reserve	\$	- :	\$		\$	2,568,542	\$	-	\$	- \$	2,5	68,542
Jail operations		-		396		-		-		-		396
Forfeited asset sharing		-		-		-		-		23,617		23,617
HMGP home elevation project		-		-		-		-		4,614		4,614
CDBG projects		-		-		-		-		69,236		69,236
Purchase of development rights	_		_	-		-		-		24,041		24,041
Total Restricted Fund Balance	\$		\$	396	\$_	2,568,542	\$	-	\$_	121,508 \$	2,6	90,446
Committed to:												
Capital projects	\$	- :	\$	- :	\$	-	\$	2,345,118	\$	- \$	2,3	45,118
Debt service		-		-		2,033,404		-		-	2,0	33,404
Total Committed Fund Balance	\$	-	\$		\$_	2,033,404	\$	2,345,118	\$	- \$	4,3	78,522
Unassigned Fund Balance	\$	6,598,399	\$	- :	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(168,211) \$	6,4	30,188
Total Fund Balances	\$_	6,598,399	\$	396	\$_	4,601,946	\$	2,345,118	\$	(46,703) \$	13,4	99,156

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2012 (CONTINUED)

### NOTE 2—STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTING:

The following procedures are used by the County in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. During the month of April, the County Administrator submits to the Board of Supervisors a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearings are required to be conducted to obtain citizen comments.
- 3. Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an Appropriations Resolution.
- 4. The Appropriations Resolution places legal restrictions on expenditures at the fund level. The appropriation totals for each fund can only be revised by the Board of Supervisors.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year and budgets are legally adopted for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds and Debt Service Fund of the Primary Government. The Discretely Presented Component Unit is integrated only at the level of legal adoption.
- 6. All budgets of the County are adopted on a modified accrual basis. Annual budgets are adopted for all governmental funds. The budgets of the Discretely Presented Component Unit are adopted on a cash basis but differences between cash and accrual/modified accrual basis budgets are not considered to be material.
- 7. Appropriations lapse on June 30, for all County units.

#### Expenditures and Appropriations

Expenditures did not exceed appropriations in any fund at June 30, 2012.

#### **NOTE 3—DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS:**

### **Deposits**

Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act") Section 2.2-4400 et. seq. of the Code of Virginia. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of the amount insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board. Financial Institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in the amounts from 50% to 130% of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized.

### <u>Investments</u>

Statutes authorize the County to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper and certain corporate notes, banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP). The County and its discretely presented component unit have no investment policies that would further limit their investment choices.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2012 (CONTINUED)

### NOTE 3-DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS: (CONTINUED)

## **Custodial Credit Risk (Investments)**

The County's investment policy requires that all securities purchased for the County be held by the County or by the County's designated custodian. The County's investments at June 30, 2012 were held by the County or in the County's name by the County's custodial banks.

## **Credit Risk of Debt Securities**

The County's rated debt investments as of June 30, 2012 were rated by Standard and Poor's and the ratings are presented below using the Standard and Poor's rating scale.

Locality's Rated Debt Investments' Values						
Rated Debt Investments	F	air Quality Ratings				
	_	AAAm				
Local Government Investment Pool Money Market Funds	\$ _	982,917 1,960,439				
Total	\$_	2,943,356				

## **Interest Rate Risk**

The County and its discretely presented component unit do not have formal investment policies that limit investment maturities as a means of managing exposure to fair value losses arriving from increasing interest rates.

Investment Maturities (in years)								
Investment Type		Fair Value		Less Than 1 Year				
U.S. Treasury obligations	- \$	719,323	\$	719,323				
U.S. Treasury money market funds		1,960,439	_	1,960,439				
Total	\$	2,679,762	\$_	2,679,762				

### **External Investment Pool**

The County invests in an externally managed investment pool, Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP), which is not SEC-registered. Pursuant to Section 2.2-4605 of the *Code of Virginia*, the Treasury Board of the Commonwealth sponsors the LGIP and regulatory oversight of the pool rests with the Virginia State Treasury. The LGIP reports to the Treasury Board at their regularly scheduled meetings, and the fair value of the position in the LGIP is the same as the value of the pool shares. Investments authorized by the LGIP are the same as those authorized for local governments in Section 2.2-4500 et seq. of the *Code of Virginia*. LGIP maintains a policy to operate in a manner consistent with SEC Rule 2a-7.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2012 (CONTINUED)

# NOTE 4—DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS:

At June 30, 2012, the County has amounts due from other governments as follows:

	G	Primary overnment	School Board
Commonwealth of Virginia:			
Local sales tax	\$	227,460 \$	-
Local communication sales tax		88,529	-
Victim witness		5,990	-
Asset forfeiture		8,746	-
Mobile home titling tax		2,359	-
Recordation tax		8,965	-
VPA funds		15,729	-
State sales tax		-	267,238
Constitutional officer reimbursements		336,101	-
Health department fees		800	-
Disaster recovery		2,428	-
Fire program funds		3,260	-
MVC Rolling stock tax		2,272	-
Federal Government:			
School fund grants		-	821,898
State homeland security program		11,941	-
Housing and Urban Development grant		59,725	-
VPA funds		51,074	-
Other federal grants		36,933	
Total due from other governments	\$	862,312 \$	1,089,136

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2012 (CONTINUED)

### **NOTE 5—INTERFUND OBLIGATIONS:**

Details of the Primary Government's interfund receivables and payables as of June 30, 2012, are as follows:

	_	Interfund Receivable	<u> </u>	Interfund Payable	
General <b>Fiduciary</b> :	\$	8,020	\$	-	
Special Welfare	_	-	_	8,020	
Total	\$	8,020	\$	8,020	

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made. These balances also include the amount of working capital loans made to internal service funds that the general fund expects to collect in the subsequent year.

## **NOTE 6—CAPITAL ASSETS:**

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012:

### **Primary Government:**

### **Primary Government:**

		Balance			Balance
	_	July 1, 2011	Increases	Decreases	June 30, 2012
Governmental activities: Capital assets not subject to depreciation:		· ·			
Land	\$	2,168,574 \$	72,300 \$	- \$	2,240,874
Construction in progress		3,322,130	1,949,855	4,977,271	294,714
Jointly owned land	_	134,600			134,600
Total capital assets not subject to	\$	E 62E 204 \$	2.022.455 ¢	4 077 274	2 670 189
depreciation	Φ_	5,625,304 \$	2,022,155 \$	4,977,271 \$	2,670,188
Capital assets subject to depreciation:					
Buildings	\$	42,939,858 \$	5,313,877 \$	456,385 \$	47,797,350
Improvements other than buildings		1,000,587	85,085	-	1,085,672
Equipment		3,990,055	216,080	307,966	3,898,169
Jointly owned assets	_	14,084,421	137,169		14,221,590
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$_	62,014,921 \$	5,752,211 \$	764,351 \$	67,002,781
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings	\$	(6,026,666) \$	(2,054,573) \$	(456,385) \$	(7,624,854)
Improvements other than buildings		(192,693)	(22,889)	-	(215,582)
Equipment		(2,416,098)	(446,647)	(307,966)	(2,554,779)
Jointly owned assets	_	(5,012,679)	(510,234)	-	(5,522,913)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$_	(13,648,136) \$	(3,034,343) \$	(764,351) \$	(15,918,128)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$_	48,366,785 \$	2,717,868 \$	\$	51,084,653
Governmental capital assets, net	\$_	53,992,089 \$	4,740,023 \$	4,977,271 \$	53,754,841

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2012 (CONTINUED)

## NOTE 6—CAPITAL ASSETS: (Continued)

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012:

## **Primary Government:**

Timaly Government.		Balance July 1, 2011	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2012
Enterprise activities: Enterprise Fund: Capital assets subject to depreciation:	ф		Φ.	42.700 ft	· · ·
Equipment	\$	13,702 \$	\$	13,702 \$	
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$	13,702 \$	\$	13,702 \$	
Less accumulated depreciation for: Equipment	\$	(6,566) \$	\$	(6,566)_\$	
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	(6,566) \$	\$	(6,566) \$	
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$	7,136 \$	\$	7,136 \$	
Enterprise capital assets, net	\$	7,136 \$	<u>-</u> \$	7,136 \$	

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs/funds as follows:

#### Governmental activities:

General government administration	\$ 642,112
Judicial administration	199,041
Public safety	1,308,002
Public works	245,481
Health and welfare	41,099
Education	510,234
Parks, recreation and cultural	74,172
Community development	 14,202
Total Governmental activities	\$ 3,034,343
Component Unit School Board	\$ 473,246

Legislation enacted during the year ended June 30, 2002, Section 15.2-1800.1 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, 1950, as amended, has changed the reporting of local school capital assets and related debt for financial statement purposes. Historically, debt incurred by local governments "on-behalf" of school boards was reported in the school board's discrete column along with the related capital assets. Under the new law, local governments have a "tenancy in common" with the school board whenever the locality incurs any financial obligation for any school property which is payable over more than one fiscal year. For financial reporting purposes, the legislation permits the locality to report the portion of school property related to any outstanding financial obligation eliminating any potential deficit from capitalizing assets financed with debt. The effect on the County of Northampton, Virginia for the year ended June 30, 2012, is that school financed assets in the amount of \$8,833,277 are reported in the Primary Government for financial reporting purposes.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2012 (CONTINUED)

# NOTE 6-CAPITAL ASSETS: (Continued)

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012:

# **Component Unit - School Board:**

2004		Balance July 1, 2011	Increases		Decreases		Balance June 30, 2012
Governmental activities: Capital assets not subject to depreciation: Land	\$_	130,505 \$		\$	- (	- \$_	130,505
Total capital assets not subject to depreciation	\$_	130,505_\$	-	\$_		\$_	130,505
Capital assets subject to depreciation: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Equipment	\$	2,251,758 \$ 790,184 3,727,379	- 87,024 981,778	\$	- \$ - 118,529	\$ _	2,251,758 877,208 4,590,628
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$_	6,769,321 \$	1,068,802	\$_	118,529	\$_	7,719,594
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Equipment	\$	(2,057,656) \$ (186,161) (2,113,817)	(16,518) (54,477) (402,251)		- ( - (118,529)	\$ _	(2,074,174) (240,638) (2,397,539)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$_	(4,357,634) \$	(473,246)	\$_	(118,529)	\$_	(4,712,351)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$_	2,411,687 \$	595,556	\$_	_ ;	\$_	3,007,243
Governmental capital assets, net	\$_	2,542,192 \$	595,556	\$		\$_	3,137,748

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2012 (CONTINUED)

## **NOTE 7-INTERFUND TRANSFERS:**

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2012, consisted of the following:

Fund	_	Transfers In	 Transfers Out
Primary Government:			
Governmental Funds:			
General Fund	\$	473,144	\$ 5,385,549
Eastern Shore Regional Jail		1,248,939	333,545
Debt Service		3,384,275	-
Capital Projects		46,300	-
Other Governmental Funds	_	506,630	 139,600
Total Governmental Funds	\$_	5,659,288	\$ 5,858,694
Enterprise Funds:			
Public Utilities	_	199,406	 
Total-All Funds	\$_	5,858,694	\$ 5,858,694

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgeting authorization

## **NOTE 8-LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS:**

## **Primary Government:**

A summary of long-term obligation transactions for the year ended June 30, 2012 is as follows:

	Balance at July 1, 2011	Increases	Decreases	Balance at June 30, 2012	Amounts Due Within One Year
Governmental Obligations: Incurred by County:					
Lease revenue bonds payable Unamortized bond discount	\$ 34,223,652 \$ (163,434)	- \$	1,482,036 \$ (12,764)	(150,670)	1,766,921
Capital lease obligations Landfill post-closure liability Compensated absences payable OPEB liability	528,290 3,231,367 647,969 152,000	183,606 53,553 93,861 74,000	260,319 - 64,797 12,000	451,577 3,284,920 677,033 214,000	263,429 - 67,703 -
Total incurred by County	\$ 38,619,844 \$	405,020 \$	1,806,388 \$	37,218,476 \$	2,098,053
Incurred by School Board: State Literary Fund Loans payable General obligation bonds payable Revenue notes payable	\$ 133,437 \$ 6,163,577 1,390,000	- \$ - -	12,131 \$ 776,194	121,306 \$ 5,387,383 1,390,000	12,130 611,728 1,390,000
Total incurred by School Board	\$ 7,687,014 \$	- \$	788,325 \$	6,898,689 \$	2,013,858
Total Governmental Obligations	\$ 46,306,858 \$	405,020 \$	2,594,713 \$	44,117,165 \$	4,111,911

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2012 (CONTINUED)

# NOTE 8-LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS: (CONTINUED)

# **Primary Government: (Continued)**

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

County	<b>Obligation</b>	s
Country	Obligation	J

Year Ending		Capital Le	2925		Lease Revenue Bonds Payable		
June 30,	Principal Interest			Principal	Interest		
2013	\$	263,429 \$	8,172 \$	1,766,921	\$ 1,416,128		
2014	•	125,811	2,553	1,837,506	1,343,420		
2015		62,337	870	1,910,820	1,267,796		
2016		-	-	1,968,896	1,188,719		
2017		-	-	2,039,767	1,106,738		
2018		-	-	2,124,469	1,021,399		
2019		-	-	2,203,038	932,125		
2020		-	-	2,291,512	839,322		
2021		-	-	2,384,930	740,748		
2022		-	-	2,243,335	638,048		
2023		-	-	2,328,770	541,105		
2024		-	-	2,284,280	440,465		
2025		-	-	2,373,912	342,683		
2026		-	-	1,039,716	241,082		
2027		-	-	1,093,744	193,055		
2028		-	-	420,000	142,500		
2029		-	-	440,000	121,500		
2030		-	-	460,000	99,500		
2031		-	-	485,000	76,500		
2032		-	-	510,000	52,250		
2033		<u>-</u>		535,000	26,750		
Total	\$	451,577 \$	11,595 \$	32,741,616	\$ 12,771,833		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2012 (CONTINUED)

# NOTE 8-LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS: (CONTINUED)

# **Primary Government: (Continued)**

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows: (Continued)

# **School Obligations**

Year Ending	State Lit Fund Lo	•	Revenue Note Payable		General Obligation Bonds Payable	
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2013 \$	12,130 \$	3,639 \$	1,390,000 \$	42,117 \$	611,728 \$	19,422
2014	12,130	3,275	-	-	-	-
2015	12,130	2,911	-	-	-	-
2016	12,130	2,547	-	-	419,060	-
2017	12,131	2,184	-	-	-	-
2018	12,131	1,820	-	-	-	-
2019	12,131	1,456	-	-	2,142,167	-
2020	12,131	1,092	-	-	-	-
2021	12,131	728	-	-	-	-
2022	12,131	364	-	-	-	-
2023	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	2,214,428	
Total \$	121,306 \$	20,016 \$	1,390,000 \$	42,117 \$	5,387,383 \$	19,422

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2012 (CONTINUED)

## NOTE 8-LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS: (CONTINUED)

## **Primary Government: (Continued)**

Details of long-term indebtedness are as follows:

General Long-Term Debt:		Amount Outstanding
Lease Revenue Bonds Payable:		
\$11,475,000 2002 Series Joint IDA Lease Revenue Bonds issued September 17, 2002, maturing annually February 1, 2004-2033, in varying amounts. Interest payable annually at various interest rates from 1.7% to 5.00%. Carrying value on bonds is net of discount of \$150,670.	\$	8,374,330
	Ψ	0,374,330
\$10,000,000 2005 Series Joint IDA Lease Revenue Bonds issued October 14, 2005, maturing annually June 1, 2006-2025, in varying amounts. Interest payable semi-annually at a fixed rate of 3.84%		7,830,000
\$10,000,000 2006 Series Joint IDA Lease Revenue Bonds issued January 27, 2006, maturing annually June 1, 2007-2025, in varying amounts. Interest payable semi-annually at a fixed rate of 4.24%		8,611,000
\$9,131,000 2007 Series Joint IDA Lease Revenue Bonds issued May 18, 2007, maturing annually June 1, 2009-2027, in varying amounts. Interest payable semi-annually at a fixed rate of 4.4%	_	7,775,616
Total Lease Revenue bonds payable	\$_	32,590,946

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2012 (CONTINUED)

## NOTE 8-LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS: (CONTINUED)

## **Primary Government: (Continued)**

Details of long-term indebtedness are as follows: (Continued)

		Amount Outstanding
Capital Lease Obligations:		
\$183,606 equipment lease purchase agreement (payable from the General Fund) issued June 29, 2012, due in bi-annual installments of \$31,603 through 2015. Interest payable bi-annually at a rate of 2.56%.	\$	183,606
\$106,219 equipment lease purchase agreement (payable from the General Fund) issued December 10, 2010, due in quarterly installments of \$9,171 through 2014. Interest payable quarterly at a rate of 3.10%.		62,919
\$79,232 equipment lease purchase agreement (payable from the General Fund) issued October 7, 2009, due in quarterly installments of \$6,996 through 2013. Interest payable semi-annually at a rate of 3.34%.		20,555
\$703,446 equipment lease purchase agreement (payable from the General Fund) issued August 22, 2008, due in quarterly installments through 2013. Interest payable quarterly at a rate of 2.6%.	-	184,497
Total Capital Lease Obligations	\$_	451,577

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2012 (CONTINUED)

## NOTE 8-LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS: (CONTINUED)

## **Primary Government: (Continued)**

Details of long-term indebtedness are as follows: (Continued)

		Amount
		Outstanding
Landfill post-closure liability	\$	3,284,920
Compensated absences (payable from the General Fund)		677,033
·		·
OPEB liability (payable from the General Fund)	-	214,000
Total Debt Incurred by County	\$_	37,218,476
School Bonds Payable:		
\$9,077,246 School Bonds issued July 15, 1992, maturing annually July 15, 1996-2012, in varying amounts. Interest payable semi-annually at various interest rates		
from 4.9% through 6.35%.	\$	611,728
2001 Series Qualified Zone Academy Bonds issued December 31, 2001, with entire		
principal maturing on December 21, 2015.		419,060
\$2,142,167 2003 Series Qualified Zone Academy Bonds issued December 29, 2003, with entire principal maturing on December 29, 2018.		2,142,167
		_,,

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2012 (CONTINUED)

## NOTE 8-LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS: (CONTINUED)

## **Primary Government: (Continued)**

Details of long-term indebtedness are as follows: (Continued)

	_	Amount Outstanding
School Bonds Payable: (Continued)	_	
\$2,214,428 2006 Series Qualified Zone Academy Bonds issued December 28, 2006, with entire principal maturing on December 29, 2022.	\$_	2,214,428
Total school bonds payable	\$_	5,387,383
State Literary Fund Loans:		
\$242,615, issued January 25, 2002 due in annual installments of \$12,131 each January 25, through 2022, interest payable annually at 3%	\$_	121,306
Total State Literary Fund Loans	\$_	121,306
Revenue Notes Payable:		
\$1,390,000, issued November 18, 2009, interest payable in semi-annual installments each January 1 and July 1 through 2013, interest payable at 3.03%	\$_	1,390,000
Total Revenue Notes Payable	\$_	1,390,000
Total School Board Long-Term Debt Issued, payable from the General Fund	\$	6,898,689
Total Governmental Obligations	\$	44,117,165

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2012 (CONTINUED)

### NOTE 8-LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS: (CONTINUED)

#### **Capital Leases**

The County has entered into various lease agreements as lessee for financing the acquisition of police vehicles and modular classroom buildings. The Component Unit – School Board has financed the acquisition of school buses and Promethean boards via lease agreements. These lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of their future minimum lease payments as of the inception date.

The assets acquired through capital leases are as follows:

	-	Governmental Activities	<u> </u>	omponent Unit- School Board
Asset:				
2 Modular classroom buildings	\$	703,446	\$	-
5 Public safety vehicles		106,084		-
3 Sheriff's vehicles		79,232		-
4 Public safety vehicles		109,622		-
6 School buses		-		456,014
6 School buses		-		396,032
4 School buses		-		351,057
3 School buses		-		246,633
17 Promethean boards		-		105,383
3 School buses		-		222,522
34 Promethean boards		-		204,442
Less: Accumulated depreciation	-	(333,841)	_	(793,086)
	\$	664,543	\$	1,188,997

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2012 (CONTINUED)

### NOTE 8-LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS: (CONTINUED)

#### Capital Leases: (Continued)

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2012, were as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	_	Governmental Activities	 Component Unit- School Board
2013	\$	271,601	\$ 433,009
2014		128,364	343,899
2015		63,207	164,434
2016	_	<u>-</u>	 74,462
Total minimum lease payments	\$	463,172	\$ 1,015,804
Less: amount representing interest	_	(11,595)	 (48,686)
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$_	451,577	\$ 967,118

## **Component Unit—School Board:**

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions of the Component Unit—School Board for the year ended June 30, 2012:

	_	Balance at July 1, 2011	 Increases	 Decreases		Balance at June 30, 2012	 Amounts Due Within OneYear
Compensated absences payable (payable from the School Fund)	\$	770,728	\$ 77,073	\$ 267,993	\$	579,808	\$ 57,981
Capital leases payable	·	1,008,841	352,016	393,739	·	967,118	404,773
OPEB liability		66,000	183,000	148,000		101,000	-
Total	\$_	1,845,569	\$ 612,089	\$ 809,732	\$	1,647,926	\$ 462,754

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2012 (CONTINUED)

## NOTE 8-LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS: (CONTINUED)

## **Component Unit—School Board: (Continued)**

		Amount
Details of Laws town by debte doors	_	Outstanding
Details of Long-term Indebtedness:		
Capital Lease Obligations:		
\$396,032 school equipment lease purchase agreement (payable from the School Fund) issued September 20, 2007, due in annual installments of \$89,110 through 2012. Interest payable annually at a rate of 4.06%.		85,632
\$356,882 school equipment lease purchase agreement (payable from the School Fund) issued October 7, 2009, due in annual installments of \$76,532 through 2013. Interest payable annually at a rate of 3.4946.		145,400
\$456,014 school equipment lease purchase agreement (payable from the School Fund) issued July 18, 2008, due in annual installments through 2013. Interest payable annually at a rate of 4.1739%.		193,661
\$352,016 school equipment lease purchase agreement (payable from the School Fund) issued March 15, 2012, due in quarterly installments through 2016. Interest payable quarterly at a rate of 3.2354%.		283,160
\$426,964 school equipment lease purchase agreement (payable from the School Fund) issued November 15, 2010, due in bi-annual installments through 2015. Interest payable annually at a rate of 3.2135%.	_	259,265
Total Capital Lease Obligations	\$_	967,118
Compensated absences (payable from the School Fund)		579,808
OPEB liability (payable from the School Fund)	_	101,000
Total Debt Incurred by School Board	\$_	1,647,926

## **Component Unit Obligation**

Year Ending		Capital Leases				
June 30		Principal		Interest		
2013	\$	404,773	\$	28,236		
2014		329,135		14,764		
2015		160,000		4,434		
2016	_	73,210		1,252		
Total	\$	967,118	_\$	48,686		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2012 (CONTINUED)

#### NOTE 9—LANDFILL POST CLOSURE COSTS:

State and federal laws and regulations require the County to place a final cover on its landfill site when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after closure. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, general fund expenditure and liability are to be recognized only to the extent that such costs are expected to be paid from available, expendable resources. Since the County does not expect to pay any portion of the postclosure care or corrective action costs from available, expendable resources as of June 30, 2012, the fund financial statements do not include any fund expenditure or liability relating to postclosure care or corrective action costs of its landfill site. The \$3,284,920 reported as a long-term liability at June 30, 2012, represents the cumulative amount reported to date based on the use of 100% of the estimated capacity of the landfill.

The amount of \$2,284,920 is based on what it would cost to perform all postclosure care in fiscal year 2012 and the amount of \$1,000,000 represents corrective action costs. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations. The County closed the current landfill site in fiscal year 2011.

The applicable laws and regulations require the County to select and meet one of several approved financial assurance mechanisms to demonstrate financial responsibility for closure care costs described above. The County has selected the Financial Ratio Test method for this purpose, and has made the requisite filings with the Virginia Department of Environmental Quality.

#### **NOTE 10-DEFERRED REVENUE:**

Deferred revenue represents amounts for which asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, such amounts are measurable, but not available. Deferred revenue totaling \$1,801,667 is comprised of the following:

<u>Deferred Property Tax Revenue</u>: Deferred revenue representing uncollected tax billings not available for funding of current expenditures totaled \$1,681,007 at June 30, 2012.

<u>Prepaid Property Taxes</u>: Property taxes due subsequent to June 30, 2012, but paid in advance by the tax payers totaled \$39,798 at June 30, 2012.

Other Deferred Revenue: Deferred revenue representing unspent jail telephone commission funds not available for funding of current expenditures totaled \$80,862 at June 30, 2012.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2012 (CONTINUED)

#### NOTE 11—COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES:

Federal programs in which the County and the discretely presented component unit participate were audited in accordance with the provisions of U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, <u>Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations</u>. Pursuant to the provisions of this circular all major programs and certain other programs were tested for compliance with applicable grant requirements.

While no matters of noncompliance were disclosed by audit, the Federal Government may subject grant programs to additional compliance tests which may result in disallowed expenditures. In the opinion of management, any future disallowance of current grant program expenditures, if any, would be immaterial.

#### **NOTE 12-LITIGATION:**

At June 30, 2012, there were no matters of litigation involving the County or which would materially affect the County's financial position should any court decisions on pending matters not be favorable to such entities.

#### **NOTE 13—RISK MANAGEMENT:**

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The County has joined together with other cities and counties in the Virginia Local Government Risk Management Plan (VARISK2), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for several member cities and counties in Virginia. The County pays an annual premium to VARISK2 for its public officials general liability and public officials law enforcement liability insurance coverage. The agreement for formation of the VARISK2 provides that VARISK2 will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure through commercial companies for claims in excess of \$1 million for each insured event.

Through the Virginia Municipal League, the County has joined together with other cities and counties in the Virginia Municipal Group Self Insurance Association (VMGSIA) and the Virginia Association of Counties Group Self Insurance Risk Pool (VACORP), public entity risk pools currently operating as common risk management and insurance programs for several member cities and counties in Virginia. The County pays an annual premium to VMGSIA for its workers' compensation and employer's liability insurance coverage, and to VACORP for its general liability, commercial automotive, property, and crime coverage. The agreements for formation of the VMGSIA and VACORP provide that they will be self-sustaining through member premiums. Workers' compensation coverage provides the benefits as set forth in the Virginia Workers' Compensation Act. VACORP will reinsure through commercial insurance companies for claims in excess of \$250,000 for general liability, \$250,000 for automotive liability, and \$100,000 for property coverage.

The County carries commercial insurance for all other risks of loss, including employee health and accident insurance. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2012 (CONTINUED)

#### NOTE 14—DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN:

#### A. Plan Description

Name of Plan: Virginia Retirement System (VRS)

Identification of Plan: Agent and Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Administering Entity: Virginia Retirement System (System)

All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions and employees of participating employers are automatically covered by VRS upon employment. Benefits vest after five years of service credit. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and their employer is paying into the VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior public service, active duty military service, certain periods of leave and previously refunded VRS service as credit in their plan.

VRS administers two defined benefit plans for local government employees – Plan 1 and Plan 2:

- Members hired before July 1, 2010 and who have service credits before July 1, 2010 are covered
  under Plan 1. Non-hazardous duty members are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit
  beginning at age 65 with at least five years of service credit or age 50 with at least 30 years of
  service credit. They may retire with a reduced benefit early at age 55 with at least five years of
  service credit or age 50 with at least ten years of service credit.
- Members hired or rehired on or after July 1, 2010 and who have no service credits before July 1, 2010 are covered under Plan 2. Non-hazardous duty members are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at their normal Social Security retirement age with at least five years of service credit or when the sum of their age and service equals 90. They may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with a least five years of service credit.
- Eligible hazardous duty members in Plan 1 and Plan 2 are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 25 years of service credit. These members include sheriffs, deputy sheriffs and hazardous duty employees of political subdivisions that have elected to provide enhanced coverage for hazardous duty service. They may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 50 with at least five years of service credit. All other provisions of the members plan apply.

The VRS Basic Benefit is a lifetime monthly benefit based on a retirement multiplier as a percentage of the member's average final compensation multiplied by the member's total service credit. Under Plan 1, average final compensation is the average of the member's 36 consecutive months of highest compensation. Under Plan 2, average final compensation is the average of the member's 60 consecutive months of highest compensation. The retirement multiplier for non-hazardous duty members is 1.70%. The retirement multiplier for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.85%. The retirement multiplier for eligible political subdivision hazardous duty employees other than sheriffs and jail superintendents is 1.70% or 1.85% as elected by the employer. At retirement, members can elect the Basic Benefit, the Survivor Option, a Partial Lump-Sum Option Payment (PLOP) or the Advance Pension Option. A retirement reduction factor is applied to the Basic Benefit amount for members electing the Survivor Option, PLOP or Advance Pension Option or those retiring with a reduced benefit.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2012 (CONTINUED)

#### **NOTE 14—DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued):**

## A. Plan Description (Continued)

Retirees are eligible for an annual cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) effective July 1, of the second calendar year of retirement. Under Plan 1, the COLA cannot exceed 5.00%; under Plan2, the COLA cannot exceed 6.00%. During years of no inflation or deflation, the COLA is 0.00%. The VRS also provides death and disability benefits. Title 51.1 of the Code of Virginia (1950) as amended, assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the General Assembly of Virginia.

The System issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for VRS. A copy of the most report may be obtained from the VRS Website at: <a href="http://varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2011-annual-report.pdf">http://varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2011-annual-report.pdf</a> or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA 23218-2500.

#### **B.** Funding Policy

Plan members are required by Title 51.1 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u> (1950), as amended, to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. All or part of the 5.00% member contribution may be assumed by the employer. In addition, the County is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to fund its participation in the VRS using the actuarial basis specified by the <u>Code of Virginia</u> and approved by the VRS Board of Trustees. The County and School Board's contribution rates for the fiscal year ended 2012 were 7.86% and 7.05% of annual covered payroll, respectively.

The School Board's professional employees contributed \$579,023, \$380,946 and \$630,049 to the teacher cost-sharing pool for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012, 2011, and 2010 respectively and these contributions represented 6.33%, 3.93% and 8.81% for 2012, 2011, and July 2009 through March 2010 and 0.00% for April through June 2010, respectively, of current covered payroll. The School Board's professional employees contribution rate for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012 was 11.33% of covered payroll.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2012 (CONTINUED)

#### NOTE 14—DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN: (Continued)

#### C. Annual Pension Cost

For fiscal year 2012, the County's annual pension cost of \$866,081 (which includes the portion of the employee share assumed by the employer which was \$336,735) was equal to the County's required and actual contributions.

For fiscal year 2012, the School Board's annual pension cost of \$73,028 (which includes the portion of the employee share assumed by the employer which was \$30,302) was equal to the School Board's required and actual contributions.

Fiscal Year Ending	Annual Pension Cost (APC) (1)	Percentage of APC Contributed	 Net Pension Obligation
County: June 30, 2012 June 30, 2011 June 30, 2010	\$ 529,346 511,996 498,789	100% 100% 100%	\$ - - -
School Board: Non-Professional: June 30, 2012 June 30, 2011 June 30, 2010	\$ 42,726 43,277 42,078	100% 100% 100%	\$ - - -

<sup>(1)</sup> Employer portion only

The fiscal year 2012 required contribution was determined as part of the June 30, 2009 actuarial valuation using the entry age actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions at June 30, 2009 included (a) an investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses) of 7.50%, (b) projected salary increases ranging from 3.75% to 5.60% per year for general government employees and 3.50% to 4.75% for employees eligible for enhanced benefits available to law enforcement officers, firefighters, and sheriffs, and (c) a cost-of-living adjustment of 2.50% per year. Both the investment rate of return and the projected salary increases include an inflation component of 2.50%. The actuarial value of the County's assets is equal to the modified market value of assets. This method uses techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of assets over a five-year period. The County's unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2009 for the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) was 20 years.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2012 (CONTINUED)

#### NOTE 14—DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN: (Continued)

#### D. Funded Status and Funding Progress

As of June 30, 2011, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was 84.84% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$23,756,149, and the actuarial value of assets was \$20,154,951, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$3,601,198. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$6,447,215, and ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 55.86%.

As of June 30, 2011, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the School Board Non-Professional plan was 82.91% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$3,445,539, and the actuarial value of assets was \$2,856,665, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$588,874. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$648,684 and ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 90.78%.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as Required Supplementary Information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability (AAL) for benefits.

#### **NOTE 15—SURETY BONDS:**

		Amount
Commonwealth of Virginia - Division of Risk Management - Su	rety	
Travelers Casualty and Surety Company of America		
Traci W. Johnson, Clerk of the Circuit Court	\$	500,000
Cynthia S. Bradford, Treasurer		400,000
Anne G. Sayers, Commissioner of the Revenue		3,000
David L. Doughty, Jr., Sheriff		30,000
The above constitutional officers employees blanket bond		50,000
Va CORP  Board of Supervisors  All County Employees		1,000,000 250,000
Virginia Municipal League All School Board Employees		50,000
Northamption Insurance Agency All Social Service Employees		100,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2012 (CONTINUED)

#### NOTE 16-POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS:

#### **PRIMARY GOVERNMENT**

#### Plan Description:

The County administers a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan. The plan provides healthcare insurance for eligible retirees and coverage ceases at age 65. Retirees can continue the same medical coverage they had (including dependent coverage) as active employees. The plan was established under the authority of the Northampton County Board of Supervisors. There is no separate, audited, GAAP-basis postemployment benefit report available.

#### **Funding Policy**:

The County has elected to make an annual contribution equal to the Benefit Payments. This requires the use of an interest rate based on long term expected return on short term investments.

#### Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation:

The annual cost of other post employment benefits (OPEB) under GASB 45 is called the annual required contribution or ARC. The estimated pay as you go cost for OPEB benefits was \$74,000 for fiscal year 2012. The annual estimated employer contributions for fiscal year 2012 were \$12,000.

The County has elected not to pre-fund OPEB liabilities. The funding policy of the County is to contribute to the plan the net claims paid during the year. The County is required to contribute the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC) an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years.

The following table shows the components of the County's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and the changes in the County's net OPEB obligation for the healthcare benefits:

		Primary
	_	Government
Annual required contribution	\$	74,000
Interest on net OPEB obligation		6,000
Adjustment to annual required contribution	_	(6,000)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	\$	74,000
Estimated Contributions made	_	(12,000)
Increase in net OPEB obligation		62,000
Net OPEB obligation-beginning of year	_	152,000
Net OPEB obligation-end of year	\$	214,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2012 (CONTINUED)

#### NOTE 16-POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS: (Continued)

#### **PRIMARY GOVERNMENT (Continued)**

#### Trend Information:

The County's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for the last three fiscal years were as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended	Year		Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation
County: 6/30/2010 6/30/2011 6/30/2012	\$	72,000 73,000 74,000	33.33% \$ 16.44% 16.22%	91,000 152,000 214,000

#### Funded Status and Funding Progress:

As of June 1, 2011, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was not funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$630,000, and the actuarial value of assets was \$0, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$630,000. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$6,492,000, and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 9.70%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revisions as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

#### Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefits costs between the employer and the plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the June 1, 2011 actuarial valuation, the entry age normal cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions include a 4.00 percent investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), which is the expected long-term investment returns on the employer's own investments calculated based on the funded level of the plan at the valuation date. The open amortization method and a 30 year amortization period are being used. The remaining amortization period at June 1, 2011 was 30 years. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2012 (CONTINUED)

#### NOTE 16-POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS: (Continued)

#### **PRIMARY GOVERNMENT (Continued)**

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions: (Continued)

The following additional simplifying assumptions were made:

Coverage Status and Age of Spouse – Actual coverage status is used; females assumed 3 years younger than male spouse.

45% of actives currently enrolled in the County's health care plan, will continue in the plan upon retiring. 25% of the spouses are assumed to continue their coverage into retirement. 100% of actives who become disabled are assumed to continue their coverage.

Demographic Assumptions – Demographic assumptions mirror those used for the pension plan, with adjustments made for actual experience of County employees. All employees are assumed to participate in the State of Virginia Retirement System.

Economic Assumptions – Medical Per Capita costs, Average Costs and premiums are assumed to increase 10.00% for Pre-Medicare coverage and Medicare Supplement in 2010. This rate decreases 1% per year until an ultimate rate of 5.0% is reached.

#### **COMPONENT UNIT SCHOOL BOARD**

#### Plan Description:

The School Board administers a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan. The plan provides healthcare insurance for eligible retirees and coverage ceases at age 65. Retirees can continue the same medical coverage they had (including dependent coverage) as active employees. The plan was established under the authority of the Northampton County School Board. There is no separate audited GAAP-basis post-employment benefit plan report available.

#### **Funding Policy**:

The School Board has elected to make an annual contribution equal to the Benefit Payments. This requires the use of an interest rate based on long term expected return on short term investments.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2012 (CONTINUED)

#### NOTE 16-POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS: (Continued)

#### **COMPONENT UNIT SCHOOL BOARD (Continued)**

#### Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation:

The annual cost of other post employment benefits (OPEB) under GASB 45 is called the annual required contribution or ARC. The estimated pay as you go cost for OPEB benefits was \$183,000 for fiscal year 2012. The annual employer contributions for fiscal year 2012 were \$148,000.

The School Board has elected not to pre-fund OPEB liabilities. The funding policy of the School Board is to contribute to the plan the net claims paid during the year. The School Board is required to contribute the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC) an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the School Board's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and the changes in the School Board's net OPEB obligation for the healthcare benefits:

	_	Component Unit School Board
Annual required contribution	\$	183,000
Interest on net OPEB obligation		1,000
Adjustment to annual required contribution		(1,000)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	\$	183,000
Estimated Contributions made	_	(148,000)
Increase in net OPEB obligation		35,000
Net OPEB obligation-beginning of year	_	66,000
Net OPEB obligation-end of year	\$	101,000

#### Trend Information:

The School Board's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for the last three fiscal years were as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended	Annual OPEB Cost	Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation		
Schools:			_		
6/30/2010	\$ 147,000	90.48%	\$	35,000	
6/30/2011	179,000	82.68%		66,000	
6/30/2012	183,000	80.87%		101,000	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2012 (CONTINUED)

#### NOTE 16-POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS: (Continued)

#### **COMPONENT UNIT SCHOOL BOARD (Continued)**

#### Funded Status and Funding Progress:

As of June 1, 2011, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was not funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$2,126,000, and the actuarial value of assets was \$0, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$2,126,000. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$10,091,000, and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 21.07%.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revisions as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

#### Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing the benefits cost between the employer and the plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the June 1, 2011 actuarial valuation, the entry age normal cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions include a 4.00 percent investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), which is the expected long-term investment returns on the employer's own investments calculated based on the funded level of the plan at the valuation date. The open amortization method and a 30 year amortization period are being used. The remaining amortization period at June 1, 2011 was 30 years. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis.

The following additional simplifying assumptions were made:

Coverage Status and Age of Spouse – Actual coverage status is used; females assumed 3 years younger than male spouse.

57% of actives currently enrolled in the County's health care plan, will continue in the plan upon retiring. 17.50% of the spouses are assumed to continue their coverage into retirement. 100% of actives who become disabled are assumed to continue their coverage.

Demographic Assumptions – Demographic assumptions mirror those used for the pension plan, with adjustments made for actual experience of County employees. All employees are assumed to participate in the State of Virginia Retirement System.

Economic Assumptions – Medical Per Capita costs, Average Costs and premiums are assumed to increase 10.00% for Pre-Medicare coverage and Medicare Supplement in 2010. This rate decreases 1% per year until an ultimate rate of 5.0% is reached.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2012 (CONTINUED)

#### **NOTE 17-OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB):**

## A. Plan Description

The School Board participates in the Health Insurance Credit Program, a plan designed to assist retirees with the cost of health insurance coverage. This program is a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). The Virginia General Assembly establishes the dollar amount of the health insurance credit for each year of creditable service. The credit amount and eligibility differs for state, school division, political subdivision, local officer, local social services department and general registrar retirees.

A teacher, who retires under VRS with at least 15 years of total creditable service under the System and is enrolled in a health insurance plan, is eligible to receive a monthly health insurance credit of \$4 per year of creditable service. However, such credit shall not exceed the health insurance premium for the retiree. Disabled retirees automatically receive a monthly health insurance credit of \$4 multiplied by the smaller of (i) twice the amount of their creditable service or (ii) the amount of creditable service they would have completed at age 60 if they had remained in service to that age.

Benefit provisions and eligibility requirements are established by Title 51.1, Chapter 14 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>. The VRS actuarially determines the amount necessary to fund all credits provided, reflects the cost of such credits in the applicable employer contribution rate pursuant to §51.1-145, and prescribes such terms and conditions as are necessary to carry out the provisions of the health insurance credit program. VRS issues separate financial statements as previously discussed in Note 14.

#### **B.** Funding Policy

The School Board is required to contribute, at an actuarially determined rate, the entire amount necessary to fund participation in the program. The current rate is .60% of annual covered payroll. The School Board's contributions to VRS for the years ended June 30, 2012, June 30, 2011, and June 30, 2010 was \$54,884, \$58,160 and \$56,497, respectively, and equaled the required contributions for the year.

#### NOTE 18-ADJUSTMENT TO BEGINNING NET ASSETS AND FUND BALANCE:

The following adjustment was made to beginning net assets and beginning fund balance:

			Component-Unit School Board
	•	Component-Unit School Board	School Operating Fund
Net assets as previously reported, June 30, 2011	\$	1,395,848 \$	-
Fund balance as previously reported, June 30, 2011		-	461,564
Adjustment to record prior year sick leave payout reserve		203,000	203,000
Net assets/Fund balance as adjusted, July 1, 2011	\$	1,598,848 \$	664,564



# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

NOTE TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Presented budgets were prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.



General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Budgeted Amounts							Variance with Final Budget -	
		Original		Final		Actual Amounts		Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES	_		_		_		•	( 33 1)	
General property taxes	\$	15,331,288	\$	15,331,288	\$	15,691,764	\$	360,476	
Other local taxes		2,542,891		2,542,891		2,492,889		(50,002)	
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses		163,387		163,387		134,793		(28,594)	
Fines and forfeitures		205,942		205,942		162,917		(43,025)	
Revenue from the use of money and property		87,789		87,789		85,129		(2,660)	
Charges for services		753,510		753,510		695,843		(57,667)	
Miscellaneous		1,000		37,255		88,880		51,625	
Recovered costs		122,724		134,173		112,553		(21,620)	
Intergovernmental revenues:									
Commonwealth		3,366,370		3,427,183		3,346,655		(80,528)	
Federal		40,137	_	54,547		308,726		254,179	
Total revenues	\$_	22,615,038	\$_	22,737,965	\$_	23,120,149	\$	382,184	
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
General government administration	\$	2,131,724	\$	2,119,934	\$	1,934,342	\$	185,592	
Judicial administration		600,813		602,469		584,726		17,743	
Public safety		3,454,710		3,589,857		3,374,462		215,395	
Public works		1,858,970		1,868,825		1,847,921		20,904	
Health and welfare		620,974		620,974		516,974		104,000	
Education		7,487,873		7,675,865		7,675,452		413	
Parks, recreation, and cultural		338,664		344,674		281,966		62,708	
Community development		1,098,045		1,093,045		982,211		110,834	
Debt service:									
Principal retirement		165,496		165,496		116,965		48,531	
Interest and other fiscal charges		17,763	_	17,763		4,158		13,605	
Total expenditures	\$_	17,775,032	\$_	18,098,902	\$_	17,319,177	\$	779,725	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)									
expenditures	\$_	4,840,006	\$_	4,639,063	\$	5,800,972	\$	1,161,909	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers in	\$	77,500	Ф	77,982	¢	473,144	¢	395,162	
Transfers out	Ψ	(5,135,343)	Ψ	(5,181,643)		(5,385,549)	Ψ	(203,906)	
Capital lease issuance		205,459		205,459		183,606		(21,853)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	(4,852,384)	φ-	(4,898,202)		(4,728,799)	Φ.	169,403	
Total other imancing sources (uses)	Ψ_	(4,002,004)	Ψ_	(4,030,202)	Ψ	(4,120,139)	Ψ.	109,403	
Net change in fund balances	\$	(12,378)	\$	(259,139)	\$	1,072,173	\$	1,331,312	
Fund balances - beginning		12,378		248,677		5,526,226		5,277,549	
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	(10,462)	\$	6,598,399	\$	6,608,861	
-	_		-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_	·	•	·	

# Eastern Shore Regional Jail Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Budgeted Amounts							Variance with Final Budget -
REVENUES		<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>		Actual <u>Amounts</u>		Positive (Negative)
Charges for services	\$	64,000	\$	64,000	\$	18,136	\$	(AE 96A)
Miscellaneous	Ф	64,000	Ф	200	Φ	200	Φ	(45,864)
Recovered costs		500		500		1,590		1,090
Intergovernmental revenues:		300		300		1,550		1,090
Commonwealth		2,179,656		2,179,656		2,142,570		(37,086)
Total revenues	\$	2,244,156	\$	2,244,356	\$	2,162,496	\$	(81,860)
	· <del>-</del>	, , ,	· · —	, ,	· · -	, - ,		(- ,,
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Public safety	\$	3,493,095	\$_	3,458,066	\$_	3,171,569	\$	286,497
Total expenditures	\$	3,493,095	\$	3,458,066	\$	3,171,569	\$	286,497
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)	_		_		_		_	
expenditures	\$_	(1,248,939)	\$_	(1,213,710)	\$_	(1,009,073)	\$_	204,637
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in	\$	1,248,939	\$	1,248,939	\$	1,248,939	\$	
Transfers out	φ	1,240,939	φ	1,240,939	Φ	(333,545)	φ	(333,545)
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	1,248,939	_	1,248,939	-	915,394	-	(333,545)
Total other illianding sources (uses)	_	1,240,939	-	1,240,939	-	910,094	-	(555,545)
Net change in fund balances	\$	_	\$	35,229	\$	(93,679)	\$	(128,908)
Fund balances - beginning	·	-	-	· -		94,075	,	94,075
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	35,229	\$	396	\$	(34,833)
-	=		=		=		-	· · · ·

Schedule of Pension Funding Progress For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

## Primary Government: County Retirement Plan:

Valuation Date	 Actuarial Value of Assets (AVA)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Unfunded (Excess Funded) Actuarial Accrued Liability	Funded Ratio (2)/(3)	Annual Covered Payroll	UAAL as % of Payroll (4)/(6)
6/30/2011	\$ 20,154,951 \$	23,756,149 \$	3,601,198	84.84% \$	6,447,215 \$	55.86%
6/30/2010	19,348,364	22,564,574	3,216,210	85.75%	6,547,235	49.12%
6/30/2009	18,716,520	20,112,262	1,395,742	93.06%	6,669,877	20.93%
6/30/2008	17,915,476	18,973,610	1,058,134	94.42%	6,925,859	15.28%
6/30/2007	15,954,510	16,485,147	530,637	96.78%	6,078,684	8.73%
6/30/2006	14,056,456	14,711,742	655,286	95.55%	5,199,477	12.60%
6/30/2005	13,095,343	14,101,363	1,006,020	92.87%	4,692,429	21.44%

## Discretely Presented Component Unit: School Board Non-Professionals Retirement Plan:

Valuation Date	 Actuarial Value of Assets (AVA)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)		Unfunded (Excess Funded) Actuarial Accrued Liability	Funded Ratio (2)/(3)	Annual Covered Payroll	 UAAL as % of Payroll (4)/(6)
6/30/2011	\$ 2,856,665 \$	3,445,539	\$	588,874	82.91% \$	648,684	\$ 90.78%
6/30/2010	2,966,684	3,335,960		369,276	88.93%	719,418	51.33%
6/30/2009	3,053,283	3,158,137		104,854	96.68%	720,752	14.55%
6/30/2008	3,191,242	3,205,059		13,817	99.57%	947,915	1.46%
6/30/2007	2,944,282	3,076,698		132,416	95.70%	971,806	13.63%
6/30/2006	2,638,972	2,620,369		(18,603)	100.71%	863,505	-2.15%
6/30/2005	2,523,111	2,707,044		183,933	93.21%	654,004	28.12%

Schedule of Funding Progress for Retiree Health Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

#### **Primary Government:**

**County Retiree Health Plan:** 

Valuation Date	 Actuarial Value of Assets (AVA)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Unfunded (Excess Funded) Actuarial Accrued Liability	Funded Ratio (2)/(3)	Annual Covered Payroll	UAAL as % of Payroll (4)/(6)
7/1/2008	\$ - \$	524,000 \$	524,000	0.00% \$	5,795,000	9.04%
6/1/2011	-	630,000	630,000	0.00%	6,492,000	9.70%

## **Discretely Presented Component Unit:**

#### **School Board Retiree Health Plan:**

Valuation Date	 Actuarial Value of Assets (AVA)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Unfunded (Excess Funded) Actuarial Accrued Liability	Funded Ratio (2)/(3)	Annual Covered Payroll	UAAL as % of Payroll (4)/(6)
7/1/2008	\$ - \$	1,820,000 \$	1,820,000	0.00% \$	9,592,000	18.97%
6/1/2011	-	2,126,000	2,126,000	0.00%	10,091,000	21.07%





Debt Service Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	_	Budgeted A	Amounts				Variance with Final Budget -
	_	Original	Final		Actual Amounts	_	Positive (Negative)
REVENUES							
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	- \$	-	\$	42,596	\$	42,596
Recovered costs	_	3,261,100	3,605,681		3,605,720		39
Total revenues	\$_	3,261,100 \$	3,605,681	\$_	3,648,316	\$_	42,635
EXPENDITURES							
Debt service:							
Principal retirement	\$	2,660,251 \$	, , -	\$	2,413,715	\$	246,536
Interest and other fiscal charges	_	3,955,611	3,955,611	_	1,585,753		2,369,858
Total expenditures	\$_	6,615,862 \$	6,615,862	\$_	3,999,468	\$_	2,616,394
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)							
expenditures	\$_	(3,354,762) \$	(3,010,181)	\$_	(351,152)	\$_	2,659,029
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in	\$	3,354,762 \$	3,354,762	\$	3,384,275	\$	29,513
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	3,354,762 \$	3,354,762	\$	3,384,275	\$	29,513
Net change in fund balances	\$	- \$	344,581	\$	3,033,123	\$	2,688,542
Fund balances - beginning	Ψ	Ψ -	-	Ψ	1,568,823	Ψ	1,568,823
Fund balances - ending	φ_		344,581	Φ_		\$	4,257,365
i unu balances - enumg	Ψ=		344,301	Ψ=	4,001,940	Ψ=	4,237,303



Capital Projects Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual		Variance with Final Budget - Positive
	Or	iginal		Final		Amounts		(Negative)
REVENUES			_		_			
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	- 9	\$	720,032	\$	344	\$	(719,688)
Miscellaneous		-		7,942		-		(7,942)
Intergovernmental revenues:								
Local government		-		352,760		472,629		119,869
Commonwealth Federal		-		1,519,334		- 52.005		(1,519,334)
Total revenues	\$	<del>-</del> ,	s –	2,600,068		53,995	Φ.	53,995
Total revenues	Ψ		Φ_	2,000,000	Ψ_	526,968	Φ.	(2,073,100)
EXPENDITURES								
Capital projects	\$	- 9	\$	6,043,902	\$	2,638,238	\$	3,405,664
Debt service:								
Interest and other fiscal charges		_		31,002		-		31,002
Total expenditures	\$		\$_	6,074,904	\$_	2,638,238	\$	3,436,666
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures	\$	- 9	\$	(3,474,836)	\$	(2,111,270)	\$	1,363,566
'			· —	, , ,	–	, , ,		, ,
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in	\$	- \$	\$	46,300	\$	46,300	\$	-
Issuance of capital lease		-	_	300	_	-		(300)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$		\$_	46,600	\$_	46,300	\$	(300)
Net change in fund balances	\$	- 9	\$	(3,428,236)	\$	(2,064,970)	\$	1,363,266
Fund balances - beginning	*	- `		7,128,878	*	4,410,088	*	(2,718,790)
Fund balances - ending	\$	- 9	\$ _	3,700,642	\$	2,345,118	\$	(1,355,524)
			_		-			

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2012

	Virginia Public Assistance Fund	Forfeited Asset Sharing Fund	 Purchase of Development Rights Fund
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 49,385	\$ 14,871	\$ 24,041
Due from other governmental units	66,803	8,746	-
Total assets	\$ 116,188	\$ 23,617	\$ 24,041
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES			
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$ 18,887	\$ -	\$ -
Accrued liabilities	97,301	-	-
Reconciled overdraft payable	-		 -
Total liabilities	\$ 116,188	\$ 	\$ <u> </u>
Fund balances:			
Restricted	\$ -	\$ 23,617	\$ 24,041
Unassigned	-		-
Total fund balances	\$ -	\$ 23,617	\$ 24,041
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 116,188	\$ 23,617	\$ 24,041

_	CDBG Projects Fund	-	HMGP Home Elevation Project Fund	_	Parks and Recreation Project Fund	Total
\$	71,536	\$	4,614	\$	-	\$ 164,447
	-	_	-		59,725	135,274
\$	71,536	\$	4,614	\$	59,725	\$ 299,721
\$ 	2,300 - 2,300	\$ - \$ <u>-</u>	- - - -	\$ _ \$	227,936 227,936	\$ 18,887 99,601 227,936 346,424
\$	69,236	\$	4,614 -	\$	- (168,211)	\$ 121,508 (168,211)
\$	69,236	\$_	4,614	\$	(168,211)	\$ (46,703)
\$	71,536	\$	4,614	\$	59,725	\$ 299,721

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

		Virginia Public Assistance Fund		Forfeited Asset Sharing Fund	. <u>-</u>	Purchase of Development Rights Fund
REVENUES						
Miscellaneous	\$	13,498	\$	-	\$	-
Intergovernmental revenues:		704.005		0.400		
Commonwealth		761,865		9,432		-
Federal	Φ.	1,427,325	φ.	898	φ.	<u> </u>
Total revenues	\$	2,202,688	Ф_	10,330	Ф	<u>-</u>
EXPENDITURES Current:						
Health and welfare	\$	2,607,679	\$	-	\$	-
Community development	·	-	·	-	·	5,000
Capital projects		-		-		-
Total expenditures	\$	2,607,679	\$	-	\$	5,000
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)						
expenditures	\$	(404,991)	\$	10,330	\$	(5,000)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in	\$	506,630	\$	-	\$	-
Transfers out		(139,600)		-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	367,030	\$	-	\$	
Net change in fund balances	\$	(37,961)	\$	10,330	\$	(5,000)
Fund balances - beginning		37,961		13,287		29,041
Fund balances - ending	\$		\$	23,617	\$	24,041

_	CDBG Projects Fund	HMGP Home Elevation Project Fund		Parks and Recreation Project Fund	_	Total
\$	7,024	\$ -	\$	-	\$	20,522
\$ <u></u>	20,000 450,456 477,480	\$ - - -	\$	- - -	\$_	791,297 1,878,679 2,690,498
\$	- 383,561 -	\$ -	\$	- - 16,606	\$	2,607,679 388,561 16,606
\$	383,561	\$ -	\$	16,606	\$_	3,012,846
\$_	93,919	\$ -	\$_	(16,606)	\$_	(322,348)
\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	506,630 (139,600)
\$ _	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$_	367,030
\$ _	93,919 (24,683)	\$ 4,614	\$	(16,606) (151,605)	_	44,682 (91,385)
\$ _	69,236	\$ 4,614	\$	(168,211)	Φ=	(46,703)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Virginia Public Assistance Fund									
		Budgete	d An	nounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive				
		Original		Final	_1	Actual	(Negative)			
REVENUES										
Miscellaneous Intergovernmental revenues:	\$	1,321	\$	1,321	\$	13,498 \$	12,177			
Commonwealth		1,073,317		1,073,317		761,865	(311,452)			
Federal		1,712,963		1,712,963		1,427,325	(285,638)			
Total revenues	\$	2,787,601	\$	2,787,601	\$	2,202,688 \$	(584,913)			
EXPENDITURES Current: Health and welfare	\$	3,216,731	\$	3,216,731	\$	2,607,679 \$	609,052			
Community development Capital projects		-		-		-	-			
Total expenditures	\$	3,216,731	\$	3,216,731	\$	2,607,679 \$	609,052			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$	(429,130)	\$	(429,130)	\$	(404,991) \$	24,139			
OTHER FINANCING COURSES (UCES)										
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in	\$	506,630	•	506,630	\$	506,630 \$	(62.400)			
Transfers out  Total other financing sources (uses)	<u> </u>	(77,500) 429,130	_	(77,500) 429,130		(139,600) 367,030 \$	(62,100) (62,100)			
Total other illiancing sources (uses)	Φ_	429,130	- Ψ	429,130	Ψ_	<u>307,030</u> \$	(02,100)			
Net change in fund balances	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(37,961) \$	(37,961)			
Fund balances - beginning	*	-	*	-	7	37,961	37,961			
Fund balances - ending	\$		\$	_	\$	- \$	-			
-			_		_					

		Forfeited As	Sharing F	d		Purchase of Development Rights Fund									
	Budgeted	Amounts		-		Variance with Final Budget Positive		Budgete	d A	mounts			,	Variance with Final Budget Positive	
_	Original	Final	-	Actual		(Negative)	_	Original		Final	_	Actual	_	(Negative)	
\$	- \$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- ;	\$	-	
	-	-		9,432 898		9,432 898		-		-		-		-	
\$	- \$	-	\$	10,330	\$	10,330	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- ;	\$_	<u>-</u>	
\$	- \$ -	- -	\$	- -	\$	- -	\$	- 25,012	\$	- 45,287	\$	- ; 5,000	\$	- 40,287	
\$_	<u> </u>	-	\$	<u>-</u> -	\$	-	\$	25,012	\$_	45,287	\$_	5,000	\$ <u>_</u>	40,287	
\$_	<u>-</u> \$	<u>-</u>	\$_	10,330	_\$_	10,330	\$_	(25,012)	\$_	(45,287)	\$_	(5,000)	\$_	40,287	
\$	- \$ -	; - (482)	\$	- -	\$	- 482	\$	25,012	\$	25,012	\$	- <b>;</b>	\$	(25,012)	
\$	<u> </u>			-	\$	482	\$	25,012	\$	25,012	\$_	- ;	\$_	(25,012)	
\$	- \$	(482) 482	\$	10,330 13,287	\$	10,812 12,805	\$	- 19,030	\$	(20,275) 20,275	\$	(5,000) \$ 29,041	\$	15,275 8,766	
\$	- \$	-	\$	23,617	\$	23,617	\$	19,030	\$		\$	24,041	\$_	24,041	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

				CDBG Pr	ojec	ts Fund	
		Budgeted	d An	nounts			Variance with Final Budget Positive
		Original		Final		Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES	-						
Miscellaneous	\$	-	\$	35,800	\$	7,024 \$	(28,776)
Intergovernmental revenues:							
Commonwealth		-		-		20,000	20,000
Federal		-		1,241,964		450,456	(791,508)
Total revenues	\$		\$	1,277,764	\$	477,480	(800,284)
EVENDITUES							
EXPENDITURES							
Current:	ф		Φ		Φ	ď	
Health and welfare	\$	-	\$	1,255,027	Ф	- 1	871,466
Community development Capital projects		-		1,255,027		383,561	071,400
Total expenditures	\$	<del>-</del> _	<u>\$</u>	1,255,027		383,561	871,466
Total experiolities	Ψ	<u>-</u>	Ψ	1,233,027	-Ψ	303,301 4	071,400
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)							
expenditures	\$	_	\$	22,737	\$	93,919 \$	71,182
			-	, -	· -		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in	\$	_	\$	-	\$	- \$	-
Transfers out				-			<u> </u>
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$		\$	-	\$		-
Net change in fund balances	\$		\$	22,737	Φ.	93,919	71,182
Fund balances - beginning	Ψ	_	Ψ	10,247	Ψ	(24,683)	(34,930)
Fund balances - beginning Fund balances - ending	\$		<u>s</u> —	32,984	- <sub>\$</sub> -	69,236 \$	
i una balances - challig	Ψ		Ψ_	32,304	Ψ_	U3,230 4	30,232

	нмо	tion Projec	t F	und		Parks and Recreation Project Fund									
	Budgeted A	Amounts		-		Variance with Final Budget Positive		Budgete	d A	mounts			Variance with Final Budget Positive		
_	Original	Final	_	Actual		(Negative)		Original		Final		Actual	(Negative)		
\$	- \$	38,223	\$	-	\$	(38,223) \$	<b>;</b>	-	\$	-	\$	- \$	-		
	-	44,356		-		(44,356)		-		-		-	-		
_	<u> </u>	281,389	_	-		(281,389)	_	-		187,777	_		(187,777		
\$_	<u> </u>	363,968	\$_	-	\$_	(363,968) \$	·_	-	\$_	187,777	_\$_	<u> </u>	(187,777)		
\$	- \$	-	\$	-	\$	- \$	;	-	\$	-	\$	- \$	-		
	-	434,192		-		434,192		-		-		-	-		
_	<u>-</u> ,	-	_	-		<del></del> .	_	-		49,049		16,606	32,443		
\$_	\$_	434,192	\$_	-	\$_	434,192 \$	· -	-	\$_	49,049	_\$_	16,606_\$	32,443		
\$_	<u>-</u> \$	(70,224)	\$_	-	\$	70,224 \$	<u>_</u>	-	\$_	138,728	_\$_	(16,606) \$	(155,334		
\$	- \$	-	\$	-	\$	- \$	;	-	\$	-	\$	- \$	-		
\$_	<u>-</u> \$	-	\$_	-	\$		<u>-</u>	-	\$	-	\$_	<u> </u>	<u>-</u> -		
\$	- \$	(70,224)	\$	-	\$	70,224 \$	;	-	\$	138,728	\$	(16,606) \$	(155,334		
	<del>-</del> .	70,224		4,614		(65,610)	_	-		-		(151,605)	(151,605		
\$_	\$	-	\$_	4,614	\$_	4,614 \$	;	-	\$	138,728	\$	(168,211) \$	(306,939		

Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2012

	_	IDA Operating Fund	<u> </u>	Virginia Broadband Authority Fund	. <u>-</u>	Special Welfare Fund	 NC Tourism Commission Fund
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	15,545	\$	(2,488)	\$	145,565	\$ 56,341
Accounts receivable	_	-	_	-		-	 -
Total assets	\$	15,545	\$_	(2,488)	\$_	145,565	\$ 56,341
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Accrued liabilities		-		5,737		-	-
Due to other funds		-		-		8,020	-
Amounts held for social services clients		-		-		137,545	-
Amounts held for others		15,545		-		-	56,341
Due to external parties		-	_	(8,225)	_	-	 -
Total liabilities	\$	15,545	\$	(2,488)	\$	145,565	\$ 56,341

_	911 Local Fund	. <u>-</u>	911 Wireline Fund		Local Sales Tax Fund	_	Building Inspection Fees Fund	. <u>-</u>	Total
\$	13,295	\$	148,801	\$	(50)	\$	1,633	\$	378,642
	· -		101,487		-		-		101,487
\$	13,295	\$	250,288	\$	(50)	\$ =	1,633	\$	480,129
\$	-	\$	19,795	\$	-	\$	-	\$	19,795
	-		32,320		-		1,543		39,600
	-		-		-		-		8,020
	-		-		-		-		137,545
	13,295		198,173		(50)		90		283,394
_	-	_	-	_	-	_	-		(8,225)
\$ _	13,295	\$	250,288	\$	(50)	\$ _	1,633	\$	480,129

Fiduciary Funds

Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities - Agency Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2012

		Balance Beginning of Year		Additions		Deductions		Balance End of Year
IDA Operating Fund:			-					-
Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	15,545	\$	-	\$	-	\$	15,545
Total assets	\$	15,545	\$	-	\$	-	\$	15,545
Liabilities:								
Amounts held for others	\$	15,545	\$_	-	\$	-	\$_	15,545
Virginia Broadband Authority Fund: Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	(9,625)	\$	42,411	\$	35,274	\$	(2,488)
Total assets	\$	(9,625)		42,411		35,274		(2,488)
Liabilities:								
Accrued liabilities	\$	4,131	\$	5,737	\$	4,131	\$	5,737
Due to external parties	•	(13,756)	•	36,674	•	31,143	•	(8,225)
Total liabilities	\$	(9,625)	\$	42,411	\$	35,274	\$	(2,488)
Special Welfare Fund: Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	84,643	\$	199,810	\$	138,888	\$	145,565
Total assets	\$	84,643		199,810		138,888		145,565
Liabilities:								
Due to other funds	\$	8,021	\$	-	\$	1	\$	8,020
Amounts held for social services clients		76,622		199,810		138,887		137,545
Total liabilities	\$	84,643	\$	199,810	\$	138,888	\$	145,565
NC Tourism Commission Fund: Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	65,801	\$_	-	\$	9,460	\$	56,341
Liabilities:								
Amounts held for others	\$	65,801	\$_	-	\$	9,460	\$_	56,341
911 Local Fund:								
Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	24,502	\$	82,998	\$	94,205	\$	13,295
Total assets	\$ <u></u>	24,502		82,998	\$	94,205		13,295
Liabilities:			_		•			
Amounts held for others	\$	24,502	\$	82,998	\$	94,205	\$	13,295
Total liabilities	\$	24,502	\$	82,998	\$	94,205	\$	13,295

Fiduciary Funds
Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities - Agency Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2012

		Balance Beginning of Year		Additions		Deductions		Balance End of Year
911 Wireline Fund:								
Assets:			_		_		_	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	111,192	\$	787,154	\$	749,545	\$	148,801
Accounts receivable		107,714		101,487		107,714		101,487
Total assets	\$	218,906	\$	888,641	\$	857,259	- <sup>\$</sup>	250,288
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	24,822	\$	19,795	\$	24,822	\$	19,795
Accrued liabilities		28,179		32,320		28,179		32,320
Amounts held for others		165,905		836,526		804,258		198,173
Total liabilities	\$	218,906	\$	888,641	\$	857,259	\$	250,288
Local Sales Tax Fund:	=				= =		_	
Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	- ;	\$	125,752	\$	125,802	\$	(50)
Total assets	\$	- (		125,752	\$	125,802	\$	(50)
		_			_		_	_
Liabilities:			•		_	40= 000	•	(=0)
Amounts held for others	\$		\$	125,752	\$	125,802	\$ <u> </u>	(50)
Building Inspection Fees Fund: Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,640	\$	1,543	\$	1,550	\$_	1,633
Liabilities:								
Accrued liabilities	\$	1,550	\$	1,543	\$	1,550	\$	1,543
Amounts held for others	·	90	•	-	•	-	,	90
Total liabilities	\$	1,640	\$	1,543	\$	1,550	\$	1,633
Totals All Agency Funds								
Assets:	Φ.	000 000 1	Φ	4 000 000	Φ.	4 45 4 70 4	Φ.	070.040
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	293,698	Ъ	1,239,668	\$	1,154,724	\$	378,642
Accounts receivable Total assets	\$	107,714 401,412	<sub>Ф</sub> —	101,487		107,714 1,262,438	- <sub>c</sub> —	101,487
Total assets	Φ.	401,412	Φ=	1,341,155	Φ	1,202,430	- <sup>Φ</sup> =	480,129
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	24,822	\$	19,795	\$	24,822	\$	19,795
Accrued liabilities		33,860		39,600		33,860		39,600
Due to other funds		8,021		-		1		8,020
Amounts held for others		271,843		1,045,276		1,033,725		283,394
Due to external parties		(13,756)		36,674		31,143		(8,225)
Amounts held for social services clients		76,622	_	199,810	- , -	138,887		137,545
Total liabilities	\$ <sub>_</sub>	401,412	\$_	1,341,155	\$	1,262,438	_\$_	480,129



# DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT SCHOOL BOARD



Combining Balance Sheet
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board
June 30, 2012

	_	School Operating Fund		School Grants Fund		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):	\$	1,810,486	\$	-	\$	218,242	\$	2,028,728
Accounts receivable		13,691		-		2,159		15,850
Due from other governmental units		267,238		813,013		8,885		1,089,136
Prepaid items		45,132		15,000		-		60,132
Total assets	\$	2,136,547	\$	828,013	\$	229,286	\$	3,193,846
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:	_		_					
Accounts payable	\$	280,868	\$	6,055	\$	358	\$	287,281
Accrued liabilities		1,191,115		140,185		50,279		1,381,579
Reconciled overdraft payable		-		548,193		<del>-</del>		548,193
Deferred revenue				-		5,160	<b>.</b> .	5,160
Total liabilities	\$_	1,471,983	\$_	694,433	\$	55,797	\$	2,222,213
Fund balances:								
Nonspendable	\$	45,132	\$	15,000	\$	-	\$	60,132
Restricted		-		118,580		-		118,580
Committed	_	619,432	_	-		173,489		792,921
Total fund balances	\$_	664,564	\$_	133,580	\$	173,489	\$	971,633
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$_	2,136,547	\$_	828,013	\$	229,286	\$	3,193,846
Amounts reported for governmental active because:	vities	in the statement	of	net assets (Ex	khib	oit 1) are different		
Total fund balances per above							\$	971,633
Capital assets used in governmental a reported in the funds.	ctivitie	es are not financ	cial	resources and	d, t	herefore, are not		3,137,748
Long-term liabilities, including compensate period and, therefore, are not reported in			are	not due and p	aya	able in the current	-	(1,647,926)
Net assets of governmental activities							\$	2,461,455



Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

		School Operating Fund		School Grants Fund	- <u>-</u>	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES								
Charges for services	\$		\$	-	\$	319,968	\$	319,968
Miscellaneous		373,461		-		-		373,461
Intergovernmental revenues:								
Local government		7,654,729		-		-		7,654,729
Commonwealth		8,737,437		-		13,861		8,751,298
Federal	_	40 705 007		3,680,662	φ-	743,135	Φ.	4,423,797
Total revenues	\$	16,765,627	\$_	3,680,662	\$	1,076,964	\$	21,523,253
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Education	\$	16,684,857	\$	3,671,150	\$	1,017,068	\$	21,373,075
Debt service:	Ψ	10,004,007	Ψ	0,071,100	Ψ	1,017,000	Ψ	21,070,070
Principal retirement		393,739		_		_		393,739
Interest and other fiscal charges		39,047		_		-		39,047
Total expenditures	\$	17,117,643	\$	3,671,150	\$	1,017,068	\$	21,805,861
·	· <u> </u>	· · ·		• • •		, ,	• •	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)	_				_		_	,
expenditures	\$	(352,016)	\$_	9,512	\$	59,896	\$	(282,608)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	¢.	252.046	φ		φ		Φ	252.046
Issuance of capital lease  Total other financing sources (uses)	\$_ \$	352,016 352,016	. Φ_ \$		э \$	<u>-</u>	Φ	352,016 352,016
Total other illiancing sources (uses)	Ψ_	332,010	- Ψ _		Ψ_		Ψ	332,010
Net change in fund balances	\$	_	\$	9,512	\$	59,896	\$	69,408
Fund balances - beginning, as adjusted	Ψ	664,564	Ψ	124,068	Ψ	113,593	Ψ	902,225
Fund balances - ending	\$	664,564	\$	133,580	\$	173,489	\$	971,633
r and balaness on all g	Ψ=	001,001	· * =	100,000	Ψ.	170,100	Ψ.	07.1,000
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the			(Exł	nibit 2) are dif	fere	ent because:		
Net change in fund balances - total governmental	funds -	per above					\$	69,408
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expected those assets is allocated over their estimated us amount by which the capital outlays exceeded de	seful liv	es and reported	as d	epreciation e				595,556
Some expenses reported in the statement of action and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in The following is a summary of items supporting (Increase) decrease in accrued leave Issuance of long-term debt Principal payments (Increase) decrease in other post employments	n goverr this adju	nmental funds. ustment:	ne u	se of current	; fin	190,920 (352,016) 393,739 (35,000)		197,643_
Change in net assets of governmental activities							\$	862,607

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	School Operating Fund								
	_	Budgete	ed Aı	nounts				Variance with Final Budget Positive	
		Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)	
REVENUES	·					_		_	
Miscellaneous	\$	350,820	\$	429,669	\$	373,461	\$	(56,208)	
Intergovernmental revenues:									
Local government		7,466,737		7,654,729		7,654,729		-	
Commonwealth		8,501,169		8,784,061		8,737,437		(46,624)	
Federal		<u> </u>		<del></del>		<u> </u>		<del></del>	
Total revenues	\$_	16,318,726	\$_	16,868,459	\$_	16,765,627	\$_	(102,832)	
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
Education	\$	15,885,940	\$	16,746,191	\$	16,684,857	\$	61,334	
Debt service:									
Principal retirement		393,739		393,739		393,739		-	
Interest and other fiscal charges		39,047	_	39,047	_	39,047			
Total expenditures	\$_	16,318,726	\$_	17,178,977	\$_	17,117,643	\$_	61,334	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)									
expenditures	\$	-	\$_	(310,518)	\$	(352,016)	\$_	(41,498)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Issuance of capital lease	\$_	-	_ \$ _	-	\$_	352,016	_	352,016	
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$_	-	\$_		\$_	352,016	\$_	352,016	
Net change in fund balances	\$	_	\$	(310,518)	\$	- :	\$	310,518	
Fund balances - beginning, as adjusted	•	-	•	310,518	•	664,564		354,046	
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	664,564	\$ -	664,564	
<del>-</del>	_		_		_		=		

	Budgete	ed Amo	ounts	_			Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	- —	Final		Actual	_	(Negative)
5	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	-		-		-		-
	2,435,858		- 6,109,387		3,680,662		- (2,428,725
<u> </u>	2,435,858	\$	6,109,387		3,680,662	\$	(2,428,725
i	2,435,858	\$	6,109,387	\$	3,671,150	\$	2,438,237
	-		-		-		-
	2,435,858	\$	6,109,387	\$	3,671,150	\$_	2,438,237
	-	\$	_	\$	9,512	\$_	9,512
; <u> </u>	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ <u></u>	-	\$_ \$	
_	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$_	
	-	\$	-	\$	9,512 124,068	\$	9,512
-	<u>-</u>	- \$	<u>-</u>	- \$	133,580	\$	124,068 133,580



Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board June 30, 2012

		School Cafeteria Fund	. <u>-</u>	School Retiree Health Insurance Fund		Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):	\$	195,134	\$	23,108	\$	218,242
Accounts receivable		2,159		-		2,159
Due from other governmental units		8,885	_	-	_	8,885
Total assets	\$_	206,178	\$	23,108	\$	229,286
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	358	Ф	_	\$	358
Accrued liabilities	Ψ	50,279	Ψ	_	Ψ	50,279
Deferred revenue		5,160		_		5,160
Total liabilities	\$	55,797	\$	-	\$	55,797
Fund balances:						
Committed	\$	150,381	\$	23,108	\$	173,489
Total fund balances	\$	150,381	\$	23,108	\$	173,489
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	206,178	\$	23,108	\$	229,286

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

			School Ca	fete	ria Fund		
	Budgeted	ΙA	mounts				Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original		Final		Actual	_	(Negative)
REVENUES							
Charges for services	\$ 150,000	\$	160,621	\$	148,455	\$	(12,166)
Miscellaneous	-		9,245		-		(9,245)
Intergovernmental revenues:							
Commonwealth	10,864		189,336		13,861		(175,475)
Federal	 724,332		499,053	_	743,135	_	244,082
Total revenues	\$ 885,196	\$	858,255	\$_	905,451	\$_	47,196
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Education	\$ 885,196	\$	858,453	\$_	849,654	\$	8,799
Total expenditures	\$ 885,196	\$	858,453	\$	849,654	\$	8,799
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)							
expenditures	\$ -	\$	(198)	\$_	55,797	\$_	55,995
Net change in fund balances	\$ -	\$	(198)	\$	55,797	\$	55,995
Fund balances - beginning	-		198		94,584		94,386
Fund balances - ending	\$ -	\$	-	\$	150,381	\$	150,381

	Se	chool Retir	ee Health	n Insurance Fu	nc	I
_	Budgeted Original	Amounts Fin	al	Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
\$	-	\$	- \$ -	171,513 -	\$	171,513 -
	-		-	-		-
\$_	<u> </u>	\$	<u> </u>	171,513	\$_	171,513
\$_		\$	\$_	167,414		(167,414)
\$ <u>_</u>	-	_\$	\$_	167,414	\$_	(167,414)
\$_	-	\$	\$_	4,099	\$_	4,099
\$	-	\$	- \$ -	4,099 19,009	\$	4,099 19,009
<u>s</u> –	-	- s <del></del>	<u> </u>		\$	23 108

Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds - Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board June 30, 2012

	_		Private Pupo	se	Trust Funds		
	_	GW Young Scholarship Fund	 BF Kellam Scholarship Fund	-	SD Goldstein Scholarship Fund	_	Total
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	15,548	\$ 5,593	\$	5,047	\$	26,188
Total assets	\$	15,548	\$ 5,593	\$	5,047	\$	26,188
NET ASSETS							
Held in trust for scholarships	\$	15,548	\$ 5,593	\$	5,047	\$	26,188
Total net assets	\$	15,548	\$ 5,593	\$	5,047	\$	26,188

Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds - Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	_	Private Pupose Trust Funds											
		GW Young Scholarship Fund		BF Kellam Scholarship Fund		SD Goldstein Scholarship Fund		Total					
ADDITIONS			_										
Contributions:													
Miscellaneous	\$_	650	\$	-	\$	150	\$	800					
Total contributions	\$_	650	\$_	-	\$	150	\$	800					
Investment earnings:													
Interest	\$_	22	\$	12	\$	7	\$	41					
Total additions	\$	672	\$	12	\$	157	\$	841					
DEDUCTIONS													
School activities expense	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-					
Scholarships		500		-		350		850					
Total deductions	\$	500	\$	-	\$	350	\$	850					
Change in net assets	\$	172	\$	12	\$	(193)	\$	(9)					
Net assets - beginning	_	15,376	_	5,581	_	5,240		26,197					
Net assets - ending	\$	15,548	\$	5,593	\$	5,047	\$	26,188					







Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget	_	Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund:								
Revenue from local sources:								
General property taxes:								
Real property taxes	\$	12,607,836	\$	12,607,836	\$	12,724,190	\$	116,354
Real and personal public service corporation taxes		272,725		272,725		271,212		(1,513)
Personal property taxes		2,075,822		2,075,822		2,276,472		200,650
Mobile home taxes		20,846		20,846		21,047		201
Penalties		159,059		159,059		175,504		16,445
Interest	_	195,000	_	195,000		223,339		28,339
Total general property taxes	\$_	15,331,288	\$_	15,331,288	\$_	15,691,764	\$	360,476
Other local taxes:								
Local sales and use taxes	\$	1,204,261	\$	1,204,261	\$	1,177,340	\$	(26,921)
Consumers' utility taxes		323,900		323,900		313,641		(10,259)
Business license taxes		47,730		47,730		40,968		(6,762)
Motor vehicle licenses		289,500		289,500		303,939		14,439
Bank stock taxes		6,100		6,100		8,081		1,981
Taxes on recordation and wills		180,000		180,000		147,329		(32,671)
Hotel and motel room taxes		226,400		226,400		235,903		9,503
Restaurant food taxes	_	265,000	_	265,000		265,688		688
Total other local taxes	\$_	2,542,891	\$_	2,542,891	\$_	2,492,889	\$	(50,002)
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses:								
Animal licenses	\$	6,200	\$	6,200	\$	2,134	\$	(4,066)
Permits and other licenses	_	157,187	_	157,187	_	132,659		(24,528)
Total permits, privilege fees, and regulatory								
licenses	\$_	163,387	\$_	163,387	\$_	134,793	\$	(28,594)
Fines and forfeitures:								
Court fines and forfeitures	\$	205,942	Ф	205,942	•	162,917	Ф	(43,025)
Total fines and forfeitures	Ψ_ \$	205,942	_	205,942		162,917		(43,025)
Total lines and fortelities	Ψ_	203,342	Ψ_	203,942	_Ψ_	102,917	Ψ_	(43,023)
Revenue from use of money and property:	•	04.465	•	0.4.455	•	70.0=2	•	(5.010)
Revenue from use of money	\$	84,188	\$	84,188	\$	78,978	\$	(5,210)
Revenue from use of property	_	3,601		3,601		6,151	<u>_</u>	2,550
Total revenue from use of money and property	\$_	87,789	Ψ_	87,789	\$_	85,129	\$	(2,660)

Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual Governmental Funds

Ooverninentari unus	
For The Year Ended June 30, 2012	(Continued)

Charges for courthouse security         105,000         105,000         120,787         15,           Charges for Commonwealth's Attorney         700         700         1,636         16,366           Charges for ambulance fees         186,375         186,375         29,315         (157, 157, 157, 158, 158, 159, 159, 159, 159, 159, 159, 159, 159	Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	_
Charges for courthouse maintenance         \$ 25,000         \$ 24,603         \$ (Charges for courthouse security)         105,000         105,000         120,787         15,           Charges for Commonwealth's Attorney         700         700         1,636         15,           Charges for ambulance fees         186,375         186,375         29,315         (157,           Charges for sanitation and waste removal         390,300         390,300         448,334         58,           Charges for parks and recreation         46,135         46,135         71,060         24,           Charges for sale of publications and commemorative material         -         -         -         108           Total charges for services         \$ 753,510         \$ 753,510         \$ 695,843         \$ (57,           Miscellaneous revenue:         Miscellaneous revenue         \$ 1,000         \$ 37,255         \$ 88,880         \$ 51,           Total miscellaneous revenue         \$ 1,000         \$ 37,255         \$ 88,880         \$ 51,           Recovered costs:         General recovered costs         \$ 93,430         \$ 104,879         \$ 84,283         \$ (20,           Treasurer recovered costs         \$ 93,430         \$ 104,879         \$ 84,283         \$ (20,           Total recovered costs	General Fund: (Continued)								
Charges for courthouse security         105,000         105,000         120,787         15,           Charges for Commonwealth's Attorney         700         700         1,636         16,366           Charges for ambulance fees         186,375         186,375         29,315         (157, 157, 157, 158, 158, 159, 159, 159, 159, 159, 159, 159, 159	Charges for services:								
Charges for Commonwealth's Attorney         700         700         1,636           Charges for ambulance fees         186,375         186,375         29,315         (157, Charges for sanitation and waste removal         390,300         390,300         448,334         58, Charges for parks and recreation         46,135         46,135         71,060         24, Charges for sale of publications and commemorative material         -         -         108         -         108         57, 108         57, 108         57, 108         57, 108         57, 108         57, 108         57, 108         57, 108         57, 108         57, 108         57, 108         57, 108         57, 108         57, 108         57, 108         57, 108         57, 108         51, 108 <t< td=""><td>Charges for courthouse maintenance</td><td>\$</td><td>25,000</td><td>\$</td><td>25,000</td><td>\$</td><td>24,603 \$</td><td>(397)</td><td>)</td></t<>	Charges for courthouse maintenance	\$	25,000	\$	25,000	\$	24,603 \$	(397)	)
Charges for ambulance fees         186,375         186,375         29,315         (157, Charges for sanitation and waste removal 390,300         390,300         348,334         58, Charges for parks and recreation         46,135         46,135         71,060         24,062         24,062         24,062         26,062         26,062         26,062         26,062         26,062         26,062         26,062         26,062	Charges for courthouse security		105,000		105,000		120,787	15,787	
Charges for sanitation and waste removal         390,300         390,300         448,334         58,           Charges for parks and recreation         46,135         46,135         71,060         24,           Charges for sale of publications and commemorative material         -         -         -         108           Total charges for services         \$ 753,510         \$ 753,510         \$ 695,843         \$ (57, 157, 157, 157, 157, 157, 157, 157, 1	Charges for Commonwealth's Attorney		700		700		1,636	936	
Charges for parks and recreation       46,135       46,135       71,060       24,         Charges for sale of publications and commemorative material       -       -       108       -       108       -       5.7       -       108       -	Charges for ambulance fees		186,375		186,375		29,315	(157,060)	)
Charges for sale of publications and commemorative material       -       -       108         Total charges for services       \$ 753,510       \$ 753,510       \$ 695,843       \$ (57, 695,843)         Miscellaneous revenue:       \$ 1,000       \$ 37,255       \$ 88,880       \$ 51, 751, 751, 751, 751, 751, 751, 751,	Charges for sanitation and waste removal		390,300		390,300		448,334	58,034	
commemorative material         -         -         108           Total charges for services         \$ 753,510 \$ 753,510 \$ 695,843 \$ (57, 753,510) \$ 695,843 \$ (57, 753,510) \$ 695,843 \$ (57, 753,510) \$ 695,843 \$ (57, 753,510) \$ 695,843 \$ (57, 753,510) \$ 695,843 \$ (57, 753,510) \$ 695,843 \$ (57, 753,510) \$ 695,843 \$ (57, 753,510) \$ 753,510 \$ 7	Charges for parks and recreation		46,135		46,135		71,060	24,925	
Total charges for services \$ 753,510 \$ 753,510 \$ 695,843 \$ (57, Miscellaneous revenue:  Miscellaneous \$ 1,000 \$ 37,255 \$ 88,880 \$ 51, Total miscellaneous revenue \$ 1,000 \$ 37,255 \$ 88,880 \$ 51, Total miscellaneous revenue \$ 1,000 \$ 37,255 \$ 88,880 \$ 51, Total miscellaneous revenue \$ 29,430 \$ 104,879 \$ 84,283 \$ (20, Treasurer recovered costs \$ 29,294 \$ 29,294 \$ 28,270 \$ (1, Total recovered costs \$ 122,724 \$ 134,173 \$ 112,553 \$ (21, Total revenue from local sources \$ 19,208,531 \$ 19,256,235 \$ 19,464,768 \$ 208, Intergovernmental revenues:  Revenue from the Commonwealth:  Noncategorical aid:  Motor vehicle carriers' tax \$ 1,924 \$ 1,924 \$ 2,272 \$	Charges for sale of publications and								
Miscellaneous revenue:       \$ 1,000 \$ 37,255 \$ 88,880 \$ 51,         Total miscellaneous revenue       \$ 1,000 \$ 37,255 \$ 88,880 \$ 51,         Recovered costs:       \$ 93,430 \$ 104,879 \$ 84,283 \$ (20,         General recovered costs       \$ 93,430 \$ 104,879 \$ 84,283 \$ (20,         Treasurer recovered costs       \$ 29,294 \$ 29,294 \$ 28,270 \$ (1,         Total recovered costs       \$ 122,724 \$ 134,173 \$ 112,553 \$ (21,         Total revenue from local sources       \$ 19,208,531 \$ 19,256,235 \$ 19,464,768 \$ 208,         Intergovernmental revenues:       Revenue from the Commonwealth:         Noncategorical aid:       Noncategorical aid:         Motor vehicle carriers' tax       \$ 1,924 \$ 1,924 \$ 2,272 \$	commemorative material	_	-	_	-	_	108	108	
Miscellaneous         \$ 1,000         \$ 37,255         \$ 88,880         \$ 51,           Total miscellaneous revenue         \$ 1,000         \$ 37,255         \$ 88,880         \$ 51,           Recovered costs:           General recovered costs         \$ 93,430         \$ 104,879         \$ 84,283         \$ (20,           Treasurer recovered costs         29,294         29,294         28,270         (1,           Total recovered costs         \$ 122,724         \$ 134,173         \$ 112,553         \$ (21,           Total revenue from local sources         \$ 19,208,531         \$ 19,256,235         \$ 19,464,768         \$ 208,           Intergovernmental revenues:           Revenue from the Commonwealth:         Noncategorical aid:           Motor vehicle carriers' tax         \$ 1,924         \$ 1,924         \$ 2,272         \$	Total charges for services	\$_	753,510	\$_	753,510	\$_	695,843 \$	(57,667)	<u>_</u>
Total miscellaneous revenue \$ 1,000 \$ 37,255 \$ 88,880 \$ 51,  Recovered costs:  General recovered costs \$ 93,430 \$ 104,879 \$ 84,283 \$ (20, Treasurer recovered costs \$ 29,294 \$ 29,294 \$ 28,270 \$ (1, Total recovered costs \$ 122,724 \$ 134,173 \$ 112,553 \$ (21,  Total revenue from local sources \$ 19,208,531 \$ 19,256,235 \$ 19,464,768 \$ 208,  Intergovernmental revenues: Revenue from the Commonwealth: Noncategorical aid: Motor vehicle carriers' tax \$ 1,924 \$ 1,924 \$ 2,272 \$	Miscellaneous revenue:								
Recovered costs:  General recovered costs \$ 93,430 \$ 104,879 \$ 84,283 \$ (20, Treasurer recovered costs \$ 29,294 \$ 29,294 \$ 28,270 \$ (1, Total recovered costs \$ 122,724 \$ 134,173 \$ 112,553 \$ (21, Total revenue from local sources \$ 19,208,531 \$ 19,256,235 \$ 19,464,768 \$ 208, Intergovernmental revenues:  Revenue from the Commonwealth:  Noncategorical aid:  Motor vehicle carriers' tax \$ 1,924 \$ 1,924 \$ 2,272 \$	Miscellaneous	\$	1,000	\$	37,255	\$	88,880 \$	51,625	
General recovered costs         \$ 93,430         \$ 104,879         \$ 84,283         \$ (20, 20,294)         \$ 29,294         \$ 29,294         \$ 28,270         (1, 20,204)         \$ (20, 20,204)         \$ 29,294         \$ 28,270         (1, 20,204)         \$ (21, 20,204)	Total miscellaneous revenue	\$_	1,000	\$	37,255	\$	88,880 \$	51,625	-
General recovered costs         \$ 93,430         \$ 104,879         \$ 84,283         \$ (20, 20,294)         \$ 29,294         \$ 29,294         \$ 28,270         (1, 20,204)         \$ (20, 20,204)         \$ 29,294         \$ 28,270         (1, 20,204)         \$ (21, 20,204)	Recovered costs:								
Treasurer recovered costs         29,294         29,294         28,270         (1, 21, 22)           Total recovered costs         \$ 122,724         \$ 134,173         \$ 112,553         \$ (21, 221, 222)           Total revenue from local sources         \$ 19,208,531         \$ 19,256,235         \$ 19,464,768         \$ 208, 208, 208, 208, 208, 208, 208, 208,		•	03 430	•	10// 870	Ф	84 283 \$	(20,596)	
Total recovered costs \$ 122,724 \$ 134,173 \$ 112,553 \$ (21,    Total revenue from local sources \$ 19,208,531 \$ 19,256,235 \$ 19,464,768 \$ 208,  Intergovernmental revenues: Revenue from the Commonwealth: Noncategorical aid: Motor vehicle carriers' tax \$ 1,924 \$ 1,924 \$ 2,272 \$		Ψ		Ψ	•	Ψ		(1,024)	
Total revenue from local sources \$ 19,208,531 \$ 19,256,235 \$ 19,464,768 \$ 208,  Intergovernmental revenues: Revenue from the Commonwealth: Noncategorical aid: Motor vehicle carriers' tax \$ 1,924 \$ 1,924 \$ 2,272 \$		\$		\$		\$	·		_
Intergovernmental revenues: Revenue from the Commonwealth: Noncategorical aid: Motor vehicle carriers' tax \$ 1,924 \$ 1,924 \$ 2,272 \$	Total Todovorod doold	Ψ_	122,124	Ψ_	104,170	-Ψ_	112,000 φ	(21,020)	-
Revenue from the Commonwealth:  Noncategorical aid:  Motor vehicle carriers' tax  \$ 1,924 \$ 1,924 \$ 2,272 \$	Total revenue from local sources	\$_	19,208,531	\$_	19,256,235	\$_	19,464,768_\$	208,533	_
Revenue from the Commonwealth:  Noncategorical aid:  Motor vehicle carriers' tax  \$ 1,924 \$ 1,924 \$ 2,272 \$	Intergovernmental revenues:								
Noncategorical aid:  Motor vehicle carriers' tax  \$ 1,924 \$ 1,924 \$ 2,272 \$	8								
Motor vehicle carriers' tax \$ 1,924 \$ 1,924 \$ 2,272 \$									
	8	\$	1.924	\$	1.924	\$	2.272 \$	348	
	Mobile home titling tax	*	15,000	Ψ	15,000	Ψ	19,430	4,430	
	<u> </u>						•	323	
,			•		•		•	(20,632)	)
			,		,		,	(32,938)	
								(11,987)	
Personal property tax relief funds 1,421,967 1,421,967 1,421,967	<u> </u>		,		, ,		, ,	-	
	,	\$		\$		\$		(60,456)	-

Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual Governmental Funds For The Year Ended June 30, 2012 (Continued)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund: (Continued)								
Revenue from the Commonwealth: (Continued)								
Categorical aid:								
Shared expenses:								
Commonwealth's attorney	\$	207,273	\$	207,273	\$	187,578	\$	(19,695)
Sheriff		845,668		845,668		854,949		9,281
Commissioner of revenue		81,393		81,393		98,914		17,521
Treasurer		72,395		72,395		68,980		(3,415)
Registrar/electoral board		30,414		30,414		41,998		11,584
Clerk of the Circuit Court	_	183,856	_	183,856		182,989		(867)
Total shared expenses	\$_	1,420,999	\$_	1,420,999	\$_	1,435,408	\$	14,409
Other categorical aid:								
Health department grant	\$	-	\$	-	\$	33,581	\$	33,581
Virginia Port Authority grant		37,134		37,134		-		(37,134)
Four for Life		11,492		11,492		11,492		-
Litter control grant		8,910		8,910		8,000		(910)
Emergency services grant		=		=		11,661		11,661
Virginia rescue squad grant		10,007		10,007		9,995		(12)
Victim-witness grant		20,024		20,024		26,718		6,694
Other state funds		977		61,790		17,334		(44,456)
Fire programs	_	26,973	_	26,973		23,068		(3,905)
Total other categorical aid	\$_	115,517	\$	176,330	\$_	141,849	\$	(34,481)
Total categorical aid	\$_	1,536,516	\$_	1,597,329	\$	1,577,257	\$	(20,072)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$_	3,366,370	\$_	3,427,183	\$_	3,346,655	\$	(80,528)
Revenue from the federal government:								
Payments in lieu of taxes	\$_	35,500	\$_	35,500	\$_	26,933	\$	(8,567)
Categorical aid:								
Byrne Justice assistance grant	\$	4,637	\$	11,790	\$	8,602	\$	(3,188)
ISTEA grant	•	-	•	-	*	139,418	*	139,418
Emergency preparedness grant		-		-		28,400		28,400
State homeland security grant		-		-		11,784		11,784
Highway safety grant		=		-		23,019		23,019
Disaster relief public assistance		-		7,257		48,586		41,329
Coastal zone management program	_	-	_	-		21,984		21,984
Total categorical aid	\$	4,637	\$	19,047	\$	281,793	\$	262,746
Total revenue from the federal government	\$_	40,137	\$_	54,547	\$_	308,726	\$	254,179
Total General Fund	\$	22,615,038	\$_	22,737,965	\$	23,120,149	\$	382,184

Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual Governmental Funds

For The Year Ended June 30, 2012 (Continued)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Special Revenue Funds: Eastern Shore Regional Jail Fund: Revenue from local sources:					
Charges for services: Jail housing and other fees Total charges for services	\$_ \$	64,000 \$ 64,000 \$	64,000 \$ 64,000 \$		
Miscellaneous revenue: Other miscellaneous Total miscellaneous revenue	\$ _ \$ _	\$_ \$_	200 \$ 200 \$	200 \$ 200 \$	
Recovered costs: Extradition costs Total recovered costs	\$_ \$_	500 \$ 500 \$	500 \$ 500 \$	1,590 \$	
Total revenue from local sources	\$_	64,500 \$	64,700 \$	19,926 \$	(44,774)
Intergovernmental revenues: Revenue from the Commonwealth: Categorical aid: Shared expenses: Sheriff	\$_	1,879,656 \$	1,879,656 \$	1,911,965\$	32,309
Other categorical aid: Local jails Total categorical aid Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$_ \$_ \$	300,000 2,179,656 \$ 2,179,656 \$	300,000 2,179,656 2,179,656 \$		
Total Eastern Shore Regional Jail Fund	\$_	2,244,156 \$	2,244,356 \$		
Virginia Public Assistance Fund: Revenue from local sources: Miscellaneous revenue:					
Other miscellaneous	\$_	1,321 \$	1,321 \$	13,498 \$	12,177
Total miscellaneous revenue	\$_	1,321 \$	1,321 \$	13,498 \$	512,177_
Total revenue from local sources	\$_	1,321 \$	1,321 \$	13,498 \$	12,177
Intergovernmental revenues: Revenue from the Commonwealth: Categorical aid:					
Public assistance and welfare administration Total categorical aid	\$_ \$_	1,073,317 \$ 1,073,317 \$	1,073,317 \$ 1,073,317 \$		
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$_	1,073,317 \$	1,073,317 \$	761,865 \$	(311,452)
Revenue from the federal government: Categorical aid:					
Public assistance and welfare administration Total categorical aid	\$_ \$_	1,712,963 \$ 1,712,963 \$	1,712,963 \$ 1,712,963 \$	1,427,325 \$ 1,427,325 \$	
Total revenue from the federal government	\$_	1,712,963 \$	1,712,963 \$	1,427,325 \$	(285,638)
Total Virginia Public Assistance Fund	\$ <u>_</u>	2,787,601 \$	2,787,601 \$	2,202,688	(584,913)

Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual Governmental Funds For The Year Ended June 30, 2012 (Continued)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget		Final Budget	_	Actual		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Special Revenue Funds: (Continued) Forfeited Asset Sharing Fund: Intergovernmental revenues:								
Revenue from the Commonwealth:  Categorical aid:	Φ.		Φ.		Φ.	0.400	•	0.400
Asset forfeiture	\$_		\$_	-	\$_	9,432	<b>5</b> _	9,432
Revenue from the federal government: Categorical aid:								
Asset forfeiture	\$_		\$_	-	\$_	898_	\$_	898
Total Forfeited Asset Sharing Fund	\$_		\$_		\$_	10,330	\$_	10,330
CDBG Projects Fund: Revenue from local sources: Miscellaneous revenue:								
Gifts and donations	\$	-	\$	35,800	\$	2,104	\$	(33,696)
Program income	_			-	_	4,920	_	4,920
Total miscellaneous revenue	\$_		\$_	35,800	\$_	7,024	\$_	(28,776)
Total revenue from local sources	\$_		\$_	35,800	\$_	7,024	\$_	(28,776)
Intergovernmental revenues: Revenue from the Commonwealth: Categorical aid:								
Other state funds	\$_		\$_	<u>-</u>	\$_ \$	20,000	\$_	20,000
Total categorical aid	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	-	\$	20,000	\$	20,000
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$_		\$_	-	\$_	20,000	\$_	20,000
Revenue from the federal government: Categorical aid:								
CDBG grant	\$	-	\$	1,241,964	\$	412,456	\$	(829,508)
Other categorical aid Total categorical aid	\$		<u> </u>	1,241,964	Φ_	38,000 450,456	<u> </u>	38,000 (791,508)
Total categorical ald	Ψ_	<u> </u>	Ψ_	1,241,904	Ψ_	430,430	Ψ_	(791,308)
Total revenue from the federal government	\$_		\$_	1,241,964	\$_	450,456	\$_	(791,508)
Total CDBG Projects Fund	\$_		\$_	1,277,764	\$_	477,480	\$_	(800,284)
HMGP Home Elevation Project Fund: Revenue from local sources: Miscellaneous revenue:								
Homeowner's contribution	\$_		\$	38,223	\$		\$	(38,223)
Total miscellaneous revenue	\$	-	\$	38,223		- ;	\$_	(38,223)
Total revenue from local sources	\$_		\$_	38,223	\$_		\$_	(38,223)

Page 6 of 9

Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual Governmental Funds For The Year Ended June 30, 2012 (Continued)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Special Revenue Funds: (Continued)						
HMGP Home Elevation Project Fund: (Continued) Intergovernmental revenues:						
Revenue from the Commonwealth:						
Categorical aid: VDEM Hazard Mitigation grant	\$	- \$	44,356	\$	- \$	(44,356)
Revenue from the federal government:	_		·	· ·	·	
Categorical aid:						
FEMA Hazard Mitigation grant	\$_	\$	281,389	\$	\$	(281,389)
Total HMGP Home Elevation Project Fund	\$_	\$_	363,968	\$	\$	(363,968)
Parks and Recreation Project Fund:						
Intergovernmental revenues:						
Revenue from the federal government: Categorical aid:						
US Dept. of Housing and Urban Development	\$_	\$_	187,777	\$	\$	(187,777)
Total Parks and Recreation Project Fund	\$	\$_	187,777	\$	\$	(187,777)
Debt Service Fund:						
Revenue from local sources:						
Revenue from use of money and property:  Revenue from the use of money	\$	- \$	-	\$	42,596 \$	42.596
Recovered costs:	· <u> </u>					
Other recovered costs	\$	3,261,100 \$	3,605,681	\$	3,605,720 \$	39
Total revenue from local sources	\$	3,261,100 \$	3,605,681	\$	3,648,316 \$	42,635
Total Debt Service Fund	\$	3,261,100 \$	3,605,681	\$	3,648,316 \$	42,635
Capital Projects Funds:	· ·			· · ·		
Capital Improvements Fund: Revenue from local sources:						
Revenue from use of money and property:						
Revenue from the use of money	\$	\$	720,032	\$	344_\$	(719,688)
Miscellaneous revenue:						
Other miscellaneous	\$_	\$_	7,942	\$	<u> </u>	(7,942)
Intergovernmental revenues:						
Revenues from local governments:  Contribution from Northampton County School Board	\$	- \$	352,760	\$	472,629 \$	119,869
Total revenue from local sources	\$	- \$	1,080,734		472,973 \$	
Revenue from the Commonwealth:	· <del>-</del>	·	•	· <del></del>	·	
Categorical aid:	•	_	480.00-	•	_	/4=0.005
Department of Mines, Minerals and Energy Department of Emergency Management	\$	- \$ -	150,000 1,369,334	\$	- \$ -	(150,000) (1,369,334)
Total categorical aid	\$	\$	1,519,334	\$	- \$	(1,519,334)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	- \$	1,519,334	\$	- \$	(1,519,334)

Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual Governmental Funds

For The Year Ended June 30, 2012 (Continued)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	· <del>-</del>	Original Budget	_	Final Budget	_	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Capital Projects Funds: (Continued) Capital Improvements Fund: (Continued) Intergovernmental revenues: Revenue from the federal government: Categorical aid:							
Department of Mines, Minerals and Energy	\$_	- 9	6	- (	\$	53,995 \$	53,995
Total County Capital Improvements Fund	\$		\$ _	2,600,068	\$_	526,968 \$	
Total Primary Government	\$_	30,907,895	S _	35,805,180	\$ <u>_</u>	32,148,427 \$	(3,656,753)
Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board: School Operating Fund: Revenue from local sources: Miscellaneous revenue: Other miscellaneous	\$	350,820	6	429,669	\$	373,461 \$	(56,208)
Total revenue from local sources	\$	350,820		429,669	Φ	373,461 \$	(56,208)
Intergovernmental revenues: Revenues from local governments: Contribution from County of Northampton, Virginia Total revenues from local governments	\$_ \$_	7,466,737 \$	- 	7,654,729 7,654,729	\$_	7,654,729 7,654,729	<u> </u>
Revenue from the Commonwealth: Categorical aid: Share of state sales tax Basic school aid ISAEP Remedial summer education Regular foster care Special education foster care Gifted and talented Remedial education Adult education	\$	1,734,542 \$ 4,090,494 7,859 - 13,573 - 36,673 208,875 2,638	8	1,741,555	\$	1,717,316 \$ 4,230,025 7,859 1,120 - 13,710 37,717 214,825	(24,239) 2,280 - 1,120 (13,573) 14,466 - (2,638)
English as a second language Special education Textbook payment Virginia preschool initiative Social security fringe benefits Retirement fringe benefits Group life insurance fringe benefits SOL algebra Early reading intervention GED pass-thru grant Homebound special education Project graduation Vocational educational		91,021 541,321 32,336 219,000 227,211 205,686 7,972 21,323 13,375 - 1,922		83,750 556,741 33,257 219,000 233,683 211,545 8,199 22,809 13,375 60,727 1,669 3,000 126,812		83,750 556,741 33,257 219,000 233,683 211,545 8,199 22,809 7,430 60,686 1,669	(5,945) (41) (3,000) (1,042)

Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual Governmental Funds

For The Year Ended June 30, 2012 (Continued)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board:	(Co	ntinued)				
School Operating Fund: (Continued)						
Intergovernmental revenues: (Continued)						
Revenue from the Commonwealth: (Continued)						
Categorical aid: (Continued) Special education regional payments	\$	16,661 \$	10,340	Ф	8,366 \$	(1,974)
At risk payments	φ	327,864	336,934	φ	336,934	(1,974)
Special education - Jails		4,575	2,700		-	(2,700)
Primary class size		219,579	234,181		234,181	(2,700)
Technology		180,000	180,000		166,872	(13,128)
Alternative education		64,757	64,757		64,757	-
Jobs for Virginia graduates		-	21,000		21,000	-
Other state funds		110,969	102,836		108,781	5,945
Mentor teacher programs	_	2,155	11,590		9,435	(2,155)
Total categorical aid	\$_	8,501,169 \$	8,784,061	\$	8,737,437 \$	(46,624)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$_	8,501,169 \$	8,784,061	\$_	8,737,437 \$	(46,624)
Total School Operating Fund	\$_	16,318,726 \$	16,868,459	\$	16,765,627 \$	(102,832)
School Cafeteria Fund:						
Revenue from local sources:						
Charges for services:						
Cafeteria sales	\$	150,000 \$	160,621	\$	148,455 \$	(12,166)
Total charges for services	\$_	150,000 \$	160,621		148,455 \$	
9	_	<u> </u>	*		·	
Miscellaneous revenue:						
Other miscellaneous	\$	- \$	9,245	\$	- \$	(9,245)
Total miscellaneous revenue	\$	- \$	9,245	\$	- \$	(9,245)
Total revenue from local sources	\$	150,000 \$	169,866	\$	148,455 \$	(21,411)
Total revenue from local sources	Ψ_	- 100,000 φ	100,000	Ψ_	<u> 140,433</u> ψ	(21,711)
Intergovernmental revenues:						
Revenue from the Commonwealth:						
Categorical aid:						
School food program grant	\$	10,864 \$	189,336	\$	13,861 \$	(175,475)
Total categorical aid	\$	10,864 \$	189,336	\$	13,861 \$	(175,475)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	10,864 \$	189,336	\$	13,861 \$	(175,475)
Payanua from the federal government:						
Revenue from the federal government:						
Categorical aid: School food program grant	\$	724,332 \$	499,053	Ф	680,536 \$	181,483
Summer food program grant	φ	724,332 \$	499,033	φ	18,400	18,400
USDA commodities		_	_		44,199	44,199
Total categorical aid	\$	724,332 \$	499,053	\$	743,135 \$	
. otal oatogotion ala	Ψ_	124,002 ψ	+00,000	Ψ	7-0,100 ψ	244,002
Total revenue from the federal government	\$_	724,332 \$	499,053	\$_	743,135 \$	244,082
Total School Cafeteria Fund	\$_	885,196 \$	858,255	\$_	905,451 \$	47,196
	-			_	<del></del>	

Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual Governmental Funds For The Year Ended June 30, 2012 (Continued)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Boar School Grants Fund:	d: (Co	ntinued)					
Intergovernmental revenues:							
Revenue from the federal government:							
Categorical aid:							
Title I Part A	\$	871,257	\$	1,017,436	\$	679,186 \$	(338,250)
Title I Part A ARRA	•	-	*	13,824	*	13,824	-
Title I Part C (Migrant)		141,441		295,014		80,477	(214,537)
Other federal grants		, -		276,412		267,633	(8,779)
Title II Part A		181,937		291,488		178.674	(112,814)
Title II Part D		5.645		5.946		301	(5,645)
Title II Part D ARRA		-		5,023		5,023	(=,= !=) -
Title III Part A		21,718		54,989		20,079	(34,910)
Title VI-B Special education		424,079		649,757		453,324	(196,433)
Title VI-B Special education ARRA		-		78,199		78,199	-
Title VI-B preschool		15,255		37,845		10,415	(27,430)
Title VI-B preschool ARRA		-,		5,305		5,305	-
Title VI-B rural and low income schools		43,555		49,882		8,985	(40,897)
1003 G school improvement grant		358,334		2,927,055		1,498,623	(1,428,432)
CTE/Perkins grant		54,570		53,243		37,762	(15,481)
Consortium incentive grants		- ,		22,197		23,662	1,465
Education JOBS allocation		318,067		325,772		319,190	(6,582)
Total categorical aid	\$	2,435,858	\$	6,109,387	\$	3,680,662 \$	
Total revenue from the federal government	\$_	2,435,858	\$_	6,109,387	\$	3,680,662 \$	(2,428,725)
Total School Grants Fund	\$	2,435,858	\$	6,109,387	\$	3,680,662 \$	(2,428,725)
School Retiree Health Insurance Fund: Revenue from local sources: Charges for services:							
Retiree health insurance premiums	\$_		\$_	-	\$_	171,513 \$	171,513
Total revenue from local sources	\$_	-	\$_	-	\$	171,513 \$	171,513
Total School Retiree Health Insurance Fund	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	171,513 \$	171,513
Total Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board	\$_	19,639,780	\$_	23,836,101	\$	21,523,253 \$	(2,312,848)



Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund:								
General government administration:								
Legislative:								
Board of supervisors	\$_	25,120	\$_	33,950	\$_	43,389	\$_	(9,439)
General and financial administration:								
County administrator	\$	419,770	\$	419,879	\$	369,575	\$	50,304
County attorney		72,612		72,612		70,520		2,092
Commissioner of revenue		200,456		201,286		201,282		4
General reassessment		181,890		202,910		202,903		7
Treasurer		267,623		267,623		249,034		18,589
Finance		317,378		320,878		280,992		39,886
Department of information technology		220,523		237,468		226,298		11,170
Contingency		105,741		42,717		-		42,717
Other general and financial administration		162,471		162,471		155,906		6,565
Total general and financial administration	\$	1,948,464	\$	1,927,844	\$	1,756,510	\$	171,334
Board of elections:								
Electoral board and officials	\$	158,140	\$	158,140	\$	134,443	\$	23,697
Total board of elections	\$	158,140		158,140		134,443		23,697
Total general government administration	\$_	2,131,724	\$_	2,119,934	\$_	1,934,342	\$_	185,592
Judicial administration:								
Courts:								
Circuit court	\$	24,932	\$	24,932	\$	23,471	\$	1,461
General district court		5,952		6,042		6,036		6
Magistrate		4,100		4,100		3,452		648
Juvenile and domestic relations district court		2,785		3,675		3,666		9
Clerk of the circuit court		282,294		282,294		269,000		13,294
Victim and witness assistance		19,831	_	20,024	_	19,980	_	44
Total courts	\$	339,894	\$	341,067	\$	325,605	\$_	15,462
Commonwealth's attorney:								
Commonwealth's attorney	\$	260,919	\$_	261,402		259,121	\$_	2,281
Total commonwealth's attorney	\$_	260,919	\$_	261,402	\$_	259,121	\$_	2,281
Total judicial administration	\$_	600,813	\$_	602,469	\$_	584,726	\$_	17,743
Public safety:								
Law enforcement and traffic control:								
Sheriff	\$	1,672,785	\$	1,768,631	\$	1,696,975	\$	71,656
Total law enforcement and traffic control	\$	1,672,785	\$_	1,768,631	\$	1,696,975	\$	71,656

Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2012 (Continued)

Emergency medical services         964,197         974,754         941,366         33	
Fire and rescue services:       \$ 12,611 \$ 12,955 \$ 12,758 \$         Ambulance and rescue       \$ 155,399 155,399 147,678 7         Emergency medical services       964,197 974,754 941,366 33	
Ambulance and rescue       \$ 12,611 \$ 12,955 \$ 12,758 \$         Fire prevention       155,399 155,399 147,678 7         Emergency medical services       964,197 974,754 941,366 33	
Fire prevention       155,399       155,399       147,678       7         Emergency medical services       964,197       974,754       941,366       33	
Emergency medical services         964,197         974,754         941,366         33	197
	721
Total fire and rescue services \$ 1,132,207 \$ 1,143,108 \$ 1,101,802 \$ 41	388
	306
Correction and detention:	
	420
Total correction and detention \$ 37,300 \$ 21,880 \$ 15	420
Inspections:	
Building \$ 211,185 \$ 211,185 \$ 132,026 \$ 79	159
Total inspections \$ 211,185 \$ 211,185 \$ 132,026 \$ 79	159
Other protection:	
Animal control \$ 126,967 \$ 126,470 \$	497
	,007
Contribution to animal control facility 25,200 25,200 24,850	350
Total other protection \$ 401,233 \$ 429,633 \$ 421,779 \$ 7	854
Total public safety \$ 3,454,710 \$ 3,589,857 \$ 3,374,462 \$ 215	395
Public works:	
Sanitation and waste removal:	
Refuse collection and disposal \$ 1,244,666 \$ 1,245,626 \$ 1,243,776 \$ 1	850
Administration 78,142 78,152 78,149	3
Total sanitation and waste removal \$ 1,322,808 \$ 1,323,778 \$ 1,321,925 \$ 1	853
Maintenance of general buildings and grounds:	
	051
	051
Total public works \$ 1,858,970 \$ 1,868,825 \$ 1,847,921 \$ 20	904
Health and welfare: Health:	
Supplement of local health department \$ 353,319 \$ 353,319 \$ 353,319 \$	-
Total health \$ 353,319 \$ 353,319 \$ 353,319 \$	-

Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual Governmental Funds

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund: (Continued)						
Health and welfare: (Continued)						
Mental health and mental retardation:						
Community services board	\$	57,855	\$	57,855 \$	57,855	-
Total mental health and mental retardation	\$	57,855	\$	57,855 \$	57,855	-
Welfare:						
Welfare administration	\$	1,800	\$	1,800 \$	1,800	-
Comprehensive Services Act		208,000		208,000	104,000	104,000
Total welfare	\$	209,800	\$	209,800 \$	105,800	104,000
Total health and welfare	\$_	620,974	\$_	620,974 \$	516,974	104,000
Education:						
Other instructional costs:						
Contribution to community colleges	\$	21,136	\$	21,136 \$	20,723	413
Contribution to County School Board		7,466,737		7,654,729	7,654,729	-
Total education	\$	7,487,873	\$	7,675,865 \$	7,675,452	413
Parks, recreation, and cultural:						
Parks and recreation:						
Recreation centers and playgrounds	\$	146,822	\$	151,332 \$	133,306	18,026
Harbors and boat ramps		69,922		71,422	26,740	44,682
Total parks and recreation	\$	216,744	\$	222,754 \$	160,046	62,708
Library:						
Contribution to regional library	\$	106,420	\$	106,420 \$	106,420	-
Contribution to local library		15,500		15,500	15,500	-
Total library	\$	121,920	\$	121,920 \$	121,920	
Total parks, recreation, and cultural	\$_	338,664	\$_	344,674 \$	281,966	62,708
Community development:						
Planning and community development:						
Community development	\$	54,027	\$	54,027 \$	54,027	-
Planning and zoning		480,333		480,333	433,668	46,665
Code compliance		122,923		122,923	114,180	8,743
Economic development		85,000		75,000	5,522	69,478
Wetlands board		2,100		2,100	1,362	738
Planning commission		6,952		6,952	4,373	2,579
Other economic development	_	236,951		241,951	272,009	(30,058)
Total planning and community development	\$_	988,286	\$_	983,286 \$	885,141	98,145
Environmental management:						
Contribution to Soil and Water Conservation District	\$	28,508		28,508 \$	28,508	<u> </u>
Total environmental management	\$	28,508	\$	28,508 \$	28,508	<u> </u>
Cooperative extension program:						
Extension office	\$	81,251	\$_	81,251 \$	68,562	12,689
Total cooperative extension program	\$	81,251	\$	81,251 \$	68,562	12,689
Total community development	\$_	1,098,045	\$_	1,093,045 \$	982,211	110,834

Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual Governmental Funds

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original Budget	. <u>-</u>	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund: (Continued)						
Debt service: Principal retirement Interest and other fiscal charges Total debt service	\$ _ \$_	165,496 17,763 183,259	_	165,496 \$ 17,763 183,259 \$	4,158	13,605
Total General Fund	\$_	17,775,032	\$_	18,098,902	17,319,177	779,725
Special Revenue Funds: Eastern Shore Regional Jail Fund: Public safety: Correction and detention: Eastern Shore Regional Jail	\$	3,493,095	\$	3,458,066	S 3,171,569 \$	\$ 286,497
Total correction and detention	\$_	3,493,095	_	3,458,066		
Total Eastern Shore Regional Jail Fund	\$_	3,493,095	\$_	3,458,066	3,171,569	286,497
Virginia Public Assistance Fund: Health and welfare: Welfare and social services: Welfare administration Public assistance	\$	2,033,095 660,500	\$	2,033,095 \$ 660,500	351,361	309,139
Other welfare services Total welfare and social services Total health and welfare	\$_ \$_	523,136 3,216,731 3,216,731		523,136 3,216,731 3,216,731		
Total Virginia Public Assistance Fund	\$_	3,216,731	\$_	3,216,731	2,607,679	609,052
Purchase of Development Rights Fund: Community development: Planning and community development: Purchase of development rights	\$_	25,012	\$_	45,287_\$	5,000	\$40,287
Total Purchase of Development Rights Fund	\$	25,012	\$	45,287	5,000	\$ 40,287
CDBG Projects Fund: Community development: Planning and community development:	=	,	: · <del>-</del>			
East Fairview CDBG project West Fairview CDBG project CDBG Regional broadband project Wastewater project Culls Community CDBG project	\$ _	- - - -	\$ 	7,197 \$ 243,481 193,379 - 810,970	9,567 \$ - 192,968 20,000 161,026	(2,370) 243,481 411 (20,000) 649,944
Total community development	\$_	-	\$_	1,255,027	383,561	871,466
Total CDBG Projects Fund	\$_	-	\$_	1,255,027	383,561	871,466

Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual Governmental Funds

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Special Revenue Funds: (Continued) HMGP Home Elevation Project Fund: Community development:								
Planning and community development:								
Home elevation improvements	\$	-	\$	434,192	\$	- ;	\$	434,192
Total community development	\$	_	\$			- ;		434,192
	· -				- * -	·	Ť <u> </u>	,
Total HMGP Home Elevation Project Fund	\$_		\$_	434,192	\$_	<u>-</u> :	\$_	434,192
Parks and Recreation Project Fund:								
Capital projects:								
Parks and recreation improvements	\$_		\$_	49,049		16,606	\$	32,443
Total capital projects	\$_	-	\$_	49,049	\$_	16,606	\$_	32,443
Total Parks and Recreation Project Fund	\$_		\$_	49,049	\$_	16,606	\$_	32,443
Debt Service Fund:								
Debt service:								
Principal retirement	\$	2,660,251	\$	2,660,251	\$	2,413,715	\$	246,536
Interest and other fiscal charges	•	1,645,796	*	1,645,796	•	1,591,625	*	54,171
Other debt service		2,309,815		2,309,815		(5,872)		2,315,687
Total Debt Service Fund	\$_	6,615,862	\$	6,615,862	\$	3,999,468	\$_	2,616,394
Capital Projects Funds:								
Capital Improvements Fund:								
Capital projects expenditures:								
Emergency medical services	\$	-	\$	1,219,601	\$	- ;	\$	1,219,601
Administrative building renovations		-		1,737,393		1,681,327		56,066
Emergency services equipment		-		1,351,425		47,869		1,303,556
School capital assets		-		745,525		433,829		311,696
Judicial court services		-		225,710		225,709		1
Contingencies		-		278,535		-		278,535
Jail construction Solid waste transfer station and other construction		-		3 485,710		- 158,553		3 327,157
Property acquisition		-		405,710		90,951		(90,951)
Total capital projects	\$	-	\$_	6,043,902	\$	2,638,238	\$	3,405,664
Beltinerin	_							
Debt service:	•		Φ.	04.000	Φ.		<b>ሱ</b>	04 000
Interest and other fiscal charges	\$_	-	<u>\$</u> _	31,002		<del>-</del>	<u>پ</u> _	31,002
Total debt service	\$_	-	\$_	31,002	Ф_	<u> </u>	\$_	31,002
Total Capital Improvements Fund	\$_	<u>-</u>	\$_	6,074,904	\$_	2,638,238	\$_	3,436,666
Total Primary Government	\$_	31,125,732	\$_	39,248,020	\$_	30,141,298	\$_	9,106,722

Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual Governmental Funds

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original Budget		Final Budget	_	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board: School Operating Fund: Education:							
Administration of schools:							
Administration, attendance and health services	\$_	1,882,371	\$_	1,882,371	\$_	706,013 \$	1,176,358
Total administration of schools	\$_	1,882,371	\$_	1,882,371	\$_	706,013 \$	1,176,358
Instruction costs:							
Elementary and secondary schools	\$_	10,488,445		10,969,829		13,485,748 \$	
Total instruction costs	\$_	10,488,445	_\$_	10,969,829	\$_	13,485,748 \$	(2,515,919)
Operating costs:	Φ.	4.544.700	Φ.	4 540 000	Φ.	040407 (	504 770
Pupil transportation	\$	1,514,792		1,540,899	<b>Þ</b>	949,127 \$	
Operation and maintenance of school plant	_ –	2,000,332		2,000,332	_ _	1,071,340	928,992
Total operating costs	\$_	3,515,124		3,541,231	_	2,020,467 \$	
Contribution to County Capital Projects Fund	\$_		\$_	352,760		472,629 \$	
Total education	\$_	15,885,940	_\$_	16,746,191	\$_	16,684,857 \$	61,334
Debt service:	•					4	
Principal retirement	\$	393,739	\$	393,739	\$	393,739 \$	-
Interest and other fiscal charges	ф —	39,047		39,047	_	39,047	<u> </u>
Total debt service	\$_	432,786	Φ_	432,786	Ф_	432,786 \$	<u>-</u>
Total School Operating Fund	\$_	16,318,726	\$_	17,178,977	\$_	17,117,643	61,334
School Cafeteria Fund:							
Education:							
School food services:	•	005.400	•	050.450	•	005.455Ф	50.000
Administration of school food program USDA commodities	\$	885,196	<b>Þ</b>	858,453	<b>Þ</b>	805,455 \$	
Total school food services	\$	885,196	\$	858,453	\$	44,199 849,654 \$	(44,199) 8,799
Total scribor rood scribeds	Ψ_	000,100	-Ψ_	000,400	Ψ_	φ	0,700
Total education	\$_	885,196		858,453		849,654 \$	
Total School Cafeteria Fund	\$_	885,196	\$_	858,453	\$_	849,654 \$	8,799
School Grants Fund:							
Education:							
Instruction	\$_	2,435,858	\$_	6,109,387	\$_	3,671,150 \$	2,438,237
Total School Grants Fund	\$_	2,435,858	\$_	6,109,387	\$_	3,671,150 \$	2,438,237
School Retiree Health Insurance Fund:							
Education:							
Instruction	\$_	-	\$_		\$_	167,414 \$	(167,414)
Total education	\$_	-	<u> </u>		\$_	167,414 \$	(167,414)
Total School Retiree Health Insurance Fund	\$_	-	\$_	-	\$_	167,414 \$	(167,414)
Total Discretely Presented Component Unit -							
School Board	\$_	19,639,780	\$_	24,146,817	\$_	21,805,861 \$	2,340,956

## **Statistical Section**

<u>Contents</u>	<u>Tables</u>
Financial Trends These tables contain trend information to help the reader understand how the County's financial performance and well being have changed over time.	1-4
Revenue Capacity  These tables contain information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the County's ability to generate its property and sales taxes.	5-8
Debt Capacity  These tables present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the County's current levels of outstanding debt and the County's ability to issue debt in the future.	9-10
Demographic and Economic Information  These tables offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the County's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons over time and with other governments.	11-12
Operating Information  These tables contain information about the County's operations and resources to help the reader understand how the County's financial information relates to the services the County provides and the activities it performs.	13-15

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these tables is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

Net Assets by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	_	2012		2011	2010	2009
Governmental activities	_					
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$	13,813,629 \$	\$	11,716,567 \$	8,893,564 \$	12,200,548
Restricted		2,690,446		2,279,410	2,016,857	1,027,524
Unrestricted		8,399,606		6,930,654	10,914,539	734,791
Total governmental activities net assets	\$_	24,903,681 \$	<u> </u>	20,926,631 \$	21,824,960 \$	13,962,863
Business-type activities						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$	- \$	\$	7,136 \$	8,849 \$	10,562
Unrestricted		(27,136)		(131,380)	(16,115)	(17,828)
Total business-type activities net assets	\$	(27,136)	<u> </u>	(124,244)	(7,266) \$	(7,266)
Primary government						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$	13,813,629 \$	5	11,723,703 \$	8,902,413 \$	12,211,110
Restricted		2,690,446		2,279,410	2,016,857	1,027,524
Unrestricted	_	8,372,470		6,799,274	10,898,424	716,963
Total primary government net assets	\$	24,876,545 \$	\$ <u> </u>	20,802,387 \$	21,817,694 \$	13,955,597

_	2008	_	2007		2006		2005	 2004	_	2003
\$	3,337,644	5	5,878,385	\$	4,007,409	\$	2,891,713	\$ 926,041	\$	(1,788,739)
	753,414		474,573		349,601		184,152	72,285		317,773
	2,784,343		3,102,846		1,396,523		1,060,779	(774,921)		1,758,612
\$	6,875,401	₿_	9,455,804	\$	5,753,533	\$	4,136,644	\$ 223,405	\$ _	287,646
=		_		= =		= =		 	=	
\$	12,275	5	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$ - ;	\$	-
	(19,541)		-		-		-	-		-
\$_	(7,266)	\$ <u> </u>	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ - ;	\$	-
_				_				 		
\$	3,349,919	5	5,878,385	\$	4,007,409	\$	2,891,713	\$ 926,041	\$	(1,788,739)
	753,414		474,573		349,601		184,152	72,285		317,773
	2,764,802		3,102,846		1,396,523		1,060,779	(774,921)		1,758,612
\$	6,868,135	\$_	9,455,804	\$	5,753,533	\$	4,136,644	\$ 223,405	\$_	287,646

Changes in Net Assets
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(accrual basis of accounting)

	 2012		2011	2010		2009
Expenses						
Governmental activities:						
General government administration	\$ 2,421,964	\$	1,880,236 \$	1,609,696	\$	2,062,347
Judicial administration	791,212		755,107	700,167		1,118,587
Public safety	3,875,834		7,220,089	7,006,458		7,067,742
Public works	2,171,427		3,046,144	1,345,320		2,771,451
Health and welfare	3,182,812		3,352,694	4,192,321		3,855,439
Education	8,009,717		8,807,476	8,307,555		9,710,756
Parks, recreation, cultural	343,025		352,034	300,973		293,853
Community development	1,414,090		1,849,353	900,746		1,368,325
Interest on long-term debt	1,598,507		1,630,403	1,657,839		2,176,369
Total governmental activities expenses	\$ 23,808,588	\$	28,893,536 \$	26,021,075	\$	30,424,869
Business-type activities:						
Public utilities	\$ 95,162	\$	171,219 \$	83,596	\$	86,402
Total business-type activities expenses	\$ 95,162	\$	171,219 \$	83,596		86,402
Total Primary government expenses	\$ 23,903,750	\$	29,064,755 \$	26,104,671	\$	30,511,271
Program Revenues						
Governmental activities:						
Charges for services						
General government administration	\$ -	\$	- \$	-	\$	117,117
Judicial administration	309,943		246,548	236,585		1,532
Public safety	182,244		180,166	294,899		369,089
Public works	448,334		397,766	330,862		303,654
Parks, recreation, culture	71,060		43,447	49,180		18,662
Community development	108		372	=		283,323
Operating grants and contributions	6,586,173		7,542,861	6,591,543		6,792,581
Capital grants and contributions	 139,418		150,000	6,269,953		9,518,123
Total governmental activities program revenues	\$ 7,737,280	\$	8,561,160 \$	13,773,022	\$	17,404,081
Business-type activities:						
Charges for services	\$ -	\$	54,241 \$	57,489	\$	26,663
Total business-type activities program revenues	\$ -	\$	54,241 \$	57,489	\$	26,663
Total primary government program revenue	\$ 7,737,280	\$	8,615,401 \$	13,830,511	_\$	17,430,744
Net(Expense)/Revenue						
Governmental activities	\$ (16,071,308)	\$	(20,332,376) \$	(12,248,053)	\$	(13,020,788)
Business-type activities	(95,162)	_	(116,978)	(26,107)		(59,739)
Total primary government net expense	\$ (16,166,470)	\$	(20,449,354) \$	(12,274,160)		(13,080,527)

_	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004		2003
\$	2,750,816 \$	1,836,811 \$	1,625,617 \$	1,538,130 \$	1,441,694	\$	1,368,561
	1,223,208	1,081,364	966,440	870,211	764,934		724,729
	6,753,142	4,571,938	3,489,595	3,391,928	3,704,083		3,135,178
	1,461,183	1,575,481	1,653,659	939,072	873,439		853,656
	3,934,795	3,733,684	3,391,314	3,517,236	3,141,005		2,888,067
	8,410,381	7,707,296	7,578,332	6,037,215	5,298,083		4,868,519
	370,596	325,906	350,309	355,501	351,289		390,731
	1,732,461	1,604,728	1,626,484	1,467,840	1,445,528		1,798,733
	2,326,326	2,054,896	1,696,123	1,100,212	952,427		894,337
\$	28,962,908 \$	24,492,104 \$	22,377,873 \$	19,217,345 \$	17,972,482	\$	16,922,511
\$	25,566 \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	<u>-</u>	\$	-
\$	25,566 \$	\$	\$	- \$	-	\$	-
\$	28,988,474 \$	24,492,104 \$	22,377,873 \$	19,217,345 \$_	17,972,482	\$	16,922,511
\$	139,233 \$	108,788 \$	62,593 \$	58,566 \$	47,039	\$	39,756
Ψ	4,573	67,234	2,379	932	2,597	Ψ	36,582
	373,412	296,998	284,759	222,903	175,361		148,686
	58,655	78,759	63,672	177,928	166,019		309,007
	15,440	14,820	14,156	13,798	14,599		13,010
	348,133	364,856	374,874	614,077	274,038		261,740
	7,169,684	5,567,059	4,927,797	5,124,701	5,582,173		4,670,244
	151,205	4,060,879	469,055	250,729	239,964		737,977
\$	8,260,335 \$	10,559,393 \$	6,199,285_\$	6,463,634 \$	6,501,790	\$	6,217,002
\$	18,300 \$	- \$	- \$	<del>-</del> \$	<u>-</u>	\$	_
\$	18,300 \$	\$	 \$	 \$_	,	\$ <u></u>	-
\$	8,278,635 \$	10,559,393 \$	6,199,285 \$	6,463,634 \$_	6,501,790	\$	6,217,002
Ť	Ψ	-,,	* <u></u> *	-, · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-,,-	*==	-,,- <b></b>
\$		(13,932,711) \$	(16,178,588) \$	(12,753,711) \$	(11,470,692)	\$	(10,705,509)
	(7,266)	- (40,000,744), Ф	- (40.470.500)	- (40.750.744)	- (44, 470, 000)		- (40.705.500)
Ф	(20,709,839) \$	(13,932,711) \$	(16,178,588) \$	(12,753,711) \$	(11,470,692)	Φ	(10,705,509)

Changes in Net Assets
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(accrual basis of accounting)

Ceneral Revenues and Other Changes in Net Assets   Covernmental activities:   Substituting   S			2012	2011	2010	2009
Sovernmental activities:   Taxes:	General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Assets					
General property taxes         \$ 15,640,011         \$ 15,457,110         \$ 15,991,694         \$ 15,323,293           Local sales and use tax         1,177,340         1,064,382         1,041,256         1,086,465           Communication sales tax         -         -         -         -         507,013           Consumer utility tax         313,641         316,147         512,946         320,085           Business license taxes         40,968         44,943         42,978         16,355           Franchise taxes         -         -         -         -         -         -           Hottel and meals taxes         265,688         258,405         483,995         530,968           E-911 taxes         -	-					
Local sales and use tax	Taxes:					
Local sales and use tax         1,177,340         1,064,382         1,041,256         1,086,465           Communication sales tax         -         -         -         507,013           Consumer utility tax         313,641         316,17         512,946         320,085           Business license taxes         40,968         44,943         42,978         16,355           Franchise taxes         -         -         -         -         -           Hotel and meals taxes         265,688         258,405         483,995         530,968           E-911 taxes         - <td>General property taxes</td> <td>\$</td> <td>15,640,011 \$</td> <td>15,457,110 \$</td> <td>15,591,694 \$</td> <td>15,323,293</td>	General property taxes	\$	15,640,011 \$	15,457,110 \$	15,591,694 \$	15,323,293
Communication sales tax         -         -         -         507,013           Consumer utility tax         313,641         316,147         512,946         320,085           Business license taxes         40,968         44,943         42,978         16,555           Franchise taxes         -         <			1,177,340			
Business license taxes         40,968         44,943         42,978         16,355           Franchise taxes         -	Communication sales tax			, , , -	. , , -	
Business license taxes         40,968         44,943         42,978         16,355           Franchise taxes         -	Consumer utility tax		313,641	316,147	512,946	320,085
Franchise taxes         -	Business license taxes			44,943	42,978	16,355
E-911 taxes	Franchise taxes		· =	=	· -	· =
Other local taxes         695,252         682,452         494,685         445,393           Unrestricted revenues from use of money and property         128,069         79,445         86,717         208,654           Miscellaneous         190,464         76,049         87,554         303,303           Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs         1,796,331         1,794,768         1,666,792         1,307,051           Gain(loss) on disposal of capital assets         -         -         -         -         119,409           Transfers         (199,406)         436,301         (26,107)         (59,739)           Total governmental activities:         20,048,358         20,210,002         19,982,510         20,108,250           Business-type activities:         199,406         -         26,107         59,739           Total business-type activities         199,406         -         26,107         59,739           Total primary government         20,240,628         20,210,002         20,008,617         20,167,989           Change in Net Assets         3,977,050         (122,374)         7,734,457         7,087,462           Business-type activities         97,108         (116,978)         -         -         -	Hotel and meals taxes		265,688	258,405	483,995	530,968
Unrestricted revenues from use of money and property 128,069 79,445 86,717 208,654 Miscellaneous 190,464 76,049 87,554 303,303 Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs 1,796,331 1,794,768 1,666,792 1,307,051 Gain(loss) on disposal of capital assets 119,409 Transfers (199,406) 436,301 (26,107) (59,739)  Total governmental activities \$ 20,048,358 \$ 20,210,002 \$ 19,982,510 \$ 20,108,250	E-911 taxes		-	-	-	-
and property         128,069         79,445         86,717         208,654           Miscellaneous         190,464         76,049         87,554         303,303           Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs         1,796,331         1,794,768         1,666,792         1,307,051           Gain(loss) on disposal of capital assets         -         -         -         -         119,409           Transfers         (199,406)         436,301         (26,107)         (59,739)           Total governmental activities         \$ 20,048,358         20,210,002         19,982,510         \$ 20,108,250           Business-type activities:         Wiscellaneous         \$ (7,136)         -         \$ -         \$ -           Transfers         199,406         -         26,107         59,739           Total business-type activities         192,270         -         26,107         59,739           Total primary government         \$ 20,240,628         20,210,002         20,008,617         20,167,989           Change in Net Assets         \$ 3,977,050         (122,374)         7,734,457         7,087,462           Business-type activities         97,108         (116,978)         -         -         -         -	Other local taxes		695,252	682,452	494,685	445,393
Miscellaneous         190,464         76,049         87,554         303,303           Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs         1,796,331         1,794,768         1,666,792         1,307,051           Gain(loss) on disposal of capital assets         -         -         -         -         119,409           Transfers         (199,406)         436,301         (26,107)         (59,739)           Total governmental activities         \$ 20,048,358 \$ 20,210,002 \$ 19,982,510 \$ 20,108,250           Business-type activities:           Miscellaneous         \$ (7,136) \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ -         -	Unrestricted revenues from use of money					
Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs         1,796,331         1,794,768         1,666,792         1,307,051           Gain(loss) on disposal of capital assets         -         -         -         -         119,409           Transfers         (199,406)         436,301         (26,107)         (59,739)           Total governmental activities         \$ 20,048,358         20,210,002         19,982,510         20,108,250           Business-type activities:         Miscellaneous         \$ (7,136)         -         20,108,250         - </td <td>and property</td> <td></td> <td>128,069</td> <td>79,445</td> <td>86,717</td> <td>208,654</td>	and property		128,069	79,445	86,717	208,654
specific programs         1,796,331         1,794,768         1,666,792         1,307,051           Gain(loss) on disposal of capital assets         -         -         -         -         119,409           Transfers         (199,406)         436,301         (26,107)         (59,739)           Total governmental activities         \$ 20,048,358 \$ 20,210,002 \$ 19,982,510 \$ 20,108,250           Business-type activities:         Wiscellaneous         \$ (7,136) \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$	Miscellaneous		190,464	76,049	87,554	303,303
Gain(loss) on disposal of capital assets         -         -         -         -         119,409           Transfers         (199,406)         436,301         (26,107)         (59,739)           Total governmental activities         \$ 20,048,358         20,210,002         19,982,510         20,108,250           Business-type activities:         Wiscellaneous         \$ 7,136)         -         \$ -         \$ -           Transfers         199,406         -         26,107         59,739           Total business-type activities         192,270         -         \$ 26,107         59,739           Total primary government         \$ 20,240,628         20,210,002         20,008,617         20,167,989           Change in Net Assets         Governmental activities         \$ 3,977,050         (122,374)         7,734,457         7,087,462           Business-type activities         97,108         (116,978)         -         -         -	Grants and contributions not restricted to					
Gain(loss) on disposal of capital assets         -         -         -         -         119,409           Transfers         (199,406)         436,301         (26,107)         (59,739)           Total governmental activities         \$ 20,048,358         20,210,002         19,982,510         20,108,250           Business-type activities:         Wiscellaneous         \$ (7,136)         -         \$ -         \$ -           Transfers         199,406         -         26,107         59,739           Total business-type activities         \$ 192,270         -         \$ 26,107         59,739           Total primary government         \$ 20,240,628         20,210,002         20,008,617         20,167,989           Change in Net Assets         Governmental activities         \$ 3,977,050         (122,374)         7,734,457         7,087,462           Business-type activities         97,108         (116,978)         -         -         -         -	specific programs		1,796,331	1,794,768	1,666,792	1,307,051
Total governmental activities \$ 20,048,358 \$ 20,210,002 \$ 19,982,510 \$ 20,108,250  Business-type activities:  Miscellaneous \$ (7,136) \$ - \$ - \$ -  Transfers 199,406 - 26,107 59,739  Total business-type activities \$ 192,270 \$ - \$ 26,107 \$ 59,739  Total primary government \$ 20,240,628 \$ 20,210,002 \$ 20,008,617 \$ 20,167,989  Change in Net Assets  Governmental activities \$ 3,977,050 \$ (122,374) \$ 7,734,457 \$ 7,087,462  Business-type activities 97,108 (116,978)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		-	-	-	119,409
Business-type activities:  Miscellaneous \$ (7,136) \$ - \$ - \$ -   Transfers 199,406 - 26,107 59,739  Total business-type activities \$ 192,270 \$ - \$ 26,107 \$ 59,739  Total primary government \$ 20,240,628 \$ 20,210,002 \$ 20,008,617 \$ 20,167,989  Change in Net Assets Governmental activities \$ 3,977,050 \$ (122,374) \$ 7,734,457 \$ 7,087,462  Business-type activities 97,108 (116,978)	Transfers		(199,406)	436,301	(26,107)	(59,739)
Miscellaneous         \$ (7,136) \$         -         -         \$         -         \$         -         \$         -         \$         -         \$         59,739           Total business-type activities         \$ 192,270 \$         -         \$ 26,107 \$         \$ 59,739           Total primary government         \$ 20,240,628 \$         \$ 20,210,002 \$         \$ 20,008,617 \$         \$ 20,167,989           Change in Net Assets         Governmental activities         \$ 3,977,050 \$         (122,374) \$         7,734,457 \$         7,087,462           Business-type activities         97,108 (116,978) -         -         -         -	Total governmental activities	\$	20,048,358 \$	20,210,002 \$	19,982,510 \$	20,108,250
Transfers         199,406         -         26,107         59,739           Total business-type activities         \$ 192,270         \$ -         \$ 26,107         \$ 59,739           Total primary government         \$ 20,240,628         \$ 20,210,002         \$ 20,008,617         \$ 20,167,989           Change in Net Assets         Governmental activities         \$ 3,977,050         \$ (122,374)         \$ 7,734,457         \$ 7,087,462           Business-type activities         97,108         (116,978)         -         -         -	Business-type activities:					
Total business-type activities         \$ 192,270 \$ - \$ 26,107 \$ 59,739           Total primary government         \$ 20,240,628 \$ 20,210,002 \$ 20,008,617 \$ 20,167,989           Change in Net Assets         Governmental activities         \$ 3,977,050 \$ (122,374) \$ 7,734,457 \$ 7,087,462           Business-type activities         97,108 (116,978)	Miscellaneous	\$	(7,136) \$	- \$	- \$	-
Total business-type activities         \$ 192,270 \$ - \$ 26,107 \$ 59,739           Total primary government         \$ 20,240,628 \$ 20,210,002 \$ 20,008,617 \$ 20,167,989           Change in Net Assets         \$ 3,977,050 \$ (122,374) \$ 7,734,457 \$ 7,087,462           Business-type activities         97,108 (116,978)	Transfers		199,406	-	26,107	59,739
Change in Net Assets         Governmental activities       \$ 3,977,050 \$ (122,374) \$ 7,734,457 \$ 7,087,462         Business-type activities       97,108 (116,978)	Total business-type activities	\$	192,270 \$	- \$	26,107 \$	
Governmental activities       \$ 3,977,050 \$       (122,374) \$       7,734,457 \$       7,087,462         Business-type activities       97,108 (116,978)        -	Total primary government	\$	20,240,628 \$	20,210,002 \$	20,008,617 \$	20,167,989
Governmental activities       \$ 3,977,050 \$       (122,374) \$       7,734,457 \$       7,087,462         Business-type activities       97,108 (116,978)        -	Change in Net Assets					
Business-type activities 97,108 (116,978)		\$	3,977,050 \$	(122,374) \$	7,734,457 \$	7,087,462
	Business-type activities	•			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	, , , - -
		\$			7,734,457 \$	7,087,462

Table 2

Page 2 of 2

	2008	2007	2006	2005	-	2004		2003
\$	12,226,724 \$	12,122,410 \$	11,229,030 \$	10,132,568	\$	7,582,255	\$	8,000,548
	1,279,051	1,346,943	1,311,705	1,132,340		930,749		1,085,043
	558,021	239,287	-	-		-		-
	305,629	405,185	639,003	685,523		729,553		-
	20,424	13,725	15,174	16,637		14,124		-
	-	12,037	5,879	14,002		15,472		-
	552,122	358,832	438,483	417,525		429,485		-
	=	-	156,632	121,222		119,594		-
	483,882	558,807	588,299	764,278		462,992		1,331,404
	767,134	796,109	795,440	354,403		166,745		193,137
	390,500	210,872	242,363	221,952		128,149		150,696
	1,526,036	1,565,029	1,724,185	1,471,448		706,531		1,363,241
	12,647	-	-	-		(6,889)		-
	<del>-</del> -	<del>-</del> -	<del>-</del> -	-	- —	=		-
\$	18,122,170 \$	17,629,236 \$	17,146,193 \$	15,331,898	\$	11,278,760	_\$	12,124,069
\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	<del>-</del> -	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	-		-		-
\$	\$_	\$	\$	-	\$	-	_\$	-
\$	18,122,170 \$	17,629,236 \$	17,146,193 \$	15,331,898	\$	11,278,760	\$	12,124,069
\$	(2,580,403) \$	3,696,525 \$	967,605 \$	2,578,187	¢	(191,932)	¢	1,418,560
φ	(2,560,403) \$ (7,266)	ა,ს <del>ა</del> ს,ა∠ა ֆ -	301,000 \$	2,370,107	φ	(181,832)	φ	1,410,560
\$	(2,587,669) \$	3,696,525 \$	967,605 \$	2,578,187	<u> </u>	(191,932)	-s	1,418,560

Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

			-				
	2012		2011		2010		2009
General Fund							
Reserved \$	-	\$	-	\$	246,159	\$	87,818
Unreserved	-		-		4,336,539		3,783,923
Restricted	-		1,334,815		-		-
Unassigned	6,598,399		4,191,411		-		-
Total General Fund \$	6,598,399	\$	5,526,226	\$	4,582,698	\$	3,871,741
				_		_	
All Other Governmental Funds							
Reserved \$	-	\$	-	\$	2,016,857	\$	1,722,914
Unreserved, reported in:							
Special revenue funds	-		-		55,070		65,165
Debt service funds	-		-		-		440,816
Capital projects funds	-		-		7,518,666		10,300,626
Nonspendable	-		624,228		-		-
Restricted	2,690,446		1,123,573		-		-
Committed	4,378,522		4,410,088		-		-
Unassigned	(168,211)		(176,288)	_	-	_	
Total all other governmental funds \$	6,900,757	\$	5,981,601	\$	9,590,593	\$	12,529,521

Note: The County implemented GASB Statement number 54, the new standard for fund balance reporting in FY11. Restatement of prior year balances is not feasible. Therefore, ten years of fund balance information in accordance with GASB number 54 is not available, but will be accumulated over time.

	2008		2007		2006		2005		2004	-	2003
\$	75,584 4,399,830	\$	175,776 5,370,220	\$	42,385 5,863,933	\$	23,144 5,266,780	\$	9,058 3,472,125	\$	- 3,573,885
<u> </u>	-		-	. <u>.</u>	-		-	. <u>.</u>	-	·	<u>-</u>
\$_	4,475,414	\$	5,545,996	\$	5,906,318	\$	5,289,924	\$	3,481,183	\$	3,573,885
\$	1,581,003	\$	1,319,773	\$	1,194,801	\$	1,029,352	\$	9,391,026	\$	10,595,182
	43,601		53,883		73,584		93,785		115,207		94,654
	1,161,023		415,849		456,825		428,397		-		-
	12,573,719		15,749,848		11,114,139		11,811,825		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	45.050.040	Φ.	47.500.050	φ.	40.000.040	Φ.	40.000.050	φ.	- 0.500.000	φ-	40.000.000
\$_	15,359,346	\$	17,539,353	\$_	12,839,349	\$	13,363,359	\$	9,506,233	\$	10,689,836

Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

		2012	2011	2010
REVENUES				
General property taxes	\$	15,691,764 \$	15,420,768 \$	15,077,656
Other local taxes	Ψ	2,492,889	2,366,329	2,892,710
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses		134,793	125,374	192,564
Fines and forfeitures		162,917	117,466	114,132
Revenue from the use of money and property		128,069	111,289	78,806
Charges for services		713,979	625,459	604,829
Miscellaneous		109,602	76,049	87,554
Recovered costs		3,719,863	346,093	428,125
Intergovernmental revenues		8,994,551	9,923,930	8,258,638
Total revenues	\$	32,148,427 \$	29,112,757 \$	27,735,014
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government administration	\$	1,934,342 \$	1,714,692 \$	1,770,821
Judicial administration	•	584,726	592,779	584,458
Public safety		6,546,031	6,594,780	6,119,994
Public works		1,847,921	1,777,069	1,725,082
Health and welfare		3,124,653	3,312,480	4,104,825
Education		7,675,452	7,625,997	7,656,078
Parks, recreation, and cultural		281,966	258,761	313,905
Community development		1,370,772	1,849,972	1,003,195
Capital projects		2,654,844	3,849,415	2,492,436
Debt service:				
Principal retirement		2,530,680	2,523,955	3,825,226
Interest and other fiscal charges		1,589,911	1,784,540	1,810,090
Total expenditures	\$	30,141,298 \$	31,884,440 \$	31,406,110
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over				
(under) expenditures	\$	2,007,129 \$	(2,771,683) \$	(3,671,096)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	\$	5,659,288 \$	6,089,652 \$	6,449,976
Transfers out	Ψ	(5,858,694)	(6,089,652)	(6,476,083)
Sale of capital assets		-	-	-
Bonds issued		-	-	1,390,000
Issuance of capital leases		183,606	106,219	79,232
Sale of industrial park property		-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	(15,800) \$	106,219 \$	1,443,125
Net change in fund balances	\$	1,991,329 \$	(2,665,464) \$	(2,227,971)
Fund balances - beginning	~	11,507,827	14,173,291	16,401,262
Fund balances - ending	\$	13,499,156 \$	11,507,827 \$	14,173,291
-	_			
Debt Service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures		15.07%	15.28%	23.62%
οι ποποαριίαι εχρεπαίτατες	_	13.07 /6	13.20/0	23.02 /0

N/A - This information was unavailable.

_	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003
\$	14,963,530 \$	12,170,249 \$	11,798,754 \$	11,031,798 \$	10,074,541 \$	8,281,143 \$	7,776,393
	2,906,279	3,199,129	2,934,816	3,155,175	3,151,527	2,701,969	2,416,447
	238,126	293,445	322,274	336,333	505,390	158,704	144,202
	114,630	136,138	107,828	61,393	55,166	37,639	39,756
	213,130	786,364	832,703	804,699	372,303	166,745	193,137
	560,304	273,121	239,436	146,333	308,234	296,991	420,909
	17,302	122,907	132,274	187,918	135,433	79,239	87,245
	180,390	176,043	61,292	94,276	105,276	77,541	102,289
_	17,892,885	9,150,652	7,665,511	7,322,733	7,032,403	6,685,978	6,933,496
\$_	37,086,576 \$	26,308,048 \$	24,094,888 \$	23,140,658 \$	21,740,273 \$	18,485,949 \$	18,113,874
\$	1,961,150 \$	2,665,789 \$	1,908,408 \$	1,759,304 \$	1,604,512 \$	1,484,111 \$	1,359,167
	940,492	1,054,686	913,982	964,096	849,032	772,334	737,665
	6,135,182	6,007,989	4,547,495	3,587,210	3,374,709	3,761,497	3,063,436
	1,983,356	1,368,205	1,884,483	1,128,292	976,451	841,572	863,019
	3,776,353	3,891,270	3,695,260	3,353,479	3,500,850	3,134,558	2,891,090
	9,903,796	8,361,729	7,363,024	7,218,237	5,724,062	5,096,499	4,690,463
	273,887	396,876	308,779	336,579	535,900	424,853	374,745
	1,347,828	1,670,771	1,620,683	1,604,750	1,440,409	1,471,624	1,792,881
	2,339,000	2,277,295	5,730,156	20,383,413	5,981,567	3,228,330	270,362
	12,188,497	1,639,477	1,519,387	1,370,202	1,280,712	1,223,886	1,386,408
	2,072,831	4,071,173	2,003,577	1,649,882	1,110,625	929,700	1,078,971
\$	42,922,372 \$	33,405,260 \$	31,495,234 \$	43,355,444 \$	26,378,829 \$	22,368,964 \$	18,508,207
\$	(5,835,796) \$	(7,097,212) \$	(7,400,346) \$	(20,214,786) \$	(4,638,556) \$	(3,883,015) \$	(394,333)
Ψ_	<u>(0,000,100)</u>	(1,001, <u>212)</u>	<u>(1, 100,010)</u> φ_	(20,211,100) <b></b>	<u>(1,000,000)</u>	(ο,οοο,ο.ο) φ_	(00 1,000)
\$	5,054,754 \$	6,954,429 \$	3,239,820 \$	3,460,757 \$	2,989,731 \$	2,279,937 \$	5,582,348
	(5,114,493)	(6,954,429)	(3,239,820)	(3,460,757)	(2,989,731)	(2,279,937)	(5,582,348)
	263,687	12,647	-	-	-	-	-
	1,378,350	-	11,345,428	20,000,000	9,822,050	2,142,167	11,199,389
	820,000	502,116	394,600	307,170	177,950	233,400	-
_	<u> </u>	3,331,860	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		-
\$_	2,402,298 \$	3,846,623 \$	11,740,028 \$	20,307,170 \$	10,000,000 \$	2,375,567 \$	11,199,389
\$	(3,433,498) \$	(3,250,589) \$	4,339,682 \$	92,384 \$	5,361,444 \$	(1,507,448) \$	10,805,056
	19,834,760	23,085,349	18,745,667	18,653,283	13,291,839	14,263,721	3,353,776
\$	16,401,262 \$	19,834,760 \$	23,085,349 \$	18,745,667 \$	18,653,283 \$	12,756,273 \$	14,158,832
	36.04%	18.80%	14.30%	13.40%	12.10%	11.50%	13.60%

Principal Property Tax Payers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		December 31, 2012				<b>December 31, 2003</b>				
Taxpayer		Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total County Taxable Assessed Value	-	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total County Taxable Assessed Value		
Day Craal, Cavith LLC	Ф	40 450 700	4	4.77.0/	Φ			0/		
Bay Creek South LLC	\$	49,453,700	1	1.77 %	\$	- 0.000 400	40	- %		
Bay Creek LLC		20,992,200	2	0.75		2,066,100	10	0.21		
Daniel A. Hoffler		16,549,000	3	0.59		3,231,100	4	0.33		
Baymark Construction Corporation		16,250,000	4	0.58		-		-		
Bayshore Concrete Products Corporation		13,571,500	5	0.49		-		-		
Beco Tower Hill LLC		12,043,100	6	0.43		-		-		
The Nature Conservancy		11,320,600	7	0.41		-	_	-		
Ballard Bothers Fish Company		11,294,900	8	0.40		3,017,100	5	0.31		
Cherrydale by the See LLC		7,826,100	9	0.28		-		-		
C A Turner Jr Family Limited Partnership		7,675,500	10	0.28		-		-		
HCMF Partnership		-		-		3,628,900	1	0.37		
K Mart		-		-		3,588,500	2	0.37		
Virginia Realty		-		-		3,384,400	3	0.35		
Perdue Farms		-		-		2,430,600	6	0.25		
Woodlee Terrace Development Co.		-		-		2,352,200	7	0.24		
Hertigage Acres, Ltd		-		-		2,176,600	8	0.22		
Shore Landvest, Inc.	_	-	_	-	-	2,095,000	9	0.21		
	\$_	166,976,600	_	5.99 %	\$	27,970,500	_	2.86 %		

Source: Northampton County Commissioner of Revenue Department

Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Taxes			Collected v			Total Collections to Date		
Fiscal Year	Levied for the Fiscal Year (Original Levy)	Adjust- ments	Total Adjusted Levy	Amount	Percentage of Original Levy	Collections in Subsequent Years	Amount	Percentage of Adjusted Levy	
2003	\$ 9,037,107	\$ (69,591)	\$ 8,967,516	\$ 8,174,270	90.45%	\$ 657,165	\$ 8,831,435	98.48%	
2004	9,539,424	(48,486)	9,490,938	8,824,551	92.51%	561,786	9,386,337	98.90%	
2005	11,376,690	(46,209)	11,330,481	10,610,313	93.26%	623,513	11,233,826	99.15%	
2006	12,442,870	(70,530)	12,372,340	11,479,322	92.26%	761,237	12,240,559	98.93%	
2007	12,910,798	(38,931)	12,871,867	12,200,316	94.50%	524,521	12,724,837	98.86%	
2008	13,853,742	(19,231)	13,834,511	12,998,714	93.83%	562,836	13,561,550	98.03%	
2009	16,846,757	(168,103)	16,678,654	15,371,677	91.24%	503,828	15,875,505	95.18%	
2010	16,515,472	(136,186)	16,379,286	15,217,406	92.14%	506,483	15,723,889	96.00%	
2011	15,149,699	(127,344)	15,022,355	14,145,065	93.37%	466,411	14,611,476	97.26%	
2012	15,401,065	(141,860)	15,259,205	14,384,322	93.40%	-	14,384,322	94.27%	

Source: Northampton County Treasurer's Department

Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years (in thousands of dollars)

		Rea	l P	roperty (1)							
Fiscal Year Ended	 Residential Property	 Commercial Property		Raw Land		Public Service Property	_	Tax Rate per \$100	Motor Vehicles and Tangibles	_	Tax Rate per \$100
2003	\$ 577,957,000	\$ 76,215,600 \$		185,509,700 \$	5	33,440,494	\$	0.66 \$	94,815,640	\$	4.10
2004	607,966,460	76,535,700		186,070,500		34,164,203		0.67	102,055,175		4.10
2005	855,315,500	91,047,000		237,722,500		44,915,633		0.65	109,683,570		4.10
2006	872,005,386	94,831,800		232,798,300		40,121,774		0.70	112,332,279		4.10
2007	924,544,333	107,725,200		224,584,800		25,334,451		0.70	118,071,322		4.10
2008	1,041,162,452	109,343,300		221,384,100		23,221,600		0.70	121,233,258		4.10
2009	1,730,453,549	163,617,300		595,142,800		48,255,100		0.49	111,995,167		4.10
2010	2,104,602,800	179,176,900		584,621,300		42,929,400		0.49	84,183,800		4.10
2011	1,814,315,428	179,176,900		584,621,300		42,929,400		0.49	112,030,400		4.10
2012	1,858,006,256	179,480,200		580,084,700		52,452,600		0.49	116,314,694		4.10

Source: Northampton County Commissioner of Revenue Department

Note:

The County assesses property at 100% of actual value. Tax rates are assessed per \$100 of assessed

value.

		Personal Pi	roperty (1)					
-	Public Service Property	Tax Rate per \$100	Machinery and Tools	Tax Rate per \$100	Merchant's Capital	Tax Rate per \$100	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Direct Tax Rate per \$100
\$	465,829 \$	4.10 \$	3,329,100 \$	2.25 \$	1,315,900	6.25 \$	973,049,263 \$	1.010
	134,931	4.10	4,058,200	2.25	1,261,600	6.25	1,012,246,769	1.030
	496,898	4.10	4,804,700	2.25	1,049,438	6.25	1,345,035,239	0.943
	217,240	4.10	4,033,356	2.25	1,189,900	6.25	1,357,530,035	0.991
	25,117	4.10	3,841,317	2.25	1,269,800	6.25	1,405,396,340	0.995
	380,200	4.10	3,375,700	2.25	1,418,500	6.25	1,521,519,110	0.981
	1,825,600	4.10	2,495,150	2.25	1,530,600	6.25	2,655,315,266	0.650
	1,148,100	4.10	2,703,300	2.25	-	0.00	2,999,365,600	0.594
	1,148,100	4.10	2,827,200	2.25	-	0.00	2,737,048,728	0.642
	383,100	4.10	2,746,500	2.25	-	0.00	2,789,468,050	0.603

Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years (in thousands of dollars)

_	Fiscal Year	 Real Estate	Motor Vehicles and Tangibles	Machinery and Tools	Merchant's Capital	Total Direct Rate
	2003	\$ 0.592 \$	0.401 \$	0.008 \$	0.008 \$	1.009
	2004	0.599	0.414	0.009	0.008	1.030
	2005	0.594	0.336	0.008	0.005	0.943
	2006	0.639	0.340	0.007	0.005	0.991
	2007	0.639	0.345	0.006	0.006	0.996
	2008	0.642	0.328	0.005	0.006	0.981
	2009	0.468	0.176	0.002	0.004	0.650
	2010	0.477	0.115	0.002	-	0.594
	2011	0.491	0.149	0.002	-	0.642
	2012	0.501	0.100	0.002	-	0.603

Source: Northampton County Commissioner of Revenue Department

Note: Direct rates are derived by calculating a weighted average that multiplies each rate

by the proportion of the revenue base to which it applies.

# **Overlapping Rates**

		Town of I	Eastville	Town of Cap	e Charles	Town of	Exmore	Town of Belle Haven
Fiscal Year			Tangible Property	Real Estate	Tangible Property	Real Estate	Tangible Property	Real Estate
2003	\$	0.0275 \$	0.2500 \$	0.3700 \$	2.00 \$	0.1200 \$	0.4500 \$	0.0400
2004		0.0275	0.2500	0.3700	2.00	0.1600	0.4500	0.0400
2005		0.0275	0.2500	0.3700	2.00	0.1600	0.4500	0.0400
2006		0.0275	0.2500	0.3008	2.00	0.1600	0.4500	0.0400
2007		0.0275	0.2500	0.3008	2.00	0.1600	0.4500	0.0400
2008		0.0275	0.2500	0.3008	2.00	0.1600	0.4500	0.0400
2009		0.0175	0.2500	0.1628	2.00	0.1200	0.4900	0.0400
2010		0.0175	0.2500	0.1828	2.00	0.1200	0.4900	0.0400
2011		0.0175	0.2500	0.1628	2.00	0.1200	0.4900	0.0850
2012		0.0175	0.2500	0.1828	2.00	0.1200	0.4900	0.0850

Ratio of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years

General Bonded Debt Outstanding General Obligation Bonds

		0(	<i>-</i> 1110	rai Obligation	ווטם	us			
	Fiscal Year	Governmental Activities		Less: Amounts Restricted to Repaying Principal		Total		Per Capita(a)	Percentage of Actual Taxable Value of Property (b)
_		 	•		-		-		
	2003	\$ 21,397,448	\$	868,842	\$	20,528,606	\$	1,564.08	2.11%
	2004	22,389,915		892,485		21,497,430		1,618.17	2.12%
	2005	31,074,133		1,029,352		30,044,781		2,258.50	2.23%
	2006	49,822,099		1,194,801		48,627,298		3,589.26	3.58%
	2007	59,762,711		1,319,773		58,442,938		4,294.43	4.16%
	2008	56,625,638		1,581,003		55,044,635		4,107.50	3.62%
	2009	46,119,447		1,722,914		44,396,533		3,309.47	1.67%
	2010	43,895,337		2,017,357		45,912,694		3,411.81	1.53%
	2011	41,747,232		2,017,357		43,764,589		3,535.96	1.60%
	2012	39,489,635		2,017,357		41,506,992		3,332.56	1.49%

Note: Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

<sup>(</sup>a) See Table 7 for property value data

<sup>(</sup>b) Population data can be found in Table 11

## **Governmental Activities**

Fiscal Year	_	General Obligation Bonds	 Capital Leases Payable	_	Total Primary Sovernment	Percentage of Personal Income	Per Capita
2003	\$	21,397,448	\$ - 9	\$	21,397,448	6.87% \$	1,630.28
2004		22,389,915	159,215		22,549,130	7.10%	1,697.34
2005		31,074,133	194,284		31,268,417	9.53%	2,350.48
2006		49,822,099	383,286		50,205,385	14.53%	3,705.74
2007		59,762,711	663,515		60,426,226	17.41%	4,440.17
2008		56,625,638	973,227		57,598,865	16.23%	4,298.10
2009		46,119,447	1,093,239		47,212,686	12.99%	3,519.40
2010		43,895,337	784,845		44,680,182	9.91%	3,320.22
2011		41,747,232	528,290		42,275,522	9.49%	3,415.65
2012		39,489,635	451,577		39,941,212	9.06%	3,206.84

Note: Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Year	Population (1)	Personal Income (in thousands)	_	Per Capita Personal Income (2)	Median Age (1)	School Enrollment (4)	Unemployment Rate (3)
2002	13,125	\$ 298,318	\$	22,729	42.4	2,093	5.20%
2003	13,125	311,509		23,734	42.4	2,048	6.60%
2004	13,285	317,604		23,907	42.4	2,005	3.90%
2005	13,303	328,052		24,660	42.4	1,954	5.00%
2006	13,548	345,501		25,502	42.4	1,899	4.30%
2007	13,609	347,057		25,502	42.4	1,757	3.90%
2008	13,401	354,872		26,481	42.4	1,877	4.10%
2009	13,415	363,318		27,083	42.4	1,853	5.50%
2010	13,457	450,993		33,514	42.4	1,788	7.90%
2011	12,377	445,708		36,011	42.4	1,667	8.00%

## Sources:

- (1) U.S. Census Bureau
- (2) Bureau of Economic Analysis
- (3) Virginia Employment Commission
- (4) Northampton County Schools

Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2012			2003	
Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total County Employment	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total County Employment
<u> </u>	• • •					
Shore Memorial Hospital	500-999	1	0.11 %	500-999	2	0.10 %
Northampton County Schools	250-499	2	0.05	500-999	1	0.10
County of Northampton	100-249	3	0.05	100-249	5	0.02
Bayshore Concrete Products Company	100-249	4	0.02	250-499	3	0.05
Chesapeake Bay Bridge Tunnel	100-249	5	0.02	100-249	6	0.02
Lfc Agricultural Services Inc.	100-249	6	0.02	-		-
Heritage Hall	100-249	7	0.02	100-249	7	0.02
New Raveena Inc	50-99	8	0.01	-	•	-
Therapeutic Interventions	50-99	9	0.01	-	•	-
Food Lion	50-99	10	0.01	-		-
Eastern Shore Community Services	-		-	100-249	4	0.02
K.B.R. Technical Services	-		-	100-249	8	0.02
K Mart Corporation	-		-	50-99	9	0.01
Broadwater Academy			<u>-</u>	50-99	10_	0.01
Total	1,400	: :	0.33 %	1,85	<u>0</u>	0.38_%

Source: Virginia Employment Commission

Full-time Equivalent County Government Employees by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Full-time Equivalent Employees as of June 30									
	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003
General Government	22	20	19	19	19	18	17	18	17	16
Judicial	7	7	7	8	9	10	10	8	8	7
Public Safety	98	89	101	101	102	101	67	66	62	59
Public Works	5	5	9	10	11	11	11	12	10	10
Public Utilities	1	1	1	2	1	-	-	-	-	-
Health and Welfare	46	41	34	34	34	35	40	40	37	37
Parks, Recreation & Cultural	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Community Development	10	11	12	13	13_	12_	13	14	13	13
TOTAL	190	175	184	188	190	188	159	159	148	143

Source: Northampton County Human Resources Department

Operating Indicators by Function

Last Ten Fiscal Years (where available)

Last Tell Fiscal Teals (where available)		2012		2011	 2010		2009
General Administration					 		
Treasurer							
Tax bills printed		46,100		46,000	48,000		45,000
Deposits		3,875		3,850	3,800		3,800
Finance							
Paychecks and direct deposit notices		7,665		7,650	7,652		7,758
Accounts payable checks		3,580		3,550	3,508		3,534
Judicial Administration							
Clerk of the Circuit Court							
Criminal cases commenced		N/A		N/A	N/A		N/A
Law cases commenced		N/A		N/A	N/A		N/A
Deeds recorded		N/A		N/A	N/A		N/A
Public Safety							
Sheriff							
Calls for service		N/A		N/A	N/A		3,372
Arrests made		N/A		N/A	N/A		838
Traffic summons		N/A		N/A	N/A		2,177
Civil processes		N/A		N/A	N/A		4,597
EMS							
EMS dispatched		2,760		2,702	2,692		2,572
Avg weekday response time in minutes		9		9	10		10
Avg night/week-end response time in minutes		12		12	14		15
Local prisoner days		55,000		53,077	33,100		29,097
Inmate transports		300		255	315		321
Out of state extraditions		15		13	9		12
Building inspections							
Plan reviews/Permits issued		189		190	324		350
Inspections		879		549	1,049		1,500
Public Works							
Solid waste services							
Tons received at landfill		18,665		15,318	17,000		16,992
Per capital waster generation (lbs/p/d)	_	5.72	_	5.44	4.62	_	7.11
Tipping fee per ton	\$	63.00	\$	63.00	\$ 61.00	\$	61.00
Community Development							
Code compliance							
Abandoned vehicle/Inoperable vehicles		170		240	200		110
Overgrown grass		76		46	50		30
Dangerous structures		55		24	40		27
Assignment 911 addresses					80		82

Sources: Various departments in Northampton County.

N/A - This information is not available.

Table 14

 2008	2007	 2006	 2005	2004	2003
40,000	35,000	26,800	26,300	20,808	20,400
30,000	1,895	1,655	1,500	1,353	1,326
7,134	6,860	4,382	4,310	4,238	4,115
3,979	3,653	3,890	3,698	3,504	3,100
539	414	500	379	387	362
599 599	266	350	188	122	57
2,769	5,272	5,000	4,649	4,607	4,610
3,384	2,397	2,011	2,067	2,684	2,314
3,30 <del>4</del> 977	799	1,036	682	926	716
1,777	2,382	1,416	983	635	430
4,266	4,989	5,377	6,395	6,194	5,770
2,439	2,169	1,980	1,965	2,048	1,949
10	9	8	8	N/A	N/A
14	14	14	13	N/A	N/A
33,882	28,300	29,900	26,710	22,800	21,500
397 14	250 10	300 12	322 10	300 4	585 3
398	400	500	510	566	550
1,667	1,488	2,000	1,644	2,504	1,500
40.050	44407	44.400	40.055	20 504	40.700
19,652 8.22	14,137 5.92	11,188 4.69	16,055 6.70	20,591 6.10	19,762 6.50
\$ 51.00	\$ 5.92 51.00	\$ 51.00	\$ 51.00	\$ 41.00	\$ 41.00
503	214	200	130	N/A	N/A
29	37	25	23	N/A	N/A
7	24	50	28	N/A	N/A
87	150	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

1 1 1 - 1 1	1 1 1 1	1 1 - - - 1 1	1 1 - - - 1
1 1 - 1	1 1 1	1 - - - 1	1 - - - 1
1 1 - 1	1 1 1	1 - - - 1	1 - - - 1
1 - 1	1 1	- - - -	1
1	- - - 1		· ·
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· ·			· ·
1 - - -			· ·
- - -			· ·
- -			· ·
- - -	1 -	1	1
- -	-		
-	-		
-		-	1
	1	1	1
-	-	-	1
1	1	1	-
1	1	1	1
37	33	33	28
1	1	1	1
1	1	1	-
4	4	4	4
1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1
2	2	2	2
-	-	-	1
1	1	1	1
88	88	87	87
-	-	-	43
51	51	51	49
	1 37 1 1 4 1 1 1 1 2 - 1 88 -	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

Sources: Various departments in the County of Northampton.

Table 15

2007	2006	2005	2004	2003
1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1
-	-	-	-	<u>-</u>
-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-
1	1	1	1	1
1	-	-	-	-
1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	-	-
-	-	_	-	-
35	29	30	25	N/A
1	1	1	1	1
-	-	-	-	-
3	2	-	-	-
1	1	1 1	1	1
1	1	1	-	-
1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1
2	2	2 1	2 1	2
1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1
1 87	87	87	87	87
43	43	43	43	43
49	49	49	49	49



# ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* 

To The Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Northampton Northampton, Virginia

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Northampton, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the County of Northampton, Virginia's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 11, 2012. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia; and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

## Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Management of County of Northampton, Virginia is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the County of Northampton, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Northampton, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Northampton, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County of Northampton, Virginia's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we have reported to management of the County of Northampton, Virginia, in a separate letter dated December 11, 2012.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, Board of Supervisors, others within the entity, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Richmond, Virginia December 11, 2012

Robinson, Farma Cox assocites

# ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPAN

Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance with Requirements That Could Have a Direct and Material Effect on Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133

To The Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Northampton Northampton, Virginia

### **Compliance**

We have audited County of Northampton, Virginia's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of County of Northampton, Virginia's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2012. The County of Northampton, Virginia's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the County of Northampton, Virginia's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the County of Northampton, Virginia's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County of Northampton, Virginia's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County of Northampton, Virginia's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the County of Northampton, Virginia complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2012.

#### Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the County of Northampton, Virginia, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the County of Northampton, Virginia's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program to determine the auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Northampton, Virginia's internal control over compliance.

## **Internal Control Over Compliance (Continued)**

Robinson, Farma Cox assocites

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, Board of Supervisors, others within the entity, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Richmond, Virginia December 11, 2012

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

		Pass through		
	Federal	Entity		
Federal Grantor/State Pass - Through Grantor/	CFDA	Identifying		Federal
Program or Cluster Title	Number	Number		Expenditures
Department of Health and Human Services:				
Pass Through Payments:				
Department of Social Services:				
Promoting Safe and Stable Families	93.556	0950109/0950110	\$	38
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF)	93.558	0400109/0400110	Ψ	265,407
Refugee and Entrant Assistance - State Administered Programs	93.566	0500109/0500110		435
Low-Income Home Energy Assistance	93.568	0600409/0600410		29,939
Child Care and Development Cluster:	33.300	0000+03/0000+10		25,555
Child Care and Development Block Grant	93.575	0770109/0770110		126,344
Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds of the Child Care	93.373	0110103/0110110		120,344
and Development Fund	93.596	0760109/0760110		70,315
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program	93.645	0900109/0900110		904
Foster Care - Title IV-E	93.658	1100109/1100110		188,755
Adoption Assistance	93.659	1100109/1100110		16,556
Social Services Block Grant	93.667	1000109/1100110		201,419
	93.674	9150108-9150110		5,143
Chafee Foster Care Independence Program				
Children's Health Insurance Program  Medical Assistance Program	93.767 93.778	0540109/0540110		8,817
Ÿ	93.778	1200109/1200110	_	193,612
Total Department of Health and Human Services			\$_	1,107,684
Department of Agriculture:				
Direct Payments:	40.055	N1/A	Φ	007.000
Distance Learning and Telemedicine Loans and Grants	10.855	N/A	\$_	267,633
Pass Through Payments:				
Department of Agriculture:				
Child Nutrition Cluster:				
Food DistributionSchool (Child Nutrition Cluster)	10.555	N/A	\$	43,539
Department of Education:				
National school lunch program (Child Nutrition Cluster)	10.555	1790100-40623	_	567,704
Sub-total CFDA 10.555			\$_	611,243
Department of Agriculture				
Department of Agriculture:	40 EE0	N1/A	<b>ው</b>	000
Food DistributionSummer school (Child Nutrition Cluster)	10.559	N/A	\$	660
Direct Payments:	10.550	N/A		10 100
Summer Food Service Program for Children (Child Nutrition Cluster)  Sub-total CFDA 10.559	10.559	IN/A	\$	18,400 19,060
			Ψ_	19,000
Pass Through Payments:				
Department of Education:	10 FF2	1700100 40504	φ	102 047
National school breakfast program (Child Nutrition Cluster) Child Nutrition Discretionary Grants Limited Availability	10.553 10.579	1790100-40591 1790100-40593	\$	103,947
Office Indication Discretionary Grants Limited Availability	10.579	1790100-40093		8,885

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2012 (Continued)

Federal Grantor/State Pass - Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass through Entity Identifying Number	E	Federal expenditures
Department of Agriculture: (Continued)				
Pass Through Payments: (Continued)				
Department of Social Services: State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental		0040109-0040110		
Nutrition Assistance Program	10.561	0010109/0010110	\$	319,642
Total Department of Agriculture			\$	1,330,410
Department of Commerce				
Pass-through Payments:				
Department of Environmental Quality				
Coastal Zone Management Administration Awards Total Department of Commerce - pass through payments	11.419	10NOS4190205	\$ <u> </u>	21,984 21,984
Total Department of Commerce - pass through payments			Φ	21,964
Department of Justice:				
Direct payments:				
Forfeited Assets	16.xxx	N/A	\$	898
Total Department of Justice - direct payments			\$	898
Pass-through Payments:				
Department of Criminal Justice Service:				
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant (JAG) Program	16.738	3900100-81100	\$	3,965
ARRA -Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant (JAG)				
Program/Grants to Units of Local Government	16.804	N/A		4,637
Total Department of Justice - pass through payments			\$	8,602
Total Department of Justice			\$	9,500
Department of Homeland Security:				
Pass Through Payments:				
Department of Emergency Assistance:				
Disaster Grants Public Assistance	97.036	7760200-40249	\$	48,586
State Homeland Security Program	97.073	7750100-52749		65,778
Total Department of Homeland Security - pass through payments			\$	114,364
Department of Housing and Urban Development:				
Pass Through Payments:				
Department of Housing and Community Development: CDBG Cluster:				
Community Development Block Grants/State's Program	14.228	53330500-50790,50797	<b>7</b> \$	220,751
ARRA - Community Development Block Grants/State's Program	14.255	53330500-50790,50797		229,705
Total Department of Housing and Urban Development - pass through pa	vments		\$	450,456
Total Department of Flodoling and Orban Development - pass tillough pa	,o		Ψ	100,400

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2012 (Continued)

Federal Grantor/State Pass - Through Grantor/	Federal CFDA	Pass through Entity Identifying	Federal
Program or Cluster Title	Number	Number	Expenditures
Department of Transportation: Direct Payments:			
Highway Planning and Construction (ISTEA)  Total Department of Transportation - direct payments	20.205		\$ 139,418 \$ 139,418
Pass Through Payments: Department of Motor Vehicles:			
State and Community Highway Safety Department of Emergency Services: Interagency Hazardous Materials Public Sector	20.600	6050700-51279,51280	\$ 23,019
Training and Planning Grants  Total Department of Transportation - pass through payments	20.703	7750100-52601	28,400 \$ 51,419
Total Department of Transportation			\$190,837_
Department of Education: Pass Through Payments: Department of Education: Title I Part A Cluster:			
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	1790100-42901-42999	\$ 679,186
ARRA - Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.389	1790100-42913	13,824
Migrant Education - State Grant Program	84.011	1790100-42910	80,477
Migrant Education - State Grant Program	84.144	1790100-42910	23,662
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States  Special Education Cluster:	84.048	1790100-61095	37,762
Special Education Grants to States	84.027	1790100-43071-61234	453,324
Special Education Preschool Grants	84.173	1790100-82521	10,415
ARRA - Special Education Grants to States	84.391	1790100-61245	78,199
ARRA - Special Education Preschool Grants	84.392	1790100-61247	5,305
Educational Technology State Grants	84.318	1790100-61600	301
Rural education	84.358	1790100-43481	8,985
English Language Acquisition Grants	84.365	1790100-60512	20,079
School Improvement Grants	84.377	1790100-43040	1,498,623
ARRA - State Fiscal Stabilization Fund - Government Services	84.397	1790100-60897	5,023
ARRA - Education Jobs Fund	84.410	1790100-62700	319,190
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	1790100-61480	178,674
Total Department of Education - pass through payments			\$ 3,413,029
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 6,638,264

See accompanying notes to schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

#### Note 1 - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal grant activity of the County of Northampton, Virginia under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2012. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the County of Northampton, Virginia, it is not intended to be and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of the County of Northampton, Virginia.

#### Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

- (1) Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in OMB Circular A-87, Cost Principles for State, Local and Indian Tribal Governments, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.
- (2) Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

#### Note 3 - Food Donation

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received or disbursed.

#### Note 4 - Relationship to Financial Statements

Federal expenditures, revenues and capital contributions are reported in the County's basic financial

Intergovernmental federal revenues per the basic financial statements:

Primary government:		
General Fund	\$	308,726
Capital Projects Fund		53,995
Special Revenue Funds:		
Virginia Public Assistance Fund		1,427,325
Forfeited Asset Sharing Fund		898
CDBG Projects Fund		450,456
Total primary government	\$	2,241,400
Component Unit Public Schools:	_	
School Cafeteria Fund	\$	743,135
School Grants Fund	_	3,680,662
Total component unit public schools	\$	4,423,797
Total federal expenditures per basic financial statements	\$ _	6,665,197
Total federal expenditures per the Schedule of Expenditures		
of Federal Awards	\$	6,638,264
Add: Federal Payment in Lieu of Taxes not included in the Schedule		
of Federal Awards	=	26,933
	\$	6,665,197
	Ψ =	0,000,197

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

# Section I-Summary of Auditors' Results

<u>Financial</u>	Statements		
Type of a	auditors' report issued:	unqualified	
Internal c	control over financial reporting:		
a.	Material weakness(es) identified?	yes <u>X</u>	no
b.	Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	yesX	none reported
Noncomp	pliance material to financial statements noted?	yesX	no
Federal A	Awards_		
Internal c	control over major programs:		
a.	Material weakness(es) identified?	yesX	no
b.	Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	yesX	none reported
Type of a	uditors' report issued on compliance for major programs:	: unqualified	
-	t findings disclosed that are required to be reported ance with section .510(a) of Circular A-133?	yes <u>X</u>	no
Identificat	tion of major programs:		
	CFDA Numbers	Name of Federal Program or Cluste	r
	84.377 84.410 14.228/14.255	School Improvement Grants ARRA - Education Jobs Fund CDBG Cluster	
Dollar thre	eshold used to distinguish between type A and type B pro	ograms:	\$300,000
Auditee q	qualified as low-risk auditee?	X yes	no
	Section II-Financial Sta	tement Findings	
	None		
	Section III-Federal Award Finding	gs and Questioned Costs	
	None		

# County of Northampton, Virginia Schedule of Prior Year Findings and Questioned Costs For the year ended June 30, 2012

There were no prior year Federal award findings.