

## County of King George, Virginia



## **Comprehensive Annual Financial Report**

Fiscal Year June 30, 2011

## Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Year Ended June 30, 2011



Donita Harper, Deputy County Administrator/Finance Director

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

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CEDELL BROOKS, JR. Shiloh Election District

JOSEPH W. GRZEIKA James Madison Election District

JOHN P. LoBUGLIO

James Monroe Election District

JAMES F. MULLEN
Dahlgren Election District

DALE W. SISSON, JR. At-Large Election District Weitig George County, Wirging

COUNTY ADMINISTRATOR
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November 15, 2011

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors To the Citizens of King George County County of King George, Virginia

We are pleased to present the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the County of King George, Virginia, (the "County"), for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011 in compliance with Section 15.2-2511 of the Code of Virginia (1950) as amended. This report was prepared by the County's Department of Finance; therefore, responsibility for the accuracy, completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the County. This report is designed to fairly present the financial position and results of operations of the County in all material respects and to demonstrate compliance with applicable finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The report adheres to the principle of full disclosure necessary to enable the reader to gain a reasonable understanding of the County's financial affairs.

Robinson, Farmer, Cox Associates, LLP, a firm of licensed certified accountants, audited the County's financial statements. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, were free of material misstatement. See official Independent Auditors' Report under the financial section of this report and the compliance section.

#### PROFILE OF KING GEORGE COUNTY

King George County, named for King George I of England, was formed in 1720 from Richmond County. It is located in the coastal plains of Virginia, 20 miles east of Fredericksburg and 50 miles northeast of Richmond, VA. The County encompasses a land area of 183 square miles.

King George County government is organized under the Board of Supervisors/County Administrator form of government, which sets overall policies for the administration of the County. They consist of five (5) members representing four (4) Election Districts and one (1) at-large district in the County. The Chairman of the Board is elected by the Board of Supervisors and serves a term of one year in addition to being a District Supervisor. The Board of Supervisors appoints a County Administrator to act as the Chief Administrative Officer for the County. The County Administrator serves at the pleasure of the Board of Supervisors, implements the policies established by the Board of Supervisors, and manages the day-to-day affairs of the County. See Organizational Chart.

Funds required to support all services provided by King George County are reflected in this report.

#### THE REPORTING ENTITY AND ITS SERVICES

King George County and King George Schools operate under consolidated accounting functions which are overseen by the Director of Finance to include: payroll, procurement, budgeting and accounts payable.

The County of King George report includes all funds of the "primary government." In Virginia, cities and counties are distinct units of government; therefore, the County is responsible for providing all services normally provided by a local government. The County provides a full range of services to its residents. These include general administration, judicial administration, public safety, public works, health and welfare, parks and recreation, education, and community and economic development. In addition, the County established a Wireless Authority in 2006 to provide the citizens of King George access to internet services. See more detail under Major Initiatives.

For financial reporting purposes and in accordance with the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity," the County has identified component units. The GASB statement establishes the criteria used in making this determination and identifies each as a blended component unit or discretely presented component unit. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the primary government's operations and are included as part of the primary government. Therefore, the King George County Service Authority is presented as a blended component unit. It is identified in these statements as Business Type Activities. The King George County Wireless Authority is also presented as a blended component unit.

The School Board is a discretely presented component unit and reported in a separate column in the combined financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the primary government and to differentiate their financial position and results of operations from those of this primary government. Based on GASB Statement 14 criteria, the School Board is a legally separate organization providing educational services to the public whose five (5) member board is elected and is fiscally dependent on the local government. The School Board appoints a superintendent to administer its policies.

Accounting System: Adequacy of internal accounting controls has been considered in developing and maintaining the County's overall accounting and financial systems. The management of the County is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure to ensure the protection of County assets. Internal accounting controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance regarding: (1) the safeguarding of assets against loss from unauthorized use or disposition; and (2) the reliability of financial records for preparing financial statements and maintaining accountability for assets. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the evaluation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management. In this regard, we believe that the County's internal accounting controls adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions.

The Auditors also review the County's internal controls over financial reporting during the course of the annual audit; however, they do not express an opinion on effectiveness. We are committed to actively pursue implementation of all recommended policy and procedural changes which are deemed to be practical and cost effective.

The County operates a fully automated accounting and financial management information system (Bright). This system is utilized by both County and School Board financial staff.

**Budgetary Controls:** In addition to the internal accounting controls noted above, the County also maintains budgetary controls. The annual budget serves as the foundation for the County's financial planning and control. Budgetary control is maintained primarily at the fund level and the department level. These budgetary controls ensure compliance with provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the Board of Supervisors. Activities of all funds are included in the annual appropriated budget.

#### THE REPORTING ENTITY AND ITS SERVICES (CONTINUED)

As a recipient of federal and state financial assistance, the County is also responsible for ensuring that adequate internal controls are in place to ensure and document compliance with applicable laws and regulations. The audit for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011 has been completed and no material internal control weaknesses or material violations of laws and regulations have been identified.

The County adopts an annual budget by July 1 as required by 15.2-2503, Code of Virginia of 1950, as amended. A budget is not required for fiduciary funds. When necessary, the Board of Supervisors approves amendments to the adopted budget in accordance with 15.2-2507, Code of Virginia of 1950, as amended. Budgetary compliance is monitored and reported at the department level. The budget is implemented through appropriations that the Board makes annually, with supplemental appropriations made as required. These appropriations, except those to incur mandated expenditures, may be greater or less than contemplated in the budget.

#### LOCAL ECONOMY

King George County ranked 3rd among the 10 highest jurisdictions in growth rate since the 2000 census. The County grew by 40% during the past decade with a total population in 2010 of 23,584. King George has a diversified economy with strong military, services, manufacturing, retail trade and agricultural sectors. The major employer is the Dahlgren Naval Surface Warfare Center (NAVSWC), which provides employment for 5,000 civilian and military personnel and an additional 4,000 contract employees. During the latest BRAC (Base Realignment Committee) recommendation, the Dahlgren Site had a net gain of ten (10%) percent in personnel. The Dahlgren site is home to the Aegis Ballistic Missile Defense, Naval Surface Warfare Center Dahlgren Division, Center for Survace Combat Systems and Aegis Training and Readiness Center, Joint Warfare Analysis Center, and 20<sup>th</sup> Space Control Squadron-Detachment One. NAVSWC has been instrumental in attracting a variety high technology software engineering firms to the County. Major services industries include high technology computer programming, retail, food service, education, and government. Agriculture remains important in County's economy.

#### LONG TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

The County prepares a five-year Capital Improvement Plan (CIP) annually. The CIP serves as a planning tool to analyze initiatives, formulate service levels and phase–in funding needed for public facilities, including schools.

Long-term financing options utilized are long term lease revenue bonds, general obligation bond and state literary loans. The County also sets aside a portion or landfill revenues to cash fund smaller projects in the capital budget while also building on the general fund for future emergency needs.

#### MAJOR INITIATIVES / PROSPECTS FOR THE FUTURE

**New High School Stadium:** The County expended more than \$45 million for the construction of a new High School which holds 1,700 students. We are currently in the process of building a sports stadium adjacent to the new high school with an estimated cost of almost \$4 million. It will provide use for a variety of sports programs for both schools and recreation programs.

**Smoot Library Expansion:** The existing library is in the initial stage of a more than \$5 million expansion and renovation. It will include a larger facility, meeting rooms and wi-fi for County residents. It is expected to be completed by 2013.

#### MAJOR INITIATIVES / PROSPECTS FOR THE FUTURE (CONTINUED)

**Industrial Park:** The County has developed an Industrial Park on 124 acres of land approximately 6 miles north of the County Complex on Route 3 which is served by water, sewer and rail. Current initiatives are in place to recruit businesses to boost the economy in King George. The Economic Development Director's sole focus is on recruiting for the industrial park and other areas of the County, as well as, retaining current businesses. Currently five businesses are located in the Industrial Park and eight additional lots totaling approximately 90 acres are available for development. In addition, a strategic plan, marketing tag line, and revamp of the economic development wepbage will be developed within the next fiscal year.

**Natural Gas Main Extension:** The Board of Supervisors has approved the initial engineering phase of extending gas main to the Industrial Park to begin in fiscal year 2012. Once completed, this line will be a 6.5 mile steel pipe that will bring natural gas directly to the King George Industrial Park. Construction is expected to begin in fiscal year 2013 and would take approximately 18 months to complete.

The University of Mary Washington is currently developing the **The University of Mary Washington-Dahlgren Campus-Center for Education and Research** which will work in conjunction with engineering schools in Virginia such as: Old Dominion University, Virginia Polytechnical Institute, Virginia Commonwealth University, University of Virginia and George Mason University. This building will consist of a two-story 40,000 sq. ft. facility located on 27 acres that will include 21 classrooms with seating for 12 to 40 or more, a research and computer lab, group study rooms, a 3,200 square foot multi-purpose room with a catering kitchen and seating for more than 300. State of the art instructional technology and wireless access will be available throughout the building and it has been designed to meet or exceed LEED Silver Certification requirements. The building will provide a new, technology-rich venue for graduate-level science, technology, engineering and mathematics programs to serve the needs of the military and the region's many defense-related contractors. A groundbreaking was held in September 2010 with an expected opening date of the first of 2012.

**King George Gateway:** Construction activities began in May 2010 on King George Gateway, a regional shopping center positioned adjacent to Naval Support Facility Dahlgren. Once completed, the entire shopping center will support up to 300,000 square feet of retail and hospitality space. The first anchor tenant, Walmart, opened its 150,000 square foot supercenter in August 2011. Other leases that have been announced to date include Auto Zone (which opened in September 2011), Five Guys Burger and Fries, Quizno's Sub, Verizon, Community Bank of the Tri County, Hair Cuttery, and Virginia ABC store.

**Other Retail:** Construction began in mid-2011 on a 66,000 square foot, three story Hampton Inn located in the Dahlgren Technology Park, and both Dollar General and CVS opened new facilities in King George in the first quarter of 2011.

**Government Center:** The construction of a new Sheriff's office, which will house the E-911 dispatch center is in progress and projected to be completed by early 2012. The construction of a new animal control facility is complete. The remaining facilities; human services building (which will house the department of social services, the Virginia co-operative extension office and the health department) are currently in the discussion phases. Other alternatives are also being considered to address these funding needs.

The site for the relocation of the King George County Service Authority was purchased as well and was occupied by operations and administrative personnel in fall 2010.

An old auto auction was purchased for \$1.25 million for the future site of a fleet maintenance facility and fuel depot. This site will serve both the County and the School board. Improvements are expected to begin in fiscal year 2012 to prepare the site for use.

#### MAJOR INITIATIVES / PROSPECTS FOR THE FUTURE (CONTINUED)

**Wireless Authority**: The County established a Wireless Authority (the Authority) during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007. The same Board of Supervisors serves as the Board of Directors to the Authority. It is also included in the County's financial statements as a blended component unit. The purpose of the Authority is to provide a County-wide network that will provide access to the internet for the County, its agencies, residents and businesses. This will improve public safety, enhance educational opportunities, support economic and business development and improve the quality of life for the residents of the County.

The Authority has partnered with a third party vendor to install the necessary infrastructure as well as administer the services throughout the County. Phase one is fifty percent complete.

#### **RISK MANAGEMENT**

The County of King George has a risk management program which is committed to the logical, systematic and continuous identification of loss exposures for and to the County, its employees, its citizens and taxpayers, through the evaluation of risk in terms of severity and frequency probability and the application of sound loss control procedures. Risks of loss are mitigated by insurance and safety policies.

#### OTHER INFORMATION

**Management's Discussion and Analysis:** Generally accepted accounting principles require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The County of King George's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

**Independent Audit:** The Commonwealth of Virginia requires an annual audit of the financial records and transactions of all departments of the County by independent certified public accountants selected by the Board of Supervisors. The County is required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the provisions of the Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996 and U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, <u>Audits of States, Local Government and Non-Profit Organizations</u>. Information related to this single audit, including the findings and recommendations, and auditors' reports on the internal control structure and compliance with laws and regulations, is contained in this report. These requirements have been complied with and the auditor's opinion is included in this report.

**Awards:** The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting Program to the County of King George, Virginia for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government financial reports.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report, whose contents conform to program standards. Such report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current comprehensive annual financial report conforms to the Certificate of Achievement Program requirements, and we are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for a certificate.

#### **OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)**

**Acknowledgments:** The preparation of this report on a timely basis could not have been accomplished without the dedicated services of the entire Department of Finance, Treasurer's Office and the office of the Commissioner of the Revenue. We would like to express our appreciation to all the members of the staff who assisted and contributed to its preparation. We would also like to thank the Board of Supervisors for their continued interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operation of the County in a responsible, timely and progressive manner.

Respectfully submitted,

A. Travis Quesenberry, PE County Administrator

Pesto In Luly

Donita M. Harper, CPA

Deputy County Administrator/Finance Director

## Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

# County of King George Virginia

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

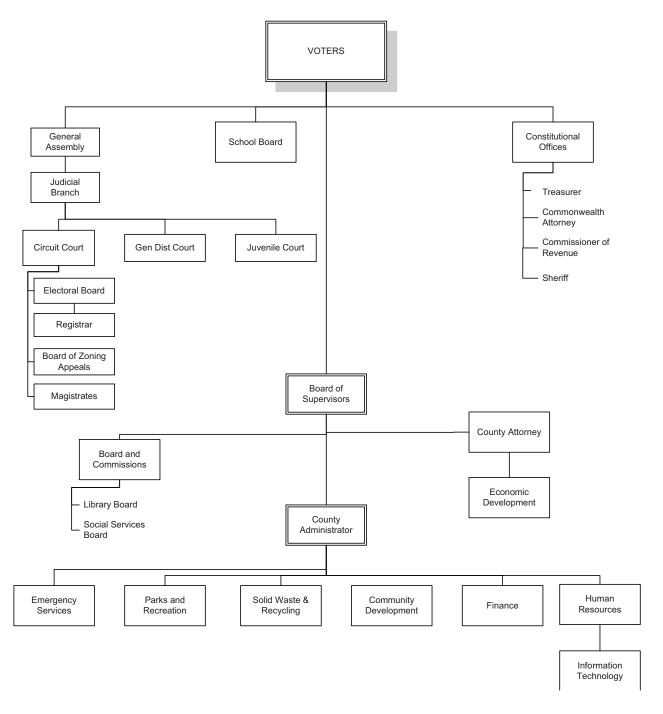
A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.







#### KING GEORGE COUNTY ORGANIZATIONAL CHART





June 30, 2011

#### **Board of Supervisors**

Joseph W. Grzeika, Chairman Cedell Brooks, Jr., Vice-Chairman James F. Mullen Dale W. Sisson, Jr. John P. LoBuglio

#### **County School Board**

Renee Parker, Chairman Michael Rose, Vice-Chairman Richard Randall Dennis Paulsen Lynn Pardee

#### **Board of Social Services**

Melvin Tahir, Chairman
Thelma Johnson-Gillison, Vice Chairman
Carol Butler
Helene Kelly
Cedell Brooks, Jr.
Renee Jenkins

#### **Smoot Memorial Library Board of Trustees**

Tina Sisson, Chairman Robert Gates, Vice-Chairman

Evelyn Durling Cindy Sexton Michael Gallier, Finance Officer Linda Kramer Leon J. Fontenot Amy Robie Cheryl Stewart Christine Steppe

#### **Other Officials**

County Attorney	
Clerk of the Circuit Court	
Commonwealth Attorney	
Commissioner of the Revenue	
Treasurer	
Judge of the General District Court	Frank Benser
Judge of the Juvenile & Domestic Relations Courts	David F. Peterson
Clerk of the General and Juvenile & Domestic Relations Courts	Nancy L. Tierney
Sheriff	
Superintendent of Schools	Dr. Candace Brown
Director of Department of Social Services	David Coman
County Administrator	A. Travis Quesenberry



### ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

#### **Independent Auditors' Report**

#### To The Honorable Members of Board of Supervisors County of King George King George, Virginia

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of County of King George, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011, which collectively comprise the County of King George, Virginia's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the County of King George, Virginia's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns,* issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of King George, Virginia, as of June 30, 2011, and the respective changes in financial position, and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As described in Note 1 to the financial statements, the County of King George, Virginia adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, effective July 1, 2010.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 15, 2011 on our consideration of the County of King George, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and schedule of pension and OPEB funding progress be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the management's discussion and analysis and schedule of funding progress in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the management's discussion and analysis and schedule of funding progress because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance. The budgetary comparison information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County of King George, Virginia's financial statements as a whole. The introductory section, combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules, supporting schedule and statistical section, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, and is also not a required part of the financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules, supporting schedule and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole. The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Robinson, Farmer, Cox Associats
Fredericksburg, Virginia

November 15, 2011

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

## To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors To the Citizens of King George County

As management of the County of King George, Virginia (the County) we offer readers of the County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, financial statements and accompanying notes.

#### **Financial Highlights**

- The assets of the governmental activities of the County exceeded its liabilities at the close of fiscal year 2011 by \$56.7 million (net assets). This represents a decrease of (\$1.1) million compared to the prior fiscal year.
- Of the total net assets \$3.8 million are restricted.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year; the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$55.4 million, a decrease of (\$7.3) million in comparison with the prior year.
- Approximately thirty-one percent (31%) of this total amount or \$17.2 million is General Fund unassigned fund balance and available for spending at the County's discretion.
- The County's net debt decreased by \$3.4 million during the current fiscal year. There was one
  refunding during the year which combined with scheduled debt payments led to the \$3.4 decrease in net
  debt.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

- A. <u>Government-wide financial statements</u> The Government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.
  - Statement of Net Assets Presents information on all County assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating. Refer to Exhibit 1 for Statement of Net Assets.
  - 2. Statement of Activities Presents information showing how the County's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event that causes the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in the statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave). Refer to Exhibit 2 for Statement of Activities.

#### Overview of the Financial Statements: (Continued)

#### A. Government-wide financial statements: (Continued)

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the County include general government, sheriff, volunteer fire protection, sanitation, social services, education, cultural events, and recreation. The business-type activities of the County encompass water and sewer operations.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the County government (known as the primary government), but also a legally separate School Board for which the County is financially accountable. Financial information for this component unit is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government.

- B. <u>Fund financial statements</u> A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County of King George, like other local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.
  - 1. Governmental funds Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of expendable resources, as well as on balances of expendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a County's ability to satisfy near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the County's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The County maintains four individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Capital Projects Fund, Wireless Authority Fund and the Permanent Fund.

The County adopts an annual appropriated budget for the General Fund and Capital Projects Fund, both of which are considered to be major funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for these funds to demonstrate compliance with budgetary controls.

2. <u>Proprietary funds</u> - The County maintains one enterprise fund. Enterprise funds are used to account for the delivery of goods and services to the general public. Proprietary funds use the accrual basis of accounting, similar to the private sector business.

The King George Service Authority is a component unit of the County of King George. The Authority provides water and sewer services to County residents.

3. <u>Fiduciary funds</u> – Fiduciary funds account for assets held by the government as a trustee or agent for another organization or individuals. The County is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the funds are not available to support the County's own activities.

#### Overview of the Financial Statements: (Continued)

C. <u>Notes to the financial statements</u> - The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

#### **Government-wide Financial Analysis**

As noted earlier, net assets may serve as a useful indicator of a County's financial position. In the case of King George County, governmental fund assets exceeded liabilities by \$56.7 million at the close of fiscal year 2011.

The County's net investment in capital assets such as land, buildings and equipment totals \$14.6 million at June 30, 2011, an increase of \$2.6 million over prior year. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; and consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although capital assets are reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. Refer to table below.

County of King George, Virginia Schedule of Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets Governmental and Business-Type Activities For the Years Ended June 30, 2011 and 2010

		Governm Activi		Busines Activ	• •	Tota	ls
	-	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$	68,379,669 \$ 71,493,303	75,286,050 \$ 69,001,739	6,023,190 \$ 36,045,730	6,420,171 \$ 36,616,299	74,402,859 \$ 107,539,033	81,706,221 105,618,038
Total assets	\$_	139,872,972 \$	144,287,789 \$	42,068,920 \$	43,036,470 \$	181,941,892 \$	187,324,259
Long-term liabilities outstanding Current liabilities	\$	68,252,493 \$ 14,924,086	71,616,112 \$ 14,841,085	24,903,492 \$ 1,535,030	24,959,606 \$ 1,763,860	93,155,985 \$ 16,459,116	96,575,718 16,604,945
Total liabilities	\$_	83,176,579 \$	86,457,197 \$	26,438,522 \$	26,723,466 \$	109,615,101 \$	113,180,663
Net assets:							
Invested in capital assets,							
net of related debt	\$	14,637,383 \$	12,019,419 \$	12,286,312 \$	14,228,621 \$	26,923,695 \$	26,248,040
Restricted		3,789,880	3,350,043	-	-	3,789,880	3,350,043
Unrestricted	-	38,269,130	42,461,130	3,344,086	2,084,383	41,613,216	44,545,513
Total net assets	\$_	56,696,393 \$	57,830,592 \$	15,630,398 \$	16,313,004 \$	72,326,791 \$	74,143,596

Restricted net assets represent resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. These assets are restricted for debt service, Smoot library endowment, and for a natatorium donation. The County's restricted net assets amounts to \$3.8 million or seven percent (7%) of total net assets.

Governmental and business-type activities reflect changes in net assets of (\$1.1) million and (\$682,606) respectively.

Key elements of the changes in net assets are seen in the table below:

# County of King George, Virginia Changes in Net Assets Governmental and Business-Type Activities For the Years Ended June 30, 2011 and 2010

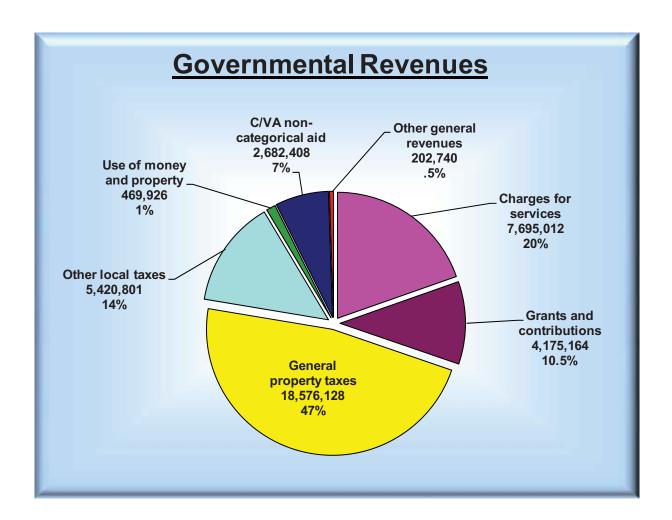
	_	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total	s
		2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010
Revenues:							
Program revenues:	_						
Charges for services	\$	7,695,012 \$	8,143,448 \$	3,695,446 \$	3,661,026 \$	11,390,458 \$	11,804,474
Operating grants and							
contributions		4,175,164	4,464,537	-	-	4,175,164	4,464,537
Capital grants and			10001				
contributions		-	138,345	-	-	-	138,345
General revenues:			.=			40 400	
General property taxes		18,576,128	17,661,294	-	-	18,576,128	17,661,294
Other local taxes		5,420,801	5,452,334	-	-	5,420,801	5,452,334
Use of money and property		469,926	802,389	4,068	11,058	473,994	813,447
C/VA non-categorical aid		2,682,408	2,718,175	-	-	2,682,408	2,718,175
Other general revenues	_	202,740	405,413	253,974	285,501	456,714	690,914
Total revenues	\$_	39,222,179 \$	39,785,935 \$	3,953,488 \$	3,957,585 \$	43,175,667 \$	43,743,520
Expenses:							
General government							
administration	\$	2,588,510 \$	2,368,002 \$	- \$	- \$	2,588,510 \$	2,368,002
Judicial administration	Ψ	1,031,293	1,100,016	Ψ	- Ψ	1,031,293	1,100,016
Public safety		8,013,107	7,934,875	_	_	8,013,107	7,934,875
Public works		1,348,751	1,238,734	_	_	1,348,751	1,238,734
Health and welfare		4,138,279	4,446,308	_	_	4,138,279	4,446,308
Education		16,939,617	13,519,775	_	_	16,939,617	13,519,77
Parks, recreation, and		10,333,017	10,010,770			10,555,017	10,010,77
cultural		1,254,355	1,081,312			1,254,355	1,081,312
Community development		1,282,707	1,423,559	-	-	1,282,707	1,423,559
Interest and other fiscal		1,202,707	1,423,339	-	-	1,202,707	1,423,338
charges		3,431,545	3,541,420	_	_	3,431,545	3,541,420
Water and sewer	_	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	4,964,308	5,012,413	4,964,308	5,012,413
Total expenses	\$	40,028,164 \$	36,654,001 \$	4,964,308 \$	5,012,413 \$	44,992,472 \$	41,666,414
	_						
Increase in net assets	œ.	(00E 00E) A	2 424 224 4	(4.040.000) *	(4.0E4.000\ A	(4.04C.00E) A	0.077.400
before transfers	\$	(805,985) \$	3,131,934 \$	(1,010,820) \$	(1,054,828)\$	(1,816,805) \$	2,077,106
Transfers	_	(328,214)	(365,507)	328,214	365,507		_
Increase in net assets	\$	(1,134,199)\$	2,766,427 \$	(682,606) \$	(689,321) \$	(1,816,805)\$	2,077,106
Net assets, July 1, 2010	_	57,830,592	55,064,165	16,313,004	17,002,325	74,143,596	72,066,490
N	_			45.000.000.0		70.000.70: 1	74.440.55
Net assets, June 30, 2011	\$_	56,696,393 \$	<i>57</i> ,830,592 \$	15,630,398 \$	16,313,004 \$	72,326,791 \$	74,143,59

<u>Governmental Activities</u> – Program and general revenues for governmental activities totaled \$39.2 million for the fiscal year.

Major sources were as follows:

- General property taxes totaled \$18.6 million
- Charges for services totaled \$7.7 million (This includes \$6.5 million of landfill revenues)
- Other local taxes totaled \$5.4 million.
- Operating grants and contributions totaled \$4.2 million

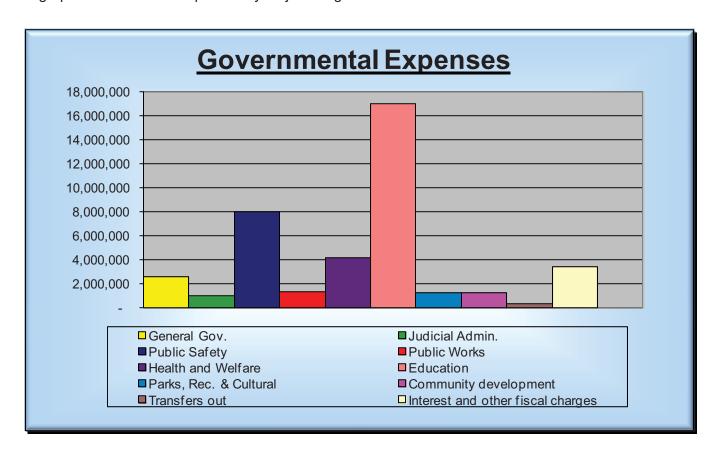
The pie chart below provides an overview of revenues by program source.



Expenses for governmental activities totaled \$40 million for the fiscal year. Major categories were as follows:

- Education totaled \$16.9 million
- Public Safety totaled \$8 million
- Health and Welfare totaled \$4.1 million
- Interest/Other Charges totaled \$3.4 million

The graph below denotes expenses by major categories.



#### Significant changes noted in revenues were:

- General property taxes increased \$914,834; this increase is due to the opening of new businesses, two major businesses. There was also an increase in tax collections.
- Use of money and property decreased (\$332,463) during the year mainly due to a decrease in interest income.
- Other general revenues decreased by (\$202,673). This is mainly due to waiving the payment of \$175,000 due from the Service Authority.
- Education expenses increased by \$3.4 million; additional funding was transferred from the County.
- General Government administration expenses increased by \$222,508 due to refunding a prior year construction bond payable in Community Development.
- Health and Welfare decreased by (\$308,029) due to a decrease in Purchased Services costs

<u>Business-type activities</u> - Business-type activities net assets decreased by \$(682,606) during the current year.

Major reasons are as follows:

- Operating revenues remained steady during the year.
- Operating expenses decreased slightly during the year by (\$201,236)
- The largest notable decrease in expenses was the payment to Governmental Activities in the amount of \$175,000 which was waived by the County.
- Non-operating revenues (expenses) increased by (\$160,000) due to restructuring debt.
- The County transferred \$328,214 to the business-type activities fund to assist in funding operating
  expenditures as a capital contribution. This amount will be eliminated in fiscal year 2013. The intent is to
  provide funding on an as needed basis in the future and ensure the Service Authority becomes self
  sufficient.

#### Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

As noted earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds - The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of financial resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a County's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$55.4 million, a decrease of (\$7.3) in comparison with the prior year. Approximately thirty-one percent (31%) of this amount (\$17.2 million) constitutes unassigned fund balance which is all in the General fund. These funds are available for spending at the County's discretion. In accordance with the newly implemented GASB 54, there are no other unassigned funds available.

The remainder of fund balance is non-spendable (\$700,000), restricted by an outside source (\$15.5 million), committed (\$5.8 million) and not available for spending and assigned (\$16.2 million) for specific projects. See Note 1 – R for details.

The general fund is the primary operating fund of the County. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$17.2 million, while the total fund balance was \$25.3 million. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned general fund balance represents forty-four percent (44%) of total general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents sixty-six percent (66%) of that same amount.

#### Financial Analysis of the County's Funds: (Continued)

**General Fund**: The fund balance of the County's general fund decreased by (\$1.4) million during the current fiscal year. The final amended budget included use of General Fund Balance in the amount of \$3.7 million, however only \$1.4 million was used. Some factors which are significant contributors to the amount needed are as follows:

- Increase in general property taxes of \$914,834 due to new businesses opening during the year. Two major businesses were Wal-Mart and CVS Pharmacy. In addition to a conservative budget forecast based on the economy and unforeseen collections.
- Increase in total expenses of \$3.4 million mainly due to an increase in funding provided to Schools. This
  was based on an increase in school health care costs and reduction in state and federal stimulus
  funding.
- Decrease in use of money and property of (\$332,463) due to a decrease in interest earned on investments and reduction in bond proceeds as a result of construction.
- Discretionary spending freeze implemented by the County Administrator across the board.

Capital Projects Fund: At the end of the current fiscal year the fund balance for the County's capital projects fund was \$29 million of which forty-eight percent (48%) or \$14 million is restricted for future capital projects. Of the remaining fund balance \$4.7 million is committed and \$10.2 million is assigned. See Note 1-R for details. The fund balance of the County's capital projects fund decreased by (\$5.9) million during the current fiscal year. Some major factors are as follows:

- Completion of a new Animal Control facility and the ongoing construction on a new Sheriff's Office facility totaled \$4.1 million in capital spending.
- An additional \$2.6 million was spent on miscellaneous capital projects.
- Landfill fees collected in fiscal year 2011 totaling \$6.8 million was used to fund debt service.

**Permanent Fund**: At the end of the current fiscal year the fund balance for the County's permanent fund was \$812,465, of which \$700,000 is non-spendable and \$112,465 is committed for library operations. The fund balance of the County's permanent fund decreased by \$17,897 during the current fiscal year. This was due to interest earnings.

**Wireless Authority Fund**: The Wireless Authority project fund balance was \$248,788 at the end of the current fiscal year. This is an increase of \$9,236 which resulted from interest on debt service for a construction loan net of funds transferred from the General Fund for operating expenses.

**Proprietary funds**: The County's proprietary fund provides the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. Other factors concerning the King George County Service Authority finances have already been addressed in the discussion of the County's business type activities. Refer to Exhibits 6-8.

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

Differences between the original expenditures budget and the final amended budget were relatively minor \$198,080 or less than 1% increase in appropriations. Significant budget variances are summarized as follows:

- Comprehensive Services (CSA) increased by \$330,000 based on an increase expenditures.
- Various public safety grants and additional state and federal funding totaling \$226,321.
- County's contribution to the School Board decreased by (\$500,544) based on an increase in federal funding received.

Of these increases, grants came from Federal and State government with the balance supported by transfers from other departments and fund balances.

Actual revenues were more than the amended budget by \$238,482, reference Exhibit 10.

Actual expenditures were (\$2) million less than the amended budget. Major contributors were as follows:

- One factor in reduction in spending is because of the economic challenges that were ahead, the County Administrator maintains a spending freeze with special consideration on discretionary spending for the entire year.
- Welfare which had a favorable expenditure variance of \$583,733 made up primarily of expenditures related to Social Services Administration and Purchase of Services.
- Public safety also had a favorable expenditure variance of \$494,201 of which the majority was due to unspent grant funds, vacancies and efficiencies in spending.
- King George Public Schools returned \$553,736 to the General Fund.

#### **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

Capital assets - The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2011 totaled \$71.5 million (net of accumulated depreciation). Governmental capital assets increased a total of \$2.6 million. For the same period, business-type activities decreased by (\$2 million). Major highlights of governmental capital assets include:

The County completed construction of the new animal control facility. The new Sherriff's building is ongoing, to date the County has expended more than \$4 million and is expected to complete construction in early 2012.

**Business Type Capital Assets** - The Authority's investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2011 totals \$36 million (net of accumulated depreciation). Investment in capital assets decreased (\$2 million). This is due to multiple projects now in progress.

Details supporting changes in capital asset activity including construction in progress can be found in Note 6 of the financial statements.

**Long-term obligations** - At the end of the current fiscal year, the County has total long-term obligations outstanding of \$71.1 million and the King George Service Authority has outstanding obligations of \$25.1 million.

#### Capital Asset and Debt Administration: (Continued)

Of the County's debt, \$10.5 million comprises debt backed by the full faith and credit of the County and \$59 million represents bonds secured solely by specified revenue sources (i.e. revenue bonds).

The County's total long-term obligations did not increase during the current fiscal year. There was one refunding during the year and debt was reduced by a net amount of \$3.4 million.

The King George Service Authority decreased its long-term obligations by \$17,800 during the year. Two bond refundings were undertaken during the year to restructure cash flow and reduce interest rates.

The County maintains to Aa credit rating from Standard and Poor's, and remain at A+ from Fitch as well as Moody's during fiscal year 2011.

More detailed information of the County's long-term obligations can be found in Note 9 of these financial statements.

#### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates**

Based on available economic data, trends for the local economy have continued to show strength. The local unemployment rate was 7.3% at June 30, 2011. The local unemployment rate compares favorably to the June 30, 2011 national rate of 9.3%. The County's favorable employment conditions are supported by the continued growth of jobs over the last nine years. According to the Virginia Employment Commission, the number of persons employed has increased from 9,192 in 2002 to 9,896 in 2011. In summary, local business indicators are continuing to indicate a steady local economy compared to surrounding areas in Virginia.

The General Fund revenues for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2011 totaled \$32.2, million which is basically the same as the prior year. Revenue from the general property taxes accounts for the majority of this stabilization.

#### **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County of King George, Virginia's finances for all those with an interest in the County's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Finance Director, 10459 Courthouse Drive, King George, Virginia 22485.

**BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** 



**Government-wide Financial Statements** 



Statement of Net Assets At June 30, 2011

		Pri	mary Government		
			Business-	_	Component
		Governmental	Type		Unit
		Activities	Activities	Total	School Board
ASSETS		71011711100	71011711100	i otai	Concor Board
Current Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	51,038,901 \$	4,023,134 \$	55,062,035 \$	166,927
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):	Ψ.	0.,000,00. 4	ι,σ=σ, ισ ι φ	00,002,000 \$	.00,02.
Property taxes		7,663,256	-	7,663,256	-
Accounts receivable		1,637,451	581,887	2,219,338	-
Notes receivable		501,115	· -	501,115	-
Due from other governments		2,897,437	-	2,897,437	1,012,933
Restricted cash		3,789,880	913,092	4,702,972	-
Due from primary government		-	-	-	3,006,787
Total Current Assets	\$	67,528,040 \$	5,518,113 \$	73,046,153 \$	4,186,647
Noncurrent Assets:					
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):					
Land	\$	6,050,806 \$	2,262,354 \$	8,313,160 \$	173,134
Infrastructure	Ψ	0,030,000 φ	33,038,390	33,038,390	173,134
Buildings		- 7,782,517	33,036,390	7,782,517	15,727,800
Equipment		3,315,874	193,818	3,509,692	1,810,178
Jointly owned assets		40,420,669	193,010	40,420,669	8,863,794
Construction in progress		13,923,437	- 551,168	14,474,605	0,003,794
Total capital assets	\$	71,493,303 \$	36,045,730 \$	107,539,033 \$	26,574,906
Other assets	φ	851,629	505,077	1,356,706	20,374,900
Total Noncurrent Assets	\$	72,344,932 \$	36,550,807 \$	108,895,739 \$	26,574,906
Total Assets	\$	139,872,972 \$	42,068,920 \$	181,941,892 \$	
Total Assets	Ψ	139,072,972 φ	42,000,920 p	101,941,092 y	30,701,333
LIABILITIES					
Current Liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$	1,654,739 \$	258,860 \$	1,913,599 \$	514,574
Accrued liabilities		-	-	-	3,560,786
Due to component unit - School Board		3,006,787	-	3,006,787	-
Unearned revenue		6,345,246	846,225	7,191,471	-
Accrued interest payable		1,100,486	227,677	1,328,163	-
Current portion of long-term obligations	_	2,816,828	202,268	3,019,096	163,380
Total Current Liabilities	\$	14,924,086 \$	1,535,030 \$	16,459,116 \$	4,238,740
Noncurrent Liabilities					
Noncurrent portion of long-term obligations		68,252,493	24,903,492	93,155,985	504,261
Total Liabilities	\$	83,176,579 \$	26,438,522 \$	109,615,101 \$	4,743,001
NET ASSETS					
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$	14,637,383 \$	12,286,312 \$	26,923,695 \$	26,376,300
Restricted for:	Ψ	14,007,000 ψ	12,200,012 ψ	20,020,000 ψ	20,010,000
Debt service		1,149,880	_	1,149,880	_
Smoot library:		1,170,000	_	1, 170,000	_
Nonexpendable		700,000	_	700,000	_
Natatorium		1,940,000	- -	1,940,000	-
Unrestricted assets		38,269,130	3,344,086	41,613,216	(357,748)
Total Net Assets	\$	56,696,393 \$	15,630,398 \$	72,326,791 \$	
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$	139,872,972 \$	42,068,920 \$	<u>181,941,892</u> \$	30,761,553

Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2011

			Program Revenues					_
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions	-	Capital Grants and Contributions
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:								
Governmental activities:								
General government administration	\$	2,588,510	\$	-	\$	286,613	\$	-
Judicial administration		1,031,293		275,441		467,991		-
Public safety		8,013,107		63,301		1,073,398		-
Public works		1,348,751		6,862,268		-		-
Health and welfare		4,138,279		-		2,250,300		-
Education		16,939,617		-		-		-
Parks, recreation, and cultural		1,254,355		412,729		96,862		-
Community development		1,282,707		81,273		-		-
Interest on long-term debt	-	3,431,545	_	-				
Total governmental activities	\$_	40,028,164	\$_	7,695,012	\$	4,175,164	\$	
Business-type activities: Water and sewer	\$	4,964,308	\$	3,695,446	\$	_	\$	_
	Ť-	.,00.,000	- Ť <b>–</b>	3,333,113	<b>-</b> Ť.		Υ.	
Total primary government	\$_	44,992,472	\$_	11,390,458	\$	4,175,164	\$	
COMPONENT UNIT:								
School Board	\$_	36,159,788	\$_	644,986	\$	20,732,765	\$	

General revenues:

General property taxes

Local sales and use taxes

Consumer utility taxes

Business license taxes

Motor vehicle licenses

Recordation taxes

Meals tax

Other local taxes

Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs

Unrestricted revenues from use of money and property

County contribution to School Board

Miscellaneous

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net assets

Net assets - beginning

Net assets - ending

Net (Expense) Revenue and Ch	hanges in Net Assets
------------------------------	----------------------

	Pri	mary Governmer	nt			
Governmental Activities	_	Business Type Activities	_	Total	_	Component Unit
\$ (2,301,897)	\$	-	\$	(2,301,897)	\$	-
(287,861)		-		(287,861)		-
(6,876,408)		-		(6,876,408)		-
5,513,517		-		5,513,517		-
(1,887,979)		-		(1,887,979)		-
(16,939,617)		-		(16,939,617)		-
(744,764)		-		(744,764)		-
(1,201,434)		-		(1,201,434)		-
(3,431,545)	_		-	(3,431,545)	-	<u>-</u>
\$ (28,157,988)	\$_		\$_	(28,157,988)	\$_	-
\$ 	\$_	(1,268,862)	\$_	(1,268,862)	\$_	
\$ -	\$_	(1,268,862)	\$_	(29,426,850)	\$_	
\$ -	\$_		\$	-	\$_	(14,782,037)
18,576,128		_		18,576,128		_
1,343,016		_		1,343,016		_
246,993		_		246,993		-
1,450,388		_		1,450,388		-
552,436		_		552,436		-
231,589		-		231,589		-
793,459		-		793,459		-
802,920		-		802,920		-
2,682,408		-		2,682,408		-
469,926		4,068		473,994		19,995
-		-		-		15,724,841
202,740		253,974		456,714		240,721
(328,214)		328,214	_		_	-
\$ 27,023,789	\$	586,256	\$	27,610,045		15,985,557
\$ (1,134,199)	\$	(682,606)	\$	(1,816,805)	\$	1,203,520
57,830,592	_	16,313,004	_	74,143,596	_	24,815,032
\$ 56,696,393	\$_	15,630,398	\$_	72,326,791	\$_	26,018,552



**Fund Financial Statements** 



Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds At June 30, 2011

			Governmenta	l Funds		
100570	_	General	Capital Projects	Permanent Fund	Wireless Authority Fund	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables (Net of allowance for uncollectibles):	\$	25,266,432 \$	25,411,216 \$	112,465 \$	248,788 \$	51,038,901
Taxes, including penalties		7,663,256	-	-	-	7,663,256
Accounts		154,517	1,482,934	-	-	1,637,451
Note receivable		501,115	-	-	-	501,115
Restricted cash		1,149,880	1,940,000	700,000	-	3,789,880
Due from other governmental units	-	1,897,437	1,000,000	<del>-</del>	-	2,897,437
Total assets	\$	36,632,637 \$	29,834,150 \$	812,465 \$	248,788 \$	67,528,040
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	864,620 \$	790,119 \$	- \$	- \$	1,654,739
Due to component unit - School Board	*	3,006,787	-	-	- *	3,006,787
Deferred revenue	_	7,424,456			-	7,424,456
Total liabilities	\$	11,295,863 \$	790,119_\$	- \$	\$	12,085,982
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable	\$	- \$	- \$	700,000 \$	- \$	700,000
Restricted		1,401,766	14,093,832	-	-	15,495,598
Committed		695,197	4,747,897	112,465	248,788	5,804,347
Assigned		6,050,000	10,202,302	-	-	16,252,302
Unassigned	φ-	17,189,811		- 040 405 A	- 040 700 A	17,189,811
Total fund balances Total liabilities and fund balances	\$_ \$	25,336,774 \$ 36,632,637 \$	29,044,031 \$ 29,834,150 \$	812,465 \$ 812,465 \$	248,788 \$ 248,788 \$	55,442,058 67,528,040
Detailed explanation of adjustments from fund staassets:	. =					. , ,
Total fund balances, balance sheet, governmental fu	unds	3			\$	55,442,058
When capital assets (land, buildings, equipment) the purchased or constructed, the costs of those asset funds. However, the statement of net assets include	s a	re reported as e	xpenditures in g	jovernmental		
County as a whole.						71,493,303
Bond issuance costs are reported as expenditures of net assets includes these issuance costs among t						851,629
Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmexpenditure when due.	nent	al funds, but rath	er is recognized	as an		(1,100,486)
Because the focus of governmental funds is on available to pay current-period expenditures. Those deferred revenues in the governmental funds and the	e as	ssets (for examp	le, receivables)	are offset by		1,079,210
Long-term liabilities applicable to the County's gover current period and accordingly are not reported as futermare reported in the statement of net assets.						(71,069,321)
Net assets of governmental activities					\$	56,696,393
The account of governmental activities					Ψ	55,555,555

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2011

			Governme	nta	al Funds			
		General	Capital Projects		Permanent Fund	Wireless Authority Fund	_	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:	_				_			_
General property taxes	\$	18,354,709 \$	-	\$	- \$	-	\$	18,354,709
Other local taxes		5,420,801	-		-	-		5,420,801
Permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses		459,049	6,488,564		-	-		6,947,613
Fines and forfeitures		237,714	-		-	-		237,714
Revenue from use of money and property		261,010	208,531		-	385		469,926
Charges for services		509,685			-	-		509,685
Miscellaneous		128,454	74,286		-	-		202,740
Intergovernmental:								
Commonwealth		5,878,173	-		-	-		5,878,173
Federal	_	979,399	-				-	979,399
Total revenues	\$_	32,228,994 \$	6,771,381	\$	\$	385	\$_	39,000,760
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government administration	\$	2,345,981 \$	79,248	\$	- \$	-	\$	2,425,229
Judicial administration		1,021,657	6,043		-	-		1,027,700
Public safety		7,516,974	4,464,549		-	-		11,981,523
Public works		1,318,553	1,268,582		-	-		2,587,135
Health and welfare		4,100,525	-		-	-		4,100,525
Education		13,668,711	648,848		-	-		14,317,559
Parks, recreation, and cultural		1,164,002	185,971		19,048	-		1,369,021
Community development Debt service:		1,245,892	192		-	38,129		1,284,213
Principal retirement		2,713,288	-		-	-		2,713,288
Interest and other fiscal charges	_	3,342,004	116,638			41,384	_	3,500,026
Total expenditures	\$_	38,437,587 \$	6,770,071	\$	19,048	79,513	\$_	45,306,219
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
expenditures	\$_	(6,208,593) \$	1,310	\$	(19,048) \$	(79,128)	\$_	(6,305,459)
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers in	\$	4,963,029 \$	-	\$	1,151 \$	828,364	\$	5,792,544
Transfers out		(171,637)	(5,949,121)	)	-	-		(6,120,758)
Early retirement of indebtedness		_	(2,041,000)		-	(740,000)		(2,781,000)
Long-term debt issued	_	<u> </u>	2,155,900				_	2,155,900
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$_	4,791,392 \$	(5,834,221)	_\$_	1,151	88,364	\$_	(953,314)
Net changes in fund balances	\$	(1,417,201) \$	(5,832,911)	\$	(17,897) \$	9,236	\$	(7,258,773)
Fund balances at beginning of year	_	26,753,975	34,876,942		830,362	239,552		62,700,831
Fund balances at end of year	\$_	25,336,774 \$	29,044,031	\$	812,465	248,788	\$_	55,442,058

Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities
Year Ended June 30, 2011

		_	Primary Government Governmental Funds
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		_	T dilido
Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	(7,258,773)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which the capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period. The following details support this adjustment:			
Capital outlay Depreciation expense	\$  6,279,466 (2,086,242)		4,193,224
Transfer of joint tenancy assets from Primary Government to the Component Unit School Board			(1,701,660)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Details of this item consist of deferred taxes.			221,419
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items. A summary of items supporting this adjustment is as follows:			
Proceeds from issuance of long-term obligations	\$ (2,155,900)		
Amortization of bond premium	39,695		
Amortization of bond issuance costs	(34,065)		
Amortization of deferred amount on refunding	(15,011)		
Principal retired on general obligation and lease revenue bonds	5,244,288		
Principal retired on state literary fund loans	 250,000		3,329,007
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment:			
Change in accrued leave	\$ 4,722		
Change in interest payable	 77,862	_	82,584
Change in net assets of governmental activities		\$_	(1,134,199)

Statement of Net Assets - Proprietary Fund At June 30, 2011

Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles): Accounts receivable  Restricted cash  581,887  913,092		_	Water and Sewer Fund
Cash and cash equivalents \$ 4,023,134  Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):  Accounts receivable 581,887  Restricted cash 913,092	ASSETS		
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles): Accounts receivable  Restricted cash  581,887  913,092			
Accounts receivable 581,887 Restricted cash 913,092	•	\$	4,023,134
Restricted cash 913,092	•		
Total Current Assets \$ 5,518,113	Restricted cash	-	913,092
	Total Current Assets	\$_	5,518,113
Noncurrent Assets	Noncurrent Assets		
Capital assets:	Capital assets:		
Land \$ 2,262,354	Land	\$	2,262,354
Infrastructure 42,480,921	Infrastructure		42,480,921
Equipment 791,809	Equipment		791,809
Construction in progress 551,168	Construction in progress		551,168
Accumulated depreciation (10,040,522	Accumulated depreciation	_	(10,040,522)
Total Capital Assets \$ 36,045,730	Total Capital Assets	\$ _	36,045,730
<u> </u>	Bond issue costs, net of amortization		505,077
Total Noncurrent Assets \$ 36,550,807	Total Noncurrent Assets	\$ _	36,550,807
Total Assets \$ 42,068,920	Total Assets	\$ =	42,068,920
LIABILITIES	LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities	Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable \$ 258,860	Accounts payable	\$	258,860
			846,225
Accrued interest payable 227,677	Accrued interest payable		227,677
			202,268
Total Current Liabilities \$ 1,535,030	Total Current Liabilities	\$ _	1,535,030
Noncurrent Liabilities	Noncurrent Liabilities		
Noncurrent portion of long-term obligations 24,903,492	Noncurrent portion of long-term obligations	-	24,903,492
Total Liabilities \$ 26,438,522	Total Liabilities	\$_	26,438,522
NET ASSETS	NET ASSETS		
		.\$	12,286,312
	•	Ψ	3,344,086
		_	2,211,000
Total Net Assets \$15,630,398	Total Net Assets	\$_	15,630,398
Total Liabilities and Net Assets \$ 42,068,920	Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$ =	42,068,920

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Net Assets - Proprietary Fund Year Ended June 30, 2011

	_	Enterprise Fund Water and Sewer Fund
Operating revenues: Water revenues	\$	911,718
Sewer revenues		1,156,796
Availability fees		508,921
Debt fees Other revenues		1,118,011 253,974
Other revenues	_	255,914
Total operating revenues	\$_	3,949,420
Operating expenses:		
Personnel services	\$	984,738
Fringe benefits		423,065
Contractual services		397,762
Depreciation and amortization		1,125,701
Other operating expenses	_	868,955
Total operating expenses	\$_	3,800,221
Net income (loss) from operations	\$_	149,199
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):		
Interest income	\$	4,068
Interest expense	_	(1,164,087)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	\$_	(1,160,019)
Net income (loss) before transfers	\$	(1,010,820)
Transfers:		
Transfers in	_	328,214
Change in net assets	\$	(682,606)
Net assets, beginning of year	_	16,313,004
Net assets, end of year	\$_	15,630,398

Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Fund Year Ended June 30, 2011

		Enterprise Fund Water and Sewer Fund
Cash flows from operating activities: Receipts from customers and users Payments to employees (including fringe benefits) Payments for operating activities	\$	3,707,466 (1,418,786) (1,361,285)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$_	927,395
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Construction and acquisition of capital assets Proceeds from issuance of refunding debt Costs of issuance of refunding debt Capital grants and contributions Payment to refunded bonds escrow agent Retirement of indebtedness Interest paid on loans	\$	(547,871) 12,875,388 (359,853) 328,214 (12,515,535) (120,985) (1,160,392)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities	\$_	(1,501,034)
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest received	\$	4,068
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$	(569,571)
Cash and cash equivalents (including restricted) at beginning of year	_	5,505,797
Cash and cash equivalents (including restricted) at end of year	\$_	4,936,226
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:  Cash flows from operations: Income (loss) from operations	\$	149,199
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization		1,125,701
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:   (Increase) in accounts receivable   (Decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities   (Decrease) in deferred revenue   (Decrease) in compensated absences	_	(52,469) (94,568) (189,485) (10,983)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ <u></u>	927,395

Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets At June 30, 2011

	_	Agency Funds
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,608,225
Accounts receivable	_	39,629
Total assets	\$ _	4,647,854
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	\$	15,416
Amounts held for others		561,747
Amounts held for landfill closure and postclosure costs		3,986,582
Amounts held for social services' clients	_	84,109
Total liabilities	\$ _	4,647,854



Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2011

# **Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:**

The County of King George, Virginia is governed by an elected five member Board of Supervisors. The Board of Supervisors is responsible for appointing the County Administrator. The County provides a full range of services for its citizens. These services include sheriff and volunteer fire protection, sanitation services, recreational activities, cultural events, education and social services.

The financial statements of the County of King George, Virginia have been prepared in conformity with the specifications promulgated by the Auditor of Public Accounts (APA) of the Commonwealth of Virginia, and the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States as specified by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

## **Financial Statement Presentation**

<u>Management's Discussion and Analysis</u> - GASB Statement No. 34 requires the financial statements be accompanied by a narrative introduction and analytical overview of the government's financial activities in the form of "management's discussion and analysis" (MD&A).

## Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

<u>Government-wide financial statements</u> - The reporting model includes financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all of the government's activities. This approach includes not just current assets and liabilities but also capital assets and long-term liabilities (such as buildings and general obligation debt).

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements; however, interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from certain legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2011 (Continued)

# **Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)**

<u>Statement of Net Assets</u> - The Statement of Net Assets is designed to display financial position of the primary government (government and business-type activities) and its discretely presented component unit. Governments will report all capital assets, in the government-wide Statement of Net Assets and will report depreciation expense - the cost of "using up" capital assets - in the Statement of Activities. The net assets of a government will be broken down into three categories - 1) invested in capital assets, net of related debt; 2) restricted; and 3) unrestricted.

<u>Statement of Activities</u> - The government-wide Statement of Activities reports expenses and revenues in a format that focuses on the cost of each of the government's functions. The expense of individual functions is compared to the revenues generated directly by the function (for instance, through user charges or intergovernmental grants).

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

<u>Budgetary comparison schedules</u> - Demonstrating compliance with the adopted budget is an important component of a government's accountability to the public. Many citizens participate in one way or another in the process of establishing the annual operating budgets of state and local governments, and have a keen interest in following the actual financial progress of their governments over the course of the year. Many governments revise their original budgets over the course of the year for a variety of reasons. Under the GASB 34 reporting model, governments provide budgetary comparison information in their annual reports, including the original budget, final budget, and actual results.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2011 (Continued)

# **Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)**

## A. Financial Reporting Entity:

The basic criterion for determining whether a governmental department, agency, institution, commission, public authority, or other governmental organization should be included in a primary governmental unit's reporting entity for basic financial statements is financial accountability. Financial accountability includes the appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body and the ability of the primary government to impose its will on the organization or if there is a financial benefit/burden relationship. In addition, an organization which is fiscally dependent on the primary government should be included in its reporting entity. These financial statements present the County of King George, Virginia (the primary government) and its component units. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. Each discretely presented component unit, on the other hand, is reported in a separate column in the combined financial statements to emphasize it is legally separate from the government.

# B. <u>Individual Component Unit Disclosures:</u>

<u>Blended Component Units</u> - The King George County Service Authority is reported as a blended component unit of the County of King George, Virginia. The Authority is governed by a board comprised of the government's elected supervisors. The Authority is reported as an Enterprise Fund.

Complete financial statements of the Authority can be obtained from the administrative offices located at 10459 Courthouse Drive, King George, Virginia 22845.

The King George County Wireless Authority is reported as a blended component unit of the County of King George, Virginia. The Authority is governed by a board comprised of the government's elected supervisors. The Authority does not issue a separate financial report.

<u>Discretely Presented Component Unit</u> - The School Board members are elected and are responsible for the operations of the County's School System. The School Board is fiscally dependent on the County. The County has the ability to approve its budget and any amendments. The primary funding is from the General Fund of the County. The School Board does not issue a separate financial report. The financial statements of the School Board are presented as a discrete presentation of the County financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011.

## Other Related Organizations

Included in the County's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

None

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2011 (Continued)

# Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

#### C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation:

The accompanying financial statements are prepared in accordance with pronouncements issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The principles prescribed by GASB represent generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental units.

The County applies all GASB pronouncements as well as the Financial Accounting Standards Board pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989 unless these pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements however the agency funds have no measurement focus. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reflects both the gross and net cost per functional category (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) which are otherwise being supported by general government revenues, (property, sales and use taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, fines, permits and charges, etc.) The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants, and contributions. The program revenues must be directly associated with the function (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) or a business-type activity.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. This is the manner in which these funds are normally budgeted. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Major sources of revenue susceptible to accrual include but are not limited to state and local sales tax, PPTRA, other local taxes, and state and federal grants. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2011 (Continued)

# **Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)**

## C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation: (Continued)

In the fund financial statements, financial transactions and accounts of the County are organized on the basis of funds. The operation of each fund is considered to be an independent fiscal and separate accounting entity, with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and/or other financial resources together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations.

# 1. Governmental Funds

Governmental Funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. The government reports the following major governmental funds:

#### a. General Fund

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the County. This fund is used to account for and report all financial transactions and resources except those required to be accounted for and reported in another fund. Revenues are derived primarily from property and other local taxes, state and federal distributions, licenses, permits, charges for service, and interest income. A significant part of the General Fund's revenues is used principally to finance the operations of the Component Unit School Board. The General Fund is considered a major fund for reporting purposes.

#### b. Capital Projects Fund

The Capital Projects Fund accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted or committed or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, except for those financed by proprietary funds or for assets held in trust for individuals, private organizations, or other governments. The Capital Projects Fund is considered a major fund.

#### c. Permanent Fund

The Permanent Fund accounts for and reports resources that are restricted such that only earnings may be used for purposes that support the reporting government's programs (i.e., for the benefit of the government or its citizens). The Permanent Fund accounts for operations of the Smoot Library Endowment Fund.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2011 (Continued)

# **Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)**

#### C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation: (Continued)

# d. Special Revenue Fund

Special revenue funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The only special revenue fund is the Wireless Authority Fund, which is considered a major fund.

2. <u>Proprietary Funds</u> - account for operations that are financed in a manner similar to private business enterprises. The Proprietary Fund measurement focus is upon determination of net income, financial position, and changes in financial position. Proprietary Funds consist of Enterprise Funds.

#### **Enterprise Funds**

Enterprise funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the County's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

The County reports the following major enterprise fund:

<u>Water and Sewer Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for water and sewer services of the King George County Service Authority.

3. <u>Fiduciary Funds (Trust and Agency Funds)</u> - account for assets held by the County unit in a trustee capacity or as an agent or custodian for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, or other funds. These funds include Agency Funds. These funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting described in the Governmental Fund Presentation. Fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide financial statements. Agency funds include the Special Welfare Fund, Payroll Taxes Fund, Landfill Escrow Fund and the EDA Fund.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2011 (Continued)

# **Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)**

## D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting:

The following procedures are used by the County in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to March 30, the County Administrator submits to the Board of Supervisors a proposed operating and capital budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating and capital budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments.
- 3. Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an Appropriations Resolution.
- 4. The Appropriations Resolution places legal restrictions on expenditures at the department level. The appropriation for each department or category can be revised only by the Board of Supervisors. The County Administrator is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within general government departments; however the School Board is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within the school system's categories.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund, School Operating Fund, and the Capital Projects Fund.
- 6. All budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
- 7. Appropriations lapse on June 30, for all County units. Several supplemental appropriations were necessary during the year and at year-end.
- 8. All budgetary data presented in the accompanying financial statements is the original to the current comparison of the final budget and actual results.

#### E. Encumbrances:

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriations, is utilized as part of the County's accounting system.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2011 (Continued)

# Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

# F. Cash and Cash Equivalents:

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

State statutes authorize the County government and the School Board to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, commercial paper, corporate bonds, repurchase agreements, and the Local Government Investment Pool.

Investments for the government, as well as for its component units, are reported at fair value. The Local Government Investment Pool operates in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations. The reported value of the pool is the same as the fair value of the pool shares.

# G. Investments:

Investments are stated at fair value which approximates market; no investments are valued at cost. Certificates of deposit and short-term repurchase agreements are reported in the accompanying financial statements as cash and cash equivalents. Investments consist of assets held by a trustee.

#### H. Receivables and Payables:

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e. the current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "advances to/from other funds."

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. The County calculates its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data and, in certain cases, specific account analysis. The allowance amounted to approximately \$530,244 at June 30, 2011 and is comprised of the following:

Property taxes	\$	373,129
Water & sewer accounts	_	157,115
	_	
Total	\$	530,244

Property is assessed at its value on January 1. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are payable on June 5<sup>th</sup> and December 5<sup>th</sup>. The County bills and collects its own property taxes.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2011 (Continued)

# **Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)**

# I. Capital Assets:

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the County as land, buildings, road registered vehicles, and equipment with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Property, plant and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component units, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	40
Building improvements	20-40
Vehicles	5
Office and computer equipment	5
Buses	12

# J. Compensated Absences:

Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. Amounts of vested or accumulated vacation leave that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported as an expense in the Statement of Activities and a long-term obligation in the Statement of Net Assets. In accordance with the provisions of Government Accounting Standards No. 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences, no liability is recorded for nonvesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits. However, a liability is recognized for that portion of accumulating sick leave benefits that it is estimated will be taken as "terminal leave" prior to retirement.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2011 (Continued)

# Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

# J. Compensated Absences: (Continued)

Upon retirement, County employees are reimbursed for accumulated vacation days and accumulated sick leave. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

For County Governmental Funds, the cost of accumulated vacation and sick leave expected to be paid in the next 12 months is recorded as a fund liability and amounts expected to be paid after 12 months are recorded in the entity-wide statements. For County Proprietary Funds, the cost of vacation and sick leave is recorded as a liability when earned.

# K. Long-term Obligations:

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued and premiums on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### L. Retirement Plan:

Retirement plan contributions are actuarially determined and consist of current services costs and amortization of prior service cost over a 30-year period. The County's policy is to fund pension costs as it accrues.

#### M. Use of Estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2011 (Continued)

# **Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)**

#### N. Bond Issuance Costs:

Bond issuance costs for proprietary fund types are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds. Costs relative to each bond issue are amortized over the life of the bonds. Amortization expense for the year ended June 30, 2011 totaled \$7,261 in the Enterprise funds and \$34,065 in the Governmental Funds.

# O. <u>Prepaid Connection Fees:</u>

Prepaid connection fees are non-refundable deposits received in advance for water and/or sewer connection fees. The amounts are recorded as revenue when the connection is made.

#### P. Net Assets

Net assets are the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets represent capital assets, less accumulated depreciation less any outstanding debt related to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

## Q. Component Unit-School Board Capital Asset and Debt Presentation

By law, the School Board does not have taxing authority and, therefore, it cannot incur debt through general obligation bonds to fund the acquisition, construction or improvement of its capital assets. That responsibility lies with the County who issues the debt on behalf of the School Board. However, the Code of Virginia requires the School Board to hold title to the capital assets (buildings and equipment) due to their responsibility for maintaining the asset.

In the Statement of Net Assets, this scenario presents a dilemma for the County. Debt issued on behalf of the School Board is reported as a liability of the primary government, thereby reducing the net assets of the County. The corresponding capital assets are reported as assets of the Component Unit-School Board (title holder), thereby increasing its net assets.

The Virginia General Assembly amended the <u>Code of Virginia</u> to allow a tenancy in common with the School Board whenever the locality incurs a financial obligation which is payable over more than one fiscal year for any school property. The tenancy in common terminates when the associated debt has been paid in full. For financial reporting purposes, the legislation permits the locality to report the portion of the school property related to any outstanding financial obligation, thus eliminating a potential deficit from financing capital assets with debt.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2011 (Continued)

# Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

# R. Fund Equity

Beginning with fiscal year 2011, the County implemented GASB Statement 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*. This Statement provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balance more transparent. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

- Nonspendable fund balance amounts that are not in spendable form (such as inventory and prepaids) or are required to be maintained intact (corpus of a permanent fund);
- Restricted fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation;
- Committed fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by a government itself, using
  its highest level of decision-making authority; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be
  used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest level action to remove
  or change the constraint;
- Assigned fund balance amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority;
- Unassigned fund balance amounts that are available for any purpose; positive amounts are only reported in the general fund.

When fund balance resources are available for a specific purpose in more than one classification, it is the County's policy to use the most restrictive funds first in the following order: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned as they are needed.

The Board of Supervisors establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of a resolution. This is typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. A fund balance commitment is further indicated in the budget document as a designation or commitment of the fund (such as for special incentives), this category also includes contractual obligations. Assigned fund balance is established by the Board of Supervisors or the Deputy County Administrator/Finance Director as amounts intended for specific purpose (such as the purchase of capital assets, construction, debt service, or for other purposes).

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2011 (Continued)

# **Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)**

# R. Fund Equity: (Continued)

The details of governmental fund balances, as presented on Exhibit 3, are as follows:

		General Fund	Capital Projects	Permanent Fund	Wireless Authority Fund	Total
Fund Balances:	-					
Nonspendable:						
Permanent fund corpus	\$_	\$	9	\$ 700,000 \$	\$	700,000
Restricted for:						
Debt service	\$	1,149,880 \$	- 9	- \$	- \$	1,149,880
Library expansion		-	4,840,453	_	-	4,840,453
Natatorium		-	2,308,287	-	-	2,308,287
Capital projects		-	6,945,092	-	-	6,945,092
Emergency services grants		251,886	_	-	-	251,886
Total Restricted Fund Balance	\$	1,401,766 \$	14,093,832	\$\$	- \$	15,495,598
Committed to:						
Education	\$	537,103 \$	- 9	- \$	- \$	537,103
Wireless project		-	-	-	248,788	248,788
Library		-	-	112,465	_	112,465
Emergency services equipment		-	238,185	-	-	238,185
New high school stadium		-	173,681	-	-	173,681
Government center/animal control/						
sheriffs office		-	1,385,905	-	-	1,385,905
Capital projects		-	2,950,126	-	-	2,950,126
Other purposes		158,094	_			158,094
Total Committed Fund Balance	\$	695,197 \$	4,747,897	112,465 \$	248,788 \$	5,804,347
Assigned to:						
Economic development incentives	\$	4,500,000 \$	- 9	- \$	- \$	4,500,000
Vehicle maintenance facility						
improvements		1,290,000	-	-	-	1,290,000
Landfill		-	750,000	-	-	750,000
Capital projects		-	9,452,302	-	-	9,452,302
Other purposes	_	260,000				260,000
Total Assigned Fund Balance	\$	6,050,000 \$	10,202,302	\$\$	\$	16,252,302
Unassigned Fund Balance	\$	17,189,811 \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	17,189,811
Total Fund Balances	\$	25,336,774 \$	29,044,031	812,465 \$	248,788 \$	55,442,058
	=					

## Note 2—Deposits and Investments:

#### **Deposits**

Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act") Section 2.2-4400 et. seq. of the Code of Virginia. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of the amount insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board. Financial Institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in the amounts from 50% to 130% of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2011 (Continued)

# Note 2—Deposits and Investments: (Continued)

#### <u>Investments</u>

Statutes authorize the County to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper and certain corporate notes, banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP).

## **Credit Risk of Debt Securities**

The County does not have a policy related to credit risk of debt securities.

The County's rated debt investments as of June 30, 2011 were rated by Standard and Poor's and the ratings are presented below using Standard and Poor's rating scale.

**Locality's Rated Debt Investments' Values** 

Rated Debt Investments				
	 AAAm	AAA	AA+	AA
U.S. Agencies	\$ - \$	13,529,206 \$	- \$	_
Local Government Investment Pool	4,583,817	-	-	-
State Non-Arbitrage Pool	16,509,009	-	-	-
Corporate Notes	-	702,092	799,018	263,434
U.S. Government Corporate Debt	-	523,210	-	-
Repurchase Agreements - Underlying:				
U.S. Agency Securities		16,804,040	<u> </u>	
Total	\$ 21,092,826 \$	31,558,548 \$	799,018_\$	263,434

# **Interest Rate Risk**

The County does not have a policy related to interest rate risk.

**Investment Maturities (in vears)** 

	 timonit mataniti	<u> </u>			
	Fair	Less than	1		<b>Greater Than</b>
Investment Type	 Value	1 year		1-5 Years	10 Years
Repurchase Agreements	\$ 16,804,040 \$		- \$	375,959 \$	16,428,081
Corporate Notes	1,764,544		-	1,764,544	-
U.S. Government Corporate Debt	523,210	523,2	10	_	-
U.S. Agencies	13,529,206	2,498,2	11	10,234,644	796,351
U.S. Treasuries	3,130,286	1,633,18	<u>35</u>	1,497,101	
Total	\$ 35,751,286 \$	4,654,60	<u> </u>	13,872,248 \$	17,224,432

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2011 (Continued)

# Note 2—Deposits and Investments: (Continued)

## **External Investment Pools**

The State Non-Arbitrage Pool (SNAP) is an open-end management investment company registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). The fair value of the positions in the Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) are the same as the value of the pool shares.

#### Note 3—Due From Other Governments:

At June 30, 2011, the County and School Board had receivables from other governments as follows:

	Primary Government	Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board
Industrial Development Authority	\$ 1,000,000	\$ -
Commonwealth of Virginia: State sales taxes PPTRA Local sales taxes Communications tax Public assistance Shared expenses CSA Fire program Other	1,088,066 111,754 61,387 30,708 133,396 291,272 48,517 69,337	282,313 - - - - - - -
Federal Government: School funds Second chance grant Public assistance	14,336 48,664	730,620 - -
Totals	\$ 2,897,437	\$ 1,012,933

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2011 (Continued)

# **Note 4—Due To/From Primary Government/Component Units:**

Fund		Due to Component Unit		Due From Primary Government		
General	\$	3,006,787	\$	-		
School	-	-	•	3,006,787		
Totals	\$	3,006,787	\$	3,006,787		

The purpose of the interfund obligations is to report the balance of local appropriations unspent at yearend due back to the respective funds.

# **Note 5—Interfund Transfers:**

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2011 consisted of the following:

_	Transfers In		Transfers Out
\$	4,963,029	\$	171,637
	328,214		-
	828,364		-
	1,151		-
_	_	_	5,949,121
\$_	6,120,758	\$_	6,120,758
	_	\$ 4,963,029 328,214 828,364 1,151	\$ 4,963,029 \$ 328,214 828,364 1,151 -

Transfers are used to (1) move revenue from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgeting authorization.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2011 (Continued)

# **Note 6—Capital Assets:**

The following is a summary of capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2011:

# **Primary Government:**

		Beginning Balance July 1,	A alaliti a ma		Deletions	Ending Balance June 30,
	-	2010	Additions	-	Deletions	2011
Governmental Activities:						
Capital assets not being depreciated:						
Land Construction in progress-jointly owned	\$	5,252,043 \$	798,763	\$	- \$	6,050,806
assets		964,463	289,476		939,740	314,199
Construction in progress	_	9,372,913	4,289,465	_	53,140	13,609,238
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$_	15,589,419 \$	5,377,704	\$_	992,880 \$	19,974,243
Capital assets being depreciated:						
Buildings Equipment Jointly owned assets	\$	11,148,375 \$ 8,008,301 45,770,145	505,870 449,032 939,740	\$	- \$ 114,097 2,164,791	11,654,245 8,343,236 44,545,094
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$_	64,926,821 \$	1,894,642	\$_	2,278,888 \$	64,542,575
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings Equipment Jointly owned assets	\$	3,646,546 \$ 4,490,273 3,377,682	225,182 651,186 1,209,874	\$	- \$ 114,097 463,131	3,871,728 5,027,362 4,124,425
Total accumulated depreciation	\$_	11,514,501 \$	2,086,242	\$_	577,228 \$	13,023,515
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$_	53,412,320 \$	(191,600)	\$_	1,701,660 \$	51,519,060
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$_	69,001,739 \$	5,186,104	\$_	2,694,540 \$	71,493,303

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2011 (Continued)

# Note 6—Capital Assets: (Continued)

# **Primary Government: (Continued)**

	_	Beginning Balance July 1, 2010	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance June 30, 2011
Business-type activities-KGSA:					
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land Construction in progress	\$	2,262,354 \$ 780,835	- \$ 547,871	- \$ 777,538	2,262,354 551,168
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$_	3,043,189 \$	547,871 \$	777,538 \$	2,813,522
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Infrastructure Equipment	\$_	41,703,383 \$ 791,809	777,538 \$	- \$ 	42,480,921 791,809
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$_	42,495,192 \$	777,538 \$	\$_	43,272,730
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Infrastructure Equipment	\$	8,375,402 \$ 546,680	1,067,129 \$ 51,311	- \$ 	9,442,531 597,991
Total accumulated depreciation	\$_	8,922,082 \$	1,118,440 \$	\$_	10,040,522
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$_	33,573,110 \$	(340,902) \$	\$_	33,232,208
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$_	36,616,299 \$	206,969 \$	777,538 \$	36,045,730

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2011 (Continued)

# **Note 6—Capital Assets: (Continued)**

# **Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board:**

Net assets invested in capital assets, less related debt

	_	Beginning Balance July 1, 2010	Additions	Deletions		Ending Balance June 30, 2011
Capital assets not being depreciated:						
Land	\$_	173,134 \$	\$	<u>-</u>	_\$_	173,134
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$_	173,134 \$	\$	-	_\$_	173,134
Capital assets, being depreciated:						
Buildings Equipment Jointly owned assets	\$	26,184,332 \$ 4,329,373 9,452,026	- \$ 488,037 2,164,791		\$	26,184,332 4,817,410 11,616,817
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$_	39,965,731 \$	2,652,828	-	_\$_	42,618,559
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings Equipment Jointly owned assets	\$	9,677,595 \$ 2,715,049 2,289,892	778,937 \$ 292,183 463,131		\$	10,456,532 3,007,232 2,753,023
Total accumulated depreciation	\$_	14,682,536 \$	1,534,251	-	_\$_	16,216,787
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$_	25,283,195 \$	1,118,577	-	_\$_	26,401,772
School Board capital assets, net	\$_	25,456,329 \$	1,118,577	<u> </u>	\$_	26,574,906
Reconciliation of primary government net as	sset	ts invested in o	capital assets	, net of relate	ed (	debt:
Net capital assets				\$		71,493,303
Long-term debt applicable to capital assets at Less - debt proceeds received but not expend			ts at June 30, 2	\$ 2011		70,739,071 13,883,151)
Net long-term debt, as adjusted				\$	Ę	56,855,920

14,637,383

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2011 (Continued)

# **Note 6—Capital Assets: (Continued)**

Covernmental activities:

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government and component unit as follows:

Governmental activities:		
General government Judicial administration	\$	202,539 7,593
Public safety		576,714
Public works		28,807
Health and Welfare		31,025
Education		1,209,874
Parks, recreation and cultural		26,822
Community development	_	2,868
Total	\$_	2,086,242
Component Unit-School Board	\$_	1,071,120 (1)
King George Service Authority	\$_	1,118,440
(1) Depreciation expense	\$	1,071,120
Accumulated depreciation on Joint tenancy asset transfer	_	463,131
Total increase in accumulated depreciation, page 49	\$_	1,534,251

# **Note 7–Restricted Assets:**

Restricted assets at June 30, 2011 consist of the following:

Unexpended IDA lease revenue bond proceeds	\$ 913,092
Permanent fund corpus	700,000
Natatorium donation	1,940,000
Cash reserves for debt service	 1,149,880
Total	\$ 4 702 972

# **Note 8–Other Assets:**

# Notes Receivable:

\$281,498 note dated February 2, 2004 payable in annual principal installments of \$28,150, interest at 4% long-term portion	\$ 84,449
\$500,000 note dated September 20, 2005 payable in annual principal	440.000
installments of \$16,667, interest at 0%	 416,666
Total notes receivable	\$ 501,115

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2011 (Continued)

# **Note 8–Other Assets: (Continued)**

#### **Bond Issuance Costs:**

The County's issuance costs for governmental funds are as follows:

	-	Bond Issue Cost		_	Amortization Expense	 Accumulated Amortization	Net Book Value
2004 IDA Bonds	\$_	1,021,954	30	\$_	34,065	\$ 170,325 \$	851,629

The Authority's issuance costs for the VRA bonds are as follows:

	Bond Issue Cost	Amortization Period Years	Amortization Expense	Accumulated Amortization	Net Book Value
Issuance costs:					
2011 Refunding Bond 2010 Refunding Bond 2011 Refunding Bond	\$ 134,227 152,486 225,625	21 21 23	\$ - \$ 7,261 	7,261 -	134,227 145,225 225,625
Total	\$ 512,338	;	\$ <u>7,261</u>	\$ <u>7,261</u> \$	505,077

# **Note 9–Long-Term Obligations:**

# **Governmental Funds:**

The following is a summary of changes in long-term obligation transactions of the County for the year ended June 30, 2011:

	Balance July 1, 2010	Increases/ Proceeds	Decreases/ Retirements	Balance June 30, 2011	Due Within One Year
Governmental Funds					
General Obligation Bonds \$	11,261,764 \$	- \$	755,791 \$	10,505,973 \$	588,098
Revenue Bonds	59,002,468	2,155,900	3,748,497	57,409,871	1,874,487
Deferred amount					
on refunding	(330, 239)	-	(15,011)	(315,228)	-
Wireless Authority Bonds	740,000	-	740,000	-	-
State Literary Fund Loans	2,250,000	-	250,000	2,000,000	250,000
Compensated Absences	650,200	60,298	65,020	645,478	64,548
Premium on bonds					
payable	862,922		39,695	823,227	39,695
Total \$	<u>74,437,115</u> \$	<u>2,216,198</u> \$	5,583,992 \$	71,069,321 \$	2,816,828

The general fund revenues are used to liquidate compensated absences.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2011 (Continued)

# **Note 9–Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)**

# **Governmental Funds: (Continued)**

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

	Governmental Funds							
Year Ending June 30,	General and Reve Principal		•	Literary Loans Principal Interest				
2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 2030 2031 2032 2033 2034 2035 2036	2,462,585 2,574,220 2,676,302 2,788,919 2,899,200 2,359,036 2,427,905 2,499,633 2,571,900 2,654,728 2,742,565 2,839,140 2,943,029 3,045,672 3,153,345 2,895,189 3,008,887 2,744,222 2,864,846 2,983,406 3,118,445 2,850,433 2,997,237 1,860,000 1,955,000	\$	3,185,638 3,079,659 2,972,982 2,873,911 2,764,206 2,650,949 2,541,113 2,429,483 2,317,355 2,189,440 2,054,415 1,916,121 1,775,411 1,628,303 1,473,022 1,324,900 1,180,526 1,041,385 906,173 759,771 607,043 457,601 311,150 190,750 97,747	\$	250,000 250,000 250,000 250,000 250,000 250,000 	\$	60,000 52,500 45,000 37,500 30,000 22,500 15,000 7,500 - - - - - - - - - - - - -	
Total	\$ 67,915,844	\$	42,729,054	\$	2,000,000	\$	270,000	

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2011 (Continued)

# **Note 9–Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)**

## **Governmental Funds: (Continued)**

Details of Long-Term Obligations are as follows:

Dotallo of Long Torri Obligations are as follows.				
	_	Amount Outstanding		Due Within One Year
Revenue Bonds: \$2,155,900 Public Facilities Lease Revenue Bonds issued July 29, 2010 payable in various principal annual installments from August 15, 2010 to August 15, 2015, interest at 2.47%		1,845,900	\$	85,000
\$2,045,000 IDA Revenue Refunding Bonds, issued May 1, 2001 due in various principal annual installments through December 15, 2012, interest payable semiannually at rates ranging from 3.75% to 5.00%		560,000		275,000
\$17,304,918 VRA Revenue Bonds Series 2008, payable in various annual installments through October 1, 2033, interest payable semiannually at rates ranging from 3.125% to 5.375%		17,229,871		437,037
\$4,473,200 VRA Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 2008, payable in various annual installments through October 1, 2031, interest payable semiannually at rates ranging from 3.125% to 5.375%		4,065,100		193,450
\$5,100,000 IDA Lease Revenue Bonds Series 2006, payable in annual installments of \$204,000 through September 1, 2031, interest payable semiannually at 4.75%		4,284,000		204,000
\$32,515,000 IDA Lease Revenue Bonds Series 2004 payable in various installments beginning March 1, 2007 through March 1, 2036, interest payable semiannually at 4.76%  Total Revenue Bonds		29,425,000 57,409,871		680,000 1,874,487
	Ψ_	37,403,071	Ψ_	1,07 4,407
General Obligation Bonds: \$6,411,957 VPSA Subsidy Bonds, payable in various installments through July 15, 2025, interest payable semiannually at rates ranging from 4.6% to 5.1%.		4,978,232	\$	299,489
\$6,364,713 VPSA Subsidy Bonds, payable in various installments through July 15, 2027, interest payable semiannually at rates ranging from 4.1% to 5.1%		5,527,741		288,609
Total General Obligation Bonds	\$_	10,505,973	\$_	588,098
Total Lease Revenue and General Obligation Bonds	\$_	67,915,844	\$_	2,462,585

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2011 (Continued)

## **Note 9–Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)**

### **Governmental Funds: (Continued)**

Details of Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

		Amount Outstanding		Due Within One Year
State Literary Fund Loans:	_		_	_
\$5,000,000, issued August 1, 1998, due in annual installments of				
\$250,000 through August 1, 2018, interest at 3%	\$_	2,000,000	\$_	250,000
Compensated Absences	\$_	645,478	\$	64,548
Premium on bonds payable	\$_	823,227	\$	39,695
Deferred amount on refunding	\$_	(315,228)	\$_	
Total	\$_	71,069,321	\$	2,816,828

Assets acquired under capital leases:

	 Cost		Depreciation Expense	Accumulated Depreciation
Equipment	\$ 306,855	\$_	_	\$ 306,855
Total	\$ 306,855	\$_	-	\$ 306,855

## **King George County Service Authority:**

The following is a summary of changes in long-term obligation of the King George County Service Authority for the year ended June 30, 2011:

Proprietary Funds	Balance July 1, 2010	Increases/ Proceeds	Decreases/ Retirements	Balance June 30, 2011	Due Within One Year
Notes Payable	\$ 545,932 \$	-	\$ 44,817 \$	501,115 \$	44,817
Virginia Water Facilities Loan	66,215	-	66,215	-	-
VRA Water Revenue Bond	6,255,000	-	5,980,000	275,000	_
VRA Infrastructure Revenue Bonds	5,382,982	-	9,953	5,373,029	57,963
Compensated absences	81,062	4,053	15,036	70,079	10,512
Virginia Revenue Refunding Bond	6,915,000	-	-	6,915,000	-
Water and Sewer Refunding Bonds	5,971,000	11,695,000	5,971,000	11,695,000	-
Deferred amount					
on refunding	(829,969)	(1,163,806)	(388,450)	(1,605,325)	-
Premium on bonds payable	736,338	1,180,387	34,863	1,881,862	88,976
Total	\$ <u>25,123,560</u> \$	11,715,634	\$ <u>11,733,434</u> \$	<u>25,105,760</u> \$	202,268

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2011 (Continued)

## Note 9-Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

Year Ending		VR <i>A</i> Rever				Virginia Refund	
June 30,		Principal		Interest		Principal	Interest
2012	\$	-	\$	14,025	\$	-	\$ 329,161
2013		-		14,025		-	329,161
2014		-		14,025		-	329,161
2015		-		14,025		-	329,161
2016		-		14,025		-	329,161
2017		-		14,025		330,000	323,225
2018		-		14,025		345,000	308,319
2019		-		14,025		360,000	291,039
2020		-		14,025		380,000	273,399
2021		-		14,025		395,000	256,655
2022		-		14,025		410,000	240,869
2023		-		14,025		425,000	222,618
2024		-		14,025		450,000	202,265
2025		-		14,025		470,000	180,708
2026		-		14,025		495,000	157,880
2027		-		14,025		515,000	133,908
2028		-		14,025		540,000	107,640
2029		-		14,025		570,000	78,780
2030		-		14,025		600,000	48,360
2031		-		14,025		630,000	16,380
2032		-		14,025		-	-
2033	_	275,000	_	14,025	_		
Total	\$	275,000	_	308,550	\$ _	6,915,000	\$ 4,487,850

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2011 (Continued)

## **Note 9–Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)**

# King George County Service Authority: (Continued)

Year Ending	Notes Pa	yable	Water and Refunding		VRA Infras Revenue	
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2012	\$ 44,817 \$	3,378 \$	- \$	534,716 \$	57,963	273,711
2013	44,817	2,258	45,000	557,827	60,890	266,782
2014	44,817	1,126	75,000	556,077	62,646	261,269
2015	16,667	-	305,000	548,191	234,188	255,210
2016	16,667	-	475,000	530,157	233,595	245,911
2017	16,667	-	380,000	510,054	237,108	234,196
2018	16,667	-	400,000	491,375	242,970	221,894
2019	16,667	-	470,000	469,669	246,483	210,423
2020	16,667	-	495,000	445,307	249,996	199,652
2021	16,667	-	510,000	419,623	253,509	187,630
2022	16,667	-	540,000	393,138	257,607	174,532
2023	16,667	-	570,000	365,121	262,291	161,210
2024	16,667	-	600,000	336,145	269,325	148,058
2025	16,667	-	630,000	306,554	274,009	134,502
2026	16,667	-	660,000	275,730	279,278	119,872
2027	16,667	-	695,000	242,901	287,483	104,640
2028	16,667	-	725,000	207,785	296,273	89,213
2029	16,667	-	765,000	170,930	299,778	73,715
2030	16,667	-	795,000	134,136	309,154	57,881
2031	16,667	-	835,000	97,503	315,594	41,637
2032	16,667	-	875,000	59,025	325,556	24,964
2033	16,667	-	415,000	29,716	154,567	12,480
2034	16,667	-	435,000	10,059	162,766	4,229
2035	16,667	-	-	-	-	-
2036	16,657	_		_	_	
Total	\$ 501,115 \$	6,762 \$	11,695,000 \$	7,691,739 \$	5,373,029 \$	3,503,611

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2011 (Continued)

## **Note 9–Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)**

## **King George County Service Authority: (Continued)**

Details of long-term obligations are as follows:

Details of long-term obligations are as follows:		
	Amount Outstanding	Due Within One Year
\$281,498 note payable issued February 2, 2004 payable in annual principal installments of \$28,150 through February 2, 2013, interest at 4.00%	\$ 84,449	\$ 28,150
\$500,000 note payable issued September 20, 2005 payable in annual installments of \$16,677 through July 1, 2035, interest at 0%	416,666	16,667
\$5,790,000, Water and Sewer Revenue Refunding Bond issued May 2, 2011, payable in various principal annual installments through October 1, 2033, interest payable semiannually at rates ranging from 2.125% to 5.125%	5,790,000	-
\$5,905,000, Water and Sewer Revenue Refunding bond issued October 23, 2010, payable in various principal annual installments through October 1, 2031, interest payable semiannually at rates ranging from 4.100% to 5.100%	5,905,000	-
\$8,275,000 Virginia Resources Auhtority Water & Sewer System Authority bond issued December 5, 2002 payable in various principal annual installments through April 1, 2033 interest payable semiannually at 5.1%	275,000	_
\$6,915,000 Virginia Revenue Refunding bond issued June 16, 2010, payable in various principal annual installments through October 1, 2030, interest payable semiannually at rates ranging from 3.598% to 5.2%	6,915,000	
\$3,966,800 VRA Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 2008, payable in various annual installments through October 1, 2031, interest payable semiannually at rates ranging from 3.125% to 5.375%	3,087,900	-
\$2,295,082 VRA Revenue Bonds Series 2008, payable in various annual installments through October 1, 2033, interest payable semiannually at rates ranging from 3.125% to 5.375%	2,285,129	57,963
Total long-term debt	, ,	\$ 102,780
Compensated absences	\$ 70,079	\$ 10,512
Premium on bonds payable  Deferred amount on refunding	7 - 7	\$ 88,976 \$ -
Total long-term obligations		\$ 202,268
	, ,	

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2011 (Continued)

## Note 9-Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

## **Component Unit School Board:**

The following is a summary of long-term obligations for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011:

	Amounts Payable July 1, 2010	Increases	 Decreases	_	Amounts Payable June 30, 2011	 Amounts Due Within One Year
Capital Leases Other post employment benefits Compensated absences payable	\$ 327,375 \$ 139,652 277,396	- 102,774 34,953	\$ 128,769 58,000 27,740	\$	198,606 184,426 284,609	\$ 134,919 - 28,461
Total	\$ 744,423 \$	137,727	\$ 214,509	\$	667,641	\$ 163,380

Annual requirement to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

Year	<b>Component Unit School Board</b>						
<b>Ending</b>	Capital Leases						
June 30,	Principal		Interest				
2012	\$ 134,919	\$	9,430				
2013	31,113		2,987				
2014	32,574		1,527				
Total	\$ 198,606	\$	13,944				

Details of long-term obligations are as follows:

		Amount Outstanding	Due Within One Year
Capital Lease Obligations:			
\$479,970 lease obligation due in annual installments of \$110,249			
through June 14, 2012, interest payable annually at 4.80%, secured			
by school buses	\$.	105,200 \$	105,200
\$148,910 lease obligation due in annual installments of \$34,100 through July 18, 2013, interest payable annually at 4.96%, secured			
by school buses		93,406	29,719
Total Capital Lease Obligations	\$	198,606	S <u>134,919</u>
Compensated Absences	\$.	284,609	28,461
Other post employment benefits		184,426	
Total	\$	667,641	163,380

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2011 (Continued)

## **Note 9–Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)**

### **Component Unit School Board: (Continued)**

Assets acquired under capital leases:

	_	Cost	Depreciation Expense	Accumulated Depreciation
Equipment	\$	628,880	\$ 52,407	\$ 197,219
Total	\$	628,880	\$ 52,407	\$ 197,219

### Note 10-Claims, Judgments, and Compensated Absences:

In accordance with GASB statement 16 "Accounting and Financial Reporting Principal for Claims and Judgments and Compensated Absences," the County has accrued the liability arising from outstanding claims and judgments and compensated absences.

County employees earn vacation and sick leave at various rates. No benefits or pay is received for unused sick leave upon termination. The County had outstanding accrued vacation pay as follows:

Primary Government	\$_	645,478
King George Service Authority	\$_	70,079
Component Unit School Board	\$_	284,609

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2011 (Continued)

### Note 11-Deferred Revenue/Unearned Revenue:

Deferred revenue represents amounts for which asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. Deferred revenue is comprised of the following:

	Government-	wie	de Statements
	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities
Deferred property tax revenue:		•	
Deferred revenue representing uncollected property tax which has not been billed but for which an			
enforceable lien is in effect.	\$ 6,345,246	\$	-
Prepaid connections			846,225
Total unearned revenue	\$ 6,345,246	\$	846,225
	Balance Sheet		
	Governmental Funds		
Deferred property tax revenue:  Deferred revenue representing uncollected property			
tax billings for which revenue recognition criteria has			
not been met. The uncollected tax billings are not available for the funding of current expenditures.	\$ 7,424,456		
Total deferred revenue	\$ 7,424,456	:	

## Note 12–Litigation:

At June 30, 2011, there were no matters of litigation involving the County which would materially affect the County's financial position should any court decisions on pending matters not be favorable to the County.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2011 (Continued)

#### **Note 13–Defined Benefit Pension Plan:**

### A. Plan Description:

Name of Plan: Virginia Retirement System (VRS)

Identification of Plan: Agent and Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Administering Entity: Virginia Retirement System (System)

The County contributes to the Virginia Retirement System (VRS).

All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions and employees of participating employers are automatically covered by VRS upon employment. Benefits vest after five years of service credit. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and their employer is paying into the VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior public service, active duty military service, certain periods of leave and previously refunded VRS service as credit in their plan.

VRS administers two defined benefit plans for local government employees – Plan 1 and Plan 2:

- Members hired before July 1, 2010 and who have service credits before July 1, 2010 are covered under Plan 1. Non-hazardous duty members are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit beginning at age 65 with at least five years of service credit or age 50 with at least 30 years of service credit. They may retire with a reduced benefit early at age 55 with at least 10 years of service credit or age 50 with at least five years of service credit.
- Members hired or rehired on or after July 1, 2010 and who have no service credits before July 1, 2010 are covered under Plan 2. Non-hazardous duty members are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at their normal Social Security retirement age with at least five years of service credit or when the sum of their age and service equals 90. They may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least five years of service credit.
- Eligible hazardous duty members in Plan 1 and Plan 2 are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 25 years of service credit. These members include sheriffs, deputy sheriffs and hazardous duty employees of political subdivisions that have elected to provide enhanced coverage for hazardous duty service. They may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 50 with at least five years of service credit. All other provisions of the member's plan apply.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2011 (Continued)

#### Note 13-Defined Benefit Pension Plan:

### A. Plan Description: (Continued)

The VRS Basic Benefit is a lifetime monthly benefit based on a retirement multiplier as a percentage of the member's average final compensation multiplied by the member's total service credit. Under Plan 1, average final compensation is the average of the member's 36 consecutive months of highest compensation. Under Plan 2, average final compensation is the average of the member's 60 consecutive months of highest compensation. The retirement multiplier for non-hazardous duty members is 1.70 %. The retirement multiplier for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.85%. The retirement multiplier for eligible political subdivision hazardous duty employees other than sheriffs and jail superintendents is 1.70% or 1.85% as elected by the employer. At retirement, members can elect the Basic Benefit, the Survivor Option, a Partial Lump-Sum Option Payment (PLOP) or the Advance Pension Option. A retirement reduction factor is applied to the Basic Benefit amount for members electing the Survivor Option, PLOP or Advance Pension Option or those retiring with a reduced benefit.

Retirees are eligible for an annual cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) effective July 1 of the second calendar year of retirement. Under Plan 1, the COLA cannot exceed 5.00%; under Plan 2, the COLA cannot exceed 6.00%. During years of no inflation or deflation, the COLA is 0.00%. The VRS also provides death and disability benefits. Title 51.1 of the Code of Virginia (1950), as amended, assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the General Assembly of Virginia.

The system issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for VRS. A copy of the report may be obtained from the VRS Web site at <a href="http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2010-annual-report.pdf">http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2010-annual-report.pdf</a> or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

#### **B.** Funding Policy:

Plan members are required by Title 51.1 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u> (1950), as amended, to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. All or part of the 5.00% member contribution may be and has been assumed by the employer. In addition, the County and School Board are required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to fund their participation in the VRS using the actuarial basis specified by the <u>Code of Virginia</u> and approved by the VRS Board of Trustees. The County's and School Board's non-professional employer contribution rates for the fiscal year ended 2011 were 8.06% and 7.09% of annual covered payroll, respectively.

The School Board's contributions for professional employees were \$706,283, \$1,191,593 and \$1,570,458 to the teacher cost-sharing pool for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2011, 2010 and 2009. The contribution rate for 2009 was 8.81%. The contribution rate from July 2009 through March 2010 was 8.81% while the rate was 0.00% for April through June 2010 and 3.93% in 2011.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2011 (Continued)

### **Note 13–Defined Benefit Pension Plan: (Continued)**

#### C. Annual Pension Cost:

For fiscal year 2011, the County's annual pension cost of \$647,124 was equal to the County's required and actual contributions.

For fiscal year 2011, the School Board's annual pension cost for the non-professional employees was \$155,974, which was equal to the Board's required and actual contributions.

Fiscal Year Ending		Annual Pension Cost (APC) (1)	Percentage of APC Contributed	 Net Pension Obligation
County: June 30, 2011 June 30, 2010 June 30, 2009	\$	647,124 649,665 650,560	100% 100% 100%	\$ - - -
School Board: Non-professional: June 30, 2011 June 30, 2010 June 30, 2009	\$	155,974 174,060 178,971	100% 100% 100%	\$ - - -

<sup>(1)</sup> Employer portion only

The required contribution was determined as part of the June 30, 2009 actuarial valuation using the entry age actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions at June 30, 2009 included (a) an investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses) of 7.50%, (b) projected salary increases ranging from 3.75% to 5.60% per year for general government employees and 3.50% to 4.75% for employees eligible for enhanced benefits available to law enforcement officers, firefighters, and sheriffs, and (c) a cost-of-living adjustment of 2.50% per year. Both the investment rate of return and the projected salary increases include an inflation component of 2.50%. The actuarial value of the County and School Board's assets is equal to the modified market value of assets. This method uses techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of assets over a five-year period. The County and School Board's unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2009 for the unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) was 20 years.

### D. <u>Funded Status and Funding Progress</u>

As of June 30, 2010, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the County's plan was 79.82% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$23,273,507, and the actuarial value of assets was \$18,577,561, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$4,695,946. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$8,151,639, and ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 57.61%.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2011 (Continued)

### Note 13-Defined Benefit Pension Plan: (Continued)

### D. Funded Status and Funding Progress: (Continued)

As of June 30, 2010, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the County School Board's plan was 82.25% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$4,870,106, and the actuarial value of assets was \$4,005,595, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$864,511. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$2,137,036, and ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 40.45%.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as Required Supplementary Information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability (AAL) for benefits.

### Note 14-Risk Management:

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the government carries insurance.

The County is a member of the Virginia Municipal Group Self Insurance Association for workers' compensation. This program is administered by a servicing contractor, which furnishes claims review and processing.

Each Association member jointly and severally agrees to assume, pay and discharge any liability. The County pays Virginia Municipal Group contributions and assessments based upon classifications and rates into a designated cash reserve fund out of which expenses of the Association and claims and awards are to be paid. In the event of a loss deficit and depletion of all available excess insurance, the Association may assess all members in the proportion which the premium of each bears to the total premiums of all members in the year in which such deficit occurs.

The County continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of losses. During the last three fiscal years, settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial coverage.

#### **Note 15–Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Cost:**

The County maintains a contract with an independent contractor for operations of the landfills. The County collects tipping fees based upon the source of the waste. The contractor is responsible for any landfill closure and postclosure costs. At June 30, 2011 the County has set aside escrow funds in the amount of \$3,986,582 to cover potential liabilities related to any landfill closure and postclosure costs which may result from the contractors ineligibility to cover such costs. These funds are reported as an agency fund in the landfill escrow fund.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2011 (Continued)

### Note 16-Commitments and Contingencies:

Federal programs in which the County and its component units participate were audited in accordance with the provisions of U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States and Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations*. Pursuant to the provisions of this circular all major programs and certain other programs were tested for compliance with applicable grant requirements. While no matters of noncompliance were disclosed by audit, the Federal Government may subject grant programs to additional compliance tests which may result in disallowed expenditures. In the opinion of management, any future disallowances of current grant program expenditures, if any, would be immaterial.

### **Note 17–Expenditures Over Appropriations:**

At June 30, 2011 expenditures exceeded appropriations as follows:

Fund	Appropriations	Variance	
General Fund:			
Medical examiner	\$ -	\$ 40	\$ (40)
Capital Projects Fund:			
Courthouse roof project	-	54	(54)
Vehicle maintenance facility	1,250,000	1,253,788	(3,788)
Interest and fiscal charges	-	116,638	(116,638)
School Operating Fund:			
Administration, attendance and healt	h 1,054,179	1,059,997	(5,818)

## Note 18–Surety Bond:

	_	Amount
Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland - Surety		
Charles V. Mason, Clerk of the Circuit Court	\$	25,000
Alice L. Moore, Treasurer		400,000
Faye Lumpkin, Commissioner of the Revenue		3,000
S.F. Dempsey, Sheriff		30,000
All County Employees		250,000
Nationwide Insurance		
All school personnel handling money - blanket bond		25,000

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2011 (Continued)

#### **Note 19–Construction Commitments:**

At June 30, 2011 the County has the following major project under construction:

Project	_	Contract Amounts	-	Expenditures as of June 30, 2011	 Contract Balance
King George Sheriff's Office Oakland Park WWTP/Purkins Corner WWTP	\$_	7,438,450 960,000	\$	5,682,646 123,738	\$ 1,755,804 836,262
Total	\$_	8,398,450	\$	5,806,384	\$ 2,592,066

#### Note 20—Debt Refunding:

On May 2, 2011 the County of King George, Virginia issued \$5,790,000 in Water and Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds, with an effective interest rate ranging from 2.125% to 5.125%. The bonds were issued to refund \$5,971,000 of Water and Sewer Refunding Bonds. The bonds will be repaid in various installments beginning October 1, 2011 to 2033. The reacquisition price exceeded the carrying amount of the old debt by \$99,583. The current refunding increased the total debt service payments over the next 23 years by \$1,511,197 and resulted in an economic gain of \$184,481.

On October 23, 2010 the County of King George, Virginia issued \$5,905,000 in Water and Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series, 2010 with an effective interest rate ranging from 4.1% to 5.1%. The Series 2010 bonds were issued to refund \$5,980,000 of VRA Revenue Bonds. The bonds will be repaid in various installments beginning October 1, 2014 to October 1, 2031. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered to be defeased in substance and the liability for those bonds has been removed from the financial statements. The reacquisition price exceeded the carrying amount of the old debt by \$464,950. The advance refunding reduced the total debt service payments over the next 22 years by \$344,301 and resulted in an economic gain of \$180,110. At June 30, 2011 the defeased bonds had balances outstanding of \$5,980,000.

In prior years, the County defeased certain general obligations and other bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the Authority's financial statements. At June 30, 2011, \$20,759,561 of bonds outstanding are considered defeased from refunding transactions in prior years.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2011 (Continued)

## **Note 21—Other Post-Employment Benefit Program:**

#### **School Board:**

#### A. Plan Description:

The School Board Post-Retirement Medical Plan (SBPRMP) is a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan which offers health insurance for retired employees. The plan is administered by the School Board. Retired employees, who have attained the age of 50, who were employed by King George County Public Schools with at least 10 years of service are eligible for retiree medical benefits. The SBPRMP has no separate financial report.

### B. Funding Policy:

The School Board establishes employer contribution rates for plan participants as part of the budgetary process each year. The School Board also determines how the plan will be funded each year, whether it will partially fund the plan or fully fund the plan. Again, this is determined annually as part of the budgetary process. Participating retirees pay 100% of the monthly premiums. Coverage ceases when retirees reach the age of 65. Surviving spouses are not allowed access to the plan.

### C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation:

The School Board's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the School Board's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the School Board's net OPEB obligation:

Annual required contribution	\$	102,200
Interest on net OPEB obligation		5,586
Adjustment to annual required contributio	n _	(5,012)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	\$	102,774
Contributions made	_	(58,000)
Increase in net OPEB obligation	\$	44,774
Net OPEB obligation-beginning of year		139,652
Net OPEB obligation-end of year	\$_	184,426

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2011 (Continued)

### Note 21—Other Post-Employment Benefit Program: (Continued)

### C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation: (Continued)

The School Board's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for the last three years are as follows:

Fiscal Annual Year Pension Ended Cost		Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	Net Pension Obligation	
June 30, 2011 June 30, 2010 June 30, 2009	\$	102,774 108,452 105,400	\$ 56.43% 32.73% 36.72%	\$ 184,426 139,652 66,700

### Funded Status and Funding Progress

The funded status of the plan as of January 1, 2011 is as follows:

Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$	824,400
Actuarial value of plan assets		-
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability		824,400
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets,	/AAL)	-
Covered payroll (active plan members)		21,202,100
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll		3.89%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revisions as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

### **Actuarial Methods and Assumptions**

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2011 (Continued)

### Note 21—Other Post-Employment Benefit Program: (Continued)

### C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation: (Continued)

#### Cost Method

The cost method for valuation of liabilities used for this valuation is the Projected Unit Credit (PUC) Actuarial Cost Method. A PUC accrued benefit is determined for each active member in the Plan on the basis of the member's average final compensation projected to the assumed date of retirement and the member's creditable service at the valuation date. The actuarial liability for retirement benefits is the sum of the actuarial present value of the PUC accrued benefit of each active member. The normal cost for retirement benefits is the sum of the actuarial present value for the expected increase in the PUC accrued benefit during the plan year for each active member under the assumed retirement age.

The actuarial liability and the normal cost for termination benefits, disability benefits, and preretirement spouse's death benefits are determined in a similar manner by projecting the member's average final compensation to each assumed date of termination, disablement, or death. The actuarial liability and normal cost for the supplemental benefits are based upon the present value of the expected supplement expected to be paid to those covered employees attaining eligibility. The actuarial liability for inactive members is determined as the actuarial present value of the pension and supplemental benefits expected to be paid.

The difference between the actuarial liability and the actuarial value of assets is the unfunded actuarial liability. The annual required contribution is the sum of the normal cost and the amount necessary to amortize the unfunded actuarial liability over the amortization period and is adjusted with one-half year's interest to reflect that payments are made throughout the year. The amortization amount is determined as a level percentage of payroll.

### **Interest Assumptions**

In the January 1, 2011, actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 4.00% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), which is a blended rate of the expected long-term investment returns on plan assets and on the employer's own investments calculated based on the funded level of the plan at the valuation date, and an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 6.40% initially, reduced by decrements to an ultimate rate of 4.70% after eighty years. Both rates included a 3.75% inflation assumption. The actuarial value of assets was determined using techniques that spread the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a five-year period. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at January 1, 2011, was thirty years.

### Unfunded

Discount rate \$ 4.00% Payroll growth \$ 3.75%

The County does not offer other post employment benefits to its employees.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2011 (Continued)

## Note 22—Health Insurance Credit Program-Other Post-Employment Benefit Program (OPEB):

### A. Plan Description

The School Board participates in the Health Insurance Credit Program, a plan designed to assist retirees with the cost of health insurance coverage. This program is a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). The Virginia General Assembly establishes the dollar amount of the health insurance credit for each year of creditable service. The credit amount and eligibility differs for state, school division, political subdivision, local officer, local social services department and general registrar retirees.

A teacher, who retires under VRS with at least 15 years of total creditable service under the System and is enrolled in a health insurance plan, is eligible to receive a monthly health insurance credit of \$4 per year of creditable service. However, such credit shall not exceed the health insurance premium for the retiree. Disabled retirees automatically receive a monthly health insurance credit of \$4 multiplied by the smaller of (i) twice the amount of their creditable service or (ii) the amount of creditable service they would have completed at age 60 if they had remained in service to that age.

Benefit provisions and eligibility requirements are established by Title 51.1, Chapter 14 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>. The VRS actuarially determines the amount necessary to fund all credits provided, reflects the cost of such credits in the applicable employer contribution rate pursuant to §51.1-145, and prescribes such terms and conditions as are necessary to carry out the provisions of the health insurance credit program. VRS issues separate financial statements as previously discussed in Note 13.

### **B. Funding Policy**

The School Board is required to contribute, at an actuarially determined rate, the entire amount necessary to fund participation in the program. The current rate is .6% of annual covered payroll. The School Board's contributions to VRS for the years ended June 30, 2011 and 2010 were \$107,830 and \$187,279 respectively and equaled the required contributions for each year.

# **REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

Note to Required Supplementary Information:

Presented budgets were prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.



Page 1 of 5

		General Fund									
Fund, Function, Activity, Element		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	_	Variance From Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
Revenues:											
General property taxes	\$	17,453,211	\$	17,453,211	\$	18,354,709	\$	901,498			
Other local taxes		4,979,711		4,979,711		5,420,801		441,090			
Permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses		401,300		401,300		459,049		57,749			
Fines and forfeitures		244,000		244,000		237,714		(6,286)			
Revenue from use of money and property		525,580		525,580		261,010		(264,570)			
Charges for services		399,800		482,395		509,685		27,290			
Miscellaneous		167,900		196,650		128,454		(68,196)			
Recovered costs		175,000		175,000		-		(175,000)			
Intergovernmental:		,,,,,,		110,000				(110,000)			
Commonwealth		6,095,135		6,390,509		5,878,173		(512,336)			
Federal		950,156		1,142,156		979,399		(162,757)			
i Gastai	_	300,100		1,142,100		070,000	_	(102,101)			
Total revenues	\$_	31,391,793	\$_	31,990,512	\$_	32,228,994	\$_	238,482			
Expenditures: General government administration: Legislative:											
Board of supervisors	\$	62,595	\$	67,595	\$	66,802	\$	793			
							_				
General and financial administration:											
County administration	\$	384,805	\$	387,370	\$	380,158	\$	7,212			
Legal services		100,642		100,642		93,734		6,908			
Human resources		28,619		19,204		15,460		3,744			
Commissioner of the Revenue		376,870		376,870		371,322		5,548			
Treasurer		304,683		304,683		295,220		9,463			
Information technology		242,301		235,601		211,119		24,482			
Department of finance	_	771,872		782,317		777,094	_	5,223			
Total general and financial administration	\$_	2,209,792	\$_	2,206,687	\$_	2,144,107	\$_	62,580			
Board of Elections:											
Electoral board and officials	\$	33,543	\$	33,543	\$	29,618	\$	3,925			
Registrar	_	115,817	· _	115,817	· -	105,454	_	10,363			
Total board of elections	\$_	149,360	\$_	149,360	\$_	135,072	\$_	14,288			
Total general government administration	\$	2,421,747	\$	2,423,642	\$	2,345,981	\$	77,661			

Page 2 of 5

		General Fund							
Fund, Function, Activity, Element		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance From Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Expenditures: (continued)									
Judicial administration:									
Courts:									
Circuit court	\$	87,133	\$	87,133	\$	46,867	\$	40,266	
Combined courts		21,522		21,522		18,199		3,323	
Magistrates		3,650		3,650		3,367		283	
Clerk of the circuit court		395,454		423,878		415,646		8,232	
Law library		3,500		3,500		-		3,500	
Victim assistance program	_	22,629	_	22,629	_	18,612	_	4,017	
Total courts	\$	533,888	\$_	562,312	\$_	502,691	\$_	59,621	
Commonwealth's attorney:									
Commonwealth's attorney	\$_	521,152	\$_	520,952	\$_	518,966	\$_	1,986	
Total judicial administration	\$	1,055,040	\$_	1,083,264	\$_	1,021,657	\$_	61,607	
Public safety:									
Law enforcement and traffic control:									
Sheriff	\$	3,027,781	\$	3,028,781	\$	2,930,503	\$	98,278	
VJCCCA / CHINS		54,536		54,536		54,270		266	
E-911		582,868		582,868		559,145		23,723	
Law enforcement		22,200		24,000		6,700		17,300	
Public safety grants	_	15,500	_	90,500	_	62,940	_	27,560	
Total law enforcement and traffic control	\$_	3,702,885	\$_	3,780,685	\$_	3,613,558	\$_	167,127	
Fire and rescue services:									
Emergency services	\$	2,013,996	\$	2,033,867	\$	1,997,248	\$	36,619	
Ambulance services		28,800		28,800		28,012		788	
Fire and rescue grants		130,320		334,532		82,667		251,865	
King George fire and rescue	_	359,264	_	361,502	_	327,362	_	34,140	
Total fire and rescue services	\$_	2,532,380	\$_	2,758,701	\$_	2,435,289	\$_	323,412	
Correction and detention:									
Juvenile detention	\$	215,583	\$	245,503	\$	241,954	\$	3,549	
Regional jail		1,032,349		1,007,473		1,007,473		-	
Court service unit - juvenile court	_	3,190	-	3,190	-	3,179	_	11	
Total correction and detention	\$	1,251,122		1,256,166		1,252,606		3,560	

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		General Fund								
Fund, Function, Activity, Element		Original Budget	_	Final Budget	_	Actual	_	Variance From Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Expenditures: (continued)										
Public safety: (continued)										
Other protection:	_						_			
Animal control	\$	192,723	\$	215,623	\$	215,481	\$	142		
Medical examiner	_					40	_	(40)		
Total other protection	\$_	192,723	\$_	215,623	\$_	215,521	\$_	102		
Total public safety	\$_	7,679,110	\$_	8,011,175	\$_	7,516,974	\$_	494,201		
Public works:										
Maintenance of highways, streets, bridges and										
sidewalks:										
Engineering	\$	105,781	\$	105,881	\$	98,753	\$	7,128		
· ·	_						_			
Sanitation and waste removal:										
Landfill	\$_	218,325	\$_	220,625	\$_	220,529	\$_	96		
Maintenance of general buildings and grounds:										
General properties	\$	928,355	\$	936,655	\$	911,206	\$	25,449		
Miscellaneous		93,500		101,450		40,656		60,794		
Citizen's center	_	46,299		47,499	_	47,409	_	90		
Total registers are after a coal buildings and										
Total maintenance of general buildings and grounds	\$	1,068,154	Ф	1,085,604	Ф	999,271	Ф	86,333		
grounds	Ψ_	1,000,134	- Ψ _	1,003,004	- Ψ _	999,211	Ψ_	00,333		
Total public works	\$_	1,392,260	\$_	1,412,110	\$_	1,318,553	\$_	93,557		
Health and welfare:										
Health:										
Local health department	\$_	308,415	\$_	308,415	\$_	308,415	\$_			
Mental health and mental retardation:										
Community services board	\$_	76,675	\$_	76,675	\$_	76,675	\$_			
Welfare:										
Administration and public assistance	\$	2,455,628	\$	2,458,528	\$	1,879,019	\$	579,509		
Comprehensive services	_	1,510,640		1,840,640		1,836,416	_	4,224		
Total welfare	\$_	3,966,268	\$	4,299,168	\$	3,715,435	\$	583,733		
Total health and welfare	\$	4,351,358		4,684,258		A 100 525	¢	583,733		
Total Health and Wellale	Φ_	4,551,550	- Ψ _	4,004,200	Ψ_	4,100,525	Ψ_	JUJ,1 JJ		

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		General Fund									
Fund, Function, Activity, Element		Original Budget	_	Final Budget		Actual	_	Variance From Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
Expenditures: (continued)											
Education:	_				_		_				
Contributions to community colleges	\$	4,902	\$	4,902	\$	4,902	\$	-			
Contribution to Component Unit School Board	_	14,718,089	-	14,217,545	-	13,663,809	_	553,736			
Total education	\$_	14,722,991	\$_	14,222,447	\$_	13,668,711	\$_	553,736			
Parks, recreation and cultural: Parks and recreation:											
Parks and recreation administration	\$	287,755	\$	287,755	\$	284,137	\$	3,618			
Bluemont concert series		8,000		8,000		8,000		-			
Recreation programs and events	_	321,239	_	421,135	-	384,531	_	36,604			
Total parks and recreation	\$_	616,994	\$_	716,890	\$_	676,668	\$_	40,222			
Library:											
Library	\$_	502,102	\$_	502,102	\$_	487,334	\$_	14,768			
Total parks, recreation and cultural	\$_	1,119,096	\$_	1,218,992	\$_	1,164,002	\$_	54,990			
Community development:											
Planning and community development:											
Community development	\$	722,993	\$	722,993	\$	670,908	\$	52,085			
Economic development		161,549		162,649		132,243		30,406			
Planning / community zoning boards		26,765		26,765		10,266		16,499			
Community organizations	_	305,132	_	310,132	_	308,007	_	2,125			
Total planning and community development	\$_	1,216,439	\$_	1,222,539	\$_	1,121,424	\$_	101,115			
Environmental management:											
Litter control	\$	-	\$	6,200	\$	6,198	\$	2			
Soil and water conservation district	_	32,248	_	32,248	_	32,248	_				
Total environmental management	\$_	32,248	\$_	38,448	\$_	38,446	\$_	2			

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		General Fund								
Fund, Function, Activity, Element		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Variance From Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
Expenditures: (continued)  Community development: (continued)  Cooperative extension program:										
VPI extension	\$_	107,327	\$_	102,327	\$_	86,022 \$	16,305			
Total community development	\$_	1,356,014	\$	1,363,314	\$_	1,245,892 \$	117,422			
Debt service: Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges	\$	2,726,241 3,486,788	\$	2,716,287 3,373,236	\$	2,713,288 \$ 3,342,004	2,999 31,232			
Total debt service	\$_	6,213,029	\$	6,089,523	\$	6,055,292 \$	34,231			
Total expenditures	\$_	40,310,645	\$_	40,508,725	\$_	38,437,587 \$	2,071,138			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	\$_	(8,918,852)	\$_	(8,518,213)	\$_	(6,208,593) \$	2,309,620			
Other financing sources (uses): Operating transfers in Operating transfers (out)	\$_	6,213,029 (46,980)		4,963,029 (170,486)		4,963,029 \$ (171,637)	- (1,151)			
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$_	6,166,049	\$_	4,792,543	\$_	4,791,392 \$	(1,151)			
Net changes in fund balance	\$	(2,752,803)	\$	(3,725,670)	\$	(1,417,201) \$	2,308,469			
Fund balance at beginning of year	_	2,752,803		3,725,670		26,753,975	23,028,305			
Fund balance at end of year	\$_		\$	_	\$_	25,336,774 \$	25,336,774			

Schedule of Pension and OPEB Funding Progress Last Three Fiscal Years

## Virginia Retirement System:

County:

Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (AVA)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Unfunded (Excess Funded) Actuarial Accrued Liability	Funded Ratio (2) / (3)	Annual Covered Payroll	UAAL as % of Payroll (4) / (6)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
6/30/2010 \$	18,577,561 \$	23,273,507 \$	4,695,946	79.82% \$	8,151,639	57.61%
6/30/2009	17,647,777	20,356,701	2,708,924	86.69%	8,113,892	33.39%
6/30/2008	16,419,383	19,035,779	2,616,396	86.26%	8,242,742	31.74%

**Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board:** 

**School Board Non-Professionals:** 

Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (AVA)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Unfunded (Excess Funded) Actuarial Accrued Liability	Funded Ratio (2) / (3)	Annual Covered Payroll	UAAL as % of Payroll (4) / (6)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
6/30/2010	\$ 4,005,595 \$	4,870,106 \$	864,511	82.25% \$	2,137,036	40.45%
6/30/2009	3,715,531	4,234,954	519,423	87.73%	2,193,292	23.68%
6/30/2008	3,335,949	3,881,182	545,233	85.95%	2,175,928	25.06%

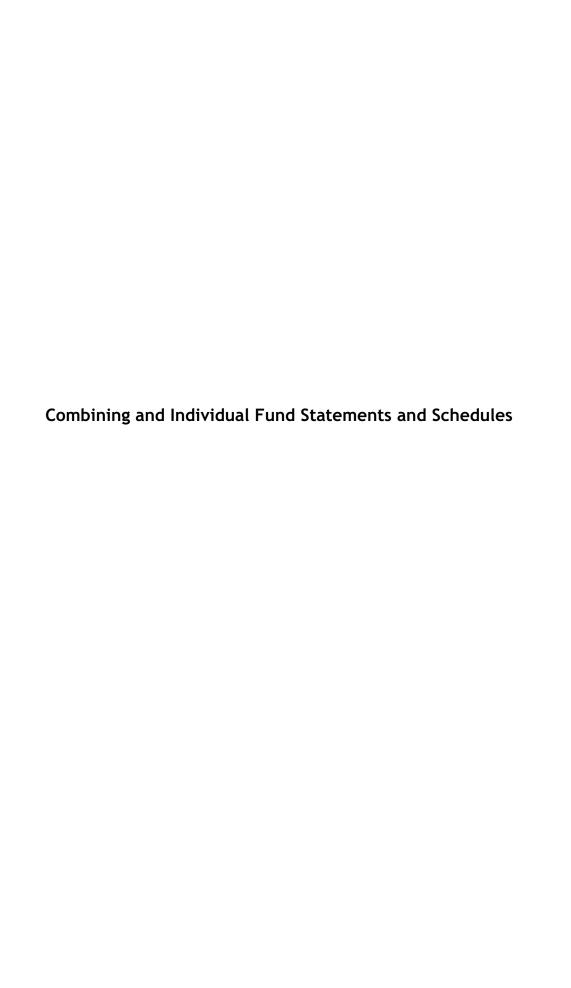
Other Post Employment Benefits:

**Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board:** 

Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (AVA)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Unfunded (Excess Funded) Actuarial Accrued Liability	Funded Ratio (2) / (3)	Annual Covered Payroll	UAAL as % of Payroll (4) / (6)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	
1/1/2009 1/1/2011	\$ - \$ -	684,300 \$ 824,400	684,300 824,400	0.00% \$ 0.00%	20,991,600 21,202,100	3.26% 3.89%	

**OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION** 







Capital Improvements Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -- Budget and Actual Year Ended June 30, 2011

	_	Original Budget		Final Budget	_	Actual		Variance From Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:								
Revenue from local sources: Permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses Revenue from use of money and property Miscellaneous	\$	6,940,000 320,000	\$	6,940,000 320,000	\$	6,488,564 208,531 74,286	\$	(451,436) (111,469) 74,286
Total revenues	\$_	7,260,000	\$	7,260,000	\$_	6,771,381	\$_	(488,619)
Expenditures: Capital outlay: General government administration: Equipment additions	\$	_	\$	65,000	\$	46,496	\$	18,504
_1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-	· –		. * —		_	,	Ť-	,
Total general government administration	\$_	-	\$	65,000	\$_	46,496	\$_	18,504
Public safety: Equipment acquisition - EMS Vehicle acquisition - EMS	\$	- -	\$	40,757 572,496	\$	36,250 324,766	\$	4,507 247,730
Total public safety	\$_	-	\$	613,253	\$	361,016	\$_	252,237
Education: Equipment additions	\$_	-	\$	467,870	\$	359,372	\$_	108,498
Total education	\$_	-	\$	467,870	\$_	359,372	\$_	108,498
Capital projects: General government administration: Construction program Operations and human services center Land purchase County complex	\$	842,263 - - -	\$	2,700,281 300,000 11,606 1,507,762	\$	- - 6,249 26,503	\$	2,700,281 300,000 5,357 1,481,259
Total general government administration	\$_	842,263	\$	4,519,649	\$	32,752	\$_	4,486,897
Judicial administration: Courthouse HVAC project Courthouse roof project	\$	- -	\$	93,815 -	\$	5,989 54	\$_	87,826 (54)
Total judicial administration	\$_	-	\$	93,815	\$_	6,043	\$_	87,772
Public safety: Sheriff's office at county complex Animal pound	\$	-	\$	6,858,917 109,930	\$_	4,082,545 20,988	\$_	2,776,372 88,942
Total public safety	\$_	-	\$	6,968,847	\$_	4,103,533	\$_	2,865,314
Public works:  New service authority facility  Purkins corner landfill site  Vehicle maintenance facility	\$	- - -	\$	21,481 90,000 1,250,000	\$ 	14,621 173 1,253,788	\$	6,860 89,827 (3,788)
Total public works	\$_	-	\$	1,361,481	\$_	1,268,582	\$_	92,899

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Capital Improvements Fund
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -- Budget and Actual
Year Ended June 30, 2011 (Continued)

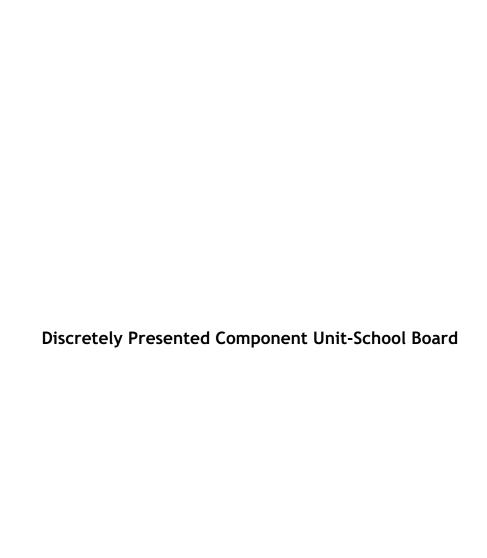
	_	Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual	Variance From Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Expenditures: (Continued)						
Capital projects: (Continued)						
Education:	•	•		•	•	
Connecting roads high school/middle school	\$	- \$	•	\$	- \$	25,000
New high school stadium		-	1,255,184		258,790	996,394
New high school irrigation well		-	59,027		11,186	47,841
Roof admin complex		-	342,297		-	342,297
Middle school HVAC		-	25,000		-	25,000
Old high school renovations		-	124,418		-	124,418
High school vo-tech wing		-	3,222		-	3,222
Tennis courts - old high school		-	10,795		10,750	45
Potomac elementary school renovations		-	273,557		8,750	264,807
Ralph Bunche renovations	_		13,512		<u> </u>	13,512
Total education	\$_	\$	2,132,012	\$	289,476 \$	1,842,536
Parks and recreation:						
Parks and recreation - sealston park	\$	- \$	402,505	\$	3,923 \$	398,582
Library expansion		_	5,039,929		182,048	4,857,881
Total parks and recreation	\$_	\$	5,442,434	\$	185,971 \$	5,256,463
Community development: Citizens center renovations Anglewood project	\$	- \$	10,728 82,573	\$	- \$ 192	10,728 82,381
Total community development	\$_	\$	93,301	\$	192 \$	93,109
Debt service: Interest and fiscal charges	\$_	\$		_\$	116,638	(116,638)
Total expenditures	\$_	842,263 \$	21,757,662	\$	6,770,071 \$	14,987,591
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	\$	6,417,737 \$	(14,497,662)	\$	1,310 \$	14,498,972
•	· -		(**,***,**=)	- Ť —		, ,
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers (out) Early retirement of indebtedness Long-term debt issued	\$	(6,417,737) \$ - -	(5,167,737)	\$	(5,949,121) \$ (2,041,000) 2,155,900	(781,384) (2,041,000) 2,155,900
Net changes in fund balance	\$	- \$	(19,665,399)	\$	(5,832,911) \$	13,832,488
Fund balance at beginning of year		-	19,665,399		34,876,942	15,211,543
Fund balance at end of year	\$	- \$		\$	29,044,031 \$	29,044,031
•	· =			- · —		· ·

Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets -Agency Funds At June 30, 2011

		Special Welfare Fund	Payroll Taxes Fund	Landfill Escrow Fund	EDA Fund	Totals
Assets:	•			_		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	84,109 \$	- \$	3,986,582 \$	537,534 \$	4,608,225
Accounts receivable			39,629		<del>-</del> -	39,629
Total assets	\$	84,109 \$	39,629 \$	3,986,582 \$	537,534 \$	4,647,854
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	15,416 \$	15,416
Amounts held for others		-	39,629	-	522,118	561,747
Amounts held for landfill closure and postclosure costs		-	-	3,986,582	-	3,986,582
Amounts held for social services' clients	•	84,109				84,109
Total liabilities	\$	84,109 \$	39,629 \$	3,986,582 \$	537,534 \$	4,647,854

Agency Funds Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Year Ended June 30, 2011

		Balance Beginning of Year	Additions	Deletions	Balance End of Year
Special Welfare Fund:	_				
Assets:	•	44.440.0	00.047.0	00.057.0	04.400
Cash and cash equivalents	\$=	41,149 \$	69,217 \$	26,257 \$	84,109
Liabilities:					
Amounts held for social services' clients	\$_	41,149 \$	69,217 \$	26,257 \$	84,109
Payroll Taxes Fund: Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	- \$	1,226,469 \$	1,226,469 \$	_
Accounts receivable	_	48,616	39,629	48,616	39,629
Total assets	\$_	48,616 \$	1,266,098 \$	1,275,085 \$	39,629
Liabilities:					
Amounts held for others	\$_	48,616 \$	1,266,098 \$	1,275,085 \$	39,629
Landfill Escrow Fund: Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$_	3,990,513 \$	\$_	3,931 \$	3,986,582
Liabilities:	_			_	_
Amounts held for landfill closure and postclosure costs	\$	3,990,513 \$	- \$_	3,931 \$	3,986,582
FDA Fundi	_				
EDA Fund: Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$_	1,156,980 \$	45,146 \$	664,592 \$	537,534
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$	23,225 \$	15,416 \$	23,225 \$	15,416
Amounts held for others	_	1,133,755	29,730	641,367	522,118
Total liabilities	\$_	1,156,980 \$	45,146 \$	664,592 \$	537,534
Totals All agency funds Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,188,642 \$	1,340,832 \$	1,921,249 \$	4,608,225
Accounts receivable	Ť_	48,616	39,629	48,616	39,629
Total assets	\$_	5,237,258 \$	1,380,461 \$	1,969,865 \$	4,647,854
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$	23,225 \$	15,416 \$	23,225 \$	15,416
Amounts held for social services' clients		41,149	69,217	26,257	84,109
Amounts held for landfill closure and postclosure costs		3,990,513	-	3,931	3,986,582
Amounts held for others	_	1,182,371	1,295,828	1,916,452	561,747
Total liabilities	\$_	5,237,258 \$	1,380,461 \$	1,969,865 \$	4,647,854





Balance Sheet - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board At June 30, 2011

		School Operating	School Cafeteria		Total
ASSETS	-	- орогии		_	
Cash and cash equivalents Due from primary government Due from other governmental units	\$	2,000 3 3,006,787 986,497	\$ 164,927 - 26,436	\$	166,927 3,006,787 1,012,933
Total assets	\$	3,995,284	\$ 191,363	\$_	4,186,647
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	\$	514,451 3,478,833	\$ 123 81,953	\$	514,574 3,560,786
Total liabilities	\$_	3,993,284	\$ 82,076	\$_	4,075,360
FUND BALANCES Committed - cafeteria Unassigned	\$	- 3 2,000	\$ 109,287 	\$	109,287 2,000
Total fund balances	\$_	2,000	\$ 109,287	\$_	111,287
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	3,995,284	\$ 191,363	\$_	4,186,647
Detailed explanation of adjustments from fund statement of net assets:					
Total fund balances, balance sheet, governmental for	unds			\$	111,287
When capital assets (land, buildings, equipment) that activities are purchased or constructed, the costs expenditures in governmental funds. However, the those capital assets among the assets of the School		26,574,906			
Long-term liabilities applicable to the School Board due and payable in the current period and accor liabilities. All liabilitiesboth current and long-termnet assets.		(667,641)			
Net assets of Governmental Activities				\$_	26,018,552

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board Year Ended June 30, 2011

		School Operating		School Cafeteria		Total
Revenues:			_		_	
Revenue from use of money and property	\$	19,995	\$	-	\$	19,995
Charges for services		25,221		619,765		644,986
Miscellaneous		226,184		14,537		240,721
Intergovernmental:						
County contribution to School Board		13,663,809		-		13,663,809
Commonwealth		17,258,061		16,120		17,274,181
Federal	_	2,848,235		610,349	_	3,458,584
Total revenues	\$_	34,041,505	\$_	1,260,771	\$_	35,302,276
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Education	\$	33,897,156	\$	1,252,610	\$	35,149,766
Debt service:						
Principal retirement		128,769		-		128,769
Interest and fiscal charges	_	15,580	-		_	15,580
Total expenditures	\$_	34,041,505	\$_	1,252,610	\$_	35,294,115
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	\$_	-	\$_	8,161	\$_	8,161
Net changes in fund balances	\$	-	\$	8,161	\$	8,161
Fund balances at beginning of year	_	2,000	_	101,126	_	103,126
Fund balances at end of year	\$_	2,000	\$_	109,287	\$_	111,287

Reconciliation of Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board Year Ended June 30, 2011

	Component Unit School Board
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 8,161
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. The amount by which the capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period is computed as follows:	
Capital additions \$ Depreciation expense (1	488,037 1,071,120) (583,083)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items. A summary of items supporting this adjustment is as follows:	
Other post employment benefits	(44,774)
Principal retired on capital lease obligations	128,769
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. This amount reflects the change in accrued leave.	(7,213)
Transfer of joint tenancy assets from Primary Government to the Component Unit School Board	1,701,660
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$1,203,520_

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board Governmental Funds
Year Ended June 30, 2011

		School Operating Fund						
Davidance	_	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance From Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues: Revenue from use of money and property Charges for services Miscellaneous Intergovernmental:	\$	10,000 26,000 60,000	\$	10,000 28,858 217,084	\$	19,995 25,221 226,184	\$	9,995 (3,637) 9,100
County contribution to School Board Commonwealth Federal	_	14,718,089 17,046,877 2,139,035		14,217,545 17,251,628 3,427,142		13,663,809 17,258,061 2,848,235		(553,736) 6,433 (578,907)
Total revenues	\$_	34,000,001	\$_	35,152,257	\$_	34,041,505	\$	(1,110,752)
Expenditures: Current: Instruction	\$	25,071,897	\$	25,998,813	\$	25,242,923	\$	755,890
Administration, attendance and health Pupil transportation Operation and maintenance School food service costs		1,054,179 2,551,942 3,431,867		1,054,179 2,535,811 3,468,840		1,059,997 2,404,342 3,430,855		(5,818) 131,469 37,985
Facilities Technology	_	181,766 1,564,001		182,754 1,767,511		105,036 1,654,003		77,718 113,508
Total education	\$	33,855,652	\$	35,007,908	\$	33,897,156	\$	1,110,752
Debt service: Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges	_	128,769 15,580		128,769 15,580		128,769 15,580		<u>-</u>
Total expenditures	\$_	34,000,001	\$_	35,152,257	\$_	34,041,505	\$	1,110,752
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	\$_		\$_		\$	_	\$	
Net changes in fund balances	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Fund balances at beginning of year	_	-		-		2,000		2,000
Fund balances at end of year	\$_	-	\$	-	\$	2,000	\$	2,000

	School Cafeteria Fund											
_	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance From Final Budget Positive (Negative)					
\$	782,100 5,000	\$	782,100 5,000	\$	619,765 14,537	\$	(162,335) 9,537					
_	- 19,396 510,000	_	- 19,396 510,000		- 16,120 610,349		(3,276) 100,349					
\$_	1,316,496	\$	1,316,496	\$	1,260,771	\$	(55,725)					
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-					
	-		_		-		-					
	- 1,316,496 - -		- 1,316,496 - -		- 1,252,610 - -		- 63,886 - -					
\$	1,316,496	\$	1,316,496	\$	1,252,610	\$	63,886					
_	- -		-		- -		- -					
\$_	1,316,496	\$	1,316,496	\$_	1,252,610	\$	63,886					
\$_	-	\$_	-	\$_	8,161	\$	8,161					
\$	-	\$	-	\$	8,161	\$	8,161					
_	-		-		101,126		101,126					
\$_	-	\$	-	\$	109,287	\$	109,287					



**Supporting Schedules** 



Governmental Funds and Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board Schedule of Revenues -- Budget and Actual Year Ended June 30, 2011

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual	Variance From Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Primary Government:						
General Fund:						
Revenue from local sources:						
General property taxes:						
Real property taxes	\$	11,712,462	\$	11,712,462 \$	12,590,485 \$	878,023
Public service taxes	•	1,330,085	*	1,330,085	1,479,668	149,583
Personal property taxes		3,985,828		3,985,828	3,787,025	(198,803)
Mobile home taxes		23,520		23,520	22,263	(1,257)
Machinery and tools taxes		141,316		141,316	158,773	17,457
Penalties		160,000		160,000	205,216	45,216
Interest	_	100,000		100,000	111,279	11,279
Total general property taxes	\$_	17,453,211	\$_	17,453,211 \$	18,354,709 \$	901,498
Other local taxes:						
Local sales and use taxes	\$	1,300,000	\$	1,300,000 \$	1,343,016 \$	43,016
Consumer utility taxes		220,000		220,000	246,993	26,993
Local consumption tax		65,000		65,000	78,774	13,774
Business license taxes		1,100,000		1,100,000	1,450,388	350,388
Motor vehicle licenses		500,761		500,761	552,436	51,675
Bank franchise taxes		70,000		70,000	54,265	(15,735)
Recordation taxes		350,000		350,000	231,589	(118,411)
Local tax from clerk		61,570		61,570	71,943	10,373
Interest on fines		2,800		2,800	3,203	403
Transient occupancy tax		110,000		110,000	140,181	30,181
Meals tax		719,580		719,580	793,459	73,879
Ambulance fees	_	480,000	_	480,000	454,554	(25,446)
Total other local taxes	\$_	4,979,711	\$_	4,979,711 \$	5,420,801 \$	441,090
Permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses:						
Animal licenses	\$	6,500	\$	6,500 \$	6,062 \$	(438)
Building and related permits		115,000		115,000	182,374	67,374
Landfill inspection fees		188,000		188,000	191,330	3,330
Other permits and licenses	_	91,800	_	91,800	79,283	(12,517)
Total permits, privilege fees and regulatory						
licenses	\$_	401,300	\$_	401,300 \$	459,049 \$	57,749
Fines and Forfeitures:						
Court and other fines and forfeitures	\$_	244,000	\$_	244,000 \$	237,714 \$	(6,286)

Governmental Funds and Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board Schedule of Revenues -- Budget and Actual Year Ended June 30, 2011 (Continued)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance From Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Primary Government: (Continued)								
General Fund: (Continued)								
Revenue from local sources: (Continued)								
Revenue from use of money and property:								
Revenue from use of money	\$	466,530	\$	466,530	\$	197,379	\$	(269,151)
Revenue from use of property	_	59,050		59,050		63,631	_	4,581
Total revenue from use of money and property	\$_	525,580	\$_	525,580	\$_	261,010	\$_	(264,570)
Charges for services:								
Sheriff's fees	\$	921	\$	921	\$	1,055	\$	134
Law library fees		600		600		4,037		3,437
Local court appointed attorney fees		2,000		2,000		2,843		843
Courthouse maintenance fees		10,400		10,400		28,767		18,367
Commonwealth attorney fees		1,180		1,180		2,080		900
Courthouse security personnel fee		60,000		60,000		51,266		(8,734)
Jail admission fee		3,000		3,000		3,465		465
Charges for parks and recreation		321,239		403,834		412,729		8,895
Charges for maps / publications		460		460		1,990		1,530
Other charges for services	_	-		-		1,453	-	1,453
Total charges for services	\$_	399,800	\$_	482,395	\$_	509,685	\$_	27,290
Miscellaneous revenue:								
Miscellaneous	\$	137,900	\$	166,650	\$	96,280	\$	(70,370)
Insurance recoveries	_	30,000		30,000		32,174	_	2,174
Total miscellaneous revenue	\$_	167,900	\$_	196,650	\$_	128,454	\$_	(68,196)
Recovered costs:								
Service authority cost allocation	\$_	175,000	\$	175,000	\$_	-	\$_	(175,000)
Total revenue from local sources	\$_	24,346,502	\$_	24,457,847	\$_	25,371,422	\$_	913,575

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Governmental Funds and Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board Schedule of Revenues -- Budget and Actual

Year Ended June 30, 2011	(Continued)
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Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual		Variance From Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Primary Government: (Continued)							
General Fund: (Continued)							
Revenue from the Commonwealth:							
Noncategorical aid:							
Rolling stock tax	\$	3,000	\$	3,000	\$ 3,654	\$	654
Mobile home titling taxes		15,490		15,490	9,819		(5,671)
Recordation tax		90,000		90,000	96,488		6,488
Auto rental tax		25,000		25,000	21,464		(3,536)
Communication tax		400,000		400,000	403,115		3,115
PPTRA	_	2,147,868		2,147,868	 2,147,868		
Total noncategorical aid	\$_	2,681,358	\$	2,681,358	\$ 2,682,408	\$_	1,050
Categorical aid:							
Shared expenses:							
Commonwealth's attorney	\$	248,697	\$	248,697	\$ 240,594	\$	(8,103)
Sheriff		921,471		921,471	896,559		(24,912)
Commissioner of the Revenue		105,847		105,847	106,674		827
Treasurer		81,726		81,726	81,693		(33)
Registrar/electoral board		39,501		39,501	35,233		(4,268)
Clerk of the Circuit Court	_	198,636		198,636	 199,173		537
Total shared expenses	\$	1,595,878	\$_	1,595,878	\$ 1,559,926	\$_	(35,952)
Other categorical aid:							
Welfare administration and assistance	\$	630,405	\$	630,405	\$ 373,590	\$	(256,815)
Litter control		-		6,200	6,200		-
Four for life funds		25,000		25,000	25,584		584
Comprehensive services		907,858		1,115,758	962,800		(152,958)
VJCCCA grant		14,082		14,082	14,334		252
VA commission of the arts		4,000		4,000	4,000		-
Fire programs		46,500		46,500	48,517		2,017
Drug asset seizure		-		-	5,629		5,629

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Variance

Governmental Funds and Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board Schedule of Revenues -- Budget and Actual Year Ended June 30, 2011 (Continued)

		Original		Final		From Final Budget Positive
Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Budget		Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Primary Government: (Continued)						
General Fund: (Continued)						
Revenue from the Commonwealth: (Continued)						
Other categorical aid: (Continued)						
DCJS - Victim witness assistance grant	\$	19,896	\$	19,896 \$	18,612 \$	(1,284)
Library grant	,	98,158	·	98,158	92,862	(5,296)
RAOOY my life grant		_		71,250	45,109	(26,141)
Technology trust funds		-		28,224	28,224	-
Other categorical aid	_	72,000		53,800	10,378	(43,422)
Total other categorical aid	\$_	1,817,899	\$_	2,113,273 \$	1,635,839 \$	(477,434)
Total categorical aid	\$_	3,413,777	\$_	3,709,151 \$	3,195,765 \$	(513,386)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	6,095,135	\$	6,390,509 \$	5,878,173 \$	(512,336)
	· –	.,,	- ' —	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	(= ,===,
Revenue from the federal government:						
Categorical aid:						
Welfare administration and assistance	\$	928,836	\$	928,836 \$	868,801 \$	(60,035)
Department of homeland security grant		_		35,000	19,900	(15,100)
Law enforcement grants		16,320		28,320	27,685	(635)
Other categorical aid	_	5,000		150,000	63,013	(86,987)
Total revenue from the federal government	\$_	950,156	_\$_	1,142,156 \$	979,399 \$	(162,757)
Total General Fund	\$_	31,391,793	\$_	31,990,512 \$	32,228,994 \$	238,482
Capital Improvements Fund:						
Revenue from local sources:						
Permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses:						
Landfill host fees	\$	6,400,000	\$	6,400,000 \$	6,146,742 \$	(253,258)
Landfill fees - beneficial use		240,000		240,000	219,255	(20,745)
Power plant revenue	_	300,000	_	300,000	122,567	(177,433)
Total permits, privilege fees and regulatory						
licenses	\$_	6,940,000	_\$_	6,940,000 \$	6,488,564 \$	(451,436)

Governmental Funds and Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board Schedule of Revenues -- Budget and Actual Year Ended June 30, 2011 (Continued)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual	Variance From Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Primary Government: (Continued) Capital Improvements Fund: (Continued) Revenue from local sources: (Continued) Revenue from use of money and property:						
Revenue from use of money	\$_	320,000	\$_	320,000 \$	208,531	(111,469)
Miscellaneous revenue:						
Miscellaneous	\$_	-	\$_	\$	74,286	74,286
Total miscellaneous revenue	\$_	-	\$_	\$	74,286	74,286
Total revenue from local sources	\$_	7,260,000	\$_	7,260,000 \$	6,771,381	(488,619)
Total Capital Improvements Fund	\$_	7,260,000	\$_	7,260,000 \$	6,771,381	(488,619)
Wireless Authority Fund: Revenue from use of money and property: Revenue from use of money	\$_	-		<u> </u>	385_\$	S <u>385</u>
Grand Total Revenues Primary Government	\$_	38,651,793	\$_	39,250,512 \$	39,000,760	(249,752)
Component Unit School Board: Special Revenue Funds: School Operating Fund: Revenue from local sources: Revenue from use of money and property:						
Revenue from use of property	\$_	10,000	\$_	10,000 \$	19,995	9,995
Total revenue from use of money and property	\$_	10,000	\$_	10,000 \$	19,995_\$	9,995
Charges for services:						
Charges for education	\$_	26,000	\$_	28,858 \$	25,221	(3,637)
Total charges for services	\$_	26,000	\$	28,858 \$	25,221	(3,637)

Governmental Funds and Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board Schedule of Revenues -- Budget and Actual Year Ended June 30, 2011 (Continued)

Variance From Final **Budget** Original Final **Positive** Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source **Budget Budget** Actual (Negative) Component Unit -- School Board: (Continued) Special Revenue Funds: (Continued) School Operating Fund: (Continued) Revenue from local sources: (Continued) Miscellaneous revenue: Miscellaneous \$ 30,000 \$ 60,483 \$ 69,583 \$ 9,100 Other reimbursements and recoveries 30,000 156,601 156,601 217,084 \$ Total miscellaneous revenue 60,000 \$ 226,184 \$ 9,100 Total revenue from local sources 96,000 \$ 255,942 \$ 271,400 \$ 15,458 Intergovernmental revenue: County contribution to School Board \$ 14,718,089 \$ 14,217,545 \$ 13,663,809 \$ (553,736)Revenue from the Commonwealth: Categorical aid: 3,507,267 \$ Share of state sales tax 3,426,558 \$ 3,576,741 \$ 69,474 Basic school aid 10,409,056 9,075 10,480,810 10,489,885 Remedial education 166,202 1,978 166,202 168,180 Vocational education SOQ 121.551 121,551 122,998 1,447 Special education 1,148,529 1,162,201 1,162,201 Fringe benefits 982,328 989,503 994,020 4,517 Technology grant 180,000 180,000 180,000 Gifted education 111,628 111,628 112,957 1,329 Other state funds 501,025 532,466 451,079 (81,387)\$ 17,046,877 \$ 17,251,628 \$ 17,258,061 \$ Total categorical aid 6,433 Total revenue from the Commonwealth \$ 17,046,877 \$ 17,251,628 \$ 17,258,061 \$ 6,433 Revenue from the federal government: Categorical aid: \$ Title I 638,125 \$ 798,504 \$ 634,816 \$ (163,688)ARRA - Title I 158,739 192,832 (34,093)Title VI - B 737,362 1,145,944 778,635 (367,309)ARRA - Title VI - B 459,577 471,310 (11,733)ARRA - SFSF - education 468,328 468,328 455,613 (12,715)Title II - A 112,116 122,804 100,002 (22,802)Other federal assistance 183,104 227,420 260,853 33,433 Total categorical aid 2,139,035 \$ 3,427,142 \$ 2,848,235 \$ (578,907)Total revenue from the federal government 2,139,035 \$ 3,427,142 \$ 2,848,235 \$ (578,907)**Total School Operating Fund** 34,000,001 \$ 35,152,257 \$ 34,041,505 \$ (1,110,752)

Governmental Funds and Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board Schedule of Revenues -- Budget and Actual Year Ended June 30, 2011 (Continued)

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Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual	_	Variance From Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Component Unit School Board: (Continued)							
Special Revenue Funds: (Continued)							
School Cafeteria Fund:							
Revenue from local sources:							
Charges for services:							
Cafeteria sales	\$_	782,100	\$	782,100 \$	619,765	\$_	(162,335)
Miscellaneous revenue: Miscellaneous	\$	5,000	\$	5,000 \$	14,537	\$	9,537
	· -	,		<u> </u>	•	· -	,
Revenue from the Commonwealth:							
Categorical aid:							
School food	\$_	19,396	\$_	19,396 \$	16,120	\$_	(3,276)
Revenue from the federal government:  Categorical aid:							
School food	\$	510,000	\$	510,000 \$	610,349	\$	100,349
	_						
Total School Cafeteria Fund	\$_	1,316,496	\$_	1,316,496 \$	1,260,771	\$_	(55,725)
Grand Total RevenuesComponent Unit-School Board	\$_	35,316,497	\$	36,468,753 \$	35,302,276	\$	(1,166,477)



#### **Statistical Table of Contents**

Description of Section	Table #
Financial Trends  These tables contain trend information to help the reader understand how the County's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	
Net Assets by Component Changes in Net Assets Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	1 2 3 4
Revenue Capacity  These tables contain information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the County's ability to generate its property and sales taxes.	
Assessed Value of Taxable Property Property Tax Rates Principal Taxpayers Property Tax Levies and Collections	5 6 7 8
Debt Capacity  These tables present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the County's current levels of outstanding debt and the County's ability to issue debt in the future.	
Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net General Obligation Bonded Debt per Capita Computation of Direct and Overlapping Bonded Debt Pledged-Revenue Coverage	9 10 11 12
Demographic and Economic Information  This table offers demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the County's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons over time and with other governments.	
Demographic and Economic Statistics Principal Employers	13 14
Operating Information  These tables contain information about the County's operations and resources to help the reader understand how the County's financial information relates to the services the County provides and the activities it performs.	
Full-time Equivalent County Government Employees by Function Operating Indicators by Function Capital Asset Statistics by Function	15 16 17

#### Sources:

Unless otherwise noted, the information in these tables is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year. The County implemented GASB Statement 34 in fiscal year 2002; schedules presenting government-wide information include information beginning in that year.

Net Assets by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	_	2002	2003	-	2004	_	2005
Governmental activities:							
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$	675,920	\$ 1,731,053	\$	3,327,685	\$	8,164,881
Restricted		16,962,297	8,336,059		19,676,870		1,090,604
Unrestricted		11,011,148	12,648,884		13,502,050		34,789,461
Total governmental activities net assets	\$	28,649,365	\$ 22,715,996	\$	36,506,605	\$	44,044,946
Business-type activities:							
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$	4,921,921	\$ 5,505,139	\$	9,507,244	\$	10,843,832
Unrestricted		481,599	1,063,433		(851,067)		(495,069)
Total business-type net assets	\$	5,403,520	\$ 6,568,572	\$	8,656,177	\$	10,348,763
Primary government:							
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$	5,597,841	\$ 7,236,192	\$	12,834,929	\$	19,008,713
Restricted		16,962,297	8,336,059		19,676,870		1,090,604
Unrestricted		11,492,747	13,712,317		12,650,983		34,294,392
Total primary government net assets	\$	34,052,885	\$ 29,284,568	\$	45,162,782	\$	54,393,709

_	2006	2007	2008	_	2009	2010		2011
\$	10,144,772 \$	14,446,035 \$	14,166,206	\$	13,355,755	\$ 12,019,419	\$	14,637,383
	1,095,309	1,113,229	3,335,777		3,354,693	3,350,043		3,789,880
	34,535,361	34,057,246	35,118,549		38,353,717	42,461,130		38,269,130
\$	45,775,442 \$	49,616,510 \$	52,620,532	\$	55,064,165	\$ 57,830,592	\$	56,696,393
\$	11,307,604 \$ 1,424,196	16,032,120 \$ 1,047,467	16,422,476 809,229	\$	16,166,998 835,327	\$ 14,228,621 2,084,383	\$	12,286,312 3,344,086
\$	12,731,800 \$	17,079,587 \$	17,231,705	\$ -	17,002,325	\$ 16,313,004	\$	15,630,398
\$	21,452,376 \$ 1,095,309 35,959,557	30,478,155 \$ 1,113,229 35,104,713	30,588,682 3,335,777 35,927,778	_	29,522,753 3,354,693 39,189,044	26,248,040 3,350,043 44,545,513	: :	26,923,695 3,789,880 41,613,216
\$	58,507,242 \$	66,696,097 \$	69,852,237	\$	72,066,490	\$ 74,143,596	\$	72,326,791

Page												
Community devilopment administration   \$1,864,322 \$ 1,870,203 \$ 1,849,874 \$ 2,416,186 \$ 2,419,782 \$ 2,160,214 \$ 2,020,785 \$ 2,984,896 \$ 2,389,002 \$ 2,881,002   3,046,046		_	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Community devilopment administration   \$1,864,322 \$ 1,870,203 \$ 1,849,874 \$ 2,416,186 \$ 2,419,782 \$ 2,160,214 \$ 2,020,785 \$ 2,984,896 \$ 2,389,002 \$ 2,881,002   3,046,046	Expenses:											
Denominal administration   \$1,664,322   \$1,072,09   \$1,849,74   \$2,416,786   \$2,416,786   \$2,150,214   \$2,02075   \$2,084,005   \$2,088,005   \$2,088,005   \$2,088,005   \$2,088,005   \$2,000   \$1	•											
Machine   Mach		\$	1 664 322 \$	1 670 290 \$	1 849 874 \$	2 416 186 \$	2 419 782 \$	2 150 214 \$	2 920 975 \$	2 984 895 \$	2 368 002 \$	2 588 510
Public safety   Ask40, page	o a	Ψ.		, ,		, .,	, ., .		, ,	, ,		
Public works								, , .	,	, .,	, ,	, ,
Heath and welfare   1,588,885   2,081,884   3,282   2,874,433   3,301,427   3,589,674   3,589,674   3,148,080   1,518,787   6,038,617   6,038,617   6,038,617   6,038,617   6,038,617   6,038,617   6,038,617   6,038,617   6,038,617   6,038,617   6,038,617   6,038,617   6,048,01   6,048,01   6,148,02   6,148												
Education   9,300,653   2,783,569   4,552,72   0,378,059   1,184,066   1,148,066   1,224,598   1,148,062   1,128,155   1,284,355   1,284												
Parks, recreation, and cultural   813,369   964,301   7973,255   1,022,069   6,149,803   1,145,505   1,021,304   1,167,026   1,041,803   1,425,455   1,222,000   1,222,000   1,223,000									.,,	, ,		, ,
Community development												
Capital collays												
Total governmental activities expenses   \$1,128,152   \$753,808   \$1,78,442   \$1,991,875   \$2,159,093   \$2,727,195   \$2,916,101   \$3,29,074   \$3,41,420   \$3,431,545   \$40,028,164   \$4				,	-	1,022,000	-	-	.,000,0	-,000,000	-, 120,000	.,202,.0.
Total governmental activities expenses \$ 21,323,800 \$ 35,388,454 \$ 17,887,429 \$ 25,533,984 \$ 35,771,933 \$ 35,320,670 \$ 40,459,317 \$ 37,171,539 \$ 36,654,001 \$ 40,028,164 \$ Business-type activities: \$ 1,974,251 \$ 2,282,953 \$ 2,687,122 \$ 2,741,913 \$ 3139,797 \$ 4,696,891 \$ 5,238,869 \$ 5,091,165 \$ 5,012,413 \$ 4,964,308 \$ Total primary government expenses \$ 23,289,051 \$ 37,671,407 \$ 20,574,551 \$ 28,275,897 \$ 38,911,730 \$ 40,017,561 \$ 45,698,108 \$ 42,282,701 \$ 41,666,414 \$ 44,982,472 \$ \$ 44,982,472 \$ \$ 44,982,472	•				1,178,484	1,991,875	2,159,093	2,727,195	2,918,611	3,329,074	3,541,420	3,431,545
Business-type activities:   1,974,251   2,282,953   2,687,127   2,741,913   3,19,797   4,696,891   5,238,869   5,091,165   5,012,413   4,964,308   Total primary government expenses   23,298,051   3,7671,407   2,0374,551   28,275,897   38,911,730   4,0017,551   45,698,186   42,262,704   41,666,414   4,892,472     Program revenues:   Covernmental activities:   Charges for services:   Judicial administration   140,405   205,779   237,879   334,301   300,426   321,648   258,458   274,113   291,302   275,441     Public safety   184,884   308,009   397,896   444,281   488,579   399,206   302,013   74,889   77,722   63,301     Public works   7,137,673   7,566,183   7,001,573   6,838,203   6,900,871   6,942,913   7,597,984   7,001,071   7,324,706   6,862,208     Parks, recreation, and cultural   2,946   15,856,99   166,228   177,589   203,789   303,008   90,228   302,013   74,889   77,722   63,301     Public works   7,137,673   7,566,183   7,001,573   6,838,203   300,068   302,013   74,889   77,720   6,802,203     Parks, recreation, and cultural   45,762   77,859   166,228   177,589   203,819   305,068   90,223   100,664   94,003   266,730     Community development administration   392,894   294,437   432,244   434,475   523,744   611,895   591,648   514,220   491,009   467,991     Public works   1,042,441   1,006,160   1,115,995   1,024,800   1,298,488   1,746,75   1,250,193   1,112,947   1,110,195   1,073,988     Public works   1,042,241   1,006,160   1,115,995   1,044,992   2,126,283   2,166,495   7,224,602   2,467,269   2,250,300     Parks, recreation, and cultural   79,003   59,678   80,081   81,296   81,286   41,886,392   3,886,486   81,4220   41,403,494   41,403,494   41,403,494   41,403,494   41,405   41,404,494   4	Total governmental activities expenses	\$					35 771 933 \$	35 320 670 \$	40 459 317 \$	37 171 539 \$	36 654 001 \$	40 028 164
Mater and sewer   1,974_251   2,282_955   3,7671_407   2,0574_551   2,8275_87   3,8191_730   4,008_891   5,238_869   4,262_704   4,166_614   4,964_308_704_704_704_704_704_704_704_704_704_704		Ψ	Σ1,020,000 ψ	σσ,σσσ, το τ. φ	17,001,120 φ	20,000,001 φ	σο,,σσσ φ	σσ,σ2σ,σ.σ.φ	το, του,στι φ	σι, ι. ι,σσσ φ	σσ,σσ ,,σσ , φ	10,020,101
Total primary government expenses s 23.298.051 \$ 3.7697.407 \$ 20.574.551 \$ 28.275.897 \$ 3.8,911.730 \$ 40.017.561 \$ 45.698.186 \$ 42.262.704 \$ 41.686.414 \$ 44.992.472  Program revenues:  Covernmental activities:  Charges for services:  Judicial administration \$ 140.405 \$ 205.779 \$ 237.879 \$ 334.301 \$ 390.426 \$ 321,648 \$ 258.458 \$ 274,113 \$ 291,302 \$ 275,441 \$ 20.016 \$ 20.			1,974.251	2,282.953	2,687.122	2,741.913	3,139.797	4,696.891	5,238.869	5,091.165	5,012.413	4,964.308
Covermental activities:   Charges for services:   Judical administration   \$140,405 \$ 205,779 \$ 237,879 \$ 334,301 \$ 390,426 \$ 321,648 \$ 258,458 \$ 274,113 \$ 291,302 \$ 275,441   Public safety   Public safety   148,884   308,009 \$ 397,896 \$ 444,281 \$ 468,679 \$ 399,206 \$ 302,013 \$ 74,689 \$ 77,782 \$ 63,301   Public safety   148,884 \$ 153,859 \$ 186,397 \$ 206,766 \$ 630,635 \$ 329,970 \$ 364,795 \$ 329,996 \$ 355,557 \$ 412,729 \$ 205,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,		\$_										
Charges for services:	Program revenues:											
Judical administration   \$ 140,405 \$ 205,779 \$ 237,879 \$ 334,301 \$ 390,426 \$ 321,648 \$ 258,458 \$ 274,113 \$ 291,302 \$ 275,441	Governmental activities:											
Public safety												
Public works   7,137,675   7,586,193   7,001,573   6,838,203   6,800,871   6,642,913   7,597,954   7,001,071   7,324,769   6,862,268   Parks, recreation, and cultural   129,548   153,859   166,228   177,588   203,819   305,066   90,253   100,864   94,038   81,273     Operating grants and contributions   45,762   77,859   166,228   177,588   203,819   305,066   90,253   100,864   94,038   81,273     Operating grants and contributions   189,173   205,563   201,783   221,922   224,212   266,564   296,199   272,914   260,936   286,613     Judicial administration   392,684   294,437   432,244   434,475   528,744   611,895   551,648   514,220   491,009   467,991     Public safety   1,042,841   1,006,160   1,115,955   1,024,800   1,298,468   1,174,675   1,250,193   1,112,947   1,110,195   1,073,398     Habilth and welfare   1,068,865   1,362,179   1,641,217   1,754,522   1,964,992   2,126,283   2,069,467   2,294,602   2,467,269   2,250,300     Parks, recreation, and cultural   79,003   59,878   80,051   68,120   75,624   103,747   96,339   107,412   104,949   96,862     Community development   5,754   11,429,598   11,482,968   1,2367,639   13,757,105   12,678,801   13,696,485   12,150,829   12,746,330   11,870,176     Total governmental activities program revenues   1,311,942   1,657,299   2,547,694   1,950,443   2,631,444   3,108,812   3,252,836   2,518,677   3,661,026   3,695,446     Carrier of the services   1,311,942   1,429,598   1,482,968   3,287,639   1,357,105   1,267,801   1,650,29   1,340,934   1,2746,330   1,870,176     Carrier of the services   1,311,942   1,657,299   2,547,694   1,950,443   2,631,444   3,108,812   3,252,836   2,518,677   3,661,026   3,695,446     Carrier of the services   1,311,942   1,429,598   1,386,949   1,386,949   1,386,949   1,486,94	Judicial administration	\$	140,405 \$	205,779 \$	237,879 \$	334,301 \$	390,426 \$	321,648 \$	258,458 \$	274,113 \$	291,302 \$	275,441
Parks, recreation, and cultural development developmen	Public safety		184,884	308,009	397,896	444,281	468,579	399,206	302,013	74,689	77,782	63,301
Community development	Public works		7,137,675	7,568,193	7,001,573	6,838,203	6,900,871	6,642,913	7,597,954	7,001,071	7,324,769	6,862,268
Community development	Parks, recreation, and cultural		129,548	153,859	186,397	206,766	304,635	329,970	364,795	326,969	355,557	412,729
General government administration   189,173   205,563   201,783   221,922   224,212   266,564   296,199   272,914   260,936   286,613   294,437   432,244   434,475   528,744   611,895   551,648   514,220   491,009   467,991   470,398			45,762	77,859	166,228	177,588	203,819	305,066	90,253	100,864	94,038	81,273
Judicial administration   392,684   294,437   432,244   434,475   528,744   611,895   551,648   514,220   491,009   467,991     Public safety   1,042,841   1,066,160   1,115,955   1,024,800   1,298,468   1,74,675   1,250,193   1,112,947   1,110,195   1,073,398     Public works   -	Operating grants and contributions:											
Public safety   1,042,841   1,006,160   1,115,955   1,024,800   1,298,468   1,174,675   1,250,193   1,112,947   1,110,195   1,073,398   1,006,000   1,068,865   1,362,179   1,641,217   1,641,217   1,641,217   1,106,865   1,362,179   1,041,217   1,041,217   1,041,247   1,106,965   2,250,300   2,250,300   2,246,000   2,248,000   2,485,100   3,046,000	General government administration		189,173	205,563	201,783	221,922	224,212	266,564	296,199	272,914	260,936	286,613
Public works	Judicial administration		392,684	294,437	432,244	434,475	528,744	611,895	551,648	514,220	491,009	467,991
Health and welfare	Public safety		1,042,841	1,006,160	1,115,955	1,024,800	1,298,468	1,174,675	1,250,193	1,112,947	1,110,195	1,073,398
Education	Public works		-	1,840	4,495	4,375	6,568	-	-	-	-	-
Parks, recreation, and cultural 79,003 59,878 80,051 68,120 75,624 103,747 96,339 107,412 104,949 96,862 Community development 5,754 15,815 17,250 18,286 4,618 - 20,728 24,851 30,179 - Capital grants and contributions - 1 - 1 - 840,000 1,385,549 396,834 798,438 46,177 138,345 - Total governmental activities program revenues \$ 10,416,594 \$ 11,429,598 \$ 11,482,968 \$ 12,367,639 \$ 13,757,105 \$ 12,678,801 \$ 13,696,485 \$ 12,150,829 \$ 12,746,330 \$ 11,870,176	Health and welfare		1,068,865	1,362,179	1,641,217	1,754,522	1,964,992	2,126,283	2,069,467	2,294,602	2,467,269	2,250,300
Community development 5,754 15,815 17,250 18,286 4,618 - 20,728 24,851 30,179 - Capital grants and contributions 840,000 1,385,549 396,834 798,438 46,177 138,345  Total governmental activities program revenues \$10,416,594 \$11,429,598 \$11,482,968 \$12,367,639 \$13,757,105 \$12,678,801 \$13,696,485 \$12,150,829 \$12,746,330 \$11,870,176 \$12,678,901 \$13,696,485 \$12,150,829 \$12,746,330 \$11,870,176 \$12,678,901 \$13,696,485 \$12,150,829 \$12,746,330 \$11,870,176 \$12,678,901 \$13,696,485 \$12,150,829 \$12,746,330 \$11,870,176 \$12,678,901 \$13,696,485 \$12,150,829 \$12,746,330 \$11,870,176 \$12,678,901 \$13,696,485 \$12,150,829 \$12,746,330 \$11,870,176 \$12,678,901 \$13,696,485 \$12,150,829 \$12,746,330 \$11,870,176 \$12,678,901 \$13,696,485 \$12,150,829 \$12,746,330 \$11,870,176 \$12,678,901 \$13,696,485 \$12,150,829 \$12,746,330 \$11,870,176 \$12,678,901 \$13,696,485 \$12,150,829 \$12,746,330 \$11,870,176 \$12,678,901 \$13,696,485 \$12,150,829 \$12,746,330 \$11,870,176 \$13,696,485 \$12,150,829 \$12,746,330 \$11,870,176 \$13,696,495 \$12,678,801 \$13,696,485 \$12,150,829 \$12,746,330 \$11,870,176 \$12,678,901 \$13,696,485 \$12,150,829 \$12,746,330 \$11,870,176 \$12,678,901 \$13,696,485 \$12,150,829 \$12,746,330 \$11,870,176 \$12,678,901 \$13,696,485 \$12,150,829 \$12,746,330 \$11,870,176 \$12,678,901 \$13,696,485 \$12,150,829 \$12,746,330 \$11,870,176 \$12,678,901 \$13,696,485 \$12,150,829 \$12,746,330 \$11,870,176 \$12,678,901 \$13,696,485 \$12,150,829 \$12,746,330 \$11,870,176 \$12,678,901 \$13,696,485 \$12,150,829 \$12,746,330 \$11,870,176 \$12,678,801 \$13,696,485 \$12,150,829 \$12,746,330 \$11,870,176 \$12,678,801 \$13,696,485 \$12,150,829 \$12,746,330 \$11,870,176 \$12,678,801 \$13,696,485 \$12,150,829 \$12,746,330 \$11,870,176 \$12,678,801 \$13,696,485 \$12,150,829 \$12,746,330 \$11,870,176 \$12,678,801 \$13,696,485 \$12,150,829 \$12,746,330 \$11,870,176 \$12,678,801 \$13,696,485 \$12,150,829 \$12,746,330 \$12,150,801 \$13,696,485 \$12,150,802 \$12,150,802 \$12,150,802 \$12,150,802 \$12,150,802 \$12,150,802 \$12,150,802 \$12,150,802 \$12,150,802 \$12,150,802 \$12,150,802 \$12,150,802 \$12,150,802 \$12,150,802 \$12,150,802 \$12,150,802	Education		-	170,027	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital grants and contributions  840,000 1,385,549 396,834 798,438 46,177 138,345	Parks, recreation, and cultural		79,003	59,878	80,051	68,120	75,624	103,747	96,339	107,412	104,949	96,862
Total governmental activities program revenues \$ 10,416,594 \$ 11,429,598 \$ 11,482,968 \$ 12,367,639 \$ 13,757,105 \$ 12,678,801 \$ 13,696,485 \$ 12,150,829 \$ 12,746,330 \$ 11,870,176  Business-type activities: Charges for services: Water and sewer \$ 1,311,942 \$ 1,657,299 \$ 2,547,694 \$ 1,950,443 \$ 2,631,444 \$ 3,108,812 \$ 3,252,836 \$ 2,518,677 \$ 3,661,026 \$ 3,695,446  Operating grants and contributions	Community development		5,754	15,815	17,250	18,286	4,618	-	20,728	24,851	30,179	-
revenues \$ 10,416,594 \$ 11,429,598 \$ 12,367,639 \$ 13,757,105 \$ 12,678,801 \$ 13,696,485 \$ 12,150,829 \$ 12,746,330 \$ 11,870,176  Business-type activities: Charges for services: Water and sewer \$ 1,311,942 \$ 1,657,299 \$ 2,547,694 \$ 1,950,443 \$ 2,631,444 \$ 3,108,812 \$ 3,252,836 \$ 2,518,677 \$ 3,661,026 \$ 3,695,446  Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions Total business-type activities program revenues  Total primary government program revenues  **Not** (10,907,206) \$ 13,805,859 \$ 14,877,603 \$ 15,358,700 \$ 14,381,372 \$ 16,388,549 \$ 19,086,498 \$ 16,959,971 \$ 16,010,440 \$ 16,407,356 \$ 15,565,622  **Not** (10,907,206) \$ (23,958,856) \$ (6,404,461) \$ (13,166,345) \$ (22,014,828) \$ (22,641,869) \$ (26,762,832) \$ (25,02,710) \$ (23,907,671) \$ (28,157,988)  Business-type activities  **Total primary government activities **Total primary government of the company of the	Capital grants and contributions					840,000	1,385,549	396,834	798,438	46,177	138,345	
revenues \$ 10,416,594 \$ 11,429,598 \$ 12,367,639 \$ 13,757,105 \$ 12,678,801 \$ 13,696,485 \$ 12,150,829 \$ 12,746,330 \$ 11,870,176  Business-type activities: Charges for services: Water and sewer \$ 1,311,942 \$ 1,657,299 \$ 2,547,694 \$ 1,950,443 \$ 2,631,444 \$ 3,108,812 \$ 3,252,836 \$ 2,518,677 \$ 3,661,026 \$ 3,695,446  Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions Total business-type activities program revenues  Total primary government program revenues  **Not** (10,907,206) \$ 13,805,859 \$ 14,877,603 \$ 15,358,700 \$ 14,381,372 \$ 16,388,549 \$ 19,086,498 \$ 16,959,971 \$ 16,010,440 \$ 16,407,356 \$ 15,565,622  **Not** (10,907,206) \$ (23,958,856) \$ (6,404,461) \$ (13,166,345) \$ (22,014,828) \$ (22,641,869) \$ (26,762,832) \$ (25,02,710) \$ (23,907,671) \$ (28,157,988)  Business-type activities  **Total primary government activities **Total primary government of the company of the	Total governmental activities program											_
Charges for services: Water and sewer \$ 1,311,942 \$ 1,657,299 \$ 2,547,694 \$ 1,950,443 \$ 2,631,444 \$ 3,108,812 \$ 3,252,836 \$ 2,518,677 \$ 3,661,026 \$ 3,695,446   Operating grants and contributions		\$_	10,416,594 \$	11,429,598 \$	11,482,968 \$	12,367,639 \$	13,757,105 \$	12,678,801 \$	13,696,485 \$	12,150,829 \$	12,746,330 \$	11,870,176
Water and sewer         \$ 1,311,942         \$ 1,657,299         \$ 2,547,694         \$ 1,950,443         \$ 2,631,444         \$ 3,108,812         \$ 3,252,836         \$ 2,518,677         \$ 3,661,026         \$ 3,695,446           Operating grants and contributions         -         -         -         -         -         -         12,093         10,650         - <td>Business-type activities:</td> <td></td>	Business-type activities:											
Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions         1,322,033         1,790,706         1,328,038         63,290         - 3,286,792         - 1,340,934	Charges for services:											
Capital grants and contributions Total business-type activities program revenues  Total primary government program revenues  Set (10,907,206) \$ (23,958,856) \$ (6,404,461) \$ (13,166,345) \$ (22,014,828) \$ (22,014,828) \$ (22,014,828) \$ (22,014,828) \$ (22,015,338) \$ (1,231,554) \$ (1,231,554) \$ (1,251,387) \$ (1,268,862) \$ (1,26	Water and sewer	\$	1,311,942 \$	1,657,299 \$	2,547,694 \$	1,950,443 \$	2,631,444 \$	3,108,812 \$	3,252,836 \$	2,518,677 \$	3,661,026 \$	3,695,446
Total business-type activities program revenues \$ 2,633,975 \$ 3,448,005 \$ 3,875,732 \$ 2,013,733 \$ 2,631,444 \$ 6,407,697 \$ 3,263,486 \$ 3,859,611 \$ 3,661,026 \$ 3,695,446 \$ Total primary government program revenues \$ 13,050,569 \$ 14,877,603 \$ 15,358,700 \$ 14,381,372 \$ 16,388,549 \$ 19,086,498 \$ 16,959,971 \$ 16,010,440 \$ 16,407,356 \$ 15,565,622 \$ Net (expense) / revenue Governmental activities \$ (10,907,206) \$ (23,958,856) \$ (6,404,461) \$ (13,166,345) \$ (22,014,828) \$ (22,641,869) \$ (26,762,832) \$ (25,020,710) \$ (23,907,671) \$ (28,157,988) \$ Business-type activities \$ 659,724 \$ 1,165,052 \$ 1,188,610 \$ (728,180) \$ (508,353) \$ 1,710,806 \$ (1,975,383) \$ (1,231,554) \$ (1,231,554) \$ (1,268,862)	Operating grants and contributions		-	-	-	-	-	12,093	10,650	-	-	-
program revenues \$ 2,633,975 \$ 3,448,005 \$ 3,875,732 \$ 2,013,733 \$ 2,631,444 \$ 6,407,697 \$ 3,263,486 \$ 3,859,611 \$ 3,661,026 \$ 3,695,446 \$ 101 primary government program revenues \$ 13,050,569 \$ 14,877,603 \$ 15,358,700 \$ 14,381,372 \$ 16,388,549 \$ 19,086,498 \$ 16,959,971 \$ 16,010,440 \$ 16,407,356 \$ 15,565,622 \$ 10,000,400 \$ 10,000	Capital grants and contributions		1,322,033	1,790,706	1,328,038	63,290	-	3,286,792	-	1,340,934	-	-
Total primary government program revenues \$\frac{13,050,569}{3,13,050,569} \frac{14,877,603}{3,15,358,700} \frac{15,358,700}{3,15,358,700} \frac{16,388,549}{3,16,388,549} \frac{19,086,498}{3,16,959,971} \frac{16,010,440}{3,16,010,440} \frac{16,407,356}{3,15,565,622}\$  Net (expense) / revenue Governmental activities \$\frac{10,907,206}{3,958,856} \frac{16,395,856}{3,958,856} \frac{16,404,461}{3,166,345} \frac{12,3166,345}{3,166,345} \frac{12,641,869}{3,1710,806} \frac{12,6762,832}{3,1710,806} \frac{12,31,554}{3,125,345} \frac{11,351,387}{3,1351,387} \frac{12,68862}{3,1268,862}\$	Total business-type activities									. ,		
program revenues \$ 13,050,569 \$ 14,877,603 \$ 15,358,700 \$ 14,381,372 \$ 16,388,549 \$ 19,086,498 \$ 16,959,971 \$ 16,010,440 \$ 16,407,356 \$ 15,565,622 \$ Net (expense) / revenue Governmental activities \$ (10,907,206) \$ (23,958,856) \$ (6,404,461) \$ (13,166,345) \$ (22,014,828) \$ (22,014,828) \$ (22,641,869) \$ (26,762,832) \$ (25,020,710) \$ (23,907,671) \$ (28,157,988) \$ Business-type activities \$ 659,724 \$ 1,165,052 \$ 1,188,610 \$ (728,180) \$ (508,353) \$ 1,710,806 \$ (1,975,383) \$ (1,231,554) \$ (1,231,554) \$ (1,251,387) \$ (1,268,862) \$ (23,958,856) \$ (	program revenues	\$	2,633,975 \$	3,448,005 \$	3,875,732 \$	2,013,733 \$	2,631,444 \$	6,407,697 \$	3,263,486 \$	3,859,611 \$	3,661,026 \$	3,695,446
Net (expense) / revenue Governmental activities \$ (10,907,206) \$ (23,958,856) \$ (6,404,461) \$ (13,166,345) \$ (22,014,828) \$ (22,641,869) \$ (26,762,832) \$ (25,020,710) \$ (23,907,671) \$ (28,157,988) Business-type activities 659,724 1,165,052 1,188,610 (728,180) (508,353) 1,710,806 (1,975,383) (1,231,554) (1,231,554) (1,251,387) (1,268,862)	Total primary government											
Governmental activities \$ (10,907,206) \$ (23,958,856) \$ (6,404,461) \$ (13,166,345) \$ (22,014,828) \$ (22,641,869) \$ (26,762,832) \$ (25,020,710) \$ (23,907,671) \$ (28,157,988	program revenues	\$	13,050,569 \$	14,877,603 \$	15,358,700 \$	14,381,372 \$	16,388,549 \$	19,086,498 \$	16,959,971 \$	16,010,440 \$	16,407,356 \$	15,565,622
Business-type activities 659,724 1,165,052 1,188,610 (728,180) (508,353) 1,710,806 (1,975,383) (1,231,554) (1,351,387) (1,268,862)	Net (expense) / revenue											
	Governmental activities	\$	(10,907,206)\$	(23,958,856)\$	(6,404,461)\$	(13,166,345)\$	(22,014,828)\$	(22,641,869)\$	(26,762,832)\$	(25,020,710)\$	(23,907,671)\$	(28,157,988)
Total primary government net expense $\frac{(10,247,482)}{(22,793,804)}$ $\frac{(22,793,804)}{(22,793,804)}$ $\frac{(23,594,525)}{(23,523,181)}$ $\frac{(20,931,063)}{(20,931,063)}$ $\frac{(28,738,215)}{(26,252,264)}$ $\frac{(25,259,058)}{(25,259,058)}$ $\frac{(29,426,850)}{(29,426,850)}$	Business-type activities	_										
	Total primary government net expense	\$	(10,247,482)\$	(22,793,804)\$	(5,215,851) \$	(13,894,525)\$	(22,523,181) \$	(20,931,063)\$	(28,738,215) \$	(26,252,264)\$	(25,259,058)\$	(29,426,850)

Changes in Net Assets Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	_	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Assets Governmental activities:											
General property taxes	\$	9.427.227 \$	11.685.962 \$	12.621.512 \$	13.568.389 \$	14,454,855 \$	15,379,778 \$	17.077.378 \$	17.510.800 \$	17.661.294 \$	18.576.128
Local sales and use taxes	Ψ	883,908	947,874	1,030,237	1,103,560	1,185,968	1,253,579	1,224,072	1,298,856	1,323,482	1,343,016
Communication sales taxes		-	-	1,000,207	-	-	1,200,070	450,124	403,435	-	-
Consumer utility taxes		322,347	306,359	324,936	334,509	372,235	301,276	229,585	238,428	245,177	246,993
Business license taxes		840,367	881,947	1,044,156	1,052,792	1,171,729	1,209,143	1,203,024	1,335,986	1,474,826	1,450,388
Motor vehicle licenses		374,152	395,760	426,854	456,906	483,352	446,312	493,466	522,202	509,925	552,436
Recordation taxes		117,575	173,998	241,285	485,706	741,770	607,113	434,099	290,079	275,511	231,589
Meals tax		438,032	457,174	520,961	640,118	635,687	674,535	702,153	752,391	769,662	793,459
E-911 taxes		217,788	219,806	223,770	227,575	230,387	200,141	-	-	-	-
Other local taxes		199,060	246,301	336,802	416,180	450,673	522,896	575,123	815,105	853,751	802,920
Grants and contributions not restricted											
to specific programs		-	1,957,494	2,184,442	2,365,848	2,637,595	2,458,363	2,316,124	2,337,588	2,718,175	2,682,408
Unrestricted revenues from use of											
money and property		621,796	626,202	399,015	1,341,213	2,653,602	3,980,793	3,160,698	1,515,653	802,389	469,926
Miscellaneous		166,487	126,611	860,599	390,189	427,254	557,181	2,470,865	899,705	405,413	202,740
Transfers	_			(706,477)	(1,678,298)	(1,699,783)	(1,108,173)	(569,857)	(455,885)	(365,507)	(328,214)
Total governmental activities	\$	13,608,739 \$	18,025,488 \$	19,508,092 \$	20,704,687 \$	23,745,324 \$	26,482,937 \$	29,766,854 \$	27,464,343 \$	26,674,098 \$	27,023,789
Business-type activities:											
Unrestricted revenues from use of											
money and property	\$	- \$	- \$	99,431 \$	166,945 \$	111,979 \$	210,224 \$	133,175 \$	20,904 \$	11,058 \$	4,068
Miscellaneous		-	-	361,451	574,623	1,211,493	1,318,584	1,424,469	525,385	285,501	253,974
Transfers	. —	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	706,477	1,678,298	1,699,783	1,108,173	569,857	455,885	365,507	328,214
Total business-type activities	\$_	- \$	- \$	1,167,359 \$	2,419,866 \$	3,023,255 \$	2,636,981 \$	2,127,501 \$	1,002,174 \$	662,066 \$	586,256
Total primary government	\$_	13,608,739 \$	18,025,488 \$	20,675,451 \$	23,124,553 \$	26,768,579 \$	29,119,918 \$	31,894,355 \$	28,466,517 \$	27,336,164 \$	27,610,045
Change in Net Assets											
Governmental activities	\$	2,701,533 \$	(5,933,368)\$	13,103,631 \$	7,538,342 \$	1,730,496 \$	3,841,068 \$	3,004,022 \$	2,443,633 \$	2,766,427 \$	(1,134,199)
Business-type activities		659,724	1,165,052	2,355,969	1,691,686	2,514,902	4,347,787	152,118	(229,380)	(689,321)	(682,606)
Total primary government	\$	3,361,257 \$	(4,768,316) \$	15,459,600 \$	9,230,028 \$	4,245,398 \$	8,188,855 \$	3,156,140 \$	2,214,253 \$	2,077,106 \$	(1,816,805)

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	 2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
General Fund					
Reserved	\$ 252,734 \$	1,381,447 \$	1,703,385 \$	1,450,717 \$	1,261,813
Unreserved	11,108,069	12,532,709	13,755,238	19,059,078	17,619,894
Restricted	-	-	-	-	-
Committed	-	-	-	-	-
Assigned	-	-	-	-	-
Unassigned	-	-	-	-	-
Total General Fund	\$ 11,360,803 \$	13,914,156 \$	15,458,623 \$	20,509,795 \$	18,881,707
All other Governmental Funds					
Reserved for capital projects	\$ 16,138,304 \$	6,323,709 \$	17,196,042 \$	53,871,288 \$	53,852,195
Reserved for natatorium	-	-	-	-	-
Reserved for library operations	715,836	719,816	1,149,272	1,086,385	1,073,649
Reserved for wireless authority operations	-	-	-	-	-
Unreserved - capital projects fund					
Nonspendable	-	-	-	-	-
Restricted	-	-	-	-	-
Committed	-	-	-	-	-
Assigned	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 16,854,140 \$	7,043,525 \$	18,345,314 \$	54,957,673 \$	54,925,844

Table 3

_	2007	2008	-	2009	-	2010	•	2011
\$	1,113,229	\$ 1,135,777	\$	1,154,693	\$	1,150,043	\$	-
	18,312,583	20,434,481		22,317,265		25,603,932		-
	-	-		-		-		1,401,766
	-	-		-		-		695,197
	-	-		-		-		6,050,000
_					_			17,189,811
\$_	19,425,812	\$ 21,570,258	\$	23,471,958	\$	26,753,975	\$	25,336,774
\$	51,546,624	\$ 15,228,296	\$	18,379,524	\$	13,737,529	\$	-
	-	2,200,000		2,200,000		2,200,000		-
	1,078,067	768,694		810,644		830,362		-
	-	560,243		265,008		239,552		-
		12,298,990		20,299,755		18,939,413		-
	-	-		-		-		700,000
	-	-		-		-		14,093,832
	-	-		-		-		5,109,150
					_			10,202,302
\$	52,624,691	\$ 31,056,223	\$	41,954,931	\$	35,946,856	\$	30,105,284

Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

		2002	_	2003	_	2004	_	2005
Revenues: General property taxes Other local taxes Permits, privilege fees and regulatory	\$	9,561,119 3,393,229	\$	11,644,240 3,629,219	\$	12,391,790 4,149,001	\$	13,555,599 4,717,346
licenses Fines and forfeitures Revenue from use of money and property Charges for services Miscellaneous		7,289,227 131,065 621,796 217,982 166,487 178,815		7,866,325 187,635 626,202 259,739 126,611		7,553,367 193,299 399,015 243,307 860,599 129,953		7,437,075 292,217 1,341,213 271,847 260,832 159,314
Recovered costs Intergovernmental: School Board Commonwealth Federal		3,918,268 784,521		170,027 4,099,294 804,072	. <u>-</u>	4,669,116 1,008,321		141,685 4,858,819 1,033,529
Total revenues	\$	26,262,509	\$_	29,413,364	\$_	31,597,768	\$_	34,069,476
Expenditures: General government administration Judicial administration Public safety Public works Health and welfare Education Parks, recreation, and cultural Community development Capital outlays and projects Debt service: Principal retirement	\$	1,540,980 571,430 3,563,653 599,590 1,654,251 7,677,143 772,020 773,992 1,821,680	\$	1,526,946 523,670 3,826,071 761,308 2,077,203 21,190,220 928,529 864,064 2,097,260 1,230,829	\$	1,691,011 631,216 4,552,953 724,495 2,462,346 8,850,378 952,483 898,036 2,737,547	\$	2,432,055 684,282 7,697,855 947,689 2,670,886 12,464,331 1,238,568 1,021,505
Interest and other fiscal charges  Total expenditures	 \$	1,106,426 21,326,685	\$	782,048 35,808,148	\$	882,588 25,545,036	\$	889,860 31,166,831
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	\$	4,935,824	\$_	(6,394,784)	\$_	6,052,732	\$_	2,902,645
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in Transfers (out) Sale of property Premium on bonds issued Early retirement of indebtedness	\$	240,015 (823,380) - -		279,900 (1,142,378) - -	\$	1,583,277 (2,289,754) - -	\$	3,077,927 (4,756,225) 145,561 444,067
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent Long-term debt issued	_	-		-		7,500,000	_	(2,641,444) 42,491,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	(583,365)	\$_	(862,478)	\$_	6,793,523	\$_	38,760,886
Net changes in fund balances	\$	4,352,459	\$_	(7,257,262)	\$_	12,846,255	\$_	41,663,531
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	_	12.17%	: <u>-</u>	9.50%	: <u>-</u>	9.02%	: =	8.19%

		2027		2000	0010	
_	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
\$	14,424,491 \$ 5,271,801	15,174,874 \$ 5,214,995	17,092,704 \$ 5,311,646	17,381,006 \$ 5,656,482	17,776,623 \$ 5,452,334	18,354,709 5,420,801
	7,563,053 332,871 2,653,602 372,406 427,254 177,900	7,301,776 300,583 3,980,793 396,444 557,181	7,936,085 236,338 3,160,698 441,050 2,470,865 175,200	7,112,084 255,499 1,515,653 410,123 899,705	7,424,894 257,999 802,389 460,555 405,413 175,000	6,947,613 237,714 469,926 509,685 202,740
_	- 6,758,941 1,367,429	5,642,960 1,495,401	- 6,414,676 984,460	226,971 5,740,816 969,895	- 6,231,998 1,089,059	5,878,173 979,399
\$_	39,349,748 \$	40,065,007 \$	44,223,722 \$	40,168,234 \$	840,076,264\$	39,000,760
\$	2,413,529 \$ 818,117 7,049,962 982,312 3,285,612 11,919,739 1,149,277 5,887,223	3,834,032 \$ 1,025,967 11,176,769 1,594,220 3,518,011 22,034,801 1,216,147 1,519,877	3,994,241 \$ 1,086,764 7,903,243 1,685,536 3,530,265 36,189,527 1,885,728 1,391,591	2,898,289 \$ 1,127,473 8,349,727 1,779,055 4,001,766 16,985,114 1,717,251 1,666,723	2,766,421 \$ 1,087,706 12,618,491 1,255,124 4,382,789 11,040,558 1,265,906 1,414,185	2,425,229 1,027,700 11,981,523 2,587,135 4,100,525 14,317,559 1,369,021 1,284,213
	1,194,852 2,666,216	1,959,618 2,721,295	2,401,440 2,957,614	2,685,742 3,195,197	3,054,211 3,551,424	2,713,288 3,500,026
\$_	37,366,839 \$	50,600,737 \$	63,025,949 \$	44,406,337 \$	<u>42,436,815</u> \$	45,306,219
\$_	1,982,909 \$	(10,535,730) \$	(18,802,227) \$	(4,238,103) \$	(2,360,551) \$_	(6,305,459)
\$	1,568,980 \$ (3,268,763)	2,823,173 \$ (3,931,346)	4,969,447 \$ (5,539,304)	5,763,828 \$ (6,219,713)	6,636,320 \$ (7,001,827)	5,792,544 (6,120,758)
	- (7,500,000) (855,000)	- - -	343,349 (7,500,000)	181,528 - (4,465,250)	- - -	(2,781,000) -
	6,411,957	9,886,855	7,104,713	21,778,118		2,155,900
\$_	(3,642,826) \$	8,778,682 \$	(621,795) \$	17,038,511 \$	(365,507) \$	(953,314)
\$_	(1,659,917) \$	(1,757,048)	(19,424,022) \$	12,800,408 \$	\$ (2,726,058)	(7,258,773)
_	10.79%	13.45%	13.06%	15.89%	18.42%	15.92%



Assessed Value of Taxable Property (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Real Estate	Direct Tax Rate	Personal Property	Direct Tax Rate	Machinery and Tools	Public Service	Total Direct Tax Rate	Total
2001-02 \$	855,894,803 \$	0.75 \$	104,253,943 \$	3.10 \$	37,680,535 \$	44,177,050 \$	1.00 \$	1,042,006,331
2002-03	1,041,571,270	0.72	112,915,457	3.10	4,020,860	304,800,899	0.95	1,463,308,486
2003-04	1,120,896,350	0.72	118,008,072	3.10	3,753,075	288,954,628	0.95	1,531,612,125
2004-05	1,198,174,927	0.77	134,469,239	3.10	3,595,430	253,830,593	1.01	1,590,070,189
2005-06	1,820,476,337	0.40	156,703,285	3.10	4,620,563	220,026,033	0.61	2,201,826,217
2006-07	2,483,222,617	0.44	172,034,078	3.20	5,237,203	280,508,276	0.62	2,941,002,174
2007-08	2,624,082,696	0.45	183,542,127	3.20	5,200,413	261,852,310	0.63	3,074,677,546
2008-09	2,722,995,335	0.45	174,355,891	3.20	5,718,355	230,164,658	0.62	3,133,234,239
2009-10	2,503,071,252	0.50	184,490,385	3.20	5,772,695	265,869,660	0.69	2,959,203,992
2010-11	2,542,929,212	0.50	191,595,390	3.20	6,905,855	295,535,384	0.70	3,036,965,841

<sup>(1) 100%</sup> fair market value.

Property Tax Rates (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Years	 Real Estate First Half	 Real Estate Second Half	 Personal Property	 Farm Machinery and Tools	 Machinery and Tools	 Mobile Homes First Half	 Mobile Homes Second Half
2001-02	\$ 0.75	\$ 0.75	\$ 3.10	\$ 1.00	\$ 2.50	\$ 0.75	\$ 0.72
2002-03	0.72	0.72	3.10	1.00	2.50	0.72	0.77
2003-04	0.77	0.72	3.10	-	2.50	0.77	0.72
2004-05	0.77	0.77	3.10	-	2.50	0.77	0.77
2005-06	0.77	0.40	3.10	-	2.50	0.77	0.40
2006-07	0.40	0.44	3.20	-	2.50	0.40	0.44
2007-08	0.44	0.45	3.20	-	2.50	0.44	0.45
2008-09	0.45	0.45	3.20	-	2.50	0.45	0.45
2009-10	0.45	0.50	3.20	-	2.50	0.45	0.50
2010-11	0.50	0.50	3.20	-	2.50	0.50	0.50

<sup>(1)</sup> Per \$100 of assessed value.

Principal Taxpayers
Current Year and Nine Years Prior

			Fiscal Ye	ar 2011
Taxpayer	 Taxes Paid	_	Assessed Valuation	% of Total Assessed Valuation
Birchwood Power Partners, LP	\$ 1,169,256	\$	233,851,212	8.27%
Virginia Electric & Power Company	137,421		27,484,286	0.97%
Verizon South, Inc.	83,904		16,780,812	0.59%
Birchwood Power Partners, LLC	80,753		16,150,600	0.57%
Hilliard & Bartko	48,080		9,616,000	0.34%
Monmouth Woods Associates	46,186		9,237,100	0.33%
Payne Street, LLC	44,187		8,837,428	0.31%
Dahlgren Office Building, LLC	37,695		7,539,000	0.27%
Northern Neck Electric Cooperative	37,198		7,439,518	0.26%
Sierrra Ridge Properties	 34,839	_	6,967,800	0.25%
TOTAL	\$ 1,719,519	\$_	343,903,756	12.16%

Source - Commissioner of the Revenue

Note: Principal taxpayers for the period nine years prior is unavailable.

Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Total (1) Tax Levy		Current Tax (1)(4) Collections		Percent of Levy Collected	_	Delinquent (1) Tax (2) Collections
2001-02	\$	11,054,691	\$	10,752,105	97.26	% \$	287,335
2002-03		13,414,768		12,932,809	96.41	%	231,664
2003-04		14,431,070		13,909,897	96.39	%	268,162
2004-05		15,673,264		15,195,623	96.95	%	461,526
2005-06		16,478,637		16,138,236	97.93	%	340,401
2006-07		17,388,433		16,720,812	96.16	%	386,797
2007-08		19,108,607		18,539,554	97.029	%	569,053
2008-09		19,303,194		18,775,585	97.27	%	527,609
2009-10		19,468,250		19,055,429	97.88	%	272,037
2010-11		20,270,753		19,769,446	97.539	%	-

<sup>(1)</sup> Exclusive of penalties and interest.

<sup>(2)</sup> Does not include land redemptions.

<sup>(3)</sup> Includes three years taxes.

<sup>(4)</sup> Includes revenue from the Commonwealth for Personal Property Tax Relief Act.

Table 8

Total Tax Collections		Percent of Total Tax Collections to Tax Levy	_	Outstanding Delinquent Taxes (1)(3)	Percent of Delinquent Taxes to Tax Levy		
\$	11,039,440	99.86%	\$	905,910	8.19%		
	13,164,155	98.13%		918,312	6.85%		
	14,178,059	98.25%		1,014,078	7.03%		
	15,657,149	99.90%		1,103,844	7.04%		
	16,478,637	100.00%		1,131,343	6.87%		
	17,107,609	98.38%		1,611,078	9.27%		
	19,108,607	100.00%		1,737,848	9.09%		
	19,303,194	100.00%		1,798,362	9.32%		
	19,327,466	99.28%		1,743,426	8.96%		
	19,769,446	97.53%		1,691,138	8.34%		

Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

	_	Governmental Activities						Business-Type Activities				
Fiscal Year	_	General Obligation Bonds	_	State Literary Loans		Capital Leases		Virginia Water Facilities Loan	_	Revenue Bonds	_	Notes Payable
2001-02	\$	10,560,000	\$	4,518,800	\$	277,591	\$	965,257	\$	15,132,074	\$	-
2002-03		9,715,000		4,224,000		213,481		867,825		18,730,000		1,000,000
2003-04		8,945,000		3,929,200		7,645,371		766,457		20,495,986		948,165
2004-05		40,636,000		3,634,400		15,073,052		660,993		20,068,450		496,099
2005-06		45,365,957		3,339,600		7,500,000		551,269		19,627,374		725,198
2006-07		53,357,853		3,044,800		7,730,141		437,112		23,203,178		680,381
2007-08		58,432,640		2,750,000		153,427		318,343		22,569,525		635,564
2008-09		73,386,480		2,500,000		76,713		194,775		24,219,604		590,749
2009-10		71,004,232		2,250,000		-		66,215		24,523,982		545,932
2010-11		67,915,844		2,000,000		-		-		24,258,029		501,115

Note: Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

<sup>(1)</sup> See the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics - Table 13.

_	Total Primary Government	_	Per Capita Personal Income (1)	Percentage of Personal Income	Population (1)	_	Per Capita
\$	31,453,722	\$	31,196	5.90%	17,088	\$	1,841
	34,750,306		N/A	N/A	17,657		1,968
	42,730,179		N/A	N/A	18,213		2,346
	80,568,994		30,425	13.68%	19,355		4,163
	77,109,398		31,338	11.92%	20,637		3,736
	88,453,465		33,778	12.02%	21,780		4,061
	84,859,499		33,778	11.31%	22,205		3,822
	100,968,321		33,778	12.90%	23,170		4,358
	98,390,361		33,690	12.22%	23,891		4,118
	94,674,988		33,690	11.92%	23,584		4,014

Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net General Obligation Bonded Debt per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Population (1)	Assessed Value (2)	Gross Bonded Debt	Less: Amounts Reserved for Debt Service	Total	Percentage of Estimated Actual Taxable Value of Property	Per Capita
2001-02	17,088 \$	1,042,006,331 \$	15,078,800 \$	- \$	15,078,800	1.45% \$	882
2002-03	17,657	1,463,308,486	13,939,000	-	13,939,000	0.95%	789
2003-04	18,213	1,531,612,125	12,874,200	-	12,874,200	0.84%	707
2004-05	19,355	1,590,070,189	44,270,400	1,090,604	43,179,796	2.72%	2,231
2005-06	20,637	2,201,826,217	48,705,557	1,095,309	47,610,248	2.16%	2,307
2006-07	21,780	2,941,002,174	56,402,653	1,113,229	55,289,424	1.88%	2,539
2007-08	22,205	3,074,677,546	61,182,640	1,135,777	60,046,863	1.95%	2,704
2008-09	23,170	3,133,234,239	75,886,480	1,154,693	74,731,787	2.39%	3,225
2009-10	23,891	2,959,203,992	73,254,232	1,150,043	72,104,189	2.44%	3,018
2010-11	23,584	3,036,965,841	69,915,844	1,149,880	68,765,964	2.26%	2,916

#### Sources:

- (1) Population data can be found in the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics Table 13.
- (2) See the Schedule of Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Table 5.
- (3) Includes all long-term general obligation bonded debt, Literary Fund Loans, and excludes revenue bonds, capital leases, and compensated absences.

Computation of Direct and Overlapping Bonded Debt At June 30, 2011

Direct: (1)

County of King George \$ 68,765,964 100% \$ 68,765,964

The County of King George has no overlapping debt.

Pledged-Revenue Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal		Water and Sewer Charges	Less: Operating	Net Available	Debt Se	rvice	
Year	-	and Other	Expenses	Revenue	Principal	Interest	Coverage
2001-02	\$	2,050,609 \$	1,557,588 \$	493,021 \$	93,649 \$	41,428	3.65
2002-03		2,413,565	1,669,250	744,315	342,432	364,531	1.05
2003-04		3,008,576	2,456,146	552,430	451,368	926,310	0.40
2004-05		2,692,011	2,637,057	54,954	894,483	1,030,308	0.03
2005-06		3,823,051	3,021,332	801,719	821,701	1,005,324	0.44
2006-07		4,416,131	3,539,727	876,404	613,170	1,065,683	0.52
2007-08		4,821,130	3,039,040	1,782,090	797,239	1,135,260	0.92
2008-09		4,254,480	2,841,873	1,412,607	743,001	1,167,279	0.74
2009-10		3,957,585	2,836,695	1,120,890	233,377	1,011,166	0.90
2010-11		3,953,488	2,674,520	1,278,968	120,985	1,164,087	1.00

Note: Details regarding the government's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Water and Sewer charges and other includes investment earnings. Operating expenses do not include interest expense or depreciation and amortization.

Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Population	Unemployment Rate	Per Cap Person Income	al	Total Personal Income	Student Enrollment
2001-02	17,088	2.10	\$ 31,	196 \$	533,077,248	3,107
2002-03	17,657	2.60		N/A	N/A	3,235
2003-04	18,213	2.20		N/A	N/A	3,356
2004-05	19,355	2.90	30,	425	588,875,875	3,372
2005-06	20,637	2.80	31,	338	646,722,306	3,825
2006-07	21,780	3.31	33,	778	735,684,840	3,801
2007-08	22,205	5.30	33,	778	750,040,490	3,982
2008-09	23,170	7.90	33,	778	782,636,260	4,066
2009-10	23,891	8.30	33,	690	804,887,790	4,129
2010-11	23,584	7.30	33,	690	794,544,960	4,228

NA - Not available

Sources: www.fedstats.gov, Department of Education, Weldon Cooper Center for Public Service, VEC

Principal Employers
Current Year and Nine Years Prior

	Fiscal Year 2011 (2)		Percentage of Total		
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank
U.S. Department of Defense	3,270	1	34.08%	1000 and over	1
King George County Public School Board	672	2	7.00%	250 to 499	2
Northrup Grumman(formerly TRW)	303	3	3.30%	-	-
King George County Government	265	4	2.76%	100 to 249	10
EG & G, Inc.	281	5	2.93%	100 to 249	5
Bowhead Information Tech Inc.	176	6	1.83%	-	-
Marconi Technology	203	7	2.12%	100 to 249	3
Integrated Microcomputer System, Lockeed Martin	253	8	2.64%	-	-
Solutions Development Corporation	N/A	9	N/A	-	-
General Dynamics Inc (formerly Anteon)	149	10	N/A	-	-
Village Farms of Virginia Inc.	-	-	N/A	100 to 249	7
Syscon Corporation	-	-	N/A	100 to 249	9
White Packing Company	-	-	N/A	100 to 249	6
Computer Sciences Corporation	-	-	N/A	100 to 249	4
Synetics	-	-	N/A	100 to 249	8

Source: Virginia Employment Commission

<sup>(1)</sup> For fiscal year 2002 only ranges were available from the Virginia Employment Commission.

<sup>(2)</sup> These numbers have not been verified by VEC - the VEC is precluded from disclosing the actual number of employees per the Confidential Information Protection and Statistical Efficiency Act

Full-time Equivalent County Government Employees by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
General government	21	29	27	31	30	29	29	29	29	29
Judicial administration	7	7	8	9	10	13	12	12	12	12
Public safety										
Sheriffs department	34	36	36	39	38	43	43	43	43	43
Fire & rescue	5	9	14	17	20	21	25	25	25	25
Animal control	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Public works										
General maintenance	25	6	3	5	9	9	9	9	9	11
Landfill	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	3
Engineering	-	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Health and welfare										
Department of social services	-	-	-	13	14	14	16	16	16	16
Culture and recreation										
Parks and recreation	6	7	7	8	4	4	4	4	4	4
Library	-	3	3	3	3	4	4	4	4	4
Community development										
Planning	5	7	9	9	10	11	11	11	11	11
Totals	108	111	114	141	144	155	160	160	160	162

Source: Individual county departments

Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Public safety										
Sheriffs department:										
Physical arrests	854	1,341	2,129	1,410	908	892	652	601	856	1,313
Traffic violations	1,975	2,354	2,882	3,744	5,418	3,093	3,038	3,172	3,847	2,724
Civil papers	7,097	7,077	7,125	6,994	7,713	7,940	7,914	7,800	8,146	8,051
Fire and rescue:										
Number of calls answered	N/A	N/A	1,668	2,828	3,188	3,256	3,291	3,005	2,782	2,921
Building inspections:										
Permits issued	190	242	385	388	484	340	160	78	83	64
Animal control:										
Number of calls answered	869	850	776	636	452	488	705	636	974	1039
Public works										
General maintenance:										
Trucks/vehicles	12	12	12	12	12	3	3	3	3	3
Component Unit - School Board										
Education:										
School age population	3,050	3,163	3,400	3,524	3,830	3,791	3,882	3,997	4,029	4,075
Number of teachers	N/A	260	255	257	257	283	285	279	282	283
Local expenditures per pupil	6,845	7,107	7,178	7,084	7,529	7,823	9,281	8,585	8,438	7,465
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Source: Individual county departments

N/A - Information not available

Capital Asset Statistics by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	
General government											
Administration buildings	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Vehicles	_	_	_	_	_	1	1	1	1		
Public safety											
Sheriff's department:											
Patrol units	15	21	28	29	29	29	31	36	36	32	
Other vehicles	4	4	6	7	7	7	7	7	8	8	
Building inspections:											
Vehicles	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	
Animal control:											
Vehicles	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Public works											
General maintenance:											
Trucks/vehicles	12	12	12	12	12	3	3	3	3	4	
Landfill:											
Vehicles	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	
Equipment	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Sites	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	
Health and welfare											
Department of Social Services:											
Vehicles	5	5	5	5	5	6	6	6	6	6	
Culture and recreation											
Parks and recreation:											
Community centers	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Vehicles	10	10	10	10	10	6	6	6	6	6	
Parks acreage	159.93	159.93	159.93	159.93	159.93	159.93	159.93	159.63	159.63	159.93	
Community development											
Planning:											
Vehicles	4	4	5	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	
Component Unit - School Board											
Education:											
Schools	7	7	7	8	8	8	8	10	10	17	
School buses	56	57	62	64	67	58	65	71	74	60	

Source: Individual county departments



# ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

# Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

# To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of King George, Virginia

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of King George, Virginia as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011, which collectively comprise the County of King George, Virginia's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 15, 2011. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns* issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

# **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the County of King George, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of King George, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of King George, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the County's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

# **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County of King George, Virginia's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Supervisors, management, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Robinson, Farmer, Cox Associates Fredericksburg, Virginia November 15, 2011

# ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements that Could Have a Direct and Material Effect on Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of King George, Virginia

## **Compliance**

We have audited the County of King George, Virginia's Compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2011. The County of King George, Virginia's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the County of King George, Virginia's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the County of King George, Virginia's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County of King George, Virginia's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the County of King George, Virginia complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2011.

### **Internal Control Over Compliance**

The management of the County of King George, Virginia is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the County of King George, Virginia's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Supervisors, management, others within the entity, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Robinson, Farmer, Cox Associates Fredericksburg, Virginia November 15, 2011

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards - Primary Government and Discretely Presented Component Unit Year Ended June 30, 2011

Federal Grantor/Pass - Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number		Federal Expenditures
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:				
DEPARTMENT OF CRIMINAL JUSTICE:				
<u>Direct payments:</u> Second chance act prisoner reentry initiative	16.812	N/A	\$	14,336
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION:			•	
Pass through payments:  Department of Emergency Services: Interagency hazardous materials public sector training and planning grants Virginia Department of Rail and Public Transportation:	20.703	77501-52600	\$	20,000
Alcohol impaired driving countermeasures incentive grants I  State and community highway safety program	20.601 20.600	60507-51329 60507-50161		6,708 8,157
Total Department of Transportation			\$	34,865
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY:			٠.	
Pass through payments:				
Department of Emergency Services: State homeland security program	97.073	77501-52707	\$	19,900
Disaster grants public assistance (presidentially declared disasters)	97.073	77602-40040	φ	25,519
Emergency management performance grants	97.042	77501-52740		12,820
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security			\$	58,239
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE:  Pass Through Payments:  Department of Social Services:				
State administrative matching grants for the supplemental nutrition assistance program  ARRA - state administrative matching grants for the supplemental nutrition	10.561	0010111/0010110	\$	166,893
assistance program	10.561	0040111/0040110		7,463
Total Department of Agriculture			\$	174,356
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES:			•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Pass Through Payments: State Board of Elections:				
Voting access for individuals with disabilities - grants to states Department of Social Services: CCDF Cluster:	93.617	72320-40040	\$	3,158
Child care and development block grant	93.575	770110	\$	101,302
Child care mandatory and matching funds of the child care and development fund	93.596	0760111/0760110		68,915
ARRA - child care and development block grant Total CCDF Cluster	93.713	0740109/0780109	\$	11,324 181,541
Foster care-title IV-E	93.658	1100111/1100110	\$	125,022
ARRA - foster care-title IV-E	93.658	1100111/1100110	¢.	6,149
Total 93.658			\$	131,171
Adoption assistance ARRA - adoption assistance	93.659 93.659	1120111/1120110	\$	49,428 3,518
Total 93.659	93.039	1120111/1120110	\$	52,946
Chafee education and training vouchers program	93.599	9160111	\$	838
Promoting safe and stable families	93.556	0950111/0950110	Ψ	20,545
Temporary assistance for needy families	93.558	0400111/0400110		112,343
Refugee and entrant assistance - state administered programs	93.566	0500111/0500110		377
Low-income home energy assistance Social services block grant	93.568 93.667	0600411/0600410 1000111/1000110		8,843 74,569
Stephanie Tubbs Jones child welfare services program	93.645	0900111/0900110		403
Chafee foster care independence program	93.674	9150111/9150110		4,764
Children's health insurance program  Medical assistance program	93.767 93.778	0540111/0540110 1200111/1200110		5,332 100,773
	33.110	1200111/1200110	ф.	
Total Primary Government			\$ \$	697,603
Total Primary Government			φ	979,399

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards - Primary Government and Discretely Presented Component Unit Year Ended June 30, 2011 (Continued)

Federal Grantor/Pass - Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
COMPONENT UNIT-SCHOOL BOARD:			
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE:  Pass through payments: Child Nutrition Cluster: Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services:			
Food distribution Department of Education:	10.555	10.555/2010/2011	\$ 87,268
National school lunch program Total 10.555	10.555	10.555/2010/2011	\$ 425,523 \$ 512,791
National school breakfast program	10.553	10.553/2010/2011	\$ 97,558
Total Department of Agriculture			\$ 610,349
DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE:  Direct payments:  ROTC Instruction	12.000	N/A	\$ 68,337
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION: Direct payments:	12.000	1477	<u> </u>
Impact aid Pass through payments: The College of William and Mary:	84.041	N/A	\$
ARRA - education for homeless children and youth	84.387	G048ARRA	\$4,920
Department of Education: Title I, Part A Cluster: Title I grants to local educational agencies	84.010	S010A090046/	\$ 634,816
ARRA - Title I grants to local educational agencies	84.389	S010A080046/ S010A100046 S389A090046	158,739
Total Title I, Part A Cluster	04.000	3309A090040	\$ 793,555
Special Education Cluster (IDEA): Special education - grants to states	84.027	H027A090107/ H027A080107/	\$ 778,635
Special education - preschool grants	84.173	H027A100107 H173A090112/ H173A100112	21,449
ARRA - special education - grants to states	84.391	H391A090107	459,577
ARRA - special education - preschool grants Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)	84.392	H392A090112	\$ 10,411 \$ 1,270,072
Education technology state grants	84.318	S318X090046/ S318X080046/ S318X100046	\$ 7,866
Safe and drug-free schools and communities - state grants	84.186	Q186A090048/ Q186A080048	462
School improvement grant	84.377	S377A080047	26,512
ARRA - state fiscal stabilization fund - education state grants, recovery act Improving teacher quality state grants	84.394 84.367	S394A090047 S367A090044/ S367A100044	455,613 100,002
Career and technical education - basic grants to states	84.048	V048A100046	41,132
Total Department of Education			\$ 2,779,898
Total Component Unit School Board			\$ 3,458,584
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 4,437,983
See accompanying notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.			

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For Year Ended June 30, 2011

#### Note 1 - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal grant activity of the County of King George, Virginia under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2011. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the County of King George, Virginia, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of the County of King George, Virginia.

#### Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

- (1) Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in OMB Circular A-87, *Cost Principles for State*, *Local*, *and Indian Tribal Governments*, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.
- (2) Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

#### Note 3 - Relationship to Financial Statements

Federal expenditures, revenues and capital contributions are reported in the County's basic financial statements as follows:

Intergovernmental federal revenues per the basic financial statements Primary government:	<b>:</b> :	
General Fund	\$	979,399
Component Unit Public Schools:		
School Operating Fund	\$	2,848,235
School Cafeteria Fund		610,349
Total component unit public schools	\$	3,458,584
Total federal expenditures per basic financial		
statements	\$	4,437,983
Total federal expenditures per the Schedule of Expenditures		
of Federal Awards	\$	4,437,983
	-	

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2011

#### Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

#### **Financial Statements**

Type of auditor's report issued:

Unqualified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weaknesses identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

None reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

#### Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

Material weaknesses identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

None reported

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance

for major programs: Unqualified

No

\$300,000

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Circular A-133,

Section .510 (a)?

Identification of major programs:

CFDA # Name of Federal Program or Cluster

84.010/84.389 Title I, part A cluster

84.394 ARRA - state fiscal stabilization fund - education state grants, recovery act

93.575/93.596/93.713 Child Care Cluster

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

#### **Section II - Financial Statement Findings**

There are no financial statement findings to report.

### **Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs**

There are no federal award findings and questioned costs to report.

#### Section IV - Prior Audit Findings

There were no prior year audit findings.