BEDFORD COUNTY Winginia



Annual Financial Report Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2020



ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

DEPARTMENT OF FISCAL MANAGEMENT

TABLE OF CONTENTS

INTRODUCTORY SECTION

Directory of Pr	rincipal Officials	Page
•	Chart	
	FINANCIAL SECTION	
Independent A	Auditor's Report	1
Basic Financia	al Statements	
	-Wide Financial Statements	
Exhibit 1	Statement of Net Position	
Exhibit 2	Statement of Activities	5
Fund Financial		
Exhibit 3	Balance Sheet – Governmental Fund	6
Exhibit 4	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance –	
	Governmental Fund	8
Exhibit 5	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance –	10
F 13146	Budget and Actual – Cash Basis – Governmental Fund	10
Exhibit 6 Exhibit 7	Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds	12
EXIIIDIL /	Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position – Proprietary Funds	12
Exhibit 8	Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds	
Exhibit 9	Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Funds	
	cial Statements	
rvotes to 1 man	ctal Statements	1 /
Required Sup	plementary Information	
Exhibit 10	Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios –	
	Primary Government	78
Exhibit 11	Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios –	
T 1 11 1 10	Schools – Nonprofessional Employees	79
Exhibit 12	Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios –	00
E-1:1:4 12	Primary Government – Length of Service Awards Program Schedules of Pension Contributions	
Exhibit 13 Exhibit 14	Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability –	81
Exhibit 14	VRS Teacher Retirement Plan	82
Exhibit 15	Schedule of Pension Contributions – VRS Teachers Retirement Plan	
Exhibit 16	Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios –	
	Local Plans	84
Exhibit 17	Schedule of OPEB Contributions – Local Plans	
Exhibit 18	Schedule of Employer's Share of Net OPEB Liability – VRS Plans	
Exhibit 19	Schedule of OPEB Contributions – VRS Plans	87
Notes to Requi	red Supplementary Information	88

TABLE OF CONTENTS

			Page
Other Su	ıppler	nentary Information	
Combi	ning S	tatements	
	_	Agency Funds – Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	90
		Agency Funds – Combining Statement of Plauciary Net Tosidon	, 30
EXIII	UIL 21	Net Position and Liabilities	01
		Net Position and Liabilities	91
Discret	telv Pr	esented Component Unit – Bedford County School Board	
		Combining Balance Sheet	93
		Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balan	
		Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balan	
		Budget and Actual – Cash Basis.	
		6	
Supportin			
Schedu	ıle 1	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance –	
		Budget and Actual – Cash Basis – Governmental Fund	
Schedu	ıle 2	Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	105
		STATISTICAL SECTION	
Table 1	Net I	Position by Component	107
Table 2		ges in Net Position	
Table 3		Balances, Governmental Fund	
Table 4		ges in Fund Balances, Governmental Fund	
Table 5		ssed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property	
Table 6		et Property Tax Rates	
Table 7		ipal Real Property Tax Payers	
Table 8		Property Tax Levies and Collections	
Table 9		s of Outstanding Debt by Type	
		s of General Bonded Debt Outstanding	
		ty Debt Policy	
		ographic and Economic Statistics	
		ipal Employers	
		ord County School Board Average Daily Membership	
		ord County School Board Full-Time Equivalent Employees by Type	
Table 16	Bedf	ord County School Board Operating Statistics	124
		COMPLIANCE SECTION	
Independ	lent Aı	aditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance	ce
		atters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance	,,,
		nment Auditing Standards	125
Independ	lent Ai	nditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on	
Interna	l Cont	rol over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	127
Cumaras	, of C	amplianaa Mattaus	120
Summary	y or Co	ompliance Matters	129
Schedule	of Fir	dings and Questioned Costs	130
C	, C -1.	dula of Daion Audit Findings	121
Summary	y Scne	dule of Prior Audit Findings	131

INTRODUCTORY SECTION

COUNTY OF BEDFORD, VIRGINIA DIRECTORY OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

John Sharp, Chairperson Charla Bansley, Vice Chairperson

Tommy Scott Bob Davis
Edgar Tuck Tammy Parker
Mickey Johnson

MEMBERS OF THE COUNTY SCHOOL BOARD

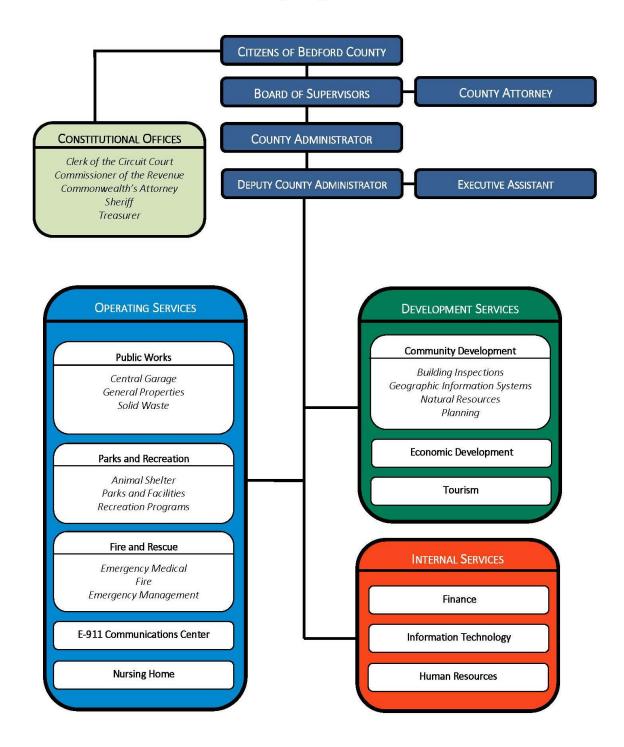
Martin F. Leamy, Chairperson Susan F. Kirby, Vice Chairperson

Dr. Susan C. Mele Dr. John H. Hicks, Jr. Marcus S. Hill Jason W. Johnson Georgia W. Hairston

OTHER OFFICIALS

Robert Hiss	County Administrator
Patrick J. Skelley, II	County Attorney
Ashley Anderson, CPA	Director of Fiscal Management
Dr. Douglas Schuch	Superintendent of Schools
Randy Hagler	Schools Director of Finance
Andrew L. Crawford	Director of Social Services
Judy E. Reynolds	
Wes Nance	Commonwealth's Attorney
Julie Creasy	Commissioner of the Revenue
Kim J. Snow	Treasurer
Michael W. Miller	Sheriff
Barbara I. Gunter	Registrar

Bedford County Organizational Chart



FINANCIAL SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Bedford, Virginia

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Bedford, Virginia (the "County") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties*, *Cities, and Towns* and the *Specifications for Audits of Authorities, Boards, and Commissions*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Report on the Financial Statements (Continued)

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Prior Period Adjustments

As described in Note 23 to the financial statements, the June 30, 2019 net position has been restated to adjust for the County's change in the capital asset capitalization threshold. Our opinion is not modified with respect to the restatement.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted a management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this omitted information.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining statements, discretely presented School Board combining statements, Schedule 1, and the statistical section, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Other Matters (Continued)

Other Information (Continued)

The combining statements, discretely presented School Board combining statements, Schedule 1, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining statements, discretely presented School Board combining statements, Schedule 1, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 13, 2021 on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Brown, Edwards Company, S. L. P.

Lynchburg, Virginia September 13, 2021

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2020

	Primary Government		
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Cash, cash equivalents, and investments	\$ 80,618,743	\$ 16,010,855	\$ 96,629,598
Receivables, net	30,924,066	661,924	31,585,990
Internal balances	(164,872)	164,872	-
Due from other governments	-	-	-
Due from primary government	-	-	-
Prepaids	269,986	63,319	333,305
Inventories	40,675	-	40,675
Restricted assets:	(45(421	27.240	(402 ((0
Cash, cash equivalents, and investments	6,456,421	37,248	6,493,669
Net pension asset	-	-	-
Capital assets:	9 022 704	1 725 467	0.750.171
Nondepreciable	8,033,704	1,725,467	9,759,171
Depreciable, net Total assets	32,773,482 158,952,205	9,051,573 27,715,258	41,825,055 186,667,463
_ 0.000 0.000	130,932,203	27,713,236	180,007,403
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred charge on refunding	2,025,884	-	2,025,884
Deferred outflows related to pensions (Notes 9, 10, 11, and 12)	4,497,452	803,430	5,300,882
Deferred outflows related to other			
postemployment benefits (Notes 13 and 14)	501,131	148,862	649,993
Total deferred outflows of resources	7,024,467	952,292	7,976,759
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	4,899,769	445,159	5,344,928
Accrued payroll and related liabilities	409,816	453,949	863,765
Accrued interest payable	1,495,927	_	1,495,927
Self insurance (Note 17)	-	-	-
Incentives and performance grants payable	-	-	=
Escrow payable	-	-	-
Unearned revenues	6,729,892	374,780	7,104,672
Due to component units	11,208,688	-	11,208,688
Liabilities payable from restricted assets	-	37,248	37,248
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Due within one year (Note 7)	7,645,448	474,538	8,119,986
Due in more than one year	87,747,893	8,037,565	95,785,458
Net pension liability (Notes 9, 10, 11, and 12)	8,585,962	1,062,120	9,648,082
Net other postemployment benefit liability (Notes 13 and 14)	2,110,723	468,863	2,579,586
Total liabilities	130,834,118	11,354,222	142,188,340
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Property taxes	22,570,425	-	22,570,425
Deferred inflows related to pensions (Notes 9, 10, 11, and 12)	914,668	126,182	1,040,850
Deferred inflows related to other			
postemployment benefits (Notes 13 and 14)	228,814	40,315	269,129
Lease income			
Total deferred inflows of resources	23,713,907	166,497	23,880,404
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	39,341,946	10,406,135	49,748,081
Donor requests	_	_	_
Capital projects and debt service Pension	387,285	-	387,285
Unrestricted (deficit)	(28,300,584)	6,740,696	(21,559,888)
Total net position	\$ 11,428,647	\$ 17,146,831	\$ 28,575,478
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The Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

Component Units				
School Board	Public Library	Economic Development Authority	Reclassifications (See Note 1)	Total
\$ 10,609,790 3,512,498	\$ 496,413 20,314	\$ 1,493,343 670,886	\$ <u>-</u>	\$109,229,144 35,789,688
11,206,100	2,588	461,758	- - -	461,758 11,208,688
147,308 184,794	36,177	- 8,660,282	- -	516,790 8,885,751
- 74,805	65,796 174,410	29,230	<u>-</u> -	6,588,695 249,215
23,716,118 114,136,511	- 553,763	3,115,850 1,195,302	<u>-</u> -	36,591,139 157,710,631
163,587,924	1,349,461	15,626,651	-	367,231,499
- 17,984,604	137,056	- -	- -	2,025,884 23,422,542
3,084,437	10,382 147,438			3,744,812 29,193,238
21,000,011	117,100			
2,291,645 11,884,989	47,382 57,293	489,376	- -	8,173,331 12,806,047
80,030	-	-	-	1,575,957
907,326	-	460,000	-	907,326
=	=	460,000	-	460,000
-	_	88,000	-	88,000 7,104,672
_	_	_	-	11,208,688
-	-	-	-	37,248
2,085,596 3,787,627	64,377 37,660	11,841 657,438	- -	10,281,800 100,268,183
81,823,201	-	-	_	91,471,283
15,863,515	53,375	-	-	18,496,476
118,723,929	260,087	1,706,655	-	262,879,011
8,906,093	29,547		<u>-</u>	22,570,425 9,976,490
5,273,803	5,934	-	_	5,548,866
		142,296		142,296
14,179,896	35,481	142,296	-	38,238,077
133,836,321	527,597	4,311,152	(89,981,362)	98,441,789
-	62,165	29,230	-	91,395 387,285
74,805	174,410	- -	- -	249,215
(82,157,986)	437,159	9,437,318	89,981,362	(3,862,035)
\$ 51,753,140	\$ 1,201,331	\$ 13,777,700	\$ -	\$ 95,307,649

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

		Program Revenues		
Function	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions
Primary Government:				
Governmental activities:				
General government	\$ 5,019,953	\$ 595,853	\$ 657,049	\$ -
Judicial administration	2,950,095	86,409	1,385,657	-
Public safety	24,496,837	2,708,587	6,847,364	158,779
Public works	7,347,749	443,415	1,285,729	-
Health and welfare	17,297,660	158,016	10,978,667	-
Education	58,005,165	-	-	-
Parks, recreational, and cultural	3,589,381	83,050	6,862	-
Community development	7,055,199	292,024	1,122,504	-
Interest on long-term debt	3,236,998	-	-	-
Total governmental activities	128,999,037	4,367,354	22,283,832	158,779
Business-type activities:				
Nursing home	7,759,530	7,600,312	-	-
Solid waste	5,181,169	2,624,487	-	-
Total business-type activities	12,940,699	10,224,799	_	-
Total primary government	\$ 141,939,736	\$ 14,592,153	\$ 22,283,832	\$ 158,779
Component Units:				
School Board	\$ 112,878,831	\$ 2,249,445	\$ 27,147,572	\$ -
Public Library	2,035,977	38,940	307,166	-
Economic Development Authority	515,556	-	336,010	111,759
Total component units	\$ 115,430,364	\$ 2,288,385	\$ 27,790,748	\$ 111,759

General Revenues:

Property taxes

Other local taxes

Payments from Bedford County

Noncategorical grants and state and federal aid

Investment earnings, unrestricted

Investment earnings, restricted for capital projects and debt service

Miscellaneous

Transfers

Total general revenues

Change in net position

Net position-beginning, as restated (Note 23)

Net position-ending

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

	Primary Government Component Units					
Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	School Board	Public Library	Economic Development Authority	Total
					•	
4. (2.5(5.051)	ф	4 (2.55,051)	•	ф	•	4 (2.5(5.051)
\$ (3,767,051)	\$ -	\$ (3,767,051)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (3,767,051)
(1,478,029)	-	(1,478,029)	-	-	-	(1,478,029)
(14,782,107)	-	(14,782,107)	-	-	-	(14,782,107)
(5,618,605)	-	(5,618,605)	-	-	-	(5,618,605)
(6,160,977)	-	(6,160,977)	-	-	-	(6,160,977)
(58,005,165)	-	(58,005,165)	-	-	-	(58,005,165)
(3,499,469)	-	(3,499,469)	-	-	-	(3,499,469)
(5,640,671)	-	(5,640,671)	-	-	-	(5,640,671)
(3,236,998)	-	(3,236,998)	=	-	=	(3,236,998)
(102,189,072)	-	(102,189,072)	-	-	-	(102,189,072)
_	(159,218)	(159,218)	_	_	_	(159,218)
_	(2,556,682)	(2,556,682)	_	_	_	(2,556,682)
	(2,715,900)	(2,715,900)				(2,715,900)
(102,189,072)	(2,715,900)	(104,904,972)			_	(104,904,972)
_	-	-	(83,481,814)	-	-	(83,481,814)
_	_	_	-	(1,689,871)	-	(1,689,871)
_	-	_	_	-	(67,787)	(67,787)
-		-	(83,481,814)	(1,689,871)	(67,787)	(85,239,472)
68,428,760	-	68,428,760	-	-	-	68,428,760
14,607,915	-	14,607,915	-	-	-	14,607,915
_	_	_	58,001,379	1,665,616	1,496,275	61,163,270
6,891,910	_	6,891,910	41,518,978	-	-	48,410,888
469,761	102,250	572,011	21,914	2,408	3,864	600,197
387,207	-	387,207	- -	-	- ,	387,207
533,688	215,512	749,200	321,995	18,155	_	1,089,350
(2,051,741)	2,051,741	-	-	-	_	-,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
89,267,500	2,369,503	91,637,003	99,864,266	1,686,179	1,500,139	194,687,587
(12,921,572)	(346,397)	(13,267,969)	16,382,452	(3,692)	1,432,352	4,543,143
24,350,219	17,493,228	41,843,447	35,370,688	1,205,023	12,345,348	90,764,506
\$ 11,428,647	\$ 17,146,831	\$ 28,575,478	\$ 51,753,140	\$ 1,201,331	\$ 13,777,700	\$ 95,307,649

BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUND June 30, 2020

	General Fund		
Assets			
Cash, cash equivalents, and investments	\$	80,618,743	
Receivables, net		30,924,066	
Prepaids		269,986	
Inventories		40,675	
Restricted cash, cash equivalents, and investments		6,456,421	
Total assets	\$	118,309,891	
Liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	4,899,769	
Accrued payroll and related liabilities		409,816	
Due to other funds		164,872	
Due to component units		10,505,857	
Total liabilities		15,980,314	
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Unavailable revenue		33,817,990	
Total deferred inflows of resources		33,817,990	
Fund Balances			
Nonspendable		310,661	
Restricted		4,420,914	
Committed		7,432,663	
Assigned		27,687,939	
Unassigned		28,659,410	
Total fund balances		68,511,587	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	118,309,891	

(Continued)

BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUND June 30, 2020

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:

Total Fund Balance, Governmental Funds		\$ 68,511,587
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Gross capital assets at historical cost	\$ 83,899,303	
Accumulated depreciation	(43,092,117)	40,807,186
Receivables on the statement of net position that do not provide current		
financial resources are not reported in the governmental funds.		4,517,673
Financial statement elements related to pension and other postemployment		
benefits are applicable to future periods, and therefore, are not reported in		
the funds.		
Pension related deferred outflows	4,497,452	
OPEB related deferred outflows	501,131	
Pension related deferred inflows	(914,668)	2.055.101
OPEB related deferred inflows	(228,814)	3,855,101
Other liabilities that are not due and payable in the current period and		
therefore are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds.		
Operating settlement-School Board		(702,831)
Long-term liabilities do not require the use of current financial resources and		
are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Accrued interest payable	(1,495,927)	
General obligation and lease revenue bonds	(80,286,160)	
Premium on debt issued	(7,901,881)	
Deferred charges on refunding	2,025,884	
Equipment leases	(5,284,445)	
Compensated absences	(1,920,855)	
Other post-employment benefits	(2,110,723)	(105 500 000)
Net pension liability	(8,585,962)	(105,560,069)
Net position of Governmental Activities		\$ 11,428,647

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – GOVERNMENTAL FUND Year Ended June 30, 2020

	G	eneral Fund
Revenues		
General property taxes	\$	68,497,980
Other local taxes		14,632,059
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses		540,747
Fines and forfeitures		89,712
Revenue from use of money and property		1,049,371
Charges for services		2,429,251
Other		1,016,225
Recovered costs		626,730
Intergovernmental		28,331,036
Total revenues		117,213,111
Expenditures		
Current operating		
General government administration		4,214,240
Judicial administration		2,421,382
Public safety		22,179,931
Public works		5,244,561
Health and welfare		16,888,732
Education		36,524,702
Parks, recreation, and cultural		3,027,537
Community development		3,519,175
Debt service		
Principal		6,034,618
Interest and other fiscal charges		3,324,295
Capital projects		
Education		21,112,464
Other governmental activities		9,963,795
Total expenditures		134,455,432
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(17,242,321)
Other Financing Sources		
Transfers in		179,826
Transfers out		(2,231,567)
Total other financing sources		(2,051,741)
Net change in fund balance		(19,294,062)
Fund balance, beginning		87,805,649
Fund balance, ending	\$	68,511,587

(Continued)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – GOVERNMENTAL FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Fund to the Statement of Activities:

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Net changes in fund balance – governmental fund		\$ (19,294,062)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period. Capital outlay expenditures that were capitalized Depreciation	\$ 3,989,973 (2,983,006)	1,006,967
The net effect of various transaction involving capital assets (sales, trade		(19,255)
ins) is to decrease net position		
Governmental funds report employer pension contributions as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of pension benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as pension expense.		
Employer pension contributions	1,319,468	(000 400)
Pension expenses	(2,202,950)	(883,482)
Governmental funds report other postemploymnet benefit contributions as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of these benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as other postemployment benefit expense.		
Employer other postemployment benefit contributions	112,134	
Other postemploymnet benefits expense	(523,937)	(411,803)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.		
Debt principal repayment	6,034,618	
Amortization of bond premium on debt issuance Change in accrued interest payable	429,475 (148,784)	
Changes in deferred charges on debt issuance costs and refundings	(193,394)	6,121,915
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		
Changes in unavailable tax revenues Other revenues	(149,472) 1,065,567	916,095
Expenses in the Statement of Activities that do not require the use of current	1,000,007	710,073
financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Changes in operating settlement-School Board	(367,999)	(255.045)
Changes in compensated absences	10,052	(357,947)
Total changes in net position of governmental activities		\$ (12,921,572)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – CASH BASIS – GOVERNMENTAL FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	 Budgeted	l Amo	unts		riance with
	Original		Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Revenues	8			_	8 /
General property taxes	\$ 66,319,500	\$	66,319,500	\$ 68,592,408	\$ 2,272,908
Other local taxes	13,014,870		13,014,870	14,260,336	1,245,466
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses	503,000		503,000	534,831	31,831
Fines and forfeitures	125,000		125,000	101,892	(23,108)
Revenue from use of money and property	503,276		503,395	988,007	484,612
Charges for services	2,360,704		2,360,704	2,367,330	6,626
Miscellaneous	265,000		508,137	978,189	470,052
Recovered costs	1,039,504		1,039,504	561,580	(477,924)
Intergovernmental	24,368,706		36,681,671	35,132,534	(1,549,137)
Total revenues	108,499,560		121,055,781	123,517,107	2,461,326
Expenditures					
Current operating					
General government administration	5,120,908		5,241,834	4,179,741	1,062,093
Judicial administration	2,535,992		2,621,538	2,436,880	184,658
Public safety	20,365,190		25,414,311	21,597,616	3,816,695
Public works	5,370,734		5,469,757	5,171,732	298,025
Health and welfare	15,510,609		17,877,495	16,712,455	1,165,040
Education	1,900		3,791	3,785	6
Parks, recreation, and cultural	3,307,959		3,313,959	3,017,739	296,220
Community development	3,847,591		3,877,242	3,519,174	358,068
Debt service					
Principal	6,034,619		6,034,619	6,034,618	1
Interest and other fiscal charges	3,327,730		3,327,730	3,324,886	2,844
Capital projects					
Education	26,478,763		26,478,763	19,094,554	7,384,209
Other governmental activities	15,131,341		21,542,268	10,022,250	11,520,018
Total expenditures	 107,033,336		121,203,307	95,115,430	26,087,877
Excess of revenues over expenditures	1,466,224		(147,526)	28,401,677	28,549,203
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers from:					
Proprietary fund types	-		186,646	179,826	(6,820)
Transfers to:					
Component units	(36,393,028)		(38,871,875)	(38,793,785)	78,090
Total other financing sources (uses)	(36,393,028)		(38,685,229)	(38,613,959)	71,270
Net change in fund balance	\$ (34,926,804)	\$	(38,832,755)	\$ (10,212,282)	\$ 28,620,473

(Continued)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – CASH BASIS – GOVERNMENTAL FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Explanation of differences between actual amounts on the budgetary basis and GAAP basis

Revenues	
Total Revenues Budgetary Basis (Exhibit 5)	\$ 123,517,107
Tax and other accruals, grant deferrals, and other transfers	 (6,303,996)
Total Revenues GAAP Basis (Exhibit 4)	\$ 117,213,111
Expenditures Total Expenditures Budgetary Basis (Exhibit 5)	\$ 95,115,430
Accounts payable and other accruals	546,217
Transfers to component unit are expenditures for financial reporting purposes.	38,793,785
Total Expenditures GAAP Basis (Exhibit 4)	\$ 134,455,432
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Total Other Financing Sources and Uses Budgetary Basis (Exhibit 5)	\$ (38,613,959)
Transfers to component units are expenditures for financial reporting purposes	 38,793,785
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses GAAP Basis (Exhibit 4)	\$ 179,826

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2020

	Business-Type Activities – Enterprise Funds				
	Nursing Solid				
ACCEPTEC	Home	Waste	Total		
ASSETS Current assets:					
Cash, cash equivalents, and investments	\$ 9,997,858	\$ 6,012,997	\$ 16,010,855		
Receivables, net	595,243	66,681	661,924		
Due from other funds	373,243	164,872	164,872		
Prepaids	55,206	8,113	63,319		
Total current assets	10,648,307	6,252,663	16,900,970		
Noncurrent assets:					
Restricted assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	37,248	-	37,248		
Capital assets, net	3,637,223	7,139,817	10,777,040		
Total noncurrent assets	3,674,471	7,139,817	10,814,288		
Total assets	14,322,778	13,392,480	27,715,258		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred outflows related to pensions	657,153	146,277	803,430		
Deferred outflows related to other postemployment benefits	124,916	23,946	148,862		
Total deferred outflows of resources	782,069	170,223	952,292		
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	86,484	358,675	445,159		
Accrued payroll and related liabilities	309,646	144,303	453,949		
Assets held in agency capacity	37,248	-	37,248		
Unearned revenue	374,780	-	374,780		
Compensated absences	120,498	52,815	173,313		
Capital lease obligations	-	152,863	152,863		
Landfill closure/postclosure		148,362	148,362		
Total current liabilities	928,656	857,018	1,785,674		
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Compensated absences	-	15,468	15,468		
Other post-employment benefits	362,843	106,020	468,863		
Net pension liability	868,842	193,278	1,062,120		
Capital lease obligations	-	218,042	218,042		
Landfill closure/postclosure		7,804,055	7,804,055		
Total noncurrent liabilities	1,231,685	8,336,863	9,568,548		
Total liabilities	2,160,341	9,193,881	11,354,222		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred inflows related to pensions	103,220	22,962	126,182		
Deferred inflows related to other postemployment benefits	30,417	9,898	40,315		
Total deferred inflows of resources	133,637	32,860	166,497		
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	3,637,223	6,768,912	10,406,135		
Unrestricted	9,173,646	(2,432,950)	6,740,696		
Total net position	\$ 12,810,869	\$ 4,335,962	\$ 17,146,831		

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION – PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Business-Type Activities – Enterprise Funds				
	Nursing Home	Solid Waste	Total		
Operating Revenues					
Charges for services	\$ 7,600,312	\$ 2,624,487	\$ 10,224,799		
Other	18,599	193,240	211,839		
Total Operating Revenues	7,618,911		10,436,638		
Operating Expenses					
Personal services	3,709,932	794,465	4,504,397		
Employee benefits	1,397,441	278,724	1,676,165		
Purchased services	864,518	981,607	1,846,125		
Continuous charges	602,014	758,310	1,360,324		
Supplies and materials	705,450	560,885	1,266,335		
Equipment, property, and improvements	164,541	39,775	204,316		
Landfill closure/postclosure	-	775,194	775,194		
Depreciation	315,634	975,702	1,291,336		
Total Operating Expenses	7,759,530	5,164,662	12,924,192		
Operating loss	(140,619	(2,346,935)	(2,487,554)		
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)					
Interest income	82,870	19,380	102,250		
Interest expense	-	(16,507)	(16,507)		
Gain on disposal of capital assets	<u> </u>	3,673	3,673		
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	82,870	6,546	89,416		
Loss before transfers	(57,749	(2,340,389)	(2,398,138)		
Transfers in	-	2,231,567	2,231,567		
Transfers out	(179,826	<u> </u>	(179,826)		
Total	(179,826	2,231,567	2,051,741		
Change in Net Position	(237,575	(108,822)	(346,397)		
Net Position, beginning	13,048,444	4,444,784	17,493,228		
Net Position, ending	\$ 12,810,869	\$ 4,335,962	\$ 17,146,831		

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS – PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Nursing Home	Solid Waste	Total
Operating Activities Receipts from customers Other cash receipts	\$ 7,896,040 18,599	\$ 2,770,814 161,946	\$ 10,666,854 180,545
Payments to employees Payments for employee benefits Payments to suppliers	(3,602,829) (1,182,876) (2,464,204)	(794,465) (139,354) (2,157,900)	(4,397,294) (1,322,230) (4,622,104)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	 664,730	(158,959)	 505,771
Noncapital Financing Activities Transfers from other funds Transfers to other funds Grants received	(179,826) 374,780	2,231,567	2,231,567 (179,826) 374,780
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities	 194,954	 2,231,567	 2,426,521
Capital and Related Financing Activities Acquisition and construction of capital assets Proceeds from sale of capital assets Principal paid on debt Interest paid on debt Net Cash Used in Capital and Related Financing Activities	(114,402) - - - - (114,402)	(1,240,226) 3,673 (147,383) (16,507) (1,400,443)	(1,354,628) 3,673 (147,383) (16,507) (1,514,845)
Investing Activities Interest received	82,870	19,380	 102,250
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	828,152	691,545	1,519,697
Cash and Cash Equivalents Beginning of Year	 9,206,954	5,321,452	14,528,406
Cash and Cash Equivalents End of Year	\$ 10,035,106	\$ 6,012,997	\$ 16,048,103
Reconciliation to Exhibit 6 Cash and Cash Equivalents Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 9,997,858 37,248	\$ 6,012,997	\$ 16,010,855 37,248
	\$ 10,035,106	\$ 6,012,997	\$ 16,048,103

(Continued)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS – PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	-	Nursing Home	Solid Waste		Total	
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities						
Operating Loss	\$	(140,619)	\$	(2,346,935)	\$ (2,487,554)	
Adjustments Not Affecting Cash Depreciation Landfill closure/postclosure		315,634		975,702 775,194	1,291,336 775,194	
(Increase) Decrease in Assets Accounts receivable Due from other funds Prepaids		295,728 - (16,819)		146,327 (31,294) (676)	442,055 (31,294) (17,495)	
(Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows of Resources Pension deferrals Other postemployment benefit deferrals		(247,781) 12,493		(37,999) (1,902)	(285,780) 10,591	
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued expenses Accrued payroll and related liabilities Assets held in agency capacity Compensated absences Other post-employment benefits Net pension liability		(148,712) 107,103 21,031 5,118 46,743 475,730		182,677 96,546 - 5,651 6,156 87,023	33,965 203,649 21,031 10,769 52,899 562,753	
Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows of Resources Pension deferrals Other postemployment benefit deferrals		(62,189) 1,270		(15,515)	 (77,704) 1,356	
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	\$	664,730	\$	(158,959)	\$ 505,771	
Schedule of Noncash Activities Capital asset additions financed by accounts payable	\$	-	\$	9,205	\$ 9,205	

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION – FIDUCIARY FUNDS June 30, 2020

	Agency Funds
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 968,176
Security deposits	900
Receivables, net	20,598
Total assets	\$ 989,674
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	\$ 5,618
Accrued payroll and related liabilities	3,693
Amounts held for clients/others	980,363
Total liabilities	\$ 989,674

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the County have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted primary standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The County's significant accounting and reporting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The County's financial reporting entity is defined by and its financial statements are presented in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units*, and GASB Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus*. These statements define the distinction between the County as a primary government and its related entities.

The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government and its blended and discretely presented component units, which are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable. Financial accountability is defined as appointment of a voting majority of the component unit's board; the primary government having the ability to impose its will on the component unit; the component unit having fiscal dependency on the primary government; or a financial benefit or burden relationship existing between the component unit and the primary government.

A blended component unit is an entity, that while legally separate, is in substance, part of the County's operations, and so its financial information is combined with the financial statements of the County. The County can impose its will over this entity and is financially accountable for it.

The primary government may also be financially accountable if the component unit is fiscally dependent on the primary government regardless of whether the component unit has a separately elected governing board.

The Bedford County Broadband Authority is a blended component unit of the County and the Bedford County School Board, Bedford Public Library System, and Bedford County Economic Development Authority are reported as separate and discretely presented component units in the County's comprehensive annual financial report. The primary government is hereafter referred to as the "County" and the reporting entity, which includes the County and its component units, is hereafter referred to as the "Reporting Entity."

As required by GAAP, the accompanying basic financial statements include all activities of the County. The component unit columns in the basic financial statements include the financial data of the County's three discretely presented component units.

The discretely presented component units are reported in separate columns in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the primary government. All of the component units have a June 30 year end. A description of the blended and discretely presented component units follows:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

A. Reporting Entity (Continued)

Blended Component Unit:

Bedford County Broadband Authority

The Bedford County Broadband Authority (the "Authority") is organized to bring reliable, affordable broadband internet services to all parts of the County through partnerships with private service providers. The members of the County Board of Supervisors also serve as members of the Board of the Authority. The County has operational responsibility for the component unit.

Discretely Presented Component Units:

Bedford County School Board

The County provides education through its own public school system administered by the Bedford County School Board (the "School Board"). The School Board has been classified as a discreetly presented component unit in the financial reporting entity because it is legally separate, but financially dependent through appropriations. The Board of Supervisors administers the School Board's appropriation of funds at the category level, approves transfers between categories, and authorizes school debt issuances. Financial statements of the School Board are included in a discretely presented component unit column and/or row of the government-wide financial statements, as well as in the supplementary information section. The School Board does not issue separate financial statements.

Bedford Public Library System

The Bedford Public Library System (the "Library") is a regional library system created by an agreement between the County of Bedford and the City of Bedford (now the Town of Bedford). The Library has been classified as a discreetly presented component unit in the financial statements because it is legally separate, but financially dependent through appropriations. The Board of Supervisors appoints Library Board members. Financial statements of the Library are included in a discretely presented component unit column and/or row of the government-wide financial statements. Complete financial statements for the Library may be obtained by writing the Library at 321 North Bridge St., Bedford, Virginia 24523.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

A. Reporting Entity (Continued)

Discretely Presented Component Units:

Bedford County Economic Development Authority

The Bedford County Economic Development Authority (the "EDA") was created to promote industry and develop trade by encouraging enterprises to locate and remain in Virginia. The EDA is governed by seven directors appointed by the Board and the County is financially accountable for the EDA. It is authorized to acquire, own, lease, and dispose of properties to the extent that such activities foster and stimulate economic development. Financial statements of the EDA are included in a discretely presented component unit column and/or row of the government-wide financial statements. Complete financial statements for the EDA may be obtained by writing the EDA at 122 East Main St., Suite 202, Bedford, Virginia 24523.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide financial statements consist of a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities that report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the *primary* government is reported separately from certain legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement* focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Agency funds are custodial in nature and do not involve the measurement of results of operations. In agency fund financial statements, assets equal liabilities, and are reported using the accrual basis of accounting.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Governmental fund financial statements use the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available. Accordingly, real and personal property taxes are recorded as deferred inflows and receivables when billed, net of allowances of uncollectible amounts. Real and personal property taxes recorded at June 30, and received within the first 60 days after year end are included in tax revenues. Sales and utility taxes, which are collected by the State or utility companies and subsequently remitted to the County, are recognized as revenues and amounts receivable when the underlying exchange transaction occurs, which is generally one or two months preceding receipt by the County. Licenses, permits, fines, and rents are recorded as revenues when received. Intergovernmental revenues, consisting primarily of Federal, State, and other grants for the purpose of specific funding are recognized when earned or at the time of the specific reimbursable expenditure.

Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related liability is incurred. Exceptions to this rule include: (1) accumulated unpaid vacation leave, sick leave, and other employee amounts, which are recorded as compensated absences, and are recognized when payable, and (2) principal and interest payments on general long-term debt, both of which are recognized when paid.

The County reports the following major governmental fund:

General Fund – the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government.

Proprietary Funds are used to account for the County's ongoing organizations and activities similar to those often found in the private sector. The County reports the following major proprietary funds:

Nursing Home Fund – accounts for the activities of the nursing home operations.

Solid Waste Fund – accounts for the activities of the solid waste operations.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund category:

Fiduciary Funds – Accounts for assets held by the government in a trustee capacity or as an agent or custodian for individuals, private organizations, or other governmental units. Agency funds include the Tri-County Lake Administrative Commission, Bedford Community Coalition, Bedford Wine Trail, Special Welfare, Road Escrow, Land Disturbing Bonds, and Asset Seizure Funds.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the government's proprietary funds and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Amounts reported as program revenues include charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, operating grants and contributions, and capital grants and contributions. General revenues include all taxes, grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs, and other revenues not meeting the definition of program revenues.

Operating revenues and expenses in the proprietary funds result from providing goods and services in connection with their principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the proprietary funds are charges for services. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, contractual services, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating.

The solid waste tipping fee includes both capital recovery and operating components. The capital recovery charge is used to finance current and future capital improvements, whereas the operating charge recovers the cost of operations.

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Fund Equity

1. Deposits and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Investments are reported at fair value based on quoted market prices.

2. Receivables and Payables

Accounts and property taxes receivable are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. The allowance is calculated using historical collection data, specific account analysis, and management's judgment. The allowance is comprised of the following:

General Fund – Property tax receivables General Fund – EMS transport fees	\$ 2,213,230 243,801
•	\$ 2,457,031

The County levies real estate taxes on all real estate within its boundaries, except that exempted by statute. Real estate is assessed at 100 percent of fair market value and reassessed every four years as of January 1. On January 1, the real estate taxes become an enforceable lien on the property and payment is due in two equal installments on June 5 and December 5. The real estate taxes reported as current year revenue are the second installment (December 5) of the levy on assessed value at January 1, 2019, and the first installment (June 5) of the levy on assessed value at January 1, 2020. The installment due on June 5, 2020 is shown as an assignment of fund balance as it is used to fund the subsequent year's budget. The installment due on December 5, 2020 is included as deferred inflows since these taxes are restricted for use until fiscal year 2021.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Fund Equity (Continued)

2. Receivables and Payables (Continued)

The County levies personal property taxes on motor vehicles, boats, mobile homes, aircraft, and other tangible business property. Personal property taxes are based on the estimated market value as of January 1, with payment due the following December 5. The tax on a vehicle may be prorated for the length of time the vehicle is kept in the County.

The 1998 Virginia General Assembly enacted legislation providing property tax relief to citizens. The Personal Property Tax Relief Act (PPTRA) was intended to be phased in over five years on the first \$20,000 of value for motor vehicles not used for business purposes. In 2005 the General Assembly capped PPTRA relief at \$950 million statewide beginning with the 2006 tax year. The County receives \$6,086,051 annually. County 2019 tax bills, payable in fiscal year 2020, included a forty-four and half (44.5) percent reduction on qualifying vehicles. All PPTRA payments received are classified as non-categorical State aid in the general fund.

3. Inventories and Prepaids

Inventory is valued using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method except for commodities received from the Federal Government, which are valued at market. Inventories of governmental funds and component units consist of expendable supplies held for consumption or items purchased for resale. Reported inventories for governmental funds and component units are reflected as non-spendable fund balance as inventories do not constitute expendable resources.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future periods and are recorded as prepaids in both government-wide and fund financial statements. Prepaids are also reflected as non-spendable fund balance.

4. Restricted Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

In accordance with applicable bond covenants and other agreements, governmental activities report restricted cash, cash equivalents, and investments at June 30, 2020 of \$6,456,421, which consists of unspent bond proceeds and accumulated interest of \$4,298,377 restricted for School capital projects, \$200,695 restricted for water and sewer projects, and \$1,957,349 for the Volunteer Length of Service Awards Program. Business-type activities report restricted cash, cash equivalents, and investments of \$37,248 for Nursing Home resident funds. Restricted cash, cash equivalents, and investments of the component unit – Library consists of donations restricted as to purpose or time by donors.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Fund Equity (Continued)

5. Capital Assets

Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. The County defines capital assets as items with an initial, individual cost of more than \$10,000 for governmental activities and \$5,000 for business-type activities and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are expensed.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	<u> y ears</u>
Buildings	10 - 50
Improvements	10 - 40
Machinery and equipment	3 - 25

Depreciation is charged as an expense in the statement of activities and accumulated depreciation is reported in the statement of net position. The Proprietary Funds also record depreciation expense and accumulated depreciation and capitalize interest, when material in amount. No significant construction projects were in progress during the year, therefore no interest was capitalized.

6. Compensated Absences

County, School Board, and Library policies permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation, compensatory time, and sick pay benefits (compensated absences), subject to certain limitations. All such pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. The current portion of the liability is estimated based on historical leave usage. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only to the extent the liability has matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations or retirements.

7. Unearned Revenues

At June 30, 2020, unearned revenues consist of proceeds received of grants for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Fund Equity (Continued)

8. Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring all financial elements to the pension and OPEB plans information about the fiduciary net position of the County's and Schools Plans' and the additions to/deductions from the County's and Schools Plans' net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

9. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for *deferred* outflows of resources. These items represent a consumption of net position that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then. In addition to liabilities, the statements that present financial position report a separate section for *deferred inflows of resources*. These items represent an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County and Schools have the following items that qualify for reporting as deferred inflows or outflows:

- The deferred charge on refunding reported in the government-wide statement of net position results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.
- Contributions subsequent to the measurement date for pensions and OPEB are always a
 deferred outflow; this will be applied to the net pension or OPEB liability in the next fiscal
 year.
- Differences between expected and actual experience for economic/demographic factors as well as changes in actuarial assumptions in the measurement of the total pension or OPEB liability. This difference will be recognized in pension or OPEB expense over the expected average remaining service life of all employees provided with benefits in the plan and may be reported as a deferred inflow or outflow as appropriate.
- Differences between projected and actual earnings on pension and OPEB plan investments.
 This difference will be recognized in pension or OPEB expense over a closed five year period and may be reported as a deferred outflow of inflow as appropriate.
- Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of employer contributions in the Virginia Retirement System's teacher cost sharing pool or OPEB cost sharing pool plans. This difference is deferred and recognize in the expense over the average remaining service life of the employees who are subject to the plan, and may be reported as a deferred outflow or inflow as appropriate.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Fund Equity (Continued)

9. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources (Continued)

- Unavailable revenue is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet under a modified accrual basis of accounting. The governmental funds report unavailable revenue from property taxes and other receivables not collected within 60 days of year end and property taxes levied to fund future years. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.
- At the government-wide level, the County reports deferred inflows for unearned property taxes which are billed and/or collected but are intended to fund future years.

10. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method which approximates the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Costs associated with the issuance of debt, other than certain bond insurances, are expensed when debt is issued.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Costs associated with the issuance of debt are expensed in the period debt is issued.

11. Net Position/Fund Equity

Net position is comprised of three categories: net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted. The first category reflects the portion of net position associated with capital assets, less the outstanding debt (net) related to these capital assets. The related debt (net) is the debt less the unspent bond proceeds and any associated unamortized items. Restricted net position is assets whose use is subject to constraints that are either externally imposed by grantors, creditors, or other external parties, or imposed by law. Net position which is neither restricted nor related to capital assets is reported as unrestricted net position.

12. School Board Debt/Capital Assets Reporting

The County issues debt to finance the construction of school facilities because the School Board does not have borrowing or taxing authority. The County reports this debt, whereas the School Board reports the related capital assets. As a result, in the Statement of Net Position (Exhibit 1), the debt reduces *unrestricted net position* of the primary government, while the capital assets are reported in *net investment in capital assets* of the School Board.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Fund Equity (Continued)

12. School Board Debt/Capital Assets Reporting (Continued)

Because this debt is related to capital assets of the reporting entity as a whole, the debt amount of \$89,981,362 is reclassified as shown on Exhibit 1 to present the total reporting entity column.

13. Estimates

Management uses estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities; the disclosure of contingent liabilities; and reported revenues, expenditures, and expenses. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

14. Revenue Recognition – Nursing Home

The Nursing Home is a qualified provider under the Medicaid program. Prior to July 1, 2014, Medicaid reimbursed all nursing facilities for operating costs utilizing a facility-specific per diem rate that was set prospectively based on prior year costs. Effective for claims with dates of service on or after July 1, 2014, the Virginia Department of Medical Assistance Services began paying nursing facilities using a new price-based payment methodology. This was implemented over a four year transition period.

Beginning July 1, 2014, after approval from Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS), the Nursing Home and four other government owned facilities began receiving payments to supplement the interim payments for Medicaid days. The additional payments totaled \$1,335,378 for fiscal year 2020.

Note 2. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

A. Budgetary Information

The County follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- Prior to March 30, the County Administrator submits to the Board a proposed operating and capital budget for the County and School Board for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating and capital budget includes proposed expenditures and the related financing.
- Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments.
- Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an Appropriations Resolution.
- ♦ The Appropriations Resolution places legal restrictions on expenditures at the department level for the General Fund and at the category level for the School Funds. The County Administrator is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within departments. Only the Board can revise the appropriation for each department or school category.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 2. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability (Continued)

A. Budgetary Information (Continued)

- Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year.
- ♦ All budgets are adopted on a cash basis.
- ♦ Appropriations lapse on June 30 except for capital projects which carry unexpended balances into the following year on a continuing appropriation basis.

Note 3. Significant Transactions of the County and Discretely Presented Component Unit – School Board

Certain transactions between the County and the School Board are explained here to provide a more informed understanding of the operational relationship of the two entities and how such transactions are presented in the financial statements.

- 1. The School Board can neither levy taxes nor incur bonded debt under Virginia law. Therefore, the County issues bonded debt "on behalf" of the School Board. The debt obligation is recorded as a liability of the County's governmental activities. The proceeds from the debt issued "on behalf" of the School Board are recorded in the County's General Fund. Funds in an amount equal to expenditures are provided to the School Board to pay for capital expenditures. Unspent funds at year end are reported as deposits and investments of the County's General Fund.
- 2. The County's budgeting process provides funding to the School Board for debt service payments. The School Board is responsible for appropriating debt service payments for debt issued by the County on its behalf. These transactions are reported as transfers on the County's Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual and as transfers and debt service payments on the School Board's Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual. GAAP requires that debt issued "on behalf" of the School Board and related debt service payments be reported by the primary government for financial reporting purposes. Therefore, debt service payments for school bonded debt are reported as part of the primary government for financial reporting purposes in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Fund.
- 3. If all economic resources associated with school activities were reported with the School Board, its total expenditures would be as follows:

Expenditures of School Board – Component Unit	\$ 129,555,080
Principal and other debt service expenditures included in primary government	8,211,621
Total expenditures for school activities	\$ 137,766,701

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 4. Deposits and Investments

Deposits

Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act") Section 2.2-4400 et. seq. of the *Code of Virginia*. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of the amount insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board. Financial institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in amount from 50% to 130% of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized.

Investment Policy

In accordance with the *Code of Virginia* and other applicable law, including regulations, the County's investment policy (Policy) permits investments in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or its political subdivisions, repurchase agreements, certificates of deposit, bankers' acceptances, commercial paper, corporate notes and bonds, the Virginia State Non-Arbitrage Program (SNAP), and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP). At year end, the County had the following deposits and investments:

Туре	Fair Value	Credit Rating	Percent of Portfolio
Demand deposits	\$ 96,867,541	NA	93.93%
Virginia SNAP	4,298,377	AAAm	4.17
Guaranteed interest account	1,957,349	NA	1.90
Total deposits and investments	\$ 103,123,267		100.00%

Credit Risk

The Policy requires that obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia and its political subdivisions have a debt rating of at least AA by Standard & Poor's (S&P) or equivalent by Moody's Investors Service (Moody's). Repurchase agreements are collateralized by Treasury or Agency obligations of which the market value is at least 102% of the purchase price of the agreement. Commercial paper must be issued by an entity incorporated in the U.S. and rated at least A-1 by S&P and P-1 by Moody's. Corporate notes and bonds have a rating of at least AA by S&P and Aa by Moody's. Money market mutual funds must trade on a constant net asset value and invest solely in securities otherwise eligible for investment under these guidelines.

External Investment Pools

The Virginia SNAP fund is an open-end management investment company and is overseen by the Treasurer of Virginia and State Treasury Board.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 4. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk

The Policy also establishes limitations on portfolio composition, both by investment type and by issuer, in order to control concentration of credit risk. The Policy provides that a maximum of 35% of the portfolio may be invested in commercial paper, with a limit of 5% of the portfolio invested in any one issuer.

Interest Rate Risk

As a means of limiting exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the Policy requires that at least 50% of the investment portfolio mature in less than one year. At June 30, 100.0% of the portfolio will mature in less than one year.

The above items are reflected in the statements as follows:

	Primary Government	School Board Component Unit
Deposits and investments: Cash on hand Deposits Investments	\$ 7,812 96,859,729 6,255,726	\$ - 10,609,790 -
	\$ 103,123,267	\$ 10,609,790
Statement of net position: Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash, cash equivalents, and investments	\$ 96,629,598 6,493,669 \$ 103,123,267	\$ 10,609,790 - \$ 10,609,790

All investments were in compliance with the Policy.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 5. Receivables

Receivables are as follows:

				_					
	G	overnmental Activities			Component Unit				
		General Fund		Nursing Home	 Solid Waste		Total	_	School Board
Receivables									
Taxes	\$	23,607,941	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
Accounts		1,719,514		595,243	66,681		661,924		228,283
Intergovernmental	_	8,053,642	_	-	 -		-		3,284,215
Gross receivables Less: allowance for		33,381,097		595,243	66,681		661,924		3,512,498
uncollectibles	_	(2,457,031)		-	 -		_		
Net total receivables	\$	30,924,066	\$	595,243	\$ 66,681	\$	661,924	\$	3,512,498

Taxes receivable represent the current and past four years of uncollected levies for personal property taxes and the current and past nineteen years for real property. The allowance for estimated uncollectible taxes receivable is 9.40% of the total taxes receivable and is based on historical collection rates.

The Nursing Home mix of receivables from residents and third-party payers is Medicaid (99.36%) and private pay (0.64%).

Unavailable/Unearned Revenue

The General fund reports unavailable and unearned revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. The General fund also defers revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. On the government-wide statements, property taxes intended for a future period and grants for which revenue recognition requirements have not been met are considered unearned. The various components of unavailable and unearned revenue are as follows:

	Deferred Inflows							
	Ţ	Unavailable/ Unearned		Unearned				
Property taxes Grants for which revenue requirements have not been met Other receivables not available to liquidate liabilities of	\$	24,166,271 6,729,892	\$	22,570,425 6,729,892				
current period		2,921,827		-				
Total unavailable/unearned revenue	\$	33,817,990	\$	29,300,317				

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 6. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity was as follows:

Primary Government

Governmental Activities		Beginning Balance*	<u> </u>	Increases	. <u></u>	Decreases	Ending Balance		
Capital assets, not depreciated: Land Construction in progress	\$	4,174,265 2,778,993	\$	357,476 2,255,198	\$	1,532,228	\$	4,531,741 3,501,963	
Total capital assets, not depreciated		6,953,258		2,612,674		1,532,228		8,033,704	
Capital assets, depreciated: Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment		51,772,059 21,446,918		620,461 2,289,066		262,905		52,392,520 23,473,079	
Total capital assets, depreciated		73,218,977		2,909,527		262,905		75,865,599	
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment		25,785,968 14,566,793		1,400,645 1,582,361		- 243,650		27,186,613 15,905,504	
Total accumulated depreciation		40,352,761		2,983,006		243,650		43,092,117	
Net capital assets, depreciated		32,866,216		(73,479)	. <u></u>	19,255		32,773,482	
Governmental activities net capital assets	\$	39,819,474	\$	2,539,195	\$	1,551,483	\$	40,807,186	

^{*}As restated. See Note 23.

Business-Type Activities		Beginning Balance	 Increases	 Decreases		Ending Balance
Capital assets, not depreciated:						
Land	\$	1,220,571	\$ -	\$ -	\$	1,220,571
Construction in progress		890,875	 826,537	 1,212,516		504,896
Total capital assets, not depreciated		2,111,446	 826,537	 1,212,516		1,725,467
Capital assets, depreciated:						
Buildings and improvements		19,983,176	1,284,957	-		21,268,133
Machinery and equipment		5,603,794	 367,453	 53,132		5,918,115
Total capital assets, depreciated		25,586,970	 1,652,410	 53,132		27,186,248
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings and improvements		13,031,006	986,301	-		14,017,307
Machinery and equipment		3,865,465	 305,035	 53,132		4,117,368
Total accumulated depreciation	_	16,896,471	 1,291,336	 53,132	_	18,134,675
Net capital assets, depreciated		8,690,499	 361,074	 -	_	9,051,573
Business-type activities net capital assets	\$	10,801,945	\$ 1,187,611	\$ 1,212,516	\$	10,777,040

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 6. Capital Assets (Continued)

Primary Government (Continued)

Component Unit - School Board	 Beginning Balance*	 Increases	 Decreases		Ending Balance	
Capital assets, not depreciated: Land	\$ 2,082,837	\$ _	\$ _	\$	2,082,837	
Construction in progress	 2,119,013	20,745,918	 1,231,650		21,633,281	
Total capital assets, not depreciated	4,201,850	20,745,918	 1,231,650	_	23,716,118	
Capital assets, depreciated:						
Buildings and improvements	238,388,979	1,390,320	-		239,779,299	
Machinery and equipment	 28,063,823	 1,542,386	 -		29,606,209	
Total capital assets, depreciated	 266,452,802	 2,932,706	 -		269,385,508	
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings and improvements	131,738,674	5,115,598	-		136,854,272	
Machinery and equipment	16,524,411	1,870,314	-		18,394,725	
Total accumulated depreciation	148,263,085	6,985,912	 -		155,248,997	
Net capital assets, depreciated	 118,189,717	 (4,053,206)	 -		114,136,511	
School Board net capital assets	\$ 122,391,567	\$ 16,692,712	\$ 1,231,650	\$	137,852,629	

^{*}As restated. See Note 23.

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs as follows:

Primary Government – Governmental Activities	
General government administration	\$ 181,142
Judicial administration	425,970
Public safety	1,440,003
Public works	175,014
Health and welfare	199,195
Parks, recreation, and cultural	497,915
Community development	 63,767
Total governmental activities	\$ 2,983,006
Primary Government – Business-Type Activities	
Nursing home	\$ 315,634
Solid waste	 975,702
Total business-type activities	\$ 1,291,336
Component Unit - School Board	\$ 6,985,912

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 7. Long-Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities:

		Beginning Balance	 Additions	_1	Reductions		Ending Balance	Due within One Year
Primary Government Governmental activities: General obligation and lease revenue bonds								
County projects	\$	2,096,000	\$ -	\$	1,048,000	\$	1,048,000	\$ 1,048,000
School projects		83,732,552	-		4,494,392		79,238,160	4,548,160
Bond premium		8,331,356	 -		429,475		7,901,881	 544,294
Total general obligation and revenue bonds		94,159,908	-		5,971,867		88,188,041	6,140,454
Capital Leases:								
County projects		469,384	=		39,996		429,388	42,659
School projects		5,307,287	_		452,230		4,855,057	482,341
Compensated absences	_	1,930,907	 975,071		985,123	_	1,920,855	 979,994
Total long-term liabilities	<u>\$ 1</u>	101,867,486	\$ 975,071	\$	7,449,216	\$	95,393,341	\$ 7,645,448
Business-type activities: Capital leases Compensated absences Landfill closure/postclosure costs	\$	518,288 178,012 7,177,223	\$ 228,631 775,194	\$	147,383 217,862	\$	370,905 188,781 7,952,417	\$ 152,863 173,313 148,362
Total long-term liabilities	\$	7,873,523	\$ 1,003,825	\$	365,245	\$	8,512,103	\$ 474,538
Component Unit School Board								
Capital leases	\$	3,927,246	\$ 1,368,583	\$	1,279,521	\$	4,016,308	\$ 1,111,067
Compensated absences	_	1,537,390	 1,126,364		806,839		1,856,915	 974,529
Total long-term liabilities	\$	5,464,636	\$ 2,494,947	\$	2,086,360	\$	5,873,223	\$ 2,085,596

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 7. Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

Annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Primary Government										Component Unit				
				Governmen		School Board								
Year Ending		General O Lease Rev	0			Capita	ses		Capital Leases					
June 30,	_	Principal		Interest		Principal Interest			Principal		Interest			
2021	\$	5,596,160	\$	3,163,519	\$	525,000	\$	136,659	\$	1,111,067	\$	86,842		
2022		4,035,000		2,933,984		540,000		122,680		941,965		64,488		
2023		4,225,000		2,729,497		565,235		108,172		767,728		45,064		
2024		4,425,000		2,515,244		602,497		92,938		589,541		28,601		
2025		4,635,000		2,290,847		629,317		76,730		402,474		14,592		
2026-2030		26,200,000		7,932,473		2,422,396		131,180		203,533		4,221		
2031-2035		19,415,000		3,366,495		-		-		-		-		
2036-2040		11,755,000	_	711,758	_	-		-	_	-				
	\$	80,286,160	\$	25,643,817	\$	5,284,445	\$	668,359	\$	4,016,308	\$	243,808		

The County's outstanding debt consists of General Obligation Bonds (including Virginia Public School Authority Bonds), Lease Revenue Bonds, and capitalized leases. The debt was issued to provide funds for the acquisition, construction, and improvement of major capital facilities for both governmental and business-type activities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the County. Lease revenue bonds and capital leases are backed by the general credit and faith of the County. Governmental activities compensated absences are generally liquidated by the General fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 7. Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

Details of long-term liabilities are as follows:

Purpose	_	Interest Rates	Date Issued	Final Maturity Date	 Amount Issued	(Amount Outstanding
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT Governmental Activities: General Obligation Bonds County:							
VPSA Bonds		3.05-5.05%	2013	2021	187,000	\$	48,000
Total governmental activities-County							48,000
Schools: VPSA Bonds VPSA Bonds VPSA Bonds VPSA Bonds VPSA Bonds VPSA Bonds		5.10-6.35% 4.98-5.85 4.10-5.10 3.05-5.05 2.80-5.05	2000 2000 2008 2013 2017	2020 2020 2029 2031 2037	4,200,000 6,285,526 5,420,000 23,788,000 36,865,000		335,000 371,160 2,430,000 19,522,000 33,445,000
VPSA Bonds		3.05-5.05	2019	2040	20,275,000	_	20,275,000
Total general obligation bonds-Schools							76,378,160
Total general obligation bonds						\$	76,426,160
Lease Revenue Bonds County: Bedford County EDA-Courthouse and Social Services							
Refunding		2.05%	2015	2020	\$ 7,875,000	\$	735,000
Bedford County EDA Refunding-Group Home Total lease revenue bonds-County		2.81	2015	2021	1,525,000	_	1,000,000
Schools: Bedford County EDA Refunding-Jefferson Forest High School		2.81%	2015	2031	\$ 5,700,000		2,860,000
Total lease revenue bonds						\$	3,860,000
Capital Leases Capital One-Energy Conservation Measures County Schools Total capital leases		2.65% 2.65	2012 2012	2029 2029	\$ 650,042 7,349,958	\$	429,388 4,855,057 5,284,445
Business-Type Activities:						=	· · ·
Capital Leases John Deere-Solid Waste equipment John Deere-Solid Waste equipment Caterpillar-Solid Waste equipment		3.25% 3.25 4.20	2017 2017 2018	2022 2022 2024	\$ 138,894 300,015 310,651	\$	56,196 105,461 209,248
Total capital leases-business-type activities						\$	370,905
COMPONENT UNIT School Board Capital leases:							
Wachovia Bank, N.A. First Citizens Bank & Trust U.S. Bancorp Gov't Leasing U.S. Bancorp Gov't Leasing Bank of America, N.A. Bank of America, N.A.	14 buses 14 buses 14 buses 14 buses 14 buses 14 buses	1.78% 1.75 1.456 1.456 3.071 2.074	2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019	2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025	\$ 1,271,888 1,287,652 1,305,270 1,328,096 1,340,532 1,368,583	\$	188,107 377,387 567,349 765,988 956,648 1,160,829
Total capital leases-School Board						\$	4,016,308

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 7. Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

The Schools lease buses under various capital leases expiring at various dates through 2025.

The assets acquired through capital leases are as follows:

		Component Unit
	School	
Machinery and equipment	\$	7,902,021
Less: accumulated depreciation		1,745,871
	\$	6,156,150

Note 8. Interfund Receivables and Payables and Transfers

The \$164,872 due from the General Fund to the Solid Waste Fund represents revenues collected in the General Fund to finance solid waste programs in accordance with budgetary authorization.

Note 9. Defined Benefit Pension Plan

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the County of Bedford, (the "Political Subdivision") are automatically covered by the VRS Retirement Plan upon employment. This multi-employer agent plan is administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer pay contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria as defined in the *Code of Virginia*, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service.

The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees – Plan 1, Plan 2, and Hybrid. Each of these benefit structures has a different eligibility criteria. The specific information for each plan and the eligibility for covered groups within each plan are available at:

- https://www.varetire.org/members/benefits/defined-benefit/plan1.asp,
- https://www.varetire.org/members/benefits/defined-benefit/plan2.asp,
- https://www.varetirement.org/hybrid.html.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 9. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the pension plan:

	County
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	214
Inactive members:	
Vested	76
Non-vested	279
Inactive members active elsewhere in VRS	130
Total inactive members	485
Active members	453
Total covered employees	1,152

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the *Code of Virginia*, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement.

The political subdivision's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2020 was 7.39% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the political subdivision were \$1,599,989 and \$1,480,062 for the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability is calculated separately for each employer and represents that particular employer's total pension liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, less that employer's fiduciary net position. For political subdivisions, the net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2018 rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2019.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 9. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability for General Employees in the Political Subdivision's Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2019.

Inflation 2.50%

General Employees – Salary increases, including

inflation 3.50 - 5.35%

Public Safety Employees with hazardous duty benefits – Salary increases, including inflation

3.50 - 4.75%

Investment rate of return

6.75%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation*

* Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 6.75%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 6.75% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 6.75% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

Mortality rates: General employees – 15 to 20% of deaths are assumed to be service related. Public Safety Employees – 45% to 70% of deaths are assumed to be service related. Mortality is projected using the applicable RP-2014 Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with various set backs or set forwards for both males and females.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

General Employees – Largest 10 – Non-Hazardous Duty and All Others (Non 10 Largest): Update mortality table; lowered retirement rates at older ages, changed final retirement from 70 to 75; adjusted withdrawal rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service; lowered disability rates, no change to salary scale, increased rate of line of duty disability from 14% to 20% (Largest 10) or 15% (All Others), and decreased discount rate from 7.00% to 6.75%.

Public Safety Employees – Largest 10 – Hazardous Duty and All Others (Non 10 Largest): Update mortality table; lowered retirement rate at older ages; adjusted rates of withdrawal and disability to better fit experience; changes to line of duty rates, no changes to salary scale, and decreased discount rate from 7.00% to 6.75%.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 9. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Target Allocation	Arithmetic Long-Term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Rate of Return
Public Equity	34.00%	5.61%	1.91%
Fixed Income	15.00	0.88	0.13
Credit Strategies	14.00	5.13	0.72
Real Assets	14.00	5.27	0.74
Private Equity	14.00	8.77	1.23
MAPS – Multi-Asset Public Strategies	6.00	3.52	0.21
PIP – Private Investment Partnership	3.00	6.29	0.19
Total	100.00%		5.13
	Inflation		2.50
*Expected arithmet	7.63%		

^{*} The above allocation provides for a one-year return of 7.63%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected rate of return for the system, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. The results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 7.11%, including expected inflation of 2.5%. The VRS Board elected a long-term rate of 6.75% which is roughly at the 40th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund allocation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 9. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Consistent with the phased-in funding provided by the General Assembly for state and teacher employer contributions, political subdivisions were also provided with an opportunity to use an alternate employer contribution rate. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the alternate rate was the employer contribution rate used in the fiscal year 2012 or 100% of the actuarially determined employer contribution rate from the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuations, whichever is greater. From July 1, 2019 on, participating employers are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in Net Pension Liability

	Increase (Decrease)						
		Total Plan Pension Fiduciary Liability Net Position (a) (b)		Net Pension Liability (a) – (b)			
Balances at June 30, 2018	\$	72,457,419	\$	69,093,337	\$	3,364,082	
Changes for the year:							
Service cost		2,021,050		-		2,021,050	
Interest		4,947,523		-		4,947,523	
Differences between expected							
and actual experience		283,759		-		283,759	
Assumption changes		2,366,146		-		2,366,146	
Contributions – employer		_		1,400,026		(1,400,026)	
Contributions – employee		-		989,164		(989,164)	
Net investment income		-		4,582,631		(4,582,631)	
Benefit payments, including refunds							
of employee contributions		(3,557,037)		(3,557,037)		-	
Administrative expenses		_		(45,242)		45,242	
Other changes				(2,892)		2,892	
Net changes		6,061,441		3,366,650		2,694,791	
Balances at June 30, 2019	\$	78,518,860	\$	72,459,987	\$	6,058,873	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 9. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the political subdivision using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the political subdivision's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

Net Pension Liability (Asset)	 1.00% Decrease (5.75%)	Current Discount Rate (6.75%)		 1.00% Increase (7.75%)	
Bedford County	\$ 16,754,384	\$	6,058,873	\$ (2,415,859)	

<u>Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the political subdivision recognized pension expense of \$2,473,069. At June 30, 2020, the political subdivision reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Bedford County				
	C	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	1,340,390	\$	55,506	
Change in assumptions		1,642,554		56,371	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		607,924	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		1,599,989			
Total	\$	4,582,933	\$	719,801	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 9. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

<u>Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u> (Continued)

The \$1,599,989 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the Political Subdivision's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

		County		
Year Ending	`	Increase (Reduction) to Pension		
June 30,	Expense			
2021	\$	1,471,856		
2022		542,613		
2023		206,406		
2024		42,268		
2025		-		
Thereafter		-		

Pension Plan Data

Information about the VRS Political Subdivision Retirement Plans is also available in the separately issued VRS 2019 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the 2019 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at 20http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2019-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Payables to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2020, approximately \$19,473 was payable to the Virginia Retirement System for the legally required contributions related to June 2020 payroll.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 10. Defined Benefit Pension Plan – School Nonprofessionals

Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent non-professional employees (non-teachers) of the Bedford County School Board, (the "School division") are automatically covered by the VRS Retirement Plan upon employment. This multi-employer agent plan is administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer pay contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria as defined in the *Code of Virginia*, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service. The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees – Plan 1, Plan 2, and Hybrid. The plan provisions and features of the plans, as well as all actuarial assumptions, are substantially the same as those referenced in Note 9.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the pension plan:

	School Board Non- Professional
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	196
Inactive members:	22
Vested Non-vested	23 74
Inactive members active elsewhere in VRS	27
Total inactive members	124
Active members	239
Total covered employees	559

Contributions

The school division's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2020 was 4.87% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017.

Contributions to the pension plan from the school division were \$268,886 and \$260,351 for the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 10. Defined Benefit Pension Plan – School Nonprofessionals (Continued)

Changes in Net Pension Liability

	Increase (Decrease)					
		Total Pension Liability (a)	N	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net Pension Liability (Asset) (a) – (b)
Balances at June 30, 2018	\$	22,957,738	\$	24,041,048	\$	(1,083,310)
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		529,937		-		529,937
Interest		1,564,001		-		1,564,001
Differences between expected						
and actual experience		364,326		-		364,326
Assumption changes		616,120		-		616,120
Contributions – employer		-		244,991		(244,991)
Contributions – employee		-		255,641		(255,641)
Net investment income		-		1,582,297		(1,582,297)
Benefit payments, including refunds						
of employee contributions		(1,229,744)		(1,229,744)		-
Administrative expenses		-		(16,057)		16,057
Other changes				(993)		993
Net changes		1,844,640		836,135	_	1,008,505
Balances at June 30, 2019	\$	24,802,378	\$	24,877,183	\$	(74,805)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the school division using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

		1.00% Current Decrease Discount			1.00% Increase		
Net Pension Liability (Asset)			Rate (6.75%)		(7.75%)		
School Board Non-Professional	\$	2,602,878	\$	(74,805)	\$	(2,239,208)	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 10. Defined Benefit Pension Plan – School Nonprofessionals (Continued)

<u>Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related</u> to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the school division recognized a pension expense of \$601,460. At June 30, 2020, the school division reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	School Board Non-Professional			
	0	Deferred utflows of Resources	Ī	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	250,586	\$	-
Change in assumptions		359,403		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		217,545
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		268,886		
Total	\$	878,875	\$	217,545

The \$268,886 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the school division's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	School Board Non- Professional		
Year Ending June 30,	Increase (Reduction) to Pension Expense		
2021	\$	442,302	
2022	,	(59,412)	
2023		(5,338)	
2024		14,892	
2025		-	
Thereafter		-	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 10. Defined Benefit Pension Plan – School Nonprofessionals (Continued)

Pension Plan Data

Information about the VRS Political Subdivision Retirement Plans is also available in the separately issued VRS 2019 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the 2019 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2019-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Payables to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2020, approximately \$39,486 was payable to the Virginia Retirement System for the legally required contributions related to June 2020 payroll.

Note 11. Defined Benefit Pension Plan – Teacher Cost Sharing Plan

General Information about the Teacher Cost Sharing Plan

Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of Virginia public school divisions, including Bedford County School Board (the "School Division"), are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan upon employment. This multiple employer, cost sharing plan is administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employers pay contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria as defined in the *Code of Virginia*, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service.

The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees in the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan – Plan 1, Plan 2, and Hybrid. The provisions and features of the plans, as well as all actuarial assumptions, are substantially the same as those referenced in Note 9.

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the *Code of Virginia*, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. Each school division's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2020 was 15.68% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employee during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the school division were \$7,910,482 and \$8,128,483 for the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 11. Defined Benefit Pension Plan – Teacher Cost Sharing Plan (Continued)

General Information about the Teacher Cost Sharing Plan (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2020, the school division reported a liability of \$81,823,201 for its proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability. The Net Pension Liability was measured as of June 30, 2019 and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The school division's proportion of the Net Pension Liability was based on the school division's actuarially determined employer contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2019 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2019 and 2018, the school division's proportion was 0.62%.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the school division recognized pension expense of \$7,886,039. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the pension expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion and from differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of employer contributions.

At June 30, 2020, the school division reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	School Board Professional			
	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ 5,239,485		
Change in assumptions	8,102,415	-		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	1,796,643		
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	1,092,832	1,652,420		
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	7,910,482			
Total	\$ 17,105,729	\$ 8,688,548		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 11. Defined Benefit Pension Plan – Teacher Cost Sharing Plan (Continued)

General Information about the Teacher Cost Sharing Plan (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

The \$7,910,482 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the school division's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	School Board		
Year Ending	(rofessional Increase Reduction) to Pension	
June 30,	Expense		
2021	\$	(575,147)	
2022		(1,748,728)	
2023		670,531	
2024 2025		1,494,493	
Thereafter		665,550	

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability (NPL) is calculated separately for each system and represents that particular system's total pension liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, less that system's fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2019, NPL amounts for the VRS Teacher Employee Retirement Plan is as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	Teacher Employe Retiremer Plan	e
Total pension liability	\$ 49,683,3	36
Plan fiduciary net position	36,522,7	69_
Employers' net pension liability	\$ 13,160,5	67
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	73.5	51%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 11. Defined Benefit Pension Plan – Teacher Cost Sharing Plan (Continued)

General Information about the Teacher Cost Sharing Plan (Continued)

Net Pension Liability (Continued)

The total pension liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net pension liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 67 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

Sensitivity of the School Division's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability of the school division using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

Net Pension Liability (Asset)	 1.00% Decrease (5.75%)	_ <u>F</u>	Current Discount Rate (6.75%)	 1.00% Increase (7.75%)
School division's proportionate share of the VRS teacher employee retirement plan net pension liability	\$ 123,179,464	\$	81,823,201	\$ 47,629,231

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2019 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the 2019 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2019-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Payables to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2020, approximately \$1,308,206 was payable to the Virginia Retirement System for the legally required contributions related to June 2020 payroll.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 12. Fire and Rescue Length of Service Awards Program

A. Plan Description

The County established a Length of Service Awards Program (LOSAP) on July 1, 2006, for the Bedford County Fire and Rescue Association members to recognize the service provided by the volunteers. The LOSAP is accounted for as a single employer defined benefit pension plan. The plan is administered by the Volunteer Fireman's Insurance Services, Inc (the VFIS); amendments to the plan may be made at the discretion of the County Board of Supervisors.

The plan is open to any volunteer over the age of sixteen. Participants vest after five years of service and earn a fixed dollar benefit based on years of service. Benefits amortize on a level dollar basis, and are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. Benefits accrue at the rate of \$12 per month for each month of active service with a maximum of \$300 per month. Since the County fully funds the benefit, refunds are not paid. The plan does not provide for post-retirement increases. The contribution rate is determined using an entry age Normal-Frozen Initial Liability Cost Method. The actuarial value of the plan assets is equal to the market value of the assets. Present and future assets in the plan are assumed to earn an investment rate of return of 4.75% compounded annually. There is no inflation factor or salary increase factor used since there is no covered payroll.

As of the most recent actuarial valuation date, the program membership consisted of the following:

Active participants	150
Vested-terminated	106
	256

Although the County's Guaranteed Interest account is intended to fund the plan, this account consists of a "rabbi" trust, which is not a trust or equivalent arrangement where:

- Contributions to the pension plan and earning on those contributions are irrevocable.
- Pension plan assets are legally protected from the creditors of employers, nonemployer contributing entities, and the pension plan administrator.

Therefore, the assets of the guaranteed interest account are not considered assets of the plan.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 12. Fire and Rescue Length of Service Awards Program (Continued)

B. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2019 rolled forward to June 30, 2020 using the actuarial assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement.

Inflation 0.0%

Salary increases Not Applicable

Investment rate of return 2.45%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality No pre-retirement; post retirement RP2000 projected to 2030

Retirement First eligible

Turnover T5

Disability None

The above is a summary of key actuarial assumptions. Full descriptions of the actuarial assumptions are available in the July 1, 2019 actuarial valuation report. Calculations assume the plan remains unfunded and uses a discount rate of 2.45% which is based on the 20-year AA general obligation bond rate as of June 30, 2019.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 12. Fire and Rescue Length of Service Awards Program (Continued)

C. Changes in Net Pension Liability

	Bedford County – LOSAP					
			Incr	ease (Decrease	e)	_
	_	Total Pension Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net Pension Liability (a) – (b)
Balances at June 30, 2018	\$	3,022,565	\$		\$	3,022,565
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		105,316		-		105,316
Interest		72,729		-		72,729
Differences between expected						
and actual experience		(49,104)		_		(49,104)
Benefit payments, including refunds						
of employee contributions		(111,653)		-		(111,653)
Changes in assumptions		549,356		-		549,356
Net changes		566,644	_	-		566,644
Balances at June 30, 2019	\$	3,589,209	\$		\$	3,589,209

D. Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the LOSAP using the discount rate of 2.45%, as well as what the LOSAP's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (1.45%) or one percentage point higher (3.45%) than the current rate:

Net Pension Liability	1.00% Decrease (1.45%)	R	Current Discount ate (2.45%)	1.00% Increase (3.45%)
Bedford County – LOSAP	\$ 3,846,649	\$	3,589,209	\$ 3,325,993

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 12. Fire and Rescue Length of Service Awards Program (Continued)

E. Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the LOSAP recognized pension expense of \$241,288. At June 30, 2020, the LOSAP reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Bedford County – LOSAP			
	0	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred nflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	211,937	
Changes in assumptions		717,949		109,112	
	\$	717,949	\$	321,049	

Amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Increase (Reduction) to Pension Expense			
2021	 \$	63,243		
2022		63,243		
2023		63,243		
2024		63,243		
2025		63,241		
Thereafter		80,687		

Note 13. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability – Local Plan

Plan Description and Benefits Provided

The County and School Board provide post-employment medical coverage for retired employees through a single-employer defined benefit plan. The County and School Board may change, add, or delete coverage as they deem appropriate and with the approval of the Board or School Board respectively. The plan does not grant retirees vested health benefits.

A retiree, eligible for post-employment medical coverage, is defined as a full-time employee who retires directly from the County or School Board who is eligible to receive an early or regular retirement benefit from the VRS. Employees applying for early or regular retirement are eligible to continue participation in the Retiree Health Plans sponsored by the County and School Board until the month the retiree turns 65. Retirees are responsible for the full cost of the plan.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 13. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability – Local Plan (Continued)

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the plan:

	County	School Board
Retirees currently receiving benefits	4	57
Active employees	395	1,019
	399	1,076

Total OPEB Liability

The County's and School Board's total OPEB liability of \$915,586 and \$2,970,515, respectively was measured as of June 30, 2019 and was determined based on an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2018.

Actuarial Assumptions and other inputs

The total OPEB liability was determined using the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

	County	School Board
Inflation	2.50%	2.50%
Healthcare cost trend rates	4.00	4.00

Mortality rates: RP 2000 Combined Healthy Table, fully generational with Scale AA.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2019.

There have been no changes in benefit terms.

Changes in County and School Board assumptions and other inputs reflect change in discount rate from 3.62% to 3.13% based on GASB 75 rules.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 13. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability – Local Plan (Continued)

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	Bedford County							School Board					
		Iı	ncre	ase (Decreas	se)		Increase (Decrease)						
		Total OPEB Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net OPEB Liability (a) – (b)		Total OPEB Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net OPEB Liability (a) – (b)	
Balance at June 30, 2018	\$	882,326	\$	-	\$	882,326	\$	2,874,937	\$	-	\$	2,874,937	
Changes for the year:													
Service cost		62,102		-		62,102		206,165		-		206,165	
Interest		31,493		-		31,493		100,233		-		100,233	
Changes in assumptions		(35,609)		-		(35,609)		1,344		-		1,344	
Differences between expected													
and actual experience		4,131		-		4,131		(75,589)		-		(75,589)	
Contributions – employer				28,857		(28,857)				136,575		(136,575)	
Benefit payments, including													
refunds of employee contributions		(28,857)		(28,857)		-		(136,575)		(136,575)			
Net changes		33,260				33,260		95,578			. <u></u>	95,578	
Balance at June 30, 2019	\$	915,586	\$	-	\$	915,586	\$	2,970,515	\$	_	\$	2,970,515	

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County and School Board, as well as what the County and School Board's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (2.13%) or one percentage point higher (4.13%) than the current discount rate:

	1.00% Decrease (2.13%)	Current Discount Rate (3.13%)	1.00% Increase (4.13%)		
Bedford County	\$ 993,582	\$ 915,586	\$ 843,317		
Bedford County School Board	\$ 3,170,560	\$ 2,970,515	\$ 2,781,607		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 13. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability – Local Plan (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County and School Board's, as well as what the County and School Board's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	Current Healthcare					
		1.00% Cost Trend Decrease Rates (3.00%) (4.00%)				1.00% Increase (5.00%)
Bedford County	\$	804,167	\$	915,586	\$	843,317
Bedford County School Board	\$	2,644,864	\$	2,970,515	\$	3,355,447

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the County recognized OPEB expense of \$106,192 and the School Board recognized an OPEB benefit of \$421,379. At June 30, 2020, the political subdivision reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	County Local OPEB					School Board Local OPEB				
	Deferred		Deferred		Deferred		Deferred			
	Outflows of Resources		I	nflows of	Outflows of		Inflows of			
			Resources		Resources		Resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	201,687	\$	17,669	\$	-	\$	4,411,484		
Change in assumptions		-		119,460		1,027,395		212,319		
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		18,846		-		198,370				
	\$	220,533	\$	137,129	\$	1,225,765	\$	4,623,803		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 13. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability – Local Plan (Continued)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

The \$18,846 and \$198,370 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from the retiree's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the OPEB Liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Increase (Reduction) to Local OPEB Expense							
		County		Schools				
2021	\$	12,597	\$	(727,777)				
2022		12,597		(727,777)				
2023		12,597		(727,777)				
2024		12,597		(727,776)				
2025		18,667		(674,692)				
Thereafter		(4,497)		(10,609)				

Note 14. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability – Virginia Retirement System Plans

In addition to their participation in the pension plans offered through the Virginia Retirement System (VRS), the County of Bedford and the Bedford County School Board also participate in various cost-sharing and agent multi-employer other postemployment benefit plans, described as follows.

Plan Descriptions

Group Life Insurance Program

All full-time teachers and employees of political subdivisions are automatically covered by the VRS Group Life Insurance (GLI) Program upon employment.

In addition to the Basic Group Life Insurance Benefit, members are also eligible to elect additional coverage for themselves as well as a spouse or dependent children through the Optional Group Life Insurance Program. For members who elect the optional group life insurance coverage, the insurer bills employers directly for the premiums. Employers deduct these premiums from members' paychecks and pay the premiums to the insurer. Since this is a separate and fully insured program, it is not included as part of the GLI Program OPEB.

Specific information for the GLI is available at https://www.varetire.org/members/benefits/life-insurance/basic-group-life-insurance.asp

The GLI and Teacher HIC are administered by the VRS along with pensions and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Both of these plans are considered multiple employer, cost sharing plans.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 14. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability – Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

Plan Descriptions (Continued)

Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program

All full time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Program. Members earn one month of service credit toward the benefit for each month they are employed and for which their employer pays contributions to VRS. The health insurance credit is a tax-free reimbursement in an amount set by the General Assembly for each year of service credit against qualified health insurance premiums retirees pay for single coverage, excluding any portion covering the spouse or dependents. The credit cannot exceed the amount of the premiums and ends upon the retiree's death.

Specific information about the Teacher HIC is available at https://www.varetire.org/retirees/insurance/healthinscredit/index.asp

The GLI and Teacher HIC are administered by the VRS along with pensions and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Both of these plans are considered multiple employer, cost sharing plans.

Contributions

Contributions to the VRS OPEB programs were based on actuarially determined rates from actuarial valuations as of June 30, 2017. The actuarially determined rates were expected to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to fund any unfunded accrued liability. Specific details related to the contributions for the VRS OPEB programs are as follows:

Group Life Insurance Program-Bedford County

Governed by: Code of Virginia 51.1-506 and 51.1-508 and may be impacted as a result of funding provided to

school divisions and governmental agencies by

the Virginia General Assembly.

Total rate: 1.31% of covered employee compensation. Rate

allocated 60/40; 0.79% employee and 0.52% employer. Employers may elect to pay all or part

of the employee contribution.

June 30, 2020 Contribution \$113,460 June 30, 2019 Contribution \$105,040

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 14. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability – Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

Contributions (Continued)

Group Life Insurance Program-Bedford County School Board-Teachers

Governed by: Code of Virginia 51.1-506 and 51.1-508 and may

be impacted as a result of funding provided to school divisions and governmental agencies by

the Virginia General Assembly.

Total rate: 1.31% of covered employee compensation. Rate

allocated 60/40; 0.79% employee and 0.52% employer. Employers may elect to pay all or part

of the employee contribution.

June 30, 2020 Contribution \$264,295 June 30, 2019 Contribution \$271,777

Group Life Insurance Program-Bedford County School Board-Nonprofessional

Governed by: Code of Virginia 51.1-506 and 51.1-508 and may

be impacted as a result of funding provided to school divisions and governmental agencies by

the Virginia General Assembly.

Total rate: 1.31% of covered employee compensation. Rate

allocated 60/40; 0.79% employee and 0.52% employer. Employers may elect to pay all or part

of the employee contribution.

June 30, 2020 Contribution \$28,372 June 30, 2019 Contribution \$29,198

Teacher Health Insurance Credit Program-Bedford County School Board

Governed by: Code of Virginia 51.1-1401(E) and may be

impacted as a result of funding provided to school divisions by the Virginia General

Assembly.

Total rate: 1.20% of covered employee compensation.

June 30, 2020 Contribution \$606,005 June 30, 2019 Contribution \$622,390

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 14. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability – Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense and Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2019 and the total OPEB liabilities used to calculate the net OPEB liabilities were determined by actuarial valuations as of that date. The covered employer's proportion of the net OPEB liabilities were based on the covered employer's actuarially determined employer contributions for the year ended June 30, 2019 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers.

Group Life Insurance Program-Bedford County

June 30, 2020 proportionate share of liability June 30, 2019 proportion	\$	1,664,000 0.10%
June 30, 2018 proportion June 30, 2020 expense	\$	0.10% 60,000
Group Life Insurance Program-Bedford County School Board-Teachers		
June 30, 2020 proportionate share of liability	\$	4,338,000
June 30, 2019 proportion		0.27%
June 30, 2018 proportion		0.26%
June 30, 2020 expense	\$	97,000
Group Life Insurance Program-Bedford County School Board-Nonprofession	onal	
June 30, 2020 proportionate share of liability	\$	445,000
June 30, 2019 proportion	,	0.03%
June 30, 2018 proportion		0.03%
June 30, 2020 expense	\$	3,000
Teacher Health Insurance Credit Program-Bedford County School Board		
June 30, 2020 proportionate share of liability	\$	8,110,000
June 30, 2019 proportion		0.62%
June 30, 2018 proportion		0.62%
June 30, 2020 expense	\$	650,000

Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the OPEB expense above was related to deferred amount from changes in proportion.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 14. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability – Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense and Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

At June 30, 2020, the County and School Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources.

Group Life Insurance Program-Bedford County

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		of Inflows of	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	111,000	\$	22,000
Change in assumptions		105,000		50,000
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on OPEB plan investments		-		34,000
Changes in proportion		100,000		26,000
Employer contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date		113,460		
Total	\$	429,460	\$	132,000

Group Life Insurance Program-Bedford County School Board-Teachers

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		of Inflows of	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	288,000	\$	56,000
Change in assumptions		274,000		131,000
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on OPEB plan investments		-		89,000
Changes in proportion		60,000		57,000
Employer contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date		264,295		
Total	\$	886,295	\$	333,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 14. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability – Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense and Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

Group Life Insurance Program-Bedford County School Board-Nonprofessional

	Oi	Deferred utflows of esources	I	Deferred inflows of desources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	30,000	\$	6,000
Change in assumptions		28,000		13,000
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on OPEB plan investments		-		9,000
Changes in proportion		-		34,000
Employer contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date		28,372		
Total	\$	86,372	\$	62,000

Teacher Health Insurance Credit Program-Bedford County School Board

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		I	Deferred nflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	47,000
Change in assumptions		189,000		56,000
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on OPEB plan investments		1,000		-
Changes in proportion		90,000		152,000
Employer contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date		606,005		
Total	\$	886,005	\$	255,000

The deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from the County and School Board's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense in future periods as follows:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 14. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability - Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense and Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

Group Life Insurance Program-Bedford County

Year Ending June 30,	(R	Increase (Reduction) to OPEB Expense		
2021	\$	28,000		
2022		28,000		
2023		42,000		
2024		46,000		
2025		33,000		
Thereafter		7,000		

Group Life Insurance Program-Bedford County School Board-Teachers

Year Ending June 30,	(R	Increase (Reduction) to OPEB Expense		
2021	\$	12,000		
2022		12,000		
2023		49,000		
2024		93,000		
2025		97,000		
Thereafter		26,000		

Group Life Insurance Program-Bedford County School Board-Nonprofessional

Year Ending June 30,	(Re	Increase (Reduction) to OPEB Expense	
2021	\$	(5,000)	
2022		(5,000)	
2023		(2,000)	
2024		3,000	
2025		4,000	
Thereafter		1,000	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 14. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability – Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense and Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

Teacher Health Insurance Credit Program-Bedford County School Board

Year Ending June 30,	Increase (Reduction) to OPEB Expense	
2021	\$	(9,000)
2022		(9,000)
2023		(6,000)
2024		(7,000)
2025		9,000
Thereafter		47,000

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability was determined using the following assumptions based on an actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2018, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2019:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases, including inflation:	
Locality – general employees	3.50 - 5.35%
Locality – hazardous duty employees	3.50 - 4.75%
Teachers	3.50 - 5.95%
Healthcare cost trend rates:	
Under age 65	7.25 - 4.75%
Ages 65 and older	5.50 - 4.75%
Investment rate of return, net of expenses, including inflation*	GLI & HIC: 6.75%;

* Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed percent above. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be the percent noted above to simplify preparation of OPEB liabilities.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 14. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability – Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs (Continued)

Mortality rates used for the various VRS OPEB plans are the same as those used for the actuarial valuations of the VRS pension plans. The mortality rates are discussed in detail at Note 9.

Net OPEB Liabilities

The net OPEB liabilities represent each program's total OPEB liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, less the associated fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2019, net OPEB liability amounts for the various VRS OPEB programs are as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	 Group Life Insurance Program	Teacher mployee HIC OPEB Plan
Total OPEB liability Plan fiduciary net position	\$ 3,390,238 1,762,972	\$ 1,438,114 129,016
Employers' net OPEB liability (asset) Plan fiduciary net position as a	1,627,266	1,309,098
percentage of total OPEB liability	52.00%	8.97%

The total liability is calculated by the VRS actuary and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the VRS financial statements. The net OPEB liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 74 in the VRS notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

Group Life Insurance and Health Insurance Credit Programs

The long-term expected rate of return on VRS investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 14. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability – Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return (Continued)

Group Life Insurance and Health Insurance Credit Programs (Continued)

Asset Class (Strategy)	Target Allocation	Arithmetic Long-Term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Rate of Return
Public Equity	34.00%	5.61%	1.91%
Fixed Income	15.00	0.88	0.13
Credit Strategies	14.00	5.13	0.72
Real Assets	14.00	5.27	0.74
Private Equity	14.00	8.77	1.23
MAPS – Multi-Asset Public Strategies	6.00	3.52	0.21
PIP – Private Investment Partnership	3.00	6.29	0.19
Total	100.00%		5.13%
	Inflation		2.50%
*Expected arithmet	ic nominal return		7.63%

^{*} The above allocation provides for a one-year return of 7.63%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected rate of return for the system, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. The results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 7.11%, including expected inflation of 2.50%. The VRS Board elected a long-term rate of 6.75% which is roughly at the 40th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 14. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability - Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the GLI and HIC OPEB liabilities was 6.75%. The discount rate used to measure the LODA OPEB liability was 3.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System member contributions will be made per the VRS Guidance and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019, the rate contributed by the employer for the OPEB liabilities will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly. From July 1, 2019 on, participating employers are assumed to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plans' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liabilities of the County and School Board, as well as what the County and School Board's net OPEB liabilities would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current discount rate:

	 1.00% Decrease (5.75%)	 Current Discount Rate (6.75%)	 1.00% Increase (7.75%)
GLI net OPEB liability			
Bedford County	\$ 2,186,000	\$ 1,664,000	\$ 1,241,000
School Board - Teachers	5,698,000	4,337,000	3,234,000
School Board - Nonprofessional	584,000	445,000	332,000
Teacher HIC net OPEB liability			
School Board - Teachers	9,076,000	8,110,000	7,289,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 14. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability – Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Information about the various VRS OPEB plan fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued VRS 2019 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the 2019 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2019-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Payables to the OPEB Plan

At June 30, 2020, the following amounts were payable to the Virginia Retirement System for the legally required contributions related to June 2020 payroll.

Group Life Insurance – Bedford County	\$ 15,349
Group Life Insurance – Bedford County School Board – Teachers	109,232
Group Life Insurance – Bedford County School Board – Nonprofessional	10,514
Teacher Health Insurance Credit Program-Bedford County School Board	100,536

Note 15. Landfill Closure and Postclosure Costs

Permit #30

The County stopped accepting waste at its old landfill site, permit #30, on October 8, 1993. In accordance with federal and state laws, the County placed a final cover on this site and was required to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions for ten years after closure. The site was certified as closed by the Virginia Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ) on July 2, 1996. The cumulative amount of estimated postclosure care costs to date for this site, less amounts expended for such costs to date, totals \$1,570,644.

The presence of certain contaminants in the groundwater extends the monitoring period in excess of the initial requirement. The estimated liability is based on the DEQ continuing to accept the current remedy enacted as discussed below and documented in the Corrective Action Permit dated November 21, 2006. If groundwater conditions change significantly prompting DEQ to require a change to the current remedy the actual costs will likely increase. Also, actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, changes in regulations, or other unforeseen circumstances. This amount is included in the long-term liabilities of the primary government.

The County's current plan of remediation consists of existing engineering and institutional controls (closure, capping, and site access restriction) coupled with groundwater remediation by monitored natural attenuation. This remedy consists of conducting groundwater and surface water monitoring at wells and springs on the site. It is the opinion of the County and its external engineer, based upon data observed to date, that during the next ten (10) years, the groundwater contaminants will decrease to an acceptable level and the County will be released from requirements of corrective action, and will petition DEO to suspend all postclosure care activities including groundwater and gas monitoring.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 15. Landfill Closure and Postclosure Costs (Continued)

Permit #560

The County's active landfill site, permit #560, began accepting waste on October 9, 1993. State and federal laws and regulations require the County to place a final cover on this landfill site when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions for thirty (30) years after closure. Although closure and postclosure care costs will be paid only near or after the date that the landfill stops accepting waste, the County reports a portion of these closure and postclosure care costs as an operating expense in each period based on landfill capacity used, as of each balance sheet date. The \$6,381,773 reported as landfill closure and postclosure care liability as of June 30, 2020 represents the cumulative amount reported to date based on the use of approximately 84.8% of the estimated capacity of the landfill. The County will recognize the remaining estimated cost of closure and postclosure care of \$1,605,804 as the remaining estimated capacity is filled. These amounts are based on what it would cost to perform all closure and postclosure care in 2019. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations. The County expects its disposal area to reach capacity in 2024.

The County uses the financial test method for demonstrating assurance for postclosure care.

Note 16. Fund Balances

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, the County classifies governmental fund balances as follows:

- Nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form such as inventories and prepaids or they legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- **Restricted** fund balance includes amounts that have constraints placed on the use by external sources such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Committed fund balance includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the highest level of decision making authority the Board. Formal Board action includes the annual adoption of the County's Budget and Appropriation Resolutions, budget amendments appropriating funds and resources, and budget amendments to carry forward appropriations that were unexpended at fiscal year end.
- Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the government's intent to be used
 for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. Fund balance may be assigned either
 through the encumbrance process as a result of normal purchasing activity or by the Board or an
 official delegated that authority.
- Unassigned fund balance is the positive fund balance within the General Fund which has not been classified as Restricted, Committed, or Assigned and negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

The County considers restricted fund balance to be spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which restricted and unrestricted fund balance are available unless prohibited by legal documents of contracts. When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which committed, assigned, or unassigned amounts are available, the County considers committed fund balance to be spent first, then assigned fund balance, and lastly unassigned fund balance.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 16. Fund Balances (Continued)

The General Fund reserve target is 10% of current year budgeted appropriations. For the purpose of determining if the target has been met, the unassigned fund balance is compared with the annual appropriations budget.

A schedule of the County fund balances is on the following page.

	 General Fund	School Board
Nonspendable:		
Prepaids	\$ 269,986	\$ 147,308
Inventories	 40,675	 184,794
Total nonspendable	 310,661	 332,102
Restricted for:		
Public safety	2,065,689	-
Education	1,515,478	-
Other purposes	 839,747	
Total restricted	 4,420,914	
Committed to:		
Public works	251,169	-
Health self insurance	-	5,271,020
Education-operating	-	-
Community development	397,790	-
Capital projects	 6,783,704	 36,344
Total committed	 7,432,663	 5,307,364
Assigned to:		
Judicial administration	45,828	-
Public safety	1,503,978	-
Public works-landfill cell construction	784,744	-
Health and welfare	25,243	-
Education-health self insurance	78,090	-
Education-nutrition	-	1,692,972
Education-textbooks	-	497,911
Education-maintenance projects	-	1,232,356
Education-capital projects	-	395,984
Funding of subsequent year budget	24,826,886	-
Subsequent year appropriation of fund balance	 423,170	
Total assigned	 27,687,939	 3,819,223
Unassigned	 28,659,410	 (724,859)
Total fund balances	\$ 68,511,587	\$ 8,733,830

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 17. Risk Management

The risk management programs of the County and School Board are as follows:

Worker's Compensation

Worker's Compensation Insurance is provided through VaCorp for both the County and the School Division. Benefits are those afforded through the Commonwealth of Virginia as outlined in *Code of Virginia* §65.2-100. Premiums are based on covered payroll, job rates, and claims experience. Total premiums paid for the current year were \$385,069 and \$366,741 for the County and School Division, respectively.

General Liability and Other

The County provides general liability and other insurance through VaCorp. General liability and business automobile have a \$2,000,000 limit. Boiler and machinery insurance has a \$125,000,000 limit and all other property insurance is covered as per the statement of values. Furthermore, public officials' liability insurance has a \$1,000,000 limit and line of duty coverage is provided pursuant to *Code of Virginia §9.1-400*. Total premiums for the current fiscal year were \$369,062.

The Bedford County Nursing Home has a separate policy for general liability insurance through GuideOne Mutual Insurance. The policy limit is \$1,000,000. Total premiums for the current fiscal year were \$30,255. Other Nursing Home insurance (i.e., worker's compensation, business auto, etc.) is included in the VaCorp policy and premiums noted in the preceding paragraph.

The School Division provides general liability and other insurance through the VaCorp. General liability and business automobile have a \$2,000,000 limit. Boiler and machinery insurance has a \$50,000,000 limit and property insurance is covered as per the statement of values. Total premiums for the current fiscal year were \$434,492.

Health Care

The County carried commercial insurance for employee health insurance plans for the year ended June 30, 2020.

The School Board's professionally administered self-insured health program provides healthcare coverage for employees, retirees, and their dependents. Risk management activities are accounted for in the School Operating Fund. Monthly premiums are based upon estimates from the School Board's benefit consultant that should cover administrative expenses, stop loss insurance premiums, and claims. A stop loss insurance contract executed with an insurance carrier covers claims in excess of \$275,000 per covered individual per contract year. For the year ended June 30, total claims expense was \$7,591,547. Administrative fees and stop loss premiums for the year ended June 30 totaled \$1,942,335. Estimated incurred but not reported (IBNR) claims at June 30 based on prior experience totaled \$500,000. Changes in the balance of claims payable liability during the past year is as follows:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 17. Risk Management (Continued)

Health Care (Continued)

	 Health Insurance
Unpaid Claims at July 1 Incurred claims (including IBNR and changes in estimates) Claim payments	\$ 1,220,246 7,591,547 (7,903,796)
Unpaid claims at June 30	\$ 907,997

Note 18. Related Organizations, Jointly Governed Organizations, and Joint Ventures

The following organizations are excluded from the accompanying financial statements:

Related Organizations:

Bedford Regional Water Authority (BRWA)

The BRWA (formerly the Bedford County Public Service Authority) was created pursuant to the Water and Sewer Authorities Act Chapter 28, Title 15.1 *Code of Virginia* of 1950, as amended, and in accordance with the Reversion Agreement executed in August 2012 between the Bedford County Board of Supervisors and the Bedford City Council. The BRWA operates on a Board-Administrator form of government. Its Board consists of a chairman and six other board members.

The BRWA serves the water and sewer needs of the Smith Mountain Lake, Forest, New London, and Boonsboro areas of the County as well as the Town of Bedford. The County contributes funding annually to the BRWA to assist in the payment of debt service for water and sewer lines and plant expansion.

Jointly Governed Organizations:

Horizon Behavioral Health (HBH)

The County, in conjunction with the Counties of Amherst, Appomattox, and Campbell, and the City of Lynchburg, participates in HBH, whose board is composed of two members from each of the participating localities. The County contributed \$116,000 for operations to HBH for 2020.

Blue Ridge Regional Jail Authority (BRRJA)

The County, in conjunction with the Counties of Amherst, Appomattox, Campbell, and Halifax, and the City of Lynchburg, participates in the BRRJA. Each member jurisdiction pays a per diem charge for each day that one of its prisoners is at any regional jail facility. In accordance with the service agreement, the Authority has divided the per diem charge into operating and debt service components. The per diem charge is based upon an assumed number of prisoner days, and is subject to adjustment at the end of each fiscal year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 18. Related Organizations, Jointly Governed Organizations, and Joint Ventures (Continued)

Joint Ventures:

Region 2000 Radio Communications Board

The County, along with the County of Amherst and City of Lynchburg, is a participant in the development and operation of a regional radio communication system, the Region 2000 Radio Communications Board (the "Board"). Each participant agreed to contribute its pro rata share for annual capital and operational costs, as well as any annual deficit. The Board issued debt of \$13.1 million in May 2012 for the upgrade and replacement of the existing system. Each participant agreed to contribute its pro rata share towards debt service payments of the Board. The County's share will be 41.90%, and annual contributions for debt service will approximate \$465,000 through May 2027. Should the Board fail to make the debt service payments, the member jurisdictions have a moral non-binding obligation to pay the debt service. During fiscal year 2020, the County paid the Board \$465,038 for debt service and \$484,880 for other operational costs.

Tri-County Lake Administrative Commission (TLAC)

The County, in conjunction with the Counties of Franklin and Pittsylvania, created TLAC, which is composed of an eight-member board of directors appointed by the participating localities to carry out lake planning duties as may be assigned by the respective Boards of Supervisors. Such duties may include, but are not limited to, navigation marker issues, debris cleanup, and coordination with American Electric Power on lake-related issues. The County is responsible for annual contributions to TLAC, which equaled \$98,829 for 2020. Separate financial statements for TLAC are not available.

Note 19. Commitments and Contingencies

Litigation

The County and School Board, in the normal course of conducting affairs, are each involved in various claims, judgements, and litigation. Officials estimate that any ultimate liability not covered by insurance will have an immaterial effect on financial position.

Special purpose grants

Special purpose grants are subject to audit to determine compliance with their requirements. County officials believe that if any refunds are required, they will be immaterial.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 20. Tax Incentives

The County and EDA have performance based tax incentive agreements with three local businesses. The agreements provide for a partial refund of Machinery and Tools tax paid for five years. The refund is based on the performance agreement investment of business machinery and tools. The refund percentage steps down by 10 percent during each year of the performance agreement (see schedule below).

Year 1	70 %
Year 2	60
Year 3	50
Year 4	40
Year 5	30

During fiscal year 2020, \$35,406 was refunded to businesses in accordance with the above mentioned agreements.

Note 21. Other Matters

On July 1, 2013, the City of Bedford, Virginia reverted to Town status. The reversion agreement provided for certain capital assets with a value of \$2,132,737 to be transferred to the County from the Town, including the Library and an elementary school. Due to the reversion, the School Board receives an increase in state education funding for 15 years. In consideration for the assets received from the Town, the County agreed to pay the Town \$500,000 annually for a period of 15 years. For any year in which the additional state education funding exceeds \$4 million, the County will pay the Town an additional \$250,000. For any year in which the additional state education funding is less than \$4 million, the payment to the Town will be reduced by a formula described in the reversion agreement. For the year ended June 30, 2020, the County paid the Town \$750,000, which was the Town's share of additional funding for the year.

Note 22. COVID-19 Impact

On January 30, 2020, the World Health Organization ("WHO") announced a global health emergency because of a new strain of coronavirus (the "COVID-19 outbreak") and the risks to the international community as the virus spreads globally beyond its point of origin. In March 2020, the WHO classified the COVID-19 outbreak as a pandemic, based on the rapid increase in exposure globally.

The County's operations are heavily dependent on the ability to raise taxes, assess fees, and access the capital markets. Additionally, access to grants and contracts from federal and state governments may decrease or may not be available depending on appropriations. The outbreak will have a continued material adverse impact on economic and market conditions, triggering a period of global economic slowdown. This situation has potentially depressed the tax bases and other areas in which the County received revenue during fiscal year 2020. As such, the County's financial condition and liquidity may be negatively impacted for the fiscal year 2021.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 22. COVID-19 Impact (Continued)

The full impact of the COVID-19 outbreak continues to evolve as of the date of this report. As such, it is uncertain as to the full magnitude the pandemic will have on the County's financial condition, liquidity, and future results of operations. Management is actively monitoring the impact of the global situation on its financial condition, liquidity, operations, suppliers, industry, and workforce. Given the continued evolution of the COVID-19 outbreak and the global responses to curb its spread, the Government is not able to estimate the effects of the COVID-19 outbreak on its results of operations, financial condition, or liquidity for fiscal year 2021.

Note 23. Restatement of Net Position

Net position was restated for the year ended June 30, 2019 for a change in the County and School Board's capital asset capitalization threshold:

	G	overnmental Activities	School Board		
Net Position as previously reported at June 30, 2019 Increase in capital asset threshold	\$	26,783,193 (2,432,974)	\$	36,659,384 (1,288,696)	
Net Position as restated at June 30, 2019	\$	24,350,219	\$	35,370,688	

Note 24. New Accounting Standards

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued the following Statements which are not yet effective. The effective dates below are updated based on **Statement No. 95**, *Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance* due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

In January 2017, the GASB issued **Statement No. 84**, *Fiduciary Activities*. This Statement establishes standards of accounting and financial reporting for fiduciary activities. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019.

In June 2017, The GASB issued **Statement No. 87**, *Leases*. This Statement establishes standards of accounting and financial reporting for leases by lessees and lessors. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2021.

In August 2018, the GASB issued **Statement No. 90**, *Majority Equity Interests*, an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61. This Statement improves the consistency and comparability of reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and improves the relevance of financial statement information for certain component units. It defines a majority equity interest and specifies that a majority equity interest in a legally separate organization should be reported as an investment if a government's holding of the equity interest meets the definition of an investment. A majority equity interest that meets the definition of an investment should be measured using the equity method, unless it is held by a special-purpose government engaged only in fiduciary activities, a fiduciary fund, or an endowment (including permanent and term endowments) or permanent fund. Those governments and funds should measure the majority equity interest at fair value.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 24. New Accounting Standards (Continued)

For all other holdings of a majority equity interest in a legally separate organization, a government should report the legally separate organization as a component unit, and the government or fund that holds the equity interest should report an asset related to the majority equity interest using the equity method. This Statement establishes that ownership of a majority equity interest in a legally separate organization results in the government being financially accountable for the legally separate organization and, therefore, the government should report that organization as a component unit.

This Statement also requires that a component unit in which a government has a 100 percent equity interest account for its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources at acquisition value at the date the government acquired a 100 percent equity interest in the component unit. Transactions presented in flows statements of the component unit in that circumstance should include only transactions that occurred subsequent to the acquisition.

The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019. The requirements should be applied retroactively, except for the provisions related to (1) reporting a majority equity interest in a component unit and (2) reporting a component unit if the government acquires a 100 percent equity interest. Those provisions should be applied on a prospective basis.

In May 2019, the GASB issued **Statement No. 91**, *Conduit Debt Obligations*. This Statement provides a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminates diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2021.

In January 2020, the GASB issued **Statement No. 92**, *Omnibus*. This Statement enhances comparability in accounting and financial reporting and improves the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. Certain requirements of this Statement are effective immediately and others for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

In March 2020, the GASB issued **Statement No. 93**, *Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates*. This Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting implications that result from the replacement of an IBOR. The removal of LIBOR as an appropriate benchmark interest rate is effective for reporting periods ending after December 31, 2022. All other requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

In March 2020, the GASB issued **Statement No. 94**, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*. This Statement improves financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public-public partnership arrangements (PPPs). The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

In May 2020, the GASB issued **Statement No. 96**, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements. This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 24. New Accounting Standards (Continued)

In June 2020, the GASB issued **Statement No. 97**, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans – an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a Supersession of GASB Statement No. 32. This Statement provides a more consistent financial reporting of defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution OPEB plans, and other employee benefit plans, while mitigating the costs associated with reporting those plans. Certain requirements of this Statement are effective immediately and others for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

Management has not determined the effects these new GASB Statements may have on prospective financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS – PRIMARY GOVERNMENT June 30, 2020

	Plan Year								
	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014			
Total Pension Liability									
Service cost	\$ 2,021,050	\$ 2,006,400	\$ 1,898,498	\$ 1,804,637	\$ 1,919,057	\$ 1,936,109			
Interest on total pension liability	4,947,523	4,534,182	4,339,811	4,238,485	4,072,090	3,827,724			
Changes in benefit terms	-	-	517,512	-	-	-			
Difference between expected and									
actual experience	283,759	2,720,519	(451,977)	(1,711,831)	(1,101,052)	-			
Changes in assumptions	2,366,146	-	(459,022)	-	-	-			
Benefit payments, including refunds of									
employee contributions	(3,557,037)	(3,155,426)	(2,980,765)	(2,786,780)	(2,239,267)	(2,306,520)			
Net change in total pension liability	6,061,441	6,105,675	2,864,057	1,544,511	2,650,828	3,457,313			
Total pension liability – beginning	72,457,419	66,351,744	63,487,687	61,943,176	59,292,348	55,835,035			
Total pension liability – ending	78,518,860	72,457,419	66,351,744	63,487,687	61,943,176	59,292,348			
Plan Fiduciary Net Position									
Contributions – employer	1,400,026	1,339,030	1,272,940	1,481,732	1,451,172	1,751,158			
Contributions – employee	989,164	957,613	909,120	826,393	812,546	860,090			
Net investment income	4,582,631	4,805,143	7,135,145	1,023,046	2,558,667	7,596,167			
Benefit payments, including refunds of									
employee contributions	(3,557,037)	(3,155,426)	(2,980,765)	(2,786,780)	(2,239,267)	(2,306,520)			
Administrative expenses	(45,242)	(41,325)	(41,144)	(36,107)	(34,521)	(40,277)			
Other	(2,892)	132,140	(6,358)	(430)	(546)	400			
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	3,366,650	4,037,175	6,288,938	507,854	2,548,051	7,861,018			
Plan fiduciary net position – beginning	69,093,337	65,056,162	58,767,224	58,259,370	55,711,319	47,850,301			
Plan fiduciary net position – ending	72,459,987	69,093,337	65,056,162	58,767,224	58,259,370	55,711,319			
Net pension liability – ending	\$ 6,058,873	\$ 3,364,082	\$ 1,295,582	\$ 4,720,463	\$ 3,683,806	\$ 3,581,029			
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of									
total pension liability	92%	95%	98%	93%	94%	94%			
Covered employee payroll	\$ 21,781,710	\$ 21,353,372	\$ 19,852,664	\$ 18,450,608	\$ 17,522,239	\$ 18,233,530			
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll	28%	16%	7%	26%	21%	20%			

The plan years above are reported in the entity's financial statements in the fiscal year following the plan year – i.e., plan year 2014 information was presented in the entity's fiscal year 2015 financial report.

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since the 2015 fiscal year (plan year 2014) was the first year for this presentation, no earlier data is available. Additional years will be included as they become available.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS – SCHOOLS – NONPROFESSIONAL EMPLOYEES June 30, 2020

	Plan Year								
	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014			
Total Pension Liability									
Service cost	\$ 529,937	\$ 538,823	\$ 547,567	\$ 558,668	\$ 601,405	\$ 582,857			
Interest on total pension liability	1,564,001	1,491,579	1,454,802	1,431,511	1,351,849	1,277,059			
Difference between expected and									
actual experience	364,326	158,901	(164,960)	(638,390)	80,427	-			
Changes in assumptions	616,120	-	(224,914)	-	-	-			
Benefit payments, including refunds of									
employee contributions	(1,229,744)	(1,079,678)	(1,094,549)	(943,544)	(847,770)	(735,199)			
Net change in total pension liability	1,844,640	1,109,625	517,946	408,245	1,185,911	1,124,717			
Total pension liability – beginning	22,957,738	21,848,113	21,330,167	20,921,922	19,736,011	18,611,294			
Total pension liability – ending	24,802,378	22,957,738	21,848,113	21,330,167	20,921,922	19,736,011			
Plan Fiduciary Net Position									
Contributions – employer	244,991	237,168	236,702	390,587	404,699	475,727			
Contributions – employee	255,641	264,009	261,842	262,489	272,628	286,798			
Net investment income	1,582,297	1,686,767	2,537,662	364,171	923,208	2,759,864			
Benefit payments, including refunds of									
employee contributions	(1,229,744)	(1,079,678)	(1,094,549)	(943,544)	(847,770)	(735,199)			
Administrative expenses	(16,057)	(14,762)	(14,951)	(13,042)	(12,637)	(14,693)			
Other	(993)	(1,492)	(2,243)	(154)	(196)	146			
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	836,135	1,092,012	1,924,463	60,507	739,932	2,772,643			
Plan fiduciary net position – beginning	24,041,048	22,949,036	21,024,573	20,964,066	20,224,134	17,451,491			
Plan fiduciary net position – ending	24,877,183	24,041,048	22,949,036	21,024,573	20,964,066	20,224,134			
Net pension liability (asset) – ending	\$ (74,805)	\$ (1,083,310)	\$ (1,100,923)	\$ 305,594	\$ (42,144)	\$ (488,123)			
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of									
total pension liability (asset)	100%	105%	105%	99%	100%	102%			
Covered employee payroll	\$ 6,232,346	\$ 6,239,209	\$ 6,134,885	\$ 6,058,761	\$ 5,777,679	\$ 6,064,075			
Net pension liability (asset) as a percentage									
of covered employee payroll	-1%	-17%	-18%	5%	-1%	-8%			

The plan years above are reported in the entity's financial statements in the fiscal year following the plan year -i.e., plan year 2014 information was presented in the entity's fiscal year 2015 financial report.

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since the 2015 fiscal year (plan year 2014) was the first year for this presentation, no earlier data is available. Additional years will be included as they become available.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS – PRIMARY GOVERNMENT – LENGTH OF SERVICE AWARDS PROGRAM June 30, 2020

	Plan Year							
		2020		2019		2018		2017
Total Pension Liability		_		_		_		_
Service cost	\$	105,316	\$	95,314	\$	97,910	\$	104,705
Interest on total pension liability		72,729		86,214		98,590		98,942
Changes in benefit terms		-		-		-		-
Difference between expected								
and actual experience		(49,104)		(182,357)		(49,620)		-
Changes in assumptions		549,356		329,430		(32,874)		(156,953)
Benefit payments, including refunds of								
employee contributions		(111,653)		(116,441)		(64,755)		(118,545)
Net change in total pension liability		566,644		212,160		49,251		(71,851)
Total pension liability – beginning		3,022,565		2,810,405		2,761,154		2,833,005
Total pension liability – ending		3,589,209		3,022,565		2,810,405		2,761,154
Plan Fiduciary Net Position								
Contributions – employer		-		-		-		-
Contributions – employee		-		-		-		-
Net investment income		-		-		-		-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		_		_		_		_
Administrative expenses		_		_		_		_
Other								
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		-		-		-		-
Plan fiduciary net position – beginning		-		-		-		-
Plan fiduciary net position – ending		-		-		-		-
Net pension liability – ending	\$	3,589,209	\$	3,022,565	\$	2,810,405	\$	2,761,154
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of								
total pension liability		0%		0%	_	0%		0%
Covered employee payroll	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	-
Net pension liability as a percentage of								
covered employee payroll		0%		0%		0%		0%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since the 2017 fiscal year was the first year for this presentation, no earlier data is available. Additional years will be included as they become available.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS June 30, 2020

Entity Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Actuarially Determined Contribution	Contributions in Relation to Actuarially Determined Contribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Cov	vered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
Primary Governmen		Determined Contribution	Deficiency (Excess)		vereu i ayron	1 ayron
2020	\$ 1,599,989	\$ 1,599,989	\$ -	\$	21,647,240	7.39 %
2019	1,480,062	1,480,062	-		21,781,710	6.79
2018	1,394,763	1,394,763	-		21,353,372	6.53
2017	1,308,922	1,308,922	-		19,852,664	6.59
2016	1,504,339	1,504,339	-		18,450,608	8.15
2015	1,461,696	1,461,696	-		17,522,239	8.34
Schools – Nonprofes	sional Employees					
2020	268,886	268,886	-		5,904,866	4.55
2019	260,351	260,351	-		6,232,346	4.18
2018	248,907	248,907	-		6,239,209	3.99
2017	253,457	253,457	-		6,134,885	4.13
2016	394,983	394,983	-		6,058,761	6.52
2015	403,169	403,169	-		5,777,679	6.98
Primary Governmen	nt-Length of Service	Awards Program				
2020	111,653	9	-		N/A	N/A
2019	93,369	93,369	-		N/A	N/A
2018	96,350	96,350	-		N/A	N/A
2017	105,469	105,469	-		N/A	N/A

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2015 was the first year for this presentation, no earlier data is available. Additional years will be included as they become available.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY – VRS TEACHER RETIREMENT PLAN June 30, 2020

School Division Plan Year Ended June 30,	Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	Propo	Employer's rtionate Share of Pension Liability	Empl	loyer's Covered Payroll	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
2019	0.62 %	\$	81,823,201	\$	49,842,942	164.16 %	73.51 %
2018	0.62		72,970,000		48,371,493	150.85	74.81
2017	0.61		75,240,000		47,412,845	158.69	72.92
2016	0.63		88,270,000		48,619,400	181.55	68.28
2015	0.62		78,504,000		47,022,390	166.95	70.68
2014	0.67		80,535,000		49,087,777	164.06	70.88

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2015 was the first year for this presentation, no earlier data is available. Additional years will be included as they become available.

The covered payroll amounts above are for the measurement period, which is the twelve months prior to the school division's fiscal year.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS – VRS TEACHER RETIREMENT PLAN June 30, 2020

Entity Fiscal Year Ended June 30,]	Required to Contractually		1			Required to Contractually Contribution					Empl	oyer's Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2020	\$	7,910,482	\$	7,910,482	\$	-	\$	47,893,326	16.52 %					
2019		8,128,483		8,128,483		-		49,842,942	16.31					
2018		8,147,789		8,147,789		-		48,371,493	16.84					
2017		6,950,571		6,950,571		-		47,412,846	14.66					
2016		6,672,491		6,672,491		-		48,619,400	13.72					
2015		6,677,180		6,677,180		-		47,022,390	14.20					

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2015 was the first year for this presentation, no earlier data is available. Additional years will be included as they become available.

The covered payroll amounts above are for the school division's fiscal year -i.e., the covered payroll on which required contributions were based for the same year.

Schools

2,874,937

\$ 54,610,702

0%

5.26%

7,083,814

\$ 53,547,731

0%

13.23%

COUNTY OF BEDFORD, VIRGINIA

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS – LOCAL PLANS June 30, 2020

Primary Government

Plan Year

2019 2018 2017 2019 2018 2017 **Total OPEB Liability** \$ Service cost 62,102 42,428 \$ 45,868 206,165 432,439 460,509 Interest on total OPEB liability 31,493 23,759 18,053 100,233 242,932 196,367 Difference between expected and 4,131 252,668 (75,589)(6,085,371)actual experience (35,609)(90,532)(42,476)1,344 (371,559)Changes in assumptions 1,436,739 25,799 Benefit payments (28,857)(13,755)(136,575)(235,616)(183,114)Net change in total OPEB liability 33,260 214,568 47,244 95,578 (4,208,877)102,203 Total OPEB liability - beginning 882,326 667,758 620,514 2,874,937 7,083,814 6,981,611 Total OPEB liability - ending 915,586 882,326 667,758 2,970,515 2,874,937 7,083,814 **Plan Fiduciary Net Position** 28,857 (25,799)136,575 Contributions - employer (13,755)235,616 183,114 Benefit payments (28,857)13,755 25,799 (136,575)(235,616)(183,114)Net change in plan fiduciary net position

882,326

\$ 21,353,372

0%

4.13%

667,758

\$ 19,852,664

0%

3.36%

2,970,515

\$ 56,075,288

5.30%

Plan fiduciary net position – beginning Plan fiduciary net position – ending

Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of

Net OPEB liability as a percentage of

Net OPEB liability - ending

total OPEB liability

Covered payroll

covered payroll

The plan years above are reported in the entity's financial statements in the fiscal year following the plan year – i.e., plan year 2017 information was presented in the entity's fiscal year 2018 financial report.

915,586

\$ 21,781,710

0%

4.20%

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since fiscal year 2018 (plan year 2017) was the first year for this presentation, no earlier data is available. Additional years will be included as they become available.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS – LOCAL PLANS June 30, 2020

Entity Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Actuarially Determined Employer Contribution		Actual Employer Contribution		Defi	ribution ciency ccess)	F	Employer's Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		
County Local P	lan	_		_							
2020	\$	18,846	\$	18,846	\$	-	\$	21,647,240	0.09 %		
2019		471,580		471,580		-		21,781,710	2.17		
2018		13,755		13,755		-		21,353,372	0.06		
Schools Local P	lan										
2020		198,370		198,370		-		53,798,192	0.37		
2019		156,196		156,196		-		56,075,288	0.28		
2018		235,616		235,616		-		54,610,702	0.43		

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2018 was the first year for this presentation, no earlier data is available. Additional years will be included as they become available.

The covered payroll amounts above are for the entity's fiscal year -i.e., the covered payroll on which required contributions were based for the same year.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S SHARE OF NET OPEB LIABILITY – VRS PLANS June 30, 2020

Entity Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Employer's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	Employer's Covered Payroll	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability			
Virginia Retirem	ent System – Healt	h Insurance Cred	lit - Schools - Te	achers				
2020	0.62 %	\$ 8,110,000	\$ 49,842,942	16.27 %	8.97 %			
2019	0.62	7,859,000	48,371,493	16.25	8.08			
2018	0.61	7,739,000	47,412,846	16.32	7.04			
Virginia Retirem	ent System – Grou	p Life Insurance	– Primary Gover	nment				
2020	0.10	1,664,000	21,781,710	7.64	52.00			
2019	0.10	1,583,000	21,353,372	7.41	51.22			
2018	0.10	1,516,000	19,852,664	7.64	48.86			
Virginia Retirem	ent System – Grou	p Life Insurance	– Schools-Nonpro	ofessional Employe	es			
2020	0.03	445,000	6,232,346	7.14	52.00			
2019	0.03	441,000	6,239,209	7.07	51.22			
2018	0.03	443,000	6,134,885	7.22	48.86			
Virginia Retirem	ent System – Grou	p Life Insurance	– Schools-Teache	ers				
2020	0.27	4,338,000	49,842,942	8.70	52.00			
2019	0.26	4,014,000	48,371,493	8.30	51.22			
2018	0.26	3,938,000	48,619,400	8.10	48.86			

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2018 was the first year for this presentation, no earlier data is available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

The covered payroll amounts above are for the measurement period, which is the twelve months prior to the entity's fiscal year.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS – VRS PLANS June 30, 2020

		Contributions in Relation to			Contributions		
Entity Fiscal Year Contractually Required		Contractually Required	Contribution Deficiency	Employer's Covered	as a Percentage of Covered		
Ended June 30,	Contribution	Contribution	(Excess)	Payroll	Payroll		
Virginia Retiremen	t System – Health	Insurance Cred	it — Schools — Tea	chers			
2020	\$ 606,005	\$ 606,005	\$ -	\$ 47,893,326	1.27 %		
2019	622,390	622,390	-	49,842,942	1.25		
2018	614,318	614,318	-	48,371,493	1.27		
Virginia Retiremen	t System – Group	Life Insurance -	- Primary Govern	ment			
2020	113,460	113,460	-	21,647,240	0.52		
2019	105,040	105,040	-	21,781,710	0.48		
2018	103,829	103,829	-	21,353,372	0.49		
Virginia Retiremen	t System – Group	Life Insurance -	- Schools- Nonpro	ofessional Employ	yeees		
2020	28,372	28,372	-	5,904,866	0.48		
2019	29,198	29,198	-	6,232,346	0.47		
2018	29,372	29,372	-	6,239,209	0.47		
Virginia Retiremen	t System – Group	Life Insurance -	- Schools- Teache	rs			
2019	264,295	264,295	-	47,893,326	0.55		
2019	271,777	271,777	-	49,842,942	0.55		
2018	261,711	261,711	-	48,371,493	0.54		

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2018 was the first year for this presentation, no earlier data is available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

The covered payroll amounts above are for the entity's fiscal year -i.e., the covered payroll on which required contributions were based for the same year.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION June 30, 2020

Note 1. Changes of Benefit Terms

Pension

There have been no actuarially material changes to the Virginia Retirement System (System) benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Note 2. Changes of Assumptions

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012, through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Largest 10 – Non-Hazardous Duty:

- Update mortality table to RP-2014 projected to 2020
- Lowered rates at older ages and extended final retirement age from 70 to 75
- Update withdrawal rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
- Lowered rates of disability retirement
- No changes to salary rates
- Increase Line of Duty Disability rates from 14% to 20%
- Decrease discount rate from 7.00% to 6.75%
- Applicable to: Pension, GLI OPEB, and HIC OPEB

Largest 10 – Hazardous Duty/Public Safety Employees:

- Update mortality table to RP-2014 projected to 2020
- Lowered rates of retirement at older ages
- Update withdrawal rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
- Increased disability rates
- No changes to salary rates
- Increased Line of Duty Disability rates from 60% to 70%
- Decreased discount rate from 7.00% to 6.75%
- Applicable to: Pension, GLI OPEB, and LODA OPEB

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION June 30, 2020

Note 2. Changes of Assumptions (Continued)

All Others (Non 10 Largest) – Non-Hazardous Duty:

- Update mortality table to RP-2014 projected to 2020
- Lowered rates of retirement at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
- Update withdrawal rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
- Lowered disability rates
- No changes to salary rates
- Increased Line of Duty Disability rate from 14% to 15%
- Decreased discount rate from 7.00% to 6.75%
- Applicable to: Pension, GLI OPEB, and HIC OPEB

All Others (Non 10 Largest) – Hazardous Duty/Public Safety Employees:

- Update mortality table to RP-2014 projected to 2020
- Increased retirement rate at age 50 and lowered rates at older ages
- Update withdrawal rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
- Update disability rates to better fit experience
- No changes to salary rates
- Lowered Line of Duty Disability rate from 60% to 45%
- Decreased discount rate from 7.00% to 6.75%
- Applicable to: Pension, GLI OPEB, and LODA OPEB

Teacher cost-sharing pool

- Update mortality table to RP-2014 projected to 2020
- Lowered retirement rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
- Update withdrawal rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
- Update disability rates to better fit experience
- No changes to salary rates
- Decreased discount rate from 7.00% to 6.75%
- Applicable to: Pension, GLI OPEB, and HIC OPEB

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

AGENCY FUNDS – COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION June 30, 2020

	Tri-County Lake Administrative Commission		Bedford Community Coalition		Bedford Wine Trail		Special Welfare Fund		Road Escrow Accounts		Land Disturbing Bonds		Sheriff Asset Seizures		Total	
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Security deposits Accounts receivable	\$	709,550 900 20,598	\$	1,235	\$	3,390	\$	70,506 - -	\$	69,959 - -	\$	68,989 - -	\$	44,547 - -	\$	968,176 900 20,598
Total assets	\$	731,048	\$	1,235	\$	3,390	\$	70,506	\$	69,959	\$	68,989	\$	44,547	\$	989,674
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Amounts held for others	\$	5,618 3,693 721,737	\$	- - 1,235	\$	3,390	\$	- - 70,506	\$	- - 69,959	\$	- - 68,989	\$	- - 44,547	\$	5,618 3,693 980,363
Total liabilities	\$	731,048	\$	1,235	\$	3,390	\$	70,506	\$	69,959	\$	68,989	\$	44,547	\$	989,674

AGENCY FUNDS – COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION AND LIABILITIES Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Balance Beginning		A	Additions Ded			Bala Deductions End	
Tri-County Lake Administrative Commission								
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Security deposits	\$	791,668 900	\$	134,285	\$	216,403	\$	709,550 900
Accounts receivable		7,922		146,961		134,285		20,598
	\$	800,490	\$	281,246	\$	350,688	\$	731,048
Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Amounts held for others	\$	7,011 5,820 787,659	\$	80,906 131,977 -	\$	82,299 134,104 65,922	\$	5,618 3,693 721,737
	\$	800,490	\$	212,883	\$	282,325	\$	731,048
Bedford Community Coalition Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,230	\$	5	\$	-	\$	1,235
Liabilities: Amounts held for others	\$	1,230	\$	5	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	1,235
Bedford Wine Trail Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,993	\$	600	\$	1,203	\$	3,390
Liabilities: Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	1,203	\$	1,203	\$	-
Amounts held for others		3,993				603		3,390
	\$	3,993	\$	1,203	\$	1,806	\$	3,390
Special Welfare Fund								
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$	37,734	\$	132,610	\$	99,838	\$	70,506
Liabilities: Amounts held for others	\$	37,734	\$	132,610	\$	99,838	\$	70,506
Road Escrow Accounts								
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$	69,889	\$	70	\$		\$	69,959
Liabilities: Amounts held for others	\$	69,889	\$	70	\$		\$	69,959

AGENCY FUNDS – COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION AND LIABILITIES Year Ended June 30, 2020

		Balance Beginning	Additions		Deductions			Balance Ending
Land Disturbing Bonds								
Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	107,591	\$	55,317	\$	93,919	\$	68,989
Liabilities:								
Amounts held for others	\$	107,591	\$	55,317	\$	93,919	\$	68,989
Sheriff Asset Seizures								
Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	54,798	\$	9,850	\$	20,101	\$	44,547
Liabilities:								
Amounts held for others	\$	54,798	\$	9,850	\$	20,101	\$	44,547
Total Fiduciary Funds Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,066,903	\$	332,737	\$	431,464	\$	968,176
Security deposits	Φ	900	Ψ	332,737	Φ	431,404	Φ	900,170
Accounts receivable		7,922		146,961		134,285		20,598
Total assets	\$	1,075,725	\$	479,698	\$	565,749	\$	989,674
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	7,011	\$	82,109	\$	83,502	\$	5,618
Accrued liabilities		5,820		131,977		134,104		3,693
Amounts held for others		1,062,894		197,852		280,383		980,363
Total liabilities	\$	1,075,725	\$	411,938	\$	497,989	\$	989,674

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT – BEDFORD COUNTY SCHOOL BOARD

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS – Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes. The component unit – School Board has the following special revenue funds.

School Operating Fund – Accounts for the primary operating activities of the public school system.

School Nutrition Fund – Accounts for revenues and expenditures associated with the food services within the school system.

School Textbook Fund – Accounts for the state and local funds provided for the purchase of textbooks.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS – Capital projects funds are used to account for revenues and expenditures related to major construction and renovation. The component unit – School Board has the following capital projects fund.

School Capital Projects Fund – Accounts for revenues and expenditures related to major construction and renovation projects of the school system.

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT – BEDFORD COUNTY SCHOOL BOARD COMBINING BALANCE SHEET Year Ended June 30, 2020

	 Sp	ecial	Revenue Fu	nds			Total		
	 Operating		Nutrition	T	extbooks	Capital Projects	G	overnmental Funds	
ASSETS									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 8,188,870	\$	1,912,179	\$	497,911	\$ 10,830	\$	10,609,790	
Receivables, net	3,418,281		94,217		-	-		3,512,498	
Due from primary government	7,720,370		-		-	2,782,899		10,503,269	
Due from other funds	546,962		-		-	-		546,962	
Prepaids	120,699		26,609		-	-		147,308	
Inventories	 		184,794		-	 -		184,794	
Total assets	\$ 19,995,182	\$	2,217,799	\$	497,911	\$ 2,793,729	\$	25,504,621	
LIABILITIES									
Accounts payable and									
accrued expenses	\$ 433,356	\$	7,506	\$	-	\$ 1,850,783	\$	2,291,645	
Accrued payroll and									
related liabilities	11,579,071		305,918		-	-		11,884,989	
Due to other funds	-		-		-	546,962		546,962	
Self insurance	907,326		-		-	-		907,326	
Deferred revenue	 1,139,869		-		-	 -		1,139,869	
Total liabilities	 14,059,622		313,424			2,397,745		16,770,791	
FUND BALANCES									
Fund balances:									
Nonspendable	120,699		211,403		-	-		332,102	
Committed	5,307,364		-		-	-		5,307,364	
Assigned	1,232,356		1,692,972		497,911	395,984		3,819,223	
Unassigned	 (724,859)		-		-	 -		(724,859)	
Total fund balances	 5,935,560		1,904,375		497,911	395,984		8,733,830	
Total liabilities and									
fund balances	\$ 19,995,182	\$	2,217,799	\$	497,911	\$ 2,793,729			

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT – BEDFORD COUNTY SCHOOL BOARD COMBINING BALANCE SHEET Year Ended June 30, 2020

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:

Total Fund Balance, Governmental Funds		\$	8,733,830
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.			
Gross capital assets at historical cost	\$ 293,101,626		
Accumulated depreciation	(155,248,997)		137,852,629
Other long-term assets not available to pay for current period expenditures and			
therefore are deferred in the funds.			1,842,700
Financial statement elements related to pension and other postemployment			
benefits are applicable to future period and therefore, are not reported in the			
funds.			
Deferred outflows related to:			
Pensions	17,984,604		
Other postemployment benefits	3,084,437		
Deferred inflows related to:			
Pensions	(8,906,093)		
Other postemployment benefits	(5,273,803)		
Net pension asset	74,805		
Net pension liability	(81,823,201)		
Net other postemployment benefit liability	(15,863,515)		(90,722,766)
Long-term liabilities do not require the use of current financial resources and			
are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.			
Accrued interest	(80,030)		
Capital leases	(4,016,308)		
Compensated absences	(1,856,915)		(5,953,253)
Net position of Governmental Activities		\$	51,753,140
		_	

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT – BEDFORD COUNTY SCHOOL BOARD COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Spe	ecial Revenue Fu	nds		
	Operating	Nutrition	Textbooks	Capital Projects	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES Revenue from use of money and property Charges for services Other	\$ 64,940 663,824 539,047	\$ 6,924 1,542,585	\$ 1,480 - -	\$ 11 -	\$ 73,355 2,206,409 539,047
Intergovernmental: County of Bedford Commonwealth of Virginia Federal government	36,520,917 60,526,345 4,569,521	59,950 2,873,610	- 466,849 -	21,112,464	57,633,381 61,053,144 7,443,131
Total revenues	102,884,594	4,483,069	468,329	21,112,475	128,948,467
EXPENDITURES Current:					
Instructional Administration, attendance, and health Pupil transportation services Operations and maintenance services	73,531,036 4,125,256 8,452,294 9,299,215	- - -	1,210,321 - - -	- - -	74,741,357 4,125,256 8,452,294 9,299,215
Nutrition services Technology Debt Service: Principal	6,531,592 1,279,521	4,295,846	-	-	4,295,846 6,531,592 1,279,521
Interest and other fiscal charges Capital projects	84,081	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	20,745,918	84,081 20,745,918
Total expenditures	103,302,995	4,295,846	1,210,321	20,745,918	129,555,080
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(418,401)	187,223	(741,992)	366,557	(606,613)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Capital lease proceeds Transfers in Transfers out	1,368,583 19,566	- - (19,566)	- - -	- - -	1,368,583 19,566 (19,566)
Total other financing sources	1,388,149	(19,566)		_	1,368,583
Net change in fund balances	969,748	167,657	(741,992)	366,557	761,970
Fund balance, beginning	4,965,812	1,736,718	1,239,903	29,427	
Fund balance, ending	\$ 5,935,560	\$ 1,904,375	\$ 497,911	\$ 395,984	

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT – BEDFORD COUNTY SCHOOL BOARD COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES Year Ended June 30, 2020

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	761,970
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period. Capital outlay expenditures that were capitalized Depreciation expense for governmental assets	\$ 22,446,974 (6,985,912)		15,461,062
Governmental funds report pension contributions as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of pension benefits earned, net of employee contributions is reported as pension expense Employer pension contributions			8,179,368
Pension expense Governmental funds report pension contributions as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of pension benefits earned, net of employee			(8,666,805)
contributions is reported as pension expense Employer other postemployment benefit contributions Other postemployment expense			1,097,042 (349,607)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. New long-term debt issued	(1,368,583)		
Principal payments on long-term debt Increase in accrued interest payable	 1,279,521 (4,807)		(93,869)
Revenue in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds Other revenues			312,816
Expenses in the Statement of Activities that do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.			(210 525)
Compensated absences Total changes in not position of governmental activities		•	(319,525)
Total changes in net position of governmental activities		\$	16,382,452

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT – BEDFORD COUNTY SCHOOL BOARD COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – CASH BASIS Year Ended June 30, 2020

		Opei	rating	
	Budgeted Original	l Amounts Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Revenue from use of money and property	\$ 25,000	\$ 51,000	\$ 65,390	\$ 14,390
Charges for services	625,000	695,666	665,108	(30,558)
Other	50,000	50,000	133,528	83,528
Intergovernmental:				
County of Bedford	36,393,028	36,656,619	36,582,408	(74,211)
Commonwealth of Virginia	60,581,915	60,753,536	60,362,541	(390,995)
Federal government	5,122,887	5,122,887	4,636,900	(485,987)
Total revenues	102,797,830	103,329,708	102,445,875	(883,833)
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Instructional	74,598,188	74,528,188	73,848,076	680,112
Administration, attendance, and health	4,060,761	4,227,427	4,186,828	40,599
Pupil transportation services	8,589,670	8,589,670	8,508,408	81,262
Operations and maintenance services	9,246,016	9,549,433	9,475,731	73,702
Nutrition services	-	-	-	-
Technology	6,303,195	6,303,195	6,300,390	2,805
Total expenditures	102,797,830	103,197,913	102,319,433	878,480
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures		131,795	126,442	(5,353)
Net change in fund balances	\$ -	\$ 131,795	\$ 126,442	\$ (5,353)

	Nut	rition			Textbooks							
	Amounts		Fin F	iance with al Budget Positive		Budgeted	l Am				Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive
 Original	Final	Actual	(N	legative)		Original		Final		Actual	(Negative)
\$ 7,000 2,183,930	\$ 7,000 2,183,930	\$ 6,924 1,542,746	\$	(76) (641,184)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,480	\$	1,480
-	-	-		-		-		-		-		-
 41,603 2,231,623	41,603 2,231,623	59,950 2,805,117		- 18,347 573,494		- 467,354 -		- 467,354 -		- 466,849 -		- (505) -
 4,464,156	4,464,156	4,414,737		(49,419)		467,354		467,354		468,329		975
-	-	-		-		467,354		467,354		1,216,018		(748,664)
-	-	-		-		-		-		-		-
-	-	-		-		-		-		-		-
 4,464,156	4,464,156	4,396,507		67,649		-		-		-		-
 4,464,156	4,464,156	4,396,507		67,649		467,354		467,354		1,216,018		(748,664)
 		18,230		18,230						(747,689)		(747,689)
\$ _	\$ -	\$ 18,230	\$	18,230	\$	-	\$	_	\$	(747,689)	\$	(747,689)

SUPPORTING SCHEDULES

	Budgeted Amounts					Variance with Final Budget Positive	
		Original		Final	Actual		Positive Negative)
Revenues		g					- (- g / -)
Revenue from local sources:							
General property taxes:							
Real property taxes	\$	44,650,000	\$	44,650,000	\$ 45,525,079	\$	875,079
Real and personal public service							
corporation property taxes		1,694,500		1,694,500	1,691,328		(3,172)
Personal property taxes (local remittance)		15,214,000		15,214,000	16,349,632		1,135,632
Machinery and tools taxes		3,855,000		3,855,000	4,007,889		152,889
Mobile home taxes		131,000		131,000	112,789		(18,211)
Penalties and interest		775,000		775,000	905,691		130,691
Total general property taxes		66,319,500		66,319,500	 68,592,408		2,272,908
Other local taxes:							
Local sales and use taxes		6,177,370		6,177,370	7,046,586		869,216
Consumer utility taxes		1,250,500		1,250,500	1,249,846		(654)
Utility license tax		80,000		80,000	76,792		(3,208)
Bank stock taxes		350,000		350,000	387,871		37,871
Taxes on recordations and wills		982,000		982,000	1,299,856		317,856
Transient occupancy tax		875,000		875,000	850,760		(24,240)
Meals tax		1,750,000		1,750,000	1,762,431		12,431
Communications sales tax		1,550,000		1,550,000	1,586,194		36,194
Total other local taxes		13,014,870		13,014,870	14,260,336		1,245,466
Downits mivilege fees and regulatory licenses.							
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses: Animal licenses		40,000		40,000	36,192		(3,808)
Building permits		275,000		275,000	290,909		15,909
Other permits and licenses		23,000		23,000	19,872		(3,128)
Planning permits and fees		165,000		165,000	187,858		22,858
Total permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses		503,000		503,000	 534,831		31,831
Total permits, privilege lees, and regulatory needses		303,000		303,000	 334,631		31,031
Fines and forfeitures		125,000		125,000	 101,892		(23,108)
Revenue from use of money and property:							
Revenue from use of money		335,050		335,169	792,648		457,479
Revenue from use of property		168,226		168,226	195,359		27,133
Total revenue from use of money and property		503,276		503,395	988,007		484,612

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget	
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)	
Charges for services:					
Court costs	\$ 178,204	\$ 178,204	\$ 142,478	\$ (35,726)	
Commonwealth attorney	5,000	5,000	4,751	(249)	
Law enforcement and traffic control	170,000	170,000	152,504	(17,496)	
Welfare and social services	46,000	46,000	77,815	31,815	
Recreation fees	85,000	85,000	67,767	(17,233)	
EMS cost recoveries	1,875,000	1,875,000	1,912,291	37,291	
Other	1,500	1,500	9,724	8,224	
Total charges for services	2,360,704	2,360,704	2,367,330	6,626	
Miscellaneous	265,000	508,137	978,189	470,052	
Recovered costs:					
Town of Bedford-communications	40,000	40,000	-	(40,000)	
Social services	52,725	52,725	-	(52,725)	
Bedford County School Board	59,779	59,779	44,835	(14,944)	
Corporate Park Drive	450,000	450,000	-	(450,000)	
Bedford Public Library	35,000	35,000	17,500	(17,500)	
Tri-County Lake Administrative Commission	10,000	10,000	10,000	-	
Central Garage	165,000	165,000	184,737	19,737	
Prisoner extradition	2,000	2,000	-	(2,000)	
Nursing home	225,000	225,000	304,508	79,508	
Total recovered costs	1,039,504	1,039,504	561,580	(477,924)	
Total revenue from local sources	84,130,854	84,374,110	88,384,573	4,010,463	
Intergovernmental revenues:					
Revenue from the Commonwealth:					
Non-categorical aid:					
Personal property taxes (state remittance)	6,086,051	6,086,051	6,086,051	_	
Rental taxes	105,000	105,000	110,968	5,968	
Mobile home titling taxes	90,000	90,000	104,270	14,270	
Recordation taxes	260,000	260,000	262,265	2,265	
Railroad rolling stock taxes	160,000	160,000	163,225	3,225	
Total non-categorical aid	6,701,051	6,701,051	6,726,779	25,728	
Categorical aid:					
Shared expenses:					
Commonwealth's Attorney	599,293	599,293	593,996	(5,297)	
Sheriff	2,497,019	2,497,019	2,489,710	(7,309)	
Commissioner of the Revenue	251,022	251,022	255,405	4,383	
Treasurer	234,470	234,470	234,621	151	
Registrar and Electoral board	47,600	47,600	51,702	4,102	
Clerk of the Circuit Court	487,893	487,893	483,227	(4,666)	
Communications	153,161	153,161	153,061	(100)	
Total shared expenses	4,270,458	4,270,458	4,261,722	(8,736)	
1 -	-,=,	,,	,= , . = =	(=,,=0)	

	Budgeted Amounts				ariance with	
		Original		Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Other:						
Social services	\$	2,571,634	\$	2,571,634	\$ 2,294,509	\$ (277,125)
Comprehensive services		2,537,162		4,234,312	3,812,183	(422,129)
Forfeited asset seizure proceeds		-		12,730	12,730	-
State internet crimes		-		3,676,540	3,407,994	(268,546)
Primary/Election reimbursement		-		-	41,475	41,475
EMS Four for Life		80,000		80,000	-	(80,000)
Fire funds		230,000		531,831	359,942	(171,889)
Victim witness coordinator		37,287		37,287	47,861	10,574
Domestic violence grants		220,996		263,538	233,765	(29,773)
VJCCCA		70,751		70,751	70,751	-
Wireless E-911 grant		220,000		273,000	246,383	(26,617)
Tourism grants		-		11,060	42,000	30,940
Record preservation grant		-		13,736	-	(13,736)
VA Commission of Arts		5,000		5,000	4,500	(500)
Juror and witness reimbursement		25,000		25,000	21,390	(3,610)
Virginia Tobacco Commission grants		1,710,500		7,132,789	1,111,324	(6,021,465)
VDOT Revenue Sharing		697,455		697,455	359,215	(338,240)
Other		34,000		34,000	6,931,865	6,897,865
Total other categorical aid		8,439,785		19,670,663	 18,997,887	(672,776)
Total categorical aid		12,710,243		23,941,121	 23,259,609	(681,512)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth		19,411,294		30,642,172	29,986,388	(655,784)
Revenue from the federal government:						
Payments in lieu of taxes					 78,748	 78,748
Categorical aid:						
Social services		4,527,207		4,527,207	4,170,639	(356,568)
Sheriff – DMV grants		-		27,038	23,966	(3,072)
Internet crimes grant		-		1,043,791	342,651	(701,140)
Bulletproof vest grant		-		8,929	7,853	(1,076)
RSG wildland outreach grant		-		2,329	2,329	-
Victim witness coordinator		111,862		111,862	143,585	31,723
Domestic violence grants		164,343		164,343	186,151	21,808
Other		154,000		154,000	 190,224	36,224
Total categorical aid		4,957,412		6,039,499	5,067,398	(972,101)
Total revenue from the federal government		4,957,412		6,039,499	5,146,146	(893,353)
Total intergovernmental revenues		24,368,706		36,681,671	35,132,534	(1,549,137)
Total general fund	\$	108,499,560	\$	121,055,781	\$ 123,517,107	\$ 2,461,326

	Budgete	d Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
Expenditures	<u> </u>		11ctuu1	(Treguerre)	
General government administration:					
Legislative:					
Board of Supervisors	\$ 124,490	\$ 124,490	\$ 119,691	\$ 4,799	
General and financial administration:					
County administration	483,731	508,731	433,677	75,054	
County attorney	148,630	157,221	154,116	3,105	
Independent auditor	72,000	72,000	67,325	4,675	
Commissioner of the Revenue	609,456	629,456	598,328	31,128	
Assessor	333,090	333,090	6,622	326,468	
Treasurer	754,813	770,539	770,539	-	
Fiscal management	850,068	901,677	751,137	150,540	
Information technology	1,051,037	1,051,037	668,548	382,489	
Human resources	280,318	280,318	267,376	12,942	
Electoral board	195,821	195,821	135,999	59,822	
Registrar	217,454	217,454	206,383	11,071	
Total general and financial administration	4,996,418	5,117,344	4,060,050	1,057,294	
Total general government administration	5,120,908	5,241,834	4,179,741	1,062,093	
Judicial administration:					
Courts:					
Circuit Court	93,505	93,505	84,672	8,833	
District Court	19,325	19,325	11,405	7,920	
Magistrates	2,600	2,600	2,190	410	
Juvenile and Domestic Relations District Court	17,810	17,810	14,595	3,215	
Clerk of the Circuit Court	1,052,654	1,068,441	1,063,698	4,743	
Judgement suits preservation	-	24,111	10,375	13,736	
Victim Witness Coordinator	222,730	222,730	212,498	10,232	
Law Library	14,050	14,050	10,337	3,713	
Other court services	12,000	12,000	12,000		
Total courts	1,434,674	1,474,572	1,421,770	52,802	
Commonwealth's Attorney	1,101,318	1,146,966	1,015,110	131,856	
Total judicial administration	2,535,992	2,621,538	2,436,880	184,658	
Public safety:					
Law enforcement and traffic control:					
Sheriff	7,568,677	7,589,679	7,037,575	552,104	
Internet Crimes Grant	-	4,720,331	2,580,427	2,139,904	
Law enforcement grants	-	125,343	120,838	4,505	
Total law enforcement and traffic control	7,568,677	12,435,353	9,738,840	2,696,513	
Fire and rescue services:					
Volunteer fire companies	1,515,425	1,545,955	1,438,977	106,978	
Volunteer rescue squads	951,355	965,110	959,713	5,397	
Other fire and rescue services	75,200	82,613	78,238	4,375	
Total fire and rescue services	2,541,980	2,593,678	2,476,928	116,750	

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Correction and detention:				
Blue Ridge Regional Jail	\$ 1,925,000	\$ 1,925,000	\$ 1,874,316	\$ 50,684
VJCCCA	166,270	166,270	126,059	40,211
Juvenile secure detention	300,000	300,000	119,949	180,051
Total correction and detention	2,391,270	2,391,270	2,120,324	270,946
Building inspections	578,364	578,364	566,895	11,469
Other protection:				
Animal shelter	210,758	210,758	187,541	23,217
Animal control	309,456	309,456	264,907	44,549
Emergency services	3,989,728	4,084,359	3,797,453	286,906
Communications center	2,773,912	2,807,028	2,442,461	364,567
Communications grants	-	3,000	1,302	1,698
Transportation Safety Committee	1,045	1,045	965	80
Total other protection	7,284,899	7,415,646	6,694,629	721,017
Total public safety	20,365,190	25,414,311	21,597,616	3,816,695
Public works:				
Sanitation and waste removal:				
Refuse collection	3,205,369	3,254,392	3,246,026	8,366
Total sanitation and waste removal	3,205,369	3,254,392	3,246,026	8,366
Maintenance – buildings and grounds:				
Housekeeping	446,992	446,992	404,180	42,812
General properties	1,360,643	1,410,643	1,211,675	198,968
Central garage	357,730	357,730	309,851	47,879
Total maintenance – buildings and grounds	2,165,365	2,215,365	1,925,706	289,659
Total public works	5,370,734	5,469,757	5,171,732	298,025
Health and welfare:				
Health:				
Supplement to local health department	488,509	488,509	488,509	
Welfare:				
Social services	10,097,347	10,088,756	9,217,680	871,076
Comprehensive services	4,170,000	6,545,477	6,322,233	223,244
Domestic violence	535,753	535,753	465,033	70,720
Other health and welfare	219,000	219,000	219,000	
Total welfare	15,022,100	17,388,986	16,223,946	1,165,040
Total health and welfare	15,510,609	17,877,495	16,712,455	1,165,040
Education:				
Community college	1,900	3,791	3,785	6

	 Budgeted	l Amo	ounts		Fin	iance with al Budget Positive
	 Original		Final	 Actual		rositive legative)
Parks, recreation, and cultural:						
Recreation department	\$ 1,498,593	\$	1,504,593	\$ 1,229,373	\$	275,220
Cultural enrichment	143,750		143,750	122,750		21,000
Contribution to Regional Library	 1,665,616		1,665,616	 1,665,616		
Total parks, recreation, and cultural	 3,307,959		3,313,959	3,017,739		296,220
Community development:						
Planning and community development:						
Planning commission	56,502		56,502	53,879		2,623
Community development	756,467		756,467	663,552		92,915
GIS	330,362		339,346	305,086		34,260
Board of appeals	4,985		4,985	1,898		3,087
Economic development	573,738		573,738	542,963		30,775
Joint City/County Economic development	750,000		750,000	750,000		-
Broadband Authority	66,426		66,426	4,042		62,384
Tourism	805,778		816,838	718,310		98,528
Tourism grants	-		9,607	201		9,406
Total planning and community development	 3,344,258		3,373,909	3,039,931		333,978
Environmental management:						
Natural Resources	338,915		338,915	330,340		8,575
Soil and Water Conservation District	14,250		14,250	14,250		-
Tri-County Lake Administrative Commission	47,913		47,913	47,913		-
Total environmental management	401,078		401,078	392,503		8,575
Cooperative Extension Program:						
VPI & SU Extension Office	77,200		77,200	72,312		4,888
Cannery	25,055		25,055	14,428		10,627
Total cooperative extension program	 102,255		102,255	86,740		15,515
Total community development	 3,847,591		3,877,242	3,519,174		358,068
Debt Service:						
Principal retirement	6,034,619		6,034,619	6,034,618		1
Interest and other fiscal charges	3,327,730		3,327,730	3,324,886		2,844
Total debt service	9,362,349		9,362,349	9,359,504		2,845

	B	udgeted .	Amounts	-			riance with inal Budget Positive
	Origi	nal	Final		Actual	(Negative)
Capital projects:							
General governmental	\$ 1,33	33,086	\$ 1,412,890	\$	548,945	\$	863,945
Judicial administration		8,855	8,855		-		8,855
Public safety	2,38	32,836	2,698,890		1,633,493		1,065,397
Public works	4,43	35,720	4,622,366		2,165,595		2,456,771
Health and welfare		55	55		-		55
Education	26,4	78,763	26,478,763		19,094,554		7,384,209
Parks, recreation. and cultural	98	32,582	1,388,716		434,954		953,762
Community and economic development	5,98	38,207	11,410,496		5,239,263		6,171,233
Total capital projects	41,6	10,104	48,021,031		29,116,804		18,904,227
Total expenditures	107,03	33,336	121,203,307		95,115,430		26,087,877
Excess of Revenues over Expenditures	1,40	66,224	(147,526)		28,401,677		28,549,203
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfers from:							
Propriety fund types		-	186,646		179,826		(6,820)
Transfers to:							
Component units	(36,39	93,028)	(38,871,875)	((38,793,785)		78,090
Total other financing sources and uses	(36,39	93,028)	(38,685,229)	(38,613,959)		71,270
Net change in fund balance	\$ (34,92	26,804)	\$ (38,832,755)	\$ ([10,212,282]	\$	28,620,473

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS Year Ended June 30, 2020

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor (Commonwealth of Viscinia)/Program Title	Federal CFDA	Federal
(Commonwealth of Virginia)/Program Title Department of Agriculture:	Number	Expenditures
Pass-Through Payments:		
Department of Social Services:		
Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program	10.561	\$ 983,864
Department of the Agriculture and Consumer Services:	10.301	\$ 905,004
Child Nutrition Cluster – National School Lunch Program (Commodities)	10.555	288,666
	10.569	310
Emergency Food Assistance Program (Food Commodities)	10.369	310
Department of Education:	10.552	440.715
Child Nutrition Cluster – National School Breakfast Program	10.553	440,715
Child Nutrition Cluster – National School Breakfast Program - CARES	10.553	33,103
Child Nutrition Cluster – National School Lunch Program	10.555	1,179,083
Child Nutrition Cluster – National School Lunch Program - CARES	10.555	89,965
Summer Food Service for Children	10.559	122,371
Summer Food Service for Children - CARES	10.559	1,008,374
Department of Justice:		
Direct Payments:		
Missing Children's Assistance	16.543	507,893
Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program	16.607	8,929
Pass-Through Payments:		
Department of Criminal Justice Services:		
Crime Victim Assistance	16.575	261,490
Violence Against Women Formula Grants	16.588	12,156
Department of Transportation:		
Pass-Through Payments:		
Department of Motor Vehicles:		
State and Community Highway Safety (Section 402)	20.600	2,835
National Priority Safety Programs	20.616	4,550
Department of Treasury:		
Pass-through Payments:		
Virginia Department of Accounts		
Coronavirus Relief Fund	21.019	162,292
Department of Education:		
Direct Payments:		
Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers	84.287	462,257
Pass-through Payments:		
Department of Education:		
Adult Education Grants to States	84.002	64,670
Title I, Part A Cluster - Title I: Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	1,323,085
Special Education Cluster - Special Education - Grants to States	84.027	2,155,852

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS Year Ended June 30, 2020

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor (Commonwealth of Virginia)/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Federal Expenditures
Department of Education:		
Vocational Education – Basic Grants to States	84.048	\$ 143,248
Special Education Cluster - Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173	65,861
English Language Acquisition Grants	84.365	10,498
No Child Left Behind Act Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	284,409
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	47,835
Governor's Emergency Education Relief (GEER) Fund	84.425C	76,518
Department of Health and Human Services:		
Pass-through Payments:		
Department of Social Services:		
Promoting Safe and Stable Families	93.556	62,852
TANF Block Grant	93.558	366,488
Refugee and Entrant Assistance – State Administered Program	93.566	406
Low Income Home Energy Assistance	93.568	55,779
CCDF Cluster - Child Care Development Fund	93.596	66,707
Chafee Education & Training Vouchers Program	93.599	6,436
Adoption Incentives Payment Program	93.603	601
Child Welfare Services – State Grants	93.645	508
Foster Care – Title IV-E	93.658	876,172
Adoption Assistance	93.659	623,802
Social Service Block Grant	93.667	619,624
Family Violence Prevention and Services/Grants for Battered Women's Shelters	93.671	9,580
Independent Living	93.674	13,335
Virginia Children's Medical Insurance Plan	93.767	16,932
Medical Assistance Program (Medicaid; Title XIX)	93.778	1,014,546
Department of Homeland Security:		
Pass-through Payments:		
Department of Emergency Management Services:		
State Homeland Security Program	97.067	79,500
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards		\$ 13,554,097

Note 1. <u>Basis of Accounting</u>

This schedule was prepared on the budgetary (cash) basis.

Note 2. <u>Nonmonetary Assistance</u>

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards at the fair market value of the food commodities or food stamps disbursed.

Note 3. <u>Indirect Costs</u>

The County has not elected to use the de minimis 10% indirect cost rate.

Note 4. <u>Outstanding Loan Balances</u>

At June 30, 2020, the County had no outstanding loan balances requiring continuing disclosure.

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the County's overall financial health.

Contents

Financial Trends – These tables contain trend information to help the reader understand how the County's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity – These tables contain information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the County's ability to generate its property taxes.

Debt Capacity – These tables present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the County's current levels of outstanding debt and the County's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information – These tables offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the County's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons over time and with other governments.

Operating Information – These tables contain information about the County's operations and resources to help the reader understand how the County's financial information relates to the services the County provides and the activities it performs.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these tables is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year									
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Governmental activities	Ø 22 420 002	Ф. 22.524 .000	Ø 24.060.124	A 26 704 166	A 20 224 025	A 20 155 051	Ф. 22.524.0 7 2	Ф 27 022 076	A 20 720 712	Ф. 20.241.046
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 23,428,803	\$ 23,524,890	\$ 24,869,124	\$ 26,704,166	\$ 28,334,835	\$ 30,177,071	\$ 33,534,872	\$ 37,032,856	\$ 39,730,712	\$ 39,341,946
Restricted	3	648,562	127,265	18,033	1,079	1,778,497	-	- 	-	387,285
Unrestricted	(20,875,025)	(12,143,308)	(15,860,897)	(13,795,499)	(6,360,819)	5,347,098	1,390,438	(17,107,846)	(12,947,519)	(28,300,584)
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 2,553,781	\$ 12,030,144	\$ 9,135,492	\$ 12,926,700	\$ 21,975,095	\$ 37,302,666	\$ 34,925,310	\$ 19,925,010	\$ 26,783,193	\$ 11,428,647
Business-type activities										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 15,617,382	\$ 14,816,621	\$ 13,012,464	\$ 12,464,508	\$ 11,690,734	\$ 10,903,022	\$ 11,032,423	\$ 10,294,047	\$ 10,801,945	\$ 10,406,135
Restricted	4	3	\$ 13,012,404 -	ψ 12,101,500 -	ψ 11,070,754 -	ψ 10,705,022 -	ψ 11,052,425 -	Ψ 10,254,047	ψ 10,001,243 -	ψ 10,400,133 -
Unrestricted	3,152,150	2,792,561	3,078,850	2,819,835	3,656,443	5,412,132	6,526,534	7.892.213	6.691.283	6,740,696
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 18,769,536	\$ 17,609,185	\$ 16,091,314	\$ 15,284,343	\$ 15,347,177	\$ 16,315,154	\$ 17,558,957	\$ 18,186,260	\$ 17,493,228	\$ 17,146,831
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 10,707,330	\$ 17,007,103	\$ 10,071,314	\$ 13,264,343	\$ 13,347,177	\$ 10,313,134	\$ 17,556,757	\$ 10,100,200	\$ 17,473,220	\$ 17,140,031
Primary government										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 39,046,185	\$ 38,341,511	\$ 37,881,588	\$ 39,168,674	\$ 40,025,569	\$ 41,080,093	\$ 44,567,295	\$ 47,326,903	\$ 50,532,657	\$ 49,748,081
Restricted	7	648,565	127,265	18,033	1,079	1,778,497	-	-	-	387,285
Unrestricted	(17,722,875)	(9,350,747)	(12,782,047)	(10,975,664)	(2,704,376)	10,759,230	7,916,972	(9,215,633)	(6,256,236)	(21,559,888)
Total primary government net position	\$ 21,323,317	\$ 29,639,329	\$ 25,226,806	\$ 28,211,043	\$ 37,322,272	\$ 53,617,820	\$ 52,484,267	\$ 38,111,270	\$ 44,276,421	\$ 28,575,478
Component Unit-School Board (1)										
Net investment in capital assets	\$101,059,369	\$ 97,278,860	\$ 96,063,553	\$ 94,486,617	\$ 91,638,957	\$ 89,284,475	\$ 99,440,616	\$120,580,237	\$119,753,017	\$133,836,321
Restricted	4	763,216	4	6	6	-	-	-	-	74,805
Unrestricted	5,346,181	3,962,736	3,915,714	3,727,386	(80,768,278)	(76,737,675)	(75,767,336)	(90,361,598)	(83,093,633)	(82,157,986)
Total component unit-School Board net position	\$106,405,554	\$102,004,812	\$ 99,979,271	\$ 98,214,009	\$ 10,870,685	\$ 12,546,800	\$ 23,673,280	\$ 30,218,639	\$ 36,659,384	\$ 51,753,140

⁽¹⁾ School Board component unit, net position components are included in this table due to Public Schools being a significant portion of the County. In Virginia, the County issues debt to finance the construction of school facilities for the Public Schools because Public Schools do not have borrowing or taxing authority.

⁽²⁾ GASB Statement No. 68 was adopted in fiscal year 2015.

⁽³⁾ GASB Statement No. 75 was adopted in fiscal year 2018.

Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

					Fiscal	Year				
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Primary Government: Expenses										
Governmental activities: General government	\$ 4,084,722	\$ 3,623,380	\$ 3,691,404	\$ 4.032.123	\$ 3,903,841	\$ 3,686,970	\$ 4,135,945	\$ 4,324,995	\$ 5,020,465	\$ 5.019.953
Judicial administration	2,323,836	2,236,346	2,328,645	2,434,093	2,339,469	2,419,173	2,588,187	2,621,336	2,683,103	2,950,095
Public safety	14,908,199	16,052,649	17,641,751	19,756,848	18,263,579	18,985,844	20,680,112	21,976,031	21,460,096	24,496,837
Public works	4,085,930	3,966,475	4,688,457	4,963,878	4,569,759	4,523,662	4,736,339	4,996,039	5,823,881	7,347,749
Health and welfare	10,441,003	9,782,800	9,706,770	9,868,303	9,929,076	10,643,689	11,668,977	13,154,429	14,123,419	17,297,660
Education	28,843,332	27,870,369	40,154,179	34,743,918	29,271,434	33,713,688	48,102,859	60,391,126	41,340,447	58,005,165
Parks, recreational, and cultural	2,870,815	2,763,383	2,838,982	3,312,492	3,116,385	3,753,755	3,344,715	3,448,466	3,563,515	3,589,381
Community development Interest on long-term debt	5,255,719 3,849,961	5,220,060 3,473,234	5,703,012 3,674,625	6,341,152 2,709,301	7,308,128 2,484,060	5,114,090 2,201,911	5,254,616 2,989,864	5,444,352 2,911,990	5,988,002 2,841,510	7,055,199 3,236,998
Total governmental activities expenses	76,663,517	74,988,696	90,427,825	88,162,108	81,185,731	85,042,782	103,501,614	119,268,764	102,844,438	128,999,037
,	/0,003,31/	74,988,090	90,427,823	00,102,100	61,163,/31	63,042,782	105,501,014	119,208,704	102,644,436	128,999,037
Business-type activities:										
Group homes	1,993,131	2,023,174	1,452,772	5 401 204		5 222 100			7.150.220	
Nursing home Solid waste	5,538,976 2,279,669	5,383,423 3,208,084	5,226,464 3,700,318	5,491,294 3,456,334	5,279,264 3,127,530	5,323,100 3,360,369	5,752,404 3,324,130	5,958,786 3,528,516	7,158,320 4,599,966	7,759,530 5,181,169
	9,811,776		10,379,554	8,947,628				9,487,302		12.940.699
Total primary appearant expenses	\$ 86,475,293	\$ 85,603,377	\$ 100,807,379		\$,406,794 \$ 89,592,525	\$,683,469 \$ 93,726,251	9,076,534 \$ 112,578,148		11,758,286	
Total primary government expenses	\$ 80,473,293	\$ 83,003,377	\$ 100,807,379	\$ 97,109,736	\$ 89,592,525	\$ 93,726,251	\$ 112,378,148	\$ 128,756,066	\$ 114,602,724	\$ 141,939,736
Program Revenues Governmental activities:										
Charges for services: Public safety	\$ 2,339,436	\$ 2,287,544	\$ 2,780,427	\$ 2,229,697	\$ 2,237,790	\$ 2,322,194	\$ 2,190,308	\$ 3,316,833	\$ 2,713,928	\$ 2,708,587
Health and welfare	814,513	822,149	846,663	324,979	119,175	132,634	141,947	121,645	167,992	158,016
Community development	326,217	262,608	190,748	243,713	247,451	241,294	255,561	293,703	267,484	292,024
Other activities	908.164	794,555	854,456	605,163	747,100	824,510	958,722	998,692	1,150,890	1,208,727
Operating grants and contributions	11,616,928	10,956,576	11,475,946	12,958,689	12,680,711	13,479,122	14,505,883	14,894,113	18,009,891	22,283,832
Capital grants and contributions	572,784	53,965	218,081	278,842	104,082	346,027	239,004	53,637	12,500	158,779
Total governmental activities program revenues	16,578,042	15,177,397	16,366,321	16,641,083	16,136,309	17,345,781	18,291,425	19,678,623	22,322,685	26,809,965
Business-type activities: Charges for services:										
Group Homes	2,049,762	1,765,617	1,067,380	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Nursing Home	5,223,478	5,130,089	5,543,359	5,645,133	6,737,547	6,802,536	7,244,858	7,209,455	7,742,767	7,600,312
Solid Waste	1,966,176	1,995,213	1,973,378	2,084,227	2,330,680	2,493,612	2,610,092	2,685,029	2,887,895	2,624,487
Operating grants and contributions	540,807	538,281	397,699	397,947	351,149	295,454	378,572	359,322	332,733	
Total business-type activities program revenues	9,780,223	9,429,200	8,981,816	8,127,307	9,419,376	9,591,602	10,233,522	10,253,806	10,963,395	10,224,799
Total primary government program revenues	26,358,265	24,606,597	25,348,137	24,768,390	25,555,685	26,937,383	28,524,947	29,932,429	33,286,080	37,034,764
N (() (1)										
Net (expense) revenue (1) Governmental activities	(60,085,475)	(59,811,299)	(74,061,504)	(71,521,025)	(65,049,422)	(67,697,001)	(85,210,189)	(99,590,141)	(80,521,753)	(102,189,072)
Business-type activities	(31,553)	(1,185,481)	(1,397,738)	(820,321)	1,012,582	908,133	1,156,988	766,504	(80,321,733)	(2,715,900)
Total primary government net expense	(60,117,028)	(60,996,780)	(75,459,242)	(72,341,346)	(64,036,840)	(66,788,868)	(84,053,201)	(98,823,637)	(81,316,644)	(104,904,972)
Total primary government net expense	(00,117,020)	(00,220,780)	(13,737,242)	(12,371,340)	(07,030,040)	(00,700,000)	(07,033,201)	(70,023,037)	(01,310,044)	(107,707,772)

Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting)

					Fisca	l Year				
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position										
Governmental activities:										
Taxes	# 52.006.054	A 51 070 533	A 52 7 40 500	0 56 245 601	ft 50.062.125	# 61 700 500	A 62.056.255	A 65 110 025	ft (6.224.222	e (0.420.7(0
Property taxes Other local taxes	\$ 52,096,954 10,271,067	\$ 51,879,533 10,215,999	\$ 52,749,509 10.435,809	\$ 56,345,681 10,955,993	\$ 59,963,137 11,657,187	\$ 61,722,532 12,118,186	\$ 63,956,257 12,529,640	\$ 65,118,037 13,221,452	\$ 66,324,332 13,522,591	\$ 68,428,760 14,607,915
Noncategorical state aid	6.337.356	6,598,813	6.611.332	6,685,461	6,595,703	6,701,673	6.871.458	6,814,314	6,783,138	6.891.910
Investment earnings-unrestricted	292,420	248,974	246,068	241,059	150,908	261,818	274,992	250,275	396,118	469,761
Investment earnings-restricted for capital projects,										
debt service and length of service award program	3,023	7,070	14,986	1,925	1,233	55,460	263,835	337,943	215,960	387,207
Miscellaneous Grants not restricted to specific purposes	314,326	337,273	946,856	229,025	205,121	573,225	1,677,067	226,623	137,797	533,688
Transfers	-	-	162,292	35,205	2,867	-	5,751	(50,000)	-	-
Special Item - contribution of capital assets	-	-	-	817,884	-	-	-	-	-	(2,051,741)
Total governmental activities	69,315,146	69,287,662	71,166,852	75,312,233	78,576,156	81,432,894	85,579,000	85,918,644	87,379,936	89,267,500
Business-type activities:							·			
Investment earnings-unrestricted and restricted	23,637	21,315	38,382	42,071	15,811	58,686	29,687	36,750	97,692	102,250
Miscellaneous	13,498	13	3,777	6,484	-	1,158	62,879	1,512	4,167	215,512
Transfers		3,802	(162,292)	(35,205)	(2,867)		(5,751)	50,000		2,051,741
Total business-type activities	37,135	25,130	(120,133)	13,350	12,944	59,844	86,815	88,262	101,859	2,369,503
Total primary government	\$ 69,352,281	\$ 69,312,792	\$ 71,046,719	\$ 75,325,583	\$ 78,589,100	\$ 81,492,738	\$ 85,665,815	\$ 86,006,906	\$ 87,481,795	\$ 91,637,003
Change in Net Position										
Governmental activities	\$ 9,229,671	\$ 9,476,363	\$ (2,894,652)	\$ 3,791,208	\$ 13,526,734	\$ 13,735,893	\$ 368,811	\$ (13,671,497)	\$ 6,858,183	\$ (12,921,572)
Business-type activities Total Primary Government	\$ 9,235,253	\$ 8,316,012	(1,517,871) \$ (4,412,523)	\$ 2,984,237	1,025,526 \$ 14,552,260	967,977 \$ 14,703,870	1,243,803 \$ 1,612,614	\$54,766 \$ (12,816,731)	\$ 6,165,151	(346,397)
·	\$ 9,233,233	\$ 8,310,012	\$ (4,412,323)	\$ 2,964,237	\$ 14,332,200	\$ 14,703,870	\$ 1,012,014	\$ (12,810,731)	\$ 0,103,131	\$ (13,207,909)
Component Unit-School Board: (2)										
Expenses Education	\$ 92,148,786	\$ 93,926,813	\$ 102,516,696	\$ 101,586,480	\$ 98,554,187	\$ 99,876,493	\$ 103,236,399	\$ 104,889,393	\$ 104,774,662	\$ 112,878,831
	\$ 92,146,760	\$ 93,920,813	\$ 102,310,090	\$ 101,380,480	\$ 90,334,107	\$ 99,870,493	\$ 103,230,399	\$ 104,889,393	\$ 104,774,002	\$ 112,070,031
Program Revenues	6 206 146	7.040.217	0.405.021	2.510.520	2.950.692	2 (5(725	2 591 271	2.796.112	2 (4(055	2 240 445
Charges for services Operating grants and contributions	6,386,146 20,959,960	7,848,217 20,643,938	8,405,921 19,374,378	2,518,530 22,127,815	2,859,682 22,640,803	2,656,725 24,797,005	2,581,361 22,774,064	2,786,113 25,133,669	2,646,055 24,858,468	2,249,445 27,147,572
Capital grants and contributions	20,939,900	20,043,938	19,5/4,5/6	-	-	24,797,003	22,774,004	23,133,009	24,636,406	27,147,372
Total component unit program revenues	27,346,106	28,492,155	27,780,299	24,646,345	25,500,485	27,453,730	25,355,425	27,919,782	27,504,523	29,397,017
Net (expense)/revenue	(64,802,680)	(65,434,658)	(74,736,397)	(76,940,135)	(73,053,702)	(72,422,763)	(77,880,974)	(76,969,611)	(77,270,139)	(83,481,814)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position										
Contribution from primary government	28,791,675	27,868,624	40,152,454	34,718,131	29,269,553	33,711,812	48,100,970	60,389,231	41,339,555	58,001,379
State aid	33,698,695	32,987,401	32,282,549	38,663,168	40,709,409	39,980,964	40,596,771	40,508,443	42,222,047	41,518,978
Investment earnings-unrestricted	2,427	-	-	-	-	791	1,073	1,110	14,708	21,914
Investment earnings-restricted for capital projects and debt service	62	37	1,101	968	651	_	_	_	_	_
Miscellaneous	54,319	177,854	274,752	471,503	109,450	405,311	308,640	114,525	134,574	321,995
Special Item - contribution of capital assets	-	-		1,321,103	-	-	-	-	- 5	
Total general revenues and other changes in net assets	62,547,178	61,033,916	72,710,856	75,174,873	70,089,063	74,098,878	89,007,454	101,013,309	83,710,884	99,864,266
Total Component Unit-School Board Change in Net Position	\$ (2,255,502)	\$ (4,400,742)	\$ (2,025,541)	\$ (1,765,262)	\$ (2,964,639)	\$ 1,676,115	\$ 11,126,480	\$ 24,043,698	\$ 6,440,745	\$ 16,382,452

⁽¹⁾ Net (expense) revenue is the difference between the expenses and program revenues. It indicates the degree to which a function or program is supported with its own fees and program-specific grants versus its reliance upon funding from taxes and other general revenues. A number in parentheses are net expenses indicating that expenses were greater than program revenues and therefore general revenues were needed to finance that function or program. Numbers without parentheses are net revenues, meaning that program revenues were more than sufficient to cover expenses.

⁽²⁾ Component unit change in net position is included in this table due to the School Board being a significant portion of the County.

Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

					Fisca	l Year				
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Governmental Funds										
General Fund										
Nonspendable	\$ 591,378	\$ 609,118	\$ 617,553	\$ 617,465	\$ 234,600	\$ 268,645	\$ 278,565	\$ 296,607	\$ 284,498	\$ 310,661
Restricted	246,949	8,064,388	770,552	305,038	1,657,857	1,850,461	29,704,078	6,072,001	24,385,995	4,420,914
Committed	4,471,108	4,847,144	7,710,886	9,999,808	6,366,387	7,624,489	5,570,652	7,290,318	6,836,238	7,432,663
Assigned	21,344,121	26,773,987	22,154,070	22,687,070	25,789,032	24,936,650	31,471,282	30,428,808	30,658,140	27,687,939
Unassigned	18,035,007	16,186,173	18,055,021	13,274,315	19,916,759	25,244,877	25,656,556	24,082,774	25,640,778	28,659,410
Total governmental funds	\$ 44,688,563	\$ 56,480,810	\$ 49,308,082	\$ 46,883,696	\$ 53,964,635	\$ 59,925,122	\$ 92,681,133	\$ 68,170,508	\$ 87,805,649	\$ 68,511,587

Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (1) (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year										
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	
Revenues											
General property taxes	\$ 51,542,750	\$ 51,962,404	\$ 52,987,699	\$ 56,556,779	\$ 60,043,733	\$ 61,700,495	\$ 63,520,537	\$ 65,013,122	\$ 66,303,730	\$ 68,497,980	
Other local taxes	10,212,720	10,224,275	10,491,533	10,943,326	11,647,448	12,149,638	12,529,553	13,215,433	13,463,926	14,632,059	
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses	520,504	403,614	491,867	535,127	540,118	512,450	515,652	530,735	611,793	540,747	
Fines and forfeitures	175,543	155,453	159,438	144,501	122,821	115,017	155,382	145,480	129,851	89,712	
Revenue from use of money and property	323,446	286,553	296,329	279,244	275,960	476,458	736,247	786,376	809,401	1,049,371	
Charges for services	1,612,856	1,651,322	2,038,596	1,825,779	1,840,840	2,002,289	2,015,902	2,818,251	2,448,328	2,429,251	
Other	836,223	551,202	881,022	615,778	541,357	535,437	446,039	593,612	631,471	1,016,225	
Recovered costs	1,785,592	1,709,688	1,759,014	520,202	503,792	460,022	541,654	522,472	634,755	626,730	
Intergovernmental	18,508,921	17,662,423	18,393,111	19,765,553	19,565,405	20,456,296	20,845,343	22,167,811	23,989,020	28,331,036	
Total revenues	85,518,555	84,606,934	87,498,609	91,186,289	95,081,474	98,408,102	101,306,309	105,793,292	109,022,275	117,213,111	
Expenditures											
General government administration	3,804,248	3,380,525	3,501,138	3,815,479	3,790,833	3,563,822	3,772,199	4,190,871	4,522,841	4,214,240	
Judicial administration	1,945,473	1,854,452	1,945,807	2,075,807	2,025,961	2,132,148	2,210,515	2,314,015	2,388,617	2,421,382	
Public safety	13,974,585	15,319,034	16,754,396	18,666,873	17,824,591	18,828,269	19,344,212	21,303,220	20,941,980	22,179,931	
Public works	4,128,287	4,103,729	4,061,034	4,118,593	4,142,247	4,417,932	4,572,428	4,792,171	5,052,857	5,244,561	
Health and welfare	10,293,677	9,426,911	9,548,473	9,769,392	9,879,615	10,729,572	11,626,797	13,281,249	14,709,600	16,888,732	
Education	27,926,157	28,889,100	32,546,495	33,595,489	29,496,706	32,875,682	33,950,706	37,302,935	36,098,010	36,524,702	
Parks, recreation, and cultural	2,524,712	2,556,162	2,583,097	2,883,655	2,823,541	2,849,528	2,993,734	3,165,687	3,130,561	3,027,537	
Community development	2,911,920	3,017,817	3,101,816	3,189,462	3,099,227	3,098,928	3,247,165	3,393,749	3,487,754	3,519,175	
Debt service	2,711,720	3,017,017	3,101,010	3,107,402	3,077,227	3,070,720	3,247,103	3,373,147	3,707,737	3,317,173	
Principal	5,988,946	5,928,101	5,788,415	6,067,408	6,048,314	5,777,279	5,701,156	6,362,167	6,093,223	6,034,618	
Interest and other fiscal charges	3,794,573	3,526,435	3,619,767	2,599,921	2,684,171	2,363,660	2,175,912	3,543,651	3,066,792	3,324,295	
Capital projects	4,029,808	2,812,421	10,563,835	6,828,596	7,396,780	5,866,985	19,127,991	30,604,202	12,466,286	31,076,259	
Total expenditures	81,322,386	80,814,687	94,014,273	93,610,675	89,211,986	92,503,805	108,722,815	130,253,917	111,958,521	134,455,432	
Total expenditures	61,322,360	00,014,007	74,014,273	73,010,073	07,211,700	72,303,803	100,722,013	130,233,717	111,736,321	134,433,432	
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	4,196,169	3,792,247	(6,515,664)	(2,424,386)	5,869,488	5,904,297	(7,416,506)	(24,460,625)	(2,936,246)	(17,242,321)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)											
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	179,826	
Transfers out	_	-	(813,133)	-	-	-	_	(50,000)	-	(2,231,567)	
Issuance of debt	-	-	-	-	-	-	36,865,000	-	20,275,000	-	
Refunding bonds issued	_	-	23,788,000	-	-	7,225,000	_	-	_	-	
Premiums on issuance of debt	_	-	4,395,064	-	-	· -	3,220,678	-	2,296,387	-	
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	-	-	(28,026,995)	-	-	(7,168,810)	-	-	-	-	
Capital lease proceeds	-	8,000,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total other financing sources and uses		8,000,000	(657,064)			56,190	40,085,678	(50,000)	22,571,387	(2,051,741)	
Net change in fund balances	\$ 4,196,169	\$ 11,792,247	\$ (7,172,728)	\$ (2,424,386)	\$ 5,869,488	\$ 5,960,487	\$ 32,669,172	\$ (24,510,625)	\$ 19,635,141	\$ (19,294,062)	

Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

					Fisca	l Year				
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Debt Service as a Percentage of Noncapital Expenditu	res:									
Primary Government:										
Total debt service	\$ 9,783,519	\$ 9,454,536	\$ 9,408,182	\$ 8,667,329	\$ 8,732,485	\$ 8,140,939	\$ 7,877,068	\$ 9,905,818	\$ 9,160,015	\$ 9,358,913
Total expenditures Capital outlay primary government only Noncapital expenditures	81,322,386 1,806,521 79,515,865	80,814,687 1,113,164 79,701,523	94,014,273 1,221,496 92,792,777	93,610,675 2,178,092 91,432,583	89,211,986 3,669,703 85,542,283	92,503,805 3,097,784 89,406,021	108,722,815 3,461,038 105,261,777	130,253,917 5,352,233 124,901,684	111,958,521 5,040,542 106,917,979	134,455,432 3,989,973 130,465,459
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	12.30%	11.86%	10.14%	9.48%	10.21%	9.11%	7.48%	7.93%	8.57%	7.17%
Component Unit-School Board:										
Total debt service	1,253,283	1,094,691	923,386	882,627	834,643	787,048	868,173	946,533	1,155,846	1,363,602
School expenditures excluding County contribution Capital outlay Component Unit – School Board Noncapital expenditures	62,835,578 2,870,303 59,965,275	61,441,387 657,301 60,784,086	61,962,350 3,330,385 58,631,965	65,148,912 3,044,830 62,104,082	67,289,716 3,004,319 64,285,397	66,399,289 4,025,400 62,373,889	67,688,200 16,465,629 51,222,571	69,839,335 27,492,948 42,346,387	69,256,503 6,631,490 62,625,013	71,917,820 22,446,974 49,470,846
Primary Government and Component Unit-Schools										
Total Debt Service Total Noncapital Expenditure	11,036,802 \$ 139,481,140	10,549,227 \$ 140,485,609	10,331,568 \$ 151,424,742	9,549,956 \$ 153,536,665	9,567,128 \$ 149,827,680	8,927,987 \$ 151,779,910	8,745,241 \$ 156,484,348	10,852,351 \$ 167,248,071	10,315,861 \$ 169,542,992	10,722,515 \$ 179,936,305
Debt Service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	7.91%	7.51%	6.82%	6.22%	6.39%	5.88%	5.59%	6.49%	6.08%	5.96%

⁽¹⁾ In Virginia, the County issues debt to finance the construction of school facilities for the Public Schools because Public Schools do not have borrowing or taxing authority, therefore the debt service payments related to School facilities are presented as debt service of the component unit. Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures for the Primary Government and School Board more appropriately reflects the unique Virginia school debt requirements. Only School Board capital lease debt service is relected in the Component Unit-School Board.

Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property (1) Last Ten Calendar Years

		Real P	roperty	Less:	Total Taxable			
Calendar	lar Residential Commercial Agricultural		Agricultural	Public	Tax Deferred	Assessed	Total Direct	
Year	Property	Property	Property	Property Service		Value	Tax Rate	
2010	\$ 6,717,623,265	\$ 433,072,300	\$ 1,792,334,000	\$ 255,469,933	\$ 1,191,870,500	\$ 8,006,628,998	\$ 0.50	
2011	6,392,278,090	499,300,600	1,780,976,300	259,649,263	1,199,227,400	7,732,976,853	0.50	
2012	6,453,481,865	520,095,300	1,780,679,000	259,179,258	1,173,245,800	7,840,189,623	0.50	
2013	6,817,604,111	642,022,000	1,780,412,600	266,427,161	1,206,268,100	8,300,197,772	0.50	
2014	6,889,739,371	649,039,700	1,785,041,800	278,858,917	1,215,882,300	8,386,797,488	0.52	
2015	6,952,590,383	681,652,300	1,788,524,700	294,371,167	1,211,313,400	8,505,825,150	0.52	
2016	7,042,927,820	698,322,700	1,795,584,700	331,448,764	1,214,727,200	8,653,556,784	0.52	
2017	7,120,334,172	705,261,700	1,795,644,600	326,010,950	1,216,871,300	8,730,380,122	0.52	
2018	7,188,214,159	702,798,700	1,792,912,100	325,277,869	1,206,883,300	8,802,319,528	0.52	
2019	7,706,088,008	732,381,400	1,811,686,506	337,948,360	1,196,989,900	9,391,114,374	0.52	

⁽¹⁾ Property in Bedford County is reassessed once every four years at actual market value.

Property is assessed at 100 percent of estimated actual value. Tax rates are per \$100 of assessed value.

Source: Bedford County Commissioner of the Revenue

Direct Property Tax Rates Last Ten Calendar Years (rate per \$100 of assessed value)

Fiscal Year

		112001 1001																		
Type of Tax	2	011	2	2012	2	2013	2	2014	2	2015	2	2016	2	2017	2	2018	2	2019	2	2020
Real Estate: General Fund	\$	0.50	\$	0.50	\$	0.50	\$	0.52	\$	0.52	\$	0.52	\$	0.52	\$	0.52	\$	0.52	\$	0.50

Source: Bedford County Commissioner of the Revenue

Principal Real Property Tax Payers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

202				Year	2011 Calendar Year				
Taxpayer		Assessed Valuation		% of Total Taxable Assessed Valuation		Assessed Valuation	Rank	% of Total Taxable Assessed Valuation	
Appalachian Power Co	\$	170,661,046	1	1.80%	\$	126,019,762	1	1.63%	
Norfolk & Western Railway Co		43,647,010	2	0.46%		31,931,589	4	0.41%	
Teva Pharmaceuticals Industries Ltd		41,124,800	3	0.43%		44,992,300	3	0.58%	
Southside Electric Corporation		31,296,844	4	0.33%		23,758,796	5	0.31%	
GP (Georgia Pacific) Big Island LLC		26,970,400	5	0.28%		17,515,600	6	0.23%	
Verizon Virginia Inc		24,597,412	6	0.26%		48,103,702	2	0.62%	
Gables of Jefferson Commons		13,297,300	7	0.14%		-	-	0.00%	
Carriage Square		12,155,900	8	0.13%		-	-	0.00%	
Wal-Mart		10,935,600	9	0.12%		9,945,300	8	0.13%	
CTR Partnership		9,376,300	10	0.10%		-	-	0.00%	
M & J Developers		-	-	-		13,385,100	7	0.17%	
Crystal Shores Marina Resort		-	-	-		8,686,300	9	0.11%	
Sentry Equipment Erectors		-	-			8,546,300	10	0.11%	
	\$	384,062,612		4.05%	\$	332,884,749		4.30%	

Source: Bedford County Commissioner of the Revenue

Real Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Tax Levied		Total		Collection Tax Year	within the of Levy	(Collections	Total Collec	tions to Date
Tax Year	for the Tax Year	Adjustments	 Adjusted Levy		Amount	Percentage of Tax Levy	in Subsequent Years		 Amount	Percentage of Tax Levy
2010	\$ 39,794,973	\$ 88,926	\$ 39,883,899	\$	37,517,045	94.28%	\$	2,357,440	\$ 39,874,485	99.98%
2011	38,373,116	107,420	38,480,536		36,479,693	95.07%		1,988,136	38,467,829	99.97%
2012	38,826,705	66,544	38,893,249		37,047,971	95.42%		1,826,556	38,874,527	99.95%
2013	40,110,895	99,523	40,210,418		38,498,853	95.98%		1,685,254	40,184,107	99.93%
2014	43,252,910	109,863	43,362,773		41,430,823	95.79%		1,866,938	43,297,761	99.85%
2015	43,857,517	139,411	43,996,928		42,162,884	96.14%		1,739,982	43,902,866	99.79%
2016	44,613,788	115,607	44,729,395		42,884,139	96.12%		1,652,144	44,536,283	99.57%
2017	45,009,233	148,499	45,157,732		43,137,025	95.84%		1,646,627	44,783,652	99.17%
2018	45,388,928	174,657	45,563,585		42,947,960	94.62%		1,896,350	44,844,310	98.42%
2019	46,730,571	106,588	46,837,159		44,809,346	95.89%		1,408,921	46,218,267	98.68%
2016 2017 2018	45,009,233 45,388,928	148,499 174,657	45,157,732 45,563,585		42,884,139 43,137,025 42,947,960	96.12% 95.84% 94.62%		1,652,144 1,646,627 1,896,350	44,536,283 44,783,652 44,844,310	99 99 98

Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years The County has no overlapping debt

			Governmen	tal Ac	tivities		 Business-Ty	pe Ac	tivities			
Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	P	Virginia ublic School Authority Bonds		Lease Revenue Bonds	 Capital Leases	Lease Revenue Bonds		Capital Leases	 Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income (1)	Per oita (1)
2011	\$ 2,785,000	\$	26,084,759	\$	43,826,527	\$ -	\$ 2,575,000	\$	521,497	\$ 75,792,783	2.60%	\$ 1,092
2012	2,370,000		22,893,185		41,505,000	8,000,000	2,365,000		410,371	77,543,556	2.52%	1,114
2013	1,960,000		43,704,770		16,640,000	8,000,000	-		295,291	70,600,061	2.20%	925
2014	1,555,000		40,732,362		14,125,000	7,825,000	-		176,119	64,413,481	2.04%	834
2015	1,155,000		38,024,048		11,540,000	7,470,000	-		52,708	58,241,756	1.81%	751
2016	760,000		35,408,169		9,360,000	7,093,600	-		-	52,621,769	1.60%	679
2017	375,000		69,802,952		6,925,000	6,682,661	-		413,965	84,199,578	2.41%	1,082
2018	-		65,276,932		5,905,000	6,241,515	-		330,964	77,754,411	2.11%	993
2019	-		80,943,552		4,885,000	5,776,671	-		518,288	92,123,511	2.45%	1,166
2020	-		76,426,160		3,860,000	5,284,445	-		365,906	85,936,511	*	*

⁽¹⁾ Bureau of Economic Analysis, includes Bedford Town and County

^{*} Unavailable

833

1,025

COUNTY OF BEDFORD, VIRGINIA

Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years

2018

2019

2020

	 Gener	ral Bon	ded Debt Outsta					
Fiscal Year	County General Obligation		School General Obligation		Total Primary Government	Percentage of Actual Taxable Value of Real Property (1)	Per Capita (2)	
2011	\$ 2,785,000	\$	26,084,759	\$	28,869,759	0.37%	\$	416
2012	2,370,000		22,893,185		25,263,185	0.32%		363
2013	1,960,000		43,704,770		45,664,770	0.55%		598
2014	1,742,000		40,545,362		42,287,362	0.50%		548
2015	1,342,000		37,837,048		39,179,048	0.46%		505
2016	947,000		35,221,169		36,168,169	0.42%		467
2017	562,000		69,615,952		70,177,952	0.80%		902

65,276,932

80,943,552

76,426,160

0.74%

0.86%

0.81%

65,132,932

80,847,552

76,378,160

144,000

96,000

48,000

⁽¹⁾ Source - Taxable Value of Assessed Real Property obtained from the Commissioner of Revenue.

⁽²⁾ Source - Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics TABLE 12 for personal income and population data.

^{*} Unavailable

County Debt Policy (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

(not to exceed \$1,750)

(not to exceed 15%)

Debt service as a percentage of General Governmental Expenditures

	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Net debt applicable to parameter	\$ 72,696,286	\$ 74,768,185	\$ 70,304,770	\$ 64,237,362	\$ 58,189,048	\$ 52,621,769	\$ 83,785,613	\$ 77,423,447	\$ 91,605,223	\$ 85,570,605
Net debt as a percentage of assessed value (not to exceed 3.5%)	0.94%	0.95%	0.85%	0.77%	0.68%	0.61%	0.96%	0.88%	0.98%	0.91%
Net debt per capita										

832 \$

6.41%

Fiscal Year

751 \$

6.55%

679 \$

5.99%

1,077 \$

6.21%

988 \$

7.64%

1,160

6.36%

0.00%

(1) The Code of Virginia has no legal debt margin limit set on the Counties. However, Bedford County has established a policy with the following three parameters:

921 \$

7.27%

\$

1,048 \$

8.04%

1,074 \$

7.60%

⁻ Net Debt as a percentage of Assessed Value will not exceed 3.5%. (Net Debt is General Obligation debt and Capital Lease Obligation exclusive of debt or leases payable from Proprietary Funds)

⁻ Net Debt per Capita will not exceed \$1,750 per capita.

⁻ General Obligation Debt Service and Capital Lease payments as a percentage of General Governmental Expenditures will not exceed 15%.

^{*} Unavailable

Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Calendar Years

Year	ear Population (1)		Personal come (2) (5) thousands of dollars)	P	Per Capita Personal Ome (2) (6)	School Enrollment (3)	Unemployment Rate (4)
2011	69,379	\$	2,911,097	\$	38,595	10,299	6.5%
2012	69,637		3,075,785		40,710	10,302	6.0%
2013	76,309		3,206,247		42,314	10,023	5.7%
2014	77,213		3,163,386		41,307	9,915	5.1%
2015	77,525		3,226,628		41,514	9,674	4.4%
2016	77,465		3,280,745		42,082	9,545	4.1%
2017	77,807		3,489,643		44,602	9,543	3.9%
2018	78,329		3,678,030		46,707	9,474	3.1%
2019	78,997		3,759,493		47,590	9,475	3.0%
2020	78,984		*		*	-	0.0%

Sources: (1) Weldon Cooper Center for Public Service, University of Virginia, intercensal estimates for FY 2011 and estimates for FY 2012 through FY 2020.

- (2) Bureau of Economic Analysis, includes Bedford Town and County
- (3) March 31 ADM
- (4) Virginia Employment Commission calendar year data for 2011-2018. Data for 2019 was updated to reflect final calendar year figure. Data for 2020 is average for January 1, 2020 through June 30, 2019.
- (5) Personal income is the income received by all persons from all sources.
- (6) Per capita personal income is calculated as the personal income of residents of a given area divided by the resident population of the area.
- * Unavailable

Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

	202	0	2011			
Taxpayer	Employees	Rank	Employees	Rank		
Bedford County School Board	1,000+	1	1,000+	1		
County of Bedford	500-999	2	500-999	2		
Centra Health	500-999	3	-	-		
Walmart	250-499	4	250-499	8		
GP (Georgia Pacific) Big Island LLC	250-499	5	250-499	7		
* Elwood Staffing Services Inc	250-499	6	250-499	5		
Mail America Communications	250-499	7	250-499	6		
Food Lion	250-499	8	100-249	10		
Sentry Equipment Erectors	100-249	9	-	-		
Kroger	100-249	10	-	-		
** Teva Pharmaceuticals Industries Ltd	-	-	500-999	3		
Staffmark Investment LLC	-	-	500-999	4		
Inservice America	-	-	100-249	9		

Source: Virginia Labor Market Information (LMI)

^{*} Staffing agencies that provided temporary workers for Bedford County and surrounding locality businesses.

^{**} Formally known as Barr Laboratories.

Bedford County School Board March 31st Average Daily Membership Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year

	riscai i cai									
Grade	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20
K	714	776	733	689	686	661	672	659	694	701
1	750	728	769	728	688	662	664	693	673	676
2	771	744	718	759	710	686	690	683	704	686
3	747	784	750	704	742	694	686	704	682	676
4	786	739	784	739	713	739	709	693	697	681
5	759	797	756	798	745	707	756	734	711	700
6	772	763	796	734	806	737	699	754	726	691
7	868	781	782	793	744	807	740	726	750	738
8	865	881	804	782	801	742	803	752	736	763
9	887	874	934	833	822	833	801	836	797	761
10	831	834	837	877	805	800	781	763	799	753
11	783	814	809	787	865	750	775	748	738	789
12	830	784	830	800	788	856	769	798	767	753
Total	10,363	10,299	10,302	10,023	9,915	9,674	9,545	9,543	9,474	9,368
Elementary school										
membership	6,167	6,112	6,088	5,944	5,834	5,693	5,616	5,646	5,637	5,549
Secondary school										
membership	4,196	4,187	4,214	4,079	4,081	3,981	3,929	3,897	3,837	3,819
Total	10,363	10,299	10,302	10,023	9,915	9,674	9,545	9,543	9,474	9,368

Source: Bedford County School Board

Bedford County School Board Full-Time Equivalent Employees by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Supervisory Instructional administrators Noninstructional administrators Consultants/supervisors of instruction Principals Assistant principals Total supervisory Instruction Elementary classroom teachers Secondary classroom teachers ESE teachers Other teachers (adult) Other professionals (instructional) Aides Total instruction 1.058 1,025 1,024 1,044 1,057 1,067 1,037 1,038 1,049 1,008 **Student Services** Guidance counselors Visiting teachers/social workers **Psychologists** Librarians Other professionals (noninstructional) Technicians Total student services **Support and Administration** Clerical/secretarial Service workers Skilled crafts Unskilled laborers Total support and administration Total employees 1,683 1,619 1,615 1,648 1,673 1,697 1,687 1,694 1,714 1,674 Teachers and administrators Other employees 1,619 1,615 1,648 1,673 1,697 1,687 1,694 1,714 1,674 Total employees 1,683

Source: Bedford County School Board

Percentage

COUNTY OF BEDFORD, VIRGINIA

Bedford County School Board Operating Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Enrollment	Operating Expenditures]	Cost Per Jupil	Percentage Change	Pupil- Teacher Ratio	of Students Receiving Free or Reduced-Price Meals
2011	10,363	\$ 89,458,628	\$	8,633	-1.95%	13.65	35%
2012	10,299	89,234,061		8,664	0.37%	13.75	35%
2013	10,302	92,976,273		9,025	4.16%	13.77	35%
2014	10,023	95,992,543		9,577	6.12%	13.08	35%
2015	9,915	95,893,402		9,672	0.98%	12.93	37%
2016	9,674	98,432,050		10,175	5.20%	12.78	37%
2017	9,545	96,688,413		10,130	-0.44%	13.17	37%
2018	9,543	101,495,428		10,636	4.99%	13.29	37%
2019	9,474	101,065,093		10,668	0.30%	12.75	39%
2020	9,368	102,435,750		10,935	2.50%	12.71	39%

Source: Bedford County School Board

COMPLIANCE SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Bedford, Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns* and the *Specifications for Audits of Authorities, Boards, and Commissions*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Bedford, Virginia (the "County"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 13, 2021.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Brown, Edwards & Company, S. L. P.

Lynchburg, Virginia September 13, 2021



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Bedford, Virginia

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the County of Bedford, Virginia's (the "County") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020. The County's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, the terms, and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the County's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the County complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the County's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Brown, Edwards & Company, S. L. P.

Lynchburg, Virginia September 13, 2021

SUMMARY OF COMPLIANCE MATTERS June 30, 2020

As more fully described in the Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we performed tests of the County's compliance with certain provisions of the laws, regulations, contracts, and grants shown below.

STATE COMPLIANCE MATTERS

Code of Virginia

Budget and Appropriation Laws
Cash and Investment Laws
Conflicts of Interest Act
Local Retirement Systems
Debt Provisions
Procurement Laws
Uniform Disposition of Unclaimed Property Act
Comprehensive Services Act
Sheriff Internal Controls
Fire Program Aid

State Agency Requirements
Education
Social Services

FEDERAL COMPLIANCE MATTERS

Compliance Supplement for Single Audits of State and Local Governments

Provisions and conditions of agreements related to federal programs selected for testing.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS June 30, 2020

A. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

- 1. The auditor's report expresses an **unmodified opinion** on the financial statements.
- No significant deficiencies relating to the audit of the financial statements were reported in the Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards.
- 3. **There were no instances of noncompliance** material to the financial statements disclosed during the audit.
- 4. **No significant deficiencies** relating to the audit of the major federal award programs were reported in the Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance required by the Uniform Guidance.
- 5. The auditor's report on compliance for the major federal award programs expresses an **unmodified opinion**.
- 6. The audit disclosed **no audit findings** relating to major programs.
- 7. The programs tested as major programs were:

Name of Program:	CFDA#
Child Nutrition Cluster – National School Breakfast Program	10.553
Child Nutrition Cluster – National School Lunch Program	10.555
Child Nutrition Cluster – Summer Food Service for Children	10.559
Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program	10.561
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies (Title I, Part A Cluster)	84.010
Medical Assistance Program	93.778

- 8. The **threshold for** distinguishing Type A and B programs was \$750,000.
- 9. The County of Bedford was **not** determined to be a **low-risk auditee**.

B. FINDINGS – FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

None.

C. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT

None.

D. FINDINGS - COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA

None.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS June 30, 2020

2019-001: Child Nutrition Cluster – CFDA# 10.553, 10.555, 10.559; Special Education Cluster – CFDA# 84.027, 84.173; Internet Crimes Against Children – Missing Children's Assistance Grant – CFDA# 16.543, Procurement Policies and Procedures

Condition:

The County does not have complete, written, updated procurement policies that are in compliance with the standards required by the Uniform Guidance (2 CFR Part 200).

Recommendation:

Management should draft and implement updated written procurement procedures to align with the Uniform Guidance requirements for all purchases to be made with Federal funds.

Current Status:

Comment is no longer applicable. County has adopted updated policies.

2019-002: Child Nutrition Cluster - CFDA# 10.553, 10.555, 10.559; Special Education Cluster - CFDA# 84.027, 84.173; Internet Crimes Against Children - Missing Children's Assistance Grant - CFDA# 16.543, Late Filing of Data Collection Form

Condition:

The County did not file the data collection form for the year ended June 30, 2018 timely.

Recommendation:

Management should take steps to ensure that the form is filed timely.

Current Status:

Comment is no longer applicable. County has implemented procedures designed to prevent this in the future.