ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY OF YORK COUNTY, VIRGINIA

(A Component Unit of the County of York, Virginia)

Financial Statements and Supplemental Information

Years Ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

Financial Statements and Supplemental Information Years Ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

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Report of Independent Auditor

Authority Members and Officials Economic Development Authority of York County, Virginia

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Economic Development Authority of York County, Virginia (the "Authority") a component unit of the County of York, Virginia, as of and for the years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the *Specifications for Audits of Authorities, Boards and Commissions*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards and specifications require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Authority, as of June 30, 2016 and 2015, and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements. The Schedules of Conduit Debt Outstanding are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. These schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedules of Conduit Debt Outstanding are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 18, 2016, on our consideration of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Virginia Beach, Virginia November 18, 2016

Theny Bekaut LLP

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2016 and 2015

This section of the Economic Development Authority of York County, Virginia's (the "Authority") annual financial report presents a discussion and analysis of the Authority's financial performance during the fiscal years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015. Please read it in conjunction with the Authority's financial statements following this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The Authority leveraged just \$88,000 of incentives to garner over \$2.56 million dollars of commercial investment in the County. This investment was comprised of grants to three local businesses: the Virginia Beer Company, Brass Canon Brewing, and Williamsburg AleWerks, all craft breweries.
- The Office of Economic Development (OED), in partnership with the Authority and York County Chamber of Commerce, co-hosted the area's first Home-Based Business Resource Fair & Conference. This event was very successful and boasted over 125 attendees, 20 speakers and 22 exhibitors. The conference highlighted the County's new focus on nurturing and growing the home-based business sector.
- Kroger opened its new 90,000 square foot concept store in Kiln Creek along with a fueling station. This \$16 million investment sparked new interest in this retail corridor and was followed by announcements from Taco Bell and Panda Express of their intention to build on outparcels in front of Kroger.
- The Authority sold 5.51 acres in Busch Industrial Park to Marina Electrical Equipment (MEE) for a new manufacturing facility. MEE has been so successful with their new product line that they needed additional space to accommodate their growth.
- Smith/Packet, a multi-state, senior living facility developer, broke ground on a new assisted-living community near the intersection of Hampton Highway and Victory Blvd. The 102 unit facility called "The Crossings on the Peninsula" will employ 75-100 full and part-time employees. The nearly \$12 million state-of-the-art facility plans to open in the fall of 2016.
- The new regional economic development marketing organization, The Greater Williamsburg Partnership (GWP), fully organized in FY2016 and launched its web site www.GWPVA.com. The York County, James City County, and City of Williamsburg business incubator "Launchpad" moved into new office space in New Town that will accommodate up to 12 clients and has 2,500 square feet of open space for training and collaboration. In November, the 4th annual Peninsula-wide business plan competition, START Peninsula, was held at the Applied Research Center in Newport News.
- The Authority had a decrease in total Net Position during FY2016 of \$82,835 or 2.61%. A significant portion of the FY2016 Authority's net position, \$2,357,147, remains unrestricted.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all Authority assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Authority is improving or deteriorating.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2016 and 2015

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position presents information showing how net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

Notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the statements and should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and the Management's Discussion and Analysis.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Summary of Statement of Net Position at:	<u>6/30/2016</u>	9	6/30/201 <u>5</u>		6/30/2014
Current assets	\$ 625,518	\$	563,403	\$	538,773
Noncurrent assets	2,095,940		2,136,235		2,008,131
Capital assets	 730,282		759,224	_	788,165
Total assets	\$ 3,451,740	\$	3,458,862	\$	3,335,069
Current liabilities	\$ 181,977	\$	82,741	\$	106,170
Noncurrent liabilities	 182,334		205,857		216,121
Total liabilities	 364,311		288,598		322,291
Net investment in capital assets	730,282		759,224		788,165
Unrestricted	 2,357,147		2,411,040		2,224,613
Total net position	 3,087,429		3,170,264		3,012,778
Total liabilities and net position	\$ 3,451,740	\$	3,458,862	\$	3,335,069

At the close of the 2016 and 2015 fiscal years, the Authority's assets exceeded liabilities by \$3,087,429 and \$3,170,264, respectively. In fiscal year 2016, the Authority's total net position decreased by \$82,835. An increase in accounts payable for the installation of a stormwater pond and economic incentives contributes to this decrease. A significant portion of the Authority's net position, \$2,357,147, remains unrestricted and may be used to meet the Authority's ongoing objectives and obligations.

At the close of 2015, the Authority's total net position increased by \$157,486, primarily due to a purchase of land held for resale. A significant portion of the Authority's net position, \$2,411,040, was unrestricted.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2016 and 2015

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS, Continued

Summary of Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position for the year ended:

	9	<u>6/30/2016</u>	6/30/2015	<u>6/30/2014</u>		
Operating Revenues						
Intergovernmental	\$	49,250	\$ 46,250	\$	864,849	
Waterfront rent		251,840	243,098		244,872	
Gain on land held for resale		12,840	12,306		-	
Administrative fees		139,668	140,798		137,361	
Miscellaneous		156,020	3,000		4,965	
Local recovered costs		_	 -		2,057	
Total operating revenues		609,618	 445,452		1,254,104	
Operating Expenses						
Waterfront operations		230,421	218,097		221,838	
Economic development		373,689	374,610		187,904	
Other fees and miscellaneous		88,654	 64,352		66,815	
Total operating expenses		692,764	 657,059		476,557	
Operating Income (Loss)		(83,146)	 (211,607)		777,547	
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		311	 93		(559)	
Capital Contribution		-	 369,000			
Change in Net Position		(82,835)	157,486		776,988	
Net position, beginning of the year		3,170,264	 3,012,778		2,235,790	
Net position, end of the year	\$	3,087,429	\$ 3,170,264	\$	3,012,778	

York County, Virginia (the "County") contributes to the operations of the Authority on an annual basis and makes economic development contributions for certain incentives, which vary from one year to the next. These contributions are reflected as intergovernmental revenues. The County contributed \$49,250 in fiscal year 2016. In fiscal year 2015, the County contributed \$46,250 for operations.

Rental and lease income, as well as expenses, increased slightly from 2015 due to continued full occupancy at Riverwalk Landing. Miscellaneous revenue increased from 2015 as a result of contributions for the GWP which equal the expenses incurred in fiscal year 2016 for the GWP.

The Authority continues to work cooperatively and receive significant funding from the County. As a result of this relationship, the Authority's fiscal position continues to remain positive and stable.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2016 and 2015

CAPITAL ASSETS, NET OF ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION

	6/30/2016		<u>6</u>	/30/2015	6/30/201		
Land improvements	\$	6,723	\$	7,364	\$	8,004	
Infrastructure		723,559		751,860		780,161	
Total	\$	730,282	\$	759,224	\$	788,165	

Capital assets at June 30, 2016 reflect assets that provide water and sewer access to property owned by the Authority. Additional information can be found in note 4 to the basic financial statements.

NOTES PAYABLE TO PRIMARY GOVERNMENT - YORK COUNTY

6	<u>/30/2016</u>	6	/30/2015	6	/30/2014
\$	136,667	\$	156,667	\$	176,667

At June 30, 2016 and 2015, the notes payable to the County relate to the Riverwalk Landing direct financing lease.

Additional information on these can be found in Notes 3 and 5 to the basic financial statements.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide users (citizens, taxpayers, bondholders, and creditors) with a general overview of the Authority's finances and to demonstrate the Authority's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning the report or requests for additional information should be directed to Director of Economic Development, York County Economic Development Authority, 224 Ballard Street, Yorktown, Virginia 23690 or telephone (757) 890-3317.

Statements of Net Position

	<u>(</u>	6/30/201 <u>5</u>		
ASSETS				
Current assets: Cash and equivalents Accounts receivable Due from Primary Government - York County Investment in direct finance lease, current	\$	440,866 164,015 637 20,000	\$	529,746 13,657 - 20,000
Total current assets		625,518		563,403
Noncurrent assets: Restricted cash and equivalents Land held for resale Prepaid expense Investment in Waterside Capital Corporation Investment in direct finance lease, net current Depreciable capital assets: Land improvements Infrastructure Accumulated depreciation Total noncurrent assets	_	14,510 1,964,578 18 167 116,667 9,604 850,913 (130,235)		13,936 1,985,279 19 334 136,667 9,604 850,913 (101,293)
Total assets	\$	2,826,222 3,451,740	\$	2,895,459 3,458,862
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LIABILITIES Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable Retainage payable Due to Primary Government - York County Collaborative project deposit Note payable to Primary Government - York County, current Total current liabilities	\$	111,059 5,218 - 45,700 20,000 181,977	\$	4,497 - 5,509 52,735 20,000 82,741
Noncurrent liabilities: Deposits payable Unearned revenues Note payable to Primary Government - York County, net current Total noncurrent liabilities Total liabilities		16,510 49,157 116,667 182,334 364,311		13,936 55,254 136,667 205,857 288,598
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted Total net position	_	730,282 2,357,147 3,087,429	_	759,224 2,411,040 3,170,264
Total liabilities and net position	\$	3,451,740	\$	3,458,862

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

	Year Ended			
	9	<u>6/30/2016</u>		<u>6/30/2015</u>
Operating Revenues				
Intergovernmental	\$	49,250	\$	46,250
Waterfront and other rent		230,420		218,097
Gain on sale of land held for resale		12,840		12,306
Lease income		21,420		25,001
Industrial revenue bond administrative fees		139,668		140,798
Miscellaneous		156,020		3,000
Total operating revenues		609,618		445,452
Operating Expenses				
Waterfront operations		91,769		105,686
Waterfront rentals		138,652		112,411
Economic development incentives		373,689		374,610
Professional fees		18,848		17,769
Board member fees		4,700		4,200
Miscellaneous		36,164		13,442
Depreciation	_	28,942	_	28,941
Total operating expenses		692,764		657,059
Operating Loss		(83,146)		(211,607)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)				
Interest income		6,591		6,373
Interest expense		(6,280)		(6,280)
Total nonoperating revenues, net	_	311	_	93
Capital Contribution			_	369,000
Change in Net Position		(82,835)		157,486
Total net position, beginning of year		3,170,264		3,012,778
Total net position, end of year	\$	3,087,429	\$	3,170,264

Statements of Cash Flows

	Year Ended			
	6	/30/2016		/30/2015
		700/2010	<u>~</u>	100/2010
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Receipts from Primary Government - York County	\$	49,250	\$	46,250
Receipts from rental income		94,748		252,957
Receipt from the net proceeds of land held for resale		33,541		234,976
Other receipts		295,688		143,798
Payments to suppliers for goods and services		(557,311)		(645,404)
Payments to Board members for services		(4,700)		(4,200)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		(88,784)		28,377
CARLE FLOWER FROM CARITAL AND RELATED ENLANGING ACTIVITIES				
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(0.000)		(0.000)
Interest paid on debt		(6,280)		(6,280)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities		(6,280)		(6,280)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Interest income		6,758		6,540
Net cash provided by investing activities		6,758		6,540
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		(88,306)		28,637
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	_	543,682	_	515,045
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	455,376	\$	543,682
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents to the Statement of Net Position:				
-	\$	440,866	\$	E20 746
Cash and equivalents Restricted cash and equivalents	Ф	14,510	Φ	529,746 13,936
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	455,376	\$	543,682
, and a superior of the superi	<u>*</u>		<u>-</u>	
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash				
provided by (used in) operating activities:				
Operating loss	\$	(83,146)	\$	(211,607)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss		, , ,		, ,
to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:				
Depreciation		28,942		28,941
Changes in assets and liabilities:				
Accounts receivable		(150,358)		2,065
Due from Primary Government - York County		(637)		-
Prepaid expense		1		1
Land held for resale		20,701		222,670
Accounts payable		106,562		(56,572)
Retainage payable		5,218		-
Unearned revenues		(6,097)		7,794
Deposits payable		2,574		1,942
Collaborative project deposit		(7,035)		52,735
Due to Primary Government - York County	<u></u>	(5,509)	<u></u>	(19,592)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	(88,784)	\$	28,377
Noncash capital and financing activities:				
Change in direct financing lease and corresponding change in				
note payable to primary government - York County	\$	(20,000)	\$	(20,000)
Change in fair value of Waterside Capital Corporation investment	\$	(167)	\$	(167)
Contribution of land held for resale	\$	-	\$	369,000
	<u> </u>		÷	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2016 and 2015

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Economic Development Authority of York County, Virginia (the "Authority") was created as a tax-exempt political subdivision of the Commonwealth of Virginia by ordinance of the Board of Supervisors of the County of York, Virginia (the "County") on July 6, 1972, pursuant to the provisions of the Industrial Development and Revenue Bond Act of the Commonwealth of Virginia, duly enacted into law as Chapter 33, Section 15.1-1373, et seg., of the Code of Virginia (1950), as amended. The Authority is governed by seven directors appointed by the Board of Supervisors of the County. It is authorized to acquire, own, lease and dispose of properties in order to promote industry and develop trade by inducing enterprises to locate and remain in Virginia. In addition, the Authority is authorized to issue revenue bonds for the purpose of obtaining and constructing facilities. Liability under such bonds may be retained by the Authority, or it may be assumed by the enterprises for which the facilities are constructed. Collection of revenues pledged to liquidate the bonds may be assigned to the bond trustee. The revenue bonds are not deemed to constitute a debt or pledge of the faith and credit of the County, the Commonwealth of Virginia or any municipality thereof. The bonds are payable solely from revenues generated from the lease of the facilities constructed and may be collateralized by a deed of trust on those facilities.

The Reporting Entity

The Authority is considered a component unit of the County. Component units are legally separate entities for which a Primary Government is financially accountable. The information in these financial statements will also be included in the County's basic financial statements because of the significance of the Authority's financial relationship with the County.

The Authority exists as a legal entity with a Board of Directors appointed by the County's Board of Supervisors. The Board of Directors manages and allocates operating and marketing budgets and capital funds recorded on the books of the Authority.

Basis of Accounting

The Authority's operations are accounted for as a proprietary fund used to account for the activities of the Authority as noted above. The financial statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting, using the economic resources measurement focus. Under this method of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when liabilities are incurred without regard to receipt or disbursement of cash. Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items wherein operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the entity's principal ongoing operations.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted under the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from these estimates.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2016 and 2015

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

Pass-thru Financing Leases

Most activities of the Authority represent pass-through leases. These agreements provide for periodic rental payments in amounts equal to the principal and interest payments due to project bondholders.

The Authority has assigned all rights to the rental payments to the trustees of the bondholders and the lessees have assumed responsibility for all operating costs such as utilities, repairs and property taxes. In such cases, the Authority neither receives nor disburses funds. Although title to these properties rests with the Authority, bargain purchase options or other lease provisions eliminate any equity interest that would otherwise be retained. Deeds of trust collateralize outstanding bond obligations and title will revert to the lessee when the bonds are fully paid.

Although the Authority provides a conduit to execute such transactions, it does not retain either the benefits of asset ownership or the liability for bond liquidation. Accordingly, the Authority does not recognize associated assets or liabilities. Outstanding conduit debt amounted to \$81,649,500 and \$82,515,500 at June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, cash equivalents are defined as short-term, highly liquid investments that are both (a) readily convertible to known amounts of cash and (b) so near maturity that they present insignificant risk of changes in value because of changes in interest rates. The Authority considers all certificates of deposits, regardless of their maturity, and other investments with original maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Restricted Cash and Equivalents

At June 30, 2016 and 2015, restricted cash consisted of tenant security deposits of \$14,510 and \$13,936, respectively.

Receivables

At June 30, 2016, receivables consisted of contributions for the Greater Williamsburg Partnership, Riverwalk Landing rental payments, bondholder administration fees and interest of \$164,015. At June 30, 2015, receivables consisted of Riverwalk Landing rental payments and interest of \$13,657. All outstanding receivables at June 30 have been subsequently collected; therefore, an allowance was not deemed necessary.

Land Held for Resale

Land is stated at acquisition cost plus improvements, not to exceed net realizable value. As land is sold, all costs associated with that land are charged to cost of land sold.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2016 and 2015

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

Capital Assets

Capital assets are capitalized at historical cost, if purchased. Contributed capital assets are recorded at their acquisition value at the date of donation. The Authority utilizes the County's capitalization threshold of \$5,000 or more for recording equipment, land improvements and infrastructure and \$30,000 for buildings and building improvements, for assets with useful lives greater than one year. Capital assets are depreciated over their estimated useful lives using the straight-line, half-year convention method. The estimated useful lives are as follows: equipment (3-20), land improvements (15-20), buildings and improvements (10-50), and infrastructure (10-50).

Unearned Revenues

At June 30, 2016 unearned revenues consisted of bond administrative fees paid in advance of \$47,139 and lease payments paid in advance of \$2,018. At June 30, 2015, unearned revenues consisted of bond administrative fees paid in advance of \$47,103 and rental and lease payments received in advance of \$8,151.

2. <u>DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS</u>

The Authority's cash and investments consisted of:

	<u>Jur</u>	<u>ne 30, 2016</u>	<u>Ju</u>	ne 30, 2015
Bank deposits	\$	307,057	\$	395,798
Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP)		148,319		147,884
Waterside Capital Corporation Stock		167		334
	\$	455,543	\$	544,016
Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position:				
Cash and equivalents	\$	440,866	\$	529,746
Restricted cash and equivalents		14,510		13,936
Investment in Waterside Capital Corporation (WSCC)		167		334
	\$	455,543	\$	544,016

Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act, Section 2.2-4400 et. seq. of the *Code of Virginia*.

Statutes authorize local governments and other public bodies to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper and certain corporate notes, bankers' acceptances, repurchase agreements and the LGIP. LGIP is managed in a manner consistent with the "2a7 like pool" requirements of GAAP with the portfolio securities valued by the amortized cost method.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2016 and 2015

2. <u>DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS</u>, Continued

The Authority holds common stock equity in WSCC. In January 1998, WSCC changed its name from Eastern Virginia Small Business Investment Corporation to Waterside Capital Corporation and completed its initial public offering to raise additional equity to support growth strategy. The goal of WSCC is to provide equity financings for new ventures that will bring new jobs and additional revenue to the area.

By originally investing in WSCC prior to its' initial public offering, the Authority was able to provide capital through the WSCC to the new ventures, which they could not get from other lending institutions. The investment is stated at approximate fair value. The Authority does not intend to actively trade the investment and, when approved by management, the investment will be sold.

Credit Risk

As of June 30, 2016 and 2015, the Authority's investment in the LGIP was rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's.

3. INVESTMENT IN DIRECT FINANCE LEASE

In November 2012, the Authority executed a property lease for the Riverwalk Restaurant and an adjacent vacant space for another restaurant to a new private company. As part of the negotiations, the Authority also entered into an equipment lease. The lease is for \$200,000, with repayment over 120 months and with interest on the outstanding balance of 3.14% per annum. Repayments began on May 1, 2013.

The following schedule reflects the net investment in the direct financing lease:

	<u>Jun</u>	<u>e 30, 2016</u>	<u>Jun</u>	<u>ie 30, 2015</u>
Minimum lease payments to be received	\$	179,580	\$	205,860
Less unearned revenues		(42,913)		(49,193)
Net investment in direct finance lease	\$	136,667	\$	156,667
Classified as:				
Current	\$	20,000	\$	20,000
Noncurrent		116,667		136,667
Total	\$	136,667	\$	156,667

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2016 and 2015

3. **INVESTMENT IN DIRECT FINANCE LEASE**, Continued

Minimum future rental receipts under the direct financing lease as of June 30, 2016 are:

2017	\$ 26,280
2018	26,280
2019	26,280
2020	26,280
2021	26,280
2022-2023	 48,180
Total	\$ 179,580

4. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2016 is as follows:

		Balance					E	Balance
	July 1, 2015		Additions		Reductions		<u>Jun</u>	e 30, 2016
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Land improvements	\$	9,604	\$	-	\$	-	\$	9,604
Infrastructure		850,913		-		-		850,913
Total capital assets being depreciated		860,517	_	-		-		860,517
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Land improvements		(2,240)		(641)		-		(2,881)
Infrastructure		(99,053)	_	(28,301)		-		(127,354)
Total accumulated depreciation		(101,293)	_	(28,942)		-		(130,235)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$	759,224	\$	(28,942)	\$	-	\$	730,282

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2015 is as follows:

	Balance <u>July 1, 2014</u>			Additions	Reductions		Balance <u>June 30, 2015</u>	
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Land improvements	\$	9,604	\$	-	\$	-	\$	9,604
Infrastructure		850,913				-		850,913
Total capital assets being depreciated		860,517	_			-		860,517
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Land improvements		(1,600)		(640)		-		(2,240)
Infrastructure		(70,752)	_	(28,301)		-		(99,053)
Total accumulated depreciation		(72,352)	_	(28,941)		-		(101,293)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$	788,165	\$	(28,941)	\$	-	\$	759,224

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2016 and 2015

5. NOTE PAYABLE TO PRIMARY GOVERNMENT - YORK COUNTY

The Authority has one remaining note payable to the County. Details on the loan can be found in note 3, Investment in Direct Finance Lease.

At June 30, 2016 and 2015, the outstanding principal balance on the note payable was \$136,667 and \$156,667 respectively.

The following is a summary of changes in notes payable to the County:

Balance			Balance	Due Within
July 1, 2015	<u>Additions</u>	Reductions	June 30, 2016	One Year
\$ 156,667	\$ -	\$ (20,000)	\$ 136,667	\$ 20,000
Dalamas			Dalamas	Dave With in
Balance			Balance	Due Within
July 1, 2014	<u>Additions</u>	Reductions	June 30, 2015	One Year
\$ 176,667	\$ -	\$ (20,000)	\$ 156,667	\$ 20,000

The following is a summary of the repayment schedules for fiscal years:

<u>Year</u>	<u>Principal</u>	Interest
2017	\$ 20,000	\$ 6,280
2018	20,000	6,280
2019	20,000	6,280
2020	20,000	6,280
2021	20,000	6,280
2022-2023	 36,667	 11,513
Total	\$ 136.667	\$ 42.913

6. TRANSACTIONS WITH PRIMARY GOVERNMENT - YORK COUNTY

Intergovernmental revenues received from York County and related due to and due from the Primary Government consisted of the following:

<u>Purpose</u>	<u>Jun</u>	e 30, 2016	<u>Jun</u>	<u>ie 30, 2015</u>
Operating contributions	\$	49,250	\$	46,250
Due from Primary Government - York County		637		-
Due to Primary Government - York County				5,509
Total	\$	49,887	\$	51,759

In fiscal year 2015, \$5,509 due to the County and in fiscal year 2016, \$637 due from the County were primarily due to the Riverwalk Landing Lease agreement

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2016 and 2015

7. WATERFRONT RENTAL INCOME

In March 2003, the Authority executed a lease agreement with the County for the Yorktown Waterfront property for \$1 per year with a term of 30 years. Under the terms of the agreement, the Authority revitalized the property to include a restaurant, office and retail space, parking facilities, travel ways, landscaping and other improvements. Upon completion of the Yorktown Revitalization Project, there were 11 facilities for lease within the development, referred to as Riverwalk Landing. The Authority executed subleases for the facilities with annual rents of \$230,420 and \$218,097, respectively, for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015. Section 4 of the lease provides that the Authority will remit all rents and profits realized from any such sublease to the County to be managed and made available for expenditures for maintenance of the property and redemption of the bonds issued for the development.

8. **CONTINGENT LIABILITY**

In fiscal year 2016, the Authority passed a resolution at its January 26, 2016 meeting authorizing the execution of a Financing Agreement for the acquisition of a 248-acre tract of land and the investment in the necessary infrastructure improvements. The Financing Agreement required approval of a Support Agreement by the Authority and York County's Board of Supervisors, which was approved on February 16, 2016. The principal and interest shall be payable from the revenues derived by the Authority from the sale or leasing of the project and payments made to the Authority by the County pursuant to the Support Agreement dated as of February 1, 2016 between the Authority and the County. A line of credit of \$8,000,000 was approved with Towne Bank and was structured as an interest-only line of credit that can be drawn-down as needed, without subordinating the land. The interest will be billed and paid monthly, with a maturity date of three years after the closing date of the line of credit. At maturity, any remaining principal balance on the line of credit may be converted to permanent repayment for up to a 10-year term. As of June 30, 2016, the available balance of the line of credit remains at \$8,000,000.

Schedules of Conduit Debt Outstanding

<u>Issue Name</u>	Facility Description	Date of Original <u>Issue</u>	<u>Trustee</u>	Bonds Aggregate Amount at <u>Issue</u>	Aggregate Outstanding Payable at 6/30/2016	Aggregate Outstanding Payable at 6/30/2015
Pollution Control Revenue Bonds (VEPCO), Series 2009A	Pollution control equipment and facility related to the conversion of the Yorktown Power Station	5/19/2009	Bank of New York Mellon	\$ 70,000,000	70,000,000	70,000,000
Educational Facilities Revenue Bonds, Series 2009	York River Academy Mixed Use Project	7/1/2009	Towne Bank	\$ 3,000,000	987,500	1,137,500
Qualified Non-Profit Revenue and Refunding Bond, Series 2013	Colonial Community Services, Inc. Project	7/19/2013	Bank of Lancaster	\$ 2,750,000	2,297,000	2,453,000
Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds (County of York, Virginia), Series 2014	Yorktown Waterfront Revitalization project; communication system improvements; fire and rescue equipment	2/27/2014	Wells Fargo Bank	\$ 9,865,000	8,365,000	8,925,000
				Total	\$ 81,649,500	\$ 82,515,500



Report of Independent Auditor on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

Authority Members and Officials Economic Development Authority of York County, Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and the *Specifications for Audits of Authorities, Boards, and Commissions* issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the Economic Development Authority of York County, Virginia, (the "Authority"), as of and for the years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, and have issued our report thereon dated November 18, 2016.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Authority's internal control over financial reporting ("internal control") to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Authority's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* or the *Specifications for Audits of Authorities, Boards, and Commissions*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Authority's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Virginia Beach, Virginia November 18, 2016

Cherry Bekaut LLP