School Board of the City of Roanoke, Virginia Component Unit of the City of Roanoke, Virginia

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021









40 Douglass Avenue, Northwest Roanoke, Virginia 24012 www.rcps.info

Strong Students. Strong Schools. Strong City.

PHOTO CREDITS

Cover and Section Dividers: Our students and staff
Photographs by the Roanoke City Schools Communications and Marketing Department

School Board of the City of Roanoke, Virginia, A Component Unit of the City of Roanoke, Virginia

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Roanoke City School Board

Lutheria A. Smith, Chairperson
Eli C. S. Jamison, Ph.D., Vice Chairperson
Mark Cathey, Member
Laura D. Rottenborn, Member
Natasha N. Saunders, Member
Joyce W. Watkins, Member
Richard Willis, Member

Verletta White, Superintendent

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION





Strong Students. Strong Schools. Strong City.

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October 29, 2021

The School Board of the City of Roanoke, Virginia and Citizens of the City of Roanoke

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the School Board of the City of Roanoke, Virginia (School Board), a Component Unit of the City of Roanoke, Virginia, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, is herein submitted. Please note that the School Board is more commonly known as "Roanoke City Public Schools" or "RCPS."

The report contains a complete set of basic financial statements presented in conformity with U. S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), and audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The GASB requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A), which can be found following the report of the independent auditors. The letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The report was prepared by the School Board's Accounting Department in conjunction with the Chief Financial Officer.

The School Board is considered a discretely presented component unit of the City of Roanoke (City) and, accordingly, the financial position and results of operations of the School Board are reflected in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the City. The City is an independent full-service municipality with sole government taxing power within its boundaries. The School Board is a legally separate entity, which is fiscally dependent upon the City. The City Council of the City of Roanoke (City Council) appoints the seven members of the School Board, as well as, makes the annual appropriation for the School Board's operating budget. The City levies taxes for School Board operations, issues debt for capital projects, and retains ownership of school property and buildings. The buildings range in age from 1 to 96 years and it is the school board's responsibility to maintain and upgrade the buildings as needed. The City Council is prohibited, however, from exercising control over School Board expenditures at the functional and budgetary line item levels of School Board funds.

Budgetary comparison schedules for the General and Food Services funds can be found in the Required Supplementary Information Section of the financial report.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the School Board of the City of Roanoke, Virginia. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the School Board has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the School Board's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the School Board's basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Since the cost of internal controls should not outweigh the benefits, the School Board's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement.

Profile of the School District

Roanoke City Public Schools is a progressive urban school district nestled in the heart of the Blue Ridge Mountains in the City of Roanoke, Virginia. Roanoke, the largest city in the Commonwealth of Virginia (Commonwealth) west of Richmond, is located at the southern end of the Shenandoah Valley, approximately 170 miles west of Richmond and 235 miles southwest of Washington, DC. Roanoke's 2021 estimated population as per the US Census Bureau from April 1, 2020 of 100,011 accounts for just under 32% of the population in its metropolitan statistical area (MSA), which includes the neighboring City of Salem, Town of Vinton and the Counties of Roanoke, Botetourt, Craig and Franklin.

In the 2020-21 school year, RCPS provided a comprehensive program of study for 13,853 students in grades pre-kindergarten through twelve (based on fall membership counts). The school division is made up of seventeen elementary schools, five middle schools, two high schools, the Roanoke Valley Governor's School for Science and Technology, a vocational school, two alternative education facilities, adult education programs, and preschool programs for at-risk children. Enrollment in 2020-21 decreased as a result of the pandemic. However, a modest growth is predicted in future years.

Roanoke's student population represents a diversity of cultures and ethnic groups. Approximately 43% of students are black, 32.2% are white, 15.8% are Hispanic, and 9% are Asian or another race.

The Virginia Department of Education (VDOE) posted that 96.4% of RCPS students qualified for free or reduced-price school meals during the 2020-2021 school year. This eligibility is determined based on the financial need of the individual student's family, or the overall needs in the school's community as determined through the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) Community Eligibility Provision (CEP). RCPS began participating in the CEP in the fall of 2015. All student populations are currently being served meals (breakfast and lunch).

All of Roanoke City schools were labeled as "Accreditation Waived" for the 2021-2022 school year. Accreditation ratings are based on performance during the previous school year. Annual accreditation is waived for all Virginia public schools for the 2021-2022 school year due to the continuing impact of the of COVID-19 pandemic on schools and students. Student performance on SOL tests in English, mathematics and science are key metrics in the State Board of Education's school accreditation standards.

The Roanoke City Public Schools' strategic plan has affirmed that the school division's mission is to "graduate students prepared for life in a rapidly changing world." The plan also establishes RCPS' vision, which is "to be a model for urban public education." This vision means that our students will have the skills to be successful and opportunities to reach their full potential regardless of poverty, ethnicity, disabilities, or other challenges. Only a few urban places in the country have been able to achieve this and they are usually individual schools as opposed to entire school districts. RCPS believes that we owe it to our children to set a very high bar.

The decisions, direction, and actions of RCPS are guided by eight core beliefs, as follows:

- Our diversity is a source of strength
- Our schools must be safe
- All students are capable of meeting high expectations
- We are accountable for our students' success
- Every individual in RCPS contributes to our students' success
- We have a responsibility to work collaboratively with our families
- Respect, trust, and honest communication are the foundation of successful and productive relationships
- The vitality of our community depends on a strong school system

"Strong Students. Strong Schools. Strong City." The School Board established the following priorities for the 2018-19 school year:

- Achieve full state accreditation and meet federal annual measurable objectives (AMO) targets.
- Ensure the safest schools for our students and staff.
- Attract, train, and retain the best staff for our urban Division.
- Ensure efficient use, maintenance, and improvement of the Division's facilities and infrastructure.
- Enhance arts, athletics and extracurricular activities.

Narrowing the Achievement Gap. Roanoke City Public Schools is working to help all students achieve and improve with a special focus on closing achievement gaps between subgroups of students. In total, 24 of 24 schools are fully accredited. The Virginia Department of Education revised its accreditation standards to provide more comprehensive view of school quality while encouraging continuous improvement for all schools and placing increased emphasis on closing achievement gaps.

Roanoke City Public Schools Accreditation Status for 2021-22

Based on 2020-21 Student Achievement

| School | Accreditation Status |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Crystal Spring Elementary | Accreditation Waived |
| Fairview Elementary | Accreditation Waived |
| Fallon Park Elementary | Accreditation Waived |
| Fishburn Park Elementary | Accreditation Waived |
| Garden City Elementary | Accreditation Waived |
| Grandin Court Elementary | Accreditation Waived |
| Highland Park Elementary | Accreditation Waived |
| Hurt Park Elementary | Accreditation Waived |
| Lincoln Terrace Elementary | Accreditation Waived |
| Monterey Elementary | Accreditation Waived |
| Morningside Elementary | Accreditation Waived |
| Preston Park Elementary | Accreditation Waived |
| Roanoke Academy Elementary | Accreditation Waived |
| Round Hill Elementary | Accreditation Waived |
| Virginia Heights Elementary | Accreditation Waived |
| Wasena Elementary | Accreditation Waived |
| Westside Elementary | Accreditation Waived |
| Lucy Addison Middle | Accreditation Waived |
| James Breckinridge Middle | Accreditation Waived |
| John P. Fishwick Middle | Accreditation Waived |
| James Madison Middle | Accreditation Waived |
| Woodrow Wilson Middle | Accreditation Waived |
| Patrick Henry High | Accreditation Waived |
| William Fleming High | Accreditation Waived |

Roanoke City Public Schools SAT Results 2021

One hundred seventy-three (173) Roanoke City students took the SAT Reasoning Test. The division's mean Evidence- Based Reading and Writing (ERW) score was five hundred fifty-six (556), the mean Mathematics score was five hundred thirty-five (535). The difference in scores over time in RCPS should be compared to Virginia and U.S. in order to compare magnitude of the change. The proportion of students by ethnic group who took the SAT in 2021:

| | Roanoke | <u>Virginia</u> | <u>U.S.</u> |
|-------------------|---------|-----------------|-------------|
| African American | 27% | 13% | 11% |
| Other Ethnicities | 20% | 31% | 39% |
| White | 52 % | 53% | 42% |
| "A ! D " ! -!! | | | |

[&]quot;No Response" in Ethnicity: Roanoke 1% Virginia 3% and U.S. 8%.

Mean scores of all students tested:

| SAT | Roanoke | Virginia | U.S. | Difference |
|-------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|------------|
| Results | Mean | Mean | Mean | RCPS vs |
| | 2020 2021 | 2020 2021 | 2020 2021 | VA US |
| ERW | 518 556 | 567 584 | 528 533 | -28 +23 |
| Mathematics | 492 535 | 549 567 | 523 528 | -32 +7 |
| Total Score | 1009 1091 | 1116 1151 | 1051 1060 | -60 +31 |

The mean scores for Evidence-Based Reading and Writing and Math at times do not add up to the total mean score because of rounding.

Mean scores of all students tested:

| SAT | Roanoke | Virginia | U.S. | Difference |
|-------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|----------------|
| Results | Mean | Mean | Mean | RCPS vs |
| Results | 2020 2021 | 2020 2021 | 2020 2021 | VA US |
| ERW | 518 556 | 567 584 | 528 533 | -28 +23 |
| Mathematics | 492 535 | 549 567 | 523 528 | -32 +7 |
| Total Score | 1009 1091 | 1116 1151 | 1051 1060 | -60 +31 |

The mean scores for Evidence-Based Reading and Writing and Math at times do not add up to the total mean score because of rounding.

Mean scores of students tested by high school:

| SAT | Patrick | (Henry | William Fleming | | | | |
|-------------|---------|---------------------|-----------------|---------------------|--|--|--|
| Results | Mean | Difference VA US | Mean | Difference VA US | | | |
| ERW | 580 | -4 +47 | 508 | -76 -25 | | | |
| Mathematics | 556 | -11 +28 | 494 | -73 -34 | | | |
| Total Score | 1136 | -15 +76 | 1002 | -149 -58 | | | |

SAT I: Reasoning Test Scores for Graduating Seniors Roanoke City Public Schools 2011-2021

Table I. Mean Scores on SAT

| | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017* | 2018* | 2019* | 2020* | 2021* |
|--|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Mean Reading *ERW SAT Score | 469~ | 475 | 473 | 487 | 483 | 464 | 522 | 527 | 514 | 518 | 556 |
| Mean Mathematics SAT Score | 464~ | 465 | 468 | 479 | 477 | 457 | 502 | 507 | 497 | 492 | 535 |
| Writing | 450~ | 458 | 453 | 464 | 461 | 433 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Total | 1383 | 1398 | 1394 | 1430 | 1421 | 1354 | 1025 | 1034 | 1011 | 1009 | 1091 |

~SAT data historically has included students who took the SAT at any point in high school through March of their senior year. Starting with 2011 the SAT data includes all students who tested through June of their senior year.

| | | | | | | Black | | | | | | | | | | | White | | | | | |
|---|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|------|------|------|------|-------|------|------|------|------|------|
| YEAR | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17* | 18* | 19* | 20* | 21* | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17* | 18* | 19* | 20* | 21* |
| Mean Reading *ERW SAT Score | 409~ | 409 | 410 | 410 | 422 | 417 | 456 | 462 | 460 | 458 | 484 | 541~ | 554 | 545 | 551 | 543 | 535 | 599 | 603 | 577 | 592 | 608 |
| Mean Mathematics SAT Score | 398~ | 399 | 407 | 404 | 419 | 411 | 445 | 443 | 438 | 437 | 463 | 537~ | 545 | 537 | 540 | 537 | 531 | 565 | 577 | 560 | 558 | 587 |
| Writing | 391~ | 396 | 395 | 395 | 404 | 388 | - | - | - | - | - | 515~ | 533 | 521 | 522 | 519 | 507 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Total | 1198 | 1204 | 1212 | 1209 | 1245 | 1216 | 901 | 905 | 898 | 895 | 947 | 1593 | 1632 | 1603 | 1613 | 1599 | 1573 | 1164 | 1180 | 1137 | 1151 | 1195 |

*ERW is *Evidence-Based Reading and Writing*. It is replacing the separate Reading and Writing tests from 2011-2016.

Roanoke City Public Schools 2021 ACT Results

Participation in ACT testing among Roanoke City Public School graduates declined during the school year 2021. During the 2021 school year 24 graduates participated in ACT, while 70 seniors took the ACT in 2020.

Total participants: 24

Separate high school data will not be displayed due to the low student participation and the possibility of identifying scores of individual students.

Percentage of Students Meeting College Readiness Benchmarks 2020/2021

| | Roano | ke City | St | ate | National | | |
|-------------|-------|---------|------|------|----------|------|--|
| | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | |
| English | 54 | 67 | 82 | 86 | 58 | 56 | |
| Mathematics | 44 | 63 | 62 | 68 | 37 | 36 | |
| Reading | 47 | 58 | 69 | 75 | 45 | 44 | |
| Science | 46 | 54 | 60 | 67 | 36 | 35 | |
| Composite | 37 | 50 | 48 | 56 | 26 | 25 | |

Comparison of Average ACT Scores 2020/2021

| | Roa | noke City | | State | N | lational |
|-------------|------|-----------|------|-------|------|----------|
| | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 |
| English | 20.6 | 21.2 | 24.2 | 25.5 | 19.9 | 19.6 |
| Mathematics | 21.2 | 21.6 | 23.5 | 24.5 | 20.2 | 19.9 |
| Reading | 22.1 | 23.0 | 25.2 | 26.5 | 21.2 | 20.9 |
| Science | 21.4 | 22.5 | 24.0 | 25.1 | 20.6 | 20.4 |
| Composite | 21.4 | 22.3 | 24.4 | 25.5 | 20.6 | 20.3 |

Benchmarks: English=18; Math=22; Reading=22; Science=23

Factors Affecting Financial Condition

The information presented in the basic financial statements is best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the School Board operates.

Economic Condition and Outlook

The district's ability to fund its major educational initiatives adequately is significantly affected by the City's economic outlook. City funding for fiscal year 2021 continued to follow the funding formula established in 2012, which stipulates that (a) the schools receive 40% of property and other local tax receipts levied by the City of Roanoke and (b) the schools pay 100% of the debt service associated with school projects (up from approximately 50% under the previous funding arrangement). Revenue projections for 2020-21 were very conservative because so much at that time was unknown about the extent and impact of the COVID-19 pandemic. Fortunately, revenue, in particular sales tax, was not as adversely impacted by the pandemic as initially feared. As a result, City revenue during 2020-21 exceeded budgeted revenue for the year. With the long-term economic impact of the pandemic still largely unknown, the City of Roanoke continues to be cautious in budgeting for revenue. Still, with the better-than-expected performance in 2020-21, the budgeted local funding for schools in 2021-22 increased by just under \$3 million year-over-year.

2020-21 is the first year in the two-year budget cycle adopted by the Commonwealth of Virginia General Assembly. Due to the uncertainty caused by the pandemic as the new budget was being developed in the Spring of 2020, the General Assembly reconvened in the fall and made further adjustments to the budget. These included reductions to expected tax revenue, but also included safeguards for Virginia school divisions including hold-harmless provisions to keep school divisions' state funding whole in spite of reductions that might result from the pandemic. In particular, a hold-harmless provision related to Average Daily Membership (ADM) was included for both years of the biennium (2020-21 and 2021-22).

Average Daily Membership (ADM), as measured annually on March 31, is a significant factor in state funding formulas for public education. RCPS enrollment has generally increased in recent years, but a sharp decline was experienced in 2020-21 as a result of the pandemic. Funded ADM in 2018-19 was 12,898.54 and in 2019-20 was 13,109.99. In 2020-21, funded ADM was 12,827.72 or 282.27 less than the prior year. At the time the RCPS budget was adopted, no action had been taken at the state level to hold school divisions harmless against the potential negative impacts on state funding of a drop in enrollment. As a result, RCPS budgeted with the expectation of a lower ADM of 12,850. This, combined with the reprieves put in place through the state's budget amendments made in the fall of 2020, helped RCPS to end 2020-21 with better-than-expected revenue experience. Because the General Assembly approved a two-year budget that included a provision in both years to hold school divisions harmless against the negative impact of enrollment loss, we budgeted for 2021-22 using the same ADM projection as that used by the Virginia Department of Education in establishing their budgeted funding for RCPS: 13,044.

The Every Student Succeeds Act (ESSA), which replaced the No Child Left Behind Act of 2002, was signed into law on December 10, 2015. The Commonwealth of Virginia has an approved plan, and RCPS proceeds with utilizing important sources of federal funding, such as Title I-A, to supplement local and state funded efforts to meet the needs of our students. Additional entitlement funds under Title IV Part A became available to RCPS during 2017-18, and the school division's allocation out of these funds has increased in each subsequent year. These funds can be used to provide well rounded educational opportunities, services that develop safe and healthy students, and programs that support the effective use of technology.

Federal Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act funding was awarded to public school divisions using the Title I allocation formula in late spring 2020. The portion of relief under this Act that is for school divisions is identified as the Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) Fund. Further support through the Coronavirus Relief Fund was made available to localities and direct aid from the state to public school divisions in the fall of 2020. The Coronavirus Response and Relief Supplemental Appropriations (CRRSA) Act, which was passed in late December 2020, included a second round of ESSER funding for school divisions. A third round of ESSER funding was approved through the American Rescue Plan (ARP) Act which was approved in March 2021. ESSER I funds are available through

September 30, 2022, ESSER II funds are available through September 30, 2023, and ESSER III funds are available through September 30, 2024. All award periods are retroactive to March 13, 2020.

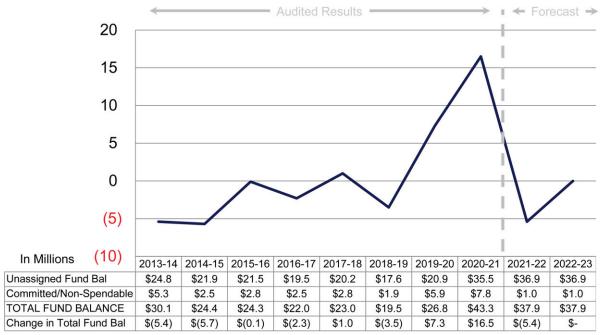
Though a teacher shortage has been a growing struggle for school divisions across the nation for some time, the pandemic has exacerbated shortages across all industries. Establishing and maintaining a competitive teacher salary scale is a top priority. RCPS began a two-year process to increase teacher pay in 2019-20. This was put on hold in 2020-21 and salaries were initially frozen given the significant concern over how the pandemic would impact revenue. As General Assembly action early in FY2021 shored up state funding, and local revenues performed better than expected, RCPS was able to implement the originally planned raises mid-year and give a much-deserved bonus at year-end to acknowledge all staff members for making it through the extraordinary difficulties the pandemic brought about during the 2020-21 school year. For the 2021-22 budget year, RCPS is implementing a combination step and scale increase across all pay scales, to provide an average raise of 2.5% for employees. Pay and other recruitment efforts across all positions is of significant importance, particularly as worker shortages across all areas has reached an alarming level. RCPS is engaging in a compensation study in 2021-22 to have an independent review of our pay structures and receive guidance on how to advance our division's ability to attract and retain highly effective employees.

In light of the above, and in order to continue providing instruction at the level necessary to sustain the improvements achieved over the past several years, RCPS expects to be in a deficit spending position during fiscal year 2022, if current trends continue. The following chart illustrates the projected impact of this deficit spending on total General Fund fund balance:



Roanoke City Public Schools

Change in Fund Balance – General Fund



Committed/Non-Spendable amounts include all General Fund changes in fund balance that are either non-spendable, restricted, or committed.

Accounting System and Budgetary Controls

The School Board has established a comprehensive internal control framework designed to both safeguard the district's assets against loss from unauthorized use or theft and to properly record and adequately document transactions in order to compile information for the presentation of the School Board's financial statements in conformity with GAAP.

The School Board maintains budgetary controls to ensure compliance with the annual appropriated categorical budget adopted by the School Board. In accordance with state law, the advertised and adopted budget is submitted to City Council for adoption and appropriation. City Council includes the School Board adopted budget with the City budget, which is, in turn, advertised and adopted by May 15. The School Board exercises management control over the budget at the cost center level within each fund, however the budget is legally adopted at the fund level. Activities of the General Fund and Food Service Fund are included in the annual appropriated budget approved by City Council. Multi-year programs are appropriated separately for the School Grants Fund as awards are received. The School Board also maintains an encumbrance accounting system as an additional method of accomplishing budgetary control.

Financial Policies and Budgetary Initiatives Impacting the Financial Statements

Roanoke City Public Schools' financial statements are presented in accordance with School Board policies that govern the school division's financial practices. School Board policies, in turn, are informed by City Code, and the Code of Virginia. Functional categories presented on Exhibit 2, and expenditure categories on Exhibit 4, are in accordance with budget categories based on budget classifications required by School Board Policy DB and Code of Virginia § 22.1-115. In the spring of 2017, the School Board adopted a new policy, policy DBA, on Fund Balance Management. This policy clarifies definitions of fund balance availability and establishes guidelines for use of fund balance. Though some use of fund balance was originally authorized by the School Board through adoption of the 2020-21 budget, Exhibits 3 and 4 will show that revenue and expenditure experience were such that use of fund balance for the year ended June 30, 2021 was not needed.

The net increase in fund balance is due to the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic and the significant adjustments to the school division's operations that were required as a result. The school division started the 2020-21 school year with the majority of students learning virtually. This required a significant increase in some cost areas including technology to provide devices for at-home learning, but Federal pandemic relief funding helped the school division with these costs. Adjustments in response to the pandemic reduced other typical costs significantly such as student transportation, meal service, field trips, and professional development travel. With the pandemic relief funding, and the state holding school division's state funding harmless, revenue was higher than expected while less General Fund budget dollars were needed to perform typical activities. Additionally, RCPS entered into a contract to purchase a building in the downtown area of Roanoke City adjacent to the City Municipal Building in the spring of 2021. This purchase was approved by the School Board in 2020-21, however, the due-diligence period extended beyond the end of the fiscal year and the sale is not scheduled to close until the fall of 2021. This resulted in the temporary carry-forward of funds in fund balance restricted for this purpose.

General Operations

Management's Discussion and Analysis, which is contained in the financial section of this report, provides a discussion of financial results for fiscal years 2020 and 2021 as well as summaries of the government-wide financial statements.

Auditing

The School Board appoints an Audit Committee comprised of at least one School Board member. The Audit Committee acts in an advisory capacity to the School Board in all matters relating to the School Board's financial records. The Municipal Auditor assists the Audit Committee in a continuing review of the internal control and financial operations of the School Board and schools, and regularly reports his findings to the Audit Committee.

Federal and state agencies also perform audits and reviews of School Board programs and financial records. The School Board's basic financial statements are audited annually by an independent public accounting firm, including a single audit of expenditures of federal awards. The current year independent auditor's reports are included in the Financial and the Compliance Sections of this report.

Awards and Acknowledgments

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the School Board of the City of Roanoke, Virginia, for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government financial reports.

In addition, the Association of School Business Officials International (ASBO) awarded a Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting to the School Board of the City of Roanoke, Virginia, for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. The Certificate of Excellence program is similar to the GFOA Certificate of Achievement program and is an international award recognizing excellence in the preparation and issuance of school system financial reports.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a school board must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report, whose contents conform to program standards. Such a financial report must satisfy both U. S. generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

The GFOA Certificate of Achievement and the ASBO Certificate of Excellence are valid for a period of one year only. The School Board issued its first comprehensive annual financial report for fiscal year 1994, and the receipt of both certificates for over twenty consecutive years is a positive statement about the quality of accounting services provided by the Office of Fiscal Services. We believe our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement and Certificate of Excellence program requirements, and we are submitting it to both agencies for certification.

Sincerely,

Kathleen M. Jackson, MBA, SFO

Chief Financial Officer

Donna a. Caldwell

Donna A. Caldwell, CPA Director of Accounting



The Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented to

Roanoke City Public Schools

for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020.

The CAFR meets the criteria established for ASBO International's Certificate of Excellence.



W. Edward Chabal President

W. Edward Chabal

David J. Lewis
Executive Director



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

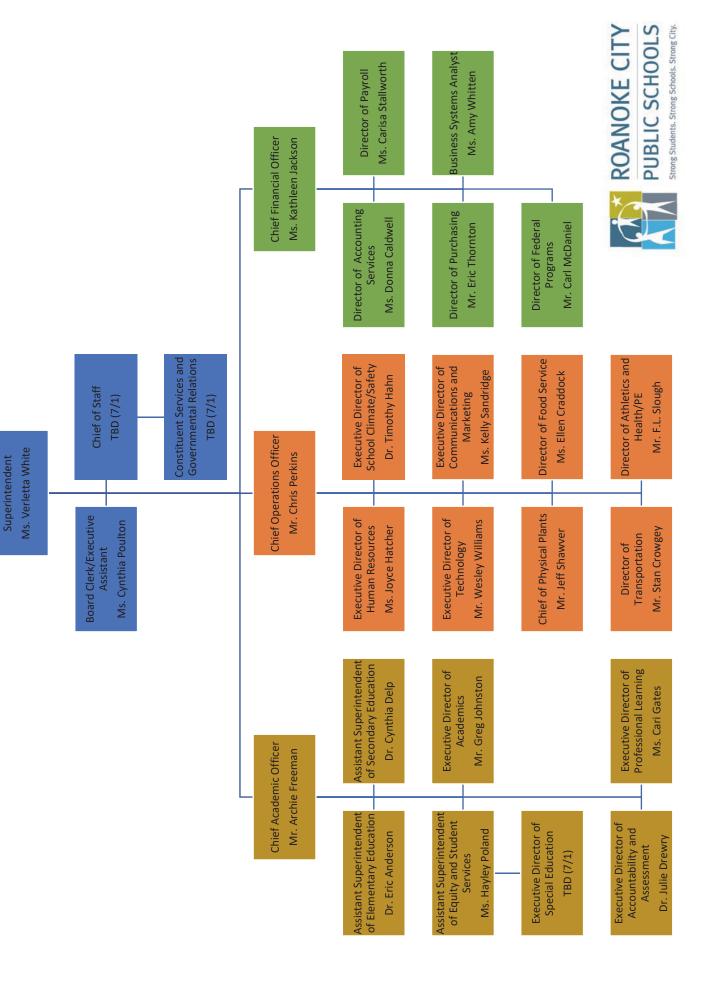
School Board of the City of Roanoke Virginia

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2020

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



Roanoke City Public Schools Officers and Principal Administrators (July 1, 2020 through June 30, 2021)

Roanoke City School Board

Lutheria A. Smith Chairperson
Eli C. S. Jamison, Ph.D. Vice Chairperson

Mark K. Cathey
Laura D. Rottenborn
Natasha N. Saunders
Joyce W. Watkins
Richard Willis
Member
Member
Member

Cynthia H. Poulton Clerk of the Board

Superintendent of Schools

Verletta White Superintendent

Executive Staff

Archie Freeman Chief Academic Officer

Chris Perkins Chief Operations Officer

Kathleen M. Jackson Chief Financial Officer

Eric Anderson, Ph.D. Assistant Superintendent of Elementary

Education

Cynthia Delp, Ph. D. Assistant Superintendent of Secondary

Education

Hayley Poland Assistant Superintendent, Equity and Student

Services

Timothy Hahn Executive Director, School Climate/Safety

Joyce Hatcher Executive Director, Human Resources

Greg Johnston Executive Director, Academics

Wesley Williams Executive Director, Technology

Kelly Sandridge Executive Director, Communications and

Marketing

Julie Drewry, Ph. D. Executive Director, Accountability and

Assessment

Cari Gates Executive Director, Professional Learning

FINANCIAL SECTION





Strong Students. Strong Schools. Strong City.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Members of the Roanoke City School Board Roanoke, Virginia

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the School Board of the City of Roanoke, Virginia (the "School Board"), a component unit of the City of Roanoke, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School Board's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns* issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, and each major fund of the School Board, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Adoption of New Accounting Standard

As discussed in Note IV F to the financial statements, in 2021, the School Board adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and other required supplementary information as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School Board's basic financial statements. The introductory section, other supplementary information section, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedule of expenditures of federal awards and other supplementary information are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and other supplementary information are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Matters (Continued)

Other Information (Continued)

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated October 29, 2021 on our consideration of the School Board's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School Board's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the School Board's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Brown, Edwards & Company, S. L. P.

Roanoke, Virginia October 29, 2021

The School Board of the City of Roanoke, Virginia A Component Unit of the City of Roanoke, Virginia Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

As management of the School Board of the City of Roanoke, Virginia (School Board), we offer readers of the financial statements this narrative overview and analysis for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. We encourage readers to consider the information presented in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found in the introductory section of this report.

Financial Highlights

- Liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by (\$86,724,652) (net position). Of this amount, \$6,882,591 was invested in capital assets, leaving unrestricted net position totaling (\$94,645,501). Unrestricted net position is normally used to meet the School Board's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- Net position increased by \$19,290,027, an 19.00% increase from the prior fiscal year-end balance. Total assets increased by \$24,411,485. Total liabilities increased by \$14.537.967. The change in total assets was due to increases in cash and cash equivalents, due from other governments, and capital assets, offset by decreases in accounts receivable, due from City of Roanoke, pre-paid and other assets, and net pension and other post-employment benefit assets for an overall increase of 36.23% over the prior year. The change in total liabilities was due to increases in accounts payable, unearned revenue, compensated absences payable, and net pension and other post-employment benefit liability, offset by decreases in claims payable, notes payable, and workers' compensation for an overall increase of 7.69% over the prior year.
- The general fund experienced a net operating increase of \$14,215,244 largely due to a decrease in budgeted to actual expenditures in instruction, administration, technology and attendance, transportation, operations, and athletics. The food service fund experienced a net operating increase of \$774,047 primarily due to less budgeted to actual expenditures.
- Overall revenues were approximately \$233 million, \$17 million more than expenditures. This was largely
 due to decreased educational expenditures pertaining to operations, administration, technology and
 attendance largely along with increases in revenue from the City of Roanoke, Commonwealth of Virginia
 and Federal Government.
- The total cost of basic programs was approximately \$213 million. Since a portion of those costs were
 paid with charges, fees and intergovernmental aid, the net cost to the School Board to operate basic
 programs was \$137 million.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was approximately \$35.5 million, or 21.0% of total general fund expenditures. Restrictions of fund balance are placed by sources external to RCPS while the School Board may make commitments of fund balance.
- Revenues reported in Student Activity Funds were \$489,748 and Expenditures were \$465,752. See Note F regarding the current year adoption of GASB Statement No. 84 *Fiduciary Activities*.

Overview of the Basic Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the basic financial statements. The School Board's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the School Board's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector enterprise.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the School Board's assets, liabilities, deferred outflows, and deferred inflows, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., earned but unused vacation leave).

The government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the School Board that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the School Board include all activities of the School Board. The School Board does not operate any business-type (proprietary fund) activities.

Fund Financial Statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The School Board, like other state and local governments and other school districts, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the School Board are governmental funds.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a district's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the School Board's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The School Board maintains four individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the three funds, all of which are considered to be major funds. The funds are the School Board's general fund, food service fund, school grants fund, and school activity fund.

The School Board adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general and food service funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided as required supplementary information for each of these funds to demonstrate compliance with budgetary requirements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements. The notes to the basic financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

The School Board of the City of Roanoke, Virginia's Summary of Net Position Governmental Activities

| | June | 30, |
|--|-----------------|------------------|
| | 2021 | 2020 |
| Current and other assets | \$ 69,121,074 | \$ 48,585,845 |
| Capital Assets, net | 22,660,753 | 18,784,497 |
| Total Assets | 91,781,827 | 67,370,342 |
| Total Deferred Outflows of Resources | 37,960,802 | 29,615,538 |
| Current and other liabilities | 21,052,564 | 16,593,386 |
| Long-term Liabilities | 182,561,444 | 172,482,655 |
| Total Liabilities | 203,614,008 | 189,076,041 |
| Total Deferred Inflows of Resources | 12,853,273 | 14,983,157 |
| Net investment in capital assets Restricted - Pension and Other Post | 6,882,591 | 6,620,465 |
| Employment Benefit Assets | 1,038,258 | 1,223,861 |
| Unrestricted | (94,645,501) | (114,917,644) |
| Total Net Position | \$ (86,724,652) | \$ (107,073,318) |

Net position may serve, over time, as a useful indicator of a district's financial position. In the case of the School Board, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$86,724,652 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

Current and other assets increased during the fiscal year by \$20,535,229. The overall variance was primarily comprised of \$32,659,685 increase in cash and cash equivalents, and \$408,213 increase in due from other governments, offset by decreases of \$7,437,981 in due from the City of Roanoke, \$326,411 in accounts receivable, \$3,885,630 in restricted cash, \$696,834 in pre-paid and other assets, and \$185,813 in net pension assets. The increase in cash is related to increased funding from the federal government due to the COVID-19 pandemic to support learning loss and less operating expenditures during the year as a result of virtual learning. There was an increase in capital assets of \$3,876,256.

The School Board's investment in capital assets, machinery and equipment net of accumulated depreciation, in the amount of \$22,660,753 represents (26.00%) of net position. The School Board uses these capital assets to provide services to students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. It should be noted that these assets reflect outlays made during the current fiscal year and previous years. The large increase represents additional assets purchased as part of a capital lease project for energy improvements. Outstanding debt related to the capital lease project is \$16,728,500.

Current and other liabilities increased by \$4,459,178. The net increase for this category was primarily comprised of a decrease in claims payable and other current portions of long-term debt of \$52,062, offset by an increase of \$2,115,386 in accounts payable and accrued expenses and unearned revenue of \$2,395,854.

Long-term liabilities increased by \$10,078,789. The net increase for this category was due to \$94,103 in compensated absences (Note III.I.) and \$11,077,410 in net pension liability, offset by a decrease of \$216,724 in workers' compensation and \$271,500 in notes payable (Note III.G.).

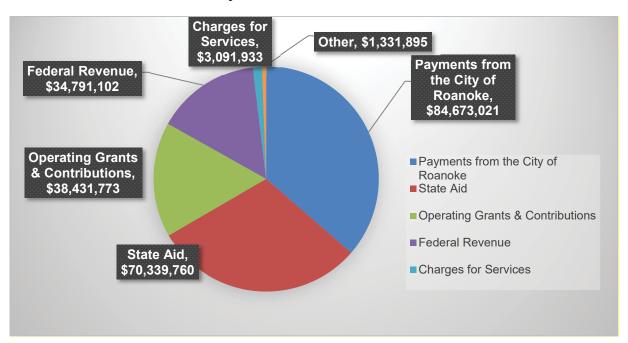
The School Board's net position, in the amount of \$49,959,033 exclusive of the net pension and OPEB liability represents resources that are available to be used to meet the School Board's ongoing obligations to students, staff, and creditors. The increase of unrestricted net position from the prior year is \$25,022,371.

Governmental Activities. Governmental activities resulted in an increase in the School Board's net position of \$19,290,027 during the current fiscal year. Key elements of the change in net position are as follows:

- Expenses for total governmental activities exceeded program revenues by \$137 million. The division's expenses by program have been netted against revenues that directly fund that program, resulting in the net cost of the program activity. The net cost of instructional activities, \$78.6 million, comprises 57.4% of total governmental activities. The net cost of operations, maintenance, and facilities was \$18 million, or 13.2% of total governmental activities. The net costs of other functional activities were: athletics, \$1.0 million or .8%; transportation, \$10.8 million or 7.9%; payments to the primary government and capital lease vendor for debt service, \$12.0 million or 13.9%; support services, \$16.9 million or 12.4%. At fiscal year-end, food services had an operating gain in net position of \$646,655 or (0.5%) of the government-wide net cost. Net expenses for FY 2021 had a decrease of \$9.8 million in total compared to the prior year, with a \$12.2 million decrease in the cost of instructional programs largely due to a \$12.4 million decrease in regular instruction, a decrease of \$1.7 million in special education, and \$1 million increase in quidance. The net increases in other instructional areas was \$872,451. Other variances include a \$254.922 increase in food service, a \$3.0 million increase in the cost of operations and maintenance, a \$143,101 increase in support services related to operational expenses, an increase of \$501,480 in transportation, and a decrease of \$354,254 in athletics. Debt service payments also decreased \$658,901 from the previous year.
- General revenues not identifiable to specific functions or programs totaled \$156.3 million or \$19,290,027 more than the net cost of the division's programs. Total revenues for fiscal year 2021 increased \$18.3 million from the prior year. Program revenues increased by \$14.7 million or 24..0% and general revenue collections increased by \$3.53 million or 2.3%. The change in general revenue collection consisted of an increase in revenues from the state aid not restricted to specific programs of \$2.25 million or 3.3% from the prior year and an increase in revenue from the City of Roanoke of \$1.23 million or 1.5%.
- The acquisitions of capital assets are reported in the governmental funds as expenditures. However, for governmental activities, those costs are shown as capital assets in the statement of net position and allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation expense in the statement of activities. Net capital assets, accordingly, increased by \$3,876,256, the amount by which capital asset purchases in the current period exceeded depreciation expense and the net book value of capital assets disposed. Net capital asset increase of \$3,876,256 (additions of \$5,231,050 less retirements of \$280,530) were offset by a net increase in accumulated depreciation for the year of \$1,074,264 (Note III.C.)
- The compensated absences liability increased by \$128,733.

Revenues and Expenses Summaries – Governmental Activities:

Revenues by Source – Governmental Activities:

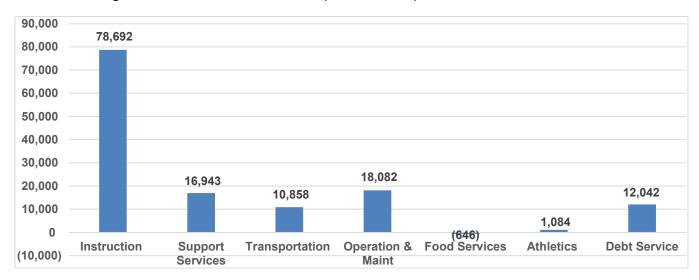


The School Board of the City of Roanoke, Virginia's Summary of Changes in Net Position Net Governmental Activities Net Cost of Programs - Governmental Activities

| | Year Ended June 30, | | | |
|---|---------------------|---------------|------|---------------|
| | 2021 | | 2020 | |
| Revenues: | | | | |
| Program Revenues: | | | | |
| Charges for services | \$ | 3,091,933 | \$ | 7,072,499 |
| Operating grants and contributions | | 73,222,875 | | 54,455,142 |
| General Revenues: | | | | |
| Payments from the City of Roanoke | | 84,673,021 | | 83,439,689 |
| State aid not restricted to specific programs | | 70,339,760 | | 68,084,321 |
| Interest Income on Investments | | 52,340 | | 334,654 |
| Other(Miscellaneous on Exhibit 2) | | 1,279,555 | | 956,322 |
| Total Revenues | | 232,659,484 | | 214,342,627 |
| Expenses: | | | | |
| Instruction | | 146,732,326 | | 142,783,571 |
| Support Services | | 17,052,935 | | 16,876,989 |
| Transportation | | 10,858,043 | | 10,356,563 |
| Operation & Maintenance of Plant | | 18,082,067 | | 15,105,541 |
| Food Services | | 7,456,071 | | 8,951,186 |
| Athletics | | 1,146,173 | | 1,606,698 |
| Payments for Debt Service | | 12,041,842 | | 12,700,743 |
| Total Expenses | | 213,369,457 | | 208,381,291 |
| Change in net position | | 19,290,027 | | 5,961,336 |
| Net position - Beginning of year, restated | | (106,014,679) | | (111,976,015) |
| Net position - End of year, restated | \$ | (86,724,652) | \$ | (106,014,679) |

Net position - Beginning of year was restated for fiscal year 2021 due to the implementation of GASB 84 which now includes Student Activity Funds as a special revenue fund.

Net Cost of Programs – Governmental Activities (In Thousands):



Financial Analysis of the Governmental Funds

As noted earlier, the School Board uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Fund – The focus of the School Board's *governmental funds* is to provide information on nearterm inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the School Board's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. As of the end of the current fiscal year, the School Board's total governmental funds reported an ending fund balance of \$48,834,206, an increase of \$17,043,859 in comparison with the prior year. Of the ending fund balance, \$208,310 was non-spendable, \$950,338 was restricted, \$6,615,010 was committed, \$5,515,410 was assigned, and \$35,545,138 was unassigned.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the School Board. At the end of the current fiscal year, total fund balance of the general fund was \$43,318,796. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total general fund expenditures. The fiscal year 2021 total fund balance represents 24.9% of total general fund expenditures, compared to the prior year total fund balance which represented 14.6% of total general fund expenditures.

The fund balance of the School Board's general fund increased \$16,545,816 during the current fiscal year, substantially higher than the budgeted decrease of \$10.1 million. Key factors in this change are as follows:

- Revenues exceeded expenditures (excluding transfers) by \$14,215,244 or approximately 7.5% of total revenues. Revenues were higher than budget by \$6.5 million. Expenditures were less than the budget due to a variety of reduced costs in fiscal year 2021 including lower than anticipated personnel and benefits costs. Overall expenditures were \$19.0 million less than what was budgeted. This decrease in expenditures and revenue was largely due to the receipt of capital lease loan proceeds and the related expenditures. Another key factor contributing to the overall increase in fund balance is due to the COVID-19 state mandated school closures which resulted in less expenditures during the year than were budgeted.
- Transfers to the school grants fund for program local match funds, in the amount of \$1,056,845 reflect the commitment of the School Board to pursue grants and other special revenue sources that enhance the educational programs of the division.

The food service fund balance reflects an increase of revenues over expenditures (excluding transfers) of \$774,047. The increase is largely related to less spending as a result of the COVID-19 state mandated school closures. Revenues were less than budget by \$1,000,897. Expenditures were less that budget by \$1,774,944.

The school grants fund does not reflect a fund balance, as the majority of the grants are reimbursed after the expenditure of funds has occurred. Revenue is recognized at the time that the outlays are identified; therefore, no fund balances are generated in the school grants fund.

Capital Asset Administration

Land, buildings, structures, and construction in progress are owned by the City of Roanoke on behalf of the Roanoke City Public Schools and, as such, are not included in the basic financial statements of the School Board of the City of Roanoke.

The School Board's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2021, totaled \$6,882,591 (net of accumulated depreciation). The investment in capital assets includes equipment and building improvements. The total increase in the School Board's gross balance of capital assets for the current fiscal year was \$5,231,050, netted against the retirement of assets with a net book value of \$2,973 and depreciation expense for the year of \$1,351,821, resulting in a net increase in capital assets of \$3,876,256. More detailed information about capital assets can be found in Notes I-D-3, II, and III-C of the basic financial statements.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the School Board's finances for all those with an interest in the School Board's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Office of the Superintendent for the School Board of the City of Roanoke, Virginia, P.O. Box 13145, Roanoke, Virginia, 24031, and telephone number (540) 853-2381.

Additional information may be obtained using the internet at: http://www.rcps.info

THE SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF ROANOKE, VIRGINIA A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE CITY OF ROANOKE, VIRGINIA Statement of Net Position June 30, 2021

| <u>Assets</u> | Governmental <u>Activities</u> | |
|--|---|--|
| Cash: Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash (restricted for Capital Leases) Accounts Receivable Due From City of Roanoke Due From Other Governments Prepaids and Other Assets Net Pension and Other Post Employment Benefit Assets Capital Assets, net Total Assets | \$ 50,148,189 950,338 78,834 3,541,202 13,156,153 208,310 1,038,048 22,660,753 91,781,827 | |
| <u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u> Deferred outflows related to Pensions and Other Post Employment | 37,960,802 | |
| Benefits (Note III. K.) | | |
| Total Deferred Outflows | 37,960,802 | |
| <u>Liabilities</u> | | |
| Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses Unearned Revenue Claims Payable and Long-Term Liabilities Due Within One Year Long-Term Liabilities Due in More Than One Year: Notes Payable Workers' Compensation Compensated Absences Payable | 10,875,854 3,660,133 6,516,577 15,852,500 408,227 2,521,117 | |
| Net Pension and Other Post Employment Benefits liability (Note III. K.) | 163,779,600 | |
| Total Liabilities | 203,614,008 | |
| <u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> Deferred inflows related to Pensions and Other Post Employment Benefits (Note III. K.) | 12,853,273 | |
| Total Deferred Inflows | 12,853,273 | |
| Net Position | | |
| Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted - Pension and Other Post Employment Benefit Assets Unrestricted Total Net Position | 6,882,591 1,038,258 (94,645,501) \$ (86,724,652) | |

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See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

THE SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF ROANOKE, VIRGINIA A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE CITY OF ROANOKE, VIRGINIA Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Net (Expenses) Revenue and Changes in

| | Program Revenues | | | Changes in Net Position | |
|---|---|---|--|---|--|
| <u>Functions</u> | <u>Expenses</u> | Charges for Services | Operating Grants and Contributions | Governmental <u>Activities</u> | |
| Instruction: Regular Instruction Special Education Vocational Instruction Gifted Guidance Media Services School Administration District-Wide Instructional Programs Support Services: Administration Attendance and Health Services Transportation Operation & Maintenance of Plant Food Services Athletics Debt Service - Capital Lease Debt Service - City of Roanoke Total Governmental Activities | \$ (90,587,714) (28,799,954) (3,679,547) (1,570,153) (5,331,948) (1,223,699) (12,439,212) (3,100,099) (14,644,467) (2,408,468) (10,858,043) (18,082,067) (7,456,071) (1,146,173) (633,845) (11,407,997) \$ (213,369,457) General Revenues: Revenues from the State Aid not Restrict Miscellaneous | \$ 56,642 1,995,596 - 897,619 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - | \$ 47,453,629 13,824,007 1,192,126 1,042,611 - 747,224 - 830,868 - 109,699 8,022,711 - \$ 73,222,875 | \$ (43,077,443) (12,980,351) (2,487,421) 370,077 (5,331,948) (476,475) (12,439,212) (2,269,231) (14,644,467) (2,298,769) (10,858,043) (18,082,067) 646,655 (1,084,112) (633,845) (11,407,997) (137,054,649) | |
| | Interest Income on I | nvestments | | 1,279,555 52,340 | |
| | Total General Revenues | _ | | 156,344,676 | |
| | Change in Net Positio Net Position - Beginni | | | 19,290,027 (106,014,679) | |
| | Net Position - End of \ | ⁄ear | | \$ (86,724,652) | |

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

THE SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF ROANOKE, VIRGINIA A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE CITY OF ROANOKE, VIRGINIA Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2021

| <u>Assets</u> | General <u>Fund</u> | | Food Service <u>Fund</u> | | School Grants <u>Fund</u> | | School Activity <u>Fund</u> | | Activity | | Total Governmental <u>Funds</u> | |
|---|------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------------|--|---------------------------------|------------|-----------------------------------|-----------|----------|---------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| Assets: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents | \$ | 44,404,642 | \$ | 4,655,145 | \$ | - | \$ | 1,088,402 | \$ | 50,148,189 | | |
| Cash (restricted for capital leases) | | 950,338 | | - | | - | | - | | 950,338 | | |
| Accounts Receivable | | 16,391 | | - | | 62,443 | | - | | 78,834 | | |
| Due From City of Roanoke | | 3,538,267 | | 2,935 | | - | | - | | 3,541,202 | | |
| Due From Other Governments | | 2,459,316 | | 468,632 | | 10,228,205 | | - | | 13,156,153 | | |
| Due From Other Funds | | 3,061,106 | | - | | - | | - | | 3,061,106 | | |
| Prepaids and Other Assets | _ | 208,310 | | - | _ | - | _ | - | | 208,310 | | |
| Total Assets | \$ | 54,638,370 | \$ | 5,126,712 | \$ | 10,290,648 | \$ | 1,088,402 | \$ | 71,144,132 | | |
| Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Fund Balances | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Liabilities: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Accounts Payable and Accrued | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Expenditures | \$ | 6,645,604 | \$ | 663,017 | \$ | 3,561,466 | \$ | 5,767 | \$ | 10,875,854 | | |
| Claims Payable | | 4,669,774 | | 30,920 | | 12,139 | | - | | 4,712,833 | | |
| Due to Other Funds | | - | | - | | 3,061,106 | | - | | 3,061,106 | | |
| Unearned Revenue | | 4,196 | | - | | 3,655,937 | | | | 3,660,133 | | |
| Total Liabilities | | 11,319,574 | | 693,937 | | 10,290,648 | | 5,767 | | 22,309,926 | | |
| Fund Balances: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Non-spendable: | | 208,310 | | _ | | | | _ | | 208,310 | | |
| Restricted: | | 200,010 | | | | | | | | 200,010 | | |
| Restricted for SNAP Performance Contract Committed: | | 950,338 | | - | | - | | - | | 950,338 | | |
| Committed for Workers' Compensation | | 500,000 | | - | | - | | - | | 500,000 | | |
| Committed for Transportation Sinking Fund | | 250,000 | | - | | - | | - | | 250,000 | | |
| Committed for purchase and renovation of downtown location | | 5,865,010 | | | | | | | | 5,865,010 | | |
| Assigned: | | - | | 4,432,775 | | - | | 1,082,635 | | 5,515,410 | | |
| Unassigned: | | 35,545,138 | | | | | | | | 35,545,138 | | |
| Total Fund Balances | | 43,318,796 | | 4,432,775 | | - | | 1,082,635 | | 48,834,206 | | |
| Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Fund Balances | \$ | 54,638,370 | \$ | 5,126,712 | \$ | 10,290,648 | \$ | 1,088,402 | | | | |
| Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different due to: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current finance | ial resou | ırces | | | | | | | | 22,660,753 | | |
| Capital Lease Payable | | | | | | | | | | (16,728,500) | | |
| The following three reconciling items are not due and payable in the Compensated absences payable | | | | · | unds. | | | | | (3,448,861) | | |
| Workers' compensation claims payable - long term portion is not and therefore, is not reported as a liability in the governmental | | i payable in the cu | arrent pen | oa, | | | | | | (408,227) | | |
| Pensions and Other Post Employment Benefits are applicable to futherefore, are not reported in the funds. Net Pension and Other Post Employment Asset Net Deferred outflows related to pensions and other post employ Net Deferred inflows related to pensions and other post employ Net pension and other post employment liability | yment b | enefits | re, are no | 1,038,048 37,960,802 (12,853,273) (163,779,600) | unds. | | | | | (137,634,023) | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | (.0.,00.,020) | | |
| Net position of governmental activities | | | | | | | | | \$ | (86,724,652) | | |

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

THE SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF ROANOKE, VIRGINIA A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE CITY OF ROANOKE, VIRGINIA Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

| | | General <u>Fund</u> | Food Service <u>Fund</u> | | School Grants <u>Fund</u> | School Activity Fund | Tota Governn <u>Fund</u> | nental |
|---|---------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------|----|---------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------|
| Revenues: Investment Income | \$ | 52,340 | \$ - | \$ | - | \$ - | \$ | 52,340 |
| Intergovernmental: City of Roanoke | | 05 050 000 | | | | | 05.0 | F0 220 |
| Commonwealth of Virginia | | 85,258,328 101,681,682 | 188,983 | | 6,873,442 | - | | 58,328 44,107 |
| Federal Government | | - | 7,833,728 | | 26,957,374 | - | | 91,102 |
| Other Agencies Charges for Services | | 54,252 | 148,347 | | 660,992 1,995,596 | 268,199 | | 60,992 66,394 |
| Athletics Miscellaneous | | 61,847 | - | | 10,124 | 9,597 | | 71,444 |
| Total Revenues | _ | 978,010 188,086,459 | 8,171,058 | _ | 36,497,528 | 211,952 489,748 | | 00,086 44,793 |
| Expenditures: | | | | | | | | |
| Current - Education: | | | | | | | | |
| Instruction | | 119,315,752 | - | | 27,849,108 2,225,085 | 457,011 | | 21,871 |
| Administration, Technology, Attendance & Health Transportation | | 12,470,394 9,606,666 | - | | 2,225,085 1,208,851 | - | | 95,479 15,517 |
| Operation & Maintenance of Plant | | 19,324,385 | | | 3,134,573 | - | 22,4 | 58,958 |
| Food Services Athletics | | - 1,112,176 | 7,397,011 | | 29,857 19,482 | - 8,741 | | 26,868 40,399 |
| Payments for Debt Service - Capital Lease | | 633,845 | - | | - | - | 6 | 33,845 |
| Payments for Debt Service - City of Roanoke Total Expenditures | | 11,407,997 173,871,215 | 7,397,011 | | 34,466,956 | 465,752 | | 07,997 00,934 |
| Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures | | | 774,047 | - | 2,030,572 | 23,996 | | |
| Revenues Over (Onder) Experialitates | | 14,215,244 | 774,047 | - | 2,030,572 | 23,996 | 17,0 | 43,859 |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers From Other Funds | | 3,398,417 | _ | | 1,056,845 | _ | 4.4 | 55,262 |
| Transfers To Other Funds | | (1,067,845) | (300,000) | | (3,087,417) | - | | 55,262) |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses), Net | _ | 2,330,572 | (300,000) | | (2,030,572) | | - | |
| Net Change in Fund Balances | | 16,545,816 | 474,047 | | - | 23,996 | 17,0 | 43,859 |
| Fund Balances, Beginning of Year, restated | | 26,772,980 | 3,958,728 | | | 1,058,639 | 31,7 | 90,347 |
| Fund Balances, End of Year | \$ | 43,318,796 | \$ 4,432,775 | \$ | | \$ 1,082,635 | \$ 48,8 | 34,206 |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Net Change in Fund Balances | | | | | | | \$ 17,0 | 43,859 |
| Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different due to: | | | | | | | | |
| Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial reso not reported as revenues in the funds. | urces a | ire | | | | | (5) | 85,307) |
| The acquisition of capital assets are reported in the governmental funds as exper However, for governmental activities those costs are shown as capital assets in to finet position and allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual deprecial | he state ion exp | ement pense in | | | | | | |
| the statement of activities. This is the amount by which purchases in the current capital asset depreciation expense and losses on disposal. | period | exceeded | | | | | 3.8 | 76,256 |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Capital lease payments not reflected in governmental activities | | | | | | | 2 | 71,500 |
| Increase in compensated absences payable reported in the Statement of Activitie represent a use of current financial resources and therefore are reported as expe in governmental funds. Amounts were previously recorded in the statement of ar | enditure | | | | | | (1: | 28,733) |
| | | | | | | | , | |
| Write off of other long term asset | | | | | | | (0 | 16,197) |
| Governmental funds report employer pension contributions and other postemploy expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of these benefits e employee contributions, is reported as an expense. | | | | | | | | |
| Employer pension and other post employment contributions | | | | | 15,707,739 | | | |
| Net Pension and Other Post Employment Benefits Expense | | | | | (16,495,814) | | (7) | 88,075) |
| Degraces in long torm Worker's Comment in the new years | st fire - : | oial ranguesses see | | | | | , | . , |
| Decreases in long-term Worker's Compensation do not represent a use of currer therefore, are not reported in governmental funds. | it finan | ciai resources, and | | | | | 2 | 16,724 |
| Change in net position of governmental activities | | | | | | | \$ 19,2 | 90,027 |

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

THE SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF ROANOKE, VIRGINIA A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE CITY OF ROANOKE, VIRGINIA Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2021

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Reporting Entity

The School Board of the City of Roanoke, Virginia (School Board) is a corporate body operating under the constitution of Virginia and the *Code of Virginia*. The City Council appoints the seven members of the School Board to serve three-year terms. The School Board is responsible for setting the educational policies of the Roanoke City Public Schools and employs a superintendent to implement the School Board's policies.

The School Board receives funding from local taxes collected and allocated by the City of Roanoke, Virginia (City) using a funding formula whereby certain local taxes were apportioned in the amount of 40.0% to the schools. It also receives funding from tuition and fees, and from state and federal aid. Beginning in fiscal year 2012, the apportionment rate changed to 40% (from 36.42%) with the School Board assuming responsibility for additional debt service previously serviced by the City of Roanoke. The School Board is considered to be a component unit of the City because the City Council approves the School Board's budget, levies the necessary taxes to finance operations, and issues debt on behalf of the School Board. The School Board is fiscally dependent on the City and its operations are funded in part by payments from the City's general fund. The City Council is prohibited, however, from exercising control over School Board expenditures at the functional and budgetary line item levels.

The financial statements of the School Board have been prepared in conformity with U. S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

All activities over which the School Board exercises financial accountability have been combined to form the School Board reporting entity. Financial accountability is determined by financial interdependency, selection of governing board, designation of management, responsibility for financial matters and the ability to significantly influence operations. Such activities include the general operations and support services of the School Board and school food services. The School Board has no component units.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) - MD&A introduces the basic financial statements and provides an analytical overview of the School Board's financial activities in a narrative format. An analysis of the School Board's overall financial position and results of operations is included to assist users in assessing whether the financial position has improved or deteriorated as a result of the year's activities.

Government-wide Financial Statements - The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the School Board. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. The interfund services provided and used, however, are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. Governmental activities are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues. The School Board does not operate any business-type activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational requirements of a particular function. Other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Individually major governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Budgetary Comparison Schedules - These schedules are presented to demonstrate whether resources were obtained and used in accordance with the district's legally adopted budgets. The School Board revises the original budget over the course of the year for various reasons as necessary. Under the current reporting model, budgetary information continues to be provided, and includes comparisons of the district's original adopted budget to the final budget and actual results.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the School Board considers non-grant related revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, expenditures related to compensated absences are recorded only when payment is due.

Interest income and grant revenue associated with the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual and has been recognized as revenue of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the district.

Agency fiduciary funds are unlike all other types of funds, reporting only assets and liabilities, and are reported on the accrual basis. As discussed in IV. F., upon adoption of GASB 84, the previously presented fiduciary fund is now a special revenue fund.

The School Board reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the School Board's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Food Service Fund is a special revenue fund that accounts for the proceeds of specific revenue sources, legally restricted to the operation of the school food service program. The primary source of funding comes from the National School Lunch Program and the School Breakfast Program as provided by the Federal Government and the majority of the remaining funds come from operational receipts.

The School Grants Fund is a special revenue fund that accounts for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than the school food service program) that are restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The primary source of grant funding comes from awards made by the Federal Government with the majority of the remaining funding coming from the Commonwealth of Virginia.

The School Activity Fund accounts for assets held by the twenty-four Roanoke City Public Schools, the vocational school (Gibboney), the Roanoke Valley Regional Governor's School, the Noel C. Taylor Learning Academy, Forest Park Academy and the Adult Education program. The proceeds are collected to support cocurricular and extracurricular student activities.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, the school's policy is to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

The Food Service and School Grants are special revenue funds that provide accounting for certain federal, state and other grants awarded to the School Board.

The effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. The interfund services provided and used, however, are not eliminated in the process of consolidation.

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position/Fund Balances

1. Deposits and Investments

The School Board's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Short-term investments consist of the Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) and a money market account. Interest income is allocated to the participating funds based on each fund's cash balance. School activity funds are managed by the individual school principals. Cash and cash equivalents are recorded at cost, which approximates market value.

2. Due to/from Other Governments and Other Funds

Transactions between funds and other entities that are representative of the recognition of revenues or expenditures are referred to as "due to/from" the other funds or entities. "Other Funds" are funds managed by the School Board. "Other Governments" can include the Federal Government, the Commonwealth of Virginia (Commonwealth), or school divisions other than the City of Roanoke. Amounts due to the General Fund from the Grants Fund at June 30, 2021 are \$3,061,106. There are no other amounts due to or from any other fund.

3. Capital Assets

Capital assets acquired or constructed for educational purposes of the School Board, which include equipment acquired with a value of \$5,000 or greater, are reported in governmental activities in the entity-wide financial statements. Such assets are recorded at historical cost if purchased or constructed. Gifts, contributions or donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value when received. Depreciation is recorded on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of each asset. The estimated useful life for equipment ranges from 3-20 years.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the assets' lives are not capitalized.

Pursuant to the Roanoke City Charter, all real estate, including buildings and improvements thereon, financed (or otherwise acquired) by debt issued by the City for the purpose of public education is the property of the City of Roanoke. The buildings range in age from 8 to 96 years and it is the school board's responsibility to maintain and upgrade the buildings as needed. An annual five-year capital plan is approved by the School Board and the Roanoke City Council ever year to identify the structures that need improvements or require replacement.

4. Compensated Absences Payable

It is the School Board's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused compensated absences including vacation and sick leave. For government-wide financial reporting, a liability is recorded for compensated absences and salary-related benefits (the School Board's share of Social Security) when services are rendered and employees have earned the right to receive compensation for such services. Sick leave is payable for employees who retire or resign with ten years of benefited service with the School Board. The maximum unused sick leave days that can be paid out are 180. An estimate of the sick leave liability has been included with compensated absences based on current accumulated sick leave and management's estimate of those employees who will ultimately receive this payout. The liability for compensated absences will be liquidated through the general fund as a function of payroll.

Liabilities for compensated absences are not liquidated until leave is actually taken by employees or leave balances are paid upon termination. Accordingly, no expenditure is reported in the governmental fund statements for compensated absences until they are due for payment. Current (amounts expected to be paid within one year) and non-current portions of compensated absences totaling \$3,448,861 are recorded for governmental activities in the entity-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

5. Workers' Compensation Claims Payable

In the fund financial statements, an actuarial estimate of the School Board's short-term liability for workers' compensation claims of \$475,465 is included as a component of claims payable. The remaining \$408,227 is deemed non-current and included as part of fund balance committed for workman's compensation claims, and a liability in the statement of net position. The liability for claims payable will be liquidated through the general fund as a function of human resources.

6. Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue represents revenue that is initially recorded as a liability but is expected to become an asset over time and/or through normal operations, such as a payment that has been received for work that has not yet been performed. Total unearned revenue at June 30, 2021 was \$3,660,133, of which \$4,196 was for the General Fund and \$3,655,937 was for the School Grants Fund.

7. Deferred Inflows and Outflows

In addition to assets, the statements that present net position report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. These items represent a consumption of net position that applies to future periods and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statements that present financial position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. These items represent an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

8. Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits(OPEB)

For purposes of measuring all financial statement elements related to pension and OPEB plans, information about the fiduciary net position of the School Board's Plans and the additions to/deductions from the School Board's Plan's net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. The liability for pensions and OPEB will be liquidated through the general fund as a function of payroll.

9. Prepaids

Prepaids represent payments made during a fiscal year which apply to benefits to be received in a subsequent fiscal year. Prepaid expenses are assets which are gradually consumed or used over time. The items recorded as prepaid expenses are usually regularly recurring costs of operations. For example, prepaid rent and unexpired insurance premiums, including excess workers' compensation insurance premiums, comprehensive liability and fire insurance premiums, are items classified as prepaids. The School Board utilizes the consumption method of accounting for prepaid items.

10. Fund Balances and Net Position.

Fund Balances

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the School Board is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds.

The classifications are as follows:

Non-spendable – Amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

Restricted – Amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.

Committed – Amounts constrained to specific purposes by the School Board, using its highest level of decision-making authority; amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the School Board removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action used previously to commit those amounts.

Assigned – Amounts the School Board intends to use for a specified purpose; intent can be expressed by the governing body.

Unassigned – Amounts that are available for any purpose; positive amounts are reported only in the general fund

The Board establishes fund balance commitments by passage of a resolution. This is typically done in conjunction with adoption and amendment of the budget. Assigned fund balance is established by the Board through adoption or amendment of the budget as intended for specific purpose (such as the purchase of capital assets, construction, debt service, or for other purposes).

Restricted Amounts

The Board applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Minimum Fund Balance Policy

The School Board does not have specified fund balance targets, however, the School Board adopted a Fund Balance Management policy (Policy DBA) on March 28, 2017 that stipulates a minimum of \$10 million will be held as a reserve to serve as a stabilization fund within the unassigned fund balance. Recommended levels of committed and/or assigned fund balance will be determined on a case by case basis, in accordance with School Board Policy, based on the needs of each fund and as recommended by officials and approved by the Board.

Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the appropriation, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the governmental funds. Management's policy is to cancel all open purchase orders at June 30th each year. Orders will then be reissued if necessary during the new fiscal year. Therefore, no encumbrances of fund balance exist as of June 30, 2021.

E. Intergovernmental Revenue

Revenue from specific purpose federal, state, and other grants, which are provided to fund specific program expenditures, is recognized at the time that the specific expenditures are incurred and have met all eligibility requirements for reimbursement. Revenue from general purpose grants is recognized as revenue when all eligibility requirements are met and are considered available if they are collected within one year of the end of the current fiscal year.

F. Interfund Transactions

In the governmental fund financial statements, the flow of cash from one fund to another is classified as "transfers to/from other funds" and is reported as other financing sources/uses. These amounts are eliminated in the government-wide Statement of Activities.

G. Use of Estimates

The presentation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from these estimates.

H. Tax Status

The School Board, as a governmental entity, is not subject to federal, state, or local income taxes and, accordingly, no provision for income taxes is recorded.

II. Details of the Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances and the Government-wide Statement of Activities

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes reconciliation between *net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds* and *changes in net position of governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of activities.

One element of that reconciliation explains that "the acquisitions of capital assets are reported in the governmental funds as expenditures. However, for governmental activities those costs are shown as capital assets in the statement of net position and allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation expense in the statement of activities. This is the amount by which capital asset purchases in the current period exceeded depreciation expense and the net book value of capital assets disposed". The details of this \$3,876,256 difference are as follows:

| | | Net Book Value | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|-----------------|----------------|-------------|----|-----------------------|---------|--|---------------------------------|-----------|--|
| | Capital | Depreciation | | | of Assets Disposed | | | Net Change in Capital Assets | | |
| | Outlay | Expense | | | | | | | | |
| Regular Instruction | \$ 52,282 | \$ | (234,899) | \$ | ; | (2,973) | | \$ | (185,590) | |
| Administration | 115,605 | | (269,082) | | | - | | | (153,477) | |
| Transportation | - | | (42,964) | | | - | | | (42,964) | |
| Operation/Maintenance | 5,063,163 | | (804,876) | | | | | | 4,258,287 | |
| | \$ 5,231,050 | \$ | (1,351,821) | \$ | <u> </u> | (2,973) | | \$ | 3,876,256 | |

Another element of that reconciliation states that certain liabilities (compensated absences and workers' compensation) reported in the statement of activities, do not represent a use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenses in governmental funds. The details of this \$87,991 difference are as follows:

| | Compensated Absences | Workers' Compensation | Total | | |
|----------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|--------------|--|--|
| Liability as of June 30, 2020 | \$ 3,320,128 | \$ 624,951 | \$ 3,945,079 | | |
| Liability as of June 30, 2021 | 3,448,861 | 408,227 | 3,857,088 | | |
| Current Year Increase (Decrease) | \$ (128,733) | \$ 216,724 | \$ 87,991 | | |

III. Detailed Notes on Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

A. Deposits and Investments

The School Board manages its own cash balances and invests excess cash with the Local Government Investment Pool, (LGIP), and for the first part of the year, in a money market account with a local bank. Cash balances of the School Activity Fiduciary funds are deposited into a single bank account but with accountability by each school and club or activity assured through the accounting system used by Roanoke City Public Schools. Interest income is allocated to the participating schools based on each school's average quarterly cash balance.

Investment Policy. RCPS follows the investment policy of the City of Roanoke as adopted by City Council (Policy). The Policy, in accordance with the Code of Virginia and other applicable laws and regulations, articulates the City's investment objectives and authorized investments and serves as a guide for asset allocation development, cash equivalent development, fixed income development and investment performance measurement. Preservation of principal is the City's primary responsibility in making investment decisions and these decisions are made with the assumption that all investments will be held to maturity unless a specific case warrants otherwise.

The Policy limits investment maturities to five years maximum maturity for any negotiable certificate of deposit or any sovereign government obligation excluding those of the United States and to five years for any single corporate security or any single asset-backed security.

As of June 30, 2021, the School Board's investments, with their respective credit ratings, were as follows:

| | | Credit |
|---------------|-----------------|--------|
| | Investment Type | Rating |
| Virginia LGIP | | AAAm |

The State Treasurer's Office of the Commonwealth of Virginia has regulatory oversight over the LGIP. RCPS' fair value of investment in the LGIP is the same as the pooled value of its shares. As required by state statute, the Policy requires that commercial paper have a short-term debt rating of no less than "A-1" (or its equivalent) from at least two of the following: Moody's Investors Service, Standard and Poor's, and Fitch Investor's Service, provided that the issuing corporation has a net worth of at least \$50 million and its long-term debt is rated "A" or better by Moody's and Standard and Poor's. Banker's acceptances and Certificates of Deposit maturing in less than one year must have a short-term debt rating of at least "A-1" by Standard and Poor's and "P-1" by Moody's Investor Service.

The Virginia LGIP issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that includes basic financial statements and required supplementary information for LGIP. A copy of that report may be obtained from their website at https://www.trs.virginia.gov/Cash/lgip.aspx or by writing to the Virginia Department of the Treasury at 101 North 14th Street, Richmond, VA 23219.

As of June 30, 2021, the School Board had the following investments and maturities:

| | Investment Maturity | | | | | | | | |
|---------------|---------------------|------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Fair Value | Less than 1 year | | | | | | | |
| Virginia LGIP | \$ 44,624,187 | \$ 44,624,187 | | | | | | | |
| TOTAL | \$ 44,624,187 | \$ 44,624,187 | | | | | | | |

The City's policy regarding certain types of investments is as follows:

<u>Commercial Paper</u>: Shall be rated by the Moody's Investors Service, Inc. (Moody's) of prime 1 and by Standard & Poor's Inc. (S & P), with a rating of A-1.

<u>Corporate and Municipal Bonds</u>: High quality corporate notes with a rating of at least Aa by Moody's and a rating of at least AA by S & P.

<u>Banker's Acceptances</u>: Must have a rating of B/C or better in the Keefe, Bruyette & Woods, Inc. ratings. <u>Savings Accounts, Certificates of Deposit, Demand and Time Deposits</u>: Shall not exceed the maximum Security for Public Deposits Act.

Obligations of the Commonwealth: Those unconditionally guaranteed as to payment by the Commonwealth of Virginia.

Obligations of the United States, etc.: Those unconditionally guaranteed as to payment by the United States.

<u>Repurchase Agreements</u>: Collateralized by United States Treasury agency securities, shall at all times be no less than 110% of the value of term and open repurchase agreements and 102% of the value of overnight repurchase agreements.

As of June 30, 2021 the School Board had the following cash and investments:

| Cash | \$ 16,050 |
|-------------------------------|------------------|
| Deposits | 5,507,952 |
| Virginia LGIP | 44,624,187 |
| Virginia SNAP Restricted Cash | 950,338 |
| Total Cash and Investments | \$ 51,098,527 |
| | |
| Statements of net position: | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 50,148,189 |
| Restricted Cash | 950,338 |
| Total Cash and Investments | \$ 51,098,527 |

Credit risk, custodial credit risk, concentration of credit risk, and interest rate risk are addressed in the following paragraphs.

Credit Risk. State law (Code of Virginia, Chapter 3, Title 26) limits local governments and other public bodies to investing in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or school divisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper and certain corporate notes, bankers' acceptances, repurchase agreements, and the State and Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP).

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments. For an investment, custodial risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the School Board will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party.

Investments are considered to be exposed to custodial credit risk if they are uninsured and unregistered with the securities held by the counterparty or by its trust department or agent, but not in the School Board's name. The School Board does not hold any investments which are exposed to custodial credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act") Section 2.2-4400 et.seq. of the Code of Virginia. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of the amount insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board. Financial Institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in the amounts from 50% to 130% of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized.

Concentration of Credit Risk. The Policy establishes limitations on portfolio composition by issuer in order to control concentration of credit risk. No single issue shall constitute more than five percent of the total value of the portfolio, except United States Treasury and Federal Agency obligations. Not more than thirty-five percent of the total funds available for investment may be invested in commercial paper, and no single industry group, as defined by Standard and Poor's, shall constitute more than twenty percent of the bond portfolio.

As of June 30, 2021, 100.0 percent of the School Board's investment portfolio was invested in the Virginia LGIP.

Interest Rate Risk. The City's investment policy which RCPS follows limits maturities to a maximum of five years as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

B. Due from Other Governments

Due from other governments as of June 30, 2021 for the School Board's individual major funds is as follows:

| | <u>General</u> | Food Service | | | School Grants | | | <u>Total</u> | | |
|--------------------------|-----------------|--------------|---------|---|----------------------|------------|--|--------------|------------|--|
| Commonwealth of Virginia | \$ 2,459,316 | \$ | - | | \$ | - | | \$ | 2,459,316 | |
| Federal Government | - | | 468,632 | | | 10,228,205 | | | 10,696,837 | |
| City of Roanoke | 3,538,267 | | 2,935 | | | - | | | 3,541,202 | |
| Totals | \$ 5,997,583 | \$ | 272,247 | • | \$ | 10,032,584 | | \$ | 16,697,355 | |

C. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2021 is as follows:

| | | Balance | | | | | Balance |
|-----------------------------------|---------------|-------------|----|-------------|------------------|----|-------------|
| | June 30, 2020 | | A | dditions | eletions | Ju | ne 30, 2021 |
| | | | | | | | |
| Capital Assets (not depreciated): | | | | | | | |
| Construction in Progress | \$ | 10,211,668 | \$ | 3,126,478 | \$ 13,338,146 | \$ | - |
| Capital Assets (depreciated) | | | | | | | |
| Instruction | \$ | 4,039,836 | \$ | 52,282 | \$ 193,455 | \$ | 3,898,663 |
| Administration | | 2,663,637 | | 115,605 | 87,075 | | 2,692,167 |
| Transportation | | 531,242 | | - | - | | 531,242 |
| Maintenance | | 7,129,174 | | 15,274,831 | | | 22,404,005 |
| Total | \$ | 14,363,889 | \$ | 15,442,718 | \$ 280,530 | \$ | 29,526,077 |
| Less: | | | | | | | |
| Accumulated Depreciation | | (5,791,060) | | (1,351,821) | 277,557 | | (6,865,324) |
| Governmental activities, net | \$ | 18,784,497 | \$ | 17,217,375 | \$ 13,341,119 | \$ | 22,660,753 |

| | | Balance | | | | | | Balance | |
|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------|-----------|-------------|----|---------|---------------|-------------|--|
| Depreciation per class: | preciation per class: June 30, 2020 | | Additions | | De | letions | June 30, 2021 | | |
| Instruction | \$ | (2,401,491) | \$ | (234,899) | \$ | 190,482 | \$ | (2,445,908) | |
| Administration | | (1,754,930) | | (269,082) | | 87,075 | | (1,936,937) | |
| Transportation | | (92,894) | | (42,964) | | - | | (135,858) | |
| Maintenance | | (1,541,745) | | (804,876) | | | | (2,346,621) | |
| Accumulated Depreciation | \$ | (5,791,060) | \$ | (1,351,821) | \$ | 277,557 | \$ | (6,865,324) | |

Land, buildings, structures and construction in progress are owned by the City of Roanoke on behalf of the Roanoke City Public Schools and, as such, are not included in the basic financial statements of the School Board of the City of Roanoke. Capital assets shown in this report reflect expenditures of the School Board's operating funds.

D. Transfers

Transfers were made to provide local match requirements to School Grants and to reimburse the General Fund for expenditures related to Federal revenues received in the School Grants fund. Transfers were made from Food Service to the General Fund for indirect costs associated with that fund.

Inter-fund Transfers consisted of the following for the year ended June 30, 2021:

| From: | То | General Fund | , | To School Grants | Intal | | |
|------------------|----|--------------|----|---------------------|-------|-----------|--|
| General Fund | \$ | - | \$ | 1,067,845 | \$ | 1,067,845 | |
| Food Service | | 300,000 | | - | | 300,000 | |
| School Grants | | 3,087,417 | | | | 3,087,417 | |
| | \$ | 3,387,417 | \$ | 1,067,845 | \$ | 4,455,262 | |

E. Due to/from Other Funds

Interfund receivables and payable amounts between the General Fund and the School Grants Fund arise due to short term cash needs of funds, which are repaid within one year from the date of the financial statements.

| | Gene | General Fund | | ol Grants Fund | Total | | |
|---|------|--------------|----|------------------|-------|--------------------------|--|
| Due From Other Funds Due To Other Funds | \$ | 3,061,106 | \$ | - (3,061,106) | \$ | 3,061,106 (3,061,106) | |
| | \$ | 3,061,106 | \$ | (3,061,106) | \$ | - | |

F. Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenditures

The composition of accounts payable and accrued expenditures as of June 30, 2021, is as follows:

| | General | | , | Food Service | School Grants | chool ctivity | | Total |
|----------------------|-----------------|---|----|-----------------|------------------|------------------|---|------------------|
| Accrued Payroll | \$ 535,778 | _ | \$ | - | \$ 786,233 | \$ 5,767 | : | \$ 1,327,778 |
| Payroll Withholdings | 189,554 | | | 3,530 | 324,092 | - | | 517,176 |
| Accounts Payable | 5,920,272 | _ | | 659,487 | 2,451,141 | - | _ | 9,030,900 |
| Totals | \$ 6,645,604 | _ | \$ | 663,017 | \$ 3,561,466 | \$ 5,767 | ; | \$ 10,875,854 |

G. Notes Payable

On December 6, 2019, the School Board entered into a \$17,000,000 lease purchase agreement with TD Equipment Finance, Inc. to purchase energy saving equipment for the district. Bi-annual payments starting at \$136,000 including principal and interest at 2.14% commenced on December 1, 2020 and continue through June 1, 2035. Bi-annual principal payments will increase over the life of the lease as noted in the schedule of payments. As part of the requirements of the lease agreement, the funds borrowed for the project were deposited into an investment fund through the Virginia SNAP, PFM Asset Management, LLC. As of June 30, 2021, the unused proceeds from the financing totaled \$950,338 and are included as restricted cash on the Statement of Net Position. Dividends earned on the investments totaled \$5,082 through June 30, 2021 at a rate of .07%. Total equipment expenditures during the year were \$3,126,478. The project was completed by the end of fiscal 21.

For the year ending June 30, 2021, the total liability for the note payable was \$16,728,500. Interest payments in fiscal year 2021 totaled \$362,345. The change in notes payable is summarized below:

| Balance June 30, 2020 | \$ 17,000,000 |
|-----------------------------|------------------|
| Increases | - |
| Decreases | (271,500) |
| Balance June 30, 2021 | \$ 16,728,500 |
| Amount Due within one year | (876,000) |
| Balance in LT June 30, 2021 | \$ 15.852.500 |

Principal payments on the note are due as follows:

| June 30, 2022 | \$ 876,000 |
|---------------|------------|
| June 30, 2023 | 894,500 |
| June 30, 2024 | 956,000 |
| June 30, 2025 | 1,009,000 |
| June 30, 2026 | 1,056,000 |
| Thereafter | 11,937,000 |

H. Claims Payable

As of June 30, 2021, the composition of claims payable includes amounts held to pay current health insurance and workers' compensation claims is as follows:

| | General | _ | Food ervice | _ | chool Frants | | Total |
|-----------------------|-----------------|----|----------------|----|-----------------|----|-----------|
| Health Insurance | \$ 4,224,981 | \$ | 12,387 | \$ | - | \$ | 4,237,368 |
| Workers' Compensation | 444,793 | | 18,533 | | 12,139 | | 475,465 |
| | \$ 4,669,774 | \$ | 30,920 | \$ | 12,139 | \$ | 4,712,833 |

The total amount listed above is due and payable within one year. All health care claims cycle in less than a one-year period, thus no amounts are considered long term for report presentation. Workers' compensation does have claims considered payable in future periods. The chart presented above speaks only to the fund financial statements.

I. Compensated Absences Payable

The change in compensated absences payable is summarized below:

| Balance June 30, 2020 | \$ | 3,320,128 |
|-----------------------------|----|-------------|
| Increases | | 6,312,127 |
| Decreases | - | (6,183,394) |
| Balance June 30, 2021 | \$ | 3,448,861 |
| Amount Due within one year | | (927,744) |
| Balance in LT June 30, 2021 | \$ | 2,521,117 |

Long-term payables are liquidated using general fund resources unless funds are otherwise committed in fund balance. See note III.H. for further details of commitments.

J. Fund Balances

Except for those required to comply with accounting standards, all commitments of governmental fund balances reflect City Code requirements or School Board and City Council action in the context of adoption of the School Board's budget.

The restricted portion of fund balance in the general fund is \$950,338 related to unspent debt proceeds.

The non-spendable portion of fund balance in the general fund is \$208,310 related to prepaid expenses.

Commitments at June 30, 2021, consist of the following:

General Fund:

- 1) \$500,000 for long-term worker's compensation claims.
- 2) \$250,000 for transportation sinking fund.
- 3) \$5,865,010 for the purchase and renovation of downtown office location.

Assignments at June 30, 2021, consist of the following:

- 1) \$4,432,775 for the operational activities of the Food Service Fund.
- 2) \$1,082,635 for the operational activities of the Student Activity Fund.

K. Summary of Pension and Other Postemployment Benefit Elements

This table is included to provide additional detail of the net pension and OPEB asset, deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB, net pension and OPEB liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB on Exhibit 1. Detail of the plans follow in IV. Other Information.

| | | Pensions | | ner Post nent Benefits |
|--|---------|----------------------------------|--|--|
| Net pension asset | | | Net OPEB asset | |
| Non-Teachers VRS Multi Employer | \$ | 1,015,228 | VRS HIC, Non-Teachers | \$ 22,820 |
| Total net pension asset | \$ | 1,015,228 | Total net OPEB asset | \$ 22,820 |
| Deferred outflows of resources - Rel | ated to | Pensions | Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB | |
| Teachers VRS Cost Sharing Non-Teachers VRS Multi Employer City of Roanoke Pension Total deferred outflow of | \$ | 34,366,038 312,221 277,780 | VRS GLI VRS HIC, Teachers VRS HIC, Non-Teachers Total deferred outflow of | \$ 1,627,205 1,366,927 10,631 |
| resources - Pensions | \$ | 34,956,039 | resources - OPEB | \$ 3,004,763 |
| Net pension liability | | | Net OPEB liability | |
| Teachers VRS Cost Sharing Non-Teachers VRS Multi Employer City of Roanoke Pension | \$ | 141,329,284 - 2,405,192 | VRS GLI VRS HIC, Teachers VRS HIC, Non-Teachers | \$ 7,380,095 12,665,029 |
| Total net pension liability | \$ | 143,734,476 | Total net OPEB liability | \$ 20,045,124 |
| Deferred inflows of resources - Rela | ted to | Pensions | Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB | |
| Teachers VRS Cost Sharing Non-Teachers VRS Multi Employer City of Roanoke Pension Total deferred inflow of | \$ | 11,388,105 - 359,336 | VRS GLI VRS HIC, Teachers VRS HIC, Non-Teachers Total deferred inflow of | \$ 493,759 603,700 8,373 |
| resources - Pensions | \$ | 11,747,441 | resources - OPEB | \$ 1,105,832 |
| Net pension expense | | | Net OPEB expense | |
| Teachers VRS Cost Sharing Non-Teachers VRS Multi Employer City of Roanoke Pension | \$ | 15,478,219 120,736 237,020 | VRS GLI VRS HIC, Teachers VRS HIC, Non-Teachers | \$ 245,158 980,568 1,631 |
| Total net pension expense | \$ | 15,835,975 | Total net OPEB expense | \$ 1,227,357 |

IV. Other Information

A. Defined Benefit Pension Plans

General Information about the Teacher Cost Sharing Pool

Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of Virginia public school divisions, including the Roanoke City School Board, (the "School Division"), are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan upon employment. This multiple employer, cost sharing plan is administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employers pay contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria as defined in the *Code of Virginia*, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service.

The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees – Plan 1, Plan 2, and Hybrid. Each of these benefit structures has a different eligibility criteria. The specific information for each plan and the eligibility for covered groups within each plan are available at

- https://www.varetire.org/members/benefits/defined-benefit/plan1.asp,
- https://www.varetire.org/members/benefits/defined-benefit/plan2.asp,
- https://www.varetirement.org/hybrid.html.

Actuarial Assumptions

Inflation

The total pension liability for General Employees, in the Political Subdivision's Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020.

| including inflation | 3.50 – 5.95% 6.75%, net of pension plan investment |
|---|---|
| Teacher Cost Sharing Plan – Salary increases, | |
| General Employees – Salary increases, including inflation | 3.50 – 5.35% |

2.50%

* Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 6.75%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 6.75% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 6.75% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

Mortality rates: General employees – 15 to 20% of deaths are assumed to be service related. Public Safety Employees – 45% to 70% of deaths are assumed to be service related. Mortality is projected using the applicable RP-2014 Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with various set backs or set forwards for both males and females.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate,

which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

General Employees – Largest 10 – Non-Hazardous Duty and All Others (Non 10 Largest): Update mortality table; lowered retirement rates at older ages, changed final retirement from 70 to 75; adjusted withdrawal rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service; lowered disability rates, no change to salary scale, increased rate of line of duty disability from 14% to 20% (Largest 10) or 15% (All Others), and decreased discount rate from 7.00% to 6.75%.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

| | Target | | Arithmetic Long-Term Expected Rate of | | Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Rate of | |
|--|----------------------|------|--|------------|---|---|
| Asset Class (Strategy) | Allocation | | Return | - | Return | |
| Public Equity | 34 | % | 4.65 | % | 1.58 | % |
| Fixed Income | 15 | | 0.46 | | 0.07 | |
| Credit Strategies | 14 | | 5.38 | | 0.75 | |
| Real Assets | 14 | | 5.01 | | 0.7 | |
| Private Equity | 14 | | 8.34 | | 1.17 | |
| MAPS – Multi-Asset Public Strategies PIP – Private | 6 | | 3.04 | | 0.18 | |
| Investment Partnership | 3 | | 6.49 | | 0.19 | |
| Total | 100 | % | | = | 4.64 | % |
| | Infla | tion | | _ | 2.5 | % |
| *Expected ar | ithmetic nominal ret | urn | | <u>-</u> | 7.14 | % |
| | | | | · <u>-</u> | · | |

^{*} The above allocation provides for a one-year return of 7.14%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected rate of return for the system, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. The results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 7.11%, including expected inflation of 2.50%. On October 10, 2019, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of 6.75% which is roughly at the 40th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation. More recent capital market assumptions compiled for the FY2020 actuarial valuations, provide a median return of 6.81%.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Consistent with the phased-in funding provided by the General Assembly for state and teacher employer contributions, political subdivisions were also provided with an opportunity to use an alternate employer contribution rate. For the year ended June 30, 2020, the

alternate rate was the employer contribution rate used in the FY 2012 or 100% of the actuarially determined employer contribution rate from the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuations, whichever is greater. From July 1, 2020 on, participating employers are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the *Code of Virginia*, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. Each school division's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2021 was 16.62% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the school division were \$13,881,761 and \$12,905,042 for the years ended June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020, respectively.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the school division reported a liability of \$141,329,284 for its proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability. The Net Pension Liability was measured as of June 30, 2020 and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2019, and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020. The school division's proportion of the Net Pension Liability was based on the school division's actuarially determined employer contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2020 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2020, the school division's proportion was .97116% as compared to .98736% at June 30, 2019.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the school division recognized pension expense of \$15,478,219. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the pension expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion and from differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of employer contributions.

At June 30, 2021, the school division reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

| | 0 | Deferred utflows of esources | Deferred Inflows of Resources | | |
|---|----|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------|--|
| Differences between expected and actual experience | \$ | - | \$ | 8,284,075 | |
| Change in assumptions | | 9,647,496 | | - | |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings | | | | | |
| on pension plan investments | | 10,749,657 | | - | |
| Changes in proportion and differences between Employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions | | 87,124 | | 3,104,030 | |
| Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date | | 13,881,761 | | <u>-</u> | |
| Total | \$ | 34,366,038 | \$ | 11,388,105 | |

The \$13,881,761 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the school division's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the year ending June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

| Increase (Reduction Pension Expens | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-----------|--|--|--|--|
| \$ | (694,441) | | | | |
| | 2,817,742 | | | | |
| | 4,022,759 | | | | |
| | 3,204,558 | | | | |
| | (254,446) | | | | |
| | F | | | | |

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability (NPL) is calculated separately for each system and represents that particular system's total pension liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, less that system's fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2020, NPL amounts for the VRS Teacher Employee Retirement Plan is as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

| | Teacher Employee Retirement Plan | | | |
|--|--|------------|--|--|
| Total Pension Liability | \$ | 51,001,855 | | |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position | | 36,449,229 | | |
| Employers' Net Pension Liability (Asset) | \$ | 14,552,626 | | |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability | | 71.47% | | |

The total pension liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net pension liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 67 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

Sensitivity of the School Division's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability of the school division using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

| | 1.00% | Current | 1.00% |
|---------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|---------------|
| | Decrease | Discount | Increase |
| | Rate (5.750%) | Rate (6.75%) | Rate (7.75%) |
| School division's proportionate share | | | |
| of the VRS Teacher Employee | | | |
| Retirement plan net pension liability | \$ 207,361,801 | \$ 141,329,284 | \$ 86,712,045 |

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2020 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. A copy of the 2020 VRS financial report may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2020-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Defined Benefit Pension Plan - Nonprofessional Employees

Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent non-professional employees (non-teachers) of the Roanoke School Board, (the "School division") are automatically covered by the VRS Retirement Plan upon employment. This multi-employer agent plan is administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer pay contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria as defined in the *Code of Virginia*, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service. The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees – Plan 1, Plan 2, and Hybrid. The plan provisions and features of the plans, as well as all actuarial assumptions, are substantially the same as those referenced for the Teacher Cost Sharing Pool.

The specific information for each plan and the eligibility for covered groups within each plan are available at

- https://www.varetire.org/members/benefits/defined-benefit/plan1.asp,
- https://www.varetire.org/members/benefits/defined-benefit/plan2.asp,
- https://www.varetirement.org/hybrid.html.

Actuarial Assumptions, Long-Term Expected Rate of Return, and Discount Rate

The assumption, rate of return, and discount rates used by the actuaries for the nonprofessional plan are the same as those used for the Teacher Cost Sharing Pool plan.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the pension plan:

| | Number |
|--|-----------------|
| Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits | 15 |
| Inactive members: Vested inactive members Non-vested inactive members Inactive members active elsewhere in VRS | 16 134 22 |
| Total inactive members Active Members | 172 125 |
| Total covered employees | 312 |

Contributions

The school division's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2021 was 8.17% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019.

Contributions to the pension plan from the school division were \$96,613 and \$103,807 for the years ended June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020, respectively.

Changes in Net Pension Asset

| | Total Pension Liability (a) | Plan Fiduciary let Position (b) | Net Pension Asset (a) – (b) |
|-------------------------------------|--|--|--------------------------------------|
| Balances at June 30, 2019 | \$ 2,896,171 | \$ 4,103,589 | \$ (1,207,418) |
| Changes for the year: | | | |
| Service cost | 341,743 | - | 341,743 |
| Interest | 193,074 | - | 193,074 |
| Changes of assumptions | - | | - |
| Differences between expected | | | |
| and actual experience | 35,755 | - | 35,755 |
| Contributions – employer | - | 103,807 | (103,807) |
| Contributions – employee | - | 195,784 | (195,784) |
| Net investment income | - | 81,372 | (81,372) |
| Benefit payments, including refunds | | | |
| of employee contributions | (71,644) | (71,644) | - |
| Administrative expenses | - | (2,482) | 2,482 |
| Other changes | - | (99) | 99 |
| Net changes | \$ 498,928 | \$ 306,738 | \$ 192,190 |
| Balances at June 30, 2020 | \$ 3,395,099 | \$ 4,410,327 | \$ (1,015,228) |

Sensitivity of the Net Pension (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension asset of the school division using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the net pension asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

| | 1.00% Decrease (5.75%) | Current Discount Rate (6.75%) | 1.00% Increase (7.75%) |
|---|------------------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| School division's net pension liability | \$ (580,307) | \$ (1,015,228) | \$ (1,368,138) |

<u>Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the school division recognized pension expense of \$120,736. At June 30, 2021, the school division reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

| | Deferred Outflows of Resources | Deferred Inflows of Resources |
|--|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Differences between expected and actual experience | \$ 51,068 | \$ - |
| Change in assumptions | 33,256 | - |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments | 131,284 | - |
| Employer contributions subsequent to the Measurement date | 96,613 | |
| Total | \$ 312,221 | \$ - |

The \$96,613 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the school division's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

| Year Ended | | Increa | se (Reduction) to | |
|------------|------------|--------|-------------------|--|
| _ | June 30, | Per | nsion Expense | |
| | | | | |
| | 2022 | \$ | 78,334 | |
| | 2023 | | 54,696 | |
| | 2024 | | 41,932 | |
| | 2025 | | 40,646 | |
| | 2026 | | - | |
| | Thereafter | | - | |

Pension Plan Data

Information about the VRS Political Subdivision Retirement Plans is also available in the separately issued VRS 2019 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. A copy of the 2019 VRS financial report may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2020-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

City of Roanoke Pension Plan

Plan Description

The City of Roanoke, Virginia Pension Plan (Plan) is a cost-sharing, multiple employer, defined benefit pension plan. The participating entities are:

City of Roanoke, Virginia (City)
City of Roanoke, Virginia School Board (School Board)
Roanoke Regional Airport Commission (RRAC)
Roanoke Valley Detention Commission (RVDC)
Roanoke Valley Resource Authority (RVRA)
Western Virginia Water Authority (WVWA)

The Plan was established by the City on July 1, 1946. The responsibility for the general administration and proper operation of the Plan is vested in the Board of Trustees (Board), a nine-member Board, appointed by City Council. The Board consists of the Mayor, City Manager (or his designee), and the Director of Finance, all of whom serve as ex-officio members, two non-member citizen trustees, who must have experience in the investment of institutional funds or pension administration, one member trustee, who must be an employee of the City's Police or Fire departments, one member trustee who is a City employee other than Police or Fire, one member trustee, who is employed by one of the Plan's other participating employers, and one retired member trustee.

The Plan covers substantially all full-time employees of the City, RRAC and the RVDC. The Plan also covers certain employees of the RVRA, certain employees of the WVWA, and certain non-professional School Board employees, but is closed to new employee entrants of these employers. The Roanoke Valley Resource Authority (RVRA), who no longer has active membership, is a participating entity. The City is the major contributor of employer contributions to the Plan.

The Plan is established under authority of City Council and is governed by, and administered in accordance with, Chapter 22.3, Pensions and Retirement, of the *Code of the City of Roanoke* (as amended). City Council maintains the authority to establish or amend the provisions of this Chapter. As of July 1, 1984, the Plan changed its name from Employees' Retirement System (ERS) of the City of Roanoke, Virginia to the City of Roanoke Pension Plan and incorporated a provision for an Employees' Supplemental Retirement System (ESRS), which modified certain benefits as defined by ERS. All Plan related administrative and benefit provisions are established by City ordinance, as contained in Chapter 22.3 of the City Code. The Plan maintains a single trust from which ERS and ESRS benefits and all Plan expenses are paid.

Coverage under the ESRS was mandatory for all employees hired or rehired on or after July 1, 1984. On November 28, 1994, June 1, 1998, November 2, 1998, and June 5, 2000, City Council authorized the Plan to offer members of the ERS an opportunity to transfer to the ESRS. Both the ERS and the ESRS share a common trust fund from which all benefits are paid without distinction as to the source of funds and are administered by the Board.

The Plan provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits.

Employees who are members of the ERS with 30 years of service or age 60 (normal retirement age) are entitled to an annual retirement benefit equal to 1/70 (1.429%) of their average final compensation (highest consecutive 12 months), excluding overtime, for each year of service. Employees may retire with 20 years of service and receive a reduced retirement benefit. For employees who are married at their retirement date, a joint and survivor annuity is payable monthly. There is no mandatory retirement age.

Employees who are members of the ESRS with 5 years or more of credited service and age 65 or over, general employees who have attained age 50 with age plus service equal to 80, and police officers and firefighters who have attained age 45 with age plus service equal to 70, are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.1 percent of their final average compensation for each year of credited service up to a maximum of 63 percent. Final average compensation is the employee's average salary, excluding overtime, over the highest 36 consecutive months of credited service. Employees with 5 years of credited service may retire at age 55 and receive a reduced retirement benefit. Employees may elect to receive their retirement benefits in the form of a single life annuity or a joint and survivor annuity payable monthly from retirement. If employees under age 65 terminate before rendering five years of service, they forfeit the right to receive any Pension Plan benefits. There is no mandatory retirement age.

On May 15, 2000, City Council authorized the Board to enter into an agreement with the Virginia Retirement System (VRS) or another political subdivision of the Commonwealth of Virginia, having a defined benefit plan that is not supplemental to the VRS, allowing eligible members of ESRS the option of portability of creditable service between plans. Portability provides ESRS members the opportunity to transfer their vested pension benefits from one Virginia government employer to another. The Board has entered into Reciprocal Asset Transfer and Pension Portability Agreements with the VRS, the City of Newport News Employees' Retirement Fund, and the Employees' Retirement System of the City of Norfolk.

Effective July 1, 2000, City Council adopted provisions providing members of ESRS an opportunity to purchase eligible prior service credit in the Plan. This provision permits members who were formerly grant employees and members who have participated in the portability provisions of the plan to purchase certain eligible service credit.

The Plan also received a private letter ruling dated August 7, 2000 from the Internal Revenue Service allowing the purchase of eligible prior service credit via payroll deduction on a tax-deferred basis.

Effective July, 1, 2001, an additional monthly supplement equal to the greater of (a) \$159 or (b) 75% of the amount the City contributes toward the cost of a single, active employee's health insurance shall be paid for eligible retirees until the month in which the retiree attains age 65. Any member of the Plan who is an employee of the City (not including employees of the City of Roanoke School Board) and, who retired after earning 20 or more years of creditable service, but prior to attaining the age of 65, is eligible for this supplement.

Effective June 1, 2002, City Council adopted a restatement of the Chapter of the City Code governing the Plan. Included in the restatement was a provision allowing the purchase of prior service credit using a trustee-to-trustee transfer of eligible funds from Internal Revenue Code Section 457 and 403(b) deferred compensation plans.

Effective July 16, 2012, City Council established Chapter 22.3 of City Code, which includes modifications to employees hired on or after July 1, 2013 and July 1 2014. This plan was already closed to school board employees effective July 1, 2006. With the new plan, all employees contribute 5% of earnable compensation. This includes Roanoke City Schools employees participating in the plan.

In addition, Chapter 22.3 of *City Code*, provides COLA to members that retire before July 1, 2014 and those members that retire on or after July 1, 2014 and have at least 15 years of creditable service. Members must be retired for one full year to be eligible for a cost of living supplement. The amount of the cost of living supplement is determined annually as 2/3rds of the United States Average Consumer Price Index. The percentage increase for any one (1) year shall not exceed the lesser of four (4) percent or the pay raise awarded generally to active employees.

Approximately 90 days prior to the beginning of the City's fiscal year, the Plan files with the City Manager its certification of the appropriation necessary to pay the required contribution as certified by the actuary and such amount is included in the City's annual budget and adopted by City Council. As a governmental plan, the Plan is currently not subject to the provisions of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act (ERISA) of 1974, as amended.

For the fiscal year 2021 and 2020, the annual required contribution was \$191,759 and \$200,174 respectively with a contribution rate of 11.31% in fiscal year 2021 and 12.70% in fiscal year 2020.

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, updated to June 30, 2021 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.25 percent

Salary Increases 2.75% percent, inflation plus 0.5% for national productivity plus merit

(age-based)

Investment Rate of Return 7.25 percent, net of investment expenses

Cost of Living Adjustments 1.5% percent for eligible participants, based on 2/3 of assumed inflation

Mortality rates or pre-retirement and healthy annuitants were based on 125% of RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality for males and females with generation mortality projection using Scale AA. For people with disabilities, mortality rates were based on 70% of PBGC Disabled Mortality Table 5A for males and 90% of PBGC Disabled Mortality Table 6A for females.

Investment Rate of Return. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using projected long-term rates of returns developed for each asset class. The expected long-term rate of return for each asset class as weighted by the Investment Policy target asset allocation was used, to derive the overall expected rate of return for the portfolio. The following table reflected the long-term expected rate of return based upon the defined target allocation for each asset class as defined in the Statement of Investment Policy:

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions to the plan would be made based on actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on these assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on Plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

| | Allocation Target | Weighted Contribution to Rate of Return |
|----------------------|----------------------|---|
| Equity | | |
| US Equity | 52.00% | 5.20% |
| International Equity | 22.00% | 2.42% |
| Real Estate* | 6.00% | 0.42% |
| Fixed Income | | |
| US Fixed Income | 20.00% | 1.00% |
| Total | 100.00% | 9.04% |

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the net pension liability of the City of Roanoke Pension Plan – Roanoke City School Board, calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.25 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.25 percent) than the current rate:

| | 1% decrease | Current discount | 1.00% Increase |
|---------------------------------------|--------------|------------------|----------------|
| | Rate (6.25%) | Rate (7.25%) | Rate (8.25%) |
| Net Pension Liability – June 30, 2020 | \$3,403,544 | \$2,405,192 | \$1,562,768 |

At June 30, 2021, the Schools reported a liability of \$2,405,192 for its proportionate share of the Collective Net Pension Liability of the City's Pension Plan. The Collective Net Pension Liability was measured as of June 30, 2020 and the total pension liability used to calculate the Collective Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Schools' proportion of the Collective Net Pension Liability was based on the Schools' actuarially determined employer contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2020 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2020 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for the City Plan's participating employers.

For the year ended June 30, 2021 the schools recognized pension expense of \$237,020. At June 30, 2021, the Schools' proportion was 1.58984% as compared to 1.78181% at June 30, 2020.

At June 30, 2021, the schools reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

| | Deferred Outflows of Resources | Deferred Inflows of Resources |
|--|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Difference between expected and actual experience | \$ 22,595 | \$ 12,900 |
| Change in assumptions | - | - |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments | 63,426 | - |
| Changes in proportion and difference between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions | - | 346,436 |
| Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date | 191,759 | <u> </u> |
| Total | \$ 277,780 | \$ 359,336 |

\$191,759 is reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the School Board's contributions subsequent to the measurement date and will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

| | ease (Reduction) to ension Expense |
|------------|---------------------------------------|
| 2021 | \$ (378,588) |
| 2022 | 13,175 |
| 2023 | 56,800 |
| 2024 | 35,298 |
| Thereafter | - |

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the Fiduciary Net Portion of the City's pension plan is available in the separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. A copy of the 2021 financial report may be obtained by writing to the City's Retirement Office located at 215 Church Avenue, SW, Room 465, Roanoke, Virginia 24011.

B. Other Post-Employment Benefits Liabilities - Virginia Retirement System Plans

In addition to their participation in the pension plans offered through the Virginia Retirement System (VRS), the School Board also participates in various cost-sharing and agent multi-employer other postemployment benefit plans, described as follows.

Plan Descriptions

Group Life Insurance Program

All full-time teachers and employees of political subdivisions are automatically covered by the VRS Group Life Insurance (GLI) Program upon employment.

In addition to the Basic Group Life Insurance Benefit, members are also eligible to elect additional coverage for themselves as well as a spouse or dependent children through the Optional Group Life Insurance Program. For members who elect the optional group life insurance coverage, the insurer bills employers directly for the premiums. Employers deduct these premiums from members' paychecks and pay the premiums to the insurer. Since this is a separate and fully insured program, it is not included as part of the GLI Program OPEB.

Specific information for the GLI is available at https://www.varetire.org/members/benefits/life-insurance.asp

Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program

All full time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Program. Members earn one month of service credit toward the benefit for each month they are employed and for which their employer pays contributions to VRS. The health insurance credit is a tax-free reimbursement in an amount set by the General Assembly for each year of service credit against qualified health insurance premiums retirees pay for single coverage, excluding any portion covering the spouse or dependents. The credit cannot exceed the amount of the premiums and ends upon the retiree's death.

Specific information about the Teacher HIC is available at https://www.varetire.org/retirees/insurance/healthinscredit/index.asp

The GLI and Teacher HIC are administered by the VRS along with pensions and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Both of these plans are considered multiple employer, cost sharing plans.

General Employee Health Insurance Credit Program

The General Employee Health Insurance Credit Program (HIC) is available for all full time, salaried employees of local government entities other than Teachers. The General Employee HIC provides all the same benefits as the Teacher HIC, except that this plan is considered a multi-employer agent plan.

As of the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the General Employee Health Insurance Credit Program:

| | Number |
|--|--------|
| Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits | 4 |
| Inactive members: | |
| Vested inactive members | - |
| Non-vested inactive members | - |
| Inactive members | |
| Total inactive members | 4 |
| Active members | 125 |
| Total covered employees | 129 |

Contributions

Contributions to the VRS OPEB programs were based on actuarially determined rates from actuarial valuations as of June 30, 2019. The actuarially determined rates were expected to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to fund any unfunded accrued liability. Specific details related to the contributions for the VRS OPEB programs are as follows:

Group Life Insurance Program

| Governed by: | Code of Virginia 51.1-506 and 51.1-508 and may be impacted as a result of funding provided to school divisions and governmental agencies by the Virginia General Assembly. |
|----------------------------|--|
| Total rate: | 1.34% of covered employee compensation. Rate allocated 60/40; 0.80% employee and 0.54% employer. Employers may elect to pay all or part of the employee contribution. |
| June 30, 2021 Contribution | \$ 482,620 |
| June 30, 2020 Contribution | \$ 473,016 |

Teacher Health Insurance Credit Program

| Governed by: | Code of Virginia 51.1-1401(E) and may be impacted as a result of funding provided to school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. |
|----------------------------|---|
| Total rate: | 1.21% of covered employee compensation. |
| June 30, 2021 Contribution | \$ 1,051,413 |
| June 30, 2020 Contribution | \$ 1,021,183 |

General Employee Health Insurance Credit Program

| Governed by: | Code of Virginia 51.1-1402(E) and may be impacted as a result of funding provided to governmental agencies by the Virginia General Assembly. |
|----------------------------|--|
| Total rate: | .11% of covered employee compensation. |
| June 30, 2021 Contribution | \$ 3,573 |
| June 30, 2020 Contribution | \$ 5,207 |

The net OPEB liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2020 and the total OPEB liabilities used to calculate the net OPEB liabilities were determined by actuarial valuations as of that date. The covered employer's proportion of the net OPEB liabilities were based on the covered employer's actuarially determined employer contributions for the year ended June 30, 2020 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers.

Group Life Insurance Program

| | Teacher SGLI | Non-Teacher SGLI Plan 1 | Non-Teacher SGLI Plan 2 |
|--------------------------------|-----------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| June 30, 2021 proportionate | | | |
| share of liability | \$6,904,142 | \$351,958 | \$123,995 |
| June 30, 2020 proportion | .41371 % | .02109% | .00743% |
| June 30, 2019 proportion | .42248 % | .02194% | .00820% |
| June 30, 2021 expense (income) | \$235,000 | \$24,000 | (\$14,000) |

Teacher Health Insurance Credit Program

| June 30, 2021 proportionate share of liability | \$12,665,029 |
|--|--------------|
| June 30, 2020 proportion | 0.97086% |
| June 30, 2019 proportion | 0.98686% |
| June 30, 2021 expense | \$ 981,000 |

Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the OPEB expense above was related to deferred amount from changes in proportion.

General Employee Health Insurance Credit Program

Changes in net OPEB liability of the General Employee Health Insurance Credit Program were as follows:

| | | Total OPEB .iability (a) | | Plan iduciary t Position (b) | | Net OPEB ility (Asset) (a) – (b) |
|------------------------------|----|-----------------------------------|----|---------------------------------------|-----|---|
| Balances at June 30, 2019 | \$ | 46,383 | \$ | 62,826 | | \$ (16,443) |
| Changes for the year: | | | | | | |
| Service cost | | 4,174 | | - | | 4,174 |
| Interest | | 3,126 | | - | | 3,126 |
| Changes in Benefit terms | | (902) | | - | | (902) |
| Changes of assumptions | | - | | | | |
| Differences between expected | | | | | | |
| and actual experience | | (6,394) | | - | | (6,394) |
| Contributions – employer | | - | | 5,207 | | (5,207) |
| Contributions – employee | | | | - | | |
| Net investment income | | - | | 1,307 | | (1,307) |
| Benefit payments | | (135) | | (135) | | - |
| Administrative expenses | | - | | (132) | | 132 |
| Other changes | | - | | (1) | , , | 1 |
| Net changes | · | (131) | · | 6,246 | | (6,377) |
| Balances at June 30, 2020 | \$ | 46,252 | \$ | 69,072 | | \$ (22,820) |

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the School Board recognized \$1,631 of OPEB expense for general employees.

At June 30, 2021 the School Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources.

Group Life Insurance Program

| | Deferred Outflows of Resources | | Deferred Inflows of Resources |
|---|--------------------------------------|-----------|-------------------------------------|
| Differences between expected and actual experience | \$ | 473,365 | \$ 66,286 |
| Change in assumptions | | 369,090 | 154,101 |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments | | 221,691 | - |
| Changes in proportion | | 80,439 | 273,372 |
| Employer contributions subsequent to the | | | |
| measurement date | | 482,620 | <u>-</u> |
| Total | \$ | 1,627,205 | \$ 493,759 |

Teacher Health Insurance Credit Program

| | Deferred Outflows of Resources | | Deferred Inflows of Resources |
|---|--------------------------------------|-----------|-------------------------------------|
| Differences between expected and actual experience | \$ | 56,126 | \$ 169,136 |
| Change in assumptions | | 250,370 | 69,198 |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments | | - | - |
| Changes in proportion | | 9,018 | 365,366 |
| Employer contributions subsequent to the | | | |
| measurement date | | 1,051,413 | - |
| Total | \$ | 1,366,927 | \$ 603,700 |

General Employee Health Insurance Credit Program

| | Deferred Outflows of Resources | | li | Deferred inflows of esources |
|---|--------------------------------|--------|----|------------------------------|
| Differences between expected and actual experience | \$ | 3,481 | \$ | 7,785 |
| Change in assumptions | | 950 | | 588 |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments | | 2,627 | | - |
| Changes in proportion | | | | |
| Employer contributions subsequent to the | | | | |
| measurement date | | 3,573 | | |
| Total | \$ | 10,631 | \$ | 8,373 |
| | | | | |

The deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from the School Board's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Group Life Insurance Program

Increase (Reduction)

| Year EndingJune 30, | to OPEB Expense | |
|---------------------|-----------------|--|
| | | |
| 2022 | 74,885 | |
| 2023 | 137,491 | |
| 2024 | 193,396 | |
| 2025 | 210,942 | |
| 2026 | 35,746 | |
| Thereafter | (1,634) | |

Teacher Health Insurance Credit Program

Increase (Reduction)

| Year Ending June 30, | to OPEB Expense | | |
|-------------------------|--------------------|--|--|
| | | | |
| 2022 | \$ (56,616) | | |
| 2023 | (51,053) | | |
| 2024 | (52,917) | | |
| 2025 | (48,183) | | |
| 2026 | (33,933) | | |
| Thereafter | (45,484) | | |

General Employee Health Insurance Credit Program

Increase (Reduction) Year Ending to OPEB June 30, Expense 2022 \$ (492)2023 (82)2024 (67)2025 66 2026 (42)Thereafter (698)

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability was determined using the following assumptions based on an actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2019, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020:

| Inflation | 2.5% |
|---|-------------------------------|
| Salary increases, including inflation: • Locality- general employees • Teachers | 3.5 - 5.35% 3.5 - 5.95% |
| Healthcare cost trend rates: • Under age 65 • Ages 65 and older | 7.00 - 4.75% 5.375 - 4.75% |
| Investment rate of return, net of expenses, including inflation* | GLI & HIC: 6.75% |

* Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed percent above. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 6.75% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be the percent noted above to simplify preparation of OPEB liabilities.

Mortality rates used for the various VRS OPEB plans are the same as those used for the actuarial valuations of the VRS pension plans. The mortality rates are discussed in detail at Note IV A.

Net OPEB Liabilities

The net OPEB liabilities represent each program's total OPEB liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, less the associated fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2020, net OPEB liability amounts for the various VRS OPEB programs are as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

| | oup Life nce Program | er Employee OPEB Plan |
|---|-------------------------|--------------------------|
| Total OPEB Liability | \$ 3,523,937 | \$ 1,448,676 |
| Plan fiduciary net position | 1,885,102 | 144,160 |
| Employers' net OPEB liability (asset) | \$ 1,638,835 | \$ 1,304,516 |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability | 52.64% | 9.95% |

The total liability is calculated by the VRS actuary and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the VRS financial statements. The net OPEB liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 74 in the VRS notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

Group Life Insurance and Health Insurance Credit Programs

The long-term expected rate of return on VRS investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

| | Target | Arithmetic Long-Term Expected Rate of | Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Rate of |
|--------------------------------------|------------|--|---|
| Asset Class (Strategy) | Allocation | Return | Return |
| Public Equity | 34.00 % | 4.65 % | 1.58 % |
| Fixed Income | 15.00 | 0.46 | 0.07 |
| Credit Strategies | 14.00 | 5.38 | 0.75 |
| Real Assets | 14.00 | 5.01 | 0.70 |
| Private Equity | 14.00 | 8.34 | 1.1718 |
| MAPS – Multi-Asset Public Strategies | 6.00 | 3.04 | 0.21 |
| PIP – Private Investment Partnership | 3.00 | 6.49 | 0.19 |
| Total | 100.00 % | | 4.64 % |
| Inflation | | 2.50 % | |
| *Expected arithmetic nominal return | | 7.14 % | |

* The aforementioned allocation provides for a one-year return of 7.14%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected rate of return for the system, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. The results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 7.11%, including expected inflation of 2.5%. On October 10, 2019, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of 6.75% which is roughly at the 40th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation. More recent capital market assumptions compiled for the fiscal year 2020 actuarial valuations provide a median return of 6.81%.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the GLI and HIC OPEB liabilities was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System member contributions will be made per the VRS Guidance and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020, the rate contributed by the employer for the OPEB liabilities will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly. From July 1, 2020 on, participating employers are assumed to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plans' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liabilities (asset) of the School Board, as well as what the School Board's net OPEB liabilities would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75% HIC) or one percentage point higher (7.75% HIC) than the current discount rate:

| | 1% decrease Rate (5.75%) | Current discount Rate (6.75%) | 1.00% Increase Rate (7.75%) |
|--|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| GLI Net OPEB liability | \$ 9,682,294 | \$ 7,380,095 | \$ 5,354,649 |
| Teacher HIC Net OPEB Liability | 14,127,561 | 12,665,029 | 11,339,983 |
| General Employee HIC Net OPEB liability (asset) | (16,559) | (22,820) | (28,038) |
| | \$ 23,793,296 | \$ 20,022,304 | \$ 16,666,594 |

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Information about the various VRS OPEB plan fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued VRS 2019 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. A copy of the 2020 VRS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2020-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

C. Pollution Remediation Obligation

In accordance with GASB No. 49, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pollution Remediation Obligations, The School Board is obligated to address pollution remediation activities associated with normal repair and maintenance activities. As of June 30, 2021 the School Board had contracts for ongoing asbestos monitoring, annual walkthroughs, permit review and sampling. The total obligation for the remaining portion of these contracts is \$0. During fiscal year 2021, RCPS expended \$125,281 for pollution remediation of certain environmental products including paints, solvents and cleaners and asbestos monitoring which is included in amounts shown for Operation and Maintenance of Plant on both the district-wide Statement of Activities (exhibit 2) and the governmental Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (exhibit 4). Management is not aware of any obligation related to removal or disposal of any other paints, chemicals, cleaning fluids, etc., other than those items already properly removed and disposed.

D. Risk Management

The School Board is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The school division, through a competitive procurement process is using the professional services of a firm to assist in determining appropriate levels of insurance coverage. Further, the firm assists with the placement of coverage with third party providers, including the Virginia Municipal League as noted below. Risk management activities are accounted for in the General Fund. Claims expenditures and liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. These losses include an estimate for claims that have been incurred but not reported (IBNR) primarily based upon past claims and an estimate by a qualified claims adjuster with a third party administrator. Workers' compensation claims have been estimated by an actuary.

The School Board has general liability, vehicular liability, and property insurance coverage through commercial insurers through the Virginia Municipal Liability Pool. There have been no significant changes in insurance coverage, or settlements exceeding insurance coverage, during the past three years. At Morningside Elementary school, a vendor was hired to replace the roof on this building. The School Board and this vendor are in dispute regarding both reimbursements for uninsured damages and payments for services.

The School Board is self-insured for workers' compensation claims, as well as for health insurance claims. The following table shows the activity in the accounts for the past two years.

| | Healthcare Claims | Workers' Compensation | Total |
|--|----------------------|--------------------------|--------------|
| Fiscal Year 2020-21: | | • | |
| Claims liability at July 1 Claims incurred (including IBNR and | \$ 4,637,071 | \$ 1,391,904 | \$ 6,028,975 |
| changes in estimates) | 19,287,929 | (225,032) | 19,062,897 |
| Claim payments | (19,687,633) | (283,180) | (19,970,813) |
| Claims liability at June 30 | 4,237,368 | 883,692 | 5,121,059 |
| Due and payable within one year | 4,237,368 | 475,465 | 4,712,833 |
| Long-term payable | \$ - | \$ 408,227 | \$ 408,227 |
| Fiscal Year 2019-20: | | | |
| Claims liability at July 1 Claims incurred (including IBNR and | \$ 5,039,134 | \$ 1,724,521 | \$ 6,763,655 |
| changes in estimates) | 19,287,929 | 66,264 | 19,354,193 |
| Claim payments | (19,689,992) | (398,882) | (20,088,873) |
| Claims liability at June 30 | 4,637,071 | 1,391,904 | 6,028,975 |
| Due and payable within one year | 4,637,071 | 766,953 | 5,404,024 |
| Long-term payable | \$ - | \$ 624,951 | \$ 624,951 |

E. Contingent Liabilities

Grants

Grants are subject to audit to determine compliance with their requirements. School Board officials believe that if any refunds are required, they would not have a significant effect on the financial condition or liquidity of the School Board.

Litigation

Various claims and lawsuits are pending against the School Board. It is the opinion of management, after consulting with legal counsel, that the potential loss, if any, on all claims and lawsuits will not materially affect the School Board's financial position due to adequate insurance coverage.

Contract Renewal

On July 1, 2019, the School Board entered into a contract with Durham School Services to provide transportation services, commencing on July 1, 2019 and continuing through June 30, 2024. This contract can be renewed for an additional five-year period. During fiscal year 2021 and 2020, net payments to Durham School Services were \$9,574,722 and \$8,447,095 for contracted services.

On April 4, 2016, the School Board entered into a contract with SodexoMagic, LLC commencing April 4, 2016 and continuing through June 30, 2016 whereby SodexoMagic, LLC would provide management of school food programs. The parties could renew the agreement up to four additional one year terms beginning July 1, 2016. Due to the circumstances surrounding COVID-19 which prevented a competitive

bid from being achieved, the contract was extended for one year beginning on July 1, 2021 and ending on June 30, 2022.

Total net payments to SodexoMagic, LLC during fiscal year 2021 and 2020 were \$3,414,436 and \$8,106,507 respectively. Future payments to SodexoMagic, LLC will depend upon the level of services required by RCPS.

Commitment

The School Board entered into a contract with BH Media Group, Inc. on June 11, 2021 to purchase a building and its adjoining parking lots located in Downtown Roanoke adjacent to the Noel C. Taylor Municipal Building. The agreed-upon purchase price is \$5,850,000. This building is intended to serve as administrative offices, warehouse space, and meeting rooms for the school division. The purchase of the building was conditioned upon a feasibility study period which extended beyond the end of the fiscal year. As a result, the building was paid for in FY2022 out of carried-forward fund balance funds committed for this purpose. The closing date on the purchase was October 22, 2021.

Other Matters

On January 30, 2020, the World Health Organization ("WHO") announced a global health emergency because of a new strain of coronavirus (the "COVID-19 outbreak") and the risks to the international community as the virus spreads globally beyond its point of origin. In March 2020, the WHO classified the COVID-19 outbreak as a pandemic, based on the rapid increase in exposure globally.

The School Board's operations are heavily dependent on funding from the Commonwealth of Virginia and the City of Roanoke's ability to raise taxes, assess fees, and access the capital markets. Additionally, access to grants and contracts from federal and state governments may decrease or may not be available depending on appropriations. The outbreak could continue to have a material adverse impact on economic and market conditions, due to pandemic triggering a period of global economic slowdown.

The impact of the COVID-19 outbreak continues to evolve as of the date of this report, and as such, the full magnitude of its effect on the Board's financial condition, liquidity, and future results of operations is uncertain.

Management is actively monitoring the impact of the global situation on its financial condition, liquidity, operations, suppliers, industry, and workforce. Given the daily evolution of the COVID-19 outbreak and the global responses to curb its spread, the Board is not able to estimate the effects of the COVID-19 outbreak on its results of operations, financial condition, or liquidity for future fiscal years.

The Board received \$12,754,836 in Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act funding that will be reported in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards for the Year Ending June 30, 2021 in a separate audit report. Further funds were made available after fiscal year end which will be reported in future periods.

F. Adoption of New Standard and Prior Period Restatement

In the current year the Schools adopted GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. This Statement establishes standards of accounting and financial reporting for fiduciary activities. The following is a summary of the restatements to fund balance and net position, as applicable, resulting from the adoption of GASB Statement No. 84:

| | School Activities | Governmental Activities | | |
|--|--------------------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| Fund balance / Net position July 1, 2020, as previously reported | \$ - | \$ (107,073,318) | | |
| Recognition of Fiduciary Activities in accordance with GASB No. 84 | 1,058,639 | 1,058,639 | | |
| Fund balance / Net position July 1, 2020, as restated | \$ 1,058,639 | \$ (106,014,679) | | |

G. New Accounting Pronouncements

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued the following Statements which are not yet effective. The effective dates below are updated based on **Statement No. 95**, *Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance* due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

.In June 2017, The GASB issued **Statement No. 87**, *Leases*. This Statement establishes standards of accounting and financial reporting for leases by lessees and lessors. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2021.

In May 2019, the GASB issued **Statement No. 91**, *Conduit Debt Obligations*. This Statement provides a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminates diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2021.

In January 2020, the GASB issued **Statement No. 92**, *Omnibus*. This Statement enhances comparability in accounting and financial reporting and improves the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. Certain requirements of this Statement are effective immediately and others for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

In March 2020, the GASB issued **Statement No. 93**, *Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates*. This Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting implications that result from the replacement of an IBOR. The removal of LIBOR as an appropriate benchmark interest rate is effective for reporting periods ending after December 31, 2022. All other requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

In March 2020, the GASB issued **Statement No. 94**, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*. This Statement improves financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public-public partnership arrangements (PPPs). The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

In May 2020, the GASB issued **Statement No. 96**, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*. This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

In June 2020, the GASB issued **Statement No. 97**, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans – an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a

Supersession of GASB Statement No. 32. This Statement provides a more consistent financial reporting of defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution OPEB plans, and other employee benefit plans, while mitigating the costs associated with reporting those plans. Certain requirements of this Statement are effective immediately and others for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

Management has not determined the effects these new GASB Statements may have on prospective financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION





Strong Students. Strong Schools. Strong City.

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THE SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF ROANOKE, VIRGINIA A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE CITY OF ROANOKE, VIRGINIA Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

| | | Budgeted | | Astrol | Variance with Final Budget Positive | | |
|---|----|-------------|------------------|--------|---|------------|-------------|
| | | Original | Final | | Actual Amounts | (Negative) | |
| Revenues: | | | | | | | (|
| Investment Income | \$ | - | \$ - | \$ | 52,340 | \$ | 52,340 |
| Intergovernmental: | | | | | | | - |
| City of Roanoke | | 82,788,981 | 82,788,981 | | 85,258,328 | | 2,469,347 |
| Commonwealth of Virginia | | 96,728,531 | 97,593,508 | | 101,681,682 | | 4,088,174 |
| Other Revenue | | 1,250,000 | 1,250,000 | | 1,094,109 | | (155,891) |
| Total Revenues | | 180,767,512 | 181,632,489 | | 188,086,459 | | 6,453,970 |
| Expenditures: | | | | | | | |
| Current - Education: | | | | | | | |
| Instruction | | 124,698,894 | 127,698,894 | | 119,315,752 | | 8,383,142 |
| Administration, Technology, Attendance & Health | | 15,110,038 | 15,770,038 | | 12,470,394 | | 3,299,644 |
| Transportation | | 11,201,639 | 12,204,139 | | 9,606,666 | | 2,597,473 |
| Operation & Maintenance of Plant | | 18,402,722 | 22,666,511 | | 19,324,385 | | 3,342,126 |
| Athletics | | 1,962,752 | 1,962,752 | | 1,112,176 | | 850,576 |
| Payments for Debt Service | | 12,627,647 | 12,627,647 | | 12,041,842 | | 585,805 |
| Total Expenditures | | 184,003,692 | 192,929,981 | | 173,871,215 | | 19,058,766 |
| Revenues (Under) Over Expenditures | | (3,236,180) | (11,297,492) | | 14,215,244 | | 25,512,736 |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses): | | | | | | | |
| Transfers From Other Funds | | 300,000 | 300.000 | | 3,398,417 | | 3,098,417 |
| Transfers To Other Funds | | 892,433 | 892,433 | | (1,067,845) | | (1,960,278) |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses), Net | | 1,192,433 | 1,192,433 | | 2,330,572 | | 1,138,139 |
| Net Change in Fund Balance | | (2,043,747) | (10,105,059) | | 16,545,816 | | 26,650,875 |
| Fund Balances, Beginning of Year | | 12,935,589 | 12,935,590 | | 26,772,980 | | <u>-</u> |
| Fund Balances, End of Year | \$ | 10,891,842 | \$ 2,830,531 | \$ | 43,318,796 | \$ | 26,650,875 |

See accompanying notes to the budgetary comparison schedules.

THE SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF ROANOKE, VIRGINIA A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE CITY OF ROANOKE, VIRGINIA

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Food Service Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

| | Budgeted Amounts Original and Final | | Actual mounts | Fi | riance with nal Budget Positive Negative) |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|------|------------------|----|--|
| Revenues: Intergovernmental: | | | | | |
| Commonwealth of Virginia | \$ 224,939 | 9 \$ | 188,983 | \$ | (21,850) |
| Federal Government | 8,812,853 | | 7,833,728 | | (284,679) |
| Charges for Services | 677,320 | | 148,347 | | (694,368) |
| Total Revenues | 9,715,112 | 2 | 8,171,058 | | (1,000,897) |
| Expenditures: Current - Education: | | | | | |
| Food Services | 9,665,112 | | 7,397,011 | | 1,774,944 |
| Total Expenditures | 9,665,112 | 2 | 7,397,011 | | 1,774,944 |
| Revenues (Under) Over Expenditures | 50,000 |) | 774,047 | | 774,047 |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses): | | | | | |
| Transfers To Other Funds | (300,000 | 0) | (300,000) | | - |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses), Net | (300,000 |)) | (300,000) | | - |
| Net Change in Fund Balance | (250,000 |)) | 474,047 | | 774,047 |
| Fund Balances, Beginning of Year | 3,084,801 | | 3,958,728 | | - |
| Fund Balances, End of Year | \$ 2,834,801 | l \$ | 4,432,775 | \$ | 774,047 |

See accompanying notes to the budgetary comparison schedules.

THE SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF ROANOKE, VIRGINIA A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE CITY OF ROANOKE, VIRGINIA Notes to the Budgetary Comparison Schedules For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability.

I. Budgetary Information.

Annual budgets, as required by state statute, are adopted on a basis consistent with U. S. generally accepted accounting principles for the General and Food Service Funds. The School Grants Fund adopts project-length budgets. All annual appropriations are adopted by City Council on a fund basis, which is the legal level of control by City Council over the School Board budget as established by state statute and city ordinance. The Food Service Fund is considered a state category in its entirety, although for management purposes differentiation is made between operating and capital outlays. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

On or before March 15 of each year, the School Board submits to the City Manager a proposed operating budget for the General Fund and the Food Service Fund for the fiscal year commencing July 1. The operating budgets include proposed expenditures detailed at the categorical level and the means of financing them.

The multi-year school grant budgets are originally appropriated on a project-length basis under which the total outlay for each grant is estimated for the length of the grant period. The budget for each school grant is legally enacted for the length of the grant. No budgetary comparison schedule is presented for the school grants fund.

Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments on the proposed budgets. Prior to May 15, the budgets are legally adopted through the passage of an appropriation ordinance by City Council.

Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General and Food Service Funds.

II. Material Violations.

There were no material violations of the annual appropriated budget for the General Fund or Food Service Fund for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

Schedule C

THE SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF ROANOKE, VIRGINIA

A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE CITY OF ROANOKE, VIRGINIA

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY (ASSET) AND RELATED RATIOS

June 30, 2021

Plan Year

| | 201 | 19-20 | 2 | 2018-19 | 2017-18 | 2016-17 |
|---|--------|----------|------|-----------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Total OPEB Liability | | | | | | |
| Service cost | \$ | 4,174 | \$ | 4,467 | \$ 4,524 | \$ 5,042 |
| Interest on total OPEB liability | | 3,126 | | 2,384 | 2,324 | 2,032 |
| Changes in benefit terms | | (902) | | • | - | - |
| Difference between expected and actual experience | | (6,394) | | 4,849 | - | - |
| Changes in assumptions | | - | | 1,324 | (3,907) | (1,356) |
| Benefit payments | | (135) | | (1,400) | (2,754) | (358) |
| Net change in total OPEB liability | | (131) | | 11,624 | 187 | 5,360 |
| Total OPEB liability - beginning | | 46,383 | | 34,759 | 34,572 | 29,212 |
| Total OPEB liability - ending | | 46,252 | | 46,383 | 34,759 | 34,572 |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position | | | | | | |
| Contributions - employer | | 5,207 | | 5,161 | 4,036 | 3,534 |
| Contributions - employee | | - | | - | - | - |
| Net investment income | | 1,307 | | 3,762 | 3,664 | 5,134 |
| Benefit payments | | (135) | | (1,400) | (2,754) | (358) |
| Administrative expenses | | (132) | | (84) | (88) | (88) |
| Other | | (1) | | (5) | (247) | 247 |
| Net change in plan fiduciary net position | | 6,246 | | 7,434 | 4,611 | 8,469 |
| Plan fiduciary net position - beginning | | 62,826 | | 55,392 | 50,781 | 42,312 |
| Plan fiduciary net position - ending | | 69,072 | | 62,826 | 55,392 | 50,781 |
| Net OPEB liability(asset)- ending | \$ (| (22,820) | \$ | (16,443) | \$ (20,633) | \$ (16,209) |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage | | | | | | |
| of total OPEB liability | | 149% | | 135% | 159% | 147% |
| Covered payroll | \$ 4,3 | 00,605 | \$ 4 | 4,096,741 | \$ 3,877,422 | \$ 3,211,898 |
| Net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage | | 40/ | | 00/ | 40/ | 40/ |
| of covered employee payroll | | -1% | | 0% | -1% | -1% |

The plan years above are reported in the entity's financial statements in the fiscal year following the plan year - i.e., plan year 2020 information was presented in the entity's fiscal year 2021 financial report.

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since fiscal year 2021 (plan year 2020) was the fourth year for this presentation, no earlier data is available. Additional years will be included as they become available.

THE SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF ROANOKE, VIRGINIA A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE CITY OF ROANOKE, VIRGINIA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S SHARE OF NET OPEB LIABILITY

| Year Ended June 30 | Employer's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) | Pr Sha | Employer's coportionate are of the Net PEB Liability (Asset) | Employer's Covered Payroll | | Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll | Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability |
|--|--|-------------------|--|----------------------------------|--|---|---|
| Schools - Prof | essional Employees | (SGL | I) | | | | |
| 2021 2020 2019 2018 Schools - Prof | 0.41% 0.42% 0.42% 0.43% essional Employees | \$ (HIC) \$ | 12,700,000 | \$ | 85,100,982 82,812,213 80,238,605 79,683,440 85,100,982 | 8.11% 8.30% 7.99% 8.16% | 52.64% 52.00% 51.22% 48.86% |
| 2019 2018 | 0.99% 0.99% 1.01% Professional Emplo | yees | 12,919,000 12,597,000 12,810,000 (SGLI) | | 82,812,213 80,238,605 79,683,440 | 15.60% 15.70% 16.08% | 8.97% 8.08% 7.04% |
| 2021 2020 2019 2018 | .021%/.0074% .021%/.0082% .019%/.0093% .017%/.011% | \$ | 476,000 490,000 434,000 425,000 | \$ | 5,866,775 5,907,182 5,435,214 5,205,263 | 8.11% 8.29% 7.98% 8.16% | 52.64% 52.00% 51.22% 48.86% |

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since fiscal year 2021 (plan year 2020) was the fourth year for this presentation, no earlier data is available. Additional years will be included as they become available.

The covered payroll amounts above are for the entity's fiscal year - i.e. the covered payroll on which required contributions were based for the same year.

THE SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF ROANOKE, VIRGINIA A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE CITY OF ROANOKE, VIRGINIA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS June 30, 2021

| Entity Fiscal Year Ended | | Actuarially etermined | R A | tributions in elation to ctuarially etermined | Contribution Deficiency | | Covered | Contributions as a Percentage of Covered |
|-----------------------------|----------|--------------------------|----------------|--|----------------------------|----|------------|--|
| June 30 | | ontribution | | eterrimed | (Excess) | | Payroll | Payroll |
| Julie 30 | | Sittibution | | nitribution . | (LACESS) | | 1 ayron | 1 ayıon |
| <u>Professional</u> | | | | | | | | |
| Schools - Profes | siona | al Employees | (SGLI) | | | | | |
| 2021 | \$ | 452,211 | \$ | 452,211 | - | \$ | 86,869,983 | 0.52% |
| 2020 | | 442,525 | | 442,525 | - | | 85,100,982 | 0.52% |
| 2019 | | 430,624 | | 430,624 | - | | 82,812,213 | 0.52% |
| 2018 | | 417,241 | | 417,241 | - | | 80,238,605 | 0.52% |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Schools - Teach | | | | • | | | | |
| 2021 | \$ | 1,051,413 | \$ | 1,051,413 | - | \$ | 86,869,983 | 1.21% |
| 2020 | | 1,021,183 | | 1,021,183 | - | | 85,100,982 | 1.20% |
| 2019 | | 993,285 | | 993,285 | - | | 82,812,213 | 1.23% |
| 2018 | | 987,227 | | 987,227 | - | | 80,238,605 | 1.23% |
| Nonprofessiona | <u>l</u> | | | | | | | |
| Schools - Nonpr | ofess | ional Employ | ees (SG | LI) | | | | |
| 2021 | \$ | 30,409 | \$ | 30,409 | - | \$ | 5,847,907 | 0.52% |
| 2020 | | 30,491 | | 30,491 | - | | 5,866,775 | 0.52% |
| 2019 | | 30,717 | | 30,717 | - | | 5,907,182 | 0.52% |
| 2018 | | 28,263 | | 28,263 | - | | 4,535,214 | 0.62% |
| Schools - Nonpr | ofoss | ional Employ | ممد (۱۱۱۲ | | | | | |
| 2021 | \$ | 3,573 | ees (nic \$ | 3,573 | _ | \$ | 4,466,752 | 0.08% |
| 2021 | Ψ | 5,207 | Ψ | 5,207 | _ | Ψ | 4,400,732 | 0.12% |
| 2019 | | 5,207 5,161 | | 5,207 5,161 | - | | 4,096,741 | 0.12% |
| 2019 | | 4,036 | | 4,036 | - | | 3,877,422 | 0.11% |
| 2010 | | 4,030 | | 4,030 | - | | 3,011,422 | 0.10% |

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since fiscal year 2021 (plan year 2020) was the fourth year for this presentation, no earlier data is available. Additional years will be included as they become available.

The covered payroll amounts above are for the entity's fiscal year - i.e. the covered payroll on which required contributions were based for the same year.

THE SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF ROANOKE, VIRGINIA NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION June 30, 2021

Note 1. Changes of Benefit Terms

Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

There have been no actuarially material changes to the Virginia Retirement System (System) benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Note 2. Changes of Assumptions

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012, through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Largest 10 – Non-Hazardous Duty:

- Update mortality table to RP-2014 projected to 2020
- Lowered rates at older ages and extended final retirement age from 70 to 75
- Update withdrawal rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
- Lowered rates of disability retirement
- No changes to salary rates
- Increase Line of Duty Disability rates from 14% to 20%
- Decrease discount rate from 7.00% to 6.75%
- Applicable to: Pension, GLI OPEB, and HIC OPEB

-

All Others (Non 10 Largest) – Non-Hazardous Duty:

- Update mortality table to RP-2014 projected to 2020
- Lowered rates of retirement at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
- Update withdrawal rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
- Lowered disability rates
- No changes to salary rates
- Increased Line of Duty disability rate from 14% to 15%
- Decreased discount rate from 7.00% to 6.75%
- Applicable to: Pension, GLI OPEB, and HIC OPEB

Teacher cost-sharing pool

- Update mortality table to RP-2014 projected to 2020
- Lowered retirement rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
- Update withdrawal rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through
 9 years of service
- Update disability rates to better fit experience
- No changes to salary rates
- Decreased discount rate from 7.00% to 6.75%
- Applicable to: Pension, GLI OPEB, and HIC OPEB

THE SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF ROANOKE, VIRGINIA A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE CITY OF ROANOKE, VIRGINIA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION ASSET AND RELATED RATIOS June 30, 2021

Schools - Non Professional Employees

| | 2 | 019-2020 | 2018-19 |
|--|----|-------------|-------------------|
| Total Pension Liability | | | |
| Service cost | \$ | 341,743 | \$ 330,934 |
| Interest on total pension liability | | 193,074 | 157,720 |
| Changes in benefit terms | | - | - |
| Difference between expected and actual experience | | 35,755 | 77,685 |
| Changes in assumptions | | - | 95,414 |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions | | (71,644) | (37,449) |
| Net change in total pension liability | | 498,928 | 624,304 |
| Total pension liability - beginning | | 2,896,171 | 2,271,867 |
| Total pension liability - ending | | 3,395,099 | 2,896,171 |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position | | | |
| Contributions - employer | | 103,807 | 109,376 |
| Contributions - employee | | 195,784 | 195,963 |
| Net investment income | | 81,372 | 255,942 |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions | | (71,644) | (37,449) |
| Administrative expenses | | (2,482) | (2,153) |
| Other | | (99) | (164) |
| Net change in plan fiduciary net position | | 306,738 | 521,515 |
| | | | |
| Plan fiduciary net position - beginning | | 4,103,589 | 3,582,074 |
| Plan fiduciary net position - ending | | 4,410,327 | 4,103,589 |
| Net pension Asset - ending | \$ | (1,015,228) | \$ (1,207,418) |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension asset | | 130% | 142% |
| Covered payroll | \$ | 4,331,920 | \$ 4,300,605 |
| Net pension asset as a percentage of covered employee payroll | | -23% | -28% |

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2015 was the first year for this presentation, only six years of data is available. However, additional years will be included as they become available. Due to the length of the report, years 2015 through 2018 are continued on the following page.

The plan years above are reported in the entity's financial statements in the fiscal year following the plan year.

THE SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF ROANOKE, VIRGINIA

A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE CITY OF ROANOKE, VIRGINIA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION ASSET AND RELATED RATIOS June 30, 2021

Schools- Nonprofessional Employees

| | 201 | 7-18 | | 2016-17 | 016-17 2015-16 | | 2014-15 | | | 2013-14 |
|---|-----|-------------|----|-------------|----------------|-----------|---------|-----------|----|-----------|
| Total Pension Liability | | | | | | | | | | |
| Service cost | \$ | 303,752 | \$ | 327,500 | \$ | 292,621 | \$ | 250,347 | \$ | 238,778 |
| Interest on total pension liability | | 137,429 | | 115,185 | | 90,855 | | 75,430 | | 57,278 |
| Changes in benefit terms | | | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Difference between expected and actual experience | | (108,492) | | 22,079 | | 3,596 | | (71,963) | | - |
| Changes in assumptions | | | | (95,226) | | | | - | | - |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions | | (48,197) | | (55,331) | | (23,660) | | (43,270) | | (30,199) |
| Net change in total pension liability | | 284,492 | | 314,207 | | 363,412 | - | 210,544 | | 265,857 |
| Total pension liability - beginning | | 1,987,375 | | 1,673,168 | | 1,309,756 | | 1,099,212 | | 833,355 |
| Total pension liability - ending | | 2,271,867 | | 1,987,375 | | 1,673,168 | | 1,309,756 | | 1,099,212 |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position | | | | | | | | | | |
| Contributions - employer | | 98,135 | | 93,237 | | 114,441 | | 103,468 | | 167,937 |
| Contributions - employee | | 169,352 | | 164,828 | | 145,769 | | 131,040 | | 112,035 |
| Net investment income | | 238,853 | | 332,502 | | 48,318 | | 99,131 | | 259,744 |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions | | (48,197) | | (55,331) | | (23,660) | | (43,270) | | (30,199) |
| Administrative expenses | | (1,842) | | (1,688) | | (1,296) | | (1,144) | | (1,173) |
| Other | | (222) | | (306) | | (19) | | (21) | | 14 |
| Net change in plan fiduciary net position | | 456,079 | | 533,242 | | 283,553 | | 289,204 | | 508,358 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| Plan fiduciary net position - beginning | | 3,126,025 | | 2,592,783 | _ | 2,309,230 | | 2,020,026 | | 1,511,668 |
| Plan fiduciary net position - ending | | 3,582,104 | - | 3,126,025 | - | 2,592,783 | | 2,309,230 | | 2,020,026 |
| Net pension Asset - ending | \$ | (1,310,237) | \$ | (1,138,650) | \$ | (919,615) | \$ | (999,474) | \$ | (920,814) |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total | | | | | | | | | | |
| pension assets | | 158% | | 157% | _ | 155% | | 176% | _ | 184% |
| Covered payroll | \$ | 3,688,153 | \$ | 2,615,319 | \$ | 2,662,777 | \$ | 2,505,966 | \$ | 2,220,265 |
| Net persion asset as a percentage of covered | | | | | | | | | | |
| employee payroll | | -36% | | -44% | _ | -35% | | -40% | _ | -41% |

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2015 was the first year for this presentation, only seven years of data is available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

The plan years above are reported in the entity's financial statements in the fiscal year following the plan year.

THE SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF ROANOKE, VIRGINIA A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE CITY OF ROANOKE, VIRGINIA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS June 30, 2021

| Entity Fiscal Year Ended June 30 | De | ctuarially etermined ntribution | in F Ad De | etributions Relation to ctuarially etermined ntribution | tribution cy (Excess) | Covered Payroll | Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll |
|--|---------|---------------------------------------|------------------|---|------------------------------|--------------------|--|
| Schools - Nonpr | ofessio | onal Employed | es | | | | |
| 2021 | \$ | 96,613 | \$ | 96,613 | \$ - | \$ 4,466,752 | 2.16% |
| 2020 | | 109,376 | | 109,376 | - | 4,331,920 | 2.52% |
| 2019 | | 109,254 | | 109,254 | - | 4,300,605 | 2.54% |
| 2018 | | 98,135 | | 98,135 | - | 3,688,153 | 2.66% |
| 2017 | | 93,497 | | 93,497 | - | 2,615,319 | 3.57% |
| 2016 | | 126,073 | | 126,073 | - | 2,662,777 | 4.73% |
| 2015 | | 126,993 | | 126,993 | - | 2,505,966 | 5.07% |

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2015 was the first year for this presentation, only six years of data are available. Additional years will be included as they become available.

THE SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF ROANOKE, VIRGINIA A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE CITY OF ROANOKE, VIRGINIA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY

VRS TEACHER RETIREMENT PLAN June 30, 2021

| Entity Fiscal Year Ended June 30 | Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) | P Sh | Employer's roportionate are of the Net nsion Liability (Asset) | Empl | oyer's Covered Payroll | Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Employee Payroll | Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability |
|-------------------------------------|---|---------|--|------|---------------------------|---|--|
| 2021 | 0.97% | \$ | 141,329,284 | \$ | 85,100,982 | 166.07% | 71.47% |
| 2020 | 0.99% | | 129,942,187 | | 82,767,236 | 157.00% | 73.51% |
| 2019 | 0.99% | | 116,773,000 | | 80,236,536 | 145.54% | 74.81% |
| 2018 | 1.01% | | 123,985,000 | | 79,683,440 | 155.60% | 72.92% |
| 2017 | 1.01% | | 141,324,000 | | 76,869,589 | 183.85% | 68.28% |
| 2016 | 1.00% | | 125,881,000 | | 74,342,482 | 188.29% | 70.68% |
| 2015 | 0.98% | | 118,679,000 | | 71,721,119 | 165.47% | 70.88% |

CITY OF ROANOKE PENSION PLAN June 30, 2021

| Entity Fiscal Year Ended June 30 | Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) | Pro Sha | mployer's oportionate re of the Net sion Liability (Asset) | • | yer's Covered loyee Payroll | Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Employee Payroll | Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability |
|-------------------------------------|---|------------|--|----|--------------------------------|---|--|
| 2021 | 1.59% | \$ | 2,405,192 | \$ | 1,515,322 | 158.72% | 73.70% |
| 2020 | 1.78% | | 2,476,003 | | 1,607,148 | 154.06% | 75.60% |
| 2019 | 1.95% | | 2,476,295 | | 1,757,341 | 140.91% | 77.30% |
| 2018 | 2.18% | | 3,130,602 | | 1,985,104 | 157.70% | 74.00% |
| 2017 | 2.94% | | 4,984,640 | | 2,617,813 | 190.41% | 68.70% |
| 2016 | 3.48% | | 4,882,739 | | 2,690,736 | 186.52% | 73.80% |
| 2015 | 3.63% | | 4,256,291 | | 2,927,301 | 145.40% | 77.23% |

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2015 was the first year for this presentation, only seven years of data are available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

The covered payroll amounts above are for the entity's fiscal year - i.e., the covered payroll on which required contributions were based for the same year.

THE SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF ROANOKE, VIRGINIA A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE CITY OF ROANOKE, VIRGINIA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS

VRS TEACHER RETIREMENT PLAN June 30, 2021

| Year Ended June 30 | Year Ended Red | | Contributions in Relation to tractually cquired Required tribution Contribution | | | ribution ciency cess) | Covered Employee Payroll | Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll |
|-----------------------|----------------|------------|---|------------|----|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| 2021 | \$ | 13,881,761 | \$ | 13,881,761 | \$ | - | \$ 86,869,983 | 15.98% |
| 2020 | | 12,870,331 | | 12,870,331 | | - | 85,100,982 | 15.12% |
| 2019 | | 12,653,417 | | 12,653,417 | | - | 82,767,236 | 15.29% |
| 2018 | | 12,842,165 | | 12,842,165 | | - | 80,236,536 | 16.01% |
| 2017 | | 11,471,695 | | 11,471,695 | | - | 79,683,440 | 14.40% |
| 2016 | | 11,164,143 | | 11,164,143 | | - | 76,869,589 | 14.52% |
| 2015 | | 11,825,296 | | 11,825,296 | | - | 74,342,482 | 15.91% |

CITY OF ROANOKE PENSION PLAN June 30, 2021

| Year Ended June 30 | R | ntractually equired ntribution | Re Cor R | tributions in elation to ntractually dequired ntribution | Defic | bution ency ess) | Covered Employee Payroll | Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll |
|-----------------------|----|--------------------------------------|----------------|--|-------|------------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| 2021 | \$ | 191,759 | \$ | 191,759 | \$ | - | \$ 1,467,600 | 13.07% |
| 2020 | | 200,200 | | 200,200 | | - | 1,515,322 | 13.21% |
| 2019 | | 222,911 | | 222,911 | | - | 1,607,148 | 13.87% |
| 2018 | | 248,488 | | 248,488 | | - | 1,757,341 | 14.14% |
| 2017 | | 257,269 | | 257,269 | | - | 1,985,104 | 12.96% |
| 2016 | | 340,838 | | 340,838 | | - | 2,617,813 | 13.02% |
| 2015 | | 527,115 | | 527,115 | | - | 2,690,736 | 19.59% |

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2015 was the first year for this presentation, only seven years of data are available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

The covered payroll amounts above are for the entity's fiscal year - i.e., the covered payroll on which required contributions were based for the same year.

THE SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF ROANOKE, VIRGINIA NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION June 30, 2021

Note 1. Changes of Benefit Terms

Pension

There have been no actuarially material changes to the Virginia Retirement System (System) benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Note 2. Changes of Assumptions

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012, through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Largest 10 – Non-Hazardous Duty:

- Update mortality table to RP-2014 projected to 2020
- Lowered rates at older ages and extended final retirement age from 70 to 75
- Update withdrawal rates to better fit experience at each age and service through 9 years of service
- Lowered rates of disability retirement
- No changes to salary rates
- Increased Line of Duty Disability rates from 14% to 20%
- Decrease discount rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

All Others (Non 10 Largest) – Non-Hazardous Duty:

- Update mortality table to RP-2014 projected to 2020
- Lowered rates of retirement at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
- Update withdrawal rates to better fit experience at each age and service through 9 years of service
- Lowered disability rates
- No changes to salary rates
- Increased Line of Duty disability rate from 14% to 15%
- Decreased discount rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

Teacher cost-sharing pool

- Update mortality table to RP-2014 projected to 2020
- Lowered retirement rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
- Update withdrawal rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
- Update disability rates to better fit experience
- No changes to salary rates
- Decreased discount rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

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OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION





Strong Students. Strong Schools. Strong City.

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Schedule E

THE SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF ROANOKE, VIRGINIA A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE CITY OF ROANOKE, VIRGINIA Schedule of Insurance Coverage For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

| | Amount |
|--|-------------------|
| The Virginia Association of Counties Liability Pool Property and Scheduled Equipment Coverage | \$ 454,212,605 |
| The Virginia Association of Counties Liability Pool Local Government Liability Coverage | 2,000,000 |
| The Virginia Association of Counties Liability Pool Automobile Coverage | 2,000,000 |
| The Virginia Association of Counties Liability Pool No Fault Property Coverage | 10,000 |
| The Virginia Association of Counties Liability Pool Excess Liability Coverage | 9,000,000 |
| The Virginia Association of Counties Liability Pool Fidelity/Crime Coverage | 1,000,000 |
| The Virginia Association of Counties Liability Pool Cyber Liability | 5,000,000 |
| United States Fire Insurance Company Student Accident Insurance - Coordinated with VHSLCI | 5,000,000 |
| The Virginia Association of Counties Liability Pool Workers' Compensation Employer's Liability Maximum | 1,000,000 |
| ReliaStar Life Insurance Company Health Insurance aggregate reimbursement maximum | 1,000,000 |
| | .,000,000 |

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STATISTICAL SECTION (Unaudited)





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INTRODUCTION TO THE STATISTICAL SECTION

The Statistical Section of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the School Board of the City of Roanoke, Virginia, presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information indicates about the School Board's overall financial condition.

| Contents | Page |
|---|---|
| Financial Trends | nder understand how |
| Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader as Board's most significant local revenue source. | |
| Debt Capacity The City of Roanoke levies taxes for the School Board op debt for School Board capital projects. These schedules to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's cur outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional of | eration and issues present information rent levels of |
| Demographic and Economic Indicators These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators reader understand the environment within which the School activities take place. | tors to help the |
| Operating Information | o help the reader |

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial report for the relevant year.

Roanoke City Public Schools Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Unaudited)

| | Net | Investment in | | | | Total |
|------------------|-----|---------------|-----|----------|------------------|------------------|
| | Ca | pital Assets | Res | tricted | Unrestricted | Net Position |
| Fiscal Year 2012 | \$ | 2,787,940 | \$ | - | \$ 32,877,524 | \$ 35,665,464 |
| Fiscal Year 2013 | | 2,760,872 | | - | 32,188,392 | 34,949,264 |
| Fiscal Year 2014 | | 2,740,357 | | - | 28,421,588 | 31,161,945 |
| Fiscal Year 2015 | | 3,016,131 | | - | (105,376,673) | (102,360,542) |
| Fiscal Year 2016 | | 3,094,777 | | - | (102,095,468) | (99,000,691) |
| Fiscal Year 2017 | | 2,913,761 | | - | (105,347,694) | (102,433,933) |
| Fiscal Year 2018 | | 3,034,853 | | - | (120,571,651) | (117,536,798) |
| Fiscal Year 2019 | | 3,489,869 | | - | (116,524,523) | (113,034,654) |
| Fiscal Year 2020 | | 6,620,465 | 1 | ,223,861 | (114,917,644) | (107,073,318) |
| Fiscal Year 2021 | | 6,882,591 | 1 | ,038,258 | (94,645,501) | (86,724,652) |

Source: Statement of Net Position (Exhibit 1).

Roanoke City Public Schools Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

| 2020 142,783,571 \$ 13 14,453,252 1 2,423,737 10,356,563 1 15,105,541 1 8,951,186 1,606,138 12,700,743 1 208,381,291 20 | | \$ 135,484,910 \$ 12,000,357 2,204,531 10,581,175 15,274,471 8,382,447 1,833,502 13,867,098 199,628,431 | 2017 134,380,569 \$ 13,231,068 2,300,578 10,769,118 15,670,270 8,918,197 1,919,667 14,274,185 | 2016 125,138,180 14,014,816 2,088,754 10,509,337 | _ | \$ 115,218,083 \$ 12,161,115 | 2013 | 2012 \$108,920,537 |
|--|--------------|---|---|--|--|---|---|---|
| | | | | 125,138,180 14,014,816 2,088,754 10,509,337 | 124,257,802 12,521,240 2,008,631 | 115,218,083 12,161,115 | | \$108,920,537 |
| | | | | 2,088,754 10,509,337 | 12,521,240 12,521,240 2,008,631 | 12,161,115 | | 4100,020,001 |
| | | 10,581,175 15,274,411 8,382,447 1,833,502 13,867,098 99,628,431 | 2,300,578 10,769,118 15,670,270 8,918,197 1,919,667 14,274,185 201,463,655 | 2,088,754 2,088,754 10,509,337 | 2,008,631 | 2, 101, 10 | 12 3 10 863 | 10 847 658 |
| | | 2,204,531 10,581,175 10,581,175 18,382,447 13,867,098 99,628,431 | 2,300,376 10,769,118 15,670,270 8,918,197 1,919,667 14,274,185 201,463,652 | 2,086,734 10,509,337 45,234,547 | 2,008,031 | 700707 | 2,000,000 | 20,000 |
| | | 10,581,175 15,274,411 1838,502 13,867,098 99,628,431 | 10,769,118 15,670,270 8,918,197 1,919,667 14,274,185 201,463,652 | 10,509,337 | | 4,404,734 | 4,104,983 | 3,886,004 |
| 2 | | 15,274,411 8,382,447 1,833,502 13,867,098 99,628,431 | 15,670,270 8,918,197 1,919,667 14,274,185 201,463,652 | 7 | 10,407,387 | 10,331,892 | 9,671,918 | 10,024,200 |
| | | 8,382,447 1,833,502 13,867,098 99,628,431 | 8,918,197 1,919,667 14,274,185 201,463,652 | 10,407,01 | 15,423,475 | 14,311,773 | 13,338,890 | 13,060,376 |
| | | 1,833,502 13,867,098 99,628,431 | 1,919,667 14,274,185 201,463,652 | 7,417,602 | 6,882,007 | 6,709,067 | 6,816,374 | 6,231,331 |
| | | 99,628,431 | 14,274,185 201,463,652 | 1.883,433 | 1.826.495 | 1.626.777 | 1.583,315 | 1.557.556 |
| | | 99,628,431 | 201,463,652 | 15,073,688 | 14,632,053 | 15,502,968 | 15,954,665 | 16.348.972 |
| 3,481,775 14,854 | 6,256,197 | 790 057 | | 191,360,327 | 187,959,090 | 180,325,909 | 177,111,189 | 170,989,194 |
| 3,481,775 14,854 | 6,256,197 | 6 040 | | | | | | |
| 3,481,775 14,854 | 6,256,197 | 6 0 10 0 67 | | | | | | |
| 14,854 | | 0,010,00 | 6,304,348 | 5,850,683 | 6,567,954 | 4,140,707 | 3,797,462 | 3,299,018 |
| | 10,742 | 30,795 | 11,662 | 37,208 | 91,742 | 272,605 | 158,267 | 49,577 |
| | | | • | • | • | • | • | • |
| | , | • | • | • | • | 27,768 | 66,138 | 63,840 |
| • | | | • | • | • | 3,721 | 74,037 | 43,041 |
| 407,538 | 641,510 | 782,182 | 934,463 | 919,537 | 1,098,051 | 1,148,606 | 1,146,209 | 1,269,261 |
| 168,332 | 179,868 | 191,342 | 182,988 | 171,751 | 186,764 | 171,605 | 162,282 | 184,231 |
| 54,455,142 5 | 5,453,563 | 53,096,581 | 49,701,684 | 49,230,834 | 42,055,561 | 42,615,404 | 44,492,512 | 50,542,428 |
| 61,527,641 6 | 32,541,880 | 60,118,967 | 57,135,145 | 56,210,013 | 50,000,072 | 48,380,416 | 49,896,907 | 55,451,396 |
| | _ | 39.509.464) | (144.328.507) | (135,150,314) | (137.959.018) | (131.945.493) | (127.214.282) | (115,537,798) |
| | | | ()) () () () () () () () () (| (() | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| 83,439,689 8 | 33,368,789 | 81,237,799 | 78,359,591 | 79,435,819 | 76,437,785 | 74,366,181 | 73,870,214 | 78,351,405 |
| 68,084,321 6 | 3,594,864 | 61,425,627 | 61,765,617 | 58,191,410 | 57,517,691 | 52,263,074 | 51,367,376 | 49,125,626 |
| • | • | • | • | • | • | • | 15,809 | 18,695 |
| 334,654 | 428,310 | 293,687 | 120,075 | 49,145 | 49,049 | 73,939 | 68,365 | 35,626 |
| 956,322 | 1,080,634 | 938,651 | 649,982 | 833,791 | 703,547 | 1,454,980 | 1,176,318 | 1,253,544 |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | | • | • | • | • | • | • |
| | | | | | | | • | • |
| 152,814,986 14 | | 43,895,764 | 140,895,265 | 138,510,165 | 134,708,072 | 128,158,174 | 126,498,082 | 128,784,896 |
| 5,961,336 \$ | 4,502,144 \$ | 4,386,300 \$ | (3,433,242) \$ | 3,359,851 | (3,250,946) | (3,787,319) | (716,200) | \$ 13,247,098 |
| | 10 4 8 | | 6,018,067 30,795 | 6,018,067 6,304,348 30,795 11,662 | 6,018,067 6,304,348 5,850,683 30,795 11,662 37,208 | 6,018,067 6,304,348 5,850,683 6,567,954 30,795 11,662 37,208 91,742 | 6,018,067 6,304,348 5,850,683 6,567,954 4,140,707 30,795 11,662 37,208 91,742 272,605 | 6,018,067 6,304,348 5,850,683 6,567,954 4,140,707 3,797,462 30,795 11,662 37,208 91,742 272,605 158,267 - |

Source: Statement of Activities (Exhibit 2).

Roanoke City Public Schools Fund Balance of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

| | | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 |
|--|---|--------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|---|------------|
| Post-GASB 54 implementation: General Fund | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Restricted | છ | ⇔ ' | ⇔ ' | ⇔ ' | ⇔ ' | ⇔ ' | • | · \$ | · • | \$ 4,835,968 \$ | 950,338 |
| Nonspendable | | 944,422 | 1,197,024 | 505,968 | 316,495 | 326,238 | 315,088 | 350,729 | 381,211 | 284,776 | 208,310 |
| Committed | | 12,160,042 | 8,257,297 | 4,757,561 | 2,201,835 | 2,478,771 | 2,478,771 | 2,478,771 | 1,475,000 | 750,000 | 6,615,010 |
| Assigned Unassigned | | - 22,791,837 | 25,999,072 | - 24,841,317 | 21,926,916 | 21,553,941 | 19,286,352 | 20,182,146 | 17,645,076 | 20,902,236 | 35,545,138 |
| Total General Fund | φ | 35,896,301 \$ | 35,453,393 \$ | 30,104,846 \$ | 24,445,246 \$ | 24,358,950 \$ | 22,080,211 | \$ 23,011,646 | \$ 19,501,287 | \$ 23,011,646 \$ 19,501,287 \$ 26,772,980 \$ | 43,318,796 |
| All Other Governmental Funds Nonspendable | ↔ | ↔ | <i>⇔</i> | 5,214 \$ | <i>⇔</i> | 15,727 \$ | | \$ 4,010 | Ө | \$ 4,171 \$ | |
| Committed Assigned Unassigned | | 57,922 2,989,357 - | 305,726 2,100,558 - | 182,116 2,147,563 - | 132,428 2,052,546 - | 58,315 2,999,943 - | 58,315 3,043,436 - | 58,315 3,312,476 - | 3,746,386 | 3,954,557 | 5,515,410 |
| Total all other governmental funds | ↔ | 3,047,279 \$ | 2,406,284 \$ | 2,334,893 \$ | 2,184,974 \$ | 3,073,985 \$ | 3,101,751 | \$ 3,374,801 | \$ 3,746,386 | 3,101,751 \$ 3,374,801 \$ 3,746,386 \$ 3,958,728 \$ | 5,515,410 |

Source: Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds (Exhibit 3).

Note: 2011 was the first year of implementing GASB 54 which revised fund balance classifications.

Roanoke City Public Schools Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Vears (Unaudied) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

| | | 2021 | | 2020 | 2 | 2019 | 2018 | | 2017 | | 2016 | 2015 | | 2014 | | 2013 | 2012 | |
|---|----|-------------|----------|-------------|--------|-------------|----------------|--------|---------------|-------------|---------------|---------------|-------------|----------------|--------------|-------------|----------------|--------------|
| Revenues: | е | 85 258 328 | e | 020 040 020 | α 6 | 83 630 403 | © 80 000 413 | 6 | 79 360 659 | 6 | 70 354 317 | 26.45 | 7 785 | ¢ 74.165.072 | 9 | 72 555 711 | \$ 78.351.40E | Į. |
| Commonwealth of Virginia | • | 108 744 107 | 9 | 99 979 094 | | 95,685,73 | | | 89 760 821 | > | 83 245 409 | | | | | 71 641 056 | | 3 8 |
| Federal Government | | 34,791,102 | | 22,526,415 | . 6 | 23,340,443 | 22.677,812 | 12 | 22,200,986 | | 22,238,051 | 18.06 | 18,066,127 | 19,696,156 | 9 9 | 23.476.103 | 29,877,473 | <u>ي</u> ي |
| Charges for services | | 2,466,394 | | 6,372,855 | | 6,278,092 | 6,240,713 | 13 | 6,433,934 | | 6,165,705 | 7,0 | 7,019,218 | 5,593,407 | | 5,220,361 | 4,724,737 | 17 |
| Other | | 1,984,862 | | 2,024,575 | | 2,347,178 | 2,029,397 | 26 | 1,275,078 | | 1,706,196 | 1,6, | 1,677,891 | 1,426,953 | 23 | 2,682,255 | 2,899,317 | 7 |
| Total revenue | | 233,244,793 | | 213,951,218 | 21 | 211,271,979 | 203,698,845 | 45 | 198,040,477 | , | 192,709,678 | 184,70 | 184,708,144 | 175,947,778 | _® | 176,575,486 | 184,731,292 | 32 |
| Expenditures: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Current: Instruction | 69 | 147.621.871 | ь | 144,193,949 | \$ 14 | 145.581.963 | \$ 139.251.038 | 38 | 135,705,770 | 69 | 127.510.179 | \$ 127.69 | 127.695.320 | \$ 120.501.033 | 89 | 117.629.772 | \$ 113,318,331 | ∑ |
| Administration, Technology & Health | | 14,695,479 | | 15,184,346 | | 14,766,174 | 12,326,944 | 44 | 13,268,491 | | 14,030,949 | 12,8 | 12,812,005 | 12,273,031 | - | 12,510,079 | 10,934,995 | 15 |
| Transportation | | 10,815,517 | | 10,338,749 | - | 11,795,033 | 10,795,797 | 26 | 10,721,840 | | 10,516,866 | 10,56 | 10,561,909 | 10,331,893 | 3 | 9,668,779 | 9,969,049 | 61 |
| Operation & Maintenance of Plant | | 22,458,958 | | 30,511,709 | _ | 18,037,689 | 15,869,791 | 91 | 15,605,677 | | 15,531,154 | 16,0; | 16,036,918 | 14,257,716 | 9 | 13,392,881 | 12,964,536 | 36 |
| Food Services | | 7,426,868 | | 8,935,790 | | 9,080,792 | 8,552,472 | 72 | 8,879,046 | | 7,422,916 | 96,9 | 6,984,186 | 6,874,298 | 8 | 6,919,898 | 6,227,606 | 9(|
| Athletics | | 1,140,399 | | 1,601,897 | | 1,904,430 | 1,831,220 | 20 | 1,836,441 | | 1,821,212 | 1,7, | 1,795,272 | 1,626,777 | | 1,583,315 | 1,563,321 | 7: |
| Facilities Capital Outlay | | 1 00 | | 1 000 | , | - 077 | 000 | ' 6 | 1 60 7 7 | | 1 000 | | ' ' | | | 1 100 | | ۱ و |
| Payments for Debt Service | | 12,041,842 | | 12,700,743 | | 13,244,672 | 13,867,098 | 88 | 14,2/4,185 | | 15,073,687 | 14,6, | 14,632,053 | 15,502,968 | 20 | 15,954,665 | 16,348,972 | 2 |
| Total expenditures | | 216,200,934 | | 223,467,183 | 21 | 214,410,753 | 202,494,360 | 09 | 200,291,450 | | 191,906,963 | 190,5 | 190,517,663 | 181,367,716 | 9 | 177,659,389 | 171,326,810 | 0 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures | | 17,043,859 | | (9,515,965) | Ĭ | (3,138,774) | 1,204,485 | 85 | (2,250,973) | | 802,715 | (5,80 | (5,809,519) | (5,419,938) | (8) | (1,083,903) | 13,404,482 | ŭ |
| Other financing sources (uses): | 6 | | 6 | 47 000 000 | 6 | | 6 | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | 6 | 4 | 6 | | 6 | |
| Transfers from Other Funds | • | 4 455 262 | • | 5 074 898 | • | 5 895 951 | 5 490 331 | . 5. | 4 869 937 | > | 4 007 153 | 21.0 | 2 198 407 | 1 681 598 | • • | 2 764 928 | 2 727 714 | - 4 |
| Transfers to Other Funds | | (4,455,262) | | (5,074,898) | _ | (5,895,951) | (5,490,331 | 31) | (4,869,937) | | (4,007,153) | (2,15 | (2,198,407) | (1,681,598 | (80 | (2,764,928) | (2,727,714) | (4) |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | | | | 17,000,000 | | | | • | • | | | | - | | - | | | - |
| Change in fund balances | | 17,043,859 | | 7,484,035 | _ | (3,138,774) | 1,204,485 | 85 | (2,250,973) | | 802,715 | (5,8) | (5,809,519) | (5,419,938) | (8) | (1,083,903) | 13,404,482 | 32 |
| Fund Balance - Beginning of Year, restated | | 31,790,347 | | 24,306,312 | 2 | 26,386,447 | 25,181,962 | 62 | 27,432,935 | | 26,630,220 | 32,4; | 32,439,739 | 37,859,677 | 7 | 38,943,580 | 25,539,098 | 38 |
| Fund Balance - End of Year, restated | 8 | 48,834,206 | 8 | 31,790,347 | \$ 2 | 23,247,673 | \$ 26,386,447 | 47 | \$ 25,181,962 | ↔ | \$ 27,432,935 | \$ 26,630,220 | 30,220 | \$ 32,439,739 | \$ 6 | 37,859,677 | \$ 38,943,580 | 02 |
| Debt Service as a Percentage (1) | | 24.66% | | 39.95% | | 26.97% | 52.55% | 2% | %89'99 | | 54.95% | - ' | 54.95% | 47.79% | % | 42.14% | 41.98% | %; |

Source: Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds (Exhibit 4).

Information is presented on a modified accrual basis of accounting.

(1) Debt Service as a Percentage of Non-Capital Expenditures
(2) FY 2020 was restated as a result of the adoption of GASB 84; See Note F to the financial statements.

Roanoke City Public Schools Major or Local Revenue Sources - General Fund and Food Service Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

| Regional | Tuition | - General Fund | Charges for S | ervices - Food Services |
|------------|---------|----------------|----------------|-------------------------|
| Annual Pay | ment R | Received | Local Breakfas | t/Lunch Fees |
| 2012 | \$ | 2,758,907 | 2012 | \$ 1,269,261 |
| 2013 | | 3,314,639 | 2013 | 1,124,458 |
| 2014 | | 4,120,989 | 2014 | 1,087,442 |
| 2015 | | 4,757,979 | 2015 | 1,098,052 |
| 2016 | | 4,974,388 | 2016 | 919,538 |
| 2017 | | 5,266,542 | 2017 | 871,425 |
| 2018 | | 5,205,826 | 2018 | 705,412 |
| 2019 | | 5,362,910 | 2019 | 664,067 |
| 2020 | | 5,777,885 | 2020 | 512,751 |
| 2021 | | 1,995,596 | 2021 | 148,347 |

Source: Detail Billings from the Roanoke Valley Regional Board and Fiscal Year Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports.

This program ended in fiscal 2020. The majority of the proceeds received in fiscal 2021 were from a final pay out of the program.

CITY OF ROANOKE, VIRGINIA GENERAL PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN YEARS

| | 2020-21 | 2019-20 | 2018-19 | 2017-18 | 2016-17 | 2015-2016 | 2014-15 | 2013-14 | 2012-13 | 2011-12 |
|---------------------------------------|----------------|---------------|------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Total Tax Levies | \$ 136,379,330 | 131,348,070 | \$ 126,568,227 | \$ 123,059,222 | \$ 120,894,494 | \$ 119,869,392 | \$ 115,885,506 | \$ 113,183,821 | | \$ 112,485,925 |
| Current Tax Collections | 127,903,224 | 121,521,853 | 117,652,216 | 113,500,649 | 110,623,042 | 110,372,175 | 105,842,394 | 103,746,942 | U | 103,693,219 |
| Current Tax Collections - State Share | 8,075,992 | 8,075,992 | 8,075,992 | 8,075,992 | 8,075,992 | 8,075,992 | 8,075,992 | 8,075,992 | | 8,075,992 |
| Collections in Subsequent Years (1) | • | • | 1 | 3,141,283 | 3,007,291 | 2,799,543 | 3,926,119 | 4,193,129 | | 2,972,963 |
| Total Tax Collections | \$ 135,979,216 | \$ 129,597,84 | 4 \$ 125,728,208 | \$ 124,717,924 | \$ 121,706,325 | \$ 121,247,710 | \$ 117,844,505 | \$ 116,016,063 | \$ 116,716,560 | \$ 114,742,174 |
| Current Tax Collections As | | | | | | | | | l . | |
| Percent of Levies | 99.71% | %29.86 | 99.34% | %08.86 | 98.18% | 98.81% | 98.30% | %08.86% | 98.82% | 99.36% |
| Total Tax Collections As | | | | | | | | | | |
| Percent of Levies (1) | 99.71% | %29.86 | 99.34% | 101.35% | 100.67% | 101.15% | 101.69% | 102.50% | 103.10% | 102.01% |

(1) Prior to FY 2014, the City did not have the capability of determining the levy year for delinquent collections. Effective FY 2014, delinquent collections are recorded in the levy year for which they were collected.

CITY OF ROANOKE, VIRGINIA
ASSESSED AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY
LAST TEN YEARS

| | | MEGET I WOLDING | T TATE TON | | • | LENSONAL INCLEMENT | | | 1001 | OT LINE | | | | |
|------|---------------|-----------------|------------------------|------------|---------------|--------------------|---------------|------------|-------------|------------|--------------|------------|---------------|----------------|
| ı | | Percentage | | | | Percentage | | | | Percentage | | | Total | Total |
| | Assessed | Growth | Estimated | Assessment | Assessed | Growth | Estimated | Assessment | Assessed | Growth | Estimated | Assessment | Assessed | Estimated |
| Year | Value | (Decline) | (Decline) Actual Value | Ratio | Value | (Decline) | Actual Value | Ratio | Value | (Decline) | Actual Value | Ratio | Value | Actual Value |
| 2012 | 6.794.772.298 | 1.44 | 6,794,772,298 | 1.00 | 816,148,651 | 7.55 | 1,360,247,752 | 09:0 | 360,309,314 | 0.31 | 360,309,314 | 1.000 | 7,971,230,263 | 8,515,329,364 |
| 2013 | 6,725,168,858 | (1.02) | 6,725,168,858 | 1.00 | 840,633,111 | 3.00 | 1,401,055,185 | 09.0 | 416,800,579 | 15.68 | 418,303,022 | 966.0 | 7,982,602,548 | 8,544,527,065 |
| 2014 | 6,679,969,872 | (0.67) | 6,679,969,872 | 1.00 | 859,809,462 | 2.28 | 1,433,015,770 | 09.0 | 414,953,913 | (0.44) | 413,969,355 | 1.002 | 7,954,733,247 | 8,526,954,997 |
| 2015 | 6,693,874,349 | 0.21 | 6,693,874,349 | 1.00 | 899,096,367 | 4.57 | 1,498,493,945 | 09.0 | 437,573,144 | 5.45 | 441,997,287 | 0.660 | 8,030,543,860 | 8,634,365,581 |
| 2016 | 6,724,229,966 | 0.45 | 6,724,229,966 | 1.00 | 942,611,706 | 4.84 | 1,571,019,510 | 09.0 | 439,744,208 | 0.50 | 447,535,616 | 0.983 | 8,106,585,880 | 8,742,785,092 |
| 2017 | 6,783,463,907 | 0.88 | 6,783,463,907 | 1.00 | 943,805,249 | 0.13 | 1,573,008,748 | 09.0 | 451,184,702 | 2.60 | 460,947,191 | 0.979 | 8,178,453,858 | 8,817,419,846 |
| 2018 | 6,970,302,556 | 2.75 | 6,970,302,556 | 1.00 | 956,571,007 | 1.35 | 1,594,285,012 | 09.0 | 437,557,641 | (3.02) | 446,761,907 | 0.979 | 8,364,431,204 | 9,011,349,475 |
| 2019 | 7,180,263,331 | 3.01 | 7,180,263,331 | 1.00 | 993,064,403 | 3.82 | 1,655,107,338 | 09.0 | 471,816,290 | 7.83 | 480,921,924 | 0.981 | 8,645,144,024 | 9,316,292,593 |
| 2020 | 7,444,437,601 | 3.68 | 7,444,437,601 | 1.00 | 1,031,434,753 | 3.86 | 1,719,057,922 | 09.0 | 489,031,454 | 3.65 | 497,726,617 | 0.983 | 8,964,903,808 | 9,661,222,140 |
| 2021 | 7,764,101,330 | 4.29 | 7,764,101,330 | 1.00 | 1,083,274,770 | 5.03 | 1,805,457,950 | 09.0 | 488,147,929 | (0.18) | 503,508,493 | 696.0 | 9,335,524,029 | 10,073,067,773 |

| Unaudited | | Total | es Rate | 925 \$ 1.74 | 1.75 | 1.76 | 506 1.80 | 392 1.82 | 1.82 | 1.81 | 1.80 | 1.81 | 330 1.80 |
|--|--------------------------------|--------|------------|-------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|-----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | | E | Tax Levies | \$ 112,485,925 | 113,209,446 | 113,183,821 | 115,885,506 | 119,869,392 | 120,894,494 | 123,059,222 | 126,568,227 | 131,348,076 | 136,379,330 |
| | PUBLIC SERVICE CORPORATIONS | | Levy | 1 \$ 4,316,603 | 9 4,991,552 | 9 4,982,967 | 9 5,260,278 | 2 5,458,834 (1) | 2 5,542,928 | 2 5,382,350 | 2 5,809,857 | 2 6,018,473 | 2 6,007,756 |
| VIES | PUBLIC | Direct | Per \$100 | \$ | 1.19 | 1.19 | 1.19 | 1.22 | 1.22 | 1.22 | 1.22 | 1.22 | 1.22 |
| CITY OF ROANOKE, VIRGINIA PROPERTY TAX RATES AND TAX LEVIES LAST TEN YEARS | PROPERTY | | Levy | 27,311,532 (1) | 28,188,385 (1) | 28,709,212 (1) | 31,024,476 (1) | 32,374,952 (1) | 32,593,307 (1) | 32,639,181 (1) | 33,159,157 (1) | 34,507,463 (1) | 35,505,623 (2) |
| CITY OF RO PROPERTY TAX I LAST | PERSONAL PROPERTY | Direct | Per \$100 | \$ 3.45 \$ | 3.45 | 3.45 | 3.45 | 3.45 | 3.45 | 3.45 | 3.45 | 3.45 | 3.45 |
| | PERTY | | Levy | 1.19 \$80,857,790 | 80,029,509 | 79,491,642 | 79,600,752 | 82,035,606 (1) | 82,758,259 | 85,037,691 | 87,599,213 | 90,822,140 | 94,865,951 |
| | REAL PROPERTY | Direct | Per \$100 | \$ 1.19 | 1.19 | 1.19 | 1.19 | 1.22 | 1.22 | 1.22 | 1.22 | 1.22 | 1.22 |
| | | | Year | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 |

(1) Effective July 1, 2015, the rate became 1.22.

CITY OF ROANOKE, VIRGINIA PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS COMPARISON OF JUNE 30, 2021 AND JUNE 30, 2012

| | | | 2021 | | | 2012 | |
|------------------------------|---------------------|------------------------------|------|---|------------------------------|------|---|
| <u>Taxpaver</u> | Description | Taxable Assessed Value | Rank | Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value | Taxable Assessed Value | Rank | Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value |
| Carilion Clinic | Healthcare Provider | \$ 278,062,858 | 1 | 2.98% | \$ 213,234,881 | 1 | 2.68% |
| Appalachian Power Co. | Public Utility | 196,796,572 | 2 | 2.11% | 124,033,424 | 2 | 1.56% |
| Norfolk Southern Railway | Transportation | 167,609,242 | 3 | 1.80% | 105,738,441 | 3 | 1.33% |
| Valley View Mall LLC | Shopping Mall | 94,819,100 | 4 | 1.02% | 74,940,200 | 4 | 0.94% |
| Roanoke Gas Company | Public Utility | 68,763,433 | 5 | 0.74% | 35,676,545 | 6 | 0.45% |
| Roanoke Electric Steel Corp | Primary Metals | 55,902,173 | 6 | 0.60% | 25,038,491 | 10 | 0.31% |
| HR Foundation, Inc. | Hotel | 43,257,680 | 7 | 0.46% | - | - | - |
| Faison Roanoke Office, LP | Office Building | 30,945,300 | 8 | 0.33% | 30,770,100 | 8 | 0.39% |
| Verizon Virginia, Inc. (PSC) | Communications | 30,784,623 | 9 | 0.33% | 54,429,194 | 5 | 0.68% |
| Wholesome Harvest | Bakery | 30,133,168 | 10 | 0.32% | 30,796,449 | 7 | 0.39% |
| Advance Auto Parts | Auto Parts | - | - | - | 29,092,678 | 9 | 0.36% |
| | | \$ 997,074,149 | - | 3.06% | \$ 723,750,403 | = | 9.09% |

Source: City of Roanoke, Commissioner of the Revenue

Table 10 Unaudited

CITY OF ROANOKE, VIRGINIA TAXABLE RETAIL SALES LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS

| Calendar Year | Total <u>Retail Sales (1)</u> |
|---------------|----------------------------------|
| 2012 | \$1,732,017,118 |
| 2013 | 1,746,710,461 |
| 2014 | 1,785,467,436 |
| 2015 | 1,752,752,699 |
| 2016 | 1,732,156,837 |
| 2017 | 1,726,342,166 |
| 2018 | 1,839,762,418 |
| 2019 | 1,872,974,553 |
| 2020 | 1,824,837,393 |
| 2021 | 975,251,684 |

⁽¹⁾ Source: State Department of Taxation. Data excludes prescription drug sales.

CITY OF ROANOKE, VIRGINIA RATIO OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT TO TOTAL ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE AND BONDED DEBT PER CAPITA LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

| | | | | Governmental Activities | Business-type Activities | | Less Bonds Supported By | Less Bonds Supported By | Less Amount Available | Net | Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to | Net Bonded |
|--------|---------------|---------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------|-------------|--------------------------------|------------|
| Fiscal | | | Total Estimated | Ū | Gross Bonded | Gross | Western Virginia | Hotel | in Debt | Bonded | Total Estimated | Debt Per |
| Year | Population | on (A) | Year Population (A) Actual Value | Debt (C) | Debt (C) | Bonded Debt | Water Authority | Roanoke, LLC (B) | Service Fund | Debt | Actual Value | Capita |
| 2011 | 97,206 | 97,206 (est.) | 8,442,505,382 | 250,315,325 | 27,342,979 | 277,658,304 | 19,875,450 | 1,355,000 | 1,133,011 | 255,294,843 | 3.02% | 2,626.33 |
| 2012 | 97,206 | 97,206 (est.) | 8,515,329,364 | 234,279,293 | 26,311,567 | 260,590,860 | 17,558,082 | 910,000 | 1,317,554 | 240,805,224 | 2.83% | 2,477.27 |
| 2013 | 98,641 (est.) | (est.) | 8,544,527,065 | 225,402,117 | 26,944,093 | 252,346,210 | 13,389,900 | ı | 1,493,056 | 237,463,254 | 2.78% | 2,407.35 |
| 2014 | 98,913 | 98,913 (est.) | 8,526,954,997 | 217,261,926 | 26,817,066 | 244,078,992 | 10,989,900 | • | 1,406,148 | 231,682,944 | 2.72% | 2,342.29 |
| 2015 | 99,320 | 99,320 (est.) | 8,634,365,581 | 214,885,676 | 27,203,128 | 242,088,804 | 9,968,500 | • | 1,508,122 | 230,612,182 | 2.67% | 2,321.91 |
| 2016 | 99,681 (est.) | (est.) | 8,742,785,092 | 210,393,462 | 30,109,234 | 240,502,696 | 9,405,800 | • | 1,011,031 | 230,085,865 | 2.63% | 2,308.22 |
| 2017 | 99,644 | 99,644 (est.) | 8,817,419,846 | 208,814,498 | 33,675,339 | 242,489,837 | 8,213,900 | ı | 539,265 | 233,736,672 | 2.65% | 2,345.72 |
| 2018 | 99,837 | 99,837 (est.) | 9,011,349,475 | 199,521,519 | 31,488,513 | 231,010,032 | 7,003,200 | ı | 41,733 | 223,965,099 | 2.49% | 2,243.31 |
| 2019 | 99,920 (est.) | (est.) | 9,316,391,122 | 200,500,454 | 30,765,932 | 231,266,386 | 5,769,800 | | 17,890 | 225,478,696 | 2.42% | 2,256.59 |
| 2020 | 99,348 | 99,348 (est.) | 9,661,222,140 | 224,716,453 | 34,585,420 | 259,301,873 | 4,515,516 | 1 | 17,215 | 254,769,142 | 2.64% | 2,564.41 |

Source

Effective FY12, Hotel Roanoke, LLC debt was excluded from total bonded debt as a result of a change in the reporting of the Hotel Roanoke, LLC Note Receivable at the entity-wide level (B) Effective FY12, Hotel Roanoke 117 (C) Gross Rective FY12

Gross Bonded Debt includes Capital Leases and Bond Premiums. See Table 15.

Fiscal 2021 information was not available at the time the audit report was issued. This is the most current information provided by the City of Roanoke as of June 30, 2021. *

17,000,000 16,728,500 Capital Lease Payable Debt 2020

Prior to FY 2020, the School Board of the City of Roanoke had no debt as a result of capital lease obligations. See Note 5 to the financial statements.

CITY OF ROANOKE, VIRGINIA COMPUTATION OF LEGAL DEBT MARGIN JUNE 30, 2020 **

The Charter of the City of Roanoke limits the Legal Debt to 10% of the Assessed Valuation of Real Estate within the City limits. The City has no overlapping debt.

Total Assessed Value of Real Estate, 2020 (1) 7,444,437,601 744,443,760 Legal Debt Limit: 10% 744,443,760 \$ Debt applicable to limitation: 163,381,776 General Obligation Serial Bonds - Governmental Activities General Obligation Serial Bonds - Western Virginia Water Authority (WVWA) 4.515.516 8,066,174 Premium on Bonds - Governmental Activities **Bond Anticipation Note** 27,340,906 Qualified Zone Academy Bonds (QZAB) 1,706,284 State Literary Fund Loans Virginia Public School Authority (VPSA) School Bonds 16,374,719 3,331,078 Capital Leases Civic Facilities Enterprise Fund - Business-type Activities 12,972,838 Premium on Bonds - Civic Facilities Enterprise Fund Debt 596 949 Bond Anticipation Note - Civic Facilities 917,072 Civic Facilities Enterprise Fund Capital Lease 13.506 Parking Enterprise Fund Supported Debt - Business-type Activities 8,358,455 Premium on Bonds - Parking Enterprise Fund Supported Debt 242,929 Parking Enterprise Fund Capital Lease 5,371 Stormwater Enterprise Fund Supported Debt - Business-type Activities 10,142,871 Bond Anticipation Note - Stormwater 976.256 Stormwater Enterprise Fund Capital Lease 7,744 Premium on Bonds - Stormwater Enterprise Fund Supported Debt 351,429 Total Debt 259,301,873 Less: Available in Debt Service Fund (17,215)259.284.658

Legal Debt Margin

(1) Source: City of Roanoke, Commissioner of the Revenue.

Table 13 Unaudited

485,159,102

CITY OF ROANOKE, VIRGINIA RATIO OF ANNUAL DEBT SERVICE EXPENDITURES FOR GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT TO TOTAL GENERAL EXPENDITURES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

| Fiscal Year | Principal (1) | Interest (1) | Total Debt Service | Total General Expenditures (2) | Percent of Debt Service to General Expenditures |
|----------------|---------------|--------------|-----------------------|--------------------------------------|--|
| 2010-11 | 19,093,669 | 10,346,300 | 29,439,969 | 314,114,285 | 9.3% |
| 2011-12 | 21,033,664 | 10,338,250 | 31,371,914 | 318,343,912 | 9.9% |
| 2012-13 | 22,234,068 | 9,209,934 | 31,444,002 | 330,390,756 | 9.5% |
| 2013-14 | 22,092,341 | 8,888,882 | 30,981,223 | 340,700,280 | 9.1% |
| 2014-15 | 20,591,147 | 8,898,421 | 29,489,568 | 355,808,118 | 8.3% |
| 2015-16 | 22,571,454 | 8,301,585 | 30,873,039 | 347,306,775 | 8.9% |
| 2016-17 | 20,374,492 | 8,009,420 | 28,383,912 | 359,445,090 | 7.9% |
| 2017-18 | 20,842,984 | 8,385,823 | 29,228,807 | 368,676,839 | 7.9% |
| 2018-19 | 20,025,191 | 8,045,279 | 28,070,470 | 384,480,284 | 7.3% |
| 2019-20 | 19,595,744 | 7,943,729 | 27,539,473 | 400,927,915 | 6.9% |

(1) Principal and interest payments include all general long term debt payments supported by tax revenues of the City, including those related to capital leases. Debt payments made on behalf of the Roanoke Civic Center and City of Roanoke Technology Fund are included. The Technology Fund was closed effective June 30, 2017. Debt payments made by the Roanoke City Parking Fund, Western Virginia Water Authority and the Hotel Roanoke Conference Center Commission are excluded.

During Fiscal Year 2017, the Stormwater Fund assumed responsibility for all stormwater debt, including that issued prior to the Fund's formation in FY2014. Debt payments made by the Roanoke City Stormwater Fund are excluded.

Interest payments exclude federal interest subsidies for Recovery Zone Economic Development (RZED) bonds and Qualified School Construction Bonds (QSCB).

- (2) Includes expenditures of the General Funds of the City and School Board less the transfer from the General Fund to the School Board.
- ** Fiscal 2021 information was not available at the time the audit report was issued. This is the most current information provided by the City of Roanoke as of June 30, 2021.

THE SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF ROANOKE VIRGINIA Table of Outstanding Debt Incurred by Roanoke City Public Schools and the City of Roanoke for Roanoke City Public School Projects June 30, 2021 (Unaudited)

| | (Onau | uiteuj | | | |
|---|--|---|---|---|--|
| | Interest Rates | Issue Date | Maturity Date | Issue Amount Designated for School Improvements | Balance as of June 30, 2021 |
| General Obligation Bonds, RCPS Portion | | | | | |
| Series 2012A Public Improvement Bonds Series 2012C Refunding Bonds Series 2013A Public Improvement Bonds Series 2013A Refunding Bonds Series 2014A Public Improvement Bonds Series 2015 Public Improvement Bonds New Money Series 2015 Public Improvement Bonds Refunding Series 2016 Public Improvement Bonds New Money Series 2016 Public Improvement Bonds Refunding Series 2017 Public Improvement Bonds Refunding Series 2019A Refunding Bonds Series 2019C Refunding Bonds BAN Takeout Series 2019C Refunding Bonds New Money Series 2020A Refunding Bonds Series 2020B Refunding Bonds | 2.00% - 5.00% 4.00% - 5.00% 1.00% - 5.00% 1.00% - 5.00% 3.00% - 5.00% 2.00% - 4.00% 2.00% - 5.00% 2.00% - 5.00% 3.00% - 5.00% 1.67% 2.79% 2.79% 2.25% - 5.00% 2.00% - 2.50% | 3/14/2012 3/14/2012 2/27/2013 2/27/2013 3/5/2014 3/25/2014 3/25/2014 3/8/2016 3/8/2016 3/23/2017 11/22/2019 11/22/2019 5/14/2020 5/14/2020 | 2/1/2032 2/1/2025 7/15/2033 7/15/2033 4/1/2034 4/1/2035 4/1/2036 4/1/2036 4/1/2037 10/1/2021 4/1/2041 4/1/2041 4/1/2043 2/1/2034 | \$ 1,725,000 7,805,000 2,000,000 8,085,000 3,000,000 5,000,000 1,765,000 8,500,000 6,945,000 22,050,000 3,628,744 12,719,042 67,263 5,779,471 6,340,601 | \$ 85,000 1,895,000 1,146,600 5,188,000 1,825,200 3,750,000 1,765,000 6,495,000 4,990,000 618,839 12,719,042 67,263 5,779,471 6,195,070 |
| Total General Obligation Bonds: | 2.00% 2.00% | 0, 1 1, 2020 | 2, 1,200 1 | 95,410,121 | 3, 133, 31 |
| School Fund Bonds and Loans | | | | | |
| Virginia Public School Authority - Series 2001B.1 Virginia Public School Authority - Series 2001B.2 Virginia Public School Authority - Series 2003C Virginia Public School Authority - Series 2004B Virginia Public School Authority - Series 2005D.1 Virginia Public School Authority - Series 2005D.2 Virginia Public School Authority - Series 2006B Virginia Public School Authority - Series 2008B Virginia Public School Authority - Series 2014B Virginia Public School Authority - Series 2015A Total Virginia Public School Authority Bonds: | 3.10% - 5.35% 3.10% - 5.35% 3.10% - 5.35% 4.10% - 5.60% 4.60% - 5.10% 4.60% - 5.10% 4.22% - 5.10% 4.10% - 5.35% 3.00% - 5.00% 3.00% - 5.10% | 11/15/2001 11/15/2001 11/6/2003 11/1/2004 11/10/2005 11/11/2005 11/9/2006 12/11/2008 5/15/2014 2/17/2015 | 7/15/2021 7/15/2021 7/15/2023 7/15/2024 7/15/2025 7/15/2025 7/15/2026 7/15/2028 7/15/2028 7/15/2028 | 2,594,691 (1) 2,358,808 (2) 4,595,399 (3) 1,118,756 (4) 992,464 (5) 3,291,459 (6) 6,573,600 (7) 10,580,000 1,245,000 7,400,000 40,750,177 | 136,763 124,330 738,262 252,295 278,487 923,573 2,154,914 2,769,437 570,000 5,375,000 |
| Qualified Zone Academy Bond - Patrick Henry H.S. Qualified Zone Academy Bond - School Capital Projects Total Qualified Zone Academy Bonds: | 0% 0% | 12/27/2006 10/31/2012 | 12/27/2022 6/1/2035 | 1,097,571 (8) 2,014,104 (8) 3,111,675 | 207,680 1,281,700 |
| Qualified School Construction Bonds-Elementary Total Qualified School Construction Bonds | 0% | 7/8/2010 | 6/1/2027 | 1,135,000 (9) 1,135,000 | 419,500 |
| Capital Lease Payable TD Equipment Finance, Inc. | 2.14% | 12/06/2019 | 6/1/2035 | 17,000,000 | 16,728,500 |
| Total Outstanding Bonded Debt and Capital Lease Pa | yable | | | \$ 157,406,973 | \$ 96,884,925 |

Debt incurred by the City of Roanoke to fund capital projects designated for school improvements, the capital assets which are owned by the City of Roanoke, are not included in the basic financial statements of the School Board of the City of Roanoke.

The capital lease payable is included in the basic financial statements of the School Board of the City of Roanoke. See Note 5 to the financial statements.

Table 14 (continued)

The Virginia Public School Authority (VPSA) bonds are issued as replacements for requests for loans from the State Literary Fund. The State Department of Education provides an additional amount of state funding to each VPSA issue to increase the amount of funds received by the locality to the original requested amount and to establish an effective interest rate for the life of each bond at 4 percent, as indicated:

(1) \$2,750,000 proceeds received but repayment of only \$2,594,691 required. (2) \$2,500,000 proceeds received but repayment of only \$2,358,808 required. \$5,000,000 proceeds received but repayment of only \$4,595,399 required. (3) (4)\$1,300,000 proceeds received but repayment of only \$1,118,756 required. (5) \$1,160,900 proceeds received but repayment of only \$ 992,464 required. \$3,850,000 proceeds received but repayment of only \$3,291,459 required. (6)(7) \$7,500,000 proceeds received but repayment of only \$6,573,600 required. Annual payments on Qualified Zone Academy Bonds are made to a sinking fund. No interest (8)is accrued on this debt. Interest expense on Qualified School Construction Bonds is reimbursed by federal subsidy, (9)

subject to available federal funding.

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Table 15 Unaudited

CITY OF ROANOKE, VIRGINIA LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

| | | 2019-20** 2018-19 | 2018-19 | รั | 2017-18 | 2016-17 | 2015-16 | 2014-15 | 2013-14 | 2012-13 | 2011-12 | 2010-11 |
|---------------------------|----|-------------------------------|-------------------------|----|--------------|-------------|---|----------------|----------------|----------------|-------------------------------------|----------------|
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Debt Limit | ↔ | \$ 744,443,760 \$ 718,026,323 | 718,026,323 | ↔ | 7,030,256 \$ | 678,346,391 | 697,030,256 \$ 678,346,391 \$ 672,422,997 \$ 669,387,435 \$ 667,966,987 \$ 672,516,886 \$ 679,477,230 \$ 680,197,128 | \$ 669,387,435 | \$ 667,966,987 | \$ 672,516,886 | \$ 679,477,230 | \$ 680,197,128 |
| Total Net Debt Applicable | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| to Limit | | 259,284,658 | 259,284,658 231,248,496 | | 9,932,036 | 219,172,541 | 229,932,036 219,172,541 215,556,963 217,064,553 | 217,064,553 | 218,489,528 | 224,003,579 | 224,003,579 227,263,512 240,667,032 | 240,667,032 |
| Legal Debt Margin | \$ | 485,159,102 \$ 486,777,827 | , 486,777,827 | | 7,098,220 \$ | 459,173,850 | \$ 467,098,220 \$ 459,173,850 \$ 456,866,034 \$ 452,322,882 \$ 449,477,459 \$ 448,513,307 \$ 452,213,718 \$ 439,530,096 | \$ 452,322,882 | \$ 449,477,459 | \$ 448,513,307 | \$ 452,213,718 | \$ 439,530,096 |
| Total Net Debt | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Applicable to Limit as a | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Percentage of Debt Limit | | 34 83% | 32 21% | | 32 99% | 32 31% | 32 06% | 32 43% | 32 71% | 33 31% | 33 45% | 35 38% |

** Fiscal 2021 information was not available at the time the audit report was issued. This is the most current information provided by the City of Roanoke as of June 30, 2021.

CITY OF ROANOKE
DEMOGRAPHIC STATISTICS
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

| National Jnemployment | Rate (5) | 8.4 | 7.8 | 6.3 | 5.5 | 5.1 | 4.5 | 4.2 | 3.4 | 11.1 | 6.1 |
|--------------------------|----------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Local Unemployment U | Rate (4) | 6.5 | 6.4 | 5.7 | 5.6 | 4.1 | 4.5 | 3.4 | 2.8 | 7.9 | 4.3 |
| School | Enrollment (3) | 13,006 | 13,192 | 13,390 | 13,513 | 13,585 | 13,580 | 13,601 | 13,636 | 13,845 | 13,697 |
| Personal | Income | 3,827,065,000 | 3,799,698,000 | 3,915,935,000 | 3,915,935,000 | 3,915,935,000 | 4,090,520,000 | 4,211,972,000 | 4,187,753,000 | 4,341,578,000 | 4,488,860,000 |
| Per Capita | Income (2) | 39,100 | 38,453 | 39,385 | 39,385 | 39,385 | 40,947 | 42,263 | 41,946 | 43,451 | 45,277 |
| | Population (1) | 97,206 | 98,641 | 98,913 | 99,320 | 99,681 | 99,644 | 99,837 | 99,920 | 99,348 | 99,795 |
| | Fiscal Year | 2011-12 | 2012-13 | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2017-18 | 2018-19 | 2019-20 | 2020-2021 |

(1) Source: Weldon - Cooper Center for Public Service, except as noted
(2) Source: Bureau of Economic Analysis
(3) Source: Baranke Cliy Public Schools
(4) Source: Virginia Employment Commission (Roanoke Metropolitan Statistical Area & USA)-Month of June only
(5) Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics

CITY OF ROANOKE, VIRGINIA PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS COMPARISON AS OF DECEMBER 31, FISCAL YEARS 2021 AND 2011

Table 17 Unaudited

31-Dec-11

Number of Employees 1,000+ 1,000+ 1,000+ 1,000+ 500-999 500-999 500-999 500-999 500-999 Private
Local Govt
Private
Local Govt
Private
Private
Private
Private
Private
Private
Private
Private Ownership Rank Number of Employees 1,000+ 1,000+ 1,000+ 500-999 500-999 500-999 500-999 500-999 1,000+December 31, 2021 Private Federal Govt State Govt Private Private Local Govt Private Local Govt Private Ownership Private Rank Roanoke Memorial Community Hospital United States Postal Service Virginia Western Community College Anthem Steel Dynamics Roanoke Bar Div Roanoke City Public Schools United Parcel Service Carilion Services City of Roanoke Employer

Source: Virginia Employment Commission (VEC) and Roanoke Regional Partnership Note: Total employee count no longer available from VEC

ROANOKE CITY PUBLIC SCHOOLS EDUCATIONAL STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

| | 7 | 2020-21 2019-20 | 2 | 19-20 | 7 | 2018-19 | 20 | 2017-18 | 70 | 2016-17 | 20 | 2015-16 | 20 | 2014-15 | 2013-14 | 4 | 2012-13 | | 2011-12 | |
|--------------------------|---|------------------|---|--------|---|---------|----|---------|----|---------|----|---------|----|---------|-----------|-------|-----------|----|---------|----|
| Average Daily Membership | | 13,697 | | 13,845 | | 13,636 | | 13,601 | | 13,580 | | 13,585 | | 13,513 | 13,390 | 06 | 12,438 | _ | 13,00 | ဖ |
| Total Graduates | | 874 | | 928 | | 885 | | 828 | | 781 | | 811 | | 783 | • | 292 | 747 | _ | 746 | 9 |
| Dropout Rate Percentage | | 3.58% | | 3.34% | | 3.37% | | 3.57% | | 3.19% | | 3.60% | | 3.67% | 3.48% | %8 | 4.91% | % | 5.37% | % |
| Student Attendance Rate | | 91.6% | | 94.3% | | 94% | | 94% | | 94% | | 94% | | 94% | 93 | 93.79 | 94% | % | 94 | % |
| Total Per Pupil Cost | ↔ | 14,210 \$ | | 13,421 | ↔ | 13,951 | s | 13,355 | s | 12,929 | ↔ | 12,404 | \$ | 12,472 | \$ 11,841 | 41 | \$ 11,825 | 8 | 11,328 | 00 |
| Local Composite Index of | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Ability to Pay | | 33% | | 34% | | 34% | | 34% | | 34% | | 34% | | 36% | က | 37% | 37% | % | 37% | % |
| Average Teacher Salary | ↔ | 57,943 \$ 57,320 | ↔ | 57,320 | ↔ | 56,338 | ↔ | 53,687 | ↔ | 50,277 | ↔ | 48,707 | ↔ | 47,845 | \$ 50,509 | | \$ 47,363 | \$ | 43,654 | 4 |
| per 1,000 Students | | * | | * | | * | | 110.2 | | 113.7 | | 112.1 | | 116.1 | | 110.9 | 115.0 | 0 | 87.7 | ۲. |

Source: Department of Testing, Roanoke City Public Schools and the Annual School Report Average Daily Membership for this table is taken from end of year data in the Annual School Report * Effective FY 19, this information was no longer available on the Annual School Report

PERSONNEL STAFFING - FULL TIME EQUIVALENTS (FTE)
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS ROANOKE CITY PUBLIC SCHOOLS (Unaudited)

Table 19

| | 2020-21 | 2019-20 | 2018-19 | 2017-18 | 2016-17 | 2015-16 | 2014-15 | 2013-14 | 2012-13 | 2011-12 |
|---------------------------|-------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| Superintendent | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | ~ | _ | 1.0 | 1.0 |
| Asst. Supt./Executive | 13 | 80 | 7 | 9 | 9 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 0.9 | 0.9 |
| Director/Supervisor | 33 | 29 | 33 | 35 | 34 | 34 | 35 | 31.55 | 36.6 | 33.0 |
| Principal/Asst. Principal | 65 | 62 | 63 | 57.6 | 55.8 | 53.8 | 52.8 | 52.8 | 53.8 | 54.0 |
| Classroom Teacher | 1069.4 | 1052.56 | 1056.26 | 1047.66 | 1054.11 | 1045.61 | 1052.86 | 1050.56 | 1,045.4 | 1,034.0 |
| Guidance Counselor | 9.09 | 48.6 | 45.6 | 45.6 | 45.6 | 44.6 | 44.6 | 43.6 | 43.6 | 41.1 |
| Librarian | 25.6 | 25.6 | 25.6 | 25.6 | 26 | 26 | 26 | 26 | 26.0 | 26.0 |
| Other Professional | 85.1 | 81.6 | 80 | 80.6 | 81.4 | 81.4 | 8.69 | 61.9 | 72.4 | 57.0 |
| Clerical | 83 | 86 | 92 | 101 | 96 | 96 | 96.55 | 96.55 | 97.1 | 96.5 |
| Teacher Aides | 326 | 343 | 347 | 342 | 318.8 | 308.8 | 308.1 | 296.92 | 302.1 | 313.0 |
| Attendance & Health | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | 1.0 | 1.0 |
| Pupil Transportation | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2.0 | 2.0 |
| Maintenance of Plant | 37 | 35 | 37 | 36 | 34 | 34 | 31 | 36 | 40.0 | 53.0 |
| Operation of Plant | 119 | 125 | 125 | 124 | 121 | 122 | 119 | 121 | 119.0 | 132.5 |
| Food Services | 3 | က | 2 | 2 | 2 | 22 | 62 | 69 | 77.0 | 108.0 |
| Total Personnel | 1,913.70 1,903.36 | 1,903.36 | 1,917.46 | 1,907.06 | 1,878.71 | 1,912.21 | 1,908.71 | 1,896.88 | 1,922.93 | 1,958.10 |

Source: Roanoke City Public Schools, Department of Human Resources

ROANOKE CITY PUBLIC SCHOOLS
FREE LUNCH APPROVALS BY SCHOOL
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
(Unaudited)

| | 2020-21 | 2019-20 | 2018-19 | 2017-18 | 2016-17 | 2015-16 | 2014-15 | 2013-14 | 2012-13 | 2011-12 |
|--------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Elementary Schools: | 6 | i | and the | 6 | ! | | i | i | a | |
| Crystal Spring | 89 | 74 | 27 | 63 | 24 | 48 | 25 | 51 | 21 | 63 |
| Fairview | 424 | 398 | 348 | 380 | 372 | 329 | 391 | 389 | 330 | 388 |
| Fallon Park | 464 | 451 | 363 | 452 | 453 | 461 | 551 | 253 | 533 | 517 |
| Fishburn Park | 140 | 158 | 111 | 185 | 201 | 143 | 134 | 167 | 152 | 132 |
| Garden City | 196 | 209 | 148 | 184 | 180 | 190 | 226 | 245 | 218 | 232 |
| Grandin Court | 127 | 103 | 104 | 106 | 102 | 92 | 108 | 104 | 95 | 114 |
| Highland Park | 220 | 192 | 164 | 201 | 203 | 200 | 217 | 230 | 213 | 231 |
| Hurt Park | 321 | 321 | 278 | 288 | 317 | 348 | 366 | 355 | 381 | 282 |
| Lincoln Terrace | 254 | 257 | 238 | 253 | 277 | 266 | 277 | 247 | 221 | 222 |
| Monterey | 297 | 293 | 262 | 260 | 268 | 301 | 400 | 386 | 339 | 316 |
| Morningside | 210 | 182 | 161 | 201 | 218 | 225 | 250 | 252 | 227 | 214 |
| Preston Park | 336 | 287 | 245 | 293 | 275 | 240 | 330 | 311 | 286 | 245 |
| Roanoke Academy | 292 | 291 | 254 | 283 | 303 | 325 | 432 | 411 | 398 | 411 |
| Round Hill | 545 | 524 | 374 | 397 | 422 | 428 | 534 | 530 | 200 | 419 |
| Virginia Heights | 185 | 184 | 160 | 180 | 166 | 206 | 214 | 246 | 230 | 253 |
| Wasena | 118 | 114 | 87 | 127 | 136 | 138 | 151 | 164 | 168 | 119 |
| Westside | 556 | 544 | 464 | 442 | 483 | 268 | 673 | 664 | 619 | 546 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| Middle Schools: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Addison | 237 | 472 | 388 | 433 | 403 | 393 | 467 | 480 | 476 | 431 |
| Breckinridge | 468 | 447 | 326 | 362 | 288 | 266 | 369 | 356 | 353 | 362 |
| Fishwick | 328 | 357 | 340 | 374 | 362 | 379 | 461 | 489 | 457 | 401 |
| Madison | 322 | 319 | 251 | 330 | 327 | 323 | 309 | 295 | 273 | 285 |
| Wilson | 401 | 351 | 261 | 277 | 240 | 252 | 233 | 263 | 254 | 260 |
| High Schools: | | | | | | | | | | |
| William Fleming | 1053 | 881 | 735 | 839 | 757 | 672 | 957 | 891 | 841 | 827 |
| Forest Park Academy(c) | 66 | 87 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 82 | 125 | 119 | 156 | 156 |
| Patrick Henry | 1019 | 927 | 827 | 1154 | 1077 | 952 | 926 | 892 | 857 | 838 |
| Noel Taylor Leaming Center (c) | 40 | 63 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 99 | 88 | 108 | 88 | 86 |
| Total Free Lunch Approvals | 9,084 | 8,486 | 6,976 | 8,064 | 7,892 | 9,274 | 9,198 | 8,783 | 8,350 | 8,265 |
| | | þ. | | | a. | | | | | |
| Total ADM | 13,697 | 13,845 | 13,636 | 13,601 | 13,580 | 13,771 | 13,623 | 13,552 | 13,192 | 13,006 |
| Percentage Free Lunch | 66.32% | 61.29% | 51.16% | 59.29% | 58.11% | 57.31% | %80.89 | 67.87% | %85.99 | 64.20% |
| | | | | | | | | | | |

During Fiscal Year 16, Roanoke City Schools participated in the Community Eligibility Provision, a program that allows the highest poverty school districts to serve breakfast and lunch at no cost to all enrolled students without the burden of collecting household applications. The total free lunch approvals decreased in fiscal 16 because the school division no longer had to take income applications for participation in free lunch which the above table represents. æ.

b. In Fiscal Year 20, Roanoke City Schools reported identified students (IS) eligible for free/reduced lunch in the table above. Per the CEP Program, if the individual students to enrollment percentage exceeds 40% then that school is eligible for all student to receive free lunch/breakfast. As such, only Crystal Spring and Grandin Court do not meet the 40% enrollment percentage exceeds 40% then that school is eligible for all student to receive free lunch/breakfast. As such, only Crystal Spring and Grandin Court do not meet the 40%

threshold. Fiscal Years 16-19 were not restated to reflect the change in the students reported.

c. Forest Park Academy and Noel C. Taylor Learning Academy students approvals are in the home school in which the students are assigned beginning the 2016-17 school year. In 2019-20 school year, the students' were not reported with their home school.

Source: Roanoke City Public Schools Department of Food and Nutrition

ROANOKE CITY PUBLIC SCHOOLS CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS June 30, 2021 (Unaudited)

| School Description | Total Current Classrooms | Constructed Student Capacity | Current Useable Student Capacity | Enrollment FY2019-20 | Enrollment FY2020-21 | % Of Constructed Capacity | % Of Useable Capacity | Modular Buildings |
|-----------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------------|---|-------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| Elementary Schools: | | | | | | | | 3 |
| Crystal Spring | 19.0 | 425 | 456 | 358 | 325 | 76% | 71% | 0 |
| Fairview | 30.0 | 775 | 600 | 555 | 565 | 73% | 94% | 0 |
| Fallon Park | 39.0 | 858 | 780 | 608 | 572 | 67% | 73% | 0 |
| Fishburn Park | 25.0 | 750 | 480 | 299 | 259 | 35% | 54% | 0 |
| Garden City | 25.0 | 575 | 456 | 296 | 278 | 48% | 61% | 0 |
| Grandin Court | 16.0 | 525 | 480 | 340 | 341 | 65% | 71% | 0 |
| Highland Park | 27.0 | 525 | 456 | 367 | 372 | 71% | 82% | 0 |
| Hurt Park | 27.0 | 600 | 384 | 375 | 367 | 61% | 96% | 0 |
| Lincoln Terrace | 26.0 | 600 | 360 | 329 | 291 | 49% | 81% | 1 |
| Monterey | 29.0 | 775 | 520 | 526 | 478 | 62% | 92% | 0 |
| Morningside | 26.0 | 500 | 312 | 244 | 249 | 50% | 80% | 2 |
| Preston Park | 23.0 | 525 | 474 | 498 | 534 | 102% | 113% | 1 |
| Roanoke Academy | 31.0 | 750 | 530 | 410 | 365 | 49% | 69% | 0 |
| Round Hill | 36.0 | 792 | 720 | 715 | 711 | 90% | 99% | 0 |
| Virginia Heights | 22.0 | 425 | 332 | 316 | 294 | 69% | 89% | 0 |
| Wasena | 15.0 | 400 | 288 | 238 | 223 | 56% | 77% | 0 |
| Westside | 48.0 | 850 | 816 | 716 | 739 | 87% | 91% | 0 |
| | 464.0 | | | | | | | |
| Middle Schools: | | | | | | | | |
| Addison | 40.0 | 1,075 | 720 | 650 | 670 | 62% | 93% | 0 |
| Breckinridge | 33.0 | 550 | 630 | 710 | 697 | 127% | 111% | 1 |
| Fishwick | 37.0 | 775 | 660 | 532 | 622 | 80% | 94% | 0 |
| Madison | 35.0 | 900 | 690 | 615 | 507 | 56% | 73% | 0 |
| Wilson | 40.0 | 975 | 840 | 657 | 652 | 67% | 78% | 0 |
| | 185.0 | | | | | | | |
| High Schools: | | | | | | | | |
| William Fleming | 93 | 2,100 | 1,850 | 1,897 | 1,747 | 83% | 94% | 0 |
| Patrick Henry | 81 | 2,059 | 1,850 | 1,655 | 1,995 | 97% | 108% | 0 |
| | 174 | | | | | | | |
| Regional Program: | | | | | | | | |
| Roanoke Valley | | | | | | | | |
| Governor's School | 12 | 160 | 275 | 268 | 266 | 166% | 97% | 0 |

Source: Roanoke City Public Schools Department of Fiscal Services

Note: The Roanoke Valley Governor's School has a morning session and an afternoon session, with approximately 60% of the student body attending the morning session. Students are enrolled at their home schools; approximately half of the students are enrolled in other school districts within the region.

Table of Capital Assets by Location June 30, 2021 (Unaudited)

| Location | Land | Buildings and Structures | • | uipment and provements | | struction in ogress | _ | Total |
|--|-----------------|--------------------------------|----|------------------------|------|---------------------------|----|-------------|
| William Fleming High School | \$ 237,993 | \$ 61,904,702 | \$ | 1,259,686 | \$ | _ | \$ | 63,402,381 |
| Patrick Henry High School | 31,127 | 60,510,237 | | 2,281,596 | | 757,938 | \$ | 63,580,898 |
| Lucy Addison Aerospace Middle School | 12,015 | 13,681,192 | | 1,018,715 | | 129,390 | \$ | 14,841,312 |
| James Breckinridge Middle School | 37,500 | 7,431,523 | | 447,885 | | 897 | \$ | 7,917,805 |
| John P. Fishwick Middle School | 36,005 | 6,509,332 | | 3,825,769 | | - | \$ | 10,371,106 |
| James Madison Middle School | 9,883 | 5,905,713 | | 299,257 | | - | \$ | 6,214,853 |
| William Ruffner Operations Center | 35,329 | 4,198,169 | | 5,323,309 | | 640,566 | \$ | 10,197,373 |
| Woodrow Wilson Middle School | 12,500 | 12,544,822 | | 306,883 | | 76,202 | \$ | 12,940,407 |
| Crystal Spring School | 153,444 | 5,394,577 | | 359,856 | | - | \$ | 5,907,877 |
| Fairview School | 21,566 | 5,223,924 | | 239,562 | | 5,607 | \$ | 5,490,659 |
| Fallon Park School | 13,700 | 15,966,372 | | 394,995 | | 7,741 | \$ | 16,382,808 |
| Fishburn Park School | 4,236 | 4,026,484 | | 395,344 | | - | \$ | 4,426,064 |
| Forest Park Academy | 27,992 | 3,907,707 | | 545,000 | | 10,469 | \$ | 4,491,167 |
| Garden City School | 26,850 | 5,360,053 | | 205,846 | | - | \$ | 5,592,749 |
| Grandin Court School | 33,700 | 2,980,198 | | 172,684 | | 1,045 | \$ | 3,187,627 |
| Highland Park School | 600 | 5,835,880 | | 255,424 | | 1,661 | \$ | 6,093,565 |
| Hurt Park School | 2,085 | 4,446,799 | | 187,436 | | - | \$ | 4,636,320 |
| Lincoln Terrace School | 18,000 | 3,129,723 | | 371,597 | | - | \$ | 3,519,320 |
| Monterey School | 15,000 | 4,783,754 | | 492,040 | | 2,797 | \$ | 5,293,591 |
| Morningside School | 22,700 | 3,345,357 | | 621,293 | | 900 | \$ | 3,990,250 |
| Noel C. Taylor Academy at Oakland | 78,727 | 2,067,505 | | 1,498,593 | | 17,323 | \$ | 3,662,148 |
| Preston Park School | 33,956 | 3,933,667 | | 168,699 | | 7,286 | \$ | 4,143,608 |
| Raleigh Court School | 18,750 | 1,153,738 | | - | | - | \$ | 1,172,488 |
| Roanoke Academy for Math and Science | 15,000 | 13,102,308 | | 488,756 | | - | \$ | 13,606,064 |
| Round Hill School | 47,790 | 18,358,524 | | 411,692 | | - | \$ | 18,818,006 |
| Virginia Heights School | 32,750 | 7,037,115 | | 263,936 | | 28,407 | \$ | 7,362,208 |
| Wasena School | 20,000 | 4,377,729 | | 178,178 | | - | \$ | 4,575,907 |
| Westside School | 45,000 | 7,066,612 | | 261,188 | | 47,625 | \$ | 7,420,425 |
| Governor's School for Math and Science | - | 4,116,507 | | 376,319 | | 44,579 | \$ | 4,537,405 |
| School Administration | 8,050 | 1,109,141 | | 1,289,190 | | - | \$ | 2,406,381 |
| Warehouse | - | | | 412,698 | | - | \$ | 412,698 |
| School Transportation | 360,000 | 1,883,378 | | 222,131 | | - | \$ | 2,465,509 |
| Total Capital Assets | \$ 1,412,248 | \$ 301,292,740 | \$ | 24,575,557 | \$ 1 | 1,780,432 | \$ | 329,060,978 |

Note (1): Land, buildings, structures, and construction in progress are owned by the City of Roanoke on behalf of the Roanoke City Public Schools and, as such, are not included in the basic financial statements of the School Board of the City of Roanoke. Equipment of the School Board is shown by location without any adjustment for accumulated depreciation. This schedule is presented only for informational purposes.

Note (2): Construction in Progress is provided by the City of Roanoke.

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COMPLIANCE SECTION





Strong Students. Strong Schools. Strong City.

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THE SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF ROANOKE, VIRGINIA A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE CITY OF ROANOKE, VIRGINIA

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

| Federal Grantor/Pass - Through Grantor/ | Grant Award | Federal ALN | Pass-through Entity Identifying | Cluster | Federal |
|--|---|--------------------|--|------------------------|---------------|
| Program or Cluster Title | Dates | Number | Number/Other Identifying information | Amounts | Expenditures |
| Department of Agriculture: | | | | | |
| National School Lunch Program - Commodities Schools (2) | 7/1/2020-6/30/2021 | 10.555 | | \$ 344,657 | |
| Department of Education: | | | | | |
| Child Nutrition Cluster National School Breakfast Program - CARES Act | 7/1/2020-6/30/2021 | 10.553 | Project source APE402630 | 1,555 | |
| National School Lunch Program - CARES Act | 7/1/2020-6/30/2021 | 10.555 | Project source APE402640 | 2,672 | |
| Summer Food Service Program for Children | 7/1/2020-6/30/2021 | 10.559 | Project Source APE603020 | 4,759,179 | |
| Summer Food Service Program for Children - CARES Act Total Child Nutrition Cluster | 7/1/2020-6/30/2021 | 10.559 | Project Source APE601750 | 1,413,661 | 6,521,724 |
| Department of Health: | | | | | |
| Child and Adult Care Food Program | 7/1/2020-6/30/2021 | 10.558 | Project APE700280 | 1,656,661 | |
| Total | | | | | 1,656,661 |
| Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program | 7/1/2020-6/30/2021 | 10.582 | Project Source APE402520 | | - |
| Total Department of Agriculture | | | | | \$ 8,178,385 |
| Department of Defense: | | | | | |
| Direct Payments: ROTC language and culture training grants | 12/17/2013 | 12.357 | _ | 127,011 | |
| Total Department of Defense | 12/1//2010 | 12.007 | _ | 127,011 | \$ 127,011 |
| Department of Education: | | | | | |
| Passed Through Commonwealth of Virginia Department of Education: | | | Grant Award #, AEFLA-42801-139-1617, | | |
| Adult Education - Basic Grants to States | 7/1/2020-6/30/2021 | 84.002 | Federal Award ID #, V002A200047 | | 126,927 |
| Title I-A Improving Basic Programs 2020 | 7/1/2019-9/30/2021 | 84.010 | S010A190046 | 2,199,583 | |
| Title I-A Improving Basic Programs 2021 Total Title I-A Improving Basic Programs | 7/1/2020-9/30/2022 | 84.010 | S010A200046 | 4,663,864 | 6,863,446 |
| Title I-D SOP Detention Center Reading Program 2019 | 7/1/2018-9/30/2020 | 94.042 | C012A180046 | 1 755 | |
| Title I-D SOP Detention Center Reading Program 2019 Title I-D SOP Detention Center Reading Program 2021 | 7/1/2018-9/30/2020 7/1/2020-9/30/2022 | 84.013 84.013 | S013A180046 S013A200046 | 1,755 855 | |
| Total Title I-D SOP - Neglected and Delinquent | | | | | 2,609 |
| Special Education Cluster | 7/4/0040 0/00/0004 | 04.007 | H027A190107 | 770.000 | |
| Special Education-Grants to States - Federal (IDEA, Part B Section 611 Flow-through) 2020 Special Education-Grants to States - Federal (IDEA, Part B Section 611 Flow-through) 2021 | 7/1/2019-9/30/2021 7/1/2020-9/30/2022 | 84.027 84.027 | H027A190107 H027A200107 | 772,999 3.109.155 | |
| Special Education - preschool grants (IDEA, Part B Section 619) 2020 | 7/1/2019-9/30/2021 | 84.173 | H173A190112 | 76,557 | |
| Special Education - preschool grants (IDEA, Part B Section 619) 2021 Total Special Education (IDEA) | 7/1/2020-9/30/2022 | 84.173 | H173A200112 | 33,868 | 3,992,579 |
| Occasional Technical Education Period recents to atoms (Dadrigo) 0004 | 7/4/0000 0/00/0004 | 84.048 | V0404000040 | 450 504 | |
| Career and Technical Education: Basic grants to states (Perkins) 2021 Career and Technical Education: Perkins Secondary Programs Reserve | 7/1/2020-6/30/2021 7/1/2020-6/30/2021 | 84.048 84.048 | V048A200046 V048A190046 | 453,564 4,581 | |
| Total Career and Technical Education: Basic grants to states (Perkins) | | | | | 458,145 |
| Title X-C McKinney-Vento Homeless 2019 | 7/1/2018-9/30/2020 | 84.196 | Direct, G12417 | 10,000 | |
| Title X-C McKinney-Vento Homeless 2020 Title X-C McKinney-Vento Homeless 2021 | 7/1/2019-9/30/2021 7/1/2020-9/30/2022 | 84.196 84.196 | Direct, G12417 Direct, G12417 | 18,000 81,699 | |
| Total X-C McKinney-Vento Homless | 11112020-313012022 | 04.130 | Billot, G12417 | 01,033 | 109,699 |
| 21st Century CLC (Title IV-B) - Garden City Yr1 2020 | 7/1/2020-9/30/2022 | 84.287 | S287C200047 | 103,279 | |
| 21st Century CLC (Title IV-B) - Addison Yr1 2020 21st Century CLC (Title IV-B) - Hurt Park Yr2 2019 | 7/1/2020-9/30/2022 7/1/2019-9/30/2021 | 84.287 84.287 | S287C200047 S287C190047 | 108,748 46,370 | |
| 21st Century CLC (Title IV-B) - Hurt Park Yr3 2020 | 7/1/2020-9/30/2022 | 84.287 | S287C200047 | 109,179 | |
| 21st Century CLC (Title IV-B) - Westside Yr1 2020 | 7/1/2020-9/30/2022 | 84.287 | S287C200047 | 156,652 | |
| 21st Century CLC (Title IV-B) - Lincoln Terrace Yr1 2020 Total 21st Century Community Learning Centers (Title IV, Part B) | 7/1/2020-9/30/2022 | 84.287 | S287C200047 | 129,772 | 654,000 |
| Title IV - Part A LEA Student Support and Academic Enrichment 2020 | 7/1/2019-9/30/2021 | 84.424 | S424A190048 | 194,693 | |
| Title IV - Part A LEA Student Support and Academic Enrichment 2020 | 7/1/2020-9/30/2022 | 84.424 | S424A200048 | 170,740 | |
| Total Title IV - Part A LEA Student Support and Academic Enrichment | | | | | 365,432 |
| English language acquisition grant (Title III, Part A) | 7/1/2019-9/30/2021 | 84.365 | S365A190046 | 60,455 | |
| English language acquisition grant (Title III, Part A) | 7/1/2020-9/30/2022 | 84.365 | S365A200046 | 105,336 | |
| Immigrant and Youth State Grant (Title III, Part A) Total Title III, Part A - Limited English Proficient | 7/1/2020-9/30/2022 | 84.365 | S365A200046 | 3,526 | 169,317 |
| Improving Teacher Quality State Grants (Title II, Part A) 2019 | 7/1/2018-9/30/2020 | 84.367 | S367A180044 | 1.986 | |
| Improving Teacher Quality State Grants (Title II, Part A) 2020 | 7/1/2019-9/30/2021 | 84.367 | S367A190044 | 52,051 | |
| Improving Teacher Quality State Grants (Title II, Part A) 2021 Total Improving Teacher Quality State Grants | 7/1/2020-9/30/2022 | 84.367 | S367A200044 | 763,231 | 817,268 |
| | 2/42/2020 0/20/2022 | 94 4250 | August 6425D20008, ADC0477 | E E70 000 | 2.7,200 |
| CARES Act (ESSER) CARES - City of Roanoke | 3/13/2020-9/30/2022 8/12/2020-12/31/2021 | 84.425D 21.019 | Award# S425D20008; APE60177 | 5,572,000 1,715,000 | |
| CARES Act Coronavirus Relief Fund (CRF) 2020 | 3/01/2020-12/31/2021 | 21.019 | APE700560 | 2,342,095 | |
| CARES - Special Education Services & Support | 3/13/2020-9/30/2022 | 84.425D | Award# \$425D200008; APE60173 | 64,757 | |
| CARES - Social Emotional Universal Screener CARES - Instructional Delivery Supports | 3/13/2020-9/30/2022 3/13/2020-9/30/2022 | 84.425D 84.425D | Award #S425D200008; DOE86537 Award# S425D200008; APE60170 | 32,500 23,892 | |
| CARES - VA Initiative to Support Internet Outside of School Networks (VISION) | 3/13/2020-9/30/2022 | 84.425C | Award# S425C200042; APE70037 | 358,085 | |
| CARES - Cleaning Supplies | 3/13/2020-9/30/2022 | 84.425D | Award# S425D200008; APE60041 | 21,487 | |
| CARES - Facilities Upgrade CARES - Part-Time Regional Program Governor's School | 3/13/2020-9/30/2022 3/13/2020-9/30/2022 | 84.425D 84.425D | Award# S425D200008; APE60042 Award# S425D200008; DOE86529 | 47,784 12,198 | |
| CRRSA Act ESSER II | 3/13/2020-9/30/2023 | 84.425D | Award# S425D210008; APE50195 | 1,820,594 | |
| American Rescue Plan Act ESSER III Total CARES Act | 3/13/2020-9/30/2024 | 84.425U | Award# S425U210008; APE50193 | 744,444 | 40.754.00 |
| TOTAL CARES ACT | | | | | 12,754,83 |
| Total Department of Education | | | | | \$ 26,314,260 |

THE SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF ROANOKE, VIRGINIA A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE CITY OF ROANOKE, VIRGINIA

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

| | For the Year Ended June 30 | , 2021 | | |
|---|--|------------------|---------------------------|------------|
| Department of Medical Assistance Services: | | | | |
| Passed Through Commonwealth of Virginia Department of Medical Assistance Services: FAMIS Reimbursement Medicaid Reimbursement | 7/1/2020-6/30/2021 7/1/2020-6/30/2021 | 93.767 93.778 | 28,471 487,633 | |
| Total Department of Medical Assistance Services | | | \$ | 516,103 |
| Total Expenditures of Federal Awards | | | \$ | 35,135,759 |

NOTE 1 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION:

The accompanying schedule of federal expenditures includes the activity of all federally assisted programs of the School Board of the City of Roanoke, Virginia and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting, as described in Note 1 to the School Board of the City of Roanoke's basic financial statements. All federal awards received directly from federal agencies, as well as federal awards passed through other government agencies, are included on this schedule.

NOTE 2 - FOOD DISTRIBUTION:

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed.

NOTE 3 - INDIRECT COST RATE

The School Board of the City of Roanoke, Virginia used the federal indirect cost rates as furnished by Virginia Department of Education. The restricted rates are 4.0% and 19.9%, respectively.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Members of the Roanoke City School Board Roanoke, Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties*, *Cities and Towns* issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the School Board of the City of Roanoke, Virginia (the "School Board"), a component unit of the City of Roanoke, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School Board's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 29, 2021.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School Board's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School Board's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School Board's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School Board's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School Board's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Brown, Edwards Kompany, S. L. P.

Roanoke, Virginia October 29, 2021



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Honorable Members of the Roanoke City School Board Roanoke, Virginia

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the School Board of the City of Roanoke, Virginia's (the "School Board"), a component unit of the City of Roanoke, Virginia, compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the School Board's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021. The School Board's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, the terms, and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the School Board's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the School Board's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the School Board's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the School Board, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the School Board is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the School Board's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School Board's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Brown, Edwards Kompany, S. L. P.

Roanoke, Virginia October 29, 2021

SUMMARY OF COMPLIANCE MATTERS June 30, 2021

As more fully described in the Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we performed tests of the School Board of the City of Roanoke, Virginia's compliance with certain provisions of the laws, regulations, contracts, and grants shown below.

STATE COMPLIANCE MATTERS

Code of Virginia

Budget and Appropriation Laws
Cash and Investment Laws
Conflicts of Interest Act
Local Retirement Systems
Debt Provisions
Procurement Laws
Uniform Disposition of Unclaimed Property Act

State Agency Requirements Education

FEDERAL COMPLIANCE MATTERS

Compliance Supplement for Single Audits of State and Local Governments

Provisions and conditions of agreements related to federal program selected for testing.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS June 30, 2021

A. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

- 1. The auditor's report expresses an **unmodified opinion** on the financial statements.
- 2. **No significant deficiencies** relating to the audit of the financial statements were reported in the Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.
- 3. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements were disclosed.
- 4. **No significant deficiencies** relating to the audit of the major federal award programs were reported in the Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance.
- 5. The auditor's report on compliance for the major federal award programs expresses an **unmodified** opinion.
- 6. The audit disclosed **no audit findings relating to the major programs**.
- 7. The programs tested as major were:

| Name of Program | Assistance Listing # |
|--|----------------------|
| Child Nutrition Cluster – School Breakfast Program | 10.553 |
| Child Nutrition Cluster – National School Lunch Program | 10.555 |
| Child Nutrition Cluster – Summer Food Service Program for Children | 10.559 |
| Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief | 84.425D and |
| | 84.425U |
| Governor's Emergency Education Relief Fund | 84.425C |
| Coronavirus Relief Fund | 21.019 |
| Child and Adult Care Food Program | 10.558 |

- 8. The threshold for distinguishing Type A and B programs was \$1,054,073.
- 9. The School Board of the City of Roanoke was determined to be a low-risk auditee.

B. FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

None.

C. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAM AUDIT

None.

D. FINDINGS - COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA

None.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS Year Ended June 30, 2021

2020-001: Coronavirus Relief Fund – CFDA No. 21.019 – Allowable Costs

Condition:

One payroll disbursement included in expenditures submitted under the program contained a portion of the employer's share of an employee's health insurance premium. This expenditure was not in response to the COVID-19 pandemic and the allocation method was not consistently applied to all employees that responded to COVID-19.

Recommendation:

We recommend that only eligible disbursements be included in the submissions.

Current Status:

Comment is no longer applicable. No similar instances were noted during testing in fiscal year 2021.

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